



A NEW ALMANACK

FOR

THE CANADIAN TRUE BLUES;

WITH WHICH IS INCORPORATED

The Constitutional Reformer's Text Book;

For the millennial and prophetic year of the Grand General Election for Upper Canada, and total and everlasting downfall of Toryism in the British Empire,

1834.

By PATRICK SWIFT, Esq. M. P. P. PROFESSOR OF ASTROLOGY, YORK.

SECOND EDITION.

"A LONG PULL--A STRONG PULL--AND A PULL ALTOGETHER."

America complained that it was taxed, and oppressively taxed; without having a voice in the imposition of the taxes; that it was compelled to obey laws in the framing of which it had no share whatever; that it was in fact so shackled and oppressed, that it had no appeal but to force to assert its independence. It did appeal, and justice being on its side, appealed successfully.---*Mr. Secretary Stanley's reply to Mr. O'Connell, House of Commons, Feb. 1833.*

The strength of the People is nothing without Union, and Union is nothing without Confidence and Discipline.---*Thomas Attwood.*

If there had been no display of physical force, or public opinion, I very well know that there would have been no reform bill.---*Mr. Hume's speech at Manchester.---Times, Nov. 3. 1833.*

Hail to that land! whatever land it be,
Which, struggling hard, is panting to be free.

Goldsmith.

I've noticed on our laird's court-day,
An' mony a time my heart's been wae,
Poor tenant bodies, scant o' cash,
Flow they maun thole a factor's snash;
He'll stamp an' threaten, curse and swear,
He'll apprehend them, poind their gear;
While they maun stan', wi' aspect humble,
An' hear it a', an' fear an' tremble.

Burns.

Commerce has set the mark of selfishness,
The signet of its all enslaving power
Upon a shining ore, and called it gold:
Before whose image bow the vulgar great,
The vainly rich, the miserable proud,
The mob of peasants, nobles, priests, & kings,
And with blind feelings reverence the power
That grinds them to the dust of misery.
But in the temple of their hireling hearts
Gold is a living god and rules in scorn
All earthly things but virtue.

Shelley.

The loss of so important a limb as her North American Provinces would inflict a heavy wound upon the reputation of England and the European estimate of her power. She would suffer; but on them the separation would fall lightly. They would soon manifest their self-sufficing powers for repelling aggression, and for exercising all the functions of an independent state.---*Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine. Review of Mr. McGregor's British America.*

YORK: COLONIAL ADVOCATE PRESS:

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY PETER BAXTER.

Almanack 1834, calculated for the Meridian of York. 75° 36' 6" West Longitude. 43° 30' 10" North Latitude.

MOVEABLE FEASTS:---Septuagesima Sunday, 26 Jan.---Shrove Sunday 9 Feb.---Ash Wednesday, 12 Feb.---Mid Lent Sunday 9 March---Palm Sunday, 23 March---Easter Day 30 March---Low Sunday 6 April---Rogation Sunday 4 May---Ascension Day 8 May---Whit Sunday 18 May---Trinity Sunday 25 May---Advent Sunday 30 November.

ECLIPSES OF THE SUN AND MOON 1834.---January 9---The Sun will be eclipsed at 6, afternoon, invisible.---June 7---The Sun will be eclipsed at 5, morning, invisible.

June 21---The Moon will be totally eclipsed in the morning and visible. Beginning, 1h 25m Middle, 3h 10m---End, 5h---Duration, 3h 35m

Five-pence.]

PAGE 1.

[Common Paper.

November 30.—The Sun will be eclipsed, visible. Beginning, 1h 15m, P. M.—Middle, 2h 34m—End, 3h 53m—Duration 2h 38m—Digits eclipsed 10° 11', on Sun's South limb.

December 15.—The Moon will be eclipsed and visible. Beginning, 10h 16m, P. M.—Middle, 11h 41m—End, 1h 6m, A. M.—(December 16)—Duration, 2h 50m.

MOON'S RISING AND SETTING.—At four days old, it sets at, and shines till about ten at night. 5 about 11—6 about 12—7 at near 1 in the morning, 15, at full, it rises about 6 in the evening—16 at 7 after 7—17 at 8 after 8—18 about 10—19 about 11—20 about 12.

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES FOR 1834.—Dominical Letter, E—Epaet, 20—Golden Number, 11—Lunar Cycle, 11—Solar Cycle, 23—Julian Period, 6547.

ASTRONOMICAL CHARACTERS EXPLAINED.—☾ New Moon, ☽ Full Moon, ☾ First Quarter, ☽ Last Quarter, ☽ Moon's ascending node, ☽ Moon's descending node. ☉ Sun, ☿ Mercury, ♀ Venus, ⊕ Earth, ♁ Mars, ♃ Jupiter, ♄ Saturn, ♅ Georgium Sidus, ♁ Ceres, ♀ Pallas, ♁ Juno, ♁ Vesta. ☽ Conjunction, ☽ Opposition, ☽ Trigonus, ☽ Quartile, * Sextile.

Jan. 3rd 1833. Weather mild and temperate, like spring, farmers ploughing summer fallows, roads broken up. 8th. Cold, frost, snow, excellent sleighing commenced.

The following animated burst of patriotism and poetry, the effusion of one of Britain's host of Schillers and Korners, was contemporary with that dark hour of suspense which followed the infatuated vote of the house of Peers against the Reform Bill, and when there were strong surmises that the King had forfeited his popular character of a reformer. This happily was a mistake. The firm attitude taken by the people, peacefully overmastered the crisis: the poem remains as a warning, which was meant as a call: and a glowing evidence of that noble and free spirit, open to conciliation, but which unwisely irritated by contemptuous denial of justice, still "Bides its time."—From Tail's Edinburgh Magazine for May 1832.

UP, MEN OF ENGLAND!

YE MEN OF ENGLAND, will ye see
The morn of Freedom passing by,
Nor strike your blow for liberty?
Will ye—nor raise your shout on high?

Will only ye thus idly stand,
While Europe struggles for her right!
Arise, arise, with heart and hand—
UP, MEN OF ENGLAND, TO THE FIGHT!

1834. 1. Month.—JANUARY.—31 days. 1834.

☾ Last Quarter, 2.d. 11h. 28m. Even.	☽ First Quarter, 17.d. 9h. 58m. Even.
☽ New Moon, 9.d. 6h. 26m. Even.	☽ Full Moon, 25.d. 5h. 28m. Morn.
	☽ Last Quarter, 31.d. 8h. 30m. Even.

M.	W.	SUN	Moon	Moon	M.	Jan. 2nd 1831.
D.	D.	rises. sets.	rises. south.	P.	P.	
1	We	7 27 4 41	11 34	5 4	☾	Hume, Bentham, Roebuck, Burdett, Buiwer, Sheridan, Place, &c. organize the Parliamentary Candidate Society to promote the return of fit members—
2	Th	7 27 4 42	morn.	5 54	☽	This month, 1833, was formed the middlesex U C Political Union—1832, Mr Mackenzie elected at York by acclamation, and a splendid medal and gold chain presented to him as proofs of public approbation—
3	Fri	7 27 4 43	0 44	6 44	27	Impachment of Sir J Colborne read at county hustings—Highlanders take a part in the grand civic procession and are confined in the garrison and reproved by the Governor.
4	Sat	7 27 4 44	1 54	7 33	☾	5th, Epiphany
5	So	7 27 4 45	3 3	8 23	24	7th, Mr Mackenzie tried and re-expelled by the same persons as before, 1831, they then vote down a motion for an address to dissolve the House.
6	Mo	7 27 4 46	4 11	9 15	☽	9th, The Scarborough farmers vote the House of Assembly to be the dangerous enemies of the people's liberties.
7	Tu	7 27 4 47	5 17	10 8	21	13th, The Assembly negative Mr Mackenzie's motion for retrenchment in the expences of the Legislative Council, 1831
8	We	7 27 4 48	6 19	11 2	☽	15th, Sabbath, Messrs Tracy and Duvernay of Montreal arrested and dragged before the L Council at Quebec for calling their honours' house a nuisance, from thence taken Franklin born 1706 [and immured in a dungeon, 1832.
9	Th	7 26 4 49	sets.	12 56	17	16th, The Assembly negative Mr Mackenzie's motion for enquiry and exposure of the practices of the bank monopoly, 1831.
10	Fri	7 26 4 50	5 33	ev 48	29	19th, Grand meeting of the people of the home and adjoining districts—Mr Mackenzie delegated to England, 1832
11	Sat	7 26 4 51	6 33	1 38	☽	21st, Louis 16th beheaded, 1793.
12	So	7 26 4 52	7 33	2 25	24	21, Speaker M'Lean tomahawks Mr Mackenzie's bill to render the law of libel more just and merciful, 1831.
13	Mo	7 25 4 53	8 33	3 10	☽	Septuagesima] Sleighing. 22nd, Byron born 1788.
14	Tu	7 25 4 54	9 32	3 53	18	24th, Speaker M'Lean tomahawks Mr Bidwell's bill for the more equal division of intestate estates, 1831. The other voters against the bill were the two Boultons, Hagerman, Brant (the Indian chief,) John Brown, Burwell, Elliot, the two Frazers, Ingersol, Jarvis, Jessup, Lewis, M'Martin,
15	We	7 25 4 55	10 30	4 34	30	
16	Th	7 24 4 56	11 29	5 14	☽	
17	Fri	7 24 4 57	morn.	5 56	23	
18	Sat	7 23 4 59	0 28	6 38	☽	
19	So	7 23 5 0	1 29	7 24	18	
20	Mo	7 22 5 1	2 32	8 13	☽	
21	Tu	7 22 5 2	3 37	9 5	1	
22	We	7 21 5 3	4 42	10 2	2	
23	Th	7 20 5 5	5 46	11 2	☽	
24	Fri	7 19 5 6	rises.	morn.	25	
25	Sat	7 19 5 7	5 34	0 4	☽	
26	So	7 18 5 8	6 50	1 4	25	
27	Mo	7 17 5 10	8 6	2 2	☽	
28	Tu	7 16 5 11	9 21	2 57	25	
29	We	7 15 5 12	10 33	3 49	☽	
30	Th	7 15 5 13	11 45	4 40	24	
31	Fri	7 14 5 14	morn.	5 30	☽	

M'Nab, Morris, Mount, Samson & Vankoughnet. [Squally before breakfast if you have children. 26th 1827, Voters for the Alien bill which Randal afterwards overthrew in England, Attorney-general Robinson, Beasley, Burke, Burnham, Cameron, Clark, Coleman, Cumming, Gordon, Ingersol, C Jones, Jonas Jones, D Jones, M'Donnell, M'Lean, Morris, Atkinson, Wm Thompson of Toronto, and Vankoughnet—Old John Willson was in favour of the bill, but manoeuvred to have the odium cast off himself, he being speaker—He would neither put hand nor thumb to the petitions against it—As a politician, Willson is the most slippery, smooth, silver-tongued courtier in Upper Canada, and he is as yet a successful one. 24th 1833, Lord Goderich's despatch throws the Tories of the Assembly into a rage—the crown lawyers affirm that he had not the royal authority for his despatches, and otherwise grossly insult and traduce the government. 29th, The Reformed Parliament met.

Lieutenant-Gov Rowan. A site the College. Executive Cou ing Council John Elmsley. James Stantou, worse than use themselves up a The Govern from Down of honor or profit captaincies, com tors, councillors, ages, Ryanite p of nearly all the delinquency how Legislative C L Dummer Joseph Wells, Y Dunn, York. Alexander McD Bishop, York. ville. James Prescott, Wal John Kirby, K Arthur Lloyd, M aulay, Chaptain Address. [The most Priests, Pensio Stock and Lan a paltry secrec sides the good They don't lik House of A ing the Sergeant at A vincial Parlia Town of York —Wm. Chish N. McNab, H Catherine's, Oxford—C. I M'Neilledge, Kent—W. B Prescott & A. Fraser, F do. Dundas Fraser, Lan Brockville. Norton, Pre Kingston Peter Perry burgh. H Jas. Lyons, George S. places cont wasters. P Men, Peas also adding POLI and p would be i kenzie ha liticians fo from the l erased. the pay of The Rev ners in t Receive P rovi all of wh paying l S urve G Radenb

Leutenant-Governor, Sir John Colborne, K. C. B. Private Secretary, Lieut.-Col. W. Rowan. Aide-de-Camp, Capt. Phillpotts, R. E. Government Office, King Street, opposite the College. Edward MacMahon, Arthur Gifford, James Macdonell, Clerks.

Executive Council. Office, Parliament Buildings, Front Street. Rev. John Strachan, President. Bishop of Quebec!!! Peter Robinson, Geo. H. Markland, Joseph Wells, Confidential Clerk. John Elmsley, John Beikie, Clerk of the Council. William Lee, Confidential Clerk. James Stantou, Clerk. Regular Council Day, first Thursday in every month. [This

worse than useless body consume about £20,000 a-year of the farmers' hard earnings and set themselves up as a board of audit for their own accounts and other £200,000 of U. C. money.

The Governor and Executive Council, (a secret and irresponsible body) with a word or two from Downing Street now and then, have in their gift in Upper Canada about 2,500 places of honor or profit, from \$10 up to \$10,000 per annum value, including judgeships, colonelcies, captaincies, commissioners of peace, registrars, sheriffs, peace clerks, coroners, bank directors, councillors, teachers, bishopries, archdeaconries, Scots kirk and associate synod parsonages, Ryanite preachers, &c. &c. They have also in one shape or other the management of nearly all the wild lands in the country, and there is no means of punishing them for any delinquency however enormous it may be.

Legislative Council. John B. Robinson, Speaker, York. John McGill, York. William Dummer Powell, York. George Crookshank, York. John Strachan, D. D. York. Joseph Wells, York. Duncan Cameron, York. George H. Markland, York. John Henry Duna, York. William Allan, York. Sir William Campbell, York. Peter Robinson, York. Alexander McDonell, York. John Elmsley, York. Augustus Baldwin, York. A. McDonell, Bishop, York. Thomas Clark, Niagara. William Dickson, Dumfries. Charles Jones, Brockville. James Gordon, Amherstburgh. Zaccheus Burnham, Hamilton. John Hamilton, Prescott. Walter Boswell, Hamilton. Peter Adamson, Toronto. James Kerby, Fort Erie. John Kirby, Kingston. James Crooks, Flambro' West. Alexander Grant, Hawkesbury. Arthur Lloyd, March. Abraham Nelles, Grimsby. Grant Powell, Clerk. William Macaulay, Chaptain. D'arcy Boulton, Master in Chancery. Stephen Jarvis, Usher of Black Rod.

Address.—The Honourable the Legislative Council in Provincial Parliament Assembled. [The most extraordinary collection of Sturdy Beggars, Parsons, Prelates, Catholic Priests, Pensioners, Army People, Navy People, Placemen, Excisemen, Bank Directors, and Stock and Land Speculators and Jobbers, ever established, as Mr. Stanley tells us, to act as a paltry screen to a rotten government. They cost the country about £40,000 a-year; besides the good laws by which it might benefit, other £80,000 a-year, which they tomahawk. They don't like to be called a nuisance.]

House of Assembly. [The House of Assembly is held in the New Parliament House fronting the Bay.] Archibald McLean, Speaker. James Fitzgibbon, Clerk. David McNab, Sergeant at Arms. Address.—The Honourable the Commons House of Assembly, in Provincial Parliament Assembled. York County—Jesse Ketchum, York. W. L. Mackenzie, York. Town of York—W. B. Jarvis, Sheriff, York. Simcoe—Wm. B. Robinson Newmarket. Halton—Wm. Chisholm, Nelson. Absalom Shade, Galt. Wentworth—John Willson, Saltfleet. Allan N. McNab, Hamilton. Haldimand—Wm. Hamilton Merritt, St Cath's. Lincoln—R. Randal, St Catherine's. John Clark, do. W. Crooks, Nelson. Barthw. C. Beardsley, Fredericton, N. B. Oxford—C. Duncombe, Oxford. Thos. Hornor, Burford. Norfolk—W. Willson, Victoria. Colia M'Neillage, Port Dover. Middlesex—Mahlon Burwell, Port Talbot. Roswell Mount, Caradoc. Kent—W. Berczy, Berthier. L. C. Essex—W. Elliott, Sandwich. Jean B. Maçon, Montreal. Prescott & Russell—Don. McDonald, Hawkesbury. Glengarry—Alex. McMartin, Martintown. A. Fraser, Fraserfield. Stormont—Arch. McLean, Speaker, Cornwall. Philip Vankoughnet, do. Dundas—John Cook, Matilda. Peter Shaver, do. Lanark—W. Morris, Perth. Don. Fraser, Lanark. Carleton—John Bower Lewis, March. G. Lyon, do. Leeds—W. Buell, Brockville. Mat. M. Howard, Elizabethtown. Grenville—Rich. D. Frazer, Brockville. H. Norton, Prescott. Kingston—Christr. A. Hagerman, York. Frontenac—Hugh C. Thomson, Kingston. John Campbell, Whitby. Lennox & Addington—Marshal S. Bidwell, Kingston. Peter Perry, Ernest Town. Prince Edward—Asa Werden, Hallowell. John Roblin, Sophiasburgh. Hastings—Reuben White, Tharlow. J. H. Samson, Belleville. Northumberland—Jas. Lyons, Presque Isle. Arch. McDonald, Cobourg. Durham—John Brown, Port Hope. George S. Boulton, Cobourg. [More than two-thirds of the Members are returned by places containing a population of less than one-third that of the colony; there are also Postmasters, Pensioners, Excisemen, Customhouse Officers, Crown Officers, Sheriffs, Half-Pay Men, Peace Clerks, &c. there. They cost the country much money, and do much harm, also adding £450,000 to the public debt. Very little good could they do if they would.]

POLITICAL Parsons.—Two reverend gentlemen acted as a committee for compiling and publishing a christian almanack last year, and having resolved that the document would be imperfect without a list of the members of the Assembly it was inserted. Mr. Mackenzie had been declared duly elected by the returning officer for York, but the tavin state politicians found that it would be acceptable in a certain quarter for them to erase Mr. X's name from the list as an impeachment of the validity of the freeholders' act, it was accordingly erased. The priests were W. Rintoul of the Kirk and C. Matthews of the Church, both in the pay of the military authorities out of the taxes raised without the consent of the Canadians. The Rev. J. Harris of York, and the Ven. J. Wenham of the Bank were, it appears, their partners in this political job, but A. Stewart of the Baptist Church protested against the omission. Receiver-General, John H. Dunn. Inspector-General, G. H. Markland.

Provincial Secretary and Registrar, Duncan Cameron. Deputy, Samuel P. Jarvis. All public documents and instruments under the Great Seal are registered at this Office, of which can be seen by the public at a charge of 1s. 3d. each. Copies can be obtained by paying 1s. per folio of 100 words, and, if a certificate is wanted of the same, the charge is 2s. 6d. Surveyor-General's Department. Office, Parliament Buildings, Front Street. Surveyor-General, S. P. Hurd. Principal Surveyor and Draftsman, J. G. Chewett. Chief Clerk, J. Radenhurst. Second Clerks, Geo. C. Ridout, Wm. Spragge, J. M. Caldwell, Mr. H. Hannycastle.

O shame! less noble cheeks are pale
That England's sons should crouch & kneel,
And faintly sue with coward wail,
Where meaner hands have grasp'd the steel.

Listen! your despot lordlings say
Ye dare not struggle for your right,
Yet none that stirring taunt repay?
—UP, MEN OF ENGLAND, TO THE FIGHT!

☉ New Moon, 8.d. 0h. 17m. Ev. || ☽ Full Moon, 23.d. 4h. 15m. Ev.
☾ First Quarter, 16.d. 4h. 57m. Ev.

D	E	SUN		Moon rises.	Moon south	M. PI	Text
		rises.	sets.				
1	Sat	7 13	5 16	0 55	6 20	♏	1st 1810, John Willson first introduced into the Assembly as member for York county, along with mallery and marcle.
2	E	7 12	5 17	2 3	7 12	♏	2, Candlemas. Look for events of vast moment.
3	Mo	7 11	5 18	3 10	8 4	♏	4th 1817, Governor Gore declares that he is instructed not to sanction any act of the Legislature until the counties were fully represented in Assembly---(Governor Colborne is less scrupulous in 1832 and 33---4 1830, Mr Mackenzie elected the 4th time, 628 votes to Col Washburn, the
4	Tu	7 10	5 19	4 13	8 57	♏	☉ runs low. sleighing. [candidate of the government's 23
5	We	7 9	5 21	5 10	9 50	♏	5th, The Assembly pass the Alien bill, 1827---Canadians re-
6	Th	7 7	5 22	6 1	10 42	♏	Procyon s 10 23 ev] [member who the majority were!
7	Fri	7 6	5 23	6 45	11 33	♏	Sirius so. 9 23 ev. hard frost. 6, Priestley died 1804
8	Sat	7 5	5 24	sets.	ev. 21	♏	7th 1827, Beardsley's excellent bill for amending jury laws
9	E	7 4	5 26	6 23	1 6	♏	opposed by the votes of Jonas Jones, Chief Justice Robin-
10	Mo	7 3	5 27	7 22	1 49	♏	son, Burnham, Chryslar, Gordon, and m'donald
11	Tu	7 2	5 28	8 21	2 31	♏	9th 1833, Voters to send Lord Goderich's despatch fa-
12	We	7 0	5 29	9 19	3 11	♏	vourable to the people's rights back again, C. J. Boulton,
13	Th	6 59	5 31	10 18	3 52	♏	Hagerman, Berczy, Burwell, W. Robinson, John and W.
14	Fri	6 58	5 32	11 17	4 34	♏	Willson, H. C. Thomson, Brown, Crooks, Elliott, Shade,
15	Sat	6 56	5 33	morn.	5 17	♏	Frazer, D. m'donald, m'martin, m'neillidge and morris. Jar-
16	E	6 55	5 34	0 18	6 3	♏	vis and merritt voted to keep it off the journals, and the
17	Mo	6 54	5 35	1 21	6 53	♏	majority determined not to allow the people to see the
18	Tu	6 52	5 37	2 24	7 46	♏	documents it referred to!---Same day the two Boultons,
19	We	6 51	5 38	3 28	8 43	♏	two Willsons, Brown, Berczy, Jarvis, Berwell, Chisholm,
20	Th	6 50	5 39	4 28	9 43	♏	Crooks, Elliot, m'martin, m'nab, m'neillidge, Robinson,
21	Fri	6 48	5 40	5 23	10 44	♏	Samson, Shade and Thomson voted that Mr Mackenzie
22	Sat	6 47	5 41	6 11	11 43	♏	could not vote on account of his former expulsions.
23	E	6 45	5 43	rises.	morn.	♏	12th. Test and Corporation acts repealed 1828.
24	Mo	6 44	5 44	6 56	0 41	♏	13th. Hamilton created by the Assembly a close or rotten
25	Tu	6 42	5 45	8 13	1 36	♏	borough (that is with few free voters) 1833.---16th Bertie
26	We	6 41	5 46	9 28	2 30	♏	(Lincoln) Political Union formed 1833. Grand reform meet-
27	Th	6 39	5 47	10 41	3 22	♏	Sirius so. 8 4 ev] [ing at Lennox and Addington, 1832.
28	Fri	6 38	5 48	11 53	4 14	♏	

Washington born 22nd, 1732 14th Valentine's day. 16th First Sunday in Lent.

19th. Robinson, Jarvis, Hagerman and Strachan's York market monopoly bill passed, 1831.
24th 1832. Disgraceful riot at the Court House of the Newcastle District encouraged by John Brown and others of the magistrates, who enlisted as partisans under orange colours.—26th 1814. The Assembly passed the bill to place Upper Canada wholly under military rule, to suspend the habeas corpus act, by which a person charged with crime has a right to obtain the trial by jury. The yeas were Levius Peters Sherwood, Burwell, Swayze, Beikie, Chrysler, Nichol, m'martin, Fairfield, mears, Young and Stinson. 25th. 1831. Battle of Warsaw.

King's College Land Office--corner of King and York Streets, Registrar and Barsar, Lieut.-Col. Joseph Wells. Clerk, Edmund J. Ridout. The management of all matters connected with the land belonging to the projected University of King's College, and likewise of the Upper Canada College, is conducted here.

Crown Lands Office. Parliament Buildings, Front Street. Commissioner for the Sale and Management of Crown Lands and Clergy Reserves, and Surveyor-General of Woods and Forests, Peter Robinson. Attached to this Office is the Emigrant Office. Superintendent, Anthony B. Hawke. Auditor-General of Land Patents, D'arcy Boulton, junior.

Corporation for Superintending and Managing the Clergy Reserves--the Bishop, Church of England Clergy, Inspector-General, and Surveyor-General. Secretary, Thomas Baynes. Agents, the Clergy.

Registry-Office. Samuel Ridout, Registrar for the County of York. 18, Newgate Street. This is an Office established by Act of Parliament for the public Registering of Deeds, Conveyances, Wills, and other incumbrances, which shall be made, or may affect any lands, tenements, or hereditaments. Office hours from 9 to 1 o'clock. Fees of entry for every memorial of 100 words, 2s. 6d.; and for every 100 words over and above the first 100, 1s. The like fees are allowed to the Registrar for every certificate of such memorial given under his own hand. Every search, a fee of 1s. 6d.—GOVERNMENT Printer, Robert Stanton, King St.

University of King's College—not built yet.—[This is an intolerant and bigoted concern, upon which about seven thousand pounds of the people's earnings have been yearly wantonly lavished, to prop a mushroom aristocracy.]

Upper Canada College. Situated at the West End of King Street, on the North Side. J. H. Harris, Principal. Thomas Phillips, Vice-Principal. Charles Matthews, First Classical Master. William Boulton, Second Classical Master. Charles Dade, Mathematical Department. J. P. De La Haye, French Master. [Just as bad--One concern.]

York Infant School, adjoining the Presbyterian Church, Ho-pital Street, formed 28th September, 1831. Miss S. D. Bliss, Mistress. Children of any religious persuasion, under 7 years of age, admitted at a charge of 7s. 6d. per quarter. The School at present consists of 20 or 26 children, and is a most interesting and successful experiment.

Military Staff in Upper C
Officer Command
Andrew Patton.
Assistant Commissar
Superintendent, J
Regiment of
Major, Pe
Thomas Rainsfor
at York about 23
Militia of Upp
half-pay e
There are at
panies, namely—
ston—the 66th
Newfoundland th
das, scattered o
one half of t
ad mixture wh
dinge, when Se
fortunate Irelan
or Isle of Franc
try in spite of
the white popu
If ever the lit
Improved e
dulge the hope
the ambition of
structed, their
Venus will b
ber; thence m
Bank of U
Christo
liam Proudfoo
man, D'Arcy I
Thomas Gil
lay, Cashier.
Thomas M'C
Jones; Ambe
chell; London
Montreal, M
count must b
Commerci
Watki
George W. Y
eis A. Harp
Ross, Cashie
strong, Jam
McKay; Pe
ville.
Smart; Dur
and Co.; N
[These B
charters no
resolves its
and poison
the one Ba
made into
Never k
and k
but a shar
try to enq
Canada
C Wi
of many a
ment—a
The w
worth in
detached
ing their
the King
they fou
debt has
and shar
ulators c
plied to
catholic
of the l
of the l

Military Staff stationed at York. Major-General Sir John Colborne, commanding the Forces in Upper Canada. Aide-de-Camp, Captain Phillpotts.—Royal Engineer Department. Officer Commanding, Captain R. H. Bonnycastle.—Barrack Department. Barrack master, Andrew Patton.—Commissariat Department. Office in Front Street, near the Garrison. Assistant Commissary-Gen'l. F. R. Foote. D'y-Ass't, F. B. Fielde.—Indian Department. Chief Superintendent, J. Givens.—Officiating Chaplain to the Forces, W. Boulton, at the College.

Regiment of Line serving in York—66th Infantry. Commander, James Baird. Brevet-major, Peter Duncan. Captains—Peregrine Warren, T. H. Johnston. Lieutenants—Thomas Rainsford, W. L. Dames, — Love, — Gordon. Effective strength averaging at York about 230 men.—Royal Artillery stationed at York—1 Sergeant, 8 Rank and File.

Militia of Upper Canada. Colonel Nathaniel Coffin, Colonel and Adjutant-General, (an old half-pay ensign.) Colonel Walter O'Hara, Assistant Adjutant-General.

There are at present in the North American Colonies only 8 battalions and veteran companies, namely—the 32nd and 79th at Quebec—the 24th at Montreal—the 15th at Kingston—the 66th at York; the 96th and rifles at Halifax; the 34th in New Brunswick—and in Newfoundland the Veteran Companies. The whole of the regular soldiers in the two Canadas, scattered over a frontier of 1500 miles, is about 2250. At York there are about 230 men, one half of them understood to be orangemen and the other half steady catholics. A strange admixture where strength is wanted, in a country of the native militia of which Sir H. Har- ington, when Secretary at War, declared that government had no confidence in them. (In un- fortunate Ireland there are 8 regiments of horse, 23 of foot, and 19 depots. In the Mauritius or Isle of France, the militia of which turned an obnoxious Attorney General out of the coun- try in spite of the government, there are 4 battalions, the 9th, 29th, 87th, and 99th, altho' the white population is only 30,000 souls!

If ever the liberties of the States of Europe shall be recovered, it will be effected through the improved condition, character and education of their officers and soldiers—and while we in- dulge the hope that the liberty of the U. States rests upon too firm a basis to be overthrown by the ambition of those who compose its armies, it cannot be concealed that if they were not in- structed, their ignorance and depravity might seriously endanger the peace of the country. Venus will be Morning Star till 27th of February; thence Evening Star till 14th of Decem- ber; thence Morning Star till the end of the year.

Bank of Upper Canada. Directors—G. H. Markland, Joseph Wells, John H. Dunn, Christopher Widmer, William Allan, President, J. S. Baldwin, William Gamble, Wil- liam Proudfoot, Benjamin Thorn, S. P. Jarvis, Alexander Wood, Robert Gillespie, David Steg- man, D'Arcy Boulton, William H. Draper.

Thomas Gibbs Ridout, Cashier; Robert Horne, Teller.—Office at Kingston, John Macau- lay, Cashier. Cobourg, James G. Bethune, do. Brockville, Joseph Wenham, do. Niagara, Thomas M'Cormack, do. Hamilton, Andrew Steven, do. Agents—At Prescott, Alpheus Jones; Amherstburg, James Gordon; Bytown, G. W. Baker; Penetanguishine, Andrew Mit- chell; London (England,) Thomas Wilson and Co.; New York, Prime, Ward, King, & Co.; Montreal, Montreal Bank. Discount day, Wednesday of every week: Notes offered for dis- count must be put under cover to the Cashier, and left at the Bank the day before.

Commercial Bank of the Midland District, Kingston. John S. Cartwright, President; John Watkins, Vice-President. Directors—Robert Drummond, John Mowat, John Strange, George W. Yarker, Abraham Truax, John G. Parker, Joseph Bruce, Henry Cassaday, Fran- cis A. Harper, Cashier; A. M'Nab, Teller.—Office in York, 26, Front Street. John Ross, Cashier; Thomas Mair, Teller. Directors—George Monro, James F. Smith, J. R. Arm- strong, James Newbigging, Silas Burnham, Doctor Deihl.—Agents—Bytown, Robert McKay; Perth, C. H. Sache; Prescott, Hiram Norton; Brockville, A. and W. Morris; Belle- ville, — Turnbull; Hallowell, David Smith; Cobourg, Robert Henry; Port Hope, David Smart; Dundas, J. B. Ewart; Niagara, James Lockhart; London, (England,) Thomas Wilson and Co.; New York, Prime, Ward, King, and Co.; Montreal, Montreal Bank.

[These Banks are dangerous to public liberty, and, in our opinion, very unsafe. By their charters nobody is answerable in case of failure or mismanagement, and the whole concern revolves itself into a huge political engine to overawe the Province, entangle its inhabitants, and poison the very fountain of liberty. They issue their paper at nearly 30 agencies; and the one Bank cashes its notes only at York, and the other only at Kingston! When inquiry is made into their conduct in the Assembly, expulsion punishes the fault.—Thus we go.]

Never keep bank paper by you when you can get gold and silver. Remember if the York and Kingston banks were to fail nobody is responsible for the debts—there is no security but a sharp look out, and it is a very bad sign when the Tories expel members every time they try to enquire into the affairs of a bank.

Canada Company. Incorporated by Royal Charter. Commissioners in Canada, at York— William Allan, Thomas Mercer Jones.—[Bought their Shares of the fruit of the toil of many a Settler at £17, and are selling at £57. Ah! that was a black job of the Govern- ment—a black, black, black job!]

The whole of the Crown revenues belong to the country—whatever the word of a King was worth in 1792, the Canadians had as a pledge that they would not be kept slaving and toiling on detached farms improving the reserves as a means of bribery and corruption and for destroy- ing their liberties, but that these reserved lands were reserved for the common good. In 1792 the King sent them word that they had merited this by their past loyalty. In 1812, 13, and 14, they sought to preserve these lands, and again had empty thanks. Since that time the public debt has been fearfully increased to pay war losses, and the royal promise has been openly and shamefully violated, for the lands are made a scandalous job to a company of foreign spec- ulators of the most avaricious and mercenary character, and the proceeds of the sales are ap- plied to pay sinecures, pensions, dirty jobs, bigotted colleges, and to keep up strife by hiring catholic bishops and presbyterian parsons to propogate their contradictory creeds, &c. Others of the lands are sold upon a system of favouritism by P. Robinson; and convenient members of the Assembly, &c. &c., have the money lodged in their hands to expend. The whole system

O! bitter shame, and bitter wo,
To bear so base a scorn so long,
Your firmer fathers paus'd not sp,
When HAMPDEN brav'd the Stuart's wrong.

And will ye fling their heritage
Of glory and of conquer'd right,
Before a faction's bigot rage?

UP. MEN OF ENGLAND TO THE FIGHT!

☉ Last Quarter,
☾ New Moon,

☽ 2d. 7h. 30m. Morn.
☽ 10d. 6h. 32m. Morn.

☉ First Quarter,
☽ Full Moon,
☉ Last Quarter,

18.d. 8h. 18m. Morn.
25.d. 1h. 29m. Morn.
31.d. 8h. 4m. Even.

D.	M.	D.	W.	SUN	Moon	Moon	M.
				rises.	sets.	rises.	south.
1	Sa	6	36	5 50	morn.	5 6	1
2	So	6	35	5 51	4 2	5 59	15
3	Mo	6	33	5 52	2- 6	6 53	28
4	Tu	6	32	5 53	3 6	7 46	VS
5	We	6	30	5 54	3 59	8 39	28
6	Th	6	29	5 55	4 45	9 30	28
7	Fri	6	27	5 56	5 23	10 18	17
8	Sat	6	25	5 57	5 56	11 4	29
9	So	6	24	5 58	sets.	11 48	X
10	Mo	6	22	6 0	6 14	ep. 30	23
11	Tu	6	20	6 1	7 12	4 10	Y
12	We	6	19	6 2	8 10	1 51	17
13	Th	6	17	6 3	9 9	2 32	29
14	Fri	6	16	6 4	10 9	3 14	8
15	Sat	6	14	6 5	11 10	3 59	23
16	So	6	12	6 6	morn.	4 46	II
17	Mo	6	11	6 7	0 12	5 37	18
18	Tu	6	9	6 8	1 14	6 31	30
19	We	6	7	6 9	2 14	7 28	26
20	Th	6	6	6 10	3 10	8 26	27
21	Fri	6	4	6 11	4 0	9 24	26
22	Sat	6	2	6 12	4 44	01 22	26
23	So	6	1	6 13	5 23	11 18	III
24	Mo	5	59	6 15	rises.	morn.	26
25	Tu	5	57	6 16	7 1	0 13	26
26	We	5	56	6 17	8 17	1 7	27
27	Th	5	54	6 18	9 32	2 0	III
28	Fri	5	52	6 19	10 45	2 55	26
29	Sat	5	51	6 20	11 55	3 49	I
30	So	5	49	6 21	morn.	4 45	24
31	Mo	5	47	6 22	0 59	5 40	VS

1st 1817. Durand voted guilty of libel, expelled the Assembly, and obliged to fly from its vengeance for exposing, in an address to the electors of Wentworth, the horrible cruelty practised towards the Canadians in the war times when martial law was unlawfully proclaimed by the military tyrant of the day. This attempt to stab the constitution had the support of Jonas Jones, Peter Robinson, Burwell, Isaac Frazer, Burnham, McCormick, Swayze, Van-Reg. so. 116 ev] [koughnet, Clench, Robert Nelles, &c. 2d. John Wesley died 1791.—3d 1817. Moses Gamble, an Irishman, fully qualified and freely elected to represent Halton, expelled because he had not resided 14 years in Upper Canada after a short residence in the U. S.!! Mr Gamble was turned out by the votes of Burwell, P. Robinson, Vankoughnet, Nichol, Isaac Frazer, Jonas Jones, R. Nelles, &c. Now, in 1833, the members for Halton are depriving their fellow-subjects of York of the privilege of free election, and it would appear that their constituents Jackson born 1767] [make no complaint of the injustice 4th. Boulton's Welland Canal jobbing, £50,000 loan bill 17th, ST. PATRICK] [passed 1831. 6th Earl of Ripon's despatch censuring messrs Boulton and Hagerman for their opposition to reform, and "relieving them from the duties imposed upon them in their Regulus so. 10 3 even] [respective offices." 10th 1833. Grand reform meeting at Bellville.—11th, Hagerman's everlasting salary, job, and pension bill of 1831, the last deadly stroke at the freedom of Canada, passed by the votes of Hagerman, the two Boultons, John and W. Willson, Bercey, Burwell, Chisholm, James and William Crooks, Elliot, Clark, Frazer, Jarvis, H. Jones, Lewis, Allan m'nab, m'martin, Morris, Wm. Robinson, Samson, Vankoughnet, &c.—13th 1832. A toast drank by the Albany Typographical Society, the Governor of New York and state officers being present.—"The Parliament of Upper Canada—a form of squabbled matter, locked up in the violence and dissension, whose capitals are continually falling out."—19th, Hamilton, Gore, meeting and outrage, 1832. The ringleader, a man of great wealth, fined £25 by Judge macaulay, as a warning (we may not say encouragement) to others.—23d. Three thousand sovereigns voted to Governor Gore to buy silver spoons with by John Willson, Beikie, T. Ridout, m'Lean, Durand, Burwell, Nichol, Swayze, Thomson, Chrysler, Nelles, Adams, &c. 1816.—Catholic emancipation, 1829.—A peaceful meeting of the people of York disturbed by an infuriated and drunken mob, set on and instigated by certain notorious characters; York full of riot—the Courier insults the farmers as 'the swine of Yonge Street,' and ascribes the article to Dunlop of the Canada Company, 1832.—26th First everlasting pension, job, and sinecure bill, passed, 1816, by the votes of John Willson, Burwell, Nichol, John Beikie, Adams, Dickson, Swayze, Ridout, m'cormick, &c.—28th. Colonels Coffin and Givens sent to jail for obeying the military rather than the civil power, 1823.—29th. Sir P. maitland and his Council send a despatch to London full of malicious slander against the Assembly, 1824.—Third reading, bill to expence the Irish nation, 1833.—31st. Grand reform meeting at the Niagara court house, 1832. 9th, mid Lent Sunday, 23rd, Palm Sund. 25th, Lady Day. 28th, Good Frid. 30th, Easter Sand.

is secret and suspicious. Wm. Chisholm and Colonel Allan's connexion Gamble got £2,213 last year—and that respectable and trusty person Roswell mount of Cafradoc had £1,344 entrusted to his care. Mr Perry moved in the Assembly for an account of these cheese parings, but Sir John Colborne continued to shove it off, notwithstanding Lord Goderich's despatch, until he got rid of all inquiry by the close of the session.

Highway Rates. Every person inserted on the Assessment Roll is, in proportion to the estimate of his property, held liable to work on the highways or roads in every year, as follows:—If his property be rated at £25, 2 days; £25 to £50, 3 days; £50 to £75, 4 days; £75 to £100, 5 days; £100 to £150, 6 days; £150 to £200, 7 days; £200 to £250, 8 days; £250 to £300, 9 days; £300 to £350, 10 days; £350 to £400, 11 days; £400 to £500, 12 days; for every £100 above £500 to £1000, 1 day; £200 above £1000 to £2000, 1 day; £300 above £2000 to £3500, 1 day; £500 above £3500, 1 day. Every person possessed of a Waggon, Cart, or Team of Horses, Oxen, or beasts of burden or draft used to draw the same, to work on the highways three days. Every male inhabitant from 21 to 50, not rated on the Assessment Roll, is compelled to work on the highways three days. Persons emigrating to this Province, intending to become Settlers, and not having been resident six months, are exempt; and all indigent persons, by reason of sickness, age, or numerous family, are exempt at the discretion of the Magistrates. Any person liable may compound, if he think fit, by paying 5s.

per day for each command made by amount and costs. Methodist Church has 1,015 increase months have been ford, David Wright William Griffiths. Westminster, Sar Gosfield, Horace TRICT.—James R rad Vandusen, Th Fawcett. Yonge Solomons Waldron P. E. Kingston, Musgrove. Wamund Shepherd. Cavan, John Lav Davis.—Avous Atilda, E. Hea Mississippi and Lewis Warner. Wood, A. H. tendant of the William Case, I len. Muncy, E the Indians. Eg R. Allison, Age To Wm. L. M DEAR Sir, great ad which have been successful in government of ley, that he is from Upper C part of the pu culated to pr to so many o shall continue ment to whic the people the and injured b Crown and p nity; and if it becomes t by their con proceedings. Mr Stanley little hope o mr Boulton of his cond and to eve port the mi state to the their gratit present th form my o ings of his forward th and shall British H you may t trymen w Baptis Th besides 2 they hav Demas a doing rig Elder M March. Place, E Dalhous chiel, E James 1 Crook, Harris.

per day for each cart, &c. and 2s. 6d. for each day's duty, to be paid within ten days after demand made by authorized surveyor, or the Magistrates can issue their distress for double the amount and costs.

Methodist Church. The Guardian gives an account of the Wesleyan Methodists, including only the Members of the Societies. The total is 16,030, viz. Whites 15,024, Indians 1,015 increase last year 1,213. The Stations of the Preachers for the ensuing twelve months have been fixed as follows:—NIAGARA DISTRICT.—Franklin Metcalf, P. E. Stamford, David Wright, Edwy Ryerson. St. Catharine's, James Evans, John Baxter. Canboro', William Griffin. Ancaster, Henry Wilkinson. Long Point, Hamilton Biggar, John Watson. Westminister, Samuel Rose, Peter Ker. London, John Beatty. Thames, John Burgess. Gosfield, Horace Dean. Oxford, Richard Phelps. Goderich, John Bailey.—YORK DISTRICT.—James Richardson, P. E. York, Alexander Irvine, Joseph Stinson. Dumsries, Conrad Vandusen, Thomas M'Mullen. Nelson, George Bissell, John Williston. Toronto, Thomas Fawcett. Yonge Street, Edmund Stoney, Robert Corson. Albion, Gilbert Miller. Whitby, Solomon Waldron. Brock, John H. Huston.—BAY OF QUINTE DISTRICT.—John Ryerson, P. E. Kingston, John Hick, William Ryerson. Bay of Quinte, Matthew Whiting, James Musgrove. Waterloo, George Ferguson, James Currie. Hallowell, Rowley Heyland, Edmund Shepherd. Belleville, John C. Davidson. Cobourg, Richard Jones, Thomas Bevitt. Cavan, John Law, Thomas Harmon. Murray, George Poole. Sidney, James Norris, Herman Davis.—AUGUSTA DISTRICT.—Anson Green, P. E. Augusta, A. Adams, Simon Huntington. Atilda, E. Healy. Ottawa, J. Black. Bytown, John Carroll. Richmond, Wm. H. Williams. Mississippi and Bonchere, James Brock. Perth, William Patrick. Rideau, Henry Shaler, Lewis Warner. Brockville, William Smith. Hull, William McFalden. Elizabethtown, Chas. Wood, A. Hurbart. Prescott, Alexander McNab.—MISSIONS.—Joseph Stinson, Superintendent of the Missions. William Case, General Missionary to the Indian Tribes. Credit, William Case, Peter Jones, 2nd. Lake Simcoe, Samuel Belton. Rice Lake, Daniel McMullen. Muncey, Ezra Adams. Grand River, Joseph Messmore. John Sunday, Missionary to the Indians. Egerton Ryerson, Editor of the (turncoat) Guardian. Ephraim Evans, and Cyrus R. Allison, Agents for the Upper Canada Academy. See also notice next page.

Bryanston Square, June 24th, 1832.

To Wm. L. Mackenzie, Esq.
DEAR Sir,—I cannot allow you to leave this country without expressing my sense of the great advantage which the people of Upper Canada have derived from your exertions, which have been unwearied and persevering since your arrival; and, I may add, comparatively successful in obtaining many alterations from Lord Goderich in orders respecting the future government of Upper Canada, I am sorry to observe by some of the proceedings of Mr Stanley, that he is rather disposed to promote than to punish the men who have been removed from Upper Canada for improper conduct, and thereby to encourage misgovernment on the part of the public officers of that Province, which Lord Goderich's late proceedings were calculated to prevent. It has afforded me some satisfaction to have it in my power to be useful to so many of my fellow-subjects as your colony contains—and you may assure them that I shall continue, by every means in my power, to expose every act of tyranny and bad government to which they may be subjected. But the best means of obtaining relief will be adopted by the people themselves, and they must look to a firm and determined course, no longer to be insulted and injured by the tyranny of such men as have so long ruled over them. It is the interest of the Crown and people of England to act towards the people of the Canadas with justice and liberality; and if, by misgovernment of the Colonial Department, a contrary system is maintained it becomes the duty of every man who wishes to see the Colonies flourish and England benefit by their connexion, to adopt every constitutional means in his power to put an end to such proceedings. I am sorry to state that the conduct of the government towards Ireland whilst Mr Stanley was the Secretary, and his late conduct on the Irish Temporalities Bill, give but little hope of the colonies deriving any relief from his management. Indeed the promotion of Mr Boulton to a high judicial office in Newfoundland, after the declaration of Lord Goderich of his conduct and unfitness for office, I consider as an insult to the people of Upper Canada and to every lover of good government—and it may be taken as an earnest that he will support the misgovernment which Lord Goderich had set himself against—and you will please state to the 19,930 persons who have sent me their petition and address to the King, to express their gratitude for the changes that have been made under Lord Goderich's orders, that I shall present their petition although I expect little more attention to their complaints, if I am to form my opinion from the tenor of Mr Stanley's conduct. Although disgusted at the proceedings of his majesty's ministers in almost every department, I shall nevertheless be ready to forward the cause of good government in the Canadas, to the utmost of my humble means, and shall be ready to attend such representations as may be deserving of exposure in the British House of Commons, where at any rate they shall be heard, if not redressed: Wishing you may reach in safety the shores of Canada, and receive that approbation from your countrymen which your exertions merit, I remain, &c. &c.

JOSEPH HUME.

Baptists. Alexander Stewart, Pastor, York. T. F. Caldicott, Timothy Parson, Preachers. There are about 45 or 50 Churches in Upper Canada, and as many ordained Ministers, besides 25 or 30 Preachers or Licentiates.—[The Baptists are another true-hearted sect—they have preserved their high character, nor once turned aside with By-Ends and Silver Demas after filthy lucre. May they possess contentment, and the proud consciousness of doing right.]—BAPTIST MINISTERS IN OTHER PARTS OF THE PROVINCE:—Yonge Street, Elder Mitchell. Pickering, George Barclay. Whitby, Elders William Marsh and Israel Marsh. Haldimand, Elder Butler. Oramah, Elders Scott and Dun. Cummins. Carrying Place, Elder Winn. Rawdon, Elder Reid. Thurton, Elder Hulse. Bastard, Dr. Dalhousie, George Watson. Drummond, Elder M'Edwin. Brockville, Elder Kingsford. Lochiel, Elder Frazer. Fox Point, John Edwards. Caledon, Donald M'Laren. Eramona, James Black and David Oliphant. Nelson, Elder Olney. Hinton, Elder Hill. Ten-Mile Creek, Elder Currie. Erie, Elder Newman. Grand River, J. Van Hoon. Townsend, John Harris. Victoria, George Ryerse. Walsingham, Elder M'Dormand. Bayham, Elder Merrill.

Ye strove with France in days of yore,—
Once more she dares you to the field;
Not that your bravest blood should pour
Again a Bourbon's throne to shield.

With her she calls you to advance,
On the broad path of truth and right.
What answer do you give to France?
UP, MEN OF ENGLAND; TO THE FIGHT!

☉ New Moon, 8.d. 11h. 58m. Even. || ☽ Full Moon, 23.d. 7h. 51m. Morn.
☾ First Quarter, 16.d. 7h. 34m. Even. || ☾ Last Quarter, 30.d. 11h. 47m. Morn.

Day	Sun	Moon		M.	Pl.
		rises.	sets.		
1 Tu	5 46	6 23	1 55	6 34	☾
2 We	5 44	6 24	2 44	7 26	☾
3 Th	5 43	6 25	3 25	8 16	☾
4 Fri	5 41	6 26	4 0	9 2	☾
5 Sat	5 39	6 27	4 30	9 46	☾
6 E	5 38	6 28	4 56	10 29	☾
7 Mo	5 36	6 29	5 20	11 10	☾
8 Tu	5 34	6 30	sets.	11 50	☾
9 We	5 33	6 31	7 3	12 31	☾
10 Th	5 31	6 32	8 3	1 13	☾
11 Fri	5 30	6 33	9 4	1 57	☾
12 Sat	5 28	6 34	10 6	2 43	☾
13 E	5 27	6 35	11 8	3 33	☾
14 Mo	5 25	6 36	morn.	4 25	☾
15 Tu	5 23	6 37	0 8	5 20	☾
16 We	5 22	6 38	1 4	6 16	☾
17 Th	5 20	6 39	1 55	7 12	☾
18 Fr	5 19	6 40	2 39	8 8	☾
19 Sat	5 17	6 41	3 18	9 3	☾
20 E	5 16	6 42	3 53	9 57	☾
21 Mo	5 14	6 43	4 25	10 50	☾
22 Tu	5 13	6 45	4 55	11 43	☾
23 We	5 12	6 46	rises.	morn.	☾
24 Th	5 10	6 47	8 20	0 38	☾
25 Fri	5 9	6 48	9 34	1 33	☾
26 Sat	5 7	6 49	10 43	2 30	☾
27 E	5 6	6 50	11 45	3 28	☾
28 Mo	5 5	6 51	morn.	4 24	☾
29 Tu	5 3	6 52	0 38	5 18	☾
30 We	5 2	6 53	1 23	6 10	☾

3rd. Jefferson born 1743.—Dam at Hog's Back destroyed 1829.—Impudent address of the Legislative Council, censuring and insulting his Majesty's government for listening to the complaints of the people, published in newspapers 1833.—Phillipic in the Colonial Advocate 1828, denouncing John B. Robinson, John Willson, Jonas David and Charles Jones, Burnham, Scollick, Coleman, Gordon, M'Donell, M'Lean and Vankoughnet, as 'an ominous nest of unclean birds (politically to speak) which had lain close under the wings of a spendthrift executive, and preyed on the vitals of the country.' The grand jury presented this as a libel, but Robinson durst not venture to bring it before a petty jury. [First of April, all Fools' day.] Brother George Ryerson began to preach toryism in the unknown tongues. Elected Elder by Parson Irving, with brother Spencer Percival, who has a pension of £2000 a year. 2nd Sab. after Easter. Easter Term commences. Cuckoo day. ☉ runs high. 16th. Shakespear born 1564. 17th. Franklin died 1790. Bat. of Lexington 1775. ☉ enters ♋. Heavy Wheeling on Yonge Street. Scotch mists about this time. 23rd. ST. GEORGE. 28th. Battle of York 1813. 29th. Henry J. Boulton informed by Colonel Rowan that he had been turned out of office along with C. A. Hagerman, for assisting in the illegal and unconstitutional expulsion of Mr Mackenzie in Nov. 1832, after having been warned by Governor Colborne, by order of his Majesty's government, that the procedure was in the teeth of the law.—30th. Louisiana ceded to U. S. 1803.

Malahide, Elder Baker. *Southwold*, Elder Crandell. *Gosfield*, Elder C. Stewart. *Chatham*, Elders Elliott and Finch. *Lobo*, Dougal Sinclair. *Aldborough*, Daniel McVicker. *Westminster*, Elder Sloat. *Oxford*, Elder S. Mabee, N. French, Gilbert Harris. *Dumfries*, Elder R. Crandell.

Quakers, Menonists, Tunkards, Unitarians, Moravians, Chrystians, Universalists. These Sects are in considerable numbers in Upper Canada: Perhaps on the aggregate they amount to eighteen or twenty thousand souls, but we are unable to give a detailed account of their Preachers and Stations. Next year we will try.

Methodist Church. [The defection of the hollow hearted and deceitful Ryersons, with the Christian Guardian their organ, added to the rumour that there is a secret clause in the Union of the Episcopal Methodists with the Tory Conference in England, puts it out of our power to state on what footing the preachers are placed. We fear their Union with Jabez Bunting & Co. will turn out a black job, but time will tell.—2nd. Edition, Oct. 30.]

Primitive Methodists. Connected with this Station are 5 Travelling Preachers, 14 Local Preachers, 250 Members, and 42 distinct Congregations. Stationed Preachers in York—J. Partington, W. Lyle, J. Arthur, T. Lowdon, Stationed Preachers in Niagara—Messrs Summersides and Barry.

Children of Peace. This Society numbers about 280 Members, in Hope, east of Newmarket: They have also stated places of preaching, at the old court house, York, on Yonge Street, and at Markham. Their principal speaker is David Willson, assisted by Murdoch M'Leod, Samuel Hughes, and others. Their music, vocal and instrumental, is excellent, and their Preachers seek no pay from the Governor, out of the taxes.

Canadian Protestant Wesleyans. (The Chappel in York is situated in Market Lane.) Preachers—Robert Cosway and others.

Clergy of the Church of England in Upper Canada. James Stewart, Bishop of Quebec. George O'Kill Stewart, Archdeacon of Kingston. John Strachan, Archdeacon of York. Visiting Missionary, Rev. G. Archbold. Cornwall, G. Archbold. Matilda, A. Lindsay. Onabrick, F. Mack. Williamsburgh, D. Robertson. Perth, M. Harris. Beckwith, R. Harte. Richmond, R. Short. March, J. Padfield. Goulbourn, R. Gunning. Brockville, E. Denroche. Prescott, R. Blakeley. Yonge, &c. R. Elms. Oxford, H. Patton. Kingston, G. O. Stuart. R. D. Cartwright. Bath, Ernestown, &c. J. Houghton. Adolphustown, J. Deacon. Hallowell, W. Macauley. Belleville, T. Campbell. Murray, J. Grier. Cobourg, A. N. Bethune. Port Hope, J. Coglan. Cavan, J. Thomson. Peterborough, S. Armour. York, J. Strachan. Toronto, J. Magrath. Markham, A. Mortimer. Vaughan, V. Mayerhoffer. Ancaster, J. Mil-

Mr. Hamilton, Palmer, Niaga J. Clarke. Fort don, J. Cronyn. wick, W. John. able in their co session one way about £19,000 Spies or Police African Ch People. ers are from a United Pres Dowall, Boyd, Prescott bruck. King, Nelson. queuing. Dun borough. tence of makin strife and dis Tory, Smart —one of their secret nature refused the b handle not—the chariot of from oppress Roman C Vicar Timothy O'M mond. John well. James jala. John P. Polin, St Sandwich an ded among perhaps a li they are upl Presbyter James ander Math Georgetown Duacan M Hugh Urqu John Cruik Presbytery thew Miller Aldborough Guelph. John Roge Angus M' day of Aug on, are T have take hired clas A NEC Colb ham, hap deacon in look whic you migh —"I do I have B W House, t York E thews, J liam Ri Depositi Societ S W Upp Matthe Y J

Ms. Hamilton, R. Loonig. Brantford, R. Logger. Grand River, A. Nelles. Guelph. — Palmer. Niagara, T. Green. Chippewa, W. Leeming. Grimsby, R. Grant. St Catherine's, J. Clarke. Fort Erie, J. Anderson. St. Thomas, M. Burnham. Woodhouse, F. Evans. Lon- don, J. Cronyn. Adelaide, R. Blake. Caradoc, T. Blake. Amherstburgh, R. Rolph. Sand- wich, W. Johnson. Chatham, T. Morley. — [The Church of England Priesthood are insati- able in their covetousness. Nearly a fourth of the whole lands of the Province is in their pos- session one way or other; and they have money drawn out of the taxes here and in England, about £19,000 a-year, besides. They may be taken by all Reformers to be Political agents, Spies or Policemen of the Tory Government, and no great mistake will be made.]

African Chapel, in Hospital Street, established for the Religious Worship of Coloured People. Service every Sunday—in the morning, afternoon, and evening. The Preach- ers are from among their own Sect, assisted at times by some of the other ministers in York. **U**nited Presbyterian Synod of Upper Canada. — *Presbytery of Brockville.*—Robert Mac- donald, Frederickburgh. William Smart, Brockville. William Bell, Perth. Robert Boyd, Prescott. George Buchanan, Beckwith. John Gemmill, Lanark. Robert Lyle, Ona- rick. — *Presbytery of York.*—William Jenkins, Markham. James Harris, York. William King, Nelson. Andrew Bell, Toronto. John Bryning, Mount Pleasant. Peter Ferguson, Es- quimaux. Duncan M'Millan, Caledon. James Rogers, Demorestville. James George, Scar- borough. — [The United Synod is worse than the Kirkmen. Its members made some pre- quising. The Synod, urged on by Bell and Ferguson, but far more by that wily strife and dissension. The Synod, urged on by Bell and Ferguson, but far more by that wily Tory, Smart of Brockville, prayed for a share of the bribe, and got £800 a-year among them —one of their number holding the bag: it is said they take a political oath or affirmation of a secret nature to the Tory Government. Messrs Jenkins, Harris, Proudfit, and George have refused the bait. Of the others we would say to our Reforming Friends—"Touch not, taste not, handle not—Give them not one farthing of aid—shun them—they are bound hand and foot to the chariot of the state—they seek the fleece and not the flock—God can send deliverance from oppression, even although these men should have become the secret enemies of U. C."]

Roman Catholic Clergy. Alexander Macdonell, Bishop of Kingston. W. P. Macdonald, Vicar-General, Kingston. W. Frazer, St. Raphael's. John Macdonald, Alexandria. Timothy O'Meara, St. Andrew's. James Campion, John Cullen, Bytown and Rich- mond. John Macdonald, Perth. Edward Gordon, Loughborough. Michael Brennan, Holo- well. James Cowley, James Bennett, Peterborough. Murt Lalor, Toronto, Albion, and Ad- jala. John Cassidy, Trafalgar, Guelph, and Dundas. Lawrence Dempsey, Penetanguishine. P. Polin, St Catharine's. Patrick Foley, River Thames. Angus Macdonell, George O'Hay, Sandwich and Amherstburgh. — [These men have about £1500 of the people's money divi- ded among them through their Political Bishop, who retains £680 of it as his own share, and perhaps a little more. We do not dislike them as Catholics, but we detest the mode in which they are upheld, for it binds them to the government by a golden clasp.]

Presbyterian Synod in Connexion with the Church of Scotland. *Presbytery of Quebec.*— James Harkness and John Clugston, Quebec. James Somerville, Henry Esson, Alex- ander Mathieson, Edward Black, Montreal. Alexander Gale, Lachine. Archibald Colquhoun, Georgetown. Duncan Moodie, Dundee. David Brown, Valcartier. William Mair, Chatham. Hugh Urquhart, Cornwall. Archibald Connell, Martintown. — *Presbytery of Bathurst.*— Duncan M'Aulay, Leeds. — *Presbytery of Glengarry.*—John Mackenzie, Williamstown. John Cruikshank, Bytown. William MacAlister, Lanark. Thomas C. Wilson, Perth. — *Presbytery of Kingston.*—John Machar, Kingston, Moderator. Jas. Ketchum, Belleville. Mat- thew Miller, Cobourg. — *Presbytery of York.*—William Rintoul, York. Alexander Ross, Aldborough. Robert M'Gill, Niagara, Clerk. George Cheyne, Amherstburgh. James Smith, Guelph. William Stewart, Galt. Peter M'Naughton, Vaughan. — *Missionaries, &c.:*— John Rogers, George Romanis, Walter Roche. Henry Gordon, Mark Starke, John Fairbairn, Angus M'Intosh, William L. Leach. — The Synod will meet in Montreal on the first Thurs- day of August 1834. — [These Kirkmen, from Rintoul down to Rogers, Miller, or M'Naught- day of August 1834. — [These Kirkmen, from Rintoul down to Rogers, Miller, or M'Naught- day, are Tories, and political hirelings of the Colony Government to do its dirty work. They have taken the bribe or bait, every man of them; and we may say of them, as of the other hired classes—"Reformers, Shun them as ye would whited sepulchres."]

ANECDOTE of Mr. Jenkins, one of the ministers who refuses to swallow Strachan and Colborne's golden pills—"The Rev. Mr. Jenkins the Presbyterian Clergyman of Mark- ham, happened to be in company with Dr. Strachan, and several other priests. The Arch- deacon in the course of conversation turned round to Mr. Jenkins, and (with a self approving look which seemed to say "if you had studied the art and mystery of boozing as I have done, you might have been better off") jestingly said, "Mr. Jenkins your coat is getting quite grey," "I do not at all doubt, Doctor," replied Jenkins, "but that it is the worse of the wear, for I have worn it a long time, but have not turned it yet." — Mackenzie's Sketches.

Board of Education of the Home District for Common Schools—Archdeacon Strachan, William Allan, Grant Powell; John Fenton, Clerk. The Board meets at the Court House, the last Monday in June and December. **Y**ork Auxiliary Bible Society. President—John Henry Dunn. Vice-Presidents—Dr. Baldwin, Dr. Morrison, Robert Baldwin, James E. Small, Jesse Ketchum, Charles Mat- thews, Justice Sherwood, Dr. Harris, Charles C. Small, George Monro, Captain Phillpotts, Wil- liam Rintoul. Treasurer—Peter Paterson. Secretaries—James Harris, Alexander Stewart. Depository—Robert Cathcart.

Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge. President, the Bishop of Quebec. Secretary, William Boulton. Treasurer, Robert Stanton. **U**pper Canada Religious Tract and Book Society. President, J. H. Harris, D. D. Vice- Presidents, Jesse Ketchum, John Gamble, Charles C. Small, Captain Phillpotts, Chas. Matthews, John H. Dunn, Dr Baldwin. Secretaries, W. Rintoul, Walter Rose. **Y**ORK Typographical Society—President, Joseph H. Lawrence; Vice President, John Jones; Secretary, John Robertson; Treasurer, Tho's Jordan. Annual Meeting, Oct. 16.

1834.

V. Month.—MAY.—31 days.

1834.

France shows you what a people can,
Against a tyrant's vassal horde;
France shows you what there is in man,
When freedom flashes on his sword;

She points the way, she cheers ye on,
She bids you triumph for your right.
Dare ye not do what France has done?
UP MEN OF ENGLAND, TO THE FIGHT!

☾ New Moon,
☽ First Quarter,

8.d. 3h. 41m. Even. ||
16.d. 3h. 10m. Morn. ||

☽ Full Moon,
☾ Last Quarter.

22.d. 6h. 17m. Even.
30.d. 4h. 9m. Morn.

D.	M.	W.	SUN	Moon	Moon	M.	Pl.
D.	D.		rises. sets.	rises.	south.		
1	Th		5 1 6 54	2 0	6 58	☾	
2	Fri		5 0 6 55	2 32	7 44	☾	
3	Sat		4 58 6 56	3 0	8 27	☾	
4	☽		4 57 6 57	3 25	9 8	☾	
5	Mo		4 56 6 58	3 48	9 49	☾	
6	Tu		4 55 6 59	4 12	10 29	☾	
7	We		4 53 7 0	4 36	11 11	☾	
8	Th		4 52 7 1	sets.	11 55	☾	
9	Fri		4 51 7 2	7 59	ev. 41	☾	
10	Sat		4 50 7 3	9 1	1 29	☾	
11	☽		4 49 7 4	10 3	2 21	☾	
12	Mo		4 48 7 5	11 1	3 16	☾	
13	Tu		4 47 7 6	11 53	4 11	☾	
14	We		4 46 7 7	morn.	5 7	☾	
15	Th		4 45 7 8	0 38	6 2	☾	
16	Fri		4 44 7 9	1 13	6 55	☾	
17	Sat		4 43 7 10	1 53	7 47	☾	
18	☽		4 42 7 11	2 24	8 39	☾	
19	Mo		4 41 7 11	2 54	9 30	☾	
20	Tu		4 41 7 12	3 24	10 23	☾	
21	We		4 40 7 13	3 55	11 17	☾	
22	Th		4 39 7 14	rises.	morn.	☾	
23	Fri		4 38 7 15	8 22	0 13	☾	
24	Sat		4 38 7 16	9 29	1 11	☾	
25	☽		4 37 7 17	10 23	2 9	☾	
26	Mo		4 36 7 18	11 17	3 6	☾	
27	Tu		4 36 7 18	11 58	4 0	☾	
28	We		4 35 7 19	morn.	4 51	☾	
29	Th		4 34 7 20	0 33	5 38	☾	
30	Fri		4 34 7 21	1 2	5 23	☾	
31	Sat		4 33 7 21	1 28	7 5	☾	

morn. 4th, Rogation Sunday. 8th Ascension Day. 18th, Whit-Sunday. 25th, Trinity Sunday.

“I never judge from manners, for I once had my pocket picked by the *civilist* gentleman I ever met: and one of the *mildest* persons I ever saw was Ali Pacha.”—LORD BYRON.
POLITICS of some of the Newspapers in the Colonies.—Newscotian, Quebec Gazette, Vindicator, Canadian, Minerve, Advocate, Reformer, Free Press, Recorder, Kingston Spectator, Grenville Gazette, Liberal, St. Francis Courier, Pictou Patriot, St. Catharines Argus, patriotic liberal journals. Montreal Courant, Gazette, New Gazette and Herald, Quebec, Mercury York Courier and Patriot, Kingston Herald and Chronicle, Canadian Wesleyan, Antidote, Cobourg Star, Warter, Niagara Gleaner and Reporter, St Thomas Journal, Canadian Emigrant, Cornwall Observer, and Gore Mercury, servile Tory papers. Montreal Daily Advertiser, and York Correspondent, not decided yet; Quebec and York official Gazettes, official and other advertisements only.

☞ Second Edition, Oct. 30.—The Christian Guardian, under Egerton Ryerson, (who has turned his coat,) has come out to-day a violent tory paper. ☞
The late Major Walker of Prescott's Standing Toast during the War with the United States —“A long and a Moderate War at Ten Shillings a-Day.”

Upper Canada Temperance Society. John Henry Dunn, President. William Rintoul and Jesse Ketchum, Vice-Presidents. James Harris, Thomas Vaux, and P. Patrick, Secretaries. Managers—Messrs Dr E. Tims, James Leslie, Alexander Armstrong, M. McLeilan, Dr T. D. Morrison, Joseph Tolfree, John Fenton, Edward Perry, J. S. Howard, Ed. Henderson, William Lawson, and James R. Armstrong. The pledge given by the members of this Society is as follows:—“I pledge myself to abstain from using Ardent Spirits, and from giving them to others, except they be required for some bodily injury or severe indisposition, and I do also pledge myself to avoid excess in the use of every other liquor.” This Society is formed as a parent one for the Province, taking into the relation of Auxiliary any Temperance Society that shall declare its connexion with it.

Young Men's York Temperance Society. G. Bostwick, President; Richard Brewer, Vice-President; Charles Hunt, Secretary; L. Bostwick, Treasurer.

Young Men's Society (York). R. Thomson, Treasurer; T. F. Caldicott, & J. Leslie, Sec's.
Celebration of Marriages. Ministers of every religious denomination in this Province can solemnize Matrimony, provided they have been regularly ordained according to the rites of such Church as they profess to be minister of. They must take the Oath of Allegiance to his Majesty, and obtain a certificate from the Magistrates, in Quarter Sessions, of their having been ordained. No persons can legally be married except by Banns, which are to be published in the respective places of public worship on three different Sundays, or by Licence.

1834.

What fear ye
Can pour hi
No Prussian p
The triumph

☽ New Moon
☽ First Quarter

D.	M.	W.	SUN
D.	D.		rises. sets.
1	☽		4 33 7 1
2	Mo		4 33 7 1
3	Tu		4 32 7 1
4	We		4 32 7 1
5	Th		4 31 7 1
6	Fri		4 31 7 1
7	Sat		4 31 7 1
8	☽		4 31 7 1
9	Mo		4 30 7 1
10	Tu		4 30 7 1
11	We		4 30 7 1
12	Th		4 30 7 1
13	Fri		4 30 7 1
14	Sat		4 30 7 1
15	☽		4 30 7 1
16	Mo		4 30 7 1
17	Tu		4 30 7 1
18	We		4 30 7 1
19	Th		4 30 7 1
20	Fri		4 30 7 1
21	Sat		4 31 7 1
22	☽		4 31 7 1
23	Mo		4 31 7 1
24	Tu		4 31 7 1
25	We		4 32 7 1
26	Th		4 33 7 1
27	Fri		4 33 7 1
28	Sat		4 33 7 1
29	☽		4 33 7 1
30	Mo		4 34 7 1

ter of New
Solicitor!!
Common w
this plain
Postage
Is 2d
York M
erti
objects, viz
knowledge
vested in a
names at p
Rolph, Dr
Leslie on
Brent, J.
bury, Dav
Stewart.
mothy Pa
Mason
TH
to full mo
R. Denbu
Doctor Ch
John Tho
Fire-
of
pany is 5
Captain;
milton, S
Street.
in time o
town off
Hook
s
—Rober
tenant;

1834.

VI. Month.—JUNE.—30 days.

1834.

What fear ye of no barbarian Czar
Can pour his Cossacks on your laud;
No Prussian perfidy can mar
The triumph of your brother-band.

Ye are alone upon the seas,
Sole judges of your native right—
One short, sharp hour your country frees,
UP MEN OF ENGLAND TO THE FIGHT!

☉ New Moon, 7.d. 5h. 12m. Morn. || ☽ Full Moon, 21.d. 3h. 33m. Morn.
☾ First Quarter, 14.d. 8h. 18m. Even. || ☾ Last Quarter, 28.d. 9h. 13m. Even.

D. M.	D. W.	SUN rises.	SUN sets.	Moon rises.	Moon south.	M. Pl.
1	Mo	4 33	7 22	1 52	7 46	☾
2	Tu	4 33	7 23	2 15	8 26	☾
3	We	4 32	7 24	2 38	9 7	☾
4	Th	4 32	7 24	3 3	9 50	☾
5	Fri	4 31	7 25	3 31	10 35	☾
6	Sat	4 31	7 26	4 3	11 23	☾
7	Sun	4 31	7 26	sets.	ev. 15	☾
8	Mo	4 31	7 27	8 55	1 10	☾
9	Tu	4 30	7 27	9 51	2 6	☾
10	We	4 30	7 28	10 39	3 3	☾
11	Th	4 30	7 28	11 20	3 59	☾
12	Fri	4 30	7 29	11 56	4 53	☾
13	Sat	4 30	7 29	morn.	5 45	☾
14	Sun	4 30	7 30	0 27	6 35	☾
15	Mo	4 30	7 30	0 58	7 24	☾
16	Tu	4 30	7 31	1 25	8 14	☾
17	We	4 30	7 31	1 54	9 6	☾
18	Th	4 30	7 31	2 26	10 0	☾
19	Fri	4 30	7 32	3 2	10 56	☾
20	Sat	4 30	7 32	3 44	11 54	☾
21	Sun	4 31	7 32	rises.	morn.	☾
22	Mo	4 31	7 32	9 8	0 52	☾
23	Tu	4 31	7 32	9 53	1 48	☾
24	We	4 31	7 33	10 31	2 41	☾
25	Th	4 32	7 33	11 2	3 31	☾
26	Fri	4 32	7 33	11 30	4 17	☾
27	Sat	4 32	7 33	11 54	5 0	☾
28	Sun	4 33	7 33	morn.	5 41	☾
29	Mo	4 33	7 33	0 18	6 22	☾
30	Tu	4 34	7 33	0 40	7 2	☾

1st 1824, Mr Muckenzie, with James Lapraik, cousin to the Scottish poet, laid the foundation stone of General Brock's column at Queenston, and deposited in the hollow or trunk a record of the transaction, with the approbation of Colonel T. Dickson, resident Commissioner. many days afterwards, when the column was 48 feet high, Sir Peregrine maitland, who was terribly annoyed by the first Advocate, one of the deposits, ordered his courier Thomas Clark to go and dig it out again. Clark obeyed, and after three days excavation they exhumed the record, with the otter's skin in which it had been wrapped, 4th Grattan died, 1820.

2nd aft. Trinity] 6th. maitland and Council's secret despatch traducing Judge Willis, 1828. *Very dusty weather.*

3rd. Irish Rebellion, 1798.—Advocate press destroyed and dwelling house broken open, 1826, by a mob of government officers, who have been promoted to high offices in consequence of their zeal, by the local government, such as clerks of the peace and district court, registrars of courts, &c. &c.—1828. First Black List published.—English Reform Bill passed into a law, 1832.

10th. Slave trade abolished, 1806.

17th. Battle of Bunker's Hill, 1775. Corn grows rapidly.

18th. Battle of Waterloo, 1815.—Hamden killed 1643.

24th, 1833. Attorney-General Jameson sworn in.

26th. George IV. died.—Accession of King William IV.

30th 1823. Splendid chapel of Children of Peace built at [Hope- GUARDIANS OF THE PUBLIC PURSE—The Upper Canada Finance Committee ballotted for 1833, in the Assembly, were 1. The Postmaster of Nelson, a government contractor, chairman! 2. The Solicitor General!! 3. The Collector of Customs at Port Dalhousie, and Postmaster, and Toll Collector at St. Catharines!!! 4. The Postmaster and Chief Justice!!!! 5. The Attorney General and Bank Solicitor!!!! Together with Colonel Morris and Lawyer Samson. In England, the House of Commons would permit Mr. Hume to call such a combination "Humbug and Mockery," but this plainness would shock the feelings of a colonial assembly, they would expel the aggressor.

Postage of a single letter under 60 miles 4d.---to 100 7d.---to 200 9d.---to 300 11d.---to 400 1s 2d. Letters for the United States must be paid to the frontier.

York Mechanics' Institute. This Institution was formed in the winter of 1831 by the exertions of a few public-spirited individuals. Its views at present are confined to two objects, viz.—the acquisition of a valuable and extensive Library, and the diffusion of useful knowledge by the means of Lectures and Experiments. The government of this Institution is vested in a President, five Vice-Presidents, two Secretaries, and twelve Managers. Their names at present are—John Henry Dunn, Patron; Doctor W. W. Baldwin, President; Doctor Rolph, Dr Dunlop, W. B. Jarvis, John Ewart, Charles C. Small, Vice-Presidents. James Lesslie and Timothy Parson, Secretaries. Committee—Thomas Carfrae, junior, J. W. Brent, J. Durward, William Musson, James Worts, John M. Murchison, Charles Stotesbury, David Paterson, Rev. A. Stewart, Alexander Thompson, Thomas Armstrong, Alexander Stewart. The Meetings are held in the Grand Jury Room. The Library is kept at Mr Timothy Parson's, 215, King Street. The Annual Subscription is 5s.

Masonic Institution. There is one Masonic Lodge in York, St. Andrew's, or No. 1. Their Hall is situated in Market Lane, and the Lodge meets every Thursday previous to full moon. Officers of the Lodge—Thomas Carfrae, jun. Worshipful Master; Christopher R. Denham, Senior Warden; Dr Stephenson, Junior Warden; Thomas Moore, Treasurer; Doctor Crawford, Secretary; — Griffin, Senior Deacon; Robert Barnes, Junior Deacon; John Thompson, Tyler.

Fire-Engine Company. This Company was instituted in the year 1826, and was composed of some of the most respectable merchants and tradesmen of the Town. The Company is 50 strong, have 2 excellent Fire Engines and about 750 feet of Hose. William Musson, Captain; David Paterson, 1st Lieutenant; John Armstrong, 2d Lieutenant; Alexander Hamilton, Secretary; Thomas Platt, Treasurer. Engine-House or Fireman's Hall in Church Street. Every Fireman, during his continuance in actual duty, is exempted from Militia Duty in time of peace, from serving as a juryman or a constable, and from all other parish and town offices.

Hook and Ladder Company, for the Extinguishing of Fires. This Company have the same privileges and exemptions as the Fire Engine Company. The present Officers are —Robert Emery, Captain; Michael P. Empey, 1st Lieutenant; Archibald M'Lellan, 2d Lieutenant; William Ketchum, Treasurer; Charles Hunt, Secretary. The Company is 60 strong.

And think ye Scotland will not lend,
In such a cause her warrior tide?
Nor Wales her mountain-steep descend,
To share the peril at your side?

Nor Ireland sound her harp, and wave
Her pure green banner for your right—
A sister now, no more a slave?
UP MEN OF ENGLAND, TO THE FIGHT!

● New Moon, 6.d. 4h. 29m. Even. | ☉ Full Moon, 20.d. 2h. 32m. Even.
⊙ First Quarter, 13.d. 12h. 31m. Even. | ☾ Last Quarter, 28.d. 2h. 23m. Even.

Table with columns: D. M., D. W., SUN (rises, sets), Moon (rises, south), Moon (M, Pl.), and historical text. The table lists moon phases and times for each day of July 1834, alongside various historical events and dates.

of gratitude—he proved our benefactor when friends were few.—23th. Fall of Robespierre 1794. The cholera rages in Upper Canada 1832.—30. O'Connell victorious at Clare, 1828.—31 1833. Colonel Rowan announces to the Directors an amended bank act to be proposed to the Assembly. An extract from Mr Murdoch's speech in the Legislature of Nova Scotia, during the debates on the Custom House salaries, 1827.—"Then when there seemed an intention to place their all, the cottage of the peasant, the mansion of the man of fortune, their property, their liberties, at the arbitrary disposal of an overbearing administration. It was this that made them stand forward as men, and marshal themselves in the proud array of battle. They fought not for the farthing taxed on each pound of tea, that was but the nominal question—but for the principle of taxing themselves in their General Assemblies. They fought for the broad, invaluable principles of constitutional liberty—they fought in a noble cause and they conquered. He felt himself bound to say that if he saw the same disposition manifested by the mother country, he would be the last man to submit with a tame and blind obedience.

York General or Strangers' Burial Ground, Yonge Street Road, one mile from the Town. It comprises six acres of ground. Persons of all creeds and persons of no creed are allowed burial in this Cemetery—fees to the Sexton, 5s. It was instituted in the fall of 1825, and incorporated by Act of Parliament 30th January 1826. It is managed by Five Trustees who are chosen for life; and, in case of the death of any of them, a public meeting of the inhabitants is called, when they elect a successor or successors in their place. The Trustees are—Thomas Carfrae, jun., Thomas D. Morrison, Peter Paterson, John Ewart, Thomas Helliwell.

Court of Commissioners of Customs. Held at the Court-House, York. Commissioners—James Fitzgibbon, Robert Stanton, William Hepburn.

Court of Requests. This Court came into operation 1st September 1833, and takes cognizance of all matters of debt and contract not exceeding ten pounds. Commissioners in York—Alexander Wood, J. G. Spragge, James E. Small, William Hepburn. John Fenton, Clerk; William Higgins, Bailiff. The Court is held in the Court-House on the first and third Saturday in each month.

The Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the District Court for the Home District are held at the Court-House on the 1st Tuesday after each Term of the Court of King's Bench.

The Four Terms of the Court of King's Bench. Hilary commences on the 1st Monday after December 25, and ends on the Saturday of the ensuing week. Easter commences on the Monday next after the 16th of April, and ends on Saturday of the ensuing week. Trinity commences on the 3d Monday in June, and ends on the Saturday of the ensuing week. Michaelmas commences on the 1st Monday in November and ends on the Saturday of the ensuing week.

By Liberty's
Once Engla
Sweep from y
And cleans

● New Moon
⊙ First Quarter

Table with columns: D. M., D. W., SUN (rises, sets), and historical text. The table lists moon phases and times for each day of July 1834, alongside various historical events and dates.

Mode o
of t
by the exi
waste land
the public
crown lan
alists mus
of allegia
his having
Instru
Sold
a Petition
petition v
If the Co
issued, a
residence
issued fr
the party
otherwis
Instru
Coffin, C
the Sur
ferable)
Prob
terested
every y
Registr
us the P
and let
gate of
Inspect
The

VIII. Month—AUGUST.—31 days.

1834.

By Liberty's eternal name,
Once England's proudest glory, arm!
Sweep from your isle oppression's shame,
And cleanse her of her locust swarm.

An honor'd grave that isle shall give
To every martyr of her right,
In life ye've died, in death ye live!
UP, MEN OF ENGLAND, TO THE FIGHT!

☉ New Moon, 5.d. 1h. 51m. Morn. ☽ Full Moon, 19.d. 3h. 27m. Morn.
☾ First Quarter, 11.d. 5h. 29m. Ev. ☿ Last Quarter, 27.d. 7h. 2m. Morn.

D. M.	D. W.	SUN	Moon	Moon	M.	Pl.
		rises. sets.	rises.	seth.		
1	Fri	4 58 7 14	1 9	9 46	♈	1st. Lammas day. ☉ ☽
2	Sat	4 59 7 13	1 56	8 42	♉	3rd--10 Sabbath after Trinity. 2nd, Bat. Blenheim, 1704.
3	Sun	5 0 7 12	2 51	19 40	♊	6th. Transfiguration.
4	Mon	5 0 7 10	sets.	11 39	♋	10th--11 Sabbath after Trinity.
5	Tue	5 1 7 9	7 55	10 37	♌	15th. Bonaparte born 1769. ☉ runs low
6	Wed	5 2 7 8	8 31	1 33	♍	16th. Battle of Detroit, 1812.
7	Thu	5 3 7 7	9 2	2 26	♎	21st. King Wm. IV. born, 1765.
8	Fri	5 4 7 6	9 32	3 18	♏	24th--13 Sabbath after Trinity. ☉ enters ♍
9	Sat	5 5 7 4	10 1	4 9	♐	27th. The brave Belgians revolt against the Dutch who had given them a sort of government, very mean and unsafe, 1830.
10	Sun	5 6 7 3	10 31	4 59	♑	31st--14 Sabbath after Trinity
11	Mon	5 7 7 2	11 3	5 51	♒	A SUPPLE COURTIER.—Dr. Dunlop recorded his opinion of the Methodists in Canada in the highest strains of unqualified approbation, on the journals of the legislature, but the moment he found that they were detested by his patron Sir J. Colborne, he turned round and sneered at, traduced, and ridiculed them. See the latest edition of his Backwoodsman.
12	Tue	5 8 7 1	11 40	6 44	♓	UPPER CANADA TORY POLITICAL UNIONS ADVERSE TO LIBERAL PRINCIPLES.—1st. The present House of Assembly. 2, Legislative Council. 3, Gov'r and Executive Council. 4, Law Society. 5, York Bank. 6, Kingston Bank. 7, United Service Club. 3, to 18. Eleven Juntos of Court made District Magistrates. 19, Canada College and University. 22, Bench. 21, Upper Canada Canal Co. 24, Des-Clergy Incorporation. 23, Welland Canal Co. 24, Des-jardins do. 25, Grand River do. 26, Eleven sets of Dis-trict Courts. 37, York, Hamilton, Sandwich, and Niagara police incorporations. 38 to 41, State paid priests, viz. the Ryanites, Scots Kirk Synod, Associate Synod (Andrew Bell, &c.), Bishop McDonell and his dependants. The Legislative Council complained to the British Govern-ment of the Political Unions—it is itself the most danger-ous and pernicious union in Upper Canada.
13	Wed	5 9 6 59	morn.	7 39	♈	
14	Thu	5 10 6 58	0 21	8 34	♉	
15	Fri	5 11 6 57	1 10	9 30	♊	
16	Sat	5 12 6 55	2 5	10 24	♋	
17	Sun	5 13 6 54	3 5	11 16	♌	
18	Mon	5 14 6 52	rises.	morn.	♍	
19	Tue	5 15 6 51	7 34	0 5	♎	
20	Wed	5 16 6 50	8 0	0 50	♏	
21	Thu	5 17 6 48	8 24	1 33	♐	
22	Fri	5 18 6 47	8 47	2 15	♑	
23	Sat	5 19 6 45	9 10	2 55	♒	
24	Sun	5 20 6 44	9 33	3 36	♓	
25	Mon	5 21 6 42	9 59	4 17	♈	
26	Tue	5 22 6 51	10 28	5 0	♉	
27	Wed	5 23 6 39	11 3	5 40	♊	
28	Thu	5 24 6 38	11 45	6 35	♋	
29	Fri	5 25 6 36	morn	7 28	♌	
30	Sat	5 26 6 34	0 35	8 24	♍	
31	Sun	5 27 6 33	1 34	9 22	♎	

Mode of Procuring Lands, held by Government. According to Regulations of Government of the 27th May 1833, (except in the case of U. E. Loyalists, and other persons entitled by the existing regulations of the Government to free grants,) no person can obtain any of the waste lands of the crown, or of any of the clergy reserves, otherwise than by purchasing at the public sales, made from time to time under the direction of P. Robinson, commissioner of crown lands and clergy reserves. Persons applying for Free Grants of Land as U. E. Loyalists must address the Lieutenant-Governor by petition. The petitioner must take the oath of allegiance before one of the commissioners appointed for that purpose, and a certificate of his having done so will be required to accompany his petition.

Instructions for Soldiers or Sailors who have served in his Majesty's Regular Army or Navy. Soldiers or Sailors becoming entitled to a grant of one hundred acres of land, must send a Petition to the Lieutenant-Governor in council praying for the same, accompanying their petition with a certificate of their having taken the oath of allegiance, and their discharge. If the Council decide upon granting the petition, a Location Ticket (not transferable) will be issued, assigning the number of acres prayed for, free of fees, subject to the condition of actual residence and cultivation of the land for three years; at the expiration of which a patent will be issued free of expense: but the Location Ticket will be cancelled if it cannot be proven that the party has complied with the conditions. Discharged soldiers and sailors cannot sell or otherwise dispose of their lands until the patent issues.

Instructions to Claimants as Upper Canada Militia. Officers and Privates of Provincial Militia, having claims for land, are required to produce the necessary proofs to Colonel N. Coffin, Office, 66, Front Street, York, who, being satisfied therewith, will issue a certificate to the Surveyor-General, who will locate them accordingly. The Location Ticket (not transferable) requires the conditions of actual settlement upon the grant.

Probate and Surrogate Courts. The Probate Court is the supreme Ecclesiastical Court in the Province. Persons dying and leaving property in more than one district, those interested must prove the Will, &c. in the Court of Probate, which is held in York four times in every year. Judge, ex Officio, the Lieutenant-Governor. Official Principal, Grant Powell. Registrar, James Fitzgibbon. The Surrogate Court is held in every district on the same days as the Probate Court, and relates to Wills, &c. in the particular district. Wills can be proved and letters of administration granted any day at the Office of the District Surrogate. Surrogate of the Home District, W. W. Baldwin. Registrar for do. William Chewett. Inspector of Licenses, Home District, Alexander McDonell, 102, Newgate Street.

The Hospital at York is situated at the West End of King Street, near the College. Doctor Stephenson is the Resident Surgeon.

SCOT? who has wi' WALLACE bled,
Scots whom Bruce has aften led,
Welcome to your gary bed,
Or to victory!

Now's the day and now's the hour,
See the front of battle lower,
See approach proud Edward's power,
Chains and slavery!

☾ New Moon, 3.d. 11h. 7m. Morn. || ☽ Full Moon, 17.d. 6h. 34m. Even.
☽ First Quarter, 10.d. 0h. 42m. Morn. || ☾ Last Quarter, 25.d. 10h. 22m. Even.

Table with columns: D., M., D., W., SUN (rises., sets.), Moon (rises., south.), M., Pl., and various historical events and dates from 1st to 30th of September.

liberal measures, will be Candidates for seats in the next following Provincial Legislature. These lists are published to give opportunity for enquiry and reflection, by the Freeholders:--
Lincoln County, David Thorburn, William Woodruff, Robert Randal.---Haldimand, ---Niagara, ---Hamilton, E. Stinson.---Wentworth, John Binkley, Dr Smith, James Gage.---Halton, John Keagy, Junr, Caleb Hopkins, James Lafferty, George Clemens.---Norfolk, ---Oxford, Finlay Malcolm, Thomas Horner.---Middlesex, John Rolph, Thomas Parke.---Essex, Francis Baby.---Kent, ---York, ---York County, (1st RIDING) Jesse Ketchum, John Macfarlane. (2nd RIDING), W. L. Mackenzie. (3rd RIDING) Thos. D. Morrison, James Hunter. (4th RIDING), John McIntosh, Charles Thompson.---Northumberland, Archibald McDonald, George Boswell.---Hastings, Jos. N. Lockwood.---Prince Edward, John Rollin, Paul Peterson.---Lennox & Addington, M. S. Bidwell, Peter Perry.---Frontenac, Dr E. W. Armstrong, Horace Yeoumans.---Kingston, ---Leeds, William Buell, M. M. Howard.---Greenville, Hiram Norton, Philemon Pennock.---Dundas, John Cook, Peter Shaver, George Brouse.---Stormont, Donald Miles Macdonald.---Glen-garry, Alexr. Chisholm.---Prescott & Russell, ---Carleton, ---Lanark, ---Brockville, Andrew Norton Buell.

- BLACK LIST. -- Names of Candidates, or probable Candidates, for seats in the next House of Assembly, whose public conduct and political character, so far as it is known to us, we, in common with the rest of the Reformers of Upper Canada, disapprove of, and against whom, therefore, we, as public watchmen, warn every true friend of civil and religious freedom:--County of Lincoln, William Crooks.---Niagara, Charles Richardson, Robert Dickson, W. H. Draper.---Haldimand, William H. Meeritt.---Hamilton, Allan N. McNab, John Willson, ---Wentworth, Dr. Dunlop, Geo. Hamilton.---Halton, Absalom Shade, William Chisholm, George Chalmers, Wm. McCoy.---Norfolk, Colin McNeillidge, William Willson.---Oxford, Charles Duncombe.---Middlesex, Roswell Mount, Mahlon Burwell.---Essex, William Elliott, Alexander Wilkinson.---Kent, William Berczy.---York, W. B. Jarvis.---York County, Edward W. Thomson, S. Washburn, James E. Small.---Durham, John Brown, George S. Boulton, Charles Fothergill.---Northumberland, James G. Bethune.---Hastings, J. H. Sampson.---Prince Edward, Ash Werden.---Lennox and Addington, George Mackenzie.---Kingston, H. C. Thomson, or C. A. Hagerman.---Frontenac, John Marks.---Leeds, Ogle R. Gowar.---Brockville, Henry Sherwood, Henry Jones.---Greenville, Jonas Jones, R. D. Fraser.---Dundas, ---Stormont, Archd. McLean, Philip Vankoughnet.---Glen-garry, A. McMartin, A. Fraser, John McLennan.---Prescott and Russell, Donald McDonald.---Carleton, H. Pinhey, George Lyon.---Lanark, William Morris, Donald Fraser.

Who will be a
Who can fill
Who see base
Coward

☾ New Moon,
☽ First Quarter

Table with columns: D., M., D., W., SUN (rises., sets.), and dates from 1st to 31st of September.

Locke died
hamstown-
1318. For p
or to petitio
Swayze, D
Reform me
Oct. 14, 18
some perso
Oct

Court of
General,
Clerk of t
Horse
her trip
Hotel has
Police
Fe
Regist
R
Arch. m
George
Lount. I
John I
Askin.

T
and
whose u
for Cana
twenty t
by their

Who will be a traitor knave?
Who can fill a coward's grave?
Who see base as be a slave?
Coward, turn and flee!

Who for Scotland's king and law
Freedom's sword will bravely draw?
Freeman stand or freeman fa'?
Let him on wi' me!

☉ New Moon, 2.d. 6h. 18m. Even. | ☽ Full Moon, 17.d. 11h. 42m. Morn.
☾ First Quarter, 9.d. 11h. 16m. Even. | ☿ Last Quarter, 25.d. 11h. 44m. Morn.

D. M.	D. W.	SUN		Moon rises.	Moon south.	M. Pl.
		rises.	sets.			
1	We	5 58	5 41	4 1	10 50	☾
2	Th	5 59	5 39	sets.	11 44	☾
3	Fri	6 0	5 38	6 27	ev. 38	☾
4	Sat	6 1	5 36	6 59	1 32	☾
5	Sun	6 2	5 35	7 35	2 27	☾
6	Mo	6 3	5 33	8 14	3 24	☾
7	Tu	6 4	5 31	9 0	4 22	☾
8	We	6 5	5 30	9 53	5 19	☾
9	Th	6 6	5 38	10 51	6 16	☾
10	Fri	6 7	5 27	11 53	7 9	☾
11	Sat	6 8	5 25	morn.	7 59	☾
12	Sun	6 9	5 23	0 55	8 46	☾
13	Mo	6 10	5 22	1 58	9 30	☾
14	Tu	6 11	5 20	2 59	10 12	☾
15	We	6 12	5 29	3 58	10 43	☾
16	Th	6 13	5 17	4 57	11 33	☾
17	Fri	6 15	5 16	rises.	morn.	☾
18	Sat	6 16	5 14	6 5	0 13	☾
19	Sun	6 17	5 13	6 32	0 55	☾
20	Mo	6 18	5 11	7 2	1 39	☾
21	Tu	6 19	5 19	7 38	2 25	☾
22	We	6 20	5 18	8 20	3 14	☾
23	Th	6 21	5 7	9 10	4 6	☾
24	Fri	6 22	5 6	10 8	4 59	☾
25	Sat	6 24	5 4	11 13	5 54	☾
26	Sun	6 25	5 3	morn.	6 48	☾
27	Mo	6 26	5 2	0 22	7 42	☾
28	Tu	6 27	5 0	1 35	8 35	☾
29	We	6 28	4 59	2 50	9 28	☾
30	Th	6 29	4 58	4 8	10 20	☾
31	Fri	6 31	4 56	5 23	11 14	☾

1st. First Steamboat on the Hudson, 1807.—2nd. Major Andre executed as a spy, 1780.—3rd. Robert Barclay died 1690.—4th. The Brave Belgians declare themselves free and independent, 1830.—Second Black List published, 1830. 6th. Peace between Britain and U. S. 1783.—11th. Colum- [bus discovered America, 1492. 12th 1831. Bishop Macdonell, a Catholic priest and colonial pensioner, called to the Legislative Council on the recom- mendation of the pious Colborne, to assist "in all weighty and arduous affairs which may affect the state and defence" of U. C. "and THE CHURCH THEREOF." So says [the mandamus! 13th. Battle of Queenston, 1812. 14th Moscow burnt 1812. William Penn born 1644. William the Conqueror began his reign, 1066. Grand Reform meet- ing of the spirited and united county of Dundas, 1831. 15th. Bonaparte arrives at St Helens, 1815. Anniversary of the York Typographical Society, 1833. 16th, Ridley and Latimer martyred, 1555.—Queen of France beheaded 1793. 17th 1818. Jonas Jones, Vankough- net, P. Robinson, Nelles, Swayze and Burwell voted that they had a just indignation at the systematic attempts that had been made to organize sedition (meaning the conven- tion.) 18th, Unfortunate general election in U C, 1830. York county stands firm, Simcoe, Halton, Durham, and Wentworth finch. 20th, Sir P. Maitland and his advisers sharply reprimanded by Sir G. Murray in the affair of Coffin and Givens and the Falls outrage, 1828. 22nd 1829. Sam Patch's tremendous leap at the Falls, 118 feet perpendicular. 26th 1831. At the grand Reform meet- ing of the gallant freeholders of Finch and Osabruick, Mr Archibald M'Lean their representative taunted them with being puppets, and was replied to that they had been his puppets long enough, but that the wires would not prob- ably pull so easy now. 27th. First American Congress, 1774. 28th 1795. Councils of Ancients and of 500. John Locke died 1704. 29th 1831. Grand Reform meeting at Glengarry, in the Court house Wil- liamstown—M'Lean, Vankoughnet, M'Martin and Frazer, left in a very small minority. 31st 1818. For passing the gagging-bill, making it a crime for the people to hold public meetings or to petition for redress of grievances, voted Vankoughnet, P. Robinson, Burnham, R. Nelles, Swayze, Durand, Clench, Cotter, Isaac Frazer, Hatt, Cameron and Jonas Jones. 1831. Grand Reform meeting in King's Bench Court Room, Cornwall; M'Lean and Vankoughnet lectured.— Oct. 14, 1833. Battle of Queenston Dinner at Hamilton; the firing of the canon nearly fatal to some persons.—Union of Canadian and British Conferences effected at York. 25th, St Crispin. Oct. 30. The Arch-apostate Egerton alias Arnold Ryerson and his Christian Guardi- an goes over to Strachan and the Tories.

Court of King's Bench. Chief Justice, John B. Robinson. Paise Judges—Levius P. Sher- wood, James B. Macaulay. Attorney-General, Robert Sympton Jameson. Solicitor- General, Christopher A. Hagerman. Reporter, William H. Draper.—Crown Office. Clerk of the Crown and Pleas, Charles C Small. Treasurer, Home District, T. F. Billings.

Horse-Boat to the Island. A Boat propelled by Four Horses, runs every day from the Steam-Boat Wharves to the Starch Factory on the Peninsula or Island, across the Bay—her trips regulated to suit public convenience. Fare to and from the Island, 7^d. A Hotel has been opened on the Island to accommodate sportsmen, parties of pleasure, &c. Police Office, in the Court-House, York, is open every day from 11 to 2 o'clock. John Fenton, Clerk; William Higgins, High Constable.

Registrars of Counties, for Deeds of Bargain and Sale. Prescott and Russell—R. P. Ho- tham. Stormont and Dundas—Arch. M'Lean. Lanark—G. T. Burke. Carleton—Arch. M'millan. Grenville—Andrew Patton. Leeds—Daniel Jones. Northumberland—George S. Boulton. Durham—Thomas Ward. York—Samuel Ridout. Simcoe, George Lount. Halton—Thomas Racey. Wentworth—David A. M'Nab. Lincoln and Haldimand—John Lyons. Middlesex—Mathon Burwell. Oxford—Thomas Hornor. Essex—James Askin. Kent—William Jones. Midland District, Allan M'Lean.

TO E. G. Stanley and R. W. Hay, Secretaries of State for the North American Colonies, and John Beverly Robinson, Judge and Tory Politician at York in Upper Canada, to whose uniform support of oppression and misrule in church and state, and steady friendship for Canada and Ireland's oppressors, the public are chiefly indebted for this extra edition of twenty thousand "Canadian True Blue Almanacks," it is specially dedicated and inscribed, by their trusty and well beloved cousin and councillor, **FAT. SWIFT.**

Handwritten notes at the bottom of the page, including "The..." and "This..."

By oppression's woes and pains,
By your sons in servile chains,
We will drain our dearest veins,
But they shall be free!

Lay the proud usurper low,
Tyrants fall in ev'ry foe,
Liberty's in ev'ry blow---
Let us do or die!

☉ New Moon, 1.d. 8h. 23m. Morn. ☾ Last Quarter, 23.d. 10h. 52m. Even.
☽ First Quarter, 8.d. 1h. 45m. Morn. ☽ New Moon, 30.d. 2h. 3m. Even.
☾ Full Moon, 16.d. 6h. 3m. Morn.

Table with columns: D. M., D. W., SUN (rises, sets), Moon (sets), Mool. (south), M (Pl), and historical events for each day from 1st to 30th.

York Bank? If any thing it was better--for, but for the quibbling, of attorneys, the private property of the partners might have been taken to pay the debts of the Kingston Bank, while the act of incorporation shields the York Bank Stockholders from every individual responsibility in case of difficulty or mismanagement; and it is evident that the government are not responsible for a farthing, and that no law can reach the directors do what they will.

There are now four ridings in the County of York; at the next general election each riding will return one member; and the elections will be by ridings, each freeholder to possess one vote in every riding in which he holds freehold property. The first riding consists of the townships of York, Etobicoke, Vaughan, and King. The second riding, of Caledon, Chingacousy, Toronto, Gore of Toronto, and Albion. The third riding, of Markham, Scarborough, Pickering and Whitby. The fourth riding, of East Gwillimbury, North Gwillimbury, Scott, Georgina, Brock, Reach, Whitchurch, and Uxbridge.

WORKING OF THE CONSTITUTION.—[Collected from the Journals of the Imperial Parliament.] —No. of Bills of a public or general character originated in the House of Assembly of Upper Canada, and tomahawked by the Legislative Council of priests, placemen and pensioners. —In 1824, 11. In 1825, 8. In 1826, 10. In 1827, 15. In 1828, 12. In 1829, 22. In 1830, 26. In 1831, 7. In 1832, 14. In 1833, 9. Total in 10 years 136 bills.—No. of bills passed by the Assembly within the last 10 years, of a public nature, which the Legislative Council altered so as to cause their rejection, 22.—No. of bills rejected by the royal Governor after both Houses had agreed to them, 16. In all 174 public acts passed by the people's representatives, and tomahawked by a junto of persons representing the constituency of their own breeches pockets. Was Mr. Stanley wrong when he termed the Legislative Councils "patri screens"? Is he right when he upholds the abuses he pretended to oppose when out of office?

Times of holding the Quarter Sessions and District Courts for the several Districts: Eastern, 4th Tuesday in January and April, and 2nd Tuesday in July and October. Ottawa, 2nd Tuesday of January and April, and 4th Tuesday of June and September. Bathurst, 3rd Tuesday in March, September and December, and 2nd Tuesday in June. Midland, 4th Tuesday in January and April, and 2nd Tuesday of July and October. Johnstown, 3rd Tuesday in February and May, and 2nd Tuesday of August and Nov. Newcastle, 2nd Tuesday in January, April, July and October. Gore, 2nd Tuesday in January April, July and October. Niagara, London, 2nd Tuesday in March, June, September and December. Western, 2nd Tuesday in January, April, July and October. Home, January 19, May 4, July 6, November 16.

Man is of soul a
Of high resolve
To soar unweary
The keenest pain

☉ First Quarter,
☾ Full Moon,

Table with columns: D. M., D. W., SUN (rises, sets) and historical events for each day from 1st to 31st.

21st. John Ne... which force, p... to slavery und... manner, a free... LETTER fro... holds of... Aberdeen, pu... August, and... defend and m... have much pl... much pleasur... ment, if I jud... of the people... they can in t... appropriate p... some proposi... partly resist... and will so co... form. I rem... PATRICK... is pictur... the followi... sure and info... have not see... I was detain... driving a on... shouldered l... Who do you... THE ha... fitness... year would... was govern... her rival Mr... I.) by gettin... despicable]

XII. Month.—DECEMBER.—31 days.

Man is of soul and body, formed for deeds
Of high resolve, on fancy's boldest wing
To soar unwearied, fearlessly to turn
The keenest pangs to peacefulness, and taste

The joys which mingled sense and spirit yield,
Or he is formed for abjectness and woe,
To grovel on the dunghill of his fears,
And shrink at every sound. Shelley.

☉ First Quarter, 7d. 7h. 47m. Even. ☾ Last Quarter, 23d. 7h. 52m. Morn.
☽ Full Moon, 15d. 11h. 58m. Even. ☽ New Moon, 30d. 2h. 16m. Morn.

D. M.	D. W.	SUN		Moon sets.	Moon south.	M. Pl.
		rises.	sets.			
1	Mo	7 7	4 31	5 24	ec. 40	♄
2	Tu	7 8	4 31	6 21	1 47	♃
3	We	7 9	4 31	7 23	2 47	♂
4	Th	7 10	4 31	8 29	3 43	♁
5	Fri	7 11	4 31	9 34	4 35	♂
6	Sat	7 12	4 31	10 38	5 23	♁
7	☽	7 13	4 30	11 40	6 7	♃
8	Mo	7 14	4 30	morn.	6 49	♂
9	Tu	7 15	4 30	0 40	7 29	♁
10	We	7 15	4 31	1 39	8 10	♂
11	Th	7 16	4 31	2 33	8 50	♁
12	Fri	7 17	4 31	3 37	9 33	♂
13	Sat	7 18	4 31	4 38	10 18	♁
14	☽	7 19	4 31	5 39	11 5	♂
15	Mo	7 19	4 31	6 41	11 56	♁
16	Tu	7 20	4 32	rises.	morn.	♂
17	We	7 21	4 32	5 54	0 49	♁
18	Th	7 21	4 32	6 55	1 44	♂
19	Fri	7 22	4 33	8 2	2 39	♁
20	Sat	7 23	4 33	9 11	3 33	♂
21	☽	7 23	4 34	10 21	4 25	♁
22	Mo	7 24	4 34	11 32	5 15	♂
23	Tu	7 24	4 35	morn.	6 4	♁
24	We	7 25	4 35	0 43	6 52	♂
25	Th	7 25	4 36	1 55	7 42	♁
26	Fri	7 25	4 37	3 8	8 34	♂
27	Sat	7 26	4 37	4 23	9 29	♁
28	☽	7 26	4 33	5 33	10 28	♂
29	Mo	7 26	4 39	6 50	11 23	♁
30	Tu	7 26	4 39	sets.	ev. 29	♂
31	We	7 26	4 40	6 8	1 28	♁

2nd. Peace signed with the United States 1814.
 3rd 1830. Renfrewshire Political Union formed.
 6th. Marshal Ney shot 1815. Fife and Kincross Voluntary Church Association formed 1832.
 12th 1831. Mr Mackenzie's first expulsion moved by Samson, seconded by Werden, and also voted for by the two Boultons, Hagerman, Berczy, Brown, Burwell, Elliott, two Frazers, H. Jones, Lewis, M' Martin, M' Nab, Magon-morris, mount, Robinson, Shade, Thomson, Vankoughnet, Warren and Ingersol.
 13th. Grand meeting of the yeomanry at York, to wait upon Sir J. Colborne, in consequence of Mr Mackenzie's expulsion. The Governor in fear of an insurrection gives unusual orders to the troops, and insults the farmers 1831.
 14th 1825. Chief Justice Robinson, of Yankee parentage, exclaimed, in the most impassioned tone, that "he would suffer death before he would consent to a measure that would confer the rights of subjects on men who, but a few years ago, had invaded our country, ransacked our villages, burnt our houses, murdered our wives and children, and made our homes a desert." This was spoken of the Anglo-Americans, and on the same day the following persons voted for the infamous bill from Old Judge Campbell and the Legislative Council to destroy their civil rights, J. B. Robinson, Vankoughnet, Burnham, Burke, Cameron, Gordon, C. and J. Jones, Sheriff Macdonell, Morris and William Thompson of York. --- Samuel Johnson died 1807.
 16th. The people of Boston destroy the taxed tea because the revenue was to be raised without their consent and (like ours) applied to bribe hireling priests of various denominations, and to other wicked and unlawful purposes of a military despotism, 1773.
 20th 1831. Mr Bidwell moves a vote of censure on Sir J. Colborne for throwing the county election back to the first Monday in January, and selecting town meeting day.

21st. John Newton died 1807. 22nd. The Austrian government, after trying every method which force, policy, or wickedness could suggest to reduce the Low countries (Holland) again to slavery under its yoke, obliged to treat with and acknowledge them, in the most humiliating manner, a free people, 1569. 25th. CHRISTMAS. Sir Isaac Newton born 1654.

LETTER from Joseph Hume, Esq., M. P. for the county of Middlesex, (including all the freeholds of London and Westminster) to Mr John Duncan, Secretary to the Political Union, Aberdeen, published in Scotland, read by Colonel Leith Hay in the House of Commons last August, and avowed by Mr Hume as his deliberate sentiments which he was quite ready to defend and maintain the truth of in his place. "Bryanston Square, Aug. 3, 1833, Sir, I shall have much pleasure in presenting the petition intrusted to my charge, and I shall also have much pleasure in supporting its prayer. But the petitioners may depend on it that this Parliament, if I judge from their proceedings heretofore, will do little to meet the just expectations of the people. There appears on the part of the ministers a determination to do as little as they can in the way of reform; and the Whigs and Tories seem, with that view, to act a very appropriate part. The one party, to keep some semblance of reforming the institutions, make some propositions, as in the bill for Church Reform, and the Tories partly terrify them and partly resist every thing that is worth having. The whole, in fact, is humbug and mockery, and will so continue until the people show that they are in earnest, and determined to have reform. I remain, your obedient servant, JOSEPH HUME."

PATRICK Swift would very willingly exchange General Colborne for a Governor such as is pictured in the following anecdote:---A late number of the London Courier contains the following extract of a letter from America:---"I am travelling in Vermont state for pleasure and information. I have journeyed 500 miles in my own carriage, by easy stages, and have not seen a single person in my progress to whom I should have dared to offer alms! As I was detained an hour or two a few days since, I saw a sturdy-looking farmer pass the inn, driving a one horse cart, loaded with wool, on which he was seated. He drove to a store, shouldered his bales of wool, one after another, and placed them in the merchant's shop. Who do you think he was? Palmer, the present Governor of the state of Vermont!"

THE harpies who annoy us in Upper Canada about the British Constitution, and its fitness for us may tell us if such royalty as the following at nine millions of dollars a year would improve our manners or mend our morals:---"The manner in which Queen Anne was governed like a workhouse child by the Duchess of Marlborough, and afterwards, by her rival Mrs. Masham; the way in which Walpole ruled the Queen's successor (King George I.) by getting him drunk every day on punch and letting him rob the English to enrich his despicable Hanoverians; the worse than nursery tyranny and school discipline in which, &c.

According to his daughter-in-law, George II. was retained; the management of George III. by Mr. Pitt, who confessed that he ruled England on his own authority long after the King was too mad to be at large; the still more foul and criminal management of George IV. by Lord Liverpool and a titled prostitute, and the alternations of controul over his present Majesty by his responsible Ministers, or by the Queen, who, in her turn, is the dupe of Court sycophants and political panders to Toryism, have opened the eyes of the people to the practical effects of Royalty, and have taught them the necessity of managing their own affairs. Whilst Kings have been kept like drowsy or diseased hounds in the leash, the House of Commons has been managed with equal facility, and well might Sir Robert Peel declare, that with a Reformed Parliament, a House of Peers could not exist."—*London Weekly Dispatch*, Sept. 1833.

Corruption unmasked, or a peep into the Den; being an estimate or calculation of some part of the money and money's value raised in taxes, fees, monopolies, land jobs, and otherwise, from the people of Upper Canada, and consumed in pensions, sinecures, salaries, fees, perquisites, retired allowances, lawful public plunder, &c. &c., by the following families and individuals, members of the Tory elite.—

Judge John Beverly Robinson, party-politician, his brother Peter, and their relations, nearly	£10,000	Methodist Episcopal Church	£1,900
Judge Boulton, and the rest of the Boultons, and their relations	5,012	Sheriff Ruttan and connexions	1000
Judge Sherwood and his relations	4,066	The Ridout family, including the Cashier and Register	1,993
Judge Jonas Jones, brother Alpheus, cousin Henry, and the rest of the family and connexions	6,020	The Small family and their kindred	2,815
Colonel Allan, the Smiths and Gambles, Dr. Horne, and relatives, including old John M'Gill	4,798	Ven. Dr. Harris and brethren of the intolerant college	4,000, Col. Talbot 800
The Reverend John Strachan, ex-bank director, land jobber, factotum, his son-in-law Jones, and connexions, including the "dilapidations on his living"	5,542	Colonel Givens and family	736
Duncan Cameron	1,307	Bishop of Quebec (£3000 below)	390
Judge Powell, his son Grant, and their relations and friends	4,122	Deputy Postmaster Stayner (in all £4,500) from this colony, estimated	2,169
George Crookshank	209	Colonel Coffin and Subs.	625
Joseph Wells and family	754	Clerk Beikie and connexions	1,000
Sheriff W. B. Jarvis, his father, and Dr. Phillips and other connexions	3,119	Thomas Kirkpatrick and relatives	1,000
Sir W. Campbell, nephew, &c.	1,985	Collector Savage & connexions	632, 10s
G. H. Markland, father and friends	1,560	Clerk Fitzgibbon	768
John H. Dunn, over	1,700	Collector Hands of Sandwich, and relatives	820
Bishop M'Donell, his friend Alexander of the excise, and connexions	2,290	Treasurer Billings and family	415
Peter Adamson and James Kerby	400	Collector Elias Jones	500
Mahlon Burwell, brothers, &c.	825	Law expences in U. C. in a year	60,800
R. D. Fraser and relatives, &c.	729	John Macaulay, Kingston	750
C. A. Hagerman, Judge Macaulay, and their connexions	3,190	Ryanites, Scots Kirk, and Seceder Priests	1,905
A. M'Lean, father, brother, &c. &c.	1,625	W. H. Merritt, father & connexions	894
Sir John Colborne and relations	7,328	Archdeacon Stuart and family	800
Registrar Lyons and Clerk Richardson	900	Robt. Stanton, brothers, & family	1,286
		Sir D. W. Smith, Baronet	222
		Provincial Agent, England, (name unknown)	222
		British and Colonial secret service money believed to be expended here on persons to us unknown	4,500
		Surveyor-general Hurd, nearly	1,000
		Joseph Spragge and family	390
		The Shirrefs, timber tax collectors	590
		A. Pringle, Midland district	400
		Sheriff M'Donell and relations	1,400

* * * The above are the chief items known as the Tory spoil. The Whigs in office at home are Tories here in their patronage. We have only one Whig in office, the new Attorney-general, whose income will be from £1,200 to £1,400.

The Backwoodsman, while he lays the axe to the root of the oak in the forests of Canada, should never forget that a base basswood is growing in this his native land, which, if not speedily girdled, will throw its dark shadows over the country, and blast his best exertions. Look up reader and you will see the branches, the Robinson branch, the Powell branch, the Jones branch, the Strachan branch, the Boulton twig, &c. The farmer toils, the mechanic toils, the labourer toils, and the family compact reap the fruit of their exertions.

Central Convention Weapons

Unless the friends of and steadily perseverance of members to represent assembly, I am of opinion as they have been at diligent, upright, disinterested men, determined to go about the business ordinary way of self to come forward, so may be elected, and a House would come shod, is almost as rare like circumstances. nations by the people sets, and the other adhered to for the last 4c., since their form it is everywhere a can and in England and partially introduced. York, the governing ance of the public mission of the latter former may not be di and interests which which, when proper to strengthen, by inculation, the cause of this principle has be ment, a desire to m willing to assent to, though concealed h nominal reform have nominations—have opposition to the ci later, with disastro I have lately rea State, and learnt fr ence to regular no to offer a successfu of factions by whic With these usages rights and liberties vation of freedom under which the Government, and and ought to be t are as yet a count is, believe it who w when we will only is strength. A ge dual preferences w and keep the ascen The encroachment ing, are usually e the principle is eye not only union id through town, co regular nominatio plished: and when succeeded in bring public opinion in moved the most ef will be of little m to retain power in few, when they b can act with effi After battling Daniel O'Connell the idea of whic National Convent tent instrument in power out of the altho' supported exchequer, its co ratus of a regula 1829, the grand r rected was attain rent in parliamen This province is a representative vile body of Stat founded on know perfect intellige lic Association a great measure than is generall I shall now pr inations and con

Popula
634
25,560; I
11,788.
township
Albion 1
Whitby 2
2340; N

Central Committees--Town, County and Provincial Conventions--Regular Nominations--the sure legal Weapons by which Reformers may Triumph.

Unless the friends of Reform in Upper Canada will adopt and steadily persevere in a regular uniform system in the election of members to represent the province in the House of Assembly, I am of opinion that they will be defeated at the next, as they have been at all by-gone elections, in securing an intelligent, upright, disinterested representation, composed of firm men, determined to put things to rights and well aware how to go about the business entrusted to them. It is true that by the ordinary way of self-nominations by such candidates as choose to come forward, some twelve or eighteen sterling members may be elected, and as many more sham patriots, but that such a House would come short of the people's expectations when tested, is almost as sure as that the 10th Parliament did so, under like circumstances. The principle and usage of regular nominations by the people of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, and the other neighbouring countries has been inflexibly adhered to for the last threescore years; and in Ohio, Vermont, &c., since their formation, with the best effects. In New York it is everywhere a cardinal maxim of conduct as well as faith, and in England and Ireland, under the reform bill, it has been partially introduced. I have seen with satisfaction, that in New York, the governing principle of the system is the predominance of the public good over individual claims; and the substance of the mission of the latter to a common arbitrament, in order that the former may not be disturbed or invaded by the rival pretensions and interests which exist more or less in all communities, and which, when properly regulated or reasonably indulged, serve to strengthen, by incitements to perpetual watchfulness and emulation, the cause of civil liberty. There are instances in which this principle has been assailed. Ambition, personal disappointment, a desire to mount a little faster than the people may be willing to assent to, and, perhaps with all the rest, an innate though concealed hostility to the principles and usages of economical reform have occasionally broken in upon the regular nominations--have led to violations of political faith, and open opposition to the choice of the majority--but always, sooner or later, with disastrous consequences to the disaffected.

I have lately read with attention the History of New York State, and learnt from it that it is by an uninterrupted adherence to regular nominations, that the people have been enabled to offer a successful resistance to the factions and combinations of factions by which they have been from time to time assailed. With these usages are associated the resolute assertion of their rights and liberties in the struggle of the Revolution, the preservation of freedom civil and religious, the wise and liberal laws under which they live, and the economy and prudence in the Government, and strict and equal justice in the courts which is and ought to be their boast and pride. We of Upper Canada are as yet a community of landed proprietors, but most true it is, believe it who will, that we are fast approaching the period when we will only be a community of tenants. In Union there is strength. A generous sacrifice of private interests and individual preferences will enable the liberal party among us to gain and keep the ascendancy, and may conduct it to future triumphs. The encroachments of power, though sometimes open and daring, are usually covert and insidious. In one form or another the principle is ever active, and its successful resistance demands not only union in sentiment, but concert in action. It is only through town, county and state conventions--in other words, by regular nominations--that these important ends can be accomplished: and when the enemies of good government shall have succeeded in bringing into discredit this mode of concentrating public opinion in the neighbouring republics, they will have removed the most efficient barrier against unbridled ambition. It will be of little moment, that the great body of the people wish to retain power in their own hands instead of confiding it to the few, when they have abandoned the only course in which they can act with efficiency and success.

After battling many years for the rights of his countrymen, Daniel O'Connell originated in 1823, the Catholic Association, the idea of which he probably took from the American State or National Conventions of political parties--it became an omnipotent instrument in the cause of emancipation, and wrested the power out of the hand of the unfeeling government of the day altho' supported by 40,000 bayonets. It had its parliament, its exchequer, its committees, its correspondents, and all the apparatus of a regularly established legislature and executive. In 1829, the grand result to which Mr. O'Connell's life had been directed was attained; the relief bill was passed, and he took his seat in parliament on the 4th of Feb'y 1830, as member for Clare. This province is far a-head of the Irish Catholics, it already has a representative system that might twist the neck and bend the vile body of State Corruption, but we have no system of Union, founded on knowledge. It was the universal correspondence and perfect intelligence established throughout Ireland by the Catholic Association that placed the representation of the kingdom in a great measure in its hands; perhaps the speech making did less than is generally imagined.

I shall now proceed to illustrate the usage and system of nominations and conventions as the means of procuring a faithful re-

presentation in the Assembly: For example--

Let a requisition be signed by a number of reformers in whom the liberal party of the County of York have confidence, let it be printed and widely circulated, calling upon the inhabitants of the several towns in the county friendly to liberal principles, to meet in their several towns and choose three delegates in each town, to meet in county convention at the Old District Court House, York, on a certain day to be then stated, for the appointment of one or more delegates to represent the county in the Provincial Convention to be held at York on the --- day of --- and for the nomination of fit persons to be supported by the people as members for the county at the next general election, as also for the transaction of such other business as they may deem expedient, such as petitioning, addressing their fellow-citizens, &c.

Let four or five leading reformers in each township cause notices to be stuck up and information given to the friends of popular rights to meet at a central place and time to be named to choose two, three, or more delegates to the county convention to be held at York, on the --- day of ---

The County Convention being met, the credentials of the delegates produced, and a chairman and secretaries chosen, business may be gone into, suitable candidates selected for the Assembly, after due consideration, one or more delegates to the provincial convention appointed and credentials given, resolutions on the state of affairs drawn up for publication, and suitable addresses voted to the people of the county, the province, and the general convention. The appointment of a county corresponding committee, of committees of vigilance for each of the several towns, and of a central committee consisting of an inhabitant of each town on whom would devolve the duty of calling the county convention of the then ensuing political year, would also have to be attended to by the first convention, which might easily close its labours in a couple of days. The conventions should appoint committees, one from each town, to report names of candidates, and on these names it should decide by ballot, in all cases.

With respect to the provincial convention of delegates from the several county conventions, it would devolve on the York County Convention, (in the first instance only,) to propose the time and place of meeting. When the general convention had assembled and transacted its business, it would of course make provision for convening another twelve months thereafter, and would name the time and place of meeting.

The duty of the provincial convention would be, 1, to consult on the most efficient means of securing seats for sincere reformers in the new House of Assembly, in respect of which important object the local information possessed by the several delegates would be of essential service; 2, to publish a declaration of the principles of reformers, with addresses to the constituency, and 3rdly, to transact such other business as might come before them, connected with the duties under their appointments.

It is usual in the neighbouring country for the towns to elect supernumerary delegates to take the place of regularly nominated persons who cannot attend. The same is done in the county conventions. It is of no consequence whether a town send two, three, or more delegates--they may all speak in session, but the town has votes only in proportion to its population as compared with the other towns in the county.

Thro' these proceedings, the sense of the reformers will be obtained, an extensive and useful correspondence established, public opinion concentrated, and idle and offensive persons prevented from intruding themselves and disturbing the meetings, as they would be apt to do if the scheme of political unions were fully persisted in.

The Reformers are to be known by their principles, which are, the control of the whole revenue to be elective, the representation in the House of Assembly to be as equally proportioned to the population as possible, the executive government to be abolished--the responsibility--the law of primogeniture to be abolished--the principle of Mr. Perry's Jury Bill to be adopted--the judiciary to be independent--the military to be in strict subordination to the civil authority--equal rights to the several members of community--every vestige of church and state union to be done away--the lands and all the revenues of the country to be under the control of the country--and education to be widely, carefully, & impartially diffused. To these I would add that we ought to choose our own governors, but I know that there are some reformers who have not made up their minds upon that question, I therefore advise that it be not pressed.

It must not discourage the Reformers of any township if they happen to find themselves in the minority as compared to the other inhabitants. Let them meet, few and small as they may be, and observe the above usages, the same as if they counted thousands. Time which does much is in their favor--they may be sure that Upper Canada will form no exception to the other parts of this continent, liberal principles must prevail--freedom is indigenous in our soil.

Sic Subscriptor, PATRICK SWIFT.

Population of Upper Canada, March, 1833.--District, Eastern 23,743; Ottawa 6348; Johnstown 27,058; Bathurst 22,286; Midland 42,294; Newcastle, 25,560; Home 47,650; Gore 31,820; Niagara 24,772; London 33,225; Western 11,788. Total, 296,544. Increase in the year 1832-3, 35,552. The town and township of York contain 11,134; Vaughan 2472; King 1386; Etobicoke 1264; Albion 1201; Caledon 1089; Chinguacousy 2505; Toronto 3746; Gore 619; Whitby 2780; Pickering 1856; Scarboro' 1739; Markham 4024; Whitechurch 2340; N. Gwillimbury 455; E. Gwillimbury 1264; Georgina 345; Reach 208;

Brook 968; Uxbridge 492; Scott (supposed) 148. County of York 42,070; Simcoe 5883, of which Gwillimbury W. 1665; Tecumseth 1322; Adjala 426; Mono 503; Innisfill 316; Tiny and Tay 292; Oro 549; Thorah 367; Essa 163; Medonte 61; Vespra 156; Flos 53. The Home District now numbers upwards of 50,000 souls, of whom about 15,000 are males over 16 years.

AMOUNT of the Taxes levied on the People of Upper Canada.—About eighty thousand dollars a-year levied on houses, shops, lands, horses, oxen, cows, &c., money chiefly expended as the justices, appointed at the pleasure of the government, think fit. Sometimes, in addition to this, other sixty thousand dollars are levied by the sale of lands by the Sheriff, for taxes which the people are unable to pay,—the proceeds are wasted as above. About 400,000 dollars of custom house duties, fees, and other imposts on goods imported into the province through the United States and Lower Canada, are annually levied, and the money wasted on pensions, sinecures, allowances, extravagant salaries, interest of public debt contracted in order to give scandalous jobs to favourites, &c. &c. The accounts of the receipt and expenditure are very imperfect and unworthy of confidence. The taxes on some goods equal 50 per cent *ad valorem*, on others, 30, 20, 15, 10, 7½ and down to 2½ per cent. The tea duty and the tea monopoly has hitherto proved a cruel imposition of fifteen thousand pounds a-year to the colony, but it is about to be removed. There are also a salt tax, a tax on stills, and on imported whiskey; a light-house tax, auctioneers' tax, pedlars' tax, taxes on physicians and surgeons' licences; a tax of 6 dollars a couple on persons marrying by licence, a tax on towns to keep up a police; heavy taxes on people bringing their produce to market; taxes or fines on Quakers, Menonists and Tunkards; taxes on criminal actions, militia fines, magistrates fines, and shop and tavern taxes and licences. The taxed law costs and other expenses of civil suits, paid to sheriffs, lawyers, bailiffs, judges, &c., are said to exceed £60,000 a-year, and they prove a grievous drawback, especially to the poor emigrants, who are often fleeced after being a few years in the country. Another heavy imposition is the Post Office, which exacts on letters and newspapers an unreasonable and extravagant charge for forwarding, and collects and appropriates the revenue of £40,000 a-year, (in these colonies) in a secret, and we may add, clandestine manner. The 1st Deputy Post Master-general (for there are three of them) pockets about \$16,000 a-year as his income and perquisites; and the Colonial Legislatures are insulted and neglected when they attempt to enquire into particulars. Some £15,000 a-year of this tax is sent to England in aid of defraying the national debt! The taxes are not, as in the United States, laid out for the public good, but are chiefly squandered on strangers, half-pay officers, and other transient persons and their families, and to build up a mushroom aristocracy.

Public Lands granted free to some of the Members of the Legislature of U. C. as follows:—John Strachan 3,202 acres—James Baby 7,301 acres—John McGill 5,560 acres—Thomas Clark 2,414 acres—Wm. Dickson 1,200 acres—Geo. Crookshank 2,001 acres—Joseph Wells 1,200 acres—Duncan Cameron 2,800 acres—Jas. Crooks 2,371 acres—W. D. Powell and Children 16,903 acres—Wm. Allan 2200—Judge Campbell 1,200 acres—Chas. Jones 2,000 acres—J. B. Robinson 1,700 acres—A. McDonell, *guager*, 2,102 acres—Walter Boswell 1,200 acres—Augustus Baldwin 1,200 acres—James Kerby 2,200 acres—Bishop McDonell 2,400 acres—Arthur Lloyd 1,200 acres—Abraham Nelles 2,200 acres—Wm. Berczy 2,400 acres—Mahlon Burwell 5,200 acres—Wm. Crooks 2,000 acres—Wm. Elliott 1,400 acres—R. D. Frazer 1,000 acres—C. A. Hagerman 2,400 acres—Archibald McLean 1,400 acres—Wm. Morris 1,000 acres—Hannet Pinhey 1,000 acres—Philip Vankoughnet 701 acres.

Commissioners New Courts of Requests.—*Home District. 1st Division*—Lawrence Hayden, John B. Warren, Alexander Armstrong, John Farquharson, and Daniel Griffin. *2nd Div.*—Charles Fothergill, Francis Leys, John Galbraith, and H. Boys. *3rd Div.*—Alexander Wood, Robert Gillespie, James Edward Small, John G. Spragge and William Hepburne. *4th Div.*—Benjamin Monger, Francis Campbell and John Lemon. *5th Div.*—C. J. Baldwin, William Campbell, John Coats and Edward W. Thomson. *6th Div.*—John Gamble, William Thompson, F. S. Jarvis, J. M. Gill and Thomas Magrath. *7th Div.*—James Miles, Hector M'Quarrie, William Parsons, Benjamin Thorne, Simon Lee and David Bridgeford. *8th Div.*—William Crookshank, John Anderson, James Young and Richard Gapper. *9th Div.*—William B. Robinson, James Henderson and William Roe. *10th Div.*—Francis Hewson, Lewis Algeo, Samuel Lount, George Ramsay and John

Dawson. 11th Henry Stenmas G. Ander William Simp Arthur Carthe William Gibbs

Some of the consent. 2. unequally rep and refused b and chiefly de They are affli more accusto and every Off for their inco not usually se trary. 7. Th opinion. 8. sioners, out c majority hav are of many and sectarian Improper pe place them selves depen the worst of peachments ment. 14, I er, to awe the country redemption, berties of t £4000 of w dou without and Senten the Assemb 19, An eno accordance matters rel the Lands and increas Commerce ever chang the People moted as a **I**N Assem Bill, sin ant houses and from w either party be final. (Perry, and 2 liott, the 2 Robinson, and thus th Same da should be b terminated b ber of pers missioners named as Nab, and E Mr. Hag tholic Bish wealth in th tholic Peop and R. D. were base

Dawson. 11th Div.—Arad Smalley, James O'Brien Bouehier, William Johnson, Henry Stennett and Matthew Cowan. 15th Div.—James William Hamilton, Thomas G. Anderson, William Woodin, Andrew Mitchell, Samuel Richardson and William Simpson. 16th Div.—Robert Oliver, Edward F. Davis, Edward O'Brien, Arthur Carthew, John Thomson and Elmes Steele. 17th Div.—William Turner, William Gibbs, and L. M'Lean Cameron

Some of the Grievances of Upper Canada.—1. The people are taxed without their consent. 2. The money so raised is appropriated without their leave. 3. They are unequally represented in the Assembly, and the laws they pray for always negatived and refused by a Legislative Council of persons chosen by the Governors for life, and chiefly dependent on the colonial revenues for the means of existence. 4. They are afflicted with Military Officers as their Civil Chief Magistrates, persons more accustomed to command slaves than preside over freemen. 5. Their Judges and every Officer of the Government are entirely dependent on the Military Power for their incomes and continuance in office. 6. Magistrates and other officers are not usually selected from among the most respected of the population, but the contrary. 7. The Executive Council are unchangeable, and irresponsible to public opinion. 8. A host of priests, bishops, and such like are made Government Pensioners, out of the people's money, and these the priests of the minority; while the majority have to pay both for their own and the others. The hireling priesthood are of many creeds, and some of none at all. 9. The University Charter is bigoted and sectarian. 10. The control of the Funds for Education is in bad hands. 11. Improper persons are forced into the Assembly, and undue influence is used to place them there. 12. Sheriffs pick Juries at their pleasure; and, being themselves dependent persons, they labour under strong suspicion of picking Juries from the worst of motives and for the worst of purposes. 13. No Court for trying Impeachments of Public Delinquents in office, no means of bringing them to punishment. 14. Bodies of armed men kept in the country, independent of the civil power, to awe and coerce the native population. 15. Banking Monopolies, flooding the country with paper of a doubtful character, no security being afforded for its redemption, and the Banks being used as political party engines to destroy the liberties of the country. 16. The Post-Office Tax on Letters and Newspapers, £4000 of which are pocketed by the secret manager, and the rest shipped to London without the consent of the Province. 17. Wanton and partial Prosecutions and Sentences for alleged Political Libel. 18. Violent Expulsions of Members of the Assembly on frivolous and illegal pretexts, countenanced by the Authorities. 19. An enormous Public Debt, the money borrowed being chiefly squandered in accordance with the system. 20. Delay, uncertainty, doubt, and suspicion, in all matters relating to the Law Courts, and enormous expence. 21. 700,000 Acres of the Lands of the Country sold for a song, to make fortunes to a few speculators and increase the ill-applied patronage of the Justices of the Peace. 22. Trade and Commerce subjected to innumerable restrictions, regulations, and prohibitions, ever changing, and in which the country is never consulted. 23. The Petitions of the People for Relief disregarded in England by Mr. Stanley, and the guilty promoted as an example to others.

IN Assembly, Dec. 7th, 1832. Mr. Bidwell moved as an amendment to the Court of Requests Bill, since become a law, that the Commissioners of each Court should cause 18 inhabitant householders within the jurisdiction of the court to attend at the then next sitting day, and from whom a jury of 6 persons should be impanelled and sworn to try any cause, if either party desired it, when the amount in dispute was over £2, the verdict of the jury to be final. (We have not room for the motion at full length.) The yeas were, Bidwell, Buell, Perry, and other 9. The NAYS were 2 Boultons, Brown, Burwell, Chisholm, Crooks, Elliott, the 2 Frasers, H. Jones, Lewis, Arch. McDonald, McNab, Merritt, Morris, Pinhey, W. Robinson, Samson, Shade, Hagerman, Hugh Thomson, Werden, and John and Wm. Willson, and thus they tomahawked the jury clause.

Same day, Mr. Perry moved an amendment to same bill, providing that one of these courts should be held in each township containing over 500 inhabitants, at a place to be annually determined by the town meeting, and that the town meeting should nominate thrice the number of persons fit to be commissioners to the governor, from whom he might select the commissioners. This proposition was tomahawked by Jarvis, Clark, and the members above named as having destroyed Bidwell's motion, with the exception of G. Boulton, Lewis, McNab, and Hagerman, who had left the House.

Mr. Hagerman attempted to bring in a bill, on the 14th Dec. 1832, to erect the Roman Catholic Bishop and Priests in this Province, into a corporation, with power to hold immense wealth in lands and money, all this to be forever, and to be quite independent of the Roman Catholic People. It was fortunately lost, but George Boulton, John Brown, Burwell, Elliott, A. and R. D. Fraser, H. Jones, Pinhey, Wm. Robinson, Samson, Hagerman, and Asa Werden were base enough to vote for it.

A Hint to U. E. Loyalists.—When the people of the United States fought in 1776, they fought for their lands, their houses, their government, their freedom from foreign taxation, and for equal rights. When the U. E. Loyalists fought they also believed, as they had been taught, that it was for their religion, their liberties, their country, and their kindred that they drew their swords. In 1833, the wild lands of the United States, sales and all, are their own to promote education and improvements, while in Upper Canada, as we are informed by the second volume of Mr. Gait's Auto-Biography, the clique of jobbing adventurers, strangers to our soil, called the Canada Company, cleared in little more than one short year, out of the lands the U. E. Loyalists had made valuable, "above FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS." Bye and bye the Loyalists as they call them, will get tired of boasting of the privilege of being jockeyed and deceived by false appearances.

THE Elector's Guide.—On the 11th March, 1831, the everlasting salary bill was read a third time in the Assembly, and Mr. Perry proposed to confine the bill to the King's reign. He was defeated by the votes of the two Boultons, Berezy, Burwell, Chisholm, J. and W. Crooks, Elliott, A. Fraser, Ingersoll, Jarvis, H. Jones, Lewis, McMartin, McNab, Magon, Morris, W. Robinson, Samson, Hagerman, Vankoughnet, J. and W. Willson.—Mr. Bidwell then proposed not to vote everlasting salaries to the judges until the crown should abandon its power to turn them away at its pleasure, nor until it should be enacted that they could not sit in the executive council and legislature. The same members (above named) voted down and negatived this excellent motion.—After which Mr. Mackenzie proposed to make it a clause in the bill that no priest, archdeacon, bishop or other ecclesiastic should hold a seat in the Executive Council. The above members voted down this motion also, with the addition of Donald McDonald, and omitting Wm. Willson who slept out for a moment, but hastily returned to vote for the everlasting salary bill itself, the votes on which are in our 6th page.

Flogging in the Army.—Sir Walter Scott appears to have entertained a strong dislike to flogging in the army. From among many passages of his works which prove this feeling we select the following from his Chronicles of the Canon-gate, in the story of the Highland Widow.—*Elspat*—Yet say what is the penalty if thou shouldst not return? *Hamish*—Military punishment as a deserter. *Elspat*—And that is the punishment of a disobedient hound, is it not? *Hamish*—Ask me no more, mother; the punishment is nothing to one who will never deserve it. *Elspat*—To me it is something, since I know better than thou, that where there is power to inflict, there is often the will to do so without cause. *Hamish*—I saw them punish a Sassenach [Englishman] for deserting, as they called it, his banner. He was scourged—I own it—scourged like a hound who has offended an imperious master. I was sick at the sight I confess it. *Elspat*—To this infamy, however, thou hast subjected thyself, Hamish, if thou shouldst give, or thy officers take measure of offence against thee.—Were the sixth day from this morning's sun my dying day, and thou wert to stay to close thy mother's eyes, thou wouldst run the risk of being lashed like a dog at a post!

THE County of York is put beyond the pale of the laws—50,000 persons are disfranchised—hundreds of thousands of pounds are borrowed in the name of the people in the borrowing and loaning of which they have no other voice than that of Mr. Ketchum, who is very easy in these matters. Mr. Mackenzie's fault is not, as they alludge, the libels of his press, but his firmness and perseverance in opposing scandalous jobs in the House. For this offence he is expelled this House, and probably will be the next also. Including the salaries of the officers and members, the expenses of the Legislative Council and Assembly last year exceeded fifty thousand dollars, which the people pay.—£4564 were paid by the Quakers, Menonists, and Tunkards of York County during the last war.

On the evening of the 10th February, 1831, Allan McNabb, with the avowed purpose of expelling Mr. Mackenzie from the House, moved that Mr. Mackenzie had abused his trust and been guilty of a breach of parliamentary privilege by distributing the journals of the former parliament "among persons not entitled to copies thereof." For the motion voted Messrs. Attorney General Boulton, Hagerman, Allan McNab, John Willson, James and Wm. Crooks, Burwell, George Boulton, Elliott, Ingersoll, H. Jones, Morris, W. Robinson, Samson, and Vankoughnet, but the clan were defeated for that session. Mr. Mackenzie's offence was printing and circulating through Upper Canada before the election of 1830, two hundred copies of the folio journals, at his own expence, without note or comment, to shew the electors how their representatives had voted.

WILLIAM ALLAN president of the York Bank applied in December, 1832, for an increase of the capital stock of the institution to £500,000. John Solomon Cartwright, president of the Kingston concern applied same month for a capital of £200,000. These worthies, if they had succeeded, would be able to spread through the colony about nine millions of paper dollars of the intrinsic value of not so many brass farthings. Perhaps this session will pass the £700,000 of monopoly, and that will be a heavy blow at the farmers' homestead.

THE DES-JARDINS CANAL.—On the 15th January 1833, Mr. Perry moved to address Sir John Colborne to obtain information for the House, what had become of the £5,000 lent the Desjardins Canal Company upon the credit of the public, and which went chiefly into Allan M'Nab's hands, also the details of all their expenditures, and the security to the country under which they had obtained the loan. Against the motion, and in favour of smothering all enquiry, voted 2 Boultons, Brown, Chisholm, W. Crooks, A. Fraser, H. Jones, Lewis, McNeillidge, MERRITT, Morris, Mount, W. Robinson, Shade, Vankoughnet, W. Willson, Werden, & (wonderful to relate) Hiram Norton!

POSTSCRIBED
My friend
ed, to sow dis
you against hi
to introduce h
works of dar
to Canadian
from England
the province
Ryerson in hi
your naturali
that all the i
probability, wea
tocratic, bloc
Presbyterian
pleases, and
or bait, as y
cash, finger
other £1,000
patriotic Me
Far better f
The accus
of his fath
Beware of
bers and m
passports t
Ryerson an
ference of
an usurpat
churches a
and when
dissent fro
ministry o
—"freely
eiple cony
Ye believ
join a tory
people's
other gen
plunder,
from the
word with
bers of th
cessors,
ages to J
simple m
tion thes
quarterl
preacher
—"by t
well, B
Ryerson
your fai
sliding c
fall to p
contem
torious
consist
on this
by the
sent to
ference
selves
firm, h
from y

PR
On C
—By
B
the st
year,
prepa
carri
D
No

POSTSCRIPT to the First Edition. Oct. 30th, 1833.—To THE METHODIST PEOPLE.—
 My friends, I perceive that Egerton Ryerson your conference Editor hath been purchased, to sow dissension among you, and corrupt and deceive you and your conference. I warn you against his machinations. He greatly deceived Mr. Mackenzie in London, and got him to introduce him to the Government as a liberal, although he had sold himself to work the works of darkness for the "church and state" Tories. The union he has effected is a bad blow to Canadian freedom and Independence, and through its means dozens of tory preachers from England are about to be introduced into the conference here, whose pay will be from the province chest, and whose craft will be to decoy you from the good old paths of reform. Ryerson in his Guardian abuses Mr. Mackenzie your firm friend, abuses Mr. Hume who gained your naturalization bill, abuses the honest English, Irish, and Scotch reformers, and declares that all the infidels of the nation are to be found in their ranks; and all the piety, learning, probity, wealth, honour and justice, and more than these, in the ranks of old despotic, aristocratic, blood-thirsty toryism!! Ryerson is also in favour of making you pay Episcopalian, Presbyterian, Catholic, and all other priests the tory governor pleases, just as much as he pleases, and whether ye will or no. The conference has already received £900 of the bribe or bait, as your worthy presiding elder Mr. Richardson called it—Mr. Marsden sought the cash, fingered it, handed it over to Ryerson and Stinson, and told them that the order for the other £1,000 a year would speedily arrive. Is it possible that worthy David Wright, and the patriotic Metcalf will sit down under the bribe, and this union with the English Tories?—Far better for the conference to dissolve and for the true hearted to leave the Ryersons.—The accursed thing is among you! Ryerson extols Colborne who insulted you—he boasts of his father's fighting for stamp acts, and negro driving governors—and glories in his shame. Beware of him, he is a turncoat. In old times the priests were in the habit of absolving robbers and murderers, in case they were able to pay down a good price for their pardon and passports to heaven, the price to be taken out of the plunder they had acquired. In Canada, Ryerson and the Methodist Circuit preachers have been declaring for years that the interference of the Civil or Military Government in matters of religion and private conscience is an usurpation of God's prerogative, that the compulsory support of the ministers of several churches and other ecclesiastical systems is opposed to the liberty conferred by the Gospel, and when claimed from the provincial revenues raised for public purposes from those who dissent from those churches, is a violation of the common principles of justice; that the ministry of the Gospel is free in its nature, according to the Lord's command to his disciples—"freely ye have received freely give;" and, lastly, that to depart from this heavenly principle converts religion into a trade, and grievously impedes the diffusion of vital christianity. Ye believe these doctrines—so do I. But, all at once, Ryerson and the Canada conference join a tory conference in England, of the most opposite principles, and accept a part of the people's money out of the great provincial chest, yearly, saying to the Governor and the other gentlemen of the sword and surplice who guard it—"If we get our small share of the plunder, you may do with the other £100,000 a year, in lands and money, which you force from the farmers much against their will, just what you please—henceforth 'hush' is the word with the methodist conference." Is not this very like the usages of the priests and robbers of the 14th century? Of course the 14th century priests and their methodistical successors, have applied their ill-gotten pelf to pious purposes—Indian Missions now—Pilgrimages to Jerusalem 500 years ago—any thing by which hypocrisy may humbug the pious and simple minded follower of Jesus. My remarks apply to none of your preachers who do not sanction these misdeeds; they apply to none of you who do not support them. Consult at your quarterly meetings, question your spiritual guides, see that their hands are clean—pay no preacher who does not engage to discourage the taking of the bait, under whatever pretext—"by their fruits ye shall know them." Ask your friends, for instance, Messrs. Rolph, Bidwell, Buell, Hopkins, M. Howard, Perry, Mackenzie, or Beardsley, what they think of Ryerson and the proceedings of conference—well do I know what they will answer. Ask your faithful brother in the church, Dr. Morrison; I assure you he grieves for the backsliding of the Ryersons. Depend on it if you do not arise and purify your association it will fall to pieces of itself. It cannot long survive the downfall of its moral character. General contempt and disgust are fatal to institutions which can flourish only by reverence. The notorious corruption of those who profess to teach or enforce piety and good morals, is an inconsistency which in the course of time, shocks even the profligate. See that ye split not on this rock. One word more—a short word. Your constitution as a body might be mended by the people retaining some power in their own hands. Did your preachers seek your consent to break your connexion with the American Conference? Or to form the Canada Conference? Or, as they have now done, to surrender their power to, and unite you and themselves with a rich, proud, tory conference in league with Hay, Stanley, and Colborne? Be firm, be steady, be determined—let not the cause of truth suffer by your apathy. These, from your friend
PATRICK SWIFT.

PRICES of the Almanack—Halifax Currency. *On Fine Paper*, Single Copy, seven-pence-halfpenny—By the Dozen, 3s. 9d.—By the Hundred, 27s. 6d.—By the Groce, 46s. *On Common Paper*, Single Copy, five-pence—By the Dozen, 2s. 6d.—By the Hundred, 20s.—By the Groce, 27s. 6d.

BOOKS and **STATIONARY**, Wholesale and Retail. **E. LESSLIE & SONS** beg to announce to their friends throughout the country that they have removed to the shop with the stone front, No. 110½, King Street, a few doors west of the Jail; and having imported this year, as usual, an Extensive Stock of Goods, direct from the First Houses in Britain; they are prepared to execute all orders in their line on the most advantageous terms. Bookbinding carried on in all its branches.

DRUGS, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c., by Wholesale or Retail at very low prices, by **E. LESSLIE & SONS.**
 No. 110½, King Street.

CONTENTS OF THIS ALMANACK.

<p>Alien Bill 2, Robinson on 17 African Chapel 9. Advocate Colonial, Press Riot 11. Assembly House of 3, 4, 6, 12, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22.—supposed good and bad candidates for next House 18 Bidwell M. his Intestate bill 2, his vote of censure 17; his motion for Court of Requests improvement 21. Bidwell B. death of 12. Boulton Henry J. 2, 4, 6, 8, 11, 16, 17, 21, 22 Boulton Geo. 2, 4, 6, 16, 17, 21, 22. Brown John 2, 4, 6, 17, 21, 22. Burnham Zaccheus 2, 4, 5, 8, 12, 15, 17 Burwell Mahlon 2, 4, 6, 15, 17, 21, 22. Berczy Wm. 4, 6, 17, 22. Banks at York & Kingston 5, 10, 12, 16, 22. Beikie John 6. Baptists 7. Bible Society 9, Burial Ground for Stran- gers 12. Black List for Election 1834, 14. Boston Tea affair 17. British Royalty 17. Cycles 2. Colborne Sir J. 3, 4, 6, 14, 16, 17. Clergy Corporation 4, College King's 4. Crooks W. 4, 6, 21, 22. Chisholm Wm. 4, 6, 16, 21, 22. Cobourg Riot 4. Canada Company 5, their profits 22. Crown Revenues 5. Crooks James 6, 22. Clark Thomas 11. Constitution, Working of the 16. Corruption Unmasked 18, Conventions, Town, Coun- ty and Provincial, 19. Dunlop Dr. 13. Durand James 6, 15, Eclipses, 1, 2. Executive Council 3. Elliott Wm. 2, 4, 6, 17, 21, 22. England, Church of 8. Education, Board of 9. Feasts, moveable, 1, Fraser, R. D. 2, 16, 17, 21. Fraser, A. 2, 4, 15, 17, 21, 22. Fraser, Isaac, 6, 12, 15. Fire Engine and Ladder Companies, 11. Family Plunder, 18. Flogging in the Army, 22. Goderich, Lord. His des- patch 2, 6, 16</p>	<p>Gourlay, Robt. 12. Grievances of U. C. 21. Hagerman, Chris. 2, 4, 12, 16, 17, 21, 22. Habeas Corpus Susp'n 4. Hamilton Justice 6. Highway Rates 6. Hume Joseph's letters 7, 17. Hay and Stanley dedica- tion 15. Jarvis Sheriff 2, 4, 6, 16, 21, 22. Infant School, York, 4. Jones Jonas, 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 15, 17. Jones Chas., 2, 8, 17. Jones David, 2, 8. Jones Henry, 6, 17, 21, 22, Jenkins W. anecdote 9. Judges' Independence 22. King's Bench Terms 12; Court 15. Legislative Councils 3, 8, 10; bills tomahawked by 14, 16; hoar 15; grants 20. Loyalists U. E. hint to 22. Land Grants 13, 20. Lesslie & Sons Adv't. 23. Methodists, Address to the, 23. McNeillidge Colin (bad votes) 4, 22. Mackenzie W. L's bank enquiry, motion for economy, and libel bill 2; elections 2, 4, 12, 15, 16; Queenston Column 11; 3rd expulsion 16; 1st do. 17; attempt to expel 22. Methodists 7, 8, 23. Montreal murders 10; prin- ters 2. Marriages celebration 10. Mechanics' Institute 11. Masonic Lodge 11. Moon's phases, see calen- dar pages. Macmartin Alex. 2, 4, 6, 12, 15, 21. Macnab Allan, 2, 6, 16, 17, 21, 22. Morris Wm. 2, 4, 6, 17, 21, 22. Mount Roswell, 2, 6, 16, 17, 22. McLean Speaker Arch. 2, 5, 15. McDonald Donald 4, 22. Merritt W. H. 4, 21. Military Staff 5. Militia 5, land grants 13. McCormick, Wm. 6. Maitland Sir P., his des- patch 6; the column &c. 15, 16; Nelles Robt. 6, 12, 15. Newspaper Politics 10. Nicholl Robt. 4, 6, 12. Political Parsons 3. Political Unions 2, 4, 16. Perry, Peter 6, his amend- ment to requests bill 21, 22. Peace, Children of 8, 11.</p>	<p>Presbyterian Synods 9. Postages 11. Probate Court 13. Pinhey H. 16, 21. Population Returns 19. Quarter Sessions 12, 16. Quaker Fines 22. Revenues, Crown 5. Requests Courts of 12, Commissioners Home District 20. Robinson, Chief Justice 2, 4, 8, 12, 17. Robinson W. 4, 6, 17, 21, 22. Roman Catholics 9, their bishop and priests try to get incorpora- ted 21. Registrars of Counties 15. Robinson Peter 6, 15. Ryersonian Apostacy 23. Songs—Up men of Eng- land—Scots win hae, &c. (see calendar pages.) Shade Absalom 4, 6, 17, 21, 22. Samson J. H. 2, 6, 16, 17, 21, 22. Strachan Dr. 4. Sherwood Levi P. 4. Soldiers in the Canadas 5; land grants 13. Scarboro' Farmers 2. Scollick W. 8. Sedition at head quarters 10 Stanley E. G. 10, 12, 15, 16. Surrogate Court 13. Thompson W. Toronto, 2, 17. Thomson Hugh C. 4, 6, 17, 21. Toast, At Albany, 6. Typographical Society 9. Temperance Societies 10. Tory Political Unions 13. Taxes levied in U. C. 20. United S. Independence 12, 16. Vankoughnet Phil. 2, 6, 8, 12, 15, 17, 21, 22. Vermont Governors 17. VOTES.—Bidwell's Intestate Estate Bill, 2. Robinson's Alien Bill, 2. To send back Lord Goderich's despatch, 4. To suspend the Habeas Corpus Act, 4. Du- rand voted guilty of libel, 5. Moses Gan- ble expelled, 6. Everlasting Salary bill, 6. Gore's plate bill, 6. Gourlay per- secution 12. Gagging bill, 15. Mackenzie expelled, 16, 17. Alien Bill, 17. To ex- pel Mackenzie for Journals, 22. Judges Independence, 22. Desjardins' Canal, 23. Willson Ex-Speaker, 2, 4, 6, 21, 22. Willson Wm. 4, 6, 21, 22. War Times 5. Willis Judge 11. Werden Asa 17, 21, 22. Weapons for Reformers 19 York Market Monopoly 4; York Riots 6; Elections 2, 4, 16; Grand Meeting 2; Societies 2, 10, 11; Burial Ground 12; Hospital 12; Farmers' In- stit 17; County Meeting 16.</p>
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

THE END.