

An Aged Colored Woman Suicided by Taking Carbolic

Mrs. Ruth Eaton, Dreading a Winter of Hard Work, Took Poison—She Had Attempted to Persuade Her Daughter to do the Same.

Another unfortunate woman has gone to her death by poison administered by her own hand. Mrs. Ruth Eaton, widow of the late Jas. Eaton, a colored lady living at 181 Duke street, Wednesday put herself out of trouble by drinking carbolic acid. Mrs. Eaton was a woman of about 70 years of age, and since the death of her husband some seven or eight years ago, has taken in washing to make a living for herself and her only daughter, Clara, a young lady of 23 years.

Spectacular Features Of New York Election Contest

Attorney General Mayer and District Attorney Jerome Will Prosecute All Offenders—Hearst Will Not Give Up.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The contest over the majority election, inaugurated by William Randolph Hearst, the municipal ownership candidate, developed into strange and spectacular features today. For 12 hours the nearly 600,000 ballots cast in last Tuesday's election were stored in the vicinity of the headquarters of the board of elections in 6th avenue between 41st and 42nd streets. The ballot boxes had been gathered during the night by the police and conveyed in patrol wagons to the election board's headquarters.

SHOT HIMSELF WHILE DESPONDENT.

LYNN, Nov. 8.—Medical Examiner Pinkham will tomorrow, after a thorough investigation, sign the death certificate giving suicide as the cause of the death of Charles S. G. Melkie, who was found dead at his home, 23 Congress street, yesterday. Melkie shot himself, it is claimed, in the presence of his 14-year-old son Charles, because he was despondent over the death of his wife and the fact that the boy had been playing truant from school.

ALBERT COUNTY FARMER INTITUDE

Interesting Addresses Delivered on Important Subjects—The Vocation of the Farmer.

HOPEWELL HILL, Nov. 7.—The Farmers' Institute meeting in the S. of T. Hall here last evening was one of the most entertaining and successful gatherings of the kind held in this village since the organization of the institute system. The speakers were Duncan Anderson of Rugby, Ont., and Mr. Dow of Woodstock, N. B. In the absence of Mr. S. Norton, president of the institute, Mr. Chesley Smith was called to the chair. Mr. Dow, the first speaker, addressed the meeting on the subject of Dairying, giving a very full and practical discourse on this important branch of farm work.

IN HONOR OF THE KING'S BIRTHDAY

Admiral Prince Louis' Ships Will Fire National Salute Today.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Eighteen American and British warships from their anchorage in the North River will fire in unison at noon tomorrow a national salute of twenty-one guns in honor of King Edward's birthday. Rear Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg with his squadron of six armored cruisers is expected to arrive from Annapolis early tomorrow morning.

FIVE PERSONS KILLED; TEN SERIOUSLY INJURED

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Nov. 8.—Five persons were killed, ten seriously injured and a score slightly hurt in a head-on collision between a passenger train and a coal train on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad near Humlocks Creek, near this city, this afternoon. All of the killed were train men. The injuries to the passengers were caused by the terrific force of the trains coming together, the engine on the passenger train being forced almost through the baggage car.

DIED FROM INJURIES.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 8.—The funeral of Midshipman Jas. R. Branch, who died Tuesday morning after receiving injuries in a fist fight with Midshipman Manor Metwather, Jr., took place this afternoon from the old Naval Academy armory. Chaplain H. H. Clark conducted the funeral services and the interment was in the naval cemetery.

THE NEW INHALATION TREATMENT

For weakness of the lungs, bronchitis and catarrh, it has no equal. "Catharhose" is its name and every doctor pronounces it a marvelous success. Catharhose is scientific and certain to cure; try it.

stances continual work could not be obtained. The young man with the college degree, too often at fifty years of age found he had not been able to save anything, with an expensive city life and a dark prospect before him, while the intelligent and industrious farmer had made himself comfortable and independent. A college education was no use unless applied, true education being something that enabled us to do life's work in the best possible manner.

DALHOUSIE'S FIRST COUNCIL MEETING.

An Expert Will Make Preliminary Report Before New Water System is Considered.

The first meeting of the Town Council of Dalhousie was held on Monday evening last, with Mayor Montgomery presiding. The councillors are: Capt. Charles Powell, Roland Moffatt, Geo. C. Millar, Louis Allard, Dugald Stewart, Peter Shannon, Daniel McDonald and C. H. Lablouis.

ALBERTA'S FIRST PROVINCIAL ELECTION RESULTS IN A LIBERAL VICTORY.

Rutherford Captures Twenty Out of the Twenty-Five Seats.

Bennett Defeated in Calgary by Only 31—All the Ministers Were Elected—Dr. Gaetz and Dr. DeVeber Among the Successful Ones—Full Returns Not Yet Received.

(Special to the Sun.) CALGARY, Nov. 9.—The election to the first legislature of the province of Alberta took place today and resulted in the administration of Mr. Rutherford being sustained by a large majority. There are altogether 25 constituencies, in two of which, St. Albert and Athabasca, government supporters were returned by acclamation.

SAW CAPT. KIDD.

Obadiah Conley of St. Andrews has returned from a thrilling interview with Capt. Kidd and the spirits who guard his hidden treasure. He, with the assistance of two Deer Island men, located the pirate's wealth in a huge iron pot, which was found buried in the ground near Richardson, Deer Island. Obadiah seized the handle of the pot and essayed to raise it, whereupon a giant shape of a fearsome aspect arose from the bowels of the earth and in sepulchral tones screamed out: "This is my gold; touch it not." The bold seeker after treasure, true, not in the least disconcerted, seized the spirit by the shirt collar (the Deer Island spirits are evidently up to date) and gave him a desperate yank. He might as well have tried to throw down Chamcock mountain.

SHOOTING IRONS

THE SEASON IS NOW OPEN

Never before have we shown such a variety as now including the latest models.

Winchester, Marlin GUNS. Davenport, Iver GUNS, and Savage Johnson & Lefevre GUNS. Ammunition for All Kinds of Guns and Rifles.

Canvas Canoes for Sportsmen's Use (Sporting Goods Flat, Second Floor). Best Silk Bolting Cloth \$5.00 to \$10.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LIMITED Market Square, St. John, N. B.

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DEATH OF HOPEWELL CAPE MAN.

HOPEWELL HILL, Nov. 9.—The intelligence of the death of W. Crane Bennett of Hopewell Cape, which occurred last evening after five days' illness of pleurisy, was received with deep regret by many friends here. Mr. Bennett was in poor health some months ago, and sold his farm at the Cape, but had improved very much and had been fairly well until he contracted a severe cold last week. Even yesterday afternoon the attending physician looked for him to be all right in a short time. The deceased was a son of the late Charles Bennett, and was 48 years of age. He was a man of sterling integrity and very highly respected. He leaves a wife, who is a daughter of Samuel S. Calhoun of Lower Cape, an aged mother and several sisters and brothers, one of the latter being A. W. Bennett, barrister, of St. John.

AUXILIARY FISHING SCHOONER LAUNCHED.

The first auxiliary fishing schooner ever built at Shelburne was successfully launched recently from Joseph McGill's yard. She was named Wilfred L. Snow, and was built for Capt. Edward Keane and others of Lower Grand Falls, for fresh fishing in the Bay of Fundy. She was designed by Crowinshield, the well-known yacht designer of Boston. Her dimensions are: 70 feet over all, 17 feet beam, 8 feet 6 inches hold, and she registers 35 tons. She is rigged with pole masts, no topmasts, as she will carry no light sails, but in light winds and calms will use her auxiliary power. This is furnished by a kerosene engine of 20 horse power, estimated to give a speed of 8 knots per hour. The engine was installed when the vessel was on the stocks. The Wilfred L. Snow will proceed to Digby, where she will fit for the fishing grounds. Mr. McGill has also in construction a steamer of 50 feet over all, 17 feet beam, and 7 feet 6 inches hold, for Capt. G. T. Lewis and others of Digby. She will be launched shortly.

HARCOURT.

HARCOURT, N. B., Nov. 8.—Last night the Presbyterian young people held a social and entertainment in the hall, which was largely attended and placed some \$34 or \$35 for church purposes. Isiah Langin, deputy fish warden, inspected Salmon River waters a few days ago and found several illegally fishing salmons.

BERLIN, N. H., Nov. 9.—Bartholomew Connelly of Portland, Me., knocked out Jim Broderick of Chicago in the seventh round of what was to be a fifteen-round bout there tonight.

THE FACTORY SHORE.

An Interesting Description of the Little Hamlet of Moss Glen, and the Legends That Belong to It.

Below the little hamlet of Moss Glen, once bustling and thriving place, now with its better houses turned into summer residences, and the others going rapidly into decay, and two miles above White Head wharf, on the Kennebecasis, a sand bar juts into the bay. Below the bar, nestling at the base of the hill and flanked and fronted by a wide beach of mingled sand, gravel, stone and boulders, lies a triangle of green on which the shattered ruins of an old house catches the eye of the voyager as he journeys by the str. Clifton to the Willows or Hampton.

"This is the Factory Shore. From Summerville below to the bridge of Ferry Point above stretches a clear line of sparkling river with its wooded hills, with Mather's Island and its little village opposite, and the beautiful line of meadows and cosy homes of Ferry Point, the distance, it is not known in song nor in published story, the Factory Shore, but to those familiar with its annals and traditions it is full of romance.

Beyond of pickers in the Factory Shore. They come in wagons and on foot by land, and in canoes, in row-boats, and in yachts by water. They ramble through its woods, fish in its brook and build camp fires when the sun goes down, on a beach of sand.

"This shore is becoming too populous," said a disgusted resorter who does not love pickers. "You can hardly stuff your pockets with books and papers and go down to the beach to find away the glimmer of a sunny afternoon without finding the place overrun with white-ruffed pickers."

And most vexatious of all, some of these pickers come to the top of the hill to a shady nook formed by a curve in some trees so situated that going down the road, unless you are warned by a friendly column of smoke, you are heading into the party before you have time to dodge. All travelled ways converge on this shady nook.

An individual of retiring disposition having somehow found his way to the shore, determined to get away without going through a party who had joyously been picking up the beach nook. A brook comes down from a lake in Centerton, passes through the forest to the Glen of Shariyn, down a ravine, through the Gorge and over the Falls of Shariyn, to the beach in the bay at the sand bar. He climbed the hill on the opposite side of the brook to go through a field. Having reached the top he thought he would go down to the brook a distance of about a mile and go up the channel. It was a led wilderness on a steep hillside, but down he went. As he approached the brook he heard a sound of voices which he fancied came from the road on the opposite hill. Suddenly he caught sight of white blouses and female heads before him, each with a fishing rod thrust out in front of her. They were so close that he might have touched them with a long pole. The steady individual of retiring disposition turned and went rapidly up the hill in a flight that he tried to make noiseless. But when one tries to go noiselessly through a tangled wilderness where the bushes snap loudly and wickedly at each foot-step, the sounds he makes dishearten him. The startled individual reached the top of the hill earnestly debating with doubts as to whether the fisher maidens heard him or not. He went along the field until he thought it would be safe to make another attempt to cross the brook. Plump! He was into another fisher maiden even more suddenly. "Next time," said the unlucky individual, "I try to evade a lot of pickers I'll go right through them."

Up the road, at the end of two lines of alders, you look toward the sand bar of Shariyn with its rounded crest, appearing in its autumnal robes like a gorgeous velvet tapestry held up against a blue velvet sky. The roar of the Falls of Shariyn is in your ears, and you come up from the depths of the ravine below. Before you is a cavity. Here stood the famous Castle Casted, residence of Samuel Casted, promoter, organizer and colonizer, with its fireplaces, its great domed library with its masses of volumes of ancient and modern lore and romance, for the master of the castle, was a lover of books, and his famous wine cellar in its proportions and princely in its contents.

Here, it was whispered with awe, were stored away the four precious casks of Mercedes rum—the Mercedes rum that had been recovered from the wreck of the Spanish galleon Segovia after it had lain for a hundred years at the bottom of the sea at Morant Bay, recovered after a violent hurricane which, not content with wrecking almost everything above water, must needs batter the ancient bulk of the Segovia, sunk fifty fathoms deep and roll her precious freight upon the beach, where it was found by the crew of the brig Balder of romantic story, owned by Samuel Casted, brought to the north and delivered into his hands.

Made by the monks of the monastery of Mostre Madre de los Remedios, famous in two worlds as distillers and mellowers of rum, it was procurable by none but members of the royal house and of the nobility of Spain. Back of the monastery rose a huge cliff with a ledge along its face midway from the crest. To the top of this cliff the rum was taken and let fall in a tiny stream to the ledge, where, when it was little more than vapor, it was caught by a great copper funnel lined with gold. Let fall again it was caught by a second funnel at the bottom of the cliff. Three times in all, once a year, the rum was sent on its downward flight when, as it had been treated by a secret process, the rum was laid away in casks to mellow from a dozen to a hundred years, becoming a drink fit for kings, princes and nobles.

This rum in the cellar of Castle Casted was sacred from human lips, and was the most precious of all the possessions of Samuel Casted.

occasional excavation left by gold seekers as you wander over the green. Two children were buried on the shore near the Bustin house, but the location of the graves has long vanished from human minds. The souls of these children are uneasy. They wander about the shore, hand in hand, and cannot rest until the treasure is found. But they are under the spell of a stronger spirit who allows only those who are not valiant and whose legs are willing slaves to their impulses to see them.

The last expedition in search of this treasure was under the command of a bold adventurer from the neighboring republic, who had a mineral rod of redoubtable properties, and was guided by Jim Bates, a famous character in the days of the mill factory when it was holiday sport for him to clear out a bar-room of tongs.

Old and feeble and mightily crippled by rheumatism with his ancient legs hardly able to carry him, Jim Bates staggered away alone in the darkness in search of the childish spirits, returned and declared that he had seen them. Life had gone hard with this old treasure hunter, and it may be that a vehement desire for wealth to soothe the rest of his days on earth, gave spur to his imagination, for, encouraged by his talk, they dug until they were weary and the treasure evaded them. The search was fruitless, and the sinking back. One of the treasure seekers was fat. Fat men do not love to shovel gravel in the dark. Angered by the continual falling back of excavated material, he roared, saying emphatically that it was undignified, though romantic nonsense, and broke up the expedition. But they left a generous excavation to interest curious onlookers who wander away from their campfires in the dark and come flying back shrieking that they have seen the ghosts.

"We may read an ancient tome," said the master of the castle, "and read it again and again, as our fathers have read it before us, and our children may read it after us, but rum once drunk is gone forever."

It is said that he would sit in the cellar, before the casks, for hours at a time and come away intoxicated by the pride of ownership to a point of reckless daring, as quaffing the liquor itself could not intoxicate him. When the bottle was empty, he would smoke and flame of the conflagration a strange light was seen which thrilled the beholder, and cast out an odor as of a mystic incense, as if the redeemed souls of the monks of Mercedes were arising from purgatory and taking their joyous flight to heaven. It is said that men returning to their homes on the anniversary of the fire, at three o'clock in the morning, have been startled by a mystic and rosy light playing about the depression that marked the old wine cellar, which diffused a magical odor that caused the birds perched in the trees about to chirp in their dreams.

After the fire Samuel Casted built himself another home on a far more humble scale further up the road, where he planted his famous orchard, the name of which still stands a tangled wilderness of trees, some great spreading trunks with shattered and distorted branches, clinging desperately to life by an inch of bark. But delicious fruit was grown in this orchard in times long gone by, and to this day you may pick up a windfall that eats like a well-mellowed pear.

When Samuel Casted was in his prime, the Factory Shore was a busy and thriving place, with its bustling sawmill and its shipyard, its grist mill and its brickyard, where the brick for the chimneys and fireplaces of Castle Casted were made. Many of these brick, small and burned hard as iron, may be found on the Factory Shore at the ruins of the old Bustin house and the mill factory. Many an immigrant ship, coming into the port of St. John, was visited by Samuel Casted, whose winning tongue and generous offers many doubting and undecided immigrants found impossible to resist, for the acres of the colonies were many albert abounding in hills and strong places. Of all the families settled by Samuel Casted at his place of Castle Casted, the McFarlanes alone remain and have gathered into their grasp most of the broad acres of the colonizer.

Long after Samuel Casted was laid away in the churchyard at White Head, came the mill factory, where fortunes were to be made, and many fortunes were not made, though much good money passed from hand to hand, and much good rum was drunk, and many good fights were fought, when it was in its active days. All was established in '57, by the cashier of the old Commercial Bank, it ran for a decade or so, when it and the bank died together. Today nothing remains of the mill factory but the high way crossing the brook by a bridge, every vestige of which has long since disappeared. But the remains of the old wharves still cling to existence. Walls of one five hundred feet in length, and the remains of the sand bar are still to be seen, for where this bar now juts out into the bay was once a deep cove, where barges and woodboats flocked. But the sand bar has been collected together and water for the mill, burst, and the roaring torrent rushing down the brook, carried with it mills and bridges, soil and stones and mighty boulders, was moving the sand bar of the Factory Shore.

All the old homes of Casted Manor have long since disappeared and nothing marks their sites but the prostrate walls of old chimneys and cavities that were once cellars. Up to the main highway, a white spruce, with a trunk a foot in diameter, is growing in a cavity. This cavity marks the site of an old school house. Today the school nearest this site is a mile and a half away.

Down on the shore, near the brook, on the Bustin house side, a few charred timbers and a heap of stones are all that is left of the old Costello house, the home of the high, thin, and clever and hospitable Costello family, now dead and gone. When asthma laid its malignant grasp on Betty Costello, the brightest, gayest, wittiest and loveliest of all the flowers of the North Shore, and choked and pained her tender throat and medical remedies failed to give her relief, she was persuaded to the cure of faith. She stood erect with her back to the brook, but it is fancied that as the wood of the tree grew about the plug and hid it from view, the disease would leave the victim. The cure should be certain, the demand such patients make. A year or two ago a resident of Glen Phariyn cut a huge willow near his home and went it to a mill to have made into a berry box stuff. As the workmen were busy with their task they came upon a hole in the wood, filled with hair as bright and fresh as when it was cut from winsome Betty Costello's lovely head in those days so long ago gone by.

Somewhere in the woods between the Factory Shore and Moss Glen there is a lost graveyard, where the dead of Castle Manor were buried before the opening of the graveyard at White Head, three-quarters of a century ago. But the woods have grown about and over it and have hidden it from the curious who have diligently sought it.

There is buried treasure on the Factory Shore, and you come across an

No Medicine Cures so Many Sick, Overstrained Despondent Weak People as DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS.

The One True Medicine for Health and Strength.

You will realize, as you read the following letters, the grand work being done by Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They have a direct effect on the blood, nerves, kidneys and liver. The system is turned into strength, new energy and nourishing blood are created, buoyant good health is established in a short time.

DISCOURAGED WOMEN FOUND NEW HOPE.

"I had pretty nearly given myself up as incurable. I was weak and sickly all the time, had headache, poor digestion and aching limbs. One morning in the morning there was a feeling of awful weakness."

"Dr. Hamilton's Pills helped from the start. They must have strengthened my blood, for I gained in sleep and soon as I took them. Steady improvement followed, and I am now completely cured."

"(Mrs. M. E. BENSON, Woodstock, STRENGTH AND SPIRITS IMPROVED."

"No medicine could possibly be better than Dr. Hamilton's Pills," writes Mr. Jos. Devine from Ottawa. "I had pain in the back and side, caused by kidney trouble, was bothered considerably with headache, but Dr. Hamilton's Pills cured me quickly. I can recommend them to every man."

You'll become vigorous and strong, enjoy a good appetite, steady and free from dizziness and sound after regulating your system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Price 25c. per box, or five boxes for \$1 at all dealers, or by mail from N. C. Polson, Ltd., 100 King, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

TORONTO POLICE ARE PROBABLY MISTAKEN.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Although the police of Toronto, Canada, have identified a woman who was murdered there as Pansy Lowthian, a wealthy young woman of Denver, Col., Miss Lowthian is alive and well in this city, and tells the police she is unable to account for the mistake. She is visiting friends at 447 South Avenue. Miss Lowthian could not account for the rumor, as she has never been in Toronto.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—Milton Franklin Andrews, wanted for the murder of Beattie Bouton at Colorado Springs, tonight shot and killed his female companion, Nida Olivia, and then killed himself. Andrews was wanted for a murderous assault on William Ellis at Berkeley, California. The police found Andrews and Miss Olivia at 748 McAllister street tonight, and they were about to enter the house Andrews killed the woman and ended his own life.

EXTENSIVE CAB RANK.

The largest cab rank in the world is situated in London—viz., at Waterloo Station, the terminus of the London and Southwestern Railway. It is a quarter of a mile in length. More than one thousand cabs are called in the course of twenty-four hours.

A WOMAN'S SYMPATHY.

Are you discouraged? Is your doctor's medicine doing you no good? Do you feel heavy physical burden? Do you feel a load? Is your pain a never-ending torment? Do you feel a load? Is your pain a never-ending torment? Do you feel a load? Is your pain a never-ending torment?

"I cannot comprehend how the chief magistrate of this city could issue a license to allow two men to pummel, beat and hammer the body with their fists. The most astonishing feature is that he should be ignorant of what it would consist. Every citizen is entitled to the protection of the law. No man has a right to license such a fight withouth accountment about what he is allowing."

"Sections 93-97 of the Criminal Code," he said, "defines a prize fight as when two men meet pre-arranged to fight with hands or fists, with a referee, seconds and other officers." His honor said that he quoted the law to them so that there would be no doubt in their minds. He quoted similar cases where the defendants had been held to be an infraction of the law.

Verdict in the O'Regan Case a "Dammable Disgrace."

Judge Forbes' Strong Talk on Boxing Matches and Prize Fights—Sharp Censure For Mayor, Sheriff, Chief of Police and Coroner's Jury—Grand Jury Agrees.

The November sitting of the county court opened Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock in the court room, His Honor Judge Forbes presiding. There was a large attendance, as it was rumored that the judge intended to make reference in his charge to the grand jury to the tragedy which took place at Queen's rink a week ago Monday.

The grand jury consisted of the following: Rupert G. Haley, James Coll, Lemuel R. Morton, Douglas M. McArthur, Gideon Hennor, George Murphy, Charles S. Philips, Fred W. Almond, William G. Scovill, George F. Barnes, William G. Dunlop, Henry Magee, Joseph M. Dalzell, George Barker, Fred W. Thompson (foreman), Charles S. Carroll, George A. Chamberlain, John A. Davidson, John T. McGowan, Joshua Ward, Charles H. Gibbon and Samuel T. Hatfield.

Four grand jurors were fined \$10 for non-attendance. These were Wm. A. Carey, Rupert G. Haley, Charles S. Philips, Joseph M. Dalzell.

The petit jury summoned to attend were Charles H. Ramsay, Samuel J. Ritchie, Harry D. Machum, Robert O'Brien, Samuel Fisher, James L. Carmichael, William Crawford, Stephen L. Golding, Hugh Campbell, John Dolan, Charles Damsy, Thomas McMaisters, Thomas P. Grant, James L. Mahon, James J. Clarke, James Bond, Caleb Belyea, Walter H. Bell, George W. Parker, William A. Pennington, Thomas Logan.

Naturalization papers were read by the clerk in the usual manner. Five new citizens of this country. These gentlemen are weighed down with the following names: William Mushkat, Heiman Drakh, Harry Komarsky, Mendel Williams and Rubin Saltzman. Their residence Ferguson read the naturalization papers of Hans Kobber Christensen. The docket for the court is as follows:

CRIMINAL.

The King vs. John O'Neill—Solicitor General Pursley for crown.

CIVIL.

Jury Cases.

- 1.—Robert T. Worden vs. Henry G. Weeks—E. R. Chapman for plaintiff.
- 2.—Charles Oatey vs. Cecilia G. Freese—G. V. Belyea for plaintiff.
- 3.—Bank of Yarmouth vs. W. H. Dickson—H. H. Pickett for plaintiff.
- 4.—McLaughlin Carriage Co. vs. Frank H. Quigg—Hickington, Teed & Hanington.
- 5.—Edward Curran vs. D. A. Thompson—A. A. Wilson.

Non-Jury.

- 1.—Clark vs. Donaham—Barnhill, Ewing & Sanford.
- 2.—F. E. Williams Co., Ltd. vs. Behan—W. H. Truman.
- 3.—R. G. Murray vs. Clark—W. H. Truman.
- 4.—R. M. McCarthy vs. C. G. Colwell—Barnhill, Ewing & Sanford.
- 5.—St. John Mercantile Co., Ltd. vs. Benjamin S. Babbitt—Barnhill, Ewing & Sanford.
- 6.—R. E. T. Pringle Co., Ltd. vs. Spooner—H. H. Pickett.
- 7.—Bank of Yarmouth vs. Belyea—H. H. Pickett.

The first civil case to come up will be F. E. Williams Co., Ltd. vs. Behan. In the criminal case, E. R. Chapman is acting for the defendant.

All was attention as his honor rose to give the charge to the grand jury. He thanked the jury for the large attendance. Only one criminal case was before them and that was not a very serious one. This was creditable to the peace and order of this city, since the grand jury met since last August. The case was a Fairville one. A newspaper boy got into an altercation with the defendant who is charged with assaulting him. There are two counts against him, (1) assault and (2) assault with intent to do serious bodily harm.

It is a matter of pleasure to him that there has been such good order and quietude in the city since the grand jury met. It was with deep regret that he had to mention one most flagrant violation of the law. This was the permission of a brutal prize fight, which took place late in a public hall of this city. It was the duty of the police to have prevented this disgraceful occurrence and not to have waited until the fatal blow was struck.

It was the duty of the high sheriff and his deputies to have seen that this was not a public nuisance, but it is necessary for a proper cleansing of the sore so that the cure may be thorough.

Uses warm water and Packer's Tar Soap only as often as is necessary for cleansing purposes and apply Dr. Chase's Ointment plentifully.

Dr. Chase's Ointment has a worldwide reputation as a cure for the worst cases of salt rheum and eczema. It is not like other ointments, which are made of greasy materials, but it is a medicine when you use it, for you can see the benefit derived from day to day.

Mrs. John J. Delory, Linwood, Antigonish, Co. N. S., writes: "I want to say that Dr. Chase's Ointment has proven a great blessing to me. I had salt rheum on one hand and could not get it healed up. The itching was most distressing at times. Two boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment has cured me completely, and I gladly recommend it to every sufferer."

Wherever there is itching of the skin or a sore that will not heal Dr. Chase's Ointment can be used with positive assurance of relief and cure. 60 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanon, Bates & Co., Toronto. The portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

If Subject to Salt Rheum

WHY NOT MAKE A THOROUGH AND LASTING CURE BY USING Dr Chase's Ointment.

Many people write to tell us that they are attacked by salt rheum every spring and fall, and have been unable to obtain a cure.

Others write that they were formerly subject to salt rheum, but have been entirely cured by the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment.

If you are suffering from salt rheum, eczema or any form of itching skin disease, it is worth your while to make a test of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and you can do so with every confidence that the results will be lastingly beneficial.

On the first few applications you may find the ointment a little severe, but this is necessary for a proper cleansing of the sore so that the cure may be thorough.

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Wherever there is itching of the skin or a sore that will not heal Dr. Chase's Ointment can be used with positive assurance of relief and cure. 60 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanon, Bates & Co., Toronto. The portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

RAILWAY VALUES.

It has been estimated that should any one desire to purchase the railway of the world his outlay would amount to something like \$3,480,000,000. That sum would represent the entire revenues of Europe for eight years, or one-tenth of the entire money wealth of the world. It is remarkable that in so short a time as the steam engine has been in existence railways should have become so valuable, yet no one source of the world's wealth exceeds the railways in importance and none is so generally distributed.

PROLIFIC FAMILY.

A woman named Luke, who has just died at the age of eighty-six at Great Walsingham, a village near Sudbury, Suffolk, had fifteen children, fifty-one grandchildren, sixty-seven great-grandchildren, and three great-great-grandchildren.

ST. CATHERINES, Nov. 8.—The public library board has voted down a proposal to fit up a smoking and reading room for men in the new Carnegie building.

MAGNIFICENT Blue Fox Ruff FREE NO MONEY REQUIRED

Think of it, a beautiful Blue Fox Ruff, the most desirable for men, given absolutely free. Such an offer is not to be had elsewhere. It is a beautiful ruff, made of the finest Blue Fox fur, and is worth its weight in gold. It is a beautiful ruff, made of the finest Blue Fox fur, and is worth its weight in gold. It is a beautiful ruff, made of the finest Blue Fox fur, and is worth its weight in gold.

Picture Post-Cards

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SAMUEL HUTTON INSTANTLY KILLED.

He Was an Employee of the Cushing Saw Mill.

Fairville was shocked Tuesday afternoon when it became known that Samuel Hutton, an employe of the Cushing saw mill, had been instantly killed by the bursting of what is known as "the hog." Hutton, who was 40 years of age, and a resident of Prospect street, was one of the men whose duty it is to feed the hog with refuse wood from the lath sawyers. About five o'clock the hog broke and flew into bits, one of which struck Hutton, killing him instantly. His fall headlong into the machinery. The hog is a large round wheel, set with knives and situated under the floor of the mill. The knives grind up the refuse wood, which passes to a feed chain and is carried along to the furnace. The hole in the floor through which the hog is fed is about one yard wide and two yards long. This hog makes 1,400 revolutions per minute, and after it breaks two huge pieces of iron went through the roof of the mill, two other pieces fell into the main mill and several smaller pieces were thrown in various directions.

The gang which tends the hog consists of six men, and the wonder of the mill crew is that more of them were not killed by the flying pieces of iron.

As soon as the unfortunate man was extricated from the machinery Dr. Curran was called, but found Mr. Hutton already dead. Coroner McFarlane was soon on the scene, and after viewing the body, decided that an inquest would be necessary. It will be held tonight.

Deceased leaves four brothers, Fred, Robert, John and George, and two sisters, Les and Lida, all at home.

The cause of the accident is not known, but it is believed to be due to a loose bolt in one of the knives.

The following jury was empaneled last evening: Robert Irving (foreman), J. Stout, J. J. Hennessy, James Mills, James Long, John McFarlane, and Chas. McFarlane.

The grand jury of the City and County of Saint John, in session on Nov. 7th, 1905, concur in your honor's views concerning the recent sparring exhibition held in the Queen's Rink, in this city. Considering that the matter is to come up before another or later grand jury we feel we should not enter into the question of the legality of the case. We believe, however, we are voicing the Christian sentiment of this city in condemning all such exhibitions and in recommending that the mayor or any person holding power should refrain from the issuing of licenses for exhibitions of this nature.

"Dated, etc.

F. W. THOMPSON, Foreman.

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SURPRISE SOAP



We Tell Our Friends there isn't any soap made, as good as "SURPRISE," which is "A Pure Hard Soap" that washes well and wears well.

THE ST. JOHN SOAP WORKS, ST. JOHN, N. B.

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WHEN KNIGHTHOOD WAS IN FLOWER

On the Love Story of Charles Brandon and Mary Tudor, the King's Sister, and Happening in the Reign of His August Majesty King Henry the Eighth
Revised and Rewritten into Modern English from Sir Edwin Casskoden's Memoir
By EDWIN CASKODEN [CHARLES MAJOR]

"Carry this to the king: That I will see him and the whole kingdom in hell before I will marry Louis of France. That is my answer once for all. Good even, Master Wolsley." And she swept out of the room with head up and dilating nostrils, the very picture of defiance.

After Wolsley had gone Jane said to Mary: "Don't you think it would have been better had you sent a softer answer to your brother? I believe you could reach his heart even now if you were to make the effort. You have not tried in this matter as you did in the others."

"Perhaps you are right, Jane. I will go to Henry."
Mary waited until she knew the king was alone, and then went to him.
On entering the room she said: "Brother, I sent a hasty message to you by the bishop of Lincoln this morning, and have come to ask your forgiveness."

"Ah, my sister, I thought you would change your mind. Now you are a good girl."
"Oh, do not misunderstand me. I asked your forgiveness for the message as to the marriage. I came to tell you that I will not marry Louis of France. I could not bear it. Oh, brother, you are not a woman. You cannot know."

Henry drew into a passion and, with oaths and curses, ordered her to leave him unless she was ready to give her consent. She had but two courses to take, as she left with her heart full of hatred for the most brutal wretch who ever sat upon a throne, and that was going she turned upon him like a fury and exclaimed:

"Never, never! Do you hear? Never!" Preparations went on for the marriage just as if Mary had given her solemn consent. The important work of providing the trousseau began at once. When the queen went to her with silks and taffetas and fine cloths to consult about the trousseau, although the theme was one which would interest almost any woman, she would not deign to look at them, and when Catherine insisted upon her trying on a certain gown she called her a blackamoor, tore the garment to pieces and ordered her to leave the room.

Henry sent Wolsley to tell her that the 13th day of August had been fixed upon as the day of the marriage, De Longueville to act as the French king's proxy, and Wolsley was glad to come off with his life.

Matters were getting into a pretty tangle at the palace. Mary would not speak to the king, and poor Catherine was afraid to look at her. Wolsley was glad to keep out of her way, and she flew at Buckingham with talons and beak upon first sight. As to the battle with Buckingham, this was short, but decisive, and this was the way it came about: There had been a passage between the duke and Brandon, in which the latter had tried to coax the former into a duel, the only way of course to settle the weighty matters between them. Buckingham, however, had had a taste of Brandon's nimble sword play, and bearing in mind Judson's fate, did not care for any more. They had met by accident, and Brandon, full of smiles and as polite as a Frenchman, greeted him.

"Doubtless my lord, having crossed swords twice with me, will do me the great honor to grant that privilege the third time and will kindly tell me where my friend can wait upon a friend of his grace."
"There is no need for us to meet over that little affair. You had the best of it, and if I am satisfied you should be, I was really in the wrong, but I did not know the princess had invited you to her ball."

"Your lordship is pleased to evade," returned Brandon. "It is not the ball-room matter that I have to complain of. As you have rightly said, if you are satisfied I certainly should be, but it is that your lordship, in the name of the king, instructed the keeper of Newgate prison to confine me in an underground cell and prohibited communication with any of my friends. You arranged that my trial should be secret both as to the day thereof and the event, in order that it should not be known to those who might be interested in my release. You promised the Lady Mary that you would procure my liberty, and thereby prevented her going to the king for that purpose, and afterward told her that it had all been done, as promised, and that I had escaped to New Spain. It is because of this, my Lord Buckingham, that I now denounce you as a liar, a coward and a perjured knight, and demand of you such satisfaction as one man can give to another for mortal injury. If you refuse, I will kill you as I would a cut-throat the next time I meet you."

A rare business of your own, now low, but out of consideration for the feelings which your fancied injuries have put into your heart, I tell you that I did what I could to liberate you and received from the keeper a promise that you should be allowed to escape. After that a certain letter addressed to you was discovered and fell into the hands of the king, a matter in which I had no part. As to your confinement and non-communication with your friends, and non-compliance with your command after he had seen the letter, as he will most certainly confirm to you, I say this for my own sake, not that I care what you may say or think."

This offer of confirmation by the king made it all sound like the truth, so much will even a little truth leave a great lie, and part of Brandon's sails came down against the mast. The whole statement surprised him, and most of all the intercepted letter. What letter could it have been? It was puzzling, and yet he dared not ask.

as when him from a day with papers on the pillow.
Henry was by no means sure that his suspicions concerning Mary's heart were correct, and in all he had heard he had not one substantial fact upon which to base conviction. He had not seen her with Brandon since their squalor, or he would have had a fact to every word he said from in every motion, a demonstration in every glance. She seemed powerless even to attempt concealment. In Brandon's handsome manliness and evident superiority the king thought he saw a very clear possibility for Mary to love, and where these such a possibility for a girl like Mary usually fails to fulfill expectations.

Now, all this brought Brandon into the deep shadow of the royal frown, and like many another man he sank his fortune in theathomless depths of a woman's heart and thought himself rich in doing it.

CHAPTER XIV.
IN THE SIREN COURTYARD.
WITH the king admiration stood in the siren courtyard, a mistake frequently made by those who are not given to self-analysis, and in a day or two a reaction set in toward Brandon which inspired a desire to make some amends for his harsh treatment. This he could not do to any great extent on Buckingham's account, but he could not help but feel that Brandon was going to New Spain so soon and would be out of the way both of Mary's eyes and Mary's marriage stimulated that rare flower in Henry's heart, a good resolve, and Brandon was offered his old quarters with him until such time as he should sail for New Spain.

He had never abandoned this plan, and now that matters had taken this turn with Mary and the king his resolution was stronger than ever in that the scheme held two recommendations and a possibility of success.
The recommendations were, first, it would take him away from Mary, with whom, when out of the inspiring influence of her buoyant hopefulness, he knew marriage to be utterly impossible, and second, admitting and facing that impossibility, he might find at least partial relief from his pain in the stirring events and adventures of that faraway land of monsters, dragons, savages and gold. The possibility lay in the gold, and a very faintly burning flame of hope held out the still more faintly glimmering chance that fortune, smiling at the weak alone, might for lack of another lover smile upon him by way of squaring accounts. She might lead him to a cavern of gold, and gold would do anything, even perhaps purchase a priceless treasure as a certain princess of the royal blood.

Brandon at once accepted the king's offer of lodging in the palace, for now that he felt sure of himself in the matter of New Spain and his separation from Mary he longed to see as much as possible of her before the light went out forever. That was exactly where the trouble lay. It was not fire and blood through which he would have to pass; they were small matters—mere nothing that would really have added zest and interest to the achievement. But the frowning laugh of the tyrant, who could bind him hand and foot, and whose prison was as ardent though a hollowed out block in the near black ground, were matters that would have taken the adventurous tendency out of even the crackled skin of chivalry itself. Brandon cared only to fight where there was a possible victory or ransom, or a prospect of some sort at least of achieving success.

In every phase of the question which his good sense presented to Brandon, whose passion was as ardent though not so impatient as Mary's, that it would be worse than foolhardy to try to see her. He, however, had determined to see her once more before he left; but as it could in all probability be only once, he was reserving the meeting until the last, and had written Mary that it was their best and only chance.

She could not endure inaction, so she did the worst thing possible. She went alone one afternoon, just before dusk, to see Brandon at our rooms. I was not there when she first went in, but leaving seen her on the way suspected something and followed, arriving two or three minutes after her. I knew it was best that I should be present and was sure Brandon would wish it. When I entered, they were holding each other's hands in silence. They had not yet found their tongues, so full and crowded were their hearts. It was pathetic to see them, especially the girl, who had not Brandon's hopelessness to deaden the pain by partial resignation.

Upon my entrance she dropped his hands and turned quickly toward me with a frightened look, but was reassured and turned toward me. Brandon mechanically walked away from her and seated himself on a stool. Mary, as mechanically, moved to his side and placed her hand on his shoulder. Turning his face toward me she said: "Sit down, I know you will forgive me when I tell you that we have a great deal to say and wish to be alone."

"I was about to go when Brandon stopped me."
"No, no, Casskoden, please stay. It would not do. It would be bad enough, I had known, if the princess should be found here with both of us, but with me alone I should be dead before morning. There is danger enough as it is, for they will watch us."
Mary knew he was right, but she could not resist a vicious little glance toward me, who was in no way to blame.

Presently we all moved into the window, where Brandon and Mary sat upon the great cloak and I on a camp stool in front of them, completely filling up the little passage.
"It can bear this no longer," exclaimed Mary. "I will go to my brother to-night and tell him all. I will tell him how I suffer and that I shall die if you are allowed to go away and leave me forever. He loves me, and I can do anything with him when I try. I know he will obtain his consent to our marriage. He cannot know how I suffer, else he would not treat me so. I will tell him; he will convince him. I have in my mind everything I want to say and do. I will sit on his knee and stroke his hair and kiss him." And she laughed softly as her spirit revived and the breath of a glowing hope. "Then I will tell him how handsome he is and how I hear the ladies sighing for him, and he will come around all right by the third visit. Oh, I know how to do it. I have done it so often. Never fear. I wish I had gone at it long ago." Her enthusiastic fever of hope was really contagious, but Brandon, whose life was at stake, had his wits quickened by the danger.

"Mary, would you like to see me a corpse before tomorrow noon?" he asked.
"Why, of course not. Why do you ask such a dreadful question?"
"Because, if you wish to make sure of it, do what you have just said—to the king and tell him all. I doubt if he could wait till morning. I believe he would awaken me at midnight to put me to sleep forever—at the end of a rope or a black pillow."
"Oh, no; you are all wrong. I know what I can do with Henry."

"If that is the case, I say goodbye now, for I shall be out of England, if possible, by midnight. You must promise me that you will not only not go to the king at all about the matter, but that you will guard your tongue, and your slightest word, and remember with every breath that on your prudence hangs my life, which, I know, is dear to you. Do you promise? If you do not, I must fly. So you will lose me one way or the other if you tell the king either by my flight or by my death."

"I promise," said Mary, with drooping head, the embodiment of despair, all life and hope having left her again. After a few minutes her face brightened, and she asked Brandon what ship he would sail in for New Spain, and whence.
"We sail in the Royal Hind from Bristol," he replied.
"How many go out in her, and are there any women?"
"No, no," he returned. "No woman could make the trip, and, besides, on that account half pirates sail in her, and they do not take women. The sailors are superstitious about it and will not sail with them. They say they bring bad luck—adverse winds, calms, storms, blackness, monsters from the deep and vicious foes."
"The ignorant creatures!" cried Mary. "The ignorant creatures!" I secretly added a hundred men if the captain can induce so many to enlist."

"How does one procure passage?" inquired Mary.
"By enlisting with the captain, a man named Bradhurst, at Bristol, where the ship is now lying. There is where I enlisted by letter. But why do you ask?"
"Oh, I only wanted to know."
We talked awhile on various topics, but Mary always brought the conversation back to the same subject, the Royal Hind and New Spain. After asking many questions she sat in silence for a time and then abruptly broke into one of my sentences. She was always interrupting me as if I were a parrot.

"I have been thinking and have made up my mind what I will do, and you shall not dissuade me. I shall sail for New Spain with you. That will be glorious—far better than the humdrum life of sitting at home—and will solve the whole question."
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SUN PRINTING COMPANY, ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

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THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., NOVEMBER 11, 1905

LONG LIVE THE KING.

King Edward VII. is sixty-four years old, which is above the average age of his predecessors at the time of their death. Of the thirty-five sovereigns whose names appear on the list of kings and queens between the Norman Conquest and the accession of the present king, only twelve passed the age which His Majesty has now reached.

No doubt the conditions of life in palaces and cottages alike tend toward longer lives than our ancestors could expect. History represents monarchs and statesmen as old men at sixty. They do not now appear to be so. A public man at three score is in his prime. It is not at all likely that William the Conqueror at sixty could endure one-half the physical exertion which his successor now on the throne is prepared to undergo at a more advanced age.

HEARST AND TAMMANY.

Mr. Hearst is the kind of man who would be expected to make good his undertaking to secure a complete inquiry into the mayoralty election proceedings. If his statements are correct, he has suffered personal wrong, and a public offense has been committed. Natural inclination and public duty point in the same direction.

SIR JAMES GOWAN.

The only Canadian reported as receiving birthday honors is the venerable Senator Gowan, now in his ninetieth year. Sir James Gowan was born in Ireland in 1815. He came to Canada in 1832, and when a law student served as a volunteer in the rebellion of 1837, taking part in the engagement at Gallows Hill. Called to the bar in 1839, he practiced at Barris for four years, when he was made county court judge of Simcoe, at the age of twenty-eight.

THE LADY LAWYER.

It is agreed that Miss French ought to be received as an attorney-at-law. A great injustice would otherwise be done to this lady, who has been admitted as a law student, and who has passed the examinations, and completed all the terms of study that are required.

THE CORONER'S JURY.

Judge Hall of Montreal has reached the conclusion that the grand jury has outlived its usefulness. He says that magistrates are much better qualified than the average grand jury to say whether an accused person should be put on trial. An examination of the verdicts given by coroners' juries during recent years is calculated to raise the question whether that institution has any further value.

A BOSTON INCIDENT.

The endorsement of Mayor Weaver by the people of Philadelphia and of District Attorney Jerome in New York had their counterpart in a smaller way in the election of John B. Moran as district attorney of Suffolk county, Massachusetts. Boston is the principal part of Suffolk county. There are charges of corruption and graft in Boston, some of them relating to contracts on the Fenway. Michael J. Sughru, the present district attorney, who sought re-election, is said to have shown no disposition to take up these charges.

will stop graft in Boston. The Fenway graft will be investigated. The door of the grand jury will be open at all times to evidence of crime. I shall take official notice of every offense brought to my attention. I will investigate the railroad bribery of legislators and jurors. I will investigate gas corporation bri-

bery of legislators. I will investigate pay roll frauds at City Hall. The illegal medical places will be driven from the city. The Haight & Freese case will be investigated. I will be merciful and considerate to unfortunate victims of environment.

NOT OVER-STATIONED

It will be seen by the statement published elsewhere in this issue that Senator McMullen was mistaken in his assertion about Intercolonial stations. As a matter of fact the Intercolonial stations are no closer together than those of other Canadian railways running through similar country. It is true, as has frequently been mentioned, that stations are near together between St. John and Rothesay, but these are local or suburban stopping places which the fast trains pass at full speed. Between Coldbrook and Rothesay, a distance of 6.7 miles there are four stops, or five runs, making each run one mile and one-seventh. There are no such short runs in the neighborhood of Halifax, or anywhere else on the line. Compare this most thickly stationed piece of the Intercolonial with the portion of the Canadian Pacific between South Bay and Lingley. In that distance of ten miles there are ten runs or spaces between stations, so that they are only one mile apart. We notice the same thing on the C. P. R. line between Montreal and Ottawa, where it passes the popular summer resorts. There is a stop at the 8th mile from Montreal, another at the 10th, and others at the 13th, 14th, 15th, 17th, 19th and 21st miles.

THE NATION IS RESPONSIBLE.

The massacre of Jews in Russian cities is not the crime of the mob. There is no doubt that the local authorities are responsible for these outbreaks. They occur at times when and in places where the soldiers and the police have full control. On many occasions it has been found that soldiers were the perpetrators of the murders. Hebrew women have been killed by soldiers' bayonets in their own houses or while trying to escape. Local officers seem to have been frequently the instigators of the offenses. The police authorities are said to be the first to circulate the word that the Jews are contemplating some wrong to the community. There is too much reason to believe that the Holy Synod looks on these slaughters without abhorrence. It is at least certain that the murderers and plunderers get off without serious punishment. It is evidently not a serious offense in most cities in southern Russia to butcher a Hebrew family and plunder the house.

THE BRITISH UNEMPLOYED.

While the free trade statisticians of Great Britain are producing figures to show that their country is enjoying great prosperity, the problem of the starving unemployed is pressing more and more strongly upon the attention of public men. Not long ago a deputation supported by members of parliament, waited upon Mr. Balfour and asked him as leader of the government to provide some remedy or relief for the unhappy condition of the working classes. The question is of such national importance that the prime minister referred to it in his Guildhall speech yesterday, though topics of merely local interest are not often discussed at the Lord Mayor's table. The problem of the unemployed will probably be solved by sending large numbers of them to countries which are not blessed with a free trade policy.

WELL SPARED.

M. Pobedonosteff, the venerable reactionary who has been holding back the wheels of progress in Russia for many years, is doubtless honest in saying that he has been a faithful servant of the state. That has been the view of many tyrants and obstructors in all countries and ages. But this well-meaning despot, who retires from the control of affairs in Russia, belongs to a long departed period in the history of the world. Russia will have much disorder and many trials in the new course she is to be pursued, and these will be much greater because of the faithful but mistaken services of the late procurator of the holy synod.

There is a great difference between the Canadian member of parliament and the candidate for seats. The members of last session were unanimous in favor of the pensions and increased indemnities. The candidates are unanimously opposed to these measures.

The revolt in Russia's Black Sea fleet a few months ago has been followed by a like occurrence in the north. It appears that Russia has neither army nor navy on which any reliance can be placed.

TORONTO, Nov. 9.—The Jews in this city, incensed at Russian atrocities, will hold a mass-meeting of all denominations Sunday and adopt a memorial to King Edward asking His Majesty's intervention.

HELPED AT OPERATION

A Second Doctor Called in, Say Police.

Said to be a Warm Friend of Dr. McLeod's—Mary S. Dean Still

Eludes Officers.

Another young doctor of excellent standing and reputed to be a capable surgeon will probably be brought into the Susanna Geary case. He may not be charged as one of the principals, but it is likely that he will appear, at least, as a witness. The connection which this physician has with the case of Miss Geary, the Shepherd King carrier, is alleged to be as one of the surgeons who performed the operation of laparotomy a few days before the girl died, the operation being undertaken as a desperate means to save her life.

The doctor in question has, it is alleged, treated other patients convalescing in the Winthrop street house.

Sackville.

SACKVILLE, Nov. 7.—The death of Mrs. Robert Kals of Midgie occurred on Saturday, paralysis being the immediate cause of her death. Deceased was 64 years old. She is survived by a large family. The sons are Edward, Isaac George, Ellsworth, Truepan and Elmer; the daughters, Mrs. Geo. Townshend, Mrs. Edward Algers, Bernice and Cynthia. She also leaves a mother, Mrs. J. A. Deceased's maiden name was Wheaton. She was a very estimable person. Not only her immediate relatives but the community at large feel a distinct loss in her death.

The death of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Estabrook, Upper Sackville, occurred Sunday. The funeral was held yesterday afternoon at 3 p. m. The topics were the Scriptures, Sabbath, and the Sanctuary, and concluded with a few timely remarks on temperance and bribery.

WOODSTOCK LADY

DIES AT OLD AGE.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., Nov. 9.—Mrs. Robert Donaldson died at her home here today at the advanced age of upwards of eighty. She had been ill for some months past. She was the widow of the late Robert Donaldson, who for many years was the proprietor of the hotel here, and who will be well remembered by the older people of the province who used to visit Woodstock. Mrs. Donaldson was much respected, being of a particularly kind and charitable disposition. She leaves a son, George, and two daughters, Mrs. Jas. W. Foster, and Ida, unmarried. The funeral will be in St. Luke's Church tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson.

BLACKMAIL CASE ON TRIAL IN SUSSEX.

SUSSEX, Nov. 8.—The case against Wm. Babkirik, charged with attempting to extort money from Wm. J. McEwan under threat, was begun before Magistrate Morrison this morning. F. L. Fairweather acted for the prosecution and Ora P. King for the defense.

Witness continued and said they took McArthur along as a witness of what Babkirik had done in the case he proposed anything illegal to witness. Mr. King—"And you were to use this as evidence in your case?" "Witness—"We'll—yes."

The question was allowed by the magistrate and the witness assented. "To Mr. King—I thought it impossible to stop the defendant from giving evidence, and I just went to the bridge to see the man. Those cases have not been tried out against me. Four summonses were served on me. I do not remember the date of the violation."

Mr. Fairweather objected to this, and claimed the plotting was on the other side. The afternoon session Thomas Borden and McArthur were examined. The former swore that Evan Kyle came to his house and said he was sent by Mr. Babkirik to see what was going on in the case of the Act cases. He said that Mr. Babkirik had sent him down "to tell us he would take \$300 to get out and to stay out."

The Babkirik blackmail case at Sussex is to go to higher court. Yesterday morning Stipendiary Morrison dismissed the case on the ground that malice had not been shown. He declared that the meeting between Babkirik and Ora P. King, M. P. P., representing the defendant, addressed the court at length, previous to the decision being rendered. F. L. Fairweather, for McEwan, the plaintiff, replied, and when the decision was rendered, gave notice that he would appeal the case to the January sitting of the supreme court. McEwan was bound over in the sum of \$500 to appear at the court when the case comes up for a hearing.

She Will Probably Be Admitted to the Bar—Judicature Act Approved by the Profession.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Nov. 8.—At the annual meeting of the New Brunswick Barristers' Society held this evening in the supreme court room for the purpose of introducing and discussing the case of Miss French, in regard to her admission as attorney.

The Attorney-general favored her admission and Recorder Skinner expressed similar views. Messrs. Phillips, Teed and Allen said they could not agree. Messrs. Barry, Carter, Laforest and others spoke along the same line as the first speakers. The case comes up before the court on Friday. The attorney-general stated that he had two matters to bring before the society. The government had asked the opinion of the profession throughout the province as to the desirability of introducing a bill to amend the administration of justices courts. The great majority had replied in favor, but before the government took any action it would like the opinion of the society. Another matter engaging the attention of the government was the administration of justices courts. The administration was not satisfactory, and it was thought that it would plan to overcome this difficulty by putting the jurisdiction with the county court judges. The procedure would be as cheap as a judge could visit each of the parishes in his jurisdiction, say once a month, and hear cases. It might be that one or two more county judges might have to be appointed, but the result would be satisfactory. A clerk of court could be appointed to issue processes, the fees would be about the same except that the fees to a magistrate would be saved. The plan was a general one, and had not been worked out in detail.

The society seemed to look with much favor upon both the Judicature act and the proposed change in regard to justices courts, and it was decided to consider these matters at another meeting of the society to be held in St. John at a later date.

FRIDERICTON CURLERS NEW POLICY. FRIDERICTON, N. B., Nov. 9.—At the curling club meeting last night John Johnson, J. McPeck, W. A. Vanwart, W. A. McKee, Wm. Alger, Robt. Vandine and W. R. Dunbar were elected members. Father Hannigan was elected chaplain while A. S. McFarlane, S. D. Simmons, J. H. Hawthorne and G. Y. Dibble were appointed the managing committee. It was decided hereafter to have the managing committee select links for foreign matches instead of allowing "ships" elected by the club to do the work. It is claimed that better results will follow as stronger links can be picked.

LONDON'S NEW LORD MAYOR. LONDON, Nov. 9.—With the time-honored ceremonies, Alderman Walter Vaughan Morgan was inaugurated Lord Mayor of London today in succession to Sir John Fould. The new Lord Mayor they drove through the streets to the law courts where he took

Many Persons Have Catarrh of Kidneys, Or Catarrh of Bladder and Don't Know It.

President Newhof and War Correspondent Richards were Promptly Cured by Pe-ru-na.

Mr. C. B. Newhof, 10 Delaware street, Albany, N. Y., President Montefiore Club, writes: "Since my advanced age I find that I have been frequently troubled with urinary ailments. The bladder seemed irritated, and my physician said that it was catarrh caused by a protracted cold which would be difficult to overcome on account of my advanced years. I took Pe-ru-na, hardly daring to believe that I would be helped, but I found to my relief that I soon began to mend. The irritation gradually subsided and the urinary difficulties passed away. I have enjoyed excellent health now for the past seven months. I enjoy my meals, sleep soundly, and am as well as I was twenty years ago. I give all praise to Pe-ru-na. C. B. Newhof.

Suffered From Catarrh of Kidneys, Threatened With Nervous Collapse, Cured by Pe-ru-na.

Mr. E. B. Richards, 60 E Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., War Correspondent, writes: "Exactly six years ago I was ordered to Cuba as staff correspondent of the New York Sun. I was in charge of a Sun Dispatch boat through the Spanish American War. The effect of the tropical climate and the nervous strain showed plainly on my return to the States. Lassitude, depression to the verge of melancholia, and incessant kidney trouble made me practically an invalid. This undesirable condition continued, despite the best of treatment. Finally a brother newspaper man, who like myself had served in the war, induced me to give a faithful trial to Pe-ru-na. I did so. In a short time the lassitude left me, my kidneys resumed a healthy condition, and a complete cure was effected. I cannot too strongly recommend Pe-ru-na to those suffering with kidney trouble. To-day I am able to work as hard as at any time in my life, and the examiner for a leading insurance company pronounced me an "A Risk."

In Poor Health Over Four Years. Pe-ru-na Only Remedy of Real Benefit.

Mr. John Nimmo, 215 Appinot St., Toronto, Can., a prominent merchant of that city and also a member of the Masonic order, writes: "I have been in poor health generally for over four years. When I caught a bad cold last winter it resulted in the bladder and kidneys, causing serious trouble. I took two greatly advertised



PRES. C. B. NEWHOF, Suffered From Catarrh of Bladder

kidney remedies without getting the desired results. Pe-ru-na is the only remedy which was really of any benefit to me. I have not had a trace of kidney trouble nor a cold in my system." Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics. One reason why Pe-ru-na has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotics of any kind. Pe-ru-na is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring a drug habit. Pe-ru-na does not produce temporary results. It is permanent in its effect. It has no bad effect upon the system, and gradually eliminates catarrh by removing the cause of catarrh. There are a multitude of homes where Pe-ru-na has been used off and on for twenty years. Such a history could not be possible if Pe-ru-na contained any drugs of a narcotic nature.

N. B. BARRISTERS FAVOR MISS FRENCH.

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the oath. The various associations of the city took part and the route was lined by immense crowds of people. Among the floats was one illustrating peace which was draped with immense American flags, a tribute to President Roosevelt's success in ending the war in the far east.

MANY INTERESTS ASK MORE PROTECTION.

Tobacco and Liquor Men, Cotton Dealers and Sewing Machine Makers Before the Tariff Commission.

MONTREAL, Nov. 8.—Many important interests were heard at today's session of the tariff inquiry. The Canadian Cigar Makers' Association was first heard. They wanted the duty on raw leaf tobacco reduced to \$8 per thousand cigars. It is now about \$8. They complained that an additional taxation placed on the industry in 1897 is affecting consumption and seriously hampering the industry. Only prosperity and contentment increase in sale of ten cent cigars had saved it from ruin. Low taxation would make Canadians, as it had made the people of the United States, a nation of cigar smokers. More tobacco is required in the cigar industry in proportion to the value of the output than in any other industry. The tobacco manufacturers asked that they be given free liquorices, glycerine and spirits and that the sale for raw leaf tobacco be abolished.

The shirt and collar men said they had suffered severely from American and Austrian competition, and in consequence had not been able to increase their output in five years. They asked for ad valorem and specific duty, which Hon. Mr. Fielding figured out as being 62 per cent. The Montreal Piano Dealers' Association stated that there were no cheap or high grade pianos manufactured in Canada. All were of medium grade. They suggested that the duty upon these classes of instruments should be placed at twenty per cent. F. D. Monk, M. P., asked for protection for market gardeners during the months of May and June. The Montreal Wholesale Dry Goods Association asked that the full British preference be restored on some lines of British woolen goods not manufactured in Canada.

Then came the turn of the cotton interests. Briefly they stated that taking of one season with another they could not hope, even under the most favorable conditions, to retain their business under a duty of 35 per cent. They asked for an increase of duty on greys and whites of five per cent. Given this they would do their best to keep their mills in operation the year around, and thus render it easier for themselves to keep a constant supply of efficient labor. The evening session was largely devoted to three Canadian sewing machine makers, who complained that the prohibitive duty be placed upon this class of machines. The steam engine industry was represented as being in a most precarious position, and an increase of duty from 25 to 35 per cent. is requested. An importer of Russian sugar asked that the tariff be arranged so as to give him a chance to sell his wares in Canada. The commission meets here again Friday afternoon.

SECRETARY OF THE COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS. JACK EDWARDS TO BE HUNG. TODAY'S NEWS. MORE RAUCOUS. THE MONTHLY COMPANY RETURN. FRIENDS OF MRS. J. SPENDING. MRS. CA. HARGREAVES. MICHAEL OFFICE IN CONNECTION PRIOR TO WHICH DAY EARLY. HARMAN J. WALTER. THE RING WAS CREEK. CRAIG AT HUSBAND. CHICAGO. SHEPHERD O. DIED TO KEAN. PILLS.

Idneys, Know It.

CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John.

Will the lady who subscribed for the Semi-Weekly Sun for Mrs. F. H. Davis, please call or write to the manager of Sun Printing Company.

E. R. O'Brien, postmaster and Western Union Telegraph operator at St. George, died on Wednesday night after a long illness. Mr. O'Brien had held these offices for a life time, and was a most faithful and efficient public servant, enjoying the good will of the people. He is survived by his wife, five daughters and four brothers. One brother is James O'Brien, formerly M. P. for Charlottetown. Mr. O'Brien was an active member of the Masonic fraternity and a leader in the Presbyterian Church.

ALL IT NEEDED.

There is more real oxygen in a liquid form in the "Solution of Ozone (the coupon kind)" than in any other preparation of a similar nature. As a prompt cure in the killing of all inside germs, it cures, stomach or bowels it has no equal. It is coupled with "Celery King," the famous laxative. That the stringent Ozone needed a tonic of this nature to procure the best results was so apparent that the Public Drug Co., of St. John, Ont., offer through your druggist a free package of "Celery King" with every fifty cent or one dollar bottle of "Solution of Ozone (the coupon kind)."

Rev. T. J. Allen expects to preach a temperance sermon at the Reformed Presbyterian Church, Barneville, on Sunday evening, Nov. 12th, at seven o'clock. The offerings are to be shared with the local W. C. T. U. of this place. Mr. Allen is a fine speaker and we hope to see a goodly number out.

Belleve Lodge, No. 288, I. O. G. T., at Young's Cove road, Queens Co., at its last regular meeting, elected the following officers: P. A. Farris, C. T.; Mrs. Geo. Worden, V. T.; Miss Ollie Reid, Sec.; Miss Ruby Thorne, F. S.; John McNamara, T. Miss Dora Farris, Mar.; Frank Dixon, D. M.; Miss J. Irons, Chap.; Harry Elliott, G. C.; Wiggins, S. M. A. Elliott, P. C. T.; Miss H. Wiggins, A. S.; Miss Lulu J. Dixon, organist.

The schooner William L. Elkin, Capt. Dixon was fouled on Tuesday in Light-house Channel, near Boston, by the schooner Helen Thomas, inward bound. The Elkin was lying to at the time in a heavy mist, and the Thomas snapped her jibboom and carried away some of her stays. The Thomas was slightly damaged. J. Willard Smith is agent, and the Elkin is owned principally by St. John people.

The engine of a west-bound freight train jumped the track at Tonah, a station on the Maine Central line, yesterday morning. No one was injured, and it is said that none of the cars of the train were damaged. The cause of the accident is not known. At the time of its occurrence the train was en route to a switch and moving slowly. As a consequence of the accident, the past Tonah was blocked for a couple of hours. One of the trains delayed as a result of the blockade was the Atlantic express, which was about three hours and a half behind time in reaching the city.

Secretary Wetmore of the S. P. C. A., who was called away last Monday to Cole's Island, Queens Co., to investigate a case of damage done to a number of cattle belonging to Cody Corey of that place, and who has been able to obtain any evidence as to what caused the damage to the animals. It was at first reported that they had been shot by hunters for sport, but Mr. Wetmore with others who examined the injured animals, two of which had been shot, is of the opinion that they had been caught in a moose trap. It was also hinted by some people of that locality that the owner of the cattle was also the owner of the traps. At any rate Secretary Wetmore has decided to hand the matter over to Mr. Knight, the game commissioner, immediately upon his return to the city, and it is probable that the matter will not be allowed to drop without a thorough investigation.

JACKSONVILLE.

JACKSONVILLE, Nov. 9.—The many friends of Ernest Plummer are delighted to hear that he is recovering from his serious accident. There were two doctors in attendance. Today we are visited by quite a heavy snow storm, the first of the season. More rain is needed. Mrs. Kinney, who has been visiting her daughter in St. John for several months, arrived home on Thursday accompanied by Mrs. Dr. Prescott. Her return is gladly welcomed by her many friends, who are glad to know that she is much improved in health. Miss Hart is visiting friends here. Mrs. Estabrooks, Hodgdon, Maine, is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Carr.

HARCOURT.

HARCOURT, Nov. 9.—L. P. McMichael, late agent in the I. C. R. office here, is spending a few days' vacation at his home in West Branch prior to departing for Fredericton, to which office he has been promoted as day assistant. His place here, temporarily filled by Mervin English of Chatham Junction, was taken last night by Walter Howard, late of Rogersville. The infant child of Mrs. Isadore Starbuck, buried in front of the St. John Creek, Rev. H. Henry Stewart officiating at funeral service. Mrs. Starrack's husband died in September last.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—General Francis T. Sherman, late of staff, under General O. O. Howard, in the civil war, died today at his residence in Waukegan, Ill.

Piles

To prove you can do it. Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every case of hemorrhoids. Itching and protruding piles. The manufacturer has guaranteed its effectiveness. It is the only medicine that will cure you. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. It is sold by all dealers of EMBANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

AMERICAN SHIPS JOIN IN SALUTE TO KING.

Admiral Prince Louis is Making Himself Popular With the United States Sailors -- He is Proud to be There as British Admiral.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Thousands watched on the banks of the Hudson River at noon today while six British warships in union with double that number American men-of-war fired a national salute of 21 guns in honor of King Edward, who celebrated today his 64th birthday. Bedecked with flags of colors, the column of ships stretched for five miles up the Hudson, from Forty-second to One Hundred and Thirty-fifth streets, by far the largest, most formidable Anglo-American naval force ever assembled in home or foreign ports. Graciously the vessels rode at anchor in mid-stream at intervals of four hundred yards, each wearing "full dress" in honor of the King's birthday. Flying at the foremast of each British man-of-war was the Royal George and at the main the Stars and Stripes.

The American flag floated at the fore of the ships of the North American fleet and the Royal Jack at the main in honor of the British sovereign. A clear sky poured a wealth of sunshine upon this scene, and a stiff breeze rudely bared the heads of those who failed to show this mark of respect as the last gun of the salute thundered forth, and across the water came the strains of God Save the King. The bands on the Drake, the flagship of Rear Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg, and on the Rear Admiral Evans' flagship, the Maine, struck the British anthem and quickly the melody, as it echoed down the column, was taken up by the bands on the battleship Alabama, flagship of Rear Admiral Davis, and on the armored cruiser West Virginia, flagship of Rear Admiral Brownson, until the music resounded to the shores, where the host of a thousand voices swelled its volume.

Right royally was Rear Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg and his splendid squadron welcomed to the American metropolis this morning. The squadron was sighted off Sandy Hook at 6:45 o'clock, having made the run from Annapolis in about 24 hours. The squadron passed in through the Narrows at 7:28, the flagship Drake at the head of the column, followed by the Bedford, Berwick, Cornwall, Essex and Cumberland. As the squadron passed Governor's Island, the flagship thundered forth a national salute of 21 guns, which the shore batteries that guard the entrance of the harbor of the east, answered in kind. Without diminishing the speed, the six drab-colored cruisers swung around into the Hudson river. The sight of them set the hearts of every craft in the harbor shuddering in welcome. Threading their way confidently through a network of coming and outgoing liners, tugs, ferryboats and ships, large and small, their passage up the river was hailed with a pandemonium of noise. Despite the early hour hundreds had gathered along the shore line and from either side of the river crowds dotted hats and waved handkerchiefs in greeting to the visitors.

Throughout this splendid welcome Rear Admiral Prince Louis stood on the after bridge of the Drake, pleased and impressed. The decks of the cruisers were crowded with men enthusiastic in their welcome.

As they neared the quarantine station, each ship had lowered her small storm colors and hoisted in its place the large ensigns which dipped again and again in answer to the salutes of passing craft.

Only once during the passage up the river was the alignment of the cruisers interrupted. This was when the captain of a ferryboat, instead of giving the "off-way" the right of way, drove his boat across the river and would have been struck amidships had not the captain of the Essex quickly steered his ship out of column to let the reckless skipper pass.

St. John, Nov. 9.—The Hudson from 138th street, to 79th street, awaiting the coming of the British squadron, in full dress, were the 12 men of war of Rear Admiral Evans' fleet, the Maine at the fore, the column heading down stream. Steaming within 400 yards of the flagship Maine, off 79th street, the Drake dropped anchor shortly before 9 o'clock and her head swung around to the stream. Straightway the British column and was off the royal standard was broken out. Although the official saluting between the squadrons occurred off Annapolis, as a special mark of courtesy, Admiral Evans' flagship again greeted the "royal standard" with a national salute of 21 guns. This kindly delighted Prince Louis, who later thanked Admiral Evans when the latter, accompanied by Rear Admirals Davis and Brownson, went on board the Drake at 8 o'clock to felicitate the Admiral Prince on the birthday of his sovereign.

Thirteen guns hailed Admiral Evans as he went over the side of the Drake. The moment this salute curled about the white sides of the vessel, the British column and was off the royal standard was broken out. Although the official saluting between the squadrons occurred off Annapolis, as a special mark of courtesy, Admiral Evans' flagship again greeted the "royal standard" with a national salute of 21 guns. This kindly delighted Prince Louis, who later thanked Admiral Evans when the latter, accompanied by Rear Admirals Davis and Brownson, went on board the Drake at 8 o'clock to felicitate the Admiral Prince on the birthday of his sovereign.

SHIPPING NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived. Nov 9—Str Calvin Austin, 2,553, Pike, from Boston via Maine ports, W G Lee, mds and pass.

Coastwise—Sch Effort, 63, Apt, from Annapolis; str Bear River, 76, Morehouse, from Bear River, and cid; sch Murray B, 45, Baker, from Margaretville; Maudie, 55, Beardsley, from Port Lorne; Dora, 58, Cannan, from Parrsboro; str Mikado, 68, Lewis, from Apple River.

Cleared. Nov 9—Sch Jennie C, Currie, for Boston. str Effie May, Gale, for Boston. Coastwise—Str Mikado, Lewis, for Apple River; sch Clara A Benner, Phinney, for Back Bay; G Walter Scott, McDonough, for Point Wolfe.

Domestic Ports. HALIFAX, Nov 9—Ardr, strs Kilkeel, from Port Hastings; Wasis, from North Sydney, and cleared to return. str H. C. Cuba, for Port Wolfe.

HILLSBORO—Cld Nov 7, str Edie, Meidell, for Newark. Liverpool, Nov 9—Strs Nic Argan, for Boston; Ottoman, for Portland. GLASGOW, Nov 9—Ardr, str Monteviden, from Boston. strs St. Majestic, from Liverpool for New York. KINSALE, Nov 9—Passed, str Louisiana, from Babor for Adrossan. LIVERPOOL, Nov 9—Strs Sacem, for Boston.

Foreign Ports. BOSTON, Nov 9—Ardr, strs Canadian, from Liverpool; str Howard A Holder, Cuba; Prince George, from Yarmouth, N S; sch Hastings, from Rockland, Me.

Cleared, str Bethania, from Hamburg, for Baltimore; Mystic, from Louisville; strs Howard A Holder, for St John; Manuel R Cruz, for do. Sailed, str Cymric, for Liverpool; bark Nellie Troop, for Buenos Ayres; schs G H Cochran, for Hillsboro, NB; Gaselle, from St. Peterburg, and from the garrisons near Peterhof, and that machine guns had to be employed.

NEW YORK, Nov 9—Ardr, str Victoria, from Liverpool; Baltic, from do. Sailed, str La Bretagne, for Havre. PORTLAND, Nov 9—Ardr, sch Olaf, from Hantsport, N S. EDGARTOWN, Mass., Nov 9—Sld, sch Romeo, for St John, N B.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Nov. 9.—Sailed, strs Reginald (from New York), for Bangor; schs G. C. Cook (from South Amboy), for Eastport; Elizabeth M Cook (from Perth Amboy), for Calais; Rebecca W Huddell (from St John, NB), for New York.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Nov. 9.—Ardr, U S Highshore str Myrtle, from Portland; schs Lodi Y Chas, from Port Reading for Kittery Point; Wm L Perkins, from South Amboy for New York; Portland Packet, from Boston for Isle Au Pail, Me.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Nov 9.—Ardr, str Eliza S Pepper, from Bangor for New York. NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov 9.—Ardr, sch Frank and Ira, from St John, N B. NEW YORK, Nov 9.—Ardr, strs Victoria, from London; Baltic, from do; schs Sparte, from Baltimore for an eastern port; Wm H Sumner, from Jacksonville.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov 9.—Ardr, str St Croix, Thompson, from St John for Boston; schs Lodi Y Chas, from Port Reading for Kittery Point; Wm L Perkins, from South Amboy for New York; Portland Packet, from Boston for Isle Au Pail, Me.

SAUNDERSTOWN, R. I., Nov. 9.—Ardr, schs George E, from St John, N B. Sailed, str La Bretagne, for Havre; bark Nellie Troop, from Bangor for Buenos Ayres; schs G H Cochran, for Hillsboro, NB; Gaselle, from St. Peterburg, and from the garrisons near Peterhof, and that machine guns had to be employed.

SALEM, Mass., Nov. 9.—Ardr, sch Eracewell, from Cedarhill. PORTLAND, Me., Nov 9.—Ardr, str St Croix, Thompson, from St John for Boston; schs Lodi Y Chas, from Port Reading for Kittery Point; Wm L Perkins, from South Amboy for New York; Portland Packet, from Boston for Isle Au Pail, Me.

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RUSSIA EXCITED OVER MUTINY AT CRONSTADT.

Machine Guns Employed Against Mutinous Sailors--Total Number of Mutineers About 3,000--Over 200 Casualties--The Chief Grievances.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 10.—This city was in a furor of excitement all yesterday and late into the night over the news of the mutiny at Cronstadt. Every one of the exaggerated reports of the affair received credence in many quarters, and half the inhabitants of the capital believed that the mutiny was successful, that the troops sent from here had joined in the revolt, that the entire garrison of St. Petersburg would follow suit today, and that the town of Cronstadt had been burned to the ground, together with the surrounding forts. The place was represented as being in the hands of 8,000 sailors who had murdered their officers, seized the arsenal and bombarded the imperial palace of Peterhof across the bay. Butcher was said to have prevailed in the streets all during the day and the rumors even went to the extent of saying that Father John of Cronstadt had left the bed on which he was supposed to be dying to lead the mutineers. Many of these sensational reports were of course entirely false, but sufficient details have been received to prove that about 3,000 sailors and a battalion of artillery from one of the forts indulged in a mutiny, which was put down by about 7,000 Cossacks and troops of the imperial guard hastily dispatched from St. Petersburg and from the garrisons near Peterhof, and that machine guns had to be employed.

Before the arrival of troops the sailors, many of whom were drunk on liquor plundered from the spirit shops, had set fire to the market and to several groups of houses. About 200 sailors were still holding out at midnight and although these are expected to surrender today, the authorities became so alarmed that the 1st Regiment of the Guard was dispatched to Cronstadt at one o'clock this morning. The governor of Cronstadt telegraphed the general staff at midnight that the mutiny had been crushed, that there was no likelihood of any renewal of the revolt today, that reports to the effect that members of the guard had joined the mutineers were false, and there was no truth in reports that the mutineers had seized the arsenal and the forts.

The correspondent of the Associated Press, who is on the ground, says that the officers estimate the casualties at 200, which is certainly very conservative. In view of the reports brought by refugees who fled from the town to the mainland. At this critical juncture there is no unanimity in government circles to minimize the seriousness of the mutiny, and it is admitted that a battalion of artillery joined the sailors in open revolt, the mutinous spirit must have been contagious.

CRONSTADT, Nov. 9, midnight.—During the rioting Wednesday night machine guns were employed against the mutinous sailors, who had been joined by a battalion of artillerymen. At this critical juncture there is no unanimity in government circles to minimize the seriousness of the mutiny, and it is admitted that a battalion of artillery joined the sailors in open revolt, the mutinous spirit must have been contagious.

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WANTED

"If you want work, or if you desire to increase your income during spare time, write us now, and we will give you profitable work in your vicinity. We pay well for services rendered. PELHAM NURSERY CO., Toronto, Ont."

MEN WANTED—Reliable men in every locality throughout Canada to advertise our goods, tack up show-boards on trees, fences, along roads and all conspicuous places; also distribute small advertising matter. Salary \$900 per year, or \$75 per month and expenses \$3 per day. Steady employment to good, reliable men. No experience necessary. Write for particulars. EMPIRE MEDICINE CO., London, Ont.

MONEY TO LOAN.

H. H. PICKETT, B. C. L., Barrister, Solicitor, etc., Canada Life Building.

We Trust Y.

With a dose of our Patent... We Trust Y. Art Co. Dept. 1968 Toronto

WORKED 30 YEARS AS SECTION MAN.

Old C. P. R. Official Retires After Long Service—News of Fredericton Junction.

FREDERICTON JUNCTION, Nov. 9.—The new school house of district No. 1 is rising in fair proportions on the banks of the North Branch. This building will contain four departments, and when finished will be the finest educational structure in the county of Sunbury, and is something of which the people of Fredericton Junction have just reason to be proud. S. L. Curtis is the contractor and master builder. Joseph Kingston has retired from the employ of the C. P. R. after 30 full years of service as section man. During this long term he has labored under many managements, and under all with a fidelity which knew no reserve. It is gratifying to Mr. Kingston that his late employers, the C. P. R., have seen fit to recognize in a practical way his faithful services. Last April Mr. Kingston was injured by a fall from a hand car, and though pretty well recovered, he has since returned to his place on the road. A young son of H. B. Pride on Tuesday swallowed a portion of "rat bliskit." Emetics and antidotes were administered and the patient is now safe. Doctors for the extermination of noxious animals should state on the outside of the package the kind of lethal drug contained so that the physician would know which antidote to give. John Alexander, who has been seriously ill with typho-pneumonia, is past the danger point of the disease. The health of Burton Boons is a matter for anxiety to his friends.

BIRTHS.

BRITAIN.—At Lancaster Heights, November 4th, to the wife of H. H. Brittain, a son.

MARRIAGES.

REED-ARMSTRONG.—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 8th inst., by Rev. Dr. Wm. L. Poston, Thomas H. Reed of Mary Gault, daughter of Jas. G. Armstrong, all of this city.

McLELLAN-LITTLE.—On Nov. 9th, by Rev. Dr. Wm. L. Poston, Lellan to Alice Little, both of this city.

BURKE-ROOTES.—Married, on October 28th, 1905, Lena Blanche Rootes, youngest daughter of the late Jas. W. H. Rootes, of St. John, N. B., to James A. Burke, of Stanley, York Co., N. B., by the Rev. Mr. Rogers, Methodist.

DEATHS.

BALMUT.—In this city on the 8th inst., at 206 Metcalf street, Margaret W. Balmut, aged 23 years. (Boston papers please copy.)

HUTTON.—Suddenly at Fairville, N. B., on Nov. 7th, Samuel J. Hutton, leaving a father, mother, four brothers and two sisters to mourn their sad loss.

RAYNES.—On the 8th of November, after a long illness, Margaret, widow of the late John Raynes, aged 83 years, leaving three sons and three daughters to mourn their loss.

MACHUM.—On Monday, 8th November, at 122 Carmarthen street, Lellie R., wife of E. R. Machum.

KETCHUM.—On Nov. 7th, at 26 Garden street, Mary E., beloved wife of Geo. W. Ketchum.

CARSON.—At Dorchester, Mass., on Nov. 4th, Sarah I. Carson, daughter of the late William and Jane Carson. SPRAGUE.—In this city, on the 8th inst., Rebecca A., beloved wife of Wilfred Sprague, aged 53 years, leaving a daughter besides her husband to mourn their loss.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—In addition to the claim made by Wm. Ellis, the Australian bookmaker, on the property of Milton Franklin Andrews, who killed his female companion and committed suicide on Monday last, when about to be arrested for the murders in the east with which he was charged, two other claimants have appeared. One is his wife, living at Holyoke, Mass., and the other his brother-in-law, Calvin E. Andrews, who lives at Hartford, Conn. The chief of police, of Holyoke, Mass., has wired the local authorities to that effect. The property consists of clothing, diamonds, worth about \$800, a valuable watch and \$150 in cash.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Fire today at Ravenswood, a suburb, destroyed a four story brick building, occupied by the Cline Publishing Co., and partly destroyed two adjacent buildings; loss \$100,000.



WHOF.

Whof. of Bladder. It getting to be the only of any benefit trace of kidney system."

Narcotics. a has found perhones is that it any kind. Posses. It can be without acquirina does not pros. It is perhones the system, as estash by reharh. There are here Perans base, twenty years, it is possible if drugs of a nar-

associations of al the route was wds of people. one illustrating and immense ute to President ending the war

PROTECTION. n. Cotton Dealers Makers Before mission.

Many import- at today's sea- quiry. The Can- Association was feat the duty an- cued to \$8 per is now about \$8. t an additional industry in 1897 on seriously. Only prosper- increase in sale of ved it from ruin. make Canadiana, of the United cigar smokers. In the cigar in- to the value of other industry. dealers asked that sources, give cerine the sale for raw ed.

men said they from American tion, and in con- able to increase ars. They asked cific duty, which red out as being

Dealers' Assoc- were not cheap manufactured in medium grade. duty duty upon ments should be cent. asked for protec- during the line. sale Dry Goods the full British on some lines of ot manufactured

of the cotton in- tated that tak- another they under the most to retain their of 15 per cent, ease of duty on five per cent. over their best to vention the year it easier for constant supply

was largely de- sewing ma- explained that the upon which the dare place his Canadian dealers, ruining the they asked that a placed upon this steam engine ed as being in a an and an in- to 35 per cent. is

Canadian sugar asked so as to give an in- meets here again

Provincial News

SAKVILLE, N. B., Nov. 4.—Mount Allison faculty concert was held last evening in Beethoven Hall. The hall was well filled with an appreciative audience.

JACKSONVILLE, Nov. 7.—Robert Wylie, wife and two children, of Leadville, Colorado, are guests of Mrs. Andrew Wylie. They arrived yesterday by C. P. R. Mr. Wylie has been absent for nearly twenty years, and his many friends welcome his return.

Miss Milia Churchhill of Highland View Hospital, Amherst, was the guest of Mrs. E. Churchhill yesterday.

Leonard Goodwin of the firm of Finlay & Goodwin, Point de Bute, was in town yesterday.

The Presbyterians of Port Elgin held a successful supper on the 2nd inst. The sum of \$80 was netted for church purposes.

Miss Cox of Moncton, is in town today.

Mrs. James Sands of Pictou, N. S., is the guest of Mrs. Geo. A. Read, Main street.

Wm. Richardson of Brooklyn, had the misfortune to lose a valuable horse the other evening. The animal hung himself in the stable.

A public meeting in the interests of the British and Foreign Bible Society will be held at Upper Sackville Methodist church on the evening of the 8th.

Mr. T. Spence of Botsford, returned Monday evening from a three months' trip to the west.

SAKVILLE, N. B., Nov. 6.—Cape Wermontine was visited by a severe storm on Wednesday night, which damaged the pier to a considerable extent.

The body of a deer was found on the shore Thursday morning. It is supposed the animal wandered out on the pier during the violent storm and was swept overboard.

The ladies of the Presbyterian congregation will give a hot supper on the 14th inst. Proceeds in aid of their new church hall.

Rev. F. G. McIntosh, the newly appointed pastor of the Presbyterian congregation here, occupied the pulpit yesterday.

Sch. Annie Pearl, Fridde, arrived with freight from Moncton today.

MILLTOWN, Nov. 6.—Mrs. Joseph Fairhead, who has been in poor health for several weeks, is improving and able to be about the house.

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HOPEWELL HILL, Nov. 6.—Rev. Mr. Taylor of Nova Scotia was the guest of Rev. Dr. Brown, pastor of the Baptist church, recently.

Several of the villages of the county are experiencing an epidemic of measles, a number of cases being severe ones.

MONCTON, N. B., Nov. 7.—No rain of any consequence has fallen in this section of the province for the last two or three months; indeed the rain fall since last spring has been very much below the average.

BLOOMFIELD STATION, Nov. 6.—Jones Bros. are preparing to place a portable mill back of H. H. Cochran's for another cut this winter.

SHEFFIELD, Sun. Co., Nov. 4.—The lamented although not unexpected death occurred at her home on Northumberland street last Sunday evening of Sarah, beloved wife of Thomas Thompson, in the 69th year of her age.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, has been before the public, and this, together with the fact that its sales have steadily increased year by year, is the best proof of the merit of

Shiloh as a cure for Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the lungs and air passages. Those who have used Shiloh would not be without it. Those who have never used it should know that every bottle is sold with a positive guarantee that if it doesn't cure you, the dealer will refund what you paid for it.

Shiloh Has Cured thousands of the most obstinate cases of Coughs, Colds and Lung troubles. Let it cure you.

Shiloh is guaranteed at all druggists.

Some days ago the Sun published an interview with E. A. Goodwin, in which complaint was made of dishonest marking of apples sent from Nova Scotia to the St. John market, and of lack of proper inspection here.

G. H. Vroom in the City and, as a Result of His Work, Nova Scotian Apple Packers Will be Prosecuted—Complaints of Local Dealers Fully Justified.

am quite prepared to believe the statements made to me today that apples which have been received here earlier in the season were of poorer quality than I have inspected today.

It is equally good for Horses, Sheep and Hogs. This undigested balance can be made to give 1/2 to 1 lb. extra gain per day, and at a profit, by adding the "salt, pepper, and gravy" to its food to make it "tasty."

Like ourselves the animal longs for a "tasty" meal.

Starts the "mouth watering" before eating, and the stomach fills with digestive fluids to thoroughly dissolve the food.

This extra amount of digestive fluid dissolves an extra amount of food. This is where the extra gain comes in.

Clydesdale Stock Food is the "salt, pepper and gravy" that makes the animal's food "tasty."

Nothing injurious in it and can feed it without harmful effects. Human beings can take it with benefit. We take it every day. We know its contents. It is made clean.

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Harold Wilson is home from U. N. B. and will be with his father, T. H. Wilson, in the store, for a few weeks, when he will again return to Fredericton.

ALMA, Nov. 6.—Chas. T. White's saw mill at Point Wolfe finished the season's cut on Saturday.

The Alma Lumber and Shipbuilding Co.'s steam mill begins sawing tomorrow morning.

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FEEDING FACTS

In ordinary feeding the steer consumes about 3/4 of its ordinary feed; the balance is undigested or wasted.

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Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, has been before the public, and this, together with the fact that its sales have steadily increased year by year, is the best proof of the merit of

Article in the Sun Brings Chief Fruit Inspector Here. G. H. Vroom in the City and, as a Result of His Work, Nova Scotian Apple Packers Will be Prosecuted—Complaints of Local Dealers Fully Justified.

FREE The Man Medicine Receipt Free to all Suffering Men. You—a man—are not a man unless you are a man of health.

Five Picture Post Cards. of local views, will be sent to any SEMI-WEEKLY SUN subscriber who sends one dollar on his subscription account before the 31st November, next.

GAME RECEIPTS THIS YEAR BEAT RECORDS. The game commissioners' accounts with the provincial government should have closed on Oct. 31st, but as is usually the case, a few days longer have been allowed for the receipt of belated remittances.

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