













There was no qualification in any way. The men were to go back, and Mr. Hays made no promise whatever, except that if they were to go he then would immediately treat with Mr. Taylor or myself or any other members of Parliament in respect to the grievances that the men had. He advised us, and we so advised the men. I may say that since then these gentlemen applied to me and asked me to speak. Mr. Lane came to Ottawa.

I was told by the head of the order that the committee had issued orders to re-

new the strike and had called the meeting out. This was on the night of Monday the 6th of this month, and that would be the exact date of the morning. I do not know the state of affairs at the present time, although last night I was informed by one of the gentlemen that the meeting quite generally along the line, especially in Ontario, were now out on strike, and that to-day the strike would be generally universal from Portland all over the C.T.R. I am sure. Whether this is true or not I cannot say, but I simply heard it from one of the gentlemen.

**Only One Man on Watch.**

When we went down to Montreal on Friday, Mr. Taylor, myself and Mr. Wainwright being together, Mr. Taylor and myself

self watched the road from Cateau Junction to Montreal station. It was about 11 o'clock when we arrived at the station in Montreal. On that stretch of road we only saw one man with a shovel fixing a wheel, and another man walking in the snow. No other trackmen being in sight except these. The only living thing we saw of the kind was a small fox, about the size of a four and six, each with his book going to school.

as soon as I got here I sent a telegram to which Mr. Powell has read, when I arrived at 6 o'clock that night. I said, of course, as the telegram reads, that we do not know the person who has taken and violated the criminal law should be taken back, but we expected our conversation referred to all the men. Immediately afterwards I received two letters on Tuesday morning. I will not give the names or place but they show the course that was adopted by the Grand Central Railway Company in trying to pacify and settle the trouble.

**Tell-Tale Telegram.**

"Roadmaster has refused to allow men to resume duty for interfering with men who were patrolling the track during the strike. I would like to meet

"That man who accuses me of this, as if I had been called and came to the meeting, interfered with no one and am now ready to resume duty at once."

This man denies the interference of a man and yet he is not given the chance to explain his words. Another communication which I received:

"Knowing you to be the friend of the workmen of Canada and as I understand that you now have the case of the striking trackmen on the Grand Trunk Railway system, I wish to call your attention to the following messages to foremen and men who are being sent out on receiving the word from the chairman or one of the Executive Committee of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trackmen, Toronto, Ontario:

"T.R., a.m. 5-6, 1890—Advise all foremen and men desirous to go back to work that they must go back to work."

**Another Example of it.**

This was a telegram that came from one of the roadmasters to the men and it stated that before they resumed work the men must make written application to me.

"The press says the men were to go back to their places as formerly, but to my own knowledge one foreman and one man between Kingston and Belle Plaine have been in their places for some time no longer required. The question which I would like to ask is: Has the company the right to ask the men to make application, we having been made the employer of said company, some of us upwards of 20 years, until the present trouble. Many of our men and some of our foremen have advantages taken of them if they should make such

To that letter I made no reply, because I had hoped until to-day, until the men had gone to call the men out, and even now I hope that the G.T.R., knowing the temper of the men, will come to an amicable arrangement. I have not been in discussion with Mr. Hays at Montreal, but I am sure that he will find that every credit was due to the striking trackmen. I have not had an accident of this kind had happened and nothing was in the air with. There was some talk of a strike, but I have not been influenced by trackmen, and I was told by one of the conductors that the trackmen themselves interfered to prevent a strike.

**Canada's Rights Are**

Mr. Henderson (Halton): I assure you that I am not a strike breaker. I am Mr. Speaker, and I assure the House, that I have no desire to say anything in the course of the debate on this subject in the country.

[illegible]

and tell the manager of that great corporation that the interests of the 1800 men who went out on strike must be guarded, and that if he will not instantly take action, we will give that protection which is necessary. The time has arrived when the Government must speak.

**The Government Roasted.**

After recess, Mr. J. Ross Robertson, a servative member of the East Toronto, proposed the Prime Minister was waiting on the Grand Trunk side of the story, a had received the practical end of the same—that day. [Hear, hear.] What event can improve the position of the most poor tr

men who had to solve the problem of the matter who had to support them. The Government could not find any other source of 98 cents per day? (Hear, hear.) The Government could not find presidential money to pay for the food? (Hear, hear.) When they wanted to do anything, they made a precedent in justification of it. It is, I hear, the same with the Government. The action of General Manager Jones is perfectly towards the trackmen of the Grand Trunk Railway, and he acted the part of a brave, honest workman. (Cheer.) He distinctly told the Prime Minister that he was not a Communist, and that he was a brown-(cheers) and it might be as well for the member for North Oxford (Mr. Macdonald), his friend, to have the strength in battle with great men as Judge Clark of the C.P.R., for he was going to give himself out of a vessel.

# AND

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**ELETON GEAR CASE**

**DESIGN LIGHT ROADSTERS**  
Which weigh 25% less than any others of equal strength . . . . .

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Second-Hand Wheels  
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**BASE-** HANLA  
POINT  
To-day at 4 p.m.,  
**Syracuse vs. Toro**

June 9, 10, 12 and 18,  
Montreal vs. Toronto

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PRINCESS, FRIDAY, AT 8  
THE BIG EIGHT

Perfection guaranteed. Returns by a wire, preceded by EMIL SANCHEZ, the wonder, and PAT KILTY, champion of Canada, and JIM POPP, champion weight Canada, and BILLY BREEN. rounds each.

**ADMISSION 25**

# Fitzsimmons

## Jeffrie

## Horticultural Pavilion

Friday night, 9th inst., the telegraph account of the great contest at New York will be called off by Mr. Roy C. the peerless annunciator.

The service will be, as usual, the

best that a liberal expenditure of  
can obtain.  
Men enter the ring at 9 o'clock.  
Admission to all parts of the Pavil-  
cents.  
Doors open at 8 o'clock.

THE NEWCOMBE  
PIANO

Endorsed by the world's most renowned artists and musicians—at home and abroad.—Merit will win.

OCTAVIUS NEWCOMBE & Co.,

The annual convention of the  
License Holders' Association will be  
at Kingston on the 20th and 21st Ju

Winnipeg  
Ottawa

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W

A woman is  
but most queer  
running things a  
garter snake of  
mouse is suffic-  
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but otherwise it  
will cause a shi-  
to escape her, at  
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haunts the pants  
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outstretched leg-  
the unseen, will  
so that no vic-  
plunder or murt-  
dread, is what  
lent, nocturnal,  
as the bat,

Personally, I don't think it is not so much a wild sudden desire, a part of the bird's nature, as in entire possession of disturbing him a creature of death, and so much, for to the "nightly moon" couplet he says, the bat is "a thing, so suggested by little polka dots, black eyes. His bat it is so monstrous he simply appeared not there. He heard his approach, and eyes and Brer Big wall, the corn-cob us with malignant and curves abouted out a sound, so province than a terror as to his

The bat is not which a woman an instinctive desire sufficient; he has sort of an aversion in superstition, birds the harpist to be bats; but a woman in close quarters will notice, when instinctively or in more reason for in her fear of prevalent lequins

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tations on a woman  
victoriously to her  
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"Some of the  
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early marriages  
John Well-known  
Strange  
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**Columbia**  
**CHAINLESS BICYCLES**  
**\$50.00**  
Manufactured by The Pope Mfg. Co., Hartford, Conn.

We are overstocked in Columbia Chainless Wheels. The above price is only good as long as the stock lasts. We have both Ladies' and Gents', in different sizes, fitted with Dunlop or Hartford tires. We prepay all charges when delivering to points outside of Toronto.

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Is a question being asked every day by hundreds of  
enthusiastic cyclists. If you have not procured your '99  
mount, it will pay you to visit our showrooms.

**Prices  
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**Juvenile and Second-Hand Wheels**

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE.

Manufacturers' and Merchants' Cycle Co.,

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231 and 233 Yonge-St.

**UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO**

Annual commencement for conferring degrees in the Pavilion, Horticultural Gardens, at 2.30 p. m., on Friday, June 9.

**JAMES BRENNER,**  
Registrar.

---

documents to reinstate them. The men and constables for a week or more have again returned to duty.

**EXECUTIVE IN SESSION.**

They Say No Settlement Will Now Be Considered Unless It is in Writing.

Montreal, June 7.—The Executive Committee of the Grand Trunk Trackmen is still in session here and to-night it is claimed that nearly all the men on the system have again gone on strike. The Executive say that no settlement will now be considered unless it is in writing. The Grand Trunk officials apparently do not attach much importance to the latest developments and say they can get all the men they require. They deny most emphatically that any promises were given.

**No Change at Belleville.**

Belleville, June 7. Mr. Coffin of Whitney has been appointed Trust agent here. There is no change in the strike situation here.

**SEE ALSO PAGE 7.**

**GOVERNMENT IN THE DARK.**

**About Any West Indian Delegation at Washington Looking After a Treaty.**

Ottawa, June 7. (Special.)—In the House to-night Mr. Clarke Wallace was informed by the prime minister to a question that the Government had no information with respect to the newspaper reports that there was delegation from the West Indies in Washington negotiating a reciprocity treaty which would discriminate against Canada.

**The Grand Trunk Lease.**

The House then went again into committee on the Grand Trunk Lease bill. No progress had been made up to 1 o'clock, whereupon the House would sit very late, if not all night.

The latest estimate placed on the profits on the season of the Brooklyn club, by no less an authority than Ed. Hanlon, is \$100,000. Frank de Haas Robinson says the stockholders of the St. Louis Club will divide at least \$70,000.

Friday night, 9th inst., the telegraph account of the great contest at New York will be called off by Mr. Roy C. Little, the notorious animal trainer.

The service will be, as usual, the best that a liberal expenditure of money can obtain.

Men enter the ring at 9 o'clock. Admission to all parts of the Fairgrounds.

Doors open at 8 o'clock.

**THE NEWCOMBE**  
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Endorsed by the world's most famous artists and musicians at home and abroad—Merri will give.

OTAVIUS NEWCOMBE & CO.,  
169 CHURCH ST., TORONTO.

The annual convention of the Copyright License Holders' Association will be at Kingston on the 20th and 21st July.



## This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and small dark spots, possibly due to age or handling. A faint horizontal crease is visible near the top edge. The page is set against a dark background.

## 5











# MONTREAL BOUNDARY CREEK MINING COMPANY LIMITED.

**CAPITAL STOCK \$2,000,000. 2,000,000 SHARES.**  
**PAR VALUE \$1.00. 500,000 SHARES IN TREASURY.**

## OFFICERS:

HON. A. W. OGILVIE, President. W. BARCLAY STEPHENS, Vice-President.  
 W. JACQUES, Secretary-Treasurer.

## DIRECTORS:

HON. A. W. OGILVIE, Senator of Canada, Montreal;  
 W. BARCLAY STEPHENS, Esq., Manager Western Loan and Trust Company, Montreal.  
 HON. RICHARD TURNER, of Whitehead & Turner, Quebec.  
 JAS. G. ROSS, Esq., of P. S. Ross & Sons, Montreal.  
 W. L. HOGG, Esq., Manager The Investment Co., Limited, Montreal.  
 HERMAN YOUNG, Esq., of H. & J. Young, Quebec.  
 T. W. HORN, Esq., President Luxfer Prism Co., Toronto.

## TRUSTEES: THE INVESTMENT COMPANY, MONTREAL.

This Company has recently purchased the well-known mining properties, viz: "Sunset," "Crown Silver" and "C.O.D." situated three miles from Greenwood City, in Deadwood Camp, Boundary Creek District, British Columbia.

These properties adjoin the famous "Mother Lode" and are located in one of the richest mining districts in British Columbia.

The properties are unencumbered and the Company has about \$12,000 cash, on deposit to its credit at the present time, and without any outstanding liabilities.

The work done upon the "Montreal Boundary Creek Mining Company's" properties is very extensive, and shows an immense body of ore carrying most encouraging values in gold and copper. Upon the "Sunset" alone the following work has been accomplished: a shaft has been sunk to the depth of 200 feet, and 1175 feet of tunnelling done. At the 100 feet level an ore body 70 feet wide was uncovered, which has been proven to be permanent.

The Canadian Pacific Railway will run across the Company's property, thus affording splendid shipping facilities.

The Company has purchased one of the largest mining plants in the Boundary Creek district which will be in operation within 3 months. The limited amount of stock now offered to the public at 25 cents per share is part of the Treasury Stock, the proceeds of the sale of which will be devoted entirely to equipping the Company's properties with the necessary mining machinery, the mines now being beyond the development stage.

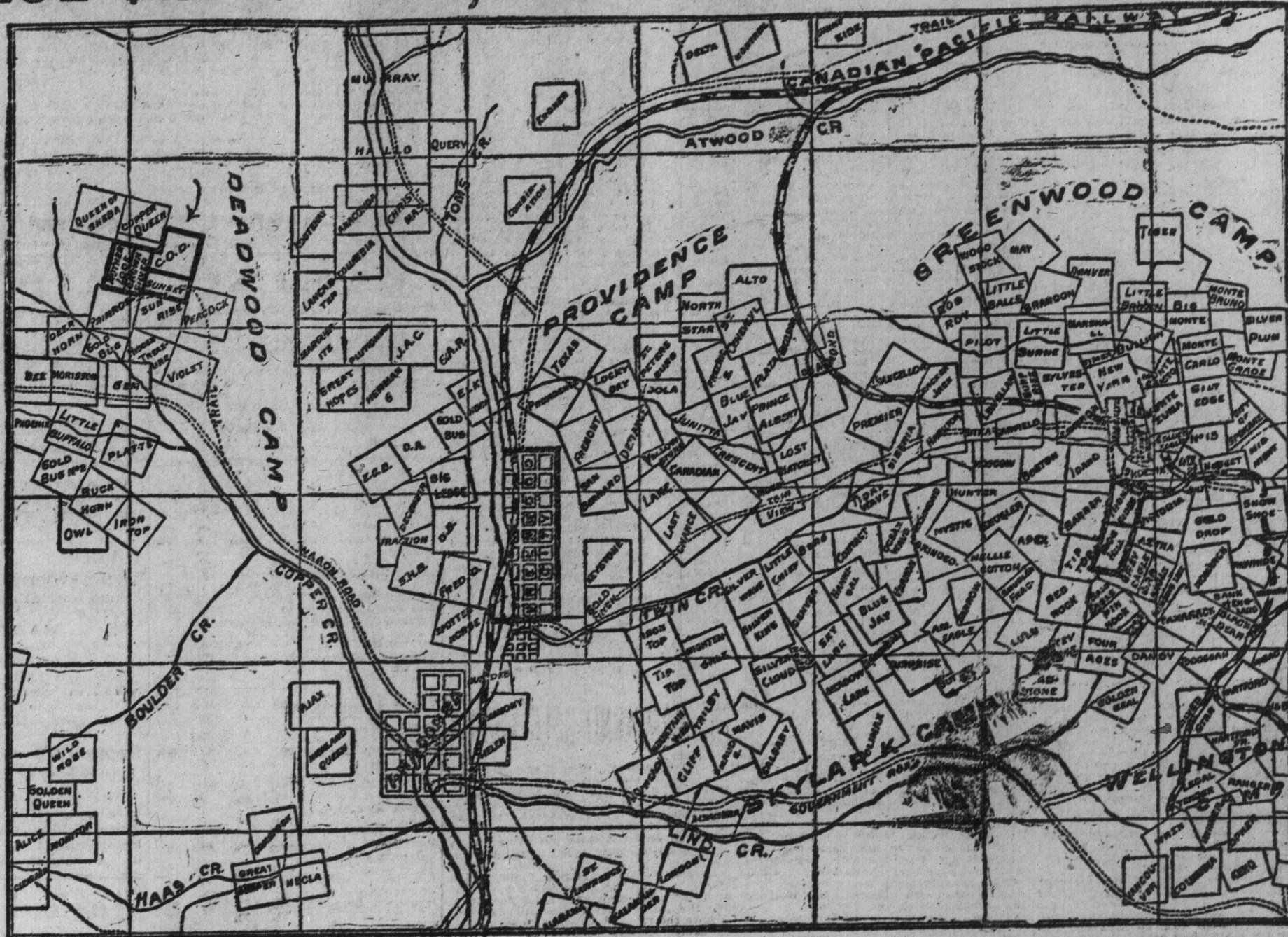
Applications for stock will be received by us and we shall be pleased to give all information in our power to intending applicants.

## Buchanan & Jores

(Member Toronto Stock Exchange.)

Official Brokers,

27 Jordan St. - - - Toronto



## THE HAMMOND REEF FUSION

Consolidation Effected Yesterday—  
 How Old Shareholders Figure  
 in the New Concern.

## BIG CLEAN-UP AT THE CARIBOO.

Opening Up the Empire—Big Plant  
 for Iron Mask - Labor Troubles  
 in B. C.—On the Exchanges.

In the local mining stock market yesterday War Eagle sold down to \$3.85 and back up to \$3.90 in the afternoon. Hammond Reef jumped up to 37½ and came off to 35½, the reason for the rise being the consolidation just effected. Golden Star was easier, sagging off to 70½, but closing higher. Minnehaha sold up to 22 and Cariboo and Republic were firm.

**Hammond Reef Amalgamation.**  
 In this city yesterday was consummated the amalgamation of the Hammond Reef Gold Mining Company and the Folger-Hammond Gold Mining Company. This fusion of the two big concerns was along the lines announced exclusively in The World some two weeks ago. The shareholders of each corporation met separately and approved of the consolidation. The shareholders of the Hammond Reef Gold Mining Company assembled at 10 o'clock, and out of the 880,000 shares issued, 700,956 were represented at the meeting. Sir Richard Cartwright presided and the amalgamation was approved of by an absolutely unanimous vote, not a single shareholder dissenting. The meeting of the Folger-Hammond Company was held shortly afterwards and adopted the same course.

The name of the consolidated company is to be "The Hammond Reef Consolidated Mining Company, Limited," and the basis of the amalgamation is to be that already announced to the public. The capitalization of the new company is \$5,000,000, divided into 5,000,000 shares of \$1 each, of which 2,000,000 shares remain in the treasury. The remaining 3,000,000 shares are divided between the shareholders of the two old companies, in consideration of the assets turned over to the joint concern. Of these 3,000,000 shares 1,000,000 go to the credit of the Hammond Reef shareholders and 2,000,000 go to the Folger-Hammond shareholders. Of the 2,000,000 treasury shares, 1,000,000 have been underwritten.

The next interesting question is as to how the old shareholders in the Hammond Reef Company will figure in the deal. This is most easily answered as follows: In the basis of the amalgamation the Hammond Reef shareholders will get a little better than one and one-tenth new shares for each share which they now hold in the old concern, and in addition they are to have the option of taking up one share of the new treasury stock for each share they now hold in the old company. And it should be added here that this privilege of taking up new treasury stock may be exercised upon the same conditions as were enjoyed by the underwriters of the other million treasury shares.

As for holders of the Folger-Hammond stock, for every share which they hold they are to get two one dollar shares of new stock. As for holders of what is known as "syndicate

stock," they are to fare in the same way, in addition they will of course get their interest in the Hiawatha, Wampum and other properties named by the syndicate agreement.

The directorate of the new company will be a strong one. It will be composed as follows: Sir Richard Cartwright, Hon. Senator George A. Cox, Clarkson Jones, William Mackenzie, Col. G. A. Sweeney, Hon. Lynde Macdonald, John Morry (London, Eng.), B. W. Folger (Kingston), H. M. Pellatt, George H. Watson, Walter Macdonald, James Hammond and R. K. Spronle.

As already stated the new concern takes over almost the entire Hammond Reef (three miles in extent), the 40-stamp mill in course of erection and the electric power plant at Clearwater Falls.

The latest news from the mine is that the foundations for the mill have been completed and that the framing for the mill building has been done against the installation of the stamps, which are on the ground. At Clearwater Lake the dams have all been completed, the flume has been partly constructed, the wheel pit has been blasted out at the falls and the power plant is in course of erection.

It is the company's confident expectation to have the 40-stamp mill dropping into place August 1. It is the present intention of the management to go on sinking shafts and milling the ore produced in the course of development. Later on, when the big ore bodies have been further proven, it is proposed to erect a large number of stamps in proportion to the dimensions of the property.

Good news, by the way, has also been received from the Bonheur Belle, which is a part of the Reef. The word is to the effect that the assays of pay ore received point to the extension of the Reef over a wider area than has heretofore been known.

**Cariboo McKinley Rich Clean-Up.**  
 The Roseland Miner is authority for the statement that the Cariboo McKinley is increasing in richness with depth. The miner adds: "During the last clean-up Superintendent Keene took a number of good-sized nuggets, some of them weighing half an ounce, from the battery, as they were too large to pass through the battery screens."

The news as to the richness of the last Cariboo clean-up is said to have been confirmed by private advice received in Toronto.

**Dr. Doollittle Doing Much.**  
 Dr. P. E. Doollittle of Toronto is endeavoring to secure on behalf of the Economical Gas Works Construction Company of this city the franchise for lighting the Roseland town. He has already secured a 25-year franchise for lighting the town of Nelson, B.C.

**Reopening of the Empire.**  
 Mr. J. C. Beebe, who is developing the Empire mine near Jackson, on the north shore of Lake Superior, is registered at Queen's Hotel, Toronto. Since Mr. Beebe undertook the task of reopening this old property, in which a large number of Toronto and other Ontario people are interested, and he comes to the city with a very encouraging view as regards the future of the property in question. After his experiences with the mine he is satisfied that he can make it pay with the present plant, and that with an increased output the mine can be made a great success. He has found the ore bodies on the property to be very extensive, and he has discovered evidence of value, which, up to the time of his arrival at the mine, had not been ascertained. Besides this he says that he has made a series of assays of the tailings and he has found them to contain a very large percentage of the yellow metal; in fact he asserts that he can cart the tailings back up the hill to the stamp mill and run them over the plates again at a profit.

Mr. Beebe found the 10-stamp mill on the property in first-class condition and he has overhauled it so that the stamps will be in readiness to drop on the ore as soon as he gets sufficient reserve and to keep it running. He has at present 20 men engaged in developing the property,

running drifts from the main tunnel and sinking a shaft from the surface. Mr. Beebe has his shaft down 80 feet, and while in town he will ship a hoisting plant to the property, in order to facilitate further sinking. On his return to the mine he will also start his diamond drill and will prove the extent of the ore body before he goes to the expense of sinking other shafts.

It is besides, his purpose to reorganize the company with an eastern board of directors, composed of Toronto and Montreal men. He has become a great believer in the Empire, and if all turns out as he says, then those who put money into the property some years since will not be sorry for their action in so doing.

Mr. Beebe states that other development work is going on in the neighborhood of Jackson. The Ursa Major, for instance, is being unwrapped and developed by a Jack-sh syndicate, which is composed of Toronto men.

**Big Plant for Iron Mask.**  
 The Iron Mask Mining Company is determined to greatly increase its output of ore. There are some \$600,000 worth of ore in the mine "in sight," and this is to be taken out as rapidly as possible, and, in addition to this, new reserves are to be opened up. The shipments are to be increased to 100 tons per week, and the 100-horse power electric equipment is to be increased to double what it is at present. An "K.C." motor has been ordered, which will give an additional 100-horse power, and give the plant a total capacity of 200-horse power. With this additional power the plans of the company in relation to the increased output can be carried out, and it will not be long before the mine will be turning out a largely increased output.

**That Eight-Hour-a-Day Law.**  
 The new eight-hour-a-day law is being enforced in some parts of British Columbia, and the mine owners' offer to the miners of \$3 a day in place of the \$3.50, which was paid for the 10-hour day, has been accepted at others, but a hitch is reported at some.

A Nelson advice, dated June 3, says: "The manager of the Payne discharged 100 miners, and the general opinion is that the other miners will quit work."

"The Last Chance mine also is reported to have closed down and discharged the 15 miners employed."

"The Sovereign has let out the 15 men employed, and will not resume until some arrangement is arrived at."

"The Ruth and Idaho mines were to close down yesterday, according to the latest advices from the Sloan."

"Among the mines which it is expected will work in any event are the Sloan Star, the Bluebell and the Whitewater Deep in the Sloan, and the Vancouver group on Four-Mile Creek."

"On the Reef there are but two men working, and the management will act in concert with the other companies in the Sloan."

"In the Nelson division there is not much prospect of trouble. The management of the Athabasca have made a compromise with the men by reducing the price of board, which, it is thought, will be acceptable, and the management of other companies operating in the district are not apprehensive."

**Continued on Page 9.**

**WARNING.**—The frequently fatal effects on infants of soothing medicines should be kept in mind by parents. They should give only

**DOCTOR STEDMAN'S TEething POWders.**

certified by Dr. Stedman to be absolutely free from opium or morphia; hence safest and best. Distinguished for the public's protection by trade mark—a gum linctus.

**DEPOT—125 New North Rd., Hoxton, London, Eng.**

## DOMINION CONSOLIDATED

Best buy on the market, at 10c per share. Only 5000 left of first allotment.

**Magee & Co.,**  
 10 King St. East.  
 (Members Standard Mining Exchange)

## Buffalo Hump

In Central Idaho, is the richest gold camp in the world. One million has been paid for the Buffalo group, and fabulous prices for many other more prospects.

**Buffalo Legal Tender Dev. Co.**  
 own the Legal Tender claim, only 2000 feet distant, in a direct line south on the same ledge as the Buffalo group. This is the largest and richest gold bearing quartz vein on earth. Assays run up to \$300 per ton, and average assays across 30 feet of the ledge gave from \$24 to \$72 per ton. These assays, now 75¢, offer you a chance of a lifetime to make big profits. They will soon reach 25¢. Two months ago they were quoted at 25¢.

**Republic Camp**  
 Has made hundreds of our poor men rich with an investment of only a few dollars. We offer you such an opportunity in the shares of the

**Gold Mountain Mining Co.**

This property adjoins the Gold Ledge, and is only 400 feet from our shaft, which is showing immense bodies of ore. This property has a valuable cross lead, which assays well on the surface. In addition to the big Gold Ledge lead, this lead is being opened and work will be pushed vigorously. All experts who have examined this property, say it will make a mine. **SHARES NOW 25¢.** Look out for a quick rise.

For prospectus, maps and shares apply to **JOHN HARRIS & CO.,** P.O. Box 724, Spokane, Washington. Members Spokane Stock Exchange.

**The Gold Hills Ex. and Dev. Co.,**  
 Of Toronto, Limited.

The Company offers working bonds on Silver properties in the rich Lardo-Duncan District, B.C., where it owns a number of very promising propositions, of which six are now being developed. Also a Gold property in the Lake of the Woods District, Ontario, where the Company owns 25 carefully-selected locations.

No cash down-bonds being given on a development basis. This is an exceptional opportunity for investment, as these properties have been tested and high values obtained.

For particulars apply or write to **J. M. LAING, Secretary,** Toronto.

**Buy Hammond Reef**  
 For Investment

40 stamps now being installed. A sure dividend-payer.

**R. K. SPOULE,** 37 Yonge St. Telephone 893.

**Robert Cochran**  
 (Member of Toronto Stock Exchange.) Stocks bought and sold on Toronto, New York and Montreal Stock Exchanges. Also Chicago business and mining shares transacted. Phone 316.

23 COLBORNE STREET, TORONTO.

## BUY Golden Star

TORONTO AND WESTERN

FOR SURE PROFITS.  
 Buy SMUGGLER and NORTHERN BELLE for a chance for a fortune or nothing.

Write me for particulars.

**J. F. McLaughlin,**  
 305 Board of Trade, Toronto.

**GOLDEN STAR**  
 Toronto and Western  
 AND ALL OTHER MINING STOCKS.

Write or wire for quotations to **Greville & Co., LIMITED**  
 12 King St. East.  
 Members Toronto Mining Exchange, (Mining Section Toronto Board of Trade). All stocks bought and sold on commission. [ed]

**GOLDEN STAR.**

**GOLD HILLS.**

Now is the time to handle these two stocks to the very best advantage. Send immediately for our letter of advice. We are members of the Standard Mining Exchange, and are also prepared to execute orders for the purchase or sale of all the stocks listed thereon. Strictly on commission. [ed]

**CLARKE & CO., 63 Yonge Street**

**JOHN WEBBER & SON**  
 MINING BROKERS,  
 14 Victoria St. - - - Toronto.  
 TELEPHONE 655.

Buy and sell active stocks on the Toronto Mining Exchange (section of the Board of Trade). [ed]

**MINING BROKERS.**  
 The Canadian Mining and Investment Co., Established 1853. [ed]

52 Adelaide St. East, Toronto.  
 P. H. B. LYON, Manager.  
 Members of Standard Mining Exchange, Members of Montreal Mining Exchange.

**Bornite Copper Mining and Milling Company, Limited.**

A new company in a new mining district. Write for particulars to **JOHN M. MACINTYRE,** Secretary, London, Ont.

**Robert Cochran**  
 (Member of Toronto Stock Exchange.) Stocks bought and sold on Toronto, New York and Montreal Stock Exchanges. Also Chicago business and mining shares transacted. Phone 316.

23 COLBORNE STREET, TORONTO.

## Buy Deer Trail No. 2

If you want a safe, profitable investment. It is now paying 13 per cent. in dividends on the price of its shares with every prospect of the dividend being doubled in the very near future. Deer Trail No. 2 has a magnificent property; a directorate composed of prominent and successful business men, and is today one of the best, if not the very best, investments on the whole list of mining stocks. Buy now and get in before it advances.

We also recommend **Waterloo** in Camp McKinney as a purchase. **Cariboo** is certainly a purchase at present prices. The returns from Cariboo this month are away ahead and the mine never looked better than it does to-day.

**COULTHARD & CO.,**  
 Tel. 8293. 70 BAY STREET.  
 Members Toronto Mining Exchange and Mining Section Board of Trade

**Gold Stocks**

We will promptly execute your buying and selling orders on the

**Standard Mining Exchange**  
 Greatly to your advantage. We have special offerings in:

**Fairview Corporation, Golden Star, Rathmullen, Alice A., Van Anda, Victory Triumph**  
 and others at Extra Low Prices. Send us your orders.

**Wilson Barr & Sons**  
 Sun Life Building, Hamilton (Tel. 214)  
 36 King-St. E., Toronto (Tel. 1413.)

**Ontario-Victoria Mining Co.,**  
 (No Personal Liability.) LIMITED.

Big assays from the properties. Write us and we will let you know as soon as a new allotment of stock is issued.

**HIGGINS & HAMPTON,**  
 62 Victoria Street, TORONTO.

**ONTARIO MINES.**

We will pay market prices for Golden Star, Alice A., Empire, Saw Bill and Foley. Write, wire or telephone quantities held and lowest prices offered. We have special offerings in J. O. 41, Van Anda, Deer Trail No. 2, Golden Star, Randolph and Monte Cristo.

We do a strictly commission business and execute all buying or selling orders promptly. All correspondence promptly answered.

**Maguire & Co.,** 28 Victoria Street. Telephone 2978  
 Members Standard Mining Exchange.

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# 1899 Bank of Montreal ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Held 5th June, 1899.

The eighty-first annual meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Montreal was held in the Board Room, at 1 o'clock yesterday.

There were present, Hon. George A. Drummond, Vice-President, Sir W. C. Macdonald, Hon. James O'Brien, Messrs. E. B. Angus, Hector Mackenzie, F. S. Lyman, Donald Macdonald, Q. C., G. F. C. Smith, J. W. Howland, John Crawford, A. W. Buchanan, M. Burke, John Morrison, M. C. Foley, James Wilson, B. Mason, B. A. Ross, W. J. Taylor, D. Morrice, Capt. W. H. Benyon, W. W. Ogilvie, Huntley Drummond, W. J. Leamont, R. Campbell, Nelson, Richard White, James Croft, G. C. Dunlop and F. S. Lyman, Q. C.

On the motion of Mr. John Crawford, Hon. George A. Drummond, Vice-President, was unanimously elected to the chair, in the absence of the President, the Right Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal.

On the motion of Mr. Hector Mackenzie, seconded by Mr. A. W. Hooper, it was agreed: That the following gentlemen be appointed to act as scrutineers: Messrs. F. S. Lyman, Q. C. and W. J. Buchanan, and that Mr. James Aird be the secretary of this meeting.

**THE REPORT.**  
The report of the Directors to the Shareholders at their eighty-first annual general meeting was read by Mr. E. B. Angus, General Manager, as follows:  
The Directors have pleasure in presenting the eighty-first annual report, showing the result of the bank's business of the year ended 30th April, 1899.

**Balance of Profit and Loss**  
Account, 30th April, 1898, \$52,210.07  
Profits for the year ended 30th April, 1899, after deducting charges of management, and making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts, 1,380,862.65  
\$2,002,702.72

Dividend 5 per cent, paid 1st December, 1898, \$600,000.00

Dividend 5 per cent, payable 1st June, 1899, 1,200,000.00

1899, 1,200,000.00

Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward, \$1,102,702.72

Since the last annual meeting of the Shareholders branches of the bank have been opened at Greenwood, B.C., and Fredericton, N.S.

All the offices of the bank, including the Head Office, have been inspected during the past year.

STRATHCONA AND MOUNT ROYAL, President.

Bank of Montreal, Head Office, 5th June, 1899.

GENERAL STATEMENT, 30th APRIL, 1899.

**LIABILITIES.**

Capital Stock, \$12,000,000.00

Reserve, 1,102,702.72

Balance of Profits carried forward, 1,102,702.72

Unclaimed dividends, 2,182.01

Half-yearly dividend, payable 1st June, 1899, 600,000.00

\$1,704,974.73

Notes of the Bank in circulation, \$5,448,507.00

Deposits not bearing interest, 10,927,000.29

Deposits bearing interest, 25,489,854.48

Deposits due other banks in Canada, 28,240.83

\$11,588,502.78

Assets, \$11,588,502.78

Gold and Silver coin current, 19,205,964.36

Government Deposits, 490,338.10

Deposits with Dominion Government required by Act of Parliament for security of general banknotes in circulation, 280,000.00

Due by Agencies of this Bank and other Banks in Foreign Countries, \$11,408,371.41

Due by Agencies of this Bank and other Banks in Great Britain, 7,837,592.95

Dominion and Provincial Government Securities, 19,205,964.36

United States Railway Bonds, 1,705,028.40

Notes and Cheques of other Banks, 1,901,251.48

Bank premises at Montreal and Branches, 600,000.00

Current Loans and Discounts (interest reserved) and other Securities and Assets, \$42,836,211.76

Debits secured by mortgage or otherwise, 58,774.26

Overdue debts not specially secured (loss provided for), 44,205.28

\$23,369,191.40

\$11,588,502.78

Bank of Montreal, Montreal, 30th April, 1899.

**THE GENERAL MANAGER.**

Mr. Clouston said:

Following my usual custom I will now proceed to furnish explanations of the important changes in our general statement, as compared with that of the same date last year. I may say that the Directors have carefully considered the request made by our shareholders at our last Annual Meeting, that the State-ment should be issued in parallel columns, but they came to the conclusion that it would serve no useful purpose unless accompanied by the explanations which now propose to give. They have accordingly instructed me to prepare it in the form and which is in accordance with the requirements of the Banking Act and our own bylaws.

The only important change in our Liabilities is the large increase in deposits

amounting to about \$5,800,000, which arises from no special deposits, but appears to be a general increase in all classes. The increase in deposits in the banks for the same period amounts to \$22,000,000, so we appear to have received our fair share of them. The disposition of this addition to our available capital is shown in the increase to our regular business advances in Canada of \$15,000,000, and in the increase in assets readily available held in other countries of \$2,300,000. The Loans and Discounts of all the Banks have increased during the year \$34,000,000, but of this amount \$10,000,000 is represented by an increase in call loans in Canada, a class of loan not made by this Bank. We have, as you will notice, during the last year, at present employed in short loans in London, New York and foreign markets. It is hardly necessary to say that the Statement is a strong one, as we hold assets readily available of over 50 per cent. against our Liabilities to the public, and we can draw from foreign sources to meet any large demand without in any way restricting or curtailing our advances in Canada. This reserve carried at low rates, together with the excessive competition in banking profits, shows a greater increase for the year, notwithstanding the employment of a large amount of capital in the purchase of the shares of the bank, that even in that respect the shareholders must be satisfied with the results, which have been arrived at by very conservative estimate.

When business is good and the country prospers very little need be said, and it is scarcely to be expected that there is a feeling of want and elation regarding it, that appears to be thoroughly justified by actual facts. The farmers are receiving good prices for their products, the railways increased traffic, stocks of all sorts have appreciated in value, and the forest industries are expected to realize for this country is beyond comparison feature in the night is the excessive increase in call loans of \$9,000,000, most of which I am afraid are occasioned largely by speculative operations, some of them of dubious value. This condition will probably continue itself, and may occasion individual losses to speculators, but should not affect the general prosperity.

We are not singular in our present fortunate position, as there appears to be a universal feeling of prosperity sweeping over most of the countries of the world, and in England, the United States, and the Continent, business is being done to the utmost capacity to meet the demands of commerce.

The condition of the United States, from its geographical position, must always have a certain influence upon our own, and I am pleased to note that they are enjoying a state of prosperity to which they have been strangers for many years. The balance of trade in favor of the United States, which last year was thought to have been exceptional and not likely to be repeated, has still further increased. I doubt if the Bank Clearings and the Clearing House Bank

clearings have ever before attained such figures. The New York Stock Exchange have been without precedent, and the iron production, which considering the outlook for the future, is on an unheard-of scale. To this favorable condition may be added the freedom from the disturbances, though I regret to say that their financial and currency system still leaves much to be desired.

There is only one other point to which I desire to refer, and it is to correct what appears to be a popular impression, in the discussions which have taken place with reference to the establishment of a bank in Canada, which has been so long a matter of many people that the opposition of the Bankers Association and the Bank of Montreal that it would interfere with their circulation. The Bankers have no fear on that score, as they know that a safe paper

currency such as they issue will not be affected in the slightest degree by the coming of a Canadian gold currency. All that it might affect would be the large notes issued by the Government and at present held by the Banks and the public, to see how they would circulate, to see how they would have their own gold currency, and how little the Banks need fear a mint. The question of the undependability of a mint has been thoroughly threshed out that I need say no more from the material point of view. But I have seen statements of a sentimental nature that the minting of Canadian gold coins would assist in adding to the importance of Canada, and it should be considered humiliating to be without a coinage of our own. I must say I fall far from being a sentimentalist, and at all it appears to me that it would be much more humiliating to mint a coin which would not circulate in our own country, and which directly it crossed our boundary had to be unminted to give it value in foreign markets. I have no hesitation in saying that I consider the best, most elastic and most economical currency for the Dominion is one on a gold basis, and without a gold coinage, such as we now have.

If there are any further explanations required by shareholders, I shall be pleased to give them.

**THE VICE-PRESIDENT.**

Hon. George A. Drummond said:

The statements laid before you and the explanations now given by the General Manager place you in position to see what the subject has to offer, and to grasp the general conduct of your business and estimate the value of your investment.

You will, I am confident, agree with the Directors in thinking the results eminently satisfactory. The business of the bank, more especially as they have been achieved in times of great competition, and the Bank and in fact a steady decline in the value of money.

At the last annual meeting the evidence then available of the advent of better times was not so clear, and satisfaction, and hopes were expressed that they had come to stay, and so far this prediction has been justified. From all sides and with few exceptions, a much improved condition is reported, and the financial circles are optimistic.

The great lumber industry is thriving, the output of deals and lumber for the season having been closely up to the average of the previous years. The manufacture of paper, which is the principal product of the lumber industry, is also thriving, and the market for a class of timber formerly in little demand. Great mills for the manufacture of paper, and of printing paper from wood, have been established and are developing rapidly.

The trade of the port during the past year showed a moderate increase over 1897, and no more was anticipated for the previous year.

The quantity of grain exported was 40,000,000 bushels, and the value of the exports from all ports on the Atlantic side, \$54,240,000 for 1898.

Butter, cheese, meats, eggs and poultry have all benefited by the extension of the refrigeration arrangements, and the trade is of growing importance. Much has been done by the intelligent supervision and instructions of the Departments of Agriculture, both Provincial and Dominion.

The passenger trade was not so good as in 1897, and freight rates from Europe have thus been low.

The freighting and rates in prices everywhere, and experts assure us that the time is not distant when Canada will supply the world with the large quantities of her output of all. The importance of the iron industry and coal production cannot well be overestimated.

The development of our mining interests goes on with unexampled rapidity. The opening of the Yukon, the Klondike, and the discovery of activity in British Columbia have attracted the attention of the world.

Trade of the port is active, and the customs report a very large increase during the past year in the delivery of goods entered for consumption as compared with the year before, the figures being, in value, \$41,207,471 for the year ending May 1, 1898, and \$54,240,000 for 1899.

Many lines of home-made cotton goods are reported as now controlling the market against the imported article, and marked activity prevails in many other home industries, though the competition of the United States in some industries is very keenly felt, and has even been extended to the United Kingdom.

Enormous advances in values have been recorded on the Stock Exchange, and all classes of securities now stand on a very high range of prices.

At the last annual meeting, reference was made to the American-Spanish War, and the opinion was expressed that it was not likely to affect prejudicially either commercial or financial interests in this country, and happily this anticipation has been verified.

No question outside of our own work is so closely identified with our interests as the maintenance of the peace of the world, and it is a matter of the highest importance that the peace should be maintained, and the political unrest which is the serious underlying factor of the present situation should be removed. The world is in a state of unrest, which has seized all civilized peoples, and which has incited a rash war, from the French or English side, might have devastated this country.

In China we have England and Russia in debate, and endless possibilities opened up in the process of partition of that country, in which nearly every European power is engaged. What with ill defined territory, and the modern contrivance of spheres of influence added, enormously increasing the difficulty of control, cannot the peace of the world be generally in a settled condition.

I am no alarmist, but simply present obvious facts as a reason for a prudent and

conservative course, even in the midst of widely spread prosperity.

The cordial relations now happily existing between our Mother Country and the United States, and the matter of more consultation, and nowhere is this friendly feeling more heartily welcomed and reciprocated than in this country.

Meanwhile it is matter of satisfaction that the position of the Bank is believed to be the strongest in the world, and its resources well in hand.

I will move: "That the report of the Directors now read be adopted and printed for distribution among the Shareholders." The motion was seconded by Mr. A. T. Paterson.

**THE DISCUSSION.**

After some remarks by Mr. John Morrison, Mr. John Crawford took exception to the statement made in the General Manager's report that the farmers were prosperous, and contended that the prices of hay and oats, two of the largest crops that farmers produce, were deplorably low. He congratulated the Directors on the satisfactory statement they had submitted to the shareholders. It was an improvement on several previous ones. Now that the best had been made, he wanted to know whether the Directors intended that the Shareholders should participate in its profits over 1-1/2 to 2 per cent, dividend, or whether it was the intention of the Board to add any more to the profits and loss account.

The Chairman—Mr. Crawford knows very well that the Board goes out of its way to-day, and it would be quite impossible to pledge their successors in regard to any particular policy. In addition to that, and you can obtain nothing but an individual opinion, which will be a second opinion, I would say, looking back over the number of years which you have attended the Bank's meetings, and given the benefit of your opinion to the Board, I would say it is based on a conservative policy. You yourself in 1872 advocated the policy of the Reserve being beyond 50 per cent.

Mr. Crawford—Excuse me, sir, a misprint. The Chairman—I thought it would surprise you to hear that, quite apart from the fact that you are bound together, and that you spoke at the beginning with reference to 50 per cent, as a reserve, and that you reached the 50 per cent was that the Reserve was 50 per cent, and you should divide the profits. I can concur in all that Mr. Morrison has said, with the exception that the portion of the speech which he refers to the individuals. I hope the policy of the Bank will be to restrict the dividends to the shareholders, and until the Reserve amounts to at least 50 per cent. Indeed, I hope it will exceed 50 per cent, before the Directors consider increasing the dividends. I take that to mean, in the exercise of what I congratulate you upon, you would like to see the Reserve over 50 per cent. Now, carefully noting that I express my own opinion, and that I am not speaking for the Board, I would say, in my opinion, it is not probable that the Reserve will be increased beyond 50 per cent, if it is to do so without decreasing the dividends.

Mr. John Crawford did not repudiate the statement that had just been read, but he was very sorry to hear that the Chairman's individual opinion upon the matter to which he had referred. There were many of the shareholders of the Bank who were only in medium circumstances, and in the interests of these, he asked the Directors to look at the matter boldly in the face, and see whether they believed that the existence of the security of the institution consisted in having a Reserve of \$12,000,000 instead of \$6,000,000. Many of the best banks in London have a Reserve of \$6,000,000. He was perfectly satisfied with \$6,000,000. He was not averse to a larger Reserve, but some \$7,000,000 more than in the previous year, and suggested that the Directors should consider the matter. He was not averse to a larger Reserve, but some \$7,000,000 more than in the previous year, and suggested that the Directors should consider the matter.

The Chairman—The full amount is reserved in every case.

Mr. Crawford then went on to speak in favor of comparative statements, and for the Board to be guided by the Directors, who had discussed any amendments to the Banking Act, which was the duty of the Board, and were prepared to accept it as it stood at present.

The Chairman replied that the matter had not yet been discussed by the Directors, but he had no doubt that the forthright manner in which the Chairman had put any suggestions that the Shareholders might desire to offer.

The Chairman then put the motion for the adoption of the report, and it was carried unanimously.

**VOICES OF THANKS.**

Senator O'Brien moved:

"That the thanks of the meeting be presented to the President, Vice-President, and Directors of the Bank of Montreal."

This was seconded by Mr. G. F. C. Smith, and was carried unanimously.

Mr. R. B. Angus moved:

"That the thanks of the meeting be given to the General Manager, the Inspector, the Managers and other officers of the Bank for their services during the past year."

In making the motion Mr. Angus said they were all sensible that in the conduct of the large and varied business of the Bank of Montreal, a very high order of ability was required on the part of its officers. Mr. Clouston they fortunately had a General Manager, who was a man of high character and of the greatest zeal and industry of the Inspector, the Managers and other officers, and that the General Manager had been very close and encouraging.

The motion having been carried, the Chairman, in the General Manager's remarks that he had to thank Mr. Angus for the particularly kind way in which he had spoken of himself (Mr. Clouston), and his services. This was appreciated all round, and the Chairman said that he had occupied the same position and knew the difficulties and trials that the General Manager had to encounter. But his efforts would be useless unless backed up by an efficient staff. He might say that no General Manager ever had a staff who worked more cordially with him to assist the interests of the Bank and the General Manager of the Bank of Montreal.

Mr. A. Macdonald thanked Mr. Ogilvie and the meeting for the very kind way in which they had spoken of himself and the rest of the staff.

Mr. Donald Macmaster, Q. C. moved:

"That the ballot now open for the election of Directors be kept open until 3 o'clock, unless 15 minutes elapse without a vote being cast, when it shall be closed, and until that time and for that purpose only, this meeting be continued."

This was seconded by Mr. B. A. Ross, and was carried unanimously.

On the motion of Mr. John Morrison, seconded by Mr. John Crawford, a hearty vote of thanks was accorded to the Chairman, who acknowledged the same.

**THE DIRECTORS.**

The ballot resulted in the election of the following gentlemen:

R. B. ANGUS, ESQ.

HON. GEORGE A. DRUMMOND.

F. GAULT, ESQ.

E. B. GREENSHIELDS, ESQ.

SIR W. C. MACDONALD.

W. J. MORRISON, ESQ.

W. W. OGILVIE, ESQ.

A. T. PATTERSON, ESQ.

RICHARD STRATHCONA AND MOUNT ROYAL, G.C.M.G.

## LABATT'S INDIA PALE ALE. NEW BREWINGS.

At this time of the year everyone needs something to create and maintain strength for the daily round of duties. Try these pure Malt Beverages made from specially selected new grain and hops, the best obtainable for years, uniting the strength of the best Malt Extracts with the palatableness of a fine Ale.

ASK YOUR MERCHANT FOR THE NEW BREWINGS.  
Toronto Branch, 49 Elm Street.

**WALL PAPERS.**  
Painting, Graining and General House Decorating.

HAVING an unusually large assortment of Wall Papers in all grades, from five cents to the finest goods made, would be pleased to show you the effect that can be produced at a small cost.

**MERRETT'S**  
163 King Street West.  
Second Door East of Princess Theatre.

## COAL & WOOD The Very Best at Lowest Prices

**ROGERS' COAL.**  
HEAD OFFICE, 20 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.  
20 King Street West, 409 Yonge Street, 778 Yonge Street, 1362 Queen Street West, 302 Wellesley Street, 308 Queen Street East, 415 Spadina Avenue, Esplanade Street (near Berkeley Street), Esplanade Street (foot of West Market Street), Bathurst Street (nearly opposite Front Street), Pape and G. T. R. Crossing, 1131 Yonge Street (at C.P.R. Crossing).

## THE ELIAS ROGERS CO., LIMITED COAL AND WOOD.

**P. BURNS & CO.,**  
38 KING E.  
First-class Chestnut, Egg and Stove arriving daily. Bright, clean and dry. TELEPHONE 131.

**GRATE, COAL and WOOD, EGG, STOVE, NUT, At Lowest Cash Prices, WM. MCILL & CO.,**  
BRANCH YARD 429 QUEEN STREET W. COR. BATHURST AND FARLEY AVE. Telephone 5898.

**Depositors**  
The Dominion Permanent Loan Company, 12 King St. West, Toronto, allows interest upon deposits at rate of four per cent. per annum on sums of \$1.00 and upwards.  
Debitures issued for one, five or a longer period of years.

**J. R. STRATTON, President.**  
**F. M. HOLLAND, Gen. Man.**  
**LOANS**  
On Improved Property in sums of \$500 or over.  
Apply to B. MORTON, Manager Real Estate Loan Company of Canada, 204  
2 Toronto Street.

**Medland & Jones**  
General Insurance Agents and Brokers.  
Established 1880.  
**Money to Loan**  
At 4 per cent. on Central Business Property Tel. 1087 Office—Mail Building, Toronto

**The Offices in the Dominion Bank Building**  
Corner of King and Yonge Streets  
Formerly occupied by the Grand Trunk Railway are to rent for a term of years.

**DAVIES**  
Brewing and Malting Company, Limited,  
Toronto,  
Brewers and Bottlers

**ALES, PORTER AND LAGER**  
IN WOOD OR BOTTLE.

**Brands:**  
Gilt Edge Ale, Crystal Ale, Cream Ale, XXX Porter, Half-and-Half, Milwaukee Lager

**Ales and Porter**  
THE DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY, LIMITED  
are the finest in the market. They are made from the finest malt and hops, and are the genuine extract.

**The White Label Brand**  
IS A SPECIALTY  
To be had of all First-Class Dealers

**Thos. Taylor,**  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT,  
174 Queen Street West  
Phone 106, COR. OF SIMCOE.

**Imported and Native Wines**  
always kept in stock.

**Wilson's**  
Ginger Beer, Ginge Ale, etc., has a sweet, nutty flavor, and is the only beverage possible with goods made from pure water.  
**Pure Spring Water.**  
You can get it from your dealer or order it direct.  
PHONE 3004.

**OUR**  
Is as clear as crystal and free of specks, weeds or snow. Medical Health Officer certifies our source of supply to be absolutely pure.  
15 lbs. costs only 6 cents per day.  
50 lbs. 10 cents a day.  
Our excellent service and perfect ice will please you.

**Belle Ewart Ice Co.**  
Dealers exclusively in Lake Simcoe Ice.  
TELEPHONES 1917-2033.  
15 Melinda St.  
Look For the Yellow Wagons.

**GENUINE TANNED LEATHER & BELTING.**  
ENGLISH STOCK  
We use this part only

**D. K. McLAREN**  
Phone 574 88 BAY STREET.

**J. C. McLaren Belting Co.**  
PURE OAK TANNED

**BELTING**  
is the only Genuine Oak Tanned Belt made in the Dominion.  
MONTREAL. TORONTO.

## SLEEPLESSNESS.

Like the other wants of the body, the necessity of sleep is imperative.

Sleep is necessary to repair the system and make it fit for action.

In olden times those who were condemned to death by being denied sleep, soon became raving maniacs.

The practical conclusion is that Sleeplessness is inevitably destructive to body and mind.

There are thousands of people all over this land who are tossing on sleepless pillows night after night, or who pace the bedroom floor, with nerves untinged, and to whom Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills offer the blessing of sound refreshing slumber.

They renew the worn out nervous tissues and restore the equilibrium of the deranged nerve centres, then "nature's sweet restorer" comes, and sleep is peaceful as a babe's.

Those, too, who sleep in a kind of way, but whose rest is broken

into by fearful dreams, nightmares, sinking and smothering sensations, who wake in the morning as tired and unrefreshed as when they went to bed, can have their old, peaceful, undisturbed, refreshing sleep back again by using Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

To be able to lie down at night and in a few minutes fall asleep—to know no dream or waking until morning—then to bound out of bed full of vigor, freshness, and good spirits, ready for each and every duty that the day may demand—that seems a good deal to expect as the result of using any remedy, but it is just what Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have been doing and can do for nervous, irritable, run-down, weak, sleepless men and women.

Mr. Chas. Tighe, a well-known resident of Mount Forest, Ont., says:

"Until I commenced using Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, which I got at Yeoman's drug store last



## CEREAL WHEAT UNSTEADY.

## Market Fluctuates Under Adverse Influences.

Cables were lower—European crop damage talk in evidence, but United States spring wheat promises well—Local grain and produce—Notes and gossip.

Wednesday Evening, June 7. Liverpool wheat futures to-day declined and closed 1/4 to 1/2 cent lower than yesterday.

Chicago's wheat market was active and irregular, prices fluctuating several times in one day. Crop damage talk was still in evidence, but on the other hand spring wheat has enjoyed the weather it needed and is said to promise a moderately well crop. The close was half a cent higher than Tuesday.

Liverpool maine futures to-day were unchanged to 1/4 cent lower than yesterday. Chicago corn fluctuated half a cent and closed 1/2 cent higher than yesterday.

Wheat receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth today 12,000 bushels, against 134 the corresponding day of 1898.

Exports at New York to-day: Flour 2057 barrels and 400 sacks; wheat 15,610 bushels.

A cable says: No rain yet fallen in the Orinoco, Brazil, and crops look well. It is thought will continue in South Russia, and crops there are in deplorable condition. Another cable says: "Heavy rains in Southern Russia."

Following are the closing prices to-day at important centres:

	June	July	Sept.
Chicago—Cash	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 7/8
New York—Cash	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 7/8
Milwaukee—Cash	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 7/8
St. Louis—Cash	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 7/8
Toledo—Cash	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 7/8
Detroit—Cash	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 7/8
Baltimore—Cash	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 7/8
Duluth—Cash	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 7/8
Northern—Cash	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 7/8
Toronto—Cash	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 7/8
St. Paul—Cash	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 7/8
Minneapolis—Cash	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 7/8

## GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Wheat—Ontario, red and white, at 71c and 72c; straight, 73c to 75c; 35c to 37c; 38c to 40c; 41c to 43c; 44c to 46c; 47c to 49c; 50c to 52c; 53c to 55c; 56c to 58c; 59c to 61c; 62c to 64c; 65c to 67c; 68c to 70c; 71c to 73c; 74c to 76c; 77c to 79c; 80c to 82c; 83c to 85c; 86c to 88c; 89c to 91c; 92c to 94c; 95c to 97c; 98c to 100c.

Barley—Ontario, red and white, at 71c and 72c; straight, 73c to 75c; 35c to 37c; 38c to 40c; 41c to 43c; 44c to 46c; 47c to 49c; 50c to 52c; 53c to 55c; 56c to 58c; 59c to 61c; 62c to 64c; 65c to 67c; 68c to 70c; 71c to 73c; 74c to 76c; 77c to 79c; 80c to 82c; 83c to 85c; 86c to 88c; 89c to 91c; 92c to 94c; 95c to 97c; 98c to 100c.

Oats—Ontario, red and white, at 71c and 72c; straight, 73c to 75c; 35c to 37c; 38c to 40c; 41c to 43c; 44c to 46c; 47c to 49c; 50c to 52c; 53c to 55c; 56c to 58c; 59c to 61c; 62c to 64c; 65c to 67c; 68c to 70c; 71c to 73c; 74c to 76c; 77c to 79c; 80c to 82c; 83c to 85c; 86c to 88c; 89c to 91c; 92c to 94c; 95c to 97c; 98c to 100c.

ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

Receipts of farm produce to-day were 350 bushels of grain, 30 loads of hay and 8 of straw.

Wheat steady; 350 bushels sold as follows: White 71c, red 72c, and 73c.

Oats steady; 200 bushels sold at 30c to 31c.

Hay, timothy, per ton, \$10.00 to \$12.50; clover, \$8.00 to \$10.00; alfalfa, \$7.00 to \$9.00.

Butter, cream, per lb., 12c to 14c; salt, 10c to 12c.

Eggs, per dozen, 15c to 17c.

Beef, forequarters, cwt., \$5.00 to \$5.50; hindquarters, cwt., \$4.50 to \$5.00.

Lamb, spring, each, \$3.00 to \$3.50; mutton, carcass, per lb., 06c to 07c.

Hogs, dressed, light, 5c to 6c; heavy, 4c to 5c.

Poultry, per lb., 10c to 12c.

Butter, cream, per lb., 12c to 14c; salt, 10c to 12c.

Eggs, per dozen, 15c to 17c.

Beef, forequarters, cwt., \$5.00 to \$5.50; hindquarters, cwt., \$4.50 to \$5.00.

Lamb, spring, each, \$3.00 to \$3.50; mutton, carcass, per lb., 06c to 07c.

Hogs, dressed, light, 5c to 6c; heavy, 4c to 5c.

Poultry, per lb., 10c to 12c.

Butter, cream, per lb., 12c to 14c; salt, 10c to 12c.

Eggs, per dozen, 15c to 17c.

Beef, forequarters, cwt., \$5.00 to \$5.50; hindquarters, cwt., \$4.50 to \$5.00.

Lamb, spring, each, \$3.00 to \$3.50; mutton, carcass, per lb., 06c to 07c.

Hogs, dressed, light, 5c to 6c; heavy, 4c to 5c.

Poultry, per lb., 10c to 12c.

Butter, cream, per lb., 12c to 14c; salt, 10c to 12c.

Eggs, per dozen, 15c to 17c.

Beef, forequarters, cwt., \$5.00 to \$5.50; hindquarters, cwt., \$4.50 to \$5.00.

Lamb, spring, each, \$3.00 to \$3.50; mutton, carcass, per lb., 06c to 07c.

Hogs, dressed, light, 5c to 6c; heavy, 4c to 5c.

Poultry, per lb., 10c to 12c.

Butter, cream, per lb., 12c to 14c; salt, 10c to 12c.

Eggs, per dozen, 15c to 17c.

Beef, forequarters, cwt., \$5.00 to \$5.50; hindquarters, cwt., \$4.50 to \$5.00.

Lamb, spring, each, \$3.00 to \$3.50; mutton, carcass, per lb., 06c to 07c.

Hogs, dressed, light, 5c to 6c; heavy, 4c to 5c.

Poultry, per lb., 10c to 12c.

Butter, cream, per lb., 12c to 14c; salt, 10c to 12c.

## "Always Acceptable"

To Rich and Poor Alike.

Draws equally good for the millionaire or artisan.

Lead Packets only. ALL GROCERS.

offerings were pretty well cleaned up. Lard, dry, sold at 12c to 13c; tallow, 10c to 11c; butter, 14c to 15c; eggs, 16c to 17c; chickens, 18c to 19c; turkeys, 20c to 21c; geese, 22c to 23c; ducks, 24c to 25c; pigs, 26c to 27c; calves, 28c to 29c; sheep, 30c to 31c; goats, 32c to 33c; horses, 34c to 35c; mules, 36c to 37c; oxen, 38c to 39c; cows, 40c to 41c; pigs, 42c to 43c; calves, 44c to 45c; sheep, 46c to 47c; goats, 48c to 49c; horses, 50c to 51c; mules, 52c to 53c; oxen, 54c to 55c; cows, 56c to 57c; pigs, 58c to 59c; calves, 60c to 61c; sheep, 62c to 63c; goats, 64c to 65c; horses, 66c to 67c; mules, 68c to 69c; oxen, 70c to 71c; cows, 72c to 73c; pigs, 74c to 75c; calves, 76c to 77c; sheep, 78c to 79c; goats, 80c to 81c; horses, 82c to 83c; mules, 84c to 85c; oxen, 86c to 87c; cows, 88c to 89c; pigs, 90c to 91c; calves, 92c to 93c; sheep, 94c to 95c; goats, 96c to 97c; horses, 98c to 99c; mules, 100c to 101c; oxen, 102c to 103c; cows, 104c to 105c; pigs, 106c to 107c; calves, 108c to 109c; sheep, 110c to 111c; goats, 112c to 113c; horses, 114c to 115c; mules, 116c to 117c; oxen, 118c to 119c; cows, 120c to 121c; pigs, 122c to 123c; calves, 124c to 125c; sheep, 126c to 127c; goats, 128c to 129c; horses, 130c to 131c; mules, 132c to 133c; oxen, 134c to 135c; cows, 136c to 137c; pigs, 138c to 139c; calves, 140c to 141c; sheep, 142c to 143c; goats, 144c to 145c; horses, 146c to 147c; mules, 148c to 149c; oxen, 150c to 151c; cows, 152c to 153c; pigs, 154c to 155c; calves, 156c to 157c; sheep, 158c to 159c; goats, 160c to 161c; horses, 162c to 163c; mules, 164c to 165c; oxen, 166c to 167c; cows, 168c to 169c; pigs, 170c to 171c; calves, 172c to 173c; sheep, 174c to 175c; goats, 176c to 177c; horses, 178c to 179c; mules, 180c to 181c; oxen, 182c to 183c; cows, 184c to 185c; pigs, 186c to 187c; calves, 188c to 189c; sheep, 190c to 191c; goats, 192c to 193c; horses, 194c to 195c; mules, 196c to 197c; oxen, 198c to 199c; cows, 200c to 201c; pigs, 202c to 203c; calves, 204c to 205c; sheep, 206c to 207c; goats, 208c to 209c; horses, 210c to 211c; mules, 212c to 213c; oxen, 214c to 215c; cows, 216c to 217c; pigs, 218c to 219c; calves, 220c to 221c; sheep, 222c to 223c; goats, 224c to 225c; horses, 226c to 227c; mules, 228c to 229c; oxen, 230c to 231c; cows, 232c to 233c; pigs, 234c to 235c; calves, 236c to 237c; sheep, 238c to 239c; goats, 240c to 241c; horses, 242c to 243c; mules, 244c to 245c; oxen, 246c to 247c; cows, 248c to 249c; pigs, 250c to 251c; calves, 252c to 253c; sheep, 254c to 255c; goats, 256c to 257c; horses, 258c to 259c; mules, 260c to 261c; oxen, 262c to 263c; cows, 264c to 265c; pigs, 266c to 267c; calves, 268c to 269c; sheep, 270c to 271c; goats, 272c to 273c; horses, 274c to 275c; mules, 276c to 277c; oxen, 278c to 279c; cows, 280c to 281c; pigs, 282c to 283c; calves, 284c to 285c; sheep, 286c to 287c; goats, 288c to 289c; horses, 290c to 291c; mules, 292c to 293c; oxen, 294c to 295c; cows, 296c to 297c; pigs, 298c to 299c; calves, 300c to 301c; sheep, 302c to 303c; goats, 304c to 305c; horses, 306c to 307c; mules, 308c to 309c; oxen, 310c to 311c; cows, 312c to 313c; pigs, 314c to 315c; calves, 316c to 317c; sheep, 318c to 319c; goats, 320c to 321c; horses, 322c to 323c; mules, 324c to 325c; oxen, 326c to 327c; cows, 328c to 329c; pigs, 330c to 331c; calves, 332c to 333c; sheep, 334c to 335c; goats, 336c to 337c; horses, 338c to 339c; mules, 340c to 341c; oxen, 342c to 343c; cows, 344c to 345c; pigs, 346c to 347c; calves, 348c to 349c; sheep, 350c to 351c; goats, 352c to 353c; horses, 354c to 355c; mules, 356c to 357c; oxen, 358c to 359c; cows, 360c to 361c; pigs, 362c to 363c; calves, 364c to 365c; sheep, 366c to 367c; goats, 368c to 369c; horses, 370c to 371c; mules, 372c to 373c; oxen, 374c to 375c; cows, 376c to 377c; pigs, 378c to 379c; calves, 380c to 381c; sheep, 382c to 383c; goats, 384c to 385c; horses, 386c to 387c; mules, 388c to 389c; oxen, 390c to 391c; cows, 392c to 393c; pigs, 394c to 395c; calves, 396c to 397c; sheep, 398c to 399c; goats, 400c to 401c; horses, 402c to 403c; mules, 404c to 405c; oxen, 406c to 407c; cows, 408c to 409c; pigs, 410c to 411c; calves, 412c to 413c; sheep, 414c to 415c; goats, 416c to 417c; horses, 418c to 419c; mules, 420c to 421c; oxen, 422c to 423c; cows, 424c to 425c; pigs, 426c to 427c; calves, 428c to 429c; sheep, 430c to 431c; goats, 432c to 433c; horses, 434c to 435c; mules, 436c to 437c; oxen, 438c to 439c; cows, 440c to 441c; pigs, 442c to 443c; calves, 444c to 445c; sheep, 446c to 447c; goats, 448c to 449c; horses, 450c to 451c; mules, 452c to 453c; oxen, 454c to 455c; cows, 456c to 457c; pigs, 458c to 459c; calves, 460c to 461c; sheep, 462c to 463c; goats, 464c to 465c; horses, 466c to 467c; mules, 468c to 469c; oxen, 470c to 471c; cows, 472c to 473c; pigs, 474c to 475c; calves, 476c to 477c; sheep, 478c to 479c; goats, 480c to 481c; horses, 482c to 483c; mules, 484c to 485c; oxen, 486c to 487c; cows, 488c to 489c; pigs, 490c to 491c; calves, 492c to 493c; sheep, 494c to 495c; goats, 496c to 497c; horses, 498c to 499c; mules, 500c to 501c; oxen, 502c to 503c; cows, 504c to 505c; pigs, 506c to 507c; calves, 508c to 509c; sheep, 510c to 511c; goats, 512c to 513c; horses, 514c to 515c; mules, 516c to 517c; oxen, 518c to 519c; cows, 520c to 521c; pigs, 522c to 523c; calves, 524c to 525c; sheep, 526c to 527c; goats, 528c to 529c; horses, 530c to 531c; mules, 532c to 533c; oxen, 534c to 535c; cows, 536c to 537c; pigs, 538c to 539c; calves, 540c to 541c; sheep, 542c to 543c; goats, 544c to 545c; horses, 546c to 547c; mules, 548c to 549c; oxen, 550c to 551c; cows, 552c to 553c; pigs, 554c to 555c; calves, 556c to 557c; sheep, 558c to 559c; goats, 560c to 561c; horses, 562c to 563c; mules, 564c to 565c; oxen, 566c to 567c; cows, 568c to 569c; pigs, 570c to 571c; calves, 572c to 573c; sheep, 574c to 575c; goats, 576c to 577c; horses, 578c to 579c; mules, 580c to 581c; oxen, 582c to 583c; cows, 584c to 585c; pigs, 586c to 587c; calves, 588c to 589c; sheep, 590c to 591c; goats, 592c to 593c; horses, 594c to 595c; mules, 596c to 597c; oxen, 598c to 599c; cows, 600c to 601c; pigs, 602c to 603c; calves, 604c to 605c; sheep, 606c to 607c; goats, 608c to 609c; horses, 610c to 611c; mules, 612c to 613c; oxen, 614c to 615c; cows, 616c to 617c; pigs, 618c to 619c; calves, 620c to 621c; sheep, 622c to 623c; goats, 624c to 625c; horses, 626c to 627c; mules, 628c to 629c; oxen, 630c to 631c; cows, 632c to 633c; pigs, 634c to 635c; calves, 636c to 637c; sheep, 638c to 639c; goats, 640c to 641c; horses, 642c to 643c; mules, 644c to 645c; oxen, 646c to 647c; cows, 648c to 649c; pigs, 650c to 651c; calves, 652c to 653c; sheep, 654c to 655c; goats, 656c to 657c; horses, 658c to 659c; mules, 660c to 661c; oxen, 662c to 663c; cows, 664c to 665c; pigs, 666c to 667c; calves, 668c to 669c; sheep, 670c to 671c; goats, 672c to 673c; horses, 674c to 675c; mules, 676c to 677c; oxen, 678c to 679c; cows, 680c to 681c; pigs, 682c to 683c; calves, 684c to 685c; sheep, 686c to 687c; goats, 688c to 689c; horses, 690c to 691c; mules, 692c to 693c; oxen, 694c to 695c; cows, 696c to 697c; pigs, 698c to 699c; calves, 700c to 701c; sheep, 702c to 703c; goats, 704c to 705c; horses, 706c to 707c; mules, 708c to 709c; oxen, 710c to 711c; cows, 712c to 713c; pigs, 714c to 715c; calves, 716c to 717c; sheep, 718c to 719c; goats, 720c to 721c; horses, 722c to 723c; mules, 724c to 725c; oxen, 726c to 727c; cows, 728c to 729c; pigs, 730c to 731c; calves, 732c to 733c; sheep, 734c to 735c; goats, 736c to 737c; horses, 738c to 739c; mules, 740c to 741c; oxen, 742c to 743c; cows, 744c to 745c; pigs, 746c to 747c; calves, 748c to 749c; sheep, 750c to 751c; goats, 752c to 753c; horses, 754c to 755c; mules, 756c to 757c; oxen, 758c to 759c; cows, 760c to 761c; pigs, 762c to 763c; calves, 764c to 765c; sheep, 766c to 767c; goats, 768c to 769c; horses, 770c to 771c; mules, 772c to 773c; oxen, 774c to 775c; cows, 776c to 777c; pigs, 778c to 779c; calves, 780c to 781c; sheep, 782c to 783c; goats, 784c to 785c; horses, 786c to 787c; mules, 788c to 789c; oxen, 790c to 791c; cows, 792c to 793c; pigs, 794c to 795c; calves, 796c to 797c; sheep, 798c to 799c; goats, 800c to 801c; horses, 802c to 803c; mules, 804c to 805c; oxen, 806c to 807c; cows, 808c to 809c; pigs, 810c to 811c; calves, 812c to 813c; sheep, 814c to 815c; goats, 816c to 817c; horses, 818c to 819c; mules, 820c to 821c; oxen, 822c to 823c; cows, 824c to 825c; pigs, 826c to 827c; calves, 828c to 829c; sheep, 830c to 831c; goats, 832c to 833c; horses, 834c to 835c; mules, 836c to 837c; oxen, 838c to 839c; cows, 840c to 841c; pigs, 842c to 843c; calves, 844c to 845c; sheep, 846c to 847c; goats, 848c to 849c; horses, 850c to 851c; mules, 852c to 853c; oxen, 854c to 855c; cows, 856c to 857c; pigs, 858c to 859c; calves, 860c to 861c; sheep, 862c to 863c; goats, 864c to 865c; horses, 866c to 867c; mules, 868c to 869c; oxen, 870c to 871c; cows, 872c to 873c; pigs, 874c to 875c; calves, 876c to 877c; sheep, 878c to 879c; goats, 880c to 881c; horses, 882c to 883c; mules, 884c to 885c; oxen, 886c to 887c; cows, 888c to 889c; pigs, 890c to 891c; calves, 892c to 893c; sheep, 894c to 895c; goats, 896c to 897c; horses, 898c to 899c; mules, 900c to 901c; oxen, 902c to 903c; cows, 904c to 905c; pigs, 906c to 907c; calves, 908c to 909c; sheep, 910c to 911c; goats, 912c to 913c; horses, 914c to 915c; mules, 916c to 917c; oxen, 918c to 919c; cows, 920c to 921c; pigs, 922c to 923c; calves, 924c to 925c; sheep, 926c to 927c; goats, 928c to 929c; horses, 930c to 931c; mules, 932c to 933c; oxen, 934c to 935c; cows, 936c to 937c; pigs, 938c to 939c; calves, 940c to 941c; sheep, 942c to 943c; goats, 944c to 945c; horses, 946c to 947c; mules, 948c to 949c; oxen, 950c to 951c; cows, 952c to 953c; pigs, 954c to 955c; calves, 956c to 957c; sheep, 958c to 959c; goats, 960c to 961c; horses, 962c to 963c; mules, 964c to 965c; oxen, 966c to 967c; cows, 968c to 969c; pigs, 970c to 971c; calves, 972c to 973c; sheep, 974c to 975c; goats, 976c to 977c; horses, 978c to 979c; mules, 980c to 981c; oxen, 982c to 983c; cows, 984c to 985c; pigs, 986c to 987c; calves, 988c to 989c; sheep, 990c to 991c; goats, 992c to 993c; horses, 994c to 995c; mules, 996c to 997c; oxen, 998c to 999c; cows, 1000c to 1001c; pigs, 1002c to 1003c; calves, 1004c to 1005c; sheep, 1006c to 1007c; goats, 1008c to 1009c; horses, 1010c to 1011c; mules, 1012c to 1013c; oxen, 1014c to 1015c; cows, 1016c to 1017c; pigs, 1018c to 1019c; calves, 1020c to 1021c; sheep, 1022c to 1023c; goats, 1024c to 1025c; horses, 1026c to 1027c; mules, 1028c to 1029c; oxen, 1030c to 1031c; cows, 1032c to 1033c; pigs, 1034c to 1035c; calves, 1036c to 1037c; sheep, 1038c to 1039c; goats, 1040c to 1041c; horses, 1042c to 1043c; mules, 1044c to 1045c; oxen, 1046c to 1047c; cows, 1048c to 1049c; pigs, 1050c to 1051c; calves, 1052c to 1053c; sheep, 1054c to 1055c; goats, 1056c to 1057c; horses, 1058c to 1059c; mules, 1060c to 1061c; oxen, 1062c to 1063c; cows, 1064c to 1065c; pigs, 1066c to 1067c; calves, 1068c to 1069c; sheep, 1070c to 1071c; goats, 1072c to 1073c; horses, 1074c to 1075c; mules, 1076c to 1077c; oxen, 1078c to 1079c; cows, 1080c to 1081c; pigs, 1082c to 1083c; calves, 1084c to 1085c; sheep, 1086c to 1087c; goats, 1088c to 1089c; horses, 1090c to 1091c; mules, 1092c to 1093c; oxen, 1094c to 1095c; cows, 1096c to 1097c; pigs, 1098c to 1099c; calves, 1100c to 1101c; sheep, 1102c to 1103c; goats, 1104c to 1105c; horses, 1106c to 1107c; mules, 1108c to 1109c; oxen, 1110c to 1111c; cows, 1112c to



