

Our Ottawa Special

An Interesting Debate on Mr.
Tarte's Resolution,Which is Fully Indorsed by
D'Alton McCarthy.The Government Charged
With Restoring the
"Star Chamber.""A Plaintiff Sitting as a Judge
Trying His Own Case."Mr. Costigan Comes in for a Severe
Overhauling—Government Sup-
porters Make a Lame
Defense.

[Specially reported for the ADVERTISER by our
editorial representative at the Capital.]
OTTAWA, March 7.—The Manitoba school
question again occupied the attention of
the House to-day to the exclusion of every-
thing else. The day's debate was marked
by an able argument by Mr. D'Alton McCar-
thy condemning the course of the Govern-
ment and indorsing every word of Mr.
Tarte's resolution. Messrs. Langevin, Cur-
ran, Devlin, Costigan, Beausoleil and Craig
took part in the debate. Mr. Amyot moved
the adjournment which was carried.

"This House desires to express its dissatis-
faction at the action of the Government in
dealing with the Manitoba school question
and in assuming to be possessed of judicial
functions conflicting with their duty as
constitutional advisers of the crown, which
assumption is wholly unknown to the law
and if now acquiesced in would be entirely
subversive of the principle of Ministerial
responsibility."

Mr. McCarthy resumed the debate on
Mr. Tarte's resolution given above. He
reminded the House that the educational
clauses of the British North America Act
were somewhat altered when being trans-
ferred to the Manitoba Act of Union. The
period for the disallowance of the school
acts in question expired in April, 1891. The
power of disallowance was not exercised
and no action was taken on the petitions
against the acts by the Cabinet until March,
1892. The Barrett litigation against the
acts was not only not promoted by Barrett,
but was actually incited and carried
through by the Dominion Government.
This fact was important. It would not
naturally inspire confidence in the Mani-
toba Government in the judicial character
of the Dominion Government in this appeal
to the Governor-General in Council if it
had a judicial character. He argued
no great fault with the report of
the Minister of Justice in
declining to veto the act, except that there
was an implied promise in it that, failing
a legal remedy for the minority in the
courts, the Federal power would afford
protection and redress. He referred to
the terms of Sir John Macdonald's report on
the New Brunswick School Act, as show-
ing that it was for the minority to appeal
to the Provincial Legislature, which had
the sole power of redress. Mr. McCarthy
proceeded to show, by documentary evi-
dence, that Barrett was a nominal plaintiff
in the suit to upset the Manitoba School
Acts—the mere nominee of the Dominion
Government—and all the bills of costs in
the matter were sent in to and paid by the
Dominion Government. They said Hon.
S. H. Blake \$600 as counsel for Barrett
before the judicial committee in England.

Coming down to a later date, Mr. Mc-
Carthy pointed out that the pending pro-
ceedings at Ottawa were designed to de-
stroy the legislation of Manitoba in ques-
tion. He asked the House to bear this in
mind. It seemed to him that although the
First Minister held out in 1891 hopes of
redress, the Government did not know for
certain that they had any power.
(Hear, hear.) This must be disappointing
to those who received private pledges. In
his opinion private pledges were given. He
did not find fault with admitting the right
of appeal to the Governor-General in Coun-
cil, but what enabled him to concur in
the first part of the resolution
was his opinion that the Government
ought to have refused to entertain the
appeal on the ground that the exclusive
right of the Province to pass the legisla-
tion in question having been settled by the
judgment of the English Privy Council, it
was unwise to prolong the agitation. The
matter should have been settled last Sep-
tember, and settled as a matter of public
policy.

Mr. McCarthy denounced as unseemly
the course of the Ministry in assailing in
the courts the constitutionality of a Pro-
vincial Act. They had enough to do to de-
fend the constitutionality of the acts of the
Dominion Parliament. The Government of
the day which offered to bear the expenses
of testing the New Brunswick School Act
and the authority of the House for
the expenditure. It was not so
in this case. What difference did
it make to this Government whether
the Manitoba School Act was ultra vires or
extra vires, so long as they acted on the
principle laid down last night by the First
Minister of refusing to veto any Provincial
legislation? The facts of this case were
known, and the question as to
whether or not the appeal should be enter-
tained might have been decided at once
and the whole matter cleared off the field
of politics. The actual issue was: Whether
the Province of Manitoba, with a Protestant
population of 160,000 or 100,000, and a
Roman Catholic population of 20,000, was
to have imposed upon it a system of sepa-
rate schools against its will. They could
not do it in New Brunswick or Nova Scotia
or Prince Edward Island, and yet, it he
understood the First Minister last night,
his Government intended, if they had the
power, to force separate schools on Mani-
toba.

The character of a judicial body assumed
by the Cabinet in hearing the appeal to the
Governor-General in Council was severely
criticized by Mr. McCarthy as unconstitu-
tional and foreign to our institutions. The
political advisers of his Excellency assumed
to act on this matter in a manner different
from any other matter. To show this, Mr.
McCarthy quoted the report of the sub-
committee signed by Sir John Thompson,
in which it is claimed that in dealing
with the appeal in a judicial manner the
members of the Cabinet were in no wise
pledged to political action. Sir
John Thompson had last night spoken of
the Cabinet as the guardian or trustee of
the rights of the minority, and this made
it manifest that in the end, if the appeal
was heard on its merits, the Government
intended to act in a judicial capacity.

"Sir," exclaimed Mr. McCarthy, "they
propose to restore the star chamber in
Canada. The star chamber was a body
which arrogated to itself judicial functions.
The case came before the whole Privy
Council with Mr. Ives presiding and the
Attorney-General acting as an assessor.
(Laughter.) It was described by the chief
Government organ as 'an historic scene.'"
He read from Dickey to show the functions
assumed and discharged by the council,
or Star Chamber, abolished by the Long
Parliament shortly before the time of
Cromwell. If the present Dominion Privy
Council had judicial functions they ought
to be prohibited from exercising them. He
asked the House to picture a Cabinet which
sat up the legal proceedings to upset
the Manitoba school legislation, and were
defeated in the highest court in the empire
now sitting in a judicial capacity as a court
of appeal on the same issue. It was the
case of a plaintiff sitting as a judge trying
his own case. It was a position of affairs
calling for the court of Queen's Bench to
intervene and remove these proceedings to a
calmer and more impartial atmosphere.
(Laughter.) The Cabinet could hardly be
said to be fit to try the case. The hono-
rable gentleman pointed out that even if
the Cabinet made an order on the Manitoba
Legislature it could only be enforced by
act of this Parliament, and therefore in the
analysis it came into the political arena
and was decided there.

As to the claim of counsel for the minority
that the British North America Act
applied to this case, Mr. McCarthy said
that this contention never occurred to any
one before, yet it was one of the questions
which they were told was to be referred to
the Supreme Court. Mr. McCarthy here
entered on an extended and critical legal
argument to show that the sections of the
B. N. A. Act which replaced by the educa-
tional clauses of the Manitoba Act of
Union, and to show the precise bearing of
the various sections of the Manitoba Act.
Proceeding, he said: "If the Government
is not as a matter of policy—and I believe
this House will not tolerate any interference
—going to interfere with Manitoba, what
object is there in putting questions to the
Supreme Court? Could they not just as
well determine the matter now as two years
hence? (Hear, hear, from Mr. Laurier.)
If the First Minister would frankly say
that if he has the power he will pass a
remedial order, we will know where we
stand. (Hear, hear.) On the other hand
if a remedial order is not to be made there
is no need to invite further litigation to
determine a purely academic question. An
order of prevention now is better than an
order of cure. This, sir, is a political
question, and the Government should take
the full responsibility at once.
An honorable member—So they do.
Mr. McCarthy—They do not, and I will
show you why."

D'Alton McCarthy then proceeded to
quote from the utterance of Hon. Mr. Daly
when he went back for re-election on enter-
ing the Cabinet. He was asked to state his
position on the school question and replied,
"I am in the position of a judge hearing a
case and my mouth is closed." Was that not
evading the Ministerial responsibility?
(Hear, hear.) He quoted Mr. Oulmet at a
nomination meeting about the same time.
Mr. Oulmet said the same thing. He was a
judge and not at liberty to declare his posi-
tion as a Minister of the crown. Mr. Laurier
was present, and Mr. McCarthy described
Mr. Oulmet as being on this question
between the devil and the deep sea.
Dr. Bergen created loud laughter by
saying, "You're the devil," and Mr.
McCarthy, taking it good-naturedly, after-
wards alluded to Mr. Laurier as the deep
sea. Were these public utterances chal-
lenging the right of the electors to obtain
any Ministerial declaration on this subject
because the Ministers were judges, and
judges not at liberty to declare his posi-
tion as a Minister of the crown? He thought
it was, and therefore inconsistent
with the First Minister's declaration last
night that they accepted fully their Mini-
sterial responsibility. He took the lan-
guage of the First Minister last night to
mean that if he could he would interfere,
and he warned the Government and the
House not to strain the relations between
the Provinces and the Dominion. Mr.
McCarthy, after speaking for two hours,
finally impressed upon the House the im-
portance and far-reaching effects of the de-
cision in this case. He indorsed Mr.
Tarte's resolution.

Sir Hector Langevin, it had been
rumored in the corridors, would make an
inflammatory speech, but the dethroned suc-
cessor to Sir George Cartier spoke mildly
for about fifteen minutes, supporting the
Government in general terms. He be-
lieved Manitoba had a right to separate
schools, and as soon as the Government
ascertained their power it would be their
duty to act.

Mr. Curran, Solicitor-General, delivered
a long speech in support of what he termed
the wise course of the Government in re-
ferring the matter to the courts once again.
The House was thin but the public galleries
were full which perhaps compensated Mr.
Curran for an inattentive House. He
endeavored to raise a laugh by saying that
in this debate Messrs. McCarthy and Tarte
were sitting in one boat, but under two flags.
He argued that if they agreed now on
this subject in excess of their authority, and
the courts upset the Federal Act, they
would be in a humiliating position. In con-
clusion Mr. Curran pitched into Mr.
Mercier for pleading for the life of Riel.

Mr. Devlin followed. He reiterated on
the Solicitor-General's closing words by
saying that Mr. Curran, whom he described
as a violent agitator, himself claimed
credit for pleading for the life of Riel.
"Never," sang out Mr. Curran, "Never!"
re-echoed Devlin in a questioning tone.
"Why, sir, here is a letter to the Catholic
Record over the honorable gentleman's own
signature, claiming credit for the very

action he now repudiates." Mr. Devlin
proceeded to expose the inconsistency of
Hon. John Costigan in demanding dis-
allowance of the New Brunswick School
Act and acquiescing in the refusal of the
Government to disallow the Manitoba
School Act. Referring to Mr. Chapleau's
visit to Archbishop Tache prior to
the last general election on
this subject and the pledges given then,
Mr. Devlin was certain that Mr. Chapleau,
if not authorized by the Cabinet of that
day, was sent by the then Premier, Sir
John Macdonald. Mr. Devlin accused Mr.
Costigan of being false to the cause which,
as an Irish Catholic champion of former
days, he was supposed to represent. Since
his entrance to the Cabinet, obtained by
means of his championing of Catholic
schools, he had been silent. He challenged
the Secretary of State to demand justice
for the Catholics of Manitoba or resign
from the Government which withheld it.
Mr. Devlin contended that the minority in
Manitoba were entitled to the protection
of the constitution and the restoration of
their rights.

Mr. Costigan, the Secretary of State,
took the floor when Mr. Devlin sat down.
He accused Mr. Tarte of dragging this
question in the mire, and after making a
speech in favor of condemning the Govern-
ment for not disallowing the act, moving
a resolution which did not do anything of
the kind. Mr. Tarte had joined hands
with Mr. McCarthy, he said, and each
dressed up the resolution as they would a
skeleton to suit the divergent views of
divergent parties in this House. Mr.
Tarte had played second fiddle to Mr.
McCarthy. Mr. Costigan warmly re-
minded Mr. Devlin's aspersions on his conduct,
and spent a great deal of time over his personal
conduct and his attitude on the New Brun-
swick school question.

Mr. Beausoleil denied that there was
any collusion between Mr. Tarte and Mr.
McCarthy in the framing of the resolution
under discussion. He delivered a long
speech in French, giving a full history of
the whole case. Mr. Craig, of East
Durham (Conservative), said that if the
amendment had been moved by Mr. Mc-
Carthy and supported by his speech of to-
day he might have hesitated about opposing
it, but as Mr. Tarte's object was to em-
barrass the Government he intended to
vote against it. The Government had de-
clined to disallow the School Act, and he
approved of that. He did not understand the
alleged violation of Ministerial responsibility
set forth in the resolution because of the
assumption by the Cabinet of judicial func-
tions. He was not afraid of a reference
to this stage to the Supreme Court. He did
not think the Government could evade
Ministerial responsibility. He believed in
national schools—purely secular schools.
He indorsed a recent utterance of the
legate of the Pope on this subject. Mr.
Amyot moved the adjournment of the
debate which was continued to-morrow
as a special order.

The report of the Department of Indian
Affairs was laid on the table, and the House
adjourned at 1 o'clock.

Notes.
The Government to-day submitted to
Parliament the formal report of the dele-
gates who visited Washington last year to
negotiate a treaty of reciprocity with the
United States Government. The report is
substantially a repetition of the account of
the proceedings given to Parliament by the
Finance Minister last year. Notwith-
standing statements to the contrary made
by Secretary Blaine and Mr. Foster U. S.
Secretary of State, whose reports are reindorsed
by the British Minister at Washington,
the report declares that Mr. Blaine refused
consideration of any proposition short of
complete free trade between Canada and
the United States, and that the U. S.
tariff for the two countries against the rest
of the world, and especially against
Great Britain. They report that Mr.
Blaine said: "We should expect to have
Canadians to compete with in manu-
facturing, but no one else; and that," he
added, "we experienced the peculiar diffi-
culty a short time ago of negotiating a
treaty with a country which has a foreign
arm extended over her." Mr. Blaine is also
credited with stating that smuggling could
only be prevented by making the tariff
uniform for both countries and equalizing
the Canadian tariff to that of the United
States. The Canadian delegates stated
that they were unable to consider the pro-
posal to grant free fishing privileges in
Canadian waters in return for the free ad-
mission of Canadian fish into the United
States markets.

It is understood that the Government
will introduce a bill to abolish the Quebec
harbor police.
Hon. John Costigan and Hon. Wilfrid
Laurier have signified their intention of
being present at the St. Patrick's banquet
on St. Patrick's day.

BURNED OUT.
MIMICO HAS A \$40,000 BLAZE—An Ottawa
Hotel Destroyed.
MIMICO, Ont., March 7.—Fire in a three-
story brick building occupied as a factory
by James Morrison, brass manufacturer,
and also as a copper and chandelier works,
caused a loss of between \$35,000 and
\$40,000. Thirty hands are thrown out of
employment.

OTTAWA, March 7.—The Palace Hotel, a
four-story brick structure, opposite the
C. P. R. depot, was totally destroyed by
fire to-night. The walls collapsed and
crushed in the walls of an adjoining build-
ing. Loss, \$5,000; insured.

No News of the Naronic.
NEW YORK, March 7.—None of the in-
coming steamers have any news of the
Naronic, and all report violent weather.

Three Tramps Killed.
LIMA, Ohio, March 7.—A freight train on
the Chicago and Erie Railway went through
the bridge over the Ottawa River yester-
day and took with it nineteen cars, piling
them up in the river. Three tramps are
dead in the ruins.

The new Union Station in Detroit is now
open for traffic, and is the most central
depot in that city. Passengers taking the
Canadian Pacific Railway have no transfer
to make for the Detroit, Lansing and North-
western, Flint and Pere Marquette Railways,
which go to Western and Northern Michi-
gan points, and Wabash Railway, for all
western and southwestern points, includ-
ing Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, etc.
THOS. R. PARKER, city passenger agent,
No. 1 Masonic Temple.

Baby Farm Atrocities

Frightful Revelations of an Aus-
trian Institution,Gen. Wolseley Supporting the
Ulster Anti-Home Rulers.Serious Conflict Between Serbian
Soldiers and Riotous Peasants.Alleged Immense Fortune Left by an
English Jew.Marriage of the Late Gen. George B.
McClellan's Daughter.

Serious Rioting in Serbia.

VIENNA, March 7.—A serious conflict
occurred between troops and peasantry at
Gonashitz, Servia, on account of political
agitation and troops were summoned to
suppress the disorder. Ten of the peasants
were killed and seven wounded in the fight.

Marriage of Gen. McClellan's
Daughter.

PARIS, March 7.—The civil marriage of
Mary McClellan and Paul Despriz, attache
to the French legation at Washington, took
place yesterday, and the religious marriage
was celebrated in the oratory of the Nanette
today. Only the intimate friends of both
families were present, including Mrs.
P. B. McClellan, the bride's mother, and
the parents of the groom.

Bombs Lying About Loose.

ROME, March 7.—Two dynamite bombs
were discovered to-day in the house of
Signor Brin, Minister of Foreign Affairs.
Another bomb was found in front of a local
prison.

The King and Queen of Portugal and
Archduke Charles Louis of Austria, have
arrived here to attend the silver wedding
of the King and Queen of Italy.

Jubilant on Board the New York.

LONDON, March 7.—The lunch on board
the steamship New York, of the American
Line, on Tuesday, was a magnificent affair.
The number of guests was large, and in-
cluded the distinguished men, American
as well as well-known Britons. A special
saloon train took the guests from London
to Southampton, where they were escorted
on board of the New York. Sir Charles
Tupper declared that anything which
brought the two countries together served
to advance civilization and he rejoiced
thereat.

McCarthy's Health Failing.

LONDON, March 7.—Justin McCarthy's
health gets worse and worse. He was un-
able to attend to his Parliamentary duties
last week, being laid up with severe bleed-
ing at the nose. He was laid in the House
of Commons a week ago Friday, when he
came down at great personal risk to vote
for the second reading of the Home Rule
Bill. He looked very ill, and should be not
be able to resume his seat there would not
now be the same difficulty in securing a
quorum as there would have been six
months ago.

Fabulous Figures.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 7.—The Besar-
abian News publishes a remarkable story
of the fortune left at the beginning of the
century by an English Jew named Levi.
residing in Basrah, and his widow and
deposited by her in the Bank of England in
1803. The fortune is said to have been un-
touched since then and to amount now to
\$60,000,000. Miss Humerie, an American,
is said to have proved her right to one forty-
fourth of her sum. The remainder, says the
News, will go to Anne Finkelstein, the
Levi, wife of a jeweler in Ismail, at the
mouth of the Danube.

Slaughter of the Innocents.

VIENNA, March 7.—Three baby farmers
have been arrested at Przemyśl through
the suspicious death of the daughter of a
Government official who had been kept
secluded for several days at the house of
one of the midwives. On Friday the woman
was placed under surveillance and the back
yard of her house was dug over. The
bodies of 27 very young infants were found
in cigar boxes a few inches beneath the
surface. The woman at once accused two
other midwives of having buried the child-
ren. A similar investigation of the dis-
covery of the skeletons of nineteen infants.
The women confessed, but said that if ar-
raigned they would shake the city with their
revelations.

Gen. Wolseley and the Orangemen.

LONDON, March 7.—Gen. Wolseley, com-
mander-in-chief of the army in Ireland, is
severely criticized by Radicals and Liberals
on account of his attitude toward men who
are organizing anti-home rule demonstra-
tions in Ulster, and are ordering the en-
listment of Orange recruits for the osten-
sible purpose of fighting against the Dublin
Parliament. Dr. Richard Kane, the
Marquis of Londonderry, and other leaders
of the Ulster movement have been at Gen.
Wolseley's house in Dublin within the last
two weeks, and whenever Gen. Wolseley
has been mentioned at the Orange meetings
all present have gone wild with enthusi-
asm. These demonstrations are regarded
as showing beyond doubt that the com-
mander-in-chief has given his Ulster
friends some pledge or suggestion which
they have communicated to their lodges,
and which all consider at least an assur-
ance of indirect help at least. Radical
dailies in the province have already begun
to clamor for Gen. Wolseley's recall,
naming him at the same time an "inciter
of mutiny," "covert traitor," and the
like. Here it is believed that before the
Home Rule Bill passes the third reading
Gen. Wolseley will be replaced by Lord
Roberts, who will arrive from Calcutta
about April.

The Gladstonians Too Much for Them.

LONDON, March 7.—The Unionists are
still in a demoralized condition. They are
inclined to put the blame on Mr. Balfour,
who, they say, has no enthusiasm as a
leader. Although there seems to be truth
in this, a more direct cause of their col-
lapse is because they are intellectually out-
matched by the present Government. In
every debate they have been worsted. Mr.
Churchill was the only one who managed to
infuse any reality into the attacks. There
is no doubt, moreover, that the British

public is increasingly inclined to give Mr.
Gladstone a chance of settling the Irish
question.

Among the party leaders of all sections
the feeling is growing that the passage of
the Home Rule Bill will be followed in a
very few years by the granting of local
parliaments to England, Scotland and
Wales, the Imperial Parliament remaining,
in which all four countries, as well as the
colonies, will be federated for Imperial
purposes. Mr. Chamberlain is playing for
that.

GULLED AND CURTAILED.

News of the Day Without
Note or Comment.

The Stars and Stripes were raised over
the steamship Paria of the new American
line on Tuesday.

The death is announced in London,
England, of Hugh Nelson, ex-Governor of
British Columbia.

The McMurry-Judge Iron Company, of
St. Louis, Mo., has assigned, liabilities
\$140,000, assets \$69,000.

Gen. Thos. T. Eckert, it is said, will be
elected president of the Western Union
Company by the board of directors.

Mr. Hennessy is regarded as a strong
accession to the ranks of the Unionists in
the House of Commons, and the Tories and
Unionists are preparing to give him an
enthusiastic welcome.

Edward G. Gilbert, president of the
Gilbert Car Manufacturing Company, died
suddenly Tuesday morning at his home in
Troy, N. Y., aged 46 years.

The Government of Brazil has seized six
cars of arms destined for the revolutionaries
who are besieging Santa Anna. The cargo of
the schooner Carmelita has also fallen into
the hands of the Government troops.

Gov. Flower, of New York, has com-
muted the sentences of Thomas Jones and
William Henry Parker to imprisonment for
life. Jones was convicted in Rensselaer
county and Parker in Niagara county, of
murder in the first degree.

A Washington dispatch says: The steady
tramp, tramp of the office-seeker sounded
through the White House all day. There
was practically no cessation in the line of
people who ascended the stairway leading
to the President's room.

Mrs. Brown, wife of Archibald L. Brown
and eldest daughter of Chief Justice and
Justice Melville W. Fuller, died on Tuesday
morning in New York. Before her marriage
she was a social leader at Washington. She
was about 28 years old.

It now seems very probable that Port
Huron and Fort Gratiot will be consoli-
dated before the coming election. The
Annexation Bill presented to the Legisla-
ture provides for the extension of the city
limits north so as to take in Huron
Beach, three miles north of this city. This
will give Port Huron a lake and river
front of seven miles, with a population of
about 20,000.

THE HAWAIIAN SITUATION.

All Quiet at the Island Capital—Cleve-
land's Administration Will Give
All Parties a Hearing.

HONOLULU, Feb. 26.—Via San Francisco,
March 7.—The Provisional Government is
getting along quietly and no outbreak has
occurred. The local papers are full of
articles bearing on the topic of annexation.
Several strong articles have appeared in
the native papers, and John Sheldon,
editor of the Hawaii Holimoa, was arrested
on the charge of contempt of the Legisla-
tive Assembly, because of publishing his
paper an attack on the Provisional Govern-
ment. It speaks of the revolution as "the
illegitimate kid of Stevens and the sugar
planters, of which Wilcox was the dry
nurse."

WASHINGTON correspondent telegraphs that,
while it is not certain what President
Cleveland will do in the appointing of a
commission to visit Hawaii before acting
on the annexation question, one decision
has been reached, and that is that the com-
missioners and the representatives of the
dethroned queen and of the heirs apparent
shall all be heard before action of any kind
is taken.

IN LABOR'S FIELD.

No Switchmen's Strike on the M. C. R.
in Detroit—Knights Stick to
Dempey.

DETROIT, March 7.—"We have no strike
here," said Robert Miller, general superin-
tendent of the Michigan Central yesterday.
"About ten days ago we received a demand
from our switchmen for higher wages. It
was considered and the request refused.
We have heard nothing of the matter
since."

PITTSBURGH, March 7.—Although Hugh
Donnelly, union workman of District As-
sembly No. 3, Knights of Labor, has been
sentenced to seven years' imprisonment in
connection with the Homestead poisoning case,
the fealty of the association has not
swerved in the least. If he is compelled
to undergo the sentence of the court he
will still remain main workman of the
Knights of Labor for the term for which he
was elected. The association is still hope-
ful that a new trial can be secured for
Dempey.

TOLEDO, O., March 7.—To-morrow morn-
ing at 6 o'clock 50 engineers and as many
firemen of the Toledo, Ann Arbor and Nor-
folk Michigan Railroad will go out on strike.
An order to that effect was issued by Chief
Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Engineers,
and Chief Sargent, of the Firemen. All
attempts to settle the differences have
proved futile.

She Twisted the Towel.

TRAVERSE CITY, Mich., March 7.—A
lady by the name of Gould committed
suicide at the Park Place Hotel yesterday
afternoon. She was accomplished by opening
the veins of her wrist and then twisting a wet
towel around her throat and choking her-
self to death by twisting the towel tight.

The body of Mr. Walsh, an old resident
of Dundas, an old soldier who went through
the American war, was found in the marsh
near that town on Tuesday. An inquest
will be held.

Among the pains and aches cured with
marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Elec-
tric Oil, is ear ache. The young are espe-
cially subject to it, and the desirability of
this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by
the fact that it is admirably adapted not
only to the above ailment, but also to the
hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections
of the throat, in which the young are
specially subject.

Tolu, Tar and Tamarack

For the cure of Coughs, Colds,
Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping
Cough and all affections of the
throat and lungs. It is stated
with all confidence that this
preparation will cure.

INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION.

This remedy is prepared from
a valuable formula which is not
kept secret. It is a concentrated
preparation of Tolu Balsam,
Pine Tar, Tamarack Gum,
Syrup Gum, etc.

PRICE, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
For sale by all druggists.

IN THE SPORTING WORLD.

Gibbons Gets Away With Daily in the
Prize Fight at New Orleans.THE TURF.
THE enormous amounts which the race
tracks derive from their gambling acces-
sories may be judged from the fact that a
citizen of St. Paul has paid \$175,000 for the
gambling privileges at one of the race
tracks near Chicago this summer.

ATHLETICS.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 7.—In the
feather weight glove contest last night
before the Orleans Athletic Club Joe
Green, of New Orleans, defeated Robert
Harper, of Chicago, in 43 rounds. Both
men are colored.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 7.—Consider-
able interest was taken in the fight to-night
for a purse of \$3,500 between Austin
Gibbons, of Paterson, and Mike Daly, of
Bangor, Me. The prices were fixed at \$3
for general admission, \$4 for reserved
seats and \$5 for private box seats, and
there was a large attendance. Gibbons
was a favorite in the betting. The arena
in which they fought was so constructed
that 8,000 people could be comfortably
seated and see the ring easily. Gibbons
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that 8,000 people could be comfortably
seated and see the ring easily. Gibbons
won in the 31st round.

Bobb Fitzsimmons and Jim Hall battle
to-morrow evening for a \$40,000 purse.

HOCKEY.

The funniest thing on skates will be seen
in the Princess Rink this (Wednesday)
evening when two teams composed of Bank-
ers and Princess Club, wearing the most
ridiculous costumes that can be found, will
line up to play a game of hockey. The game
is called for 8 o'clock sharp. All taking
part are requested to be on hand sharp on
time.

SKATING.

ST. JOHN, N. B., March 7.—Fred C.
Green to-night defeated Hugh J. McCor-
mick half a lap in a good two-mile race in
the Singer Rink, fourteen laps to the mile.
First mile was made in 3:04; the two miles
in 6:24.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

REV. ANNA SHAW-TALBOT STREET
Baptist Church, March 16. Admission 10 cents.

RICH AND POIGNANT IN HIS ART
MARSHALL P. WILDER, Grand Opera House, March 8.

WESTMINSTER RINK—BAND MONDAY, 6th, and Friday, 10th; three-mile handicap race Friday, 10th; two prizes. 60¢

WRITE THE LONDON ENTERTAINMENT
Bureau for terms and information whenever you intend getting up an entertainment.

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY—LAST
term of season commences Monday, Feb. 27. Classes as follows: Gentlemen, Mondays at 8; ladies and children, Saturday afternoons at 3 o'clock. Advanced class for ladies and gentlemen. Thursday at 8 o'clock. Beginners can commence any time in the primary classes. DAYTON & McCORMICK, members of N. A. T. of D. Academy, 475 Richmond street. Residence, 441 Oxford street.

MEETINGS.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

ODFELLOWS' ENTERTAINING MEETING
in Dominion Lodge, No. 48, I.O.O.F., 20-21, come and enjoy yourself. Thos. W. Nash, Secy. Thos. D. Hastings, N.G.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY—THE MONTHLY
meeting will be held on Thursday evening, the 9th inst., at 8 o'clock; members will please attend; something special on hand. W. E. KIRK, president, J. B. Cox, secretary, 70 First street, Detroit, Mich.

DOMESTICS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GENERAL
servant; good references required. Good wages given. Apply 564 Richmond street.

WANTED AT ONCE—A HOUSEMAID—
Apply to Mrs. WOLFENSTAN, G. THOMAS, 412 Waterloo street.

EVERY GIRL IN ONTARIO WHO
wants a situation, either in a private family or hotel, can be suited at O'BRIEN'S Intelligence Office, 56 Dundas street. Fifty girls now wanted as general servants, cooks, housemaids, dining-room girls and laundresses. New situations coming in daily. Apply at once.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT—
Apply 130 Albert street.

WANTED—GOOD PLAIN COOK—ALSO
housemaid. Apply Mrs. MOORE, 289 King street.

NURSE FOR CHILDREN—GIRL OR
woman; good wages. Apply 136 Kent street.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

TO RENT—THAT DESIRABLE RESI-
DENCE, 517 Dufferin avenue; 9 rooms; bath and city water; one of the most beautiful corner locations in the city. Apply to BOWMAN, KENNEDY & Co., 182 York street.

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE—389 MATTHEW
street; 9 rooms with modern conveniences. Apply to B. HOWAY, 477 Dundas street.

STORES TO LET—130 DUNDAS STREET
Opposite Post Office, 112 Dundas street, at present occupied by N. Wilson & Co.; two of the best business stands in London; possession once. Apply N. Wilson & Co., 50 York street.

TO RENT—BRICK HOUSE—169 KENT
street; 8 rooms; bath room; gas; immediate possession. Inquire E. McNEIL, 55 Dundas street, city.

TO LET—ROOMS TO LET—HOUSE
to let and "For Sale" cards always on hand at ADVERTISER'S OFFICE.

AGENTS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

SMART MAN WANTED IN EVERY
county to introduce the "Spartan" razor; right; big money in it. Send stamp for particulars to the Coal-Spare Company, Georgetown, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL SPECIAL
TIES in our line. Samples free, with outfit. Peculiar facilities to new beginners in Canada 35 years. We employ on salary and commission. Write or call to CHAS. BROTHERS COMPANY, Hurstville, Colborne, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED—\$25 A WEEK—G.
MARSHALL & Co., 225 Dundas street, London.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT 54
Stanley street, South London. Wm. H. WERTON.

MARRIAGE LICENSES MAY BE OBTAINED
at Sheriff's drug store, 210 Dundas street, northwest corner Dundas and William streets, London. No witnesses required.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

BUILDERS AND FARMERS—FOR
sale cheap—200,000 shingles at \$1.50; good pine and hemlock lumber at \$10 each. At new yard, opposite C. P. R. freight sheds, London.

NOTICE—A LARGE QUANTITY OF
second-hand furniture, cook stoves, bed room trunks and wardrobes, at low prices, at 37 Talbot street, near King street. GEO. PARSONS.

JOHN JONES—MANUFACTURER AND
dealer in harness, collars, etc., 171 King street, London, Ont. Light harness a specialty.

A FEW DOBBS AND HEATERS LEFT AT
great bargain; tailor coats by measure; suits \$10 and upwards; at new store, 37 Talbot street, near King street. GEO. PARSONS.

RYLES & SONS—STEAM DYING WORKS
—21 Dundas street, London. Specialists in all kinds of laundry, garments, dyeing and cleaning.

STOCKWELL'S STEAM DYE WORKS—
21 Dundas street, London. Specialists in all kinds of laundry, garments, dyeing and cleaning.

GEORGE ROUGHLEY—FELT AND GRAVEL
roofer; repairing a specialty; estimates on application. 150 South street, London. Telephone 888.

A. E. CORP—PAINTING, GLAZING,
paper-hanging and house decorating. 185 Oxford street. Telephone 758.

GEO. LEWIS & SON—PAINTERS, GRAIN
ERS, glaziers paper-hangers, etc., 611 and 613 Richmond street.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

C. E. TAILIN, VETERINARY SURGEON
Office 339 Talbot street. Residence 368 Oxford street. Telephone No. 565 and 768.

J. H. TENNENT—VETERINARY SUR-
GEON—Office, King street, opposite Market House; residence, corner King and Wellington. Telephone.

J. H. WILSON & SON—OFFICE, 194 KING
street. Residence, 540 Richmond street. Telephone.

MONEY TO LEND.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

\$50,000 PRIVATE FUNDS TO
loan at low rates. Apply THOMAS & CHAS. J. M. BARRISTERS, 18 Dundas street, London, Ont.

PER CENT—\$200,000 AT 5 PER CENT
on city property only. T. H. LUCOMB, barrister, 169 Dundas street, city.

\$50,000 PRIVATE FUNDS TO LEND
at 4 and 5 per cent on terms. T. H. TENNENT, barrister, etc., 78 Dundas street, London.

STOCK BROKERS.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

JOHN WRIGHT—STOCK BROKER—
Richmond street, London. 225

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

WANTED—FOREMAN FOR BISCUIT
factory; good position for qualified man. The Montreal Biscuit Company, Montreal. 98x20b

WANTED—STOUT LAD TO LOOK
after horse, etc. Apply 109 Waverley road, London, South. 8c

WANTED—SALESMAN FOR THE
dress department; city man preferred. A. SHARP, 120 Dundas street. 60¢

EVERYBODY READS THE WANT
column of the ADVERTISER. 30 cents for three insertions for fifteen words.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

APPRENTICES AND IMPROVERS
wanted. Apply 256 Dundas street, over Mrs. McLeod's millinery store. Miss Scott, dressmaker.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

WANTED—SITUATION (WITH CHILD
4 years old), as housekeeper or on a farm. Address E. P. this office. 8c

ADVERTISER WANTS SITUATION
—Thoroughly practical experience with engines and boilers, electric lighting, erection and care of machinery; has been twice factory superintendent for several years; references and testimonials. Address C. G. GARLAND, 230 First street, Detroit, Mich. 8k

SPECIFIC ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

POSTERS—ALL STYLES, HANGERS
and doggers. ADVERTISER Job Department.

SHIPPING TAGS—AT CLOSE PRICES—
ADVERTISER Job Department.

ENVELOPES—PLAIN OR PRINTED—AT
ADVERTISER Job Department.

LATEST NEW YORK STYLES IN WEB
Department.

COMMITTEES FROM THE VARIOUS
societies should get their printing at the ADVERTISER Job Department.

BILLHEADS, NOTEDS, LETTER-
HEADS, on short notice, at ADVERTISER Job Department.

PHOTOGRAPH WRAPPERS ON TIGHT
leg stock, at ADVERTISER Job Department.

PAMPHLET WORK OF EVERY DE-
SCRIPTION, clean and quick, at ADVERTISER Job Department.

SHIPPING TAGS AT BOTTOM PRICES
—ADVERTISER Job Department.

YOU MAKE THE SALE EVERY TIME,
and the cost is only 1 cent a word under the heading.

WANTED.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

BOARDERS WANTED—GOOD ACCOM-
MODATION for a few persons. 456 Talbot street.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY—
board for two boys aged 13 and 11. Address I. C. Box 309, city.

WANTED TO RENT—HOUSE WITH
bath, 4 to 5 rooms; modern conveniences; within five minutes' walk of market. Apply P. D. Q. 7c

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—STORE AND
dwelling in the village of Kintore. Apply JOHN GRANT, Kintore postoffice. 10

LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

FOUND—A SMALL PARCEL OF DRY-
cleaning material, containing a watch, a ring and other valuables. Claimed by J. ANDREWS, London, West. 6

LEGAL CARDS.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

A. GREENLEES, B.A., BARRISTER,
solicitor, Canadian Loan Company Building, Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan.

A. GOODRICH, LAWYER, 14 DEAR-
BORNE street, Chicago. 115 years' experience; special facilities in several States; "Goodrich on divorce with laws of all States," in press.

T. H. LUCOMB—BARRISTER, 80
Richmond street, London. Money at lowest rates.

J. D. O'NEILL—SOLICITOR, CONVEY-
ANCER, etc. Office, 58 Dundas street. Money to loan.

W. NELSON WEEKES, BARRISTER,
F and solicitor, notary public, etc. Office: Corner Dundas street and Market Lane.

EDMUND WELLS—BARRISTER, SOLI-
CITOR, notary public, etc. Private funds to loan. Office, 58 Dundas street, London.

W. M. J. CLARKE—BARRISTER, 80
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PARKE & PURDOM—BARRISTERS,
solicitors, notaries, etc. Office, 414 Talbot street, London; Main street, Glencoe. ALEX. STUART, DUNCAN STUART.

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ANCER, etc. Office, 58 Dundas street. Money to loan.

ARCHITECTS.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

MOORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS AND
engineers. Civil engineers. Albion Building, London. JOHN E. MOORE, FRED HENRY.

MURPHY, JONES & FARNCOMB—
Architects and surveyors, 215 Dundas street. J. H. MURPHY, J. J. JONES, F. W. FARNCOMB.

EDUCATIONAL.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

SHORTHAND QUICKLY LEARNED—
New system of teaching Pitman's method. Evening class. Private lessons. W. S. LIT-CHARD, 488 Dufferin avenue.

ARTISTS.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

H. M. WAY—ARTIST—PAINTINGS
sold and lessons given. Classes Tuesday and Saturdays. Terms moderate. 253 Dundas street.

J. H. HUNT—ARTIST—STUDIO, 34 DUN-
DAS street.

STRENGTH, VITALITY, MANHOOD

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

W. H. PARKER, M.D., No. 4 Hollis-
Borough, Mass., chief consulting physician of the PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, to whom was awarded the gold medal by the NATIONAL MEDICAL ASSOCIATION for the PRIZE ESSAY on Exhausted Vitality, Atrophy, Nervous and Physical Debility, and all Diseases and Weakness of Man, Church, 628 Dundas street, London, Ont. Consultation in person or by letter. Prospectus, with testimonials, FREE. Large book, THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, OR SELF-PRESERVATION, The Prize Essay, 200 pp., 125 invaluable prescriptions, full gilt, only \$1.00 by mail, double sealed, secure from observation.

MEDICAL.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

D. RYERSON, 60 COLLEGE STREET
Toronto, may be consulted at Toronto House, London, Saturday, March 4. 1x

J. B. GARDNER, M.D., L.R.C.P., LONDON
Eng.—offices and residence, corner Wilham and Dundas streets. Careful attention paid to specific and skin diseases. 22x

D. MACLAREN, CORONER, CORNER
Park and Queen's avenues. Telephone 969.

DR. WOODRUFF, EYE, EAR, NOSE
and throat. Hours, 12 to 4. No. 125 Queen's avenue.

DR. MCLELLAN—SPECIALIST—EYE,
ear, nose and throat. Hours, 9 to 4. 49x Talbot street.

DR. ALISON JAMIESON—OFFICE
corner Bathurst and Talbot streets.

DR. WILSON—QUEEN'S AVENUE—
Second floor from Wellington street. Special attention paid to diseases of women.

DR. JARVIS—HOMOPATHIST—834
Dundas street, E. 10, 24, 26.

DR. ECCLES—QUEEN'S AVENUE—COR-
NER of Wellington. Specialty—Dis-eases of women. At home 10 to 12; other hours by appointment.

DR. BUELL, OPPOSITE T. ANDREWS
of the eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. MEKE, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LON-
DON. Specialties, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. till 12 noon.

DR. FRASER & TEASDALE—HEYORK
W. J. TEASDALE.

DR. CAMPBELL—380 DUNDAS STREET
—Office hours, 10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 4 and 6 to 8 p.m.

DR. GEORGE H. WILSON, YORK
street, near Talbot. Specialty, nose, throat and lungs.

DR. MACARTHUR, B.A., 485 DUNDAS
street. Specialty, diseases of children.

DR. CLARKE—OFFICE AND RESI-
DENCE, 380 Clarence street. Special attention to the lungs and diseases of children.

C. T. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.—
Office and residence, 37 Queen's avenue, London. Office hours, 8 to 10 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m. and 6 to 7 p.m. 24 hours a day.

DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESI-
DENCE, 401 Richmond street. Telephone 653.

DR. RICHMOND—OFFICE AND
residence, 401 Richmond street. Telephone 653.

DR. MACGREGOR—OFFICE—706 RICH-
MOND street, Telephone 24.

DR. FERGUSON, CORNER, SOUTH
Dundas street. Office hours, 8 to 10 a.m., 1 to 2 and 6 to 8 p.m. Telephone.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.
Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

MR. J. W. FETHERSON, ORGANIST
Queen's Avenue Church. Music lessons given at pupils' residences; also at 553 Colborne street.

DENTAL CARDS.
Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

DR. GEO. C. DAVIS, DENTIST, WILL
resume the practice of his profession March 15, 1903. Office No. 170 Dundas street.

REMOVAL—FACETT, THE DENTIST,
has removed to his new office, 399 Richmond street.

S. WOLVERTON—SURGEON DENTIST,
216 Dundas street; entrance, second door from City Hall, near Dundas street.

I. MACDONALD—DENTIST—REMOVED
his office to Union Block, over Gurd's shoe store, 150 Dundas street. Utilized air used for the painless extraction of teeth.

INSURANCE.
Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

INSURE IN THE PHOENIX INSURANCE
Company, Hartford, Conn. Cash capital \$2,000,000. Assets \$5,076,357. EDWARD TOWN, agent, Office over Bank of Commerce, London. Telephone 607.

ROYAL CANADIAN AND ALLIANCE
Insurance Companies—G. DANKS, agent, 150 Dundas street. Office, opposite City Hall, upstairs.

HOTEL CARDS.
Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word; three insertions for 2 cents a word.

THE HUB—203 DUNDAS STREET—
Meals at all hours, European plan; choice cypres, imported and domestic liquors and cigars. Call solicited. ALEX. MURDOCK, proprietor.

"THE RICHMOND"—FORMERLY
Revere House—Remodeled, refurnished, renovated, with 40 hotel in the city. Accommodation complete. R. E. LLOYD, proprietor.

RICKS HOTEL (FORMERLY THE MAD-
RAS street, near Dundas street, Detroit, Mich. Rates, \$1.25 to \$2.25 per day.

CITY HOTEL—McMARTIN BROS., LON-
DON, Ont. Terms, \$1 per day. Telephone connections. First-class billiard parlour, and smoking room. The Province of Ontario and state of Michigan of the person and estate of Wm. R. Frank, formerly of the township of Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, now an inmate in the Asylum for the Insane at London, there will be offered for sale, by public auction, on Saturday, the 18th day of March, 1903, at about 12 o'clock noon, the following lands and premises, namely: Part of lot No. 39, in block 10, from a complaining party, more or less, on the northwest side, and bounded on the north by the River Thames, on the east by the lands formerly owned by F. W. C. Jarvis, on the south by the mill road and on the west by the lot lying to the west of said lot 39, excepting thereout what is known as the Pipe Line road; a piece of which said parcel of land, containing 24 acres, lies to the south of the said Pipe Line road. And the parts of lots Nos. 38 and 39, in broken front, con. "B" of said township of Westminster, lying immediately to the east of the above-described property, containing about 12 acres, which said land was formerly owned by F. W. C. Jarvis, and which may be better described as follows: Commencing on the south bank of the River Thames at a distance of 40 rods, more or less, to the center of lot No. 38; thence north parallel with the said line between lots 38 and 39 to the river edge; thence westerly along the said Pipe Line road 60 rods, more or less, to the place of beginning; the said property will be offered for sale, subject to a reserve bid to be fixed by the inspector.

The Advertiser

Founded by John Cameron in 1883.

THE DAILY ADVERTISER.

Daily by mail, per year (8 to 12 pages).....\$4.00
Daily by mail, for three months.....1.00
All subscriptions payable in advance.

IN LONDON:

Morning Edition, 36 per annum; Evening Edition, 10c per week, delivered.

THE WESTERN ADVERTISER.

(OUR WEEKLY EDITION.)

By mail, per annum.....\$1.00

JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

ADVERTISING RATES

Made known on application at office. Address all communications to

ADVERTISER PRINTING CO.,

LONDON, CANADA.

THE ADVERTISER

Is not and does not propose to be a partisan paper. It is not an "organ." Its opinions are its own. The ADVERTISER alone is responsible for opinions expressed in these columns.

THE ADVERTISER

Advocates Free Trade—British free trade, Continental free trade, free trade with the whole world.

THE ADVERTISER

Looks forward with hope to Canada's future as that of an Independent Canadian Republic, in equally friendly alliance with the United States and with Great Britain, believing that such a status would be best for Canada, best for Great Britain, and promotive of the best attainable relations with the United States. Meantime, everything is to be gained by cultivating cordial relations between all English speaking peoples. Those who take an opposite course should be regarded as enemies of mankind.

THE ADVERTISER

Advocates Prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors and all expedient general legislation and persuasion in the meantime.

THE ADVERTISER

Is an advocate of Equal Rights for women, whether as regards the franchise, or equal wages for equal work.

THE ADVERTISER

Is a believer in Christian Union, and considers the time has come when the various Christian denominations should come closer together. Those bodies which are now nearest should unite first. Under the present system there is an unjustifiable waste of men, means and effort. The differences between most of the existing denominations are no greater than the differences, natural to thinking men and women, to be found in every congregation. Even those Christian bodies supposed to be the farthest apart, the Protestant and the Roman Catholic, have more of belief that is common than of belief that is antagonistic. To the laity the differences between the various Protestant denominations are microscopic. For various reasons the clergy, even when, as is true of the best of them, they favor Christian Union, are not in a position to be as outspoken as the laity.

THE ADVERTISER

Advocates Obligatory Voting. Most of the electoral corruption centers around "getting out the vote." Let the duty be laid on every elector of getting out his own vote.

THE ADVERTISER

Advocates the more general use of the Plebiscite, the Initiative and Referendum, etc., believing that the interest of the people in public questions, apart from persons, would be increased, and that something would thereby be done to promote independence of political thought, as opposed to excessive party spirit.

God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.
—[BROWNING.]

London, Wednesday, March 8.

SHALL LONDON HAVE A NEW Y. M. C. A. BUILDING?

The directors of the Y. M. C. A. have been for some time turning over various plans for the furtherance of the work among the young men of the city.

To begin with, at no previous time has the Y. M. C. A. ever enjoyed more of the confidence of the general public, largely owing, no doubt, to the excellent judgment and personal qualities of the secretary, Mr. C. R. Sayer. At no previous time have the pastors and workers of the various churches been more in sympathy with the aims and methods of the Association. During no previous two or three years have the Association rooms been more manifestly the common rallying ground for united Christian work.

It is impossible to over-estimate the importance of surrounding our young men with the best influences along lines touching their physical, mental and moral development. Take the one field of Christian Athletics, if the phrase may be used—that is, affording young men the advantages of the gymnasium separated from all pernicious influences. For the ideal of the Y. M. C. A. now strongly in the ascendant is not mere good-goddism or cant of any sort, but the development of Christian character along many lines.

Now, as has been stated, various plans have been discussed, and the directors propose to take the public fully into their confidence, frankly stating the direction of

their matured judgment. What, then, the directors desire is the erection in London at as early a date as possible of a handsome edifice which would be at once a credit to London, and a structure supplied with those modern appliances and conveniences to be seen in other cities, and without which the Association cannot do its best work among the young men.

Preliminary to that, however, it would be necessary to dispose of the best advantage of the present property on Clarence street. For any general business purposes the present property has a considerable immediate value. Good authorities regard it as capable of being made almost at once into a paying investment, with the certainty of a constantly increasing value, owing to its central situation. The facts and figures in the case can be gone over with ex-Mayor Spencer, President W. R. Hobbs, Secretary Sayer, or any of the directors.

The directors have taken the public thus frankly into confidence, believing that if they can make a reasonable disposal of their present property, the way would be cleared for an important step in advance; and believing, also, that to any one having unemployed money looking for investment, a fair opportunity is here presented.

Until the 25th inst., therefore, proposals will be received for the purchase of either one or both of two parcels into which the property is divided. Particulars can be obtained by calling on Mr. C. R. Sayer, secretary Y. M. C. A., London, or by writing him. Sealed proposals for the purchase of the property will be received until Saturday, the 25th of the present month of March.

SOUTH MIDDLESEX.

The party of high taxation have decided to bring out a candidate to oppose Mr. Robert Boston. The sacrifice selected is Mr. Alexander Gray, a respectable farmer, also of Lobo.

The Liberals will enter at once on the campaign with their public meetings. Mr. Hyman, Mr. Gibbons and other able speakers have promised every assistance in the discussion of the questions of the day.

The campaign will be both interesting and instructive.

THE ATMOSPHERE CLEARED.

President Cleveland's inaugural address to Congress was an admirable exposition of the true principles upon which popular government should rest, and for that reason cannot be too carefully studied, not only by the people of the United States, but by those of the Dominion as well.

The chief interest for Canadians, however, lies in the clear declaration of the President of the issue upon which the recent great electoral battle was fought. We cannot do better than quote it in full. This is the President's unambiguous assertion:

"The verdict of our voters which condemned the injustice of maintaining protection for protection's sake, enjoins upon the people's servants the duty of exposing and destroying the brood of kindred evils which are the unwholesome progeny of paternalism. This is the base of republican institutions and the constant peril of our Government by the people. It degrades to the purposes of wily craft the plan of rule our fathers established. It undermines the self-reliance of our people and substitutes in its place dependence upon Governmental favoritism. It stifles the spirit of true Americanism and supplants every ennobling trait of American citizenship."

"Under our scheme of Government the waste of public money is a crime against the citizens, and the contempt of our people for economy and frugality in their personal affairs deplorably saps the strength and sturdiness of our national character. It is a plain dictate of honesty and good government that public expenditure should be limited by public necessity, and that this should be measured by the rules of strict economy, and it is equally clear that frugality among the people is the best guarantee of a contented and strong support of free institutions."

"The people of the United States have decreed that on this day the control of their Government in its legislative and executive branches shall be given to a political party pledged in the most positive terms to the accomplishment of tariff reform. They have thus determined in favor of a more just and equitable system of federal taxation. While there should be no surrender of principle, our task must be undertaken wisely and without vindictiveness. Our mission is not punishment, but the rectification of wrongs. If in lifting burdens from the daily life of our people we reduce inordinate and unequal advantages too long enjoyed this is but a necessary incident of our return to right and justice."

This is in direct contradiction to the statement made by Finance Minister Foster in Parliament at Ottawa the other evening. He ridiculed the idea that our neighbors had given up the idea of protection for the sake of protection, and challenged Mr. Laurier to the proof. The leader of the tariff reformers promptly met the demand with proof absolutely unassailable, and now we find his view backed up by as good an authority as the President of the United States himself.

We know how the dominant party in the United States obtained power. Let us for a moment inquire where the two great political parties of Canada stand on the question of whether or not it is right for the Government to collect money from the masses of the community to give to a select few. Here is a statement of the Liberal attitude by Hon. Wilfrid Laurier:

"Freedom is the normal condition of trade, and freedom is the goal to which we are aspiring. That is the policy of this side of the House. I know very well, sir, that we cannot for many years have freedom of trade, such as they have in England. I know that for many years we must raise our revenue by customs duties, but I tell the Finance Minister, that the difference between him and us is this: That whereas he forms his tariff for protection, and with revenue as merely an incident; we will frame our tariff, not for protection, but for revenue, and we will not impede and interfere with freedom of trade only in so far as is absolutely necessary for the purpose of a revenue, and for nothing else. Sir, I stated on another occasion, and in another place, that during the last election in the United States, the people of that country had most emphatically

decided for the principle of free trade. My honorable friend, the Finance Minister, in opening this debate, challenged this statement, and not only challenged the statement, but actually denied it. He may deny it, I admit, but if he denies that the American people, at the last Presidential election, practically decided in favor of freedom of trade, I am prepared to hear everything, that he will deny that there are twelve months in the year, that he will deny that the sun rises in the east and moves towards the west, or that he will deny that there is such a thing as an exodus."

And, as if to make the declaration still more emphatic, Mr. Laurier, in a subsequent portion of his speech on the budget, said:

"Sir, I have stated, and I repeat it here, that our tariff is simply an imitation of the American tariff, and, as the American tariff was denounced, so now I denounce the Canadian tariff as a fraud, and I denounce it as a robbery from the great majority of the Canadian people for the benefit of the few. I denounce it in the name of the thousands whom it has impoverished. I denounce it in the name of the thousands whom it has sent into exile, and I denounce it in the name of a long-suffering nation."

Finance Minister Foster, on the other hand, states the case for the men now in power in these terms:

"Now, I ask my honorable friends in this House who believe in the principle of protection, but who may have some grievance now and then, and here and there, with the tariff; I ask them to weigh these assertions; for whatever the proposition that these gentlemen are putting before the House for us to vote upon, it is with the spirit and the purpose of destroying the principle of protection in this country. A man may have a grudge, may have an objection, to some particular excrement upon the tariff; but he may be at the same time a firm believer in the principle of protection, and may wish to see it survive in this country."

The gauge of battle is thus set, and the atmosphere is cleared. We have a firm belief that when the combat opens the great majority of the people will be found working for the triumph of the interests of the many as opposed to that of the combines and rings, every one of which—and we say it without fear of successful contradiction—can now, and have been in every recent campaign, on the side of those who, like Mr. Foster, stick to the class "protectionist" system of collecting taxation.

AT LAST.

The Unionists Manage to Recover a Seat—Grimsby Flips Over.

LONDON, March 7.—The election held yesterday at Grimsby to fill the seat in Parliament made vacant by the resignation of H. J. Jones (Liberal) resulted in a victory for the Unionists and the loss of a seat for the Liberals. Right Hon. Edward Heneage (Liberal-Unionist), was elected by 4,427 votes to 3,463 votes cast by Mr. Henry Broadhurst (Liberal). The election was one of the hardest fought in the general elections and the opponents of Irish home rule are delighted. H. J. Jones (Liberal) was elected in July by a vote of 4,201 to 3,565 for Heneage (Liberal-Unionist). Heneage, the Liberal member, represented Grimsby as a Liberal and was a member of the Cabinet as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster before Mr. Gladstone introduced his Irish Home Rule Bill in 1886.

THE OPEN FORUM.

A Double Duty.

To the Editor of the ADVERTISER: Does political touting in South Middlesex constitute a part of the duties for which Mr. Richard Maxwell McEllerhan was recently appointed secretary of the London School Board, at \$600 a year and office hours from 9 to 5? I think many citizens will object to a man drawing a salary from the city acting as a touter for either political party. Mr. McEllerhan would show better judgment by putting in his best looks on school matters in an endeavor to earn three times Mr. Abbott's salary for the same job.

MUGWUMP.

Nerve Blood Tonic Builder

PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People
50c. per box.
6 for \$2.50.
Send for descriptive pamphlet.
Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. and Schenectady, N.Y.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTIBLE.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

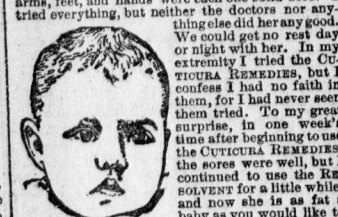
Complete Manhood

AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.
A Medical Work that Tells the Causes, Describes the Effects, Points the Remedy.
Scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful medical book ever published. 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Subjects treated:—
Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Testicles, Those Intending Marriage, etc.
Every man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Manhood, who would secure for past failures and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.
It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. Address the publishers,
ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

BABY ONE SOLID SORE

Tried Everything without Relief. No Rest Night or Day. Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

My baby, when two months old, had a breaking out with what the doctor called eczema. Her head, arms, feet, and hands were each one solid sore. I tried everything, but neither the doctors nor anything else did her any good.



We could get no rest day or night with her. In my extremity I tried the CUTICURA REMEDIES, but I confess I had no faith in them, for I had never seen them tried. To my great surprise, in one week's time after beginning to use the CUTICURA REMEDIES, the sores were well, but I continued to use the RESOLVENT for a little while, and now she is as fat & happy as you would like to see, and as sound as a dollar. I believe my baby would have died if I had not tried CUTICURA REMEDIES. I write this that every mother with a baby like mine can feel confident that there is a medicine that will cure the worst eczema, and that medicine is the CUTICURA REMEDIES.

Mrs. BETTIE BIRKNER, Lockhart, Texas.

Cuticura Remedies

Cure every humor of the skin and scalp of infancy and childhood, whether torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, scaly, crusty, pimply, or blotchy, with loss of hair, and every impurity of the blood, whether simple, scrofulous, or hereditary, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail. Parents, save your children years of mental and physical suffering. Begin now. Cures made in childhood are permanent.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are the greatest skin cures, blood purifiers, and humor remedies of modern times, are absolutely pure, and may be used on the youngest infant with the most gratifying success.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c.; SOAP, 35c.; RESOLVENT, \$1.50. Prepared by the PORTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and dry skin cured by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

FREE FROM RHEUMATISM

In one minute the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster relieves rheumatic, sciatic, hip, kidney, chest, and muscular pains and weaknesses. The first and only instantaneous pain-killing plaster.

CAFFAROMA.

The finest pure ground Coffee in the world. Sold in this only. Get it at your nearest grocer—and postal card direct to Acme Mills, Montreal, who will mail immediately free trial sample to the address given. A. M. Smith & Co., wholesale agents for London. 61trix

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,

bathe the parts affected freely with Perry Davis' PAIN KILLER

taking also a teaspoonful in sugar and water 3 times a day, and you'll get relief at once and a

Cure

after faithful use of this remedy.

Pain Killer

Cures Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat,

ask for the New Big 25¢ Bottle.

WE MANUFACTURE

MIRRORS

AND WANT YOUR TRADE.

Write for Prices.

HOBBS

Manufacturing Co.,

LONDON - ONT.

Raleigh Bicycle.

HIGHEST GRADE.

N. D. Rougie, 540 Queen's Avenue,

Agent for Western Ontario.

LEADING HOTELS.

THE TECUMSEH HOUSE

LONDON, ONT.

Largest and Best Hotel in Western Ontario.

Large sample rooms free; no charge for baggage; elevator day and night. Rates, \$2.50 and \$3.00 per day. Special rates for boarders and excursion parties. C. W. DAVIS, Proprietor.

COMING and GOING

—AT—

CHAPMAN'S

Spring Stuffs and Summer Stuffs before the breezy blizzards have blown themselves out. We know it's "betwixt and between," late for winter goods, early to talk spring, yet there are many advantages to the purchaser. Low prices and a desire for room in lieu of many excellent and desirable lines not yet entirely disposed of, and the privilege of inspecting new and attractive features as represented in spring and summer goods daily arriving.

WE ARE SHOWING

Spring Dress Goods

In All-wool Bengalines,

Represented in three qualities and prices, and we invite your inspection of this new and serviceable dresswear (42 inches), and in such colors as

FRENCH GRAY,
NAVY,
BLACK,
CARDINAL,
BROWN,SEAL,
MAHOGANY,
GREENAT,
F. DRAB,
CLARET,AMETHYST,
MOSS GREEN,
MYRTLE,
FAWN,
RUSSIAN BLUE.

Specially adapted for Dress and Costume Wear.

WE ARE SHOWING

Crocodile Dress Goods,

Zig-Zag Suitings,

Figured and Fancy

Crynklings

German Tartans,

Scotch Tartans,

Spring Cheviots.

All-wool, 42 to 44 inches, in Fawns, Grays, Drabs and all the various shades.

WE ARE SHOWING

New Swiss Embroideries,

Very excellent in point of variety, style of pattern and quality. Price begins at 2 cents yard.

WE ARE SHOWING

LADIES' CORSETS

And our splendid range of makes and close prices give us an enviable record in this line. Our styles embrace, among others, the Twelve, A la Reine, Capitol, 666, B and C, D and A, Aberdeen, Watchspring, Featherbone, J. H. C., and the ever-popular Gem, at 50c pair.

WE ARE SHOWING

Ladies' Fluted Collars and Cuffs

All-Wool Cashmere Gloves

—AT—

15c, 20c, 25c PAIR.

TERMS CASH AND ONE PRICE

J. H. Chapman & Co.,

126 and 128 Dundas St.

PHONE 791.



Mrs. Mary E. O'Fallon
of Piqua, O., says the Physicians are astonished,
and look at her like one

Raised from the Dead

Long and Terrible Illness from Blood Poisoning

Completely Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mrs. Mary E. O'Fallon, a very intelligent lady of Piqua, Ohio, was poisoned while assisting physicians at an autopsy 5 years ago, and soon terrible sores broke out on her head, arms, tongue and throat. Her hair all came out. She weighed but 78 lbs., and saw no prospect of help. At last she began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and at once improved; could soon get out of bed and walk. She says: "I became perfectly cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla."

and am now a well woman. I weigh 128 lbs., eat well and do the work for a large family. My case seems a wonderful recovery and physicians look at me in astonishment, as almost like one raised from the dead."

HOOD'S PILLS should be in every family medicine chest. "No man, woman or child."

FRIDAY'S CYCLONE

Leaves Over 500 Families Homeless—29 Persons Killed.

MERIDIAN, Miss., March 7.—Over 300 families have been rendered homeless and destitute in two districts of Lauderdale county by Friday's cyclone. Reports from the farming districts reveal a very distressing state of affairs. Farmers are left penniless, with not an ounce of food or raiment to clothe their families. In many instances their horses and mules were killed, and they are without means of cultivating their crops. Two more of the injured at Tombs died yesterday, making the death toll 29 as far as known.

Pigmies vs. Giants.

Lilliputian as they are in size (being no larger than mustard seeds), they achieve results that their Brobdingnagian opponents utterly fail in. We refer to the efficacy of the powerful preparation known as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, compared with that of their gigantic competitors, the old-style pill. Try the little giants when dyspepsia, liver complaint, constipation, biliousness, or any kindred ills assail you, and you'll make no mistake—they'll disappear at once.

Fifty-six children are said to have lost their lives in New York city during 1891 in folding beds.

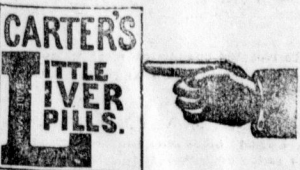
Valuable Information.

The best batter made in Canada is known by the name of Creamery. It is made on scientific principles and from pure, fresh cream. Pure Gold Baking Powder is made from cream of tartar of absolute purity and by a scientific process, hence its wonderful success.

"Do take me to see your little chickens, uncle. I know you've got some chickens, because mamma said you'd been henpecked for a long time."

At Death's Door.—Dyspepsia Conquered.—A Great Medical Triumph. GENTLEMEN.—My medical adviser and others told me I could not possibly live, when I commenced the use of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery for Dyspepsia. My case was one of the worst of its kind. For three years I could not eat meat and my weight decreased from 219 to 119 pounds. All the food I took for thirteen months previous to taking the VEGETABLE DISCOVERY consisted of milk. I am now entirely cured and have regained my usual weight, can eat anything with a relish, and feel like a new man. I have sold over 30 dozen VEGETABLE DISCOVERY since it cured me, as I am well-known, and people in this section know how low I was, and thought I could not possibly be cured. They are eager to try this grand medicine. It certainly saved my life, as I never expected to recover when I first commenced using it. I am not exaggerating anything, but feel glad to be able to contribute this testimonial and trust it may be the means of convincing others of its merit as a certain cure for Dyspepsia.

(Signed.) JEAN VALCOURT, General Merchant, Wotton, P.Q.



CURE SICK HEAD

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing Even if they only relieved.

Ache they would be almost useless to those who suffer from the distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who use them will find them all-sufficient in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head.

ACHE is the base of so many ills that it is where we make our great base. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action cleanse all who use them. In vials at 25 cents. One for \$1. Sold everywhere, at retail by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Our World's Fair Letter.

Seeing the Show From a Revolving Wheel 250 Feet in Diameter.

Methodists Apply for More Space at the World's Fair.

Queen Victoria Will Loan Windsor Castle Tapestries to Chicago—Programme of the Congress of Missions.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

CHICAGO, March 3.—Two hundred men are now employed on the foundations that are to support the 4,300 tons weight of the Ferris wheel, one of the World's Fair attractions in Midway Plaisance. Imagine a wheel 250 feet in diameter, and around it, suspended between the two towers, 36 passenger cars, each larger than an ordinary passenger coach, and with a seating capacity of 60 persons each. Imagine this great wheel, with its living freight, amounting to a total of 2,160 persons, slowly revolving. Imagine the sensation of being carried up 250 feet on one side and being lowered on the other, and of gaining during the trip a complete view of the grounds and of a large portion of Lake Michigan to boot. That is the idea of the Ferris wheel in a nutshell.

The entire structure is of steel, and somewhat resembles a huge bicycle wheel revolving between two towers. The wheel practically consists of two wheels on the same axle, a distance of 284 feet apart, and held together by bars of steel. Between the two wheels, and suspended from steel trussion pins, are the 36 passenger cars. These cars are constructed of wood and steel, upholstered, and have a weight of nineteen tons each. The cars are so fastened to the wheel that at whatever height it remains in a horizontal position. In groups on the rods around the crown of the wheel will be arranged 3,000 incandescent lights, with globes of various colors. These will be alternately extinguished and relighted at night as the wheel revolves, thus producing a spectacle calculated to excite envy in the mind of a pyrotechnic. The platforms are located on both sides of the lower part of the wheel, and six cars can be loaded at a time, and at once. The time required for one complete trip will be twenty minutes, and this will give the passengers two complete revolutions of the wheel.

The total expenditure involved in the construction and erection of the wheel will reach \$400,000. The inventor is G. W. G. Ferris, an engineer and bridge builder of Pittsburg.

Representatives of the Methodist Church called on Director-General Davis yesterday and asked for an increased allotment of space. They were chaperoned by Solomon Thayer, and were from Cincinnati, Chicago and the Far South. They called on the director-general in the interest of an exhibit for Southern colleges. They wanted 1,600 feet of space for the Methodist schools in South Carolina, Georgia and Tennessee. Colonel Davis could afford the delegation but little comfort. He merely said that in case space was vacated by other applicants it would be given for the cause presented by the delegation.

Queen Victoria's first cablegram in relation to the Fair was received by President Higginbotham yesterday, in which she cordially approves the loan of the tapestries in Windsor Castle. The message was signed by the Queen's private secretary, and the historic tapestries referred to belong to the Queen herself. These hangings will be shown in the Women's Building. Exhibits for the Illinois women continue to arrive in large numbers, and Mrs. Hinde, who has the custody of them at headquarters, is nearly overrun with the accumulated receipts. The sketches show some of the best designs in art and decorative exhibits, together with the custodian and some of her staff.

Members of the Dental Congress, who are now in session at the Grand Pacific, waited on Director-General Davis yesterday to request space for an exhibit in dentistry at the World's Fair. They were referred to Chief Peabody, of the liberal-arts department, who promised to give the matter due consideration.

The preparations for the Congress of Missions, which is to be held in the Art Palace on the lake front, beginning Sept. 28 and ending Oct. 5, are already well advanced. The indications are that the meeting will be the most notable assembly of missionaries ever held. A tentative programme has been prepared, which shows that the mission field, both home and foreign, will be thoroughly covered. Sunday, Oct. 1, is made World's Fair Missionary Day. Three sessions will be held daily, and during the week addresses will be listened to from several of the greatest pulpits orators of the day.

Col. Culp, of the committee on ceremonies, is becoming uneasy lest the invitation which was to be extended to President Cleveland to inaugurate the World's Fair should be delayed. Arrangements have been made to present the invitation to Mr. Cleveland on the afternoon of March 10. The Chicago printer who is making it has fallen behind, and it is a question whether the invitation will be ready. If not there will be a disappointment, and the committee on ceremonies will be unable to give the President and members of his Cabinet the invitation on the day decided upon.

Twenty-nine different varieties of wood will be worked up into a novel representation of the seal of the State of Washington. This seal will be eight feet square, and it will be 500 feet of lumber. Expert wood carvers are now at work developing the figures on the seal. These include Washington's face and his colonial coat.

Arrangements have been perfected by G. W. Sheldon & Co., custom house brokers, to open an office for the transaction of business at Jackson Park. The offices will be opened this week, with Carl Werninghoff in charge.

The council of administration yesterday granted a location for the immense kitchen of the Wellington Catering Company. It is 125x325 feet, and on a line with Sixty-Sixth street, near Stony Island avenue.

A delegation of Fort Wayne railroad men visited Jackson Park yesterday and called on Director-General Davis.

The Crompton loom works have been granted the privilege of selling the product of the machinery as shown in machinery hall.

The additional sum of \$300,000 has been appropriated by the New York Senate for the World's Fair purposes.

C. Du Pasquier has the concession for the sale of reproductions in miniature of the Eiffel tower.

W. G. & Co. will offer for sale illustrative views of portions of the exposition.

So this matchless fair will be an inspiration to a greater effort and a guidepost to greater excellence. You will do yourself an injustice, a wrong, if you do not come to the fair. It will be one of the greatest landmarks on the highway of progress. It will be the turning point at which almost numberless individuals will round into a better and more aspiring path.

Late Canadian News

Boom in the Molasses Market—G. T. R. Earnings.

At Sheet Harbor, N. S., Capt. Fred. Henry committed suicide by hanging himself with a skate strap.

The Montreal Board of Trade has adopted resolutions favoring the establishing of a fast Atlantic steamship service to Montreal. Hon. Neil McLeod, ex-Premier of Prince Edward Island, has been appointed county judge of Prince county, in place of the late Judge Macdonald.

Grand Trunk Railway earnings for the week ending March 4, 1893, \$567,691; corresponding period in 1892, \$374,650; decrease, 1893, \$6,939.

At Westmoreland County Court to-day Mrs. H. T. Stevens was charged with manslaughter. Immense crowds in attendance, his Honor Judge Landry in charge. It is understood that Mr. Birchall, M. P. for Northumberland, will be Speaker of the new Legislature of New Brunswick, which is to meet at Fredericton on Thursday.

Another electric company, composed of Montreal, Toronto and New York capitalists, is contemplated to run an electric railway to Montreal. The capital required is \$8,000,000.

Eugene Beaudoin, the 22-year-old son of Joseph Beaudoin, of the Department of Agriculture, was found at 7 o'clock Tuesday morning in the Ottawa River, frozen into the ice.

The Bradford City Council fixed the rate of taxes for 1893 at 17 mills. To this will be added the frontage and water taxes. The late annexed section will be fixed at 12 mills.

At Sweetsburg, Que., Jonas Martin, indicted for manslaughter, was found guilty. He is sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

Tuesday afternoon John MacTavish, a farmer from North Gower, about 65 years of age, dropped dead in the McKay Milling Company's office, Ottawa, while receiving payment for a load of oats.

The price of molasses will likely go still higher before it falls. Late advices from Barbadoes, Antigua and Porto Rico, are that Barbadoes is selling at 19 cents per wine gallon, f. o. b. The crop will not be over half that of last year.

Rev. Mr. Hopeck, of Orangeville, has signified his intention not to accept a call from Chalmers' Church, which should one be extended to him. This will be a disappointment to many, as a very large majority of the congregation were in his favor.

According to Bradstreet's the bank clearings at Halifax, Montreal, Toronto and Hamilton aggregated \$76,577,000 for February this year, as compared with \$68,479,000 in February, 1892, an increase of nearly 12 per cent, due almost exclusively to Montreal.

FOR CHURCH UNION.

Unanimous Action of the Toronto Presbytery.

TORONTO, March 7.—The Toronto Presbytery to-day unanimously adopted a memorial to the General Assembly, asking for the appointment of a committee to confer with the Congregation Union on the question of union of the two denominations.

COMPLEXION OF CONGRESS.

Democrats Control the Senate and Have Eighty Majority in the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—The present roll call of the Senate shows 44 Democrats, 38 Republicans, 1 Populist, 1 Independent, 1 Farmers' Alliance and 3 vacancies. Two of the vacancies have been temporarily filled by the appointment of Beckwith (Dem.) from Wyoming, and Leamante (Rep.) from Montana, but should all three vacancies be eventually filled by the election of Republicans, which is barely possible, the Senate (even with the combined forces of the Populists) would still be a tie, with Vice-President Stevenson holding the controlling vote.

The composition of the House as shown by unofficial returns is: Democrats 217, Republicans 128, Third party 8 and vacancies 2. The Democrats thus have a majority of 80 over all.

The first meeting of Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet was held this afternoon and lasted something more than two hours. All the members were present. The Hawaiian annexation and the financial situation were touched upon, but the greater part of the time was taken up with a consideration of the question of appointments, particularly those of assistants to the various Cabinet officers.

The Hop Market.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 7.—A special to the Journal from Richfield Springs says the hop market is very quiet. The market seems to be on the decline.

How the Gold Goes.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The shipments of gold by to-day's steamers aggregate \$2,300,000. In spite of tight money arrangements are in progress to export \$2,000,000 by Saturday's steamers and \$1,000,000 next Tuesday.

Earthquakes in Oregon.

UNAWULA, Ore., March 7.—A succession of earthquake shocks were felt here Sunday night, spreading fear and consternation among the citizens. Buildings were violently rocked. One of the walls of a large stone warehouse fell and the remaining walls will be to be torn down.

Bank National Fleece Out of \$6,000. MONTREAL, Que., March 7.—The Banque Nationale authorities are mourning the loss of \$6,030, which was "scooped out" of them by one of their former customers. Louis Riboulet, formerly owner of big cork works in this city, a week ago went to the Banque Nationale with drafts on customers for a large amount. Thinking that Riboulet's customers had authorized him to draw on them, the bank advanced him over \$6,000. Now it appears that the drafts were unauthorized and the man is missing.

WELLAND, P.O. In this connection the following letter from T. Cummins, Esq., a leading druggist of Welland, Ont., speaks for itself: MESSRS. T. MILBURN & CO., TORONTO. GENTLEMEN.—I have been personally acquainted with Mr. C. C. Haun for the last 20 years, and have always found him a very reliable man. You may place the utmost confidence in anything he says with regard to your medicine. He has on many occasions within the last four years told me that it was marvellous the way the Burdock Blood Bitters had cured him, and that he now felt as able to do a day's work as he ever felt in his life. Although quite well he still takes some B. B. B. occasionally, as he says, to keep him in perfect health.

Yours truly, THOMAS CUMMINS, Welland, Ont.

The steadily increasing sale of B. B. B., the length of time it has been before the people, and the fact that it cures to stay cured, attest the sterling merit of this marvellous medicine, the people's favorite blood purifier, tonic and regulator.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER. Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says: "Shilo's Vitalizer saved my life. I was in a state of prostration for several months. I never used it before. For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble it excels. Price 75 cents."

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. I have used this remedy. It will relieve and cure you. Price 50 cents. This is the best remedy for Catarrh of the Bladder. It is sold by all druggists and gives satisfaction.

Sold by W. A. KIRCH LONDON, Ontario.

WINDSOR'S BANK ROBBERY.

Judge Horne Finds the Prisoner Leplant Not Guilty.

WINDSOR, March 7.—Judge Horne this morning gave judgment in the Merchants' Bank robbery, in which Zebulon Leplant was charged with stealing \$2,500 from the bank. The judge found that no evidence had been submitted other than the confession. His Honor said it was evident Leplant had been arrested in Detroit for the purpose of getting a confession from him, and the confession could not be received as evidence. He found Leplant not guilty. He also refused to note as requested by the prosecution that there was reasonable or probable cause for Leplant's arrest. Writs are being issued by Leplant against the bank for \$5,000 and against Manager Durand for \$2,000 for malicious arrest and false imprisonment.

Poisoned Porridge—Another Fatality.

KEMPVILLE, Ont., March 7.—To-day, Mrs. John Kennedy, another of the victims of the poisoning by "Rough on Rats" in porridge, died. The two corpses, those of Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy, are now lying in the house.

Closing the Bars at 10 p.m.

WOODSTOCK, March 7.—North Oxford license commissioners some time ago passed a bylaw closing hotel bars at 10 p.m. The liquor men appealed to the court, and decision has been given sustaining the bylaw. The commissioners intend to enforce the bylaw.

Fined \$2,000 for Selling Liquor in Vermont.

PITTSFORD, Vt., March 7.—R. H. Drake, a merchant here, was fined \$1,850 and costs, the whole amounting to about \$2,000, under the prohibitory law for selling liquor. This is one of the heaviest fines ever imposed in the State.

An Extended Popularity.—Brown's BRONCHIAL TROCHES have been before the public many years. They are pronounced universally superior to all other articles used for similar purposes. For relieving coughs, colds and throat diseases they have been proved reliable. Sold only in boxes. Price, 25 cents.

Change in Time for New York via Erie

The Erie Railway are running a very fast train from Buffalo. The time has been cut down two hours. By leaving Buffalo at 12:15 p.m. you will arrive in Buffalo at 5:50 p.m., and leave Buffalo at 7:30 p.m. arrive in New York next morning at 7:30. You can also leave London at 8:45 a.m., 6 a.m. and 11:40 p.m. The latter is a magnificent train, solid vestibule; not a single change between London and New York, and dining cars attached to all trains for meals. For further particulars apply to S. J. SHARR, 19 Wellington street, 361.

WONDER IN WELLAND!

A Representative Farmer Speaks.



MR. C. C. HAUN.

The following remarkable facts are fully certified to as being undeniably correct in every particular. Mr. Haun is well known in the vicinity, having resided here over fifty years, and is highly respected as a man of the strictest honor, whose word is as good as his bond.

As will be seen from his letter, four physicians had attended him, and it was only after he had given up hope of cure that he decided to try Burdock Blood Bitters on the recommendation of a neighbor who had been cured of a similar disease by its use. Mr. Haun writes as follows:

"DEAR SIRS.—I think I have been one of the worst sufferers you have ever heard of, having been six years in the hands of four of our best doctors without obtaining permanent relief, but continually growing worse, until almost beyond hope of recovery. I tried your Bitters and got relief in a few days. Every organ of my body was deranged, the liver enlarged, hardened and torpid, the heart and digestive organs seriously deranged, a large abscess in my back, followed by paralysis of the right leg, in fact the lower half of my body was entirely useless. After using Burdock Blood Bitters for a few days the abscess burst, discharging fully five quarts of pus in two hours. I felt as if I had received a shock from a powerful battery. My recovery after this was rapid and the cure permanent, seeing that for the four years since I have had as good health as ever I had. I still take an occasional bottle, not that I need it but because I wish to keep my system in perfect working order. I can think of no more remarkable case than what I have myself passed through, and no words can express my thankfulness for such perfect recovery."

C. C. HAUN, Welland P.O.

In this connection the following letter from T. Cummins, Esq., a leading druggist of Welland, Ont., speaks for itself: MESSRS. T. MILBURN & CO., TORONTO.

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AN AWFUL CRIME.

Charged by a Young Man Against His Stepmother.

QUEBEC, Que., March 7.—The inquest in the Fortin poisoning case was continued before Coroner Belletan at the St. Roch police station this morning. Jules Ernest Fortin, son of deceased, was the only witness heard. His deposition does not vary from his declaration before the coronary of the Superior Court. He described the scene he witnessed at the bedside of his father when the latter was in the hours of death, how his stepmother paused on entering the room where her husband was while the notary was making ready to register the man's will, and how Mrs. Fortin found her way into the room when the notary had gone in quest of pen and ink.

She crept alongside, said the witness, and in a tender voice said to her husband: "They are making you tired, my dear; it is too bad of these people. Won't you take a refreshing drink, darling?" Then she brought a glass, and just before presenting it to her husband's lips she poured in the contents of a phial she drew from her pocket. The fluid had a brownish color. Immediately after the drink the poor man complained of a burning sensation in the stomach. Witness asked the woman what she had given his father, but she answered evasively and ran away. Coroner Belletan signed the warrant for the arrest of the woman Fortin.

THE DAIRYMEN

Of Western Ontario in Convention at Brantford.

BRANTFORD, March 7.—The dairymen of Brant and Oxford counties, and Western Ontario generally, met in the opera house, Brantford, to-day in convention. There was only a fair attendance of delegates. The chair was occupied by Mr. John Geary, of London, president of the Western Dairymen's Association, and upon the platform beside him were the secretary of the association, Mr. Wheaton, Andrew Pattullo, Woodstock; Inspectors Hopkins, Miller and Dillon.

Addresses were delivered by John Geary, E. E. Hopkins, John Miller, T. J. Dillon, J. Dean and others.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, carache, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

Imperial Baking Powder. Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, carache, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

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