

IN OUTSIDE CAMPS

News From All Parts of the Country.

MANY CLAIMS BONDED

Slocan Continues to Improve—The Boundary Country is to Have a Three Compartment Shaft—Assays From Camp McKinney.

From all parts of the adjacent camps the news comes that mining developments are increasing, and that more and more claims are passing into the shipping stage. Rosebery is to have a new sampling works, with a daily capacity of 100 tons.

SLOCAN DIVISION.

The following is a list of ore shipments over the K. & S. from Sandon for the week ending January 5.

Payne	220
Last Chance	40
Reco	20
Total	280

The shipments from McGinley for the month of December, 1898, were:

Payne	220
Reco	20
Total	240

The Whitewater Deep has closed down.

The Slocan Star has laid off a number of men till next May.

The Last Chance shipped 80 tons of ore during last week.

Ore from the Marion is being brought down to the wharf for shipment.

There is a float of clean ore in the main workings of the Washington.

G. H. Dawson has closed down the Edinburgh group, on Four-Mile, for the winter.

Sixty tons of ore was shipped from Silverton in the last week of the year, 40 of which was from the Vancouver group, and the remainder from the Wakefield.

The owners of the Anglo-Saxon have resumed work on their property. More ore is appearing in the breast of the tunnel, mixed with spar.

Three Forks expect great things to result from the sale of the Black Grouse group, on the north fork, made by Major Purling to British capitalists.

George Petty has about a dozen men working on the Monitor, at Three Forks. A second carload of ore has been shipped during the week.

East of the Idaho Mines tramway has been carried away by a slide. The road to the mine is also in bad shape, it having been shovelled out for nearly two miles.

W. C. E. Koch has one team hauling ore from the Enterprise, averaging four tons per day. The ore is being mixed, so as to give an estimate of its weight in bulk.

The Trail smelter is most anxious and desirous to obtain dry ores. One of the largest properties on the lake has been offered the advantage of a rate of \$10 per ton, freight and smelter treatment.

Work is to be resumed on the Queen City group, one mile east of the town, before spring. P. W. Ellis of Toronto, has purchased an interest in the property. There has been some good ore obtained from the main shaft.

Superintendent Sealey of the Alexandria mine, on Lemon creek, owned by D. K. Macdonald of Spokane, reports the crosscutting of the ledge at a depth of 60 feet. It shows five feet of well mineralized quartz, with good gold and silver values.

P. Lindquist is working single-handed on the Young Dominion, on Ten Mile, owned by himself, D. Weir and A. Jacobson. He has driven 35 feet and says the showing has greatly improved. The ledge is six feet wide, with a pay-streak of three feet of good ore. The galena is over 150 ounces, with added values in copper and gold.

Rosebery is to have sampling works with a daily capacity of 100 tons.

BOUNDARY COUNTRY.

A stamp mill is to be erected at Long Lake to treat the ores of the Anchor, Jewel and Enterprise mines.

The Fontenay, in Camp McKinney, has been bonded to Dr. J. F. Red and associates for \$20,000, ten per cent being paid cash. It is located but 120 feet from the famous Caribou mines and has an 83-foot shaft.

The double compartment shaft on the Mother Lode near Greenwood is now down 183 feet, all in ore running from \$25 to \$90.

The Magnolia and the Copperopolis in Copper Camp have been sold by George Ritter to a syndicate represented by Henry Breich. Both properties have good ledges of high grade copper ore and the work of development has already been commenced. The price paid is said to be \$40,000.

The Big Copper, the oldest location in Copper Camp, was sold to George B. McAuley last week for \$50,000 cash. The property is at the head of Copper creek, and is practically a straight copy proposition. The ledge can be traced for 500 feet. It is expected that a strong company will be organized to develop and draw down dividends from this property.

There is every possibility that work will be resumed on the Bruce claim on the Ingram mountain, near Midway, in the course of a few days.

Remarkably rich assays have been secured from the Minnehaha in Camp McKinney. From the first 40 feet in the shaft the average assays were \$100 per ton in gold, and some assays gave \$200. Assays taken from the crosscut at 35 feet gave \$118 in gold. At the 100-foot level a drift was run to tap the vein and the first ore broken into yielded \$135. The ore at this depth averaged \$27.40 in gold. The pulp from this assay gave some fine showings of free gold

and the concentrates assayed \$355.87. A sample from the same ore with the galena yielded \$125.50. A heavily mineralized streak in the center gave \$177.36.—Times.

EAST KOOTENAY.

Wellington Kinnee of Windermere, when in Golden the other day gave the following information about deals with properties in which he is interested in the Windermere district: The Sitting Bull and Mary G. groups, located on Boulder creek, a tributary of Horse Thief, and owned by Messrs. Johnston, Stark and Kinnee, have been bonded to R. R. Bruce for \$30,000. The Red Lion group, located on McDonald creek, another tributary of Horse Thief creek, has been bonded to T. Starboard for \$50,000. This group is owned by Messrs. Abel, Kinnee and Scott. The Alice, owned by Messrs. J. Johnston and Kinnee, has been bonded for \$5,000 to R. R. Bruce. This claim adjoins the Mary G. group.

REPUBLIC IS LIVELY.

It Is Visited by Experts and Mining Men.

REPUBLIC, Wash., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Among the arrivals last evening was James L. Freeburn of Tacoma, one of the most competent and best known of the mining experts. With Mr. Hastings he recently examined the Jumbo mine in Rossland. Twice during the past summer he has examined the Republic mine, and predicted its great future. He is here on mining business at present.

Van B. De Lashmutt and Jean Street, both Spokane mining men, are in town looking after their varied mining interests.

The Republic Big Six is now in 200 feet, the face being in porphyry, with seams of quartz. The water is coming in strong, and the miners think they are getting close to something. They are making three feet per day.

The Blue Bird, one mile west of town, has run an open cut 20 feet across the ledge, and has obtained assays as high as \$16.17. A tunnel will be started to tap the ledge, and they claim they will gain foot for foot, and tap the ledge at a depth of 50 feet, when they will cross-cut and test the value of the claim.

The mail from Curlew, on Kettle River, is now carried twice a week to Bodie, Torado creek.

The Republic is going steadily along with its systematic work, the values holding out well. When the machinery is in place the mine will be run under full headway.

In the Morning Glory the upper shaft is down 20 feet, the values holding good. Near the southwest corner a tunnel has been started, with the intention to run it as far as the vein goes on the Morning Glory.

A contract has been let to run a 300-foot tunnel on the Caliph, which is said to carry 600 feet of the Morning Glory vein. Workmen are now engaged in erecting the necessary buildings for the winter use.

The Golden Lily tunnel is in 16 feet and is being pushed night and day. The necessary building are almost completed. Work will be started immediately on the Anasconda, which is on the same vein as the Palo Alto. The north end of the claim is cut by Granite creek, whose banks rise rather steep, making an excellent site for a tunnel.

The Gold Leaf tunnel is in 315 feet, leaving 15 feet more of the contract to run. On its completion another contract will be let. Considerable quartz is coming into the breast.

In the Black Tail a crosscut is being run from the raise, 80 feet above the main tunnel, to catch an ore chute below the discovery shaft.

The Princess Maud tunnel is driving ahead for the vein, being now in over 320 feet.

The Iron Mountain tunnel is in 225 feet, with quartz stringers coming in at the breast. It is surmised that the ledge is not far distant.

The Reindeer tunnel is making satisfactory progress, and has about 100 feet to run to strike the ledge.

The Rio Grande Group.

T. A. Helm has just returned from Ymir, where he put a force of men at work for the winter on the Rio Grande group on Porcupine creek. In the mine now being developed, Mr. Helm reports, a good five foot vein of fine ore has been uncovered, in which the pay chute is 26 inches wide now and is widening as the work goes on. In this pay chute within seven feet of the surface, the average assays show up about \$80, mostly in gold, but with some silver and copper. A drift is now being run in to tap the pay chute 60 feet below the present workings. The mines have an easy down grade for shipping to Ymir, and hope to be able to commence shipping before spring opens.

Blue Grouse Mines Shipping Ore.

C. C. Woodhouse returned Tuesday from a visit to the Blue Grouse mountain mines. He reports that he has eight horses and four men ravingd on from the Blue Grouse mines to the Columbia river. The ore is being piled up on the river bank ready for shipment to Burton City. The extraction, transportation and treatment costs \$20 per ton. The ore runs \$40 per ton. This leaves a net profit to the company of \$20 per ton. This is a good profit and it will be increased when the means of transportation from the mine to the river are improved.

MINING NOTES.

The shaft on the Velvet, which has been sunk to the 200-foot level, is again being worked and is being driven to the 250-foot level.

On Saturday, at 5 o'clock, there was a break in the velvet leading from the compressor to the shaft of the Iron Horse. This necessitated the shutting down of the property until 11 o'clock Sunday night. Then operations were resumed and will continue indefinitely.

In the police court yesterday Police Magistrate Jordan fined Benjamin Fenell and Charles Patterson \$5 each for being drunk and disorderly.

JAPS MAY COME YET

Dominion Government Wants All Anti-Mongol Legislation Killed.

McINNES MAKES REPLY

He Quotes Secretary Chamberlain in Reply to the Victoria People and Twists the Language to His Own Purposes.

VICTORIA, Jan. 11.—In the legislature today a motion by M. Helmecken urging the Dominion government to increase the per capita tax on Chinese entering Canada, and to pay three-fourths of the amount to British Columbia as the province suffering most by this immigration, was adopted unanimously without discussion.

The Dominion Objects.

In answer to an inquiry as to the action by Ottawa upon the protest of the Japanese government against the labor regulation act of last session Premier Selin stated that a communication had been received from the Dominion government stating that the act would injuriously affect the cordial and commercial relations between Japan and Canada, and that the provincial government had been asked whether it would recommend the repeal of the act and also the anti-Japanese and anti-Chinese sections of private acts. In answer to a further question as to the intention of the government in this respect, the premier said that the matter is one of policy to be dealt with later.

Wanted the Address Passed.

Attorney General Martin asked to have taken up today the address in reply to the speech from the throne, adjourned on Monday for one week, on his motion. He said that the elections bill being passed there was no occasion for proceeding with it. The opposition objected, however, and the address stands over.

Pratt Takes His Seat.

The bill declaring him elected having become law, Mr. Pratt took his seat today, on the government side, as member for East Lillooet. A government bill to amend the placer mining act was introduced today, reserving placer mining rights to British subjects and to companies incorporated, not merely registered or licensed in the province. It will not affect the rights already acquired by other than British subjects.

Governor Melness's Reply.

Lieutenant-Governor Melness, today forwarded a reply to the petition from the mass meeting of Victoria citizens held to protest against the action of the legislature in passing a bill to declare almost all supporters of the government, in danger of being immediately unseated by the courts. The petition read: "That the resolution passed at this meeting be transmitted through the proper channels to his honor, the Lieutenant-Governor, with a respectful request to the electors of Victoria that he will see his way clear to constitutionally withhold his assent to the bill therein referred to."

He Quotes Mr. Chamberlain.

In his reply, his honor quotes Mr. Chamberlain's recent dispatch to the governor of Newfoundland as follows: "Even a governor, who was to some extent in touch with local opinion, would be taking a serious step, in response to a petition such as has been addressed to me, he refused to assent to a measure of local concern which has been failed to find other ministers prepared to assume responsibility for his action and able to secure the support of the legislature, his position would become untenable."

The Ministry Endorsed.

The governor then proceeds: "My ministry have the confidence of the legislature, by which the said bill was duly passed, and I would point out to you that it is an assembly which has met for the first time, fresh from the electorate, and that even were I in sympathy with the proposal of the aforesaid petition, I have no warrant for believing that a refusal on my part to follow the advice of my ministry in this matter would receive the approval either of the legislature or of the electors. For this reason, and in view of the dispatch from Mr. Chamberlain, the authority of which I cannot question, I could not, to use the language of one of the said resolutions, 'constitutionally withhold my assent to the bill herein referred to.'"

NEW SALMON REGULATIONS.

Victoria Claims the Dominion is Injuring British Columbia.

VICTORIA, Jan. 11.—The council of the board of trade have passed the following resolutions: "That this board views with great regret the proposed new salmon fishing regulations adopted by the Dominion government as being unworkable and prejudicial to the interests of British Columbia to compete successfully with the American canneries."

Mr. Ward spoke on the subject of United States vessels being allowed to take from British Columbia ports north-west and Atlantic while the Americans refuse to allow British vessels to carry American goods to Skagway and Alaskan ports. It was decided to look into the matter and if possible find a remedy. Mr. Ward thought the Dominion government should bond the building of Canadian vessels if Canada was to keep her share of Pacific coast trade. This will be investigated by the board.

Weller & Co., Plumbers and Fitters.

THE AMEER IS DYING

Trouble Will Follow as Soon as He Expires.

Habbullah, the Oldest Son, is Strongly Opposed by the Queen, Who Wants to Seat Her Own Boy.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Advices from Cabul say that the illness of the Ameer of Afghanistan is so serious that his death is imminent. His condition is being watched with keen interest in London and Calcutta official circles, as his death is certain to be followed by a contest for the throne, in which England will intervene.

Prince Habbullah, the ameer's eldest son by a non-royal wife, will be opposed by the queen in behalf of her infant son, Prince Mahomed Omar. The partisans of the two contestants are about equally divided. The queen is a strong masculine character, as was shown by her personally leading an army in an attack on certain rebels who revolted some time ago while the ameer was absent from the capital.

DYING OF A SORE.

Succumbing to Weakness Caused by His Narrow Escape.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—In Lambertville, N. J., Henry Moore is dying of fright. The doctors have examined him carefully, and say that nothing else is the matter with him. They say, too, that he cannot recover. Several days ago he drove a team of horses on to a railroad crossing and suddenly discovered a train coming towards him. He made frantic efforts to get out of the way, and apparently succeeded in backing the team somewhat, for the engine caught the horses and threw them in the air. The wagon was not upset, but the horror of the few seconds that he was in front of the train made him wildly excited, and he grovelled in the road, praying that the engine would not see him. He is now recovering, but is succumbing to weakness caused by the horror which still possesses him.

WHAT THEY MUST HAVE.

Order Issued With Regard to Yukoners Going In.

VICTORIA, Jan. 11.—The following order has been issued by Superintendent Steele, commanding the mounted police in Yukon: "Dawson, Nov. 18, 1898.—The commissioner of the Yukon territory orders that no person will be permitted to enter the territory without satisfying Northwest mounted police of Tagish and White Horse Rapids that they have within two months' asserted provisions and at least \$500 in cash, or six months' asserted provisions and not less than \$200 in cash over and above the money required to pay expenses from the border to Dawson, N. B.—This order will not apply to residents of Yukon territory returning if they are identified and prove their competency to pay their way into the country."

THE FISHERY QUESTION.

Newfoundland's Attitude on the Question is Defined.

St. JOHN, Nfld., Jan. 11.—The attitude of Newfoundland respecting the settlement of the fisheries question is this: If the United States congress passes a bill giving American fishing and mercantile vessels a bounty, it will be useless for Newfoundland to agree to give the Americans free bait in Newfoundland fish in American markets, because the proposed bounty would place American fishermen in the same superior position regarding the fisheries as they are now. The Canadian and Newfoundland representatives will probably rearrange a basis for joint action on meeting again at Washington.

THUGS IN OHIO.

Robbing and Stabbing Near the Stock Yards.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 11.—Holdup men were working in the stock yards district last night. Nellie Price, a stenographer in the employ of Armour & Co., was held up by two men shortly after leaving work for the evening. One choked her and held his hand over her mouth, while the other took her purse, containing about \$25.

Two highwaymen assailed George Hendrick, a stockman from Miloy, Ia., getting his watch and \$10. Andrew Colson resisted a lone robber, who had demanded his money. The robber gave him a vicious thrust with a dirk and left him dangerously wounded after robbing him of his money and watch. Three other cases were reported to the police today.

PATTI AND HER NEW FLAME.

They Will Be United With Great Ceremony.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Great preparations are being made at Brecon, South Wales, for the marriage of Mme. Patti two weeks from today, January 25, to Baron Cederstrom, eldest son of the late Baron Cederstrand. The town-people will decorate the streets, and the mayor and aldermen, in their official robes, will receive the party at the station on the arrival of the train from Craig y Nos, and escort it to the church, where the bishop of Mostyn will perform the wedding ceremony. The bride will be given away by Sir George Fandell-Phillips, former lord mayor of London.

Harvard Gets Another Million.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 11.—By the will of the late Henry C. Warren of Cambridge, Harvard university will receive property valued at nearly one million dollars. It includes all Mr. Warren's real estate in Cambridge, which is near Harvard college and which will probably be used for college purposes.

A PRETTY WEDDING

The Aldridge-Tuttle Marriage at Noon Yesterday.

OFF TO SAN FRANCISCO

The Most Elaborate Ceremony Ever Observed in the Kootenays—The Church's Floral Decorations—A Reception at Their Home in Trail.

The marriage of Walter H. Aldridge, manager of the Canadian Smelting works at Trail, and Nancy Elnorah Tuttle, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Jay Tuttle, was solemnized at noon yesterday in St. George's Anglican church, by Rev. H. Irwin.

It was a rarely beautiful wedding. The church had been decorated with evergreens and flowers until the very ceiling and walls were hidden in a drapery of blossoms. The altar was buried under a profusion of potted flowers, palms, and snowblossoms from Spokane mountain, while on the altar were some magnificent bouquets of carnations, orchids, hyacinths and tuberoses. Society was represented on the ceremony, and besides hundreds of Rossland people, guests were present from Trail, Northport and Nelson. At noon, the time set for the marriage, the church was filled to overflowing.

The bridal party was driven in sleighs from the home of Dr. and Mrs. Tuttle to the church a few moments before 12 o'clock. It included Mr. Aldridge and Miss Tuttle, Dr. and Mrs. Tuttle, the parents of the bride; Miss Nettie Tuttle, her sister and maid of honor; J. S. C. Fraser, the manager of the Bank of Montreal, who acted as groomsmen; A. B. Mackenzie and Robert Hunter, who were the ushers, and E. W. Ward.

At the Altar.

Amid an impressive quiet the bridal party walked down the aisle of the church to the altar. Meanwhile the organist, Fred Burrough, was rendering a choral service, which was continued with exquisite effect throughout the ceremony. The party was led by the ushers, Mr. Mackenzie and Mr. Hunter. They were followed by the bridesmaid, Miss Nettie Tuttle, charmingly gowned in a new blue traveling suit with delicate lace trimmings, and her blonde beauty. Succeeding them was Miss Tuttle on the arm of her father, and never was there a more attractive bride. She was dressed simply in a brown tailored-made traveling dress with hat to match, and tall, graceful and more lovely or more lovable than on her wedding morning.

At the altar the bridal party was met by the groom and the groomsmen, Mr. Fraser, as well as by Rev. Mr. Irwin, who performed the ceremony. They were married with the solemn ring service of the Anglican church, and at its conclusion Rev. Mr. Irwin, tying with his stole a true-love knot around the clasped hands of the couple, blessed them after a quaint old country fashion.

At the conclusion of the ceremony the party returned to the vestry where, after signing the marriage register, they held an impromptu reception to their friends. The reception was accompanied by an organ rendition of Mendelssohn's noble wedding march, a fine conclusion of the service which the congregation had begun by singing, "The Voice That Breathed O'er Eden."

A Quiet Wedding Breakfast.

Immediately after the church service the bridal party was driven to the home of Dr. and Mrs. Tuttle, where a wedding breakfast was enjoyed and many telegrams received from relatives and friends. At 1 o'clock the party drove to the Red Mountain station, where a special train, consisting of the Aldridge's private car, was in waiting to carry Mr. and Mrs. Aldridge to Spokane.

Besides the train a large and enthusiastic party of friends was also in waiting with a drayload of rice and a bale of footwear that had seen better days. With noteworthy diligence the friends carefully attached the shoes all over the top, the sides and the platforms of the car, while a few choice specimens were tied with long ropes to the rear end of the coach. As for the rice it was judiciously distributed all over the car in unexpected places, where it would be most conspicuous when least desirable. Amid a volley of rice and of farewell congratulations Mr. and Mrs. Aldridge's train moved slowly away with its retinue of old shoes bouncing cheerfully along the ties.

Mr. and Mrs. Aldridge will spend their honeymoon in San Francisco, and expect to return in about a fortnight via the Canadian Pacific railway. They will make their home in Trail and their residence on smelter hill is all in readiness for them. On their return they will hold a reception when a special train will be run from Rossland to the accommodation of the guests from this city.

Their wedding presents formed a magnificent display, and it is seldom indeed that any couple are the recipients of such elegant souvenirs.

BEATING THE EXPULSION LAW.

German Swains Follow Their Sweethearts Across the Line.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—The Russian government has met an unexpected countercheck in the recent expulsion of Danes from North Sleswig. Among these expelled were many dairy maids. It is learned that the German lovers of the girls followed them across the frontier and married them, and as a result most of them are back in Sleswig as German subjects.

F. W. Maughan of Spokane, traveling agent of the Great Northern Express company, is in the city.

THE OUTLOOK IS BRIGHT

A. S. Goodvee is Confident That He Will Be Elected.

Says He Will Be Returned by a Very Large Majority—Information For Voters.

By 5 o'clock this afternoon, the result of the city selection to be held today will be known positively. A. S. Goodvee, who has made such a phenomenally successful campaign, is completely satisfied that the poll today will result in his election by the largest majority that has yet been given a municipal candidate since the city was incorporated.

He gave out this statement last evening:

"The committee meeting called for this afternoon was exceptionally well attended, and promising reports were brought in by all of the committeemen. After carefully checking them over and making due allowances for various contingencies, such as sickness and absence from the city on the part of voters, a summary of the situation showed that the vote in my favor will be much beyond my most sanguine expectations. I am particularly gratified by the number of voters promised me by members of the various labor unions. Many of these men are constantly dropping into my committee rooms and are voluntarily tendering me their support. They have given me valuable information and have assisted in every possible way in the canvass. They all recognize the fact that I have been in every sense a true friend of labor. I feel satisfied that at the final count of the polls tomorrow night I shall be elected by a very large majority."

The polls today will be open continuously from 8 o'clock in the morning until 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Every British subject, either male or female, over the age of 21, whose name is on the voters' list, is entitled to vote once for mayor, and to vote for two aldermen in each ward in which he or she is on the voters' list.

In the First ward W. B. Townsend, J. P., will act as deputy returning officer, with George Winters as poll clerk. The voting place in the First ward will be at the city hall.

In the Second ward the polls will be opened in Charles Dempster's office, and the deputy returning officer will be J. O. Belton, while F. C. Law will act as clerk.

The polling place in the Third ward will be in Foraker's office. E. McCrane will be the deputy returning officer there, and J. T. Vick will act as clerk. William McQueen, the city clerk, who has had wide experience and has given entire satisfaction as general returning officer, will act in a similar capacity today.

The supplementary voters' list was closed yesterday. Two new voters were recorded from each ward. They were: Ward one, Edward Wallace and A. H. Ward; ward two, Thomas Corson and Alfred McMillan; ward three, A. C. Galt and Angus J. McDonald.

The bars all over the city will be closed today from 7 o'clock in the morning until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. License Inspector Harp was busy yesterday informing the proprietors of the rule, which will be effective.

Vaudeville at the Pacific.

The new Pacific music hall, which was opened on Monday evening, is already doing a big business, for the show is uniformly bright, amusing and up-to-date, with no tiresome waits or tedious overtures. Paul Boulton, the versatile violinist, is not only an artist performer, but a real comedian as well, and his burlesque musical numbers are funny. Bovino, who has many number of friends in Rossland, made during his residence here two years ago, is one of the strong attractions. His contortion work is marvellous, and he makes some incredibly high kicks. Marzella, who appears with Bovino, sings in half a dozen languages, and sings well. John Watson, the proprietor, promises a better show than ever next week.

A Promising City.

A letter just received from Cascade City epitomizes the resources of that place thus: A port of entry; a divisional point; two railroads assured; round houses and machine shops for the railroads; an electric power plant; a saw and door factory; three sawmills and a smelter, not to mention the mining resources of the surrounding country.

FORAKER TO THE RESCUE

The Ohio Senator Makes the Second Speech For Expansion.

He Asserts the Acquisition of the Philippines is Temporary, But Permanent Occupation is Legal.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 11.—

A climax was reached today in the debate on the question of expansion, which is in progress in the senate. Heretofore all of the speeches, by the notable exception of that of Mr. Platt, have been in opposition to what is presumed to be the policy of the administration with respect to the acquisition of the Philippines.

Today Mr. Foraker of Ohio addressed the senate in opposition to the declaration in the resolution that the United States had no constitutional power to acquire foreign territory to be maintained as colonies.

Mr. Foraker's strong assertion that the acquisition of the Philippines was temporary in character created a sensation in the chamber. He maintained, however, that the United States had a legal right to hold the islands permanently.

Mrs. E. W. Ruff and daughter will leave Rossland in a few days on a visit to Seattle.

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News From All Parts of the Country.

MANY CLAIMS BONDED

Slocan Continues to Improve—The Boundary Country is to Have a Three Compartment Shaft—Assays From Camp McKinney.

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Dardanelles	45
Antonia	45
Great Western	15
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The Slocan Star has laid off a number of men till next May.

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Ore from the Marion is being brought down to the wharf for shipment.

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Three Forkers expect great things to result from the sale of the Black Grouse group, on the north fork, made by Major Furlong to British capitalists.

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The Magnolia and the Copperopolis in the Copper Camp have been sold by George Ritter to a syndicate represented by Henry Brelich. Both properties have good ledges of high grade copper ore and the work of development has already been commenced. The price paid is said to be \$40,000.

The Big Copper, the oldest location in the Copper Camp, was sold to George B. McAuley last week for \$50,000 cash. The property is at the head of Copper creek, and is practically a straight copper proposition. The ledge can be traced for 500 feet. It is expected that a strong company will be organized to develop and draw down dividends from this property.

There is every possibility that work will be resumed on the Bruce claim on Ingran mountain, near Midway, in the course of a few days.

Remarkably rich assays have been secured from the Minnehaha in Camp McKinney. From the first 40 feet in the shaft the average assays were \$100 per ton in gold and some assays gave \$200. Assays taken from the crosscut at 65 feet gave \$118 in gold. At the 100-foot level a drift was run to tap the vein and the first ore broken into yielded \$135. The ore at this depth averaged \$27.40 in gold. The pulp from this assay gave some fine showings of free gold

and the concentrates assayed \$355.87. A sample from the same ore with the galena yielded \$125.50. A heavily mineralized streak in the center gave \$177.36.—Times.

EAST KOOTENAY.

Wellington Kinnee of Windermere, when in Golden the other day gave the following information about deals with properties in which he is interested in the Windermere district: The Siting Bull and Mary G. groups, located on Boulder creek, a tributary of Horse Thief, and owned by Messrs. Johnston, Stark and Kinnee, have been bonded to R. E. Bruce for \$30,000. The Red Lion group, located on McDonald creek, another tributary of Horse Thief creek, has been bonded to T. Starboard for \$50,000. This group is owned by Messrs. Abel, Kinnee and Scott. The Alice, owned by Messrs. J. Johnston and Kinnee, has been bonded for \$5,000 to R. E. Bruce. This claim adjoins the Mary G. group.

REPUBLIC IS LIVELY.

It Is Visited by Experts and Mining Men.

REPUBLIC, Wash., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Among the arrivals last evening was James L. Freeburn of Tacoma, one of the most competent and best known of the mining experts. With Mr. Hastings he recently examined the Junbo mine in Rossland. Twice during the past summer he has examined the Republic mine, and predicted its great future. He is here on mining business at present.

Van B. De Lashmutt and Jess Street, both Spokane mining men, are in town looking after their varied mining interests.

The Republic Big Six is now in 200 feet, the face being in porphyry, with seams of quartz. The water is coming in strong, and the miners think they are getting close to "something." They are making three feet per day.

The Blue Bird, one mile west of town, has run an open cut 20 feet across the ledge, and has obtained assays as high as \$16.17. A tunnel will be started to tap the ledge, and they claim they will gain foot for foot, and tap the ledge at a depth of 50 feet, when they will cross-cut and test the value of the claim.

The mail from Curlew, on Kettle river, is now carried twice a week to Bodie, Torado creek.

The Republic is going steadily along with its systematic work, the values holding out well. When the machinery is in place the mine will be run under full headway.

In the Morning Glory the upper shaft is down 20 feet, the values holding good. Near the southwest corner a tunnel has been started, with the intention to run it as far as the vein goes on the Morning Glory.

A contract has been let to run a 300-foot tunnel on the Caliph, which is said to carry 600 feet of the Morning Glory vein. Workmen are now engaged in erecting the necessary buildings for the winter use.

The Golden Lily tunnel is in 16 feet and is being pushed night and day. The necessary building are almost completed.

Work will be started immediately on the Anaconda, which is on the same vein as the Palo Alto. The north end of the claim is not by Granite creek, whose banks rise rather steep, making an excellent site for a tunnel.

The Gold Leaf tunnel is in 315 feet, leaving 15 feet more of the contract to run. On its completion another contract will be let. Considerable quartz is coming into the breast.

In the Black Tail crosscut is being run from the raise, 80 feet above the main tunnel, to catch an ore chute below the discovery shaft.

The Princess Maud tunnel is driving ahead for the vein, being now in over 320 feet.

The Iron Mountain tunnel is in 225 feet, with quartz stringers coming in at the breast. It is surmised that the ledge is not far distant.

The Reindeer tunnel is making satisfactory progress, and has about 100 feet to run to strike the ledge.

The Rio Grande Group.

T. A. Helm has just returned from Ymir, where he put a force of men to work for the winter on the Rio Grande group on Porcupine creek. In the mine now being developed, Mr. Helm reports, a good five foot vein of fine ore has been uncovered, in which the pay chute is 26 inches wide now and is widening as the work goes on. In this pay chute, with seven feet of the surface, the average assays show up about \$60, mostly in gold, but with some silver and copper. A drift is now being run in to tap the pay chute 60 feet below the present workings. The mines have an easy down grade for shipping to Ymir, and hope to be able to commence shipping before spring opens.

Blue Grouse Mines Shipping Ore.

C. C. Woodhouse returned Tuesday from a visit to the Blue Grouse mountain mines. He reports that he has eight horses and four men raving ore from the Blue Grouse mines to the Columbia river. The ore is being piled up on the river bank ready for shipment to Burton City. The extraction, transportation and treatment costs \$20 per ton. The ore runs \$40 per ton. This leaves a net profit to the company of \$20 per ton. This is a good profit, and it will be increased when the means of transportation from the mine to the river are improved.

MINING NOTES.

The shaft on the Velvet, which has been sunk to the 200-foot level, is again being worked and is being driven to the 250-foot level.

On Saturday, at 5 o'clock, there was a break in the pipe leading from the compressor to the shaft of the Iron Horse. This necessitated the shutting down of the property until 11 o'clock Sunday night. Then operations were resumed and will continue indefinitely.

In the police court yesterday Police Magistrate Jordan fined Benjamin Fennell and Charles Patterson \$5 each for being drunk and disorderly.

JAPS MAY COME YET

Dominion Government Wants All Anti-Mongol Legislation Killed.

McINNES MAKES REPLY

He Quotes Secretary Chamberlain in Reply to the Victoria People and Twists the Language to His Own Purposes.

VICTORIA, Jan. 11.—In the legislature today a motion by M. Helmecken urging the Dominion government to increase the per capita tax on Chinese entering Canada, and to pay three-fourths of the amount to British Columbia as the province suffering most by this immigration, was adopted unanimously without discussion.

The Dominion Objects.

In answer to an inquiry as to the action by Ottawa upon the protest of the Japanese government against the labor regulation act of last session Premier Seaman stated that a communication had been received from the Dominion government stating that the act would injuriously affect the cordial and commercial relations between Japan and Canada, and that the provincial government had been asked whether it would recommend the repeal of the act and also the anti-Japanese and anti-Chinese sections of private acts. In answer to a further question as to the intention of the government in this respect, the premier said that the matter is one of policy to be dealt with later.

Wanted the Address Passed.

Attorney General Martin asked to have taken up today the address in reply to the speech from the throne, adjourned on Monday for one week, on his motion. He said that the elections bill being passed there was no occasion for not proceeding with the address. The opposition objected, however, and the address stands over.

Prentice Takes His Seat.

The bill declaring him elected having become law, Mr. Prentice took his seat today on the government side, as members for East Lillooet. A government bill to amend the placer mining act was introduced today, reserving placer mining rights to British subjects and to companies incorporated, not merely registered or licensed in the province. It will not affect the rights already acquired by other than British subjects.

Governor McInnes' Reply.

Lieutenant-Governor McInnes today forwarded a reply to the petition from the mass meeting of Victoria citizens held to protest against the action of the legislature in passing the bill to declare the rights of supporters of the government, in danger of being immediately unseated by the courts. The petition read: "That the resolution passed at this meeting be transmitted through the proper channels to his honor, the lieutenant-governor, who has the respect of the petitioners, and that he respectfully request from the electors of Victoria that he will see his way clear to constitutionally withhold his assent to the bill therein referred to."

He Quotes Mr. Chamberlain.

In his reply, his honor quotes Mr. Chamberlain's recent dispatch to the governor of Newfoundland as follows: "Even a governor, who to some extent in touch with local opinion, would be taking a serious step, if in response to a petition such as has been addressed to me, he refused to assent to a measure of local concern, which has been passed by the legislature, and if he failed to find other ministers prepared to assume responsibility for his action and to secure the support of the legislature, his position would become untenable."

The Ministry Indorsed.

The governor then proceeds: "My ministry have the confidence of the legislature, by which the said bill was duly passed, and I would point out to you that it is an assembly which has met for the first time, fresh from the elections, and that there were I in synch with the tenor of the aforesaid resolutions, I have no warrant for following the advice of my ministry in this matter would receive the approval of the legislature, and in view of the principle enunciated in the above quoted dispatch from Mr. Chamberlain, the authority of which I cannot question, I could not, to use the language of one of the said resolutions, 'consistently withhold my assent to the bill herein referred to.'"

NEW SALMON REGULATIONS.

Victoria Claims the Dominion is Injuring British Columbia.

VICTORIA, Jan. 11.—The council of the board of trade have passed the following resolutions: "That this board views with great regret the proposed new salmon fishing regulations as being unworkable and prejudicial to the interests of the province by making it impossible for British Columbia to compete successfully with the American commercial fishery."

Mr. Ward spoke on the subject of United States vessels being allowed to take from British Columbia ports north Canadian goods bonded for the north-west and Atlin while the Americans refuse to allow British vessels to carry American goods to Skagway and other ports. It was decided to look into the matter and if possible find a remedy. Mr. Ward thought the Dominion government should bonus the building of Canadian vessels if Canada was to keep her share of Pacific coast trade. This will be investigated by the board.

Weller & Co., Plumbers and Fitters.

THE AMEER IS DYING

Trouble Will Follow as Soon as He Expires.

Habbullah, the Oldest Son, is Strongly Opposed by the Queen, Who Wants to Seat Her Own Boy.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Advices from Kabul say that the illness of the Ameer of Afghanistan is so serious that his death is imminent. His condition is being watched with keen interest in London and Calcutta official circles, as his death is certain to be followed by a contest for the throne, in which England will intervene.

Prince Habbullah, the ameer's eldest son by a non-royal wife, will be opposed by the queen in behalf of her infant son, Prince Mahmood Omar. The partisans of the two contestants are about equally divided. The queen is a strong masculine character, as was shown by her personally leading an army in an attack on certain rebels who revolted some time ago while the ameer was absent from the capital.

DYING OF A SCARE.

Succumbing to Weakness Caused by His Narrow Escape.

New York, Jan. 11.—In Lambertville, N. J., Henry Moore is dying of fright. The doctors have examined him carefully, and say that nothing else will save him. He says, too, that he cannot recover. Several days ago he drove a team of horses on to a railroad crossing and suddenly discovered a train coming towards him. He made frantic efforts to get out of the way, and apparently succeeded in backing the team and horses and threw them in the air. The wagon was not upset, but the horror of the few seconds that he was in front of the train made him wildly excited, and he grovelled in the road, praying that the engine "would not see him." He is not insane but is succumbing to weakness caused by the horror which still possesses him.

WHAT THEY MUST HAVE.

Order Issued With Regard to Yukoners Going In.

VICTORIA, Jan. 11.—The following order has been issued by Superintendent Steele, commanding the mounted police in Yukon: "Dawson, Nov. 18, 1898.—The commissioner of the Yukon territory orders that no person will be permitted to enter the territory without satisfying Northwest Mounted Police of Tagish and White Horse Rapids that they have with them two months' assured provisions and at least \$200 in cash, or six months' assured provisions and not less than \$200 in cash over and above the money required to pay expenses from the border to Dawson, N. B.—This order will not apply to residents of Yukon territory returning if they are identified and prove their competency to pay their way into the country."

THE FISHERY QUESTION.

Newfoundland's Attitude on the Question is Defined.

St. JOHN, Nfld., Jan. 11.—The attitude of Newfoundland respecting the settlement of the fisheries question is this: If the United States Congress passes a bill giving American fishing and mercantile vessels a bounty, it will be useless for Newfoundland to agree to give the Americans free bait in Newfoundland waters in return for free entry of Newfoundland fish in American markets, because the proposed bounty would place American fishermen in the same superior position regarding the fisheries as they are now. The Canadian and Newfoundland representatives will probably rearrange a basis for joint action on meeting again at Washington.

TRUGS IN CHICAGO.

Robbing and Stealing Near the Stock Yards.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 11.—Holdup men were working in the stock yards district last night. Nellie Price, a stenographer in the employ of Armour & Co., was held up by two men shortly after leaving work for the evening. One choked her and held his hand over her mouth, while the other took her purse, containing about \$20. A highwayman assaulted George Broderick, a stockman from Miloy, Ia., getting his watch and \$10. Andrew Colson resisted a lone robber, who had demanded his money. The robber gave him a vicious thrust with a dirk and left him dangerously wounded after robbing him of his money and watch. Three other cases were reported to the police today.

PATTI AND HER NEW FLAME.

They Will Be United With Great Ceremony.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Great preparations are being made at Brecon, South Wales, for the marriage of Mme. Patti to Baron Cederstrom, eldest son of the late Baron Newlander, Cederstrom. The townpeople will decorate the streets, and the mayor and aldermen, in their official robes, will receive the party at the station on the arrival of the train from Craig y Nos, and escort it to the church, where the bishop of Mostyn will perform the wedding ceremony. The bride will be given away by Sir George Faudel-Phillips, former lord mayor of London.

Harvard Gets Another Million.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 11.—By the will of the late Henry O. Warren of Cambridge, Harvard university will receive property valued at nearly one million dollars. It includes all Mr. Warren's real estate in Cambridge, which is near Harvard college and which will probably be used for college purposes.

A PRETTY WEDDING

The Aldridge-Tuttle Marriage at Noon Yesterday.

OFF TO SAN FRANCISCO

The Most Elaborate Ceremony Ever Observed in the Kootenays—The Church's Floral Decorations—A Reception at Their Home in Trail.

The marriage of Walter H. Aldridge, manager of the Canadian Smelting works at Trail, and Nancy Elinorah Tuttle, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Jay Tuttle, was solemnized at noon yesterday in St. George's Anglican church, by Rev. H. Irwin.

It was a rarely beautiful wedding. The church had been decorated with evergreens and flowers until the very ceiling and walls were hidden in a drapery of blossoms. The altar was buried under a profusion of potted flowers, palms, and snowblossoms from Spokane mountain, while on the altar were some magnificent bouquets of carnations, orchids, and hyacinths in massive cases. Society was represented en masse at the ceremony, and besides hundreds of Rossland people, guests were present from Trail, Northport and Nelson. At noon, the time set for the marriage, the church was filled to overflowing.

The bridal party was driven in sleighs from the home of Dr. and Mrs. Tuttle to the church a few moments before 12 o'clock. It included Mr. Aldridge and Miss Tuttle, Dr. and Mrs. Tuttle, the parents of the bride; Miss Nettie Tuttle, her sister and maid of honor; J. S. C. Fraser, the manager of the Bank of Montreal, who acted as groomsmen; A. B. Mackenzie and Robert Hunter, who were the ushers, and E. W. Ward.

At the Altar.

Amid an impressive quiet the bridal party walked down the aisle of the church to the altar. Meanwhile the organist, Fred Burroughs, was rendering a choral service, which was continued with exquisite effect throughout the ceremony. The party was led by the ushers, Mr. Mackenzie and Mr. Hunter. They were followed by the bridesmaid, Miss Nettie Tuttle, charmingly gowned in a new blue traveling outfit that was in delicate harmony with her blonde beauty. Succeeding them was Miss Tuttle on the arm of her father, and never was there a more attractive bride. She was dressed simply in a brown tulle and ornate traveling dress with hat to match, and, although she had never been so lovely than on her wedding morning.

At the altar the bridal party was met by the groom and the groomsmen, Mr. Fraser, as well as by Rev. H. Irwin, who performed the ceremony. They were married with the solemn ring service of the Anglican church, and at its conclusion Rev. Mr. Irwin, tying with his stole a true-love knot around the clasped hands of the couple, blessed them after a quaint old custom of the ceremony the party returned to the vestry where, after signing the marriage register, they held an impromptu reception to their friends.

The reception was accompanied by an organ rendition of Mendelssohn's noble wedding march, a fit conclusion of the service which the congregation had begun by singing, "The Voice That Breathed O'er Eden."

A Quiet Wedding Breakfast.

Immediately after the church service the bridal party was driven to the home of Dr. and Mrs. Tuttle, where a wedding breakfast was enjoyed and many telegrams received from relatives and friends. At 1 o'clock the party drove to the Red Mountain station, where a special train, consisting of Cornelius Shields' private car, was waiting to carry Mr. and Mrs. Aldridge to Spokane.

Besides the train a large and enthusiastic party of friends was also in waiting with a drayload of rice and a bale of footwear that had seen better days. With noteworthy diligence the friends carefully attached the shoes all over the top, the sides and the platforms of the car, while a few choice specimens were tied with long ropes to the rear end of the coach. As for the rice it was judiciously distributed all over the car in closely distributed places, where it would be most conspicuous when least desirable. Amid a volley of rice and of farewell congratulations Mr. and Mrs. Aldridge's train moved slowly away with its retinue of old shoes bouncing cheerfully along the ties.

Mr. and Mrs. Aldridge will spend their honeymoon in San Francisco, and expect to return in about a fortnight via the Canadian Pacific railway. They will make their home in Trail and their residence on smelter hill is all in readiness for them. On their return they will hold a reception when a special train will be run from Rossland for the accommodation of the guests from this city.

BEATING THE EXPULSION LAW.

German Swains Follow Their Sweet-Hearts Across the Line.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—The Russian government has met an unexpected countercheck in the recent expulsion of Danes from North Sleswig. Among these expelled were many dairy maids, the girls followed them across the frontier and married them and as a result most of them are back in Sleswig as German subjects.

F. W. Maughan of Spokane, traveling agent of the Great Northern Express company, is in the city.

THE OUTLOOK IS BRIGHT

A. S. Goodvee is Confident That He Will Be Elected.

Says He Will Be Returned by a Very Large Majority—Information For Voters.

By 5 o'clock this afternoon, the result of the city selection to be held today will be known positively. A. S. Goodvee, who has made such a phenomenally successful campaign, is completely satisfied that the poll today will result in his election by the largest majority that has yet been given a municipal candidate since the city was incorporated.

He gave out this statement last evening:

"The committee meeting called for this afternoon was exceptionally well attended, and promising reports were brought in by all of the committeemen. After carefully checking them over and making due allowances for various contingencies, such as sickness and absence from the city on the part of voters, a summary of the situation showed that the vote in my favor will be much beyond my most sanguine expectations. I am particularly gratified by the number of votes promised me by members of the various labor unions. Many of these men are constantly dropping into my committee rooms and are voluntarily tendering me their support. They have given me valuable information and have assisted in every possible way in the canvass. They all recognize the fact that I have been in every sense a true friend of labor. I feel satisfied that at the final count of the polls tomorrow night I shall be elected by a very large majority."

The polls today will be open continuously from 8 o'clock in the morning until 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Every British subject, either male or female, over the age of 21, whose name is on the voters' list, is entitled to vote once for mayor, and to vote for two aldermen in each ward in which he or she is on the voters' list.

In the First ward W. B. Townsend, J. P., will act as deputy returning officer, with George Winters as poll clerk. The voting place in the First ward will be at the city hall.

In the Second ward the polls will be opened in Charles Dempster's office, and the deputy returning officer will be J. C. Belton, while F. C. Law will act as clerk. The polling place in the Third ward will be in Fortin's office. H. P. McMillan will be the deputy returning officer there, and J. T. Vick will act as clerk. William McQueen, the city clerk, who has had wide experience and has given entire satisfaction as general returning officer, will act in similar capacity today.

The supplementary voters' list was closed yesterday. Two new voters were recorded from each ward. They were: Ward one, Edward Baillie and A. H. Reveback; ward two, Thomas Coran and Alfred McMillan; ward three, A. O. Gels and Angus J. McDonald.

The bars all over the city will be closed today from 7 o'clock in the morning until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. License Inspector Harp was busy yesterday informing the proprietors of the rule, which will be effective.

Vaudeville at the Pacific.

The new Pacific music hall, which was opened on Monday evening, is already doing a big business, for the show is uniformly bright, amusing and up-to-date; with no tiresome waltz or tango overtures. Paul, the versatile violinist, is not only an artistic performer, but a real comedian as well, and his burlesque musical numbers are funny. Bovino, who has many number of friends in Rossland, made during his residence here two years ago, is one of the strong attractions, and he makes some incredibly high kicks. Marzella, who appears with Bovino, sings in half a dozen languages, and sings well. John Watson, the proprietor, promises a better show than ever next week.

A Promising City.

A letter just received from Cascade City epitomizes the resources of that place thus: A port of entry; a divisional point; two railroads assured; round houses and machine shops for the railroads; an electric power plant; a saw and door factory; three sawmills and a smelter, not to mention the mining resources of the surrounding country.

FORAKER TO THE RESCUE

The Ohio Senator Makes the Second Speech For Expansion.

He Asserts the Acquisition of the Philippines is Temporary, But Permanent Occupation is Legal.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 11.—A climax was reached today in the debate on the question of expansion, which is in progress in the senate. Heretofore all of the speeches, with the notable exception of that of Mr. Platt, have been in opposition to what is presumed to be the policy of the administration with respect to the acquisition of the Philippines.

Today Mr. Foraker of Ohio addressed the senate in opposition to the declaration in the resolution that the United States had no constitutional power to acquire foreign territory to be maintained as colonies.

Mr. Foraker's strong assertion that the acquisition of the Philippines was temporary in character created a sensation in the chamber. He maintained, however, that the United States has a legal right to hold the islands permanently.

Mrs. E. W. Ruff and daughter will leave Rossland in a few days on a visit to Seattle.

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IT IS A GOOD MOVE

A Movement for a Sunday Mail From the South.

PETITION FOR IT IS OUT

Postal Inspector McLeod Has Been Seen by Postmaster Waddis and the Former Favors the Plan—A Few Believers of the Holidays.

Postmaster William Waddis is at work to secure a Sunday mail service for the city. At present the mail from Spokane stays at Northport, Wash., all Sunday, and is not brought to the city until the following day. As a consequence it has been impossible for Mr. Waddis to secure the distribution of the mail from the south on Sunday. While at Vancouver during the holidays he discussed the situation with Postal Inspector McLeod, and the latter gave every encouragement that if the matter was pushed the department would see that the Mountain railway brings the mails from the south on Sunday as well as at other times. The government would pay the railway charges and the cost of hauling the mail to and from the station, but the cost of distributing it among the boxes would fall on Mr. Waddis. He, however, is willing to go to that expense, and he is circulating a petition among the business and professional men calling on the department at Ottawa to institute a Sunday mail service. If all goes well, the new service should be effective in about six weeks. Of course south bound letters can be forwarded on Sunday as soon as the change is made. The petition is in Mr. Waddis' office at the postoffice, and all interested are urged to sign it at once. The Sunday distribution will be only in the boxes and the wickets will not be opened at all on that day. There are at present 200 vacant lock boxes which can be secured at \$1.50 per quarter or \$3 per year.

The recent Christmas rush is all over in the postoffice, but as relics of it Mr. Waddis has about a bushel basket of miscellaneous Christmas presents, which are awaiting the arrival of the proper owners. They were either improperly packed or improperly addressed, and by the time they reached here were knocking around miscellaneous in the mail bags. People who have been disappointed in receiving Christmas goods should see Mr. Waddis. Perhaps he has their holiday presents in his newly founded general store.

THE OFFICIAL CIRCULAR.

Where the Two-Cent Rate Actually Applies.

The Canadian Gazette of December 31st, 1898, contains the following notice from Deputy Postmaster-General Coulter giving the following information with regard to the new two-cent rate of postage, and the same is incorporated in the department circular just received by Postmaster Waddis. It will be noticed that every part of the British Empire except Australia and New Zealand is included in the new compact, but these colonies have so far refused to come into line.

The rate of postage on letters transmitted by mail within Canada has been reduced, dating from the first day of January, 1899, from three cents per ounce to two cents per ounce or fraction of an ounce, the same to be prepaid by postage stamp. This rate will apply also to letters addressed to the United States.

The three-cent stamp hitherto commonly used for the prepayment of correspondence addressed to places in Canada and the United States will, of course, still serve to prepay any letter or other article on which postage to that amount is required, and postmasters will retain the supplies they have on hand and sell them to the public as they may be applied for.

The following is a complete list of the countries included in the British Empire with which the reduced rate of two cents per half ounce is now in force, namely: The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Aden, Ascension, Bahamas and Barbados, Bermuda, British Central Africa, British East Africa, British Guiana, British Honduras, British India, Ceylon, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, Fiji, Gambia, Gibraltar, Gold Coast Colony, Hong Kong, Jamaica, Lagos, Leeward Islands, Malaya States, Natal, Newfoundland, Niger Coast Protectorate, Niger Company's Territories, Sarawak, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Straits Settlements, St. Helena, Tobago, Trinidad, Turks' Islands, Uganda, Windward Islands.

WILL SNIFFLE IN NELSON.

Jailer Billy Mitchell Took Him There Last Night. William McCormick, the sniffer, who sniffed before Police Magistrate Jordan on Tuesday last, when charged with sniffing money from Rev. Father Rivers and the good sisters of St. Joseph on false pretences, came up sniffing for sentence Friday. When called upon to state what he had to say in mitigation of his sentence he sniffed so as to almost break the heart of good Father Rivers, who interceded for him and obtained mercy for him in the shape of a four months' instead of six months' sentence. He left last night sniffing for Nelson, but confined to one of the other prisoners that sniffing paid and he would sniffle on his way and sniffle in Nelson. Fred Grant was the only other culprit before Magistrate Jordan. He is a young man of good connections and is charged with gambling. His case was continued till Tuesday and in the meantime he will meditate in the city jail.

Represents Many Companies.

Thomas S. Gilmour, the secretary of the Homestake Gold Mines, has secured the entire office once occupied by D. M. Linnard and the Roseland syndicate. Mr. Gilmour will engage in business as a general accountant and mine agent, and besides attending to the accounts of his local clients will look after the mining interests of his old country principals. Mr. Gilmour is secretary of the Home-stake, the E. E. Lee, the Gopher and the Red Mountain View companies, and these companies will have their offices

THE MINING REVIEW

Le Roi Smelter May Be Increased in Size to 1,000 Tons Daily.

THE SUNSET NO. 2 VEIN

The Importance of the Find Not Yet Determined—Ore Getting Ore in the Lower Tunnel—Work Suspended for the Winter on the Grand Prize.

The new year started in with unusual activity all over the camp. The Le Roi is being pushed to place it soon among the list of regular shippers again. The Centre Star is in a similar position, and the War Eagle will be sending out from 250 to 300 tons of ore daily after the first of next month, when the new electrical machinery will be in operation. The Virginia is nearing the 500-foot level, where development of the vein will be resumed. The Iron Mask is meeting with gratifying success in the development of the ore body which is being opened by the winze. The Coxey is justifying the faith of its owners by producing good ore in the lower tunnel. The Giant is again being worked after a short shut-down, and in the south belt the Sunset No. 2 has opened a discovery vein at a depth of about 400 feet, although as yet not Richard Marsh has been done to show the value of the lode there. The Mascot's new electric plant—the first to be started in Canada—is in operation, and the Iron Mask will be in similar shape in about a fortnight.

Below is given the usual weekly mining review:

The Ore Shipments. Shipments of ore from the mines of the Roseland camp for the week ending January 7 were as follows: Le Roi, 930 tons; Centre Star, 1,100 tons; War Eagle, 1,000 tons; Iron Mask, 500 tons. Total, 3,530 tons.

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THE GOVERNMENT

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(Editorial concluded from Page 4.)

THE GOVERNMENT'S POLICY.

At the opening of the first session of the eighth provincial parliament, through Lieutenant-Governor McInnes' speech from the throne, the Government at Victoria yesterday outlined its plans. There are some excellent features in the policy proposed, but it looks as though the Government, in its enthusiasm, purposes carrying out more than it may be able to. The Government has a majority of four, which is not very large. Some of the measures will be bitterly fought by the Opposition and 60 days is too short a period in which to carry out what it intends to. It will be particularly difficult if the Opposition resorts to filibustering tactics.

One of the measures is the abolition of the mortgage tax. This tax is in the nature of an additional tax, for the reason that the property, which is covered by the mortgage, is taxed, and so is the mortgage. The existence of this tax, it has been claimed, tends to keep capital out of the Province, and is very burdensome on the mortgagor, because in the end he has to pay both the taxes. Under the circumstances it looks as though it would be a wise move to abrogate this tax.

An important measure to this section is the proposed abolition of the license that is collected from working miners. This should go through with a large majority, and should not be opposed even by the Opposition. The residents of the mining sections of British Columbia regard this tax as an unmitigated evil, and it should be abrogated.

The introduction of the Torrens system for land transfers is a measure that should be adopted. It will simplify and cheapen the cost of making transfers of realty, and, besides, it prevents the transfer of real estate for which the title is defective; in fact, it gives absolute security to purchasers of real property.

The prohibition of Japanese from working underground is a measure that should be adopted, and doubtless will be. There are certain coal mining interests on Vancouver island that will probably oppose this measure, and it will, perhaps, be one of the hardest fought propositions that will come before the present Provincial legislature. There is already a law on the statute books, which prohibits the employment of Chinese underground. A statute was passed by the last legislature, which prohibits Japanese or Chinese from being employed on any enterprise authorized under Provincial statutes. The Japanese government has filed a protest against this act as being contrary to the comity of nations and requested that it not receive the sanction of the Governor-General. The act had not been signed by Governor-General Aberdeen when he left for England, nor has Lord Minto yet approved of the measure. It became a law a year after its passage by limitation without his signature, and that year will have soon expired.

There will doubtless be a strong fight made on the proposed legislation which allows prospectors the same privilege on railway land grants that is given them on crown lands. The railway companies, to which these grants have been awarded, will doubtless oppose legislation of this character and owing to this it may be a rock on which the party in power may split.

Among the pronouncements of the new Government is one which provides that aliens cannot take up placer claims. The Miner some time ago placed itself on record as opposed to the enactment of a law of this character, and for the reason that it is against any measure which is calculated to retard the development of the Province, and this would, in our opinion, result in keeping back to a considerable extent the development of its mineral resources. The number and importance of mineral finds would be greatly lessened if the prospecting for and location of placer properties were confined to British subjects. The Miner, therefore, thinks that such a measure as this should not be adopted.

There are other measures which the Government is pledged to carry out, but which are not so important to this section. These outlined embrace a large task, and with the diverse interests that are involved it seems doubtful if the Government will be able to carry them all out at the present session.

MR. GOODEVE SHOULD BE ELECTED.

There are two candidates in the field for Mayor. One is Alderman A. S. Goodeve and the other His Worship Mayor H. S. Wallace. Both are well known to the residents of this city publicly and in their business capacities. There is no very great difference between these two gentlemen who aspire to the highest office in the gift of the people of this city. The present year promises to be the most important in the history of Rossland and many matters of great import will come before the government. It is therefore important that the very best man available occupy the mayor's chair. The chief executive is all-powerful in municipal matters. In the opinion of THE MINER, A. S. Goodeve is the better man of the two candidates for the office of Mayor. One of the reasons why this is so is Mr. Goodeve's position on the water question which is a most important one to the people of this municipality.

When the question of the purchase of the plant of the Rossland Water & Light company came before the council last

summer, Mr. Goodeve, while fully recognizing the importance and advantage of the municipality owning its own system, was certain that the price asked, about \$80,000, was too high and entirely out of proportion with its actual worth. Therefore, he urged the appointment of an expert hydraulic engineer to ascertain the actual value of the plant which the city was so strongly urged by certain influences to purchase. At the same time he pointed out that even if the city secured the plant for a consideration of \$80,000, an immediate expenditure of at least \$25,000 would be necessary, in the way of repairs, to meet the then current water requirements.

This position taken by Mr. Goodeve has since been proved to be the proper one by the facts in the case. The expert hydraulic engineer appraised the value of the water plant at about \$35,000. Since then it has been fully demonstrated that the plant is inadequate to supply the city with water. The citizens were compelled to do without water on several occasions during the warm weather owing to the paucity of the supply, and at the present time, when they naturally look for an abundance of aqueous fluid after soft weather and a good fall of snow, it is found, owing to poor construction, that Rossland is now enduring a water famine. This is not the only danger, for should a fire start the entire city might be laid in ashes because of a lack of water with which to quench it. The situation is so acute that the insurance companies are talking of cancelling their policies here. They meet today for the purpose of considering the question.

The position that Mr. Goodeve took at that time was a most sensible and wise one. It saved the city from paying the water company more than twice what the plant was worth, and also prevented the municipality from acquiring a plant that does not fully come up to the requirements of supplying the city with water at all times.

At the time the question of the purchase of the water plant was being considered, His Worship Mayor Wallace and others were the strongest supporters of the plan, and had it not been for the firmness of Mr. Goodeve the city would have been saddled with an almost useless plant.

At the time of the agitation for the purchase of the water plant, mainly through the efforts of Mr. Goodeve the gold commissioner made an allotment of certain water rights to the city.

Mr. Goodeve stands pledged to secure an adequate water supply for the city. He will do this, should he be elected, either through the purchase of the present water plant for a fair price or by the erection and maintenance of a separate plant, which will obtain its supply from the water reserves held by the city and other sources. Mr. Goodeve should be elected Mayor.

GOODEVE'S STRENGTH IS GROWING

The political strength of A. S. Goodeve is growing rapidly with each hour and the outlook is that he will be elected mayor of this city by a large majority. The difference between the fitness of the two candidates for mayor in Mr. Goodeve's favor is becoming more and more palpable as the canvass progresses. A majority of the electors fully realize that Mr. Goodeve will make an ideal mayor. They feel certain that he will give an administration to which those who vote for him can in the future justly point with pride for its thoroughness, its honesty and the business-like methods which will characterize it. He is one of the best business men in the city, and in the conduct of the affairs of the city he will use the same wise methods that have made his private affairs so successful. Beside this, Mr. Goodeve is progressive and there will be no lagging behind other cities on the part of Rossland in the matter of public improvements while he is filling the chair of mayor. Mr. Goodeve made a splendid record as an alderman. When measures inimical to the best interests of the city came up he had always the courage of his convictions and stood up as firm as a rock for that which he thought was right. If he made an enviable record as an alderman it naturally follows that he will make a splendid mayor, for if he has been faithful in small things it is natural that he will be true to those larger trusts which will come to him as chief executive of the city. Rossland needs just such a man as Mr. Goodeve to guide it through the year 1899, because it will be one of the most important in the history of this city.

Instances are numerous in which Mr. Goodeve showed that he is superior to His Worship Mayor Wallace as a public officer. The following incident reveals in a marked way the difference between the two aspirants for the office of mayor of Rossland.

In February an agreement was entered into with J. H. Smith by which he was to lease the city a plot of ground on Lincoln street 30x60 feet in size, and to remove to it a building owned by him on Columbia avenue. The building and the ground together were to be leased to the city at \$50 per month, and he was to allow the city three months' rent free. It was afterwards found that the building covered only a little over 50 feet, and when the lease came to be drawn, Mr. Smith asked the city to give him back the extra 10 feet. He, however, was unwilling to make any reduction in the rent. Mayor Wallace said he thought the city should not hold for the pound

of flesh, but should give Mr. Smith back the surplus 10 feet without any remuneration.

Alderman Goodeve pointed out that the city had no right to give away a portion of the city's property without some recompense, but even if that were the case in this particular instance it was exceedingly important that the city should have the 10 feet of land, as Mr. McGregor, the representative of the fire underwriters, has assured the members of the council that they could not look for a reduction of the insurance until they had a team for the chemical engine and a more complete paid fire brigade. It was absolutely essential, therefore, that the city should retain this 10 feet, as otherwise it would be impossible to accommodate the extra team of horses needed by the chemical engine. Notwithstanding this fact Mayor Wallace actually signed a lease for the 50 feet covered by the building without being authorized by the council to do so. When this was brought before the council Alderman Goodeve called the attention of his worship to the fact that he had no right to sign an instrument of this nature until it had been passed by the council, and further warned the city clerk not to sign it or attach the city seal.

His worship stated that he was not aware of the fact that he was not authorized to sign the lease, showing that he was willing to sign so important a document without looking into it.

This, perhaps, though from a money standpoint, was a small matter, yet in view of its importance to the citizens at large, and more particularly the merchants, who are paying very heavy insurance premiums, it is a very important one. It is in matters of this kind that the difference of the attitude taken on these questions by Alderman Goodeve and Mayor Wallace plainly shows the superiority of Mr. Goodeve. On the part of Mayor Wallace carelessness was shown, while Mr. Goodeve showed a watchful, painstaking care for the interests of the taxpayers. Mr. Goodeve should, therefore, be made the next mayor. He would be the right man in the right place.

A SUGGESTION.

A School Where Practical Mining Would Be Taught.

Rossland has a school of mines supported by the contributions of those who are being benefited by its teachings. Its mission so far is to impart an elementary knowledge of geology, mineralogy, etc. It is attended principally by those engaged in different occupations in the city, who desire to enlarge their knowledge of mining and by prospectors who realize that scientific knowledge wedded to practical experience make a strong team. In time when the government comes to the support of the school its sphere of usefulness will be enlarged. There is another branch in mining knowledge that might with advantage be taught here, and this is practical mining. There is always a demand for skilled miners, but it is too expensive a business usually to take them into a working property and teach them the business. Mining is a trade just as much as blacksmithing and shoemaking are. There is hardly ever an over-supply of really first class miners in this section. In time when the government idea to open a school of mines where practical mining could be taught by some veteran at the business? This suggestion did not originate with THE MINER, but was made by Chauncey Thomas in a recent issue of THE MINER. He suggests that such schools be opened in every mining center. An abandoned shaft or tunnel would serve as the schoolroom and the faculty could consist of a veteran miner. There would be no need of text books in a temple of learning of this sort. The pupils could be taught how to swing a hammer, to beat the head of a drill, how to hold a drill, cut a fuse, put in a charge of powder and other lore that is peculiar to subterranean work. Mr. Thomas in support of his plan says:

"After a practical course of study with hammer and drills as text books, the men no longer green hand can have some hope of getting employment around a mine. To the tenderfoot, even the work of pushing a tramcar is denied a mine boss, after honest work. A certain time from the bottom of the dump twice in a forenoon, impudently kicked the green trammer over the dump after the third time the car went bounding down the pile of waste rock. The tenderfoot never went back, while the best workmen prayed for skilled help like a Kansas farmer for rain. If such schools were opened by skilled miners it would benefit every one and injure none. The teacher would receive from each pupil a few dollars per month, a comfortable living in the aggregate. The men and boys now seeking for work or sweating a twelve to 14 hours a day for a bare existence in shops and stores would soon be able to earn double or treble their present salaries in more manly and certainly more healthy work. The country at large would feel the effect of this scheme in an increased mineral production."

Locomotives for Narrow Gauge.

The long-looked for narrow-gauge engines for use on the Columbia & Western railway have arrived at Trail. One of them was fired up Saturday and worked in satisfactory manner. They will be of great help in handling the rush of freight that is passing two and fro over the O. & W. railway at present.

A Steamer Lost.

LEBON, Jan. 7.—The British steamer Loch Etive, bound from Newcastle-on-Tyne to Alexandria, Egypt, has passed Fenich, on the south side of the peninsula of that name, and signalled that she had rescued four members of the crew of the British steamer Wooller, Captain Cole, from Barry on December 30 for Las Palmas, Canary Islands, which vessel was lost. The remainder of the crew of the Wooller are missing.

P. G. Denison, the agent of the Canadian Pacific railway, is suffering from an attack of a gripe.

IT LOOKS LIKE WAR WAS COLD AT REPUBLIC

The Temperature Went Down to 35 Degrees Below Zero.

With the Fall in the Mercury There Was a Rise in Room Rent—Mining Notes.

REPUBLIC, Wash., Jan. 4.—[Special.]—It is cold. This morning it was 35 degrees below zero at the mill and 30 below in town, and all day long it was very chilly. We could stand the drop in the thermometer, but the rise in our room rent took our breath away. Two days ago we were informed that our 50-cent rooms would be \$1 per night "with no monthly rates," and restaurants are in line.

The newest property to walk in with the snow is the Mary Ann, situated on Copper mountain, about one and a half miles west of Republic, having for its neighbors the Bryan & Sewall, Copper Mountain, Gold Chest, Golden Chariot and other noted claims. All of these claims are actively working. The Mary Ann has two shifts working and is making good progress in sinking the shaft. The shaft is all in one of fine quality, and sinking will be continued to the 500-foot point. The ledge will then be crosscut to determine its width. The shaft is now down 24 feet and the quality of the ore has improved each foot. The formation in place and very regular. The property has been placed under the management of A. Walker, a thoroughly experienced mining man, who will devote his entire attention to the development of what he considers a coming Republic property.

Some of the new locations are coming to the front. The Flying Dutchman and Chippina, adjoining claims, nearly one mile south of the Republic mill, are two of them. The owners started a shaft on a four-foot ledge, and yesterday their assays ran \$8.40. The width of the ledge is unknown, but the owners are highly elated over the surface prospects, and intend to continue the shaft.

Superintendent Straight is in from the Nonpareil group, nine miles southwest of town, and reports an important strike down 22 feet. A crosscut was started from the bottom of the shaft and was run eight feet through solid ore. As yet no assays have been obtained.

G. L. Hedges, superintendent of the Waculda Mining company, is in town. The camp is 12 miles west, on the state road. A tunnel is being run on the ledge, and they are now in over 160 feet. They are working eight men. Fifty feet of a ledge has been run through, but no wall reached. Mr. Hedges states that the entire 50 feet will average \$6 per ton in gold. Work will be pushed during the winter.

The Lily R., a little beyond the Nonpareil group, has traced the lead 200 feet. The blow out was wide and strong. A ten-foot shaft was sunk, and the bottom is now in ore. Today's assays give \$8.68 in gold. The shaft will be continued during the winter.

Copper Mountain was too far afield for the relocators, and all claims in that section were represented except four or five. A shaft is being sunk on the Gopher claim to catch the ledge. The claim is located near the Mountain Lion. A shaft is down 45 feet and is in ore. The shaft will be driven during the winter.

James P. Harvey, general manager of the Republic and all the Clark interests in this district, arrived from Spokane yesterday, where he had passed the holidays with relatives and friends.

THE TRAIL SMELTER.

It Will Be Shut Down Because of a Shortage in Ore.

A statement was published in THE MINER yesterday to the effect that owing to the inability of the Columbia & Western railway to supply the Trail smelter with the large quantities of ore needed it was to be closed down in a few days. Yesterday it was ascertained that this was an error. The fault does not lie with the railway, but rather with the War Eagle mine, which furnishes the principal supply for the smelter. For a month past the War Eagle has only been sending from 80 to 100 tons a day to the smelter. This is because the new machinery is being installed. The smelter should have at least 250 tons per day to keep it in operation. The road has often handled this quantity with ease. Therefore, the smelter will be shut down because of the failure of the War Eagle to supply it with sufficient ore and not through any fault or inability on the part of the C. & W. railway to handle ore in sufficient quantities to keep it in operation. When the new machinery of the War Eagle begins operations there will be plenty of ore for the smelter.

OLD CHRISTMAS DAY KEPT.

The Queen Regent and Young King Held a Military Levee.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says: "In accordance with the usual custom on twelfth day, the queen regent and King Alfonso held today (Friday) an exclusively military levee, which was attended by all the marshals except Martinez De Campos, who is indisposed. Over 1,000 officers passed before the majesties, the most observed in the throne-room being General Weyler and General Polavieja. There was also many prominent commanders from the colonies. A crowd of sight-seers outside the palace gazed silently on the brilliant throng of uniforms. 100,000."

J. W. Paulson, grocer, holding ticket No. 33, won the handsome oil painting of the Maine, which was executed by Mrs. James Good, and was raffled last evening.

On account of the great amount of ice in the Arrow lakes and in the narrows, the C. P. R. has suspended for the winter the steamer service on the lakes between Nakusp and Robson. Hereafter the passengers from the Nakusp will have to travel to the Arrow lakes by the Arrow railway to Roseberry at the head of Slocan lake, thence down the lake on the steamer Slocan to Slocan City; from Slocan City to East Robson by rail; from East Robson to Nakusp by boat, across the lake to West Robson by boat, and thence to Rossland via the Columbia & Western railway. Returning the route will be the same. About the same time will be made as over the old route.

Will Operate Havana Railway.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 7.—Articles of incorporation of the Havana Electric Railway company were filed with the secretary of state today. The company is capitalized for \$5,000,000. The incorporators are W. E. B. Melvin, East Orange, and G. K. B. Wade and Herbert A. Howell of New York. It is understood that the company is formed for the specific purpose of acquiring the street railways of Havana.

Labor College at Oxford.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—Mr. Vrooman, the wealthy American, who recently bestowed a gift on Oxford university, was interviewed last evening on the subject of his scheme of founding a labor college at Oxford. He said that everything had been arranged to open the college on Washington's birthday with 50 students.

CAUSES OF THE RUPTURE

Norway Buys Arms in New York—They Have Taken Steps to Alleviate Their Countrymen From the Joint Army.

CHRISTIANA, Jan. 6.—Norway and Sweden continue in a state of dissonance that makes a war between the two countries not unlikely. The matter was aggravated the first of the year when Norway flew her flag minus the emblem which signifies her union with Sweden.

Norway's Grievance.

The Norwegians thirst for independence, and it is stated the radicals have already taken steps to secure this by alienating the Norwegians in the joint army from Sweden. Both sides continue to strengthen their defenses. Norway's chief grievance is a clause in the constitution which makes a minister, who is alone responsible to the Swedish Rikstag, the real director of foreign affairs of both countries.

The Swedish Grievance.

The Swedish grievance is that Norway, while taking advantage of antiquated laws, contributes few more men to the Scandinavian army than she did in 1814, about 25,000, while Sweden gives 100,000. Moderators suggest as a compromise that the Norwegian minister be given equal voice in foreign matters with the Swedish minister and that Norway increase her quota to the army.

ANOTHER SKAGWAY FIR

The Largest Variety House in Town Is Destroyed.

New Discoveries Near Surprise Lake—Record From Dawson Broken—Other Yukon News.

VICTORIA, Jan. 6.—Another batch of Klondikers arrived from the north this morning, all from Dawson, in the steamer City of Seattle. There were also about 60 passengers from the southeastern Alaskan coast. The arrivals from Skagway have news of a big fire, which occurred there on New Year's day, about 8 o'clock in the evening. It destroyed the Empire theatre, the largest variety house in the city. The cause of the fire was the explosion of a lamp in the dressing room of one of the variety actresses who was preparing for the performance. The women lost all their clothing, being obliged to hurry out of the building with nothing but their night gowns on their backs. The loss will be about \$15,000. Two buildings on either side of the theatre were razed by the fire department. The store of H. A. Bauer & Co., two doors away, was considerably damaged. According to the passengers, had the wind been blowing there would have been no more Skagway now. A heavy gale blew from the mountains for several days previous, but fortunately for Skagway it subsided a few hours before the fire.

M. A. Mahoney, who was a Klondiker who arrived by the Seattle, has broken the record for the trip out. He left Dawson on December 14, with T. A. Monroe, with whom he had to the salt water on a wager of \$1,000. Mahoney was an easy winner.

J. C. Dulles of Deadwood, Colo., who was a passenger from Skagway, left the Atlin district on Christmas day. He brings news of discovery of three new creeks in that district, Union, Horse and Quartz creeks, all emptying into Surprise lake.

W. Lanning, superintendent of construction of the military barracks at Fort Selkirk, reports that big finds are being made at the head of McMillan river. Two men left Selkirk many months ago to prospect the head waters of McMillan river. They took with them two years' provisions and were last heard from about 200 miles above the McMillan, where they are said to have made a big strike. Shortly before Mr. Lanning left Selkirk, a miner named Taylor arrived with \$11,000 in gold dust, which he said he had taken out of the miners at the head of McMillan in six weeks.

Major Bliss of the Fort Selkirk contingent, is now on his way out. He had just reached Skagway when the City of Seattle sailed and is expected to arrive by the next steamer.

IT CAUSED A SENSATION.

O. A. Gregg Exposes Senator Templeman's Shortcomings.

VICTORIA, Jan. 7.—[Special.]—The sensational letter from O. A. Gregg exposing Senator Templeman's shortcomings was followed by an announcement today that a new liberal newspaper will be published in this city on February first. The new paper will be liberal in federal politics and preserve an independent attitude in provincial affairs. It is generally conceded on all sides that Senator Templeman is solely responsible for the split in the party, and Mr. Gregg's action is warmly endorsed on all sides. Mr. Gregg will be managing editor of the new paper, which has ample capital behind it.

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Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Ophir Mineral Claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: Between the Gold King and Coker Mining Claims on Red Mountain. Take notice that I, J. A. Kirk, acting as agent for the Jumbo Gold Mining Co., Ltd. (foreign) free miner's certificate No. 12,082A, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 1st day of November, 1898.
11-1-10
J. A. KIRK.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Oakland and Emma Weber mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On the west side of the middle fork of Sheep Creek, about two miles west of O. K. mine and adjoining the Cruiser mineral claim. Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (acting as agent for Joseph E. Walters, F. M. L. No. 3358) free miner's certificate No. 3403, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 17th day of November, 1898.
KENNETH L. BURNET.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

St. Bernard mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: One half mile southwest of the O. K. mine and is a re-locution of the St. Bernard, located 14th of April, 1895. Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet, (acting as agent for Victor Moulter, Esq.) free miner's certificate No. 3403 A, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 17th day of November, 1898.
KENNETH L. BURNET.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Big Bend Fraction, Double Fraction, Actua Fraction and Big Four Fraction mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: About one mile west of Rossland, B. C. and adjoining the MacPiper, St. Paul, Rainy Day, Black Rock, Bryn, Midnight and Sunnyside mineral claims. Take notice that Wm. E. Deveraux, acting as agent for Margaret Murry, Free Miner's Certificate No. 34,032A, intend 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 18th day of December, 1898.
WM. E. DEVERAUX, P. L. S.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

James Stanley mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On the north side of Rock Creek, south of the Winnie Davis mineral claim. Take notice that I, J. A. Kirk, acting as agent for A. G. Elliott, free miner's certificate No. 6604A, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 20th day of November, 1898.
12-8-10
J. A. KIRK.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Douglas mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On the north side of the trail, south of the Winnie Davis mineral claim. Take notice that I, O. E. N. Wilkie, F. M. C. No. 37,454A, acting as agent for R. H. Smith, free miner's certificate No. 12,492A, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 10th day of December, 1898.
2-8-10
O. E. N. WILKIE, P. L. S.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Aaron's Inlet, Aaron's Star, Aaron's Gem and Aaron's Fraction mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: East of the Columbia river, about five miles east of Waterloo, at the head of a creek. Take notice that I, F. A. Wilkin, acting as agent for Nils Pearson, free miner's certificate No. 9274A, and Wm. Gibson, free miner's certificate No. 9275A, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 21st day of December, 1898.
12-22-10
F. A. WILKIN.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Yreka Fraction and April Fool mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Deer Park mountain, about 1,500 feet west from the Rocker Creek. Take notice that I, J. A. Kirk, acting as agent for Fred J. Smith, free miner's certificate No. 3385 A, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 10th day of December, 1898.
12-22-10
J. A. KIRK.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

High Ore No. 2, North and Dandy No. 2 mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: About three miles southeast of Rossland, in the valley between Lake and Lookout mountains. Take notice that I, F. A. Wilkin, acting as agent for R. Miller, free miner's certificate No. 11,202A, intend 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvement.

Dated this 30th day of December, 1898. 12-22-10
F. A. WILKIN.

Liquidators' Sale of Unclaimed Shares.

Tenders will be received by me up to the 23rd of January, 1899, for the whole or any part of the unclaimed shares of the Carbonate Silver Mines, Limited, (non-personal liability). These shares are not claimed by the shareholders of the Carbonate Silver Mining Company Limited (Liability, under terms of sale to the Carbonate Silver Mines, Limited, (non-personal liability). Tenders must be accompanied by cash, draft or marked check for 25 per cent of the price bid for.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Dated this 23rd day of December, 1898.
LIQUIDATOR Carbonate Silver Mining Co., Ltd. Ly Rossland, B. C., Dec. 19th, 1898. 12-22-10

Le Roi Mining and Smelting Company.

Notice is hereby given that a general meeting of the Le Roi Mining and Smelting Company will be held at the offices of Messrs. Hamilton, Barristers, Rossland, B. C., on Tuesday, the seventh day of February, 1899, at eight o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of disposing of the whole or any portion of the assets, rights, privileges and franchises of the said company, and for such other business as may be lawfully brought before the meeting.

Dated this 6th day of January, A. D. 1899.
1-4-1
EDWIN DURANT, Secretary.

