

ASSEMBLY NOT YET AGREED ON SUBJECT OF CHURCH UNION

Stirring Speeches in Favor of and Against Movement--New Brunswicker from Buffalo Presents Greetings of U. S. Assembly.

At yesterday afternoon's session of the Presbyterian General Assembly, the first matters brought up were overtures for the division of the presbytery of Calgary. These were agreed to.

FROM THE NORTHERN STATES.
It was then the assembly's pleasure to listen to Rev. Dr. Chapman, who brought greetings from the church of the Northern States. The minister of Dr. Chapman will have a particular interest to the people of St. John because the place of his birth is New Brunswick. He is now located at Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Chapman regretted that Dr. Johnson who was deputed along with him to bear greetings to the dominion assembly from their brethren in the States, was unable to come, and yet he felt a selfish satisfaction on this account, because his intended associate was a taller man than he. Dr. Chapman is over six feet tall and this remark created a great laugh. Continuing he said he felt it a great pleasure and an honor to be present among so many distinguished Canadians, but it added much to his feelings to know that he was in his native province. It was here that he acquired the first knowledge of his faith, but he was a member of the Canadian church for only a little while. He referred to the visit of Rev. Dr. Fletcher, ex-moderator, and Dr. Warden to the last general assembly of the church in the United States, and said that it was a matter of special pleasure to him to know that he was selected to reproduce that visit. Alluding to the use of which the last general assembly of the United States dealt with, he said that Christian education was one of the first things to call for consideration. But in the matter of Christian education he was forced to admit that both Methodists and Congregationalists had gone beyond Presbyterians in the United States. Both these denominations had "reaped fruits" which the Presbyterian church had not in the planting of colleges and universities. The fault lay largely in the fact that Presbyterians, as they have been aptly described, are "God's silly people," in that they give profusely of their cash in the furtherance of the work of other Christian sects and neglect their own. He said that the Presbyterians of Canada were afflicted with a similar leakage. Another question which he raised was the United States general assembly and which he wished to emphasize, was the advance in the evangelization of the world. The results were wonderfully encouraging and the expectation is that another year will bring forth more encouraging reports.

Dr. Chapman next talked Church Union, a subject which by his arrival he found literally permeate the atmosphere of the dominion. It was simply "in the air," a study to which it had not yet attained in the United States. The only union movement which he had witnessed in the States was the proposed union of two Presbyterian sects, the Cumberland and the Presbyterian church, which arose out of the regular church. He then alluded to the revision of the confession of faith which was accomplished by the last United States General Assembly. The revision although radical seemed to him concerned, and the most remarkable feature of the whole incident was the overwhelming vote with which it was received. Union, he thought, was a subject which had never yet been considered, but when that time should come the Canadian church would be ready to assist the church of the United States in clearing up a very dark question. (Laughter.) Several vital issues, Dr. Chapman said, Dr. Chapman, have been poured out in the United States, but more would be poured out before the colored problem is solved. The white man refuse to sit with the black in the same Presbytery, but he hoped that the time was not distant when the arrangement could be effected for the holding of separate Presbyteries. The Christian church today, exclaimed Dr. Chapman, is emphasizing one great dogma and one great demand: "God so loved the world that he gave his only begotten Son," and "Go ye into all the world and preach the Gospel." This dogma and this demand are receiving practical fulfillment by the men in the field, who, sinking denominational distinctions, are achieving practical results. He was greatly surprised when he came to Canada to find union with a non-Presbyterian church advocated. It was a great thing that such a proposition could be talked about calmly and deliberately, and he believed that the time was coming when the church of Christ is realizing its obligation. All things that differentiate and separate are being sunk in the advancement of the one great object, the evangelization of God's people.

The annexation of Canada was locally alluded to. That said Dr. Chapman, had been subjected to a turn of life. Instead of the people of the United States annexing Canada, it seemed rather that Canada was annexing the United States as evidenced by the great emigration of Americans to the Canadian west. This naturally brought up the question of the evangelization of the west, a problem which he hoped and believed was being better looked after in Canada now than it was years ago in the United States. The great neglect in this regard of the church in the United States was shown

by the fact that now they virtually have forgotten missions in the west. Whether the union of Christian bodies is affected or not the Presbyterian denomination and other denominations should have a hand in the immigration agencies of the country.

Dr. Chapman expressed the hope that the sixth decade of latitude would not much longer stand in the way of union between the Canadian and United States church. A line written by the poet laureate, Alfred Austin, aptly described the situation: "We are evered have too long been," or "We have been severed too long." Which of the forms was the correct one? Dr. Chapman was not certain, but he thought one as good poetry as the other.

MODERATOR RETURNS GREETINGS.

The moderator, Dr. Milligan, said it was a peculiar honor in having present a member from the Presbyterian church of the United States. He thought that the church in Canada and in the United States were working on to one great end and that really there is no dividing line between them. One thing both Americans and Britons should be determined on, that whatever comes up, there must be no line between Anglo-Saxons. Dr. Chapman remained seated on the platform.

THE GREAT SUBJECT.
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DR. WARDEN EXPLAINS.

The report was submitted by Rev. Dr. R. H. Warden. He explained how that on the 1st of March last the committee appointed by the last assembly met in Toronto in conference with the committee appointed by the general conference of the United States. He said that the committee on church union of Canada, at which the following resolution was unanimously adopted: "That the joint committee, composed of representatives of the Presbyterian, Methodist, and Congregational churches, assembled to confer together respecting an organic union of the churches named, would reverently recognize the fact that the Presbyterian church in Canada, as evidenced by the cordial, brotherly spirit and earnest desire for union, has maintained throughout the entire session."

"While recognizing the limitations of our position as to any action that we can commit our respective churches in regard to a proposal that is yet in the initial stage, we feel free, and we believe, to say that we are in favor of a union of the churches named, and we will give a type of Christian church higher than exists in the world. We believe that much larger numbers of aggressive work both at home and abroad. Union will give the churches greater influence in the discussion of public affairs, such as the observance of the Sabbath."

ASSEMBLY MAKING HISTORY.

The benefits to be derived were admittedly great, but he did not overstate the case. He believed that the assembly in the present instance is approaching the highest problem that ever came before it. Doctrinal differences would not be easy to overcome; the adjustment of church polity would be a difficult task. The question of discipline would be hard to settle. But these difficulties though great, were surmountable. He did not think that any one would seriously raise doctrinal questions. The question, however, was not put to the Assembly, as the time for adjournment had arrived. The moderator asked if all were agreed to adjourn. Many called for the question, who otherwise would have further consideration of the important subject wished the session to adjourn. The assembly accordingly adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

The evening session opened with singing, followed with prayer by Dr. Torrance of Guelph. A large number of ladies were present, and the music was led by a strong choir composed of members of the choir of St. Andrew's, St. Stephen's and St. David's churches.

DR. SEDGEWICK ALSO IN FAVOR.

Dr. Sedgewick thought the assembly would do wisely in passing Dr. Warden's motion. While he realized the benefits to be had from union yet he had his doubts whether Dr. Patrick's glowing vision would be realized. For the present it was advisable to meet together and see what could be done on the way of union.

WOULD HELP THE WEST.

Rev. Dr. Macrae, formerly pastor of St. Stephen's church in this city, spoke strongly in favor of union. The west was demanding it, he said. He stated one place in which there were five churches of different denominations, which could not fill any one of the churches. With union such condition of affairs would be avoided, and there was not a man present who would not, so he called upon, and preach in a Methodist church. There must be a possibility of rising above theological differences. Doctrines are no doubt fundamental, but for the sake of the western brethren he urged strongly the passing of Dr. Warden's motion.

DR. McLEAREN'S AMENDMENT.

Rev. Dr. McLaren of Knox College, had very seldom risen to speak under a greater responsibility. This request from the Methodist church of Canada and other churches, to report to the next General Assembly, "The Assembly prays that the spirit of truth, wisdom and love may rest upon all conferences which they may hold on the very important subject which they are appointed to consider."

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As usual, deferred applications were dealt with in October, and the following grants, additional to those which were sanctioned by the last Assembly, were made:

Presbytery of Halifax.

Middleton.....\$300

Coburg Road.....225

Presbytery of St. John.

Port Kent.....\$250

Pairville.....120

St. Matthew's, St. John.....275

Greenfield.....220

St. James and Union.....100

Presbytery of Miramichi.

Millerton.....\$200

Blackville.....28

Presbytery of P. E. Island.

West and Clyde Rivers.....\$175

Cavendish.....80

Total.....\$2,043

The receipts for the year were \$10,300.23, of which \$9,210.79 was from contributions, \$240.92 from donations, \$40 from bequests and \$139.43 from interest.

The payments on account of grants for the year ended February 28, 1904, were \$2,235.65, and \$75 on account of the previous year, making a total of \$2,310.65. Office expenses amounted to \$283.27, and all other outlays to \$213.14, making a total expenditure of \$2,806.96, which, in addition to the working balance of \$1,000, leaves a credit balance of \$1,193.03.

The increase in local support has not been so great as it has been in the past. It was the previous year, viz., \$20, as against \$47. The grants sanctioned for the year were \$10,300.23, of which \$9,210.79 was from contributions, \$240.92 from donations, \$40 from bequests and \$139.43 from interest.

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ST. JOHN STAR, TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1904.

COMMON COUNCIL FAVORS CIVIC TELEPHONE SYSTEM.

The regular monthly meeting of the Common Council was held yesterday afternoon, Mayor White presiding. The reports of the various boards as reported in these columns at the time of the board meetings, were first taken up. That of the treasury board passed with the exception of the clause increasing the pay of street foremen. This was referred back to the board.

The safety board report was approved. The report of the water and sewerage board was approved with the exception of the section imposing a tax on lawn sprinklers, fountains, etc. The appeals committee report was adopted. The special committee on the mayor's inaugural address reported as follows: Your committee beg to report that they have considered the several matters referred to in the inaugural address of His Worship the Mayor and would report that the water supply committee find that the water action therein and have employed a hydraulic and sanitary engineer to make a report on the whole system. With reference to fire protection your committee find that the board of public safety has already considered the purchase of one or more chemical fire engines. They are therefore not able to make any recommendation at the present time, but they hope that the board of public safety will soon bring in a report to the council recommending the purchase of one or more of such engines. With reference to the condition of the old burial grounds and the improvement of the action of the mayor in calling the attention of the council to it and that it is at present and that the police be also instructed to see that the said burial grounds are not frequented by dissolute characters and that by-law relating to the licensing of dogs is strictly enforced especially in the matter of the requirements in each dog license as to the obligation to wear a collar with the number of the license thereon. With reference to the assessment law your committee would approve of the appointing of such a commission as outlined by his worship the mayor to prepare a new assessment law. With reference to the suggestion of his worship the mayor to have the hours extended for the opening and closing of the polls at civic elections your committee recommend that the bills for the extension of the polls be instructed to prepare a bill before the next session of the legislature to provide for the closing of the polls at 6 o'clock or later in the evening instead of at 4 o'clock as is now required. With reference to the representation at the council your committee would report that they approve of the principal of electing representatives according to electoral districts and also of making the term of office of mayor and aldermen two years instead of one and they recommend that legislation be obtained at the next session of the legislature to carry out the last named object extending the term of office of civic representatives from one year to two years.

This report was referred to a special meeting of the Council.

Then came the following report on the proposed telephone system: To the Mayor and Common Council of the City of St. John: Gentlemen—Your committee to whom has been referred the question of obtaining an estimate of the cost of establishing an automatic telephone system in this city, beg to report that they have corresponded with various construction companies, and as a result are in a position to report as follows: 1. The cost of installing a system with a subway distributed in the heart of the city in sufficient amount to care for four thousand main line telephones leaving the central office for a distance of fifteen hundred feet in all directions, would be \$23,000. 2. The underground cable equipment would cost \$23,000. 3. The aerial cable equipment would cost \$41,000. 4. The installation of the entire cable equipment would cost \$77,000. 5. The pole and wire equipment, including labor, would cost \$7,000. This means a total expenditure of \$118,000 outside of the central office equipment and telephone building. The central office and subscribers' equipment for one thousand telephones complete would cost \$33,000, f. o. b. Chicago, if the system is in use in Portland, Me., Chicago, Los Angeles, Cal., Omaha, Neb., etc., were used. This means a gross expenditure of \$151,000, freight and duty for the establishment of such a system as is above outlined of not over \$15,000. If some other automatic system were used this amount might be reduced by from ten to twenty thousand, but none of them has had the practical tests which the Automatic Electric Company's system can give. The system outlined above provides for sufficient main cable to care for 4,000 main line telephones, the immediate installation of sufficient cable for 2,000 main line telephones from the main cable terminals to the distributing poles, and the caring for a growth between 2,000 and 4,000 by running distributing cables from main cable terminals to distributing poles. Under this estimate the first one thousand telephones would cost about \$18 per line, the second thousand \$20 per line, the third and fourth thousand about \$25 per line. It would seem from the above statement that the city could afford to install an automatic system and supply our people with telephones at an annual cost of \$22.50, with almost no risk of placing any charge upon the ratepayers. For allowing that the cost of maintenance and management should be \$10,000 and that the capital expenditure, including a telephone building, were \$20,000, there would be a margin of \$2,500 to cover all expenses if the civic exchange did not exceed 1,000 telephones. If the civic exchange rose to 2,000 telephones, there would be a large margin of profit. The above figures place all items of cost at a maximum price, and we feel that it is fair to assume that the plant could be installed for ten per cent. less than this estimate. We would therefore recommend that

immediate steps should be taken to issue bonds and to establish a municipal telephone system, as outlined in this report.

Yours on behalf of the committee, ALEXANDER W. MACRAE.

Ald. Macrae moved that the report be received and adopted, and that it be the opinion of this council that such a system should be established in the city as soon as possible.

Ald. Bullock said lots of people thought the city should get some benefit out of the present telephone system or a new one. The best course was to have the city ask the N. B. Telephone Company whether they would be willing to do something in that direction. Hamilton, Ont., took up the same inquiry as this city had done. That city got \$2,700 out of the agreement with the existing telephone line for five years. He moved that a committee be named by the mayor to get the company to see if they were willing to enter into arrangements by which the company would pay the city a percentage on their profits or an annual rental of say \$4,000 or \$5,000 for a term of five or ten years.

The amendment moved by Ald. Bullock was lost and the motion of Ald. Macrae passed.

It was then decided to refer to the director of public works and the city engineer the question of the cost of the system.

The Central Telephone Co., Ltd., were prepared to establish an automatic telephone system in this city similar to the existing one in Portland, Me., and other United States cities. They provided reasonable arrangements can be made with the council. They would establish a central office in the heart of the city and run underground cable distribution in all directions to the distance of from 1,000 to 1,500 feet from the office. The rest of the system would be all cable distribution carrying the aerial cable from and out subway on small poles without cross arms to distributing poles, thus by use of drop lines avoiding as far as possible disturbing poles. They would agree that if the city gave them the right to install their system under the supervision of the board of works and would make over to them the list of subscribers secured that they would furnish telephones at a price not exceeding \$25.00 per year for each telephone, such price not to be increased without consent of the council. The company further agreed to furnish to the city for use in public offices 10 telephones at the rate of \$5 each per annum. A provincial charter was held by them and they were in actual operation in some of the outside counties. Before the end of the calendar year they expected to extend their system the full length of the St. John river to the head of the Tobique with a number of spur lines passing through the counties of Kings, York, Charlotte, Victoria and Madawaska and thereafter they expected to extend to the head of the Tobique with long distance connections at reasonable rates.

This was referred to the board of works.

MEMORIAL WINDOW

Last Sunday morning a memorial window, the gift of Mrs. M. A. Johnston, a member of St. George's church, was unveiled during the service. A short dedicatory ceremony followed, consisting of the recitation of the acceptance of the same on behalf of the church by the rector, an appropriate hymn sung and special prayer offered.

The window is of triple circular design, the centre panel 11 feet in height and 3 feet by 1 foot 6 inches. The frame was made by the Lawton Co. and the stained glass by the Maritime Glass Works Co. The large panel represents the Christ in a standing position having a little child on his right arm, his left hand resting on the head of another child standing by his side. The side lights are supporting panels that contain the sacred monograms of the Chi Rho and Alpha and Omega.

He took them up in His arms. He put His hands upon them and blessed them.

The window has the inscription, "To the glory of God and memory of Thomas Johnston, who fell asleep May 19, 1882."

The whole window is of St. John make.

DEPEW'S VICTORY.

(Washington Correspondence.) Speaker Cannon anticipated the point of a joke which Senator Depew was contributing at a recent dinner, and the victim, in good nature, threatened retaliation.

"I will give you a chance," observed the Speaker, accepting the spirit of the jest. "Perhaps you have heard how the curative properties of the hot springs in Arkansas were discovered?"

"I will guess it before you finish," challenged the Senator.

"That is just what I thought at the time I heard the story," nodded Mr. Cannon. "I obtained it from a native of the district. It seems that the advance guard of civilization in the Arkansas wilderness was a trapper with the usual dog. One day a bear gave chase to the dog and the fugitive lost his tail. In his flight the dog chanced to dash through pool of the hot water formed by an adjacent spring and—"

"My cue!" laughed Senator Depew, interrupting. "The next day a new trail grew on the dog and the springs were discovered."

"No," replied the Speaker, solemnly. "The owner of the dog killed it by poor aim while shooting at the bear. The animal was dropped from the jaws of the bear into the spring and—"

"A dog grew on the tail," suggested Mr. Depew.

"You win," admitted the Speaker.

Charles M. Schwab is still telling his friends his amusing experiences while abroad. One of these relates to an inscription he saw on a placard fastened to the breast of a beggar in Paris. Here is the liberal translation: "Gentlemen and Ladies—Kindly assist a poor man who has lost both his arms and is compelled to hold out his hands for alms."

AT THE "LONDON HOUSE."

Tuesday, June 7th.

Sale of Ladies' Raincoats (REDUCED).

To ease stock of Ladies' Raincoats we will cut the prices of following—all good quality coats:

- 2 Green mixed, full length coats. Regular \$10. Reduced to \$6.98
- 1 Grey Heptonette, full length coat. Reg. \$9.75. Reduced to 6.98
- 6 Grey Cravenette, full length coats, bell sleeves. Reg. \$9.75. Reduced to 6.98
- 2 Green Cravenette, full length coats. Reg. \$9.75. Reduced to 6.98
- 3 Green Heptonette, full length coats. Reg. \$8.75. Reduced to 5.98

Furnishing Summer Cottages.

- Extra large white Summer Blankets, per pair, \$1.75
- Extra large grey Summer Blankets, per pair, 1.35
- Made-up white Sheets.
- Made-up Pillow Slips, all sizes.
- Special Linen Hand Towels, 6 for 1.00
- Linen Cup Towelling, good, - 10c. yd
- Dish Towels, all linen, - 10c. each
- New "Ramie" Curtain material, 25c. yd
- Art Denims for Coesey Corners.
- Art Muslins, for bedroom curtains, - 10c., 15c. yd

Ladies' Fine Pure Wool Suitings (REDUCED).

IN DRESS DEPARTMENT.

Very wide light homespun suitings of finest wool are now to be sold at cut prices. All this season's goods. Regular \$1.50 yd. Reduced to \$1.19 yd.

500 Yards All Black Grenadines in Dress Dept.

Entirely new designs in lace stripes mercerized Black Grenadines, many very attractive lines.

English Mercerized Fancy Mattings for Shirt Waists.

New white and black effects in stripes or figures; also very neat light blue stripes on white ground.

A Special Blk. Peau de Soie For Ladies' and Children's Coats, 75c. Yd.

An extraordinary silk for the price. A real bargain. Heavy black Peau de Soie, just the thing for coats or skirts—especially children's coats. Special, 75c. yd.

White Washing Goods—Damasks, etc.

New things in those popular white damask waistings. Patterns from spots or large floral designs. 28c., 30c. yd. Fine mercerized polka dot satin for waists and children's dresses. Don't lose its lustre when washed. 23c. yd.

Extra Good Value Guipure And Swiss Curtains.

Strikingly pretty Guipure or Cable Net Curtains, imitations of \$10 and \$12 curtains. Price, \$2.50 pair.

Our special Swiss Applique Curtains, in white, ecru or cream at \$4.75 pair.

F. W. DANIEL & CO., London House, Charlotte St.

"ONE MORE RIVER"

Laurier Could Rake Up a Majority of Only Three.

Arthur Hannay Presented With Silver Tea Service—Slandering the Provinces.

(Special to the Sun.)

OTTAWA, Ont., June 6.—Hon. Mr. Emmerson took his seat this afternoon after several days' absence in the maritime provinces. Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick introduced a government bill to amend the railway act giving the railway commission power to deal with railways operating jointly in foreign countries as well as in Canada, that authority being now in doubt.

Replying to Ralph Smith, labor representative for Vancouver, Sir Wm. Mulock as minister of labor, stated that while approached by the city council of Sydney, C. B., on June 1st, the department had reason to feel that neither party to the big iron strike was prepared to accept a compromise on the line of mediation at present. It was a regrettable industrial disturbance and his department was possible under the circumstances to meet the situation.

At 3:40 o'clock was summoned to the senate chamber where Judge Sedgewick, acting governor general, gave royal assent to 42 bills passed this session.

The Ottawa Electric Light Co.'s grab bill was again discussed at some length. Mr. McLean of the House of Commons opposed the bill as an obnoxious measure treating a merger to the prejudice of Ottawa citizens. MacLean who has long preached the evangel of public ownership, in all public works, gave assent to the bill empowering Ottawa to buy out the combined companies' rights and franchises at a figure to be fixed by arbitration. Ottawa, he said, was the home of grafters, who had in sawdust banks, are shining society lights, give many big dinners, and can get any legislation they want from parliament.

Birkett, conservative, of Ottawa, made a strong appeal for the house to protect residents of the capital against this grape-vine combine to stifle competition. Debate was finished at six o'clock.

The debate was continued after dinner when it had a close shave, being carried over the stage by 29 to 27, on motion for third. Several amendments were offered. Putter, labor member for Winnipeg, taking strong ground against the bill in behalf of the people of Ottawa.

Putter's amendment was carried, 50 to 47, to the surprise of the house, amid cries from the opposition benches of "One more river to the sea!"

The bill to amend the bill to the private bills committee, to amend the bill. Nobody called for the names, but it was a heavy blow to Laurier, who had drummed up all the French vote he could command against the amendment.

He house then passed some private measures, including Sprague's Falls, N. B. Mr. MacLean, who was in the night session was devoted to routine.

NOTES.

In the press gallery this afternoon a solemn meeting passed a resolution of sympathy with Mr. Kydd of the Montreal Gazette over the sudden death of his father.

The press gallery tonight presented Arthur Hannay of the Montreal Herald with a solid silver tea service on the eve of his departure tomorrow for St. John, where he will wed Miss Ramsay.

The extent to which the glib party is going in slandering the maritime provinces for political gain was shown by a double column article in tonight's Ottawa Free Press, the liberal organ at the capital. One paragraph reads: "Let those who will study the country and the history of the land through which the Intercolonial passes, in inert, sterile country chips because its people have not been taught to strive and advance." This is the slanderous stuff that the Laurier government is vomiting forth over Ontario and the west. The Free Press editor knows that the Intercolonial passes through land as fertile, and peopled by as industrious and intelligent inhabitants as the choicest regions of Ontario. Anything to kill Borden of Halifax is today's glib motto. Nova Scotians and New Brunswickers will know how to resent these dirty attacks when the time comes to do so at the polls.

A SURE METHOD.

Old Mills—My dear, we must do our best to put an instant stop to young Lothair's paying such marked attention to our Ethel.

Mrs. Mills—Good heavens! You mustn't mean to insinuate that you have discovered anything that proves him an undesirable son-in-law, do you?

Old Mills—Oh, no, quite the contrary. In fact, I have looked up his record, social, moral and financial, and I find that he is highly eligible. Therefore, just something should come between them and prevent the culmination of our wishes in the matter. I insist that we shall find some cause to pick up a quarrel with him and give him the grand bounce.

Mrs. Mills—You amaze me. Ethel loves him.

Old Mills—If I thought that, I would act differently. But I think that she just likes him, and would grow cool toward him in another month. We must do something to rouse her. We must insult him and otherwise keep up the persecution till they are forced to elope. Then we will forgive them, take them under our wings, and preserve them with \$10,000 that would otherwise go to the confounded caterers and milliners and modists and florists. How's that for a great idea?

Mrs. Mills (in ecstasy)—John, you're a genius!

UNHAPPY ENDING OF A SHEDIAC ROMANCE.

Strangers Who Were Married There in 1902 Are Now Seeking a Divorce in Boston.

BOSTON, June 6.—A strange wedding which occurred in the seaport of Shediac, N. B., on a pleasant night in June, 1902, is the basis of a complicated case now before the courts of Berkshire Co., in the western part of this state. The principals in the Shediac marriage were strangers to the residents of the place, and although it appears that the event excited some interest at the time, it was practically forgotten apparently in the usual nine days of grace allowed by tradition for such affairs to live in the public interest, and none of the townspeople had much idea that a simple ceremony, quietly performed in the house of a local minister would eventually figure in the affairs of well known Boston people and also in the courts of this old Puritan commonwealth. In some respects the romance, if it can be dignified by that term, is a link in a chain of unusual happenings.

Boston was the starting point of the story. In June, 1899, a son of a Boston wholesale fish importer and commission man, met the daughter of Charles W. H. Sanborn, a wealthy proprietor of a cafe on Merchant's Row, and after an acquaintance of two weeks, the two were married. The young man had a dashing way with him always and was known as somewhat of a sport. Although the young man he did not have the slightest idea that he was acquainted with his daughter. The latter, Yvonne Maybelle Sanborn, was a handsome girl and lived with her parents at 1481 Beacon street in the fashionable suburb of Brookline. Sanborn had known the young man at his place of business, but had never cared for his friendship; in fact Sanborn says he had had occasion to order him out of his place for misconduct more than once. In some manner, which is not apparent, the fish importer's son made the acquaintance of Miss Sanborn. When the marriage papers were made out the groom was described as a widower. The couple lived together but a short time, they could not agree and the bride's father not having given his sanction to the wedding, his daughter decided to leave her husband and return to the parental roof. She still lives with her own folks at Hemmenway Chambers in the Back Bay.

In the next chapter of the affair the scene was laid in the popular summer resort of eastern Westmoreland. One day a well dressed and prosperous appearing young American registered at the Weldon house, the leading hotel in Shediac. He ordered a good room and informed the proprietor, James D. Strange, that he was looking for a wife in the afternoon or early evening. In his baggage he carried an unusual quantity of soft pillows (the sofa pillow was then at its height in Boston) and proceeded to decorate his room in the most fantastic style. The young woman arrived on schedule time and also registered at the Weldon house. After supper the two strangers left the hotel for a walk through the town. During the evening they quired for the residence of a minister, and were directed to that of Rev. Thomas Pierce, pastor of the Methodist church. Rev. Mr. Pierce was at home. He was informed by the young man that he desired to be married, and as he presented the necessary license and answered all questions satisfactorily, the ceremony was performed. The strange couple, who knew no one in Shediac, brought no witnesses with them, and the pastor requisitioned two members of his family to serve in that capacity.

The names furnished the pastor were Elmer E. Prior and Elizabeth M. Ross. The latter is understood to be a Nova Scotian.

When the couple called at the Pierce residence, it appeared a Monday morning. The news of the mysterious event gradually leaked out, and it was not long before the town was wondering as to who the strangers were. The newly married couple did not remain long in Shediac, but left the next day for Prince Edward Island.

The two were next heard from in the city of Pittsburg in the Berkshire hills, about 175 miles from Boston. Young Prior started a company known as the Pittsburg Fish Company. The woman, who was married in Shediac with him, and he lived for a time at Pittsburg hotel. Prior came into prominence by preferring serious charges against the license commissioners of Pittsburg. A secret hearing was given. Prior failed to prove his allegations. During this hearing Attorney W. O. Tuttle, formerly a member of the legislature, and Attorney Wright, counsel for the license commissioners, visited Boston and claimed to have found evidence that Prior had been married in this city. When John Ross, a brother of the woman with whom Prior had been living in Pittsburg, was examined at the hearing, he spoke of Mrs. Prior. "Which Mrs. Prior do you mean," the red and black haired one? was asked. It was then that Pittsburg people received their first intimation that another woman figured in Prior's affairs.

Several weeks ago a brother of Yvonne Maybelle Sanborn of Boston went to Pittsburg and made a quiet investigation. As a result Deputy Sheriff E. H. Pierce, acting for the Boston police, served a libel on Prior for divorce. He announced that he will contest the case and has done nothing illegal.

It is said that other court proceedings may be brought within a short time, in which event it will in all probability be necessary to have affidavits taken in New Brunswick.

Prior is also involved in another case at Pittsburg. He mortgaged his business there to the brothers of the woman formerly known as Miss Elizabeth Ross. The latter has also left the young man, and the Ross brothers are in possession of the business. Prior is making a fight to regain his business, which he said was lost to him through the foreclosure of the mortgage, claimed to have been illegal.

A laconic caller had just left his office and John S. Flaherty, manager of the Maritime Theatre, New York, leaned back and heaved a sigh of relief.

"That chap is quite a conversationalist," hazarded another visitor.

"Yes," agreed Mr. Flaherty, "but his talk lacks terminal facilities."

ANIMALS' DISLIKES.

Peccolities of Wild Natures of Various Kinds.

Writing in the New York Evening Post, C. William Beebe says: Not only is it true that animals, both domestic and wild, show decided preferences for certain persons, and a strong dislike to other individuals, but whole races of creatures often show a universal hatred toward other species. In the legends of ancient times this was noticed; always arrayed against each other were the gnat and the crocodile, the hart and the dragon, the unicorn and the elephant.

Perhaps the most interesting cases of dislikes are those which are inherited; fear of the natural enemies of a certain weaker species being so strong that even the young just born may experience it. All herds of cows and cattle hate dogs instinctively. Cows we not trace this to the time, long centuries ago, when the wild herds were always in danger of being attacked by wild dogs or wolves, which slung about on the outskirts of the herd, and watched with hungry eyes every chance to cut out and pull down a helpless calf?

To fight like "cats and dogs" has become a proverb, and we must admit there is abundant basis for its truth. In domestic cats this is doubtless an inherited trait, which one of its larger relatives we can verify today. In the tiger is king, indeed. Deep in the jungle he makes his lair, and the cub has few enemies, except Bear and tiger-cat when they inadvertently cross the tracks of the tiger. The young man has a dashing way with him always and was known as somewhat of a sport. Although the young man he did not have the slightest idea that he was acquainted with his daughter. The latter, Yvonne Maybelle Sanborn, was a handsome girl and lived with her parents at 1481 Beacon street in the fashionable suburb of Brookline. Sanborn had known the young man at his place of business, but had never cared for his friendship; in fact Sanborn says he had had occasion to order him out of his place for misconduct more than once. In some manner, which is not apparent, the fish importer's son made the acquaintance of Miss Sanborn. When the marriage papers were made out the groom was described as a widower. The couple lived together but a short time, they could not agree and the bride's father not having given his sanction to the wedding, his daughter decided to leave her husband and return to the parental roof. She still lives with her own folks at Hemmenway Chambers in the Back Bay.

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RESPECTED BY DOGS.

A leopard, which lives so much among the trees and could so easily escape the attacks of wild dogs has no instinctive hatred, although it is a subtle which would be by no means despised. This fact is well known to dogs, which show their fear of the leopard felines, while they will mob tigers and other terrestrial cats. Pumas come under the same head as leopards and are held in as great respect by dogs.

In zoos the animals generally show a dislike to children and dogs, and the dislike to children, doubtless, because they are teased more by the youngsters, and in the second place because of the strange horror and hate which many animals show of the abnormal, or conditions out of the usual discrimination of things against which they have remarkable ability.

Monkeys hate negroes, but this dislike of dark-skinned men is not confined to the above-mentioned class of animals. It is said that when Hagenbach's Somali soldiers, who were taken to the Crystal Palace they were invited one Sunday to see the Zoo, where they were accompanied by their own people. A white explorer and hunter who had brought them from Somaliland. There was nothing to which the white men were not used, but when they saw the appearance of these free, half-bred tribesmen, but when the dark men entered the lion house there was an uproar. The animals were furious; they roared with rage and the monkeys were frightened and angry, the antelopes were alarmed, and even the plump wild cattle were frightened. The recognized their natural enemies, the dark-skinned men who had hunted them for centuries in the jungles of the East, and with whom their own parents did battle when they were captured and carried off captive in the Arabian deserts.

BIRDS DIE FROM TERROR.

A bird will often die from sheer terror. Birds are much frightened, and parrots, snips and monkeys will sometimes faint away. There are many cases of this kind, and among animals which are inexplicable to us; just as many people have unreasonable but uncontrollable phobias against cats, snakes, mice, insects, and so on. For instance, should camels arouse such distrust in horses? But another animal is often unheeded by horses, but even the scent of a camel which has passed some time before a horse will cause the horse to refuse to be driven near it. Horses will learn to work in company with elephants much sooner than with camels.

Even the animals which are nearly related to each other intensely hate sometimes exists. Hounds take delight in hunting foxes, and when dogs are used in pursuing and killing wolves they do it with a fierceness and anger which is never aroused in them at the sight of the deer which they are running.

Animals, such as cats, dogs, birds and even bees, seem to know what persons are in sympathy with them. Some persons will be attacked even by pigeons and doves, and it is impossible for some to have anything to do with horses and other animals.

INDICTS FOUR-YEAR-OLD BOY FOR ASSAULT.

James Richards, four years old, was arraigned in court of quarter sessions at Patterson, N. J., yesterday on an indictment, charging him with assault and battery on Louis Cardop on Mar. 15 last. When the court clerk called his name the little fellow toddled up to the rail and was lifted over into the enclosure surrounding the judge's desk.

Judge Scott was busy writing when Assistant Prosecutor Shaw started to read the indictment. He was called to order by the court, who asked him where the prisoner was.

"Right here, your honor," said a detective, lifting the little fellow on to a table.

Lawyer Munson Force put in a plea of not guilty, and the assistant prosecutor asked that the indictment be quashed.

"Motion granted," said the court, "and the person or persons who are responsible for this youngster's arrest shall be arraigned themselves."

James was lifted from the table and ran to the back of the court room, where his mother was waiting for him. —New York Herald.

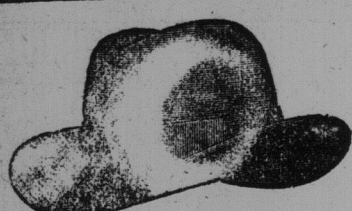
ST. JOHN STAR, TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1904.

DYKEMAN'S.

Ladies' Tailor-made Suits at Extraordinary Prices

We have about Twenty-five Suits that must be cleared out within the next week or two. They are every one of them this season's make, are properly tailored and perfect fitting. The prices for this sale will be as follows:—\$3.25, \$9.50, \$10.00, \$12, \$13.50 and \$15.00. Even the lowest priced one is prettily silk trimmed, made from good cloths and the latest style. Sizes from 32 to 38 inches.

F. A. DYKEMAN & CO.



THORNE BROS., 93 KING STREET

ZEAL FOR SCIENCE.

(New York Tribune.)
Senator William A. Clark, a short time before he sailed for Europe, attended a dinner of scientists. In the course of this dinner the senator said: "Science is an admirable thing. In these latter days, indeed, it is a thing as interesting and marvelous as a fairy tale. I have only one fault to find with it. It induces some of its votaries with too profound a zeal."
"I have in my mind when I say this a scientific zeal of Scotland—a professor whose special delight was insects and bugs."
"There once visited this Scottish professor a younger scientist. The visitor remained over night and in the morning he told him:
"And how did ye sleep the night?"
"Not very well," the visitor answered. "It was the strange bed, perhaps, but," he ventured, "I must confess."

LACE CURTAINS!

25c, 50c, 75c, to \$1.50 pair.
New Curtains Mullins, etc., 25c, 50c, to \$1.00 each.
Each Curtain Rods, 5c. to 10c. each.
LADIES' COLLARS—Ladies' Lace Collars, 5c. to \$1.00 each.
Ladies' Silk Collars, 25c. to 50c. each.
Ladies' Cotton Collars, 5c. pair up.
Ladies' Cashmere Hose, 25c. pair up.
New Set Sample Goggles to Ladies, Truffles and Pure Silk.
New Belts, Ribbons and Shirt Waist Sets.

Arnold's Department Store
11 and 15 Charlotte St.

The Steamer "Maggie Miller" will leave Millville for Sumnerville, New Brunswick, and Baywater, daily (except Saturday and Sunday) at 9 a. m. and 4 and 6 p. m.
Returning from Baywater at 7 and 8.45 a. m., and 4.45 p. m.
SATURDAY leaves Millville at 6.45 and 9.30 a. m., and 5 and 7 p. m.
Returning at 6, 7.30 and 10 a. m., and 3.45, 6.45 and 7.45 p. m.
SUNDAY leaves Millville at 9 and 10.30 a. m., and 7 p. m.
Returning at 9.45 a. m. and 6 p. m.

Dr. A. H. Merrill,
DENTIST,
Cor. King and Charlotte Street
Entrance: 76 Charlotte Street.
Phone 1631.

NEW DULSE!

First of the Season, at
CHAS. A. CLARK'S,
Tel. 503 49 Charlotte street.

IF THEY'RE FASHIONABLE, WE HAVE THEM.

Our customers are, therefore, safeguarded against unsatisfactory purchases of freak and peculiar styles that are not in good taste.
Brown and Black Stuff Hats, also Soft Hats in all the fashionable shades.
Children's Straw Hats and Caps.

WHAT A HIGH HEEL DID.

(Chicago Chronicle.)
Mrs. Dexter, a demure, well-dressed housewife, stopped at La Salle and Washington street for almost half an hour the other day. It was about 10 o'clock in the afternoon when she came west on the south side of Washington street. She wore an "elephant's breath" gown, a drab coat, and a picture hat, in which gay tones and neutral floral tints predominated. She was stately and self-possessed. In the middle of La Salle street she threw up her gloved hands and shrieked. A south-bound cable car was bearing full upon her. Policeman Corley, the splendid champion of woman pedestrians, rushed to the rescue. The cable train was stopped. So was the woman.
"Why don't you get out of the way?" asked the policeman.
"I can't," said the woman. "My shoe is stuck."
"Ah," said the professor, encouragingly, "ye were just bitten by one thing, eh?"
"Well, to tell you the truth, professor, I was," the visitor admitted.
"Just think of that!" cried the professor. "Bitten, war ye? Noo, man, can ye say it was anything at all noteworthy that bit ye?"
"Fieas," said the professor, the other. "But such fleas for biting I never met in my life before."
"I should think so, indeed," said the professor, in great glee. "They're Sicilian fleas. I imported them myself."

F. R. PATTERSON & CO.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE.

MEN'S REGATTA SHIRTS,

NEW AND UP-TO-DATE

MEN'S WASH TIES

10c. each

SEE WINDOW.

Cor. Duke and Charlotte Sts.

Store Open Evenings.

LOCAL NEWS.

Celebrated Broad Cove coal, \$7.00 per chaldron delivered, at Watters', Walker's wharf. Tel. 611.

No. 4 I. C. R. shunter ran off the track this morning near Mill street and was replaced without much trouble.

No. 1 Salvage Corps received today ten dollars from the A. Christie Woodworking Co., as an appreciation of their services at Saturday's fire.

The marriage will take place at the cathedral tomorrow morning at an early hour, of Humphrey J. Sheehan to Miss McLaughlin, of Richmond street.

An adjourned meeting of the N. B. Historical Society will be held in their rooms in the Market building this evening at eight o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

A special meeting of the Carpenters' Union will be held at Berryman's Hall on Wednesday evening for the election of officers. All members are requested to attend.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Trade will be held this afternoon, when ordinary routine business will be transacted. It is expected that a number of new members will be elected.

The Junior Christian Endeavour Society of the Carleton Free Baptist church will hold an entertainment in the vestry of the church on Wednesday evening of this week. An excellent programme has been prepared.

The Hamburg-American Line steamer Albano is due at Halifax from Antwerp. She has on board 700 immigrants, for the Canadian North-west. These immigrants will be sent west via St. John.

Richard Damery, caretaker of the Martello Tower, has this week begun to take advantage of the privilege recently extended him of charging visitors a small fee for admission to the tower and inspection of his fine collection of ancient weapons.

Rev. H. A. Cody, who recently resigned the rectory of the Greenwich Episcopal church, Kings county, arrived in the city yesterday on his way to the Yukon, where he will engage in missionary work for some years. Since leaving his pastorate he has been visiting his home at Cody's.

On Thursday night, while the steamer Senlac was crossing the bay between St. John and Yarmouth, she passed through immense herring or other school fish, which were so dense that they were turned aside by the ship's bow like so many water balloons. They seemed to be making up the bay.

The officers of the Bricklayers' and Masons' Union were elected Monday night, as follows: Frederick McColgan, president; Thomas Tracey, vice-president; John Barber, Jr., recording secretary; Albert Redick, financial secretary; Walter Allingham, corresponding secretary; Patrick McColough, sergeant-at-arms.

The outing of the Natural History Society arranged to take place in the park this afternoon, has been indefinitely postponed on account of the weather. The meeting of the Society will take place as usual this evening. The prizes awarded to scholars of the public schools for the past year will be presented.

POLICE COURT.

Medium Batch of Ordinaries Disposed of This Morning.
Six drunks ornamented the bench in the police court this morning and the dose prescribed was four dollars or ten days with hard labor.
Robert Ferris, who was recognized by the court as Robert Mattox, a man who has several times escaped from the asylum for the insane, was brought to court. His honor said he could get him a job on a farm in the country and let him go to it.
To one of the drunks who was inconsiderate enough to take for his bed the grave of one of the past winter was shown. He was ashamed of him. That was all.
The name of John Kelly, who was arrested for using profane language on St. John street was called several times, but as he did not respond, the name was dropped.
His honor asked if any present knew this man Kelly. No fictitious names should go on the street.
Patrick Jennings, who was reported for not having a light on a pile stone used by him in some building operations on Pond street on the night of June 2nd and 3rd, explained that the lantern, which he thought was an electric street lamp was but a few feet away. He was warned and allowed to go.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

(From the Chicago News.)
A keen critic is apt to make cutting remarks.
After some men get started they are too lazy to stop.
Strange to say, the world has never produced a deaf and dumb pugilist.
Reference books contain everything except the one thing you want to know.
A man never fully realizes his inferiority until he goes shopping with his wife.
Any one can name the three graces, but the graces are too numerous to mention.
Occasionally a man declines a nomination for office—if there is no chance for his election.
No man need hope to pass through the party gates on the strength of the epitaph on his tombstone.
A wise man does a great deal of silent thinking and a fool makes a great deal of thoughtless talking.
Nothing worries a woman so much when starting on a visit as being unable to remember something she has forgotten.

MERRIMAC HERO BURIED.

The funeral of Geo. F. Phillips, who died at Cambridgeport, Mass., on Saturday last took place this afternoon from the residence of C. A. Rutherford, 118 Carmarthen street. Rev. G. M. Campbell officiated and interment was in Fernhill cemetery.

ANOTHER PARK RESTAURANT.

Street Railway People Will Probably Allow Sunday Refreshments in New Bay Shore Park.

In about a fortnight the people of St. John will enjoy the privilege of taking a Sunday trip to the country in a trolley car. Manager Earle of the street railway company told the Star this morning that he hoped to have the branch line to Bay Shore in operation in about two weeks.

Then immediately arises the question of Sunday observance. It will be only on Sunday that citizens in any number will go to Bay Shore and the street railway will be called upon to take them there. When asked if it was the intention to run cars to Bay Shore on Sunday, Manager Earle said most assuredly it was.

Citizens, however, will not go to the shore unless they are provided a pleasant place where they can enjoy themselves and where they may obtain what refreshments they may desire. The street railway are going to supply a place of pleasure in the nature of a park and will undoubtedly allow the sale there of refreshments. It has not yet been decided whether the sale of refreshments will be allowed on Sunday.

A person was heard this morning to say that the company should announce definitely if they intended to allow the sale of refreshments on Sunday, as their Sunday patronage will depend largely on such an announcement. The company have not yet decided whether the Bay Shore trip shall be by ordinary transfer or whether an extra fare will be exacted.

SEEKING JUSTICE FOR 20 YEARS.

Strange Story of John McKinney, of Lancaster—Held Unjustly in Asylum and Brutally Treated

There was brought to the notice of the Star today a case of twenty years of fruitless seeking on the part of a much ill-used man for justice from the provincial authorities. Twenty years ago John McKinney, of Greenwich, was confined in the Provincial Lunatic Asylum for eleven months, for a reason which he has been unable to explain to this day. He says that he was not insane, or in a mental condition justifying his confinement. He obtained his freedom from the government and was never able to obtain it. Mr. McKinney tells the following story: In the winter of 1884 he took cold and went to Dr. Stevens, then superintendent of the asylum for a prescription. His cold may have caused him to act a little queer. At all events, once in the asylum he was not allowed out for eleven months. He says that while in the asylum he was subjected to violent and inhuman treatment at the hands of the keepers. He was kicked about and bruised as though he were a brute. During his confinement his family had to shift for themselves as best they could. Mr. McKinney thinks he is entitled to substantial damages.

SUPREME COURT.

Session Opened Today—Frank McGuire Appeals from Sentence Passed by Judge Forbes.

(Special to the Star.)
FREDERICKTON, N. B., June 7th.—The term of the Supreme Court opened this morning. Chief Justice Tuck presiding. The full bench was present. Among the barristers in attendance were A. B. Connell, K. C., D. McLeod, Vice, Woodstock; J. B. Byrne, Bathurst; E. S. Ritchie, St. John; Geo. W. Allen, K. C.; J. W. McCready, and R. B. Hanson.

One common motion was made: the Kings vs. Frank McGuire. Edmund Ritchie moves for leave to appeal from conviction for stealing made by Judge Tuck on the 2nd of June. The trial judge in his charge to the jury commented that the prisoner had failed to testify in his own defence. The rule was granted returnable next Friday.

FALSE FIRE ALARM.

Police Report the People Who Were Mixed Up in the Matter.

Shortly after eleven o'clock last night the fire department were called out in consequence of an alarm from box eight, a box that has been pulled quite freely of late. When they arrived on the scene they could not discover any fire and went back to the stations in anything but a happy frame of mind. The police started an investigation. They ascertained that a woman had dashed into the Grand Union Hotel, saying "Fire." Saying in breathless haste that it was "at the same place," she hurried out. Dennis Sullivan, of the hotel employ, pulled the look. The police started to look for the woman, and about half-past twelve Sergeant Campbell and Officer Sullivan learned that Mrs. Mary Ann Morris was the person who wanted. She said that she saw a light in some way which remained after the North street fire on Sunday morning and at once rushed to the Grand Union and gave the alarm. Mrs. Morris, Joseph Walsh and Dennis Sullivan have all been reported, charged with breaking the glass in a fire alarm box and sending in false information. The case may come up tomorrow.

POLICE REPORTS.

Last night the police found the doors of Eli McEachern's license saloon on Main street, and Joseph A. Likely's office door, North wharf, open. Officer Simple was last evening called into Mrs. O'Toole's house on Sheriff street to quell a disturbance Fred Nolan was making.
Dennis Burke has been reported by the police for carrying on the business of a saloon on Monday, June 6th, without a license.

NEW CHARTERS.

The St. John schooner Clayola and Viola have been chartered to load sulphur at New York for this point. The schooner Joseph Hay has been chartered to load lumber at Fort Arthur, Texas, for Boston.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. William E. Neve will receive her friends on Wednesday and Thursday afternoon and evening, June 8th and 9th, at 272 King street east.

Father O'Neill of St. Joseph's University, arrived in the city last evening. He is on book-buying business. The marriage will take place on June 12th of Fred H. Tippet and Miss Edith Little of this city. The ceremony will be a quiet one and will be performed at the home of the bride, Waterloo street.

The marriage of Miss Jennie A. Treuman, leading soprano of Centenary church, to C. Allison Hallett, will take place at that church on Wednesday morning at 10.30.

Mrs. G. Sheehan and family returned yesterday from Toronto.

Mrs. E. L. Field is visiting friends in Yarmouth.

Mrs. Andrew Stevens (nee Kennedy) will receive her friends Wednesday and Thursday this week at 155 St. James street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Harvey left last night by C. P. R. for St. Louis to attend the World's Fair. Before returning to St. John, Mr. Harvey will take part in the meeting of the High Court, Canadian Order of Foresters, in Toronto.

J. de Wolfe Spurr and J. Gardner Taylor left last evening for Newfoundland on a fishing trip.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Harding sail from Liverpool on the 17th inst., homeward bound.

Mrs. Chipman, of Kentville, and Miss Kiefer, of Ottawa, are visiting Miss Helen Dick, Wentworth street. Dr. Robert Murray, of Halifax, who is in St. John attending the Presbyterian Canadian General Assembly, has attended every assembly that has taken place, with but one exception, when illness prevented.—Halifax Mail.

CHAMPLAIN TABLET.

The following sums have been received in aid of the Champlain Tablet Fund. The tablet is now nearly completed. One line of this inscription reads "erected by the people of New Brunswick." The treasurer would like to hear from "the people" and record their subscriptions. Thus far only the following have responded to the call.

Previously acknowledged \$50
C. F. Kinnear 2
Ernest Phillips 2
Mrs. James Miller 1
Thorne Bros. 1
O. H. Wentworth & Co. Ltd. 2
Mrs. C. B. Allan 1
Peter Campbell 1
Miss Margaret Stephenson 1
Dowling Bros. 2
William Kerr 1
Total \$65
G. U. HAY, Treasurer.

NEEDED REPAIRS.

A gang of men were at work today repairing the block pavement at Market square. A big section of the old pavement that had become to a certain extent dangerous has been torn up and new blocks are being put down. Another crew of men are at work making repairs to the plank walk at the head of Market Slip. This sidewalk, that runs along the wharf, is retaining wall on which the laborers' bell hangs, was in a very dilapidated condition. When the plank were removed it was found that many of the heavy timbers underneath were rotten. These are being replaced with new ones and when completed the walk will be good for many years to come.

THIS EVENING.

Meeting of the Junior Liberal Conservative Association in room 11 Ritz building, at nine o'clock.
Alumni of Queens University supper at White's restaurant.
Meeting of Club Macdonald.
Regular meeting of teamsters' union, Basishall—Franklin v. Clippers, Victoria grounds.
A meeting of St. Luke's Baseball Club will be held this evening in the school room at 11 p. m.

METHODIST DISTRICT MEETING.

The annual meeting of the St. John District will be held in Fairville Methodist church tomorrow, beginning at 10.30 a. m.

ADVERTISING THE TRECENTARY.

The Cambridge Times of June 3rd publishes a half column article on the St. John Old Home week and centenary celebration, giving an outline of the programme and the special attractions provided. The Times comments very favorably on the offers to give all former New Brunswickers particulars as to transportation, etc. The editor of the Times, Mr. Livingston, is a former New Brunswicker, and intends, in company with his two daughters, taking advantage of the Old Home week attractions.

\$5.00

Best Value Ever Offered.
We make the Best \$5.00 Gold Crown in this City.
Teeth without plates \$5.00
Gold fillings from \$1.00
Silver and other fillings 50c
Teeth extracted without pain, 15c
Consultation, The Famous Halo Method, FREE
BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS,
527 Main St. Dr. J. D. MARRER, Proprietor

SALE OF Night-gowns.



A wholesale's overstock of Ladies' White Cambric Nightgowns has been secured by us at very advantageous prices. We pass them on to you at a saving of 25 per cent.
LADIES' NIGHTGOWNS, made of good white cambric, neck front and sleeves trimmed with frilling. Full size 55, 58, or 60 ins. long. Our special price 59 Cts.

LADIES' NIGHTGOWNS, neck and good white cambric, neck front and sleeves finished with hemstitched frills. Tucked yoke, with Hamburg insertion, full sizes. Our special price 88 Cts.

LADIES' NIGHTGOWNS, made of fine English cambric, with tucked yoke, finished with Hamburg medallions; front, neck and sleeves trimmed with fine lawn Hamburg. Special sale price \$1.19.

LADIES' NIGHTGOWNS—A very attractive style, with square yoke trimmed with fine torchon lace and ribbon, made from good English cambric. Sale price \$1.39.

LADIES' NIGHTGOWNS, made of fine English cambric, with low neck and sleeves, finished with medallions, fine tucking and ribbon. Worth \$2.00. Our special sale price \$1.49.

Morrell & Sutherland,

27-29 Charlotte St. Oppo. Y. M. C. A.

ALL READY

Yes, we are all Ready with a Spring Stock of Men's Footwear that deserves your attention, if you give any thought to matters of correctness. All the new conceits in leather and shape that have been marked approved.

Particular men will find here just what they want in Footwear. This is a shoe store that is especially conducted for particular people. The Laboring Man—The Business Man or the Swell Dresser will find that we will give his particular Shoe wants the most careful attention. Prices count for little unless you see the Shoes—so we say, come in for a look.

Our Constant Aim is to Serve You Better

D. MONAHAN,
162 UNION STREET

Meat Department.

Our assortment comprises Choice Western Beef, very juicy Well Fattened Veal and Mutton, Choice Spring Lamb, Mild Cured Roll Bacon and Flat Bacon, Small and Medium Sugar-cured Hams. Telephone orders receive careful attention. Goods delivered promptly.

F. E. WILLIAMS CO., Ltd.,

Cor. Charlotte and Princess St. Telephone 543.

THE EMPRESS SHOE FOR WOMEN

Save 25 p.c. Duty.

Equal in style, make and flexibility to any American Shoe.

Sizes, 2 to 7; width, C, D and E.

All Leathers.

Oxford Ties, Laced Boots, Button Boots.

Prices, \$2 to \$5

FOR SALE BY

FRANCIS & VAUGHAN,

19 KING STREET.

MASONIC HALL MANAGEMENT.
The annual meeting of the Masonic Hall Company was held yesterday afternoon in the office of W. B. Wallace, K. C. The financial statement showed that the accounts of receipts and expenditures for the past year just balanced. The following directors were chosen: Senator Ellis, A. I. Trueman, Thomas Walker, M. D. George Blake, W. Watson Allen, John D. Shore, Thomas A. Godsoe, Edwin J. Everett, W. B. Wallace, A. McNicholl, A. R. Campbell, George S. Fisher, Peter Campbell, W. E. Vroom, George B. Hegan, F. L. Tufts, F. J. G. Knowlton. A resolution expressing appreciation of the services of the late Robert Marshall, who served for long time on the board of directors and who was very prominently identified with the building of the hall, was passed unanimously.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Owing to the Star going to press early on Saturdays during the summer months, advertisers are asked to please send all changes to the office on Friday afternoon. The Star cannot guarantee to change advertisements received any later.

SALVATIONISTS FOR ENGLAND.

The Bermuda Brass Band and the Eastern Minstrels, two Salvation Army combinations, held forth to a large audience in the York Theatre last night. An excellent programme was carried out. All leave this evening for Montreal, where they take steamer for England to attend the International Salvation Army congress, which opens on the 29th of this month. They will be accompanied by a large body of delegates from the maritime provinces, among whom will be a number from St. John.

CASCARMA.

Physicians give best results. Cascarma will be delighted with results from this well tested preparation. Prepared only by C. K. Short, P. O. Box, St. John, N. B., Canada.