

The Granite Town Greetings

VOL. 5

St. George, N. B., Wednesday January 19th, 1910.

No. 79

WHERE WILL I GO FOR CHRISTMAS GOODS? TO J. SUTTON CLARK'S OF COURSE

There you will find sensible and useful Christmas Gifts for any member of the family from Grandpa down to baby. The Largest and Finest Assortment of H'dk's, Plain and Fancy Aprons, belt and belt buckles, Stylish neckwear in fancy bows, Pillow Tops and cords, linen towels, tray cloths, Kid Gloves, Purses, Hand Bags, Broches, Handsome china goods, Felt goods, BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS

J. SUTTON CLARK,

St. George, N. B.

Best Wishes For A Happy New Year To All

50 or 60 pairs Odds and Ends Men's Overshoes to clear at \$1.00 and \$1.25

Did you see our Sheep skin socks we sell. You better get a pair and keep your feet warm and comfortable.

At D. BASSENS

GREAT BARGAIN SALE OF JEWELRY

January 10th to February 12th

20 per cent. Discount on all Goods now in stock, consisting of watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware, stationery, novelties, etc.

A good, clean, well kept stock to select from, do not miss this rare opportunity to save money

J. W. WEBSTER Jeweller, Etc. Young Block, St. George, N. B.

The St. Stephen Business College

SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND

All modern methods taught, Business men supplied with office help. Free catalog. M. T. CRABBE, Prin., St. Stephen, N. B.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Introduces the Naval Bill

Ottawa, January, 12.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier said it was under stood when the house adjourned for the Christmas recess that upon resuming of the sittings the minister of marine and fisheries would introduce the naval bill, which was foreshadowed in the speech from the throne, and explain the policy of the government in regard to it.

Unfortunately the minister of marine and fisheries is today in such a condition of health that he cannot be present. But, with a view of not disappointing the house and of expediting the business, my honorable friend has asked me to introduce the measure for him to-day. He hopes and still more I hope that when the bill is brought up for the second reading early next week he will be able to be in his place to move the second reading, and to then go fully into the whole question and all the details of policy and administration connected with it.

My object, therefore, today will be simply to introduce the bill and give the house its salient features, reserving for the second reading the more general discussion of the measure.

The bill is entitled an act representing the naval service of Canada. It provides for the creation of a naval force to be composed of a permanent corps, of a reserve force, and of a volunteer force, on the same pattern absolutely as the present organization of the militia force.

The bill follows the militia act in many respects, and does not materially depart from it except in one feature which I shall mention presently.

Under the militia act it is provided that the whole male population of Canada from the age of eighteen to the age of sixty, is liable to military service. Should an emergency arise the whole male population within these ages may be called upon for service. Some discretion is vested in the government under the law. The first class is composed of men from eighteen to thirty; the second class from thirty to forty-five; and the last class of men from forty-five to sixty years of age; and should the volunteer in its different classes be not sufficient there may be an enrollment and balloting under the law.

No Compulsory Service. Nothing of that kind is to take place under the present bill. No man in this country under the naval service act, or any other, will be liable to military service on the sea. In this matter the present bill departs altogether from the militia act. Every man who will be enrolled for naval service in Canada will be enrolled by voluntary engagement. There is no compulsion of any kind, no conscription, no balloting.

Director of Naval Service. The bill provides that the naval force shall be under the control of the department of marine and fisheries. It further provides that there shall be a director of naval service who must be of the rank of rear admiral, or at least of captain. The department shall be assisted by a naval board who will advise the department. The terms of engagement will be determined by the governor-in-council. Commissioners in the naval militia will issue in the name of his majesty.

These are the general features so far as the organization of the force is concerned. Coming now to the service which will be required from the force, "active service," as defined by the act, means service or duty during an emergency and "emergency" means war, invasion or insurrection, real or apprehended.

The act provides also that at any time when the governor-in-council deems it advisable in case of invasion, war, or insurrection, the force may be called into active service.

In Case of War. There is also an important provision

that while the naval force is to be under the control of the Canadian government and more directly under the control and administration of the department of marine and fisheries, yet in case of emergency the governor-in-council may place at the disposal of his majesty for general service in the royal navy the naval service or any part thereof, and any ships or vessels of the naval service and any officers or men of the naval service.

There is a subsequent provision that if such action is taken by the governor-in-council at a time when parliament is not sitting, parliament shall immediately be called. This provision is taken from the militia act.

Provision is made for pensions to the officers of the naval service, these provisions being closely akin to those actually taken from the militia act now in force.

Another important provision of the bill is that it provides for the establishment of a naval college on the pattern of the military college now in existence at Kingston. It also declares that the naval discipline shall be in form of the king's regulations.

These are the leading features of the bill. Of course, the matter can be very largely elaborated, but I do not think that any elaboration could make it more intelligible than what I have now said.

In resume, it provides for the creation of a naval force. In this there are to be three classes, as in the militia—the permanent force, the reserve, and the volunteer force.

The naval service may be placed at the disposal of his majesty in case of war. Mr. Foster asked for the clause that defined emergency.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—It is the clause taken from the militia act which reads: "Emergency means war, invasion or insurrection, real or apprehended." As I have already stated in case of emergency the governor-in-council may exercise the power of calling out the naval force to be placed at the disposal of his majesty the only restriction being that parliament is to be immediately summoned.

Dr. Spruille—Is the "war" referred to war in any part of the empire or in Canada only?

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—War everywhere, when Britain is at war, Canada is at war. There is no distinction. If Great Britain to which we are subject, is at war with any nation, Canada becomes liable to invasion and so Canada is at war.

The question may be asked, what is to be the number of the permanent force? Under the militia act the number of the permanent force is limited to 5,000 men. There is no number specified in this bill, for the very obvious reason this number of men cannot exceed the number required to man the ships we may have.

Armament at Start. I come now to the question of what armament it is contemplated to have at this juncture. If the members will look at the correspondence and notes of the conference which took place in London they will see that at that conference the idea was entertained that it would not be advisable for Canada to have a fleet unit in the Pacific ocean. As regards Canada it was considered that her double sea board rendered the provision of a fleet unit of the same kind unsuitable for the present. It was proposed according to the amount of money that might be available that Canada should make a start with cruisers of the Bristol class and destroyers of the improved river class, a part to be stationed on the Atlantic seaboard and a part on the Pacific.

In accordance with an arrangement already made the Canadian government would undertake the maintenance of the dock yards at Halifax and Esquimaux, and it was a part of the arrangement proposed with the Australian representative that the Commonwealth government should eventually undertake the maintenance of the dock yards at Sydney.

The representatives of the Canadian

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Capital, \$3,000,000. Reserve Fund, \$5,500,000.

HEAD OFFICE, HALIFAX. GENERAL MANAGER'S OFFICE, TORONTO.

Table with columns for Profit and Loss, showing items like By Balance, Provision for loss, Net profits, etc.

GENERAL STATEMENT AS AT DECEMBER 31st, 1909.

Table with columns for LIABILITIES and ASSETS, showing various financial items and their values.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

We hereby certify that we have personally checked the cash on hand at Halifax, Toronto and Montreal. We have also audited the books and documents, and the accounts of the branches of the Bank, and the accounts of the Bank in the Dominion of Wales, and the accounts of the Bank in the Dominion of Wales, and the accounts of the Bank in the Dominion of Wales.

Marine Losses

government, at the conference, took the ground that it would not be advisable for Canada to have her fleet on the Pacific Ocean. Evidently, as I understand the contents of the British government were anxious to have a strong force on the Pacific. caused a reduction in the effective fleet to be created in the beginning. Two cantile marine of the world amounting plans were proposed and discussed, one to 800 vessels of 809,232 tons, excluding the expenditure of \$2,000,000 all vessels of less than 100 tons. Of 1 year, and the other involving an expenditure of \$3,000,000. The first one would have consisted of seven ships the steamers and 4 second one would have consisted of sailing vessels seven ships namely, four Bristol class large, Boadicea and six destroyers. We have also shown determined to accept the second proposition, that is to say, the larger one of and 1902 p eleven ships. That is the force which we intend to create and to start with. There are other considerations the discussion of which I may reserve for a this future occasion at present I am only out-lining our policy. I think that everybody will agree that it would be very inadvisable that the whole of the force should be located the Pacific, and our representatives thought we should have a force between the two oceans, part Atlantic and partly on



# MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

## THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

### What Dreams Mean

Men.—If a girl dreams of men who are unknown to her, it is a sign that she will have many admirers, and that she will eventually marry a foreigner.

Miner.—To dream that you see a mine foretells some unexpected visit. If the miners are at work, the dream denotes adversity.

Oppal.—To dream of this precious stone denotes great luck.

Owl.—To dream of an owl foretells your marriage to a very clever man. You will be very fortunate in your marriage, for it will bring you great wealth, power and position.

River.—To dream of a river denotes long life.

Rising.—To dream that you are rising washed linen is a sign that you are about to change your situation.

Ramble.—To dream that you are rambling in green fields denotes success and happiness in your love affairs.

### G. T. P. Steamers are as Good as Any

London, Jan. 10.—News of the ceremony of launching the first ocean steamer of the Grand Trunk Pacific fleet, and description of that splendid ship "Prince Rupert," has just reached Canada.

According to British publications: "The naming ceremony was performed by Mrs. Richard L. Newman, of Victoria, B. C. Many distinguished persons were present including Sir Charles Rovert-Wilson, G. C. M. G., G. B., the Lord Mayor of Newcastle and his lady, the Sheriff of Newcastle, also the Mayors of Walsand and Jarrow."

The published account says: "The steamship 'Prince Rupert' has been most carefully designed by Messrs Swan, Hunter and Gigham, Richardson, Ltd. There will be two pole masts and three funnels, the centre funnel bearing the flag device of the company. The round-cruiser stern has been adopted in order to obtain the best lines to give speed.

The ship is being built to the highest class under the British Corporation survey and will also comply with the Board of Trade regulations for passenger steamers.

The Prince Rupert is 320 feet long, 2 inches wide, with a depth of 18 feet to the main deck. The gross tonnage of the vessel is 2,850 tons. The engines and boilers with Howden's forced draught are being constructed by the Wallsend Shipway and Engineering Co., Limited. There are two sets of triple expansion engines balanced on the Yarrow, Schick and Tweedie system. This system is used not only in modern passenger ships, but for war vessels of all classes as it ensures smooth and steady running with vibration reduces to a negligible quantity.

"On the shelter and shade and docks of the 'Prince Rupert' there will be in accommodation state rooms of two berths each for 220 first class passengers.

There will also be a few sets of state rooms en suite placed on the shelter deck amidships. There is provision on the main deck forward for the second class passengers. When occasion arises 1,500 excursions can be taken on board.

"The chairman gave the toast of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company when the Railway was commenced and it was possible to go around."

Mr. the absent salted new out tan

How to Remove warts

### Big Ships

London, Jan. 9. At Messrs. Harland & Wolffs shipyards at Belfast, great progress is being made with the two leviathan steamers, the Olympic and the Titanic, which are being built to the order of the Oceanic Steam Navigation Company, more widely known as the White Star line.

In both tonnage and size the Olympic and Titanic will surpass the Mauretania and Lusitania, of the Cunard line, although they are not expected to do so in speed. The Olympic which is in a more forward state than her sister ship, will be ready for launching in August next, and the Titanic will take the water about the end of the year. The following are the dimensions of each vessel compared with the largest liners afloat:

Olympic—Tonnage, 60,000; length in feet, 840. Titanic—Tonnage, 60,000; length in feet, 840. Mauretania—Tonnage, 31,398; length in feet, 762. Lusitania—Tonnage 31,550; length in feet, 762.

In almost every respect the ships will be floating hotels. Dancing rooms, smoking rooms, cafes, a library, and even gardens are to occupy prominent positions in these wonderful vessels. There will be a cool avenue of Oriental palms, beds of roses and carnations, and arbors skilfully contrived by expert gardeners. In the winter months all these are to be protected by glass roofs. Among other interesting innovations will be a swimming bath, sufficiently deep for diving, and a skating rink.

Each vessel will accommodate five thousand persons and the crew of each will number six hundred.

The suites of cabins are to be in their design and fittings equal to the rooms of the finest hotels in Europe, and families will be able to cross the Atlantic in almost the same privacy as in their own homes. There are to be many dining-rooms, the principal one of which will be elaborately decorated and will seat no fewer than six hundred. Those who wish to take their meals on deck can do so at a "verandah cafe" situated on one of the upper decks fifty feet above the level of the water. All the cafes will be decorated in a remarkable manner. They will be fashioned to represent those of the Riviera. Exposed rafters will be twined with vines, and, to complete the illusion, the attendants will be similar to those in Southern Europe.

Another interesting feature, which it is expected will be extensively patronized by Americans, will be a replica of the famous Cheshire Cheese chop house. It is to be constructed in old English style, with high-backed stalls made of ancient oak, with broad low tables. The grill room will be open night and day.

With dining-rooms, smoking rooms, ball-rooms, palm courts, a swimming bath, a skating rink, and numerous other interesting features, one wonders if transatlantic passengers will come en masse.

### Make Hay While the Sun Shines

Maud Muller, in her brief hey-day,  
Raked in the meadow, so they say,  
And pretty Nan at break of dawn  
Gets up to mow her father's lawn.  
And oh, that mower's creak and squeak!  
Oblivion in vain I seek.  
Though little birds to catch the worms  
Must early rise, the sage affirms.

How to Remove warts

**Professional Cards**  
**Henry I. Taylor,**  
M. D., C. M.,  
Physician and Surgeon,  
ST. GEORGE, N. B.

**C. C. Alexander,**  
M. D., C. M., M. C. L. L.,  
Physician and Surgeon,  
Residence, Cross House,

**DR. E. M. WILSON**  
DENTIST  
Will be in St. George the third week of every month

Long Distance Telephone.  
House 161,  
Office 127.

N. MARIS MILLS, L. L. B.  
Solicitor at Law,  
St. Stephen, N. B.

**I. H. NESBITT & SON**  
Contractors and Builders  
ESTIMATES FURNISHED  
Address: St. Stephen, N. B.

We would be pleased to have you visit our

**Drug Store**  
when in Eastport  
We carry everything usually found at a first class pharmacy

**PALMER BROS**

**HOTELS**

**Victoria Hotel,**  
KING STREET,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.  
AMERICAN PLAN.  
Victoria Hotel Co., Ltd., Proprietors.

Womanly pains, head pains, in fact any pain anywhere can be completely stopped in 20 minutes with one of Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets. Ask your Doctor or Druggist about the formula. It is printed on the box—and it can't be bettered. Try one dose and be convinced. Box 25c. Sold by All Dealers.

**Boyd's Hotel,**  
ST. GEORGE, N. B.  
First-Class Livery and Sample Rooms in Connection.

**Heart Strength**  
Heart Strength, or Heart Weakness, means Nerve Strength, or Nerve Weakness—nothing more. It is a curable disease. It is almost always hidden in the nerve that really is at fault. This obscure nerve, the Cardiac or Heart Nerve, supplies the heart, and must have more power, more health, and more controlling nerves.

This clearly explains why, as a medicine, Dr. Shoop's Restorative has in the past done so much for weak and ailing hearts. Dr. Shoop first sought the cause of all this painful, palpitating, suffocating heart disease. Dr. Shoop's Restorative—this singular prescription—is also directed to these heart and wasting nerve centers. It builds up strength; it offers real, genuine heart help. You would have strong hearts, strong digestion, strengthen these nerves—re-establish them as needed, with

**Dr. Shoop's Restorative**  
"ALL DEALERS"

**How's This?**

Catarrh cannot be cured with local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, Ohio.  
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### TIME TABLE

The Only  
**All Canadian Route**  
TO  
**Quebec and Montreal**

is via the

**INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY**  
**Maritime Express**

Leaves St. John 18.30  
Arrives Montreal 18.30

Close connections for Sleeping and Dining Car Service Points West Unrivalled

**Most Comfortable Train in Canada**

**New Brunswick Southern Railway.**  
TIME TABLE No. 33.  
In effect October 3rd, 1909  
Atlantic Time

Trains West Read Down Stations  
Train No. 1  
Leave A.M.

7.30 St. John East Ferry  
7.45 St. John West  
7.59 Duck Cove  
8.13 Spruce Lake  
8.15 Allan Cot  
8.15 Prince of Wales  
8.43 Musquash  
8.43 Lepreaux  
9.27 New River  
9.35 Pocologan  
9.55 Pennfield  
10.30 St. George  
10.52 Bonny River  
11.22 Dyer's  
11.35 Cassell's  
11.45 Brunswick Junction  
12.12 Oak Bay  
12.30 St. Stephen

Trains East Read Up Stations  
Train No. 2  
Arr. P.M.

6.30  
6.15  
5.55  
5.52  
5.38  
5.25  
4.58  
4.35  
4.17  
4.00  
3.30  
3.10  
2.45  
2.37  
2.20  
2.03  
1.45

Arr. Noon Leave P.M.

Trains run daily, Sunday excepted. Ticket, Baggage and Freight Offices, St. John West.

Railroad connections West with Canadian Pacific and Washington Co. Railways.

East with Canadian Pacific, Intercolonial & Dominion Atlantic Rys. HUGH H. McLEAN, President. St. John, N. B., Dec. 1908.

**Deer Island and Campobello Service**

**Stmr. "Viking"**

June to September, 1909

Mondays: Leave Back Bay for St. Stephen 7.30 a.m.  
Tuesdays: Leaves St. Stephen for Lettite.

Thursdays: Leave St. Andrews for Lettite direct 7.30 a.m.  
Thursdays: Leaves Lettite for St. Stephen, 8.30 a.m.

Thursdays: Leave St. Stephen for Back Bay.  
Wednesdays: Leave Back Bay or Lettite for St. Stephen, 6.00 a.m., returning same day.

On Saturdays will run to and from Lettite during June and August, to and from Back Bay during July and September.

Touring on all trips at Lord's Cove, Richardson, Leonardville, Wilson's Beach, Welchpool, Eastport, Indian Island, Fair Haven and St. Andrews.

ATLANTIC TIME  
P. E. ROSE,  
Manager

**EASTERN S. CO.**

**St. John to Boston**

City Ticket Office, 47 King Street.  
Coastwise Service—Leaves St. John at 8.00 a.m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Eastport, Lubec, Portland and Boston.

L. R. THOMPSON, T. F. & P. A.  
WM. G. LEB, Agent, St. John, N. B.

**Five Senses at the Economy Store**  
Common Sense—We buy as low as we can. That's business sense.  
We sell as low as we can, that's Progressive sense.  
You buy as low as you can, that's Good sense.  
You buy of us, that's dollars and cents for both of us

We have everything you can expect to find in a first-class general store. Our goods are of excellent quality and our prices as low as the lowest. DRY GOODS, dress goods, prints, muslins, flannels, hats and caps, boots and shoes.

HARDWARE of all kinds, staple and fancy. Groceries, Coal. We Pay the Highest Price for Country Produce. Give us Your Patronage and we will treat you right.

**ANDREW MCGEE** Back Bay

**COME ALONG**  
now to the new store in the Young Block  
**FRUIT, CANNED GOODS, CONFECTIONERY and SOFT DRINKS** always on hand  
**ALL POPULAR BRANDS CIGARS AND TOBACCO**

GIVE US A CALL  
**FRANK MURPHY**

**When in Eastport**  
**Visit Martin's Variety Store**  
Gasolene 15c. a gallon.  
Kerosene 11c. a gallon.  
Gas Engine Oil 50c. a gallon.  
Martin keeps everything in Motor boat supplies.  
All kinds of jobbing and stove repairing done at short notice.

**Our Groceries are sold at rock bottom prices**  
**E. S. MARTIN & SON**  
73 WATER STREET, EASTPORT, ME.

**Special Christmas Announcement**  
EVERYTHING TO MAKE THE XMAS SEASON OF 1909 A MEMORABLE ONE

Fruits of all kinds, Confectionery of all kinds, Nuts of all kinds, Spices, Essences, Mince Meats, Raisins, Currants, Cranberries, etc., at special Christmas prices.

**Gifts! Gifts!**  
of all kinds for all people

Up-to-date Clothing of all kinds. Fur lined Overcoats are our Specialty, and we are showing some great values in this line.

**Apples Apples Apples**  
All the leading varieties of keeping Apples in stock at bottom prices.

**Give us a Call**

**Connors Bros., Ltd.**  
BLACK'S HARBOR, N. B.

**GLENWOOD RANGES**  
Make Cooking Easy



# MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

## Why Women Don't Borrow Money From Each Other

How is it that women don't borrow money from each other. Even the closest women friends—and it is surely not needful to here contradict the old fallacy that close friendship among women is unknown—who confide the most sacred secrets to one another, will wrangle as to which shall pay a penny car fare, and each manoeuvres and argues to a bewildering extent rather than let the other pay for a modest luncheon.

This characteristic is reflected and utilized in innumerable plays and novels.—"Diana of the Crossways" is a notable example. Lady Dunstone is rich; yet her "beloved Tany" rushes into disgrace and temporarily wrecks her happiness, rather than ask for the smallest loan, or accept hospitality, from her old friend, and the realism and truth of this feature of the novel's construction has never been questioned.

Some women do borrow. Almost every one has heard of one or two incorrigibles who will unblushingly ask for the loan of their neighbor's diamond rings or blue bag, according to the needs of their station in life but these are regarded with so much amazement, their feats are chronicled with such zest that it must be admitted that they are freaks of feminine nature, just as if they smoked pipes or drank beer at breakfast time.

What is the reason for this feminine trait? The anti-feminist rushes in with his or her cry. "It is because of woman's inherent inability for comradeship—because she is instinctively anti-social, and almost all the rest of the phrases that are almost worn out by being set in type so often but the matter-of-fact observer has another explanation. Women so often haven't any money to lend.

## To Cure Sniffling Colds

The easiest and pleasantest cure is Catarrh which fills the nose, throat, lungs with healing balsams and oils. It kills a cold instantly. You experience a pleasant sensation of relief once. Soreness, congestion and irritation leave the nose and throat, and head is cleared and every trace of cold or Catarrh is cured. Catarrh is so sure, pleasant such a safe remedy for winter ills that a man can't afford to do without it. Sold by all dealers. 25c. and \$1.00. Get Catarrh today.

## The majority of the committee on preliminary arrangements for the Conservative national convention which is to take place next September, have been appointed, though some nominations remain to be made. The committee will be conveyed at Ottawa on January 24 at 10 a. m. The members of the committee so far are:

- Alberta—R. B. Bennett, J. D. Hyndman, Senator J. A. Loughheed, C. A. Magrath, M. P.
- British Columbia—R. F. Green, J. T. Robinson, Martin Burrell, M. P.; J. D. Taylor, M. P.
- Manitoba—A. H. Carroll, George Lawrence, M. L. A.; Hugh John MacDonald, Hon. Robt. Rogers, Dr. Schaffner, M. P.; W. D. Staples, M. P.
- New Brunswick—G. W. Ganong, W. H. Thorne, Senator Wood, O. S. Crockett, M. P.
- Ontario—Hon. Frank Cochran, H. Corby, Hon. J. W. Hamah, Dr. Keiser, A. E. Kemp, Hon. J. O. Keane, P. D. Ross, T. W. Crothers, M. P.; A. C. Macdonnell, M. P.; Dr. J. D. Reid, M. P.
- Nova Scotia—J. S. McLennan, W. R. A. Ritchie, C. E. Tanner, C. Jameson, M. P.; John Stanfield, M. P.
- Prince Edward Island—J. A. Matheson, A. L. Fraser, M. P.
- Quebec—Chas. Beaubien, J. U. Emond Farquhar Robinson, P. E. Blondin, M. P.; F. D. Monk, M. P.; W. B. Nantel, M. P.; George H. Perley, M. P., and three more from the province.
- Atlantic—R. S. Lake, M. P., and three others from the province.

## A Humiliating Meeting.

Haskell put on an expression of mock horror as his sister finished speaking. "Excuse me, Jessie," he said. "Am I to understand that you are asking me, me—32 years old and alone and unprotected but hitherto not ashamed to hold up my head among my fellow men—to march into a beauty shop and buy 25 cents worth of wrinkle eradicator?"

Pretty Mrs. Simonds laughed heartlessly. "It's Mme. Lake's cold cream I want," she repeated, "and it isn't as cheap as that. It will cost you at least 75 cents. I'm all out of it and I can't go down town today. Go on that's a good boy."

Haskell ran for his suburban train, grumbling to himself. If only that special brand cold cream were procurable at a drug store, he would gladly have bought and carried home pounds of it, but he felt his face turning an embarrassed red as he trod the velvet-carpeted hall leading to Mme. Lake's beauty parlors on an upper floor of a big down town building. Once inside the parlor his confusion increased, as the subdued lights and pretty hangings, all daintily feminine, met his eye. Haskell was noted for his height and his grace for bearing, but he cringed with masculine dislike of the situation as he blindly made for the first person he saw behind a glass case.

"I want some cold cream," he said huskily. "The kind you sell here," he said idiotically. "For the face." "Large or small?" "The biggest you have—two of 'em!" he ejaculated. "I'm glad it has proved so successful with you," said the young woman, genially. "It's such a help to the complexion."

As Haskell grabbed his parcel wrapped in pale pink paper, and turned to go away he nearly ran down a girl who had been waiting her turn at the counter. Such large eyes of such a deep blue as she lifted to his! In them he saw mirthful interest! Such a tantalizingly pretty face!

After his first agonized stare Haskell fled desperately. She had seen him buying face cream! She had heard that foolish babble of the girl behind the counter in regard to the benefit it had done his complexion! Mr. Haskell, former football player, with a skin that had stood the alkali desert and the rough winds and frosts of the mountains!

A hot tide of mortification surged over him as he stamped out upon the street. Rage against the universe in general shook him. But his keenest sufferings were due to the memory of those mirthful eyes raised to his, the knowledge that quite the prettiest girl he had ever seen thought him effeminate, trifling!

The memory stayed with him all day, a minor discomfort lurking behind the turmoil of law courts and importunate clients. It was still there when, after dressing at his club, he hastened to a dinner on the other side of the city from his home. It sprung into full force when he found himself presented to Miss Greer—for she was the girl who had waited her turn behind him and laughed at him!

As he bowed stouly to Miss Greer he kept telling himself that it was not really so—that such things happened only in stories. Surely he was dreaming, for one did not go about the world running into the same stranger several times in a day! So engrossed was he in calming his mental turmoil that he did not notice at first that the face she had turned upon him, lighted up with mischief and gaiety, had changed its expression to one of polite indifference. His stony mask had caused her to retreat. Presently a new thought came to Violet Greer and for an instant she was touched with a horror similar to Haskell's. No doubt, having seen her at that fatal counter, laden, as it

## Peary on the Use of Stimulants

Commander Peary, the North Pole explorer, was asked, before setting out, about the food and drink for the expedition. The answer was decisive: "No man can drink alcoholic liquor who goes to the North. It would mean death to the man and menace to the expedition."

"And smoking?" "The man who is dependent on his cigar or pipe had better remain at home. The personnel of the men is the first consideration. Upon them depends everything."

In the first place they must be of a cheerful temperament, and not subject to fits of the blues, and every man must understand in advance that he must meet the greatest hardships and self-denials. He must be willing to suffer cold and hunger, to forget sleep—in a word, to be ready to sacrifice his life, if need be, for the success of the undertaking."

was with rouge and powders and eyebrow darkeners, he considered her beauty entirely artificial, and was too prejudiced against her to be more than merely civil!

A sense of injustice lent her a new haughtiness which was proceeded to play toward him, while his own miserable feeling of having been put in a false and foolish light contributed to its stiffness and coldness. Consequently the hostess, who had thought they would be congenial, was in despair.

Still Haskell probably would not have thought of Miss Greer so constantly after that dinner party had he not been suffering from the memory of his previous meeting with her in the beauty shop and undoubtedly Violet Greer would not have remembered him so clearly if she had not felt that he had practically repulsed her by his manner that evening. For pretty miss Greer did not suffer for lack of young men how were anxious to interest her.

Yet, in the days that followed, she found herself rehearsing various cutting remarks which she would like to make to him in case they met again and she could gracefully lead up to them.

It was pretty Mrs. Simonds, after all, who cleared away the clouds and saved the day for her brother and miss Greer. Haskell at a friend's wedding, ran into his sister animatedly talking to the girl he longed to see and yet dreaded meeting. He stood tall and distant as Mrs. Simonds blithely introduced them, and his stiff words of acknowledgement were interrupted by miss Greer. There were pink spots in her cheeks and a malicious light in her eyes.

"Oh, I have met Mr. Haskell," she said, smoothly "twice before. The first time when he was purchasing complexion cream at Mme. Lake's!" "Yes, I made him do it!" gurgled Mrs. Simonds. "How he loathed the errand, poor man! I suppose you were after the same thing—everybody I know uses it to counteract these awful Chicago winds!" Miss Greer glanced triumphantly up at Haskell—at least he knew now that she was not necessarily a devotee of rouge and eyebrow pencil. Haskell, for the first time met her gaze with a sense of ease—she must understand from Jessie's remarks how he chanced to be there. Then suddenly, for no known reason, they both laughed helplessly. "I don't see the joke," protested Mrs. Simonds. "There isn't going to be any joke," said Haskell, blithely, "darlingly, as he sat down beside Miss Greer with the air of one who intends to stay. "It's going to be serious."—Chicago News.

## Children's (st) Troubles

### Nurse Carlington Says to Rub on Nerviline

Every mother knows how difficult it is to get a young child to take a cough mixture. Seldom will one help unless given in large doses, and the result is to completely upset the stomach and make the child sick.

Speaking of the promptest cure for throat troubles and children's colds, Nurse Carlington says: "In all my experience in nursing I haven't met any preparation so dependable as Nerviline. It is the ideal liniment. Every drop you rub on is absorbed quickly. Especially for chest colds, pain in the side, stiff neck, earache, toothache, I have found Nerviline invaluable. In treating the minor ills of children Nerviline has no equal. I think Nerviline should be in every home."

A million bottles used every year—this is itself a burden of proof that it is the ideal liniment for the home. Refuse anything your dealer may offer instead of Nerviline. Large bottles 25c or five for \$1.00. Sold everywhere, and by the Catarhozone Co., Kingston, Ont.

### Don't Marry on Sunday

The ill-fated Mary Queen of Scots married Bothwell in May, and superstitious Scots say that she "cast an evil eye" upon all marriages in this month; hence they say it is only bad women who marry in May, and Sir Walter Scott also says "The rank avoid marriages in the month of May."

But the May superstition really originated with the Romans, and the Chinese absolutely prohibit all marriages in May—that month being devoted exclusively to "courtship" or wooing.

Sunday is entirely blotted from the calendar of marriage days. Friday, by most people, is looked upon as an unlucky day for any venture, yet in Scotland Friday is considered as a particularly "lucky" day—"best day of all." "Wednesday the best day of all," says the doggerel, and is more honored by hymen than any other day of the week. Tuesday is considered fairly favorable, but State weddings seldom occur on Monday. In Scandinavia Thursday is considered the day of ill omen, corresponding to our Friday.

"The better the day the better the feed" seems not to count as regards weddings, and a Sunday wedding is usually the result of expediency, and is devoid of all those picturesque features of bridesmaids and best-men, flowers and sentiment.

### Warning to Potato Growers

Our farmers interested in potato growing should secure from the Dominion department of agriculture copies of a pamphlet just issued, which deals with a serious potato disease which has been discovered in Newfoundland, and which, it is feared, may spread to Canada. The disease is commonly known as scab potato canker. It was carried to Newfoundland from Great Britain where it has done a great deal of damage. The department of botany remarks that the disease is difficult to detect and hard to eradicate if allowed to become well established. Ground upon which a potato growing crop has grown is not fit for potato growing again until six years have elapsed. He tells how to discover the canker and what precautions are necessary to prevent it from spreading.

### The Observant Woman

White fur coats with quaint bonnets lined with pleated pink chiffon are adorable for small girls. The beaver hat, very simply trimmed, is the best thing for children to wear to school and for out door play wear. A lovely scarf was of white net generally sprinkled with large purple and small white chenille dots. Featheres, when becomingly arranged, are one of the smartest adornments for the chic morning hat. A lovely coat for a child was of palest blue broadcloth with squirrel collar and cuffs, and big blue silk cord frogs. The hat was of squirrel with a long blue velvet crown and one dark pink rose tucked in at one side.

## Great Clearance Sale

### fancy and staple Crockery, Wedgewood

We have carried over too much stock and must dispose of it before winter sets in. For the next thirty days we will sell all kinds of Crockery ware at unheard low prices. Yarn, Stockinet, Mittens, Socks, Homespun, Unshrinkable Underwear, etc. Boots and Shoes. Staple and Fancy Groceries. Flour, Feed, Fishermen's Outfits. Everything to be found in a first class general store.

## WELCHPOOL MARKET

GEORGE H. BYRON, Manager.

## IMPORTANT

I understand that on account of scarcity of feed several are trying to dispose of Milch cows. I will buy ten or twelve if prices suit. Write giving your lowest prices and particulars. I have on hand my usual supply of Fur Coats, Robes and Spring Pungs. I buy and sell horses, a few on hand at present. Can give a good trade in wagons of every description. I also handle Furnaces and all kinds of stoves. Can give good terms.

I. E. GILLMOR, - - - Bonny River.

## St. George Pulp & Paper Co.

ST. GEORGE, N. B.

We Manufacture Spruce, Pine and Hemlock Lumber, Rough and Plained. Also Laths and Cedar Shingles. Get our prices before placing your orders elsewhere. Mill Wood delivered at your house.

## Beaver Harbor Hotel

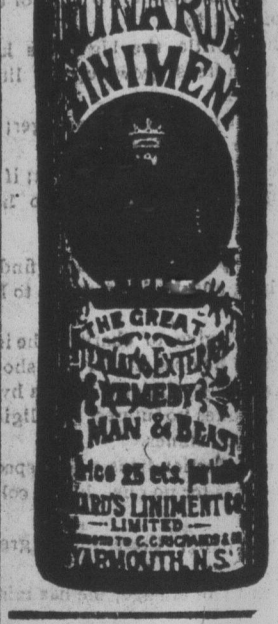
Fronting on the harbor. The most charming resort in the county. Every convenience and comfort at moderate prices. BOATING, FISHING, GUNNING, First Class Lodging in connection. Teams at station every day on arrival of St. John's train. FRED PAUL - - - Proprietor. BEAVER HARBOR, Charlotte County, N. B.

## Geo. F. Meating Merchant Tailor

Clothing Cleaned and Pressed St. George N. B.

Rooms over Milne, Coutts & Co.'s store

## HEADQUARTERS FOR The Original and only Genuine Union Blend Tea Wanted



The Original and only Genuine Union Blend Tea Wanted. Beware of Imitations Sold on the Merit of Minor Lin. Subscribe for



# MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

## Granite Town Greetings

Issued every Wednesday from the office of GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LTD., St. George, N. B.

Subscriptions \$1.00 a year in advance, United States \$1.50 a year in advance.

Remittances should be made by Money Order, Cheque, or Registered Letter.

Advertising Rates—One inch, first insertion, 25 cents; readers in local column 50¢; a line; transient want adv. 25¢. For one insertion, 50¢ for three insertions. Transient ads. must be paid for in advance. Rates for yearly or quarterly contracts on application.

All communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the writer's name and address. GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LTD., has a well equipped Job Printing Office, and turns out work with neatness and dispatch.

Address  
GREETINGS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED  
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1910

The seventy-eighth annual report of the Bank of Nova Scotia will be found on the first page of this issue. It tells, in figures that are convincing, a story of progress of business that has grown from year to year, of careful management, management that is conservative and worthy of the trust reposed in it, by depositors. It invites the criticism of financial experts and lays before the public a splendid record of banking progress.

Letters received by Geo. R. Franley, Secretary of the Wetrowners and Weir-fishermen's Union, from a large number of packers of sardines, indicate a disposition on their part to recognize and do a business with the Union and express great satisfaction with the price set per hoghead for the season of 1910. The letters are an answer to the Union's action, at their annual meeting making the price per hoghead six dollars for the season. They mark the end of the Union's fight for the recognition of the rights of the fishermen and toll the death knell of "dollar and a half hoghead" fish. Fishermen, all over the County, will hear with satisfaction of the end of the war and business about the shore will be greatly stimulated. 1910, if the fish come, will be a banner year, for the Sardine industry.

BUTLER IS TO GET \$25,000 A YEAR.

Ottawa, Ont. Jan. 13.—News of the resignation of Mr. Butler as Deputy Minister and Chief Engineer of the Department of Railways and Canals in order to become general manager and second vice-president of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company and Dominion Coal Company at a treble increased salary was received here this afternoon with surprise, and almost with consternation in official circles.

Hon. Mr. Graham stated to your correspondent to-night that the loss to the department was a serious one, and the vacancy would be a most difficult one to fill. At present a man who can adequately fill the place occupied by Mr. Butler is not in sight. He has been doing practically three men's work in the department, first as Deputy Minister, second as Chief Engineer, and third as Chairman of the Intercolonial Board of Management. All of these positions have been filled with great ability. His technical training as an engineer, his executive ability, his experience in railway operation, his reliability and integrity, and his thorough grasp of the large problems of transportation now confronting the Government make his loss to public service at the present juncture doubly severe.

It is not known just when Mr. Butler will have to completely sever his connection with the department but it is hoped he will be available at least in an advisory capacity for some time yet, pending the appointment of one or possibly two new men to fill the various positions of Deputy Minister, Chief Engineer, Chairman of the I. C. R. Board. Mr. Butler has before this, at the suggestion of the Government, refused offers of \$25,000 a year, and was too stung by the Government's offer to take it. If he doesn't give to charity, he is a stingy cuss—if he does, it's for the show. If he is actively religious, he is a hypocrite; if he takes no interest in religion, he is a hardened sinner. If he gives affection he's a soft specimen, if he cares for no one, he is cold-blooded. If he dies young, there was a great loss before him. If he lives to an old age, he has missed a lot. If he is a good man, he is a good man, but man loves to

## BY THE WAY

Every success that is worth having is founded on many failures.

"The world believes in 'give an' take' but 'take' is in the majority."

Bill had a billboard. Bill also had a board bill. The board bill bored Bill so that Bill sold the billboard to pay his board bill. So after Bill sold his billboard the board bill no longer bored Bill.

Tar: "On my last voyage I saw waves one hundred feet high!"  
Spar: "I've been a sailor forty year, and never seen 'em over forty."

Tar: "P'raps not! But everything is higher now than it used to be, mate!"

If God had intended us to tell all we see. He wouldn't have given us two eyes and only one tongue.—New York Times.

As soon as other people begin to envy you, you're succeeding.

Are we Progressive? Read. "events of thirty years ago!"  
At the school meeting at St. George R. A. Stuart was elected Trustee in place of Hugh Ludgate, retired, and Abraham Young was chosen to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Jas. A. Moran. The sum of \$750 was voted for school purposes.

\$1,200 this year! Progressive? we think.

Every body ought to have some hobby. The man who is so completely absorbed in his business, profession or trade, the woman who is so absorbed in her household duties, that they have no time or inclination for any other regular pursuit, are to be pitied. The steady grind of life will wear them down sooner that it would if they were to cultivate a hobby or two.

The chief defence for the retention of the antiquated system of stringing out the elections in Great Britain is that plural voting is still retained in the Mother Country; and by polling on different days it is made easier for men who own property in different ridings to get in their votes. Both evils were done away with in Canada by the Liberal party and there is no doubt that Liberals of Great Britain would pursue a similar policy if given a chance. The basis of the parliamentary franchise is manhood and not property.

Mourning for yesterday? Stop it, my dear.

Think of the yesterdays, year after year. Age after age, that have drifted away—Whither? Who cares? But you're sure of today.

Dreaming a dream of tomorrow? Don't do it.

There may be accidents, e're you are through it; Grief comes tomorrow—your hair may turn gray—You cannot tell, but your sure of today.

Millions of Yesterdays old Time enfolds; Countless To-morrows eternity holds, These never come—those are over for aye; Both are so many? There's just one today!

Red Robinson in Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## Don't Forget

A man's life is full of crosses and temptations. He comes into this world without his consent and goes out against his will, and the trip between the two is exceedingly rocky.

The rule of contrariness is one of the features of the trip. When he is little the big girl's kiss him and when he is grown up the little girl's kiss him.

If he is poor he is a bad manager; if he is rich, he is dishonest. If he needs credit he can't get it; if he is prosperous everyone wants to do him a favor.

If he is in politics, you can't find a place for him, and he is no good to his country.

If he doesn't give to charity, he is a stingy cuss—if he does, it's for the show. If he is actively religious, he is a hypocrite; if he takes no interest in religion, he is a hardened sinner.

If he gives affection he's a soft specimen, if he cares for no one, he is cold-blooded. If he dies young, there was a great loss before him. If he lives to an old age, he has missed a lot. If he is a good man, he is a good man, but man loves to

## PERSONAL

Art... and Ambrose Murphy, were located in East Millnocket, for the winter.

Miss Cora Leavitt of Back Bay, was the guest last week of Mrs. McMaster. Cecil McGee and Russell Hooper, were in town on Friday.

Mrs. L. Conners of Blacks Harbor, was a visitor in town on Monday. F. C. Cole and Guy Johnson of St. John, registered at the Carleton House, last week.

Capt. Hugh Douglas is ill at his home suffering from a severe cold. D. Basen left Monday on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Brown, returned Monday from St. John. Arch McVicar a former resident of this town and an expert stone cutter is seriously ill, in Northfield, VT.

Master Fred Kane of St. John West, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. John McGratten.

Miss Gertrude Mc Cormick of St. St. Stephen will leave soon on a visit with relatives in Vermont. E. W. Cross of Beaver Harbour was in town Sunday.

Mrs. R. Giles of New River was in town Monday. Mayor McGee returned Monday from St. John.

H. R. Lawrence was called to St. John last week on business. Joseph Meating left for Grand Falls where he has secured a position. Joe's many friends will hear of his departure with regret and social circles will miss him.

Mrs. Thomas Kent entertained a number of young people at her beautiful home Hill Crest on Wednesday evening.

R. A. Cross, the hustling insurance man, returned on Saturday from a business trip to the border towns.

Miss Dorcas Call of Eastport and Wellington Mahar were married on Friday evening by the Rev. R. V. Buchanan. The young couple will reside on Carleton street with Mr. and Mrs. M. Morrison for the present.

Owen Hinds and Wm. Harris of Back Bay, were in town Saturday. Mrs. Emery Paul and Mrs. Fred Paul, were in town on Friday and gave Greetings a pleasant call while here, they were the guests of Mrs. Jas. McKay.

Taylor Oliver who is suffering from blood poisoning is in a critical condition. The young Evans boy, who has been seriously ill with typhoid fever, is recovering.

Fred McLeod, returned last week to Fredericton. President J. A. Belyea of the Fishermen's Union was in town Monday.

T. R. Kent came over from the Shiretown Monday. John H. Thompson of Beaver Harbour was in town Sunday.

A young son arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Dewar on Sunday. Bernard Conners and Jack Cambell of Blacks Harbor were in town Sunday.

Miss Helen Clark is improving in health. BACK BAY ITEMS

The many friends of Mrs. Simon Theriault, are sorry to hear of her recent illness, we wish her speedy recovery. Mrs. Hattie Featherby is still on the sick list.

Mrs. George McGee and Mrs. Thos. Johnson was the guest of Mrs. Lemuel Theriault recently. Rev. Mr. Mason is holding special meetings here for two or three weeks. Mr. Mason is a splendid preacher, he has good attendances. The young ladies and gentlemen do excellent singing every evening. Mr. George McGee sang a solo while the offering was being taken up Sunday evening.

The many friends of Harley Lasley, are glad to see him out again. The young folks enjoyed the skating on Mitchell's rink Saturday it being the only one that is any good at the present time.

Miss Lank was the guest of the Misses Dick Sunday. Wm. Short is visiting B. Dick. Miss Mable Simpson spent a few days last week with Mrs. R. L. Cameron.

School opened Tuesday under the management of Miss Patt. Wallace Leland left Monday for Boston. Rolan Wilcox spent Sunday at his home here.

Rev. R. V. Buchanan spent Tuesday afternoon with John Stuart and in the evening held services at the house which was largely attended. A little snow would be very much appreciated down this way.

## "The Store of Values" FOR CASH

**DURING THE MONTH OF JANUARY**  
We will give a discount of 20 per cent for Cash on all our Gents Furnishings Hats and Caps Ready and Custom Made Clothes Here is a chance to get a Custom Made Suit or Overcoat or extra pair of Trousers very cheap. Everything in our store one fifth off for CASH

## HANSON BROS., St. George Merchant Tailors and Outfitters

## CLOTHING BARGAINS

As usual this time of year finds us with broken lines and odds and ends that it is desirable to clear out quickly. This we are going to do. Every coat weather Overcoat now in stock, [after a very successful season] is included in this offering which thrifty people will readily take the advantage of

## JUDGE FOR YOURSELF

- \$12 Overcoats now \$9.75
- \$15 Overcoats now \$12.50
- \$16.50 Overcoats now \$13.75
- \$17.50 Overcoats now \$14.50
- \$18.50 Overcoats now \$15.00

Remember the winter is not half over and these are real savings as regular prices are plainly marked on each garment as well as the saving price.

## JAMES O'NEILL, St. George

Dry Goods and Gents' Furnishings



# MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN ETINGS

## LOCAL AND SPECIAL

Tate Meating & Co. sold their fine pair of horses to R. A. Greason, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Hickey moved on Monday. They will reside with Mr. and Mrs. Condie, at Bonny Rive.

Str. Connors Bros. arrived at the Red Store on Monday, with a full cargo of freight for the merchants here.

Big crowds are taking advantage of Frauley Bros. big sale.

Watch for J. Sutton Clark's announcement next week. Special bargains will surprise you.

Full value for every dollar spent at John Dewar and Son this week in advertisement received too late for this issue.

The coasting last week was excellent. The young people took advantage of it and swiftly moving double runners were on every hill. A bobber with twenty boys and girls on it came to grief on Kidd's Hill on Thursday evening, one of the sleds lost a runner and off the track they went pell-mell thro' a barbed wire fence. Beyond a few scratches none of the young folks were injured.

A lively runaway took place Thursday, when a sleigh upset at the top of Portage hill. A stray dog frightened the horse. Mrs. Goodell her sister Mrs. McHugh and Miss Berry thrown out and escaped injury. The horse was stopped near the Upper Bridge but not before the sleigh, belonging to Mr. H. Dow had been badly broken.

The rink drew the multitude last week. The weather was good, the ice fairly good and it was good to be there. The boys had quite a task keeping the ice flooded. An engine was used with a iron pipe running into the river, the rubber hose for sprinkling was a little too small for the stream and the water froze frequently. However the boys kept at it and generally had good ice for the evenings. It would be an excellent idea for the management to set apart a portion of the day for racing practice. Young men, rapid in motion, should not be allowed to monopolize the ice when the public gather for skating.

A broken bridle, a bad hill with eight tons of granite behind four horses creates a situation at once interesting and dangerous. Such was the plight that confronted Messrs McIntyre and Greason on Saturday last, while hauling stone from O'Brien and Baldwin's quarry. When the bridle broke one of the leaders jumped aside the other three horses, load and all went sliding down the steep incline and landed in a bad mix up at the bottom. The two horses on the pole went right over the leader and escaped almost without a scratch, the hackney was badly cut but received no permanent injuries.

The coupon in Hanson Bros. ad. created such a demand for calendars all over the county that their supply has become exhausted. They are offering exceptional bargains in clothing.

Wise buyers are depleting the grocery supply at Frauley Bros.

The annual business meeting of the Presbyterian congregation was held on Friday evening last.

"The Rectory," the property of St. Mark's church corporation and occupied by the Rev. H. I. Lynds and family was burned yesterday morning. The fire started from the chimney and when discovered had one room upstairs almost destroyed. So much headway had the flames made that nothing in the room was saved. The alarm was quickly given and men and boys soon on the spot. Nearly all of the furniture and contents of the house were taken out. The wind was quite brisk at the time of the blaze but the new paint acted as a check and the house burned slowly. Part of the ell was pulled down and the barn saved. The fire was a severe blow to the congregation and much sympathy was expressed on all sides for the Rev. Mr. Lynds and family whose personal loss is large. There was fifteen hundred dollars insurance on the property. The house was built about forty years ago and was painted and repaired last summer.

## LOCAL AND SPECIAL

The big carnival tonight.

Children's suits 9c. Dress the little ones at Frauley Bros. Their big sale is now going on.

Died at St. George, on the 30th July, 1840, Capt. Jonathan Wallace, aged 89 years. He was one of the first settlers in Charlotte country.

Frauley Bros. are selling men's overcoats and men's suits for \$3.98.

Dr. James Hannay died very suddenly early Wednesday morning last, at his home in St. John. He was a writer of note. Dr. Hannay was born at Richmond on April 24, 1842 His history of Acadia made his name familiar with the school children of New Brunswick.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Brine arrived last week from a trip to Boston where they have been spending the festive season. They will occupy their cottage at Lake Umbagog all winter and Mr. Brine will oversee the many improvements contemplated by his father, on the property.

## School Notes

The pupils of Grade VII and VII of the St. George school were given the following ten words for a spelling lesson, and were also asked to write sentences using each word correctly, arctic, architect, archives, assailant, ascertain, ascent, assassin, archangel, asphalt, artificial. One of the boys in Grade VIII, produced the following: Cook started for the Arctic regions. The architect made his boat strong and good so it would withstand the ice and sea. He carried the archives in a strong chest in the cabin whence his assailants tried to secure them. He could not ascertain exactly where the pole was, the ascent being so steep. An assassin stole up to kill him out the archangel hovered near and as the assassin was going to strike, he slipped and fell striking his head against some asphalt. When Cook returned from the north his observations were found to be artificial.

The high school concert will be held in Court's hall on Saturday evening Jan. 22nd. The concert will be an exceptionally good one as the students have worked hard at their respective parts. The receipts are for the piano fund. Teachers and students alike request your patronage.

Maybe there will be hockey in St. George this winter and maybe there won't. If there is going to be it is about time to get beyond the "talk it over stage." The High School Nestorians are already organized and it is understood have challenged any young team the town boys want to put up against them.

## BONNY RIVER

Miss Verne Sherwood left for St. Andrews on Thursday after three weeks pleasantly spent at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Dargel Gilmor of Chipman N. B., are visiting their parents here Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Gilmor.

The school at Bonny River has opened under the management of Miss Edna Smith York Mills and Second Falls under Miss Holt of Digdeguash.

T. A. Sullivan was a large crew of men storing ice at the different club houses.

F. W. Moore has returned from a pleasure visit to St. John and Boston.

Arthur Williamson and Albin McCabe left for Grand Falls this week, where they will be employed with John L. Moore.

The many friends of Mae Stewart, are sorry to hear of her being on the sick list.

Mrs. Harry Mulhern and daughter Nellie, of Calais, Me., are visiting Mr. P. Sullivan.

Duncan Campbell, is quite ill, at his home here.

Miss Mac Orr, was the guest of Mrs. Cecil Orr, last week.

The many friends of Mrs. Lurbank are glad to hear she is improving after a long siege with pleurisy.

## GOING OUT OF THE GROCERY BUSINESS

Owing to the great increase of business in our Clothing, Furnishing and Footwear Departments, we have decided to retire from the Grocery business.

After disposing of stock, grocery store will be re-modelled and used exclusively for Women's, Misses and Childrens Footwear, Hosiery, etc. In order to make a quick clearance we will put on a Special Sale in our Grocery department, beginning Saturday Jan. 15th, on which date prices of staple and fancy groceries, dishes, etc, will take the biggest drop ever heard of in St. George. Every dollar's worth of goods must be turned into money, and to do it quickly, prices will simply be **SLASHED**.

**For further particulars see dodgers**

In connection with the above Sale, we also beg leave to announce that our

### Annual January Clearance Sale

of Clothing, Furnishing, Hats, Caps, Furs, Boots and Shoes Overshoes, Rubbers, Gaiters, etc, will also begin Sat. Jan. 15th and continue until Sat. January 22nd.

### MENS' and LOYS' CLOTHING

Sharp price reductions have been made on every garment Underwear and Sweaters at prices that will astonish you. Hats and Caps for Men and Boys at ridiculously low prices. Furs of all kinds at January prices, which mean the lowest. Footwear of all kinds, at prices that will clean out every pair during this great sale.

**For Special Prices See Dodgers**

**Remember the date, Saturday Jan. 15th to Saturday Jan. 22nd.**

*Frauley Bros.*

*The St. George Clothiers & Furnishers*

**The Holidays are over. We trust you have all fully enjoyed them. So we must get back again to business. Here are some Seasonable Goods.**

Flour, Meal, Middlings and Shorts at close prices.  
Fresh Eggs and Butter.  
Meat--best quality.  
Tea and Coffee--the best values in town--try us.  
Pickled Herring and Shad.  
Joshua Hooper's Pollock Fish.  
Shoe Packs and Gum Rubbers--all sizes from children's to men's.  
Over Socks--all sizes.  
Felt Slippers and Shoes for children, misses and women.  
We Respectfully Solicit Your Trade.  
Will give you fine prices, and treat you courteously.

Hockey and Acme Skates, Skate Straps.  
Hockey Sticks.  
Peevies and Stocks.  
Axes and Handles.  
Never Slip Shoes and Calks.  
Rat Traps--3 kinds.  
Harness of all kinds.  
Sleigh and Team Belts.  
Stable and Street I some extra good.  
Russwin Food Chop  
Porcelain Nest Egg  
Sole and Harness

**John Dewar & Sons**

Jan. 5, 1909



# MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

**Ladies Have You  
Used Valentine's Fine Flavoring Extracts**  
If not Give Them a Trial, They are the Best  
FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS  
Manufactured By  
**THE INTERNATIONAL DRUG CO.**  
ST. STEPHEN, N. B.

We have in stock a splendid line of  
**Stoves and Ranges**—all from the best  
Manufacturers.

A Full Line of **Household Repair Supplies**  
Buildings Hardware, Paints, Oils, Varnishes,  
Wringers, Tin, Granite Ware, etc.

**Rifles and Ammunition**  
Repairing of every description  
**BOYD BROS.**

The flavor lingers.  
The aroma lingers.  
The pleasure lingers.  
And you will linger  
over your cup of **CHASE  
& SANBORN'S SEAL  
BRAND COFFEE.**  
1 and 2 pound tin cans. Never in bulk.

**Union Foundry & Machine Works, Ltd.**  
WEST ST. JOHN, N. B.  
GEO. H. WARING, Manager  
Engineers and Machinists, Iron and Brass Molders  
Makers of Saw Mill Machinery and Engines  
Shafting Pulleys and Gears Stone Cutting and Polishing Machinery  
Bridge Castings and Bolt Work  
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO REPAIRS

**Western House,**  
RODNEY STREET  
WEST ST. JOHN.  
A. & M. J. WILSON, Proprietors.  
Passengers by the N. B. S. Ry., will  
find this hotel convenient, as it is near  
the station. One can avoid taking the  
ferry in the morning.

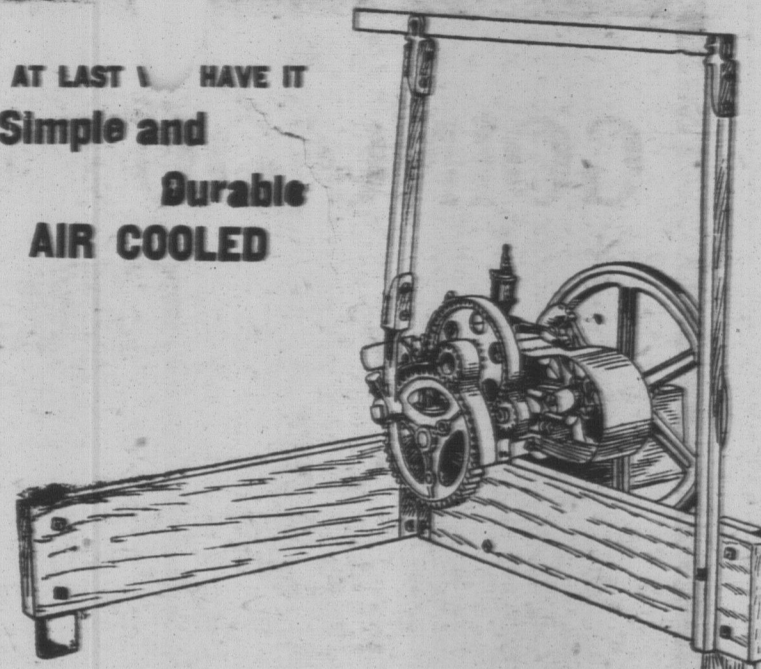
**Local Salesman Wanted  
for St. George**  
and adjoining country to represent  
CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES  
Special list of Hardy Tested varieties,  
courageously adapted for New Brunswick  
climate. Large and small fruits; ornamentals,  
Shrubs, vines, Roses, bulbs  
seed potatoes.  
A permanent salaried position for the right  
liberal inducements, pay weekly,  
territory, free equipment.  
Particulars,  
W. & WELLINGTON  
Hill Nurseries  
-300 acres-  
CANADA

**No Theories  
No Guesses**  
Go into the process that produces  
**Nectar  
Tea**  
It is grown and treated with science  
and skill.  
It is a packet tea, packed direct  
from the Ceylon gardens.  
It costs something because it is  
worth something.

**W. C. PURVES,**  
St. Stephen, N. B.  
Agents.

**Walter Maxwell**  
Dealer in  
Poultry and  
Vegetables  
able for first-

AT LAST HAVE IT  
**Simple and  
Durable  
AIR COOLED**



It has no water jacket. Designed to take the place of the man at the pump. Any  
one who watches this outfit pump water for 15 minutes will never again be willing  
to work the pump handle. Will connect to any style of pump which is already in  
the well. Supplied for setting up complete. A simple, durable pumping engine  
at low cost.

Sold by **T. R. KENT,**  
Contractor for Artesian Wells

**F. M. CAWLEY**  
ST. GEORGE, N. B.  
**Undertaker and Embalmer**  
Complete stock Funeral Supplies on hand  
Prices lower than any competitor

**J. B. SPEAR**  
**Undertaker and Funeral Director**  
A full supply of funeral goods always on hand.  
Telephone at Residence

All goods delivered free. Prices to suit the people

**Peaveys and Peavy Stocks**  
Axe handles  
Bar Iron and Steel  
Shoe bolts all sizes

Have you ever seen the Galv.  
**Wire Baskets, 1-2 and 1 bus.**  
We have Samles, call and  
see them

Snow Shovels for 25 and 35c. each.  
A good supply of Cold Blast Lanterns  
**SLEIGHS AND SPRING PUNGS**  
Skates and Hockey goods.

**GRANT & MORIN**  
**STOVE AND HARDWARE MEN**  
St. George - - N. B.

**Some Familiar Old Quotations**

In every language there is a vast  
amount of coined phrase circulating in  
common speech. Some of these phrases  
are so petrified, so to speak, that they  
are as inflexible as single word-units.  
Thus, if anybody should happen to say,  
in your presence, "Consistency's a—"  
and then hesitate, you would immediately  
add, mentally if not aloud, the word  
"jewel." A lot of people are unable to  
say, "The ship So-and-so sailed, etc."  
And now about the "cup that cheers,  
etc.," when, as a matter of fact, it's a  
glass or a goblet which does the work.  
Such phrases are lobster-savers. They  
call for no mental labor. They are the  
stock-in-trade of the "bromide."

Where do these phrases come from?  
Those who use them the oftener are  
generally the very persons who know  
the least about it. As they will tell you,  
"Where ignorance is bliss, 'tis folly to  
be wise," and never suspect for a  
moment that they are quoting from  
Gray's "Ode on Eton College."

How many of the eager questioners  
who have been met with, "Ask me no  
questions and I'll tell you no lies," no  
ies," know that the tantalizing response  
is a direct quotation from Goldsmith?  
To him we are also indebted for "These  
little things are great to little men."  
And in Goldsmith's "Hermi," we find,  
"Man wants but little here below, nor  
wants that little long;" but earlier that  
Dr. Young had said in his "Night  
Thoughts," "Man wants but little, nor  
that little long." "All that glitters is  
not gold," is from Shakespeare.

A question arose at a small party as to  
the origin of a line familiar to nearly  
every one present. "What shadows we  
are, what shadows we pursue!" and after  
great diversity of opinion and considerable  
search, it was found that not one of  
the company had given the true source.  
It is from a speech of Edmund Burke's,  
delivered at Bristol in 1789.

Pope is commonly but unjustly credited  
with the authorship of the popular  
quotation. "Immodestly words admit  
of no defence, for want of decency is want  
of sense." It may be found in Lord  
Roscommon's essay on "Translated  
Verses," which is also the source of  
"Choose an author as you choose a  
friend."

Daniel Defoe is quoted as the author  
of the proverb, "God has sooner builds a  
church than the devil puts up a chapel."  
Defoe wrote a poem, one verse of which  
was:

Whenever God erects a house of prayer,  
The devil is sure to build a chapel there;  
And 'twill be found, upon examination,  
The latter has the largest congregation.

But in writing this Defoe only versified  
a well-known proverb of his day. Burton,  
in his "Anatomy of Melancholy," says:  
"While God hath a temple, the devil  
will have a chapel;" and Herbert in his  
"Jacula Prudentum," expresses the  
same idea.

"Though the mills of God grind slowly,  
yet they grind exceedingly small,"  
may be found among Longfellow's  
"Poetic Aphorisms," and is a translation  
from Frederick von Dogan, a writer of  
the seventeenth century.

From Pope's rich stores of thought we  
gather many popular maxims. "Pleased  
with a rattle, tickled with a straw,"  
"Whatever is, is right;" "Order in  
Heaven's first law;" "Honor and shame  
from no condition rise;" "An honest  
man's the noblest work of God," may be  
found in Pope's "Essay on Man." In  
his "Essay on Criticism," "A little learning  
is a dangerous thing;" "To err is  
human, to forgive divine;" "Poets rush  
in where angels fear to tread;" "Your  
case in writing comes from art, not  
chance—and those move easiest who have  
learned to dance." The well-known line  
"Well should you practise who so well  
can preach," occurs in his "Wife of  
Bath."

There is an Italian proverb used in the  
extravagance of Battery, expressive of  
this idea: "When nature made thee, she  
broke the mold." Byron uses it in the  
closing lines of his monody on the death  
of Sheridan:  
Sighing that nature formed but one  
such man,  
And broke the die in moulding Sheridan.

**Father O'Neill, Post,  
Makes new Record**

(South Bend News, Indiana)

There may be some question in Ann  
Arbor or Milwaukee circles as to  
Notre Dame's title to the western foot-  
ball championship, but there is prob-  
ably none anywhere as to a Notre  
Dame priest's claim to be the most  
consistent, inconsistent and persis-  
tent clerical walker in all America.

Not that Father Arthur Barry O'-  
Neill associate editor of the Ave  
Maria, is a particularly rapid pedes-  
trian. Four miles an hour is his ordi-  
nary gait, which he increases to  
four and a half or five only occasion-  
ally. Nor does he frequently take  
exceptionally lengthy daily tramps,  
though he did celebrate his fiftieth  
birthday by a walk of fifty miles.

Where Father O'Neill shines as a pe-  
destrian is in the methodical, busi-  
ness like regularity with which, day  
in and day out, from January 1 to  
December 31, and quite irrespective  
of weather conditions, he takes his  
three walks a day, devoting three  
hours to the exercise, and adding  
twelve miles to his record.

Record of 4347 Miles

That record for the year just closed  
is 4347 miles, some 92 miles more  
than his pedometer registered for  
1908. The increase is partially ac-  
counted for by the recent cold weath-  
er. Father O'Neill confesses to a  
tendency to signalise an especially  
cold, hot, or stormy day by walking a  
mile or two more rather than less than  
his usual twelve. Accordingly, of  
late mornings, when the mercury was  
ranging from 6 or 11 degrees below to  
4 or 8 degrees above zero, his cus-  
tomary four mile jaunt became one  
of five and a half or six.

Asked how the exercise affected his  
health, he replied that it keeps him  
in absolutely perfect condition, and  
gave in proof the fact that he had not  
been even indisposed for ten minutes  
since he began walking regularly in  
the spring of 1906. As to the ques-  
tion of time involved and the diffi-  
culty most men would find in getting  
three hours of leisure daily for pedes-  
trianizing Father O'Neill suggested  
that it is not so much the lack of time  
as the lack of system and method in  
utilizing time that is the trouble.  
Personally, I get up at four o'clock,  
and retire at half past eight. On this  
working day of sixteen and a half  
hours I spend eight at my writing  
table, walk three, and still have five  
and a half left for meals, priestly  
duties, etc. And I have no doubt  
whatever that in the course of a year  
I do more and better work in eight  
hours a day plus my walking than I  
would do in eleven hours a day minus  
that walking."

6460 Lines of Poetry

Appropos of work, it is worth noth-  
ing that this pedestrian, who is also  
known as a poet-priest, accomplished  
in 1909 a rather unusual literary task.  
On last New Year's Day he began  
keeping a diary of Marian Verse, and  
wrote a poem a day all through the  
year, and this outside of his eight  
hours working day. Quite apart from  
the poetic merit or demerit of the  
verses, the mere fact of writing from  
sixteen to eighteen lines of verse daily  
for twelve full months as a recreation  
is, to say the least, something out of  
the ordinary. Yesterday's entry in  
the diary brought the total number  
of lines up to 6460.

**CROUP**  
stopped in 10 minutes  
purely with Dr. King's  
Croup Remedy. Cap-  
sules will prevent further  
No vomiting, no illu-  
stress. A safe and pleasing remedy—Dr. J. C. King's.



# MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

THE GRANITE TOWN GREY 18

## GREETINGS OFFERS THE BEST

# Dollars Worth OF Reading Matter IN NEW BRUNSWICK

### SEND

In your Dollar and we will put you on the paid up list.

OUR

## RATES FOR

# Advertising

### ARE VERY LOW

Try us and see the good that will result

Let us furnish you with:

Letter Heads,  
Bill Heads,  
Envelopes,  
Statements,  
Note Heads,

Draft Forms,  
Wedding Cards,  
Visiting Cards,  
Business Cards,  
Posters, Dodgers.

OR IN FACT

## ANYTHING

IN THE

## Printing Line

Send, or Bring your orders and we will do the rest

### We Supply and Print

# Greetings Publishing Co., Ltd.

### IRRESISTIBLE SLEEP.

An Experience in the Fierce Cold of Tierra del Fuego.

"Whoever sits down," said Dr. Solander to his company among the hills of Tierra del Fuego, "will sleep, and whoever sleeps will wake no more." The brave doctor and his men had tramped a considerable distance through the swamps, when the weather became suddenly colder and fierce blasts of wind drove the snow before it. In a short time the cold became so intense as to cause the most oppressive drowsiness. Dr. Solander was the first to nod the inclination to sleep, and he insisted upon lying down. In vain his companions entreated and reproached. He lay down, and when told that he would inevitably freeze to death answered that he desired nothing more than to lie down and die. One of the black servants lay down also. Solander declared himself willing to go on, but begged to be allowed to sleep first, and in a few moments the two men were in a profound sleep. Soon after, those who had been sent forward to kindle a fire returned with the welcome news that the fire awaited them at a short distance. The men happily succeeded in awakening Solander, who, although he had not been asleep five minutes, had almost lost the use of his limbs, and the flesh was so shrunken that his shoes fell from his feet. It was with much urging and assistance that he consented to go on, but all attempts to arouse the black men were futile, and he was left to die.

### HE WANTED REST.

What Verdi Did With the Key of a Checked Piano.

Not all the great composers have courted the constant attention of the world. Verdi used to lament that he was unable to find a refuge, even for a brief space, from the reputation that preceded him wherever he went.

At one time he desired to spend a much needed holiday at the watering place of Montecatini. When he arrived, he found that in one of the apartments assigned to him stood a grand piano of noted make. On the rack, by way of compliment, lay the score of "Il Trovatore." As soon as he caught sight of it the veteran flew into a rage, hastily locked the instrument, threw the score into a corner and, calling for his host, demanded in tragic tones: "Lead me to the spot that overlooks the steepest precipice!"

Wondering, the host did as he was bidden, and on reaching the summit the maestro, who was almost exhausted from fatigue, flung the key of the piano into the abyss, energetically exclaiming as he did so:

"Now I have done something to secure rest and quiet. On the day of my departure I shall send a locksmith to provide the piano with a new key, but while I am here I pray you let it remain as it is."

### His Grace.

Little Milly is a good Sunday school scholar and on that account was invited with two or three others to spend the day at the minister's residence by way of reward. When the dinner came on the good man said such a long grace before meat that Milly yawned and looked hungrily at the covers.

"Why are you yawning, Milly?" asked the minister. "Does not your father say grace?"

"Oh, yes," answered Milly promptly, "but it isn't so long as that."

"And what does he say?" pursued the clergyman, hoping to obtain a text for a little homily.

"He says different things, but last time when he sat down he took off the cover and said: 'Great smokes! Do you call this dinner?'"

The homily was postponed.

### The Wrong Shop.

He was only a plain American panhandler, says the New York Globe, but he ordered his "schonner" of Bowery beer with the sang froid of a plain American plutocrat. Midway in its consumption he shelled to the free lunch counter and reduced the pile of big sausages by one.

Two more gulps of beer and a second and third large sausage disappeared. Winking these down, he concluded that he needed a sausage and got it; then for the door.

"Here, Bill," the genial barkeeper called familiarly. "Come back a minute."

The panhandler returned expectantly. "Say, Bill," the barkeeper continued in a confidential way, "the next time you want a glass of beer you go to a butcher shop, see?"

### Shack to the Waiter.

There was a terrible commotion in the kitchen of the cafe. They could see it through the swinging doors. Some one went to investigate.

"What is it?" they asked when he had returned.

"A waiter fainted," he answered as he took his seat. "They are slapping him with wet towels, trying to bring him to. Did you see that woman who just left? She was the cause. She gave him a quarter tip."

### Dear to Him.

"Before we were married you called me 'darling.' Now you seem content to call me 'dear.'"

"Yes, weren't so dear to me before marriage as you are now. Your father paid your bills."

### First Family Revolt.

"I suppose it was Adam and Eve when they raised Cain." — Strong

## COINS THAT ARE BASE

### Metals and Methods Used in Making Counterfeits.

### HOW THEY MAY BE DETECTED

Spurious Coins Cannot Stand the Three Tests of Weight, Diameter and Thickness—Gold Pieces That Are Sweated, Plugged or Filled.

The most dangerous counterfeits are struck from a die and are usually imitations of gold coins. Molds of various kinds are extensively used, but counterfeits so made are inferior to those made with a die.

Counterfeits made from a mold lettering, mintage and reading are usually poor and weight defective. The coins lack the sharp and clear cut appearance of genuine coins. Most counterfeit silver coins in circulation are made from molds, as it is an inexpensive form of counterfeiting. Some fair specimens have been produced in this way, but usually they are much lighter than the genuine and if of required weight differ in diameter or thickness.

Various metals are used by counterfeiters, principally platinum, silver, copper, brass, antimony, aluminium, zinc, type metal, lead and their mixtures.

Among the most dangerous counterfeits of gold coin are those of a composition of gold, silver and copper. They are low grade gold, and the acid test shows they lack the hardness of standard gold used by the United States mint, which is 900 fine, or 21.70 carats. These counterfeits average from 400 to 800 fine. Platinum counterfeits are dangerous, as the metal used gives required weight, and they are heavily silver plated. When they have been in circulation for a time the plating wears off, especially on the edges.

The most dangerous counterfeit of silver coin is made of a composition of antimony and lead, the former metal producing the acid bath. These counterfeits are of the dollar, have a fine appearance, are heavily silver plated, with fair ring, and some are only slightly below the standard weight.

Some pieces among the smaller coins are made of brass, struck from a die, and when heavily plated with fair imitations. They lack required weight except in a few instances. Counterfeits of type metal, lead and other compositions are lighter than the genuine. Those having required weight are quite too thick.

Genuine coins of all kinds, for the sake of uniformity, are made in various ways. These operations are completed almost exclusively to gold coins, which are sweated, plugged and filled. Sweating is removing a portion of the gold from surface of coin. The process does not interfere with the ring, and as the portion removed is generally slight the coin is left with a very fair appearance, weight only being defective. The principal methods of sweating are the acid bath, dipping the edges or receding, the operator finding a profit in the small quantities of gold removed from numerous pieces.

Plugging is done by boring holes in the coin, extracting the gold and filling the cavity with a base metal material. The larger coins—double eagles and eagles—typically and ten dollar pieces—are drilled for this purpose. The small surface of the plugging material, where it shows on the edge of the coin, is covered with gold and the receding retouched with file or machine.

The average loss in value to coins treated in this way is from one-eighth to one-fifth. Coins of this kind are very dangerous, as they are perfect in appearance, only the edges having been tampered with.

Sawing is done most commonly by sawing the coin through from the edge or receding, removing the interior portion and replacing it with a cheap metal. Spins of all denominations from quarter eagle to double eagle are subjected to this process. When platinum is used to replace gold extracted the coin has same weight as genuine. By this process coins lose four-fifths of their value, as the original surfaces are left only of paper thickness.

When edges have been covered with gold and receding restored the coin has the appearance of being genuine, having correct size and weight and a fair ring. Sometimes the covering of gold on edges is so thin that filling can be distinctly seen. When other and less costly filling than platinum is used coins are of light weight and have a bad ring. If of correct weight they are too thick.

Another method of filling is sawing the coin partly in two, from edge of receding, on one side, leaving a thin and thick portion. The thin side of the coin is turned back and the gold extracted from center of thicker portion. The cavity is filled with base metal and sides pressed back into original position and soldered or brazed together. It is difficult to give average loss to coins treated in this manner, but hardly any two specimens have the same amount of gold taken from them.

For detecting counterfeit coin compare impress, size, weight, ring and general appearance with genuine coin of same period and value. The three tests of weight, diameter and thickness should be applied, for it is almost impossible to make a counterfeit coin exactly alike to a genuine one.

## DISCUSSES "ALL-RED" ROUTE.

### Will Benefit the Whole Empire, Says Hon. L. P. Brodeur.

"The question of the 'All-Red Route'," said Hon. L. P. Brodeur, Canadian Minister of Marine and Fisheries, "is of the utmost importance to the British Empire. It is a subject upon which all politicians, irrespective of party, are unanimous. I notice that not a single opposition paper in Canada has adversely criticized Sir Wilfrid Laurier's proposal."

"It is not Canada alone, but the whole Empire, that will benefit by the All-Red Route. We are struggling in favor of the scheme, but it must not be thought that we are seeking it solely in order to benefit ourselves. Need I reiterate that the projected improved steamship service will bring the distant parts of the Empire nearer to the Mother Country."

"Commercially and strategically the 'All-Red Route' has advantages over the Suez Canal route, and it must prove of enormous advantage to the Empire. Canada is, in a sense, prepared for the day when it will be an accomplished fact, and when she will be linked up more effectively with New Zealand and Australia on the coastwise route than the British Islands on the other."

"We are building a second trans-continental railway—a Grand Trunk, which will have as its termini ports probably Prince Rupert town on the west coast, and Halifax on the east. According to the terms of the contract it must be completed by 1911, and by then we hope that a section of the route will have passed beyond the realm of probability."

"The question is a big one, and in Canada do not expect that a scheme so far-reaching can be settled off-hand by a few weeks of hot and cold words that would lead me to think that there was a tendency on the part of the British Government and a section of the Ministerialists to disavow the approval given by Lord Elgin at the Conference. I understand that a committee of the British Ministers is now at work considering the project, leaving the question of the route and the route considered at a later date by a conference composed of representatives of the British and Canadian Governments interested. I cannot for a moment believe that either Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman or any member of the Liberal party has an intention to oppose an undertaking which would be of such great value to the commercial prosperity of the British Empire."

## THE PENGUIN.

### Comically Serious in Mating—Its Wicked Flippers.

It is probable that penguins pair for life, although nothing definite is known on the subject. When mates are chosen the process is as interesting as it is striking. As is the case with so many creatures, the males fight with each other for the females, might being right in the penguin code. The birds have regular fighting places, and on such battlegrounds was found only an overhanging ledge. The result of innumerable encounters were present in the shape of great quantities of loose feathers surrounding the little fighting ring, which itself was clear of all debris. Although the beak of a penguin is so formidable a weapon when used on this skinned enemies, yet their warlike and indolent are so resistant that they can inflict no injury by this means. The customary mode of fighting is really a kind of boxing or "flipping," it might be called. The two combatants proceed to the fighting place and then walk cautiously about each other, jockeying for an opening and ready to take instant advantage of a false step or move on the part of the opponent. All, however, is solemn and decorous, consistent with the rest of the life of these strange little beings.

When at last each secures a good grip on the neck or body of the opponent the real fighting begins. As nine-tenths of the life of penguins is spent on the open sea, where they pursue and capture fish, swimming with great swiftness by strokes of the flipperlike wings, it can well be imagined that the strength of their wings is very great, and when the two fighters begin to belabor each other with rapidly vibrating flipper strokes each resounding whack must make a considerable impression even on the protecting coat of blubber fat. No one has ever recorded the finish of such an encounter, but it is not probable that they result fatally. The weaker of the two must soon succumb under such severe punishment and yield the field and the fair penguin mate to his stronger rival. The strength of the wing strokes can be tested by allowing a penguin to take hold of one's coat sleeves or, better, the back of the hand. The third or fourth stroke will draw blood, and one is soon fully satisfied as to the penguin's ability in this respect. The tough skin and the loose, rolling blubber beneath, besides breaking a fall and protecting the bird from the icy waters in which it lives, sometimes subserve another most important purpose.

## NEW SHRINE DEDICATED.

### Memorial to Jesuit Fathers Killed by Iroquois Indians.

At Waubashene, on Sturgeon Bay about 1,000 "pilgrims" from various parts of Canada and the United States witnessed the dedication of a shrine to the memory of the Jesuit fathers, Lallement and Brodeur, who were killed by the Iroquois Indians in 1684.

The little chapel was solemnly blessed and dedicated under the title "St. Ignatius of the Martyrs" by Archbishop O'Connor, assisted by Fathers Barre of Midland, Kild of Penatung, Birrel of Peterboro, Hays of Brock, Melley of Brockton, and the Jesuit fathers in charge of Waubashene. His Grace walked through the chapel sprinkling with holy water the seats, pictures and articles used in divine service, converting the place from an ordinary building to a house of God. After this all the priests united in chanting the litany of the saints. Solemn high mass was the next of the services, and then the sermon of the occasion by Rev. Father Moyne of Orillia.

St. Ignatius of the Martyrs is situated on what is known as Martyrs Hill, called so on account of the battle that was fought on the hill, the exact spot on which the Indian massacre took place. It is of wood and is shaped somewhat after the fashion of a canopy in that, save for the sanctuary, it is not enclosed by walls, the roof being supported by pillars.

Standing among the vast aspen-blaze were the same persons and half. Many of them had come a considerable distance to seek a cure for their ailments in the intercession of two martyrs who were being honored.

No cures, however, are expected for a few days.

## Lumber May Be Short.

New Brunswick lumbermen unite in the opinion that there will be not more than sixty or seventy per cent of the lumber cut on the St. John River this coming winter that there was last season, and there have been few, if any, men sent to the woods yet to prepare for the opening of operations. Wages will not be large this year as they were last year. It is expected that \$30 will be paid the stringency in the money market. It is one of the reasons for the present doubtful outlook of the lumbering business. Lumbermen find that they have to pay larger interest on loans. Then a presidential year in the United States as a rule is a poor year for lumbering, and lumbermen on this side will watch with interest the result of the elections. Then, again, the cut this year has been a heavy one, and the market is felt to be glutted, and will be more so at the end of the present sawing season.

## Americans in Ontario.

There are only seven genuine United States citizens in Kingston entitled to the privilege of citizens of a foreign country in Canada. In all Ontario out of 5,000 or more persons of American birth, not more than 200 can register. The rest have lost their rights, as they vote in Canada and do business here. They must pay taxes, as they get Canadian protection and advantages. They have taken the oath of allegiance through Canadian citizenship, and on property qualification.

It is a common mistake to suppose that citizenship living in the United States.

## THE WEST POINT CHAIN.

### It Was Nearly a Mile in Length and Weighed Almost 200 Tons.

From an ironmaker's point of view the greatest achievement during the Revolutionary period was the making of the great West Point chain. This massive chain, which has probably never had an equal since the first hammer struck upon the first anvil, was stretched across the Hudson river at West Point to prevent the British fleet from making a second attack upon Kingston and Albany. It was nearly a mile in length and weighed almost 200 tons, many single links being as heavy as an ordinary sized man. To complete it in six weeks sixty men hammered day and night at s-coutee forges, and the cost of it was placed at \$400,000. "The great chain is looted up," writes Dr. Tacher, "by very large logs, pointed at the ends to rest on their opposition to the force of the current. The logs are placed at short distances from each other, the chain carried over them and made fast to each by staples. There are also a number of anchors dropped at proper distances, with cables made fast to the chain, to give it greater stability."

No British ship passed this iron barrier. With its aid West Point became the strongest military post in America—so strong that treachery was tried where force of arms had failed. When Benedict Arnold was plotting the surrender of West Point he wrote Andre and said, "I have ordered that a link be removed from the great chain and taken to the smith for repair." The chain, however, remained in place till the end of the war, and links of it are still to be seen in the museums of Albany, West Point, Newburg and New York—Exchange.

## Quincy Sore Throat.

The following mixture will generally quickly bring relief in case of a quincy sore throat: Thirty grains of chlorophosphate, three drams of tincture of iodine, four drams of glycerine and enough distilled water to four ounces. The dose for an one teaspoonful every hour.

To avoid the cure of the fact of the iron a good saline laxative should

are ste on my reg at

are ste on my reg at

are ste on my reg at

are ste on my reg at

are ste on my reg at

are ste on my reg at

are ste on my reg at

are ste on my reg at

are ste on my reg at

are ste on my reg at

are ste on my reg at

are ste on my reg at

are ste on my reg at