

ALL UNCERTAIN.

Plenty Rumors as to What is Going on in Natal, But Nothing Definite.

General Buller Has Not Been Heard from Since He Announced His Arrival at Springfield.

The Steamer Milwaukee Has Been Selected to Replace the Montezuma as a Transport, But Will be Unable to Leave Halifax for a Month.

GENERAL REVIEW.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Gen. Lord Roberts, in a despatch to the war office yesterday, recorded a cavalry reconnaissance by Gen. French. He added that the position of Gen. Methuen and Gen. Gatacre were unchanged, but made no reference to the operations in Natal. At the moment of writing the latest authentic information concerning Gen. Buller was his Springfield despatch dated Jan. 11. Pietermaritzburg, Durban and Cape Town have been visited with one another in sending further remarkable reports of the movements of his divisions, but the fact that the general allows the transmission of such despatches probably proves their complete inaccuracy.

The critics discuss with fearful interest the statements indicating the division of Gen. Buller's column into three parts, operating respectively at Springfield, Estcourt and Weenen. They concur in the opinion that such a plan would, under the most favorable view, be extremely daring, as each division would be separated by two or three marches. The situation, though at present neither understood nor understood, certainly creates anxiety, which is in no wise allayed by the rumors that the Boers have evacuated some of their strongest entrenchments. It is recognized that when these wily campaigners begin to "vacillate" and retreat, they are getting dangerous.

Mafeking was apparently holding its own against its besiegers on Jan. 12. A Pretoria telegram of that date reports that the Boers began bombarding the town on that morning. Major Estlin, one of the press correspondents at Mafeking, sent a runner on Jan. 6th to Mochudi with a despatch stating that the garrison was well.

Gen. Wood's occupation on Jan. 5 of Southam's Drift, a few miles within the Orange river and within the Orange Free State, marks the establishment of the first British post in the enemy's country since the opening of the war.

The Standard's correspondent at Ladysmith telegraphed on Jan. 11th that the Boers had begun a singularly restless since the assault on Jan. 6th. They failed to continue to fortify the hills to the northwest, and moved some of their big guns to positions commanding the approaches to the town from the south. They have taken their field guns in the direction of Colenso. It is evident that they are making the most strenuous efforts to prepare for the great struggle that is impending.

The Standard's Durban correspondent, under date of Jan. 13, says a man who just arrived there from Springfield states that the Ladysmith relief column is encamped near the Tugela river facing the Boer positions which the howitzers had been shelling. Two hundred and seventy wagons laden with stores for the Ladysmith garrison had left Frere.

It was expected that the column would reach Gen. White Monday evening, Jan. 15. Mounted patrols had discovered parties of Boers in the direction of Amersfoort, between Frere and Estcourt.

The military crisis of the Morning Leader asserts as if with personal knowledge that "Gen. Warren with his division and something more was yesterday morning five miles northward of Springfield, where Gen. Buller then had his headquarters. This represents the fact."

The critic proceeds to ridicule rumors that do not bear out his statement.

The Times correspondent at Lorenzo Marques, under his despatch Jan. 10, quotes from the Pretoria Volksstem to the effect that every day the war continues it costs the mine shareholders £17,000. The paper adds that with the invaluable assistance of a considerable number of British subjects the Transvaal is steadily increasing the yield of gold, thus securing funds to pay for foreigners for explosives and other means for prosecuting the war.

The service that British mining men are thus rendering the Boers is proportionally ten times greater than that of all an equal number of colonial rebels. The time must come when Great Britain will forbid her subjects to enter into any arrangements with the Transvaal and warn them that for assisting the Boers they will be prosecuted for treason or deprived of their citizenship.

LITTLE TUGELA CROSSED.

Wagons With Stores for Ladysmith Have Left Camp Frere.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The Standard gives prominence to the following despatch, dated Saturday, Jan. 13, from Durban: "A man who has just arrived here from Springfield says that a British column, proceeding to the relief of Ladysmith, has crossed the Little Tugela. When he left it was facing the Boer position on the Big Tugela, and a howitzer was shelling the Boer trenches. He also says that 270 wagons, laden with commissariat stores for Ladysmith, had left Frere, and it was expected that the column would join hands with Gen. White Monday evening. The traction engines have been doing excellent work in hauling heavy wagons out of holes and swamps. "English" patrols have discovered parties of Boers in the direction of Emmertal, between Frere and Estcourt."

Gen. Buller's column is expected to reach Ladysmith on Monday evening, Jan. 15. The foreign military attaches have gone to Cape Town to join Gen. Kitchener.

PIETERMARITZBURG, Natal, Jan. 13.—Holographing has been going on all day between Frere and Ladysmith. Merchants here have received orders to send food stuffs forward. This is taken to mean that a movement for the relief of Ladysmith is expected to start at once. It is believed that this movement will begin on the evening of January 15. The foreign military attaches have gone to Cape Town to join Gen. Kitchener.

SUNDAY RECONNAISSANCE. LONDON, Jan. 16.—The war office has published the following despatch, dated Cape Town, Jan. 15, 8.30 p. m.: "French reports that a reconnaissance yesterday (Sunday) shelled the Colenso road bridge. No casualties. Returned today. "Methuen and Gatacre no change."

AFTER CATTLE RAIDERS. LONDON, Jan. 15.—A despatch to the Central News from Durban, dated Jan. 15, says that ten train loads of troopers and horses from Gen. Buller's command have arrived at that place and started by train for the mouth of the Tugela River, where they will leave the train and enter Zululand, to operate against Boer cattle raiders. The expedition is expected to return to the Tugela in two months.

INSPECTION ORDERED. HAMBURG, Jan. 15.—It is reported that a shipping firm has undertaken the immediate delivery of 300,000 metres of barbed wire on an order from the Orange Free State.

RESPONSE WEAK. LORENZO MARQUEZ, Jan. 13.—A Boer despatch from Molopo, dated Jan. 10, says: "Mafeking is being continuously bombarded. The response from the British garrison is weak. The Boers are deserting the town, and it is reported that the Kafirs are starving."

WAR CORRESPONDENT KILLED. LONDON, Jan. 15.—Mr. Ferrand, one of the Morning Post's correspondents at Ladysmith, was killed in the fighting that took place at that place on January 6th.

LOCAL WAR MATTERS. A correspondent writes to the Sun: "Now that Lord Strathcona's offer to raise 400 mounted men in Canada for service in South Africa has been accepted by the British government, would it not be advisable for his Worship Mayor Sears to cable the high commissioner requesting that this contingent be embarked from our port? Anyway let some steps be taken to secure the forwarding of these troops from Canada through our winter port."

Word has been received here that a former St. John man, William Fielders, son of John Fielders, now of Edmonton, N. W. T., is doing his part in the heroic defence of Ladysmith. He has been in South Africa for some time, and has enjoyed the friendship of Hon. Cecil Rhodes. Mr. Fielders is a crack shot and when the war broke out he hastened to Kimberley and has since been doing his share toward its defence. Globe.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew have sent to the second contingent at Ladysmith also 800 hymn sheets.

SECOND CONTINGENT. Str. Milwaukee Will Replace the Montezuma—Lord Strathcona's Horse.

OTTAWA, Jan. 15.—The department of militia has secured the steamship Milwaukee of the Elder-Dempster line, for the purpose of transporting

the 1st Battalion of Mounted Rifles and C Battery Field Artillery to Cape Town. The Milwaukee is somewhat larger than the Montezuma, being nearly 10,000 tons gross, but she is built almost exactly on the same lines. The temporary fittings which have been put into the Montezuma can be taken out and adapted to the Milwaukee.

The new transport is en route for New Orleans with a cargo of sugar. She is expected to arrive there not later than Wednesday, and orders have been sent to the captain of the vessel to proceed to Halifax immediately after she has discharged her cargo. What with the journey from New Orleans to Halifax, and time necessary for the changes which will be required in the vessel to give accommodation for men and horses, it will be practically a month before the Milwaukee can get away from Halifax. Mr. Sinclair of the Elder-Dempster line, who was here today, sets February 1st as the date when she will certainly not be before February 15th.

The official acceptance by the Imperial government of Lord Strathcona's offer was received by the government today, but pending the final determination of the high commissioner of the contingent, no official statement is forthcoming. So far the exact terms of the high commissioner's offer are confidential, but it is known that he desires the squadron to be raised in the Northwest Territories.

The proposed force will consist of three squadrons of 125 men each, so that with officers it will total about 412 men. The government's general patriotic fund is making splendid progress. Among the subscriptions received today was one of a thousand pounds from the Bank of British North America.

Hon. A. G. Blair left for St. John, N. B. today. He will go to Halifax to see the troops embark before returning here. Messrs. Fielding, Berden, Mulock and Sutherland leave for Halifax on Wednesday morning. Gen. Hutton and Lieut. Col. Macdonald, chief director of stores, leave tomorrow.

FOR THE RICHBUCTO MEN. RICHBUCTO, N. B., Jan. 5.—The citizens of Richbucto and Kingston have forwarded through Geo. W. Murray, Esq., the sum of \$64.50 for Herbert I. Stevenson and Joseph B. Woods of this town, who are with the second contingent.

COL. DRURY TO COMMAND. KINGSTON, Jan. 15.—Major General Hutton has cabled instructions to South Africa to have Lt. Col. Drury return to Cape Town to take command of the artillery with the second contingent. Lt. Col. Drury is on the staff of Col. G. G. Briggs, who commands the artillery.

WOODSTOCK QUOTA. Given a Rousing Reception at the Depot Last Evening. Welcomed by Mayor Sears, Local Militia Officers, and Thousands of Citizens.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., Jan. 15.—Captain Good, with the local contingent, left at ten o'clock today. From noon till the hour of their departure all places of business were closed and the streets were crowded with people. The band played and the men were cheered again and again, and everything done that men and women could do to show them that our people appreciated the sacrifice made by them for the empire. The men, however, in all non-essential noise almost drowning the cheers and having put their belongings in the train, started for the depot. The band played patriotic airs until the train pulled out for St. John.

The I. C. R. depot was the scene last night of a very warm reception to Capt. Good and the Woodstock contingent, who arrived here about 10.15 this way to Halifax. Very few of our people were at the depot, but that made no difference. The men were on route to the Transvaal to fight for their country, and it was a noble and patriotic deed that men and women could do to show them that our people appreciated the sacrifice made by them for the empire.

OTTAWA, Jan. 15.—The funeral of the late Wm. Ogilvie took place this afternoon at the Mount Royal cemetery. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. J. Edgar Hill, pastor of St. Andrew's church. At the conclusion of the service the remains were conveyed to the Mount Royal cemetery for interment.

MAJOR MCGROBBIE NOW! OTTAWA, Jan. 15.—The following militia orders have been issued: Head quarters today, 10th Field Battery, Lieut. Col. P. H. Dibble, on completion of this period of service in command of this battery, is transferred to the reserve of officers.

ST. PRINCESS LOUISE HUSSARS—Paymaster and honorary captain J. H. McRobbie, is granted the honorary rank of major.

Charity covers a multitude of sins, but unfortunately the sin outwears the cover.

FROM YOUR OWN POCKET. In order to introduce our Assorted Steel Pens we are giving away Watches and Chains, Rings, Bracelets, Autoharps, Jack Knives, Fountain Pens, Cameras, Chairs, Air Rifles, Clocks, Skates, Sleds and numerous other beautiful presents. Ladies, young boys, and girls send us your full name and address, and we will mail you (12) packages of our Assorted Steel Pens, to sell among your neighbors and friends at 10c. per package. When sold permit us amount due, \$1.30, and we will forward premium you select from our mammoth catalogue, which we mail you with goods. Send today. Address: STANDARD WATCH AND NOVELTY CO., P. O. Box 62 F., St. John, N. B.

WISHING ALL A HAPPY NEW YEAR. We would inform you that in consequence of having to take account of stock the first of February we have to reduce our stock of Clothing and will make prices lower than ever to clear.

Fraser, Fraser & Co., - Foster's Corner, 40 and 42 King Street, St. John, N. B.

TWO OR THREE TO ONE. LONDON, Jan. 16.—The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Pietermaritzburg, telegraphing Thursday, Jan. 15th, says: "The gallantry of the Ladysmith garrison has not actually demoralized the Boers generally. It is believed that they lost at least 500 men killed, and many more wounded. Many Boers are believed to be trading horses and mules, and some are selling their rifles and other arms."

IS PROBABLY CORRECT. CAPE TOWN, Saturday, Jan. 13.—There is good reason to believe that the statement that Sir Charles Warren, with 11,000 men, has gone toward Weenen, is correct, and that the Boers are probably in the neighborhood. Reports have been received here that the Boers are very active in Ladysmith, and that the situation is extremely quiet at present.

WILL STAND TOGETHER. LONDON, Jan. 16.—The Birmingham Mail, the organ of Joseph Chamberlain, says: "We understand of the highest authority that if the government is satisfied in its deliberations on the question of the war, the cabinet will probably support a motion to stand together and not to permit any individual minister to be made a seceder."

FREDERICTON. FREDERICTON, N. B., Jan. 15.—The meeting of the Daughters of the Empire, at the city council chambers, this afternoon, was largely attended. The mayor read the telegrams received on Saturday from Mrs. Murray of Montreal, after which the ladies proceeded to organize and elected the following officers: President, Mrs. John Black; 1st vice-president, Mrs. T. G. Loggie; 2nd vice-president, Mrs. W. C. Crockett; secretary, Mrs. E. J. Payson; treasurer, Mrs. G. M. Campbell; committee, Mrs. J. P. Phelan, Mrs. C. H. B. Fisher, Mrs. R. McLean, Mrs. G. Y. Dibble, Mrs. J. W. Briggs. A resolution was passed expressing hearty accord with the movement suggested, as outlined by Mrs. Murray, and the secretary was instructed to convey this expression of sympathy and co-operation to the organization of the same name in Fredericton boys. It seems to be the general opinion that the city council will do as requested in this instance.

Judge Marsh delivered judgment at the police court this morning in the case of ex-Alderman Limerick, arrested Christmas eve by Officer Hildcoat, finding the defendant guilty of intoxication and imposing a fine of \$4. Mr. Gregory, counsel for the defendant, asked for a day or two in which to consider the matter of an appeal from the decision, and the fine was allowed to stand until February first.

The York municipal council meets here tomorrow.

OTTAWA. OTTAWA, Jan. 15.—Sir Charles Tupper returned to Ottawa today, looking the picture of health. He has been in the city for the last fifty-six meetings in all parts of the country. His tour in the Northwest was a prolonged series of orations. The department of trade and commerce is calling for tenders for a steamship service between Charlottetown and either Bristol or Liverpool or Manchester, commencing June 1st, and covering six round trips. The service is to be carried out by the British North America Navigation Company. Tenders are asked also for a daily summer service between Charlottetown and Pictou, both for five years. The tenders are to be in by February 15th.

MONTREAL. MONTREAL, Jan. 15.—The funeral of the late Wm. Ogilvie took place this afternoon at the Mount Royal cemetery. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. J. Edgar Hill, pastor of St. Andrew's church. At the conclusion of the service the remains were conveyed to the Mount Royal cemetery for interment.

MAJOR MCGROBBIE NOW! OTTAWA, Jan. 15.—The following militia orders have been issued: Head quarters today, 10th Field Battery, Lieut. Col. P. H. Dibble, on completion of this period of service in command of this battery, is transferred to the reserve of officers.

ST. PRINCESS LOUISE HUSSARS—Paymaster and honorary captain J. H. McRobbie, is granted the honorary rank of major.

Charity covers a multitude of sins, but unfortunately the sin outwears the cover.

FROM YOUR OWN POCKET. In order to introduce our Assorted Steel Pens we are giving away Watches and Chains, Rings, Bracelets, Autoharps, Jack Knives, Fountain Pens, Cameras, Chairs, Air Rifles, Clocks, Skates, Sleds and numerous other beautiful presents. Ladies, young boys, and girls send us your full name and address, and we will mail you (12) packages of our Assorted Steel Pens, to sell among your neighbors and friends at 10c. per package. When sold permit us amount due, \$1.30, and we will forward premium you select from our mammoth catalogue, which we mail you with goods. Send today. Address: STANDARD WATCH AND NOVELTY CO., P. O. Box 62 F., St. John, N. B.

SHIPLOAD OF MISERY. Soldiers' Families Home from Ladysmith—Scenes of Suffering on the Tugela. (London Daily Mail, Dec. 15.) Nearly two days' overcast, the British India Association steamer the Jelunga, with close upon 500 women and children on board, the wives and families of soldiers in South Africa, drifted into Southampton water in the early hours of yesterday morning. The ship carried as well about a score of soldiers, invalids from the Cape who had never seen action. Captain Rice, of the late Royal Irish Fusiliers, who was wounded at Nicholson's Nek, was in command of the craft.

It was the saddest and forlornest of homecomings. As the Jelunga was being worked into the Express dock, above the shouting of orders and the clatter of mooring chains, those on land could distinctly hear the crying of the children.

When the vessel came alongside the quay there seemed to be nothing but children on board. Children with stunted, blue-veined faces, who had seen the children of their mothers' skirts, children who had seen their mothers' arms children who swarmed all over the deck. One or two of them smiled, some of them were silent, but most of them were weeping.

And no wonder—only a few of them had outside wraps of any kind. Most of them were dressed in thin cotton and flannel frocks they had worn in South Africa; some had not even frocks. There were children who held their hands to their heads because they had no hats, and others who tried to hide their feet from the cold, because they had no boots. And the bitter wind of winter froze their little bodies as they sat on the front and back of the deck and cried with cold and wretchedness.

Why were they not below? This is easy to understand, for there were numbers of children on deck, there were many more below. Down in the close, stuffy berths the women's quarters were, one could scarcely move for children. There were over a hundred children on board, and the atmosphere was dreadful. The only way in which the children could keep warm was by LYING CLOSE TOGETHER.

and the only air they had to breathe was such other's breath. The place was full of the wailing of babies—it was as full of sound like a sheepfold in the lambing season. Then it was dark, so dark that one had to move carefully lest one trod upon a baby, or fell up against a child. And the children were packed so closely that they were unable to move. They were packed so closely that they were unable to move. They were packed so closely that they were unable to move.

And they had been herded together down the side of the ship for nearly a month, for the Jelunga sailed from Cape Town on November 18. And sometimes during those days they had been battered down. No wonder, some of the children were in hospital with measles, no wonder six had died on the way.

SIX BABIES HAD DIED. of cold and exposure, and their little bodies, sewn up in canvas, had been dropped into the sea. In the judding season, then it was dark, so dark that one had to move carefully lest one trod upon a baby, or fell up against a child. And the children were packed so closely that they were unable to move. They were packed so closely that they were unable to move.

And they had been herded together down the side of the ship for nearly a month, for the Jelunga sailed from Cape Town on November 18. And sometimes during those days they had been battered down. No wonder, some of the children were in hospital with measles, no wonder six had died on the way.

SIX BABIES HAD DIED. of cold and exposure, and their little bodies, sewn up in canvas, had been dropped into the sea. In the judding season, then it was dark, so dark that one had to move carefully lest one trod upon a baby, or fell up against a child. And the children were packed so closely that they were unable to move. They were packed so closely that they were unable to move.

And they had been herded together down the side of the ship for nearly a month, for the Jelunga sailed from Cape Town on November 18. And sometimes during those days they had been battered down. No wonder, some of the children were in hospital with measles, no wonder six had died on the way.

SIX BABIES HAD DIED. of cold and exposure, and their little bodies, sewn up in canvas, had been dropped into the sea. In the judding season, then it was dark, so dark that one had to move carefully lest one trod upon a baby, or fell up against a child. And the children were packed so closely that they were unable to move. They were packed so closely that they were unable to move.

And they had been herded together down the side of the ship for nearly a month, for the Jelunga sailed from Cape Town on November 18. And sometimes during those days they had been battered down. No wonder, some of the children were in hospital with measles, no wonder six had died on the way.

SIX BABIES HAD DIED. of cold and exposure, and their little bodies, sewn up in canvas, had been dropped into the sea. In the judding season, then it was dark, so dark that one had to move carefully lest one trod upon a baby, or fell up against a child. And the children were packed so closely that they were unable to move. They were packed so closely that they were unable to move.

And they had been herded together down the side of the ship for nearly a month, for the Jelunga sailed from Cape Town on November 18. And sometimes during those days they had been battered down. No wonder, some of the children were in hospital with measles, no wonder six had died on the way.

SIX BABIES HAD DIED. of cold and exposure, and their little bodies, sewn up in canvas, had been dropped into the sea. In the judding season, then it was dark, so dark that one had to move carefully lest one trod upon a baby, or fell up against a child. And the children were packed so closely that they were unable to move. They were packed so closely that they were unable to move.

And they had been herded together down the side of the ship for nearly a month, for the Jelunga sailed from Cape Town on November 18. And sometimes during those days they had been battered down. No wonder, some of the children were in hospital with measles, no wonder six had died on the way.

FORWARD MOVEMENT.

General Buller Has Advanced to the South Bank of the Tugela.

The British Losses at Ladysmith Officially Stated as Being Four Hundred and Twenty.

Earl of Ava, Eldest Son of Lord Dufferin, Wounded at Ladysmith, Has Since Died—Pretoria Advances Admit Defeat in the Recent Attack on Ladysmith.

SITUATION REVIEWED

Buller Has Advanced to the South Bank of the Tugela River.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—Gen. Buller's second attempt to relieve Ladysmith. A laconic despatch sent Thursday night shows that some part of his force has crossed the Little Tugela river and occupied a defensible position on the south bank of the main river, a few miles north of Springfield and within 80 yards of the enemy's strong entrenchments. This meagre information is not supplemented from any source official or unofficial. Even the position Gen. Buller has occupied is a matter of speculation, for no maps available here locate Potgieter's Drift. There are two drifts, each six miles from Springfield, one north and the other northeast. The road from Springfield to Dewdrop crosses the former, and it is assumed that it is that which Gen. Buller holds. It seems strange that the Boers did not destroy the pont when they lately evacuated Springfield. Its possession may mean much to the British. "Pont" in this connection does not imply a bridge but a large ferry boat, which with steel cables, the familiar method of crossing the wider and more rapid rivers in South Africa. Assuming that it is the northward drift that Gen. Buller holds, the maps suggest an inference that a site for a bridge can be found that will be situated from the enemy's artillery. One evident difficulty of the situation, however, is that if the attackers cross there they must, when they emerge on the plain which the river bed encloses, come on a plateau from the enemy's position and once under fire they must attack. But everything that may be said concerning the situation is purely hypothetical in the absence of fuller knowledge. It is needless to remark that further news is awaited with intense eagerness, not to say anxiety.

The only other news of interest is the report of the casualties at Ladysmith on January 9th, which places the total losses at 420 killed and wounded. Among the rank and file were 135 killed and 245 wounded. There is a certain sense of relief that they were not greater, irresponsible estimates having placed them at double that number. His father's eminence makes the death of the Earl of Ava, the most conspicuous among the losses. He accompanied the Natal force in a mounted capacity, apparently from love of adventure, for some time ago he resigned his commission as a lieutenant in the 17th Lancers. He had served in Bethuan's Horse and in Warren's Bechuanaland expedition. So far as his services and usefulness were concerned, the most serious loss among the officers was the death of Lieut. Col. Dick-Cunneymann of the Gordon Highlanders, who only a fortnight ago resumed active duty after being wounded while leading the charge of the Gordons at Elendagskroep. His career was full of military activity, including a share in Lord Roberts' Afghan campaign in 1879, when he won the Victoria Cross. The Gordons also lost another experienced officer in Major Miller Waldau.

Prof. MacCormack, president of the Royal College of Surgeons, who volunteered his services in South Africa, sends to the Lancet further interesting surgical observations confirming the comparative harmlessness of the Mauser bullet, which has amazed the surgeon. He says to anyone familiar with the frightful extent of the damage done by the needless and chaste wounds caused by the war has virtually ceased since Monday the deduction is drawn that important operations are in progress, as he cannot move far without going against the Boer entrenchments.

The death list from entente fever and dysentery at Ladysmith, averaging from 8 to 10 daily, are considered more serious than the 420 casualties of Saturday's fight, as they indicate the frightfully insupportable condition of the beleaguered town. A letter from Ladysmith dated Dec. 7th, says that even then 90 out of 640 men in the battalion of which the writer was a member, were sick with dysentery or entente fever, and, according to a despatch to the Daily Chronicle, dated Jan. 8, the patients and

attendants in Tombi camp, where the hospital is, then numbered 2,800.

TO THE FRONT.

Leinesters Ordered from Halifax to Southampton, Thence to South Africa.

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 12.—A cable was received from the war office tonight ordering the first Battalion of Leinesters, the infantry regiment now in this garrison, to leave within three weeks for Southampton and thence to go to South Africa.

The Leinesters will be relieved by an English militia regiment, the 6th Lancashire Fusiliers.

EARL OF AVA DEAD.

LONDON, Jan. 12, 9.30 p. m.—It is reported this evening that the Earl of Ava, who was wounded at Ladysmith, has died. The earl died without recovering consciousness.

Archibald James Leofric Temple Blackwood, Earl of Ava, the eldest son of Lord Dufferin, was born 28th July, 1853. He never married. The heir to Lord Dufferin's estates is now therefore Lord Terence Temple Blackwood (Dufferin's second son), who married Miss Flora Davis, daughter of John H. Davis of New York, six years ago in Paris.

BOERS ISOLATED.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The correspondent of the Telegraph at Fere in a despatch dated Jan. 9 says that a heavy rain has fallen and that the rivers and creeks are full. He adds that there has been no firing at Ladysmith, and that the trenches at Colenso must be full of water. It is certain that the Boers holding Hlangwani hill are now quite isolated, as their bridges must have been carried away.

ADMIT DEFEAT.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—A despatch from Pretoria completes the report received yesterday about the Boers storming the plateau and ridge overlooking Ladysmith and the British camp there. Today's despatch says: "It appears that while the Boers were successful at the commencement of the engagement they were compelled subsequently to abandon two of their positions."

SECOND CONTINGENT.

OTTAWA, Jan. 12.—The organization of the Canadian Patriotic association was completed at a meeting in the governor's office, at which Lord Minto, Hon. Messrs. Mulock, Borden, Foster, Costigan, Fleming and others were present.

Lord Minto is president, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Charles Tupper, Lord Strathcona and all the lieutenant-governors, vice-presidents. Hon. Mr. Foster is convener of the finance committee and Hon. Dr. Borden of the resolutions committee.

His excellency today received a cable from Sir Fleetwood Edwards, her majesty's private secretary, informing him that her majesty was graciously pleased to become patron of the association.

The government has accepted the generous offer of the high commissioner to defray the cost of equipping and maintaining 400 mounted soldiers. As unfortunately Lord Strathcona is indisposed just now and forbidden to transact any business, details of the organization have not been perfected, but the military authorities are going to work to prepare the equipment.

As British Columbia has offered one hundred mounted men for service, this offer was also accepted, and the men will go on the same vessel as the Lord Strathcona's horse. The entire force will be raised in the Northwest and British Columbia. The cost to Lord Strathcona will not be less than half a million dollars.

ON THE MOVE.

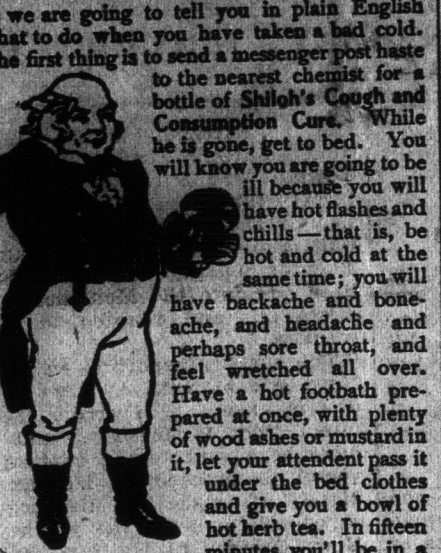
Colonial Troops Take Part in a Reconnaissance.

(Special Despatch to the Sun.) MODDER RIVER, Jan. 11, 11.30 a. m.—Gen. Babington's cavalry from Modder River, and Col. Pilcher's troops, from Belmont, made a joint reconnaissance from Hoopstrop Kop Tuesday and Wednesday, but did not encounter the enemy. They learned, however, that the Boers were in strong force around Jacobabad, but all were behind a line from outside Jacobabad to the south of Magerfontein. The cavalry destroyed the farm buildings of Commandant Lubbe, who is commanding at Jacobabad. The reconnaissance returned this morning.

MODDER RIVER, Thursday, Jan. 11.—Gen. Babington, with two regiments of Lancers, the Victorian

Good Plain English

Is Better than Latin When You Address Sick Folks.



So we are going to tell you in plain English what to do when you have taken a bad cold. The first thing is to send a messenger post haste to the nearest chemist for a bottle of Shillo's Cough and Consumption Cure. While he is gone, get to bed. You will know you are going to be ill because you will have hot flashes and chills—that is, be hot and cold at the same time; you will have headache and backache and perhaps sore throat, and feel wretched all over. Have a hot footbath prepared at once, with plenty of wood shavings or mustard in it, let your attendant pass it under the bed clothes and give you a bowl of hot herb tea. In fifteen minutes you'll be in a good sweat and the bottle of Shillo will have arrived. Now comb the hair with this grand medicine according to directions, and by the time you have taken three-quarters of the bottle, your cold will have disappeared. If Shillo, faithfully used, does not do what it professes, you're an exception to the majority, and shall have your money refunded. Sold in Canada and United States, 55c, 50c, and \$1 a bottle; in England, 1s, 2s, 3s, and 4s 6d. S. C. Wells Co., Toronto. GENTLEMEN: Shillo's Cough and Consumption Cure is the best remedy for coughs and croup I know of. All my neighbors will testify to this. JANS. DIRK, Grand Centre, Iowa.

Mounted rifles and a battery of horse artillery, left here on the evening of Jan. 7 and crossed the Free State border Tuesday morning.

Simultaneously other movements were made. A column under Col. Elcher went from Belmont to the south of Gen. Babington's route, while a portion of the garrison of Kloofontein and Honeynest Kloof, under Major Byrne, advanced toward Jacobabad. Col. Babington penetrated 12 miles and his scouts high. The farm houses were found empty, the occupants having fled with the advance and gone farther into the interior. The British bivouacked at Random. They burned three farm houses, the property of one of the Boer leaders. Yesterday they swept around southward, returning here today. Nothing was accomplished except a reconnaissance.

Col. Pilcher came into touch with Gen. Babington and then returned to Belmont. Major Byrne reconnoitered the hills about four miles from Jacobabad and saw seven hundred Boers.

FROM PRETORIA.

Everything Points to a Great Battle Within a Few Days.

BOER HEADQUARTERS AT COL- ENSO, Thursday, Jan. 11, via Pretoria, via Lourenço Marques, Friday, Jan. 12.—Everything points to a great battle within the next few days. Ladysmith for the last two nights has been firing rockets. The object is not known here. PRETORIA, Thursday, Jan. 11, via Lourenço Marques.—President Kruger, in the course of a stirring address just issued to the Burgers, affirms that Providence is on their side, that their cause is just and that they must succeed.

Reports from Colenso represent the position there as favorable to the republicans, but that the British are concentrating for operations on a large scale. The official list of the Boer losses in what is called the Plat-Rand fight, on Saturday, Jan. 6 (the attack upon Ladysmith), shows twenty-six killed and seventy-seven wounded. These figures are described as the first return.

The embargo on Delagoa Bay upon the Boers is the question of the hour with the Burgers. If this be not removed, it is asserted that steps will be taken prejudicial to prisoners and aliens.

LADYSMITH ASSAULT

The Men on Both Sides Fought Like Demons.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A special despatch from Hoopstrop, at Ladysmith, dated Jan. 9, via Pretoria, via Lourenço Marques, says: "The British made no attempt to hold the first line of breastworks, but made an exceedingly stubborn resistance at the next row. Every inch was stubbornly contested and conspicuous bravery was displayed on both sides.

"After ten o'clock the British artillery fire slackened, and a terrible individual contest ensued among the riflemen for the possession of Plat-Rand ridge. At noon a heavy thunder storm interrupted the battle, lasting two hours.

"Although the Burgers succeeded in ultimately gaining possession of most of the British positions on the eastern side of the Plat-Rand, they were finally obliged to retire from most of the ground they occupied. The British were most strongly entrenched, their redoubts being skillfully loopholed, and the combat was so close that rifles were frequently fired at arm's length. It was a hand-to-hand encounter. The men on both sides fought like demons and the horror and bewilderment of the scene could scarcely be paralleled."

WAR OFFICE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The war office issued at midnight a despatch from Field Marshal Roberts, dated Cape Town, Jan. 14, 8.30 p. m., saying: "There is no change in the situation."

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The war office simultaneously issued the following from Lord Roberts, dated Cape Town, Jan. 13, 3.30 p. m.: "Methuen's cavalry reconnaissance returned on Jan. 11. Went 25 miles into Free State. Country clear of enemy, except patrols.

"All quiet at Modder River. "French reconnoitered around the enemy's left flank on Jan. 10. Advanced from Siltmeyer's Farm on Jan. 11, with cavalry and horse artillery, to bombard Boer longer east of Cole-

burg Junction, but was unable to outflank the enemy.

Reconnaissance of cavalry and mounted infantry pushed north of Eastard's Neck and examined country north of ridge.

"Gatacre reports no change. "All well on Dec. 23 at Mafeking."

FROM THE CAPE TOWN TIMES.

Boers Still at Stormberg—Boer List of Casualties.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 10, 11.15 a. m.—A despatch to the Times from Modder River, dated Jan. 8, says that the Boers had taken Stormberg and were going to Colenso, some distance to the northwest, to oppose Gen. French. A strong reconnaissance of mounted men under Col. Jeffrey proceeded to within three miles of Stormberg, and discovered that the Boers were still holding the place, but were unable to learn their strength. The enemy fired on the British, who replied and then awaited an attack. The enemy refused to attack and the British thereupon retired. There were no casualties. Col. Jeffrey with the Cape police is occupying the Modder River camp."

The Times publishes a long letter accusing Lord Loch of the betrayal of the Dilianders in 1894. The writer says that he and Hofmeyer, the Afrikaner difficulties, for the reason that they failed to support Sir Jacobus DeWitt, the then British agent.

The papers also publish the Boer official list of the casualties at Magerfontein, which was a high command killed at 51, including 24 Free State killed and 16 Scandinavians. The list of the Stormberg casualties includes 2 Cape rebels killed and 8 wounded.

HAS BEEN ACCEPTED.

Lord Strathcona's Offer of Mounted Men Accepted by the War Office.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The Associated Press learns that Lord Strathcona, secretary of state for war, accepted Saturday the offer of Lord Strathcona, Canadian high commissioner in London, to provide, distinct from the Canadian contingents, a force of at least 400 mounted men from Manitoba, Northwest Territory, and British Columbia, and to arm, equip and convey them to South Africa at his own expense. All will be expert marksmen, rough riders and scouts.

It is estimated that the offer will involve an expenditure of £200,000. The war office regards Lord Strathcona's proposal as an extraordinary proof of colonial patriotism.

A LINE OF RETREAT.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Standard publishes the following from Ladysmith, Thursday, Jan. 11, by heliograph, via Weenen: "The Boers are fortifying positions north and west of Ladysmith, doubtless with a view of securing a safe line of retreat should their opposition to Gen. Buller's advance fail. They have taken Ladysmith in large numbers and may be contemplating another attack.

"It is known, however, that they are greatly depressed by their heavy losses. Prior to Saturday, they were perfectly confident of their ability to defeat the garrison and to take possession of the town."

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

(Special Despatch to the Sun.) LONDON, Jan. 14.—The Duke of Westminster, who has just succeeded to the title, on the ground of urgent private affairs, is returning from South Africa on leave of absence, and will return with the Imperial Yeomanry.

ONLY A RUMOR.

DURBAN, Friday, Jan. 12.—The entire absence of news from Chieveley or Fere Camp continues, but there is a persistent rumor that Ladysmith has been relieved.

CHARGED WITH TREASON.

CAPE TOWN, Wednesday, Jan. 10.—The proceedings for treason instituted against the Dutch colonialists who were taken in arms at Sunnyside are being pressed. Witnesses have been interrogated today; the preliminary examination before the magistrate will be held later and the trial will probably be conducted by the supreme court.

The Colonial Dutch point out that these propositions will serve to make more rebels, as they consider the treatment of the prisoners designed to terrify them. Some Britons regard the propositions as impolitic, in view of the fact that the Boers are able to retaliate upon the one hundred British officers and 2,500 prisoners in their hands, and might do so unless all who fight in the Boer ranks are treated as prisoners of war.

The Boers kept up a continuous sniping near Dordrecht. Five colonial scouts were captured on Monday.

Yesterday the American residents gave a dinner to Webster Davis, United States secretary of the interior. Lord Roberts and Lord Kitchener most fervently received on their arrival at Cape Town.

BOERS ROUTED

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 11, 10.35 a. m.—A despatch to the Cape Times from Rensburg, dated Jan. 10, says: "At midday three hundred Boers made a determined effort to occupy a hill overlooking Siltmeyer's Farm. The British cavalry and artillery were ordered to the right and left and the movement was frustrated. A company of the Yorkshire regiment occupied a hill facing the one the Boers attempted to seize. The squadrons of cavalry under Col. Need, reconnoitered towards Colenso and discovered

a laager containing 800 mules, six miles south of the village. The Boers were surprised and rushed away in all directions in a most disorderly manner. They were heard shouting in English and Dutch. The British fired on them, killing a number of horses, and then retired."

WARREN MOVES EAST. LONDON, Jan. 15.—A despatch to the Daily Mail, dated Jan. 12, from Pietermaritzburg, says: "Sir Charles Warren reached with 11,000 men eastward from Fere, by way of Weenen. His scouts found no sign of the enemy at Groblers' Kloof, while Colenso was ascertained to be deserted.

"There are rumors that the Boers are preparing to leave Natal, discouraged by the failure to reduce Ladysmith. All the colonials and irregulars have been placed under Gen. Warren's command.

"Among the Free States killed in the battle on Saturday night were Major-General Devilliers, who, but for his well known friendliness to England, would have been commander-in-chief of the Free State forces."

TRANSPORT ON FIRE.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A despatch to the Daily Mail from Sydney, N. S. W., says that the transport Maoriking, taking the second contingent of Queensland troops to South Africa, was discovered to be on fire the night before last, and was destroyed. The fire was in a perforated tar drum that had been placed in the coal bunkers. The authorities had been suspicious and a careful watch had been kept. This led to the prompt discovery of the fire, which was extinguished before much damage was done. Stringent precautions have been taken regarding the other three transports, which will leave Sydney Wednesday.

MESSAGE FROM WHITE

LADYSMITH, Friday, Jan. 12 (by heliograph).—The besiegers have been quiet for two days, but can be seen in active movement on the distant hills. We have perceived two small bodies galloping with two machine guns.

The Boers' heavy piece on Bulwana Hill has not been fired for two days. The Boer dead have been found at the base of Caesar's Camp. All is well here.

WAITING FOR SUPPLIES.

DURBAN, Wednesday, Jan. 10.—There is a Boer commando in Zambanzani country, Zululand, within a day's march of the sea, with wagons. It is believed to be waiting for supplies and ammunition secretly landed near St. Lucia Bay.

The Boers have looted all the stores and mines in the Swaziland territory, and the ruined natives are completing the work of destruction.

MAKES WHITE GOODS WHITER



Surprise Soap does it in the wash. Has remarkable and peculiar qualities for washing clothes. Good for all uses. SURPRISE is the name. 5 cents a cake.

WARREN MOVES EAST.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A despatch to the Daily Mail, dated Jan. 12, from Pietermaritzburg, says: "Sir Charles Warren reached with 11,000 men eastward from Fere, by way of Weenen. His scouts found no sign of the enemy at Groblers' Kloof, while Colenso was ascertained to be deserted.

"There are rumors that the Boers are preparing to leave Natal, discouraged by the failure to reduce Ladysmith. All the colonials and irregulars have been placed under Gen. Warren's command.

"Among the Free States killed in the battle on Saturday night were Major-General Devilliers, who, but for his well known friendliness to England, would have been commander-in-chief of the Free State forces."

TRANSPORT ON FIRE.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A despatch to the Daily Mail from Sydney, N. S. W., says that the transport Maoriking, taking the second contingent of Queensland troops to South Africa, was discovered to be on fire the night before last, and was destroyed. The fire was in a perforated tar drum that had been placed in the coal bunkers. The authorities had been suspicious and a careful watch had been kept. This led to the prompt discovery of the fire, which was extinguished before much damage was done. Stringent precautions have been taken regarding the other three transports, which will leave Sydney Wednesday.

MESSAGE FROM WHITE

LADYSMITH, Friday, Jan. 12 (by heliograph).—The besiegers have been quiet for two days, but can be seen in active movement on the distant hills. We have perceived two small bodies galloping with two machine guns.

The Boers' heavy piece on Bulwana Hill has not been fired for two days. The Boer dead have been found at the base of Caesar's Camp. All is well here.

WAITING FOR SUPPLIES.

DURBAN, Wednesday, Jan. 10.—There is a Boer commando in Zambanzani country, Zululand, within a day's march of the sea, with wagons. It is believed to be waiting for supplies and ammunition secretly landed near St. Lucia Bay.

The Boers have looted all the stores and mines in the Swaziland territory, and the ruined natives are completing the work of destruction.

HAD RIFLES ON BOARD.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—A despatch to the Central News from Durban, dated Jan. 11, says that a number of rifles have been discovered aboard the selfed German steamer Dunderstrich. The vessel has returned to South Africa from British home garrisons.

OVER 200 KRUPP GUNS.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "Great Britain has bought 240 Krupp guns that were supplied about two years ago to one of the Southern European states. These guns are not quick fired, but will be used to replace the guns sent to South Africa from British home garrisons."

NORTH OF MAFEKING.

MOHADI, Jan. 5, via Bulwauw.—A reconnaissance into the interior in a direction four miles south of the Gaborone revealed that the bridge across that river was held by the force of the Gaborone and sighted a Boer patrol, which retired.

LOSSES WERE VERY HEAVY.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A despatch to the Standard from Ladysmith, dated Jan. 7, says that the Boer losses on Jan. 6 are believed to have been greater than those of the British. They were engaged in removing their dead and wounded for a whole day and night.

SORTIE FROM KIMBERLEY.

LORENZO MARQUES, Jan. 12.—A Boer despatch states that the British garrison at Kimberley made a determined sortie towards Kautersdam early on Jan. 9. They returned to Kimberley after a brisk artillery exchange. There was no damage on either side.

RATIONS INCREASED.

FREIERE CAMP, Jan. 11.—A heliogram from Ladysmith says there have been no further movements. The outposts had a slight brush early Thursday morning. The rations of the garrison have been increased.

LOCAL WAR NOTES.

WOODSTOCK CONTINGENT. The Woodstock contingent of field artillery will leave Woodstock for Halifax at 2 p. m. this afternoon. A special train will bring them as far as this city, arriving between 10.30 and 11 o'clock, local time. They will then entrain on the regular accommodation for Halifax, picking up the Newcastle contingent at Moncton. The Artillery band will be the depot to welcome the boys. It is also probable that the Victoria Rink's Own Band will take part in the demonstration.

A well known citizen of Sydney, N. S. W., has contributed £3,000, and another £25,000 towards sending a force of Australian bushmen to South Africa.

SOLDIERS' LETTERS.

Interesting Accounts of Some of the Early Engagements. A Boer Lad Describes His Part in the Fight at Elendagskroep.

(Correspondence of The Associated Press.) LONDON, Jan. 6.—Letters from the soldiers fighting against the Boers are published in large numbers and in many cases are just as interesting as the accounts by trained war correspondents. A medical officer under Lord Roberts, describing the battle of Modder River, writes:

BATTLE OF MODDER RIVER. "A lot of the North Lancashire men were horribly wounded. I turned over a sergeant, back in the face, dead. One man was brought to me who had been struck by

MAKES WHITE GOODS WHITER



Surprise Soap does it in the wash. Has remarkable and peculiar qualities for washing clothes. Good for all uses. SURPRISE is the name. 5 cents a cake.

WARREN MOVES EAST.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A despatch to the Daily Mail, dated Jan. 12, from Pietermaritzburg, says: "Sir Charles Warren reached with 11,000 men eastward from Fere, by way of Weenen. His scouts found no sign of the enemy at Groblers' Kloof, while Colenso was ascertained to be deserted.

"There are rumors that the Boers are preparing to leave Natal, discouraged by the failure to reduce Ladysmith. All the colonials and irregulars have been placed under Gen. Warren's command.

"Among the Free States killed in the battle on Saturday night were Major-General Devilliers, who, but for his well known friendliness to England, would have been commander-in-chief of the Free State forces."

TRANSPORT ON FIRE.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A despatch to the Daily Mail from Sydney, N. S. W., says that the transport Maoriking, taking the second contingent of Queensland troops to South Africa, was discovered to be on fire the night before last, and was destroyed. The fire was in a perforated tar drum that had been placed in the coal bunkers. The authorities had been suspicious and a careful watch had been kept. This led to the prompt discovery of the fire, which was extinguished before much damage was done. Stringent precautions have been taken regarding the other three transports, which will leave Sydney Wednesday.

MESSAGE FROM WHITE

LADYSMITH, Friday, Jan. 12 (by heliograph).—The besiegers have been quiet for two days, but can be seen in active movement on the distant hills. We have perceived two small bodies galloping with two machine guns.

The Boers' heavy piece on Bulwana Hill has not been fired for two days. The Boer dead have been found at the base of Caesar's Camp. All is well here.

WAITING FOR SUPPLIES.

DURBAN, Wednesday, Jan. 10.—There is a Boer commando in Zambanzani country, Zululand, within a day's march of the sea, with wagons. It is believed to be waiting for supplies and ammunition secretly landed near St. Lucia Bay.

The Boers have looted all the stores and mines in the Swaziland territory, and the ruined natives are completing the work of destruction.

HAD RIFLES ON BOARD.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—A despatch to the Central News from Durban, dated Jan. 11, says that a number of rifles have been discovered aboard the selfed German steamer Dunderstrich. The vessel has returned to South Africa from British home garrisons.

OVER 200 KRUPP GUNS.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "Great Britain has bought 240 Krupp guns that were supplied about two years ago to one of the Southern European states. These guns are not quick fired, but will be used to replace the guns sent to South Africa from British home garrisons."

NORTH OF MAFEKING.

MOHADI, Jan. 5, via Bulwauw.—A reconnaissance into the interior in a direction four miles south of the Gaborone revealed that the bridge across that river was held by the force of the Gaborone and sighted a Boer patrol, which retired.

LOSSES WERE VERY HEAVY.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A despatch to the Standard from Ladysmith, dated Jan. 7, says that the Boer losses on Jan. 6 are believed to have been greater than those of the British. They were engaged in removing their dead and wounded for a whole day and night.

SORTIE FROM KIMBERLEY.

LORENZO MARQUES, Jan. 12.—A Boer despatch states that the British garrison at Kimberley made a determined sortie towards Kautersdam early on Jan. 9. They returned to Kimberley after a brisk artillery exchange. There was no damage on either side.

RATIONS INCREASED.

FREIERE CAMP, Jan. 11.—A heliogram from Ladysmith says there have been no further movements. The outposts had a slight brush early Thursday morning. The rations of the garrison have been increased.

LOCAL WAR NOTES.

ADVERTISING RATES. \$1.00 per inch for ordinary transient advertising. For Sale, Wanted, etc., 50 cents each insertion.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY. ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager. THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., JANUARY 17, 1900.

THE CARLETON ELECTION.

The Carleton county election Friday is more than a mere local or even provincial importance. The return of Mr. Fleming by the handsome majority of 120 in a straight party contest is a sign of the times, showing that recent events in Manitoba and Prince Edward Island are only typical of the condition of public feeling in other provinces.

THE LATE MR. OGLIVIE. The sudden death of Mr. W. W. Ogilvie removes one of the great Canadian captains of industry and commerce. Mr. Ogilvie was a great miller. His mills were capable of producing more than half the flour consumed

in Canada. But he was much more than a manufacturer of flour. He was a great trader in grain, not of the class whose purchases are on paper, but of the old-fashioned kind who take delivery of the wheat through the grain elevator of Manitoba and the west seldom gets out of sight of the Ogilvie's elevators. There is one at every station on all the lines of railway. The farmers sell their grain direct to the mill owner, and there need be no middle men. No man was better known in the wheat belt than Mr. Ogilvie, who was in the habit of travelling all through the country and forming his own estimate of the quantity and quality of the crops.

THE ISSUE IN CARLETON. The Globe has an "impression" that the federal government was not a participant in the Carleton county fight. It points out that Mr. Emerson declared last winter that he did not intend to run provincial politics on federal lines, and concludes that the dominion government after such an avowal would not think it necessary to intervene.

It is natural for the Globe, which is more interested in the Laurier government than it is in Mr. Emerson, should make itself believe that the "election" was held on purely local grounds. If we accept this explanation we must conclude that the Emerson government is exceedingly unpopular among the Carleton county farmers. The Globe is apparently quite willing to have the public take this view of the case.

But what is the election of Mr. Fleming distinctly a condemnation of the Emerson government it is also a vote of censure on the Laurier ministry. Last winter, Mr. Emerson declared his alleged independence of federal politics, he called in Mr. Blair and gave him the management of the provincial campaign. Mr. Blair not only gave the "Emersonian" ticket all the support he could command, but he personally selected candidates and organized the campaign. He arranged the ticket in York, St. John, Charlotte and other counties, using his position and influence as a member of the federal government and minister of railways to procure support for the local government. So completely did the campaign pass into the hands of Mr. Blair that Mr. Emerson practically disappeared from public view.

The dominion government has continued to control our provincial affairs. The by-election in Carleton, was brought about by an Ottawa deal. Mr. Smith was promised this post-mastery long ago. That was one of the understandings of his candidature last winter. The dominion government improperly dismissed Postmaster Vince by virtue of that bargain. The federal government not only took an interest in the Carleton campaign but actually brought on the election.

Mr. Shaw, the government candidate, was nominated by a convention of the liberal party. In his speech that same day he defended the Laurier party. A score of his meetings to do dominion issues. Mr. Emerson himself discussed federal questions during the greater part of his speech on at least one occasion. Mr. Hazen in his campaign criticized both the Emerson and the Laurier governments. In his discussion of provincial affairs he advocated the abolition of the office of solicitor general. He demanded such a change in the position of the auditor general as would make the officer independent of the government, whose accounts he is called upon to examine. He advocated a reduction in the number of legislators, the adoption of the tender system in public contracts, and the expenditure of by-road money by the municipalities.

But while giving attention to these local matters, Mr. Hazen discussed federal issues on every platform, dealing with the failure of the liberal party to carry out its promises to the farmers, and exposing the double-dealing in the matter of the plebiscite. He pointed out that while United States omen came into Carleton county free of duty, the auditor general's notices were shut out from the United States by high duties. He dealt with the misconduct of the dominion government in many matters, and did not fail to read the statements of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Tarte in opposition to the offer of a Canadian corps for Africa.

Mr. Fleming did not hesitate to avow himself a liberal conservative candidate as well as a supporter of the local opposition. He was chosen at a liberal conservative convention, and asked for support as a member of the party which opposes Sir Wilfrid Laurier as well as Mr. Emerson. He was elected in response to that appeal, and every man who voted for him is as much an opponent of the two-price machine at Ottawa as he is of the two-price machine at Fredericton. It is known in Carleton county as well as elsewhere that they are the same machine.

THE LAURIER ORGAN AND MANITOBA. The acknowledged "organ of the liberal party" in Quebec is still crying out over the election in Manitoba. Le Soleil now presents the case in this form: "The conservatives ridiculed the Laurier policy of conciliation, but during only three years in which the government has been in power it has obtained enormous concessions from the Greenway government."

NOVA SCOTIA NEWS. WOLFVILLE, N. S., Jan. 10.—At a meeting of the executive of the Fruit Growers' association Ralph S. Eaton and M. G. De Wolfe were appointed delegates to the Farmers' association at New Glasgow.

PARSEBORO, N. S., Jan. 13.—The patriotic concert in aid of the Canadian contingent fund, and in farewell to Rev. W. G. Lane, which was announced by Rev. J. M. MacKenzie, was held at St. George's hall, as some of the board of trustees thought the church was not a suitable place for such a demonstration.

RECENT DEATHS. The death occurred last Friday at his residence, Hazen street, of Robert Milligan, a well known resident of this city. Mr. Milligan came to this city from Scotland, and was for a long time engaged in the stone cutting business here.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., Jan. 13.—The death occurred at the residence of the late John Fraser of the city. At first he was connected with his father's business in mining, and became interested in mining speculations, and about four years ago left this city and has been residing in Ontario and New York. Later he has represented a lumber concern in the western city.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The health of infants and children is of the greatest importance. Castoria is a safe and reliable remedy for all ailments of the young.

ANNAPOLIS SHIPPING NOTES. (Spectator.) Sch. Pearlina sailed Monday for Porto Rico with 187,940 ft. lumber, 20,000 shingles and 169 bundles clapboards, shipped by Pickels & Mills.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. Send for Catalogue and list of Successful Students. S. KERR & SON, Oddfellows' Hall

NOVA SCOTIA NEWS. WOLFVILLE, N. S., Jan. 10.—At a meeting of the executive of the Fruit Growers' association Ralph S. Eaton and M. G. De Wolfe were appointed delegates to the Farmers' association at New Glasgow.

PARSEBORO, N. S., Jan. 13.—The patriotic concert in aid of the Canadian contingent fund, and in farewell to Rev. W. G. Lane, which was announced by Rev. J. M. MacKenzie, was held at St. George's hall, as some of the board of trustees thought the church was not a suitable place for such a demonstration.

RECENT DEATHS. The death occurred last Friday at his residence, Hazen street, of Robert Milligan, a well known resident of this city. Mr. Milligan came to this city from Scotland, and was for a long time engaged in the stone cutting business here.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., Jan. 13.—The death occurred at the residence of the late John Fraser of the city. At first he was connected with his father's business in mining, and became interested in mining speculations, and about four years ago left this city and has been residing in Ontario and New York.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The health of infants and children is of the greatest importance. Castoria is a safe and reliable remedy for all ailments of the young.

ANNAPOLIS SHIPPING NOTES. (Spectator.) Sch. Pearlina sailed Monday for Porto Rico with 187,940 ft. lumber, 20,000 shingles and 169 bundles clapboards, shipped by Pickels & Mills.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. Send for Catalogue and list of Successful Students. S. KERR & SON, Oddfellows' Hall

WITH AGE COMES WISDOM From childhood to ripe old age since 1810. JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT has been used by generation after generation. Relieves Every Form of Inflammation for INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.

FROM ALL OVER CANADA come letters telling us of the great benefits derived from the use of the D. & L. Monthly Plasters in cases of neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, etc. Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., manufacturers.

TUMORS Are Readily Removed by Our Constitutional Treatment Without the Necessity of Operation. Many people are afflicted with lumps or tumors on various parts of the body, but do not seem to cause them much pain. It must not be forgotten, however, and should not be neglected for several reasons.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. Send for Catalogue and list of Successful Students. S. KERR & SON, Oddfellows' Hall

CITY Recent Around Together With from Corp Ex

When ordered WEEKLY SUN which the pay that of the off is sent. Remember! Office must be ensure prompt request. THE SUN issuing weekly WEEKLY SUN lation of all p Maritime Fro please make

Group, the d instantly relief ment. Napoleon De was injured Year's day, d cently at his

Work at the Pugwash, wh continuous k to be built ar to construct

The Bang potato price is for \$1.45 to 1.50; Caribou, \$1.35 to 1.40.

A Digby l latest schemu telephone co Fundy, com with the wh phone Co, v a metallic Yarmouth also extend Digby."

We ha and are may be only the GE We Ha We Ha achieve the SHAP

CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John,

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges.

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish it sent.

Remember! The NAME of the Post Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your request.

THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY, issuing weekly 3,500 copies of THE WEEKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces. Advertisers, please make a note of this.

Croup, the dread of every mother, is instantly relieved by Bentley's Liniment.

Napoleon Daigle, the workman who was injured at Sand Point on New Year's day, died from his injuries recently at his home in Montreal.

Robert McKinney, a well known St. John printer, writing from London to a St. John friend, announced that he was to sail on December 23 for South Africa.

Mrs. T. Mellish of Charlottetown has received a photo of her son, Arthur Mellish, taken in South Africa. The young Canadian looks well and soldierly.

Prosser Bros. of Charlottetown have bought a lot of land at Sydney and will erect a brick store for dry goods trade. The price of the lot was said to be \$3,800.

Work at the Maritime Clay Works, Pugwash, will be resumed shortly. A continuous kiln for burning bricks to be built and will take 450,000 bricks to construct it.

John Lockery of Charlottetown, P. E. I., celebrated his 102nd birthday on Jan. 6th. Many residents in that city and some from the country gathered to pay their respects to the old gentleman.

Edwin H. Peters returned on Thursday from a trip through Carleton county, where he has been securing hay for shipment to the Bay of Fundy. He secured in the vicinity of 1,500 tons of superior hay.

The Bangor Commercial quotes potato prices as follows at the several market towns named: Bay of Fundy, \$1.50; Presque Isle, \$1.35 to 1.40; Caribou, \$1.35 to 1.40; Fort Fairfield, \$1.35 to 1.40.

A Digby letter says: "One of the latest schemes now afoot is to run a telephone cable across the Bay of Fundy, connecting at Point Prim with the wires of the Valley Telephone Co., which would likely put in a metallic circuit to Windsor. The Yarmouth Amalgamated Co. would also extend their metallic circuit to Digby."

Mrs. W. F. George of Upper Sackville fell on the ice on Thursday near her own home and sustained serious injury. One of her wrists was broken, and she was otherwise cut and bruised. She was unconscious some time. A telephone message Friday morning says the patient is resting easily.—Post.

KITCHEN AND KITCHENER. Willard Kitchener, the railway contractor, arrived from Fredericton, N. B., Wednesday evening.—Charlottetown Examiner. That Kitchener should be confounded with Kitchener is probably due to the fact that under grid rule Mr. Kitchener is as important a figure in bridge and railway contracts as the man who pushed the line to Khartoum.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Michael Fitzpatrick was held at 2:30 yesterday afternoon from her former residence, 140 St. James street. The pallbearers were: Thos. Ritchie, Thos. Conlon, J. McGonagle, Bernard McDonald, Joseph Condon and William Furlong. The body was taken first to the Church of St. John the Baptist, and interment was made at the Catholic cemetery. Rev. W. C. Gaynor officiated.

To cure a headache in 10 minutes use Kumfort Headache Powders.

We have been appointed GENERAL AGENTS for the Golden Grove Woollen Mills, and are now in a position to handle any amount of wool that may be sent to us. We will give in exchange for wool, not only the products of the mills, but anything in our store, in GENERAL DRY GOODS, Gentlemen's Furnishings, AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS, AT REGULAR CASH PRICES.

We Have but One Price on Everything Custom Carding and Weaving a Specialty.

We can assure our Customers and the Farmers in general that they will achieve the best results by sending their wool to us.

SHARP & McMACKIN, 335 Main Street, St. John, N. B.

Notice to Subscribers.

John E. Austin is travelling in Queens Co. N. B. in the interests of the Sun.

Laughlin Beaton, of Scottish Highland descent and a native of P. E. I., who has been living with Father Michaud at Bucoche, during the past 23 years, died on Jan. 6th, aged 82 years. He belonged to a very respectable and formerly well-to-do family who were among the principal settlers of Prince Edward Island. He also has relatives among the McIsaac and Beaton of the Cape Breton district.

Lloyd's foundry and machine shop at Kenville was destroyed by fire Jan. 11th. The loss to John I. Lloyd is about \$15,000. There were about \$3,000 worth of orders on hand at the time of the fire. Sixteen men are now out of employment, but the building will be rebuilt as soon as possible. There was \$5,000 worth of stock in the building, and the loss in moulds in the foundry is about \$4,000. The company has been ten years in obtaining these, and they cannot be replaced.

Messrs. Palmer's Shipbuilding and Iron Company, Ltd., launched at Jarrow, E., on Dec. 2, the steel screw cattle and cargo steamer Manchester Merchant, built to the order of the Trans-Manchester Line, Ltd. She is of the following dimensions, viz.: Length, 476 feet ft. by 52 ft. beam, and 59 ft. depth. The engines are of the inverted triple-expansion type, having cylinders 30 in., 50 in., 81 1/2 in. by 54 in. stroke, steam being supplied by three double-ended boilers, with a working pressure of 180 lbs.

Preparations are being made for a grand concert in Carleton City hall on Friday evening, in aid of the Trans-Manchester fund. The entertainment will be under the patronage of Lieut. Col. Jones, 3rd Regt. C. A. Rev. A. G. H. Dickie has consented to sing The Absent-Minded Beggar, and Dr. J. W. Deziel will also take part in the programme. H. S. Mayes will sing the Soldiers of the Queen, accompanied by the Carleton Cornet band. Other features will be announced later. The admission will be 25 cents, and this will afford an opportunity to a large number of persons to contribute to the fund and enjoy a good concert at the same time.

Zion church has had many very popular and attractive entertainments, but the one held on the evening of last Thursday was the equal of the best, and the audience, which was large and well-dressed, was delighted with it. There were solos by Miss Rubins and George Hood and Samuel McGowan; readings by Messrs Helen Roberts, Grace Law and Carrie Bailey, and several club exercises by a number of young ladies who were all admired alike and decorated with the national colors. The march and drills, though lengthy and intricate, were rendered in admirable style, and A. C. Powers, who managed the whole affair, deserves the highest praise for the efficient manner in which the work was done. The exercises were brought to a close by the singing of The British Flag by the class, an entirely new song, and ending with God Save the Queen.

C. H. Peters' Sons have received a large contract from the government for hay to be shipped to South Africa. The Peters have returned from a trip through York and Carleton counties, where he made heavy purchases, securing about all the desirable lots offered—about 1,500 tons altogether. This is now coming rapidly forward for shipment per s. s. Massapequa, due today to take cargo for the seat of war.

Union Blend Teas are perfect standards of quality, 25, 30, 35 and 40 cents per pound. A key in every pound package.

THE D. & L. EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL may be taken with most beneficial results by those who are run down or suffering from after effects of a grippé. Made by Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

Captain James A. Calder of Campobello, who was severely burned on the neck and left hand while attempting to save some articles from his burning warehouse during the week, has recovered from the shock. His loss was \$1200 and there was no insurance on the building or stock inside.—Bangor News.

WE SHOULD'NT ASK YOU TO invest your money in a bottle of Adams' Botanic Cough Balsam if we were not sure it will do you good. Humbug is a deadly element in business. See, all Drugists.

HAMPTON.

Kings Circuit of the N. B. Supreme Court.

Verdict for Plaintiff in the Case of Long Versus McLeod—Adjourning Till Monday Next.

HAMPTON, Kings Co., Jan. 5.—The circuit court opened at the Court House, Hampton, at 10 a. m. His Honor Judge McLeod presiding. Stenographer Fry was also present. The following was the panel: Grand Jurors: John W. Brown, John J. B. James, James W. Gaudin, Oscar Wright, A. B. Wetmore, Wm. G. Fitch, James W. Gaudin, James W. Gaudin, Henry C. Marvin, Robert McFarlane, Thos. McFarlane, Nelson Kilpatrick, Herbert Sherwood, Thomas Gilliland, Anthony Dobbin, George M. Wilson, Milbridge Lawrence, Albert Clarke, Moses E. Rupert, Thomas Bell.

The petit jurors are: James McCarty, Sussex; E. H. Hall, Cardwell; Geo. E. Lock, Yarmouth; John W. Brown, Yarmouth; Titus Barnes, Springfield; Alfred Hatfield, Springfield; Thos. Martin, Cardwell; James Kirk, Sussex; Chas. B. Keith, Yarmouth; Andrew P. Fullerton, Kingston; L. Devereux, Yarmouth; James W. Gaudin, Yarmouth; James M. Weir, Yarmouth; John B. Richardson, Waterford; Robert Blair, Hampton; J. Henry Dickson, Yarmouth. The grand jurors were all present, and Thos. Gilliland was appointed foreman. Judge McLeod thanked the grand jurors for their services, and they were discharged. The full panel being present, entailing the necessity of dropping one name, so that it might be possible to have a trial in one case had been filed by the sheriff for their consideration, but it was very early in the session, and the judge was charged with poisoning, with Paris green, three cattle, the same being supplied by three defendants, on three. From the depositions placed in his hands it appeared that these cattle were killed by a trace on land owned by the accused, who formerly allowed his cattle to graze there, but this season they were withdrawn and he is said to have told another neighbor that he was going to poison them. Paris green was found on the ground, and the cattle died, and the symptoms indicated death by poisoning. The judge was charged with the accused had purchased Paris green, but he says it was for the purpose of killing wild geese, and he says that if his statements warranted further investigation, he would be glad to see the bill, which would place the accused in the prison to defend himself against the charge made. The judge was then the compliments of the season, referred to the empire being at war, and the judge was through many hard times and come out of them victorious, so he believed in the law in which they were engaged would eventually once more emerge with triumphant success. The grand jury having retired, the following cases were placed on the docket.

Alexander Long v. John McLeod and Robt. McLeod—Alleged violation of lumber contract; James M. McIntyre, plaintiff's attorney; Alexander Spragg v. John Burns—Illegal seizure of lumber; H. S. Mayes v. Raymond, plaintiff's attorney; Thos. L. Goughlan v. Frank A. Gerson—Selling of land.

In Long v. McLeod and Robt. McLeod, the case for the plaintiff, and L. A. Curry, Q. C. for the defendants. After the case was argued by the plaintiff, the case was adjourned until 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

HAMPTON, Kings Co., Jan. 10.—The circuit court met, according to adjournment, at 10 a. m. today, when, in the case of Long v. McLeod, L. A. Curry went to the jury on behalf of the defendants, and the case was argued. The case was finally closed after discussion of all points at issue, and the amount due to Long was by this agreement paid in two instalments of \$75, as a final and satisfactory settlement, but as the defendant's bill of lading was not presented, the suit is brought into the supreme court of the province, by adding a further claim of \$100 for return lumber, and a further claim of \$500 as consequential damages. In the ordinary method of transacting business the whole lot of lumber was sold to the defendant, and the defendant's bill of lading was not presented, and on these grounds he claimed that a verdict be entered for the defendants. Geo. W. Fowler replied for the plaintiff, that the original contract had actually been violated by the taking of lumber virtually Long's, when, upon the evidence of the evidence of Robt. McLeod, out only about 100 tons, but who would not say how much damage he received from Whelan for the trespass, whilst according to the testimony of Long the lumber was not cut by Whelan. Surely Long was entitled to open up this matter, but the defence claim the whole business was finally determined and closed when the bill of \$375 odd was paid to Long. Yet months after the payment of the bill of lading was written admitted that the lumber taken to repair the mill was still unsurveyed. As to the lumber condemned as refuse, it was subsequently hauled four miles and carefully stacked, Robert McLeod swore that the lumber was not cut by Whelan, and that it was hauled and stacked in order that it might rot the quicker. Mr. Fowler said he would refrain from comment on such evidence as that it was clear that there had never been a final settlement of the business, which was confirmed by the bill itself, which bore on its face the three letters, "D" and "O." Mr. Fowler again rehearsed the claims of Long on the defendants, which he argued were solid and good against these parties, and appealed for a verdict for the plaintiff.

The judge summed up, going over the facts stated in evidence, and left the jury to consider whether, when the account was made up of \$375.81, the parties interested had discussed and settled on this basis all questions between them as a finality, taking into account the further fact that if either party subsequently found that something had been inadvertently omitted from the account, it was perfectly within the right of either party to open it up again. It was for the jury to determine whether a final settlement had been made in June, 1898, and whether any damage had been sustained by the plaintiff from any action or want of action in connection with the business between them.

The jury, shortly after noon, brought in a verdict for the plaintiff, assessing the damages at \$83.70.

The jury in the case of Spragg v. Burns was sworn in, and the court adjourned until Monday next, when the other cases before the court will be taken up.

Bentley's Liniment cures Whooping Cough.

TRANSVAAL CORRESPONDENCE.

A Soldier's Mother, writing to the London Times, makes the following very practical suggestion: During the last frontier campaign, and in this war, I always enclose a blank sheet of paper and directed envelope in my letter to my son. Often when our dear ones would wish to write the difficulty of finding paper and envelopes is great.

WEDDED AT SHEDDIAK.

A quiet wedding took place at the Methodist parsonage at Sheddiak on Tuesday, Jan. 9th, when Miss M. Hartz, eldest daughter of Thomas Hartz of Point du Chene, was united in marriage to Karl Christensen, a native of Drammen, Norway. After the ceremony the happy couple returned to the bride's home, where a splendid supper had been prepared by Miss Annie Hartz, the sister of the bride. A delightful evening was spent by all. The presents were numerous and costly, showing how the bride was esteemed in her home. The happy couple will reside at Point du Chene in the present. The bride was unattended.

EVERY DRUGGIST in the land sells Pain-Killer. It is the best remedy for sprains and bruises. The best remedy for cramps and colic. Avoid substitutes, there's but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c. and 50c.

DIED AT ALBERT MINES.

Came At Albert Mines, Albert Co., N. B., on Nov. 27th, 1899, Warren H. Cane, aged 39 years and 6 months, after only three days' illness. All good doctors and the friends could do was done, but human skill was unavailing. He has gone to join a father, brothers and sisters in the spirit world. He was the youngest son of the late George Cane of Elgin, Albert county. An aged mother, 81 years, three brothers and three sisters, besides a large circle of relatives are left to mourn a dutiful son, a loving brother and a large hearted companion. The Second Elgin Baptist church loses a member and the choir one of its best singers. May God's angels sustain all who are left to mourn. The funeral services were conducted by the pastor of the Second Elgin Baptist church.—Com.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

AN AMHERST ACCIDENT.

N. Curry, of the firm of Rhodes, Curry & Co., Amherst, met with an unfortunate accident while curling on Saturday night, in the match against Moncton. The curling rink are situated on each side of the skating rink, and while the hockey players were practicing, the puck was lifted over the partition with considerable force, striking Mr. Curry on the bridge of the nose, breaking it badly. Mr. Curry had previously suffered a similar injury.

CHROUS, COUGHS AND COLDS are all quickly cured by Pny-Pectoral. It lessens the cough almost instantly, and cures nearly the most obstinate cold. Manufactured by the proprietors of Perry Davis' Pain Killer.

TO LOAD HAY.

Str. Massapequa, Capt. Cook, arrived here yesterday morning from New York, to load hay for the British troops in the Transvaal. The dimensions of the Massapequa are: Length, 322 feet; breadth, 42.7 feet; depth, 26 feet. She was built at Sunderland in 1893 and registers 1,925 tons net. She is capable of lifting about 5,000 tons of weight. The Massapequa is at the government pier, where she will take in hay cargo.

ACCIDENTALLY POISONED.

Str. Yarmouth Castle lost one of her firemen at Antigua on the 31st of December, the man, John Macginnis, having died from the effects of carbolic acid, given him by John Spaulding, the second mate, in mistake for "black draught." Macginnis's feeling unwell, applied to Spaulding for a dose of medicine, and the latter plucked up the wrong bottle and gave him the drink which cost him his life. He lived less than a half hour after taking the stuff. An inquest was held at Antigua and the jury found that Macginnis came to his death by accident. The remains were interred there in the Church of England burying ground. Macginnis, who was about 50 years of age, is said to have been an industrious man, who always did his work well. He belonged to Cape Breton, and left a widow and several children, who reside at Halifax.

SHE QUIT COFFEE.

And Got Well With the Help of Postum Food Coffee.

"I am a school girl and want to tell you what Postum Food Coffee has done for me and several of my relatives. The old-fashioned coffee always made me heavy and dull and gave me heartburn, with dyspepsia. When we tried Postum Food Coffee it did not taste good, but I begged for another trial, when the directions were followed, and we found it delicious. Since that time, we have used it regularly, and I never have any trouble with the stomach or dyspepsia."

"My uncle, Mr. [redacted], property man of the Boston Theatre, and it worked a marvelous change in him. He quit the common coffee, and has been using Postum Food Coffee ever since. His family also use it. Uncle is very strong in his praise of Postum for the good it has done him. Please do not use my signature, but you can use the statement."

The name can be furnished by the Postum Cereal Co., at Battle Creek, Mich.

H. Elderkin & Co. of Port Greenville have sold the schooner Klondyke to Capt. Seymour Sutherland of Annapolis, who will command her. The Klondyke was built in Port Greenville in 1877 and is 87 tons register.

The Semi-Weekly Sun

The Co-operative Farmer ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$1.20.

This great combination offer is only open to new subscribers or to old subscribers who pay all arrears at the regular rate, and one year in advance.

THE CO-OPERATIVE FARMER is a Semi-Monthly Journal, exclusively devoted to the interests of the farmers of the Maritime Provinces. It is the official organ of the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association of New Brunswick; the Nova Scotia Farmers' Association, and the Maritime Stock Breeders' Association.

THE ST. JOHN SEMI-WEEKLY SUN is the best newspaper a Maritime farmer can take. It is published on Wednesdays and Saturdays, eight large pages every issue, containing all the provincial as well as foreign news. It has

THE MOST COMPLETE WAR SERVICE

of any paper in Eastern Canada, and its frequency of issue makes it of especial interest during the strife in South Africa.

REMEMBER THIS OFFER IS GOOD ONLY ON ABOVE CONDITIONS. Address, with Cash,

Sun Printing Company, St. John, N. B.

MIDNIGHT TELEGRAMS.

Latest Happenings the World Over Fresh from the Wires.

LONDON, Ont., Jan. 15.—Wm. Giddens, prominent realty broker, while on his way to lunch this morning, dropped dead in front of the Occidental Hotel. He was 48 years of age.

FATHER POINT, Que., Jan. 15.—Pitre D. Rouleau, first mayor of this parish, and postmaster since 1866, died this morning after a long illness.

PORT SAID, Jan. 15.—Charles F. Macrum, formerly U. S. consul at Port Said, left on board the steamer Koenig, today, for Naples, on his way home.

EDMONTON, N. W. T., Jan. 15.—Fred G. Gibson, town clerk and the former deputy chief of police during the rebellion, who officiated at the execution of Louis Riel, is dead, having been ill only a few hours.

RIO JANEIRO, Jan. 15.—The Bubbolic plague is officially declared to be only sporadic in character. All cases have stopped running today and serious complications are expected.

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 15.—\$15,000 damage was caused this morning in a fire which broke out in the Commercial Bank building. The origin of the fire is unknown. Loss on building owned by H. T. McCarty, is estimated at \$20,000.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 15.—Webster Davis, chief clerk and assistant secretary of the interior, visited the Beer prisoners today and subsequently signed with the admiral. He visited and bid farewell to the governor, Sir Alfred Milner, previous to starting for the Transvaal.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 15.—The steamer Courtenay today from the Orient via Honolulu. The China did not dock at Honolulu, but anchored off that port, the mail being carried out to the liner on tug. Up to Jan 8th there had been no new cases of plague. The disease is now thought to be well under the control of the health authorities.

MARINE MATTERS. Schr. Theresa, which put to St. Thomas, St. John's, with loss of fore and main topmasts and fore and main masts sprung, etc., will proceed to some other Windward port for repairs.

A cablegram from Rosario states that Capt. Harris, from New York, had been reported sunk in a typhoon and was dead. She is now discharging cargo at Rosario.

BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

The annual meeting of the Bank of New Brunswick shareholders was held yesterday, Hon. J. Lewis being president. Hon. J. Lewis acting as secretary. The report for the year showed net profit of \$200,000; that two dividends of six per cent had been paid, and that \$100,000 had been transferred to reserve. The report also shows that the directors had received from the president, directors and manager, Mr. Schofield, the manager, in the course of his address, said that the bank's business had increased and so had its net assets. The directors, he pointed out, were in a position to add \$100,000 to the reserve fund, and to pay a dividend of six per cent. The directors had raised a question about increasing the rate, but he thought the bank was pursuing a wise policy. The bank has a large dividend—only one in Canada pays larger. The year's profits were as large, and it is well to secure the permanence of the dividend by setting a large amount at reserve. The directors are largely made up of capitalists, and the bank's policy is that the capital compared with other banks, is small. The directors are largely made up of capitalists, and the bank's policy is that the capital compared with other banks, is small. The directors are largely made up of capitalists, and the bank's policy is that the capital compared with other banks, is small.

PROFESSIONAL.

Henry W. Robertson, LL.B. BARRISTER, & C.

102 Prince William Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

WANTED.

TEACHER—WANTED—A Second Class Female Teacher of some experience for School District No. 11, Parish of Saint George, County of Charlotte. School to begin first of term. Apply, stating salary, to GEORGE W. MCKENZIE, Sec. to Trustees, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

WANTED—A Second Class Female Teacher for School District No. 10, in the Parish of Peterborough, County of Queens, for the term beginning January 8th, 1900. Dates this 27th day of Dec., 1899. Apply to WM. J. SMITH, Secretary to Trustees, Armstrong's Cor., Q. C.

WANTED—A Second Class Female Teacher for School District No. 3, in the Parish of Brunswick, County of Queens. Wanted immediately. Dated the 15th day of January, 1900. Apply to JARVIS T. COREY, Secretary to Trustees, Dist. No. 3, Canaan Forks.

WANTED!—A Second Class Female Teacher for Peterborough Church, District No. 12. Apply to A. H. HAMILTON, Peterborough Church.

\$3 a Day Sure. Send your address to the publisher of this paper, and we will send you a copy of our new book, "How to Make \$3 a Day Sure." It is the only book of the kind ever published. It tells you how to make \$3 a day every day, without any special talents or special opportunities. It is the only book of the kind ever published. It tells you how to make \$3 a day every day, without any special talents or special opportunities.

To People Kings and Queens Counties. I have restarted since last fire at corner Main and Adelaide streets a drug store. Since then, through the urgent requests of many of my old customers, have opened a branch store on Bridge street, (south side, opposite Capt. Keast's). Both stores have every convenience for carrying on business. Have pure drugs, prescriptions carefully prepared. Every variety patent medicines on hand. Your patronage solicited. All orders promptly attended to. Yours very respectfully, E. J. MAHONY.

ESTATE NOTICE. All Persons Indebted to the Estate of the late Henry Walton of Greenwood, Kings County, are requested to make immediate payment to either of the undersigned administrators; and all persons having claims against said Estate will present the same, duly attested, to the undersigned. Dated St. John, N. B., Dec. 27th, 1899. F. BRNEST WALTON, Administrator. ALEX. W. SAIRD, Solicitor.

TENDERS. SEALED TENDERS to be received until SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3rd, at Hamm's Grocery, March Bridge, for the erection of a Church at Golden Grove. Plans and specifications may be seen at HAMM'S GROCERY, March Bridge.

CHARLES BECKWITH. Formerly of New Brunswick, Succumbs to Pneumonia at Missoula.

MISSOULA, Montana, Jan. 3.—Charles Beckwith, aged 34 years, died this noon at the Sisters' hospital, after a long illness, resulting from brain fever and pneumonia. His funeral will be held from the residence of C. H. McLeod on East Front street tomorrow afternoon. The deceased was a son of C. E. Beckwith of this city, and brother of Mrs. C. H. McLeod, Mrs. J. M. Keith, Mrs. G. B. McLeod, Messrs. Geo. and Andrew Beckwith, all of this city, except Mrs. G. B. McLeod, who is in Kallapell. He leaves a widow and a family of small children. He came to Montana with his parents years ago, from New Brunswick, and grew to manhood in this country, where he was well known and much liked. His family has the sympathy of a wide circle of friends.

REV. FR. BELLIVEAU. (From L'Evangeliste.) On Wednesday, Dec. 27th, a number of friends from Sheddie, Dorchester, Memramook and Moncton met at Grand Digne for the purpose of celebrating the 15th anniversary of the ordination of our distinguished compatriot, the Rev. Philip L. Belliveau. P. P. Thoug young in the ministry, Father Belliveau occupies a high position among the clergy of the maritime provinces, being one of the most learned, most eloquent and most highly considered members thereof. The esteemed pastor was presented with a number of fine presents befitting the occasion. L'Evangeliste joins with the numerous friends of the reverend father in wishing him a long life of prosperity.

Bentley's Liniment cures Sprains, Strains, etc. Parquetting Pains, which arrived in New York the other day, from Hillsboro, has been chartered to load a general cargo for South Africa, at \$5,000, and all port charges, etc., paid.

SEAT CAPTURED!

Carleton County Returns Mr. Flemming, the Liberal-Conservative Candidate,

By a Handsome Majority Over the Combined Forces of Emmer-son and Blair.

The Garden of New Brunswick Claps Hands With the Prairie Province— It Was a Glorious Victory Over the Bosses.

WOODSTOCK, Jan. 12.—The conservatives won today's election against tremendous odds, capturing the seat in the local legislature made vacant by the appointment of a government supporter to a federal office. Party lines were clearly drawn, and the full power of the Fredericton and Ottawa cabinets combined was exerted against Mr. Flemming, the liberal conservative candidate. Premier Emmer-son, Provincial Secretary Tweedie, Commissioner of Agriculture Lablouis and Hon. Mr. Farris stumped the county vigorously on behalf of Mr. Shaw, and Mr. Purdy, M. P. F., was summoned from St. John to give his particular part in the campaign. Mr. Flemming had the assistance of J. D. Hazen, the leader of the opposition, Mr. Hetherington of Queens and a goodly cohort of local speakers. The result, while gratifying to every liberal conservative, must be particularly so to the leader of the opposition, who has won his first by-election and captured a seat from the enemy. Mr. Flemming is being showered with congratulations. The returns are as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Town and Votes. Rows include Woodstock, Northampton, Richmond, etc.

LATER. Full returns give Flemming a majority of 120.

THE VOTE OF 1895. At the general election of Oct., 1895, the vote of Carleton Co. was:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Votes. Rows include J. T. A. Dibblee, Henry McCain, etc.

At the general election of Feb., 1899, the vote was:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Votes. Rows include Woodstock, do. Town, do. Lower, etc.

MR. HAZEN CONGRATULATED. The leader of the opposition, who heard the returns at the Sun office last evening, received a large number of congratulatory telegrams from all parts of the country, among them the following:

- (Hon. Geo. E. Foster.) OTTAWA, Jan. 12.—"Congratulate you sincerely on Carleton victory." (John Black, M. P. P.) FREDERICTON, Jan. 12.—"I congratulate you on result in Carleton, most heartily." (J. T. A. Dibblee.) WOODSTOCK, Jan. 12.—"Carleton redeemed, Flemming elected, 120 majority. Shake." (B. F. Smith and John R. Tompkins.) WOODSTOCK, Jan. 12.—"Hurray for the man for Carleton. We gave Flemming good majority." (W. F. Humphrey, M. P. P.) MONCTON, Jan. 12.—"Hurrah for Carleton. They are on the run." (Jas. H. Crockett.) FREDERICTON, Jan. 12.—"I heartily congratulate you on the result of today's election in Carleton." (J. N. W. Winslow.) WOODSTOCK, Jan. 12.—"All returns in Flemming leads 120. We won in every place that you spoke."

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

H. Elderkin & Co. of Port Greville, N. S., have sold the sub. Klondyke to Capt. Seymour Bathurst of Ar-royo Harbor. She is 57 tons regis-tered. The Klondyke is now hauled up in Advocate, and when the season opens will carry deals to St. John.

CATARRH.

Catarrh has been pronounced a disease caused and maintained by germ life, and like other diseases where germs are present, is impossible to be cured by the ordinary constitutional medicines.

Many persons suffering from this disease persist in taking stomach medicine, or snuffs, washes, &c., and yet they know that such treatments can not be of benefit because the seat of the disease is not reached.

To effect a cure would be a comparatively easy task if the person affected would but use a little judgment in the selection of their mode of treatment.

Regular physicians tell us that the bronchial tubes and nasal passages were intended for the passage of air alone, and the use of snuffs, atomizers and douches only further irritates these already congested parts, when a catarrhal condition is present.

They further tell us that it must be through the air we breathe that Catarrh, Asthma and Bronchitis will be cured, or not at all.

The affected parts can all be reached by Catarrhozone, the new medicated air treatment, which kills all the existing germ life and at the same time heals up and restores the surrounding tissues to a perfectly healthy condition.

Catarrhozone is a guaranteed cure for all diseases of the nasal and respiratory passages and is effective and very pleasant to use.

It cures by the inhalation of medicated air which is carried through the inhaler by the only vehicle (the air you breathe) that nature allows to enter into the lungs or bronchial tubes.

Catarrhozone outfit complete \$1.00, in stamps for sample outfit and testimonials to N. C. Polson & Co., Mfg. Chemists, Box 626, Kingston, Ontario.

GEN. METHUEN

To be Relieved of His Command.

Is He Mentally Unbalanced?—His Inexplicable Orders Lost the Battle of Magersfontein.—The Result of the Worry of His Campaign.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—A special cable to the Chicago Tribune from London says:

Lieut. Gen. Methuen, commander of the column advancing to the relief of Kimberley, is to be relieved of his command within two weeks.

Later he will be sent to Cape Town and eventually ordered home. When he reaches England he will be retired.

These facts have been confirmed by an official of the war office.

Lord Methuen's case is a sad one. Always a man of rather frail physique—although a clever boxer and an all-round sportsman—his constitution began to show signs of breaking down almost immediately after he took command of his division.

Three days after the battle of Belmont, Gen. Wolseley suggested to the war office that Methuen be relieved. His advice was not heeded.

The wisdom of the aged general commander-in-chief of the British army is now realized to the fullest extent by the war office who scoffed at his suggestions.

Friends of Lord Methuen insist he is broken only in health; that the strain of many campaigns has shattered his naturally nervous system.

Those who know the circumstances and the situation on Modder river equally well and who are waiting to state facts plainly, say that Methuen's mind is unbalanced.

Constant proof of this has been coming to the notice of the officials of the war office for two weeks past. The commander of the Modder river forces has bombarded the government with some of the most remarkable messages ever received from a general in action. One, received a few days ago, is a fair sample of the rest. It contained just these three words: "Darkness after dawn."

It is stated by those acquainted with the inner workings and plan of campaign adopted by the war office that Lord Kitchener, the hero of Omdurman, who with Lord Roberts arrived at Cape Town Wednesday, will proceed immediately to Modder river. He may not take active field command of the troops, but will put the column in working order again and then assign some one else, probably Gen. Colville, to take Methuen's place.

Lord Methuen, in addition to his other eccentricities, has quarrelled with a number of officers under him. Three of them, Col. Arthur Paget, Col. Gough and Capt. Campbell, he ordered home. They arrived in London today. Col. Gough is seeking a vindication by court martial. When Gough attempted to discuss the plan of the Magersfontein attack Methuen ordered him under arrest. The Lon- don press is considerably suppressing the true state of affairs so far as Methuen's ailment is concerned, but the papers do not hesitate to print the hard facts about the battle of Magersfontein, which are just reaching Lon- don through the mails, all of which go to show in the language of an officer, that "the attack was that of a mad- man."

The death of Lord Wauchope, com- mander of the Black Watch, was one of the many sad results of that en- gagement. Lord Wauchope it is now well known, realized the futility of the assault as planned by Methuen. He argued strongly and expostulated bit- terly against it. Methuen, however, persisted and the two quarreled over the matter.

Corporal Bovan, in describing the fatal battle, says: "When the enemy opened force Lord Wauchope, our brave general, who was killed, turned to us and said 'Don't blame me, lads.' We bear he re- monstrated with Methuen before we left camp about the plans for the bat- tle, but Methuen only told him to obey orders."

"Wauchope, no doubt, went out to find death," writes Sergt. Grey, "when such a disastrous fire opened. He had previously shouted to the Argyll-Highlanders: 'Don't blame me for this. I received my orders and had to obey them.' With proper handling we could have cleared the Boers out in two hours. As it was, we were taken into the butcher shop and left there."

Dozens of other letters are printed, all of the same tone. So far as known there is no insecu- rity in Methuen's family back of the present generation, but it is generally understood all three of his sisters have been backward from childhood.

P. E. ISLAND.

G. E. Hughes Elected President of the Board of Trade.

A Charlottetown Man Who is One Hundred and Two Years Old—General News.

CHARLOTTETOWN, Jan. 11.—A district division of Sunday School Workers of Charlottetown and Royal-ty has been organized, with the fol- lowing officers: W. W. Stanley, pres.; A. W. Starns, vice-pres.; E. S. Mc-Phail, sec.; G. F. Raymond, leader of normal class, and Mrs. S. Saunders, sec.-treas.

The quarantine has been raised from St. Dunstan's College, where an out- break of diphtheria occurred recently. Jeremiah Simpson, son of Arthur Simpson, Bayview, has gone to Truro for the winter.

Benj. Chappell, son of J. J. Chap- pell, is home for a winter. He is in the employ of the C. P. R.

Charles D. McKinnon of Graham's Road has returned for the winter from Manitoba.

At the annual meeting of the Char- lottetown Board of Trade, held Wed- nesday evening, George E. Hughes was elected president, Horace Hazard de- clining to act another year; Geo. D. Longworth, vice-president; W. W. Clarke, secretary. The council of the Chamber of Commerce, W. H. Ait- ken, P. Blake, T. A. McLean, James Paton, Walter Matheson, Geo. Auld, H. A. Richardson, manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia here, leaves next week for Toronto, having been pro- moted to the management of the bank's agency in that city. His suc- cessor is W. D. Ross of New Glas- gow.

Word has been received by friends here of the marriage in Rossland, E. C. of David P. Read of Summerside and Hattie J. Wortman of Vermont.

The following officers of New Wil- shire District Orange Lodge have been appointed for 1900: R. K. Bruce, W. D. M.; Lieut. Col. Theo. S. McLeod, D. M.; Mr. John Hamill, chaplain; Frederick J. Wise, secretary; G. W. S. McLeod, treasurer; Duncan war- ren, W. Barclay; James Coles, D. L.; John Crabbe, D. O. C.

The following officers of Willey Lodge, I. O. O. F., has been installed: N. G. J. McDonald; V. G. A. Down; R. S. Nelson Younker; F. S. D. R. McLennan; treas.; Duncan war- ren, W. Barclay; James Coles, D. L.; R. S. N. G. I. Lane; L. S. N. G. J. Kennedy; R. S. V. G. James Waddell; L. S. V. G. Geo. Chandler; R. S. S. J. J. Proves; L. S. S. A. A. Kennedy; I. G. F. Harper; O. G. W. A. Whittlock; chap. F. Sellar; J. F. G. W. A. Martin.

John Lockerby of Charlottetown reached the age of 102 years on Satur- day last. Many friends called upon the aged gentleman to congratulate him. Mr. Lockerby is comparatively hale and hearty.

Miss Mary, daughter of Rev. J. Layton of Marshfield, has written her friends announcing her safe ar- rival at Trinidad, where she went in company with other missionaries to engage in teaching.

John Agnew's meat canning estab- lishment at Alberton has put up about 3,000 carcasses of beef and mutton since the first of October, 1899.

Among recent deaths are those of Mrs. Patrick Lamb of Freetown; in Winthrop, Mass., Mrs. William De- vries, formerly of Georgetown; Mrs. Wm. Burrows of Summerside, aged 77 years; Misses Lilian Way and Ann Webster, both of Charlottetown.

Roy McLean, teller of the Mer- chants' Bank of P. E. I., leaves next week for Colorado Springs in the benefit of his mother, Mrs. McLean, a son of John McLean, of the firm of Matthew & McLean of Souris.

Thomas W. Goodwill, son of Rev. J. Goodwill of Brighton, has gone to Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario, to resume his theological studies.

Levi R. Ings' great-grandson, mar- ried Wednesday evening to Katie H. McLean, daughter of Capt. Hugh Mc- Lean of the steamer Jacques Cartier. The ceremony was performed in Zion church by Rev. D. B. McLeod. The groom was supported by Joseph W. A. Martin, while Florence McLean and Edna Poole attended the bride.

The reported death in New York of Patrick Cahill, from a boiler explo- sion in that city, about two months ago, turns out to be incorrect. Mr. Cahill belongs to Charlottetown.

May Stewart, daughter of supervisor of city schools, Ewen Stewart, is spending two months in Halifax, the guest of her uncle, Rev. Clarence Mc- Kinnon, pastor of Park street church.

Capt. Neil McLeod, Mrs. McLeod and son have returned from San Francisco. The captain is a native of Orwell and intends departing in a few weeks for Scotland, where he will purchase a steel sailing vessel.

Edward P. Munro's great-grand-son was destroyed by fire one night last week. The fire started in the kiln.

Lucia A. Revell, youngest daugh- ter of the late Thomas Revell, for- merly of Mt. Stewart, was married in Cambridge, Mass., on the 3rd inst., to James M. Donnelly of Manchester, N. H.

Rev. D. B. McLeod, pastor of Zion church, has returned from a short trip to Boston and Fredericton, Vir- ginia. His daughter is spending the winter in Fredericton, the wife of Dr. H. M. K. Martin, who visited his old home on P. E. Island last summer.

Mary O'Neill of Vernon River has been presented by her pupils in music with an address and a valuable set of furniture.

Alexander R. Beaton of East Point died very suddenly this morning, at the residence of Rev. D. F. McDonald of Souris. He was on his way to Charlottetown to spend the winter in the best known man in Kings county and filled several public positions of trust with much acceptance. Mrs. Beaton died only a few weeks ago.

Dr. McKenna has purchased the resi- dence of Dr. Estrope Gallant of Foyler, Bed Bridge, with a view to practicing there.

The funeral of the late Malcolm Mc- Leod, Q. C., took place Wednesday afternoon to Sherwood cemetery. The

W. W. OGILVIE DEAD.

He Was the Largest Individual Mill Owner in the World.

MONTREAL, Jan. 12.—W. W. Ogilvie dropped dead on the street here to- day at 1 p. m.

Mr. Ogilvie was at his office as usual this morning and left to attend a meeting of the directors of the Bank of Montreal at 11 o'clock. After the adjournment of the meeting at noon Mr. Ogilvie started for his home, which is situated on the side of the moun- tain, and expired before he reached there. He was apparently in his usual good health when he started for home. The late Mr. Ogilvie was the largest individual miller in the world.

William Watson Ogilvie, younger brother of the Hon. A. W. Ogilvie (Q. V.) was born at Cote St. Michel, Montreal, Feb. 14, 1835. Educated at the Montreal high school, he in 1860 entered into partnership with his brothers, Alexander and John, as grain merchants and proprietors of the Glenora flour mills on the Lachine Canal. Subsequently they built mills at Goderich, Seaford and Winnipeg, and more recently a second mill at Montreal, known as the Royal Mills. After the retirement of his elder brother in 1874, and the death of his brother John, in 1888, the entire busi- ness fell into the hands of W. W. Ogilvie. The present combined out- put of his mills is estimated at 8,500 barrels of flour daily, made from 35,000 bushels of wheat, supplied from his own elevators in Ontario, Manitoba and the N. W. T. Mr. Ogilvie was the pioneer wheat buyer in Manitoba. He possessed a thorough knowledge of wheat lands and the production of flour, and was the first to put into operation in Canada the roller milling process, as well as many other of the latest methods of invention in flour making. He was on the directorate of the old Dominion Board of Trade, with the Hon. John Young and the Hon. Thos. White and others. He served on the council and on the board of arbitration of the Montreal Board of Trade, and was president of that body, 1893-94. He was for sev- eral terms president of the corn ex- change. He served as president of the St. Andrew's society, and was a director of the Sailors' Institute and the Bank of Montreal. In his youth he served as a Lieutenant and after- wards as captain in the Montreal cavalry. In religion he was a Pres- byterian, and in politics a conserva- tive. He was elected president of the Lib. Con. club, Montreal, in 1896. He married Helen, daughter of Joseph Johnston, Paisley, Scotland, in 1871.

WEDDED AT NEW HORTON. NEW HORTON, Albert Co., Jan. 1.—The marriage of Miss Laura M. Wilbur of New Horton and Frederic H. Worthing of San Diego, California, took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Wilbur. The bride was very tastefully gowned in white organdy over pink silk. Rev. Trueman Bishop officiated in the presence of a few friends. The bride received many presents, the one from the groom being a gold locket and chain.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., Jan. 14.—The gale has not yet blown itself out, and the sea is still too rough to allow boats to get near the wreck in St. Mary's Bay.

As yet there is nothing to show the name of the vessel. Ten bodies have been located among the rocks and others can be seen floating about.

SEES HIS OWN ERRORS.

(New York Sun.) The Rev. W. S. Rainford, in his closing sermon of 1899, said: "From the echoes I hear of other places, and from errors of my own in this place of which I have been conscious, I feel that the clergy, moved by the stirring interest of the times, have a tendency to lay down the law to their people on secular matters. They are inclined to instruct the lawyer about his cases, the financier about the policy of his bank, to enter the labor unions where men are struggling with the problems of bettering their own con- dition and say to this and to that, to pass sweeping judgments on the Philippine question and the Boer war. If I err in this way pay no attention to me. God knows, I pray to be de- livered from it."

STILL UNKNOWN.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., Jan. 14.—The gale has not yet blown itself out, and the sea is still too rough to allow boats to get near the wreck in St. Mary's Bay.

As yet there is nothing to show the name of the vessel. Ten bodies have been located among the rocks and others can be seen floating about.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

MOST PERFECT MADE.

AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION CHICAGO-ILL. 1893

EPPS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING

Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavour, Superior Quality, and highly Nutritive Properties. Specially grate- ful and comforting to the nar- vious and dyspeptic. Sold only in 1-4 lb. tins, labeled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homeopathe- mic Chemists, London, Eng.

BREAKFAST SUPPER

EPPS'S COCOA

156 POPULAR SONGS

A STORMY TRIP.

WYEMOUTH, N. S., Jan. 12.—The tug Flushing, which left St. John Tuesday night with the bxn. Cudloom in tow bound for this place, got down nearly to Petite, but encountering a heavy westerly gale had to put back to Digby. Another start was made yesterday afternoon, and the steamer and vessel arrived in St. Mary's bay in the evening. It was too late on the tide to take the bark up to the loading berth. The two anchored off the north of the river and during the night a southerly gale sprang up, which increased in violence till this morning. The weather was terrific, and the tug could not remain alongside the vessel, and had to leave her at anchor. The bark dragged some distance out into the bay and is now riding out the gale off Sandy Cove with both anchors out. The tug has come up to the wharf at the mouth of the river and will bring the vessel up as soon as the gale abates.

There is a lumber laden schooner of about 60 tons register ashore between Trout Cove and Gulliver Cove.

The scarcity of iron has nothing to do with the going up of boilers.

INTO EVERY KNAPSACK



Goes Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Skilled surgeons, with their trained nurses and ambulance corps, look well to the sufferings of soldiers wounded in battle, the Red Cross Society has provided comforts for the hospital, but there are other sufferings, which, though not so fatal, are none the less torturing.

Long walks make sore feet, heavy clothing and accoutrement causes chafing and skin irritations, sleeping on the ground and exposure to all sorts of weather brings on torturing itching piles.

Against these miseries the soldiers have been well armed, as each one carries with him a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, the gift of the proprietors of the Dr. Chase Remedies.

SOLDIERS IN CAMP.

When in Camp at Niagara, London, Kingston, and other places, soldiers have so frequently expressed their appreciation of Dr. Chase's Ointment that it will undoubtedly prove of very great value to our boys in South Africa. Ex-Sergeant Wm. Johnston, 10th Royal Grenadiers, writes as follows:—"It is impossible for me to speak too highly of Dr. Chase's Ointment for piles and any itching or irritation of the skin. It is simply invaluable. Many of our men used it while in camp in the hot summer months, and received excellent results."

Dr. Chase's Ointment is prescribed by physicians as the only positive cure for piles. It has entirely superseded surgical operations, which were cruel, expensive and painful. It stands without a rival as the world's greatest cure for itching skin irritations and skin eruptions, 60 cents a box, at all dealers or by mail, on receipt of price, by Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

