

44TH YEAR

NO. 19274

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1908.—TEN PAGES

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Verdict of Murder in Hartwick Inquest Husband Accused of Dreadful Crime

Neighbors on Stand Testify To Finding of the Body.

Hartwick Had a Vision, He Said, Before He Killed His Wife.

Great Crowd Attended the Inquiry
Which Was Held At
Thorndale.

"That the said Jane Hartwick
was murdered by her husband,
James Hartwick, in the township
of West Nisour, on Feb. 2,
1908."

[By Our Own Reporter.]

The above terse statement was the finding of the following jury, which yesterday sat at the Hartwick inquest in Masonic Hall, Thorndale: Robert Kennedy (foreman), W. F. McGuffin, John Taylor, A. Weston, Thos. Hogg, Robt. Wright, Wm. McMartin, Wm. Lee, Jun., Joseph Harding, Joseph Laird, J. W. Evans and Geo. Dean.

Long before the hour of the inquest the boxlike town hall was filled to capacity.

The Inquest.

The inquest was conducted by Coroner Hughes, of Thorndale, and the witnesses were examined by Crown Attorney McKillop, who was accompanied to Thorndale by High Constable Hughes.

The first witness called was Mr. Hugh Day, a farmer residing on lot 15, concession 6, within a short distance of the scene of the murder.

Knew Them Five Years.

Mr. Day had known both Hartwick and his wife for upwards of five years, and had frequently heard disturbances at their home. At one time he had employed Hartwick at hoeing, and noted that frequently Hartwick would stop working suddenly while in the field, and stare upward for some time at some visionary object. These spells occurred as often as six times a day, and occurred always on occasions when Hartwick was perfectly sober. Witness had never heard Hartwick make any threats, but had seen him in an intoxicated condition on many occasions. At such times Hartwick was quarrelsome, and acted insanely.

Acted Peculiarly.

The witness had seen Hartwick a week previous to the tragedy, and had conversed with him. On the Saturday preceding the murder, Mr. Day had gone to London. He had seen Hartwick about his own home previous to witness' departure. On Sunday, the next day, witness had not seen any signs of life about the Hartwick house until 5 o'clock in the afternoon, when Hartwick came to the front door, stood there a few moments, then went inside again. Ten minutes later Hartwick again appeared, and this time did not go back, but made his way to Mr. Day's home, a short distance away.

Carried a Bible.

When Hartwick entered the house, after knocking, the witness noticed that he carried what later proved to be a Bible, wrapped up in a piece of newspaper. Hartwick appeared excited, and acted queerly. For some time after taking a seat by the fire he kept up a constant stream of senseless talk, the drift of which Mr. Day could not recollect. Finally Hartwick asked witness if he had a Bible in the house. "Why, you have one in your hand," was the reply.

"No, I haven't," answered Hartwick. "It is only a bundle of snow," Mr. Day then examined the parcel and found that it contained a Bible.

"Well, I had that parcel," declared Hartwick, "but I suppose I lost it on the road."

Witness had noted that Hartwick seemed nervous, and when he was asked of what use the snow was, Hartwick had not replied.

He Had a Vision.

Mr. Day stated that Hartwick had volunteered the information that he had recently had a vision. A spirit had told him to lay violent hands upon her. He and his wife had then had a racket.

Mr. Day, not suspecting the serious nature of Hartwick's offense, lectured him for attacking his wife, and said Hartwick was old enough to know better. Witness advised Hartwick to go home, and the latter replied that he could not, because there was blood in the bed and he couldn't sleep. Finally Hartwick had said: "The old lady is home alone, and there is no fire. I will go home." He then departed.

Witness Investigated.

The witness saw nothing more of Hartwick that night, but had seen lights in the Hartwick house previous to retiring.

The next morning Mr. Day saw no sign of life about the house. There was no smoke coming from the chimney. At 10:30 that morning (Monday), Mr. Day became suspicious and

What Will Be Done With Hartwick?

Is James Hartwick, the accused Cobble Hill murderer, trying to starve himself to death?

Since his arrest on Monday, Feb. 3, he has partaken of a slice of toast, a little meat, a potato or two, and perhaps two quarts of milk, all of which is scarcely enough to sustain a child for the period of time which has elapsed.

This morning the jail physician visited Hartwick's system with a stomach pump. However, the madman—if such he is—was induced to take a little toast and some warm milk, and the pump was laid aside until tomorrow, when it will be used if Hartwick refuses to take nourishment at that time.

The question of Hartwick's disposition is a most interesting one. Crown Attorney McKillop hasn't finally decided what to do with the man, but stated yesterday that in all probability he would be kept in jail until March 23, when he will be tried.

At times Hartwick seems sane, and again he is morose, sullen, and wild in appearance. His hands are still fastened to his waist with the regulation jail "muffs," in order to prevent him from doing himself bodily injury, or tearing his clothes off, as was his custom when first arrested.

Dr. MacArthur declares that Hartwick is insane.

Lorne Ave. School To Be Improved Four-Room Addition Sanctioned

City Architect Nutter Will Be Asked To Prepare the Plans.

At the meeting of the board of education yesterday afternoon it was decided to build a four-room addition to the Lorne avenue school.

City Architect Nutter will be asked to prepare plans for the building immediately, and the work will be rushed to completion.

Several amendments to the truancy act were recommended by Truant Officer Weil, and they will be considered by the board at its earliest convenience.

The sanitation and ventilation of Talbot street school will be improved as soon as can be arranged.

Considerable other business was transacted.

Principal's Report.

Principal McCutcheon reported the attendance at the Collegiate for the month of January as follows:

Upper School—On roll 55; average 55.

Middle School—On roll 156; average 138.

Lower School—On roll 410; average 360.

Commercial School—On roll 123; average 106.

Total on roll 747; average 659, an increase of 100.

Continued on Page Two.

Giant Delegation of Insurance Men Protest Against Clause of Measure

Government Interviewed By the Representatives of Fire and Life Associations.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 12.—The insurance bill came up at the committee on banking and commerce today. The room was crowded with insurance men, representing all branches of the business. There were representatives of the loan companies, the Land Mortgage Association, the Fire Underwriters' Association, the Ontario Local Fire Insurance Association, the Policyholders' Association, the Life

Underwriters' Association, and the British life companies doing business in Canada.

Would Prohibit Rebating.

Mr. Campbell, of Amport, representing the Ontario Local Fire Insurance Association, was the first speaker. His first proposition was that rebating should be prohibited. Those found guilty should be penalized, and a penalty should be provided against the agent, the insurer and the company. He wanted, in the interest of the companies and the public, that rebating should be entirely cut out, and the commission to the agent fixed at 15 per cent. At present the commission was not definitely fixed, although the general commission was 10 per cent.

(Continued on Page Nine.)

Catholic Population of London 5,150 Annual Report of Separate Schools

Total Assessment for Catholic School Purposes Reaches \$1,815,901.

The 56th annual report of the Catholic board of education for the city of London has been issued and contains a great deal of interesting information.

The total receipts for the year 1907 amounted to \$14,229.21, with an expenditure of \$12,775.80, leaving a balance of \$1,453.41 in the bank.

The assets of the board amount to \$62,288.41, with liabilities amounting to \$2,635.41, leaving a balance of \$59,653.

Receipts and Disbursements.

The receipts and disbursements during the past thirteen years, showing the growth of the schools, are as follows:

Year	Receipts	Disbursements
1895	\$5,574.25	\$4,838.63
1896	6,030.18	5,300.10
1897	6,174.74	5,461.91
1898	6,850.77	5,822.14
1899	7,251.43	6,059.55
1900	7,523.50	6,332.63
1901	8,177.15	7,388.02
1902	9,057.25	8,027.46
1903	9,585.23	8,552.54
1904	10,772.56	9,851.22
1905	12,563.33	12,775.80

Schools Assessment.

The total separate school assessment amounts to \$1,815,901. The total increase of city assessment in the past fourteen years is \$25,111.

The total taxes received from the city separate school assessment during the last fourteen years is \$9,079.87, an increase of \$5,722.

Teachers and Pupils.

The number of teachers and pupils in

each school is as follows:

St. Peter's—Six teachers; 175 pupils—104 boys, 71 girls.

St. Mary's—Four teachers; 175 pupils—104 boys, 71 girls.

Sacred Heart—Four teachers; 159 pupils—74 boys, 85 girls.

St. Nicholas—Two teachers; 64 pupils—31 boys, 33 girls.

St. Martin's—Two teachers; 33 pupils—16 boys, 17 girls.

St. John's—Two teachers; 61 pupils—28 boys, 33 girls.

St. Joseph's—One teacher; 30 pupils—16 boys, 14 girls.

Number of teaching days, 139.

Total number on the roll, 623.

Total average daily attendance, 623.

Total aggregate attendance, 122,356.

Percentage of average to total attendance, 81.6.

Cost per pupil enrolled, \$9.

Cost, including interest, sinking fund, etc., \$16 per pupil.

The cost per pupil throughout the year, \$19.06.

The number passing the entrance last year was 48-24 boys and 24 girls.

Catholic Population.

The total Catholic population of the city is 5,150, divided as follows:

Male, 2,411; female, 2,739; population, 5,150.

Male, 1,205; female, 1,205; population, 2,410.

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Former Londoner Injured in Wreck Wabash Express Strikes a Freight

Engineer James Black Painfully Hurt, But Will Recover— Two Others Suffer.

Engineer James Black, St. Thomas, son of Mr. Archie Black, sen., of the assessment department of London, was painfully injured in a collision

which occurred in the G. T. R. yards at Bridgeburg last night, between Wabash express No. 1, running out of Buffalo and a G. T. R. fast freight. Mr. Black was engineer on the express, and his injuries consist of severe bruises about the head and body. Fireman Schreiber, of St. Thomas, and Mr. Peter Humphrey, an 80-year-old passenger from Buffalo, were also slightly injured. The damage to the engines was not very great.

License Inspectors On the Warpath Provincial Official In London

An Interesting Statement of the Licenses Issued Here Since 1874.

Provincial Inspector Morrison arrived in the city this morning, and together with Inspector Galpin, is making an inspection of licenses in London.

Inspector Galpin has been a pretty busy man lately, and with the help of the police has succeeded in rounding up some delinquent hotelmen, who will shortly appear in the court.

When questioned this morning Inspector Galpin said there was nothing to say in the matter before it came to court, which would be very shortly.

The inspector and the magistrate find that their new plan of putting regularly-appearing drunks on the "Indian" list is having a decidedly beneficial effect.

The Indian List.

"There are now 65 names on the Indian list," said the inspector to The Advertiser this morning. That is just 30 more than there were six weeks ago.

Carpenters still lead in the occupations of the men on the list, there being seven of them.

Tailors and cigarmakers are a close second.

There are men of every occupation on the list.

Interesting List.

Inspector Galpin has prepared an interesting list, showing the licenses issued every year on London for the past 34 years.

London, with a population of 20,000 in 1874, had 118 places where liquor could be procured publicly.

Old residents say there was a bar on every corner.

All around the edge of the city there were numerous saloons, and it is stated that between London and (Continued on Page Eight.)

WOODS' FAIR

February Sale Prices Every Day This Month
Basement Bargains All Over the Basement

This sale is genuine, everything as we advertise.
Come every day and look for the Blue Pencil Price Cards.

TOILET SETS	Sale Price.	GLASSWARE	Sale Price.
\$1.75 Printed Toilet Sets, 6-piece	\$1.50	Lamp Chimneys, all sizes 5c	
\$2.25 Printed Toilet Sets, 10-piece	\$1.75	Cut Glass Jugs, regular	\$2.00
\$3.00 Printed Toilet Sets, 10-piece	\$2.25	Cut Glass Jugs, regular	\$1.50
\$3.75 Printed Toilet Sets, 10-piece	\$2.75	Gas Globes, regular 25c 15c	
\$3.95 Printed Toilet Sets, 10-piece	\$2.95	Custard Cups, regular 8c, 5c	
\$4.50 Printed Toilet Sets, 10-piece	\$3.25	Glass Egg Cups, double 5c	
		Table Tumblers, two for 5c	

CHINA	Sale Price.	HARDWARE	Sale Price.
35c Cups and Saucers	.25c	5c Chopping Knives, 2 for 5c	
25c Cups and Saucers	.18c	10c Tack-Hammers	.7c
15c Cups and Saucers	.12c	15c Nail-Hammers	.10c
10c Cups and Saucers	.8c	15c Screwdrivers	.10c
Any 25c piece China	.19c	10c Shelf Brackets	.5c
Any 50c piece China	.38c	10c Ice-Picks	.7c
Any 75c piece China	.55c	10c Pliers	.7c
Any \$1.00 piece China	.75c	1 lb. Assorted Wire Nails 3c	
One-quarter off regular price on all China in our Art Room. Fancy Lamps and Dinnerware.		5c Cork Pullers, 2 for 5c	
		10c Nickel Towel Bars	.7c

Don't forget our display of Fine Embroideries on the Main Floor. Everybody is delighted with the dainty patterns and the prices are lower than others will ask you for them.

WOODS' FAIR

J. M. THOMSON

CANADIAN

Mrs. H. McCarthy, of Camden East, is dead.

Mrs. Alex. Parks, of Hespeler, is dead, aged 80.

Mrs. Cornelia M. Miller, aged 70, is dead at Belleville.

The postoffice at Cottam, Ont., was robbed and stamps worth \$30 taken.

Dr. J. K. Riddell who died in New York, was buried at Orangeville.

Norman Ross has been re-elected president of the Owen Sound board of trade.

The total revenue for all purposes of Lakeside Presbyterian Church was \$2,355.

Local option stands in Millbrook, no errors having been discovered by the recount.

The prisoners in Peterboro county jail are killing the rats that infest the place.

John R. McCowan, Inspector-General of Newfoundland, is dead at Montreal, aged 65.

E. H. Miner is to build a new rubber factory at Granby, Quebec, to fight the combine.

The new Presbyterian Church at St. George was dedicated by Rev. Dr. McTavish Sunday.

John Paul, an Indian lad, aged 15, was sentenced at London to two years for theft and arson.

Charles Morrow, of Windsor, is under arrest charged with stealing a quantity of jewelry.

George Jasperson's tobacco factory at Kingsville, was completely destroyed by fire on Sunday.

The pupils of the North Ward School, Peterboro, ran around the room to keep warm.

There will be no increase in civic salaries in Hamilton, in order to keep the tax rate to 20 mills.

A Caughnawaga Indian couple named Ishakio have celebrated their 39th anniversary of their marriage.

Reginald C. Boulbee, a young Englishman of Montreal, dropped dead on Saturday afternoon while skating.

Emesto Casseri, an Italian of Montreal, was shot during a brawl on Saturday, and is in a dying condition.

The Hotel Quinte at Belleville is to be opened on Feb. 27 with a public banquet to Mr. Harry Corby, ex-M. P.

Last week Hamilton had three cases of diphtheria, one of scarlet fever, four of chickenpox and six of mumps.

The Pere Marquette will close the roadway leading to Fraser Heights, as it is dangerous to vehicular traffic.

Mrs. Geo. Thurgarland and Mr. John

A STRONG PLEA FOR THE "TECH"

Notable Address Before Legislature By Hon. Harcourt.

DEBATE ON THRONE SPEECH

Smith, of the Soo, Shows How Liberal Policies Have Developed New Ontario.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Jan. 12.—The resumed debate on the reply to the speech from the throne took an unexpected turn yesterday in the Legislature. It was anticipated that Mr. Smith (Soo), would lead off for the Opposition, but instead Hon. Mr. Harcourt rose to speak for an hour on the subject of the establishment of technical schools throughout the Province as a means for fitting boys for the skilled handicrafts. He even went so far as to favor compulsory attendance at such schools from the ages of 13 to 16. He was followed by Mr. McGarry (S. Renfrew), who took advantage of the latitude allowed in the debate on the address to criticize the Dominion Government in the case of the Hamilton radical bill. He ascribed to the Ontario Opposition a sympathy with Liberal tactics at Ottawa, rather than a loyal support of the Ontario Government. Next Mr. Smith (Soo), took his innings, and was "not out" when time was called at 5:30. He confessed that Mr. Cochrane's bill, giving New Ontario settlers the mineral rights on their properties had "stolen his suit of clothes," but averred that the Opposition was prepared to don a new suit of policy every day. The chief point made by Mr. Smith was his recital of the case of a dismissed constable, since deceased, and the disposition of an annuity granted him by the Provincial Government, and put in the hands of a prominent Algonquin Conservative. Mr. Smith made out a very striking case, but it is expected that a different face will be put upon it by following Government speakers. Mr. Ganey will take up the debate after Mr. Smith.

Bryan a Spectator.

Mr. William Jennings Bryan was for fifteen minutes an interested spectator of the House's proceedings. He was introduced to the Premier, and was offered a seat on the floor of the chamber, but preferred to exercise his prerogative as a newspaperman by taking a seat in the press gallery.

Harcourt's Strong Plea.

Mr. Harcourt, after saying it was a very short notice that he found himself addressing the House, devoted a few words of kindly congratulation to the speeches of the mover and seconder of the reply. He said his own remarks were to be offered more as suggestions than as criticisms. Quoting from the speech from the throne the paragraph referring to the grants to education, he declared that that subject was more important even than power, law reform, or any other matter before the people. No one had ever heard him (Mr. Harcourt) carp at any waste expenditure for education, and it had often been his task to ask for large sums for that cause. The time had come for a greater extension of technical education, and he meant to make an especial plea for one branch of technical education—industrial or vocational education, which should help and instruct workers in the trades. The learned professions have been over-generously dealt with, but there are no educational pathways leading to a single trade. The Province had done nothing for the laboring with the head, but little for those working with their hands. Manual training schools had done good in a cultural way, but they had not given recruits to the industrial trades. The laboring classes had never been unfriendly to trades schools, which give additional honors and opportunities to craftsmen.

The Weak Spot.

If a weak spot or a deficiency exists in the school system of Ontario, it is that it should be early found and remedied. The Province should consider what other countries had done, and copy their good points.

Mr. Harcourt claimed that there was a direct connection between efficiency of education and industrial activity. In the United States the term is longer than in any other state of the union, and the industrial activity of the state was just twice as much as the other states, while the average yearly wage in Massachusetts is \$85.75 higher than in all the other states.

In certain Swiss cantons, boys are required to attend industrial schools, while there are thousands of such schools in Germany and France. Switzerland had sent to the power plant at Niagara Falls pieces of massive machinery, which could not be made at Pittsburgh, and Mr. Harcourt claimed that the little republic's prominence in certain lines was due to its industrial schools.

Poor School Attendance.

Mr. Harcourt said a serious condition was revealed by the school attendance statistics for 1906. In the rural schools there were 66,000 pupils in the first reader, half as many in the second reader, and only 9,000 in the fifth reader. In the urban schools there were 74,000 pupils in the first reader, 27,000 in the second, and only 7,000 in the fifth reader. What became of these children in the intervening period before they adopted haphazard into various employments, but not equipping themselves for their life work. How much better the system which sent the boy to an industrial school from his thirteenth to his fifteenth or sixteenth year. If Ontario could not adopt the compulsory system it should at least copy the example of Maine, Illinois, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania and other states, by authorizing the establishment of optional industrial schools.

Mr. Harcourt claimed that upon the Federal authorities fell much of the responsibility for the great subject of

trades schools, and he hoped that that Government would do its whole duty in this behalf. The resulting industrial benefit would be five times the amount in money, the amount of any grant made. He hoped, too, that the Ontario Government would move in the same direction.

Smith of the Soo.

Mr. Smith (Soo) regretted that he had not immediately followed the mover and seconder of the address on Thursday, because in the interval, the Government had "stolen a suit of clothes" from him by introducing a bill benefiting the settlers in the northern districts, which, said Mr. Smith, was only common justice. Yet this very legislation had been termed "baldersdash" by the Premier last year.

Mr. Smith then pointedly asked what the Conservative party had ever done for provincial rights. If it had not been for the Liberal party, Ontario would have had only 180,000, instead of 228,000 square miles of territory.

Mr. Smith claimed that Northern Ontario was not satisfied with the Government which had dismissed all the J. P. magistrates. He said that the Manitoulin Railway had not yet been built. The Conservatives, in opposition, had opposed the Soo guarantee as a waste of \$2,000,000, but Mr. Smith pointed out that the Soo industries had since manufactured \$20,000,000 worth of steel rails, and had paid out \$6,000,000 in wages.

Mr. Smith rallied the Minister of Agriculture on having bid \$1,500 for a fine acre, which on being delivered at the Ontario Agricultural College, was found to be blind. If the minister did not choose immigrants in better fashion, the province would not benefit much.

Mr. Smith next sprang, with fine dramatic effect, the most sensational feature of his speech. He told of John Tansey, an Irishman, who, after seeing service with the British army, had come to Ontario. After serving for over twenty years as a Central Prison guard and a constable in New Ontario, he was summarily dismissed, as a result of the spoils system, by the present Government. His health had failed, and a few weeks ago he died a pauper at the Soo, and was buried in a pauper's grave, there being no funds to send the body to his home at Blind River, or bring his wife and children to the funeral. The Government's generosity had last year granted Tansey a gratuity of \$100 and this was ordered to be sent to him.

But, instead of going direct to them, the check for \$100 was sent to John Muncester, jun., president of the Blind River Conservative Association.

Mr. Smith then read the original of a letter, written last July, by Mr. Muncester, who is a bookkeeper at Blind River, in which he informed Tansey that he had received the check for the gratuity. He was deducting from it the amount of Tansey's bill, \$85.74, which left a balance of \$14.26 in Tansey's favor, and he asked whether he would remit it to the Soo, where Tansey then was, or hold it till Tansey returned to Blind River. Muncester said he was charging no interest on the account, and he hoped that Tansey was getting along all right. He had expected that the gratuity would be \$200 or \$300 at least. "This man was of the same race and faith as the Attorney-General," cried Mr. Smith, passionately. "He was a poor Irishman, who had served his King and this Province, and he was left to die like a dog? Who will be held responsible for this? Who will answer to his wife and his starving family? Will the Attorney-General answer to that? Will the Attorney-General answer to that? Will the Attorney-General answer to that?"

Mr. Smith after urging an export duty on pulpwood, the construction of colonization roads to tap the hinterland, and other New Ontario reforms, moved the adjournment of the debate, and will continue his speech when the debate is resumed.

After adjournment Mr. Smyth (Algonquin), gave his version of the Tansey affair. He said that Tansey had not been working for a couple of years and his family was supported by other citizens. Conservatives and Liberals, in urging the Government to give Tansey's family a gratuity of \$200 or \$300, and meanwhile Mr. Muncester had neglected his duty. The Government had granted \$100, and Dr. Bruce Smith, Inspector of prisons, had directed that it should not be given directly to Tansey, while Mrs. Tansey had expressed the wish that Mr. Muncester should handle the money, and she feared her husband would not apply it properly.

TURNED BACK.

Toronto, Feb. 11.—Three people in two weeks have been turned back at Suspension Bridge or stopped in time at Queenston by United States immigration officer as being unfit to enter the States. First was a man who went to get new legs at Buffalo, and as the latest is a young girl who had come to friends in Pittsburgh. She had been pronounced a feeble invalid, and she would not be allowed to cross the border. She returned to the hospital.

The Right Pronunciation.

Recently in England the mind of the public has been much exercised by the correct pronunciation of the word "Bovril," the name of the well-known preparation of beef. A consensus of opinion has been obtained by the proprietors of the preparation. As many as 90,640 voted for "Bovril" and that seems to have been the favorite pronunciation. Mr. Brain, of Shirehampton, near Bristol, secured a prize of £100, by giving the exact number of the majority of persons voting for "Bovril."

Whether pronounced "Bo-vril" or "Bovril," the preparation is very acceptable at this time of the year.

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses renovated and stuffed also manufactured. Cushions and Spring Beds. Brass and Iron Beds, Trunk Beds, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory, J. F. HUNT & SONS, 26 Richmond Street, Phone 997.

A few days ago David Pinzee of Salem, Mass., bought several hundred thousand acres of the "wild lands" of Maine, thereby becoming possessor of a tract of land larger than the entire State of Rhode Island. It is the best hunting ground in the eastern part of the United States.

Weather
Probs:
MILD
WITH RAIN

Smallman & Ingram
THE SATISFACTORY STORE PHONE 655

Wednesday
Feb. 12

STORE NEWS TODAY.

New Arrivals—Hosiery

No. 300 1 and 1 Ribbed Cashmere
Hose, 35c to 50c Pair, For
Ladies and Children

This brand, No. 300, is well and favorably known to our customers, and we are pleased to announce that we have just received a brand new stock, complete in all sizes, 4 to 10 inches.

This brand must be far above the average quality, as it has become so well known that many customers, instead of asking for fine ribbed cashmere hose, ask for brand No. 300, which again reminds us that VALUE IS REMEMBERED.

These are 1 and 1 ribbed fine cashmere hose, extra SPICED HEEL and TOE, sizes 4 to 10 inch. And in sizes 4 to 8 for children and misses, extra spliced heel and toe and DOUBLE KNEES. Prices run, according to size, pair.....30c to 50c

If you have been unable to get your sizes in these, lay in your supply now, while this lot lasts.

Men's Socks, The "Craftana"
Make, 35c or 3 Pairs for \$1

Owing to the increasing demand for our "Craftana" Socks for men, our supply was exhausted early in the season. Anticipating this we placed large repeat order, but owing to delay in delivery, these have only now arrived. In the meantime many have been disappointed and many, we know, are waiting for this shipment. They are now here in all sizes, 2 and 1 ribbed "Craftana."

Here are some special features: "Craftana" socks are ABSOLUTELY SEAMLESS; in BLACK and NATURAL; made on the GRADUATED PRINCIPLE, starting with TWO THREADS IN THE TOP it increases in WEAR RESISTING PROPERTIES as it descends—thus the LEG HAS THREE THREADS, the INSTEP and FOOT FOUR, and the HEEL and TOE FIVE. By this process the weight and strength are where they are most needed—IN THE FEET.

If you are not wearing "Craftana" Socks give them a trial. Satisfaction and wear guaranteed. Pair, 35c, 3 for \$1.00

New Chamois Gloves, 95c to \$1.50 Pair

Washable, Serviceable and Fashionable

These are very scarce and difficult to procure in quantities at the present time. The last importation we received some weeks ago. EVERY PAIR was SOLD IN ONE WEEK. In this lot we have three times the quantity, and by the number of inquiries of late we would guess that this stock will be exhausted before all are supplied. We have them in two-clasp and elbow-length, at.....95c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50

Two-Clasp, 95c

White Chamois Gloves, over seams, self and black embroidered points, two-clasp, at per pair.....95c

STORE CLOSURE
AT 6 O'CLOCK
EVERY DAY
SATURDAY
INCLUDED.

Smallman & Ingram
THE SATISFACTORY STORE PHONE 655

149 to 153
Dundas
Street

LORNE AVENUE SCHOOL

(Continued From Page One.)

crease of 250 over the corresponding month last year.

Mr. R. A. Little was placed in charge of the upper assembly-room during the illness of Mr. McVicar.

Inspector Edwards' Report.

Inspector Edwards reported that in January there were 5,724 pupils enrolled in the public schools, an increase of 75 over the same month in 1907.

The average attendance was 4,664, an increase of 114 over January, 1907. He also reported that on Wednesday, Jan. 5, the east rooms of Chesley Avenue school were closed because of the cold, and on Monday, Jan. 10, two rooms had been dismissed owing to the same cause.

In answer to a question by Trustee Teasdale, Inspector Edwards said that the furnaces in Chesley Avenue school are too small.

The matter was referred to No. 2 committee.

Truant Officer's Report.

Truant Officer Weir reported he had visited all the schools, and had announced three truants during the month.

As the truancy act is to be discussed shortly, Mr. Weir made the following suggestions regarding it:

1. That there should be an educational as well as an age requirement.

2. That children who arrive at the age of 14 years in the middle of a school term be required to complete the term.

3. That in cities, towns and other places, where there are kindergartens, the school age should be lowered from 8 to 7 or less.

4. That truant officers should not be required to serve written notices on manufacturers or other employers of child labor before beginning legal proceedings.

5. That some provision should be made for dealing with confirmed truants by corporal punishment or confinement in industrial or truancy schools.

The report was sent to No. 1 committee.

Lorne Avenue School.

Trustee MacRobert, chairman of No. 2 committee, reported, and recommended that the present school accommodation of Talbot street school be replaced by a water system, and the ventilation of the four upper rooms be improved as soon as possible.

It was also recommended that a four-room addition be made to Lorne Avenue school, the work to be commenced as soon as possible.

Steps were recommended to be taken to enlarge the Lorne Avenue school grounds.

The report of No. 2 also recommended that a new room be opened in the Chesley Avenue school, at the head of the stairs, that the teachers' room in Aberdeen school be improved; that a new electric clock be installed in the Collegiate Institute; that a 15-gallon boiler be placed in the domestic school

ence department, and that the basement of St. George's school be improved.

The report was adopted.

The City Architect.

The appointment of Mr. A. E. Nutter as city architect was brought to the notice of the board of education.

Trustee MacRobert asked whether the board of education would be required to pay the architect at the regular rate of 4 per cent or 5 per cent on contracts.

Chairman Graham was not in a position to answer the question definitely, but he thought that the board would be called upon to pay an equitable proportion of the cost of the architect's services.

Trustee Fitzgerald thought that the board of education was in a position to appoint its own architect, and that the city council and the board of health could not legislate for the board of education as these bodies seemed so anxious to do.

Trustee Fitzgerald did not think that the council would change the regular rates, as in that case the amount of work done might bring the fees over \$1,000 and the council would make money out of the board of education. He thought that the board would only be required to pay a proportion of the cost of the city architect's salary.

School Plans.

Trustee MacRobert brought up the matter of the enlargement of Lorne Avenue school, and thought the board of education should engage Mr. Nutter to prepare plans for this school. He was to do the city work, and as he was a capable man he could also do the work for the board satisfactorily.

Trustee Fitzgerald thought the work should be done by Mr. Nutter, provided a satisfactory agreement was reached regarding the salary. He would refuse to pay on the percentage basis, but was willing to pay a proportionate part of the salary of Mr. Nutter.

It was unanimously decided to engage Mr. Nutter, provided that an agreement with the council can be arranged.

Flowers for Schools.

Mr. C. P. Butler wrote regarding the grant of \$10 made by the Horticultural Society to each school, provided that the board make a similar grant for the purpose of improving school grounds. No. 1.

A communication from Mr. Butler was also received regarding the distribution of seeds, and it was also sent to No. 1.

Mr. H. A. Walker applied for position as examiner for entrance examination. No. 1.

Those present were Trustee C. M. R. Graham, chairman; Trustees Westervelt, Hamilton, Tink, Teasdale, Fitzgerald, Grainger, McCormick, Weekes and MacRobert.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE

Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the improved flower. Heals the inflamed mucous membrane, cures the throat and permanently cures the bladder. Dr. A. W. Chase, 1000 Broad Street, New York City.

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DR

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LONDON, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 12.

THE SUFFRAGETTES AGAIN.

The Greeks entered Troy by concealing themselves in a wooden horse. Yesterday the English suffragettes invaded the precincts of Parliament by hiding in furniture vans. The Greeks surprised the Trojans and captured the city. The suffragettes, the dispatches tell us, got close to the point of attack before being discovered, but here the parallel stops. Unlike the Greek besiegers the ladies made no further progress. They tried to rush the doors of the House of Commons lobby, but ran into the arms of London bobbies, who were more successful than the Trojan defenders.

The suffragettes have been held up to scorn and ridicule, but there is method in their madness. By these militant tactics they are forcing the question of woman suffrage upon the attention of the public, of Parliament, and the press. They have determined to fight every Government which refuses their demands. Their leaders took the stump and canvassed against the Liberal candidates in the recent by-elections. It may be that they were a factor in striking series of Unionist victories. They are mostly women of education and of good families, and as they are ready to be martyred for their faith, they are not a force to be despised, and politicians will have to reckon with them sooner or later.

It remains to be seen whether the suffragettes represent merely a select class, or whether there is a widespread demand for the ballot among the women of the Kingdom. The unusual number of unmarried women in England of high social position, who are restrained by custom and convention from engaging in any gainful occupation, and who seek for some vent for their energies, probably accounts in a degree for the aggressiveness of the woman's suffrage movement there.

TUBERCULOSIS DECREASING.

If a medical report made to the British Local Government Board, and recently published, is to be relied on, tuberculosis is decreasing at an extraordinary rate in England and Wales. The report, which is the result of years of investigation by one of the Government inspectors, shows that while in 1828 the disease was responsible for no less than 29,025 deaths, or 23.9 for each 10,000 of population, in 1906, in face of a great increase of population, the mortality from consumption fell to 29,746, or 11.5 per 10,000.

All the credit for this lessening of the ravages of the disease cannot be given to the discovery of the tubercle bacillus, and the consequent legislation designed to prevent the sale of meat and milk from tuberculous cattle, for, as the report points out, Koch's discovery was not made known until 1882, and it was not until some years later that it had any effect upon legislation; yet the mortality from consumption in 1885 was less than one-half that in 1828. Nor would it seem that the decline is to be ascribed to sanatoria, for in 1885 there were few, if any, of these in operation. The report inclines to the belief that the cause is to be found in a gradual weakening of the virulent power of the hostile bacillus, combined with a simultaneous increase in the power of resistance of the human body. Post-mortem examinations have demonstrated that tuberculosis is far less fatal than it once was, and that many persons dying from other diseases present unmistakable traces of having been infected by tuberculosis at some other period, and of having overcome the tendency of the infected portion of lung to soften and disintegrate. Hence it is inferred that the consumption bacillus, no matter by what means it reached the lungs, may either lapse for a long period or permanently into a passive state, or be roused into activity by external means harmful to health.

To the lay mind the weak point in this explanation is that it applies only to England and Wales. In other countries, including Canada, consumption is generally believed to be on the increase.

"NEW BRITISH COLUMBIA."

This Province has its New Ontario and the Coast Province its New British Columbia, a region of vast potentialities, like Ontario's northern domain.

The British Columbia papers com-

ment on the movement to New British Columbia, which has already set in. Says the Victoria Colonist:

"This is a very promising sign, presaging, we confidently believe, unprecedented activity all along the coast. The determination of the Grand Trunk Pacific to rush work at Prince Rupert and Kitimaat is, of course, in itself sufficient to induce a special interest in the section indicated; but other districts, notably Queen Charlotte Islands, are attracting widespread attention. With a wealth of undiscovered resources and presenting alluring opportunities for the miner, merchant and capitalist, it is not surprising that the north should just now be looming very large in the public eye; and we anticipate that at the end of 1908 we shall have to record the busiest season in the history of what Premier McBride so happily termed 'New British Columbia.'"

New British Columbia, like New Ontario, is especially rich in minerals and timber. The incalculable wealth of the northern mainland has been hitherto almost inaccessible, but the Grand Trunk Pacific will open up the country and do for British Columbia what the Temiskaming Railway did for this Province. One immediate result will be the employment of many thousands of men on the western section of the road, and permanent settlement will follow in their wake. The variety and extent of the resources of British Columbia are such as to make it probably the only Province which will one day rival Ontario in greatness. Its development has only begun; there is an enormous area which is practically unexplored.

London is putting up too much money for necessities at present to think of the luxury of a new city hall.

A Provincial election in June is freely predicted. The Whitney Government cannot honestly boast, "What we have, we'll hold."

Mr. W. J. Bryan sat in the press gallery of the Ontario Legislature yesterday. The principal speaker was Mr. Harcourt, and it is safe to say that Mr. Bryan never heard a better speech in a state legislature, if Mr. Harcourt was in his usual form.

Here is the record of Federal by-elections since 1904:

	Lib. Cons. Labor.
Nova Scotia	3 1
New Brunswick	2 1
Quebec	14 1
Ontario	10 7
Saskatchewan	2 0
Alberta	2 0
British Columbia	1 0

Nothing short of a political earthquake will defeat the Government this year or next year. There is no sign of such an upheaval, and the Opposition cannot honestly profess to see one.

Where and how did that story originate that the Hon. Adam Beck objects to the radial railway bill for the reason that the radial company will have the right to deliver electric power along the line of its railway, and he doesn't think it ought to be allowed to compete with the municipalities which are to take power from the Government commission?—Hartford Herald.

It probably originated in Mr. Beck's organ, which advocated a monopoly of the field by the hydro-electric commission and the municipalities taking power from it. As Mr. Beck disclaims any such idea, the organ will no doubt change its tune.

A HINT.

[Chicago News.]
I love little children,
So charming and sweet,
The sound of their feet,
I'm fond of the youngsters,
But still, for all that,
It's sign that I want them
To sit on my hat.

I'll fondle the babies
And bow on my knee,
The rosy-tipped children,
Whoever they be,
But still, though I love
All the babies so true,
I don't want their finger-marks
Left on my shoe.

My heart is a playground,
Where children may run;
I want all the toddlers
To roll in my fun,
But though my heart beats
For each sturdy young chap,
I don't want ankles well
Spilled into my lap.

NOT A PLAIN COOK.

[Exchange.]
Misses—See here, Jane, I can't have you entertaining company in my kitchen all the time.
New Cook—Faith, 'it do be your own fault, ma'am. Yes should've advertised for a plain cook.

MONEY TO THE HEATHEN.

[Judge.]
Missionary—Do you ever contribute money for the heathen in foreign lands?
Millionaire—Oh, yes. Both of my daughters married foreign noblemen.

COMMON THIEVES.

[Toronto Globe.]
Canadian shipping applies to Britain as a rule, but for a few cents' worth of old lead runs many dollars' worth of offenders have no claim to leniency of consideration.

GETTING THE TEA HABIT.

[New York Sun.]
Tea tools are becoming quite the daily function here. The afternoon highball is giving way slowly but surely before the beverage which cheers but does not inebriate, and among the clubs and also the offices in the business section of the city five o'clock tea is now an acknowledged feature in New York life. Uptown the recognized custom, hour, and practically the only time in the day when a

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO. WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1908.

THE CAREER OF "ICE KING" MORSE

Made a Fortune By Cornering Ice During New York's Hottest Summer.

New York, Feb. 11.—The career of Charles W. Morse, the "Ice King," who is reported to have fled from New York to escape his numerous creditors and the grand jury investigation now in progress, and whose fortune of \$200,000,000 is said to have been wiped out by recent financial troubles, is a most remarkable one.

In many respects the career of Morse has been more spectacular than that of any financier who ever came to New York city and made and lost millions here, says the New York World. In all of his great undertakings there was always something which made him, notwithstanding his great wealth, persona non grata with the substantial element in Wall street, the men who finally determined to crush him.

DEPOSITS AND CALL LOANS OUTSIDE OF CANADA.

[Monetary Times.]
"The Canadian banks loan their money on call in New York, and neglect Canada," is a frequent cry. But the depositor outside of Canada is seldom considered. Here is a table showing the deposits elsewhere than in Canada, and the call loans elsewhere than in Canada during 1907:
Deposits elsewhere than in Canada.
January \$1,201,448
February 82,204,962
March 61,133,725
April 64,890,171
May 53,494,060
June 59,176,306
July 58,421,023
August 56,094,324
September 60,219,320
October 54,236,629
November 62,815,090
December 64,191,182
Totals \$724,718,647
Call loans outside of Canada.
January \$3,079,637
February 5,848,496
March 51,300,792
April 48,439,477
May 52,381,678
June 52,386,972
July 60,623,114
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October 47,446,485
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Totals \$675,679,973

GENIUS.

[Chicago Record-Herald.]
"Genius," said the man who is fond of being mistaken for a philosopher, "is only the capacity to take infinite pains." "Yes," replied the chronic cynic, "I knew a man who worked for five years trying to whitewash a clock out of a solid block of wood."

PARENTAL INCONSISTENCY.

[Judge.]
Mamma—Now, Willie, I don't want to hear you using any more slang. I want you to cut it out.

LITTLE AT TIME.

[Life.]
He—Did you tell your father, darling?
She—I told him I was engaged, dear, but to whom. He is not well, and I thought I would break it to him gradually.

WHEN HE FOUGHT BEST.

[Catholic Standard and Times.]
"Yes," said the typhoid germ, "it's a funny thing about me."
"What's that?" asked the germ microbe.
"Why, I do my best fighting when I'm drunk."

NOT GUILTY.

[Frankfort Witzblatt.]
Mother—You and Willie have been at my cherries again. I found the stones in the nursery.
Johnny—I wasn't me, mother, 'cause I swallowed all the stones of mine.

LEAP YEAR TRAGEDY.

[Philadelphia Telegraph.]
The girl proposed.
Her luck was bad—
The chap she preferred her
To his dad.

A LITERAL YOUTH.

[Harper's Weekly.]
"Why, Johnny," said Mrs. Muggins, "what are you doing here? Is Willie's party over?"
"None," blubbered Johnny. "But the minute I got inside the house Willie's father told me to make myself at home, and I came."

ANTICIPATING HIM.

[Puck.]
French tact is proverbial. A rather tiresome marquis came up yawning to the Prince de Ligne, of the court of Louis XVI.
That was exactly what I was going to say to you," observed the prince, suavely.

THE ETERNAL GATE.

[John Greenleaf Whittier.]
Far off, and faint as echoes of a dream,
The songs of boyhood seem,
Yet on our autumn boughs, unfound
With spring, the thrushes sing.

The hour draws near, how'er delayed
And late,
When at the Eternal Gate,
We leave the words and works we call
Our own,
And lift our hands alone.

For love to fill Our nakedness of soul
For love to that Gate no toll;
Giftless we come, to Him, who all
Things gives,
And live because He lives.

REALISM.

[Life.]
Tommy—Ma, may I make 'ilvers I'm entertainin' another little boy?
Mother—Certainly, dear.
Tommy—All right. Gimme some cake for him, then!

AN INSPIRED INTRODUCTION.

[Booklover.]
Mark Twain says the only introduction to a literary audience that he ever had that seemed to him the right word in the right place, a real inspiration, was as follows:
Ladies and Gentlemen—I shall not waste unnecessary time in the introduction. I don't know anything about this man—at least, I only know two things about him—one is that he has never been in prison, and the other is, I can't see why he hasn't.

THEY CAN BOAST.

[Chicago Record-Herald.]
"It was very unfortunate about my cousin Mame and Mr. Jennings. You know they were married last Thursday, but neither of them has been out of the house since. They had both caught the mumps from her little brother Willie."
"That was too bad, indeed. Still, they can always boast that they had a swell wedding."

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[Booklover.]
Mark Twain says the only introduction to a literary audience that he ever had that seemed to him the right word in the right place, a real inspiration, was as follows:
Ladies and Gentlemen—I shall not waste unnecessary time in the introduction. I don't know anything about this man—at least, I only know two things about him—one is that he has never been in prison, and the other is, I can't see why he hasn't.

THEY CAN BOAST.

[Chicago Record-Herald.]
"It was very unfortunate about my cousin Mame and Mr. Jennings. You know they were married last Thursday, but neither of them has been out of the house since. They had both caught the mumps from her little brother Willie."
"That was too bad, indeed. Still, they can always boast that they had a swell wedding."

WRECKED BANK

Took All Cash

Rich Hill, Mo., Feb. 12.—Securing \$12,000 in cash after dynamiting and totally wrecking the \$9,000 building of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank in this city, five bandits heavily armed terrorized the town here early today, and after exchanging shots with several armed citizens, escaped to the rough country south of here. No one was injured either the shots or the explosion. The dynamiting of the vault of the bank awakened the town, and the population hurried to the bank building. Many arrived in time to see the robbers hiding away. Some of the citizens opened fire, which was returned by the fugitives.

Cashier J. W. Jamison said the thieves had secured all the available cash in the bank. The building was completely wrecked, and many neighboring structures shattered by the explosion. The sheriff of the county organized a posse, but as the robbers secured a good start there is little prospect of their being overtaken.

POWER BEHIND A THRONE

Sir Robert Hart, China's Great Man, Going Home.

London, Feb. 11.—An imperial edict was gazetted in Peking recently granting Sir Robert Hart, Inspector-General of the Chinese Maritime Customs, leave of absence on the ground of ill-health. The edict is couched in very flattering terms, and as a special mark of imperial favor, the rank of president of the board is conferred upon him.

Sir Robert Bredon takes over Sir Robert Hart's duties as acting inspector-general, and has been promoted to the rank of lieutenant-governor and provincial treasurer.

Sir Robert Hart is granted two years' leave of absence, and it may be inferred that his return to the Chinese service is quite unlikely, as he is now seventy-three.

He made his first journey there in 1854, and in all the years since then has only twice revisited his home—in 1866 and 1879. Lady Hart and his children have been awaiting his return for twenty years.

Born at Portland, in County Antrim, the son of a millowner, Robert Hart went out to China in 1854 as a student interpreter in the British consular office. In 1859 he accepted a post in the Chinese Maritime Customs. Four years later he became inspector-general, and since that time has been the trustee of all European interests in China. He refused to become British Minister in Peking.

He elected instead to be one of the chief forces for progress in the Celestial Empire. With Oriental ingratitude, the Peking Government two years ago unceremoniously attempted to place Chinese officials in supreme control of the customs, on which European loans to China are secured.

In 1882 he was knighted, being promoted to a baronetcy in 1893. For many years past 6,000 employees have worked under the direction of the little grey autocrat of Peking. No foreigner knows so much of the inner workings of Chinese life.

Writing to a friend in England in 1906, Sir Robert said: "I was photographed myself the other day; allow me to send you a copy. Is it at all recognizable? I am still alone; Lady Hart and the young people—I have now three grandchildren—are at home, where they have been waiting for my return over twenty years."

What a slice to be cut out of a domestic life! However, the facts of years and slipping away, and both youth and middle age are things of the past. I am now an old—a very old man. I hope to be freed from harness next year."

KING'S CHARMED LIFE

Spain's Monarch Has Another Narrow Escape From Death.

London, Feb. 11.—King Alfonso has once more escaped death by the merest of chance, and may well be excused if he imagines he bears a charmed life. He and a party were out boar hunting, the king's immediate attendant being the Duke of Tarancon. Presently a big tusker made a dash from the undergrowth and charged straight at them, but was promptly bowled over by his majesty. Thinking the animal was dead the king laid his gun on the ground and went forward to inspect the dead tusker.

Only a nimble leap to one side saved the king, while a well-directed shot from his companion ended the boar's career.

This is the latest of King Alfonso's many narrow escapes. When a boy he was attacked in the streets of Madrid by a ruffian armed with a knife, but escaped unhurt. Two shots were fired at him on June 11, 1893, in Madrid, while driving home from church, accompanied by his mother and sister. Both shots missed him. During his visit to Paris in June, 1905, a bomb was thrown at him as he was returning from the opera with President Loubet. Two horses were killed, but the king escaped unhurt.

The fourth attempt was made on May 20, 1906, during his wedding festivities in Madrid. He was driving through the streets with his bride, when a bomb was thrown at the royal carriage. Twelve people were killed and many others were injured, but the royal pair escaped.

The king has had many other escapes largely due to his motoring exploits.

As a general thing, every man who joins a boosters' club wants the club to do his special brand of boosting or bust.

PLAGUE IN WEST AFRICA.

Berlin, Feb. 12.—Owing to the outbreak of the plague in West Africa the strictest sanitary inspection of vessels arriving at German ports from that country.

The largest caravan of pilgrims for Mecca starts from Constantinople, and generally comprises about 4,000 persons.

FOUGHT THE MOB

TO A STANDSTILL

Southern White Man Lynched Only After He Had Badly Mauled Lynchers.

Valdosta, Ga., Feb. 12.—Attacked by a mob of lynchers yesterday just across the Florida line, Jack Long, a white man, fought his assailants desperately, wounding ten of them and forcing the others to kill him in the fight.

Long was accused of killing James Sapp, a wealthy citizen. A son of Sapp had killed a brother of Long and escaped.

Long saw the father of the slayer and shot him to death. Long was arrested, and 50 men visited the prison and took the prisoner out to hang him. A spectator says Long fought the mob to a standstill in the prison, but was knocked down with a club and other fight ensued, in which the combined strength of the men was required to subdue the prisoner. A start to a place 400 yards distant was made, but Long fought every inch of the way, the path being marked with splashes of blood.

It is said he was beaten to death before he was finally hanged. Four of the members of the mob were wounded, so badly that they may die.

SPLASHED BY MOLTEN METAL

A Dozen Men Burned, Two of Them Fatally, in a Pittsburg Mill.

Pittsburg, Feb. 12.—A dozen men were burned, two of them fatally, in a terrific explosion of molten steel at the Monongahela blast furnace of the National Tube Company, Center street, McKeesport, near here, early today. The huge steel-plated furnace, 100 feet in height burst at the top hole, and 50 tons of liquid metal dropped to the floor, accompanied by explosions as it spread and splashed over the heads and bodies of the workmen nearby. The fatally injured are: Thomas O'Toole, aged 35, of South Evans avenue, McKeesport, burned all over the body, head and arms; Alexander Smith, 40, of Center street, McKeesport, burned all over the body, head and arms; two other Americans and one Hungarian were burned on the hands, arms and face, and sent to McKeesport hospital.

Seven other laborers employed at the furnace were attended by the company's physician at the Emergency Hospital in the works. A slip in the iron ore, coke and limestone to drop to the bottom, forcing the heavy steel plates apart.

The men ran, but the metal splashed into the air when it struck the cold floor, and the detonations broke all the windows in the plant for a radius of two squares, causing intense excitement in the town.

The largest caravan of pilgrims for Mecca starts from Constantinople, and generally comprises about 4,000 persons.

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FOUGHT THE MOB

THE HEIRESS OF DENSLEY WOLD

BY FLORENCE WARDEN

CHAPTER XX.

St. Quintin realized at once that his best chance lay in being conciliatory and in effacing, as far as he could, the impression which he could not but feel sure his imprudence had already made.

They both knew that he suspected them; they both knew that he had not been probing the depths of the pond out of idle curiosity. So strong was his sense of the danger he was in, in quiet though they were, and unassuming as were their looks and tones, that he threw a stealthy glance round him, hoping that he might catch sight of some passerby to mitigate the feeling of helplessness in the hands of these two men which he experienced as he felt the strong grip each had on his arm.

But there was nobody in sight. And in a very few minutes they had all reached the cottage, and from the little sitting-room, where the fire was still burning.

Just before entering the cottage, St. Quintin made a sudden movement, with the intention of trying to get away. But he was amazed and perturbed to find that the hand on either side tightened on his arm, and that instead of being allowed to enter the cottage at his own pace he was rather thrust than led inside, and into the little sitting-room, where he now recognized as at least a temporary prison.

On the alert and watchful, and conscious that he was almost wholly in the power of these two men, in one of whom he suspected a consummate scoundrel, St. Quintin was, on the other hand, so much interested and excited by the adventure in which he found himself engaged that he was not wholly unwilling to submit to the treatment in question.

He pretended to have no notion that there was anything sinister about the display of force they had made, but

sat down by the table as son as they had released him, put his hands in his pockets, and said that he had never felt so tired in his life.

"You'll stay here tonight, won't you?" It was too late to hope to get to Doncaster. And you can continue your hunt for your match-box, as you suggested, in the morning," said Monsieur Leblanc, speaking in a tone in which St. Quintin noted a change from his usual suavity, a sort of tigerishness which seemed to promise ill for the peaceful ending of the interview.

Now St. Quintin had been careful to keep near the door, ignoring the invitation to sit by the fire, which both gentlemen had courteously given him. He knew that Miss Grey, the landlady, was within hearing, for he had seen her hovering about in the passage outside, and he felt satisfied that she was no party to the doings of these two.

A cry for help would reach her ears without difficulty, and so long as he kept both the other men well in sight, and in his own back against the wall, St. Quintin felt comparatively safe.

For even as he threw himself back, he had managed to let the chair slide, so that he could not be attacked from behind.

He still kept up as much as possible an appearance of unusual respect and decorum. It would be time enough to take off the gloves by and by, when Leblanc had shown his teeth a little more, a moment which St. Quintin felt would not be long in arriving.

"No thanks," he said, "I won't stay here," he said, in answer to Leblanc's snarling invitation. "I've got a fly waiting for me at the cross-roads, and I'll get back to town as soon as I can if the ladies don't turn up tonight."

There was a pause. St. Quintin looked at his watch.

"I ought to be on the move now. It's 10 o'clock," he said.

Leblanc made an impatient movement.

"Well, there's no hurry, if you have a fly waiting for you," said Mr. Williams. "You must have a stirrup-cup before you go."

"Thanks," said St. Quintin rising. "I won't stay here, but I shall be late. These country folk keep early hours, and—"

"Oh, but we insist,"

Mr. Williams came toward him and thrust him down into his seat with a heavy hand, while Monsieur Leblanc went out of the room.

"It's fearfully stuffy in here don't you think so?" said St. Quintin, seizing the opportunity of Leblanc's leaving the room to put his foot in such a way that the door could not be closed.

"Let us have the door open for a little while."

"Just as you like," said Mr. Williams, whose manner never changed from its genial ease and warmth.

He poured out some whisky into three glasses which he had brought from the side cupboard by the old-fashioned fireplace. St. Quintin watched him, rather relieved to find that by the departure of the Frenchman he had now only one man to deal with, instead of two. But he did not drink the whisky, having certain strong suspicions as to the effect it

was intended to produce upon him. Mr. Williams, who chatted genially to him with his arms across the table and his glass in his hand, and smoked his pipe in a contemplative air as he did so, noted the abstinence of St. Quintin, and asked him drily if he thought it was a local product.

"You needn't be afraid," he added; "I brought it down from town myself. It's Johnny Walker. I don't poison myself with the stuff one gets in these out-of-the-way places."

"I suppose not," said St. Quintin, still in the doorway, and quite aware by this time that it was a farce to keep up appearances with these men.

Still he left his whisky untasted, and suddenly Mr. Williams' manner changed. Raising his head, he looked steadily at the young man in the light of the oil lamp on the table, and asked in a voice like the growling of distant thunder:

"Do you think there's anything wrong with it?"

"Of course not," said St. Quintin, laughing with an effort.

"Drink it then," said the other, drily.

St. Quintin sprang to his feet.

"Mr. Williams, you said—"

And dashing the door open, so that it rattled against the wall, he ran out into the passage and to the front door. This, however, was bolted, and he found himself stopped.

A minute later Mr. Williams was by his side, laughing at his impatience in his old genial manner.

"What on earth is the matter with the fellow?" he said, with a comical look of apparent dismay. "Aren't you going to wait until Leblanc comes back to say good-bye to him?"

"Where is he gone to?" asked St. Quintin, sharply.

"To see if he can make arrangements for you to sleep in the inn, I suppose, since you won't stay here."

"But I'm going back to Doncaster. I told him so. And I must lose no time. Make my excuses to Leblanc and tell him I couldn't wait any longer."

"If you are really determined to go."

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"I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla the best all-round family medicine known today." Mrs. G. D. Parker, 108 Leverett St., Lowell, Mass.

"I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to any one." John B. Dwyer, 14 Auburn Street, Lowell, Mass.

"I am a strong and healthy woman today, from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which I keep in the house for all the family." Mrs. F. A. Baker, 108 Leverett St., Lowell, Mass.

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Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold everywhere. 200 Doses One Dollar. Prepared only by C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

of course we mustn't try to detain you," said Mr. Williams, becoming serious when he found the young man was in earnest. "Let me open the door for you. It's bolted, I think. And I'll see you on your way as far as the place where you left the fly."

"All right. Thanks," said St. Quintin, reassured when he found that he was to be allowed to go without further trouble and only a little disturbed by the non-appearance of the other rogue.

Leblanc was up to some mischief, of course. What was it?

In the meantime Mr. Williams, still chatting easily about country life and its miseries, was putting on his hat, finding his stick and asking to be helped into his overcoat. St. Quintin, who was uneasy all the time, and who grew more and more suspicious about the absence of the Frenchman, did as he was directed to do, but took great care not to be pinned to the wall, or put in any position where the other man could have used his brute strength to knock him down.

But apparently Mr. Williams had no such intention, for he buttoned up his coat very slowly, taking what seemed to St. Quintin an interminable time over every button, then pulled out his stick and just the shape he wanted, hunted for his stick, but without offering the young man an opportunity of giving him the slip and going without him, and then, drawing back the bolt of the door, announced that he was ready.

St. Quintin heaved a sigh of relief when he got outside the door. Pinned up in the cottage with two strong men, both of whom he believed to be consummate rogues, he had passed a very uneasy ten minutes, and he was glad only the one to deal with his troubles had, if anything, increased rather than diminished.

Once in the open air he felt that he was safe.

True, the night was dark, the little village road deserted and not a light to be seen in any of the windows. Even the Red Lion had turned out the latest of its roisterers and was as dark and desolate looking as the rest.

But still there were human beings in those shut-up houses, and St. Quintin felt that a shout would reach the ears of somebody or other in case his companion should turn upon him before they reached the cross-roads where the fly was waiting.

Once there he knew that he was out of the clutches of both his dubious friends.

In the meantime Mr. Williams talked and laughed and smoked his pipe and rolled easily along with his hands in the pockets of his big overcoat, a garment, St. Quintin felt, which looked reassuringly unlike the sort of thing a man would encumber himself with if he meant to commit a brutal assault upon another man.

They strolled through the village, St. Quintin growing more relieved at every turn in the road that brought him nearer to the fly and deliverance.

He still considered the matter an intermittent conversation with his companion, but his replies grew shorter as the village was left behind and they were together and alone on the open road.

A quail of doubt suddenly entered his mind concerning the fly he had been waiting for. What if the man should have grown tired of waiting and have gone a little further away, or—

The thought scarcely formed itself in his mind when they reached a bend in the road that brought them to the spot where St. Quintin had left the vehicle which brought him from Doncaster.

But it was not there.

St. Quintin began to wonder that he had not been told that he had some weapon of defense about him. It was not that there was anything menacing or alarming about the demeanor of his portly companion. On the contrary, Mr. Williams was still conversing cheerily, and still smoking with his hands in his pockets. But under all his rough good humor St. Quintin had begun to detect a nameless something, a sort of cold readiness for emergency, which was perturbing in the circumstances.

What if the two men should decide that he guessed too much? What if they should have made up their minds that he was better off out of the way?

St. Quintin, even while these thoughts passed through his mind, wondered at the own cowardice. For why should he suppose they were so eager to take upon themselves a crime which they could gain so little?

But there had been that in the manner and look of both men, though it was only at odd moments that it made itself noticeable, which was a surer danger signal than anything more definite, more tangible, would have been.

St. Quintin said nothing about the disappearance of the fly, but walking a little faster hoped that he might catch sight of it as soon as he reached the cross-roads. It might be a little further away and out of sight round one of the angles. Perhaps the horse might be feeding by the roadside, or the driver might have drawn up at a spot a little wider than the place where he had been left. Anything, surely, was more probable than that he should be gone away!

But the cross-roads were reached, and the vehicle was nowhere to be seen.

"I must go back and put up at the inn," said St. Quintin, trying not to show anxiety. "My man has given me the slip, I see."

Even as he spoke he felt sure that this disappearance was the result of an act of treachery, and when Mr. Williams thrust a strong hand through his arm, and led him in the direction of the park wall, which was close by, saying, "Perhaps he's gone this way!" St. Quintin felt that a crisis was approaching.

There was by this time enough moonlight for the young man to be able to see that there was a gap in the stone wall of the park leading out of a field on their left. Mr. Williams led him close to the low hedge which divided the field from the road. They had got quite close to the beginning of the wall when suddenly, without a moment's warning, St. Quintin found himself tripped up from behind and lying on his back at the side of the road.

"Help! Help!" cried he.

(To be continued.)

Three hundred girls are employed in the harness trade in New York, and Kentucky has a girl jockey.

A blight of the tea plants caused by the bite of mosquitoes is causing much alarm among the tea planters in India.

DUMA FIGHTS FOR FINNISH FREEDOM

Russian Parliament To Debate Differences Between Czar and Grand Duchy.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 11.—The relations between Russia and the Grand Duchy of Finland, which for long have been subject of serious discussion in the higher administrative circles of the empire, and the grand duchy will now be raised in the Duma by the Octoberists, who have decided to attack as a salient point the absence of control by M. Stolypin, the Russian premier, over the reports of the Finnish secretary of state to the Emperor.

The Octoberists, in caucus, have drafted an interpellation addressed to Premier Stolypin, in which it is set forth that according to the fundamental laws of the empire, ministers reporting to the Emperor must first submit their reports to the cabinet. The Octoberists maintain that the fundamental laws are applicable to Finland as an integral part of the Russian Empire, and it is a fact that the Emperor, through the Finnish secretary, who ranks as a minister, has not observed this provision. Premier Stolypin will be asked what steps have been taken to correct this irregularity.

A second interpellation will be addressed to the Emperor, in accordance with instructions issued by the Emperor, to connect the railroad systems of Finland and Russia, a step which is imperative, necessary for the security of the empire in order to make possible the rapid mobilization of troops in case of the hostile invasion of Finland. Both these questions will be made urgent in order to forestall any action on the part of reactionaries, who propose to raise this matter in a much sharper form. There are preparing to demand the ownership of the Viborg district be restored to Russia and that measures to crush the national aspirations of Finland be adopted.

The present Duma is taking a deep interest in the foreign policy of the Government, and it has asked Foreign Minister Iswolsky to make a declaration before it on this subject. This attitude is in sharp contrast to that maintained by the preceding legislatures, which busied themselves exclusively with domestic affairs.

SPOLDS SPORT IN IRELAND

Land Purchase Act Has Unexpected Effect on Game.

Dublin, Feb. 11.—One effect of the land purchase act is the effect on the ruin of Ireland as a country for sport and this is a serious matter. The preservation of game and the establishments kept up by the wealthy sportsmen have been the shooting and hunting game employment to a number of people. When the large estates were broken up and divided among the tenant farmers no arrangements were made for the sporting rights. The result has been that the game has not been preserved and that its wholesale destruction has taken place. In several famous hunting and shooting districts the farmers who have acquired the sporting rights of their holdings are seriously discussing co-operative effort for the protection of game and the suppression of poaching and it is probable that some play will be worked out by which the farmers of a district will combine to employ gamekeepers and to let the sporting rights of their holdings during the season.

NEW HENRY JAMES PLAY

Forbes Robertson Accepts a Risk on One of Novelist's Drama.

London, Feb. 11.—Forbes Robertson, who has been out of luck for many months, is getting ready to play a trump card. As readers possibly may have heard, a new piece has been written by him, a new piece a person than the first details regarding it that he has allowed to be made public. The play, which is a modern comedy, will be given for the first time at Edinburgh on Feb. 12.

To reach the metropolis, however, not to mention the United States, this piece will have to prove a much more blood-brothered work than James' first drama, "Guy Domville."

George Alexander produced the latter ten years or more ago, but like its author's recent literary work, it was far too elusive and analytic to appeal to many.

I recalled its fate to Robertson, who declared himself confident that there will be no different story to tell of the new play.

"No," he said, in reply to my query, "this is not an adaptation of any of Mr. James' novels, but an entirely original work. It is in three acts, deals with English life, and has a vein of romance. The scenes are laid in a typical old English country house."

My part, Robertson went on, "is that of an ambitious young politician, who we call a radical, and of course, a candidate for Parliamentary honors. As the play unfolds itself he is found in a curiously embarrassing position from which he is extricated by a young heroine, and this character, which will be played by my wife, Miss Gertrude Elliott, has been, I consider, delightfully delineated."

ARE HARD TIMES COMING?

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Putnam's. Use no other.

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Initial Showing of the New Spring Wash Fabrics

Fresh as the first blossoms which mark the advent of warm weather, and with all the beauty of the natural flowers so cleverly copied in their delicately tinted designs, the new spring Wash Fabrics are now being given their initial display at the Gray & Parker store.

These charming materials present the latest ideas of color combinations and designs, which include an almost endless number of shades and beautiful profusion of entirely new dotted, flowered, figured and plain effects—such as

FANCY MUSLINS, at yard 8½¢, 10¢ and 15¢
WHITE MUSLINS, in cross-bar and Swiss embroidery designs. Yard 20¢, 25¢, 30¢, and 35¢
PLAIN CHAMBRAYS, in all colors, at per yard 12½¢, 15¢ and 20¢
WHITE DOTTED MUSLINS, yard 12½¢, 15¢ and 18¢

AMERICAN

Mark Twain has returned from Bermuda, benefited in health.

The Western Pacific Railway has decided to use electricity for motive power.

The house committee on claims has begun an investigation of the \$173,000 sub-treasury robbery in Chicago.

Two thousand Italian citizens held a mass meeting in New York to devise means to fight the "Black Hand."

More than \$250,000 in the treasury of New York City, owing to former employees, has not been called for.

Congressman "Tim" Sullivan yesterday gave away shoes to 5,000 men in New York, his pet annual charity.

A full-grown deer wandered through the streets of Providence, R. I., yesterday. It was captured in the lobby of a theater.

A national congress of mothers is to be held in Washington in March. President Roosevelt will address the body at the White House on March 10.

Notices have been posted at the Globe smelter in Denver announcing a reduction in wages of from 10 to 35 cents a day. About 700 men are affected.

All the passengers and crew of the steamer Anselm, wrecked on the Cuban coast yesterday, were saved. The ship and cargo probably will be a total loss.

Mrs. Weightman Walker, of Philadelphia, worth \$6,000,000, is, it is said, engaged to be married to Frederick Courtland Penfield, of New York, a widower 50 years old.

Governor Hughes of New York announced a national guard dinner in Albany last night that he would not under any circumstances be a candidate for a second term as governor.

Mrs. Geo. H. Grim, of Baytown, Pa., whose daughter perished in the recent theater holocaust, died today as the result of shock. This makes the 11st fatality due to the fire.

An \$18,000 diamond necklace was either snatched, or dropped from the neck of Mrs. Geo. F. Dominick last night in front of the Metropolitan Opera House in New York.

"Lovejoy's Polly," the \$750,000 home of F. T. Lovejoy, of Pittsburgh, one of Carnegie's younger partners, has to be sold to satisfy a mortgage of \$82,858. Autos, and gold mines ruined Lovejoy.

Increased rations have been ordered for the soldiers of the United States army and the war department has asked Congress to pass a bill to create a service corps to do extra and non-military work.

An express train on the way from Baltimore to Buffalo was wrecked near Franklinville, N. Y., today, a coach, a sleeper and the locomotive going into a creek. W. C. Blackmore, of Chicago, was one of sixteen persons hurt.

Six of the Italians arrested in Pittsburgh yesterday in connection with "Black hand" operations against prominent and wealthy residents of Scotch Heights, were today held in \$500 bail, but the four others, who are unknown, were refused bail.

Otto Adams, legally dead, has been arrested in New York on a charge of attempting to blow up a hotel. The body of a man, identified as Adams, was found hanging to a tree soon after the crime was committed. It turned out that Adams went to California.

W. K. Vanderbilt has planned a unique apartment house for New York. The building of two apartments will cost \$150,000. Each apartment will have three floors. An elevator will take motor cars to the garage in the basement. The building will be in Madison avenue near Fifty-second street.

FOR THE POOR OF SARNIA

Newly Organized Benevolent Society of Ladies Doing Good Work.

Sarnia, Feb. 11.—The Sarnia Salt Company holds its annual meeting on the 27th inst.

Supplementary meetings of the West Lambton Farmers' Institute will be held this month as follows: Oakdale, 18th; Rutherford, 19th; Beecher, 20th; Wilkesport, 21st; Courtright, 22nd, and Sarnia, 24th.

Afternoon meetings, commencing at 1:30, will be held at all these places, except Bunyan, and evening meetings at 8, at all places, except Courtright and Sarnia. The speakers will be Mr. A. E. Sherrington, of Walkerton, the well known fruit expert, and Mr. R. J. Draper, Summerhill, who will speak on "Corn and Clover," and discuss the different phases of soil cultivation.

The members of the Sarnia Ladies' Benevolent Society have gone to work in earnest since their first meeting, a number of districts have been visited, and some thirty-six very distressing cases of poverty in Sarnia, and others at Point Edward, have been discovered. It is urgently requested that clothing and bedding, both old and new, particularly shoes and stockings to fit children from one to fifteen years of age, be sent on Wednesday and Thursday mornings, between 11 and 12 o'clock, and in the afternoons between 2 and 3 o'clock to the room in the Barr Block, over Jas. Fry's store, where the ladies of the executive committee will meet on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock to look over

these articles. The treasurer has opened an account for the society at the Traders' Bank, and any citizens wishing to contribute money can leave their donations there. The business meetings will be held on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the council chamber.

AFTER THE USURERS.

Montreal, Feb. 11.—The first result of the renewed crusade against usurers in this city is the issuing of a warrant for the arrest of C. E. Campbell, a well-known moneylender, who is alleged, has violated the criminal law relating to usury. Action has been taken by Col. Hibbard acting under instructions from the attorney-general. It is stated that Campbell has left the city.

TOKIO CELEBRATES.

Tokio, Feb. 11.—The twentieth anniversary of constitutional law was observed here today as a national holiday. The Emperor entertained at luncheon the chiefs of foreign missions in the palace. Marquis Ito entertained 1,600 distinguished guests in the new residence of the Emperor. To which has recently been attached the hall in which the Emperor signed the constitution, which was drawn by Ito. The hall was visited by the Emperor to Ito, and moved to Omori.

W. H. Shreck, of Pratt, is the only man in Kansas, so far as known, whose name contains no vowel.

Terrible Liquor Craving

How Orrine Destroys All Desire for Whisky and Beer.

The terrible craving for liquor is a symptom of disease, and to overcome it, the disease itself should be treated in a scientific way. When one has used Whisky, Beer or stimulants for a long time, the nerve cells have become accustomed to the effects of the stimulants, and demand liquor in order to perform their duties. If the nerve cells are properly treated, the craving for liquor will be destroyed.

It is in this way that Orrine cures alcoholism, by supplying to the nerve cells the strength needed, thus destroying the desire for liquor. It eradicates every particle of the terrible liquor craving, imparts new strength and vigor to the whole system, and restores the general health. Treatise on "Drunkenness" free on request. The Orrine Company, Washington, D. C.

So successful has Orrine been that in every box is a registered guarantee which entitles you to a refund of your money if Orrine fails to effect a cure. Never before was a treatment for the liquor habit sold in this way. A guarantee like this shows the faith of the discoverer of Orrine and the agents who handle it, the leading druggists everywhere.

Orrine is in two forms: No. 1, which can be given secretly in food or drink; No. 2, in pill form, for those who desire to be cured. Either form costs \$1 per box, and both are sold under the liberal guarantee that your money will be refunded if Orrine fails to cure.

Orrine is for sale by C. McCallum & Co.

SHE PATIENTLY BORE DISGRACE

A Sad letter from a lady whose Husband was Dissipated.

How She Cured Him with a Secret Remedy.

"I had for years patiently borne the disgrace, suffering, misery and privations due to my husband's drinking habits. Hearing of your marvelous remedy for the cure of drunkenness, which I could give my husband secretly, I decided to try it. I procured a package and mixed it in his food and coffee, and, as the remedy was colorless and tasteless, he did not know what it was that so quickly relieved his craving for liquor. He soon began to pick up flesh, his appetite for solid food returned, he stuck to his work regularly, and we now have a happy home. After he was completely cured I told him what I had done, when he acknowledged that it had been his saving, as he had not the resolution to break off his own accord. I hereby advise all women afflicted as I was to give your remedy a trial."

Free Package and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence strictly confidential. Address: THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO., 16 Jordan Chambers, Jordan St., Toronto, Canada.

VERDICT OF MURDER IN HARTWICK INQUEST

Continued from Page One.

Dispatched a messenger to Constable Faircloth, who, with his dog, arrived at Mr. Day's home some time between 12:30 and 1 o'clock. The party then entered the Hartwick house by the front door, both of which were unlocked.

The living room was deserted, and the stove contained no fire. Witness then called out Hartwick's name. From the bedroom, which ran off the room, the party was in, came a muffled reply of "Who is there?"

Constable Faircloth then tried the door to the bedroom, and found it fastened, whereupon Hartwick then opened the door.

Finding of the Body.

"How is Mrs. Hartwick?" asked Mr. Day.

"She is dead," came the startling declaration.

"Dead!" queried the three men in chorus.

"Yes, she is dead, dead, dead!" replied Hartwick, "and I killed her."

At that time Hartwick had either a piece of flesh in his hand, between the fingers of one hand, which he stated that he did not want to lose.

He then walked over to the window and held the object in his hand up to the light. Constable Faircloth then attempted to enter the bedroom, but Hartwick at once turned, and objected to this, but finally consented, after asking that nothing in the room be disturbed.

Mrs. Hartwick was found dead in bed, covered over with a dirty quilt. Witness had not made any examination of her injuries, and had noted no blood about the room.

Hartwick was then arrested, and offered no resistance.

Acted As If Insane

On the way down the road toward Thorndale the party had encountered two dogs fighting. At the sight of these, Hartwick snarled like a wild beast, and acted as though he wanted to take part in the battle. Mr. Day then left the party went home.

In answer to a question from one of the jurymen, Mr. Day stated that he, personally, had never taken liquor to the Hartwicks, except on one occasion about a year ago, when Hartwick had stated that he was ill and required some liquor.

Noisy When Drinking.

Stanley Burch, a laborer on the farm of William Aiken, owner of the Hartwick hut, testified that he had been well acquainted with the Hartwicks for at least five years. He had always been noisy when drinking, but the witness had never seen the couple engaged in a quarrel. He had seen Hartwick intoxicated about two weeks ago.

On Sunday, Feb. 2, the day of the murder, the witness had been a visitor at the Hartwick home between 1 and 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The old man was standing in the door sweeping snow when the witness arrived.

"Be careful and don't tramp the snow through the house," Hartwick had said.

Mr. Burch noticed that Hartwick's face was badly scratched on the left side, and inquired into the matter. Hartwick had replied that it didn't matter how he came by the scratch, and added: "It will all come out in the papers."

Then Hartwick brought some meat and bread and laid them on the table, after which he said grace. He did not partake of the food himself, nor did he ask the witness to eat.

Hadn't Seen Mrs. Hartwick.

"Did you see Mrs. Hartwick up to that time?" asked Mr. McKillop.

"No, sir, I did not. I asked Hartwick where she was, and he replied 'the old lady is in bed.'"

ACHING KIDNEYS

MADE SOUND AND STRONG BY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

There is probably no one in the town of Paris, Ont., who does not know Mr. Samuel G. Robinson, and who will not readily accept his word when he says that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured him of an obstinate case of kidney trouble after other treatment had failed to give him more than temporary relief.

Reporter of the Star-Transcript Mr. Robinson freely gave permission to publish a statement of his case in the hope that his experience might benefit some other sufferer. He said: "I have suffered from kidney trouble for about three years. Sometimes my back ached so severely that I was unable to work, and at times it was almost impossible for me to straighten up. I had to urinate very frequently, and often had to get up several times. I was under the care of doctors, but I only got relief for a time. I also tried a number of medicines and backache plasters, but none of them helped me and I began to think the trouble could not be cured. One day during a conversation with a friend he asked me why I did not try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, saying that he had used them and they had done him much good. I decided to try the pills, and it was not long before I felt greatly benefited. I continued using the pills for some time longer, and I am glad to say that every vestige of the trouble has disappeared, and I am now as well as ever. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved a blessing to me, and I gladly recommend them to anyone similarly afflicted."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the greatest cure in the world for all the common ailments of men and women—for all weakness and weariness, and backaches and headaches, of anaemia; all the heaviness and distress of indigestion; all the pains and aches of rheumatism, sciatica and neuralgia, and all the ill-health that follows any disturbance of regularity in the blood supply. All these ailments are caused by bad blood, and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new, rich, red blood. They strike straight at the common root of disease. But you must get the genuine pills, with the full name Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, on the wrapper around each box. Sold at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by all dealers, or the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

Witness stated that Mrs. Hartwick had on previous occasions complained of being lame from rheumatism. He therefore did not think it strange that she was in bed that day. However, noting that the door to the bedroom was open, the witness had looked in.

She had replied that she was awfully sore, and suffering from a terrible pain around her heart. Mr. Burch had not seen the woman's face, as she lay with her back toward him. In all, the witness had been at the house not more than half an hour.

"Were you not usually accustomed to remaining longer at the Hartwicks' than that?" asked one of the jury.

"I was," replied Mr. Burch, "but on this occasion I was anxious to get home, as it was very cold, and I wanted to fix some potatoes so they would not freeze."

Witness did not know whether whiskey was ever brought Hartwick from London or not, but he was positive that the old man had not been drinking on the day of the crime. The scratches on Hartwick's face appeared to have been at a quiet moment.

"Did you notice any signs of blood in the bedroom?" asked Coroner Hughes.

"I did. It was on the floor, and covered over with ashes. I did not think anything was wrong or I would have notified the constables at once."

"How did you account for the presence of blood?" asked Mr. McKillop. The witness hesitated.

"Well, I thought that it might have resulted from the scratches on Jim's face," he finally replied.

Hartwick had appeared perfectly rational and able to distinguish between right and wrong. Witness had never heard Hartwick threaten his wife.

Constable Faircloth.

"I have known James Hartwick for eight or ten years," stated Constable Faircloth, when he had been called to the stand, "and he was always noisy and talkative when drunk. At other times he was of a quiet disposition, and apparently of sane mind."

Mr. Faircloth had seen Hartwick come home from London in an intoxicated state on Jan. 25.

The remainder of the witness' testimony was practically corroborative of that of Mr. Day, with the exception of a number of important admissions made by Hartwick when arrested.

Hartwick's Admissions.

When he realized that he was in the hands of the law, Hartwick had said: "If I hadn't unfurnished that bedroom door I wouldn't be in this fix. I know that I put my foot in it when I admitted killing her."

Hartwick also remarked that had he not made the above admissions, the constables would have had a hard time in proving who had killed the woman.

While being taken to Thorndale, Hartwick had at times become a raving maniac, and had struggled furiously with his captors. These spells continued until Hartwick had been placed in jail.

Michael Mitchell, a neighbor of the Hartwicks, testified that he had known the family for seven or eight years, but had never entered the house. He had heard no quarrels for a month prior to the Saturday preceding the murder, when he heard faint yells. It was storming furiously at the time, and the cries were very indistinct. On Monday the witness had heard the thought it strange, for the animal had never made any disturbance of the kind before, to his knowledge. However, the witness did not investigate the matter, but attended to his own business.

Dr. Ford would not state positively that he considered Hartwick insane, but stated that the manner in which the murdered woman's death had denoted that she met her death at the hands of a veritable wild beast in human guise.

Witness then read off the finding of the post-mortem, which was to the effect that Mrs. Hartwick had died of her death by reason of shock and loss of blood due to injuries to the abdomen. Mrs. Hartwick's bruises, these were on the back and on the limbs. Her left hand was also badly mangled, as if bitten. (A tooth which is found on the floor the day the murder was discovered, and is now in the hands of the county constable.)

In the opinion of Dr. Ford the more serious injuries at least must have resulted within half an hour after the commission of the awful deed.

William Aiken, from whom the Hartwicks' place was rented, was the last witness to be called. Mr. Aiken knew Hartwick for seven years, and always considered him a trifling queer. If not actually insane, even when sober, he was a witness happened to meet Hartwick at Thorndale, and the latter had offered him a drink from a small flask, which apparently contained liquor. The invitation had been refused.

At the conclusion of the inquest the jury retired for about an hour, and in a very short time the verdict mentioned was brought in.

The murder is the sole topic of discussion at Thorndale, and on every hand yesterday could be seen knots of farmers and others scattered here and there discussing the question of Hartwick's awful crime. The common opinion prevalent here is, however, although the statements of Dr. Ford in reference to the fiendish nature of the crime have altered some opinions to a certain extent.

From what could be learned by chance remarks, Hartwick and his wife were looked upon as a harmless old couple, who thought too much of liquor, and who were their own worst enemies.

The hearing before Squire Chittick will take place at the courthouse next Monday, presumably in the morning, and it is expected that Hartwick by that time will be in shape to appear.

HOLDSWORTH STILL LIVING

Cause of the Tragedy at Oriol Village Not Expected to Recover.

Woodstock, Feb. 11.—Alfred Holdsworth, of Oriol, who yesterday shot his son through the forehead, shot himself, then turned the gun on himself, is still living, though not much hope is held out for his recovery. The son is not in much danger, but will be laid up for a long time by the injuries to his arm. If Holdsworth recovers he will have to face charges of attempted murder and attempted suicide. Warrants have been issued, but as yet they have not been served, on account of the man's dangerous condition.

You will doubtless be eminently safe in not trying to overcome the difficulties when you meet a person difficult to understand.

Huge Savings in Carpets and Rugs at The Lang Co. Sale

When you take into consideration the superb texture and high-class designs of the Carpets and Rugs comprising this stock, we feel confident that with the prices marked on these goods nothing so big in the way of values has ever been offered the public of this section of the Dominion. These goods are NEW. No old, out-of-date designs in the lot. All selected with great care by Mr. Lang himself, with the object of creating widespread enthusiasm among those who desire Carpets and Rugs for a decorative as well as a durable purpose. Many of the patterns were specially designed for us—and are entirely exclusive. Just an idea of how largely you can save:

75c YARD—For Brussels Carpets that sold formerly at \$1.25 and \$1.35.

\$1.00 YARD—Buys Carpets that were \$1.50 and \$1.65.

\$12.00 to \$18.00 EACH—For a large number of large size Wilton, Brussels and Axminster Rugs that sold formerly at \$18.00 to \$40.00 each.

\$6.00 EACH—Is the price marked on Wool Art Squares for bedrooms. Good patterns. All wool. Sold formerly at \$10.00 each.

25c YARD—Which is just half-price on a big lot of Union Carpet, 36-inch width. This is an immense bargain.

Lowest Ever Are These Prices on French Velours and Plushes

We are making a special drive on Imported French Velours and Plushes. Did you ever hear of prices like these mentioned below? We think not.

SINGLE FACE Velours that formerly sold at \$1.25, \$1.35 and \$1.50. All at one price 75c

DOUBLE FACE Velours and Plushes. Formerly sold at \$2.50 yard. This lot to clear at 1.45

Biggest Kind of Furniture Bargains

We have had a large sale of Furniture, but there are still several big snaps, notably this Mahogany Buffet, in colonial style. Formerly \$80.00. Now \$55

Also this Antique Oak Buffet, Elizabethan style, which was \$60.00. Now \$40

Other just as startling values. Come and see for yourself.

A. S. SMITH

We are sorry we haven't found time to mark these down, but they will be ready Friday. The reductions will be great, you can bank on that.

PHONE 680

H. A. TURNPENNY

BRITISH

The feature of a case hel dat Altrincham was the statement made by a witness to the effect that he could tell the weight of pigs by their squeals.

In a charge against a man at Acton on Monday it was stated that when asked by a constable for his name and address he replied: "I'll sell you my name for a penny."

At Guxhime, Wisbech, a young farm-hand named Horace Buttrick was handling a gun, he supposed was unloaded, when it went off and killed his cousin, Sarah Anne Grange, 14 years old.

Owing to a fire escape toppling over at a fire at a Manchester cotton mill on Tuesday, George Griffiths, a fireman, who was on the top of it, was thrown over the roofs of some cottages. He died a few hours later.

Refused, with others, admission to Mr. McKenna's meeting at Burnley on Monday, one suffragist tried to pass the police at the door by wearing a silk hat, but was again detected and turned back.

It was stated at Monday's inquest at Bargoed on Thos. Green, 51, who was killed on the Brecon and Merthyr Railway by a passenger train, his dog was lying on the body, and was with some difficulty that they could get it off.

At a meeting of the London county council on Tuesday, Mr. E. Gray, chairman of the local government committee, said the work of demolishing Crosby Hall had been begun, and the negotiations for its preservation had fallen through.

It was reported at Tuesday's meeting of the Victoria Cross was instituted fifty-two years ago on Wednesday. The honor has been conferred upon 522 men. The feat for which the cross was granted was performed at Bomarsund on June 21, 1854, by the veteran Admiral C. D. Lucas, and the latest in Tibet, by Capt. J. D. Grant, Eighth Gurkha Rifles. There are 183 V. C.s living.

The obstruction for which William Sawford, a West Huron greengrocer, was on Monday fined 10s arose from "guessing competitions" held at his shop. For the best guess of the weight of a pig's head exhibited in the window he offered the head of a parcel of fruit and vegetables. A crowd of 200 collected.

In December last a body found on the mountainside near Neath was identified as that of a man named Davies, of Pontardulais, near Llanelli, who had been missing. The body was buried, and the supposed widow and family went into mourning. A few days ago, however, the missing man appeared at his home.

At Leicester, five boys, whose ages ranged from 9 to 11, were on Tuesday ordered to be birched for breaking into Worthington's grocery stores, and indulging there in thieving, pinning, and other misdeeds. To effect an entrance iron bars and bolts were wrenched from the doors at the back of the premises.

Mr. J. E. Raphael, Liberal candidate for Croydon, Rugby football date, International, ex-captain of Surrey County Cricket Club, former Oxford Double Blue, was called to the bar on Monday.

ings of the Strand Guardians that upwards of seventy applications had been received for forms to be filled up for the appointment of a second assistant clerk, the salary attached to which is £100 per annum, rising by annual increments to £120.

The finance committee of the Belfast corporation met on Monday, the city accountant stating that the defalcations in the rates amounted to £6,800. So after the defalcations were known a warrant was issued for the arrest of the defaulting collector, who was traced to Boulogne.

Owing to a projecting piece of leather on one of her boots an elderly lady, named Harriet Baxter, tripped and fell on a carpet and fell downstairs. At the inquest on Monday at St. Peter's Church it was stated that she fractured her skull, and a verdict of "accidental death" was returned.

A pair of horses attached to an Army Service Corps wagon took fright on Monday at Chatham, bolted, and dashed into a fire station, breaking down the main entrance. William Knight, who was riding on one of the horses, was thrown there in the firestation, but escaped serious injury.

During a storm on Monday a crane in the shipbuilding yard of Messrs. Beardmore & Co., Dalmuir, was blown down, doing great damage, and with two men, fell into the river. Both men were drowned. The crane was being used in connection with the construction of the battleship Agamemnon.

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We Do Galvanizing and Tinning

PROMPT AND GOOD WORK. LET US DO YOUR WORK.

THE CANADA METAL CO., LIMITED, WILLIAM ST., TORONTO

HAD THIRTY-TWO BOILS ON HIS BACK AT ONE TIME.

TWO BOTTLES OF BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS CURED HIM.

Boils are simply evidence of the bad blood within coming to the surface. Just when you think you are cured of one, another seems ready to take its place and prolong your misery.

The only way to rid yourself of boils, pimples, and all skin blotches and blemishes, so that they will never return to bother you again, is to have the blood thoroughly cleansed of all its impurities.

"Baby's Own" is the best soap for every toilet purpose.

For this purpose there is no other blood medicine to equal Burdock Blood Bitters. It has been on the market for over thirty years, and in that time we have received thousands of testimonials stating positively that it will cure the worst known cases of boils.

Mr. James Combs, Eden, Ont., writes: "I think Burdock Blood Bitters a great medicine for boils. I had them so bad I could not work. I had thirty-two on my back at one time. I used only two bottles of B.B.B. and they completely cured me. I cannot recommend it too highly. For sale at all Druggists and Dealers."

You cannot possibly have a better Cocoa than

EPPE'S

A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

Sold by Grocers and Storekeepers in 2-lb. and 4-lb. Tins.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use this for constipation, diarrhoea, indigestion, flatulence, or eruptions of the skin. It is a most valuable medicine, and is sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for 25c. or 50c. per tin. Circular sent on request.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—*2:50 a.m., 10:56 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:23 a.m., *6:25 p.m., *7:48 p.m., 10 p.m.

Arrive from the west—*12:09 a.m., *3:15 a.m., *11:18 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., *6:25 p.m.

Depart for the east—*12:14 a.m., *8:20 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9 a.m., *11:23 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:53 p.m. (Eastern Flyer).

The trains leaving at 7:30 a.m. and 2:05 p.m. stop at all stations. Depart for the west—*3:55 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 1:40 p.m., *8:05 p.m.

The 7:40 a.m. and the 1:40 p.m. trains stop at all stations.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:40 a.m., *4 p.m., *6:50 p.m. (Eastern Flyer), 11 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:27 a.m., 2:30 p.m., *7:55 p.m. (International Limited).

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—*3:15 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:30 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 11:10 p.m.

Depart—*6:10 a.m., 11 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 5 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10 a.m., 6:10 p.m.

Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:50 p.m.

Trains marked thus * run daily. Those not so marked run daily except Sunday. **From Chatham only.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Depart—5:40 a.m., *6:50 a.m., 9:45 a.m., 2:30 p.m., *3:40 p.m., 7:35 p.m.

Arrive—8:45 a.m., *12:15 p.m., 1:00 p.m., 4:40 p.m., *5:20 p.m., 10:30 p.m.

*To and from Walkerville, without change. Trains not "starred" to Port Stanley. ! Between London and St. Thomas only.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive—From the east *11:30 a.m., 8 p.m., *11 p.m. From the west—*4:30 a.m., *8:20 a.m., 11:30 p.m.

Depart—For the east—*4:40 a.m., 8:45 a.m., *5:28 p.m. For the west—*11:38 a.m., *8:10 p.m., *11:10 p.m.

Trains marked thus * run daily. Those not so marked run daily except Sunday. **From Chatham only.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Arrive—6:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:50 p.m.

Depart—7:15 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:35 p.m., *10:25 p.m.

*Runs through to Waterford.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Royal Mail Trains From Montreal To Halifax

connecting with

Royal Mail Steamers From Halifax to Liverpool

CANADA'S FAMOUS TRAIN

THE MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal Fridays at 12:00 (noon) carries passengers, baggage and European mails, reaching the steamer's deck at Halifax the following Saturday afternoon.

Special trains carrying passengers, baggage and mails, when inward steamers do not connect with the Maritime Express, leave Halifax immediately after the arrival of the steamer, making connections for Ottawa, Toronto, Detroit and points west.

For tickets and further information, apply to nearest Grand Trunk Ticket Agent, or to Toronto Ticket Office, 51 King street east.

LOW RATES

SECOND CLASS TO

PACIFIC COAST and B.C. POINTS

CALIFORNIA, ARIZONA, NEVADA, Etc.

ONE WAY ONLY

Daily Feb. 29 to April 29.

Call at C. P. R. city ticket office, 1st Dundas street, corner Richmond. C. P. POSTER, D. F. A., Toronto.

WABASH



The Sporting World

Hockey. Basketball. Curling. Bowling.



SPORTING GOSSIP

BY SOUTHPAW

AS MENTIONED IN YESTERDAY'S ADVERTISER, the protest of the St. Johns club against the game played with the Waterloos with Bernhard on the latter's line-up, was thrown out by the City League executive.

In order to explain this action in a clear manner it will be necessary to go back a little way. Shortly after Bernhard landed in town, perhaps three or four weeks ago, or more, Secretary Powell, of the London, asked the secretary of the City League to try and arrange matters so that Bole, of the Waterloos, would stick with the Londoners for the rest of the season. Naturally, this was impossible without the sanction of the Waterloos. Being busy at the time, the secretary turned the matter over to Mr. Vining, of the executive, who learned that the Waterloos were given permission to play Bernhard they would relinquish a claim on Bole. This move was a most sportsmanlike one, and reflects credit on the Waterloos, for the new player, while good, is not as fast or as heavy as Bole.

Realizing that the arrangement would be for the best interests of London as a hockey town, Mr. Vining gave the permission asked for, and Bernhard played.

Bole will in all probability be so busy with the Londoners the remainder of the season that he will not have time to play in the City League, and the Waterloos can therefore not be said to have demanded any the best of the deal.

Of course there was a residence rule in the City League which stated that a player had to reside in the city previous to the first game to be eligible, but inasmuch as the O. H. A. is making a practice of giving permits to players who are transferred to other cities by their employers, and as the change does not benefit the Waterloos, and did not except in the one game in dispute, when Bole and Bernhard both played, the executive decided that it would be only right to disallow the protest of the St. Johns. As a matter of fact the protest was not filled out properly, for it mentioned the name of Reinhardt, instead of Bernhard, but that fact was not considered in making the ruling.

THAT THE SPECIAL TO SIMCOE TONIGHT will carry an immense crowd is an assured fact, but there will be none too many if the whole town goes down, for rooting always helps to bring victories. The fare is \$1.00, and the train leaves about 6:00 over the G. T. R. Get in line and bring your rooting togs with you.

THE SPORTING AND OTHER NEWSPAPERS comment in terms mostly of ridicule of the sorry display that Palmer made against Burns. The latter, after the contest, said that never in his life had he had such an easy fight. Palmer did not attempt to make any explanation of his defeat, saying merely that he must conclude his days as a fighter were at an end, and adding that he would quit the ring as a principal forever.

The Burns-Palmer fight was farcical. It closed with an accompaniment of loud hooting. For the best part of four rounds Palmer, with his back curved like a railway arch, held his gloves tightly pressed to his cheeks, while Burns endeavored to find an unprotected place of his face to hit.

Under a storm of vituperation Palmer would occasionally dodge out of distance, and once or twice took the liberty of flapping a tentative glove in the Canadian's face, but after each "incursion" hugged Burns like a long-lost brother, and permitted himself to fall in a mass at his feet.

Under the circumstances the press criticism is sarcastic. The Mail says: "As far as could be seen, the amount of punishment Burns inflicted would possibly make a baby cry. Palmer can claim to have received a record knockout. Nobody saw it, nobody heard it. If Burns is judged by this display he is the humanest boxer the world has ever produced."

The Express declares that a more pitiful exhibition was never seen, and adds: "Burns laughingly asked the Englishman on one occasion, 'Do you reverse?'"

Sporting Life estimates Palmer's display as discreditable for even a novice, but points out that Burns was again the acme of power, a perfect master of ring craft, who early delivered an effective right, which badly shook the Englishman, and thinks there is little doubt Burns could have put his opponent out in seconds, let alone minutes. But the champion recognized the people deserved something for their money."

Moir is worth many Palmers, Palmer says he begged Burns to give the finishing punch. He declares he will now quit the ring.

Dillon Sizes Up Eastern League Picks Toronto as a Winner

Buffalo, Providence and Newark Selected for First Division Honors.

Toronto, Feb. 11.—Jack Dillon, the popular catcher, last year with Joe Bean's Jersey City Skeeters, and who was in the city last week with the "Nellie, the Beautiful Cloak Model" Company, picks Newark, under Geo. Stallings' direction, to finish in the first division of the Eastern League race this season.

Stallings Should Do It.

"Stallings, although very hot-headed, is one of the best managers in the game today, and he will soon make a winning team out of the Sailors," said Dillon. "You'll see Newark in the first division this summer, and either next year or the year after in first place. It will take Stallings just about two years to capture that rag, but I bet he'll do it."

Buffalo Dangerous.

"The Eastern League this year should see some pretty interesting ball," continued the Skeeter, "and the Toronto bunch will have to travel to retain their present position. Buffalo will be strong again, and the Bisons look very dangerous. However, unless they get a real capable manager there is apt to be the same old trouble among the players, and this will spoil their chances some. I see they are going to try McConnell as a pitcher. To me it looks pretty foolish, as in Mac they have the best first-sacker in the Eastern League. In White, Kestler, and Murray, the Bisons have a dandy outfield. You know what an old reliable Jack White is, while Murray is the daddy of them all. The Toronto outfield, with Grimschaw and Gettman in place, will be equally as good, if not stronger, as I look for both of these chaps, especially Grimschaw, to bat over .300. In

fact, Grim should have no trouble in passing that mark.

The Grays Look Good.

"If Providence starts off anywhere near as well as they finished last season, look out. Neither Toronto nor Buffalo, nor in fact any other club, can afford to allow the Grays to get a start, for if they do it's good-bye to the flag."

"I think the first division will see Toronto, Buffalo, Newark and Providence supplying the fun, although any of the other clubs are apt to spring a surprise."

Thinks Well of Thoney.

Dillon regards Jack Thoney as the greatest right-handed player of the day. "I don't think I ever saw a right-handed batter who could get away with such speed. He ought to do well with Boston. I've caught behind him and he can certainly bat some."

CUBS WIN FROM THE HERMIT FIVE

On the Ideal alleys last night the Cubs were on the warpath, and as a consequence there is but little left of the Hermits, but regrets.

The score tells the tale:

Cubs.....220 175 191—587
E. Moul.....146 167 117—432
W. Brown.....172 179 200—551
J. Wilson.....181 192 144—517
B. Fitchamp.....154 172 176—502
Totals.....873 888 828—2,559

Hermits.....156 174 161—491
C. Gunn.....146 129 155—430
A. Andrews.....114 133 172—420
C. Clark.....141 180 138—459
Martell.....142 170 153—470
Totals.....699 786 735—2,270

The Hortons and the Midgits will play tonight.



KENNETH CASSELMAN.

London's speedy and hard-checking point player, who looked upon as the equal, if not superior, to any point man in the Intermediate O. H. A.

If there is a better defense man in the Intermediate O. H. A. than Kenneth Casselman, of the champion Londoners, he has yet to poke his nose over local ice. A fast skater, a beautiful stick-handler, and possessed of extraordinary ability to evade the opposing forwards, Casselman, when he gets started, is one of the most dangerous men that has ever appeared here, and when it comes to bombardment of an opposing net, he is always "Cassie-on-the-job."

At point he is unexcelled, and he, along with Jay Thompson and Homer Pearson, is justly entitled to the glory derived from the title of the "Stonewall defense."

Cass first began playing hockey when he was knee-high to a mosquito, in the town of Morrisburg, in Eastern Canada, and he has been at it ever since. He has played in every kind of a position, and is a clever all-round player. Cass also played on Winnipeg teams for some time, and the knowledge he gained there has stood him in good stead.

Five years ago Kenny took up a stick with the local St. Johns, who were in the O. H. A. then, and with his great speed and comfortable weight created a sensation, which is still lasting. He played with the St. Johns two years, then lined up on the Seventh Regiment seven, where he kept up the good work he had previously exhibited. Last year the Orient Club of the City League were fortunate enough to sign him, and it was no fault of his that the team did not finish at the top of the heap, for he played like a blue-ribbon winner all the way.

There is no need to dilate at length on what he has done this season at point for the champions. However, it must be said that his work has been nothing short of phenomenal, and as no less than two O. H. A. referees have

put it, "Cass" would make a splendid senior player.

One of the most prominent features of Casselman's work is his evident conscientiousness. He never shirks, and is dangerous to his opponents at all times. Checking is one of his main holds, and at stopping the rubber from any angle, and lifting it the entire length of the rink, he is in Class A, of the top division.

LAST NIGHT'S HOCKEY SCORES

O. H. A.	Intermediate.
Tillsonburg 8, Woodstock 3.	
Midland 11, Sudbury 4.	
Senior.	Exhibition.
Berlin 12, Galt 1.	
Stratford 10, Toronto A. C. 4.	
Wingham 5, Goderich 3.	
Port Elgin 4, Southampton 9.	
Delaware 21, Lambeth 0.	
Harriston 4, Town Clerks 11.	
Leamington 6, Kingsville 2.	
Northern League.	Southern Counties.
Listowel 9, Lucknow 4.	
Mount Forest 16, Palmerston 12.	
Professional League.	Oxford-Waterloo.
Brantford 8, Toronto 11.	
Hagersville 5, Cayuga 3.	
Ayr 8, Tavistock 4.	

FINALS FOR WESTERN ONTARIO TANKARD

The finals of the Western Ontario tankard will be played in St. Marys on Tuesday, Feb. 18. The group winners are:

No. 1—Wlarton.	No. 6—Sarnia.
No. 2—Durham.	No. 7—London Thistles.
No. 3—Lucknow.	No. 8—London.
No. 4—Stratford.	No. 9—Paris.
No. 5—Detroit.	No. 10—Not reported.

HOCKEY.
Delaware, Feb. 10.—The Lambeth Hockey Team met its first defeat here today. Final score 21 to 0 in favor of Delaware. Half score, 8 to 0. The line-up was:
Delaware—Goal, Forsythe; point, Mahler; coverpoint, McDonald; forwards, Mahler, Acres, Hotham, Bod-K.
Lambeth—Goal, Clarke; point, Mon-tieth; coverpoint, Allen; forwards, Winters, Queen, Mann, Myers. Referee, W. Acres.

The Boxing Record of Hugo Kelly

Born Feb. 10, 1883, Florence, Italy. Height, 5 feet 8 inches. Weight, 155 pounds, middle-weight. Color, white. Nationality, Italian.

Sept. 29—Jack Falvey	W	Chicago	6
Oct. 6—Lew Mansfield	L	Chicago	6
Oct. 20—Jack Parrott	K	Chicago	1
Nov. 24—Jack Sullivan	D	Chicago	6
1900—			
Jan. 5—Jack Brennan	K	Chicago	1
Feb. 2—Chappy Jones	D	Chicago	6
1901—			
Aug. 25—Charley Miller	K	Bluff Lake, Ill.	2
Sept. 7—Charley Burns	D	Chicago	6
Oct. 12—Charley Burns	D	Chicago	6
Oct. 26—Charley Miller	K	Chicago	6
Nov. 13—Hughie McMahon	K	Milwaukee, Wis.	5
Dec. 4—Buck Montgomery	K	Chicago	5
Dec. 12—Buck Montgomery	W	Chicago	6
1902—			
Jan. 27—Chicago Jack Daly	D	Chicago	6
Feb. 6—Buck Montgomery	D	Chicago	6
Feb. 17—Mike Schreck	D	Chicago	6
Feb. 17—Chicago Jack Daly	W	Chicago	6
March 3—Mike Schreck	L	Chicago	6
April 23—Harry Peppers	D	Chicago	6
May 25—Mike Ziegler	W	Chicago	6
Oct. 2—Jack Roe	L	Chicago	6
Oct. 6—Johnny Hogan	D	Chicago	6
Nov. 10—Tom Wallace	W	Chicago	6
Nov. 27—Rube Ferns	W	Kansas City	10
1903—			
Jan. 3—Hughie McMahon	K	Chicago	3
Jan. 23—Mike Schreck	W	St. Louis, Mo.	15
April 1—Harry Welsh	D	Indianapolis, Ind.	20
April 16—Mike Schreck	D	St. Louis, Mo.	20
Aug. 4—Charley Miller	K	Indianapolis, Ind.	3
Sept. 17—Joe Curtin	K	Grand Rapids, Mich.	3
Oct. 20—Mike Donovan	W	Milwaukee	6
Nov. 20—Charles McKeever	L	Milwaukee	6
Dec. 3—Joe Grim	D	Chicago	6
Dec. 23—Phil Jack O'Brien	D	Kansas City	10
1904—			
Feb. 23—Twin Sullivan	W	Chicago	6
March 18—Phil Jack O'Brien	L	Chicago	6
March 21—Charles McKeever	W	Indianapolis	10
April 7—Twin Sullivan	L	Kansas City	20
April 12—Tom Foley	K	Indianapolis	10
May 11—Twin Sullivan	W	Kansas City	3
Sept. 8—Tom Wallace	K	Chicago	6
Sept. 14—Jack O'Brien	No de.	Philadelphia, Pa.	6
Oct. 24—Mike Schreck	D	Indianapolis	10
1905—			
April 19—Tom Wallace	W	Indianapolis	3
April 23—Jack O'Brien	W	Indianapolis	10
June 7—Tommy Burns	D	Detroit, Mich.	3
July 28—Tommy Burns	D	Los Angeles, Cal.	20
Nov. 3—Young Mahoney	D	Milwaukee, Wis.	20
Dec. 11—Young Mahoney	D	Indianapolis, Ind.	10
1906—			
March 2—J. (Twin) Sullivan	D	Los Angeles, Cal.	20
May 14—Dave Barry	D	Indianapolis, Ind.	10
June 25—Young Mahoney	K	Indianapolis, Ind.	3
Aug. 24—Tony Capone	K	Leavenworth	6
Sept. 11—Shilor Burke	K	Chicago	6
Nov. 13—Dave Barry	D	Kalamazoo, Mich.	10
Nov. 27—Fred Cooley	K	Peoria, Ill.	20
Dec. 12—Dave Barry	K	Rochester, N. Y.	6
1907—			
March 4—Tommy Ryan	D	Rochester, N. Y.	6
May 10—J. (Twin) Sullivan	D	Los Angeles, Cal.	20

The Thistles Lose To the Queen City

The Thistle Club rinks lost to the Queen City curlers yesterday by 17 down. The games took place in the afternoon and evening.

At the conclusion of the curling a banquet was tendered the winners. This was presided over by President W. W. Thomson.

Thistles.	Queen City.
A. Tune, C. C. James.	
W. A. Smith, W. W. Mum.	
F. G. Rumball, T. A. Brown.	
J. Stevenson, J. C. Scott.	
W. T. Cox, G. H. Clark.	
Chancey Smith, F. W. Doll.	
Thomas Gillen, F. Rodger.	
F. N. Allen, M. A. Rice.	
G. O'Neill, C. Pearson.	
J. Houston, R. Armstrong.	
A. M. Heaman, W. H. Miller.	
James Burnett, R. A. Donald.	
W. L. Mara, R. A. Donald.	
C. E. Sterling, G. G. Eakins.	
G. B. Barrie, A. Fleming.	
F. F. Betts, J. W. Corcoran.	
C. McGuire, A. E. Heustis.	
J. J. Cox, W. W. Thomson.	
W. Bartlett, H. A. Halsey.	
W. Pritchard, G. S. Lyon.	
A. E. Barbour, H. Wright.	
	J. H. Spence.

BARRACKS TO MEET "GYM" PLAYERS

On Saturday next the Y. M. C. A. and the Barracks basketball teams meet at the Armories. The teams will line up as follows:

K. C. R. C. R.	Y. M. C. A.
Gilmour, Right Forward	Harvey
Oakley, Center	Strauch

Lord Desborough Tells Of the Olympic Games

London, Feb. 11.—In the course of an interesting statement on the forthcoming Olympic games, Lord Desborough, the president of the British Olympic Association, gave the following important details to a reporter:

The preparations for the Olympic games are now rapidly approaching completion, though, of course, many important details have yet to be decided upon. The work of organizing this great athletic gathering has been considerable, but, thanks to the co-operation of the athletic associations and the devotion of our hon. secretary, Rev. R. S. de Courcy Laffan, it has progressed rapidly and smoothly. The coming games are the fourth of a series inaugurated at Athens in 1896, having been held since at Paris in 1900 and at St. Louis in 1904.

It had been decided to hold the Olympiad of 1908 at Rome, but the arrangement was altered in 1906 during the Olympic games (which were not one of the regular Olympic series) at Athens. What happened was this: I was asked during these games by the International committee if it would be possible to hold the games for 1908 in London, as the Italian representative on the International committee stated that for various reasons they could not be held at Rome, and I undertook to see what could be done, promising at the same time, to do my best to get the Olympiad celebrated in England.

International Arrangements.
Having obtained the gracious assent of His Majesty King Edward, who was then in Athens, I called the British Olympic Association together and explained the situation to them. I then issued, through the Olympic Association, a memorandum to the great governing bodies of English athletics and asked whether they would approve of the idea and give their assistance. The idea met with the approval of all the associations, and a British Olympic Council was formed of delegates from these associations and a programme was gradually evolved comprising most forms of athletics. This was submitted to the International Olympic Council, which met at The Hague at The Hague at the same time, and with certain suggested alterations, was adopted.

The fundamental idea is that the direct conduct of the different sports should be in the hands of the governing bodies representing those sports, and under the general control of the British Olympic Council, which is formed of delegates from those bodies. In most countries similar Olympic committees are being formed, and entries for the different events will come through them. It has been considered advisable to limit the number of entries, so individual entries will not be received, but only those which come to us through some responsible body. It is most important to preserve the amateur character of the meeting.

The metric system of measurement has, to a large extent, been adopted, as it is generally in use abroad, and in the three Olympic games which have already been celebrated it was employed; in order to make a comparison of times possible and to preserve the continuity of the series the same system will be used in our Olympic games next year. It will, perhaps, be rather a disadvantage to our athletes, who are accustomed to run say, 100 yards and not 100 meters, but it must be remembered that these games are not British championships, but that they form part of an international series.

The Financial Question.
A course for the long-distance, or Marathon race, about twenty-five miles in length, has been decided on by the Amateur Athletic Association; it will start near Windsor and finish in the Stadium. This race is sure to prove most interesting; at Athens it caused more excitement than any other event, and brought out a very large field, and I expect the same thing will happen here.

As to the finances, we have to rely on our own exertions to raise the large sums necessary; we get no assistance in this respect from the Government, and are therefore somewhat at a disadvantage compared with other countries who have held the games, which were made an official event. In Greece in 1896 a grant was given by the Government, and the King of Greece was the recognized head. We have, however, made a most satisfactory agreement with the Franco-British Exhibition Executive which has relieved us of much anxiety on this head, and we hope to raise a large sum by public subscription, and it will be needed to carry through Olympic games as they should be carried through in this country.

Medals for Winners.
The gold, silver, and bronze medals alone will be a very expensive item, and money will have to be found for events outside the Stadium, such as the great Olympic Regatta at Henley. It is hoped, too, that a sufficient sum will be raised to provide entertainment for the large number of athletes who will be coming to this country, many of them for the first time to say nothing of the judges, members of the international committee and other distinguished visitors in connection with the games.

An appeal will shortly be issued, to which it is hoped that all interested in athletics and in the reputation of this country for hospitality to visitors will respond according to their means. The occasion will be a worthy one, as some twenty-two countries will be represented.

ROUGH-HOUSE IN NEW ONTARIO

New Liskeard Won—A Man's Jaw Broken—The Police Stop Fight.

J. W. Jones, C. Shelgrove.	
J. P. Evans, A. L. Malone.	
Total.....62	Total.....79
Queen City up 17 shots.	
J. J. Cayley, A. E. Heustis.	
P. H. Ranshan, W. Philip.	
W. M. Govenlock, G. S. Flynn.	
C. A. Ross, H. A. Halsey.	
R. Lashbrook, R. A. Donald.	
J. W. McIntosh, G. G. Eakins.	
W. Fulton, A. Fleming.	
J. Purdon, J. W. Corcoran.	
W. E. Robinson, H. Wright.	
R. D. McDonald, J. H. Spence.	
C. E. Sterling, C. Snellgrove.	
Dr. McDonald, A. L. Malone.	
C. E. Mountjoy, C. Pearson.	
A. Scott, R. Armstrong.	
C. Graham, H. W. Maw.	
A. Talbot, W. R. Miller.	
T. Dealey, G. H. Clark.	
Dr. Bentley, F. W. Doll.	
J. Richardson, A. F. Rodger.	
S. D. Swift, M. A. Rice.	
Dr. C. Brown, C. C. James.	
W. F. Boughner, W. W. Maw.	
B. W. Glover, T. A. Brown.	
J. C. Scott, J. H. Spence.	
Total.....83	Total.....84

New Liskeard, Feb. 11.—New Liskeard defeated Halleybury on the latter's ice in a scheduled hockey match by a score of 2-1. All the scoring was done in the first half. The game was the roughest ever played in this country, as this game practically meant the championship to the winning team. New Liskeard scored first, and Halleybury soon evened up. New Liskeard's second goal was disputed by Halleybury, and the goal umpire was put off, but the score counted.

In the second half Hollingsworth, a former Cornwall player, who played in the game for Cornwall last year when one of their players was killed, deliberately hit Clark over the head with his stick. The two of them were giving a one-round exhibition of a prize fight when the police interfered. They each spent the next ten minutes with the timekeepers. After they returned Hollingsworth and Henderson, both of Halleybury, collided while trying to sandwich a New Liskeard man, with the result that the former's jaw was broken, and he retired from the game, and Henderson nursed a sore head. A Taylor, of New Liskeard, went off to even up.

Lady Ernestine Hunt, the eldest daughter of the Marquis of Ailesbury, owns and operates a horse ranch at Calgary, Alberta, on a stretch of land nearly 40,000 acres in extent.

Faint and Weak In the Morning

That's how you feel when you wake up, and if neglected you feel miserable all day. When this discomfort presents itself there is just one thing to do—take ten drops of Nervine and you feel better at once—stomach is regulated, nausea disappears and you are ready for breakfast. For bowel and stomach disorders, bloating, gas, hiccups, and indigestion, you'll get nothing with half the merit of Nervine; try a 25c bottle—really it's worth its weight in gold to the man that's sick.

WILSON'S INVALIDS' PORT

(A la cuisine de Péron)

—A BIG BRACING TONIC

not only builds up the body but gives strength and energy for the day's work.

THE SEVENTH NINE FOR WOODSTOCK GAME

The line-up of the Seventh Regiment baseball team, which goes to Woodstock next Thursday evening, is as follows:

Catchers, Condon and Anderson; pitchers, Orr and Richards; first base, Ironside; second base, Nettleship; third base, Jerry McCall; left short, Myers; right short, Callahan; left field, Rider; right field, Penwarden. These men are requested to turn out Wednesday night at the armories at 8 o'clock, when they will be given uniforms.

SUCCEEDS MR. CHOWEN

Toronto, Feb. 12.—The O. H. A. executive committee, by mail vote, have elected Charles Farquharson, president of the Stratford hockey club, to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of J. W. Chowen, who left Stratford for the west several weeks ago.

300,000 Immigrants To Canada Seventy Languages Now Spoken

Annual Meeting of the Western Ontario Bible Society Last Night.

The annual meeting of the members of the Western Ontario Bible Society was held in Croyne Hall last night, with a good attendance.

A number of reports were received from the different branches, all indicating that the society is in the most flourishing condition.

During the year 5,977,000 Bibles were distributed by the society throughout the world, and also several million tracts.

In Canada the society distributed more than 93,000 Bibles in 60 places.

Canadian Immigration.
The society estimates that 300,000 people came to Canada last year.

These people speak altogether 70 different languages.

A striking illustration of the growth of Canada's population is shown by the languages spoken.

In 1905 there were 47 different languages used here. In 1906, 60, and in 1907, 70.

During the year the Western Ontario branch sent the sum of \$3,000 to the parent society in old London and distributed over \$1,500 worth of supplies in Canada.

The Work Performed.
A most interesting account of the work the society is doing in Canada was given by Mr. W. Bowen, secretary of the Western Ontario branch.

Mr. Gibson, secretary of the eastern branch, gave an illustrated lecture on "From the Cape to Cairo," dealing with the work that is being done in South Africa.

Very Rev. Dean Davis presided over the meeting, and conveyed to both speakers very hearty thanks for their excellent addresses.

Is Against Corporal Punishment In the Public Schools of London

Mr. Edwards Would Rather Try Manual Training for Boys Who Won't Study.

The suggestion of Truant Officer Weir regarding amendments to the truancy act are causing considerable comment among educationalists and on the whole meet with approbation.

Two clauses open to criticism are those relating to employers of child-labor, and the one referring to corporal punishment.

Inspector Edwards.
"I do not like the idea of punishment of truants at all," said Inspector Edwards this morning.

"Give the boy something to do, and he will be all right. He may show an aversion to working with his head, and if he is given something to do with his hands he would be all right."

"That is the theory worked out in Cleveland."

"There they have a separate school for truants, and a better lot of boys cannot be found in the city. They are taught manual training, and since they are splendid, most teachers say."

Meeting To Form Boating Association

Tonight a meeting will be held in the Hermitage in the Masonic Temple for the purpose of forming a boating club. One of the gentlemen behind the move today made the following statements to The Advertiser:

"London at last is to awaken, and not be behind the times in the line of sport and outdoor healthful recreation. Indeed, in the last few years we have had much need of the spirit that the boating-loving public is now advancing."

"The launching of a boating association in London will be a step to encourage and awaken the rising generation to the natural beauties and water advantages that our now progressive city possesses."

"A quarter of a century ago we were more progressive than we are now. Go back into history, and you find that steamers used to ply on the Thames 25 or 30 years ago."

"The big regatta days are over."

Artistic Concert in the Auditorium

Under the auspices of the London Alma Daughters an artistic concert was given in the Auditorium last night.

The artists were Mr. and Mrs. J. Lamont Galbraith, Miss Isabel Wilkie and Miss Jean Robb, and the excellence of the programme was such that the only regret felt was that the audience was not greater.

Miss Isabel Wilkie's fine contralto voice was heard to good effect in "A Song of Spain," "Kilbarney," and "A Norwegian Song." Miss Jean Robb's

The Mayor and City Architect's Fees

"The members of the board of education misunderstood me when they gave me credit for saying that they would be ready to pay 4 per cent for the work done by City Architect Nutter on school buildings," said Mayor Stevely this morning.

"What I said was that the board would be charged with 4 per cent on the contracts, in order that it could be discovered what proportion of Mr. Nutter's salary the board would have to pay."

"We ask only that the board of education bear its equitable share, and I think it will willingly agree to that."

Trustees MacRobert and Weekes, Inspector Edwards and City Architect Nutter visited the Lorne avenue school this morning, and examined the place.

The work on the new building will be commenced with the least possible delay, and the work pushed rapidly.

Y. M. C. A. Committees Appointed

At a meeting of the directors and committees of the Y. M. C. A. on Tuesday evening, President Macpherson appointed the following committees for the year:

Executive Committee.—Messrs. John Macpherson, William Turnbull, John Tanton.

Building Committee.—Thomas Bryan, William Turnbull, W. D. T. Wright.

General Finance Committee.—Charles Wright, John Tanton, Frank White, W. Turnbull, D. H. Gilles, William Gorman, Thomas Bryan.

Physical Work Committee.—E. F. H. Parker, C. M. Manning, C. Wickert, Dr. Cunningham.

Education Committee.—Dr. H. Stevenson, O. H. Talbot, R. A. Little.

Boys' Work Committee.—F. Heath, W. W. Holmes.

Entertainment Committee.—J. W. Westervelt, F. Gidley and Dr. Cunningham.

Membership Committee.—W. D. J. Wright, John Henderson, Dr. Kennedy.

Religious Work.—Dr. G. J. A. Thompson, Frank Kern, Wm. Jeffery, D. McNaughton, J. Henderson, A. Bryan, Walter Harrison.

Social Committee.—Dr. White, J. Manning, Geo. Prebble.

Travellers' Club.—J. Imrie, A. Hogg, C. Reid, F. Elburn, W. Clark, J. Bryan, G. Cluett, B. Schell, G. Hymer, W. Finch, F. Field.

The Port Stanley Lease.
Mayor Stevely and Ald. Beattie had a conference with City Solicitor Meredith this morning regarding the lease asked for by Mr. Price, of Port Stanley. Mr. Meredith could not give an opinion offhand, as to the city's power in this matter, and will look it up. His opinion will be given in a day or two.

KATHARINE HALE IN ST. ANDREW'S HALL

Will Lecture Thursday Evening on
Modern Drama.

"Katharine Hale," who will appear in St. Andrew's lecture hall Thursday, Feb. 13, is not an elocutionist, neither will a concert form part of the programme on that occasion. Miss Warrack says:

"The elocutionist, as some of us remember her in the days of our youth, will soon be as extinct as the dodo and other prehistoric birds."

The lecture is one of a course given this season at the Margaret Eaton School of Literature and Expression, and should appeal especially to students.

The subject of the lecture is "Modern Drama," and will include selections from Ibsen, Pinero, Maeterlinck, Shaw, and others.

LICENSE INSPECTORS

Continued from Page One.

Lambeth there were no less than fourteen hotels. All of which did a big business.

The list is as follows:
Licenses Issued Since 1874.

Year.	Tavern.	Shop.	Wle.
1874	75	40	3
1875	75	34	5
1876	57	34	5
1877	58	35	1
1878	58	37	1
1879	57	36	2
1880	45	27	2
1881	45	24	2
1882	47	26	3
1883	47	24	2
1884	49	23	1
1885	49	23	1
1886	61	21	2
1887	54	19	2
1888	57	14	1
1889	58	13	1
1890	56	12	1
1891	41	10	1
1892	34	6	3
1893	34	6	5
1894	34	6	2
1895	34	6	2
1896	34	6	2
1897	34	6	2
1898	34	6	2
1899	34	6	2
1900	35	6	2
1901	35	6	2
1902	35	6	2
1903	35	6	1
1904	35	6	1
1905	35	6	1
1906-7	26	5	1

Local Items

—Mr. and Mrs. James Westervelt and family wish to thank their many friends for their kindness and sympathy during their recent bereavement.

—Miss Lizzie Gillitt, of this city, left today on a visit to her home in Delhi, Ont., accompanied by her friend, Miss Mabel Gledhill, of Alexander street, West London.

—A skating party was held in Princess Rink last evening under the auspices of Empress Avenue Epworth League. After skating the young people were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Powrie, 298 Vandyke street. Refreshments were served and an excellent time is reported by everyone who was there.

Charity Organization.
A meeting of the Charity Organization Society will be held on Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock to discuss the work to be done.

Torontos Won.
The crack team of Toronto hockey team last night defeated the fast Huron and Erie seven by a score of 4 to 2.

Said Off.
City Engineer Graydon laid off two gangs of snow-shovelers at noon today. He has quite a number still at work, but they will not work much longer, as the appropriation will be exhausted very soon.

Card of Thanks.
Mrs. Edward W. Witt wishes to thank her many friends for their kindness shown to her in her recent bereavement in the death of her husband.

Lincoln's Birthday.
Today is the anniversary of the birth of President Lincoln, and it is being observed as a holiday in the United States. He was assassinated by J. Wilkes Booth on April 14, 1865.

Sprained His Leg.
Mr. George Saunby, of 28 Argyle street, West London, met with a very painful accident at Beck's box factory yesterday. While shoveling some coal into the furnace he slipped and sprained his leg very badly. The injury will confine him to his home for several weeks.

Collegiate Wins.
In a fast game of hockey at the Simcoe street rink the Collegiate seven last night defeated the Medicals by a score of 8 to 5. Mr. A. McMahon refereed in a satisfactory manner. The teams paired off as follows: Collegiate—McCrimmon, goal; MacRobert, point; Lackie, cover; Lee, rover; Hodges, center; Woods, left wing; McDunn, right wing; Medicals—Wilson, goal; Walker, point; McGuffin, cover; McLean, rover; Featherstone, center; McFarlane, left wing; King, right wing.

PERCY BOWIN'S TRIAL.
Detroit, Mich., Feb. 12.—The trial of Percy Bowin, the 18-year-old Canadian boy, charged with the murder of Mrs. Welch, has been set for Feb. 24. Mr. Kennedy, Bowin's attorney, says he cannot be ready before the March term of the recorder's court. Judge Pheasant said that if necessary the trial would be postponed until March, as he would insist upon every opportunity being given the young man to prove his innocence. The judge overruled Mr. Kennedy's motion to quash the information against Bowin on the ground that he had been induced to plead guilty in the police court by Captain of Detectives McDonnell. Mr. Kennedy violently assailed officials of the police department, accusing them of taking advantage of Bowin's youthfulness and ignorance of legal matters in an effort to railroad him to prison.

Abattoir Will Mean Big Stockyards London in Center of Cattle District

Big Chance for Expansion in Local Business If Opportunity Is Seized.

The possibility of an abattoir being established in the city has given rise to much talk regarding the ideal location of London for such an industry.

The average citizen wonders that such a thing has not been located here before this.

"London is the center of a splendid cattle raising section," said a man interested in the cattle business this morning.

"The five counties contiguous to London, Middlesex, Elgin, Lambton, Huron and Oxford, send a very large proportion of the cattle slaughtered and exported in Toronto."

"In addition there are other counties within close contact with London that also raise considerable cattle."

The Cattle District.
"The truth is, London is ideally located for an abattoir. There are great numbers of cattle in the vicinity, and they would all be sold here, if there was an abattoir."

"If the abattoir is established, as I expect it will, London will become a great stock center, and will rival Toronto in a few years."

But One Staff for New Hospitals Many New Nurses Will Be Required

There will be only one administrative staff for the new hospitals. That was the opinion of those in charge of hospital affairs.

"The new isolation hospital will be under the supervision of Mr. Heard and Miss Stanley just as the present hospital is," said Mayor Stevely this morning.

"At least, that is what I understand from the members of the hospital trust. It may increase their work considerably, but they can administer the hospital better under one authority than if it were divided."

It will mean a considerable increase in the number of nurses in training at the hospital. The present isolation ward will be turned into a maternity ward, and that will require the addition of a few nurses, and the hospital will require ten or fifteen more, it is said.

The details of the tuberculosis hospital have not been worked out. It is understood that a separate administrative body will be required for that.

Protest Against Three-fifths Clause

PLENTY OF HAY AND GOOD DEMAND

Bad roads had no terrors for the farmers of Middlesex county yesterday, as a result there were thousands of hay on the market, and over half that number today.

The farmers declare that the thaw has made the roads well-nigh impassable. The wheeling is too heavy for wagons, and the snow is so soft that the sleighs cut through to the ground. Two upsets were recorded this morning.

Those who own the little shack that some call home are not so satisfied. If the real estate owners have any Christianity in their make-up, let them show it by reducing rents from 20 to 30 per cent until the winter is over. This is not an unfair proposition, for it pays to own London real estate. The fortunes left in recent years by men who made their money in real estate shows that this form of property is a good investment.

It is up to the real estate owners to show that they are Christians and not extortioners; that they wish to increase the growth and prosperity of this fair city, and that they do not wish to extort the last dollar from the man who earns his living and their living by the sweat of his brow.

CITIZEN.

AN IMPRESSIVE SERVICE
Many Attend the Funeral of the Late Mrs. Cruikshanks.

The funeral of Mrs. Lorena Cruikshanks, which took place from the residence of Rev. Walter Moffatt, 362 Horton street, this afternoon to Woodland Cemetery, was very largely attended. Services of a very impressive nature were conducted by Rev. J. G. Stuart at the house. The floral offerings were very beautiful and included tributes from the choir of Chalmers Church, Sons of Scotland Male Chorus, a beautiful pillow from her husband, a wreath from the Ladies' Aid of Chalmers Church, a wreath from the telephone operators of Chalmers, a wreath from the King's Daughters of Knox Church, Guelph, and many others.

The pallbearers were Messrs. Thos. Evans, G. Fordyce, S. Cruikshanks, W. Benfield, A. Grant, and Rev. Walter Moffatt. Among the relatives attending the funeral were Mr. Thos. Fordyce, of Guelph; Miss Agnes Fordyce, of Guelph; Miss Agnes Fordyce, of Guelph; and Mr. George Fordyce, of Chicago.

SPECIAL FLOUR TRAIN.
Detroit, Mich., Feb. 12.—As soon as the railway Manistiquette arrives at North Port on the east shore of Lake Michigan with 29 cars of flour from Minneapolis to England the flour will be taken in charge by the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railway and transported to Traverse City, where it will be handed over to the Pere Marquette Railroad, which will rush the consignment over its line to the Niagara frontier. It will be held accountable for a minute's delay. The successful handling of this train means the placing of heavy contracts from Minneapolis, which does a very large flour business with England.

MOTORISTS START DARING TRIP

Six Automobiles Leave New York for Paris By Way of the Bering Straits.

New York, Feb. 12.—The six automobiles contesting in the New York and Riverside drive to the city limits, where they turned north on the road to Albany. From that city the route to San Francisco, which is the objective point of the first stage of the trip, lies across New York State to Buffalo, thence through Cleveland and Toledo to Chicago, to Omaha, Cheyenne, Ogden, Reno, Goldfield, San Luis, Chispa and San Francisco. Mayor McClellan was to have given the word to start, but was delayed and Colgate Hoyt of the Automobile Club of America took his place.

All traffic in the neighborhood of Times Square was stopped a half hour before the start. Automobiles clogged the intersecting streets and lined the route for many blocks on Broadway. No such aggregation of machines has been seen in or about New York since the last Vanderbilt cup race. A band in the official grandstand played the anthems of the nations as the cars lined up for the start. A pistol shot sent the contestants away amid the cheering of the people and the hoarse shouting of hundreds of automobile horns. The contesting cars are the queerest-looking machines ever devised for motoring purposes. With their heavy equipment of stores and camp utensils, several were a modern representation of the old prairie schooner. One resembled a hook and ladder truck, with long running boards on either side, equipped with axes, shovels, ropes, and a dozen other articles. The clothing of the drivers varied from black bearskins to the pure white fur outfit and headgear of a French team.

Three French cars, one German, one Italian and one American started in the race. Three men constituted the crews of the foreign machines, but there were only two in the American car. The three French cars are steered by G. Bourcier St. Chaffney, M. Godard and M. Pons, the German car by Lieut. Koepen, of the Prussian army; the Italian car by Antonio Scarfoglio, and the American car by Montague Roberts. All of the machines carried the flag of their own nation and that of the United States. They were plentifully decorated with signs and placards, so there could be no mistaking their identity wherever seen. The building surrounding Times Square were decorated with flags and bunting. Estimates vary as to the length of time the race will require. From six to nine months it is believed will be consumed. All the drivers are confident of reaching their destination through the frozen fields of Alaska and Siberia. Steamers will transport the machines from San Francisco to Valdez, Alaska, and from Nome to East Cape, Siberia, across Behring Strait.

TRAMPLED TO DEATH
Woman Went Into Stall To Feed a Vicious Horse.

Carberry, Man., Feb. 12.—Mrs. S. Mahan, wife of a prominent resident of Sidney, Man., was trampled to death by a vicious horse which she had attempted to feed in the stable at her husband's farm. The woman was found unconscious in the stall beside the animal by Mrs. McElroy, a neighbor, who lifted her away and ran for assistance. It is believed the woman must have regained consciousness and again wandered into the stall. When she was finally taken out she was so badly mangled that she died within a few minutes. She leaves a family of four small children.

LATEST STOCK MARKET REPORTS

New York and Chicago Stock Exchanges are closed, in celebration of Lincoln's birthday.

TORONTO.
Toronto, Feb. 12.

Bell Telephone 75
General Electric 100
Canadian Pacific 147 1/2
City Dairies 80
City Dairies 80
Consumers' Gas 100
Dominion Coal, com. 38 1/2
Dominion Steel, com. 15 1/2
Dominion Steel, pfd. 55
Dominion Telegraph 110
Illinois Traction pfd. 82
Lake of the Woods, com. 77
Mackay, com. 62 1/2
Mackay, pfd. 63
Mexican Light & Power 51 1/2
M. S. P. & S. S. N. 90 1/2
Niagara Navigation 86
Northern Navigation 86
North Star 9
N. S. Steel, com. 120 1/2
Prairie Lands 130
Rio Janeiro Tram 34 1/2
Sao Paulo Tram 111 1/2
St. L. & C. Navigation 111 1/2
Toronto Railway 98
Twin City Railway 70 1/2
Winipeg Railway 138
Dominion Bank 20 1/2
Bank of Montreal 150
Imperial Bank 212
Standard Bank 220
Traders' Bank 232 1/2
Agricultural Loan 117 1/2
Canada Landed 120
Canada Permanent 121
Colonial Investment 108
Dominion Savings 120
Hamilton Provident 120
Huron & Erie 120
Landed Banking 100
London & Canada 100
National Trust 100
Ontario Loan 100
Real Estate 100
Toronto Mortgage 107

CHICAGO.
Chicago, Feb. 12.—Wheat—Spot, easy; 2 red western, winter, 75 1/2; future steady; March, 75 3/4; May, 75 3/4; July, 75 1/2.

ENGLISH MARKET.
LIVERPOOL.
Liverpool, Feb. 12.—Wheat—Spot, easy; 2 red western, winter, 75 1/2; future steady; March, 75 3/4; May, 75 3/4; July, 75 1/2.

STOCKS.
Corn—Spot steady; prime mixed American, new, 55 1/2; do, old, 55 1/2; new northern, 55 1/2. Futures steady; February nominal; March, 55 1/2.

PRICES.
Peanut—Canadian steady, 55 1/2.
Four—Winter patents dull, 30s.
Hops (in London)—Pacific coast steady, 22 to 23.

BEANS.
Beef—Extra India mess dull, 58s 5d.
Pork—Prime mess dull, 58s 5d.
Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, quiet, 40s 6d.

BACON.
Bacon—Cumberland cut, 25 to 26 lbs, weak, 37s; short ribs, 16 to 17 lbs, weak, 38s 6d; do, heavy, 28 to 30 lbs, weak, 38s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 17 lbs, weak, 38s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 15 lbs, quiet, 25s.

LARD.
Lard—Prime western, in tiers, weak, 25s 6d; American refined, in pails, easy, 25s 6d.

CHEESE.
Cheese—Canadian finest white, new, steady, 62s 6d; do, colored, 63s 6d.
Tallow—Prime city weak, 58s 3d; Australian (in London) dull, 55s.

SPICES.
Turpentine—Spits—Easy, 38s 6d.
Rosin—Common steady, 55s 6d.
Petroleum—Refined steady, 74d.
Lined Oil—Curt, 25s.

COTTONS.
Cottonseed Oil (Hull refined)—Spot quiet, 23s 1 1/2d.

Strong's Baking Powder

By the analytical chemist of the Dominion of Canada:
"Strong's Baking Powder is found to have very high aerating power. It is a cream of tartar powder, containing no alum or phosphate, and it is not adulterated."

Alum baking powders are sold to consumers at from 10c. to 20c. a pound. So detrimental to health are alum baking powders considered that in many countries their sale is prohibited.

Strong's Baking Powder, 25c. per lb.

W. T. STRONG

Dispensing Chemist, 194 Dundas St.

We Dye to Stay

There's not alone virtue in our dyes, but virtue in the way we dye. You will be satisfied, we think, if you allow us to dye your garments—men's or women's.

R. PARKER & CO

Dyers and Cleaners,
100 RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT.

Mexican Electric, bonds, 76
Rio Janeiro, bonds, 75
Sao Paulo, bonds, 75

Morning Sales: C. P. R., rights, 35, 45 and 10 at 8; Rio, 25 and 100 at 34 1/2, 2 at 34 1/2, 2 at 34 1/2, 2 at 34 1/2; Dominion Steel, 10 at 15; Sao Paulo, 10 at 15; Mexican L. & P., 100 at 53 1/2, 2 at 53 1/2, 2 at 53 1/2, 2 at 53 1/2; 20 at 51 1/2, 20 at 51 1/2, 20 at 51 1/2, 20 at 51 1/2; Mackay, common, 25 at 62 1/2, 15 at 62 1/2, 15 at 62 1/2, 15 at 62 1/2; Canada Permanent, 50 at 101, 4 at 129 1/2, 4 at 121; Winnipeg, 15 at 136; Bank of Commerce, 10 and 2 at 101, 10 at 101 1/2, 10 at 101 1/2; Imperial Bank, 5 at 211; R. & O., 10 at 64.

No board this afternoon.

MONTREAL.</

BRISK DEMAND
FOR HAY TODAY

LOCAL MARKET.

London, Wednesday, Feb. 12.—There was a brisk demand for the 30 loads of hay that were offered today, as the buyers had in view the probability that there would soon be a break-up of the roads; sales were made at \$15 to \$16 per ton.

Straw sold at \$5 and \$5.50 per ton; the demand was fair.

Oats were firm, at \$1.52 to \$1.54 per cwt.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

There was less business transacted at the markets here last week than in any one week during the past two or three years. It is hardly necessary to state that the roads were responsible for the light supply of farm produce, as it was only the farmers who reside near the city who could come in with hay or straw without running the risk of upsetting their loads. Owing to the shortage there was a considerable increase in prices, but as there was a large amount of produce offered on Monday and Tuesday of the present week, especially on Tuesday, when there was a larger delivery than during the whole of last week, prices receded to the level of two weeks ago, and a big drop took place in the price of dressed hogs.

Grain.—The delivery of oats has been fairly large, and there has been a good demand, as millers have been doing some buying on this market; sales were made in the latter part of last week at \$1.50 to \$1.52 per cwt, but on Tuesday from \$1.50 to \$1.54 was paid, nearly all the loads selling at \$1.52 per cwt. Barley is selling at \$1.35 to \$1.37 per cwt, and wheat at \$2.25 per cwt.

Hay and straw.—During last week there were only 30 loads of hay marketed, and prices were the highest for some time, \$18 per ton being paid in some cases; on Monday and Tuesday of this week there were 110 loads on the square, which relieved the shortage to such an extent that the prices paid were about the same as those previous to the snow blockade; sales were made at \$14 to \$15.50 per ton. Straw is selling fairly briskly at \$8 to \$9 per ton.

Apples.—The market continues to be over-supplied, as there has been no outlet in the way of shipping; sales are slow at \$1.25 to \$1.75 per barrel, and \$1.00 to \$1.25 per bushel.

Butter and eggs.—Butter is firm in price at 25c to 30c for choice pound rolls, and 20c for cracker in wholesale lots; stores of rough stuff sell at 25c to 27c per lb; butter is likely to be firm for some time. Eggs are selling at 27c to 28c per dozen wholesale; a few lots were sold at 30c per dozen.

Potatoes.—Like all other lines, prices were firm to higher last week, but at Tuesday's market prices were lower, old, namely, 80c and 85c per bag.

Poultry.—The dealers quote the following prices: Old fowl, 8c per lb alive and 6c dressed; chickens, 10c per lb alive and 11c dressed; ducks, 10c per lb alive and 12c to 14c dressed; trade is fair.

Dressed Hogs.—The supply of dressed hogs at Tuesday's market was the largest in a single day for years; the prices are altogether too high, compared with those paid for live hogs; many of the dealers are unreasonable to expect from \$7.75 to \$8 per cwt more than they are getting for those on foot; sales were made on Saturday at \$7.50 to \$8 per cwt, and on Tuesday from \$6.50 to \$7.25 per cwt was paid.

Live Hogs.—Prices are unsettled and uncertain; it is probable that \$5 per cwt will be paid next Monday.

Butchers' Meats.—Beef is higher, at \$7 to \$8.50 per cwt by the carcass; mutton, 10c to 12c; veal, 10c to 12c; lamb, 10c to 12c; pork, 10c to 12c; for forequarters and 9c for hindquarters.

OIL MARKETS.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa., Feb. 11.—Credit balances, \$1.78.

LONDON.

London, Feb. 11.—Petroleum, American refined, 6 1/2-13; spirits, 75d.

ANTWERP.

Antwerp, Belgium, Feb. 11.—Petroleum, 2 francs.

SUGAR MARKET.

NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 11.—Raw sugar—Raw sugar, 10c; refined, 10c; centrifugal, 10c; 10c; molasses sugar, 8c; refined sugar, 10c; molasses—Quiet.

LONDON.

London, Feb. 11.—Raw sugar—Centrifugal, 10c; muscovado, 9c; beet sugar, February, 8 1/2-14d.

Toronto, Feb. 11.—Montreal granulated sugar, in barrels, \$4.50; yellow, \$4.10; Acadia, \$4.35; Ontario beet, \$4.35; in bags prices are 5c less than above.

HAY MARKET.

Toronto, Feb. 11.—Baled Straw—Slow at about \$10 per ton on track here.

Baled Hay—Timothy is quoted at \$16 to \$17 in carlots on tracks here.

WOOL MARKET.

Toronto, Feb. 11.—There are no deliveries and interest is being taken in the market.

Quotations are nominal at: Washed wools, 19c to 20c; unwashed wools, 10c; and rejects, 14c to 15c.

COTTON MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 11.—Cotton—Futures closed steady, February, 10.84c; March, 10.85c; April, 10.85c; May, 10.85c; June, 10.85c; July, 10.85c; August, 10.85c; September, 10.85c; October, 10.85c.

Spot closed quiet, 5 points lower; middling uplands, 11.65c; middling low, 11.65c; sales, 2,000 bales.

BEAN MARKET.

DETROIT.

Detroit, Feb. 11.—Beans—Spot, \$2.27; February, \$2.20; May, \$2.30; all bid.

DAIRY MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL DAIRY REPORT, WEEK ENDING JAN. 31.

[Hodgson Bros. Letter.]

Cheese.—The demand is very slow; quiet; no change in values, without stimulating a demand. This applies to all grades. We quote today: Finest Canadian, colored, 58c to 60c per cwt; do, white, 58c to 60c; April, 58c to 60c; May, 58c to 60c; June, 58c to 60c; July, 58c to 60c; August, 58c to 60c; September, 58c to 60c; October, 58c to 60c.

Spot closed quiet, 5 points lower; middling uplands, 11.65c; middling low, 11.65c; sales, 2,000 bales.

Butter has been a strong market. Arrivals of all grades are cleared, and the tendency is to a further advance in values, supplies being quite insufficient for requirements. The Danish quotation is 2 kroner up for next week. Secondary and lower grades of butter are also exceedingly scarce and in request at higher prices. We quote today: Choicest Canadian, 10c to 12c; do, white, 10c to 12c; Danish, in Kiel cases, 12c to 12.5c per cwt; choicest Russian and Siberian, very scarce, 11c to 12c; secondary grades, do, 10c to 12c; do, white, 10c to 12c; Zealand, 12c to 13c; choicest Irish cream, none; choicest Argentine, 12c to 13c; choicest States creamery, States process

PRODUCE MARKET.
TORONTO.

Toronto, Feb. 12.—Prices for mill offals continue close together, shorts and bran selling often within a dollar of each other. The local market will undoubtedly reflect some of the weakness being shown today in the Winnipeg market, if this weakness continues to be manifested. Traders still maintain that the local option agitation has hurt the barley market. Whatever the cause, prices continue depressed. Corn is good property, as prices are very firm at prevailing quotations. Prices are:

Wheat—Manitoba No. 1 northern, \$1.18; No. 2 northern, \$1.15; feed wheat, 65c; No. 2 feed, 62c, at late ports; Ontario No. 2 white, 55c to 56c outside; No. 2 red, 55c to 56c; No. 2 mixed, 55c; goose, 51c to 52c; No. 2 yellow, American, 64c to 65c; Toronto freights; old corn, about 72c, none offering; inferior, 62c to 63c; No. 2 feed, 62c; No. 2 yellow, American, 64c to 65c; No. 2 white, 55c to 56c outside; No. 2 red, 55c to 56c; No. 2 mixed, 55c; goose, 51c to 52c; No. 2 yellow, American, 64c to 65c; Toronto freights; old corn, about 72c, none offering; inferior, 62c to 63c; No. 2 feed, 62c; No. 2 yellow, American, 64c to 65c; No. 2 white, 55c to 56c outside; No. 2 red, 55c to 56c; No. 2 mixed, 55c; goose, 51c to 52c; No. 2 yellow, American, 64c to 65c; Toronto freights; old corn, about 72c, none offering; inferior, 62c to 63c; No. 2 feed, 62c; No. 2 yellow, American, 64c to 65c; No. 2 white, 55c to 56c outside; No. 2 red, 55c to 56c; No. 2 mixed, 55c; goose, 51c to 52c; No. 2 yellow, American, 64c to 65c; 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FISH! Halibut, per pound 15c
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Is all we want to convince you we sell the best coal on the market. We can deliver promptly.

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From our yards to your cellar. Coal that burns to a clean ash without clinkers. Give us a trial order and be convinced.

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Have you seen those

SUSPENDERS

in our window?
50c PAIR
They are Guaranteed?

ORANGES

Regular California Navels reduced from 40c per dozen to

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HARRY RANAHAN
Phone 1024. 515 Richmond St.

BABY RINGS

IN all gold, with a heart-shaped plain top for the infant, \$1.00.

W. G. Young
214-674 Dundas St.

City and District

—Mr. J. W. Broderick of this city, has purchased the boot and shoe stock of Mr. Dean, at Brantford, for 75 cents on the dollar.

—Mr. George L. Walters, Glendale, left London last night on an extended visit to his sister in San Jose. He expects to be gone several months. Mrs. R. Scott will return with him. He was accompanied by Mr. J. W. Cawse as far as Granger, Wyoming. Mr. Cawse is on his way to visit his father near Portland, Oregon.

Detroit Detective Here.
Detective Baker, of the Detroit police, passed through the city on his way back to Detroit last night, after an official trip to Toronto.

Owen Sound Brigade.
Chief Wm. Howard, of the Owen Sound fire brigade, has had issued the annual report of the department. It shows that Chief Howard has made great improvements in the brigade there.

Alma College.

Londoners who intend attending the Alma College Conversazione at St. Thomas, will be pleased to learn that Principal Warner has arranged to have a special car on the South-western Traction line leave St. Thomas for this city at 12 o'clock Friday night.

A Delightful Evening.
Brantford Expositor: At St. James' Church last night, Rev. Canon Dann, of London gave a most enjoyable programme of readings from Dickens and Shakespeare. Rev. Mr. Howard occupied the chair. As a reader Canon Dann is most accomplished, and his selections, which were varied and interesting, proved most entertaining and delightful.

Bitten by a Bear.
Hamilton Times: Apdale's animals—bears, dogs, monkeys and an ant-eater—put on an act at Bennett's theater on Saturday that was not on the programme. At the afternoon performance Mr. Apdale was putting one of the bears through his drill when the bear snapped at him. Its teeth went through Mr. Apdale's hand, but the plucky gentleman continued the performance, although bleeding profusely. It was necessary to secure the services of a doctor at the conclusion of the act.

Interesting Recital.
An interesting recital was given last evening by the piano pupils of Miss Clark, at her home, 343 Maitland Street. The manner in which the varied and pleasing numbers were rendered gave evidence of good progress during the term. The following names appeared on the programme: Violet Caldwell, Lillian Houd, Veron Cooper, Lily Payne, Gertrude Morgan, May Caldwell, Aileen Raymond, Dorothy Belton, Beatrice Underwood, Edith

CHILDREN'S FOOTWEAR

The child whose feet we fit with shoes from babyhood to maturity will always have healthy, shapely and well-formed feet. We commence with baby shoes, and have them right first, and then, at each successive stage, we exercise great care in fitting the foot with just the right shape, so that at all times the foot has a correct growth. Let us take charge of the child's shoeing. It will pay you well in the end, if we do.

J. P. Cook Co

LIMITED.
Good Shoes for All the Family.
167 Dundas St. 392a Richmond St.
Entrance to Children's Department, Richmond Street.

99.2% Pure

Recent Government Analysis of the Cream of Tartar used in the manufacture of

"PURITY" BAKING POWDER

Shows it to be absolutely pure
Inland revenue report, No. 143, table III, page 22, sample No. 30418

"Purity" Baking Powder never fails to make light, wholesome Biscuits.

20c Per Pound

Cairncross & Lawrence
Chemists and Druggists,
216 Dundas St. London, Ont.

MARCH 1st WE MOVE

All furs must be sold—every piece at a price.

BELTZ
Practical Furrier

Greer, Clair Adams, Bessie Kettlewell, Grace Greer, Stella Winnett, Marjory Underwood, Bella Stoneman and Willa Winnett.

BOARD OF HEALTH FAVORS AN ABATTOIR

Continued from Page One.

unusual, and remarked that last year was the first year any mayor had refused to sign such checks.

"The question of building a shed to keep the ambulance was discussed, and passed unanimously.

The new ambulance, ordered from A. B. Greer recently, will be ready for use soon, and it is proposed to place the present city ambulance at the hospital and use the old one for infectious cases.

The question of appointing a permanent nurse at the smallpox hospital was discussed, but no action was taken.

Abattoir Wanted.
It was moved by R. A. Carrothers, seconded by H. Clark.

"That the board of health strongly recommend the erection of an abattoir as a step to supplying the citizens of London with uncontaminated food, and send the above resolution to the city council to deal with."

Carried.

A recommendation to the effect that the board of health considers the keeping of green hides in certain parts of the city is not conducive to health, and would recommend that the city council pass a bylaw prohibiting the keeping of green hides in the central portion of the city, as has been done in the case of junk dealers, was left to the committee to deal with.

G. T. R. Lavatories.
The Grand Trunk lavatories, especially the one in the ladies' waiting-room were reported to be in a bad condition, and Secretary Baker was instructed to notify the company that the board will proceed against the company at once if the lavatories are not placed in a proper condition forthwith.

Mr. J. H. McMechan reported that the dump at the foot of Ottawa avenue and Hill street is a menace to the people in the vicinity, owing to the things that are being dumped there.

Mr. McMechan and Mr. Harry Clark were appointed a committee to report on the matter at the next meeting when such steps as are deemed necessary will be taken.

Veterinary's Recommendations.
Dr. Tamblin submitted the following recommendations:

1. The establishing of public abattoirs and the compulsory slaughter of all animals for food purposes at such places.

2. The providing of official inspection of all animals slaughtered for food purposes.

3. Clinical inspection of all herds supplying milk or cream for market, by aid of the tuberculin test, and the destruction of all animals found to be affected with tuberculosis.

He also read a report which he had been asked to prepare regarding bovine tuberculosis.

The report contained a great deal of

Why we have a large sale for our California Prunes:

We buy the best grade, of which all California imperfect fruit is discarded, and the select prunes are carefully packed and graded into the different sizes.

California Prunes have a thin, tender skin, require very little sugar, and have a nicer flavor than any other. Try a few pounds. They are a pleasant change from home-made preserves at this season. Two sizes, 15c pound, and two pounds for 25c.

South London 'Phone 969.
Dundas 1866 and 317.
T. A. ROWAT & CO.

very valuable information, and Dr. Tamblin was heartily thanked by the board for it.

There were present Chairman Dr. Niven, Messrs. Carrothers, C. Taylor, H. Clark, Mayor Stevely, G. H. McMechan, Inspector McCallum, Dr. Tamblin, V.S., and Secretary Baker.

STANLEY BRENT ILL WITH PNEUMONIA

Was Recovering From a Broken Leg—Is Y. M. C. A. Physical Director.

The many friends of Mr. Stanley Brent, the popular physical director of the Y. M. C. A., will regret to learn that yesterday he was taken very ill with what, it is feared, is pneumonia.

Mr. Brent was just recovering from a broken leg, which he sustained a few weeks ago in the gymnasium.

SHAIN PLACED ON THE INDIAN LIST

Was Drunk All Right, But Denied the Charge in Court.

"You would have done far better to have admitted being drunk when you were up yesterday morning," said Magistrate Love to William Shain this morning in fining him \$5 and costs. "You ought to have been charged with being disorderly also."

Shain yesterday absolutely denied being drunk, and this morning repeated his denial, but the evidence of Inspector Galpin, Sergeant Birrell and Officers Dowd and Bessie, proved conclusively that he was drunk.

Inspector Galpin stated also that Shain has been on the Indian list until recently.

As a result of the evidence Shain has again placed on the prohibited list.

SUDAN INTERIOR MISSION

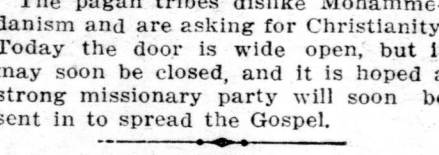
Public Meetings To Be Held in Interest of Work on Thursday.

Public meetings on behalf of the Sudan Interior Mission will be held in the Auditorium Thursday at 2:30 and 8 p.m. The speakers will be Rev. R. V. Bingham, founder of the mission, and Mr. John G. Grey, of Toronto, who is treasurer of the mission, and a noted Christian worker. He is a leading Episcopalian of Toronto, and a worker, and a member of the large manufacturing firm of that name, which employ a great many men. The firm have a chapel on their property, and it has been their custom for years to allow free to preach the Gospel.

The mission society points out that the Sudan is the Ethiopia of Scripture, and it was there the Apostle Philip was sent to preach the Gospel.

Through the operations of Kitchener and Lugard 300,000 square miles of this land, and 15,000,000 natives have come under British influence.

The pagan tribes dislike Mohammedanism and are asking for Christ. Today the door is wide open, but it may soon be closed, and it is hoped a strong missionary party will soon be sent in to spread the Gospel.



Tonight's Comedy.

"Just Out of College," by George Ade, the author of "The College Widow" and "The County Chairman," will be presented for the first time in this city at the Grand theatre.

"The Choir Singer."

The plot of "The Choir Singer" revolves around the efforts of the heroine, Alice Leighton, to make her way in the world by putting to use her talents as a singer, which at the beginning of the play have been devoted exclusively to the choir of the little church near her ancestral home in Virginia.

In the working out of the story, Alice comes to New York, where she makes her debut at one of the New York roof gardens, and where she meets with great success at the very opening of her career as a public singer. Grand tomorrow evening.

Good Scenery in This Play.
When the mechanics completed the scenery, etc., for the new big western railroad play, "The Rocky Mountain Express," it was thought the production would be too heavy to send over the country. It was finally found, however, that by using two extra-length baggage cars, the big show could be moved.

"The Rocky Mountain Express" will run into London Friday, Saturday and Sunday Matinee, and be seen at the Grand.

Farewell Tour.

While the present tour of Madame Emma Calve, the great soprano, is not being announced or advertised as a farewell tour, there is very good reason for the belief that it will be. Calve does not enjoy the delights of railroad travel, and has given indication of her desire to once more appear in opera.

She is announced to appear at the Grand in this city on Monday.

Of course, we like to see our neighbors do well for no reason other than that they are our neighbors, but we do want them to do it in our own approved style.

BONA-FIDE BARGAINS IN CARPETS, RUGS and DRAPERIES

A genuine sale of carefully-selected and well-bought home-furnishing goods at wonderfully low prices

\$1.85 and \$2 Axminster Carpets at \$1.25 Yard

Beautiful designs and colorings, suitable for drawing-room, hall or dining-room. Regular prices \$1.85 and \$2. Sale price, per yard.....**\$1.25**

\$35 Axminster and Wilton Rugs, \$22 50

Handsome designs for drawing-rooms and rich Oriental effects for library or dining-room. Regular price \$32.50, and \$35. Sale price, each.....**\$22.50**

FRENCH DOUBLE-FACED VELOURS

For portieres and curtains, in green, rose, blue, gold, red and cerise. Regular price \$2.50. Sale price, per yard.....**\$1.60**

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SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
\$1 opens an account. Interest paid at highest current rate four times a year.

R. ARKELL, Manager.

NEW MANAGER HAS ARRIVED

Mr. W. P. Irving is Now in Charge of Bradstreet's Office.

Mr. W. P. Irving, of Toronto, who has been appointed to the management of Bradstreet's agency in this city, arrived here yesterday and is in charge.

Mr. Irving has been connected with the Toronto branch for some time, where his father, Mr. T. C. Irving, is general manager of the company for Ontario and Western Canada.

IN PORTUGAL

Correspondent of the Times Says the Situation Improves.

Both Hands Frozen Shoveling Snow

John Hall, a young Englishman, living at London Junction, had both his hands frozen on Monday while engaged in shoveling snow on the Grand Trunk tracks east of this city.

Hall, had gloves on and did not know for some hours that his hands were frozen.

He suffered intense pain for hours before a physician was called in and discovered what the trouble was.

It is likely that Hall will be brought to the city and treated, as his hands are in a very serious condition.

Conversazione at Western University

This will be a gala night with the faculty and students of the Western University. It marks the revival of the annual conversazione, the place of which has been usurped, however, for two years past by student plays. Successful as these latter invariably have been, they lacked the social element that belongs peculiarly to such an affair as this evening's, when there is abundant opportunity to meet old friends, and make new ones; hence the reversion to the old custom on the part of this year's Literary Society executive.

Busy hands are now at work all over the college building, converting prosy classrooms into all that is bright and attractive. Excellent entertainment, too, has been provided for the guests of the collegians in the form of two concerts, the character of which is sufficiently guaranteed for Londoners by the well-known names of Miss Edna Mortimore, Mr. Cyril Dwight-Edwards, and Mr. Maurice Poure, while any orchestra will render promenade music during the entire evening. Refreshments will be served from 8:30 on.

Guests should enter by the extreme west entrance, where the patronesses will receive. The ladies who have kindly consented to act in that capacity are Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Eccles, Mrs. James, Mrs. Waller, Mrs. Moorhouse, Mrs. Becher, Mrs. Patterson and Mrs. Alexander.

A Big Carnival at Westminster Rink

The carnival given by the Forest City Club at the Westminster Rink last evening was a splendid success, one of the largest crowds ever assembled in the rink being present.

The rink was very prettily decorated and was most attractive. The Cadet Band rendered a very fine programme of music.

The ice was in good condition, and the evening was thoroughly enjoyed.

The judges were Messrs. G. Patrick, A. Klein, V. Trotter and J. R. Mitchell.

The Prize Winners.
First—Best dressed couple—Miss Stilson and Mr. Allport.
Second—Best dressed couple—Miss Dicker and Mr. O'Rourke.
Best Comic Costume—Mr. G. Redfern.

Best Juvenile Boy—Master M. Fox.
Best Juvenile Girl—Miss B. Gibson.

In Costume.
The following were amongst those present in costume:
Princess, Miss A. Thompson; hobo, Mr. Price; prince, Master Earnest Waindige; colored gent, Mr. E. Ingles; country girl, Mr. Earnest Sproule; Percival.

"THIS SIDE UP."
New York, Feb. 11.—That railroad companies in New York State must observe the injunction "This side up" when it is placed on a freight package has been decided by the court of appeals.

The decision comes in a suit brought by Stephen M. Hoye against the Pennsylvania Railroad for \$350, the value of a number of electric batteries which were damaged in transit, because the railroad paid no attention to the printed warning on the box. When he went to the railroad company for a settlement, Mr. Hoye says, he was told that the railroadmen had long ceased to pay any attention to such an injunction, and that it was considered a joke to them. The suit has been in the courts for four years.

Bus-ride parties supplied. Reasonable rates. Hueston's Liveries.

PARENTS TRADE CHILDREN.

Berlin, Feb. 10.—At least one English family is apparently willing to try the scheme for an exchange of children between English and German parents for educational purposes.

An advertisement appears in the Lokalanzeiger, offering the loan of an 8-year-old boy, whose name is given as Reginald Hardy.

His parents state that he recited a "parting greeting" to the German Emperor when the latter left London. The parents are described as very respectable.

They offer to send him to a German household in exchange for a German child. If the exchange should be made, the children concerned would be maintained and educated for a certain period.

WallPaper

This is a good time of the year to have your rooms papered and painted, before the spring rush begins. We are now showing our new spring Wall Papers.

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112 DUNDAS STREET.

R. K. COWAN

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County Bldgs., next Court House, London.

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