

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 28, 1909

Vol. XXXVIII, No. 17



REGINA OFFICIAL AGENTS

NOTICE

Regina Watches, when sold without an Official Guarantee, and by other than an authorized agent, are liable to be Second-Hand Watches, taken in trade or procured in some other second-hand way.

I am the only authorized Official Agent here, and am the only one who can issue an Official Guarantee which will be respected by other Official Agents throughout Canada.

Ask Those Who Carry the Regina Watch

And they will tell you their time-keeping is excellent. We have sold many watches through the recommendation of the wearers of our watches, and we will always endeavor to merit this by good service.

We have a beautiful and large assortment of Rings set with many different kinds of gems that would make appropriate and enduring gifts.

E. W. TAYLOR,
SOUTH SIDE QUEEN SQUARE.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,
Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames,
interior and Exterior finish etc. etc

Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters Newe Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors, Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage Home Industry.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.
CHARLOTTETOWN.

Snappy Styles

—OF—

Solid Footwear

Ladies! Here is your chance, one week only. Box Calf Boots, neat, up-to-date. Cheap any time at \$2.25, now \$1.50, all sizes. These Boots arrived a few days ago a little late of course, but they are yours at the above price. See them anyway.

A. E. McEACHEN,
THE SHOE MAN.

D. C. McLEOD, K. C. | W. E. BENTLEY

McLEOD & BENTLEY
Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors.

MONEY TO LOAN
Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B.
Sun Fire offices of London.
Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

Combined Assets
\$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.

JOHN MACEachern,
AGENT.

Telephone No. 362.
Mar. 22nd, 1906

Morson & Duffy
Barristers & Attorneys

Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
MONEY TO LOAN.
Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada, Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Pipe dreams are pleasant
Every Smoker says so
Real enjoyment is guaranteed
In smoking our mixtures
Queer if you've never tried them
You can have your dreams realized at
Every Drug or Grocery store in Ch'town.

Try Perique for a Cool Smoke.

HICKEY & NICHOLSON Tobacco Co., Ltd.
CHARLOTTETOWN,
Phone 345. Manufacturers.

For New Buildings
We carry the finest line of
Hardware
to be found in any store.



Architects, Builders and Contractors, will find our line of goods the newest in design, the most adaptable and improved, and of the highest standard of merit in quality and durability.

Also a full line of pumps and piping.
Stanley, Shaw & Peardon.

June 12, 1907.

Fall and Winter Weather.

Fall and Winter weather calls for prompt attention to the

Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We are still at the old stand,
PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN

Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

H. McMILLAN.

The Messenger, \$2.00 a Year.

Issued Monthly—128 Pages.

A high-class, illustrated periodical, embracing everything in history, literature and art that can be of interest to Catholics—timely and popular expositions of Catholic doctrine; Christian ethics; modern questions of sociology and political economy; religious movements and actual events, struggles and progress of the Church; education, and drama. Ask for a sample copy.

Manager THE MESSENGER, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York.

WITH your co-operation The Messenger will endeavor to double the number of its readers.

WE will send free a copy of The Messenger to each person whose name and address you may send us.

WE want a bright, active agent to represent The Messenger in every city and town.

WE have a special offer, covering both new subscriptions and renewals—a permanent business can be established.

ADDRESS
The Messenger, 500 Fifth Avenue New York.

A. A. McLean, K. C. | Donald McKinnon | JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A., LL. B.
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
McLean & McKinnon | **MELLISH & CO.**
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, | **NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.**
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.

Co-Education and Teaching by Women.

Americans are discovering some rather serious, yet natural, defects in their familiar system of co-education, and in the practice of trusting mainly to women as teachers. The new number of the World's Work contains a paper by Mr. G. Stanley Hall, condemning both systems and practice on scientific principle, and he is by no means the only writer who has recently challenged them. The critics, moreover, assume certain disadvantages to be almost universally acknowledged. Co-education, one can easily believe, presented itself as a singularly attractive idea to thinkers who owed no allegiance to custom, who were bold and original—if it be not said that their theory was strictly according to nature, and who wished their country to add educational precedents to its many creditable precedents in Republican government. Under proper control, it was said, boys and girls in the same school would supplement one another's characters; each sex would derive continuously through life from the other that which it characteristically lacked; boys would be less awkward, girls less artificial; true civility, gentleness, naturalness, and modesty would thrive. And then physiologists joined in and declared that science provided many reasons for the juxtaposition of the sexes of which the virtues enumerated above were only the visible expression. He would have been a bold man who would have undertaken to say absolutely that the experiment would fail. Experiment was desirable, and even yet it is not complete. But already the defects revealed by experience—natural defects, as we have said—are numerous and plain enough to make us mistrust, and even heartily dislike, the system of co-education. And what we have said of co-education applies in most respects to the almost exclusive employment of women as teachers.

In Britain it is not commonly known how few men comparatively are teachers in the American public schools,—public schools being, of course, those provided free by the State. In the public schools of all grades only twenty-three per cent. of the teachers are men. In several States there are less than ten per cent, and even this proportion is decreasing. In the high schools and grammar schools there are more men teachers, but in most cities nearly all the grade teaching of children from six to fourteen is done by women. A very large proportion of boys and girls who just satisfy the law in their education never come under the influence of a master. Occasionally, as Mr. Hall says, a boy graduates from the high school, and is taught by a man for the first time when he enters College. One of the most obvious results of the progressive feminization of schools is a change in discipline. A few generations ago when men generally taught children discipline was severe,—perhaps it happened to be too severe. Floggings were frequent; but Mr. Hall, without apparently holding, like Keats, that flogging is the panacea of school life, does think that the knowledge that physical force is ultimately on the side of the teacher inspires a wholesome respect for authority. Under woman's influence the rod is banished by sentiment where it is not already banished by law; and the teachers often wear themselves out in coaxing, rewarding, or inflicting petty penalties in order to maintain the semblance of discipline. For our part, we do not believe in the abolition of the rod, perceiving as we do, that human nature is not remarkably different from the days in which Solomon denounced the false kind of indulgent parents. Of course, its virtual removal from the education provided by a benevolent State is as noticeable in its effects here as in America. The fact that a boy may be flogged in the public schools of England is, in our opinion, one of the most valuable privileges the well-to-do classes have retained for themselves. The claim of sacrosanctity for the bodies of untruly imp by their parents is the result, we suppose, of very short-sighted and ill-informed views as to the nature of dignity and self-respect. Nature herself exacts far more brutal physical penalties for offenses against her laws than State teachers could ever exact for offenses against theirs. Mr. Hall definitely connects a certain wildness among boys with the feminization of schools. "Hooliganism" grows. A short time ago a gang of boys in their teens terrorized a small city in the Mississippi Valley for three days. There were "hold ups," lootings, and shootings, and the police were defied. In another city outrages were committed for weeks before they were traced to the members of

a club of which the leader was only seventeen years old. The value of evidence of this kind depends, of course, upon whether the average number of such delinquencies increases—isolated examples could be found in most countries—but Mr. Hall assures us that it does.

The scientific rule which Mr. Hall lays down is that a boy must be dealt with by men when he enters his teens. It is not for nothing that the school boy when well free of the nursery draws away from girls, and cultivates an independence of them that is a rigid point of pride. Each sex in the stage of rapid growth and manifold change is unfolding tastes and developing ambitions which are, as it were, its "private property." This natural segregation, as Mr. Hall says, pervaded every stage of history and every form of society, and has an immense momentum of heredity behind it. Mr. Hall presses his case to its logical limit, and declares that "differentiation ought to be pushed to its uttermost, and everything should be welcomed that makes men more manly and women more womanly, while on the other hand, all that makes for identity is degenerative." Yet there is a certain tension between the two sexes which develops their due "polarity" when they are brought together in reason,—not in the familiar and continuous contact of co-education schools. The happy medium we should say, where the differences and points of contact of sex are likely to be seen in their right proportions is to be found in the British system, under which a boy at a boarding school sees his sisters and girl friends only in the holidays. Girls, too, need their separate and distinct preparation. It is curious that boys and girls who have met as school-fellows in a co-education school during what ought to have been their probationary period apart, or period of segregation, or whatever one chooses to call it, are hardly ever attracted to each other for marriage.

Another point made by Mr. Hall is precisely that which we quoted from a writer in the Times the other day. Girls are in a majority at all co-education schools. The minority necessarily follows in the wake of the majority, and in a curriculum which is designed chiefly for girls, and in which the girls prove themselves to be more ready and self-possessed and to have a greater power of concentration, the boys tend to become unfortunate imitations of the other sex. They lose confidence and dignity. They might be able, relying on athletic superiority, to "show off" like tribal warriors and heroes before their womenfolk if only the girls were younger. But the girls of almost their own age somehow do not much believe in them. The girls, for themselves, might see more to admire in much older boys—in young men, in fact—but as it is, both sides are rather disenchanting. Some of these observations may seem unimportant, but they are really important. American educationists will have to take account of them, and it will be very interesting to watch the course of the controversy.

—Spectator.

Longer and Better Life.

(Ottawa Citizen.)

The statement that human life in America can be lengthened by over fifteen years by the adoption of hygienic reforms, already known and entirely practicable, was recently made by Professor Living Fisher of Yale university. The announcement is as comforting as it is surprising. Most of us would like to live fifteen years longer than ignorance or neglect of nature's laws otherwise permit.

There is no iron law of mortality, says Professor Fisher. It depends altogether upon the hygienic state of the community and Professor Baines, another authority, brings this fact out very closely when he notes that the average duration of life in India is only twenty-three years for males and twenty-four years for females, or less than half the life span in the advanced countries of Europe. The estimates of Flinckelberg show that in Europe human life has probably doubled in the last 350 years. More recent and reliable figures indicate that in Europe life is lengthening more rapidly today than ever before. Human life lengthened in Europe in the 17th and 18th centuries at the rate of four years per one hundred; in the first three quarters of the 19th century at the rate of about nine years per hundred and at present it is stretching out at the comforting rate of above seventeen years per century. Now comes a statement that sheds the light on cause. While the rest of Europe is enjoy-

ing its seventeen years-century increase, Prussia, the home of preventive medicine, has lengthened human life 27 years per one hundred. Massachusetts, the most advanced state in America as regards sanitation, has increased life fourteen years per century, or about one half as much as Prussia. And Lankester and Metchnikoff, the world's best authorities on longevity, consider that there is still great room for improvement, especially after middle life. On the other hand, India, in spite of the enormous room for improvement has, during twenty years, shown no rate of increase of human life at all.

But to return to cause. It is an axiom that a fall in the death rate of any community always and promptly follows sanitation. Colonel Gorges cut the death rate of Havana in two, bringing it down to between 20 and 24 per 1,000; the New York death rate responded at once to Col. Waring's clean streets; the Rochester death rate to Dr. Goler's milk crusade. New York's death rate today is a little over 16 per 1,000 the lowest on record. New York is showing the results of the work of Dr. Darlington, the efficient health officer, Nathan Straus, the milk reformer, and the public agitation for health promoted by the New York Times, the Journal and other media, allied with the health battle of the Committee of One Hundred on National Health, the Tuberculosis Association and similar organizations.

These and other facts alone, with detailed figures show conclusively that human life is prolonged or shortened precisely according to the hygienic conditions under which it is lived, that human life can be lengthened as these hygienic conditions are improved, and that there is still enormous room for improvement.

Professor Fisher stated that on a basis of facts and figures it was shown that in typhoid fever, for instance, eighty five per cent of the deaths in the United States could easily be prevented by the proper methods of sanitation; in pneumonia, forty five per cent; in tuberculosis, altogether; in diphtheria, seventy per cent.

These facts are all remarkable only because they have not been thought out by the average citizen. The figures are new, perhaps, and the scope is wider, but the principles should not be unfamiliar. A McGill medical professor used to tell his class of his experience, only some thirty odd years ago in Vienna, where a famous European surgeon held his celebrated clinic over what was practically a cesspool. Things have marched on a bit since then but hardly as fast or as far as might be expected.

The effect of reducing mortality, from the economic side, can hardly be estimated. Local pride in every community should result in efforts to keep abreast of the best records and avoid the reputation for being an unhealthy place in which to live. Speaking morally it may be true in a sense that where wealth accumulates men decay, but it cannot be that where "man decay, wealth accumulates."

And something more precious than dollars is involved—vitality, efficiency, happiness. These are national assets that cannot be bought or sold but must be earned and held by the individual and the community.

There's a chill in the air that says in language plainer than words, "Get your overcoat ready." The overcoat is an absolutely necessary part of every man's apparel. It is essential to comfort that the coat should fit well. Ask to see our overcoats, try them on, note the style, fit and finish. We will please you in price as well. Prices vary—\$5.00 and all the way up to \$25.00 each.—Prowse Bros., Limited.

Men who wish to be well dressed are finding out the merits of our clothing. This store has struck up a more extended acquaintance this spring with men who dress well than ever before. That's only natural. Its decidedly to your interest to get acquainted with our clothing. All the latest styles. Every suit is the tip-top as to style and the height of good taste. While the price is much lower than clothing of equal merit would cost elsewhere.—Prowse Bros., Ltd.

—Prowse Bros., Ltd.

SKIN DISEASES

These troublesome afflictions are caused wholly by bad blood and an unhealthy state of the system, and can be easily cured by the wonderful blood-cleansing properties of

Burdock Blood Bitters

Many remarkable cures have been made by this remedy, and not only have the unsightly skin diseases been removed, and a bright clear complexion been produced, but the entire system has been renovated and invigorated at the same time.

SALT RHEUM CURED.
Mrs. John O'Connor, Burlington, N.S., writes:—"For years I suffered with Salt Rheum. I tried a dozen different medicines, but most of them only made it worse. I was almost blind by Burdock Blood Bitters. I got a bottle and before I had taken half a dozen doses I could see as well as I could see now and now I am completely cured. I cannot say too much for your wonderful medicine."

If you want to corner fame,
—There's a way;
If you want to play the game,
—There's a way.
If you want to travel fast,
With a gait that cannot last,
With your flag at center mast,
—There's a way.

A Sensible Merchant.
Mrs. Fred. Laine, St. George, Ont., writes:—"My little girl would cough so at night that neither she nor I could get any rest. I gave her Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and am thankful to say it cured her cough."

Opposition wants Hon. Bill Pugsley to RE-SIGN, but Bill's motto is: Find out what your enemy wants you to do, then don't do it.

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley is in innocent. Let us hope so, but in the meantime it requires something more than Mr. Pugsley's word to establish the fact, and Sir Wilfred Laurier owes it to his minister to give him time off to find the necessary "something more."

McAvity again.

Beware Of Worms.
Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Loew's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 50c.

Australia going to build three dreadnaughts! But what of that? Is Austria going to stomp Quebec like Laurier is? We guess no.

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

You may harness Niagara, but you never can tell what revenge the mighty cataract will take once it gets the bit in its teeth.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 20 and 25 cents.

It cost the Laurier government \$6,000,000 to borrow five million pounds. The money lenders must have seen Mr. Fielding coming.

There is nothing harsh about Lax-Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickness. Price 25c.

An Esquimaux boy has disappeared from New York quite disgusted with civilization as exemplified in that city. He should send some missionaries from his arctic home to preach kindness, humanity, and the rights of property.

MANY DON'T KNOW HEART AFFECTED.

More People Than are Aware of It Have Heart Disease.

If examinations were made of everyone, people would be surprised at the number of persons walking about suffering from heart disease.

This startling statement was made by a doctor at a recent inquest. "I should not like to say that heart disease is as common as this would imply," said the expert, "but I am sure that the number of persons going about with weak hearts must be very large."

"Hundreds of people go about their daily work on the verge of death, and yet do not know it. It is only when the shock comes that kills them that the unsuspected weakness of the heart is made apparent."

"But undoubtedly heart weakness, not disease, is more prevalent nowadays. I should think that the stress of living, the wear and rush of modern business life, have a lot to do with heart trouble."

There is no doubt but that this is correct, and we would strongly advise any one suffering in any way from heart trouble to try a course of **MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS**.

Price 50c. per box or 3 boxes for \$1.50. All dealers or will be mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co. Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 28, 1909
 SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR.
 PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
 AT 81 QUEEN STREET,
 CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.
 JAMES MCISAAC,
 Editor & Proprietor.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has given notice of a bill to create a separate Department of Labor. The bill provides a salary of \$7,000 for the Minister, an additional clerk at \$1,000 per year, and extra salary for a private secretary to the Minister. This is the first instalment of economy in expenditure in face of a decreasing revenue, promised by Mr. Fielding in his recent budget speech. A wonderful economist is that Laurier!

This is the reference made by the St. John Standard, to Joseph Martin's campaign in England: "Fighting Joe Martin is having the campaign of his life. He is running as a free trade Liberal. His competitors are a tariff reform Conservative, and a Liberal who resigned his seat and appeals to the people against the Government's inaction in the matter of Dreadnoughts. There will be trouble for Asquith, whoever is elected, but most if Joe Martin is returned as a Government supporter."

This is what the Ottawa Journal, independent, has to say regarding preferential trade with Britain:—"The true note of Canadian hope was given we think, in the Dominion House of Commons yesterday, when Hon. G. E. Foster eloquently urged upon the House the policy of preferential trade with Great Britain at all costs of Canadian breaking of favored-nation treaties or arrangements with other countries. The Journal congratulates him upon that utterance, which it believes to represent the prevailing and growing feeling in this country."

The Montreal Standard, a literary and non partisan journal, makes this comment on Laurier's attitude towards Pugsley and the Mayes-McAvity scandal: "We are prouder than ever of the Minister of Public Works, the Prime Minister is reported to have said the other night, when, with a little burst of off hand eloquence, he was firing the courage of his trusty supporters to vote down the motion proposing an investigation of the charges made last autumn by Mr. Mayes, and involving the political good standing of the Minister of Public Works. Of course, every man has a right to select for himself the things that appeal to his pride. It is a matter of taste, and about taste, the old maxim runs, there is no disputing. Still, one's taste is an indication of character, and what rouses a man's pride is worth considering when forming an estimate of his worth."

Ottawa and Fredericton are not the only seats of Government where investigation is necessary. The same need exists wherever our Liberal friends have held office for any length of time. The corner of the veil in this direction has been lifted in the Nova Scotia Legislature, by Mr. Wilcox, a member of the Opposition, who just grazed the fringe of corrupt operations by the Government. He gave a long list of supplies purchased from friends of the Government without tender. The province bought from one retail firm about 1,500 barrels of cement and paid \$525 more than it would have cost at the price which the city of Halifax was paying for the same staple article. The excess

was about 16 per cent. There were similar purchases from other dealers at the same excess. Mr. Wilcox finds that the province paid 120 per cent. too much for wood screws, 105 per cent. too much for steel, \$4 for a \$1.60 wrench, \$9 per dozen for pickaxes worth \$4.25, \$45 per ton for iron worth \$35, \$35 for fire brick worth \$22, double prices for putty. Government bridges were painted with paint bought at excessive prices. Mr. Wilcox computed that at least \$20,000 was lost every year in this class of purchases. The Leader of the Opposition asked for a royal commission to investigate this matter. The Government refused, contending that a committee of the House would be the right thing. Thereupon the House prorogued without appointing the committee.

When the Whitney Government of Ontario took office they found a school book contract under which a set of school readers cost \$1.15. The contract was terminated and a new one made to run two years, with the price reduced to 49 cents. The defenders of the old regime pleaded that this arrangement was working off old stock, and that when the Government wanted new books it would have to pay the old price. Now Mr. Whitney has shown the fallacy of this plea by making a ten year contract. This time the books are new. They all contain more pages than the old ones. They are better illustrated, contain better paper, and are better bound. The net price of the set is 39 1/3 cents. The contractor is a Liberal and Vice-President of his party organization. The firm is the T. Eaton Company Ltd., of Toronto. The arrangement is of interest to the people of New Brunswick. This province was tied to the old Ontario combination, with the additional handicap that a big commission had to be paid to favored contractors in this province. The Hazen Government made an arrangement for three years covering part of the school book supply and reducing the price forty per cent. It seems certain that the next contract may be still better, and that at least equally favorable rates may be had for books not yet under contract. The above comment is from the St. John Standard. It may be added that all here stated regarding the school monopoly applies to this Province. The same extortion and imposition have been practiced on the people of Prince Edward Island, and the Government has not moved a hand in the direction of lowering the price of school books. All the Government have done is appoint a commission.

Earthquake in Portugal.

A series of violent earth shocks occurred in Lisbon, on Friday and seismic disturbances, according to reports from various places, were felt throughout the whole of Portugal. For a time fears were entertained of a repetition of the great earthquake of 1778 which demolished the city but luckily these fears were not realized. No material damage was done, although the ground rose and fell in wave-like motions; buildings swayed and the walls of a number of old houses were broken. No one was hurt, but in various parts of the city fires broke out and a condition of great alarm prevailed. Several of the broken walls threatened to collapse and it is believed that some of the churches have been damaged. King Manuel, accompanied by his wife, appeared on the streets and took a prominent part in encouraging the firemen and reassuring the terrified population. The House of Lords was thrown into a great panic and several of the members were thrown to the floor. The edifice, however, withstood the shock well, and there was no perceptible damage.

The Election Trial.

As stated in our last issue, the trial of the election petition against Hon. Laughlin McDonald commenced in the Court House, Souris, on Tuesday of last week before Mr Justice Fitzgerald. Evidence was taken on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Remarkable features of the trial were the extremely bad memories of most of the witnesses examined, and the absence of several leading Liberal workers at the election, who failed to appear in court when their names were called. The chief offenders in this respect were, Mr James J. Hughes; Fred S. McDonald; Frank R. Hertz and John Frank McFarlane. When the names of these stalwart Liberals were called in the court, there was no response. Evidence of the proper service of subpoenas in each case was given and orders of the court in the matter, were requested by Counsel for the petitioner. The Judge expressed his readiness to issue the proper orders of the court in these cases, and stated his willingness to adjourn the court, from time to time all summer, in order to have these men brought forward to give their evidence. Summonses for run-arounds were accordingly issued. On Thursday afternoon, Counsel withdrew for consultation and after returning to court Mr Morson, of counsel for the petitioner explained to the Judge that, after examining witnesses for over two days, he considered it highly improbable that they would be able to prove that a sufficient number of voters were influenced for the respondent by the corrupt practices of agents committed without the privity or consent of the respondent, to change the result of the election, and in view of the impassable condition of the roads and the inconvenience to witnesses, it had been decided to proceed no further.

Mr. Justice Fitzgerald then said: "Inasmuch as the Court cannot go on and prosecute as well as try an election petition and the counsel who have charge of the petition state to the Court that they will be unable to meet the requirements of the statute under section 8 of the statutes of 1901 and it is useless to proceed any further, I have nothing to do but to dismiss the petition with costs in the case of McDonald and John Kickham."

Mr. Johnson of counsel for the respondent, addressing his Lordship said that, as the law required proof of a sufficient number of corrupt acts, committed by agents, to surpass the majority of a member before he can be unseated, and as Mr. McLean's majority was 163 or 164, counsel in the case did not think it at all possible that they could unseat Mr McLean. They were led to believe at first that a great many acts by agents could be proved; but after interviewing witnesses and fully investigating matters, the conclusion was arrived at that the result could not be changed. Proceeding further would be only adding to the expense; consequently it was not intended to go further. The Judge said the same order, as in the other case, would be made and dismissed the petition with costs.

Before dismissing the Court, the Judge complimented the counsel, the sheriff and officers of the court, on the dignity and courtesy with which the proceedings had been conducted. He then adjourned the court sined. It is understood that an arrangement has been arrived at between the parties, to the effect that all the sitting members petitioned against, will continue to hold their seats, except Hon. Captain Read, who must go to

court or resign his seat within thirty-five days from the 22nd inst.

The first witness examined was H. J. Mabon druggist: His memory was extremely faulty regarding liquor transactions; trusting canvassing etc. He was examined by Mr. Morson, and by means of many questions he let it be known that he had received early in November about \$738 worth of liquor, in addition to his ordinary stock of from \$300 to \$500 worth. He could not remember, he said, how much liquor he gave to F. S. McDonald, and numerous other Liberals, for which he had not been paid at the time. He went canvassing with B. Creamer, on election day. Had plenty liquor and treated several people. He admitted he sold \$370 worth of liquor without certificates. His remembrance of all these matters appeared very hazy and it was only by dint of perseverance on the part of counsel that information was extracted from him.

John Ryan examined by Mr. Mathieson, was afflicted, to a considerable extent with bad memory. He did not deny that he did considerable canvassing or that he had liquor with him on his travels. He also had money in considerable amounts, and paid it out here and there; but he sought to convey the idea that it was not for political purposes; but for debts of gratitude; on account of boats, etc. He did not deny that he had, at one time or another, nine, ten or a dozen bottles of liquor. He admitted that he gave \$5, to Mrs. Andrew Grady; but, he said, it was for a debt of gratitude. On another occasion he paid \$2 on account of a boat, he had previously bought. He canvassed with Laughlin McDonald a couple of days. He admitted visiting a great number of electors; but, according to him, these were only neighborly visits. But some how or another most of those visited split their votes, giving one to Mr. McDonald.

James F. McFarlane, was examined by Mr. Mathieson. He, too, was afflicted with that treacherous disease, bad memory. He got liquor from Mabon for distribution among friends. He did not pay for the liquor. He was at Mabon's several times election day. He went to North Lake with Fred McDonald and Frank Hertz. He got \$15, from Fred McDonald; but, he said, it was for horse hire. He gave several persons orders on Mabon for liquor during the election campaign. He did not deny having a dozen bottles of liquor in his possession at a time.

Thomas Kickham being sworn and examined by Mr. Morson admitted he canvassed for McDonald. He told some persons whom he treated that it was not for election purposes. He thought he might have given away two or three gallons of liquor during the election campaign. He said the most liquor he had at any time was eight or 10 gallons. He and Laughlin McDonald remained at Dennis Costello's all night. He was not very sure whether or not McDonald treated Dennis Costello; quite likely he did. They all had a drink in the morning before parting.

Harland Kennedy of Kingsboro, was examined by Mr. Mathieson. He said Mr Laughlin McDonald gave him a roll of notes a short time before the election. He said it might be useful. It was a small roll. He said he never looked at it, but gave it back the day before or the day after the election. He understood it was intended to be used for bribes.

William Mossey swore that John Ryan had given him \$4.00 to stay away from the election. This is one of the cases where Ryan said he had paid the money as a debt of gratitude. Allen Gillis swore that he had received, on the Sunday before the election, a case of flasks of whiskey and about thirty dollars in cash; both to be used for election purposes. He gave the liquor to persons who came to the house, and to party friends for distribution. \$15 of the money went to John Kelly and the balance to Donald McDonald to be used for election purposes, according to their own judgment.

Anness McDonald, Chepstow, sworn and examined by Mr. Morson, said he owned twelve acres of land for which he would not take less than \$350 or \$375. He thought the deed might have been dated in January, although signed later. He got the deed in September or October. It might have been dated back, he said. His father told him, probably a month before the election, that he had taken on a deed for him, and left it in the house. Andrew Mossey sworn and ex-

amined by Mr. Mathieson said he did not know the particular part of the McDonald farm referred to by the last witness. The description was then read to him. He then said he could not tell exactly the value of the land in this deed. He thought it would probably be worth \$100. Several other witnesses were examined, their evidence being more or less along the lines of those who previously testified. The case then closed as above stated.

Great Coal Discovery.

A great discovery of coal has been made on the North Shore of Lake Superior at Rosport, Ont. Samples of lignite and anthracite have been received at Port Arthur. A shaft has been sunk through two seams, one four and one half feet and another nearly five feet thick. Michael McCormack, prospector, of Sudbury, has been investigating and thinks the find is very valuable.

Five Men Drowned.

Five men were drowned last week when the steamer Eder Ward collided with a heavy ice floe and sank five miles west of Mackinaw city, Mich. The boat went to the bottom in one of the deepest spots of the Strait of Mackinaw and will be a total loss. She was bound from Milwaukee to Port Haron, Mich., with a cargo of corn. So completely was the bow of the steamer shattered by the collision with the ice floe that she was flooded from stem to stern almost instantly. Five of the crew were asleep in their bunks and went to the bottom with the sinking steamer. The survivors, who happened to be on deck at the time of the accident had barely time to board a yawl boat in which they rowed away from the ill fated vessel just as her upper works were disappearing below the surface of the waters. They were picked up by the steamer Bennington and brought to Mackinaw.

A Thrilling Experience.

Word reached Lunenburg, N.S., last Thursday morning, of an exciting experience of five Chester people on the previous Sunday night on the Atlantic coast. Alvin Stevens and his son Otis, with three young ladies, left Chester on a yacht to sail to Tanconk. They became lost in the fog between Red Bank and the Bulls, and were obliged to anchor and lay to all night. There was no fuel on board the vessel, and to keep from freezing the party had to chop up the yacht's platform. Monday morning they reached their destination.

Destructive Tornado.

Six persons were killed, nine fatally hurt, fifty injured and property valued at \$1,000,000 destroyed by a tornado, which swept through Cleveland, Ohio, on the 22nd. The storm rose suddenly and lasted only five minutes. Cleveland was shrouded in darkness. From the northeast came a gale blowing sixty-six miles an hour. In its wake rain and hail fell with great force. In blinding rain persons were blown off their feet and hurled against buildings, while in many cases they were struck dumb by flying bricks and timbers, which filled the air. Roofs were lifted off the houses, strongly braced smokestacks and chimneys were demolished. Twelve school buildings were damaged and many pupils had remarkable escapes, but none seriously were injured.

American Poacher Captured.

Swept by bullets from the machine guns of a Canadian patrol cruiser, the American fishing schooner Charles Levi Woodbury, hailing from Seattle, was forced to surrender on the Pacific coast. She was towed into Vancouver, B. C., on Friday last, in the wake of her captor, the cruiser Kestrel. The Woodbury, which was out after halibut, is stated by the Canadian cruiser's captain to have been poaching in Canadian waters. The affair took place last Sunday week off Cape Scott, which is the northernmost point of Vancouver Island. Four rounds were fired from the Kestrel's guns, the sails and part of the woodwork of the American schooner being riddled. The captain of the fisherman would not surrender until driven to do so by consideration for the lives of his crew, as he feared the cruiser's shots would sink the craft. It is a dramatic story that the officers and men of the Woodbury and her captor tell of the

chase at sea. Five bullets tore through the air in the direction of the Woodbury each time the vessel headed at full speed from the west coast of Vancouver Island pointing to the middle of the Pacific. Three of the rounds were merely intended to call attention to the command to heave to, which had first been issued to the American schooner. But the last series of shots meant business. The gun was pointed at the fish boat, which was then at a distance of 200 yards and still making for the open sea as rapidly as possible. The bullets, which were aimed high, ripped the mainsail of the schooner and one or two knocked splinters off the mainmast. Capt. Sinclair feared that he would be sunk right there if he did not stop. At the same moment the second gun of the Kestrel was swung across her deck to get into range of the fishing boat. The Woodbury's engines were then stopped and her sails, gashed by the Canadian bullets, hauled down. A few minutes later an officer and three men from the Kestrel boarded the Woodbury and took charge. Captain Newcombe of the Kestrel declares that if ever he had a clear case against an American vessel this is the one. Captain Sinclair of the Woodbury apparently did not notice the arrival of the Kestrel on the scene until the government vessel was within about three miles. Then the American ran along, picking up his five dories, the fishermen cutting their gear without wasting time to pull a fathom of it in. Within 20 minutes after the Kestrel was sighted, the last dory had been picked up and the schooner, with her motor power working to its full capacity and her sails spread to a full western breeze, turned towards the Highland of the Pacific. The cruiser gradually overhauled the American schooner and by the time they were four and a quarter miles off shore the Kestrel was alongside and the captains of the two vessels were conversing. Captain Newcombe had been vigorously sounding blasts from his siren as the signals for the American to stop, but she kept on her course. The first round of the machine gun was fired when the race had been well begun and the next two were directed to send the bullets across the bows of the Yankee vessel, but the captain of the latter made no attempt to stop. When captain Newcombe got abreast the American, he opened communication through a speaking trumpet. "Stop, or I will put a hole through you," called Newcombe. The seized schooner was built in Essex, Mass., in 1888, and was until 1897 engaged in fishing trips out of Gloucester, Mass. Captain Sinclair, master of the Charles Levi Woodbury, visited the United States Consulate and lodged a complaint with Colonel West, the American Consul. West will take the sworn deposition of Captain Sinclair and members of the crew of the schooner and investigate the case. If he thinks the seizure was not justified he will lodge a complaint. Until the matters are straightened out the crew of the schooner will remain on board. She is owned by the Standard Fish Company of Seattle.

Railroad Smash-up.

There was a bad smash up on the Halifax and Southwestern on Friday resulting in the damage of considerable property and the injury of several passengers. While the special from Bridge-water was rounding a curve about seven miles from Middleton the passenger coach left the rails, rolling down a steep embankment, crashing against a telegraph post. There were about a dozen passengers in the car and all were more or less seriously injured. Conductor Hill was driven through the car window and had his hand badly cut, one finger having been severed. Clarence Yeaton, of Kentville, was injured internally and his condition is serious. P. B. Bentley, of Kentville, Mr. Leamone, of Paradise, Bennet Morton, of Kentville and ex-Mayor Day, of Parrsboro, were badly shaken up.

DIED.

In San Francisco, Cal., on March 10th last after one day's illness of appendicitis fortified by the last Sacramento, James E. McDonald son of the late Alexander McDonald of Gloucester, Vermont River. He leaves his aged mother at the old homestead, Gloucester. One sister, four brothers in this Province and two in San Francisco. May his soul rest in peace.

In this city, April 20th, Mrs. Neil McIsaac, aged sixty-eight years. May her soul rest in peace.

In this city on April 22, Mrs. Anastasia Mooney, aged 75 years. May her soul rest in peace.

Meet Me at the Always Busy Store

Dress Materials For Everyone.

This year we have the finest display ever, of medium priced Dress Doods, such as everyone wants at reasonable prices.

All wool French Panama 48c. per yard

All wool extra special French Amazon 50c. per yard

Special line of Tweeds, Serges, Cloths, etc. 49c. per yard

SPRING COATS

Do you need a new Spring Coat? We can assure you that nowhere else will you find as fine a range of Coats at such little prices.

\$4.25, \$5 and \$6, etc.

Stanley Bros.

Dominion Coal Company RESERVE COAL.

As the season for importing Coal in this Province is again near, we beg to advise dealers and consumers of Coal that we are in a position to grant orders for cargoes of Reserve, Screened, Run of mine, Nut and Slack Coal, F. O. B., at loading piers Sydney, Glace Bay or Louisburg, C. B.

Prices quoted on application, and all orders will receive our careful attention by mail or wire.

Reserve Coal is well known all over this Island, and is most extensively used for domestic and steam purposes.

Schooners are always in demand during the season and chartered at highest current rates of freight. Good despatch guaranteed schooners at loading piers.

Peake Bros. & Co.,

Selling Agents for Prince Edward Island for Dominion Coal Company.
 Charlottetown, P. E. I., April 21, 1909—41

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,
 Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames, Interior and Exterior finish etc.. etc

Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters Newe Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors. Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage home Industry.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.
 CHARLOTTETOWN.

If you want anything at any time, and cannot come yourself; just drop us a postal, and we shall be pleased to send you samples and give you any information of any line of goods offered in a first class store like ours. Stanley Bros.

Trunks and Valises.—When you want to go travelling I can fit you out with a trunk, suit case, grip, telescope or anything else you need. Don't forget my prices are the lowest. H. H. BROWN The Young Men's Man.

Farmers who send their sons and daughters to the Union Commercial College can rest assured they will not waste their time. No nonsense. Write for new illustrated prospectus. Wm. Moran, Prin. Ch. Town.

Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1908 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.—R. F. Madigan.

I am showing the largest range of Fall and Winter Caps you ever saw. Prices from 50 cents to \$1.50 I can fit any man's head or suit any man's purse. H. H. BROWN The Hat and Cap Man

Everyone interested in Business College work should send for a free copy of the U. C. C. Journal. It contains much valuable information. Address W. Moran, Prin., Charlottetown.

Look behind our prices and you'll see quality and style in overwhelming proportions.—Prowse Bros., Limited.

Our clothing always fits well, looks well, wears well and sells well in spite of costing you so little.—Prowse Bros., Limited.

Lime.

We are now supplying best quality of Lime at kilns on St. Peter's Road, suitable for building and farming purposes, in barrels or bulk by car load.

C. Lyons & Co. April 28—41



Price \$2.50

Amherst Boots

Are the Farmer's Friends.

Made from Solid Leather throughout, counters, insoles and heels. They stand up and stand the strain of hard wear through all kinds of mud, slush and wet.

Men's Amherst Boots, \$1.60 to \$2.75
Women's " " 1.25 to 1.75
Boys' " " 1.50 to 2.00
Girls' " " 1.10 to 1.35
Children's " " 1.00

Alley & Co.

LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

Four people lost their lives in a fire which destroyed the central hotel and the finest hostelry in Topeka, Kansas, the other day.

The Russian war office has ordered a dirigible balloon of the République type from Paris. The cost of the balloon will be \$60,000.

The navy of Turkey is a small affair but it has 4,800 officers. Sir Frederick Borden's top-heavy Militia force is organized on the same system.

Mrs. Jarman was chased from her home near London, Ont., by a villainous looking tramp. Soon afterwards her baby was born dead, and the woman herself died as a direct result of her fright.

We extend hearty congratulations to Mr. Alexander Martin ex-M.P. Valley field, who was married in this city on Wednesday last. Mrs. Martin was Miss Katherine McKenzie daughter of Mr. Daniel McKenzie Orwell.

Mr. John A. McLaren of the firm of Jas. Paton & Co. arrived home from the old country on Friday looking fine. He says he is in the best of health and enjoyed his trip very much. In addition to visiting all the leading business centers, he met many of his old friends.

The Dominion Coal Company is preparing for the eventuality of a strike. A Glace Bay special says the company has now completed the work of fencing. The collieries plants and mines have been completely enclosed by a high board fence.

A severe eruption of Colima Volcano Mexico, followed by an earthquake shock, has spread terror and confusion among the inhabitants of the nearby towns and villages, numbers of whom have deserted their homes and gone to points outside the affected zone.

Abundance of herring struck in North Sydney harbor about a week ago and the boats averaged 2000. This fish is two weeks earlier than last year. Herring are usually sold to the Bank Fisher and fish, but no vessels had arrived in port, and there was no market for the fish.

A Winnipeg despatch of the 22 to Toronto says that General Manager Chamberlain, of the G. T. E. states that the Company will lose no time in building a through line from the American boundary to Hudson Bay. Construction will begin in a few days on a branch line north and south from Melville.

A distressing accident occurred at Bridgewater N. S. a few days ago in which the four year old son of Fred Clarke lost his life. The boy was walking along the bank of La Have river with a friend, when he lost his balance and fell into the water. There was a strong current and the helpless boy was swiftly carried down stream to death.

The population of Winnipeg, about which there has been so much speculation, is placed at 122,500 by the city assessor in the estimate issued the other day. The assessor's figures are usually as accurate, and in consequence those who had expected that the population would be in the neighborhood of 140,000 were disappointed.

An investigation by the Winnipeg police of the death of Mrs. Lewis James whose body was found in the lonely shack, by her husband one evening on the return from work, shows one of the most brutal and revolting crimes committed in recent years. She had been assaulted, then murdered, by some men who escaped without leaving any clues. The murderers stole a watch and some money.

E. L. McDonald, manager of the Halifax Hotel lost a suit brought by Mrs. Isaac Hutchings, whose husband was killed in an automobile accident some months ago. Mr. McDonald was the owner of the machine and was in it at the time. Mrs. Hutchings instituted an action claiming damages of \$10,000. The case was given to the Jury after three days trial, and they rendered a verdict awarding the widow \$3,500 damages.

A Boston despatch of the 23rd says: The three masted schooner Rebecca Huddell well known in Provincial waters, met her grave on Liberty Island ten miles from Machiasport, while on the way from St. John to New York, Connecticut, with lumber. She struck a ledge and became a total loss. The old craft is breaking up and the cargo is drifting in Masibus Bay. Some can be saved. The Huddell struck during a thick snowstorm.

Now that Laurier's Finance Minister is running the country in debt at the rate of \$47,000,000 a year, the Liberal papers are telling about the average annual surplus he produced in former years. Our Liberal friends are great at applying averages to former performances. What a mighty slice of the 47,000,000 debt of last year, the recitation of these average performances will pay off! Anything to divert public attention from the Government's ruinous financing.

This reference to the ice jam at Niagara, is made from advice of the 24th from Youngstown N. Y. If four thousand pounds of dynamite exploded in a single charge are powerless to launch the giant mass of ice still anchored to both Niagaras, the glacier will lie there in the sun until it melts. Engineer Knapp declares the situation has resolved itself into conditions for supreme effort. The expected force of the explosion will either send the iceberg sailing down the Lake or break up the ice so the force of the stream can bear it away. Niagara advice of the 26th say that a northwesterly gale struck the River which cracked the ice-pack from base to head, and opened a wide channel from the Falls to Lake Ontario. Thousands of tons of ice were leaving the month of the river every minute, and it did not seem likely that the outlet should be blocked again.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

There is a prospective increase of nearly a million acres in the area of land under wheat in the West this year.

Wednesday June 16th is the day set for the trial of the election case of Delaney against Captain Read.

Abdul Hamid, Sultan of the Turkish Empire, has been deposed and his brother Mehmed Reeschad has proclaimed his successor at Constantinople yesterday afternoon.

The house of Andrew Morrison Conway Station was destroyed by fire with nearly all its contents, on Tuesday night of last week. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp which Mrs. Morrison was carrying up stairs.

The Ontario Provincial Government has just set apart for the Rainy River district a new forest and provincial game reserve of 1,000,000 acres. The reserve adjoins a similar allotment of land set apart by the States of Minnesota. The Rainy River forms the dividing line between the two reserves.

Number four party of the Hudson's Bay survey is believed at Winnipeg to have been overtaken by the spring break up before they were able to make civilization. Nothing has been heard from them for a considerable time, and it is not likely they will now be able to get in until June, as they will have to come all the way by water.

The court house at Edmondston N. B. was destroyed by fire last Sunday night. The blaze spread with great rapidity to the outbuildings and the residence of the Sheriff, completely gutting the entire buildings. The Sheriff's family who narrowly escaped, fled in their night robes and sought shelter with neighbors.

Through the explosion of the boiler of the convent of the Sisters of the congregation of Notre Dame, at Cote St. Paul, Montreal on Sunday morning last two sisters and a little girl who were in the boiler room at the time were severely injured. Mother Superior Nom de Jesus was so severely injured that she is likely to die. The cause of the explosion was the lack of water in the boiler.

Alfred Shrubbs defeated St. Yves, in the 8th-mile race in New York, on Saturday. At no time was the result in doubt. Shrubbs assumed a pace that the Frenchman could not follow. Shrubbs' time was one hour twenty-six minutes and twenty seconds, for the mile he was two minutes and thirty seconds behind the professional record and nearly six minutes behind the amateur mark.

The Montreal Gazette remarks that Mr. Fielding is being harrassed for in Government newspapers because on Tuesday he announced his twelfth annual "surplus." He is being mourned over in business circles because at the same time he announced that in one year he had added his 46th million to the debt. And the addition to the debt is real, while the surplus is a myth.

New York advice of the 26th say: Arrangements were completed today for the biggest professional Marathon Race yet held. It will be a grand International Marathon for a purse of \$10,000 in which the leading professional long distance runners from all over the world have been invited to compete over a course at the Polo Grounds on May 5th.

While rushing to the aid of her little daughter, whose clothing had caught fire, Mrs. Sallan Clinton of East Providence R. I. fell to the kitchen floor dead, on the 21st inst. The fire on the child's clothing was extinguished by an older daughter. When the father reached home, after being hurriedly summoned, he was prostrated. The girl was burned about the face and arms. The death of the mother was caused by congestion of the lungs, brought about by sudden fright. The girl will recover.

We regret to learn of the death of Mr. T. A. McLean, formerly of this city, which took place at Hillcrest, Alberta, on Thursday last. The late Mr. McLean was born at Antigonish, N. S. in 1844, and spent his boyhood, and early manhood at New Glasgow. He came to Charlottetown in the early seventies and entered into partnership with the late Alexander McKinnon, and the firm established the Edsall Foundry. For many years the firm of McKinnon and McLean carried on an extensive and successful foundry business. Mr. McLean served several terms in the City Council, and was a candidate for the Legislature in the Conservative interests in the Fort Augustus district. He was a well known, public spirited citizen. Of late years he had been in the great West and latterly had been identified with the development of coal mining industry in Western Alberta. He was twice married and leaves to mourn a widow, two daughters and three sons, children of his first marriage.

The Market Prices.

Butter, (fresh).....	0.23 to 0.25
Butter (reg).....	0.21 to 0.23
Calf skins.....	0.09 to 0.10
Ducks per pair.....	0.80 to 1.00
Eggs, per doz.....	0.17 to 0.18
Fowls.....	1.00 to 1.25
Chickens per pair.....	0.60 to 0.75
Flour (per cwt.).....	0.75 to 1.00
Hides (per lb.).....	0.75 to 0.90
Hay, per 100 lbs.....	0.45 to 0.50
Mutton, per lb (canned).....	1.00 to 1.50
Oatmeal (per cwt.).....	0.40 to 0.42
Potatoes.....	0.30 to 0.32
Pork.....	0.84 to 0.90
Sheep pelts.....	0.80 to 0.75
Turnips.....	0.13 to 0.14
Turkeys (per lb.).....	0.18 to 0.19
Geese.....	1.00 to 1.50
Hick nuts.....	0.50 to 0.58
Pressed hay.....	10.00 to 00.00
Straw.....	0.25 to 0.30

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper.

In Memoriam.

Though perhaps late with a tribute to the memory of the late Rev. Dr. Campbell, we assume that a fitting reference is never opportune, especially when the subject is so worthy as the subject of this notice. For the past three or four years the people of Kelly's cross were delighted to see him return again and again to sojourn for the summer with his mother, our beloved pastor. Although unable to perform active duties except occasionally to offer up the Great Sacrifice of the Altar, we were conscious that a great mind and heart was in our midst as the fame of his literary and pulpit reputation had preceded him, which commanded the special reverence and respect of all who came within the sphere of his influence. His kind and winning manner, his interesting and instructive conversation edified all who had the pleasure of an intimate association with the late Dr. Campbell. While incapacitated from doing much physical work in the Lord's vineyard, still he was ever, up to the last, employing his virile pen in contributions to the literary and ecclesiastical periodicals, combating errors, promoting Catholic progress, advancing, to the limit of his decreasing physical powers, the cause he espoused when he was ordained a priest of the Catholic Church. We entertain the hope that the many literary gems which dropped from the pen of the late reverend gentleman may be collected and published for the instruction and edification of the reading and thinking portion of the community.

A hemorrhage about three weeks before his death shattered the hopes of those who believed we would have him among us for many years yet, and on Saturday night, April 17th, about 9 o'clock, the sad and solemn tolling of the bell of St. Joseph's Church told the people of the parish that the pure soul of Rev. Dr. Campbell had been summoned to its eternal home in Heaven. He breathed his last surrounded by his brother Rev. Terence Campbell, Rev. J. J. McDonald, Kinkora, his two sisters, Mrs. McGrath and Mrs. O'neary, and his brothers James and Hugh. His body enclosed in an elegant casket lay in state in the parlor of the parochial house till 6.30 p. m. Sunday, at which hour, preceded by the priests, altar boys and choir chanting the missae, it was reverently borne by six parishioners between two parallel lines of the men and women of the parish, to the church and placed within the Sanctuary. The altar, altar rail, choir gallery, heavily draped in black, myriads of candles burning, and watchers on guard all through the night, the body remained in the church till one o'clock p. m. on Monday. A Solemn Mass of Requiem was celebrated on Monday morning by Rev. T. Campbell, assisted by Rev. J. J. McDonald and Rev. Maurice McDonald as deacon and sub-deacon, respectively.

The funeral cortege, a very large one, proceeded at one o'clock to North Wiltshire, from which the remains were conveyed by special train to Bedford Station. On Tuesday morning, amid solemn sad music, the mortal remains of Rev. Dr. Campbell were laid beside those of his kindred and ancestors in the quiet cemetery at Corran Ban. And here, while deploring the early demise (in his 48th year) of one of God's great and holy priests, and dropping the tear of sympathy for our beloved pastor, his aged and respected father, his brothers and sisters, let us, inspired by the example of the pure, holy and zealous life of the deceased, resolve to strive to emulate some of his noble characteristics. May his soul rest in peace.—Uon.

Turkey's Capital Besieged. Constantinople advices of the 25th say: Early Saturday morning firing commenced, and during the whole of the earlier portion of the day the Turkish capital was the scene of a terrific battle waged on both sides with the utmost ferocity, but which terminated in a complete victory for the young Turks, whose army splendidly offered had deliberately arranged for the occupation of the city, and carried out the plans with automatic precision. The advance on the city began Friday evening, the Saloniki troops attacking forts to the south of Yildiz Kiosk, where a stubborn resistance was encountered. The investing army employed artillery, and soon the panic stricken crowds swarmed into the streets but with little delay were ordered back into the houses and the battle ensued without many noncombatants being exposed. All the embassies were protected by eleven o'clock, and in spite of a brilliant resistance several forts were dismantled and the victorious army having swept onward through the streets almost to the European quarter had practically crushed every defence offered by the Sultan's supporters. Yildiz Kiosk itself was shelled by mistake, as the guns were directed at the forts in its vicinity. Several Europeans were wounded, including Frederick Moore, correspondent of New York Sun, who was making snapshots of the fighting. White flags now float on Yildiz Kiosk, and while an unconditional surrender is demanded, the Sultan is holding out for certain concessions, and the conquerors seem disposed to deal leniently with him. No estimate has yet been made of the losses during the engagement, but they must be very heavy. The result is wholly due to a magnificent organization of the reform party. Intelligence of the 26th say that the Yildiz garrison surrendered to the Constitutional forces. The whole of the troops protecting the Palace gave unconditional surrender, shortly after dawn. Sultan Abdul Hamid has been permitted to remain within the walls of Yildiz Kiosk, where he awaited the outcome of the struggle between the Loyal troops and the Army of the Investment, each hour bringing word of fresh disaster. The Sultan will be dealt with by Parliament and there will be adequate inquiry into the Sovereign's alleged complicity in the recent mutiny. The Ministry has not been dissolved, but Constantinople and a number of other places have been declared in a state of siege. Martial law prevails, and while there is some uneasiness among the people, order has been maintained with a strict hand.



Now Sir!

"Honest Injun,"
We want to ask you a question.

IT'S THIS:
If the price tags were not on our Clothing would you not think they cost much more than they do?

Our Kind of Clothing

Have a habit of looking much more expensive than they really are.

We are confident that we have just the Spring Suit you'll like, and will be pleased to show it to you any day you are ready to look at it—COME TO-DAY.

Spring Overcoats \$5, \$8, \$10 & \$12
Spring Suits \$5, \$7, \$10, up to \$18

NEW SPRING HATS

Right this way, Sir, with any Hat idea you may have. We have every new shape that's going, that's correct. There are higher priced Hats than ours, but there are no better ones.

If you want the best that money can buy, come to us, it's here waiting for you.

PRICES.
\$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2, up to \$5.

PROWSE BROS., Ltd.

Charlottetown's Big Departmental Store.

YOUR Fall Overcoat IS AT BROWN'S.

Don't forget that I can save you a Dollar on your next Suit or Overcoat.

I am also headquarters for Hats, Caps, Underclothing, Shirts, Vests, and everything in the line of Gent's Furnishings.
H. H. BROWN,
The Young Men's Man.
158 Queen Street.

Five graduates of the Union Commercial College now hold good positions in Montreal city. Now is your time to prepare. Full particulars on application to Wm. Moran, Prin., Charlottetown.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Mrs. Larter, Proprietress.

Will now be conducted on

KENTSTREET

Near Corner of Queen.

Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first class accommodations at reasonable prices.

June 12, 1907.
J. A. Mathieson, K. C., E. A. MacDonald
Jas. D. Stewart

Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart,

Newson's Block, Charlottetown,
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.
P. O. Building Georgetown.

\$50 Scholarships Free

To the Student making the Highest Marks during next term.

Will YOU win it?

An up-to-date modern business training with no waste time. Write to-day for new prospectus, terms, etc.

Union Commercial College,
WM. MORAN, Prin.

Pressed Hay WANTED!

We will buy some good bright Timothy Hay.
C. Lyons & Co
Feb. 10th, 1909—21

Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.
Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless.
A. J. FRASER, D. D.
Aug. 15 1906—3m

JOB WORK!

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office, Charlottetown. P. E. Island

- Tickets
- Dodgers
- Posters
- Check Books
- Receipt Books
- Note Heads
- Note Books of Hand
- Letter Heads

Calendar for April, 1909.

MOON'S PHASES. Full Moon 5d. 4h. 28m. p. m. Last Quarter 13d. 10h. 30m. a. m. New Moon 20d. 0h. 51m. a. m. First Quarter 27d. 4h. 36m. a. m.

Table with columns: Day of Week, Sun, Moon, High Water, Low Water. Rows for days of the month.

Lively Times in Parliament

Hon William Pugsley's seat was the storm centre in the Ottawa House of Commons for two hours on the afternoon of the 14th. Scenes of disorder approaching the Foster-Laurier jangle of ten days previously were witnessed.

It was all over the celebrated affidavit made by Garson S. Mayes, dredging contractor of St. John, on the eve of the last election. The affidavit charged that Mr Mayes was induced to dredge at 50c a cubic yard and substitute another tender at 55c, the difference of 5 cents a yard, totalling \$39,700 going to George McAvity, a Liberal politician.

The affidavit was read by Premier Hazen of New Brunswick at a public meeting on October 12th. It also charged that in 1907, Mr Mayes paid certain moneys to Mr Pugsley, but there was an error in date and the affidavit should have read 1906, before Mr Pugsley became a member of the Federal cabinet. This error was immediately corrected and the affidavit re-sworn to.

Dr Daniel attempted to move a resolution calling for an investigation of the McAvity-Mayes transaction and calling on the government to take steps to recover the \$39,700 paid as rake-off to McAvity, but he was met at the very first with objections and the whole time at the disposal of the house was taken up with heated arguments over points of order.

Before the motion to go into supply, on which Dr Daniel rose to move for the enquiry, the more recent matter of Mr Pugsley's connection with the New Brunswick Railway and Coal Company was referred to.

"I would like to ask the first minister a question," said Mr Foster, "in addition to the one I put to him yesterday, and that is, as to whether he has yet received any copies of the report of the New Brunswick commission and if when he receives them he will lay one upon the table of the house, so that it may, if the house thinks proper, be printed for the information of the members of the house."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier replied: "In regard to the latter request of my honorable friend, I do not think we are called upon to lay the document upon the table of the house and to have it printed. I may say that I this morning sent to the library to get a copy of that report and I received it about twelve o'clock."

Hon Mr Pugsley also observed: "May I be allowed to make just one remark: What has been printed is only part of the report. I think the report must mean the evidence and the documents. It is only when these are printed that one can readily understand what the report really is."

Dr Daniel began by declaring that the affidavit of Mr Mayes was on all fours with the charges of Major Hodgins which were referred to a special committee to investigate. Yet the government had not moved to appoint a committee to investigate the Mayes charges.

"Does the hon gentleman assert that there is an affidavit?" asked Mr Pugsley. "Yes," replied Dr Daniel, "I have the affidavit." (Conservative applause.)

Mr Pugsley asked that it be sent over to him. Dr Daniel proceeded to read the affidavit and when he came to the part connecting Mr Pugsley with receiving money from contractor Mayes he explained that there was a mistake in the date, and that this mistake was discovered by Mr Hazen

Get the Most Out of Your Food

You can't get the most out of your food if it is weak. A weak stomach does not digest all that is ordinarily taken into it. It gets tired easily, and what it fails to digest is wasted.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Strengthens and tones the stomach, and the whole digestive system. I have been troubled with dyspepsia for years, and tried every remedy I heard of, but never got anything that gave me relief until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. I cannot praise this medicine too highly for the good it has done me. I always take it in the spring and fall and would not be without it. W. A. Norder, Belleville, Ont.

Mr Pugsley said all he asked was that the affidavit be sworn to and read by Mr Hazen at the St John public meeting be read by Dr Daniel.

Dr Daniel said he was reading the affidavit with the corrected date and re-sworn to.

Mr Pugsley promptly objected. "I desire," he said, "to take objection to the honorable gentleman reading any statement reflecting on myself." (Loud Conservative laughter.) He appealed under the rule invoked by Mr Foster recently.

He was willing that Dr Daniel should read the affidavit as read by Mr Hazen at the St John meeting, as published throughout the press, but he objected to the reading of what purported to be an affidavit made months after the St John meeting.

Dr Sproule supposed that if the document were to end up by making a charge the charge must be supported by evidence outside the house.

"If he desires to make a charge," asserted Mr Pugsley, "he is at liberty to do so and I shall welcome it but he must take the responsibility as a member of the house."

Dr Sproule said he was reading exactly as the affidavit was read by Mr Hazen.

Mr Crockett reminded the minister that he (Crockett) attempted early in the session to read the original Mayes affidavit or quote from it.

Mr Speaker ruled that if Dr Daniel proposed to conclude with a motion asking that certain matters be referred to a committee he had no objection.

That was exactly what Dr Daniel intended. He sent his resolution to Mr Speaker who after reading it said there was no charge against the minister. Mr Foster began an explanation of the affidavit. Among other things Mr Mayes swore that he met Mr Pugsley and that the latter "wanted money."

Mr Pugsley interposed an objection and called for a retraction of the last statement but Mr Foster held that he was only quoting the language of the affidavit.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier had taken no part in the discussion up to this point, but he rose to say that the issue was whether the affidavit should be read. While that point was being discussed it was not allowable to read the affidavit or quote from it. If Dr Daniel would take the responsibility of making a charge the affidavit would be in order.

Dr Daniel was surprised at the attitude of Mr Pugsley. If any honorable gentleman in the house ought to ask for a committee of investigation it was the minister of public works. If the charge could be disproved Mr Pugsley ought to be the first to ask for the investigation.

Mr Haughton Lennox discussed the point of order. The affidavit about to be read by Dr Daniel re-

Constipation

Any irregularity of the bowels is always dangerous, and should be at once attended to and corrected. MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS work on the bowels gently and naturally without weakening the body, but on the contrary, toning it, and they will be preserved in relief and cure the worst cases of constipation.

Mr James King, Cornwall, Ont., writes: "I was troubled with sick headaches, constipation and catarrh of the stomach. I could get nothing to do me any good until I got a trial of Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. They did me more good than anything else I ever tried. I have no headaches or constipation, and the catarrh of the stomach is entirely gone. I feel like a new man, thanks to Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. I used in all about half a dozen trials."

Price 25 cents a trial, 5 for \$1.00, at all dealers or mailed direct by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

It would be just like that why Indian, Longboat, to challenge the plucky little Frenchman and run his head off.

Giving alms with dishonest money will not induce the recording angel to take the giver's account out of the red ink department.

What's in a name? A Maryland man by the name of Hood married a girl by the name of Wink.

The farmer had attended the funerals of his neighbor's wives without protest. When his friend was bereaved a third time he positively refused the invitation. His wife pleaded with him in vain.

"Not a step will I go," he explained. "How would I feel accepting his invitation three times and me without no way of returning his civilities?"

Horsemen, Read This. I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT in my stables for over a year, and consider it the VERY BEST for horse flesh I can get, and would strongly recommend it to all horsemen.

GEORGE HOUGH, Livery Stable, Quebec, 95 to 103, Ann Street.

House-cleaning time is here. House-cleaning is all right; but back yard-cleaning is better, though it is not so common.

Sprained Arm. Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Haggard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

Speaker Marcell may have a single eye to duty; but it is believed that he has an anxious eye to spare for the leader of the house most of the time.

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper. It's all well enough to keep plugging along, but just watch out or don't let yourself turn into a plug.

Muscular Rheumatism. Mr H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price a box 50c."

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians. Nix on the poet's necromancy, Nix on the spring as the time for song; Spring is the time when a young man's fancy Turns to lazing all day long.

PEOPLE SAID SHE HAD CONSUMPTION. Was in Bed for Three Months. Read how Mrs. E. G. Beck, Brookbridge, Ont., was cured (and also her little boy) by the use of DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP.

She writes: "I thought I would write and let you know the benefit I have received through the use of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. A few years ago I was so badly troubled with my lungs people said I had Consumption and that I would not live through the fall. I had two doctors attending me and they were very much alarmed about me. I was in bed three months and when I got up I could not walk, so had to go on my hands and knees for three weeks, and my limbs seemed of no use to me. I gave up all hopes of ever getting better when I happened to see in B. B. Almon's that Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup was good for weak lungs. I thought I would try a bottle and by the time I had used it I was a lot better, so got more and it made a complete cure. My little boy was also troubled with weak lungs and it cured him. I keep it in the house all the time and would not be without it for anything." Price 25 cents at all dealers. Beware of imitations of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine

English Mammoth Late Red Clover

Imported Direct from London, England. Five graduates of the Union Commercial College now hold good positions in Montreal city. Now is your time to prepare. Full particulars on application to Wm. Moran, Prin., Charlottetown.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Mrs. Larter, Proprietress. Will now be conducted on KENT STREET Near Corner of Queen.

Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first-class accommodation at reasonable prices. June 12, 1907.

J. A. Mathieson, K. C., E. A. MacDonald, Jas. D. Stewart. Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart, Newson's Block, Charlottetown, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. P. O. Building, Georgetown.

CARTER & Co., Limited

CHARLOTTETOWN - SEEDSMEN. Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices. WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Fennel and Chandler

Pressed Hay WANTED! We will buy some good bright Timothy Hay. C. Lyons & Co. Feb. 10th, 1909-2i

Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless. A. J. FRASER, D. D. Aug. 15 1906-3m

JOB WORK!

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. Tickets, Dodgers, Posters, Check Books, Receipt Books, Note Heads, Note Books of Hand, Letter Heads.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.

Eureka Grocery, QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

CONSTITUTION

IRREGULARITY OF THE BOWELS. Any irregularity of the bowels is always dangerous, and should be at once attended to and corrected. MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS work on the bowels gently and naturally without weakening the body, but on the contrary, toning it, and they will be preserved in relief and cure the worst cases of constipation.

Mr James King, Cornwall, Ont., writes: "I was troubled with sick headaches, constipation and catarrh of the stomach. I could get nothing to do me any good until I got a trial of Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. They did me more good than anything else I ever tried. I have no headaches or constipation, and the catarrh of the stomach is entirely gone. I feel like a new man, thanks to Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. I used in all about half a dozen trials."

Price 25 cents a trial, 5 for \$1.00, at all dealers or mailed direct by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

It would be just like that why Indian, Longboat, to challenge the plucky little Frenchman and run his head off.

Giving alms with dishonest money will not induce the recording angel to take the giver's account out of the red ink department.

What's in a name? A Maryland man by the name of Hood married a girl by the name of Wink.

The farmer had attended the funerals of his neighbor's wives without protest. When his friend was bereaved a third time he positively refused the invitation. His wife pleaded with him in vain.

"Not a step will I go," he explained. "How would I feel accepting his invitation three times and me without no way of returning his civilities?"

Horsemen, Read This. I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT in my stables for over a year, and consider it the VERY BEST for horse flesh I can get, and would strongly recommend it to all horsemen.

GEORGE HOUGH, Livery Stable, Quebec, 95 to 103, Ann Street.

House-cleaning time is here. House-cleaning is all right; but back yard-cleaning is better, though it is not so common.

Sprained Arm. Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Haggard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

Speaker Marcell may have a single eye to duty; but it is believed that he has an anxious eye to spare for the leader of the house most of the time.

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper. It's all well enough to keep plugging along, but just watch out or don't let yourself turn into a plug.

Muscular Rheumatism. Mr H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price a box 50c."

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians. Nix on the poet's necromancy, Nix on the spring as the time for song; Spring is the time when a young man's fancy Turns to lazing all day long.

PEOPLE SAID SHE HAD CONSUMPTION. Was in Bed for Three Months. Read how Mrs. E. G. Beck, Brookbridge, Ont., was cured (and also her little boy) by the use of DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP.

She writes: "I thought I would write and let you know the benefit I have received through the use of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. A few years ago I was so badly troubled with my lungs people said I had Consumption and that I would not live through the fall. I had two doctors attending me and they were very much alarmed about me. I was in bed three months and when I got up I could not walk, so had to go on my hands and knees for three weeks, and my limbs seemed of no use to me. I gave up all hopes of ever getting better when I happened to see in B. B. Almon's that Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup was good for weak lungs. I thought I would try a bottle and by the time I had used it I was a lot better, so got more and it made a complete cure. My little boy was also troubled with weak lungs and it cured him. I keep it in the house all the time and would not be without it for anything." Price 25 cents at all dealers. Beware of imitations of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine

English Mammoth Late Red Clover

Imported Direct from London, England. Five graduates of the Union Commercial College now hold good positions in Montreal city. Now is your time to prepare. Full particulars on application to Wm. Moran, Prin., Charlottetown.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Mrs. Larter, Proprietress. Will now be conducted on KENT STREET Near Corner of Queen.

Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first-class accommodation at reasonable prices. June 12, 1907.

J. A. Mathieson, K. C., E. A. MacDonald, Jas. D. Stewart. Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart, Newson's Block, Charlottetown, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. P. O. Building, Georgetown.

CARTER & Co., Limited

CHARLOTTETOWN - SEEDSMEN. Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices. WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Fennel and Chandler

Pressed Hay WANTED! We will buy some good bright Timothy Hay. C. Lyons & Co. Feb. 10th, 1909-2i

Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless. A. J. FRASER, D. D. Aug. 15 1906-3m

JOB WORK!

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. Tickets, Dodgers, Posters, Check Books, Receipt Books, Note Heads, Note Books of Hand, Letter Heads.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.

Eureka Grocery, QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

CONSTITUTION

IRREGULARITY OF THE BOWELS. Any irregularity of the bowels is always dangerous, and should be at once attended to and corrected. MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS work on the bowels gently and naturally without weakening the body, but on the contrary, toning it, and they will be preserved in relief and cure the worst cases of constipation.

Mr James King, Cornwall, Ont., writes: "I was troubled with sick headaches, constipation and catarrh of the stomach. I could get nothing to do me any good until I got a trial of Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. They did me more good than anything else I ever tried. I have no headaches or constipation, and the catarrh of the stomach is entirely gone. I feel like a new man, thanks to Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. I used in all about half a dozen trials."

Price 25 cents a trial, 5 for \$1.00, at all dealers or mailed direct by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

It would be just like that why Indian, Longboat, to challenge the plucky little Frenchman and run his head off.

Giving alms with dishonest money will not induce the recording angel to take the giver's account out of the red ink department.

What's in a name? A Maryland man by the name of Hood married a girl by the name of Wink.

The farmer had attended the funerals of his neighbor's wives without protest. When his friend was bereaved a third time he positively refused the invitation. His wife pleaded with him in vain.

"Not a step will I go," he explained. "How would I feel accepting his invitation three times and me without no way of returning his civilities?"

Horsemen, Read This. I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT in my stables for over a year, and consider it the VERY BEST for horse flesh I can get, and would strongly recommend it to all horsemen.

GEORGE HOUGH, Livery Stable, Quebec, 95 to 103, Ann Street.

House-cleaning time is here. House-cleaning is all right; but back yard-cleaning is better, though it is not so common.

Sprained Arm. Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Haggard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

Speaker Marcell may have a single eye to duty; but it is believed that he has an anxious eye to spare for the leader of the house most of the time.

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper. It's all well enough to keep plugging along, but just watch out or don't let yourself turn into a plug.

Muscular Rheumatism. Mr H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price a box 50c."

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians. Nix on the poet's necromancy, Nix on the spring as the time for song; Spring is the time when a young man's fancy Turns to lazing all day long.

PEOPLE SAID SHE HAD CONSUMPTION. Was in Bed for Three Months. Read how Mrs. E. G. Beck, Brookbridge, Ont., was cured (and also her little boy) by the use of DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP.

She writes: "I thought I would write and let you know the benefit I have received through the use of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. A few years ago I was so badly troubled with my lungs people said I had Consumption and that I would not live through the fall. I had two doctors attending me and they were very much alarmed about me. I was in bed three months and when I got up I could not walk, so had to go on my hands and knees for three weeks, and my limbs seemed of no use to me. I gave up all hopes of ever getting better when I happened to see in B. B. Almon's that Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup was good for weak lungs. I thought I would try a bottle and by the time I had used it I was a lot better, so got more and it made a complete cure. My little boy was also troubled with weak lungs and it cured him. I keep it in the house all the time and would not be without it for anything." Price 25 cents at all dealers. Beware of imitations of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine

English Mammoth Late Red Clover

Imported Direct from London, England. Five graduates of the Union Commercial College now hold good positions in Montreal city. Now is your time to prepare. Full particulars on application to Wm. Moran, Prin., Charlottetown.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Mrs. Larter, Proprietress. Will now be conducted on KENT STREET Near Corner of Queen.

Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first-class accommodation at reasonable prices. June 12, 1907.

J. A. Mathieson, K. C., E. A. MacDonald, Jas. D. Stewart. Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart, Newson's Block, Charlottetown, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. P. O. Building, Georgetown.

CARTER & Co., Limited

CHARLOTTETOWN - SEEDSMEN. Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices. WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Fennel and Chandler

Pressed Hay WANTED! We will buy some good bright Timothy Hay. C. Lyons & Co. Feb. 10th, 1909-2i

Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless. A. J. FRASER, D. D. Aug. 15 1906-3m

JOB WORK!

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. Tickets, Dodgers, Posters, Check Books, Receipt Books, Note Heads, Note Books of Hand, Letter Heads.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.

Eureka Grocery, QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

"After taking three bottles of your wonderful medicine, our baby was entirely well and needed no more medicine. At sixteen months of age she weighed thirty pounds. She had cried eight months, night and day, and nothing did her good until we tried Scott's Emulsion."—MRS. E. C. SMITH, Villa Rica, Ga.

Scott's Emulsion

probably saved this child's life. Four doctors had been tried. SCOTT'S EMULSION seemed to be just the thing needed, and it is just the thing needed by thousands of other children. It's so easily digested, so pure and harmless, yet most powerful in building up the most delicate child or adult. But be sure to get SCOTT'S EMULSION, there are so many worthless and harmful imitations.

ALL DRUGGISTS. A full copy of Mrs. Smith's letter and many others of a similar nature, together with some of our valuable literature regarding children, will be sent upon receipt of your address, mentioning this paper.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 128 Wellington St. W. Toronto

The Budget.

(St. John Standard.) Mr. Fielding's budget statement of this year is rendered in a minor key quite unusual with him, and rather dispiriting to the company. It is a story of decreased trade, diminished revenue, increased expenditure, large maturing obligations and rapidly growing debt; an account of struggles with

The Budget.

Everyone interested in Business College work should send for a free copy of the U. C. C. Journal. It contains much valuable information. Address W. Moran, Prin., Charlottetown.

Look behind our prices and you'll see quality and style in overwhelming proportions.—Prowse Bros., Limited. Stanfield's Underclothing. This make of Underclothing is worn by at least half our people in the Maritime Provinces. I am showing it in all weights and sizes. Prices from \$2.00 per suit upwards. H. H. BROWN The young Men's Man.