

The Standard, OR FRONTIER GAZETTE.

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SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1844.

[15s. sent by Mail.]

We wish it to be distinctly understood that we do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by correspondents.

THE STANDARD.

ST. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, APR. 10, 1844.

SPRING WORK.

We copy from the *Cultivator*, the following judicious remarks, which are well worth the attention of all who are engaged in Agricultural pursuits:—

There is no season of the year in which energy, activity, and good calculations are more requisite than the present. Animals of all kinds, young and old, and particularly those intended for labour, demand increased care and attention. March is one of the most trying months for animals, as they are, as the saying is, "between hay and grass," and too often the supply of either they can obtain, is barely sufficient to support life. If farmers would consider the much greater quantity of milk a cow would yield in a season, than one that has "been on life" through March or April, we are confident there would not be so many skeleton cows on our farms as there now are. If they would for one moment reflect that a large part of an animal's power of draft lies in his weight, and that where this is wanting, and the whole is thrown on muscular exertion, the animal must soon give way, they would feel the necessity of having their working stock, horses or cattle, at this season, in good heart, their flesh sound and durable; and we should be spared the mortification of seeing so many poor and miserable teams in the field, at a time when all should be life and activity. To work well, an animal must be kept well, and the work, in nine cases out of ten, will be found best done, where the teams are in the best condition. You might as well expect that an Asiatic team, of a jackass and a woman yoked together, would break up the ground to the proper depth, as that a pair of scarecrow horses or oxen can do it. Never undertake to see on how little food your teams can subsist. No better criterion is needed of the nature of a man's cultivation of his grounds, than is afforded by his animals; and he who starves them, will soon find his land will starve him. At this season of the year sheep require much attention, and most profitable animals, and on the whole, require less care than most others, if the little they demand is given at the proper time. Look out for the lambs and the weak ones of the flock, and do not suffer a drove of hardy wethers to pick over and trample upon the fodder, before the ewes and lambs can get a taste.

It is an important point in commencing work in the spring, that every implement necessary should be at hand, and in first rate condition, when wanted. The good farmer has his house for his farm implements, as well as for himself or his stock; and is careful that all shall be put in their place, as fast as the season throws them out of use. In the winter, all are carefully examined, and the necessary repairs are made. The farmer who permits this work to pass until the implements are wanted in the field, will find he must lose many valuable hours, if not days, at a time when one, if lost, is with difficulty overtaken.

There is a very great fault among farmers, and we feel justified in reproaching it, in strong terms, because we have been sometimes guilty of it ourselves, and that is, laying out more work than can be done by the force on the farm, timely and properly; and experience has convinced us that if work cannot be done as it should be, it is better not to meddle with it at all. Never is this fault more observable, or more injurious, than in putting in the crops of the season. There are some cultivated plants, which we may be certain will not mature unless the seeds are in the ground at about such a time—a time, it is true, varying in different latitudes, but generally well understood at any given place; yet we find some farmers so negligent, and what is worse, making an assumed trust in Providence as an excuse for their laziness, as to be weeks behind the proper time of getting in the seed. Indian corn may serve as an example of such plants. As a general rule too, spring wheat, barley or oats, if the sowing of them from any cause is delayed beyond the proper time, although by chance a pretty fair crop so far as regards bushels, may be produced, yet the quality will be found inferior, the grain light, and the danger from blight or rust greatly increased.

Do not entertain the idea that your farm work can go on successfully, unless you give it your personal supervision. The merchant, the lawyer, the doctor, must attend to their business personally, or all will go wrong, and it is no less so with the farmer. Poor Richard never drew from his stores of wisdom a better maxim than that "he who by the plow would thrive, himself must either hold or drive." Labourers may be faithful and care-

ful, but they cannot enter fully into all the intentions and plans of the farmer; and he must be the guiding and directing head of the whole, or much ill-directed effort will take place. The good farmer will be in the field with his labourers. He never says to them go, but come, and he knows that in the management of a farm, example is far better than precept.

The introduction and the propagation of good fruit, is one of the many things that must not be overlooked in any estimate of the spring labours. The man who neglects to plant fruit trees, when he has a rod of ground to plant them on, avows his intention of becoming a nuisance to his neighbours; for depending upon it, the man who is too lazy to plant, will not be too proud to beg, or above allowing his children to steal the fruit of his more industrious and careful neighbor. Every man who has cultivated a fruit garden is well aware of this state of things; and has found that fruit, instead of adding to his enjoyment as it should, has only served as a signal of gathering, to these ill-omened plunderers. "The only remedy is for every farmer to endeavor to make the best fruits abundant; to plant enough for himself, and some to spare."—*Cultivator*.

Charcoal for Manure.—Charcoal is recommended as a manure, because it is so absorbent of ammonia, and it is supposed that by spreading it on the soil, it will absorb the ammonia from the atmosphere, and transmit it to the growing plants as they require. That it is an absorbent of ammonia, may be known from its taking away the efforts from tainted meat or fish. So completely will it do this, that we have known meat that had considerably taken heat, made good and free from any disagreeable taste or smell, by being repacked with charcoal between each layer. It is called an excellent manure for onions, and it is particularly valuable for stiff, sour soils.

It is stated that 40 or 50 vessels have gone out to bring Gumbo from the rocky islands on the west coast of Africa. If it be true, that gumbo only dispenses its virtues where there is little or no rain, the speculation is like to be a losing one. —*London paper*.

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The Kirk.—The mission of the Kirk of the Free Church of Scotland is very successful among the American brethren. In

Baltimore one sermon produced \$2000, in Philadelphia more than \$2000. In the church in Wall street, in New York, a collection was also made, probably not less than either of the others. The ladies of one Scotch Presbyterian family of New York forwarded in a letter nearly \$2500.

POETRY.

For the Standard.

THE PROPHECY OF BAALAM.

Amid the distant rounds of time,
A dazzling Star appears;
Whose cloud-dispelling rays shall shine,
Through all revolving years.

What though now dark and dim it seems,
To Judah chosen race;
Yet soon shall its enlivening beams,
Both doubt and darkness chase.

And doubt and darkness now do flee,
Before the Saviour's voice;
He might the Nations all do see,
And in his strength rejoice.

For he the Mighty hath laid low,
And raised the Poor on high;
The humble he hath filled full,
The proud before him fly.

April, 1844.

New-Brunswick,
Provincial Parliament.
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

From the Journals.

27th March.
Mr. Brown moved for leave to present a Petition from John Wilson, Wm. Babcock, and 33 others, Merchants and Shipowners of St. Andrews, praying that measures may be adopted for allowing Foreign Products, acquiring a Colonial character by manufacture, to have admission into the United Kingdom, as the growth and produce of this Province, and the Order of the House, limiting the time for introducing Petitions, being in this instance complied with, leave was granted, and the Petition then read, and ordered to lie on the Table.

The Committee to whom were referred sundry Petitions for allowances to Teachers of Schools who have not received any part of the Provincial Grants, recommended that there be granted:—

To Isabella Coulter, the sum of £8 6s 8d, for having taught a School in the Parish of St. David's, in 1840.

To Theodore Winchester, Grand Manan, the sum of £8 6s 8d, October 1842.

To Cecilia A. Turner, Parish of St. George, the sum of £8 March 1842.

To Michael Griffin, St. Stephen, the sum of £10, April 1842.

To George Fitzgerald, St. Stephen, the sum of £20, July 1843.

To Henry Coulter, St. Stephen, the sum of £10, October 1841.

To Flora McKenzie, St. Stephen, the sum of £10, December 1842.

To Samuel McCurdy, St. Andrews, the sum of £20, September 1843.

In reference to the Petition of Timothy F. Harley, York Committee would recommend the usual Grant to the Managing Committee of the Roman Catholic School in the Town of St. Andrews be continued, but cannot recognize any interference between the Managing Committee and the Teachers.

Degradation and Sufferings of the Women of India.—The birth of a son is regarded with inordinate pleasure and satisfaction, but that of a daughter is esteemed a misfortune and disgrace; and this cruel and unjust distinction is adhered to in all, even the most trivial, circumstances of life. The boy is caressed, indulged, educated, and loved; but the girl is despised, depressed, and neglected—a slave in her father's, and afterwards in her husband's, house; employed only to minister to the wants and pleasures of the other sex. If she has sons, she is the object of their unrestrained abuse and tyranny; if she has none, she is despised by all for not being so fortunate; and compelled to give place to a second, and perhaps, a third wife. And when she becomes a widow, her head is immediately shaven; her ornaments are laid aside for ever; her dress must be of the meanest and coarsest kind; she must sleep upon the bare floor; repeat daily a tedious round of mantras, or prayers; eat only once a day, and then only about as much as a child of seven or eight years is allowed; and suffer many other privations which do not now occur to my mind.—From the circumstance of their being betrothed about eight or nine years of age, and no second marriage being allowed to a Hindoo female, the number of widows among them is almost incredible.—*Mrs. Sewells narrative*.

Will Potatoes make a Milch Cow Poor?—It is a very prevalent notion, that milch cows do not grow flesh on potatoes.—many think they grow poor by eating them. Does any one doubt that cows will be poorer in the

spring for being milked through the winter, instead of going dry for four months? Yet we milk them.

There is much difference in cows in this respect. Some will convert but a part of it, and the rest goes to sustain, or to fatten the cow. But suppose that all cows become poorer for eating potatoes while in milk, it by no means follows that we suffer a loss by giving them potatoes.

The celebration of Capt. Tyler's Birth day was celebrated in New York by a couple of hundred office holders and office beggars;—though many of the former were taken suddenly sick, and like "spirits in the vastly deep," they "couldn't come." It is said to have been quite an amusing spectacle to look at the difference in the appearance of those who want office; and also to witness their efforts to outdo each other in glorifying Capt. Tyler! What a world of humbug this is!

This District of Columbia seems to be overrun with burglaries and incendiaries. An attempt was made fire the African meeting house in Georgetown, the benches and carpets having been heaped together in the middle of the house, and set fire to, but was fortunately discovered in time to be extinguished. The National Intelligencer says, on Sunday night an unsuccessful attempt was made, by probably the same burglars, to rob the house of Mr. C. Ruttenhouse, situated on the heights of Georgetown.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE,
IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK, IN
BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of Joseph Pratt, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province aforesaid, made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Joseph Pratt, of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, has been declared a Bankrupt, and has accordingly surrendered himself to me, Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed HARRIS HATCH, Esquire, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the eighth day of January next, all such sums or sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession, power or custody any property of the said Bankrupt to deliver the same to the said Assignee, on or before the eighth day of January next; and I do hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to deliver to the said Assignee, on or before the eighth day of January next, a statement of their claims and demands against the same he actually due or to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt, to be held at my office in St. Andrews, on Tuesday the second day of April next, at noon of that day, at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, which Meeting or as any adjournment thereof of the said Bankrupt, will be examined on oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the eleventh day of December, 1843.

H. HATCH
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY,
IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK, IN
BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of JAMES DRICOLL, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province aforesaid, made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, James Dricoll, of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Trader, has been declared a Bankrupt, and has accordingly surrendered himself to me, Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed HARRIS HENDERSON HATCH, Esquire, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the eighth day of January next, all such sums or sums of money, debts or duties as they

may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession, power or custody any property or effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee, on or before the eighth day of January next; and I do hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to deliver to the said Assignee, on or before the eighth day of January next, a statement of their claims and demands against the same he actually due or to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office, in Saint Andrews, on Saturday the thirteenth day of March next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which Meeting or at any adjournment thereof of the said Bankrupt, will be examined on oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at Saint Andrews the 21st day of November 1843.

HARRIS HATCH
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE,
IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK,
IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of Peter Goss, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province aforesaid, made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Peter Goss, of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, has been declared a Bankrupt, and has accordingly surrendered himself to me, Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed HARRIS HENDERSON HATCH, Esquire, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the eighth day of January next, all such sums or sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession, power or custody any property of the said Bankrupt to deliver the same to the said Assignee, on or before the eighth day of January next; and I do hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt to deliver to the said Assignee, on or before the eighth day of January next, a statement of their claims and demands against the same he actually due or to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office in St. Andrews, on Monday the eighth day of April next, at noon of that day, at my said office, for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which Meeting or at any adjournment thereof of the said Bankrupt, will be examined on oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at Saint Andrews, the tenth day of November, A. D. 1843.

H. HATCH
Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts in the County of Charlotte.

TO LET FROM 1st MAY NEXT.

THE Store and premises occupied by Mrs. E. Flagler, also.

The House and large Garden attached, occupied by the same.

For particulars enquire of

D. MOWAT,
St. Andrews, 12th Feb. 1844—nm.

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

Book Bindery and

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.

Adrian & Co.,
Union Street, Calcutta, Bc.

HAVE for Sale, an excellent assortment of SCHOOL, COLLEGE, and AGENTS' BOOKS. STATIONERY of all kinds and of the best quality, Paper of every kind and every color, Quills, Pencils, Quills, Wafers, Wax, Sticks, &c. a good assortment of Fancy Articles. BLANK BOOKS of all kinds, manufactured of the best stock, ruled and bound to any pattern and warranted. ALSO—Writing Books of the best quality and very cheap. BOOKS BINDING of every description, executed with neatness and dispatch. Particulars may be paid to binding Periodicals, Music, &c. A good supply of Periodicals, Cheap Publications, and English Papers constantly on hand. NEW WORKS received as soon as published, and any works, not on hand, will be procured at the shortest notice. Orders left with Mr. Thomas TOWNSEND, will be promptly attended to. August 9, 1843.

BLANKS
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To Cecilia A. Turner, Parish of St. George, the sum of £3 March 1842.

To Michael Griffin, St. Stephen, the sum of £10, April 1842.

To George Fitzgerald, St. Stephen, the sum of £20, July 1843.

To Henry Coulter, St. Stephen, the sum of £10, October 1841.

To Flora McKenzie, St. Stephen, the sum of £10, December 1842.

To Samuel McCurdy, St. Andrews, the sum of £20, September 1843.

In reference to the Petition of Timothy F. Harley, Your Committee would recommend the usual Grant to the Managing Committee of the Roman Catholic School in the Town of St. Andrews be continued, but cannot recognize any interference between the Managing Committee and the Teachers.

Degradation and Sufferings of the Women of India.—The birth of a son is regarded with inordinate pleasure and satisfaction, but that of a daughter is esteemed a misfortune and disgrace; and this cruel and unjust distinction is adhered to in all, even the most trivial, circumstances of life. The boy is caressed, indulged, educated, and loved; but the girl is despised, depressed, and neglected—a slave in her father's, and afterwards in her husband's, house; employed only to minister to the wants and pleasures of the other sex. If she has sons, she is the object of their unrestrained abuse and tyranny; if she has none, she is despised by all for not being so fortunate; and compelled to give place to a second, and perhaps, a third wife. And when she becomes a widow, her head is immediately shaved; her ornaments are laid aside for ever; her dress must be of the meanest and coarsest kind; she must sleep upon the bare floor; repeat daily a tedious round of mantras, or prayers; eat only once a day, and then only about as much as a child of seven or eight years is allowed; and suffer many other privations which do not now occur to my mind. — From the circumstance of their being betrothed about eight or nine years of age, and no second marriage being allowed to a Hindoo female, the number of widows among them is almost incredible. — Mrs. Sewell's narrative.

Will Potatoes make a Milch Cow Poor?—It is a very prevalent notion that milch cows will not give flesh on potatoes;—many think they grow poor by eating them. Does any one doubt that cows will be poorer in the

spring for being milked through the winter, instead of going dry for four months? Yet we milk them.

There is much difference in cows in this respect. Some will convert but a part of it, and the rest goes to sustain, or to fatten the cow. But suppose that all cows become poorer for eating potatoes while in milk, it by no means follows that we suffer a loss by giving them potatoes.

The celebration of Capt. Tyler's Birth day was celebrated in New York by a couple of hundred office holders and office beggars;—though many of the former were taken suddenly sick, and like "spirits in the vastly deep," they "couldn't come." It is said to have been quite an amusing spectacle to look at the difference in the appearance of those who want office; and also to witness their efforts to outdo each other in glorifying Capt. Tyler! What a world of humbug this is!

This District of Columbia seems to be overrun with burglaries and incendiaries. An attempt was made fire the African meeting house in Georgetown, the benches and carpets having been heaped together in the middle of the house, and set fire to, but was fortunately discovered in time to be extinguished. The National Intelligencer says, on Sunday night an unsuccessful attempt was made, by probably the same burglars, to rob the house of Mr. C. Rittenhouse, situated on the heights of Georgetown.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of Joseph Pratt, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province aforesaid, made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Joseph Pratt, of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, Lunenburg, has been declared a Bankrupt, and has accordingly surrendered himself to me, Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority now given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Harris H. Hatch, of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee on or before the eleventh day of January next, all such sums or sums of money debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession power or custody, any property or effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the said eleventh day of January next, and I do further hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof, to deliver into the said Assignee, or to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my Office in St. Andrews on Monday the eighth day of April next at noon of that day, at my said Office, for the purpose of receiving proof of, or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof the said Bankrupt will be examined on oath touching the said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, will be transacted as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the eleventh day of December, 1843.

H. HATCH.

Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts, for the County of Charlotte.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY.

IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK, IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of JAMES DRICOLL, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province of New-Brunswick, made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, James Dricoll, of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Trader, hath been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me. Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority now given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Harris H. Hatch, of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee on or before the 21st day of December next, all such sums or sums of money, debts or duties as they

may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession, power or custody any property or effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the 21st day of December next. And I do further hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof, to deliver into the said Assignee, or to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my Office in Saint Andrews, on Saturday the thirteenth day of March next, at eleven o'clock of the clock in the forenoon of that day at my said Office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which Meeting or at any adjournment thereof the said Bankrupt will be examined on oath touching the said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, will be transacted as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at Saint Andrews the 21st day of November 1843.

HARRIS HATCH.

Commissioner of the Estate and Effects, of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

In British North America, SS.

In the matter of Peter Goss, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province aforesaid, "An Act relating to Bankruptcy in this Province," Peter Goss, of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, Farmer, hath been declared Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me; Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the authority now given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Harris Henderson Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee on or before the 16th day of December next, all such sums or sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession power or custody any property of the said Bankrupt to deliver the same to the said Assignee on or before the 16th day of December next; and I do hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Colonies or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America within three months from the date hereof, to deliver into the said Assignee, or to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my Office in St. Andrews on Monday the eighth day of April next at noon of that day, at my said Office, for the purpose of receiving proof of, or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof the said Bankrupt will be examined on oath touching the said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, will be transacted as may be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at Saint Andrews, the tenth day of November, A. D. 1843.

H. HATCH.

Commissioner of the Estate and Effects, of Bankrupts in the County of Charlotte.

TO LET FROM 1st MAY NEXT.

THE Store and premises occupied by Mrs. E. Flagbert, ALSO.

The House and large Garden attached, occupied by the same.

For particulars enquire of

ST. MOWAT.

St. Andrews, 12th Feb. 1844—nm.

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

Book Bindery and

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.

Adelphi & Co. Stationers.

Union Street, Halifax, Me.

HAVE for Sale an excellent assortment of SCHOOL, COLLEGE, and UNIVERSITY BOOKS.

STATIONERY of all kinds and of the best quality, Paper of every kind and every color, Quills, Pencils, Quills, Wafers, Wax, &c. &c. &c. a good assortment of Fancy Articles.

BLANK BOOKS of all kinds, manufactured from the best Stock, ruled and bound to any pattern warranted.

ALSO—Writing Books of the best quality and very cheap.

BOOK BINDING of every description executed with neatness and dispatch. Particulars may be paid to binding Periodicals, Bibles, &c. &c. &c.

A good supply of Periodicals, Cheap Publications and English Papers constantly on hand.

NEW WORKS received as soon as published, and any works, not on hand, will be forwarded by the shortest route.

Orders left with Mr. Thomas at the Post Office promptly attended to.

August 9, 1843.

BLANKS

For Sale at this Office.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

MONTREAL AND BUENOS AYRES.—We have letters from these places to the 25th of January. At that time Montevideo was still blockaded by land and sea by the Argentine forces. It was expected that such an event would be the last. In that case the "bloody" battle would enter the city, and ornament it with the heads and limbs of his principal prisoners. That is his taste and character. He was published accounts from Buenos Ayres to the 18th of November. It was then reported that Santa Cruz had been taken prisoner.

Veracruz from Mexico.—By an arrival at New Orleans on the 23rd ult., we have advised from Veracruz to the 10th. There was not much news of importance. Mr. Banks, head of the new British minister, had just arrived at Veracruz. The U. S. brig of war "Hambleton," which arrived on the 10th, the British frigate "Hesperus," and the French frigate "Brilliant," lay at Sacrificos when the "Pilot" left. The "Escadron" with the French minister assumed a more threatening aspect, and the commander of the French squadron had received orders to delay his departure. The two points of controversy between Mexico and France, are the claim of the latter for \$1,000,000 was expended in 1838, and the law of the former prohibiting the retail trade to foreigners.

Mr. Barger of Petersburg.—Mr. Barger of Petersburg, Va., about 19 months ago, was safely delivered of 3 fine children, and the lady last month presented her husband with 4 healthy children at a birth. Seven children in 18 months! Middleton valley must have a soil as fertile that married folks will be afraid to retire there in these hard times.

Arrival at London.—The Hon. Mr. Henderson, associate Minister from the Republic of Texas, arrived in Washington on Thursday evening.

Price of Petersburg.—On the 25th ult., the broke out at Petersburg, Pa., which destroyed property to the value of \$25,000.

A New Idea.—A lecturer lately observed, in the course of his remarks upon some kind subject, "Only think of it, ladies and gentlemen, an old bachelor why he's a living hell upon his mother and father!"

Washington, March 19, 1844. I have learned from an unquestionable source that Mr. Beckenham, soon after he was accredited here, passed to the Secretary of State a disavowal on the part of the British Government of any view whatever of acquiring Texas or interfering in any manner with her entire independence. Thus the rule for glory, which has passed current, is nailed to the counter. You're aware that upon our Government has been chiefly to base the present dispute upon the Treaty about to be submitted, for the Annexation of Texas, and they will still permit the delusion to continue. —N. Y. Tribune.

Probable Repudiation in Pennsylvania.—According to the best accounts, the Legislature of Pennsylvania, like that of Maryland and other States, will establish practical repudiation, and then adjourn. When they close the doors of the Legislature at Harrisburg, they should also open the doors of the Penitentiary at Philadelphia—both communities will be on an equal footing. Great state that—with all its coal, iron, and yet won't pay its debts.

Montreal, March 12. Wesleyan Methodists.—This respectable and influential class of Christians has, for a considerable period, been greatly strengthened for Church accommodation. To obviate this inconvenience, and to provide suitable places of worship for their increasing members and hearers, they were convened together at St. James Street Chapel, on Thursday evening last, the 7th inst. At this meeting, John Torrance, Esq., presided.

Mr. T. set before the congregation the object for which they were assembled, in a very lucid and business-like manner. Addresses of a very fervid and eloquent description, and well calculated to awaken Christian zeal and munificence, were delivered by the Rev. Messrs. Harvard, Richer, Squire, Lang, Brownell, and Conner. The sum obtained on this occasion amounted to \$2575 19s 2d.

On Saturday night, another meeting for the same purpose, was held in the Wesleyan Chapel, Wellington Street, at which James Farrer, Esq., occupied the Chair. This gentleman having explained the object of the meeting, and urged upon all present the necessity of doing their utmost to promote its accomplishment. Very appropriate and effective appeals were made by several of the above mentioned Clergymen. At the close of the services, \$527 12s 6d were provided, making the total amount received \$3,102 2s 8d.

This large sum, as worthy of the proverbial liberality of the Methodists, is to be expended in the erection of a new and commodious chapel in St. James Street—in the completion of another, now in progress in the Quebec Street Chapel, and in enlarging the Wellington Street Chapel, in Griffithstown—*Montreal Herald.*

Remarkably Canadian attended with Loss of Life.—On the evening of the 21st inst., James, second son of Patrick McKelvey, of the North Shore of Wallace, a promising youth, 13 years of age, left his father on skates, on a road to a neighbour's, a few miles distant, fell in the ice near Horton's Point, made a circuit of the harbour, and was seen by the strange efforts of

Mr. Solomon Horton, who, with several others, hurried to the spot and used every exertion to save him, at the imminent danger of his own life, was unfortunately drowned. The body was found the following day near the spot where he sank, and conveyed to his sorrow-stricken relatives. While the community around deeply sympathized with the sufferer for the untimely death of this young man, cut off in the bud of manhood, scarcely had four days elapsed ere an accident of (if possible) a still more melancholy nature took place.—Capt. John O'Brien, formerly of Halifax, left his family on the morning of the 25th inst., on a shooting excursion a few miles distant, and was killed by his gun accidentally going off—the gun was heavily loaded for game. It is supposed he must have fallen on the ice, the force of the fall ignited the percussion cap, discharging the whole load into his left thigh, causing a ghastly wound, shattered the leg in a fearful manner, and the unfortunate man in a few minutes bled to death. On the arrival of his son who hastened to the spot, he found his parent lying weltering in blood with life really extinct. The shattered remains of the poor fellow covered with blood, were carried to his home, presenting to his disconsolate widow a truly melancholy and awful contrast to the loved partner who left her, in buoyant spirits but a few hours previous, to enjoy the sport of game hunting, of which he was a keen and successful follower. These unfortunate accidents have thrown quite a gloom over the community, and as they prove the "uncertainty of life," it is to be hoped, cause people to be more cautious in future. —*Halifax Times.*

New Brunswick. Provincial Parliament.

Monday, March 25.

The House went into Committee of the whole in consideration of a Bill to repeal all laws relating to old soldiers engaged in the Revolutionary War, and their widows.—Hon. Col. Shire in the Chair.

Hon. Col. Wyke asked if the Bill went to prevent old soldiers from getting the £10 pension, that came into the Province since the year 1830, if that was the case he was directly opposed to it, for there were many persons who had come into the Province since that time, who deserved the pension as well as any others, and to prevent those poor old soldiers from receiving the pittance sum of ten pounds as a pension, when they had devoted as to fight for their Country during the Revolutionary struggle and had left their comfortable homes on account of their loyalty, and come and settle in this country when it was a mere wilderness—it would be a most shameful thing. He thought the old law answered a very good purpose, and if there had been any disposition to practice it, it was the fault of the magistrates, who granted them the certificates. He was for reverting all the certificates those who sacrificed their best and dearest interest for their Country's welfare. As to the widows of old soldiers, he thought they also should receive the pension, there were a number of them in Charlotte County (here the hon. gentleman referred to the list in the Statute Book, and it appeared they formed the date of every calling allotted to their ages averaged about thirty years) and many of them depended on this pension for their support. He hoped no law would be passed to deprive them of it; he would much rather increase the sum than diminish it, and not let the poor old soldiers go down with sorrow to the grave. They should not be put on the same level with paupers, but should be respected, and not only be respected but protected also; and he felt proud, and had reason to be thankful, that he belonged to a County that provided for the faithful services of old soldiers.

Hon. Mr. Balfour thought there should be some alteration in the old act, as many persons had received the pension in the Province that had no right to it. When the old Law passed, it was not the intention that any person should receive the pension unless they were in indigent circumstances.

Hon. Capt. Owen would object to pass a Bill to render the situation of those old soldiers worse than what they were before; they should not only give them the £10 but give it in the most cheerful manner. He was very sorry to hear that there had been any abuses and thought it was in a great measure the fault of the Magistrates.

Hon. Mr. Saunders most fully concurred with what had fallen from the hon. and gallant Captain, that if there were a class of men in the Province that claimed their attention it was those who were engaged in the Revolutionary War.

Hon. Mr. Hatch would oppose any Bill that went to take a penny from those brave and meritorious old soldiers, who had fought their country battles, and on account of their loyalty had left their homes and come to dwell in a wilderness. He felt proud that he lived in a Country that provided for such deserving men, and considered it would be the height of cruelty to repeal the old law, and hoped such would not be the case.

Hon. Col. Shire thought the old law provided fully against abuses, and considered whatever the circumstances of those men that were engaged in the war might be they were justly entitled to the small pittance of ten pounds, and thought it would be a most disgraceful thing to deprive them of it after having spent the best of their Country, he would therefore move that the further consideration of the Bill be postponed for 3 months.

The hon. Col. Shire's motion for the motion for the postponement of the Bill for 3 months was then put and carried, and the house adjourned.

The Hon. Mr. Wilnot laid the following Despatch, before the House of Assembly

relating to the making of Fredericton and other places, free Warehousing Ports:

Dunning Street 221, Feb. [No. 223] Sir,—With reference to your Despatches, in which you have urged upon Her Majesty's Government the expediency of extending the number of Free Ports in New Brunswick, I have the honour to acquaint you that the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury will cause the proper steps to be taken for making Fredericton a Free Port and Warehousing Port, for the limited purpose of importing goods in British ships, and of warehousing such goods in approved Warehouses; and also for constituting the Ports of Miramichi and D. House Free Warehousing Ports, provided adequate provision be made for the expense in the Customs Establishment, which this augmentation in the number of Free Warehousing Ports would necessarily entail. The additional Customs Establishment, and the expense thereof for which it is necessary to provide, is mentioned in the letter from the Treasury, of which I enclose you a copy, and it will only remain that you should take the proper steps for obtaining authority from the House of Assembly to meet the expenditure required under this arrangement.

You will observe from the enclosure, that the Lords of the Treasury have not seen reason to change their opinion as to constituting St. Stephen a Free Port, or for altering the existing arrangement at the Ports of Bathurst and Dalhousie.

(Signed) STANLEY.

Lt. Gen. Sir Wm. Colebrooke.

The Legislative bodies are at length getting along regularly with their business, and during the ensuing week it is probable they will bring their labours to a close. On Wednesday last the House took up Mr. Fisher's Resolutions on the late changes in the Legislative Council, and the adjourned debate was resumed on Friday, when the first Resolution was assented to and the other two rejected by large majorities. These two resolutions had been carried, would have amounted to no more or less than a vote of censure on the Executive Government; and, according to the principle of "responsible government," upon which we are told His Excellency acted last year, and upon which, we are informed, he is still prepared to act, had these resolutions been sustained by the House, the Executive Council must have been remodelled. —*Fredericton Legalist, April 4.*

We notice in the St. Andrews Standard, that a meeting has been called to take place, to take into consideration the propriety of erecting a monument at the public expense to the memory of the late Rev. James Allan-shaw. We are also informed by a private letter from that quarter, that in contemplation to erect a similar memorial of regard for the memory of the late Rev. Samuel Andrews, who was for many years Rector of the same place. It is to us a matter of astonishment and regret, that the latter duty has so long been neglected. The Reverend gentleman was the first Rector of the parish in which he lived and died. "Sorrowful urn or monument," will inform the stranger that this holy man honestly and faithfully, performed his duty as a minister, and his many virtues are enshrined in the hearts of his godly ministrations, and were influenced by his precepts and pious example. —*Tem. Telegraph.*

We are informed that the re-appointment of L. Davidson, Esq., as Mayor of this City, J. White, Esq., as Sheriff of the City, and C. J. St. John, and Dr. William Bayard as Coroner, took place in Council on Tuesday last.—*Id.*

THE STANDARD.

St. Andrews, Wednesday, Apr. 10, 1844.

Charlotte County Bank. Hon. Harris Hatch, President. T. B. Wilson, Esq., Solicitor. Director next week—Hon. T. Wyke. Discount Day—TUESDAY. Hours of Business, from 10 to 2. Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Alms and Work House. Commissioner next week—Thomas Berry.

Saint Stephens Bank. G. D. King Esq., President. Director next week—Geo. M. Porter. Discount Day—SATURDAY. Hours of business, from 10 to 1. Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES.

London.—Mar. 4 Montreal.—Mar. 25
Liverpool.—Mar. 5 Quebec.—Mar. 28
Edinburgh.—Mar. 1 Halifax.—Mar. 28
Paris.—Mar. 1 New York.—April 5
Toronto.—Mar. 29 Boston.—April 6

Removal of the Seat of Government.—A petition has been got up in St. John, numerous in number, praying the removal of the Seat of Government in this Province from Fredericton and St. John. The *Courier* which strongly advocates the change says, that the new Custom House St. John, possesses accommodations for the House of Legislation and public officers, and that the property of the late Collector Wright, would be an eligible situation for Government House the building requiring but little alteration to make it suitable. But tell it not in Gath! the same paper says, a Provincial Asylum is much wanted—and suggests that the present Government House with its grounds would be well adapted for the purpose. Query, how would the members from the new County of Victoria, Carleton, Fredericton, Miramichi, Restigouche and Charlotte like the change. It would be an additional expense, which the Province at present is not very well bearing.—*Fredericton Legalist, Feb. 10th of the day.*

Common Pleas.—The April Term of the Court of Common Pleas, was commenced on Tuesday with a prospect of a short Session. His Honor Mr. Justice Wyer, Presiding. The following gentlemen compose the Grand Jury:—

Thomas Turner, Foreman.
G. P. McMaster, Philo Seelye,
J. P. Colwell, Wm. Craig,
Hugh Morrison, John McDouall,
Thomas Watt, J. H. McAllister,
Jas. Wilson, J. McGincher,
Thomas Perry, D. McCullum,
Robert Ross, Martin Hopps,
J. Trevellick, Michael Young,
A. P. Hill, O. Selman,
Wm. Maxwell, B. Bradford.

His Honour's Charge to the Grand Jury was brief—the bill relating to Retailers of Liquor he gave them particularly in charge—the County Accounts were also alluded to—the bill for assessing the County £1,000 to pay off the debt—the Export duty bill taxing lumber, passed during last winter, by the Legislature, he observed would be ruinous to the interests of this County.—His Honour with much feeling also alluded to the loss the Bench had met with in the death of the late Hon. James Allan-shaw—a gentleman who had for many years been a judge of the Common Pleas, and concluded by paying a handsome tribute to his memory.

We congratulate the Inhabitants on the great falling off in litigation in this County—there being only 6 causes entered for trial.

Our thanks are due to Mr. Gannison and Capt. Michener, for late Boston papers.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. Philoverita's letter will be inserted when paid for.

The weather for the last week has been fine, the snow has disappeared from our streets, and they are drying very fast. The ice in the River at St. Stephen took its departure on Friday night last, and vessels can now proceed up to the wharves.—There is yet in the woods upwards of three feet of snow.

Exclusion of Officers.—A Bill has been introduced into the Legislature of Nova Scotia, and read a first time, to prevent certain persons being elected to, or sitting in the House of Assembly.—This bill relates to officers connected with the Customs and Excise departments.

The Hon. H. Hatch, and the Hon. Thomas Wyer returned from their Legislative duties on Saturday evening last. The House of Assembly it is said would rise on Friday next.

The customs receipts at New York between 1st and 19th ult., were \$1,128,000. These added to the amount of the two previous months, make the total of \$5,178,726, received in New York alone from the 1st January up to the 19th ult.

Tax Civic Elections took place in Saint John for Charter Officers, only one new Member was elected.

Disease of Trachina and Noguea.—The Miramichi Gleaner of the 3d inst., says:—In compliance with instructions from the Lieutenant Governor, a Commission, consisting of Drs. Key, Skeen, Tubbery and Gordon, and the Rev. Mr. LaFrance, left Chatham on the morning of Thursday last, for the purpose of investigating the nature, origin, and extent of the fatal and loathsome disease, now existing in Noguea, Trachina and Tabinac. They returned on Sunday evening, and from them we gather the following information.

The disease is the Greek Elephantiasis, the Leprosy, not the Elephantiasis of the Arabians, but the Leprosy of the Middle Ages; the Lepre Tuberculeuse of the French, or Tubercular Leprosy, which raged over nearly every district of Europe, from the tenth to the sixteenth century. It is the decided opinion of the gentlemen composing the commission, that the disease is contagious, and so far as they could ascertain, no person in the above districts, who contracted it, were ever cured. They discovered upwards of twenty cases, all of which can be traced to one source.

The disease is rapidly approaching our more densely populated districts—and is now only twenty four miles from Chatham.

The New York Express of the 26th ult., says, six hundred and twenty dollars were the amount received at the collection of the O. Council rent, last night, in Washington Hall. It was principally in small sums, gathered from the very poorest and hardest labouring portion of the community.

A late New York paper says: Steam vessels, with submerged screws, are very rapidly taking the place of both "canvas back" vessels, and the big wheel-horse steamers. There are at this moment, between 50 and 100 steamers, ranging from 200 to 900 tons each, in service in this country, propelled by the Ericsson screw. They have spread from Maine to Louisiana, and over all the Northern Lakes.

In less than five years we shall see steamers, driven on the submerged principle, entirely monopolizing our coasting trade.

The Royal Mail Steamer *North America* is advertised to leave Halifax for Newfoundland immediately after the arrival of the first April Mail from England, which will be about the 16th inst. and to continue running between the above places leaving Halifax immediately after the arrival of each English Mail.

The *North America* is owned by our enterprising townsman, Mr. James Whitney.—*Courier.*

Ship Launch.—On Thursday last, a finely modelled and superior built ship, of about 600 tons, called the "*Royalist*," was launched from the building yard of her owner, Mr. J. Briggs, in Portland.—*Id.*

MARRIED. At St. Mary's Church, Richibucto, on the 26th ult. by the Rev. T. N. DeWolfe, John G. G. Layton, Esq. to Miss Ann Maria Pine, Niece of Mr. Wm. Bower, of Richibucto. At Carleton, on the 31st ult. by Rev. F. Coste, Mr. Henry Card, of Salisbury, England, to Sarah, daughter of Walter Drake, Esq. of Carleton.

DIED. At St. John, maybe 31st ult. aged 76 years, Isabella, relict of the late Mr. Saml. Wallace. At Sussex Vale on the 4th inst. after a short illness, Samuel Freeze, Esquire, in the 66th year of his age—one of the Representatives in General Assembly from King's County—much and deservedly regretted by his family and friends.

AUCTION!

ON FRIDAY next, 12th inst. at 10 o'clock at the Store occupied by Mr. FLAHERTY, the undersigned will sell by Auction,

A VARIETY OF GOODS. being the remainder of her Stock in Trade, JAS. W. STREET, Auctioneer.

April 9, 1844.

NEW STORE,

AT ROBBINSON'S ME.

THE Subscriber begs respectfully to announce to the Inhabitant of St. Andrews, and vicinity that he has opened a General Provision Store, at Robinson's Me. where he will keep for Sale,

Flour, Corn Meal, Pork, Groceries, West India, and Dry Goods,

and numerous other articles, Cheap for prompt payment.

Persons requiring any of the above mentioned articles will do well to call and examine for themselves.

Store on Briggs & Brewer's Wharf, S. WHEELER & HAW.

Robbinston, April 10, 1844.—*Id.*

PROVISIONS, &c.

The Subscriber offers for Sale, B. BLS. and half Bbls. SUPERFINE FLOUR, fancy and common brands, RYE FLOUR, DYSPEPSIA Flour in half Barrels, Bbls. kiln dried Corn Meal, Rye do, Oatmeal, Clear Mess and Prime PORK, Navy and Pilot Bread, Water Crackers, &c. ALSO a few Hhds. and Tierces prime retailing Maltsters.

R. WALTON.

April 9, 1844.

GARDEN & FIELD SEEDS.

Samuel Getty,

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends, and numerous Customers that he has just received a large supply of GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS,

of last years growth, from that old established House, the New England Seed Store, Boston, which he can warrant to be of the best quality.

Among the Garden Seeds are BEANS, PEAS, RADISHES, TURNIPS, Cabbage, Cucumbers, Lettuce, Squash, Carrots, Parsnips, Celery and Beet of every description.

The Field Seeds consist of HERDS GRASS, CLOVER, and HEMP.

Persons desirous of purchasing will find it to their advantage to call at S. G.'s Store, where they will find a choice selection of the above Seeds.

St. Andrews, April 10, 1844.

SALE AT AUCTION.

On Wednesday, the 24th inst. at 11 o'clock A. M. in front of the Market House.

TWO TOWN LOTS, numbered 5, and 6, in Block letter L, Morrison's Division, together with the Buildings thereon, being a part of the Estate of the late John Dunn Esquire, under lease to the late William O'Brien, and at present occupied by his Widow.—Terms, made known at the time of Sale.

WM. WHITLOCK, Auctioneer.

St. Andrews, April 3, 1844.

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and small dark spots, possibly due to age or handling. A faint horizontal line is visible near the bottom edge of the page.

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and small dark spots, possibly due to age or handling. A faint, dark smudge is visible near the top center of the page. The overall tone is a light, off-white or cream color.

7

Original issues in Poor Condition
Best copy available



SHERIFF'S SALES.

Do	John W. Todd	30th March
Do	Acadian Company	13th April
Do	Joshua True	20th
Do	Lewis E. Meschery	20th
Do	John Scott	21st
Do	Acadian Company	25th May
Do	John Collins	25th
Do	John Scott	1st June
Do	Nicholas Meating	1st
Do	J. A. O'Leary	1st
Do	James Allanshaw	3d
Do	Jeremiah Donoghue	29th
Do	James Rait	22d July

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday the 17th day of FEBRUARY next, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. of the same day, at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, estate and interest of JOSHUA TRUE, of, in and to the following tracts or lots of land, situated in the Parish of St. George, all being in the Military Grant on the old Fredericton Road comprising 1853 acres more or less; and in and to all other real Estate in the County not herein described.

On the North West side of the Road
Lot No. 7 originally granted to Payne containing 200 acres
8 ditto Gardner 100
9 ditto D. McDonald 100
20 ditto J. Brown 100
21 ditto McHenry 100
22 ditto Shaw 100

On the South West side of the Road
Lots 4 and 5 originally granted to Charles and John Riley containing 150 acres
6, 9, 10, & 11 each containing 100 acres originally granted to W. B. Phair.
12 originally granted to James M'Leod, containing 100 acres
13 ditto James Price 100

And a part of tract do, Lt. North 200
The said tracts, parcels, or lots of land with their improvements having been levied upon and seized by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, in favour of Jas. Boyd, Esquire, endorsed to levy £10 5 1 with interest. Sheriff's Fees, &c.

The sale of the above Property, is postponed until Saturday, the 20th April.

Sheriff's Office. THOS. JONES, 5th Aug. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday, the 24th day of FEBRUARY next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim, demand, and portion of Lewis B. Meschery, of, in and to that tract or parcel of land, situated on the Western side of the Magaguadavic river, near the Southern boundary of the 1000 acre lot so called, which tract was conveyed to him and his brother, James Meschery, by Josiah G. Seeley, the same having been seized and levied upon, by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court, in favour of James B. Boyd, endorsed to levy £53 19 81 with interest. Sheriff's Fees, &c.

The sale of the above Property, is postponed until Saturday, the 20th April.

Sheriff's Office. THOS. JONES, 16th Aug. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction, at the Court House in St. Andrews, on Saturday the 30th day of August next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of John W. Todd, of, in and to the following described property, viz:—

All that certain Dwelling House with the lot of land adjoining formerly belonging to G. B. Alward, and at present occupied by said Todd, at the "Maid's Landing," in the parish of St. Stephen.

ALSO.—All the Real Estate, with the tannery, saw, bark mill, and other buildings and erections thereon, at the Union Mills, in the said parish.

ALSO.—Three hundred acres of Land situated in the parish of St. James, belonging to Todd & Townsend, and known as the "Bowker" lying on the western side of the road leading from Hutchings' corner to Hutchings' Mill.

ALSO.—Any and all other Real Estate in the County of Charlotte belonging to the said firm, or to the said John W. Todd.

The same having been taken by virtue of a writ of F. Fa. issued out of the Supreme Court in favour of W. T. Ross against said John W. Todd and John W. Todd, endorsed to levy £25 8 9, because Sheriff's execution fees etc.

St. Andrews, Sept. 16, 1843. THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday the 13th day of APRIL next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock p. m. at the Court House in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of the ACADIAN COMPANY, to the lands, houses, mills, sluices, dams, and other erections, owned by them, on the Pocologan River, and on the New River, situated in the Parish of Penfield—this same having been seized, to satisfy an execution, in favour of Joseph C. Noyes, endorsed to levy £167 18 11d, &c.

Sheriff's Office. THOS. JONES, 29th Sept. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday, the 21st day of April next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock p. m. at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of John Scott, to that Lot and House, occupied by Johnston Hall, situate on the northern side of the Magaguadavic river, in the town of St. George.

ALSO.—On Saturday the 1st day of June, All his right, title, interest, claim and demand

to one acre of Land in the Parish of Penfield, bounded Northerly by the South line of the grant to James Campbell and William Gray at Little Passage, Westerly by the West line of a small creek emptying into La Petite Passage about 20 chains from the same and Easterly and Southerly by such lines as will comprise the said acre, as deeded to by James and Elizabeth Paine by J. F. Campbell, and conveyed by him to said John Scott.

The same having been taken, seized and attached on the 18th instant, to satisfy an Execution in favour of Thomas L. Leavitt and Edwin Ketchum endorsed to levy £25 8 11d &c. Sheriff's Office. THOS. JONES, 25th September, 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday, the 25th day of May next, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. of the same day, at the Court House in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, estate, interest, and claim of the Acadian Company, of, in and to that Lot of Land and Water Privilege, with the appurtenances, called the "Deer Gutty" situate on the Western side of the Magaguadavic River, near the Bridge at the first Falls of the river—The same having been levied upon to satisfy an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court in favour of the President Directors and Company of the Commercial Bank, Boston, endorsed to Levy £197 1s 2d etc.

Sheriff's Office. THOS. JONES, November 9, 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday the 25th day of May next between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. of the same day at the Court House in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, estate interest and claim, by Her Majesty or otherwise, of James Collins, of, in and to that Farm Lot and Tract of Land, situate on Tower Hill, in the Parish of St. David, about six miles from the head of Oak Bay on the Woodstock Road, being the farm formerly occupied by David Collins, and also situate to a Town Lot in the Town of St. Andrews, with the Buildings thereon, situate near the Court House. The same having been taken to satisfy two executions the first in favour of James Allanshaw, Thomas Wier and Geo. D. Street, endorsed to levy £31 14s 3d, and the second in favour of James Allanshaw surviving partner of John McMeekin, endorsed to levy £243 6s 11d, &c.

Sheriff's Office. THOS. JONES, Nov. 10, 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday the 1st day of JUNE next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. of the same day, at the Court House in St. Andrews.

ALL the right title estate, and interest of Nicholas Meating, of the lot of land, with the house, barn and other building thereon, occupied by him, situated on the Southern side of the river Magaguadavic, near the Lower Falls of the same, AND ALSO.

ALL the right, title, estate and interest of Jeremiah Arthur O'Leary, to that new house, lately erected by him, and now in his occupation, situated on the Port of the Magaguadavic, and in the Town of St. George. The two properties having been seized and levied upon, to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court, in favour of Peter McCallum, Junr.

Sheriff's Office. THOMAS JONES, 17th Nov. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Monday, the 3rd day of JUNE next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, estate, claim and demand, of the Hon. JAMES ALLANSWAW, of, in and to the following described tracts or lots of land, with the houses, mills, and other improvements thereon, the same having been taken, and served upon as well as all other real Estate, by long to him, to satisfy executions issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suits of the President Directors, & Co. of the Charlotte County Bank and others.

In the Parish of St. Andrews.

The lot of land with the house and premises situated in the Old Jail block, so called, in the town of St. Andrews, now in the occupation of the said James Allanshaw.

Lot No. 8, in Block letter B. Bulkeley's division in the town plat of St. Andrews.

In the Parish of St. Patrick.

A tract of land, containing 2003 acres more or less with the houses, mills and other erections thereon, commonly known as the Digdegush mill.

Three islands viz:—Hog Island in the Passamaquoddy Bay, a small island near it, and Long Island, so called, at the mouth of the Digdegush river.

A tract of land situated at the Rolling Dam on the river Digdegush, with the mills &c. thereon.

A lot of land, on the Eastern side of the river Digdegush, viz:—the land granted to David Layton and others, purchased by James Allanshaw and John McMaster, from Lucian Cameron.

A lot of land on the Western side of the river Digdegush, purchased by James Allanshaw, and John McMaster, from Lucian Cameron.

A tract of land, containing 450 acres on the Eastern side of the river Digdegush purchased by James Allanshaw and John McMaster from William Corry and Wile.

A tract of land containing 390 acres granted to Archibald McMeekin and conveyed by his heirs to the said James Allanshaw.

In the Parish of St. David.

Lots numbered 1, 2, and 3, on the river Digdegush purchased by James Allanshaw and John McMaster, from Isaac Guelou.

A tract of land with the mill privilege thereon, near the residence of Tristram Moore Esq., commonly known as Moore's mill.

A tract of land known as the North Mill privilege, at the head of Oak Bay, formerly belonging to one Robert Moore.

In the Parish of St. James.

Four tracts of land containing 200 acres granted to James Allanshaw by Letters patent, dated 26th September, 1835.

Two lots of land containing about 270 acres conveyed to James Allanshaw by Joseph Moore 31st December, 1839.

In the Parish of Penfield.

A Lot of land known as lot No 36 purchased by James Allanshaw and John McMaster from Jeremiah Califf and wife.

Also a lot purchased by them from the late Robert William Pagan, Esq.

Two tracts of land containing about 95 acres situated near Digdegush Harbour, formerly granted to Anthony McCann.

In the Parish of St. George.

A Tract of land and mill privilege on the Eastern side of the river Magaguadavic at the Upper Falls with the mills and other erections thereon purchased from Robt. W. Crookshank Esq. of the City of St. John.

A Tract of land adjoining the above and situated near the Basin at the Upper Falls also purchased from Robt. W. Crookshank Esq.

A Lot of land, near the above tracts, purchased from the late Coun Campbell Esq. as Sheriff of Charlotte.

Half of Lots numbered 5 and 6 on the Eastern side of the river Magaguadavic, near the Basin at the Lower Falls, purchased from Rich. Brockway.

Two Tracts of Land containing 75 acres granted to James Allanshaw, by Letters patent, dated 18th Dec 1837.

A Lot of land on the Western side of the river Magaguadavic at the Upper Falls, with the house and buildings thereon, now in the occupation of Thomas Davies.

Sheriff's Office. THOS. JONES, 17th Nov. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold by Public Auction on SATURDAY the 29th day of JUNE next, between the hours of ten and five o'clock.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim, property and demand of Jeremiah Donoghue, to the land on which he now resides together with the buildings thereon situated in the parish of St. George and on the main road from St. Andrews to St. George.

The same having this day been seized, evicted on and taken by me, by virtue of executions issued out of the Supreme Court at the suits of John Wilson, and James Driscoll.

Sheriff's Office. THOMAS JONES, 15th Dec. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni exponas, on Monday the 22d day of JULY 1844 at 10 o'clock a. m. the following property, belongs to the Estate of the late JAMES RAIT, Esquire, seized and taken under a writ of Dism. clausit extremum, to satisfy a debt, due the Crown of £2305, 6, 4, besides Sheriff's execution fees, &c.

In the Parish of St. Andrews.

LOT No. 56, containing 50 acres, more or less fronting on the river St. Croix, with all the houses, out houses, and buildings thereon.

Lots Nos. 2, 3, 6 and 7 in Block letter B. with the water Lots, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 in Block letter H all in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews, with the dock and beach in front of the same, with the buildings &c. thereon.

Part of Lot No. 4, in Block letter A. Bulkeley's division, with a front of 43 ft on Aqueduct street, and extending 80 feet to the rear, bounded S. W. by and hereinafter sold to Mrs. Amy Campbell, and N. W. by land heretofore occupied by Hugh Boyd, with the buildings &c. thereon.

A Lot of Land, in the Town Plat of St. Andrews, being part and parcel of the undivided water Bank in Part's division, adjoining Lot No. 3, in the possession of R. H. Lockley Esq. with the use, in connection, of a reserved road, 22 feet in width.

Lots Nos. 3, 4, and 7 in Block letter C. in Bulkeley's division, in the Town plat of St. Andrews.

Lot No. 8 in Block letter L. in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews.

Water lot No. 4 Block letter H, in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews.

Lots numbered 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8 in Block letter F. in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews, fronting on Queen Elizabeth and Montague streets with the buildings &c. thereon.

Half part of Lot number 4 in Block letter D. in Moore's division of the Town of Saint Andrews, with the buildings and improvements thereon.

In the Parish of St. Stephen.

Lot of land, known as Campbell's point commencing at a stake in Tibby's cove, near the Bridge, which stake is also the first bounds of Lot Q, and No. 1, in the Grant to Donald Grant and others, comprehending land, beach and flats, containing 4 acres and thereabouts, with the wharf, buildings and improvements thereon.

A Lathing Machine under that half of a Saw Mill, situated in Mill Town, which was purchased by John Austin of Henry Eastman, together with all the privileges thereunto belonging.

In the Parish of St. Patrick.

Lot No. 3, adjoining the lot conveyed by one James Muir to Thomas Slemmon, with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

In the Parish of St. George.

Lots Nos. 15 and 17 in Block letter H and lots numbered 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 13 in Block letter K in the Town Plat of Saint George.

An equal undivided moiety or half of a lot of land, adjoining Main street of Martin Hatt's cove, containing 100 acres more or less.

An equal undivided moiety or half part of 3 lots of land in the township of L'Evang, which William Low purchased of Paul Brampton.

Two Garden Lots in the Town plat of L'Evang, heretofore owned by William Low.

That lot of land, on the portage at the lower falls of the Magaguadavic river, with the buildings thereon, formerly occupied by John Henry Sely and situated between properties owned by S. G. Andrews Esq. Dr. Thomson and Mrs. Reed.

That piece of land on the West side of the Magaguadavic river opposite the fresh water landing place, at the lower portage, containing about 40 acres.

A lot of land on the N. E. side of Lake Utopia, being part of lot No. 7, formerly

granted to Daniel McMaster and others, containing 220 acres, more or less.

A lot of land on the E. side of Lake Utopia, and in the rear of lots formerly owned by one James Ash, in blocks numbers 5 and 6 being 130 rods in front, on said Lake &c. and containing 150 acres more or less, together with all the buildings &c. thereon.

A tract of land containing 75 acres more or less, situated about 1 of a mile below the Upper Falls of the Magaguadavic river and on the Eastern side of it, bounded by lands owned by Major Stannus, &c. with all the improvements and buildings thereon.

In the Parish of Penfield.

A lot of land, containing 700 acres, more or less, being part of a tract once laid out in six acre lots, on the head or N. E. shore of the N. E. branch, or arm of Beaver Harbour, near lands granted to John Munro, and Evan Thomas.

A lot of land containing 400 acres more or less, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, bounded by the six acre lots, and lands formerly granted to James, Jacob and Joshua Paul.

Two lots of land, forming together a point called Deadman's Head, lying between Deadman's Harbour and Black's Bay—containing 350 acres with the buildings &c. thereon.

A Lot of land, containing 270 acres bounded on one side by land granted to Hugh McKay, Esq. and by the shores of the Mill Lake.

A Tract of land commencing at the N. E. corner of a grant of land of 200 acres to Samuel Buckman junr., thence along the N. line to centre of said grant &c. supposed, to contain 100 acres more or less.

Lot No. 10, formerly owned by Samuel Buckman, containing 200 acres more or less.

That Tract or parcel of Land formerly granted to Thomas Berry, containing 96 acres more or less.

200 acres of land, crossing Knights Mill road, and Crisps Mill Stream.

200 acres touching Lot No. 16, formerly granted to William Stewart.

300 acres near Lot No. 44, granted to Robert Woodward, and crossing the great road, from Saint Andrews, to Saint John.

In the Parish of Grand Menan.

A lot of land containing 1.14 acres, beginning at Adam Dixon's line, with all the buildings thereon, being the same which James Rait purchased from John Sprague.

Lot No. 19 in the original grant of the Island, containing 140 acres, more or less, with the buildings thereon.

The Southern part or half of Lot No. 59 granted to Levi Richardson, situated at the Northern end or head of the Island, containing 250 acres, more or less, together with a right of way to the Cove, Creek, or inlet called Eel Brook.

Part of Lot No. 59, at the Northern end of the Island, granted to Levi Richardson, containing 100 acres, more or less, together with the privilege of erecting dams, &c. on Eel Brook.

Lot No. 6 in the first division of the Island Grant, originally granted to Samuel Ingersoll, with all the improvements thereon, containing 90 acres more or less.

The water front of Lot No. 37, owned by Nathaniel Gupill, on Grand Harbour Stream, with the privilege of erecting dams, mills, &c.

Lot No. 60 formerly granted to Aaron Richardson, with the buildings thereon.

All the right, title and privilege to a water Brook or Stream running through Lot No. 17, owned by Joseph Drogan, and also to parts of the said Lot No. 17, sufficient for the purpose of flowing the water, erecting Mills, piling places, &c.

The Levi Richardson Lot so called at the Northern end of the Island.

Lot No. 36 containing 200 acres more or less.

Lot No. 13 in the second division of lots granted to John Faxon and others, containing 200 acres more or less.

One half of Lot No. 15 in the above division, formerly granted by William Benson.

Lot No. 72, containing 32 1/2 acres, more or less.

Lot No. 33, comprehended in the Grant to Edmund Cheney with Lots numbered 62 and 63 containing 50 acres more or less.

Lot No. 71 in the first division of Lots surveyed by Donald McDonald.

Lot No. 20 in the second division containing 200 acres more or less, with the buildings thereon &c.

A Tract of Land comprehending Lots No. 37, 38, 39 and 40 containing 850 acres more or less with the buildings, &c. thereon.

Lot No. 11 on the Northern Head of the Island.

Lot No. 100, on the Western side of the island, near Dark Harbour—containing 700 acres more or less.

That privilege to the water, in front of Lot No. 37 on Grand Harbour Stream, and to the bank or shore of the said Lot, and back from the said stream, to the extent of five acres.

A Tract of Land containing 400 acres, commencing at the Northernly angle of School Lot No. 10 granted to James Rait, 22d August 1836.

southern angle of lot No 42, granted to the Rector, Church Wardens and Vestry, of Grand Manan.

A sixth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 500 acres, commencing at the south western angle of lot No 100 occupied by T. Ranny.

Also, another Tract of land granted to him containing 750 acres, commencing at the north western angle of lot No 101.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, 30th June, 1843.

Any information required respecting the above mentioned Properties, will be given on application at the Sheriff's Office.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Connecticut, United States, Incorporated in 1810—with a Capital of \$150,000.

This long established Institution has for more than twenty-six years transacted its extensive business on the most just and liberal principles—paying its losses with honourable promptness.

During this period have settled all their losses without compelling the insured, in any instance to resort to a Court of Justice. The present Board of Directors pledge themselves, in this particular, fully to maintain the high reputation of the Company. It insures on the most favorable terms every description of property against Loss or Damage by Fire but takes no marine risks.

Application for insurance may be made either personally or by letter to the Secretary of the Company, or to its Agents, who are appointed in many of the principal Towns and Cities in the United States, and in the British Provinces.

PRESENT BOARD OF DIRECTORS. Eliphalet Terry, Samuel Williams, James H. Wells, F. J. Huntington, S. H. Huntington, Elisha Colt, H. Huntington, E. B. Ward, and Albert Day, Eliphalet Terry, President.

James G. Bolles, Secy. The Subscriber having been appointed Agent for St. Andrews for the above mentioned Company is now prepared to take risks on every description of Property against loss or damage by Fire.

THOMAS SIME, St. Andrews, Jan. 5, 1843.

Fall & Winter Goods.

Arrived per barge, "Brothers" from Liverpool.

FLANNELS, PILOT CLOTHS, PETERSHAM'S, MOLESKINS, Cotton Sheetings, & Shirtings. Bleached and unbleached Printed Cottons, Paint Oil, boiled and unboiled.

WM. BABCOCK & SON, Sept. 27, 1843.

Provisions, &c. Ex schr. RIVAL, from New York.

WHEAT FLOUR, 150 Barrels RYE Do. 20 Barrels PORK 25 Barrels clear Prime and Mess BEEF 22 do. Prime and Mess LARD 7 Chests fine saucing & Congo SPERM OIL 1 Hhd. winter strained SPERM CANDLES 2 Boxes (size)

For sale Day paid or in Bond for Ship stores. WM. BABCOCK & SON, Sept. 27th, 1843.

To Rope-makers.

THE Subscribers will give employment to TWO MEN, having a practical knowledge of Rope-making.

J. & R. JARVIS, Rope Walk, St. Andrews, Feb. 20, 1844.

Provisions &c. Ex Schr. Wm. Walker.

10 HDS. prime retailing MOLASSES, 10 Bbls. Mess PORK, 20 Boxes Mould Candles, 10 Chests Saucing TEA, Buckwheat Flour, in half and quarter bbls., Raisins in Casks, Boxes, half boxes, and quarter boxes.

ROBERT WALTON, Nov. 29, 1843.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having accounts with or against the County will render the same in, on or before the first day of APRIL next, By order of the Court, W. HATGH, Clerk.

10th March 1844.

Prime Molasses.

10 Hds. Prime Retailing MOLASSES, For Sale low by R. WALTON.

March 11, 1844.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons are hereby forbid trespassing on Lot No. 14 in the Parish of Penfield—owned by the Subscriber as they will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the Law.

SAMUEL GETTY, St. Andrews, Jan. 3, 1844.

VOLUME

Price

Prov

On mot into Court

courage th The Ch tee having their consi in, and be again.

To Dan sam of £3