

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 17, 1901.

Vol. XXX, No. 18

Calendar for April, 1901.

Full Moon, 3rd, 9th, 20th, 27th.
Last Quarter, 11th, 18th, 25th, 31st.
New Moon, 13th, 21st, 29th.
First Quarter, 25th, 12th, 16th, 23rd.

Day of Week	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
1 Monday	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
2 Tuesday	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
3 Wednesday	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
4 Thursday	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
5 Friday	29	30	1	2	3	4	5
6 Saturday	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
7 Sunday	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
8 Monday	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
9 Tuesday	27	28	29	30	1	2	3
10 Wednesday	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11 Thursday	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
12 Friday	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
13 Saturday	25	26	27	28	29	30	1
14 Sunday	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
15 Monday	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16 Tuesday	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
17 Wednesday	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
18 Thursday	30	1	2	3	4	5	6
19 Friday	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
20 Saturday	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21 Sunday	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
22 Monday	28	29	30	1	2	3	4
23 Tuesday	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
24 Wednesday	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
25 Thursday	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26 Friday	26	27	28	29	30	1	2
27 Saturday	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
28 Sunday	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
29 Monday	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
30 Tuesday	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

"Imitation is the Sincerest Form of Flattery."

The best proof that

MINARD'S LINIMENT

has extraordinary merit, and is in good repute with the public, in that it is extensively imitated. The imitations resemble the genuine article in appearance only. They lack the general excellence of the Genuine.

This notice is necessary, as injurious and dangerous imitations liable to produce chronic inflammation of the skin, are often substituted for MINARD'S LINIMENT by Dealers, because they "pay a larger profit."

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One is particular claiming to be made by a former proprietor of MINARD'S LINIMENT, which simply is a lie.

INSIST UPON HAVING MINARD'S LINIMENT, MADE BY C. C. RICHARD'S & CO., YARMOUTH, N. S.

Farm for Sale! On Bear River Line Road. That very desirable farm consisting of fifty acres of land fronting on "The Bear River Line Road" and adjoining the property of Patrick Mackenzie and formerly owned by John Pidgeon. For further particulars apply to the subscribers, executors of the late William Pidgeon, or to James H. Reddin, Solicitor, Cameron Block, Charlottetown.

JOHN F. JOHNSON, F. F. KELLY, Executors. Jan. 31-11

JAMES H. REDDIN, BARRISTER-AT-LAW

NOTARY PUBLIC, &c. CAMERON BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN.

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The strongest Fire Insurance Company in the world.

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P. E. I. Agency, Charlottetown. HYNEMAN & CO. Agents. Queen St., Dec. 21, 1898.

HOW IS THIS?

Ladies' "Cockey Boots with straps, warm lined, worth \$2.50; now \$1.25; now in your chance to secure a bargain, cost us \$1.00 for more money; want to clear them, get Headquarters for Ladies' Gaiters. We have them as low as 50 cents a pair.

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FIRE INSURANCE, LIFE INSURANCE.

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General Agents of above Companies, \$300,000,000.00.

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It describes the latest and best in Grain, Roots, Vegetables and Flowers. It is

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GEO. CARTER & CO., The Seedsmen.

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Arriving daily at the Hub of Fashion

New Suitings

New Trouserings

New Overcoatings

New Colored Shirts

New Collars and Cuffs

New Neckwear

Call and see the grand show open from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily (Sunday excepted)

GORDON & McLELLAN Men's Outfitters.

WE ARE IN THE Monumental Business

We devote all our time and energies to this line only. We employ tradesmen who thoroughly understand their business—some of them having served their time with the old reliable firm of Cairns & McLellan.

Proportion is one of the most particular branches of our trade; without it a Monument cannot look well. This is one of the places where some competitors are continually going astray.

We do not import condemned stock full of cracks and stains because it is cheap, but we pay the right price and get the right goods.

THE BALANCE OF OUR STOCK WILL BE CLEARED OUT AT COST

To wind up the season's business and make room for our large Fall Stock for winter cutting. Come quick if you want a bargain.

We don't advertise very much, but when we do we mean just what we say.

CAIRNS & McFADYEN,

Cairns & McLellan's Old Stand, Kent Street Charlottetown.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

Rome's Liturgical Chant.

Rome, March 15.—Events of importance of which every one will perceive, have occurred recently in Rome with regard to the Gregorian chant. Whoever is interested in sacred music knows that in 1868 a publisher at Ratisbon obtained from the Sacred Congregation of Rites a thirty-year privilege for the printing with the necessary additions of a Graduale which had appeared in Rome in 1614 and in 1615 from the Medicean Press. The privilege having expired on Oct. 31, 1900, some declaration from Roman authorities was expected for the current year and in order to obtain this powerful influence had been brought to bear with the object of obtaining a renewal of the favor. The object of this campaign was to bring about that the books of the chant in question, which on account of the favors of the Sacred Congregation had been looked upon as official, should be imposed upon all the churches of Rome, except the churches of the religious communities. It was hoped that these books which had been used even in Rome itself in only a very small number of churches might be imposed upon them as official. At the French college of Santa Chiara, at the Benedictine College, at Saint Anselmo, at the Latin Pio College and especially at the Sistine chapel, which is the choir of the Holy Father himself, other versions were performed, above all those of medieval manuscript; a fact that shows that there was no obligation to make use of the books that professed to be official, as the reviews of sacred music drawing their inspiration from Ratisbon insisted. Besides, Cardinal Rampolla decided in the same way in favor of liberty when the French Bishops consulted him.

Already Cardinal Masella, prefect of the Sacred Congregation of Rites, in an address to his subordinates has declared explicitly, with the recommendation to inform and instruct on the point those whom it concerns, that "there never has been any question of imposing the Medicean books upon any one." This is notable because it is not customary at Rome to give formal orders in such matters. Those books, as has been shown, did not deserve the honor of serving to bring about the unity of liturgical chant through the whole church, inasmuch as according to the opinion of all impartial and disinterested investigators the Ratisbon books held a very unfavorable place among the editions.

When in 1883, after deep research of the Liber Gradualis of the Benedictine Father Potier appeared, which for the first time restored to the Catholic world the Gregorian chant, the study of liturgical chant took on an astonishing development, and the "Musical Palaeography" of the Benedictine fathers of Solesmes provided proofs drawn from authentic sources that the chant of the Middle Ages was one and the same everywhere, until disfigurements were added to it by the ignorant persons of the seventeenth century. Now, a prelate of the Roman Curia, Mgr. Respighi, pontifical master of ceremonies, and later promoted to be secretary of the Sacred Congregation of Rites, attacked this proposition, and proved that it was absolutely false. Mgr. Respighi replied accessibly to the rejoinders of his adversary. The German writer's mode of argument disclosed literary methods that were more than strange and Mgr. Respighi gave him in the Berlin Germania a lesson in literary matters that was well deserved.

There is another reason of which it is interesting to follow the development. In 1883 the warmest of the defenders of the Medicean edition asserted that the book had been composed by Palestrina, the great Roman composer, who died in 1594 without completing his work. Why, then, knowing the faults, the deficiencies of this edition have the defenders of the Medicean chant, instead of holding off, undertaken this unworthy campaign against those who have made a serious study of the subject and do not wish to approve of a bad book?

Independently of Mgr. Respighi, a learned German, Father Raphael Molitor of Buren had been preparing for years a work founded on documents from the archives on the same question. His conclusions are identical with those of Mgr. Respighi. The first volume of his work, which appeared recently in Leipzig, has for its title "The Ration of Plain-chant at Rome, about 1600." The fact that the researches

of two investigators working independently reached the same conclusions is a strong guarantee of the correctness of the investigation. Mgr. Respighi was therefore right in asserting that Palestrina was in no way responsible for the deplorable Medicean Graduale.

The Pope's plan to bring back the chant of the church to its Gregorian form was opposed by powerful influences. In 1892 the Holy Father encouraged the defenders of the Gregorian chant on the occasion of an academic meeting in honor of Saint Gregory the Great in Rome. There the Holy Father blessed the Scientific investigations which tended to "richissime il canto gregoriano alla sua antica purità," "restore the Gregorian chant to its ancient purity"—delightful reward for the Gregorian investigators. Then later Pirelli, appointed by the Holy Father Master of the Sistine Chapel, introduced there the Gregorian chant, a little rebellion was stirred up among his own singers, which only ended when the Holy Father approved formally the measures taken by his Maestro di Cappella.

But now the Holy Father has again been obliged to intervene in order to put an end to the agitation proceeding from without in favor of the Ratisbon chant, which it was desired to have declared obligatory in all secular churches. The plan seemed to be about to succeed, but the Cardinal Vicar, Mgr. Respighi, claimed the right to decide himself on questions of sacred music within his own diocese, as the Bishop's right, jure ordinari. The question was put before the Holy Father, who severely censured the intrigues and declared that "not only must no obligation be declared but that the question must be studied seriously with the object of entering upon a different course from that which has been followed up to the present. This decision brought to the knowledge of persons interested immediately, changed the situation. With the authority and approval of the Holy Father, the Cardinal Vicar has appointed a Roman Commissioner of Sacred Music in order to withdraw the question of religious chant at Rome from foreign influences. There are five members of this commission among whom are the Maestro di Cappella of St. John Lateran, Cappella, and Baron Kusler, who will act as they think best for the benefit of the Church under the direction of the Cardinal Vicar and his Holiness.

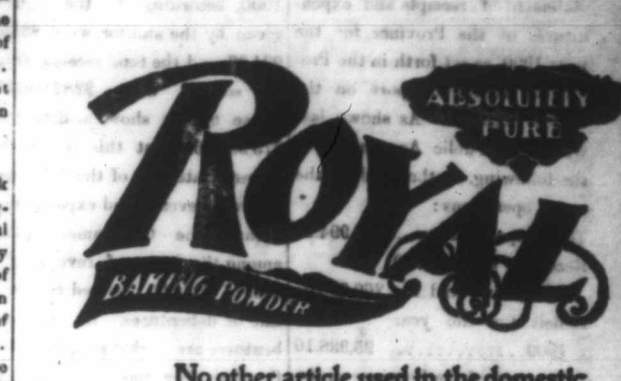
It will be seen from this that it is not correct to call the Ratisbon edition "the official edition." The Holy Father's purpose is that the liturgical chant shall be brought back to its former purity. Doubtless few reviews of sacred music will speak of these occurrences in order not to give any hint of their importance. Let us hope that the true friends of the Gregorian chant will be assured that low, material and personal interests cannot always control the desires of a cause like that of the chant of the Roman Church, which has never been hostile to science. The Lemen de coelo has restored to the Catholic world the eternal and Christian philosophy, the doctrines of the Angelic Doctor; let us hope that the imitators of the melodies of Saint Gregory will return under the protection of our Pontiff and will take again the place which they should never have lost.

Interesting Happenings The World Over.

The new Cathedral at Westminster on which \$240,000 has been expended, is rapidly approaching completion. The nave is loftier and larger than any other in the United Kingdom. There are no fewer than twelve chapels ready for their altars and decorations, which are to be made in marble. The columns in the nave, transeps and crypt are likewise of rare marble and are very beautiful.

The "Nationalist" of Clonmel, Ireland, takes exception to the statement that Rev. J. P. Prondersgar, assistant pastor of the Sacred Heart Church, Kansas, and the Rev. T. F. Prondersgar, pastor Sacred Heart Church, Warrensburg, Mo., U. S. A., are the only two priests in the world. This, says the "Nationalist," is not the fact, for in the Diocese of Waterford we have the Rev. Fathers James and Thomas Mookry, twin sons of the late M. J. Mookry, Rosmondstown, Clonmel. A third brother is also in the priesthood.

It was gloriously bright and warm in Rome on Thursday, March 14, and when the sun had already heated the atmosphere Leo XIII.



No other article used in the domestic economy of the household has so many enthusiastic friends among the housekeepers of America. No other article of food has received such emphatic commendation for purity and wholesomeness from the most eminent authorities.

The great popularity and general use of the Royal Baking Powder attest its superiority.

The Royal Baking Powder is made from the finest wheat flour and is absolutely pure. It is the only baking powder that is so pure and so wholesome. It is the only baking powder that is so popular and so generally used.

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ordered his carriage. It was then driven to his flower garden and for an hour superintended the setting out of plants, the sowing of seeds and where he wished them sowed, returning to the palace radiant. In his words to Pio Centra, his personal attendant, he revealed the secret of his unrest. "Well, Pio, the weather has been propitious and has allowed me to arrange for my dear flowers before the season was too advanced." Whereupon he sat tranquilly down to the composing of a Latin poem and never once glanced at the window or sky. Later on this flower garden will be a mass of gay blooms, which, curiously enough, he never cares to pick or have about him.

The most interesting and certainly the most important phase of the battle between Catholics and anti-Catholics in Italy, says the Rome correspondent of the "London Catholic Times," is that which is now being fought with unyielding determination on both sides for the supremacy in the schoolroom. The struggle has been more fierce at Milan than elsewhere, as that city has fallen under the sway of a Radical and Anti-Clerical Municipal Council, who recently decreed the abolition of religious instruction in the elementary schools. The Radical and anti-clerical measure gave rise to so many protests that the Municipal Council, headed by a notorious Freemason, Signor De Cristoforo, had to come to a compromise, stipulating that religious instruction should only be imparted to those pupils whose parents expressly desired it. The result was disastrous for the anti-clericals, as it was found that, in spite of the pressure brought to bear upon the parents, eighty-five per cent voted for the maintenance of religious instruction. Signor De Cristoforo was foiled again, and in order to vent his rage had recourse to a petty act of vengeance, formally forbidding the recital of the usual "Pater," "Ave" and "Gloria," with which hitherto it was customary to begin the day's work in the Milan elementary schools.

Says the same correspondent: Among the numerous falsehoods which the enemies of our religion are in the habit of circulating with regard to Catholic institutions in general and convents in particular, none is more time-honored and more untrue than the legend about the wealth, extravagance and luxury of the religious communities in Italy. Since the papal bull was passed which suppressed 4400 monasteries, or, in other words, depopulated those communities of all they possessed, there are more instances of real misery, of suffering heroically borne, of untold privations patiently—nay, gladly—endured among the religious Brotherhoods and Sisterhoods of

"In a recent sermon," the New Century remarks, "the bishop of Savannah said that the only means by which the moral condition of the negroes in the South could be ameliorated is through the Catholic Church. Other churches, he said, had failed, and the Catholic Church could not take the matter in hand because of the paucity of her priests in the South. Given priests and the means necessary, the negro could be lifted from his present moral level to one much higher in the plane of Christian civilization. Mr. James Redpath, whose interest in the negro is so intense as to be unreasonably radical, who fills that social theories, tried in the North, might be applied to him, came, late in life, to the same conclusion. 'The confessional,' he said, 'is the only means of reaching morally this great mass of blacks.'"

Your Nose

That is what you should breathe through—not your mouth. But there may be times when your nose is so bad you can't breathe through it. Breathing through the mouth is always bad for the lungs, and it is especially so when their delicate tissues have been weakened by the excessive use of alcohol. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine that can restore the blood to its natural purity. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine that can restore the blood to its natural purity. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine that can restore the blood to its natural purity.

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H. W. HARRISON, Glenside, Ont.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 17th, 1901.
SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR,
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
JAMES MCISAAC,
Editor & Proprietor.

Our Provincial Finances.

ELSEWHERE we publish the statement of receipts and expenditures of the Province, for the year 1900, as set forth in the Provincial Auditor's report on the Public Accounts. As shown last week, the Public Accounts give the following, as the result of the year's operations:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Total expenditures... \$355,994.23. Receipts... \$22,000.00. Debit for the year 1900... 95,988.16.

The debt of the Province on the 31st December, 1900, as shown by the auditor's report was as follows: Debentures of 1891 (net) \$166,589.00. Debentures of 1898-9 " 23,661.00. Debentures of 1900 " 23,000.00. Borrowed on Loans Act 172,839.86. Balance against the Province " 297,928.44. Total \$692,727.51.

The figures given above are taken from the treasury balance sheet and the Loans and Debenture Accounts furnished by the Provincial Auditor in his report on the public accounts. In the case of the debentures credit is allowed for \$19,737 sinking fund, and only the net amount due for debentures is here set down. Whether or not a considerable portion of this sinking fund has any existence in fact admits of considerable doubt, as we will show further on. In the meantime we have allowed the Government what they claim in this particular; but in the face of all this their statements of financial management for the year 1900 are such as no government should feel proud of. When discussing the financial condition of the Province at the time of the general election in December last we contended that, in the light of such data then at hand and in view of the Government's past record, the debt of the Province must be in the vicinity of \$624,000, and that the deficit for 1900 would surely be in the vicinity of \$100,000. The Public Accounts largely bear out these forecasts; for while they show the amount added to the public debt during the year to have been nearly \$60,000, we may deprecate this as below the mark; and what is true of last year's transactions holds good of the entire Provincial debt. We may be very sure that when the Government's auditor shows a debt of \$692,727.51 it is at least \$25,000 more.

penditures into two parts, one of which they place under the heading of capital account. This is done, no doubt, for the purpose of directing public attention from the extraordinary dimensions of the deficit on the year's transactions, and with the hope of apparently lessening the gap between receipts and expenditures. The total expenditures during the year 1900, according to the figures given by the auditor, were \$355,994.23, and the total receipts from all sources were \$22,000.00. These figures show a deficit of \$73,988.16. But this is not the correct statement of the difference between revenues and expenditures, because the Government place among the items of revenue the sum of \$22,000 received from the sale of debentures. As these debentures are a charge against the Province they increase the public debt to that extent; consequently the money received from the sale of them cannot be placed to the credit of ordinary revenue. Deducting these \$22,000 from the ordinary receipts the amount which the Government increased the debt of the Province during 1900 will be found to be \$95,988.16, as shown above. By placing \$47,499.74 of the expenditures in a separate account, and by including in the ordinary revenue the \$22,000 received for debentures, the Government tried to cover up their tracks, and to make the debt and deficit appear less than they are. But despite all their juggling with the figures they cannot conceal the fact that their own official statements show that they added almost \$100,000 to the Provincial debt during the year 1900. No matter how they manipulate their figures the year's transactions show a large deficit. Leaving out of the question for the moment what they are pleased to call a "capital account," their "ordinary expenditure," as they call it, exceeds the revenue from all sources by \$26,438.42. Adding the "capital" expenditure the deficit amounts to \$73,988.16. Adding to this the \$22,000 of debentures, the increase of the Provincial debt for the year 1900 is found to be \$95,988.16.

Thus far we have dealt with the question of debt and deficit in the light of the figures presented by the Government themselves, in the report of their own auditor on the public accounts. This report, of course, presents the accounts in the most plausible form and places the question of debt and deficit in the best light possible. We may be sure that very considerable expenditures for the year 1900 have been carried forward to this year. The election expenditures, for instance, incurred in December last, not a small item by any means we may depend, are not charged to 1900. Besides there are the amounts due on contracts, the increase in the stock farm balance, the quarter teachers' salaries. All these items and others must reach pretty well on to \$30,000, if they do not exceed that amount. It therefore may be taken for granted that \$630,000 is a moderate figure as to what to place the debt of this Province.

In computing a debt of any kind, the amount of interest paid is a most important factor. In the year 1890, the last for which the Conservative Government of this Province are responsible, the interest paid on the Provincial debt was \$2,897.44. In 1899, the present Government paid \$19,075.51 in interest, and last year they paid \$20,861.11, that is \$1,785.60 more than they paid in 1899, and \$18,163.76 more than was paid by the Conservative Government in 1890. Surely this is most damaging testimony against a Government and a party whose shibboleth has been "economy in the public service."

\$12,000 are set down as having been bought by the Government. Now, the money used by the Government in the purchase of these debentures was \$12,000 of the \$18,401.00 above referred to as credited to the sinking fund of debentures issued in 1891. That is to say the Government took \$12,000 of the sinking fund required by law as security to the holders of debentures issued in 1891 and invested this money, not in collateral securities for the benefit of the bond holders; but in bonds of the same nature as those for which they are given in security. The money which they thus procure the Government use for the ordinary expenditures of the year 1900, and as the expenditures for that year, ordinary and extraordinary, exceed the receipts by nearly \$100,000, we would like to know where the security for the bond holders comes in. In other words, the Government take a sum of money which, according to their own showing, they had set aside in accordance with the requirements of the debenture act, as security to the holders of debentures, and use it along with all the other money they can get, and put in place of it debentures or bonds that are a charge against the Province. They simply took the \$12,000 cash and put in place of it bonds representing \$12,000 of the debt against the Province. Does that constitute a sufficient security to the bond holders in the meaning of the clause of the debenture act that calls for a certain percentage of the bonds as a sinking fund? Would the City Council of any corporation other than the Government be allowed to so manipulate the sinking fund of its bond holders? It will be remembered that last year it was discovered that the greater part of the sinking fund for 1899 had no actual existence, inasmuch as the money had been used by the Government in the transactions of the year. The Government did the same thing in 1900; but to cover up their tracks they made a deal with themselves and put debentures in place of the bond holders' security.

From all the evidence here given it must be clear to the most casual observer, that for the year 1900 the Government's record of debt, deficits and deception was fully sustained. In 1898 they told us the "day of taxation was far off." Every year since then they have collected average taxes of \$48,277.71, and last year they collected \$56,294.94. In 1899 they told us the "era of deficits must stop" and "revenue and expenditure must meet." Every year since then they have an average deficit of \$64,546, and last year the receipts fell short of the expenditure by \$95,988.16. In 1897 they told us our claims against the Federal Government would be submitted to arbitration and we stood to receive a million dollars or more. Up to the present this money has not made its appearance and nothing is now heard of arbitration. What do the electors of this Province think of a Government that acts in this fashion?

Sessional Notes. The progress of business in the Legislature last week was not more rapid than during previous weeks. Short sittings and little to go was the order of the day. When the House met on Tuesday, the 9th, after the Easter holidays, discussion was resumed on the resolution for the amendment of the Agricultural Bill. On the opposition side the debate was summed up by Mr. A. J. McDonald. He pointed out that the stock now on the Government farm was not what it should be, and considered it improper for the Government to continue competing with private enterprise in the production of stock. For did he see what great good the farmers institutes were going to do. Had the Commissioner of Agriculture outlined some plan by which he might assist the dairy industry he would be more in the line of fulfilling the duties of his position. After the House went into committee on the resolution, the debate was continued by Hon. Mr. Rogers, Mr. Mathison, Hon. Mr. Gordon, Mr. A. J. McDonald, Mr. Wisner and others. The ground taken by the opposition speakers was that no sufficient information had been given to enable the House to intelligently discuss the matter; that the conditions of our finances would severely permit of our expending such money on the proposed institute, and that the stock farm should not be run in competition with private enterprise. The Leader of the Opposition at the close of the discussion pointed out that there was an evident

disposition on the part of the Government to misrepresent the arguments of himself and colleagues. The opposition, he said, were opposed to the amendment of the bill, a Commissioner and Secretary, to do the work that might very well be done by one man. A good practical commissioner, who understands his business, was what was wanted. With the exception of addressing some private bills a stage and matters of routine, this discussion ended Tuesday and Wednesday's sittings.

The bill incorporating the Hall Company of Branch 233 of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association passed its third reading on Wednesday. The third reading of the anti-tobacco bill came up for third reading the same afternoon, but a discussion arising thereon was in progress when the House adjourned for the day.

On Thursday an act in addition to and in amendment of the Municipal Incorporation Act was presented. Hon. Mr. Rogers presented a bill to be entitled an act to amend the act respecting "the garnishment of debts." The discussion on the anti-tobacco bill was then resumed and after considerable debate passed its third reading with some dissenting votes. In the afternoon, Hon. Mr. Rogers' agricultural bill was read a second time and committed to committee of the whole House. Considerable discussion took place before the committee reported, and the House adjourned.

On Friday forenoon the House was principally engaged in the discussion of a bill introduced by Mr. Wisner enabling the City Council to order the removal of telegraph, telephone and electric light poles after seven days notice, and conferring some other privileges on the City Council regarding the poles and wires of these companies. After some considerable debate consideration of the matter was adjourned. The House met for a short time in the afternoon and then adjourned till Monday.

How the Money Went.

Receipts and Expenditures of the Provincial Government.

As set forth in the report the receipts and expenditures of the government during last year were:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Dominion Subsidy \$181,831.88. Public Lands 6,013.89. Commercial Travellers' Licenses 8,140.00. Incorporated Companies 6,082.29. Fines 5,705.91. Ferry 1,598.42. 4,702.78. Registry Office 957.73. County Courts 766.60. Provincial Secretary's Office 640.00. Hospital Licenses 415.82. Fines and Penalties 345.66. Canal Revenue 243.28. 40.00. Succession Duties 3,641.78. Liquor Sellers' Registration 4,700.00. 22,245.28. Income Tax 5,508.40. Debentures sold 22,000.07. Total Receipts \$282,086.07.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Administration of Justice \$16,385.84. Board of Health 128.75. Coroners Inquests 251.50. Department of Agriculture, including Dairy Associations 1,558.01. Executive Council 396.60. Education 129,112.98. Exhibitions 6,000.00. Hospital for Insane 21,128.28. Interest 30,861.11. Inspectors under Canada Temperance Act 600.00. Legislation 7,443.23. Legislative Library 138.15. 4,650.29. Poor House and Paupers 7,469.79. Postage 453.89. Public Lands 982.15. Provincial Secy. Treas. Dept. 4,028.74. Provincial Auditor's Dept. 1,431.05. Provincial Building 1,676.96. Registry Office 4,262.90. Stamp Office 61.20. Stenographer and typewriter 1,805.67. Public Works Department 4,112.18. Government House 331.87. Ferries, including ferry steamer 17,115.24. Wharves 3,971.98. 5,976.00. Roads, including Superintendents Salaries 22,903.26. Miscellaneous, Public Works 2,901.90. Debentures Sinking Fund 2,775.00. Total amount chargeable to Revenue \$608,484.48.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Prisons of Wales College \$14,970.70. Hospital for Insane 30,861.11. Provincial Building 9,171.51. Road Machines 655.00. Permanent Bridge 4,837.19. Rights of Way 3,196.03. Total \$47,499.74.

Due on April 11, 1901. The following statement of amounts due by the Provincial Government on the 11th of April, was tabled by Premier Fairbairn in response to a request of the Leader of the Opposition. The Royal Bank of Canada—\$12,776.61. Bank of Nova Scotia—60,411.00. Merchants Bank of P. E. L.—10,298.02. Total \$83,485.63.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Amount of Loans account on April 11th, 1901—170,868.67. Amount due on Debentures account on 11th April, 1901, after giving credits for sinking fund, same as 31st Dec., 1900, viz.—\$168,000.00. " 1898-9 " 23,661.00. " 1900 " 22,000.00. Total \$223,529.67.

AMUSEMENT, Ant. Treas. Provincial Treasury, 16th April, 1901. Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

In South Africa.

A Durban despatch says: Details which have arrived here of Gen. French's successful operations in the eastern Transvaal show that in one engagement the Canadians (Howard's Scouts) charged a Boer position in Buffalo Bill style, firing as they galloped along. The Boers were in a position where they could not have been flanked, and where it was almost impossible to dislodge them, but by the forward charge of the Canadians they were forced to yield.

A despatch from General Kitchener from Pretoria, dated Thursday, April 11, says: Colonel Monro's mounted infantry, after two hours' hard fighting, has captured eight prisoners, including Commandant Briesa, at Liefendynse, near Deventer.

Cape Town advises that General De Wet is so distracted by the hopelessness of his cause that he can truthfully be described as insane. He goes in fear of his own troops, and keeps himself surrounded night and day by a bodyguard of chosen adherents. But from his own ranks voices are now more frequently heard calling imperatively for peace.

It is announced from Brussels that the Dutch Transvaal Committee has handed to Mr. Kruger a check for 1,000,000 florins, collected in Holland for the assistance of the Boers. It appears that Mr. Kruger's engagements are that the route from Leydsdorp to Zoutpanburg is heavily fortified and able to resist the British for a long time.

The London Daily Express says that it understands that the Government has decided to cease sending reinforcements to South Africa. The British war office confirms the report that it is going to try the experiment of supplying the army with only home grown beef. The experiment will extend six months from June 1.

A Bloemfontein despatch of the 15th inst says it is reported that the health of Ex-President Steyn is broken down and that he has advised all the Boers on his command to surrender immediately. The War Office has received the following despatch from Lord Kitchener: PRETORIA, April 15.—Colonel Sir Henry Rawlinson's column rushed the south laager northwest of Klerksdorp at daylight. Six Boers were killed, ten wounded and 73 taken prisoners. He captured a twelve pounder, one pom-pom complete and two ammunition wagons with ammunition. Our casualties consisted of wounded. Colonel Plumer captured a field cornet and seven men with ten wagons and eighteen rifles. During Colonel Plumer's operations in Orange River Colony seven Boers were killed.

According to an Imperial order issued in regard to the South African war medals the Canadian soldiers will receive in addition to the medals the following clasps. The Canadian Infantry will get four clasps, Cape Colony, Paardeberg, Driefontein and J. J. van Rensburg; "D" Battery men will receive three clasps, Cape Colony, Orange Free State and Belfast; the Mounted Infantry and B.oyal Canadian Dragoons clasps for Johannesburg, Diamond Hill, Cape Colony and Orange Free State; the Royal Canadian Dragoons will receive the Belfast clasp.

There is no form of kidney trouble, or a backache down to Bright's disease, that Doan's Kidney Pills do not relieve or cure. If you are troubled with any kind of kidney complaint, give Doan's Pills a trial.

"We treat you white, wherever you may hail from." Grocery Satisfaction. In this store means something more than simply LOW PRICES. It means strictly high-class goods—the guaranteed kinds. It means prompt attention, quick delivery. It stands for all you can possibly expect, from the best Grocery Store you ever heard of. Everything guaranteed to be the best of its kind.

Our Tea pleases many. It will please you. Driscoll & Hornsby, Queen Street. 100 DINNER AND TEA SET 48 PIECES SILVERWARE FREE.

BRITISH

TROOP OIL LINIMENT. covers a wide field. There is no better application for Chancres, Ulcers and all Open Sores, as the soothing and healing properties of this remedy are unsurpassed. For Sprains, Bruises, Stiff Joints, Contracted Cords, Bites and Stings of Insects, and Painful Swellings of all kinds, bathes the parts with hot water, then apply the Troop Oil freely, and you will be surprised how quickly pain will be eased and inflammation subsided. In the case of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lame Back, or muscular soreness the Oil gives wonderful relief. For Caked Breasts or Cracked Nipples, which cause women much suffering, they will find nothing to equal Troop Oil. Internally the Oil may be taken with great benefit for Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc., in addition to the external use of the Oil, the throat, neck, and chest should be rubbed thoroughly with it. Used as a gargle it is of inestimable value in Diphtheria, Sore Throat, Croup and Ulcerated Tonsils. A large bottle 50c.

FOR SALE. The House and Lot at Head of St. Peter's Bay, lately occupied by Charles McLean, and adjoining the premises of Leacock Anderson, Esq., would be a good locality for a mechanic or for a boarding house. Terms easy. Apply to JENAS A. McDONALD, Charlottetown, April 10, 1901.

A. L. Fraser, B. A. Attorney-at-Law. SOURIS, P. E. ISLAND. MONEY TO LOAN.

There is no form of kidney trouble, or a backache down to Bright's disease, that Doan's Kidney Pills do not relieve or cure. If you are troubled with any kind of kidney complaint, give Doan's Pills a trial.

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Seeds, Seeds, SEEDS.

A FULL LINE OF Garden and Field Seeds. On hand which we are offering low for cash. Do not purchase until you see our samples and prices.

JOHN McKENNA, Corner Queen and Dorchester Sts., Ch'town.

There Is No Mill In The Land

Whose product is worthy and famous, that is not represented in our colonial suit stock for men and boys this spring.

We buy from every fabric maker whose goods we know give satisfaction to the consumer—but we worship no idol of clay.

We do not pay homage and a big price simply for a name. Therefore when we offer Standard Makes of Clothing SUCH AS

Royal Brand

Fit-Reform

You Can Depend on it

That the price as well as the excellence of these suits will be attractive to you.

If you want a nice Spring Suit you must see our enormous collection for men and boys—Suits in Cheviots, Scotch and Irish Serges and Tweeds, English Worsted, too, at popular prices.

Royal Brand Suits. With price sewn in pockets, \$8, \$10, \$12. Fit-Reform Suits. With price sewn in pocket, \$10, \$12, \$15. All our suits are ready in a minute, and they have the best custom made exclusiveness and finish at half the custom price. Tall men, short men, big men, little men, fitted at our big rooms. Rightly made ready made is as good as best tailor-made. Don't go anywhere else, there's none better, how could there be? PROWSE BROS., Wholesale and Retail. Mail Orders a Specialty.

GRA... MILL... Opel... Thursday... APRIL... You Are Cord... F. PERKIN... THE MILLINER

SEEDS! Spring is here again and y of seeds. Don't forget when prices; you will find them as l a large stock of the following WHEAT—W. Russian, Peas, Corn, Vetches, Oats, Barrots, Parsnips, Cabbage, etc., a Flower Seeds.

RELIABLE As in the past you will find ample and of the best quality. "EUREKA" If you have never tried 50; our sales on it are increa of the best teas sold at 25c. per FOR HOUSE We have a full supply of V Glue, Soaps, Brushes, Brooms FREE DELIVERY. R.F. MADD Lower Queen St.

Valuable G And Oth GIVEN To Advertise.

When purchasing ONE DOLLAR you will receive a Certificate which will entitle you to the above valuable Prizes; an estimate of the population of Prince Edward Island, 1901, which is just about 12,000. PRIZES TO BE AW. To the 1st nearest correct guess, a S. W. To the 2nd nearest correct guess, a S. W. To the 3rd nearest correct guess, a S. W. To the 4th nearest guess, a handsome C. To the 5th nearest guess, a handsome C. To the 6th nearest guess, a handsome C. To the 7th nearest guess, a handsome C. To the 8th nearest guess, a handsome C. To the 9th nearest guess, a handsome C. To the 10th nearest guess, a handsome C.

HERALD I estimate the population of the Census to be taken, 1901. My Estimate Name Address

If you write your NAME and ADDRESS and send it to us, we will send you a small amount of money. You need not send us anything. Register all letters containing as long as the above form appears, as we hear that it will take us Not quite 200 estimates yet received, 1,000.

E. W. TAYLOR, Charlottetown.

Seeds, OS. Field Seeds are offering of purchase samples and PENNA. Sta., Ch'town.

Mill Land that is not represented boys this spring. whose goods we know at we worship no idol

of Clothing royal and reform

d on it. none of these suits will. you must see our enor- -Suits in Cheviots, English Worsteds, too

ts. pockets, \$8, \$10, \$12. pocket, \$10, \$12, \$15. te, and they have the finish at half the cost

little men, fitted at good as best tailor. one better, how could

ROS., Retail.

GRAND MILLINERY Opening

—ON—

Thursday Afternoon

APRIL 18th.

You Are Cordially Invited!

F. PERKINS & CO.,

THE MILLINERY LEADERS.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

Spring is here again and you will want the usual supply of seeds. Don't forget when in town to call and get our prices. You will find them as low as the lowest. We carry a large stock of the following seeds:—

WHEAT—W. Russian and Efic. Timothy, Clovers, Peas, Corn, Vetches, Oats, Barley, Turnip, Mangels, Carrots, Parsnips, Cabbage, etc., also a full line of Garden and Flower Seeds.

RELIABLE GROCERIES

As in the past you will find our stock of Groceries complete and of the best quality. We guarantee satisfaction.

"EUREKA" BLEND TEA

If you have never tried this Tea it will pay you to do so; our sales on it are increasing every month. It is one of the best teas sold at 25c. per lb in this Province

FOR HOUSE CLEANING

We have a full supply of Whiting, Pearline, Gold Dust, Glue, Soaps, Brushes, Brooms, etc.

FREE DELIVERY.—Telephone No. 28.

R.F. MADDIGAN & Co

Lower Queen St., Charlottetown.

Valuable Gold Watch

And Other Goods

GIVEN AWAY!

To Advertise Our Business.

When purchasing ONE DOLLAR WORTH from us at the lowest cash price you will receive a Certificate which will entitle you to participate in the distribution of the above valuable prizes; among these making the nearest guess of the estimate of the population of Prince Edward Island, as shown by the official census of 1901, which is just about to be taken.

PRIZES TO BE AWARDED AS FOLLOWS:

- To the 1st nearest correct guess, a Solid 14k Gold Watch, (Waltham).....\$100.00
- To the 2nd nearest correct guess, a Silver Watch.....\$50.00
- To the 3rd nearest correct guess, a Silver Watch.....\$25.00
- To the 4th nearest correct guess, a handsome Clock, Bugler calls the hour from the top of the clock.....\$10.00
- To the 5th nearest guess, a handsome Lamp.....\$5.00
- To the 6th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 7th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 8th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 9th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 10th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 11th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 12th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 13th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
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- To the 15th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
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- To the 19th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 20th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 21st nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 22nd nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 23rd nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
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- To the 25th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
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- To the 31st nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 32nd nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 33rd nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 34th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
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- To the 40th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
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- To the 43rd nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 44th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 45th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 46th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 47th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 48th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 49th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00
- To the 50th nearest guess, a handsome Canteen.....\$5.00

Grand total.....\$2000.00

The Daily and Weekly Papers will publish the names of the successful estimators, and the awards will be made within 30 days after the population has been officially determined at Ottawa.

The official census of 1901 gives the total population of Prince Edward Island (100,000.)

HERALD FORM

I estimate the population of Prince Edward Island at the Census to be taken, 1901, to be

My Estimate.....

Name.....

Address.....

If you write your NAME and ADDRESS PLAINLY and send to us with your ORDER and CASH, we will try and send your Goods and Certificate by return mail. Should we not have in stock the goods you ask for, we will place the amount you send to your credit and write you for further instructions.

Register all letters containing money, stamps not accepted.

As long as the above form appears, you will be paid in sending in your estimate, as we hear that it will take several months to take our census.

Not quite 200 estimates yet received. To make it pay we ought to have, at least, 1,000.

E. W. TAYLOR, Jeweler.

Camden Block, Charlottetown.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

The census men in the outlying districts of Algona are out on their feet. They want the Government to pay their expenses in advance.

There is a rumor that General Buller will be the next Commander of the Canadian troops. Nothing official is known, however, to substantiate this.

The coal miners of Cape Breton are arbitrating for an advance in pay similar to that of the miners of the mainland, in Springfield, Stellarton and Westville.

In the examinations of first year students in chemistry at McGill University, Dr. J. W. of Charlottetown and J. W. O'Neil, of Montreal, led the class, each making one hundred per cent.

Boatwain Lester, of the Halifax dockyard has received from the Admiralty, forms to file by any Canadian who wish to join the Royal Navy as seaman or marines. Halifax has been made the recruiting station for Canada.

A St. John, N. S. despatch says: Bishop Neasey's will was made six years ago. He leaves all his coupon bonds to be invested for the support of the Cliff Street orphan asylum, the Silver Falls industrial school and the old folks' home in this city. He leaves \$200 for a home, and \$100 to Visar-General-Connolly.

JAMES Goodwin, brakeman on Bouchette and Montreal railway, met with an accident at Notre Dame Station near Montreal, Thursday, which caused his death a few hours later. While riding were shunting Goodwin tried to jump the gap of out train but fell short, and the whole train passed over him.

The jury empaneled to enquire into the death of Harry C. Westerbark, of Yarmouth, N. S., who was found in the I. C. R. yard at Moncton on Friday, believed from evidence taken that he came to his death by being crushed by the wheels of a car while trying to get on or off a train at Moncton depot and attached no blame to the I. C. R. authorities.

MR. Philip Gallant, of Summerside, had a close call on Saturday. While working at his boat on Helmsley's wharf, a bullet from a 22 calibre rifle pierced his hat near the top of his head. Had he not been in a stooping position no doubt he would have been killed. The bullet is supposed to have been fired by some careless parties while practising at target shooting.

Two sailors for being drunk and fighting at Woodstock, Ont., were given a chance by the magistrates to enlist in the Halifax garrison regiment or to be sent to jail and fine. They jumped at the offer to join the regiment. This plan for recruiting recruits brought about so much criticism, however, that the Judge withdrew the option and the men were committed.

An organization of singers to be known as the Charlottetown Philharmonic Society has been formed here, consisting of the best vocal talent of the City. About seventy members have been enrolled. The society is now practicing Anderson's Cantata—"The Wreck of the Hesperus"—in which all voices will blend together, such a combination as that ought to make themselves heard.

At last information has reached Canada as to the manner in which Major "Gat" Howard met his death. As was feared by those who knew him, the gallant officer exposed himself rashly in scouting forward with only one man. They were ambushed by the Boers and both killed. It is very sad that such an excellent soldier should have so early sacrificed his life through excessive zeal and lack of caution.

The first vessel to be wrecked on the shores of Prince Edward Island this year was the schooner Minnie F., twenty-five ton, owned by Bennett & Co., of Port au Prince, N. F. The vessel ran ashore at Savage Harbor, near Mount Stewart last Thursday evening, having been driven there by the big gale which was then prevailing. Capt. Hall reports that having successfully managed to land the crew, he was heading for home with a cargo of 630 bushels, when a gale sprung up Wednesday night, which carried away all his canvas. A big wave struck the vessel on Thursday carrying overboard the helmsman, George Gilling, of Charlottetown, who leaves a wife and five children. The gale continued all that day and the schooner was washed ashore that evening at Savage Harbor a total wreck. The crew—seven in number, succeeded in getting ashore after some difficulty.

A serious shooting affray took place at Amherst, N. B., last Friday morning, as the result of a quarrel among boarders at Mrs. Anne Weeks. The parties mixed up in the affray are Camillo Fisher and Seymour Fisher, Marston, Charlottetown, and James McKee, of Amherst. The trouble arose over the young men tanning each other about some girls and dirty that day the trouble had reached the climax. At the table the previous evening McKee and Fisher quarrelled and Fisher had rather a sharp argument. After McKee left the room Fisher's brother, Camillo, came in and the affair was repeated to him. Before the Fisher boys left the house for the evening Camillo asked Seymour if he was going up to see the "paps" before he went out, referring to the other boarders. Next morning when Camillo Fisher came in to breakfast Murdoch Stettin asked him if he (Fisher) meant him as any of the paps. Fisher said he did, whereupon Stettin drew a revolver from his pocket and aimed point blank at Stettin, who struck the revolver down. The bullet entered the fleshy part of his leg, following the curve of the leg, coming out about three inches below the elbow joint close to the femoral artery. McKee and James Rockwell, bearing the news, rushed into the hall and undertook to take the revolver from Fisher, but was seized by the leg and discharged. The bullet struck the neck of the table, striking the bone. The bullet was split, one part being removed from the back of the ankle, the other passing up, and is still in the flesh. A doctor was summoned and attended to the wounded man. Although serious, he does not anticipate danger. All the participants are employed in the Robb engineering works, Fisher being under foreman in the machine shop, and all being to respectable families. Fisher is a son of Rev. Mr. Fisher, a Methodist minister in the Nova Scotia conference. He is now confined in jail awaiting preliminary examination. Rockwell is a son of Nathan T. Rockwell, Amherst shore. Stettin it is said belongs to Prince Edward Island.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Leon Strathcona has presented Colonel Steele, the commander of Strathcona's force, with a cheque for \$25,000. Good enough!

Mrs. J. Taylor Marks of Halifax died last Sunday. An hour before her death she made arrangements for her funeral, even to writing her own obituary.

Wm. V. Newton, R. A. of Charlottetown has been awarded a scholarship in Natural Science by Chicago University worth \$500 for the first year, with a prospect of an increase in the second year.

The main building of the extensive Mower works of E. F. Sturtevant Company of Green Street, Jamaica Plain, near Boston, Mass. was burned early Monday morning, causing a loss of \$200,000.

In Hazard & Moore's show window are exhibited three fine samples of parsley grown from Hazard & Moore seeds. The largest specimen weighs 2 pounds 3 ounces, is 22 inches long and girls 12 inches.

F. L. STREWER, the famous short distance runner of Halifax, will train for the championship games of America, which are to be held at the Pan-American Exhibition, Buffalo, N. Y. June 14th, 15th and 16th.

The King's County Journal is the name of a four-page six column newspaper that made its first appearance on the 15th inst. It is dated at Montague and is printed at the Examiner office. It is to be issued twice-a-week.

The steamer Electra arrived in Georgetown Saturday night from Pictou with a full cargo of merchandise for Georgetown and Montague. No ice was met on the trip over. This was the earliest trip this steamer has yet made.

A girl named Anne Barrington, who came over by the Princess on Friday is in the P. E. I. hospital, as the result of taking doses of strychnine. She is thought to be insane, but at times appears to be all right. She came from New York and claims that Mr. John Fraser is her uncle.

An Ottawa despatch of the 15th says: Mr. Bruce of the Miramichi Paper Mills, and John Stewart of Hamilton, were here Saturday enquiring for the steamer running of a steamer between Miramichi and Liverpool. There is a vote of two thousand for a steamer calling at P. E. Island and taking goods in cold storage from there, as Mr. Bruce intends taking advantage of the fact that the steamer he intends placing on the route between Miramichi and Great Britain.

The sale of the Dodd properties took place on Monday. The following are the properties sold and the buyers: Store occupied by Wm. & Co., bought by W. A. and Arthur Weeks for \$8,000; double-tenement house on corner of Pownall and Kent streets, bought by Chas. Dalziel for \$2500; Rockford Square property, bought by D. H. Hosen for \$1200; house on Bayfield Street, bought by The Taylor for \$825; Charlton Lot on the Malpeque Road, bought by Maurice Blake for \$225; lot adjoining last bought by same for \$225; pasture lots on Royalty, bought by James Pichard for \$870; Ardgowan property on Mt. Pleasant Road, bought by Wm. O'Neil for \$230; Jury house, bought by Geo. O'Neil for \$701; two acres on Pottery Road, bought by Maurice Blake for \$100.

By reference to our advertising columns, readers will note that Messrs. F. Perkins & Co. will have their grand millinery opening tomorrow, Thursday, to which they invite all to come and see their grand display. The establishment of Messrs. Perkins & Co. is situated on the North side of Queen Square better known as St. John's, in the large story building erected a couple of years ago. Like several other Charlottetown stores, at present it has changed the renovating in perfection, and the painter has got in his work on the best results. The store is the whole interior of the store the subject of his work. Many improvements have been introduced to keep up with the forward spirit of the Twentieth Century. On the back and sides of the large show windows are set four large level mirrors recently imported from Montreal. These mirrors reflect the goods displayed and are bound to catch the eye of all who admire a well-dressed window. Down the centre of the store are displayed tables overhanging the sidewalk, carrying long lengths of goods six to eight feet, depending from the ceiling. These rods are a new feature, introduced this spring, and are so arranged as to display to the greatest advantage the goods which they carry. The shelves are also made of glass and are so arranged as to display to the greatest advantage the goods which they carry. The shelves are also made of glass and are so arranged as to display to the greatest advantage the goods which they carry.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

The results of the examinations in Pathology in third year medical studies at McGill University, Montreal, were posted a short time ago. It is satisfactory to notice that the Island students acquitted themselves splendidly. It is particularly pleasing to know that the first place (with honors) in a class of over ninety students was occupied by Mr. Alexander Campbell, of South, Mr. Campbell, when six years of age was adopted by Mr. John Kitcham, M. L. A. under whose auspices he has prosecuted his literary and medical studies. The success which he has attained is highly creditable to him, and we feel sure is a source of extreme pleasure and satisfaction to Mr. Kitcham.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

DON'T WANT BOERS.

A M. Bourne, Via oris, despatch announces that the federal parliament at its first sitting on Friday decided three fine samples of parsley grown from Hazard & Moore seeds. The largest specimen weighs 2 pounds 3 ounces, is 22 inches long and girls 12 inches.

SHAMROCK WILL BE LAUNCHED SATURDAY.

A Glasgow despatch states that the Shamrock will be launched Saturday. The work is now being pushed and trial races with the old Shamrock will take place May 4th in the Solent or outside the Isle of Wight. Between three and four hundred men are now hard at work on the yacht.

BRITISH BEEF ONLY.

Canadian circles in London are exercised over the official announcement that the War Office will exclude all but British beef for supplies of fresh meat for the army. One official said "Surely Canadian meat is British," but some doubt exists whether this view will prevail.

A NEWSPAPER FAILS.

La Sicile, the leading Dreyfusite organ in France and the most persistent champion of Great Britain in the Transvaal, has announced its failure and the paper will be sold by auction. La Sicile was published in Paris.

MOBILIZING FOR WAR.

A Yokohama despatch of the 14th says: The preparations which the Japanese here are making for an early start indicate that they still expect war between Russia and Japan. Vessels arriving at Yaku from Nagasaki report the mobilization of the Japanese fleet and the continuance of preparations on board ship for the anticipated struggle.

TWELVE CARDINALS CREATED.

A Rome despatch of the 16th says: A consistory held yesterday Archbishop Martinelli, Papal delegate to the United States, was pronounced Cardinal, and eleven other Cardinals were created. The names of the other new cardinals are Mgr. Friteri, Mgr. Cabagni, Mgr. San Mimipelli, Mgr. Coanari, Mgr. D'Al Volco, Archbishop of Benevento, Archbishop of Ferrara, Archbishop of Prague, Archbishop of Cracow, Bishop of Verona and the Bishop of Paris.

"FOR VALOR"

The London Military Gazette states that a Victoria Cross has been conferred on Lieutenant H. E. M. Douglas, Royal Army Medical Corps. On December 11, 1899 during the action at Magerfontein, Lieutenant Douglas showed great gallantry and devotion under a very severe fire in advancing in the open and attending to Captain Gordon Gordon Highlanders who was wounded, and also attending to Major Robinson and other wounded men under a fearful fire. Many similar acts of devotion and gallantry were performed by Lieutenant Douglas on the same day.

A BIG SPEAL.

On the arrival at Cherbourg, France, last Wednesday, of the North-German-Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse from New York, it was announced that two gold bars aggregating in value \$22,750, had been stolen during the voyage. All the baggage landed was examined with the utmost care by the customs officers and detectives, and the ship and passengers were searched over and over again, but without any satisfactory results. The crime is one of the most mysterious known. The gold was shipped by the National City Bank of New York and was packed in oak cases bound with iron hoops and kept in the special room. The officials of the North-German Lloyd Co believed that the gold was abstracted before the ship left New York, between the same afternoon when barrels containing the two million marks were placed in the strongroom and the following morning, when the passengers baggage was stowed away, making access to the door of the room most difficult. The officials are of the belief that the thief allowed himself to be locked up in the baggage room after the gold was deposited in the strong room and managed to take the booty ashore during the confusion of arriving passengers and the stowing away of the baggage.

Used internally Haggard's Yellow Oil cures Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Quinsy, Rheumatism, Stiff joints, Contracted Cords, Sprains, Strains, Burns, Scalds, Ours, and Bites of Insects.

DIED.

In this city, on Thursday, April 11th, Catherine F. Beloved wife of Patrick McQuaid, aged twenty years. R. L. F.

On Tuesday, April 16th, Sarah Parker Watts, aged 86 years, widow of the late Honorable Francis Longworth.

At Almir, Lot 47, on the 30th ult., Benjamin McEneaney in the hundredth year of his age. He was born at Savage Harbor on the 5th day of April 1801. R. L. F.

At the Prince Edward Island Hospital, on Tuesday, April 16th, A. B. McKee, for many years a member of the Legislative Council, and latterly Clerk of the Legislative Assembly, aged 68 years.

At Seltick, Lot 42, on April 12d, of consumption, Ronald J. McCormack, in the 26th year of his age. The deceased had been away for a number of years and came home about a month ago to his sickly place, Mr. Angus McCormack, at which place he died. Deceased was a good, industrious man, and possessed many noble qualities of character. He leaves a widow, father, three brothers and one sister to mourn their loss. Postpaid papers please apply. R. L. F.

After a brief illness at his home Hope River, on Saturday the 13th inst., John Reid, leaving a widow and several children to mourn. Deceased was well and favorably known in the community in which he lived and his death is deeply regretted. The interment took place at St. Ann's, on Monday morning last and the funeral was very largely attended. A Solemn High Mass of Requiem was celebrated by Rev. D. B. Reid, of Kelly's Cross, brother of the deceased, assisted by Rev. R. B. McDonald, Rustico, as deacon and Rev. Dr. Monaghan as sub-deacon. The pastor of St. Ann's, Rev. James Shanley, officiated in the sanctuary and afterwards performed the services at the grave. May his soul rest in peace.

In the spring the whole system is clogged up with impurities accumulated during the winter. Take Burdock Blood Bitters this spring and it will purify the blood, making it rich and red, and will give you strength and energy.

EPPS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING

Distinguished everywhere for Quality and Highly Nutritive Properties. Specially prepared and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in quarter lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & CO., Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

Breakfast Epps's Cocoa

Oct. 25, 1890-30

The time for receiving estimates in E. W. Taylor's P. E. I. census competition is extended to April 16th or until further notice. Send him your dollar, get your dollar's worth and in addition make an estimate of what you think the population will be. The nearest estimators will receive a prize, the first being a gold watch valued at \$100. Ap 5-21

New Clothing For Men and Boys.

Worsted & Tweed Suits

Hundreds to select from.

You'll not be doing yourself or boys justice if you buy your suits before seeing our

New Clothing

The small price you'll have to pay.

A word to the wise is sufficient.

J. B. McDonald & Co.,

The best value in Clothing for men and boys.

Arriving!

Our Spring Cloths

In the latest novelties and newest designs are daily arriving.

Call and make your selection for a

SPRING SUIT

From our large and select stock.

Latest style, best workmanship and perfect fit guaranteed.

Also see our large stock of

Gents' Furnishings.

A. A. McLEAN, L. B., O. C.,

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary,

MORTGAGE SALE.

To be sold by public Auction, in front of the Law Courts Building, in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, on Thursday, the 22nd day of April, 1901, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, by virtue of a power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage bearing date the twenty-fifth day of February, 1898, and made between John Daniel McDonald, of Fox River, Lot Forty-two in King's County, in Prince Edward Island, and Flora Jane McDonald, his wife, Messrs. A. A. McLean, Barrister, of Charlottetown, Chartered Solicitors, as trustees for the said John Daniel McDonald, dated the twenty-sixth day of July, A. D. 1898.

If the said property is not sold at the time and place aforesaid, the same will be sold by private contract.

For further particulars apply at the office of Messrs. A. A. McLean, Solicitors, Great Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of March, A. D. 1901.

ENRAN A. MACDONALD,
Trustee of the Mortgage,
Auctioneer of Mortgage.

April 2, 1901.—41

FIRE INSURANCE, LIFE INSURANCE.

The Royal Insurance Co. of Liverpool,
The Sun Fire office of London,
The Phenix Insurance Co. of Brooklyn,
The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

Combined Assets of above Companies, \$300,000,000.00.

Lowest Rates. Prompt Settlements.

JOHN McBRIDE, Agent.

ENRAN A. MACDONALD,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Agent for Credit Foncier Franco-Canadien, L'Assurance Incendie Franco-Canadien, L'Assurance Vie Franco-Canadien, L'Assurance Vie Franco-Canadien, L'Assurance Vie Franco-Canadien.

Office, Great George St. Near Bank/Nova Scotia/Charlottetown Nov 282-1y

Going Out of the Crockery - - Business.

We will close out our entire stock of

Crockery, Glassware and General Merchandise

At Great Clearance Sale Prices.

Bargains in Tea Sets, Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets, Lemonade Sets, Table Sets, Cups and Saucers, Parlor Lamps, Hall Lamps, Fancy Goods, Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons, &c. Many lines at half price. All at sweeping reductions. Stock must be sold at once as I am going out of the Crockery business. Book accounts must be settled at once. All the above goods will be sold for spot cash, therefore you can depend on getting bargains.

P. MONAGHAN,

Queen Street.

Good Health is impossible without regular action of the bowels. Laxa-Liver Pills regulate the bowels, cure constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache and all affections of the organs of digestion. Price 25 cents. All druggists.

EASTER LILIES. (Written for the S. H. Review.) BY CHARLOTTE CALSARAN.

Mild the lilies walked the saviour, Coming from His Easter tomb, Bowed and stayed the lilies' toward Him.

Clouds of snowy fragrant bloom. Consecrated by His presence, Lo, they lifted high in air Pearly chalice that washed Honeyed sweetness everywhere.

Change them about His altar. Let them blossom perfume your From their depths, all white and radiant As the Easter-tomb of yore.

They the fairest, are of blossoms: Resurrection flowers, that spring Spirit-like from earthly darkness To announce the Risen King.

Checkmated by Her Own Move. BY MADALINE BOK.

"Travers, my dear fellow," said Digby Everton, gazing intently and gloomily at the wreath of blossoms that curled upward from his cigar.

"I am going to ask you a very important question." "I don't think you can. However, go ahead."

The two men were seated in Digby Everton's particular den, enjoying a last smoke before separating for the night. The other two men who formed the male portion of the party that had come to Everton Grange for the Easter holidays had already retired.

"Are—have—?" Digby began twice and passed. "See here, Ned, are you in love with Mary Osmond?"

"The man addressed flashed under his tan, and for a moment he seemed to resent his host's query.

"I think Miss Osmond one of the most charming girls I have ever met," he answered at length.

"Oh!" Digby said. "Alas was right." "In what was Mrs. Everton right?"

"I hoped she was mistaken," Digby went on. "I wish to Heaven you had met the girl anywhere else than here, or that you hadn't met her at all!"

"Will you explain, Everton?" "Yes, of course. I should have told you before this. Poor Mary! It isn't her fault."

"Please go on." "Well, it is not generally known, but Mary's mother died in an asylum, and her grandfather as well."

"How—mother? In? Mrs. Osmond her mother?" asked Ned.

"No, no; her stepmother. Her mother died years ago. They are so attached that they are usually taken for mother and daughter."

"Thank you, Everton! I know you meant well.—I think I shall make an excuse to leave you. I had, almost unconsciously, begun to hope that I might win Miss Osmond's love. Thank God, I have given no such hint in any way! It is bad enough as it is, but if I thought for a moment that the girl cared—"

"I had no idea that you cared so much, Ned," said Everton, after a long silence; and his friend smiled faintly.

"I did not know myself till now. And, though I have not the least reason to suppose Miss Osmond would have listened to me, your information is none the less!"

"I understand,"—Everton's voice was sympathetic; but after another pause he put a question to his guest regarding the Australian methods of agriculture.

At that same hour two women in a different part of the building were also engaged in a midnight conversation.

"I really don't know what Mr. Travers came to do in Mrs. Osmond's room," Miss Barrett said petulantly to her mother.

"She is Mrs. Barrett's grand daughter, and she is a very nice girl."

lonely on a very limited income. The poor lady would gladly have settled down in some quiet country place where her few hundreds a year would have brought her comfort; but Helen insisted on seven or eight weeks in London during the season, a like period at some favorite watering-place, and a round of visits to various country-houses during the autumn. Many people wondered that Miss Barrett at twenty-seven was still unmarried. Certainly her mother would gladly have seen her comfortably settled in life; for Helen's temper had not improved with years.

"I was quite certain that I had captured Mr. Travers," Helen added, with a laugh musical yet unpleasant; and now, behold, he is at Mary Osmond's feet, so to speak! Why did the Everton's bring her here just now?"

"Mrs. Everton and she are close friends. The family estates border each other," Mrs. Barrett explained. "I know. Well, I do hate her, sneaking ways."

"Did he believe her? Did he not think it a delusion?" "Oh, no! He found out Fletcher and me, and the man told him the truth. Fletcher was in bad health then and died soon after. Mr. Osmond, you see, left the girl only a small fortune."

"And he told his lawyers—at least he said to Fletcher he would,—but no one else was to know. He supported Fletcher to his death in fine style. I suppose he did not want the world to know what his wife had done, and he was fond of the child."

"Who were the lawyers,—do you know their names?" "I do; for, you see, once a year they send me a small cheque. Their names are Harland & McKay, London. Mr. Harland used to be a good deal at Osmond Court. He was a great friend of my mother."

"And you never told me what you knew, Esther?" "Why should I, ma'am? I'm no great talker, and I was paid for holding my tongue. You'll not say anything of this to any one but the gentleman, and likely he won't want to marry Phil Fletcher's daughter. You can tell him, if you like, that Fletcher's eldest brother was transported."

"The woman gave a little cackling laugh. There was some further talk before mistress and maid separated; but late as it was when Mrs. Barrett retired, she was up at an early hour next morning. As she was dressing she saw Travers walking slowly through the gravelled paths that were underneath her window. She joined him hastily, and in the course of conversation managed to introduce Miss Osmond's name.

"Of course that isn't her name," the lady said, with a little laugh; "but it is a great secret." And then she carefully disclosed to him the substance of her maid's story.

"How do you happen to know this, Mrs. Barrett?" Ned Travers demanded, quickly.

"Now, really, Mr. Travers, you must not expect me to tell everything. I have known the secret for a long time, but I never even told Helen. She is very sensitive. And you, too, must not speak of it. Promise me you will not."

"I certainly should not repeat a story of the kind without great deliberation," Ned said, reverently.

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"No, indeed, Mr. Travers. Ask the late Mr. Osmond's solicitors, Harland & McKay, of London."

"The conversation between Mrs. Barrett and Ned had lasted some time, so that when they entered the breakfast table they found the rest of the company seated at the table. Digby Everton was announcing that his friend had to go to London on business.

"But I hope to return to-morrow, Everton,—that is, if Mrs. Everton and you will have me," interposed Ned, as he took a chair.

"His host looked at him in some wonder. He seemed rather excited, but much brighter looking than when he had last seen him."

"Have you! Of course we will!" the lady at the head of the table said, and her husband muttered some like words.

Ned managed to obtain an interview with Mr. Harland that afternoon. The lawyer at once answered his question. Miss Osmond was the daughter of the late Mr. Osmond, though she was supposed to be such. Neither her stepmother nor herself was aware of that fact. He believed Mr. Osmond did intend then to know the truth, but he had died rather suddenly.

Ned reached Everton Grange early next day, and the first person he met was Miss Osmond. And Digby Everton to this day fails to understand how it was that Ned asked—and obtained—the lady's promise to be his wife; and Mrs. Barrett often mourns for her wasted twenty pounds.

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Mrs. Fletcher had died a month before, and the man seemed enough to agree to his mistress's proposal. As it told you, the fever was very common; and when Fletcher gave out about his child's sudden death, the truth of his story was not doubted. Then Mrs. Osmond, with her eyes, went on a visit to some watering-place in France; and no one ever guessed that her child had died."

"How did you learn all this?" "Because I was caring for the gamekeeper's child at the time. He tried to keep me in the dark, but I found out. Mrs. Osmond gave me a sum of money to hold my tongue, and I did so."

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A Montreal Grocer in Trouble

With his Back and Kidneys, but at last found relief in Doan's Pills.

Mr. F. Guillemette, under date of Jan. 28th, 1901, writes:

Dear Sir,—For ten years I suffered from pain across my back, both sides and between my shoulders. In fact at times I was doubled up with pain, and my urine was highly colored. I saw Doan's Pills advertised, so procured four boxes and must say they effected a complete cure. I owe my present good health to Doan's Pills and cannot recommend them too highly to any and all suffering from backache and kidney troubles.

A Test of Orthodoxy.

Through the following collection of hard words will be no great puzzle to those who are used to consulting a pronouncing dictionary, it would give pause to many a glib but half-educated speaker. We need scarcely point out that several of the words collected here admit of two or three different pronunciations:

"An interesting inquiry took place in the Court of Oyer and Terminer some time ago. Indisputable evidence was given toward proving that a heinous incident had taken place during a public pageant. It seems that a pretty girl, rather juvenile in appearance, having an extraordinary head of hair, like an albino, represented Thalia and sat on a pedestal erected on one of the floats. The procession was directing its course down the Mall, when the attention of the onlookers was drawn to the excited conduct of one of the spectators, who had fixed her eyes upon the stars, set with jewels in the form of a carot, which Thalia wore upon her head as she sat in what seemed to be her wonted attitude of nonchalance and leisure. This person was afterward shown to be a maniacal landlady whose squallor and detestation and hideous grimaces were all unnoticed by the mock goddess. What vulgarly she thus repulse turn her service eyes full of rage, on the beautiful maiden, it is hard to say; but suddenly, under pretence of seeing something on the ground, she produced a bistis in the crowd, and thus obtained precedence of all. Simultaneously with her appearance the van drove past. She began to scribble with gavel and pen, and then to promulgate anarchy, society's lack of probity, and the general prediction of politicians for patronage. Then she besought her audience hear her dilate on the glaciers of the Alps, the ruins of Pompeii, the female franchise, the Pleiades and her patron saint. She was evenly demented, and the flow of her vocabularies appeared endless. Suddenly she raised a pebble which had been hidden under her shawl and threw it directly at the visor on the girl's head. The pathos of the affair lay in the way the girl bore the ordeal. In the court the virago gave an alias instead of her own name. Her defence was that desecration in the matter of personal freedom, had produced an obsession which decreed the inevitable death of the girl. An inventory of her belongings was made and she was then sent to an asylum as a victim of acute homicidal mania."

Curious Hobbies of Collectors.

Many people make collections of articles more or less interesting, but possibly they go in for such hobby collecting as those chosen by gentleman of Pontefract, in the north of England. Old doors are the object of his desire, and he has a most curious collection. His doors came from old houses, castles and abbeys that have some historical interest. An English paper is responsible for the statement that not long ago he offered as much as \$5,000 for a door through which, during the French Revolution, Marie Antoinette, Charlotte Corday, Danton and Robespierre passed to the guillotine.

Not quite as interesting in a general sense, but in all probability of quite as much interest to the collector, was a curious collection of books owned by a Frenchman who died a few years ago at Paris. A fairly good history of his life was written by him.

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I feel better this morning, thank you. I took a Laxa-Liver Pill last night and it worked like a charm—headache and biliousness are all gone.

I've heard many ladies say they wouldn't be without Laxa-Liver Pills—they're such an easy pill to take, do not grip or sicken, and cure constipation, dyspepsia, sour stomach, catarrh of the bowels, and all stomach and liver ills.

be read on these cards, for he saved every one drawn for the delatation of himself or his friends, and on each he inscribed the date and particular occasion upon which the bottle was opened.

Probably nobody of to-day has a strong desire to bring together a great variety of teas and snuffs. Lord Peterham, however, a noted dandy in his day, had a hobby for collecting various kinds of tea and snuff. All around his sitting-room were shelves, on the one side laden with canisters of Souchong, Bora, Congo, Feloo, Russian and other teas, and on the other bearing hand-some jars containing every kind of snuff the collector could lay his hands on.

The Queen of Italy is the owner of a curious collection, one that has in it the interest of association. It comprises the foot and headgear of royal and imperial personages of former periods. It is said to embrace a sandal worn by the tyrant Nero, a pair of white slippers which belonged to Mary Queen of Scots, a ones worn by Queen Anne and the Empress Josephine, and gloves that were once the property of Marie Antoinette.

The Irish Christian Brothers in Rome.

A writer in the Dublin Weekly Freeman, mentioning the places in Rome more particularly interesting to those of Irish birth or blood, says:

"Not far away from the tomb of O'Connell's heart, in a small by-street of one of those new thorough-fares of the Papal States, a little colony of Irish Christian Brothers have pitched their tent. It is a modest habitation to-day. A few orange trees grow in its make-believe of a garden; the upper stories of the house have not yet been annexed for the good cause that has brought the Brothers there; the narrow rooms of the basement are crowded with school furniture; and the three Brothers have scarcely where to lay their heads. But at night, when happiness and chespel are closed, and when the ordinary Roman gives himself up to rest or enjoyment, the rooms fill with hundreds of poor Roman lads who gather to learn from these new Irish missionaries the knowledge that they might otherwise miss unless they sold themselves to the proselytizers. It is a small beginning of the repayment of Ireland's debt to Rome; but it will grow. And if Celestine and Patrick watch, as they do, the progress of the fine kindling upon Tara, their blessing is scarcely upon that little Irish school in the Via Vesula of the new Rome. Turning from the Baths of Diocletian to the little home of Irish zeal, one gets an Irish welcome, and wonders at the ways of Providence."

The Human Voice.

There is no power of love so hard to get and keep as a kind voice. A kind hand is deaf and dumb. It may be rough in flesh and blood, yet do

PIMPLES.

These Troublesome, Disfiguring Blemishes can be Removed by the Powerful Blood Purifying Burdock Blood Bitters.

The nasty little pimples that crop on the face and other parts of the body are simply indications that the blood is out of order and requires purifying.

They are little irritating reminders to you that you need a course of treatment with Burdock Blood Bitters. When B.B.B. makes your blood pure then the pimples will vanish and your skin become soft and clear.

Here is evidence worth considering: Mrs. Morris Koch, Bristol, Carolina Co., N.B., writes: "I take great pleasure in recommending Burdock Blood Bitters to every one troubled with pimples. I was for years that I would break out with them at times on my face and back. I tried all sorts of remedies, including doctors' medicines, but everything failed to cure me."

At last I heard of B.B.B. and thought I would try it. When I had finished taking two bottles I felt a great deal better, so kept on using it until I had taken in all six bottles. It has completely and permanently removed every pimple from my body and I never felt better in my life than I do at the present time."

Yours, with gratitude,
Mrs. Wm. Hickey.

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We have about 35 barrels of Ontario Baldwins left in stock. They are in first-class order, and a suitable price for retailing or for house use.

Valencia Oranges!

Just received—a lot of new Valencia Oranges, which we are still selling at the old price—15c per dozen.

CAPE COD CRANBERRIES!

We have several hundred quarts of cranberries still on hand.

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