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The Athens Reporter

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COUNTY OF LEEDS ADVERTISER.

TALK
TO
the people of the
Athens District
through the medium
of the
REPORTER

Vol. XXXI. No. 11

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Wednesday, March 17, 1915

G. F. Donnelley, Publisher

BROCKVILLE'S GREATEST STORE

Visit Our Display of Easter Suits

Navy Serge Suit Yoke front and back of coat. Inset pleat from yoke down, short strap across front and back of coat. Skirt plain with 3 side pleats, trimmed with buttons. Price.....**\$18.00**

Tobacco Brown Suit Figured material Russian coat with belt, satin lined, circular skirt with inset pleat on each side, and double box pleat down back. Price.....**\$18.00**

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We have the nicest range to show we ever had. This season our suits are remarkably low in price but very stylish.

The full skirt and the short coat while buttons and braid are used on both coat and skirt for trimming.

Ladies' New Spring Suits at \$13, \$15, \$18 and \$20

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ATHENS REPORTER OFFICE



The following is the report for the last examinations, and the percentage of the total obtained by each student:

Form III. Sr.
George Leggett 89, Lawrence Leggett 87, Jessie Percival 84, Nellie Leeder 82, Beatrice Dickey 77, Florence Willson 75, Marion Bottomley 72, Amy Coon 71, Gardie'd Dormer 71, Enid Howard 71, Angie Willis 70, Pearl Quigley 69, Justina Carty 69, Ambrose Murphy 68, Margery Moore 67, Mariah Sheffild 67, Constance Harvey 65, Leita Gamble 64, Blanche Wills 64, Eva Topping 63, Ernest Sheffild 62, Nellie Key 61, Hazel Coon 61, George Cowan 60, Olive Angim 60, Mary Sheldon 57, Robert Sheridan 57, Lily Gibson 56, Olive Jackson 53, Opal Purcell 53, Bessie Carty 53, Wm. Glover 51, Maud Hollingsworth 51, Vera Calvert 50, Geraldine Richards 49, Helena Murphy 48, Hibbert Johnston 47, Gerald Seovil 45, Ethel Earl 44, Florence Wills 34.

Form III. Jr.
Ella Dwyro 86, Carmen Pennock 79, Cecil Taber 76, Olive Russell 75, Leonard McConnell 74, Gladys Brown 70, Hazel Davis 70, Zeno Leeder 70, James Leeder 70, Bertha Hollingsworth 68, Leita Gorman 68, Myrtle Willows 67, Lillie Dixie 65, Myrtle Conlin 63, Clifford Johnston 63, Bernice Maude 63, Clarence Rowsome 62, Clifford Kirkland 61, Frances Moore 61, Wellie Heffernan 60, John Leeder 60, Vera Eaton 60, Pearl Jones 60, Edith Mackie 60, Wilfrid Livingston 59, Flossie Spence 59, Ouida Dunham 59, Luella Whitmore 59, Muriel Wilson 57, Anna Keyes 57, Thos. Willis 56, Arlie McIntosh 55, Loretta Leeder 55, Herbert Foster 52, Myrtle Reed 51, Reta Shea 50, S. E. Curtis 47, Talman Robb 45, George Johnston 43, Basil Connerty 34, Hubert Connell 22.

Form II. A.
Rhena Kendrick 86, Florence Rahmer 76, Martha Carl 75, Florence Williams 68, Grace Coon 68, Irene Earl 67, Augusta Purcell 62, Marion Singleton 61, Arnold Loverin 58, Russell Topping 58, Lorne Derbyshire 58, Mabel Murphy 58, Keitha Smith 57, Alice Flemming 55, Gwendolyn Wiltse 54, Vera Hanna 52, Mildred Coon 52, Eleanor Bawden 52, Mary Brown 50, Douglas Johnston 49, Kenneth Roddick 47, Norma Young 46, Gerald Brown 44, Hazel Latimer 41, Delbert Layng 36, Harry Young 32.

Form II. B.
Meril Rahmer 77, Edith Montgomery 75, John Donnelley 73, Robert Taber 72, Leslie Earl 70, Myrtle Price 68, Thelma Craig 66, Cassie Fleming 64, Flossie Heffernan 64, Alice Johnson 63, Gerald Coon 60, Vera Barrington 60, Hobart Johnston 58, Clifford Beach 56, Elmer Landon 56, Ciella Spence 56, Carol Freeland 55, Marv Halladay 54, Eulalie Flood 47, Ethel Wing 46, James Shea 42, Jack Brown 38, Wilfrid Young 38, John Scott 28.

Form I.
Jean Taber 81, Elva Dillon 76, Vernon Baker 76, Harold Percival 76, Philip Halladay 75, Ruth Halladay 72, Jessie Bellamy 72, Lucy Pyne 72, Leonard Howard 70, Surfina Singleton 70, Harold Brown 70, Muriel Stone 70, Homer Meredith 70, Violet Whitmore 70, Alan Swayne 69, Estella Guttridge 69, Ella Hollingsworth 67, Irene Brayman 64, Laura Howard 63, John Claxton 62, James Howard 62, Gwentyth Sprout 62, Myrtle Taber 62, Harold Rowsome 61, Marim Wilson 60, Blanche McKinley 59, Wallace Hollingsworth 59, Marguerite Hall 58, Alpheus Love 58, Clarence LaForte 56, Hibbert Spence 55, Maggie Gibson 54, Wilfrid Fleming 54, Andrew Ferguson 53, Doreen Davis 52, Nelson Cross 49, Ormand Coon 45, Clifford Young 44, Wilfrid Coon 37, Lancelot Murphy 34, Harold Howe 31, Enid Beach 29.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
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HIGH SCHOOL LECTURE

The concluding lecture of the High School series was given in the assembly hall of the school last Thursday evening. The chair was acceptably filled by Mr. Joseph Thompson, and a short musical and literary programme preceded the lecture. Miss Arnold rendered a very pleasing vocal solo, Mrs. Towris a couple of humorous readings, and Miss Bottomley two choice violin solos. Rev. Wm. Usher of this village then delivered a most instructive and interesting address on Jerusalem and Southern Palestine, in the course of which a large number of splendid lantern views were displayed. The address was listened to with keen interest throughout, and the vote of thanks to the speaker, moved by Geo. Cowan and seconded by Wm. Glover, was enthusiastically and heartily given. The school and the audience were much indebted to Mr. Usher for his very able and interesting description of his visit to the Holy Land and for the excellent views which he himself had taken during his trip.

BOX SOCIAL

The Bluebird Mission Circle held a very successful box social last evening in the school room of the Methodist church. The boxes were tastily made and bidding was warm at times. A. M. Lee was auctioneer and filled the position admirably. Mrs. T. S. Kendrick occupied the chair and the following musical and literary numbers were given:

Piano duet—Mrs. Kendrick and Miss Rhena Kendrick.
Gramophone selection.
Recitation—Miss F. Wiltse.
Vocal Solo—Miss Gwen Wiltse.
Piano Solo—Miss M. Rowsome.
Recitation—Miss Keitha Smith.
Vocal Solo—Miss M. Slack.
Gramophone selection.
Vocal Duet—Misses L. Gorman and M. Brown.
Vocal Solo—Thos. Horsefield.
Harmonica Duet—Misses M. Slack and M. Brown.
Rev. George Edwards gave a short address which was well received.

AT REST

At the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Edmund Halladay, on Friday morning last there passed into the Rest of Paradise, Samuel Swayne, one of the early pioneers of this country, at the advanced age of over 95 years.

The deceased was a native of Enniscorthy, County Wexford, Ireland, and came to Canada over half a century ago before steamships were in use, and settled on his farm near Smith's Falls where he resided until about two years ago.

He possessed a remarkably healthy constitution and had the unique experience of never requiring the attendance of a physician. Even at the close of his long life he had no illness, passing away as if asleep. In politics Mr. Swayne was a staunch Conservative; in religion an Anglican, being a member of St. John's church, Smith's Falls from the time of its erection as a parish.

The large concourse of friends and neighbors who attended the funeral service on Sunday afternoon in St. John's church attested their respect for a consistent honorable citizen. Interment was made in the church cemetery. Requisite in pace.

The Rev. W. G. Swayne, rector of Athens and Lansdowne Rear is the only surviving son.

"THE MARCH TO THE BATTLE-FIELDS"

Canada's Men on the Way

The "March to the Battlefields" or Canada's Men on the Way" is the title given a picture that will for many years to come be a highly prized treasure. It is a photographic reproduction showing the 32,000 men of Canada's first contingent breaking camp and on march to join the Continental forces. It shows miles and miles of the white tents and the marching men. It is a most inspiring sight. The size is 20x16 inches, all ready for framing. This picture is sure to be a popular souvenir of the war as far as Canada is concerned, and will be in great demand. It is owned by the Family Herald and Weekly Star, of Montreal, and a copy is being presented to all subscribers to that great national weekly newspaper, The Family Herald, Montreal, whose subscription of one dollar a year is received from this date for a limited period.

WHEN YOU THINK OF WOMEN'S AND MISSES' COATS THINK OF THIS STORE

MODISH Suits of charming design are here in great variety. Practically every fashionable material, every fashionable shade and every new feature is represented in this collection. We want you to examine the tailoring—the finish and the make up of all our garments, from the lowest priced suit to the higher priced models. The same special attention is given to every detail. The military influence is apparent in several models—belted effects—Norfolk Coats—flare and pleated Skirts.

Such sensible well tailored Suits you cannot afford to pass—and the prices are reasonable. Never before have we shown such beautiful Suits for so little money. The models at \$12.00, \$15.00 and \$20.00 deserve special mention. The showing will convince you. Don't delay—Come while the assortment is complete.

C. H. POST

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YOUR EASTER CLOTHES

You'll find our store is just the right place to buy your Easter outfit. We are showing a swell range of models and samples for clothes made to your special measure by the most skilful tailors.

Our new spring ready-to-wear clothes for Men and Boys, are the very latest nice shades of blue and black handsome new patterns of tweed and worsted made in all the new styles and models.

Our Gent's Furnishings are the very latest handsome new spring Shirts, swell range of Easter neckwear, the very latest styles in Men's soft and hard Hats and Caps.

Our prices are very reasonable, always a little lower than in any other store

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M. J. KEHOE

Clerical Suits a Specialty.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON XII.

March 21, 1915—Jonathan and His Armor-bearer.—1 Samuel 14: 1-46. Print 14: 1-13.

Commentary.—I. A bold attack (vs. 1-12). 1. The young man that bare his armor—He was Jonathan's trusted attendant, who proved himself both brave and strong on this occasion. Let us go over to the Philistines' garrison...

2. Between the passages—From the description of the place it is evident there was a valley leading down to the main valley from where Saul was encamped, and one leading up on the other side to where the Philistines were. Between these, in the valley, were the steep rocks of hills mentioned, called Bozez shining, and Seneth thorn.

3. The uncircumcised.—Circumcision was a rite by which the Israelites were set apart as God's peculiar people. The Philistines were designated as uncircumcised, since they were not the Lord's people.

4. We will discover ourselves unto them—They would go to the garrison of the Philistines and would make themselves known to them. 9. If they say thus unto us—Jonathan had no doubt prayed before for guidance, and now he proposed a test by which it would be clearly indicated what course he should pursue in the matter.

11. A great victory (vs. 12-23). 12.—Climbed up immediately to the east of the village of Michmash exists a natural fortress, still called the fort by the peasantry. It is a ridge rising in three rounded knolls above a perpendicular crag, ending in a narrow tongue to the east with cliffs below.

Saul was much moved by the victory which was being achieved over the Philistines, and rashly decreed that no man should taste food that day. He did not consider that his men would be better fitted to pursue the enemy if they should be strengthened by taking food.

PRactical SURVEY. I. Revealed God's power to Israel. II. Revealed Saul's true character. III. Revealed God's power to Israel. This lesson shows what great results may attend individual effort.

II. Revealed Saul's true character. It was a lack of understanding with Saul on the settlement of the kingdom that he might rely on the guidance of God, Samuel's exhortations and instructions emphasized the same.

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FARM GARDEN

HANDLING DAIRY CATTLE.

Dairying can be made a profitable industry, and it can be the source of failure. We need dairying to conserve our soil, to better utilize our labor throughout the year, to turn into profit our low-priced forage crops, and to provide a sure and steady cash income.

Success in dairying depends not only on the cost of feed and the price received for the product, but also on the individuality of the man and of the cows. To be profitable the cow should produce as a daily average for ten months 2 1/2 to three gallons of milk, testing 4 to 5 per cent. fat.

The most profitable ration to feed such a cow would consist of pasture, silage, alfalfa and a carrying amount of mixed grain, consisting of bran, cottonseed meal, and corn, milo or kaffir. Silage is a very valuable feed when pasture is short.

handling the milk, and a shelter for the cows, a good roof with three sides enclosed, is sufficient in our climate. A silo and a good sanitary floor in the milking stable are also essential to the best results.

Cows do not, as a general thing, eat more food than they can properly digest. The more food consumed the more milk produced. The greater the amount of protein in the ration, the larger the milk flow.

The body of the cow is warmed by the food it consumes. If through exposure to cold or rain, the temperature of the body is reduced, more food will be needed to keep up the inside warmth.

Cottonseed meal fed to dairy cows produces hard butterfat. Linsseed meal and gluten produce soft butterfat. Carrots have a feeding value far beyond the nutrient they contain.

Experiments made some years ago show that when whole corn was fed to cows, 22 per cent. was unutilized; when fed to heifers, 10 per cent., and when fed to calves, 6 per cent. Chemical analysis showed no change in composition of the unutilized parts, consequently it is safe to assume that the animal receives no benefit from grain that passes through the digestive tract unaltered.

According to feeding trials with dairy cows, alfalfa can be made to take the place of at least one-half of the grain usually fed. As the nutrients can be produced much more cheaply with alfalfa than with grain, the cost of milk may be considerably reduced by its use.

FARM NEWS AND VIEWS.

A good supply of salt and ashes for hogs should not be neglected. If wood ashes are available, the hogs should have all they will eat. When not convenient to feed ashes, charcoal is a good substitute, and even soft coal will be eaten for want of something better.

If one horse will pull and the other will not, it is advised to hitch the

balky horse's inside trace across the tongue to the inner end of the other horse's single-tree, then hitch the horse's inside trace across tongue to inner end of balker's single-tree. The balky horse will be forced to pull.

Salt is about as necessary to the system of sheep as food. Sheep are best judges of how much salt they need, hence it should be placed where they can reach it at all times. The old-time way of regularly salting them is all right, but it is better to give them access to it at will.

Not infrequently valuable trees are killed or seriously injured by using them for anchors, for guy wires, or for clothesline posts. If a tree is to be used for this purpose only temporarily, several blocks of inch board two inches wide should be placed around the trees, over which the wire may pass.

By selecting a good herd bull, of some particular breed and giving careful attention to the raising of calves, one can start with common-grade cattle and in a few years' time build up a good herd of either beef or dairy type, whichever is aimed at.

It has been asserted by some dairymen that the feeding of crushed oats to cows will improve the flavor of milk. To ascertain the correctness of this theory a series of experiments was made by the Bureau of Animal Industry of the United States Department of Agriculture at the experimental dairy farm at Beltsville, Md.

Six cows were used in the experiment; three were fed a grain ration of cornmeal, bran and cottonseed meal; the other three were fed a grain mixture of five parts crushed oats and one part cottonseed meal. A number of samples of milk from the cows fed these rations were submitted to various persons in the dairy division and they were asked to indicate their preference. In all 50 opinions were passed on various samples. Of these 15 showed a preference for the milk from cows fed on crushed oats, 25 preferred that from the bran and corn rations, while 9 expressed no choice.

Two people's ideas may be an improvement on those of one. Canada's future depends upon our actions of to-day. In serving the Empire we are serving ourselves. Markets are not created, won and held in a day. Now is the time to prove ourselves the granary of the Empire.

CARDINAL FACTS

Everybody can do a little. Every man should do what he can. Every woman should do what she can.

Improved production means increased production. Two people's ideas may be an improvement on those of one.

Canada's future depends upon our actions of to-day. In serving the Empire we are serving ourselves.

Markets are not created, won and held in a day. Now is the time to prove ourselves the granary of the Empire.

We have the soil, we have the resources, we must have the energy to use them to the greatest advantage. As we acquit ourselves at this crisis, so will be our prosperity and price in the years to come.

Europe engaged in war the larger sections decimated, other countries, and especially those forming the British Empire, will have to make up huge deficiencies, both in foodstuffs and raw material.

Great Britain imported 51,758,915 bushels of wheat from Canada in 1913. She imported 80,013,375 bushels from the United States. She also imported 12,789,969 bushels from Russia and Central Europe.

Great Britain imported 24,148,833 bushels of barley in 1913 from Russia, Roumania, Turkey, Germany and Austria. From Canada she took 5,977,533 bushels, or less than a fourth.

Great Britain took 22,451,653 bushels of oats from Germany, Russia and Roumania in 1913, of which one-half was from her bitterest and most savage enemy of to-day.

Great Britain imported 185,125,000 bushels of wheat from August 1, 1912, to July 31, 1913. Russia exported 163,127,000 bushels and Roumania 45,543,600 bushels in the same time. How far is Canada going to help to make up the deficiency?

Great Britain imported from August 1, 1913 to July 31, 1914, 54,207,600 bushels of oats. Russia exported 45,543,600 bushels, Germany 25,077,000, and Roumania 17,195,000 bushels. Who is going to make up this deficiency of 77,000,000 bushels?

MARKET REPORTS

TORONTO MARKETS.

Table with columns for 'FARMERS' MARKET' and 'SUGAR MARKET'. Lists various agricultural products and their prices.

Table with columns for 'WHOLESALE MEATS'. Lists various types of meat and their prices.

Table with columns for 'LIVE STOCK'. Lists various types of livestock and their prices.

Table with columns for 'OTHER MARKETS'. Lists various market reports and prices.

Table with columns for 'WINNIPEG GRAIN OPTIONS'. Lists grain options and their prices.

Table with columns for 'MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET'. Lists grain market prices.

Table with columns for 'DULUTH GRAIN MARKET'. Lists grain market prices.

Table with columns for 'GLASGOW CATTLE MARKET'. Lists cattle market prices.

Table with columns for 'CHICAGO LIVE STOCK'. Lists live stock market prices.

Table with columns for 'BUFFALO LIVE STOCK'. Lists live stock market prices.

For You—a wonderful Book on Farm Drainage—FREE!

Do you know you can take as much crop off 100 acres properly drained as you can off 200 acres not drained and save half the labor? It's a fact. Do you know that proper, intensive drainage assists pulverization—lengthens the season—prevents surface washing—makes your land lighter to work—prevents drought and increases the quantity and improves the quality of your crops?

Why not have us send you, today, free of charge, a very interesting booklet on this subject? Much to be learned—nothing to pay. Don't neglect anything that will help you grow better, bigger crops. Proper drainage means as much as two dollars in your bank account for every one that goes there now, and the Government lends you money for the tile if desired.

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CLEANS AND DISINFECTS
100% PURE

TRUE TO HIS RACE

CHAPTER XXXV.

Meanwhile Lord Wellrose went down to the drawing room to welcome his parents. But he had to wait a few moments for the duke and duchess, who had gone to their dressing rooms to change their travelling suits. At length they both entered together. And after an affectionate greeting, they sat down, and the duchess said: "Your letter surprised us very much, Wellrose."

"We set off at once, to know what was the matter," added the duke.

"Heavens, Wellrose! how your face changes! What can have happened?"

"Out with your bad news at once! It will not improve by keeping," said the duke, uneasily.

"There is no bad news, father, although there is something to tell that will startle you very much."

"Tell it, then."

"First let me offer my mother a glass of wine and a biscuit," said the earl, and he rang and gave the order. After the refreshments had been brought and tasted, the duchess said: "For mercy's sake, my son, do not keep us longer in suspense."

"No, do not," added the duke.

"Then read this document, my father, and see if you recognize this little relic of my mother," said the earl, as he drew a small parcel from his bosom, and placed Dr. Seton's confession in the duke's hand, and the little embroidered sock on the duchess's lap.

The duke unfolded the paper and began to read.

The duchess picked up the little sock, looked at it, and, with a half-suppressed cry, turned her eyes on Wellrose.

Her color came and went; she trembled much; she could scarcely articulate the question:

"Where did you find it?"

"Folded in the document that my father is reading," replied the earl, in a low tone.

"She rose, pale and trembling, and stood behind the duke's sofa, and leaned over his shoulder to look at the document. His face was as pale as hers. His eyes seemed starting from their sockets, as they followed the lines of that written confession. But, considering his wife's approach, without taking his eyes from the paper, he put out his hand and drew her to a seat by his side, wound his arm protectively around her, and let her read as she did.

Their faces paled and paled as they read. Sometimes her head dropped upon his shoulder, and a great heaving sob convulsed her bosom. And then his arm closed tight around her; but his eyes never left following the lines of that paper until he had read it to its close. Then he turned toward his wife, and their eyes met in grief and horror.

The duchess found her voice first: "Oh, my son! my son! my first-born! my best beloved! Oh, my innocent! my holiest! what has become of you? What has been your fate?" she cried, wringing her hands in an anguish too deep for tears.

The Earl of Wellrose, who had been standing pale and silent before them, now dropped on one knee beside her, saying:

"Dear mother, be comforted. Your son, my brother lives."

"Lives!" echoed the parents, in a breath.

"Yes, lives! Be assured of it, for I know it!"

"Lives!" said the duke again. "Ay, but his life may be worse than death."

"Not so," said the earl, hastily. "He has won honor in the service of his country. He was foremost in the glorious charge at Inkerman. His hand placed his regimental colors on the walls of Sebastopol. And though he has returned wounded and ill, he will yet do well."

They listened to him with breathless interest. Suddenly the duchess caught his arm, strained her eyes into his, and murmured hoarsely:

was certainly legal in the last-mentioned country, though not in the first. The son of that first marriage would certainly be the lawful heir of all his father's and his mother's estates in Scotland."

"Most assuredly," put in Lord Wellrose.

"But not in England," continued the duke. "And, although he is even now master of Seton, and will be, after his mother, Baron of Lintilhagh, he cannot possibly become, after me, the Duke of Cheviot. This title, with all its appendages, in England, will be the inheritance of yourself, Wellrose, as the sole son of the second marriage, which was legal everywhere," said the duke.

"And yet, father, in strict justice, if not in law, my elder brother should have been heir to all."

"In strict justice, yes," admitted the duke.

"Then, I repeat, my brother shall have strict justice. It can be managed. A petition to the House of Lords would surely get a decree constituting that first marriage legal in England, as it is in Scotland, and making my elder brother the heir to all your titles and estates in both countries. Such decrees, under such justifiable circumstances, have been granted heretofore, and will be hereafter," urged the earl.

"I am, of course, aware of that, Wellrose. But you, my son—you who yourself have been brought up to consider yourself the heir?" said the duke with tears in his eyes.

"I repeat that I must not be thought of in this matter. I have held my brother's birthright long enough. I must hold it no longer. Besides, I can make my own place in the world, dear father."

"Heaven bless you, my boy; you have a noble heart," said the duke.

"Kinlock is here, father. Would you like to see him?"

"Yes, I should. I should like to hear from his own lips further details of this discovery."

"Then I will send him here to talk with you, while I go up to my brother's room and break the news to him."

And the earl kissed his mother's hand and left the room.

He found Dr. Kinlock pacing up and down the hall.

"Have you seen my brother lately?"

Lord Wellrose.

"I have just left him," answered the doctor.

"He is awake, then?"

"Oh, yes, awake and much refreshed."

"Then I will go to him. The hour for the revelation has come. Go you, dear doctor, and tell them they are in the big drawing room waiting for you," said the earl, as he bowed and passed up the stairs.

He found Benjamin still reclining on his sofa, but looking brighter and stronger from his sleep.

The earl sat down beside the invalid, took his hand in his own, and, while he held it, said:

"My father and mother are here for a few days. They wish to see you, Benjamin, as soon as you are strong enough to see them."

"It is very kind of their graces. I thank them very much. I hope they are well," replied Benny.

"They are very well. They both take a great interest in you. Douglas, they feel sure that you must be a near relative of the family."

Benny lifted his eyes enquiringly to the face of the earl. He seemed to think that there was something to be told.

"And I, Douglas, have told you often that I feel convinced you are very nearly related to us."

"Indeed I hope it may be so. I would like to be your cousin, Lord Wellrose."

"You may be even nearer kin to me than that. Very singular, your exact resemblance to myself and your earliest garments marked with the crest of my mother's family."

Benjamin, enquiringly into the face of his brother.

"Would it surprise you much to find out for a certainty that you are very nearly related to us indeed?" enquired the earl, looking wistfully into the clear eyes that were returned to his. Benny's color came and went; he breathed fast, but faltered forth the words:

"No; I do not think it would."

"Then, my dear Douglas, read this paper," said the earl, placing in his hand the written confession of Dr. Seton, watching him closely.

As Benny read, his face paled and he gasped alternately. And when he finished the paper slip from his hand, and he lifted his hands and laid them over his face.

"Douglas! Douglas! my brother!" murmured the earl, anxiously bending over him.

"My brother!" echoed Benny in a tone of infinite tenderness, as he uncared forly took the hand of the earl and pressed it to his heart.

"This has startled you very much, Benjamin," said the earl.

"Yes, yes; and yet it should not have done so. My heart told me the truth long ago, long ago!—that night when, at Brunswick terrace, in Brighton, I knelt at her feet to offer her the crown of Christmas roses, and burst into tears, I know not why; and that day in the Middlesex Hospital, when her tears fell upon my sleeping face, and I tried to wake in vain, my heart told me the truth. But I did not understand its language," said Benny in strong emotion.

"But now you do. And now you know you have a father, and, above all, a mother, and a brother, and many fair sisters. Your mother, our mother, longs to see you, Benjamin, just as soon as you are strong enough to receive her."

"Oh! now! now! let me look upon her lovely and gracious face again! It has never left my memory since that bright day at Brunswick terrace," he said, as again his color came and went in quick successions of flush and pallor.

The earl pressed the invalid's hand, and arose to leave the room; but, at a strange gurgling sound from the direction of the sofa, he turned.

Then he uttered an exclamation of horror, unspeakable.

Benny had fallen back, white as death, and his bosom and pillow were crimsoned with his blood.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

Lord Wellrose had great presence of mind. He laid the fainting form flat

"Catarrhazone" Prevents Bad Colds Strengthens Weak Irritable Throats

zone goes right to the spot—acts quickly, cures thoroughly catarrh, bronchitis and all throat affections.

"Nothing could kill a cold so fast as Catarrhazone," writes Amey E. Snelling, from St. Johns. "Last month I had a frightful cold in my head, suffered from itching nose, running eyes and torturing headache. Ten minutes with 'Catarrhazone' inhaler gave relief and in one hour I was well of my cold. Catarrhazone I consider a marvel."

Carry "Catarrhazone" inhaler in your pocket or purse—take it to church—to the theatre—to work—use it in bed. It prevents and cures all manner of nose and throat troubles. Complete outfit, guaranteed \$1.00; small size, 50c.; sample size, 25c.; at dealers everywhere.

DEVILED SHIRTS.

When Dumas Really Thought He Had Started a New Fashion.

Alexandre Dumas, the famous French romancier, was as recklessly extravagant as he was abnormally stout, and more than once found himself in awkward straits. Indeed, he was often enough without the commonest necessities, even of dress, as when anxious to attend an ambassador's reception he discovered he was without a single clean shirt among his linen. A friend, who chanced to be with him at the time, volunteered to go and buy one, to find that none of the shops had in stock a garment sufficiently large to encircle the novelist's generous girth of neck and chest.

At last, when on the point of relinquishing his search, Dumas' friend came upon a shop where a shirt called "the recruit" was advertised. The name struck him as being one of good omen, and he entered. But, alas, they had nothing approaching the size required, unless, indeed, their customer would care to take one made to order of a very corpulent Quartier Latin student, by whom it had been left on their hands. Although covered with little red devils, the student, in red, it was a case of Hobson's choice, so the shirt was purchased and taken home to Dumas, who, doubtless entering into the humor of the situation, resolved to wear it at the reception.

"You would hardly believe it," he said afterward, "but my costume was an immense success, and I really think I have started the fashion of deviled shirts for evening wear."—London Tit-Bits.

EVER FEEL "DOPE" AFTER MEALS?

At times we all feel dull and heavy. Just one thing to do—relax the bowels and cleanse the system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Unclean matter is flushed out, the liver is toned, blood is purified, and at once you feel better. Good health and jovial spirits are quickly found in this celebrated medicine. Enormous benefits follow the use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills in every case; they are very mild, very prompt and guaranteed by the makers. Insist on getting Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25 cents per box everywhere.

GIANT GUNS WEAK POINTS

"Shells can play more odd tricks on a battlefield than the fires of heaven ever did during a storm. After the French three-inch rapid-firing gun, the most interesting as well as probably the most discussed weapon used by civilized men to know into kingdom come, their equally civilized brothers, is the 420-millimeter (about 17 inches) mortar used by the Germans and built by Krupp—in the utmost secrecy. It was said, and it has since been verified at Maubeuge, that the concrete foundations from which these mortars can only be fired had been prepared for years by representatives of the German military authorities in various spots near the fortified cities of Belgium and France. Such representatives were generally welcomed into those countries as managers, or proprietors of various factories.

"The 420-millimeter mortar is the John L. Sullivan of the present war. Big, husky, formidable, if its punch lands you're a dead man; but it is slow, and while it is figuring where it will place its blow, wiry, alert 'Jim' Corbett—under the circumstances, the French three-inch gun—smashes him once, twice, three times just above the belt, and John L. is knocked out."

"Two of these big fellows were met by the writer on the way from Soissons to St. Quentin not long ago. They had been put out of business and lay sady on the side of the road, their breach blown off by the owners, evidently. Dragged all the way from France, suffering near the Belgium frontier, which had been conquered through the very weight of their shells, and meaning to carry on their work up to the very fortifications of Paris, the two monsters had foundered ignominiously in the road leading to Soissons, these having been transformed by two days' rain into a second Everglades. A company of French sharpshooters, specially selected for this occasion had three times successively within a day, killed the 40 horses needed to drag each piece, and finally a battery of three-inch rapid-firers, quickly placed in position on a small hill in front of Soissons and two and one-half miles away, had, in about 20 shots, knocked to splinters their underpinning.

"In the opinion of military authorities, French included, not a fortified town, fortress or protective work of any sort or description can exist any length of time under the fire of these German monsters. It is said their

Encouraging.

Young Man—So Miss Ethel is your eldest sister. Who comes after her?
Small Brother—Nobody ain't come yet, but she says the first fellow that comes has to have her.

THE BANK GRAVEYARD.

It is not generally known that the Bank of England, "the Old Lady of Threadneedle street," contains within its walls a graveyard. The Gordon riots in 1780, during which the bank was attacked by a mob, called attention to the necessity for strengthening its defences. Competent authorities advised that an adjoining church, having the peculiar name of St. Christopher-le-Stocks, was in a military sense a source of danger, and an act of Parliament was passed to enable the directors to purchase the church and its appurtenances. This, now tastefully laid out, is called the "bank garden." It is the largest lime tree in London.—London Standard.

HOW TO CURE RHEUMATISM

The Disease is Always Rooted in the Blood, Which Must Be Made Rich and Pure.

There are still many people who imagine that rheumatism can be cured by liniments and rubbing, overlooking the medical fact that the trouble is rooted in the blood. Rheumatism can only be cured by cleansing and enriching the blood, thus drying out of the system the poisonous acids which cause the rheumatic pains. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure the most obstinate cases of rheumatism because they go straight to the root of the trouble in the blood. Every dose helps to make rich, red blood, and this new blood expels the poisonous acid bringing health and comfort to the tortured victim. Do not waste time and money in liniments and outward applications. Give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial and thus drive the disease out of your system. Here is proof of what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can do in cases of this kind. Mr. Richard Palmer, Wroster, Ont., says: "For months my life was made miserable through a combined attack of rheumatism and sciatica. The rheumatism seemed to settle in all my joints and the sciatica pains were so great that I could scarcely hobble about. I am a farmer and so you can understand that in my condition I was unable to do my ordinary work. Neither doctors nor various remedies I took did me any good. Finally I was induced to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and for this I have much to be thankful for, as after taking a few boxes the pains began to disappear, and by the time I had taken nine boxes every twinge of both the rheumatism and the sciatica had disappeared and I was able to go to work again as usual, and have not lost a day through illness since. I am thoroughly grateful for what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for me and hope my experience will benefit some other sufferer."

It is the curing of just such cases as these that has given Dr. Williams' Pink Pills their world-wide popularity. You can get the Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ACHING BONES AND SORE JOINTS CURED! ALL RHEUMATIC TENDENCIES DESTROYED!

Away Go the Crutches, Every Sufferer Made Well Quickly.

Old age is usually afflicted with rheumatism. Very few past fifty escape its tortures.

Many it bends and deforms. Upon the countenance of others it marks the effects of its awful poisoning. Nerviline will cure rheumatism. It takes the pain out of throbbing muscles and swollen joints. It untwists knarled knuckles. It does this quickly and surely.

Nerviline is not used internally. You just rub it on—lots of hard rubbing is required for a minute or two, and then you feel Nerviline penetrat-

ing through the tissues, you feel it drawing out the congestion, feel it sink in deeper and deeper till at last it touches the core of the joint or the heart of the muscle affected.

You won't stay in pain with Nerviline—no one ever does. Just try it—you will be amazed at its magical power over pain, a power it gets from the extracts and juices of certain rare herbs and roots it contains. It's harmless—any child can use Nerviline, can rub it on for a sore throat, for a bad cold, or stiff neck, or earache. No family remedy half so useful.

The large 50 cent bottle is the most economical; trial size 25 cents. All dealers, or the Catarrhazone Co., Kingston.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher...

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

COLLEGE

To the Athens Young Man or Young Woman who this winter is out of work or working where there are slim chances of advancement, we recommend a term at our Business College.

To the Young Man on the farm who would like to improve himself, we recommend our cheap winter course.

To the Young People who would like to get Government appointments we recommend our Civil Service Courses.

New 1915 Term now opening. Send for rates.

Brockville Business College

BROCKVILLE — ONTARIO

W. T. ROGERS, PRINCIPAL

Paints

This is the time to begin painting, or at any rate to prepare for it. We carry a full line of Sherwin-Williams Paints and Varnishes.

Hardware

Our stock of Hardware is very complete and you can get as good bargains at this store as you can at the large city stores and our goods are not old goods.

See our stock of

Silverware and Cutlery

The best goods and the best values obtainable. An inspection of our stock is earnestly requested. Do not wait. Give us a call at your earliest convenience.

E. J. PURCELL

GERMANS LOST 10,000 FOUR STEAMERS SUNK

British Have Won a Complete Victory at Neuve Chapelle.

British War Office Says Counter-Attacks Delivered by the Enemy on Saturday Were All Repulsed and Prisoners Up to the Present Are Over 1,700—Germans Rushing Up Reinforcements to Scene.

LONDON, March 15.—The War Office last night made the following announcement, presumably with reference to the operations at Neuve Chapelle, near Lille:

A heavy counter-attack delivered by the enemy Saturday afternoon and several minor counter-attacks earlier in the day all were repulsed. "Judging by observations on various positions of the field of battle and by statements of prisoners, of whom there are now 1,720, the enemy's losses must have been very heavy, and cannot have fallen far short of ten thousand men within three days."

"A train at the Don station was blown up by our aircraft Sunday morning." Gen. Sir John French, commander-in-chief of the British forces on the continent, sent the following despatch to the War Office on Saturday:

"A little further progress in the war was made to-day (Saturday) by the Seventh Division in the direction of Aubert. The fighting has been very severe, as the enemy was strongly reinforced this morning, opposite my right, by at least two divisions. We captured 612 prisoners, however, and I hear there are more to come in."

"Our air craft have been very active, and the railroad junctions at Don and Dour have been destroyed."

The following official statement regarding the Lille operations was issued by the War Office last night: "The British air squadron has effectively bombarded Westende. "The success gained by the British armies at Neuve Chapelle proves to have been absolutely complete. They advanced on a front of about three kilometers (about two miles), with a depth of from twelve hundred to fifteen hundred metres, capturing successively three lines of trenches and a fortified work to the south of Neuve Chapelle. Counter-attacks delivered by the Germans with great violence were repulsed."

"The enemy suffered great losses, and left in the hands of our allies prisoners to a number considerably greater than at first reported. "The British heavy and field artillery very effectively prepared the way for and supported the vigorous action of the infantry."

A Rotterdam despatch says that information received here from the frontier indicates that the British success at La Bassée has thrown the whole German right wing into a remarkable state of activity. Men are being hurried from all the garrisons in the rear of the line and some from the coast towns to stop the advance of the British.

Official advices from the front, describing the occupation of Vauquois, in the Argonne region, by the French, say: "After several days' desperate fighting the French troops took possession of the plateau and half the village of Vauquois, on the eastern outskirts of the Argonne, and have been able to prevent the Germans from making use of this important strategic position to their own advantage."

WORST IN THE WAR?

Fight at Reich Ackerkopf Was a Desperate Struggle.

GENEVA, March 15.—(Via Paris.) Details received here of the engagement fought between the French and Germans for the possession of the heights at Reich Ackerkopf stamp it as one of the most sanguinary of the war in Alsace. Many regiments were used on both sides, and they frequently were reinforced.

"Gen. Dehning personally directed three German counter-attacks against the crest of a hill which had been captured by French Chasseurs and Alpine troops. "According to reports no quarter was given and none was asked. Few shots were fired, for most of the work was done with the bayonet. The Germans, it is said, after four repulses retired to Muehlbach, leaving 900 dead and three times that many wounded. Grim bravery was shown by the troops on both sides."

"The success reported by the French gives them a position commanding two valleys for their artillery."

CANADIAN CASUALTIES.

OTTAWA, March 15.—The following list of casualties among members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force were announced by the Militia Department last night: Princess Patricia's—Died of wounds, Corp. S. W. Burns, Ottawa. Missing, Pte. James Tobar, Peterboro, Eng.; Pte. Thomas B. Haddock, Beadle, Sask. Wounded, Lt.-Corp. Thos. Michaud, Quebec.

Second Battalion—Slightly wounded, Pte. Oscar G. Hillon, Catarqui, Ont.; Pte. J. Warrington, Falmouth, Eng.

Fifth Battalion—Death, Pte. Herbert G. Travis, St. Paul, Minn.

Tenth Battalion—Wounded, Pte. Percy V. Sutton, Hartlepool, Eng. No. 1 Stationary Hospital—Seriously ill, Pte. A. E. Andrews, Montreal.

Second Brigade, C.F.A.—Accidentally killed, Gunner H. A. Paddon, St. John's, Nfld.

Sixth Brigade, C.F.A.—Death, Gunner Leslie Johnson, Richmond, Que.

The Journal announces that Glenn H. Curtis and three other American aviators have arrived at Pau, to serve with the French army during the war.

Fate of Several Other British Craft Is Still in Doubt.

German Submarines Have Torpedoed and Sent to the Bottom the Indian City, the Invergyle, the Auguste Concell, and the Swedish Steamer Hanna—Loss of Life Is Small—Depredations Visible from Shore.

LONDON, March 15.—Activity of German submarines within the past few days is admitted in a British Admiralty report last night. At least four vessels are known to have been sunk, while the fate of several others attacked is in doubt. Few lives were lost. The record is:

Torpedoed and sunk: Steamer Indian City, of Glasgow, 2,921 tons, off Scilly Islands, on March 12; the vessel had a cotton cargo and was bound from Galveston to Havre; crew safe.

British collier Invergyle, of Glasgow, 1,141 tons, off Cresswell, Eng., on March 13; crew safe.

French steamer Auguste Concell, 1,852 tons, off southern end of Devon, on March 11; the vessel was bound from Cardiff to Rouen with a coal cargo; crew safe.

Swedish steamer Hanna, off Scarborough; six lives lost.

Torpedoed, probably lost: British steamer Florazan, on March 11, while crossing English Channel from Havre; one of crew reported drowned; vessel was set on fire, and was probably lost.

British steamer Andalusian, off Scilly Islands, on March 2; crew safe. Steamer Hartdale, reported sunk off South Lock, in the Irish Channel, with a loss of two lives.

The steamer Adonwen was towed into Cherbourg after being torpedoed in the English Channel on March 11. A Bordeaux despatch, via Paris, says the steamer Auguste Concell, from Cardiff for Rouen, with a cargo of coal, was torpedoed by a submarine off the Start Point, near the southern extremity of Devon, Eng., on Thursday afternoon. The crew of 28 men are reported to have been saved by a Danish steamer and taken to Falmouth.

An eye-witness of the torpedoing of the British steamers Indian City and Headlands, off the Scilly Islands, says:

"About eight o'clock Friday morning a German submarine torpedoed the steamer Indian City, off Biddeford, within sight of Highton, on St. Mary's Island. The submarine remained in the vicinity about an hour, and was an object of keen interest to the islanders, who watched developments as the crew of the steamer rowed their boats toward the shore."

"After evading the patrol boats the submarine sighted the City Headlands of Hartlepool and went in pursuit of the ship. The chase was brief. The German easily overtook the steamer when seven miles had been covered. Both vessels were seen to be constantly turning and manoeuvring as a result of the merchantman's attempts to escape destruction. Finally the steamer stopped and a large quantity of steam was seen escaping from her safety valves. Then it was noticed that preparations were being made to leave the steamer and a few minutes later the crew was observed in a lifeboat pulling away."

The Headlands was then destroyed. The crew of the British steamer Florazan, which was torpedoed at the mouth of the Bristol Channel, March 11, arrived here yesterday. The men say that their cargo of cotton had been discharged at Havre and the steamer was crossing the channel to England. No submarine had been seen.

The Admiralty last night issued a report giving the total number of British merchant and fishing vessels lost through hostile action from the outbreak of the war to March 10. The statement says that during that period 38 merchant vessels were sunk or captured. Of these 54 were victims of the hostile cruisers, 12 were destroyed by mines and 22 by submarines. The gross tonnage totaled 239,945.

In the same period the total arrivals and sailings of overseas steamers of all nationalities, of over 300 tons net were 4,745.

Forty-seven fishing vessels were sunk or captured during this time. Nineteen of these were blown up by mines and 28 were captured by hostile craft. Twenty-four of these captured were caught on Aug. 26 when, it is understood, the Germans raided a fishing fleet.

Thanks For Relief. OTTAWA, March 15.—The Government is receiving the warmest expressions of appreciation and gratitude for supplies that have been voluntarily sent by the Federal and Provincial Governments and the people of the Dominion for the relief of distress in the United Kingdom.

These supplies included the flour sent by the Dominion Government and the Province of Ontario, the cheese sent by Quebec, potatoes from the Maritime Provinces and vegetables, fruit, etc., from all parts of the country.

They were divided among relief committees in various countries of both Great Britain and Ireland. The Belgian refugees in England also benefited.

Alderman Sues Official. EDMONTON, March 15.—Writs were issued here Saturday in the Supreme Court in an action brought by Ald. Joseph Clarke, against the City of Edmonton, Chief of Police Hill, ex-Commissioner Booth, Superintendent of Telephone Cadwell, Chief of Detectives Haddock and former Chief Kroning.

The actions arise out of the recent trial and acquittal of the alderman on charges of conspiracy to bring criminals into the city for the purpose of safe-blowing. Clarke asks damages amounting to \$72,000.

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

TUESDAY. Montreal's City Council yesterday afternoon passed a by-law as follows: "No person shall use any lamps other than electric lamps when looking for gas leaks."

William Snider, ex-mayor of Waterloo, died in Berlin Saturday evening, after an illness of two months, in his 69th year. He was proprietor of the Waterloo Flour Mill.

M. Mahoney, a farmer near Moose Jaw, has been notified by the Admiralty that his 16-year-old brother, Patrick, has been killed in action, where and on what ship is not stated.

The British Admiralty announces that out of a total of 1,613 ships arriving at and 1,432 leaving Great Britain during the period from Feb. 18 to March 3, only seven were torpedoed by hostile submarines.

James Brock, one of the oldest residents of Highland Point, near Penetanguishene, died suddenly yesterday from an attack of heart failure. He was driving a team of horses on his way to town when he fell dead.

The Amsterdam Telegraph's Tirmont, Belgium, correspondent confirms the report of the destruction there last Thursday of Zeppelin airship L-8, which was forced to make a hurried descent owing to a derangement of its motors.

Announcement was made in the British Parliament yesterday that Germans under 17 and over 55, and Austro-Hungarians under 18 and over 50 are now permitted to return to their respective countries under arrangements just made.

Albert Gerow, a well-known horseman of Belleville died suddenly yesterday morning from an acute attack of indigestion.

George Stephens, of Apsley, will receive \$60 bounty for killing four gray timber wolves this season. The heads have been forwarded to the department at Toronto.

Sixteen persons were killed outright and seventy others, mostly Germans, were seriously injured, in a terrific explosion in the Pyrotechnic arsenal in Antwerp on Monday.

Attorneys for Harry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White, yesterday failed to get testimony concerning his sanity into the record of his trial for conspiring to escape from Matteawan.

Thaw, a suburb of Berlin, has voted to issue potato tickets similar to the bread tickets recently introduced in all cities in Germany. The allowance is 22 pounds per capita per week.

The Prussian Diet accepted the budget on third reading yesterday, says a Reuter message from Berlin. The Socialists members voted against the measure, and the Poles and Danes refrained from voting.

Three streets in the war-ridden Belgian city of Louvain are to be named "President Wilson," "General George Washington," and "American Nation," out of gratitude for relief furnished the starving Belgians by America.

THURSDAY. Mrs. Augustine Birrell, wife of the Chief Secretary for Ireland, died yesterday.

Flight Sub-Lieut. Shepherd of the royal navy fell into the sea with a biplane yesterday while scouting off Eastbourne. He was killed.

A new Zeppelin, which is now being given trials over Lake Constance, will be the ninth to leave Friedrichshafen since the war began.

Rev. Dr. Flint, of New York, formerly of Uxbridge, Ont., has been offered the principalship of Wesley Theological College, Winnipeg.

The Overseas News Agency announces that Russia has accepted the German proposal for an exchange of prisoners who are physically unfit for further military service.

It was learned yesterday that in view of the demand for work in New Ontario the Government this year will employ men from that district, in almost all instances, to serve as fire-rangers.

The crew of the American steamer Dacia, recently transferred from German register and seized by a French warship and taken into Brest, have been ordered home by the French Government.

Maj.-Gen. Sir Francis Lloyd, commanding the London (Eng.) district, has issued orders forbidding officers in uniform to visit night clubs, where many young officers have recently been victimized.

Herr Geithner, a Socialist member of the Sax-Coburg Diet and editor of the Gotha Volksblatt, has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment for commenting sarcastically upon Emperor William's statement that he no longer knew parties but only Germans.

FRIDAY. John N. Gibb, a prominent contractor of Wallaceburg, died Wednesday night, after a short illness of pneumonia.

A bomb was found yesterday afternoon in the office of the State Workmen's Compensation Committee in New York City.

With an impressive military ceremony Lieut.-Col. Wood opened the New Brunswick Legislature at Fredericton, yesterday.

Frank Schwoob charged with issuing fraudulent checks, pleaded guilty yesterday in Berlin, Ont., on three different counts and was sentenced to three years in the provincial prison.

The severed head of a man found in a sewer in Brooklyn, N.Y., yesterday was identified through dental work as that of Rufus A. Dunham, a collector who disappeared late last year.

Several men were reported killed and many others wounded in a riot

yesterday at Blythe Junction, in the California desert. The rioters took possession of the railroad building and cut the telegraph wires.

Authority was received yesterday at Montreal for the mobilization of the French-Canadian stationary hospital, under Lt.-Col. A. E. Mignault. This will be the only purely French-Canadian hospital at the front.

SATURDAY. The date for the elevation of Galt to the status of a city has been changed from March 15 to June 1.

Nicholas Ecker, aged 70, retired farmer and bachelor, of St. Catharines, cut his throat and passed away in a few moments. He had been dependent of late.

A cablegram received at the Militia Department yesterday announces that the headquarters of the Canadian Expeditionary Force has been moved to Shorncliffe, Eng.

Four Austrian prisoners of war succeeded in loosening the boards in the floor in their quarters in the old fair building at Brandon and escaping. Only one has been recaptured.

Edward W. Melville, a member of the 42nd Black Watch, fighting under Sir Colin Campbell in the Crimean war, was buried with military honor in Saskatoon yesterday. He was born in Scotland 81 years ago.

George Hogarth, farmer, living two miles from Grimsby, shot himself in the heart with a 22-calibre rifle while in his workshop, managed to make his way to his house, fell down and died without making any statement.

Mr. James Kent, manager of the Canadian Pacific Telegraph Co., is retiring from this position, after 29 years' service with the C.P.R., and is being succeeded by John McMillan of Winnipeg, as manager of telegraphs for the C.P.R. Company.

Col. W. H. Crook, disbursing officer of the White House, who was President Lincoln's body guard, and who has been intimately acquainted with every President since 1860, died yesterday in Washington.

Mrs. MacKessy, daughter of Angus Johnstone, of Lindsay, while in a state of depression drowned herself in the River Scugog early yesterday morning by thrusting her head through a hole in the ice.

Dr. S. Gowan, a graduate of Toronto University in 1902, died in Brockville Saturday. He was one of the victims of the typhoid fever epidemic, which has raged in Brockville for the past three months.

William MacDonald, aged 24, a veterinary surgeon, of London, Ont., is in a serious condition as the result of being knocked down and kicked on the street. William Clark was arrested charged with the crime.

The international joint commission will sit at St. Paul, Minn., on May 24 to consider the measurement and apportionment of the waters of the St. Mary and Milk rivers and their tributaries in Montana, Alberta and Saskatchewan.

Two men were found in the G.T.R. yards in Windsor Friday night, acting in a suspicious manner, and they were placed under arrest. In the police court Saturday one of the men admitted he was an Austrian, and was turned over to the military authorities.

ALL IN HALF AN HOUR. Triumph at Neuve Chapelle Sets New Record For This War.

LONDON, March 15.—The British offensive, which resulted in the capture of Neuve Chapelle and the country beyond it, began early in the morning of March 10 with a bombardment by a large number of guns and howitzers, according to an eye-witness with the British Expeditionary Force in France.

"Our men in the trenches," he says, "describe this fire as being the most tremendous, both in point of noise and in actual effect, they have ever seen or heard. The shrieking of shells in the air, their explosion and the continuous thunder of the batteries were all merged into one great volume of sound. The discharges of the guns were so rapid that they sounded like the fire of a gigantic machine gun."

"During the 35 minutes it continued our men could show themselves freely and walk about in perfect safety. Then the signal for the attack was given, and in less than half an hour almost the whole of the elaborate series of German trenches in and about Neuve Chapelle was in our hands."

"The columns of prisoners as they marched back, threading their way through ambulances and transport and between the waiting ranks of our reserves, afforded no little encouragement. The faces of many of them were bright yellow from the effects of the 'lyddite'; the majority looked shaken, and all admitted that the attack had come as a complete surprise."

"Our success does not lie in the fact that we have gained an extent of ground probably greater than has ever before been gained in the space of so short a time since the commencement of the present form of trench warfare, but in that our men, in spite of the disheartening effect of months of inactivity in the trenches, have shown the utmost dash throughout these operations."

Taylor Is Elected. VANCOUVER, March 15.—L. D. Taylor, elected mayor of Vancouver at the recent municipal elections, and unseated because of his lack of the necessary property qualifications, was re-elected at the election on Saturday by a majority of more than 1,000 over the combined votes of his two opponents. The vote stood: Taylor 5,534, Hepburn 4,656, Whiteway 85.

Meat Long Since Gone. VENICE, March 15.—(Via London.)—Private letters received here from Vienna say that the poorer classes in that city are suffering acutely on account of the scarcity of food. Meat has long since disappeared from their tables. Bread is scarce and high in price, it being almost impossible to buy flour.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. C. M. B. CORNELL.
COR. GARDEN AND PINE ST
BROCKVILLE
PHYSICIAN SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR

DR. T. F. ROBERTSON
COR. VICTORIA AVE. BROCKVILLE
AND PINE ST. ONT.
EYE, EAR, THROAT AND NOSE.

J. A. MCBROOM
Physician and Surgeon
X-Rays and Electricity employed in treatment
of cancer and chronic diseases
COURT HOUSE SQUARE - BROCKVILLE

DR. G. H. R. HAMILTON
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHEUR
OFFICE HOURS—12.30-2.30 p.m.
6.30-8.00 p.m.
ATHENS

F. C. ANDERSON, B. A., M. B., M. D.
C. M., Post Graduate Royal London Ophthalmic
Hospital and London Throat Hospital
England.
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, 169 Lisgar Street,
near the Normal School, Ottawa.

DR. A. E. GRANT
VETERINARY SURGEON AND DENTIST
Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College
MAIN STREET - ATHENS

LUMBER

Now on hand, a stock of plank and dimension lumber suitable for general building purposes and a quantity of rough sheeting lumber.

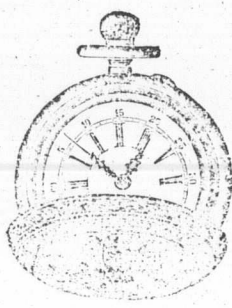
Any order for building material will be filled on short notice.

Present stock includes a quantity of

FOUNDATION - TIMBER SILLS, SLEEPERS, ETC.

A large quantity of slabs and fire-wood.

F. Blancher
ATHENS



Watches, Clocks, Jewelry

Cut Glass, Silverware and Kindred Lines . .

Strictly High-Grade Goods and the prices surprisingly low.

Repairing of Watches and Clocks given prompt attention.

ATHENS AGENCY

R. J. Campo - Main St.

The War Does Not Affect the Nursery Business

In spite of the war we are selling more nursery stock than ever before. We have room for another agent in this county however and applications should be sent in at once. A good man should earn from \$15 to \$30 per week through the winter. No delivering or collecting. Outfit free.

THOMAS W. BOWMAN & SON CO., LIMITED
Ridgeville Ontario

Electric Restorer for Men
Phonol restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. Phonol will make you a new man. Price \$3 a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED
In all countries. Ask for our INVENTION ADVISER, which will be sent free. MARION & MARION.

PILES get immediate relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment.

THE DUMB THAT TALK

Irene B. Wrenshall in the Toronto Sunday World has an article "Teaching children to listen with their hands and eyes," which deals with the wonderful results obtained at the Ontario School for the Deaf, Belleville.

"We start with deep breathing and tongue exercises," said the teacher, "for the little ones have no control over their tongues at first, on account of never having used them. A mirror we use all the time and they soon get to be adept in the quick use of their tongues. Now, I'll illustrate the final step to articulation, and sitting the action to the word, she drew one of the little ones to her, pointing out at the same time a chart with the letters p, a, w, etc., including all the consonants. She blew on the little one's hand, then let the child do the same to her hand, pointing out the particular letter indicated by the action. Then, with the little one's hand upon her throat or nose, as might be, to feel the vibration, she made the sound. Quick to imitate, the little one made the same sound, and this vague language was begun.

"There's no further excuse for a child being dumb, if we get them quickly enough, and a naturally bright, deaf child should be able to hold its own with anyone, though their voices will never sound quite the same as if they could hear themselves speak."

The article says that foremost among the trades learned is printing. Several of the pupils are remarkably quick at setting. Robert Swayne, son of the Rev. W. G. Swayne of Athens is one of the "outstanding boys" whose deafness was caused by infantile disease, but who is able to speak quite well, and could take his place among any other boys of his age.

Won the Taylor Cup

The Seely's Bay hockey team of the Leeds County league have the honor of going through the season without a defeat. On Saturday and Tuesday they played home and home games with the Philipsville team, winning both events and taking the Taylor Cup, emblematic of the Leeds County Championship. They have not lost a game this year. The team is as follows:

Goal, R. Moore; defence, H. Smith and O. Moore; rover, E. Chapman; centre, H. Moore; wings, L. E. Smith, Captain, and W. Warren.

CO-OPERATIVE EXPERIMENTS IN WEED ERADICATION

During the past three years (1912-13-14) the Department of Botany of the Ontario Agricultural College in connection with the work of the Ontario Agricultural and Experimental Union, carried on Co-operative Experiments in the Eradication of Weeds. Some forty-five farmers co-operated in this work. The weeds experimented with were Perennial Sow Thistle, Twitch Grass, Bladder Campion, Wild Mustard and Ox-eye Daisy. Some very interesting and valuable results were obtained. Those who took part in these experiments profited by the experience. In nearly every instance they cleaned the field experiment with, and demonstrated to their own satisfaction the effectiveness of the methods tried, and at the same time the results furnish practical information to others.

SOME OF THE PRACTICAL INFORMATION GAINED FROM THESE CO-OPERATIVE WEED EXPERIMENTS

1. That good cultivation, followed by sowing in drills, provides a means of eradicating both Perennial Sow Thistle and Twitch Grass.
2. That rape is a more satisfactory crop to use in the destruction of Twitch Grass than buckwheat.
3. That rape gives much better results in the eradication of Twitch Grass and Perennial Sow Thistle when sown in drills and cultivated than it does when sown broadcast.

4. That thorough, deep cultivation in fall and spring, followed by a well sown crop of clover, will destroy Bladder Campion.
5. That Mustard may be prevented from seeding in oats, wheat and barley by spraying with a twenty per cent solution of iron sulphate.

The co-operative weed experiments will be continued this year. The weeds to be experimented with are Perennial Sow Thistle, Twitch Grass, Bladder Campion or Cow Bell, Wild Mustard and Ox-eye Daisy. All who have any of these weeds on their farms are invited to write to the Director of Co-operative Experiments in Weed Eradication, O. A. C. Guelph, Ontario, who will gladly furnish information concerning this experimental work.

POTASH AND WOOD ASHES.

Valuable Products for Land Improvement Available From This Source.

With the supply of potash from the German mines shut off by war conditions, Canada should now give attention to the large quantity of this fertilizing agent which is allowed to go to waste through want of care and conservation of the annual production of wood ashes.

Throughout a large part of Canada the chief fuel at all seasons, but more especially in winter, is wood. In the eastern provinces, hardwoods are chiefly used. These woods, especially birch and maple, are rich in potash, varying from 5 to 13 per cent, according to conditions of dryness of the wood and care of the ashes. Other valuable ingredients of wood ashes are a small proportion of phosphoric acid and about fifty per cent. of carbonate of lime.

In the clearing of wood lots and in the burning of debris after taking out the fuel supply, large amounts of ashes are produced. These as a rule are left where the burning is done, and are consequently wasted.

Wood ashes should be carefully stored, in fire proof receptacles if possible, in any event away from any danger of fire, and should be kept dry to avoid leaching. In the spring they should be spread upon the land. They are especially valuable as a fertilizer and to encourage the growth of clover and the better grasses.

Wood ashes, by hastening the decay of organic matter in soils, render more readily available the nitrogen contained therein. In sandy soil, wood ashes supply the phosphoric acid and lime in which these soils are deficient, while, on clay lands, the lime content of the ashes tends to render available the potash salts already present in abundance. Potash as supplied to the land through the medium of wood ashes has a distinct advantage over the potash salts as imported from Germany, in that it is in a very soluble form, and hence is at once available for plant food.

The importance of wood ashes, as shown above, as a fertilizer can hardly be over-estimated. It is consequently of first interest to the agriculturists and lumber interests of Canada to conserve the supply wherever and by what process produced.

During the present winter large undertakings in land clearing and right-of-way clearing of railway lines will be in progress from the burning of the debris of which large amounts of ashes will accumulate. Some steps should be taken to provide that these ashes are not wasted, as apart from the difficulty of securing potash supplies, the market value of ashes at present is from \$8 to \$12 per ton, depending upon quality. — Conservation

An Invitation

Is cordially extended to the general public to visit our new garage and service station at

18 Buell St. (old Brock Theatre Bldg.) Brockville

OVERLAND "The Car of Established Merit"

We are sole distributors for this district for the famous Overland cars which are acknowledged the greatest medium priced cars on the market to-day.

This is the car that was awarded by the managing committee of the 1915 New York Automobile Show the choice of first position in reward for having shown the largest turnover sale of any car for Canada and the United States.

Our strong appeal is in our ignition systems, gasoline supply and explosive system. Given these three and your car must go.

The motor is pretty well a standard all around.

We do claim to-day that there are no other cars with the same ignition system at our price.

In buying an Overland you are profiting by the combined experience of the 150,000 Overland owners who have put their approval on this reliable car.

Buy an Overland and be sure.

FORD "The Universal Car"

We are also distributors for this territory for these well known cars and have on exhibition in our show rooms a car load of the new 1915 models which are better than ever this year including many body improvements, also electric lights.

It will be impossible this year as it has been in the past to get delivery just when cars are needed owing to the enormous demand. This year already the signed orders for Fords are far in excess of any other year, which is a very strong indication that the Canadian public are buying more Fords than ever before.

Send in your order at once and be sure of delivery.

Kindly note these lower prices:

Touring Car \$590 f.o.b. Factory
Runabout \$540 f.o.b. Factory

Less a cash bonus of \$40 to \$60 a car if 30,000 or over are sold in Canada between August 1914 and August 1915.

Don't miss the opportunity when in Brockville to inspect our splendid new garage and facilities for giving Brockville and vicinity the most up-to-date motor car service in Eastern Ontario.

Gilbert & Soper Motor Car Co.

Old Brock Theatre Building
18 BUELL STREET, BROCKVILLE, ONTARIO

OBITUARY

Mrs. Allan Earl

The death occurred on March 5th of Mrs. Allan Earl, aged forty-eight years, of Sweet's Corners. Deceased under went an operation at the Kingston General Hospital. Her maiden name was Sarah Moore, and was born at Seely's Bay. She is survived by her husband, one son and two daughters, William Earl, Misses Marjiam and Myrtle; her mother, Mrs. Wellington Moore; two brothers, John and Peter Moore, of Seely's Bay. The funeral took place on Sunday, March 7th, to Leeds Anglican church. Rev. Mr. Smith, Lyndhurst, officiated at the service. —Recorder.

Mrs. H. E. Manchester

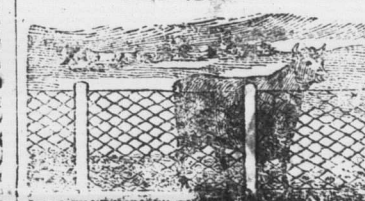
Word has been received here of the death of Mrs. H. E. Manchester at her home in Leamington, Ont. Deceased was 28 years of age and until her marriage three years ago; had resided in Athens. She was Miss Margaret Niblock and her kindly, generous nature was for her many warm friends here.

Besides her husband she is survived by her mother, Mrs. M. A. Niblock and one sister, Mrs. Clark Eaton of Frankville. The funeral took place on Friday afternoon last.

DRAINAGE

1914 Driest Year on Record but Drainage Gives Big Results

The Ontario Agricultural College reports that the crop year of 1914 was the driest on record in Ontario. The precipitation from harvest 1913 to harvest 1914 lacked 5 1/2 inches of being up to the average. This is a shortage of almost 20 per cent. The College has often stated that tile drainage was effective in a dry season as well as in a wet one, and last year it was able to prove this in a most practical way. Since 1912 the College has been installing Practical Drainage Demonstration Plots in parts of the province where little or no drainage has been done. The plan is to drain half of a field, leaving the other half undrained for comparison. Both parts are sown to the same kind of grain and the crop from each part threshed separately. Nine plots were drained prior to 1914. The average of the nine fields showed that at market prices at threshing time the drained half produced \$14.12 more per acre than the undrained half, and that in the driest year on record. In an average season the average increase due to drainage is over \$20 per acre, and in a wet season even more. For a number of years the Agricultural College has been making drainage surveys for farmers free of charge, except for travelling expenses. This offer is again renewed. Farmers having drainage difficulties may secure assistance by writing the Department of Physics, O. A. C. Guelph, for information and regular application forms.



CITY OF VICTORIA HEALTHY

Fortunate indeed is the Canadian city with such a record of good health as that of Victoria, B. C., as is shown by the report of Mr. G. A. B. Hall in the medical officer's report for 1914. The mortality rate is only 7.23 per thousand, while the infant mortality rate reached the almost incredible figure of 6 per thousand. Of 18 cases of typhoid, only five were local, the remainder coming from logging camps.

One of the reasons for this situation is undoubtedly the care taken to insure a pure milk supply. The examinations taken during the year showed butter fat percentage to average 3.9 per cent., the water supply is also above reproach.

The population of Victoria is now 55,000, and of the 367 deaths recorded last year 90 were over 70 years of age. Victoria, B. C., is evidently a place where there is some competition for the position of "oldest inhabitant."



New

Columbia Records

For February

On Sale Today

85c No Records offer the same value—none wear so long as the famous Columbia Double Disc Records. They are the best Records on the market today. **85c**

The name Columbia stands today for the best records on the market. And that in every detail. In a Columbia Record you have the best record it is possible to get at any price. You have the finest recording, years ahead of any other. You have many of the biggest and best artists and bands, most of them exclusive. And in Columbia you have a record which will unfailingly WEAR TWICE AS LONG as any other make—no matter what you pay. It is those combined points of superiority that have made Columbia supreme today—the best records and the biggest value (only 85 cents). No other records dare make such specific claims, because no other records can prove them. If you are not acquainted with Columbia Records get the demonstration double disc for 30 cents (15 cents extra for postage).

Feb'y Records On Sale Today

- All Double Disc Records—a Selection on each side.
- Sister Susie's Sewing Shirts for Soldiers \$1.00
 - By the Originator, Al Jolson
 - Tip Top Tipperary Mary85
 - When You Wore a Tulip85
 - The Ball Room (Punchation "Cohen" on the Phone)85
 - When You're a Long, Long Way From Home .85
 - Arrival of British Troops in France . .85

This is a splendid descriptive record. Be sure to hear it.

New Dance Records

Including latest Fox Trots, One Steps, Tangos, Maxizes, etc.
Columbia Records Made in Canada—Fit any Standard Machine. You can get Columbia Grafonolas and Records from

W. B. PERCIVAL

Athens, Ont.

