

The St. Andrews Standard.

PUBLISHED BY A. W. SMITH.

E. VARIIS SEMENDUM EST OPTIMUM.—CIC.

12 50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE

Vol 34

SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, MARCH 20, 1867.

No 17

JOHN S. MAGEE,

Desires calling the attention of the Public to a large and varied stock of goods received from the "United Kingdom," "Hawn" and "Wool" consisting in part of

Wool Merinos, Coburgs, Blankets,

ONS, in white & unbleached, very cheap.

aces, Sontags, Clouds, Genialia, in Stewart-Hoods and Opera Mantles,

TON FLANNELS, OSNABURGS

Red, white, blue & grey twilled Flannel

Plain Flannels in all colors,

can confidently recommend our Flannels as

and will sell cheap.

age and varied stock of

BOOTS and SHOES,

Men's, youths, Boys, Mens, Misses and

all call special attention to his white Warps

made from the very best Southern cotton

of warranted sound, well made and good

of the St. John Warps, Parks, make, pre-

fer to the Looms,

you want good value for your money, come to

ALBION, 1402 N.E.

JOHN S. MAGEE.

2,000 Gallons

BERTIN POL,

received from the manufactory, at Saint

and will be sold Wholesale or retail at the

rates, by the Subscriber. Enquire enquire

persuasive, before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHN BALSON,

Kennedy's Arcade, Water St.

Andrews, Aug. 29, 1866.

ugar & Molasses

"Loyalist" from Barbadoes via St. John,

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Poetry.

THE REPROOF.

Whisper it softly,
When nobody's near;
Let not those accents
Fall harsh on the ear.
She is a blossom
Too tender and frail
For the keen blast—
The gales of the world.
Whisper it gently,
"Twill cost thee no pain;
Gentle words rarely
Are spoken in vain;
Threats and reproaches
The stubborn may move—
Noble the conquest
Aided by love—
Whisper it kindly,
"Twill pay thee no wrong;
Down her cheeks flow
Has she from virtue
Wandered astray?
Guide her feet gently,
Rough is the way—
She has no pretence,
None of her kind;
Lead her from error,
Keep her from sin;
Does she lean on thee?
Cherish the trust;
God to the merciful
Ever is just.

Miscellany.

An Astonished Old Lady.

An old lady whose home is in the country, and who had been in Cincinnati for several years, came in to do some trading, her principal business being one of the few essential incidents in her life, the purchase of a new bonnet. She had not had a new bonnet since she was in Cincinnati, the last time, and that was seven years ago; nor had she seen any of the new fangled contrivances—"trifles light as air"—which the women wear now-a-days in the place of bonnets. As a new bonnet was the engrossing theme in her mind on entering the city, of course she was on the alert at once to see what the fashion was. Imagine her construction, then, in standing on Fourth street, watching the people as they passed by. For a time she was perfectly speechless, and then she was observed to throw up her hands, and exclaim:—"For the land's sake! are the wimmings all crazy, gaddin' through the streets with nothin' on their blessed heads? What's become of all their bunnets?" She went into a millinery store and accosted a "gentlewomanly and obliging" young lady in attendance. "You see, I come in the hull way from Clarmont county to buy a bonnet. I've worn this one point on eight years. It's a little out of fashion, I reckon, and I want one that is right in style. I didn't know what the wimmings was wearin', so I stood out here a blessed hour to see 'em pass, and I hope never to see 'em old man again if I saw one with a bunnet on durin' the hull time! Some had a doll's handkercher laid on the top of the head; others had what look for all the world like oyster patties trimmed with blow'd glass; and I declare to goodness if one woman with a big ruff's egg (trump on the back of her head in a fly pet, wore any coverin' keepin' a yaller circus ticket tied on with a ribbon!" When informed that the styles she had seen were the latest thing in the bonnet line, the old lady's astonishment increased, and she was thoroughly bewildered by the time she had examined each of the varieties embraced in the milliner's collection, particularly when she learned the accompanying prices. She looked at her old bonnet, which had been preserved so carefully during the changing fashions of to-day, when the old lady fairly wept. She declared it was enough to drive one crazy, to see such vanities as the women are running to now-a-days. "Twan't so when I was a gal, said she; women wore bonnets in them days that kivered their heads, and tied them under the chin instead of fast'n 'em to the back hair." She left in great disgust, and said she would go right back to Clarmont, and wear her old bonnet till milliners got to making bonnets again.

A pair of shoes, seventeen and a half inches in length, and five inches in width, across the ball of foot, were on exhibition at Richmond. They were made for a negro man in Hanover Co., Virginia.

Personal Sketches of Members of the House of Assembly.

From the St. Croix Courier.

JAMES G. STEVENS is a native of the city of Edinburgh, Scotland. He was born in 1822, so that he is now forty four years of age. He received his education in the higher branches, in the University of Edinburgh, and enjoyed high privilege of studying mental sciences under the late Sir William Hamilton, Professor of Metaphysics—one of the greatest minds Scotland has ever produced. He is the son of Andrew Stevens, one of the Solicitors of the Supreme Court of Scotland, and one of the freemen of the city of Edinburgh. We presume it is not generally known—for Mr. Stevens is not the man to boast of his illustrious descent—that Mr. Stevens is descended in a direct line from the Scottish nobility, being the grandson, by his mother's side, of Sir Colin Campbell, the third of Auchinleck in Argyshire. It is also worthy of remark in this connection that Mr. Stevens' maternal aunt was the first wife of the celebrated Sir John Richardson. But a circumstance of which he has more reason to be proud, and doubtless, is his immediate descent from the true nobility of intellect, his mother being an authoress of much merit and popularity. She moved in the first literary circles of Edinburgh, enjoying the intimate acquaintance of Professor Wilson and the originators of the Edinburgh Review. She was a contributor to Blackwood's Magazine, and the author of Livelyly, or the Vale of Pinesynton, Fanny Fairfield and other works. All the learned professions seem to be embraced in Mr. Stevens' family. Many of the Presbyterian communities of this Province will remember with feelings of affection and gratitude the labors of a brother—the Rev. Andrew Stevens—about the time of the disruption in the Church of Scotland, and subsequent to that period, another brother recently deceased was a physician of considerable note, and his only surviving uncle is now resident in Edinburgh as a resident chief surgeon in the East India army after a service there of over forty years. Mr. Stevens came to America in September, 1840, in company with his brother, the clergyman mentioned above, and intended returning to Scotland to complete his studies for the church, but was induced by certain considerations to remain in St. Stephen, where he entered the law office of Alex. Campbell, Esq., now Judge Campbell of California, as a student-at-law. He remained in Mr. Campbell's office for four years, and then completed his course by one year's study in the office of David Skanks Kerr, Esq., who was at that time practicing his profession in the city of Fredericton.

In 1845 Mr. Stevens opened an office in this town and began the practice of the law on his own account. During a practice extending to a period of over twenty years he has been engaged in some of the most important cases that have ever come before the courts. At a time in this country when there was more litigation than there is now, difficult cases were frequent occurrences, and were often carried before the Judges for a final bearing. On these occasions the late George Thompson, shrewd, able and well advanced in the law, was his practical opponent. In the earlier days of his practice his having to meet such an antagonist as Mr. Thompson doubtless contributed to produce that increased study and vigilance which attended Mr. Stevens in his profession. The cases which he recently gained before the Privy Council in which the St. Stephen Bank was plaintiff and the New Brunswick and Canada Railway defendant, the proceedings of which were all superintended by himself, merits a degree of legal acumen furnished by few parallel examples, if any, in the Province. Our readers will remember the cause of action in this case was to assert the right of the Bank to levy on the Company's land which was claimed by debenture holders. On appeal to the Privy Council some of the nicest points of law came up for adjudication, and frequent reference in the course of the same Mr. Stevens found it necessary to differ in opinion with some of the most distinguished counsel in England, and by acting on his own advice carried the case to a successful issue. We may mention here, in passing, that a new difficulty has arisen in reference to the same case. Mr. John Brookfield who is a creditor of the company to the amount of £20,000, asserts that the company who now have the legal title to the lands are trustees for him to pay his debt out of the said lands, and that his right is prior to all others in equity, and proceedings on the part of the Bank are for the present restrained by the Court of Equity. The result of this new difficulty will probably be that appeal to the Privy Council will again be had, and likely more important points will be raised than any that have yet come up. We mention these facts for the information of general interest; they contain as well as to show the wide range Mr. Stevens' practice has acquired. In the course of his residence here, Mr. Stevens has filled many positions of importance and trust. He has been a Director in the

Bank for upwards of ten years. He was once a Director in the St. Andrews & Quebec Railway, but those who know all the facts connected with that stewardship will agree with us that he will not be likely to wish to renew that responsibility. He has been fourteen years President of the St. Croix Agricultural Society, an in 1861, on the death of Dr. Robb, he was elected Secretary to Provincial Board of Agriculture, an office which he has held from that time to the present. Mr. Stevens has taken a deep interest in agriculture and has done much to improve agricultural matters in the Province. He has from time to time rendered material service to the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of New Brunswick, and the congregation here has reason to remember his services with special gratitude.

Prior to 1854, Mr. Stevens had not mixed much in politics. In that year he was a candidate for legislative honors for the first time, on which occasion he ran an independent ticket, but was not elected. He offered again in 1856 with a like result. At the general election of 1861 he was elected in company with Messrs. Gilmer, Grimmer and Boyd, and remained a member of the House until March 1865 when he suffered defeat along with the rest of the Confederate ticket. In 1866 he was again elected, and is now a prominent member of the legislature. He is very attentive to his legislative for his country as well as for the Province. He possesses oratorical abilities of a high order. As a speaker he is fluent and effective, as a debater ready, logical and convincing, as a legislator earnest and deliberate. He will not sanction a wrong principle for the sake of party, but treats every question upon its own merits. He has a very keen sense of the ludicrous and not unfrequently convulses the House in laughter with the drollery which he employs to show up a bad measure or to silence an opponent. His speech against Reuben Silles' Tiger Cat bill is a case in point. It quite disconcerted poor Reuben and left his constituents to fight those ferocious animals on their own account. His manner would strike a stranger as being too reserved for a successful politician, and we know that some cases the reserved is mistaken for later, which it is not. He sometimes loses votes by a misapprehension on this point. The *vox populi* delights in the man who is everybody's particular, confidential friend, and follow. Mr. Stevens will not descend to this, and hence he is not a good canvasser. He always polls a good vote, which is solely owing to a recognition of his ability and worth.

TELEGRAPHIC.

VIENNA, March 13.
Despatches have been received here which state that the Viceroy of Egypt withhold the tribute which the Sublime Porte of Turkey levied on the people of that country to meet the expense of crushing the insurrection in Candia.

LONDON, March 12.
The Anglo American Telegraph Company and the original Atlantic Company held a meeting in this city yesterday, to consider the proposed reduction of tolls upon business transmitted over the Cable. Quite unexpectedly to the general public the motion for a reduction failed, in consequence of the refusal of the Atlantic Company to assent thereto.

VIENNA, March 13.
The Banks at Amsterdam and Berlin have reduced the rate of discount to 3 per cent. (Consols 9 1/2; 5-20's 7 1/2; Gold (N. Y.) 13 1/2.)

LONDON, March 13—Evening.
Despatches from Dublin dated this evening state that Ireland is quiet. No new Fenian demonstrations are reported.

There has been a great fall of snow in Ireland.

A number of Fenians have been arrested in Limerick, and the prisoners while on their way to the police barracks were cheered by the people.

Placards emanating from the "I. R. B." have been posted in the streets of Clonmel and borough towns in both Waterford and Tipperary Counties; forbidding the people paying their rents.

VIENNA, March 23.
The Emperor Francis Joseph has given orders for strengthening the Austrian posts on the Servian frontier.

Berlin, March 13.
Herr Munchausen the premier of the Government of Hanover under the late King has challenged Count Von Bismarck for words uttered in debate in the German Parliament. Consols 9 1/2; 5-20's 7 1/2; Gold 13 1/2.

New York, March 14.
Gold 13 1/2.

SECTARIANISM.—Little, narrow prejudices that make you hate your neighbour, because he has eggs roasted when you have yours boiled.—[Butler.]

Professor Agassiz is investigating the Brooklyn female phenomenon. We mean the particular phenomena of the one who has lived nine months without nourishment. They are all phenomena for that matter.

THE CLERK'S BABY.—We once had a clerk who got married. Now there is nothing funny in that. His wife had a baby—and that is where the funny part comes in. He was in the office yesterday, and wished us to publish for the benefit of mourners and inquiring friends, the following biography. Says he: "We have so many kind friends asking about that baby, that we have thought it necessary to biograph the chap briefly, and so somewhat after the current style of the day."

It's a boy.
He's a "bunter."
Weights nine pounds and a quarter, and wife tells us he will grow heavier as his weight increases.
He's the first baby which we have ever been proprietor, and of course is the only baby in town.
The nurse says he is the very image of his father.
"A copy of his faithful sire,
In form and gesture."
But in justice to the youth we must say we think him an improvement on the original—a world of progress you know.
This young America is as old as could be expected, considering the time he was born, and will doubtless be too old for his father in a few years, if he has good luck.
He is quite reticent on politics, and only wants to be let alone.
We think he favors Mrs. Winslow's policy.
We haven't named him yet. We want to give him a distinguished cognomen, but the fame of our great men is at present so precarious that we don't like the risk.
It is perhaps unnecessary to say, as all biographers do of distinguished personages, that "the subject of this sketch" was born at a very early age, "of poor but respectable parents."

FORGOT TO LOOK UP.

I have somewhere seen the story of a man who went one evening to steal corn from his neighbours field. He took his little boy with him to sit on the fence and keep a look-out, so as to give warning in case any one should come along. The man jumped over the fence with a large bag on his arm and before commencing to take corn he looked all around first one way and then the other, and not seeing any person he was just about to fill his bag. Then the little fellow, his son—a good little fellow he was, too—cried out:
"Father, there is one way you haven't looked yet!"

The father was startled, and supposed that some one was coming. He asked his son which way he meant.

"Why," said the little boy, "you forgot to look up."

The father was conscience stricken; he came back over the fence, took his little son by the hand, and hurried quietly home without the corn which he had designed to take. The little boy had reminded him that the eyes of God were upon him.

"The eyes of the Lord are in every place beholding the evil and the good."

The right kind of a Boy.

"Take a drink, bub."
"No, I thank you."
"Yes, yes, take some beer. It will do you good."
"Oh, I can't," said George; "I belong to the Band of Hope!"

The men looked at each other, but no one tried any more to get him to drink.

His man had sent him to the store to look for his papa, and that was the way he came to be there. While he waited for his pa, one of the men spoke up, "Well, I say, boy, if you won't drink, there is a cent to buy some nuts."

"Thank you, sir, for the cent, but I do not spend my cents for nuts, I—I put them in the bank."

When he was gone, the men looked at each other, and one said, "I say, Jack, I think it would be as well for us to leave off beer, and put our cents in the bank, and so they all thought and agreed to do it."

A young physician who had graduated at one of our medical colleges, was asked why he had not gone to see his father, who had just died. The father lived in Indiana, the son in Ohio. He replied, that the intense torridity of the circumambient atmosphere, and its condensation so diluted with the placid aqueous fluid of the enormous Ohio river, that with the most superlative reluctance he had to procrastinate a premeditated egress into the palatine province until the morbid excitement of the peritumour had extinguished the vital spark of his kinsman.

A PUZZLE.—A gentleman is circulating a card offering a premium of twenty-five dollars for the solution of the following question:
"If two men not being relatives should each marry the daughter of the other, in what relationship will the offspring of said two marriages stand to each other?"
—A speedy institution—the Agricultural Bureau.

Chief Engineer Back was here last week for the purpose of surveying a route making estimates of the cost of building the Houlton Branch Railroad. He was accompanied by Mr. N. Smart, one of the contractors of the St. Stephens road, who will build our road if satisfactory arrangements can be made after the company is organized. (Caledonian Advertiser speaks of Mr. Smart as a gentleman of great energy and perseverance as is proven by the expeditious manner in which he accomplished the building of the St. Stephens Branch, and if he should get the contract for the Houlton Branch, it will not long ere the good people will be greeted with the sound of the steam whistle reverberating through the forest.—[Aroostook Times.]

"There's 'em!"—We often hear of remarkable cases of absence of mind. Here is one equal to anything we have seen lately. The man was doubtless a very interesting head of the family:
"I say, Cap'n, a little keen eyed man as he lured from the steamboat Potomac, at Natchez."
"I say, Cap'n, this here ain't all."
"That's all the baggage you brought on board, sir," replied the Captain.
"Well, see now, I grant it all O.K. according to list—four boxes, three chests, two bunnies, a portmanteau, two hammocks—part cast—three ropes of mynors, and a tea-kettle; but you see, Cap'n, I'm rather drowsy, I feel there's something short. Though I've counted 'em nine times, and never took my eyes off 'em while on board, there's something not right somehow."
"Well stranger, time is up; there is all I know of; so bring your wife and five children out of the cabin, and we are off."
"Them's 'em, darn it; them's 'em! I know'd I'd forgot something."

A Corfu telegram of Feb. 24 states, on Greek authority, that 8900 Turks were defeated on the 13th and 14th of February, in the western portion of Crete, losing two girls and many prisoners. The Turks were also beaten on the 11th and 12th in another part of the island. Fresh massacres are reported by the Turks. The Cretons who have been elected delegates to Constantinople refuse to go, and the Cretan Assembly persists in its demand for annexation to Greece.

A Connecticut hunter fired both barrels of his gun at a rabbit, and didn't hit him; after which he took his tobacco box from his pocket and threw it at the animal, killing him instantly—which proves that the present stock of chewing tobacco is more dense than powder and ball.

The City Banks to day threw out the paper of the Westmorland Bank. The friends of the latter say that it is in a good position as ever it was, and quite able to meet all its engagements.—[Globe.]

Nelson Cannon, a brakeman on the E. and N. A. Railway, was shot yesterday in the hip train by a man who had been refused admittance to a first class car on a second class ticket. Cannon is not seriously wounded. The man was arrested and taken on to She-diac.—[Id.]

PROBATE COURT.

County of Charlotte.
In the matter of the Estate of ALEXANDER GRANT late of the Parish of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, deceased.

WHEREAS George D. Street and Charles W. Wardlaw, Esquires, Executors of the last Will and Testament of the said Alexander Grant deceased, have this day filed their Account with the said Estate, and have prayed that the Creditors and next of Kin of the deceased, and all persons interested in the said Estate, may appear and attend the passing and allowance of the said account.

Notice thereof is therefore hereby given, to all the Creditors and next of Kin of the said deceased, and to all persons interested in the said Estate, and they are hereby cited to appear before me at a Court of Probate, to be held at the Office of the Registrar of Probate, in Saint Andrews, in the said County of Charlotte, on Wednesday the seventeenth day of April next, at the hour of Eleven in the Forenoon, to attend the passing and allowance of the Account of the said Administrators.

GIVEN under my hand and the Seal of the said Court, this thirteenth day of March, A. D. 1867.
B. H. STEVENSON, J. W. CHANDLER, Registrar of Probate, Judge of Probate, for the County of Charlotte. pro hoc vice

FOR SALE.

THE Corporation of ST. PAUL'S CHURCH Grand Manan, offer for sale at Public Auction, at the Church Gate, on Wednesday, the 15th day of May next, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon, and 3 o'clock P. M.

Half an Acre of Land more or less, situated in Grand Harbour on the West side of the Church near the Public Landing, and being a part of the Glebe Land granted said Corporation.

Terms and further particulars at sale apply to
GEO. T. CARR, Receiver
COCHRAN CRAIG, Clerk
PHILIP NEWTON, Auctioneer
Grand Manan, Feb. 1, 1867.—[Id.]

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Best copy available

TELEGRAPHIC.

OTTAWA, C. W. March 15. Rumors are in circulation of Fenian movements in the neighborhood of St. Albans, Vt.

It is said that the Government is in possession of important information on the subject, and that the Hon. Mr. Blair, the only Cabinet Minister here, intends to leave for Montreal immediately.

Montreal, C. E. March 15. 125 regulars under command of Captain Bolton with a full supply of ammunition left this morning for Champlain. A strong force of the Royal Artillery with 8 field pieces will be sent on frontier duty to day.

Frequent conferences took place yesterday between the regular authorities and staff of the militia department.

Toronto, C. W. March 15. There will be some movement of the forces here to day, the particulars of which are withheld.

Gold 134 1/2. Dublin, March 14th. The Fenian Head Centres in M. Barnes and Ren, have been arrested in B. Dist.

St. Petersburg, March 14. The posts in the Baltic are closed up by ice.

London, March 14. It is stated that the European powers have failed to agree on the Eastern question.

Russia demands additional concessions for the Christian subjects of the Sultan.

Despatches from Constantinople state that the Turkish Government is determined to continue to send fresh battalions of troops to that land, under the command of Hasim Pasha.

Liverpool, March 12. The American Chamber of Commerce in this city gave a grand banquet to night in honor of the heroes of the Atlantic Cable, at which gold medals were presented to Cyrus W. Field, Captain Anderson, Mr. Canning and Mr. Willoughby Smith. The entertainment was a splendid affair.

Consols 91. Five Twenties 74 1/2. New York, March 14. Gold 134 1/2.

London, March 16. The Serbian question has been settled. Lord Lytton, Ambassador of Great Britain at Constantinople, writes that Turkey will hasten reforms in favor of the Christians in Candia and elsewhere in her dominions.

London, March 15. Large bodies of troops have been sent to Liverpool to preserve the peace; a rising of the Irish in that city being apprehended.

Large numbers of Fenians have been captured in many parts of Ireland, and many have been committed for high treason.

Dublin, March 17. The fears that the Fenians would attempt another rising to-day, have not been realized. Despatches from the country is quiet.

Frequent arrests are made by the police in the disaffected districts.

Liverpool, March 17. No disturbance was created here by Fenians to day, as was anticipated, and the city is entirely tranquil.

We notice by the London Globe, that a Drawing Room, was held by Her Majesty the Queen, on the 27th ult. The Court Circular says—

At half past 12 o'clock the Earl of Carnarvon (Secretary of State for the Colonies) arrived, and had an audience of Her Majesty.

The Queen, accompanied by her Royal Highness Princess Louise, entered the Drawing Room when the following gentlemen (delegates from the British North American Provinces) were severally introduced to Her Majesty by the Earl of Carnarvon, and kissed hands:—Hon. John A. Macdonald (Canada), the Hon. E. Cartier (Canada), the Hon. Charles Tupper (Nova Scotia), the Hon. Samuel L. Tilley (New Brunswick), and the Hon. Alexander P. Gait (Canada).

PARLIAMENTARY AID TO ART SCOTLAND.—We learn that a vote will be entered in the forthcoming estimates for the purchase of works of art for the National Gallery of Scotland. The amount will, we believe, be £1,000 but it will only be paid conditionally on a similar sum being raised by subscription or otherwise for the same object. It is the purpose of the Government to propose a similar vote every second year, the £1,000 to be given in the alternate years to the National Gallery of Ireland, and to be payable on similar conditions of an equal sum being raised in Ireland. We believe also that a sum will be proposed to be voted for the necessary expense of making the experimental garden available as a portion of the Botanic Garden, and the maintaining that most useful institution in full efficiency. The purchase of the experimental garden was effected some years ago, but from a deficiency of funds has hitherto been left in a comparatively useless condition. A vote of \$500, also, will, we believe, be proposed for enabling the Society of Antiquities to purchase the valuable collection of antiquities by Mr. Bell, with a view to its being added to the National Museum of Antiquities in the Institution buildings.—[Edinburgh Courant.

THE LATE REV. A. R. BONAR.—The mortal remains of the Rev. A. R. Bonar, whose sudden death on Monday, at the residence of his brother-in-law, in Seton Place, Grange, was recorded in Tuesday's paper, were interred in the Canongate Churchyard yesterday afternoon. The funeral was very largely attended. The service was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Macfie. Funeral sermons will be preached in the Canongate Church on Sunday, both morning and afternoon.—[Scotsman.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY, &c.—By a return just issued, it appears that the receipts of naval prize, bounty, salvage, and other moneys, between the 1st April, 1865, and the 31st March 1866, amounted to £74,129 6s 11d, and that the expenditure, or sums paid out &c. during that period was £37,442 6s 11d, leaving a balance in unclaimed prize money of £36,687.

The Standard.

ANDREWS, MARCH 20, 1867.

As Confederation is now an accomplished fact, and any further opposition to it will be both equally useless and unwise—it becomes the duty of all her Majesty's loyal subjects throughout British North America, to accommodate themselves to the new order of things, and burying the hatchet, unite to promote the best interests of our common country.

The Delegates to whom were entrusted the important task of consummating the long-talked of Union, will soon be amongst us, receiving the congratulations of their countrymen on the success of their mission. But while the "new nation" has commenced its career under the most auspicious circumstances, and has received the best wishes of the Queen, Parliament and Press of the Mother-country; we must ever remember that our future destiny will largely depend upon ourselves. If ever we needed "the right men in the right places," both in the Local and General Parliament, it is now. Much, very much, will depend upon the character of the men that we choose to represent us, especially at Ottawa; and it is the men we send to the House of Commons as honorably to our credit, and advocate our interests, as the Delegates from the Lower Provinces have done in London, we need never be ashamed of or displeased with them.

Whether or not our present House of Assembly will be dissolved immediately, we cannot tell. But however it may be dissolved, we have the country put to the trouble and expense of another General Election, we cannot see how it can be avoided. In all probability our Lieut. Governor will be one of our Colonial Statesmen, thus removing one prominent man from the political arena; twelve of our Legislative Councillors will go to the Senate, leaving their places to be filled by members of the Assembly who may be weary of electing, and serving their country in the upper branch. Tilley, Fisher, Gray, Connell, McLaughlin and others in the Legislature, will doubtless seek seats in the General Parliament, thereby vacating their present positions. It is very evident therefore, that both branches of our local Legislature will be thoroughly reconstructed, and such being the case, we submit the question for the consideration of the "powers that be," whether or not it would be "better to go again to the Polls, and enter upon the new era with men elected with special reference to the changed state of affairs.

One thing however is now certain—fifteen men must be chosen almost immediately for the House of Commons, and one of these must go from Charlotte County. Of the loyalty, intelligence, and progressive spirit of her people, of her extended seaboard, unsurpassed internal water power, and vast undeveloped resources of forest, river, field and mine, we cannot now speak particularly; suffice it to say, that she will compare favorably with any other County in the Province. Her importance has been practically recognized by various Administrations, as she has usually been represented in the Councils of the country.—

In view then of her past and present political status, it becomes us to act promptly but prudently in the choice of a Representative, at the present crisis. The man aspiring to the honor of representing us in the Confederated Parliament, ought to be a superior person—a man of irreproachable morals, of good social standing, of general intelligence, and large political experience. He should be one who will not be eclipsed by the splendid array of talent in the Ottawa halls of Legislation—one who will feel inferior to none—one whom we may proudly speak of as "our Representative," whose manners, language, and general deportment, will command respect. But as a St. Andrews journalist, we must have one who will take some interest in our well being; who will call attention to our noble, ever open harbor; that this is by many miles, the nearest winter port to the interior; and that by whatever route the Intercolonial is built, will advocate the necessity of connecting the present St. Andrews Line with it.

Now is the time to let our voice be heard; there never has been, before, and there never may be again, such a time; therefore we should not, must not, entrust our interests in the hands of any medium man. The old war cries of Liberal and Tory, Confederate and Anti, are no longer heard. Let us then raise above party, sect, and every other

ism, select a suitable person, and return him by a show of hands on Nomination day.—But have we such a man? We think so.—Without intending anything derogatory to any of the many prominent men of Charlotte, we would unhesitatingly avow our conviction, that JAMES G. STEVENS, Esq., M. P. P., would be "the right man in the right place." And if he will only permit himself to be put in nomination, our knowledge of public opinion, leads us to conclude, that he will be the people's choice.

We have much pleasure in transferring to our columns an interesting sketch of Mr. Stevens from the "St. Croix Courier," entitled "Personal Sketches &c.," which may be seen on our first page to-day.

We are not advised whether the Hon. Mr. McAdam entertains any desire to go to Ottawa; but we feel assured that his experience would be beneficial in the existing state of affairs, by his retaining his seat in the Executive of this Province. The hon. gentleman's popularity is undoubted.

The meeting of Ratepayers of this District held on Monday last, attracted by a large majority the principle of taxation in support of Schools. We hail this as an indication of the growing intelligence of a people, assenting as they have done to voluntary taxation, more particularly for educational purposes. One of the principal objections to taxation arises if it is generally admitted from the fact, that no people in America are less taxed, than the inhabitants of New Brunswick—and it is equally true that no country ever became prosperous without adopting the principle of taxation for the advancement of its material interests. It is as well to prepare ourselves for the enlightened policy, as under the new order of things, we cannot afford to remain stationary while those around us are progressing. Through the politeness of the Secretary, we are enabled to give the proceedings of the meeting, which are as follows:—

ST. ANDREWS, 18th March, 1867.

Which day a meeting of No. 1 District, Parish of St. Andrews, was held in the Parish School in accordance with public notice previously given for the purpose of assessing the Ratepayers in said District to provide a sufficient commodious School House for said District. In the absence of A. W. Smith, Esq., Secy. Trustee of Schools for the Parish, Alexander T. Paul, High Sheriff of the County of Charlotte was called to the chair. The meeting having been called to order, the minutes of previous meeting were read and approved of. From want of sufficient room to accommodate the Ratepayers, it was agreed to adjourn to the Town Hall. After re-assembling there, the Rev. J. Home was requested to act as Secretary. The Chairman opened the proceedings by reading the 14th and 16th Sections of the School Law. Mr. Hatheway, as Chairman of the School Committee, submitted a report by the Committee, containing estimates of cost of a new building for school purpose, \$1900—also estimates of cost of removing Wesleyan Church with additions, repairs and site, \$750, which report was received and ordered to lie on the table. The following resolutions were then brought forward:—

1st. It was moved by J. H. Whitlock, Esq., and seconded by B. R. Stevenson, Esq., "That School District No. 1, be assessed for School Purposes."

Upon taking the vote, viva voce, by Yeas and Nays, it stood thus—Yeas 71, Nays 52, whereupon the Chairman declared the resolution carried, and the question of assessment decided in the affirmative.

2d. It was moved by J. R. Bradford, Esq., seconded by W. Whitlock, Esq., and unanimously adopted—"That \$100 be assessed on School District No. 1, for the purpose of purchasing land and providing suitable buildings and accommodation thereon for a Parish School."

3d. It was moved by B. R. Stevenson, Esq., seconded by Mr. T. Alzar, and unanimously adopted—"That the Chairman of the meeting be requested to issue the precept forthwith to the Assessors of rates."

A cordial vote of thanks having been given to the learned Sheriff for his able conduct in the chair, the meeting separated—all parties highly pleased with the proceedings.

ALEX. T. PAUL, Chairman. JOHN HOME, Acting Secy.

The Government have ordered the Treasurer to levy export duty upon all lumber shipped from St. John, they claim that with the expiration of the Reciprocity Treaty, the privileges enjoyed by manufacturers of American lumber intended for shipment to the United States, expired. It is almost certain that a measure will be introduced in the Legislature next Session to repeal the act for the shipment of lumber free of export duty from any port in the Province; this will place all on the same footing.

As it is probable the Elections for members to the House of Commons at Ottawa will take place very soon, would it not be advisable that localities throughout the County should be preparing to give their voice in the choice of a member, by holding caucuses meetings; intending candidates would then pause before offering themselves, and study their interest, by

being guided by the general expression of public opinion.—It would be of the utmost benefit that the same person should hold seats in our Assembly and the House of Commons for the present, as it is not likely that the meetings of both Parliaments will not be held at the same time; and the member should at least understand French, even if he could not speak the language fluently. Many of the members from Quebec Division, address their House and Courts in French.

The Exhibition given by the pupils of Miss Magee's School, was well attended. To say that it was a decided success does not express the idea, it gave unbounded satisfaction—several of the pieces were encased. The Hall was filled to overflowing, and the Children who were prettily dressed looked really beautiful, and performed their parts musical and recitative, with much taste and skill. At the close, the Rev. J. Home, in appropriate and eloquent language, proposed a vote of thanks which was unanimously passed to Miss Magee and the pupils. Want of space, forbids our giving an extended notice this week. By particular request, the Performance will be repeated this Evening.

The following is the Programme of the Exhibition:—

PART I.

1—Introduction. Doors open Wide.

2—Gipsy Fortune Teller. Dialogue 2 girls.

3—Never forget the Dear Ones. " 12 "

4—Virtues and Graces. " 12 "

5—The Merry Speller. Dialogue 2 girls.

6—Mrs. Puff. " 3 girls.

7—Temperance Rallying Song. Solo & chorus.

8—The Model School. Dialogue 13 girls.

9—What does little Willie say. Solo.

10—How the Merry words blow. Solo & chorus.

11—Cramming in feelings. Dialogue 3 girls.

12—Nelly lost and found. " 2 girls.

13—City sights through country eyes. " 2 girls.

14—The vacant Chair. " 1 girl.

15—Goodbye. " 1 girl.

Public.—GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Mr. James Payne, of Lincoln, was seriously injured on Saturday afternoon, while in the act of adjusting the head stall of a horse he was driving. The animal suddenly started throwing Mr. Payne to the ground, and in passing over him trod upon his head, two of the calks of one of the shoes penetrated into the base, just over the eye. At last accounts he was doing well.—[Farmer.

EXPLOSION.—A telegram from Salisbury to the Advocate says:—"The steam boiler connected with Chickler & Dunlop's mill, at the place for storing sleepers exploded at 12 1/2 p. m. to day destroying the whole structure. Main part of boiler of two tons weight was thrown from 60 to 80 rods. Fortunately the men were at dinner and no one was hurt."

New York, March 18. Emigration to America from Cork for the past few days has been extremely large—many of the emigrants have been recognized as being connected with the recent Fenian uprising near Killarney.

It is supposed that the unusual exodus is caused in part by the anticipated blood-bath in Ireland.

Paris, March 16. The Montreal to-day, in an official article says Marshal Bazaine and the host of French troops left Mexico on the 10th March.

London, March 18. One of the ironclad ships of the fleet at Woolwich has been sent to Liverpool.

Despatches from Constantinople report that the Sublime Porte shows a disposition to grant the demands of the Viceroy of Egypt.

It is asserted that France, Austria, and Russia have made a joint proposition to the Turkish government for the cession of Candia to Greece.

Consols 91. 5-20 74 1/2. New York, March 19. Gold 134.

By Particular Request, THE EXHIBITION, Given by the Pupils of Miss Magee's School, will be repeated

This Evening, 20th March, IN THE TOWN HALL.

Doors open at 7.—Performance to commence at 8. Admission—20 cents, children under 12 half-price.—Tickets for sale at J. R. Bradfords, A. D. Stevenson's, and at the door.

MEETING OF COURTS.

The Courts of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace, will be held at the Court House on Tuesday the 12th of April next.

At which time and place all Magistrates, Coroners, and Constables of said County and all persons required to be at these Courts are hereby publicly notified to give their attendance.

A. T. PAUL, Sheriff of Charlotte. St. Andrews, March 20, 1867.

HAY. 20 TONS best Screw Hay. J. W. STREET.

NOTICE.

It has been ordered by His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council, that on and after the first day of May next, all the Fees, Premiums, and other Revenues, (except the Commission allowed on Postage Stamps) derived at any of the Post Offices in this Province, in connection with the duties thereof, shall be collected by the officer in charge, and accounted for as belonging to the general Revenues of the Post Office, to the Head of the Department.

JOHN McMILLAN, Postmaster General. Post Office Department, Fredericton, N. B., 6th March, 1867.

PROBATE COURT. County of Charlotte. In the matter of the Estate of ALEXANDER GRANT late of the Parish of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, deceased.

WILLIAMS George D. Street and Charles W. Wardlaw, Executors, Executors of the last Will and Testament of the said Alexander Grant, deceased, have this day filed their Account with the said Estate, and have prayed that the Creditors and next of Kin of the deceased, and all persons interested in the said Estate, may appear and attend the passing and allowance of the said account.

Notice thereof is therefore hereby given to all the Creditors and next of Kin of the said deceased, and to all persons interested in the said Estate, and they are hereby cited to appear before me at a Court of Probate, to be held at the Office of the Registrar of Probates in Saint Andrews, in the said County of Charlotte, on Wednesday the seventeenth day of April next, at the hour of Eleven in the forenoon, to attend the passing and allowance of the Account of the said Administrators.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the said Court, this thirteenth day of March, A. D. 1867.

B. R. STEVENSON, J. W. GUARDLER, Registrar of Probates. Judge of Probates for the County of Charlotte. pro hac vice.

The Court of General Sessions in and for Charlotte County.

The Petition of in the County aforesaid. Humbly sheweth, That Petitioner is a Householder, residing in the Parish of in said County, and is desirous of obtaining a License to keep a TAVERN at (here specify the place and building) in said Parish. That Petitioner is a person of orderly and sober habits, and has the means of comfortably entertaining travellers, and is prepared in all respects to comply with the Laws of the Province, and the Regulations of this Honorable Court, relating to the sale of Spirituous Liquors and the keeping of Taverns.

And as in duty bound will ever pray. Dated (this) day of AD 1867. A. B.

The above petition is to be accompanied with the following recommendation signed by not less than two Freeholders, resident freeholders in the Parish aforesaid, certifying that they know the above named petitioner, that we believe the statements by him above subscribed, and recommend that the prayer of his petition be complied with.

The foregoing is the form of petition to be signed by applicants for Tavern Licenses at ensuing Sessions, which petitions are to be in Court on or before Thursday of the first week of the Court. Blank forms of petition may be had at the Office of the Clerk of the Peace.

GEO. S. GRIMMER, Clerk of Peace. St. Andrews, March 8, 1867. Courier 6 weeks.

Choice Fish. A few Bundles 50lbs each Bundle, choice Pollock Fish, for family use, are offered for sale by the subscriber, at One dollar and twenty five cents per bundle.

JOHN S. MAGEE, Albion House.

TO BE PUBLISHED IN NUMBERS. Of 96 pages each (perhaps 12 Nos, altogether).

POLITICAL NOTES and Observations; OR, A GLANCE AT THE leading Measures that have been introduced and discussed in the HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

Under the Administration of Sir W. M. G. Colebrook, Sir E. Head, Hon. J. H. T. Mansness Sullivan, and Hon. A. H. Gordon, extending over a period of twenty five years.

BY G. E. FENETY, (QUEEN'S PRINTER).

The first Number will be issued on the 1st May, and sold at the Bookstalls and Agencies at 25 cents.

By addressing the Advertiser, any time before the month of May, enclosing 25 cents in Postage stamps, the Books will be sent to any one free of postage.

The postage on all letters to the Advertiser must be prepaid, or they cannot be taken out of the Office.

Agencies will be established in different parts of the Province.

Further particulars in reference to the manner in which the work will be continued, etc., will be explained in the advertisement that will appear in the first Number.

S. H. MILLER, mar 13 41 Queen Street, Fredericton.

FISH FISH.

THE Subscriber has received on consignment, Barrels and half barrels Pickled HERRINGS, Fry COD and POLLOCK.

Also a supply of Smoked Herrings, Jan. 30. C. F. CLINGH. (Acadian 4)

New Brunswick & On and after this date draws for Richmond on Friday at 9 a. m., and Monday every Tuesday, 10 a. m.

Ret will leave Richmond for St. Stephens every Friday at 9.30 a. m., and in J. SHELBY, Water VANVOIRT, Woodstock. St. Andrews, March.

Cases 100 Cases Pale and Be Received: Feb. 5, 1867.

Dissolution of THE business here Subscribers, under MEALY is this day dissolved debts due to, and by, settled by Mr. Ch nicos the business on h

St. George, Feb 27.

NO 1 ALL Persons having Estate of ELWA Andrews, deceased, or same duly attested will those indebted to make immediate payments to

St. Andrews, Feb. 2

INC ALL parties having ty of Charlotte, publishes thereof to day of APRIL next

St. Andrews, Feb.

Western I (Limited) Capital £10000

Losses promptly by reference to England. The Subscriber has above Company, and against Fire on

Feb. 19, 1867.

FOR SALE—Ex Maria Jan 30. 00 Barrels Flour, Jan. 30.

Sewing WHAT EVERY F One of the Sewing

These celebrated the Subscriber's, wise examine and test for

Jan 16.

Havana 17 M Havana C Import

Flour, P Ex Mary ELL BLS, sup 250 B Extra 50 Bushels Corn, 10 B extra M

E. & N. WINTER

ON and after MON will run as follows Leave St. John for Leave Shediac for All Trains carry Freight for St. Sours will go by 4 Fresh must be end at other Stat

signe of departure of Railway Commission St. John, N. B.

MEDICAL ASSISTANCE. THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY



RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

THE GREAT INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL REMEDY.

FOR THE MOST EXHAUSTING PAIN IN A FEW MINUTES.

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RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

NEW FRUIT. Ex Steamer from Boston: 30 Boxes } Layers Raisins. Oct. 3. J. W. STREET.

Selling Off! Selling Off! At British House.

THE Subscribers now offer for sale their large and well assorted stock of Dry Goods. The stock consists in part of the following:-viz:- Broad Cloths, black and Colored Dressing, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Cloakings, Russel Cord, Homespuns, French DeLaines, Merinos, Tweeds, Poplins, Colours, Beathes, Alexander Cloths, Lustres, Alpaca in black and colored and figured, Fringes, white and grey Cottons, Stripes, Trankings, Cheongours, Cambrics, Seiches, Towellings, &c. Paisley, Serge and Woolen Shawls, Parasols, Umbrellas, Cases, Hoop Skirts and Shirts, Hosiery in Cotton, Wollen and Silk, Goggles, Neckties, Collars, Neck Ties, Braces, Pocket Handkerchiefs in Cotton Linen and Silk, Merinos, Woolen and Cotton Undershirts and pants, Cloth and Linnam Table Covers, Scotch and Hemp Carpets, Blankets, flannels in grey, seiche, blue and fancy checks, Cotton Wares. Also a large assortment of Ready made Clothing, Boots and Shoes. The whole to be sold without reserve as the subscribers are determined to clear their Dry Goods business in St. Andrew.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN S. MAGEE, Respectfully announces that he has now received the greater portion of his Fall and Winter stock of New Goods, - upwards of - 50 Bales, Cases and Packages - consisting of all the most desirable Goods for the present season in COTTON GOODS, Prints, Grey sheetings, White shirtings, Stuffed Shirting, Regattas, Reels, Denims Cotton Flannels, WOLLEN GOODS, in Cloth, Tweeds, Troussings, Confederate Grey, Stone-wool, Blankets, Camp Quilt, Flannels in Cotton and wool, and all wool Saxony, White, Tailed, Plain, Red, White, Blue, Yellow, Grey, Fancy Crimean Flannels, HOMESPUNS good for Boys' Men's wears, Mantle cloths in black and coloured, Serges, Dogskin, Tweeds, &c. &c. DRESS GOODS, in all the new styles, Fabrics, French Merinos, British Lustres and Colours, Fustians, Cashmere in all wool and cotton & wool, Chalmers, &c. &c. A few Superior Black Silk Dresses, Lightning Goods in all the new styles, Bugle, Tinsel Velvet, Plain Velvets, &c. MILLINERY goods of all descriptions, Skeleton Skirts, La Belle, Bon-ton, Promenade, Exquisite, and other styles. A fine assortment of Squares, Linens, and Fine Long and Square SHAWLS. READY MADE Clothing, Braces, woolen socks, Neck ties, Scarfs, and Mullers for gentlemen. Ladies and Childrens Boots, Shoes & Rubbers. With a variety of other goods so numerous that the Store would hardly contain them names. To all of which public attention is invited. Give us a call and see what we have got - All goods sold at a small advance on cost to ensure a speedy sale, and in no case can we make a second price.

REMOVAL.

JOHN BALSON, Shipbroker and Commission Agent, KENNEDY'S ARCADE, Water St.

Begs to announce that he has removed his place of business to that eligible stand, Kennedy's Arcade, fronting the Market Square, and two doors south of the "Albion House," where he respectfully solicits a share of patronage which an extensive experience, enables him to conduct.

IN Store and for sale a constant supply of Flour Provisions, Dry and Pickled Fish, salt; also the celebrated Albertine Oil, wholesale and retail, with Lamps, Chimneys, and Burners; all of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates. Also, 20 Barrels Choice Apples. Exporters of Lumber can be accommodated with wharfage to any extent, at the most central wharf in the Port, at moderate charges. Particular attention will be given to shipping business entrusted to his care. Masters of Vessels will find it to their interest to give him a call. St. Andrew, February 1st.

KEROSENE OIL.

Ex "Emma Pemberton" from Boston. 10 Casks Kerosene Oil. J. W. STREET & SON. Earthen, crockery & Glassware show Rooms. 29 Dock Street, St. John.

F. CLEMENTSON has on hand and for sale every description of the above ware direct from the manufacturers in quantities which he offers for sale wholesale and retail on the most reasonable terms. An inspection solicited. St. John, Oct. 19, 1866. F. CLEMENTSON.

WM. H. WILLIAMSON, Druggist, 30 Boxes } Layers Raisins. Oct. 3. J. W. STREET.

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Inhabitants of St. Andrew and vicinity, that he has resumed his former business of a Druggist, in the shop formerly known as Mr. Shodgrass' building, adjoining the Union store, Water Street, where he is prepared to make up Physicians prescriptions, and medicines for cattle &c. He has also for sale Drugs, Chemicals, Family and Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet articles, paints, oils, Varnish, Glass, putty, &c. Every shade of paint prepared for use. The whole will be sold low for cash. American money taken at a discount. August 24

NEW GOODS, THE SUBSCRIBER Has just Received

PER Steamers "CANADIAN" and "ARABIA" VIA BOSTON. Part of our "Spring Goods" being carefully selected from Manufacturing Houses of the "First Class" in "Great Britain." And will be disposed of at a very

The balance of our stock will arrive per steamers "Europa" and "Asia" when a full description of goods and prices will be given. Remember our "Notte" will be SMALL PROFITS TO MEET THE TIMES

Kerosine Oil. Ex Steamer from Boston. 20 Boxes Kerosine Oil. J. W. STREET. Nov. 29, 1866

Anthracite Coal. A few tons of Anthracite coal, for sale by J. W. STREET Oct. 25th, 1866.

TEA 30 Half chests Souchong, Just received and for sale by FODD, CLEWLEY & CO. St. Stephen. June, 1866.

Layer Raisins. Ex Steamer from Boston. 20 Boxes } Best Layer Raisins. 20 Half } Nov. 30, 1866. J. W. STREET.

Brandies. To arrive per "Swift" from Charente. 14 Hhds. Martell & Co's best Cognac Brandy, Pale & Coloured. [Vintage 1862 and 1863. 2 Cases do do vintage 1860.

ALBION HOUSE. Water Street, Saint Andrew, N. B. Dress Goods, in Pargess Printed Cashmeres Delaines, Challies, Alpaccas, Lama Cloths and Plain Bareges Cheap Cottons, Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, Sheetings, JOHN S. MAGEE

BRADFORD & CO, Eastport, Maine. MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN CLOTHS & READY MADE CLOTHING TAILORS TRIMMINGS. SEAMENS OUTFITS. BOYS CLOTHING, TRUNKS, VALISES &c. &c. WHOLESALE & RETAIL. CUSTOM WORK EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH. July 31, 1866.

WHITE WARPS! WARPS! From the New Brunswick Cotton Mills, prepared for the Loom—quality warranted. Also a Lot of those superior White Warps, from the ROYAL RIVER MANUFACTURING CO'S. MILLS, No. 8, 9, 10. Just received at the Albion House, and offered for sale at lowest market rates. JOHN S. MAGEE.

GREY, BLUE AND YELLOW. Just received two Bales of BLUE, GREY, SCARLET, YELLOW FLANNELS, at the Albion House, good value will be sold cheap, to make room for further importation. JOHN S. MAGEE. WHITE and UNBLEACHED COTTONS. I am now offering superior articles in White and Unbleached Cottons, at low rates. JOHN S. MAGEE, Albion House.

Molasses. 20 H HDS choice Retailing Molasses. J. W. STREET

B.R. STEVENSON Attorney at Law and Solicitor Office in Clerk of the Peace office. at Andrew, July 13, 1866.

DR. PARKER. Has removed to the Cottage in Queen street adjoining the Agency of the Commercial Bank and nearly opposite to the Sheriff's. St. Andrew, Nov. 19, 1866.

A NEW ENGLAND SETTLEMENT IN THE HAMMONTON TRACT OF LAND IN NEW JERSEY

THE HAMMONTON TRACT OF LAND IN NEW JERSEY. The Hammonton Tract of Land in New Jersey, containing about 10,000 Acres, is situated in the County of Hudson, and is one of the most fertile and productive in the State. It is bounded on the north by the Hudson River, on the east by the State of New York, on the south by the State of Pennsylvania, and on the west by the State of New Jersey. The tract is divided into several large farms, and is well adapted for the raising of grain, stock, and other agricultural products. The soil is rich and fertile, and the climate is healthy and agreeable. The tract is now offered for sale in small lots, and is a most desirable investment for any person desiring to acquire a large and fertile tract of land in the State of New Jersey. For further particulars, apply to the undersigned at his office in New York City.

JOHN S. MAGEE, is desirous of calling the attention of the Public to a large and varied stock of Goods received per steamers "United Kingdom," "Nawn" and "Napoli" consisting in part of

FRENCH MERINOS, COBURGS, BLANKETS, COTTONS, in white & unbleached, very cheap. Also the St. John Wares, Parks' make, prepared for the Loom.

COTTON FLANNELS, OSNABURGS Prints, Red, white, blue & grey twill Flannels Plain Flannels in all colors. We can confidently recommend our Flannels as good, and will sell cheap.

A large and varied stock of BOOTS and SHOES, in childrens, youths, Boys, Mens, Misses and Ladies—a warranted manufacture. Would call special attention to his white Warps which are made from the very best Southern Flax and warranted sound, well made and good prepared for the Loom.

If you want good value for your money, come to the ALBION HOUSE. JOHN S. MAGEE.

2,000 Gallons ALBERTINE OIL,

Just received from the manufactory at Faint John's and will be sold wholesale or retail at the lowest rates, by the Subscriber. Please enquire for yourselves, before purchasing elsewhere. JOHN BALSON, Kennedy's Arcade, Water St. St. Andrew, Aug. 29, 1866.

Sugar & Molasses.

Ex "Loyalist" from Barbados via St. John. 17 Hhds. do Choice Barbados Sugar. 18 Hhds. do do Molasses. J. W. STREET. June 27, 1866.

1867. Amanticks 1867.

McMILLAN'S New Brunswick Almanac and Register for 1867, can be obtained singly at ten cents, by the dozen for one dollar. J. L. HARRY & SON. A supply of the old Farmers Almanac always on hand. St. Andrew Nov. 30, 1866.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between James Moran and James A. Moran, of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, under the firm of James Moran & Son was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the said James A. Moran, who is authorized to settle all debts due to and owing by the said firm. JAMES MORAN, JAMES A. MORAN. St. George, September 16, 1865.

Rub. Rubber. Rubbers

AT THE Albion House, JOHN S. MAGEE, Has received an assortment of Childrens, Ladies, Misses, Gent's, Rubber Overshoes. Also—Ladies Rubber Balmoral Boots, a new article for the present season, which with a pair of Childrens and Ladies Boots, SKELETON SKIRTS, and the balance of stock of WINTER DRY GOODS, He will sell CHEAP for current Money American Bills taken at the usual discount.

MORE NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED and now open for sale at the very lowest prices: HATS, BONNETS, Feathers, and Ribbons. SHAWLS, MANTILLAS, AND FANCY DRESS GOODS Grey and White Cottons, Shirting, Stripes, and Regattas Pinks, siliacs, and COUSET CLOTHS Crashes; Towelling & Table Linens, Shirt-fronts, Collars, and Fancy Neck Ties, Rubbers, Boots and Shoes. Balance of Summer Stock daily expected per Steamer "Europa" and when received will be sold at a very small advance on cost.

FOR SALE.

Hosiery, Gloves, and Worked Col-Over Garments for Boys & Girls Boys Jackets, Sacks, Pants, Waists, &c. &c. Each pattern can be used with ease! J. S. MCKINNEY, June 23.

The following minister of a man reference to the Gaelic language Should Gaelic An' never For'abill be In the day When Eve The first wa Was "Cue And Adam Whenever The dish th Was alwa When Adam Cam out he'll always A quach An' when he'll turn An' on the A pony he The sneech The sneech We'll tuk An' pas' When man The wind He twist The twirl An' music An' music When the bray he The bray he We'll tuk For the d An' B

It is very et dience. Some comfortable or thinking of not just as it happe the cut-stup, moment. Oth consultation, sh and mouni cigar, which can from the deplia pers, and stud contents, to the ident class who the unsatisfac fidgety thumbs, they are never to pull off, to s age, and pleas last finishing pr granted to the able hair sofa? net which rang of an inexorabl it herself? "Do milliner?" "Do Does she curl or, "Only imita tive-queries, male mind, whi pecially when in eye-range fo

A DEPART m-scan of m is, met with a last Decembe country hous chant residing heated concert pleasure grou air. Feeling t which he happ led it with frighful screa penny to the sp his hair on a and tail of a m from his gopin bite is more ve had taken shel porcelain beak vice to his lips his open thro