

Weekly Monitor. PUBLISHED Every Wednesday at Bridgetown. SANCTON and PIPER, Proprietors.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—\$1.50 per annum, in advance; if not paid within six months, \$2.00. Advertising Rates. ONE LINE.—First insertion, 50 cents; every after insertion, 12 cents; one month, \$1.00; two months, \$1.50; three months, \$2.00; six months, \$3.00.

JOB WORK. At the office of this Paper may be obtained to order and at short notice: Pamphlets, Circulars, Programmes, Bill-Heads, Dodgers, Business Cards, Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Shipping Tags, Posters, Tickets, &c., &c., &c.

Magistrates' Blanks Kept constantly on hand. Call and inspect Samples of Work. CHARGES REASONABLE.

HARD TIMES Are Upon Us. OWING to the hard times I am determined to sell at LOWER PRICES THAN EVER BEFORE, and I now offer at my store on Queen Street a nice selection of JEWELRY AND FANCY GOODS, far below CITY PRICES, and invite all to see and see them. They consist of WATCHES, CLOCKS, TIMEPIECES, RINGS, BROOCHES, EARRINGS, SLEEVE BUTTONS, SPURS, GOLD & PLATED CHAINS, SPOONS, FORKS, SPECTACLES, PURSES, CHARMS, &c., &c.

Three Trips a Week. ST. JOHN TO HALIFAX! STEAMER "EMPRESS." For Digby and Annapolis. Connecting with the Windsor and Annapolis Railway for Kentville, Wolfville, Windsor and Halifax—with Stages for Liverpool and Yarmouth, N. S.

DESK FOR SALE. A LARGE-SIZED, substantial Office Desk, with five large drawers on the side, and book-rest on top. Made at J.B. Reed's Cabinet-making Establishment. Will be sold cheap, not being large enough for the subscribers' use. SANCTON & PIPER, May 14th, 1876. Montreal Office.

Windsor & Annapolis Railway. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. COMMENCING Thursday, 8th of June, 1876. HALIFAX TO ST. JOHN.

Table with columns: Station, Exp. and, Pass. and, Frt. and. Rows include Halifax, Kentville, Wolfville, etc.

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Trains carrying Passengers and Freight between Annapolis and Halifax run on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Trains carrying Passengers and Freight between Kentville and Halifax run daily.

On and after MONDAY, June 12th, Steamer "EMPRESS" will leave her wharf, Reed's Point, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY MORNING, at 8 o'clock. Returning on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

SEND 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York, for a Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, advertisements, and other information. Price 14c. Agents wanted. \$12 A DAY at home. Agents wanted. OFFICE and types set. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

W. H. OLIVE, Custom House, Forwarding, COMMISSION, Railroad and Steamboat Agent. Prince William St., St. John, N. B. May 3rd, 1876.

GEORGE WHITMAN, Auctioneer & Real Estate Agent, Round Hill, Annapolis, N. S. Parties having Real Estate to dispose of will find it their interest to consult with Mr. Whitman in reference thereto.

Jno. B. Mills, Barrister, &c., &c., Bonn Vista House, ANNAPOLIS ROYAL, N. S. ROYAL HOTEL. (Formerly STUBBS') 146 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET, Opposite Custom House, St. John, N. B.

WILLIAM HILLMAN, Silver and Brass Plater, ELECTOR PLATER in gold and silver. ALSO, MANUFACTURER OF CARRIAGE & HARNESS TRIMMINGS.

ERB & BOWMAN, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 3 & 4 NORTH MARKET WHARF, ST. JOHN, N. B. HAVE always on hand and for sale at market rates a grand variety of Choice Brands of

Flour, Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Etc. CONSIGNMENTS OF PRODUCE Respectfully solicited and carefully handled. ERB & BOWMAN, ap14

THOMAS PEARNES, Manufacturer of Monuments, Grave-Stones, TABLE TOPS, &c. South Side King Square, St. John, N. B.

GREAT REDUCTION! FOR CASH. Tweed Suits, \$20 to \$24. FORMER PRICES, \$26 to \$33. MEN'S FURNISHING and all other Goods PROPORTIONATELY LOW. J. E. WHITTAKER, Cor. Germain & Princess Sts., St. John, N. B.

THE subscriber wishes to inform his old customers and the public in general that he still continues to carry on the SADDLERY BUSINESS in all its branches, keeping on hand a large stock of Ready-Made Harnesses, comprising Silver, Brass and Japanese Mountings, a large amount of HILLYERS' MOUNTINGS at the Lowest Prices. All kinds of LEATHER kept in variety. The highest prices paid for Hides in exchange for leather.

NEW FURNITURE WAREHOUSES! AT LAWRENCE TOWN. THE subscriber has opened as above, and will keep constantly on hand a full line of Superior Furniture of every description, consisting in part of Elegant Walnut (or Hair Cloth, Rep. &c.) Parlor Sets, Marble Top, and Plain Walnut Centre Tables, Parlor Chairs, Bay's Quairs, Bedsteads, Sofas, Couches, Lounges, Bedroom Sets in variety, Tables of all kinds, Bedsteads, Sinks, &c. &c. Also, Cases, Seats, and Wood Bottom Chairs, Children's Chairs, Common Bedsteads, Picture Frames, Hat Boxes, &c., &c. BOOTS AND SHOES. Just opened—A large and Varied Assortment of Men's Youths' and Boys' and Women's Shoes, and Infants' Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in every style and quality.

DR. S. F. WHITMAN, Dentist, is now at his office in BRIDGETOWN. PERSONS requiring his professional services will please remember that in consequence of other engagements his stay may necessarily be short. April 25th, '76.

NEW GOODS! Victoria House, Prince William Street, St. John, N. B. Spring, 1876. NOW receiving per Freight and Mail Steamers a Choice Stock of DRY GOODS in every department. The attention of the Trade as well as of Retail buyers solicited. E. D. WATTS.

195,000. THE DAILY and WEEKLY MONTREAL STAR have now (it is estimated) an audience of One Hundred and Ninety-seven Thousand Readers, which makes them the most widely circulated and influential newspapers published in Canada. and indeed, as though forming part of

MARBLE WORKS! THE undersigned having entered into Co-Partnership for the purpose of manufacturing all kinds of Marble, hereby notify the public that they are prepared to furnish at short notice and on reasonable terms, Short Notice and on Reasonable Terms, MONUMENTS, Headstones, Table Tops, &c. One of the Firm, Mr. FALCONER, has had three years experience in some of the best establishments in the City of Providence, Rhode Island, and feels assured that he can give every satisfaction to those entrusting their orders to him.

THE BANKRUPT STOCK! Estate of Lansdowne & Martin. HAVING been purchased by MAGEE BROTHERS is now being sold at BANKRUPT PRICES! and will be continued until May 1st, 1877, at the IMPERIAL BUILDINGS, Cor. King & Prince William Sts. Visitors to St. John will find superior advantages offered for procuring. DANIEL FALCONER, OLDEHAM WHITMAN, Bridgetown, April 12th, 1876.

CHEAP DRY GOODS at this establishment. Fresh importations are being constantly received from Europe and the United States to keep the Stock well assorted, and are sold at COST PRICES. MAGEE BROTHERS, St. John, N. B., May 1st, 1876.

BEARD & VENNING, Albion House. WE have received per Anchor and Allen Line steamer 95 Packages Containing a Full Assortment of FRESH and SEASONABLE DRY GOODS, which we offer WHOLESALE and RETAIL at the Lowest Possible Prices, and solicit inspection. BEARD & VENNING, PRINCE Wm. STREET, St. John, N. B., May, 1876.

BOOK AGENTS AND GOOD SALESMEN Are "COINING MONEY" with the famous BIDA DESIGNS, The French Edition of which sells for \$165, and the London Edition for \$200. Our Popular Edition (\$3.50), containing over One Hundred full-page quarto plates, is the cheapest and most beautiful in America, and the BEST TO SELL. Critics vie with each other in praising it, and the masses buy it. From real agent in Southport, Conn.: "In our village of eighty houses I have taken sixty-five orders; have canvassed in all about twelve days (in village and country), and have taken orders for One Hundred and Six Copies. FULL PARTICULARS FREE. Address J. B. FORD & Co., Publishers, 11 Broomfield St., Boston.

Just Received. BIRD SCOTCH STUFF; SIMPSON'S CATTLE SPICE; POWDERED THERIAC; BROWN, SALTETTES; Ayer's Hair Vigor; Wilber's God Liver Oil and Linn's Kidney Lincture; C. Brown's Chlorodyne; Essential Oil of Bergamot. For sale by Geo. King and Germain Street, St. John, N. B., May, 1876.

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Poetry. LOST AT SEA. Not even a stone to mark his grave! Down in the faithless deep he lies: Above him tosses the restless wave, And columns of surge to his memory rise. Unknowing still, yet his sleep is as sound As if he were buried in holy ground!

THE personal of the personage, who was young, less than twenty, apparently, skin white and delicate, almost entirely devoid of color, eyes of a delicate blue, and lips whose just perceptible pout was in fine keeping with the round, cheery face. "Miss Perry," said, the portrait yonder is enough like you to pass for your own, if you should only tell people you were masquerading. How like a lily of the valley it looks, with the round, delicately pencilled lips!

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Weekly Monitor.

BRIDGETOWN, JUNE 21, 1876.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

One hundred years ago the greater part of the present inhabited territory of the great American Union was a dense wilderness. The savage aborigines roamed through the wooded solitudes in pursuit of the elk and the buffalo where, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago, and other populous and flourishing cities now stand, surpassing in wealth and splendor many of the time honored cities of Europe. At the period referred to the United States, with only three millions of people—without army or navy—and with a scant amount of hoarded wealth, started on a career of nationality. Of course the older and more powerful nations regarded her as a gray-headed folk sometimes do a presumptuous, forward boy, who claims a place of equality among his venerable seniors. Her history, however, has been brilliant, so far as growth, the fostering of industries, the acquisition of power and the extension of commerce are concerned. The possibility of building up an empire founded upon Republicanism a century ago was doubted by the most profound of European statesmen. There was no very reliable historic testimony in the annals of departed ages to warrant the belief that a democracy could long withstand the constant agitations and conflicts that are incident to a popular system of national government. It was predicted that there could be no stability in the institutions of a country where no dynasty of monarchs or hereditary nobles controlled its affairs. But time has proved that all these predictions and forebodings respecting the United States have not been verified. Today the United States may be regarded as one of the most powerful and prospectively progressive nations in the world notwithstanding almost incessant political struggles agitate forty millions of people. Almost every man—and millions of women, too—may be ranked among American politicians. Of course, under these circumstances, a chronic fermentation of popular feeling and partyism predominates not only at Washington and in the principal cities but in every nook and corner of all the federated States; and perhaps party antagonisms are as spirited in the backwoods settlements as in caucus gatherings in Cincinnati or New York. Political discussions are as animated in the drinking saloons as they are in the legislative halls of Congress. The newspapers, too, cease not all the year round to keep the fires of partyism all a flame.

Just now the Presidential Election, to come off in November, is stirring the political elements of our republican neighbor with unwonted intensity and turbulence. The interest it creates among the people is even greater and farther reaching than that evoked by the commemorative observances of the centennial year. The nominal gathering in Cincinnati quite eclipses in interest the Exhibition at Philadelphia. The nomination of the republican candidate as an all absorbing event in the United States. An unusual number of candidates have been submitted by various localities for the nomination. Four years ago there was little doubt that the nominee of the republican party would be elected. But in the present contest it is by no means certain that the choice at Cincinnati will be the choice of the national majority. For very many years the democratic party has been in the ascendancy. The "irrepressible conflict" in the matter of southern slavery culminated in the struggle for the presidency in 1860, when the democrats were beaten and Lincoln became the occupant of the "White House." The insurrectionary movement which followed tended to almost annihilate the opponents of the administration, which was created and upheld by the republican party. It was thought that the democrats were too thoroughly crushed and demoralized to ever rally again as a party; and had General Grant conducted the national affairs with ability, firmness and integrity, those in antagonism to his government would not have come to the surface as a formidable organization for many years. The improprieties and alleged corruption of the present administration have weakened it, and imparted renewed vigor to the demagogue; and it is not impossible that they may be victors in the coming contest.

The democratic nomination convention will shortly come off, and the selected candidates of the antagonistic respective parties will be before the people, and till November the newspapers, stump orators and intriguing politicians will be wonderfully active. The candidates, however, immaculate may have been their political record, will be misrepresented, satirized, ridiculed and defamed without scruple, stint or measure. The foulest slanders against them will be fabricated, not in the spirit of malice, but with the view of subserving party interests. Accusations most vile will be preferred against the respective nominees; and if the allegations against them were true, they are more deserving of a cell in a penitentiary than of the occupancy of the presidential chair.

In the United States these violent party tactics are considered as venial

improprieties, and, with the end in view, quite justifiable. People who would be indignant at a defamatory libel on the character of a private citizen, look upon the grossest attacks upon a political candidate with complacency, if not with approval. As soon, however, as the contest is over, the storm of defamation subsides, and all parties regard the President with becoming respect. These indecent party manifestations, in the heat of an election, is the most repulsive phase in American politics. As the nation grows older, perhaps the people will grow wiser, and become ashamed of the miserably shameful tactics that are resorted to in electoral contests.

SUPREME COURT.

The June term of the Supreme Court for this County opened yesterday. The Hon. Judge in Equity was on the Bench. The Grand Jury was called, and twenty answered to their names. Hugh Kerr, Esq., was chosen as foreman. The Judge charged them briefly. He said that there was little criminal business to come before the Court. There were two charges to be dealt with;—in both cases the matters were simple. In other Counties there were bad crimes that had been tried; but here the absence of such spoke well for the morality of this County. He said that it was a time of general commercial depression, and that the shipping interests and trade felt the stringency of the time; while agricultural prospects were good. He further said that besides the criminal cases to which he had referred, other matters might come under the notice of the Jury.

The rest of the day was occupied by the motions and the trial of appeal and summary causes. There appears to be a large docket, and a crowded Bar. The legal gentlemen present were John C. Wade, Q. C., T. D. Ruggles, Q. C., J. C. Troop, Q. C., A. W. Savary, Q. C., J. W. Johnston, Q. C., E. C. Cowling, C. S., Harrington, A. Morse, L. S. Morse, S. Gray, J. G. Parker, W. H. Owen, J. M. Owen, Jno. B. Mills, E. Ruggles, J. Russo and T. W. Chesley.

AN ANNAPOLIS RELIC.

During his late visit to Scotland, our friend, James Neilson, Esq., obtained from a relative, a letter written at Annapolis, Annapolis Co., N. S., on the 19th March 1687, by Jeremiah Smith, and addressed to Robert Smith, Lescombagon, Ayrshire, North Britain. It is a musty-looking document, about foos-cap size, with the address written upon it in the old-fashioned way, and still showing the remains of the red wax with which it was sealed.

The writer, after referring to some other matters, informs his brother of the evacuation of New York by his Majesty's troops and proceeds to say:—

"I have received my discharge and am come to the Province of Nova Scotia, and become a settler in that place, but think it one of the poorest places that ever I saw. I will still put you in mind that I have got a wife since in this Province and had a daughter born the 7th of July, 1766 which I have named after our mother. You inform me that you have had very bad crops last year but there is more here every year. The old inhabitants live from one year's end to the other on potatoes. The winter is very long and severe here. The snow has been four feet deep for a constancy this winter, and the summer is very short. In the woods in the summer time we are half eaten up by the muscutoes, black flies and gnats. Here in this country it is all woods and what land is cleared is very stony and barren. It produces but little grain of any kind, excepting potatoes."

It is probable that some of the writer's descendants now live in Annapolis or thereabouts, but they will hardly agree with him in regard to the beautiful Annapolis Valley being capable of producing "but little grain of any kind, excepting potatoes." They may, however, wish to get possession of the old letter as a family relic, and if so they can obtain it from Mr. Neilson.—Advocate, Chatham, N. B.

NOVA SCOTIA, NIOUAX AND ATLANTIC CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A meeting of the incorporators of the Company was held at the Halifax Hotel, on Thursday 15th inst. The Company was regularly organized, and the following gentlemen were elected as Directors for the ensuing year:—

Thomas G. Stearns, Chairman; G. H. Hutchinson, Vice-Chairman; John W. Biglow, L. Bloomfield Page, Richard H. Stearns, The officers were afterwards chosen as follows:

T. G. Stearns, President; G. H. Hutchinson, Vice-President; John W. Biglow, Treasurer; E. H. Stearns, Secretary; Timothy D. Ruggles, Solicitor.

Ten per cent. upon the capital stock was subscribed and paid up by the gentlemen present, for themselves and other New York capitalists whom they represented, amounting to one hundred and twenty-seven thousand five hundred dollars. Active steps are to be inaugurated to commence construction of the line at once. A prominent Railway Contractor, Col. John E. Gowen, of New York, whose headquarters are now at Middleton, is now engaged with a corps of engineers in locating the road, preparatory to the commencing of active work.

An almost incredible story comes from Maudslop, Minn. A boy named Fairchild, is reported to have drowned himself near there through loss of a whipping from his father for a misdemeanor at school. When his father was notified that the body had been found, he went to the spot, gazed at the body, seemed greatly agitated and went away. Neither he nor any of the family went near it afterward, and the body was buried by the neighbors. The next day he carried a great grain to mill, came back by the burying ground just as the body was about being interred, stopped and looked a moment, and drove home.

THE PENITENTIARY FOR THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

The grounds or lands purchased by the Government for the site of a penitentiary, are situated about 620 acres, and are situated about half a mile above Dorchester corner, on the road leading to Memramook. Comprising as the property does the farms lately owned and occupied by George W. Chandler, James A. Buck and Amos Weldon, all of which farms are in an excellent state of cultivation, it is admirably adapted for a model farm, as presumably was under the direction of the Government who will not be in want of "farm hands."

The establishment proper will be erected on the elevation overlooking the main road aforesaid and the Intercolonial Railway, the tract of which runs along the marsh at the foot of the upland. The view from this prominent elevation is very fine and somewhat extensive in the distance can be seen Shepody Bay, Hopewell and Shepody Mountain in Albert County, Grand-stones Island, Cape Memamook and the shores of Cumberland County in the neighboring Province of Nova Scotia. In front and winding through the beautiful valley of the Memamook is the river bearing the same name, on either side of which are rich and prosperous farms with neat looking farm houses. Farther up the river, and on the opposite side, is situated the magnificent St. Joseph's College building and the residence of the Rev. Father, which are both of which structures are built of stone. The whole presents a view which for picturesque and varied beauty is perhaps unrivalled in our Province.

A REMARKABLE CENTENARIAN IN MAYO.

The following notice of a remarkable old man appeared in the Cornwall Telegraph:—

"Michael O'Malley, born at Bloggar, within a mile or so of Westport, is now in his 113 year. His father, Patrick O'Malley, was born in 1763, and died in 1876, at the age of maturity—10 males and 6 females—because of them living to anything like an old age. He held the farm of land known as Clullagh, near Mayo, until 1840, O'Donnell, containing 1,250 acres—a man through life in good circumstances. The present Michael O'Malley, as a cattle dealer had recourse to various parts of the country, but finally came to Mayo, and got married to a woman named Kate O'Brien, of the City of Limerick. He lived there with his wife and family—3 sons and 4 daughters—until 1840, when he returned to his native county, and he now wanders through upon the world. He was 83 years old in his 34th year of the year of the French invasion (1798). He joined the rebellion, and took part with the French under General Humbert at Killaloe, together with his three brothers, Peter, Tom, and Owen. He was captured, and sent to a castle, where he remained for some time, but he escaped, and at least calmed down, but left his native county. He is now a beggar. Will the great and good of the county, either as a monument or a memorial, be raised to a monument for the French dead, at French Hill, be unmindful of their companion in arms?"

ALMOST A DOUBLE SUICIDE.

A LITTLE GIRL DRIVEN TO SEEK DEATH BY ESCAPE DISORDER—HER COMPANION JOINS HER FROM SYMPATHY.

Pont Jervis, N. Y., June 8, 1876.—Annie McLean, aged eleven years, and Jennie Hamilton, aged fourteen, were a few days since lying at the point of death in the town of Rockland, Sullivan county. They had taken poison with the intention of killing themselves. Annie Moffatt, the daughter of George Moffatt, who was for years the leader of a gang of robbers, who operated in the northern part of Sullivan, and in adjacent counties, had been married with two sons, his daughter, Mrs. Mark Brown, and one or two others were arrested, and at their trial a few weeks ago, at Monticello, Moffatt and two or three others were convicted of certain robberies, mainly on the testimony of Annie Moffatt. Mrs. Brown is the widow of Mark Brown who was hanged at Monticello a year ago for the murder of Sylvester Carr, and had been a member of the Moffatt gang. Soon after the exposure of the gang's operations Mrs. Moffatt, who seems to have helped herself aloof from the lawless acts of her husband and children, died. Her little daughter Annie was left alone. She said, after she had been placed out of danger from the poison she had taken, that she wanted to kill herself to escape the disgrace of the acts of her family had attached to her, and that she wanted to meet her poor mother in heaven. The Hamilton girl said she took the poison so that she would not be separated from Annie, who was a very dear friend of hers. The children will get well, and it is thought best to keep them hereafter under surveillance.

EXTRAORDINARY CASE OF SUICIDE—A MAN JUMPS INTO THE RIVER AND IS DROWNED.

About one o'clock this afternoon a man about forty years of age was observed to take off his coat, his shoes, and jump into the river off the Victoria pier. This occurrence attracted the attention of several persons near by, who ran to the edge of the wharf to render what assistance they could to rescue him, but the current at this point being very swift, he was swept away and drowned. On examining the pockets of his coat there were found the framed photograph of a woman and child together a small key and fifty-five cents in coin. Some laborers who saw him take the leap into the river state that at eleven o'clock he went up to them and asked them for a cup to drink, and took a drink of water. They remarked no appearance of liquor about him. He then went and lay down on some cases on the wharf until the time mentioned above. He wore black side-whiskers and a moustache, and spoke only English. His clothes, which were taken to the water-police station, are of good material. Sergeant Donohue took the body to the Victoria pier, where it was found in the coat, to his shoe store on McGill street. Mr. Douglas said he had given some cards to a man named John Campbell who was about the clubs, and it is feared this is the person who thus madly rushed to his death.—From Montreal Witness of the 15th inst.

BURGLARY ON THE INCREASE IN MONTREAL.

The blance is laid on the "hard times."

SHOOTING OCCURRENCE—FIVE CHILDREN BARRICADED TO DEATH—A DREADFUL CASUALTY.

On the 17th inst. a dreadful shooting occurred near Stony Point on Wednesday night last. The dwelling house of Frank Mallouk, a farmer, took fire and five of his children perished in the flames. The family consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Mallouk, and seven children, the eldest of whom was a daughter, 17, and the youngest a boy, between six and five. The latter slept with his parents, and was the first to detect the presence of fire in the house having been awakened by the smoke. He aroused his parents who immediately realized the situation and barely escaped from the building with the lad and a daughter aged 14, who slept in a bed in the same chamber, before the flames rushed in with great force. Upstairs the rest of the children had been sleeping, and being wild with fear for their safety, poor Mallouk attempted to open the stair door and go to their relief; but he could do nothing; he burned his hands badly, and after all was compelled to retreat. But it was in any case too late—the innocents were already enveloped in death. On regarding the open air it was plain to be seen that a fire had broken out in a back kitchen and burned its way steadily to the front, gaining the upper flat early on, and lying hold of his own apartment only when he was already in a room when assailed by the flames, and they met their fate. Doubtless the elder girl had gathered them to her, and encircled them with her affectionate but powerless arms.

THE GUYBOROUGH ELECTION TRIAL.

The Election Court for the trial of the petition of J. W. Hadley against the return of Hon. O. S. Weeks, will be held at Guyborough on the 12th of July.

The pillory, which has been unknown in Prince Edward Island for at least thirty years, has recently been set up there, a man having been exposed at Charlottetown for an hour a few days ago as a part of his punishment for an attempt at a dastardly crime.

OBITUARY.—A mail from Bermuda, via New York, has brought news of the demise of Right Reverend Edward Field, Lord Bishop of Newfoundland, who died at Bermuda on the 8th of this month, at the age of 76 years. The deceased prelate had been failing for some time past, and his friends had given up all hope of his recovery. He was a very hard worker and universally beloved.

The Republican Convention at Cincinnati on Thursday last, after several abortive ballots, finally nominated Rufus B. Hixon, Governor of the State of Ohio, as candidate for the presidency, and William A. Wheeler of New York for the Vice Presidency. The Democrats will shortly hold a Convention for the nomination of opposing candidates. In another column we have expressed our belief, that the success of the Republicans at the polls in November is not at present an absolute certainty.

The steamship "Russia" which left New York the 6th day, took out a mail consisting of 57,693 letters, 701 registered letters, and 80 parcels. This is said to be the largest foreign mail ever taken from the port of New York by a single steamship.

STARVED TO DEATH.—The autopsy on the body of Rubinstein, the murderer, who lately cheated the gallows in New York, showed that he had actually starved to death. The remains weighed but forty-five pounds and not a particle of food was found in the body. This led to an examination of the sewer pipe, when it was discovered that he had through that channel disposed of the meals which it was supposed he had eaten. Medical men are much interested in the case, as many physicians have held it to be impossible for a man to die of starvation with food within reach.

MURDER.

TRUSTVILLE, Pa., June 15.—Yesterday a man named Nick Baker, a resident of Columbia Farm Station, aged 21 years, entered the house of Mr. Dougherty, at that place, it is supposed for the purpose of robbing him, but he was detected, being foiled in the attempt, in order to screen himself, shot her. She died in twenty minutes. Thos. McCool hearing the shot, went to the house to ascertain the trouble, when Baker, meeting him at the door, fired two shots at him. McCool turned to fly, but stumbled, falling on his face, when Baker pounced upon him, stabbing him several times in the back and shoulder, which will prove fatal. Baker is confined, and a strong feeling in favor of lynching him prevails.

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A large British Blue Book has recently been leaked giving an extract of all the wrecks, casualties, and collisions at sea reported between the 1st of July, 1874, and the 30th of June, 1875. It shows a great increase in the number of wrecks and casualties reported as missing, foundered, wrecked, or damaged during the period. The total number of vessels reported as missing, foundered, wrecked, or damaged during the period was 1,871. The total number of vessels lost or damaged or near, the coasts of the United Kingdom was 3,550, being 1,871 above the number reported as missing, foundered, wrecked, or damaged during the same connection was 928, against 506 during the year preceding.

The weather is said, during 1874-5 to have been the worst of weather, the total number of vessels actually lost or damaged was 4,259, representing a tonnage of 911,000 tons. Of all total losses off coast of Britain 177 happened when the wind was from the west or west-south-west, 124 by fire, 182 by carelessness, and 129 by defects of the ship or its equipment. The east coast of Britain seems the most dangerous; while the wrecks on the west coast were 988, and on the south 543; those on the east were 1,669.

EXPLOSION OF LIGHTNING.—On the 22nd May during the stormy and lightning storm, which occurred at that date, at Summersville, in this County, a large rock was struck by the lightning and turned over, weighing, as near as could be judged, about 7 or 8 tons, splitting and sending into numerous pieces and scattering them, both large and small, in all directions, and entering the ground, boring holes as clean and straight as if made by the nicest mechanical tools. Continuing its course towards the sea—dipping into the ground at short intervals it would again arise as if seeking breath for its unique work, and at length it entered the waters in front of Mr. Robert Smith's house. Although the family were put in great fear none were injured, notwithstanding everything, it is said that the lightning struck the roof of the house, and the electric current left their houses and lives, and for which they feel thankful.

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ITEMS.

The Italians bring up from the bottom of the Mediterranean nearly 1,500,000 pounds of coral, worth \$1,150,000.

The gathering at the Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, has come far short, thus far, of generally entertained expectations.

The Berlin Daily Telegraph correspondent affirms that all danger of a European war is over for this summer. Furloughs are being freely granted.

A German baron, whose extravagant living and gallantry have driven young New York swells wild with envy, turns out a forger very much wanted in Vienna.

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New Advertisements.

Peas, Granulated Sugar, &c., IN STORE.

75 CHESTS and half-chests Good Congou Tea; 30 lb-chests Superior do. do.; 25 lbs. 20 lb each Congou Tea (Extra for family use); 20 lb-chests Oolong Tea; 20 lbs. Granulated & Crushed Sugar; 12 lbs. Bright Porto Rico Sugar; 15 lbs. Bright Scotch Refined Sugar; Prices Low to the trade.

GEO. MORRISON, JR., No. 12 & 13 SOUTH MARKET WHARF, ST. JOHN, N. B. June 20th, 1876. 251 129

NOTICE.

MRS. L. C. WHELOCK, has just received a fresh assortment of DRY GOODS

GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERY of Superior Quality, PERFUMERY, & C.

Morse, Kaley & Co. Knit Cotton. BOOTS and SHOES, the remaining portion selling off at 20 per cent. below usual prices. Also a lot of No. 1 WHITE LEAD & PAINT OIL. BROADWAY, June 13th, 1876.

DRY GOODS

VIA HALIFAX. June 2nd, 1876.

W. G. LAWTON,

Has just received his second importation of DRY GOODS COMPRISING

DRESS GOODS, BLACK LUSTRES, BLACK COBURGS, BLACK HENRIETTAS, Black Cashmeres, 1, 2, 4, 6, Josephine Kid Gloves (1st choice), Black Silks, Black Checked Hosiery, Black Grandine, (Plain and checked.)

REAP BALBRIGGAN HOSIERY, AMERICAN WHITE, GREY AND PRINTED COTTONS, WHITE COUNTERPAINS, BROWN HOLLANDS, ENGLISH WOOL CLOTHS, BLUE WORSTED COATINGS.

W. G. LAWTON, Cor. King and Canterbury Streets, St. John, N. B. June 18th.

June Importation.

Checked Dress Goods; Black Silk Fringes; Seal Brown, Cream and Ecrú Silks; Nottingham Lace Curtains; Ecrú Lace Curtains; Neck Fillings; Ecrú Nets; Ecrú Laces; Ecrú Scarves; Muslins of all kinds; Brown Hollands; Irish Linens; Cream Damask; Linen Tea & Doyles; Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs; New Styles; Ecrú Plain Ribbons; Plain Satin Ribbons; Ladies' Josephine and Cuff Kid Gloves; Hyde Park Wraps for Girls; Crumb Cloths; Gentlemen's French Kid Gloves; New Plain Prints.

Manchester, Robertson & Allison, 27 King Street, St. John, N. B. DENTISTRY!

The Subscriber will be at Dr. Moran's Office, in Lawrence Street, for one week only, from June 20th.

J. E. MULLONEY.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

The Subscriber offers for Sale the Eastern Tenement or Dwelling, now being finished in Modern Style, situated in the Village of

Lawrencetown.

together with the Barns and Outhouses thereto belonging. Or, he will rent the same for a Private Dwelling for a term of years, and will have it fitted up with all the modern improvements. Or, any party wishing to keep a respectable Hotel, it will be rented for such purpose, and will be fitted up with every convenience to make it attractive and comfortable; and as the Village of Lawrencetown is beautifully situated, being surrounded by one of the best Farming Districts in the County, and also Streams and Lakes, only a few miles from the Village, in which there is good fishing, tourists and pleasure-seekers will be induced to patronize any party keeping a First-Class Hotel.

W. WAHWICK, Lawrencetown, June 13th, '76. 2m 119.

NOTICE!

MRS. FRASER & SISTER, beg to inform the Public, that not having been able to dispose of their business as intended, they have

RENEWED THEIR STOCK, and are now prepared to execute orders for MILLINERY, IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES, June 6th, '76. 51 114

J. G. H. PARKER,

Barister-at-Law, Solicitor, Conveyancer, REAL ESTATE AGENT, ETC., ETC. Offices—London House, upstairs, next door to Moore's Office, BRIDGETOWN. may 75 7 1010

LAWYERS' BLANKS.

A LARGE STOCK ON HAND AT THE "MONITOR" OFFICE.

Some material improvements have been made in the SUMMONSES. Call and inspect them. SANDROW & PAPER.

New Advertisements.

HARDWARE

AND

CARRIAGE STOCK

Emporium!

Middleton, Annapolis Co.

Particular attention of

House Joiners & Contractors is directed to our Spring Stock of

English and American

HARDWARE

CUT NAILS—from 3 dy. to 30 dy.; CLINCH NAILS—do. do.; CUT SPIKES—from 3 in. to 7; BRIMMING SHEET ZINC; SMELTWORK and FOREIGN GLASS—from 9 x 7 to 36 x 18; BRANDHAM'S LONDON LEAD—No. 1 25s., 50s., 100s.; HUBBUCK'S do. do.; PAINTS—Black, Red, Yellow (250 lbs. kegs); GUNDELL & SPENCE'S LINSEED OIL—Boiled and Raw; LEAD PIPE, Sheet Lead, Dry and Tinned; MORTISE LOCKS, Mortise Latches, Front Door Locks, MORTISE KNOBS—Mineral & Porcelain; BUTT HINGES—Fast and Loose, Japd. Acorn Butts, &c., &c. In addition to a full assortment of

Builder's

SHELF HARDWARE,

too numerous to mention

We have also in



Established 1826.

(Continued from first page.)

pleasure. She advanced in the same shy manner as of old, and held out her hand in the old way.

"Was it you, then, I was to meet at the station?" she asked. "Were you expecting some one," I asked, a little bewildered.

"No," she said, with a hesitating reply. "I suppose, if I tell you, you will laugh at me. I was sitting in the parlor a short time ago, looking now and then at the old picture you were pleased to take so much notice of in those other years—the picture has been very dear to me latterly; she parenthetically added, with a just perceptible tremor in her voice, and suddenly I was impressed with the idea that I was to meet somebody at the station. The notion occurred to me at once as a ridiculous one that I laughed outright. But it would not be laughed down, and finally I started—here I am."

"Then told her how I had just returned from Europe, and now on the way to find my mother and sister, when I was almost impelled from the cars."

"And you were going right by without stopping to see us?" she asked, looking at me with a questioning expression.

"I was standing on, and not caring to make a mistake."

"Fred and I would both have been so disappointed if you had."

"At I am Fred here? I asked, making an effort to appear at ease, though succeeding badly, I am afraid."

"Why, of course. He is here all the time, now, except for a short time in the winter."

"My heart leaped into my throat in very agony, and for a moment I almost forgot to speak. We tallied the pole, and were walking slowly down into the valley, and suddenly a door of a house close by the wayside swung open, and a flood of light rested upon my companion. Ah, how the caprices of fashions! How its edicts drift around in circles, and up unexpectedly! Of course the ruff was not so prominent, nor the rolling folds to the dress gathering in a mass back of the neck, so angular and so stiff as represented in the Elizabethan portraits, but there she was in the dress, with modifications, in which she had made the final assault on the departing sun."

"Not a certainty, I conjectured as much. You are very happy, I suppose."

"Yes, as the world goes, Fred is the dearest and best fellow in the world. How long since you have seen him? It is a long time isn't it?"

"Three years. He was seated where I met you, just now, and went over the mountains so much after the French-leave manner."

"Oh, I was such a silly chit then."

"And think you have grown wiser now?"

"Maybe not, nor happier; this world is for growth, not happiness after all. Growth is the object, happiness the result; not the reverse, as people generally suppose."

"And Fred has grown in art as well as in a domestic way?"

"Oh, yes. He is quite the rage in certain circles. But you know all about that probably?"

"No. I have been so immersed in business in Europe that I have absolutely no heart of or from him since—let me see; no, not since he wrote, just after my return from here, to tell me of his engagement with you."

"His engagement—with me!" drawing a sharp breath at the enunciation of every word. "Did he write you that?"

"He implied as much. If I remember rightly, however, there was a chance for a contrary result."

"He fancied at one time he was in love with me, and I don't know but considered himself engaged, but it only lasted a few weeks. He went to Europe, he said, to die of a broken heart; but came back last fall, and married my cousin, and—"

"And—married?"

"I did not hear her reply, only saw her shake her head in the rapidly gathering dusk, and clasped my arm around her as I had done three summers before. But she did not withdraw from my embrace this time, in every so gentle a manner; and when I asked her if she would be my wife of the valley, the answer she gave showed over my soul as the departing sun, and the reflected radiance illuminated my whole being."

"Prosperity has its 'sweet use' as well as adversity, for no sooner does a man come into possession of a little property than he instantly learns the number of his friends; whereas, if he remains poor, the change is that he would have died in perfect ignorance of the fact."

"An insane man, named E. L. Wilson, of Wilmington, N. C., got out of his bed, a few days since, in the absence of his keeper, and going to the kitchen he took it up, poured at least a quart of oil upon his head and then set it on fire. He was burned to a crisp before assistance reached him."

"The blow struck by the shot from the eighty-ton gun is equal to twenty thousand foot-tons on a circular space of fifteen inches in diameter. If, therefore, a shot from it were to strike another eighty-ton gun from below, it would hurl the second gun upwards of two hundred and forty feet into the air."

"Give us sincere friends or none. This hollow glitter of smiles and warm compliments that mean nothing—protections of affection as solid as the froth from champagne—invitations that are but pretty sentences, uttered because such things are customary—are all worthless. There is no need of them."

"One native of America, the potato, now ranks first among the vegetables of the world. Another native, the cranberry, bids fair to take first rank among the beautiful acid fruits."

"The United States public debt was reduced over four millions and a half during May. One hundred and eighty-one millions are customary to be paid to reduce it to even two billions."

"More relics.—Four 24 pounders of cannon balls, supposed to be thrown from Dorchester Heights in 1776, were recently brought from under an old stable in the vicinity."

"The stage coach used by Queen Elizabeth is to be sent to the Continent."

"Rottschuld's Day's Work.—The baron is a hard working man. His wealth increases at a rate of labor upon him. He rises at 7 o'clock in the morning and goes to his bureau, working there steadily throughout the day, having his mid-day lunch brought into him. When in need of air and exercise he runs down to Ferrifers for a little shooting. Meanwhile Mme. de Rottschuld is making the rounds of her hospital, carrying relief and comfort to hundreds of those who suffer. These people have enormous fortunes, but they make good use of them, and live really noble lives.—Paris Cor. to N. Y. Times.

ABOUT SCARECROWS.

Now that the planting season is at hand, we have doubtless had many a farmer will rummage through his garret, to find the cast-off garments, which, stuffed with straw, are to be set up in the corn-field, to warn off the marauding crows. We have never had any faith in this artifice. Crows are possessed of much more wisdom than is generally credited to them, and while an impossible number of rags may drive them away for a short time, we believe eventually they will discover the humbug, as we have seen the bird complacently picking up the young corn almost within the shadow of an elaborate and stuffed scarecrow as ever was erected.

We, however, have heard suggested a couple of plans which are calculated to intimidate even the boldest of the birds, and they are easily carried out, perhaps our farmer reads may make use of them. The first and best is a suspended looking glass. Take two small cheap mirrors, hang them from an elastic pole. When the glass swings in the wind the sun's rays are reflected all over the field, even if it be a large one; and even the oldest and bravest of crows will depart precipitately should the lightning flashes fall on him. The second plan although a terror to crows is especially well suited to fields subjected to the inroads of small bird and even to the birds of a big potato, and long goose and turkey feathers. The maker can exercise his imitative skill in sticking the feathers into the potato so that they resemble the spread wings and tail of the hawk. It is astonishing what a ferocious looking bird of prey can be constructed from the above simple materials. It only remains to hang to a pole from a tall pole, and the work will do the rest. The bird makes swoops and dashes in the most headlong and threatening manner. Even the most inquisitive of vultures, however, has been known to hurry rapidly from its dangerous vicinity, while to small birds it carries unmixing dismay.—Scientific American.

SLEEP THE BEST STIMULANT.

The best possible thing for a man to do when he feels too weak to carry it through is to go to bed and sleep a week if he can. It is the only true recuperative work. Because during sleep the brain is in a state of rest, in a condition to receive and appropriate particles of nutriment from the blood which takes the place of food, which have been consumed in previous labor, since the act of thinking consumes, burns up solid particles, as every turn of the wheel or screw of the splendid steam engine, which is the result of consumption by fire of the fuel of the furnace. The supply of consumed brain substance can only be had from the nutritive particles in the blood, which were obtained from the food eaten previously, and the brain is so constituted that it can best receive and appropriate to itself those nutritive particles during a state of rest, quiet, and stillness in sleep. More stimulants supply nothing in themselves; they only good the brain, force it to a greater consumption of its substance, until that substance has been so exhausted that there is not power enough left to receive anything, but men are so near death by thirst and starvation that there is not power enough to swallow anything, and all is over.

WHEN A WOMAN WILLS, ETC.—A tall, slim-waisted woman, aged forty, called at the Brighton House yesterday and demanded to be registered as a voter. When politely informed that she did not belong to the voting class she struck the table with her fist, upset a bottle of ink, and said: "I'll vote if it takes me a thousand years!"

"You see, grandma, we perforate an aperture in the apex, and a corresponding aperture in the base; and by applying the egg to the lips, and forcing it in, the breath, the egg is entirely discharged of its contents."

"Bless my soul," cried the old lady, "what improvements they do make. Now in my young days we just made a hole in both ends and stuck 'em."

"Economy, my dear economy, said he it's all right for you to have plants and all that, but there is reason in all things, and there isn't a particle of sense in your paying fifty cents for a flower pot, when there are a dozen empty cigar boxes about the house; and taking the last Havana from another box, he handed her the box to put an oleander in, lighted a cigar, and went out."

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T. RANKINE & SON'S STEAM BISCUIT MANUFACTORY, MILL ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

E. T. KENNEDY & CO., 37 Prince William Street.... ST. JOHN, N. B., STEAM HEATING ENGINEERS, RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTING.

THE advertiser having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sens Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. Parties wishing the prescription will please address, REV. E. A. WILSON, 194 Penn St., New York, N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH. A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St., New York, N. Y.

Great Bargains. DRESS GOODS. A LOT OF SUMMER DRESS GOODS! Now Being Offered at Cost, by M. C. Barbour, 48 Prince William St., St. John, N. B.

First Spring Importations. 48 BALES AND Cases New Goods comprising, TWENTY SEVEN DIAMOND GLOVES, and COATINGS; MACHINE SILK and TWIST in numbers of the best quality; 1000 Yards of the finest French and English FRIMMING; Grey, White and Printed COTTONS; Linen and Cotton SHIRTINGS, etc.; 13 Bales CARPETINGS in Union and Wool and Tapestry all the Newest Designs; GREY COTTONS of Paris' manufacture, superior in quality and extra good value. J. & J. Hogan & Co., 27 & 29 Prince William St., St. John, N. B.

200 PACKAGES LONDON CONFETTI. TEA: 6 bags Ceylon Coffee; 75 boxes Corn Starch; 29 boxes Diamond Goggles Starch; 40 boxes Colman's Starch; 2 cases Nix's Black Lead; 1 case Soft White; 2 cases Mustard; Spices, etc.; 6 cases Broadband White Lead; 2 tons Colored Paints; 5 cases Preserved Milk; 10 lbs. Currants; 100 lbs. Dried Apples; 50 lbs. Raisins; Refined Sugar. For sale at lowest market rates by GEO. S. DEFOREST, 27 & 29 Prince William St., St. John, N. B., May 2, 76.

TO FARMERS. LABOR MADE EASY. THE VAN-ALLEN Common Sense Dash CHURN. It is the cheapest, simplest, most durable, easiest to work, fastest in using, and will give more Butter of the same quantity of cream than any other churn. It has never been offered for sale in Nova Scotia. It has been for many years in use in the Western and Northern States and Canada, and takes the first place wherever it has been shown. It has been tried here by a reliable party who states that it is all that it claims to be, and that without any extra exertion it has churned and gathered in nine (9) minutes. An Agent will shortly canvass the County, and persons so received will receive prompt attention.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. SAMUEL PATZ RANDOLPH, Proprietor for the Patent Right for the County of Annapolis. P. S.—The Churn can be seen and examined at the residence of the subscriber, or taken home by the parties and used.

Dodge's KNOX! Will travel the coming season between Wilmot and Annapolis as follows: Monday, May 22nd—Stopping at Grandville all night; Tuesday night—at Brantville Ferry; Wednesday night—Round Hill; Thursday night—Paradise; Friday—Wilmot, at his own stable.

This route will be continued during the season every alternate week, as until July 20th. PEDIGREE: By Gen. Knox, Jr., he by Gen. Knox. Dam by his own stable. Terms.—\$6.00, by the Season. Mare not proving with foal will be served free of charge next season. Also, mares served by Knox last season, but proving with foal, will be served free of charge this season. Note what the Maine Farmer says about Knox horses. AMBROSE DODGE, Wilmot, May 10th, 1876.

STEAM PIPE, STEAM PUMPS, BABBIT METAL, LARD OIL, GAS PIPE, STEAM WHISTLES, COTTON WASTE, SPERM OIL, WATER PIPE, STEAM GOVERNORS, HAIR FELTING, ATLAS OIL, RUBBER HOSE, STEAM GAUGES, MILL SAWS, WHALE OIL, RUBBER PACKS, STEAM COCKS, CIRCULAR SAWS, SEAL OIL, RUBBER GASKETS, WATER GAUGES, SAW GUMMERS, NATIVE OIL.

Agents for Rich's Patent Saw Sharpener and Gummi.

Spring Goods! 3 Cases Rubbers, 5 Cases Boots and Shoes, 1 Case Sun Hats, 1 Case Felt Hats, 1 Case Canadian Tweeds.

Two New Riding Waggon, All of which are offered for sale, cheap for cash. W. H. MILLER, Middleton, May 10th, 1876.

FLOUR & PROVISIONS. Late arrivals from Canada direct: 1000 Bales Glass, in all sizes, at cheap rates. White Lead, Oils, Brushes, Paper Hangings of a kind, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, The trade supplied on reasonable terms at 22 German St., St. John, N. B.

GILBERT'S LANE DYE WORKS, ST. JOHN, N. B. It is a well-known fact that all classes of goods get soiled and faded before the material is half worn, and only require cleaning and dyeing to make them look as good as new. Carpet, Furniture, Canvas, Dress Goods, Shawls, Wraps, Mantles, Silks and Satins, Gaiters, Overcoats, Pants, and Vests, &c., &c., dyed on reasonable terms. BLACK GOODS AGENCY.—Annapolis, March 18th 1876.

NOTICE. ALL persons having any demands against the Estate of HUBERT B. BALCOM, late of Paradise, in the County of Annapolis, Per. mer, deceased, are requested to render their accounts duly attested in writing three months, and all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment to GEORGE MURDOCH, Executor. Bridgetown, March 28th, 1876.

NOTICE. ALL persons having legal demands against the Estate of HUBERT B. BALCOM, late of Paradise, in the County of Annapolis, Per. mer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested within one year from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to SAMUEL E. BALCOM, Executor. HURPER BALCOM, Exrs. Paradise, March 10th, 1876.

LONDON HOUSE, RETAIL. BARNES, KERR & CO. INVITE special attention to their large and varied stock of STAPLE GOODS and General House Furnishings—Sheetings, damasks and repps in silk and worsted-bleached covers and cloths, and a large assortment of dress materials, ladies' fancy costumes, black and colored silks, tulle and satins, umbrellas and parasols, jet and silk buttons, trimmings, &c. &c. 3 and 4 Market Square, St. John N. B.

NOTICE. ALL persons having legal demands against the Estate of JOHN WINGFIELD, late of Rosette, in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested within six months from this date, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to MINER TUPPER, Executor. Bridgetown, 3rd April, 1876.

S. R. FOSTER & SON'S STANDARD Nail, Shoe Nail & Tack Works, ST. JOHN, N. B.

ESTABLISHED 1849. (Formerly W. H. Adams' Crty Nail Works.) Orders solicited, prompt attention and satisfaction guaranteed. 4919

Agricultural.

VALUE OF LEACHED ASHES.—The Miscellaneous Department, in an article on the use and value of ashes, leached or unleached, says that the soap boiler in making soap, leaches out from the ashes everything that is soluble in hot water, potash and soluble soda being the two most important elements he removes. But he leaves the phosphoric acid, he leaves a certain amount of soluble silica,—that is, it is soluble to plants,—and he leaves the lime; and, upon the whole, he leaves a considerable amount of fertilizing substance in his leached ashes. Now, as regards the value of leached ashes, we regard them as worth from fourteen to seventeen cents a bushel, but cannot state the precise value because some soap-makers will rob them more than others. You cannot find two specimens exactly alike. Some soap-makers will manipulate them longer, and exhaust them more thoroughly; but leached ashes are a cheap fertilizer, at one-half the price of dry ashes.

HEAVES IN HORSES.—A distinguished farmer and veterinary, skilful in the treatment of horses, says that after trying various methods, experience has convinced him that the following is the best treatment for horses troubled with the heaves: "Feed no hay, but give in its place a quantity sufficient of clean bright straw, soaked or cut, with as many oats with it as the animal will eat, having previously soaked them in cold water for five hours, with from three pints to a pint of oil meal (flax seed) every day." Horses so treated are said to have worked well and experienced almost complete relief. The heaves, in this quarter of the country, we believe, is generally regarded as an incurable disease,—especially in the more advanced stages. If the foregoing remedy be as valuable as it purports, its publication will probably benefit thousands.

THE SPLITTING.—When I find a felled tree that is likely to split, I look for small limbs on each fork, and clean them of leaves and lateral branches for a foot of their length. I then carefully bring them together, and wind them round each other. In twelve months they will have united, and in two years the ends can be cut off. The lance will grow as fast as any other part of the tree, and in a perfect case will be able to compete with any of the same size, and I scarcely ever know one fail to grow.—Prairie Farmer.

DOMESTIC ITEMS. To remove mildew from linen, mix soft soap with water, powdered half the quantity of salt, and a small piece of lemon.

A strong solution of carbolic acid and water, poured into holes, kills all the ants it touches, and the survivors immediately take themselves off.

To DRIVE ANTS AWAY.—Put red pepper in the place the ants frequent the most, and scrub the shelves or drawers with strong carbolic soap.

MUTTON WITHOUT YEAST.—One quart of flour, two eggs beaten separately, one tablespoonful lard, one of sugar, one teaspoonful of salt, one cup sour milk, and two spoonful of baking powder. Beat all together and bake immediately.

CHEASING STRAW BONNETS.—Carefully remove all water from wash with soap and water, rinse thoroughly, and dry in the open air. Then stiffen with a wash of well beaten white egg, very carefully laid on. Replace the wire, and the bonnet will look as good as new.

LIGHT DRESSINGS.—To every cup cold water needed to make as much dough as is desired, put one teaspoonful cream tartar and half a teaspoonful of soda; then stir in instantly flour enough to make a little thicker than biscuit; cut out and boil twenty minutes. If directions are strictly followed you will have light dumplings.

RICE COFFEE is good food for children suffering with summer complaints, and is made by brewing the grains of rice in the same way as coffee, and afterwards boiling them. It is not unpalatable, is very nourishing, and can be made of any strength required. With the addition of sweet cream and loaf sugar, a nice coffee is made, and three years will require no other food until the disease is removed.

RAISED GEESE.—One pint of warm milk, four tablespoonfuls home-made or one-fourth of a pint of brewer's yeast, stirred well together. Two tablespoonfuls of butter, one of sugar, one teaspoonful of salt, as one can stir easily with a spoon. Let it rise about nine hours. Stir it only with a spoon. When raised dip out and the full and lake in a quick oven.

An exchange says: "All over the land women are feeding their babies from nursing-bottles with white rubber tops. The preparation used in leaching rubber is a horrible and deadly poison—white oxide of mercury and kindred drugs—and the constant nursing and chewing rubber so prepared places a child's life in danger. Analysis has been caused by it, and many a baby dies in consequence of its use. A French mother or nurse, convicted of putting one to a babe's lip, fined 20 francs of imprisonment 10 days, and to sell cucin France is a grave misdemeanor."

An easy method of breaking glass to any required form is by making a small notch by means of a file, on the edge of a piece of glass, then make the end of a rod of iron red hot in the fire; apply the hot iron to the notch, and draw it slowly along the surface of the glass, in any direction you please; a crack will be made and will follow the direction of the iron. Round glass bottles and flasks may be cut in the middle by wrapping round them a scoured tery cloth dipped in spirits of turpentine, and setting it on fire when fastened to the glass. This process is familiar to old campaigners, and with whom glass bottles are used as tin snuffers, and the former is thus utilized to supply a want of the latter.

When persons are feverish and thirsty beyond what is natural one of the best "coolers," internal or external, is to take some loaf sugar, working it down over the lemon, and then suck it slowly, squeezing the lemon and adding sugar as the acidity increases. Invalids with feverishness may take two or three lemons a day in this manner with the most marked benefit manifested by a sense of coolness, comfort and invigoration. A lemon or two thus taken tea time, will give many a comfortable night's sleep and an awakening of rest and invigoration, with an appetite for breakfast, to which they would otherwise be strangers.

THE DEAR ACQUAINTANCE. We were coming down White street this morning, when we overtook an old gentleman in a cart. The vehicle was sprightly, and as it jolted over the stones every revolution of the wheel was a stall storm.

We nodded to him, and he nodded back. "A nice day," we suggested, in a raised voice.

"Hey?" he screamed. "A nice day," we roared. "O, yes," he shouted. "A good corn crop. How's business—pretty good?"

"Very good," we answered. "Very good," we yelled. "Glad to hear," he said, and then repeated into silence, and we hurried on, as people were showing altogether too much interest in our efforts to be heard.

"What do you think of that feller over in English who walks on the water?" he suddenly exploded.

We had to fall back with the pace of the cart. "He is a wonderful chap," we said, in hope that that would satisfy him.

"Hey?" "He is a wonderful chap," we yelled. "So he is. How do you suppose he does it?"

"He wears rubber clothes and a hat," we suggested, at the top of our voice.

"What kind of clothes?" "People were raising their windows now, and we were beginning to feel desperate."

"Rubber," we roared. "O, rubber, oh? and that keeps him up, eh?"

"Yes." "Yes?" he shrieked. "Yes, yes? Yes what?"

"You asked us if it was rubber that kept him up, and we said yes," we exclaimed, in a key of voice that brought the merchants and their customers out on the walk, in spite of the rattle of the cart.

"What's that? I didn't quite make it out," he shouted.

Then we went out on the roadway and took the horse by the head and brought the whole establishment to a standstill, and then we explained just what we had said.

"Ah, I see, it's a wonderful thing," he said, and then added: "It must have been the cart going over the stumps which kept me from hearing of you; but I was afraid at first that you were sick and couldn't speak up."

We are not of a particular demonstrative turn, but when we again notice an acquaintance in a spring cart, we are pavement we shall step down the first cellar way and take a position back of a barrel until he is out of sight.—Danbury News.

A New York undertaker was visited lately by a pale, sad, cucumber-looking man. From his looks it was evident that he was in great affliction. The man of coffins respectively greeted his caller, entered, and assuming that sympathy in air which undertakers take on so naturally, enquired: "Can I do anything for you to-day, my dear sir?"

"Yes," said the bereaved one, sinking upon an ice-box which came handy, and taking a fresh chew of tobacco. "Oh, mister, she was an excellent mother; nothing can be so true as to say that her funeral—nothing."

"Poor man," replied the undertaker, wiping his eyes, and mentally considering if it wouldn't be safe to add forty per cent to the usual rates. "It is a very natural feeling, my good sir, to grieve over the loss of one's partner for life, and I admire you for it. Indeed I do. Did your wife die suddenly?"

"Well, no, mister; Hannah'd been ailing for some time back. I was prepared for it, but it's a hard blow to lose the mother of 'nise small children, especially when she was so useful. Why, mister, in twelve years of my married life, my shirt-buttons was always right there; and as for patching trousers & darnin' socks, the neighbor-neighbor tell you that she was no equal."

"Oh, no doubt, no doubt," said the undertaker, anxious to get back to business. "You will, I suppose, want a first-class coffin?"

"Yes; make the best you kin—money's no object, put silver handles on it, line it with silk, and don't forget to put a bay-window in it."

"You will, my good sir?" cried the horrified undertaker.

"Why, lay-window, mister. Don't you know I had a bay-window in my last one? No, sir," said the undertaker, indignantly; "there is no such term of article used in the business. I am positive."

"Oh, you're positive after that? Maybe, next you might say there ain't no such thing as a coffin. It'd be just like such an ignoramus. Now, look here, mister," said the mourner, flourishing a roll of greenbacks before the undertaker's nose. "I started out to-day to find a coffin with a bay-window to it, and you've told me there ain't no such article. I say there is, and I'll find one if I've got to go a hundred miles to get it." And he added, as he put into a room a coffin, "I'll be just like such an ignoramus. Now, look here, mister," said the mourner, flourishing a roll of greenbacks before the undertaker's nose. "I started out to-day to find a coffin with a bay-window to