

PREPARING FOR THE KING'S CORONATION

Busy Days for Foreign Representatives in London.

Thousands of Americans Will Flock to Great Britain, and Most of them Want Favors Now -- King and Queen will be Kept Busy.

London, April 8.—There are busy days for foreign and colonial representatives in London, particularly the American and Canadian officials.

The majority of the requests are reasonable, but many are difficult to comply with, and a few, to those knowing the conditions, are ridiculous.

Five times during May and June their majesties will drive through the streets of London. On May 12 they go to Crystal Palace on the festival of the Empire.

On May 24, Queen Victoria Memorial will be unveiled and the German Emperor and Empress will attend.

Other events in the coronation season are: May 22, Imperial conference opens; May 24, Empire Day; May 27, Celebration of the King's birthday; June 7, Arrival and departure of foreign representatives attending the coronation.

London, April 8.—The representatives of foreign governments in London have been deluged with applications for seats in Westminster Abbey and for invitations to other functions.

Whitelaw Reid, the American ambassador in this connection has received the following note from an official of the Foreign Office:

"I regret to say that owing to the limitation of space in the Abbey, it is quite impossible to provide accommodation for personages of distinction other than those who are officially sent from the several countries."

DESPITE THE WAR TRADE IS GROWING

Mexico City, Mex., April 8.—Notwithstanding that Mexico is supporting a civil war, internal trade continued to increase into the end of January. According to a statement just issued by the department of finance, the customs receipts for the month of January shows the value of the imports as \$18,134,546 as against \$16,826,857 for the same month last year.

All the People Cannot Be Fooled All the Time

Rev. W. H. Sampson, rector of St. George's Church, Carleton, to the Daily Telegraph:—

As one of the citizens qualified to vote at the coming election, and desiring to give an intelligent vote on the question of the Commission, may I be permitted to ask of any one who knows:—

- (1) What salary is to be attached to the offices? (2) Are they all to receive the same amount? (3) Who is to fix the salary? (4) When once fixed can the salary be increased or diminished? (5) If so, by whom can it be changed? (6) What is the qualification necessary for the office? (7) Is any provision to be made for the representation of St. John West in the board of Commissioners?

I ask these questions because, while being in favor of a change, I do not wish to "jump from the frying pan into the fire." I know what we have got, and that is bad enough, but according to an old adage I would rather the "devil I know than the devil I don't know."

I have read a great deal that has been said about Commission, and it impresses me favorably; but as a resident of the West Side at heart, I should like to know how the interests of this side are to be respected and protected.

Are we to have one commissioner on the board, or else are we to trust to the tender mercies of the East Side gentlemen for our needs? I have heard that the act of union secures to Carleton certain rights. How will the new charter and commission affect those rights?

By this final admission, the organ Commission makes it abundantly clear that when the Executive of the Citizens' Committee pledged themselves to abolish the property qualification, they had no authority to carry out such an undertaking.

Again the Telegraph:—"As to the framing of the charter, Mr. Sampson and any other man who is interested will participate. And his views regarding what may constitute justice to the West Side will merit careful attention."

Herein the Telegraph is deliberately attempting to deceive the people. One of the few things the advocates of Commission have made clear is that under this system THE FIVE COMMISSIONERS CAN RESIDE IN ANY PART OF THE CITY AND ARE TO BE VOTED FOR BY ALL THE ELECTORS.

Taking the official returns of qualified voters at the coming election, the East Side will have 7,255 votes, and the West Side 845 votes. These are facts which the Telegraph would not publish in its answer to Rev. Mr. Sampson.

St. John Globe:—"The supporters of the principle of governing St. John through a commission of four or five persons are working eagerly and hopefully for the success of their scheme. But there is much uncertainty of feeling as to the matter in the minds of many, and considerable indifference. Probably the lack of information upon some important points is a trouble to many persons."

While the Chamberlain, the Police Magistrate, the Recorder, the Chief of Police, the Chief of the Fire Department, be appointed by the Commissioners, or will they be elected by the people, are questions constantly put. NO ONE CAN ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS, BECAUSE NO ONE KNOWS."

Note the way cities vote for or against Commission in the States: Boston Post, Friday, April 7.—"The legislative committee on cities has voted, with three dissenters, for a bill to make Cambridge the first city east of the Rockies to adopt the preferential system of voting whereby the voter has the right to mark his ballot for the man who is his first choice, the man who is his second choice and the man who is his third choice for the same office."

The Post continues:—"In other respects the proposed Cambridge charter is similar to that now in effect in Lynn and Haverhill. (Commission cities). There are five supervisors (commissioners), who together constitute the City Council and there are five members of a school committee."

"One of the supervisors is supervisor of administration and Mayor, a second is supervisor of finance, a third is supervisor of health, a fourth is supervisor of public works and a fifth is supervisor of public property. The Mayor is to get \$5,000 a year and the other supervisors \$4,000. They are elected at large, but the members of the school committee are elected in districts and the city is divided into three districts."

The people of Cambridge are not asked to vote for commission without knowing down to the smallest detail what they are voting for. The Post concludes:—"THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE IS GIVEN THE RIGHT TO VOTE UPON THE ENTIRE CHARTER AT THE NEXT STATE ELECTION IN NOVEMBER."

"THIS RIGHT THE ADVOCATES OF COMMISSION HAVE DENIED TO THE PEOPLE OF ST. JOHN. WHY?"

Mr. Harry Brass, editor in chief of the Canadian Municipal Journal, in this month's issue, writes:—"The Commission is certainly less democratic, and may become very autocratic, if not tyrannical. It is not difficult to foresee that a body of shrewd, unscrupulous commissioners could fasten themselves on a city in such a way that it would be difficult to dislodge them."

In the words of Rev. Mr. Sampson:—"I would rather the devil I know than the devil I don't know." NO CHARTER, NO COMMISSION!

DR. GRENPELL A GUEST AT NEW YORK LUNCHEON. New York, April 8.—William Butler Duncan, president of the Pilgrim Society, and the members of its executive committee, gave a luncheon this afternoon in honor of Dr. Wilfred Thomas Grenfell, famous superintendent of the Labrador Medical Mission to deep sea fishermen, and British magistrate in charge of the Labrador coast. Dr. Grenfell gave a brief account of conditions on the Labrador coast, and paid tribute to the assist-

FROM CAIRO TO WASHINGTON. Berlin, April 8.—Dr. Kiellin, secretary of the German diplomatic agency at Cairo, has been appointed second secretary of the embassy at Washington. This post was held by Baron von Heyl zu Hirnshehn, who left Washington early last year, and was eventually placed in the German Foreign Office.

He had received from students of Yale, Harvard, Princeton and the University of Pennsylvania.

CANADIAN BOYS WILL TAKE PART

Members Of Canadian Cadet Corps To Participate In Boys' Bisley In London On May 24th.

Ottawa, April 9.—An invitation having been received from the Imperial Cadets Association of London, England, for Canadian cadets to participate in the Boys' Bisley, on the 24th of May, it has been decided to send 12 cadets from organized cadets corps accompanied by an officer to take part in the competitions. The department of militia and defence will provide transportation to and from the cadets' homes and subsistence during their stay in England.

They will sail from Montreal for London May 6th and return to Canada early in July. The cadets will be selected from those participating in the miniature and gallery competitions of the Canadian rifle league, 1911, and be chosen according to the places taken by them in a special competition to be held with single loading rifles 22 bore on local miniature ranges from the 11th and 19th of April.

The competition will consist of a series of 21 shots being three targets of seven shots each fired consecutively without sighting shots and with but one sighting shot before shooting on the first target. The distance will be 25 yards. The targets will be as used in the miniature series of the Canadian rifle league. The team will be composed of eight senior and four junior representatives. To be eligible the former cadets must be under 18 years old on July 1st, 1911, and for the latter under 16 on that date, all representatives to be regularly enrolled members of a gazetted cadet corps.

FIVE THOUSAND HOUSES BURN

"Tenderloin" District Of Tokio Wiped Out By Flames—Thousands Of Women Are Homeless.

Tokio, April 9.—The notorious Yoshiwari, the principal quarter of Tokio inhabited by the licensed hetairae, was destroyed by fire today, and five thousand houses were burned in a little more than three hours. Six thousand female inmates were rendered homeless. The Yoshiwari is conducted under government licenses which provide for the establishments to be kept in a sanitary condition. These institutions were also burned.

The fire which began at 11:30 o'clock in the morning spread over a vast area. It was fanned by a strong southern wind and the flames were swept to the surrounding structures to the north. Altogether it is estimated that 5,000 houses were in ruins, covering an area approximating four square miles. A large number of women were severely injured, but so far as known no deaths have occurred.

Five hundred troops are guarding the territory. When the wind died down on the clear night the entire Yoshiwari was a vast white waste from the glowing embers. It is impossible to present an estimate of the total loss at this time.

TURKISH NAVAL PLAN CONFIRMED

Contracts For New War Vessels Let To English Firm—Americans Objected But Lost Job.

Constantinople, April 9.—The chamber adopted a motion today, by a vote of 115 to 40, confirming the government's action in awarding the contract for the vessels of the new Turkish navy consisting of three battleships of 16,500 tons each and several smaller craft, to Armstrong, Whitworth and Company, Ltd., of London. The commission, which was appointed to investigate the complaint of the Palmer Shipbuilding and Iron Company, of London and the Bethlehem Steel Co., that their tender although the lowest was not considered, reported that it was unable to reach a decision, as the minister of marine declined to support the tender although the papers connected with the cases.

NEW PREMIER IS SOLID. Rome, April 9.—Premier Giolitti received an overwhelming majority in the chamber of deputies today, during the discussion of the programme of the new cabinet. The vote stood 340 to 88, and the majority included Socialists, Radicals and Liberals.

BATTLE WILL BE FOUGHT IN U. S. SENATE

No Telling Where Canadian Reciprocity Question Will Get To—Four Quarrelling Factions.

Washington, D. C., April 9.—It is daily becoming more manifest that congress is facing a stormy session and that there can be made no forecast of the probable legislative results. The fact that both of the great political parties are badly divided is no longer denied, and the leaders appear to have little hope of restoring anything more than surface harmony.

There are virtually four parties, each with a large representation working at odds in the present session. The Republican minority of the house is divided between regulars and insurgents, as was evidenced by the vote in the speakership contest.

The breach between these two factions is even wider in the republican majority of the senate. On the part of William Jennings Bryan and the progressive democrats, including practically all the new members and several veterans like Senator Stone, of Missouri who are Bryan adherents.

The house democratic majority seems thus far to have escaped a break, but the leaders fear that the party contest in the senate may at any time spread to the other branch. The situation has interfered with the help of committees and the beginning of legislative work.

While President Taft would like congress to adopt the Canadian reciprocity agreement, and defer other measures to the regular session, Speaker Champ Clark and Oscar Underwood have other views.

Now that the new majority in the house has adopted the rule giving it just as much power as any majority ever enjoyed, there is no doubt that measures on the subject of direct election of senators, public safety before elections of campaign contributions, Canadian reciprocity, revision of the woolen and cotton schedules and any further tariff and tariff matters will be sent to the senate in whatever order is decided by the ways and means committee.

The republicans may expostulate or denounce as they please, but they will be powerless to prevent. The real legislative problem, therefore, will be at the senate end of the capital. Only time will tell what sort of lineup there will be in the senate on tariff matters. Previous sessions have indicated that there are just as ardent protectionists in the democratic representation as in the republican and a like situation may develop when tariff questions are taken up at this session.

BIG STEAMER WAS FLAUNTED

The Prinzess Irene Pulled From Her Sand Bed Yesterday—Will Dock in New York This Morning.

New York, April 9.—Bearing no visible scars except a shattered rudder post, the North German Lloyd liner Prinzess Irene, tipped away from Fire Island this afternoon as unexpectedly as she had come in the fog of Thursday morning. After 83 hours of imprisonment on the sand off the Lone Hill life saving station, she floated with the aid of tugs at 3 p. m. At 3:40 she left in tow for Scotland light, practically at the entrance to New York harbor to anchor for the night. Tomorrow morning the Irene will come up to her dock and after divers have examined her hull she will be rushed to Newport News for more thorough examination in dry dock.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD LINE. Berlin, April 8.—At a stockholders' meeting of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company today, the president reported for the year as about normal. Emigration was considerably reduced, but the month of March brought a good increase. Referring to the efforts to prolong the shipping pool, the president's report said that certain obstacles still remain, but will be removed by the exercise of good will on both sides.

- ANOTHER MINING HORROR. Littleton, Ala., April 9.—Twenty-three bodies have been taken from the Banner mine, in which an explosion occurred yesterday morning. The work of rescue is progressing rapidly. It is now believed that 128 men were in the mine in addition to those taken out yesterday.

MEXICAN REBELS IN FIERCE FIGHT

CASTAWAYS THREATENED WITH HUNGER

Food Scarce On St. Paul's Island—Stranded Where 140 Sailors Are From Newfoundland.

Halifax, April 9.—No word has been received by C. H. Harvey, agent of the marine and fisheries department from St. Paul's Island, where 140 of the crew of the abandoned steamer Harlaw found a refuge from the sinking ship. Mr. Harvey considers that this means that the Newfoundland government steamer Bonaventure, sent to the men's relief has not been able to make the island.

Asked as to the quantity of supplies on St. Paul's Island and whether this would be sufficient to keep the tremendous addition to the island's population for even a short time, Mr. Harvey replied that the season had been long and hard and he knew there would be none too much on hand. The light keeper had wired that the condition was serious and the need for help urgent. There is some live stock on the island, the agent says, which could be used to help out if it came to the worst. The storm of today would probably make it harder to get into touch with the island.

THE ALBANIAN REVOLUTION

Insurgents Meeting With Successes—Many Turkish Troops Surrendered—Two Towns Surrounded.

Cettinje, Montenegro, April 8.—It is reported here that the Albanian insurgents, who are fighting around Scutari were successful all along the line on Friday. The Turkish troops, according to the advices reaching this city, were surrendering. After being disarmed they were released.

Constantinople, April 8.—The Albanians, after two days fighting, have again surrounded the towns of Kastrioti and Tuzi, in the vilayet of Scutari. Only a few days ago the carriage road Tuzi was relieved by Turkish forces, and the Albanians were driven to the mountains.

BURGLARS VISIT MONTGON STORES

Several Petty Burglaries Reported in Last Two or Three Weeks—Deserter Arrested from the Niobe.

Special to The Standard. Montxon, April 9.—Several petty burglaries have been reported in the last two or three weeks and the police have so far been unable to locate the guilty parties.

Today Mrs. Philip White, who has a grocery on lower Robinson street, and who is supposed to keep considerable money in her store, especially after railway pay day, reported that her place had been ransacked during Saturday night. The burglar pried open a back window and appears to have made a general search, but found nothing except about thirty cents, taken from a pocket of one of Mrs. White's coats that had been left in the store. Mrs. White lives above the store, but heard no unusual noise during the night. The burglars were evidently looking for money as they took no goods.

Norman Blaine, a deserter from the training ship Niobe, at Halifax, is under arrest here. Blaine, who says he is 23 years of age, enlisted at Toronto March 13th, and deserted on the 21st. He was solicited aid from local clergymen which led to his arrest.

BIG SPANISH LINER REPORTED TOTAL LOSS

Cadiz, April 8.—It is reported that the Spanish liner Alfonso XIII has been totally wrecked near Vera Cruz, Mexico. The passengers and crew were saved. The Alfonso XIII arrived at Cuztamer from Bilbao, March 19, bound for Cuba and other ports. She was built in 1899, measured 414 feet in length and was 2,456 tons. Her home port was Barcelona.

Small Force Attacked Regulars with Disastrous Results.

Government Soldiers Took no Prisoners, but Put Rebels to Death at Bayonet Point—Mexico Votes \$4,000,000 to Carry on Struggle.

Mexico City, Mex., April 8.—While still indulging in the hope that peace methods may yet prevail, Mexico tonight prepared for a vigorous prosecution of the campaign against the rebels. The chamber of deputies, acting on the initiative of the minister of finance, Limantour, voted, \$4,000,000 gold for the "pacification of the country." Specifically the bill recites that this fund is to be used for the purchase of supplies, the transportation of troops, the equipping and maintenance of volunteer organizations and such other purposes as the war department may direct.

The granting of this appropriation is in line with the statement by Minister Limantour shortly after his return to Mexico that a special fund would be created for the prosecution of the campaign.

Secor Limantour denied that any one had been named by the government to act as a peace commissioner, but declined to discuss Francisco I. Madero's offer to resign as provisional president if General Diaz resigned. There is some hope that Dr. Gomez, now at Washington, will cause Madero to consent to resign and remain for a time as president.

Mexican, Mex., April 8.—General Stanley Williams, a deserter from the United States army, buried an alleged battalion of rebels against Col. Miguel Mayot's 500 Mexican regulars on the Mesa 5 miles south of Mexicantoday. Eighty men were killed in the fight; twenty returned from the battlefield.

Williams himself was fatally wounded and is now in the custom house here with his head torn by a fragment from an exploding shell. With half a dozen fugitives of his fleeing command, he was overtaken by a federal shell that exploded in their midst sending up a geyser of flame, smoke and fragments of human bodies. His wagon trains were captured and nearly all of the stores and live stock which he took in his raid yesterday of several ranches.

Survivors straggling into Mexico tonight declare that the federals took no prisoners. All those not killed by the fire of the federal rifles, machine guns and artillery were captured and slaughtered mercilessly by bayonets in the hands of federal soldiers. These latter also, it is declared, fired on the hospital and the custom house which accompanied the rebels to the battlefield. Dr. W. B. Jarkins, the surgeon in charge, and his assistants were driven from this place by federals, appealed to the United States authorities to send red cross aid to the scene of the battle and save those they could of the wounded.

Rebels Won This Fight. Atlixco, Puebla, Mex., April 8.—Trapped in a canyon six kilometers from Atlixco, a force of 90 federals was almost annihilated last night by a band of rebels, in whose pursuit they had been engaged for hours.

Reports of the battle received here this morning, state that almost every man in the detachment was killed or wounded. The rebel loss is said to have been small.

The assaulting force was under the command of Antonio Gracian. They were driven from this place by federals, but not until they had burned two or three houses belonging to municipal officers, burned the village archives and robbed the treasury.

At the order of General Valle, in charge of the federal troops in the state of Puebla, Lieut. Col. Torreblanca was sent in pursuit. The rebels poured bullets into the federal ranks from three directions. Col. Torreblanca was wounded but continued to lead in the fight.

Says Diaz Must Quit. Madero's Camp, Bustillo Estate Near Chihuahua, Mex., April 8.—Madero with his 3,000 insurgents broke camp today and started towards the Casas Grandes region where he evidently a move in accordance with newly laid plans to abandon whatever method of attack he had projected from his camp here. However, the likelihood of a battle within the next few days is as strong as ever, and it is believed the federals will be the aggressors. This belief is strengthened by the arrival in Chihuahua today of Gen. Lauro Villar, who succeeded the federal Gen. Hernandez with a detachment of men and several machine guns.

Madero took along a line of freight cars and engines loaded with supplies. He authorized two correspondents to state that he will welcome any peace commission, facilitate their passage through the country he controls and give careful consideration to any reasonable overtures made to him, but says Diaz must quit.



ESTATE SALE

Cecilian Piano Player, Chickering Piano, Mah. Furniture, Lib. Desk, Etc., by auction.

POTS

Valuable Freshhold Property with Three Store House, 25 feet by 100 feet, more or less.

MAHOGANY CHAIRS

Parlor Furniture, Bedroom Suits, Brussels Carpets AT RESIDENCE BY AUCTION.

Notice of Legislation

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick, at its next session for the passing of an act to incorporate the Southern Boom and Driving Company, for the purpose of acquiring or constructing and maintaining driving flumes, slides, booms, piers or other works necessary to facilitate the transmission of logs and timber down the following rivers or streams: West River, in the County of Albert; Alma River, in the County of Albert; Point Wolf River, in the counties of Albert, Kings and St. John; George River, in the counties of St. John and Kings, and Rosseter Brook, in the counties of St. John and Albert; and for the purpose of blasting, cutting, clearing or removing shoals or other impediments or otherwise improving the navigation of such rivers or streams or any part thereof, with power to charge tolls for the driving of said logs and timber down said rivers and streams, and to do all things necessary for the efficient operation of said work and incidental thereto.

Notice of Tenders

NOTICE is hereby given that tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned liquidators, at Bathurst, N. B., on or before the 15th day of April next, for the purchase of all of the Store Stock of the Northern Lumber Company, Limited, in the store at Bathurst, N. B., consisting of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES, HARDWARES and other goods such as are usually kept in a country store.

IN THE SUPREME COURT

Notice to the creditors of the Victoria Acetylene Manufacturing Company of Canada, Limited, pursuant to the winding up order made by the Supreme Court in the matter of the winding up and amendments thereto and in the matter of the Victoria Acetylene Manufacturing Company of Canada, Limited, and pursuant to an order dated this Fifth day of April, A. D. 1911, in the above matter.

APPLICANTS

APPLICANTS addressed to May or J. H. Frink will be received until April 20, for the positions of superintendent and matron for the Boys' Industrial Home, at Crouseville. Married or single persons may apply.

BILLS PASSED BY THE HOUSE

Acts Assented to by the Lieutenant Governor, and which Have Now Become Effective.

The following bills were assented to by his honor the lieutenant governor in the legislative assembly room in Fredericton on Thursday the 6th day of April, A. D. 1911.

An act to provide for the early closing of shops.

An act to amend an act entitled, "An act to consolidate and amend the laws respecting the levying, assessing and collecting of rates and taxes in the city of St. John."

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BEAUTY'S ROMANCE SHATTERED



MRS. ROY E. PIERCE.

New York, April 8.—An end has come to the romance of Roy E. Pierce, who married the beautiful Mrs. Betsy Chapman last November.

A suit to have the marriage annulled has been begun, it being alleged that young Pierce was mentally irresponsible when he married.

He is the son of Henry Clay Pierce the oil king of Texas. He met Mrs. Chapman in Paris last fall, when rumors were rife that she was to marry Baron James Ormonde de Rothschild, son and heir of the great Baron Maurice de Rothschild, and both came back to New York and were married.

Young Pierce hesitated to tell his father of his marriage for two months, during which the young people lived apart. When he did divulge the secret, the elder Pierce, it is said, was in a rage and made no comment.

Mrs. Pierce was formerly Miss Betsy Faulkner, a belle of Boston. She married T. Irvin Chapman of an old Boston family. A divorce followed. She then went on the stage and played under Belasco's management in "Sweet Kitty Belairs."

An act relating to the almshouse farm and properties at St. Andrews and certain lands and funds of the town and parish of St. Andrews.

BELLEISLE STATION Belleisle Station, April 7.—The snow in the streets has all disappeared. The roads in the surrounding country are almost impassable owing to the frost and mud.

There is a lot of sickness in this and the surrounding districts. The doctors are kept constantly on the go, there being some rather serious cases.

George Kincaid, who has opened up an up-to-date grocery establishment in the village, proposes moving his family here next week.

Miss Shanklin entertained the Ladies Aid of the church here on a close-fitting program in an able speaker. Much good was accomplished.

The library club, meets with Mrs. J. Muir this week.

Good Reasons Why Canadians Should Hesitate Before Following the Example of Yankee Graft-Ridden Cities.

(The Canadian Municipal Journal, Montreal.)

In the United States there is a sweeping demand that municipal Councils be abolished, and Commissioners appointed; and there is a distinct movement, but of very much smaller proportions, in Canada especially in the west.

There are, unfortunately, too many citizens who welcome any innovation without inquiring fully into its question. In this particular movement many people shout for commission government because it is being adopted across the line.

It should be remembered at the outset that the whole municipal situation is entirely different in the states; that the mayor and council generally forms part of state and federal elections, and that the civic officials, instead of holding office indefinitely (as in Canada) are either elected, or appointed, by the new mayor and council.

The fact of the municipal officials being elected, does not constitute the use of the "party machine" as the nomination is so cumbersome that no ordinary individual could understand it. In Canada, however, the municipal officials are elected by the voters, and the nomination is so cumbersome that no ordinary individual could understand it.

Further it is admitted that municipal government in many cities in the states has been most corrupt, and the most drastic changes in the form of government are welcomed in order to cleanse the situation.

It is not to be granted that the replacement of councils by commissions is desirable in the United States. It does not follow that the same rule holds good in Canada.

In Canada, our municipal elections take place entirely apart from the provincial or federal ones. The voters do not have to go to the polls to vote for municipal officers, but to vote for the provincial or federal ones.

Every voter knows that a change in mayor or council does not involve the dismissal of the clerk, engineer, and police force to make positions for the friends of the newly elected.

The Board of Control, which is the Dominion are so very different that many of the arguments in the states do not apply here.

At the C. M. convention last year the question received a good deal of attention and papers were read on "Commissions and Boards of Control."

Certainly the Board of Control has many merits which are lacking in the Commission, and this system cannot be introduced in Canada without giving some of its merits to the public in the Council.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

One cent per word each insertion. Discount of 33 1/3 per cent on advertisements running one week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum charge 25 cents.

Machinery Bulletin

Road-Making Machinery We carry a full line of Canada's best road making machinery. We can supply municipalities or private individuals with all their requirements in

ROCK CRUSHERS. STEAM ROLLERS. ROAD MACHINES. It will be to your advantage to have our quotations before purchasing elsewhere.

The A. R. Williams Machinery Co., Of St. John, Ltd. 15 Dock St.

WANTED. WANTED—Janitor. Apply N. B. Telephone Co., Ltd., Local Manager's Office, Chipman Hill.

WANTED.—A first class barber, no others need apply; good wages, steady work. No bad habits. B. G. Rideout, Box 233, Caribou, Me.

FOR SALE. NEW HOME AND DOMESTIC MACHINES—Latest improved. Buy in my shop and save \$10 to agents. Sewing machines and phonographs repaired.

FOR SALE.—A 1 farms in New Brunswick, from 80 to 500 acres; good buildings, plenty of water, pasture and wood. Suitable for sheep, cattle and mixed farming.

FOR SALE.—One carriage, one cart. Enquire 138 Duke St., West.

FARMS FOR SALE.—Over one hundred to select from. Almost any location desired. Average from six to six hundred. The New Brunswick farm tide has reached its lowest ebb.

TO LET.—Brick Warehouse on Paradise Row, suitable for manufacturing or mercantile purposes. Apply M. E. Asar, 32 Union street.

TO LET.—Self contained brick house, 23 Union street, consisting of eleven rooms and bath, hot water heating and all modern conveniences.

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# The Standard

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SAINT JOHN, MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1911.

## REV. MR. SAMPSON'S QUESTIONS.

The people of this city and particularly the rate-payers in Carleton are indebted to Rev. Mr. Sampson for his attempt to pin the advocates of Commission down to facts in his letter to the Telegraph on Saturday. Mr. Sampson is, or rather was, not unfriendly to Commission as a citizen and rate-payer qualified to vote at the approaching plebiscite asked "of anyone who knows" a few pertinent and necessary questions in order to vote intelligently.

His questions are brief and to the point:—  
(1) What salary is to be attached to the office?  
(2) Are they all to receive the same amount?  
(3) Who is to fix the salary?  
(4) When once fixed can the salary be increased or diminished?  
(5) If so, by whom can it be changed?  
(6) What is the qualification necessary for the office?  
(7) Is any provision to be made for the representation of St. John West in the board of Commissioners?

Any other citizen who takes an intelligent interest in civic affairs could add a round dozen of questions to Mr. Sampson's list and not exhaust the problems and difficulties which beset a movement to effect a radical change in the present system of conditions in Carleton, and he adds "as a resident of the West Side for the past twenty-one years, and having the interests of the West Side at heart, I should like to know how the interests of this side are to be respected and protected. Are we to have one commissioner on the board, or else are we to trust to the tender mercies of the East Side gentlemen for our needs? I have heard that the act of union secures to Carleton certain rights. How will the new charter and commission affect those rights?"

The Telegraph, which poses as the organ of Commission, makes a reply which for ingenuity and cunning and without ineffectiveness could hardly be surpassed. If a bomb shell had fallen into the ranks of Commission it could not have created greater havoc than Mr. Sampson's letter. His questions avoid any reference to "business methods" or to "conducting the affairs of the city like a large business corporation," and such like airy nothings. They demand definite answers. They ask for facts. The answers cannot be given, because no one knows, but the Telegraph, bearing the scars of many a political battle, is not to be phased by a few details of this kind, and in defence of its pet scheme rises to the occasion.

Grasping the rector of St. George's warmly by the hand, so to speak, it boldly invites him to join the ranks of Commission. "You yourself, reverend sir," says the Telegraph with a bland smile, "will help to answer your own questions by assisting the friends of Commission in thrashing out these matters AFTER the people of St. John have declared on April 18 that they desire the Commission form of government. After the vote has been taken, a new charter will be prepared and taken to the Legislature for ratification, and in this new charter your questions will be answered, for it will be set down there what salary the commissioners are to receive, how much more the mayor will have than the other commissioners, how changes in salary, if any, are to be made, and what shall be the qualification necessary to eligibility."

But the Telegraph hastily leaves this embarrassing subject and goes on to assure Mr. Sampson that "the first thing is to break away from the rut into which civic affairs in St. John have fallen," and adds a few remarks about the advantages of "a small compact businesslike committee" with which, judging from his letter, Mr. Sampson does not appear to be particularly concerned.

It does not seem to have occurred to the Telegraph that in avoiding the "ruts" in a highway the wayfarer not infrequently lands in the ditch which, like the Commission plan as presented to the citizens, is an unexplored region until the unhappy wanderer lands fairly and squarely at the bottom. Even in avoiding civic ruts, which like other ruts can be repaired, the people of St. John will only show ordinary prudence if they look before they leap and think twice before they desert the well beaten highway of representative and constitutional government for treacherous and unknown by-paths.

As to the framing of the charter after the plebiscite the Telegraph solemnly assures Mr. Sampson that he or any other man who is interested will be invited to participate and that "his views regarding what may constitute justice to the West Side will merit careful attention." Yet the Telegraph knows that the whole principle of the Commission plan is founded on the idea that the five commissioners are to be elected at large, and that the chances of the West Side with three representatives out of seventeen in the council today will be reduced to a minus quantity.

It is no wonder that the Telegraph failed to convince Mr. Sampson. The rector of St. George's asked for definite information, and the Telegraph had nothing to give but empty phrases. In an interview, published elsewhere in this issue, Mr. Sampson justly says the Telegraph's editorial reference to his letter is no reply to the questions he raised, and he goes on to point out that the advice to "wait and see" is entirely unsatisfactory. Mr. Sampson hits straight from the shoulder and in his review of the situation states facts which are daily becoming more apparent. St. John needs civic reform, but at least the citizens want to know what they are voting for. The people of Cambridge, Mass., are to vote on Commission, but before they vote every detail in the charter will be before them. "Why should we be asked to vote in the dark?" is Mr. Sampson's pointed question. The citizens are looking to the advocates of Commission for a reply.

## THE PROVINCIAL AUDIT ACT.

The Opposition have frequently asserted during the present session of the House that the provisions of the Provincial Audit Act have been violated by the Government. This charge is based on a sentence in a letter written by the Auditor General to the Treasury Board in which he says that the Public Works Department pays no attention to the provisions of the Audit Act which requires that there shall be money in hand before any expenditures are made.

In calling the attention of the Treasury Board to a single section of the Audit Act the Auditor, while no doubt moved by the best of impulses, was not acting entirely fairly towards the department he criticized as there are other sections of the act which have a bear-

ing on the same point which also should have been referred to, as they are quite as important as the section pointed out by the Auditor.

The intention of the Audit Act is to make it impossible for the Government to conceal any expenditure beyond the amount appropriated by the Legislature. The Auditor General is furnished with a copy of the legislative appropriations for the various services and cannot sign cheques on these accounts after the appropriation is exhausted, without an order of the Treasury Board.

While it is highly important that the Auditor General should be a responsible official and entirely independent of Government influence in handling the business of his office, it was never the intention of the Legislature to place in his hands arbitrary powers over the expenditures further than to see that every account rendered is fair and just, and that the law respecting over-expenditure is carried out. It would be unwise to place such power in the hands of any one man as would enable him to hold up important public works such as necessary repairs to roads, bridges and wharves even though the estimated expenditure for these purposes had been reached.

Last year the revenue of the Province exceeded the estimates and there were many bridges and wharves in a dilapidated or dangerous condition. The Government undertook to repair them, although the appropriation was exhausted. The usual application was made to the Treasury Department for money to pay the bills. The Treasury Board had to take the responsibility for the expenditure, not the Auditor General. His duty was done when he published the correspondence connected with granting the money. The Government was not called upon to borrow the money for this work. It was already at the credit of the Province in the bank. Had the Government not done the needed work while they had the money to pay for it they would have been justly censured for neglect of duty.

To say that the provisions of the Audit Act have been violated is untrue. If the Opposition members care to make a study of the Auditor General's reports from 1900 to 1907, when their friends were in power, they will quickly discover the reason for passing a new Audit Act. Such an investigation will soon disclose that the arrangement of the accounts have been changed one year from another with no other reason than to make it the more difficult to follow the financing of the old Government. And what appears in print does not include the suspense accounts which were necessary to cover up expenditures. Such accounts are not possible under the Audit Act. All of the expenditures of the Government, whether authorized by the Legislature or the Treasury Board, must come before the public and be made in the full light of day.

## A SORDID TRANSACTION.

The Laurier Government in 1905 gave a Montreal lawyer by the name of Markey a lease for fifty years of the Nelson River with its tributaries and the whole estuary of the Hudson Bay, extending 100 miles on the coast and 3 miles from the shore, together with the Hays River, the Pigeon River and the Great Slave Lake. The amount to be paid therefor was the magnificent sum of \$10 per year. The area covered was over ten thousand square miles. The lease was exclusive, and for a period of 21 years. The waters included abounded in valuable fish.

In 1907 the matter was brought to the attention of Parliament and the scandalous perversion of the public franchises fully exposed. There was no defence, it was plain, unadulterated graft, handed out by the Minister of Marine to a political supporter for reasons best known to the minister and the grafter. It was plain, however, that 10,000 square miles of valuable fishing grounds were the possession of Mr. Markey instead of the people of Canada to whom they belonged.

They are still in his possession or in the possession of those to whom he may have sold them under his rights. Meanwhile the Government is building the Hudson Bay Railway, and these fishing grounds have attained enormous value in prospect. When the road is building, and more still when it is completed, will this grafter's bonanza bring riches? No one else can utilize these fishing grounds, they are Markey's for 21 years at \$10 per year.

And Markey's the Laurier Government seems determined they shall remain. Not one of the conditions of the lease, we believe, has been fulfilled, but yet Markey retains it. For four years the Opposition in the House of Commons have been demanding its cancellation, and denouncing the outrage. The Minister of Marine, driven to make a show of action, referred the matter to the Minister of Justice, and that accommodating gentleman has had it pigeon holed for two years in his department, waiting for his pet lawyer and former partner, Shepley, to get well enough to take it up.

Questioned about this delay on April 6th, the minister declared that it was against public interest to discuss the matter. "Every one," he said, "is agreed that it is in the public interests that these leases should be got rid of, if it is possible by legal means." But he held out no hope for a speedy issue. And there the matter rests. What a commentary on the administration of public affairs.

A small kingdom given to a party favorite, for \$10 per year, with conditions attached which have never been fulfilled, with a continued clamor for cancellation from all decent men who had knowledge of the transaction, and yet for four years no cancellation, no action but dilatory references, and now it would seem almost insuperable legal difficulties in the way of preventing this fraud upon the country. It is dollars to doughnuts that Markey keeps his lease, or that the country will be obliged to pay him handsomely for giving it up.

How much will Markey make, and how much will those behind Markey make?

The Telegraph:—"After the vote has been taken, a new charter will be prepared and taken to the Legislature for ratification, and in this new charter Rev. Mr. Sampson's questions will be answered, for it will be set down there what salary the commissioners are to receive, how much more the mayor will have than the other commissioners, how changes in salary, if any, are to be made, and what shall be the qualification necessary to eligibility." So kind of the Telegraph! So delightfully ingenious!

"Will you walk into my parlor?" said the spider to the fly.

"It's the prettiest little parlor that ever you did spy."

## Current Comment

(Family Doctor.)  
One after the other diseases are disappearing. Smallpox, typhus, hospital gangrene, diphtheria, malaria, Malta fever, consumption, are all going. All "germ" diseases are going. Length of life is extending. As many people die at forty in the reign of Queen Elizabeth as now live to seventy.

(Elevator Constructor.)  
The editor was dying, says an exchange, but when the doctor bent over, placed his ear on his breast, and said, "Poor man! circulation almost gone!" the dying editor sat up and shouted: "You're a liar; we have the largest circulation in the country!"

## SONS OF TEMPERANCE ON THE NORTH SHORE.

Encouraging Reports Received at Meeting of Kent-Northumberland District Division, at Newcastle, last week.

Newcastle, April 8.—Kent-Northumberland District Division, St. John, met here yesterday. Rev. R. H. Staver, presiding. Delegates present were: Harcourt—Rev. R. H. Staver, D. W. F. Newcastle—H. H. Stuart, D. S.; Rev. W. J. Dean, W. C. Day, Rev. Dr. Cousins. Chatham—George Stothart, Miss Lizzie Eddy.

Rexton—H. M. Ferguson, J. P. Douglstown—H. C. Stothart, Richard Atkinson, Miss Helen Gray. Legville—Alvin L. Babkirk, Mrs. J. W. Johnston.

The membership report was as follows:

|              | Dec. 31, 1910 | Mar. 31, 1911 |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Bay du Vin   | 69            | 67            |
| Douglstown   | 29            | 30            |
| Newcastle    | 42            | 34            |
| Millerton    | 20            | 20            |
| Legville     | 44            | 59            |
| Chatham      | 29            | 29            |
| Doaktown     | 65            | 65            |
| Harcourt     | 73            | 72            |
| Granville    | 45            | 43            |
| Bass River   | 37            | 37            |
| Richbucto    | 75            | 75            |
| Coal Branch  | 38            | 38            |
| South Branch | 24            | 24            |
|              | 644           | 684           |

The committee on the state of the order reported:

1.—We find an increase in the two counties of 40 members.  
2.—We are pleased to report that Northumberland, Chatham and South Branch in Kent, have been reorganized.

3.—The finances are in a healthy condition.  
4.—We would heartily re-endorse the amendments to the Dominion and provincial liquor laws proposed at the division last January, and since approved by the provincial executive of the W. C. T. U., the grand scribe of the province, S. of T., the G. C. T., of the I. O. G. T., and others, and urge upon the Dominion and New Brunswick governments the necessity of the amendment of the liquor laws in accord therewith, viz:

That each government, in its respective sphere, prohibit the importation of liquor by private individuals into the Dominion and New Brunswick, and that the abuse of liquor be prohibited for legal purposes be purchased from government vendors; that persons arrested for drunkenness be punished with a fine or imprisonment, to tell where they got their liquor; that government vendors publish annual statement of all but these, and that the abuse of liquor be prohibited for legal purposes be purchased from government vendors; that persons arrested for drunkenness be punished with a fine or imprisonment, to tell where they got their liquor; that government vendors publish annual statement of all but these, and that the abuse of liquor be prohibited for legal purposes be purchased from government vendors; that persons arrested for drunkenness be punished with a fine or imprisonment, to tell where they got their liquor; that government vendors publish annual statement of all but these, and that the abuse of liquor be prohibited for legal purposes be purchased from government vendors; 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# FINANCIAL WORLD

**An Investigation**  
Will prove to you that the 6 per cent. Perpetual Mortgage Debenture Stock, of the Maine and New Brunswick Electrical Power Co. Ltd. at Par and Interest is a Safe, Sound and Conservative Investment.  
If you have not received a map and Prospectus Send For Them.

**Eastern Securities Co. Ltd.**  
INVESTMENT BANKERS.  
W. F. MAHON, Managing Director.  
82 Prince William Street.  
Phone 2058. St. John, N. B.

**6 p.c. PERPETUAL**  
Mortgage Debenture Stock  
Maine and N. B. Electrical Power Co., Limited.  
Par Value \$100 each.  
The company has full right to operate on either side of the line by Special Acts of Both New Brunswick and Maine Legislatures.  
**A PERMANENT INVESTMENT.**  
Interest payable half yearly at par, at any branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia.  
D. B. DONALD,  
Bank of Montreal Building,  
Phone, M 1963. St. John, N. B.

**The Sun Life**  
Assurance Co. of Canada  
Will support you in old age or look after your family if you are prematurely taken away. It will cost you comparatively little each year.  
Ask Our Agents for Particulars.  
Assets over \$38,000,000.  
D. C. JORDAN, Manager for N. B.

**Everything in Wood**  
FOR  
Building Purposes  
**A. E. Hamilton, Ltd.**  
Clapboards and Shingles  
ALSO  
Ruberooid Roofing  
**Murray & Gregory, Ltd.**  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

**Structural Steel**  
Contractors are invited to send specifications for special import quotations.  
**A. E. Jubien,**  
Manufacturer's Agent, St. John, N.B.

**HARD COAL**  
American and Scotch  
All Sizes  
Old Mines Sydney and Reserve  
**R. P. & W. F. STARR, Ltd.**  
49 Smythe St. 226 Union St.

**Hard Wood**  
At Bargain Prices  
\$2.00 PER LOAD  
Broad Cove soft, and Scotch Hard Coal, always on hand. Good goods promptly delivered.  
**G. S. COSMAN & CO.**  
238-240 PARADISE ROW.  
Telephone 1227.

**COAL**  
Daily expected—Fresh mined screened, Broad Cove; Minudie; McKay Sydney; Joggins. All sizes Scotch Anthracite. Telephone 42.  
**JAMES S. MCGIVERN, 5 Mill Street.**

**COAL**  
Schooner "Lucia Porter" with 500 tons  
**Triple X Lehigh Hard Coal**  
Now is a good time to try this Coal, so that you will know that it is the grade you want to buy for next winter.  
**J. S. GIBBON & CO.**  
1 Union St. and 6-12 Charlotte St.  
Telephone, Main 678.

**COAL**  
"C. C. C." Coal is really wonderful compared with other coals, and it is New Brunswick Coal too.  
The hardest test is in the open fire place. "C. C. C." warms as well as cheers with its bright flame. It is a clean splint coal.  
Have you noticed the open fire through the window of "the Clifton House?"  
Didn't it make you wish you were home in front of one of your own? Well—Why not—Only \$4.75 per ton.  
Prompt delivery. Phone Main 1172. Yard Brittain St., Cor. Charlotte.  
You would be surprised to know how many people are using "C. C. C." Coal for all purposes in place of Anthracite. But try it and you will understand.  
**THE CANADIAN COAL CORPORATION OF N. B. Ltd.**

## PRODUCE PRICES IN CANADIAN CENTRES

**MONTREAL, April 8.—OATS**—Canadian Western No. 2, 38 1/2c to 38 3/4c; car lots, ex store, extra No. 1 food 37 1/2c to 38c; No. 2 C. W. 37c to 37 1/2c; No. 2 local white 36c to 36 1/2c; No. 3 local white No. 2 local white 35c to 35 1/2c; No. 4 local white 34c to 34 1/2c.  
**FLOUR**—Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.69; seconds \$5.10; winter patents \$4.50; strong lakera \$4.90; straight rollers \$4 to \$4.25 in bags \$1.75 to \$1.85.  
**CORN**—American No. 3 yellow, 58 1/2c to 58 3/4c.  
**MILFEED**—Bran, Ontario \$22 to \$22 1/2; Manitoba \$21 to \$22; middlings, Ontario \$24 to \$25; shorts, Manitoba \$22 to \$25; middlings \$25 to \$30.  
**CHEESE**—Western 11 1/2c to 11 3/4c; BUTTER—Choice 21c to 25 1/2c; Seconds 23c to 23 1/2c.

**MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE**

|                      |         |         |
|----------------------|---------|---------|
| Asbestos Com.        | 11 1/2  | 10      |
| Black Lake Com.      | 15      | 13      |
| Bell Telephone       | 145     | 145     |
| Can. Pac. Rail.      | 225 1/2 | 225 1/2 |
| Can. Converters      | 45      | 43      |
| Cement Com.          | 22      | 21 1/2  |
| Cement Pfd.          | 85      | 86 1/2  |
| Can. Car. Com.       | 72      | 72      |
| Can. Car. Pfd.       | 108     | 108     |
| Crown Reserve        | 220     | 210     |
| Detroit United       | 70 1/2  | 70 1/2  |
| Dom. Tex. Com.       | 71      | 70 1/2  |
| Dom. Steel           | 57 1/2  | 57 1/2  |
| Dom. I. and S. Pfd.  | 102     | 101     |
| Duluth Superior      | 85      | 81      |
| Hal. Electric Tram.  | 144     | 142     |
| Illinois Trac. Pfd.  | 94 1/2  | 92 1/2  |
| Lake Woods Com.      | 138     | 136     |
| Mexican Com.         | 85      | 85      |
| Rio Com.             | 107 1/2 | 107 1/2 |
| Mont. St. Rail.      | 226     | 225 1/2 |
| Mont. H. and P.      | 150 1/2 | 149 1/2 |
| Mackay Com.          | 125 1/2 | 125     |
| Mackay Pfd.          | 72      | 70 1/2  |
| N. S. S. and C. Com. | 97 1/2  | 97 1/2  |
| New Que. Com.        | 64 1/2  | 64 1/2  |
| Ogilvie Com.         | 125 1/2 | 125     |
| Ottawa Com.          | 112     | 111 1/2 |
| Shawinigan           | 118 1/2 | 113     |
| Tor. St. Rail.       | 130 1/2 | 130 1/2 |
| Twin City Rpd. Trst. | 109     | 107 1/2 |

## CLOSING COTTON LETTER.

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh and Co.

New York, April 8.—The least that can be said of the cotton market is that it was a little stronger today. There has been some short covering but there is no particular feature. The next few weeks the weather map will be watched eagerly and every change in that respect will help to make out market a speculative market. There is not sufficient disposition to trade to array the bull side against the bears. A strong or weak market will be the result, which is generally a short one, and then recedes into quietness. Statistics are published daily to help the market but receive a passing glance. The technical situation of the market will inspire activity. The financial centres are in waiting attitude and it is only natural that the different speculative sections should do the same.

**JUDSON & CO.**  
**Canada Machinery Corporation**  
6-Per Cent. Bonds  
The assets of this company are more than three times the bond issue. The earnings are estimated at more than five times the bond interest charges.  
Based upon actual figures for the six months following August 1st, the company is earning bond interest, preferred dividends and from 4 per cent. to 6 per cent. on its common stock.  
A safe investment yielding 6 per cent. now, with opportunity to make more than bond interest by enhanced value of common stock.  
Price paid will be 20 per cent. common stock bonds.

**ATLANTIC BOND CO., LTD**  
Bank of Montreal Bldg.  
**HOWARD P. ROBINSON, President.**  
St. John, N. B.

**MAPLE LEAF MILLING COMPANY, LIMITED.**  
DIVIDEND NOTICE.  
NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1 3/4 per cent.) has been declared on the Preferred Stock of Maple Leaf Milling Company, Limited, for the quarter ending April 4th, 1911, payable April 18th, 1911, to shareholders of record of April 4th, 1911. Transfer books will be closed from April 4th to April 17th inclusive.  
By Order of the Board,  
**J. CARRICK, Secretary.**

## NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

(Quotations Furnished by Private Wires of J. C. Mackintosh and Co., members of Montreal Stock Exchange, 111 Prince Wm. Street, St. John, N. B., Chubb's Corner.)

|                          |         |         |         |         |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Am. Copper               | 62 1/2  | 62 1/2  | 62 1/2  | 62 1/2  |
| Am. Cotton Oil           | 50 1/2  | 50 1/2  | 50 1/2  | 50 1/2  |
| Am. Locomotive           | 37 1/2  | 37 1/2  | 37 1/2  | 37 1/2  |
| Am. Sm. and Ref.         | 74 1/2  | 74 1/2  | 74 1/2  | 74 1/2  |
| Am. Tel. and Tele.       | 145 1/2 | 145 1/2 | 145 1/2 | 145 1/2 |
| Am. Steel Found.         | 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 |
| Atchafalaya              | 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 |
| Balt. and Ohio           | 105 1/2 | 105 1/2 | 105 1/2 | 105 1/2 |
| B. R. T.                 | 77 1/2  | 78      | 78 1/2  | 77 1/2  |
| Can. Pac. Rail.          | 225 1/2 | 226     | 225 1/2 | 225 1/2 |
| Cheq. and Ohio           | 81 1/2  | 81      | 80 1/2  | 81      |
| Chi. and St. Paul        | 121     | 121 1/2 | 121     | 121     |
| Col. Fuel and Iron       | 30 1/2  | 30 1/2  | 30 1/2  | 30 1/2  |
| Con. Gas                 | 144 1/2 | 144 1/2 | 144 1/2 | 144 1/2 |
| Denver and Rio Grande    | 30 1/2  | 30 1/2  | 30 1/2  | 30 1/2  |
| Gen. Elec.               | 29 1/2  | 29 1/2  | 29 1/2  | 29 1/2  |
| Gr. North. Pac.          | 150 1/2 | 150 1/2 | 150 1/2 | 150 1/2 |
| Gr. North. W.            | 127 1/2 | 127 1/2 | 127 1/2 | 127 1/2 |
| Illinois Central         | 138     | 137 1/2 | 137 1/2 | 137 1/2 |
| Int. Met.                | 18 1/2  | 18 1/2  | 18 1/2  | 18 1/2  |
| Lakel. Valley            | 174     | 174 1/2 | 174     | 174     |
| Kansas City South.       | 62 1/2  | 62 1/2  | 62 1/2  | 62 1/2  |
| Miss. Kan. and Texas     | 32 1/2  | 32 1/2  | 32 1/2  | 32 1/2  |
| Miss. Pacific            | 49      | 49      | 47 1/2  | 48 1/2  |
| Nor. Pac.                | 124 1/2 | 124     | 123 1/2 | 124     |
| Nor. and West.           | 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 |
| Penn.                    | 125 1/2 | 125 1/2 | 125 1/2 | 125 1/2 |
| People's Gas             | 103 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 103     | 103 1/2 |
| Pr. Steel Car.           | 32 1/2  | 32 1/2  | 32 1/2  | 32 1/2  |
| Reading                  | 51 1/2  | 51 1/2  | 51 1/2  | 51 1/2  |
| Rep. Ir. and Steel       | 33      | 33      | 33      | 33      |
| Rock Island              | 29 1/2  | 29 1/2  | 29 1/2  | 29 1/2  |
| South. Pacific           | 115 1/2 | 115 1/2 | 115 1/2 | 115 1/2 |
| St. Paul                 | 174     | 174     | 174     | 174     |
| South. Railway           | 27 1/2  | 27 1/2  | 27 1/2  | 27 1/2  |
| Texas and Pacific        | 28 1/2  | 28 1/2  | 28 1/2  | 28 1/2  |
| Utah Copper              | 45 1/2  | 44      | 44      | 44      |
| Union Pacific            | 136 1/2 | 136 1/2 | 136 1/2 | 136 1/2 |
| United States Rubber     | 41 1/2  | 41 1/2  | 41 1/2  | 41 1/2  |
| United States Steel      | 77 1/2  | 77 1/2  | 77 1/2  | 77 1/2  |
| United States Steel Pfd. | 119     | 119     | 119     | 119     |
| Virginia Chemical        | 60 1/2  | 60 1/2  | 60 1/2  | 60 1/2  |
| Western Union            | 73 1/2  | 73 1/2  | 73 1/2  | 73 1/2  |

## MONTREAL

**Saturday's Sales.**  
Bell Telephone, 47 @ 14.  
Canadian Pacific, 50 @ 225 3/8, 50 @ 225 1/2, 125 @ 225.  
Cement Common, 50 @ 22.  
Cement Pfd., 85 @ 86 1/2.  
Crown Reserve, 300 @ 210.  
Dominion Iron, 90 @ 57 1/2.  
Dominion Iron Pfd., 16 @ 101 1/2.  
Dominion Iron Bonds, 3,000 @ 93 3/4, 2,000 @ 94.  
Detroit United, 65 @ 70.  
Dominion Textile, 25 @ 71, 25 @ 70 1/2.  
Halifax, 90 @ 144.  
Lake of the Woods, 1 @ 136.  
Mackay, 25 @ 91 1/4.  
Montreal Steel, 225 @ 225, 25 @ 224, 100 @ 225, 25 @ 224 1/2, 75 @ 225.  
D. O. 224, 75 @ 225.  
Dominion Cot. Bonds, 8,000 @ 94.  
Nova Scotia Steel, 150 @ 93 3/4, 35 @ 94.  
Nova Scotia Steel Pfd., 15 @ 125.  
Ogilvie, 25 @ 122.  
Ottawa, 10 @ 112.  
Ogilvie Bonds, 1,000 @ 112.  
Lake of the Woods Bonds, 3,000 @ 108.  
Porto Rico, 25 @ 62 1/4.  
Penman Pfd., 20 @ 87.  
Quebec Railway, 175 @ 64 1/4, 14 @ 64, 10 @ 63 1/2, 100 @ 64 1/4, 25 @ 64 1/2.  
Quebec Bonds, 2,000 @ 84 3/4.  
Rich. & Co., 25 @ 118, 25 @ 118 1/2, 75 @ 118 3/4, 50 @ 119, 50 @ 119 1/4, 100 @ 119 3/8, 50 @ 119 1/2, 50 @ 119 3/4.  
Rio, 75 @ 107 3/4, 5 @ 108, 50 @ 108 1/4.  
Rio Bonds, 15,000 @ 98 3/8.  
Toronto Railway, 50 @ 130 1/2, 90 @ 129 3/8, 25 @ 130 1/4, 100 @ 130 3/8.  
Bank of Commerce, 4 @ 220.  
Merchants Bank, 16 @ 192.  
Bank of Nova Scotia, 10 @ 275.  
Royal Bank, 1 @ 412, 1 @ 410 1/2.  
Total sales, New York, 75,500 shares.

## MONTREAL AND BOSTON CURB.

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh and Co.

**Montreal Curb Sales.**  
W. C. Power 5 @ 25 1/2 @ 10 @ 54.  
Can. Power 5 @ 54.  
Steel Co. of Canada 25 @ 224.  
Cannery Pfd. 1 @ 36.  
Nor. Ont. 400 @ 74.  
Cereal Pfd. 30 @ 84 1/2.  
Cannery Common 25 @ 66 1/2.  
Steel Co. 2 @ 224.  
Cannery 15 @ 66.  
Mex. Nor. 25 @ 39.  
Steel Co. of Canada 30 @ 32.  
Cannery 75 @ 66 1/2.

**Bid and Ask at Close.**  
Nor. Ont. 7 3/4.  
Can. Power 55 1/2.  
Cereal Common 18-20.  
Mex. Nor. Power 20-21.  
Steel Co. 32 1/2.  
Cannery 66 1/2-67.  
W. C. Power 52-55.  
Cereal Pfd. 84 1/2-85.

**The Boston Curb.**  
Bid. Ask.  
Zinc ..... 24 1/2 25  
U. S. Mining ..... 33 1/2 34  
Granby ..... 30 1/2 31  
Isle Royale ..... 12 1/2 13

## NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh and Co.

|       | High. | Low.  | Close. |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| April | 14.49 | 14.49 | 14.48  |
| May   | 14.59 | 14.59 | 14.58  |
| June  | 14.41 | 14.41 | 14.40  |
| July  | 14.44 | 14.44 | 14.43  |
| Aug.  | 13.89 | 13.89 | 13.88  |
| Sept. | 13.07 | 13.07 | 13.06  |
| Oct.  | 12.84 | 12.84 | 12.83  |
| Nov.  | 12.75 | 12.75 | 12.74  |
| Jan.  | 12.63 | 12.63 | 12.62  |
| Spot  | 14.65 |       |        |

## BANK STATEMENT.

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co.

New York, April 8.—The following is the bank statement:—  
Cash reserve ..... 26.93  
Reserve on all deposits ..... 2,936,975  
Reserve on deposits other than U. S. decrease ..... 2,938,150  
Loans, decrease ..... 2,221,569  
Specie, decrease ..... 2,333,400  
Legal tenders, decrease ..... 1,568,200  
Deposits, decrease ..... 1,378,596  
Circulation, increase ..... 435,300

## OUTLOOK GOOD BUSINESS IS DULL

New York, N. Y., April 8.—New developments of importance were offered for consideration by the stock market today. The movement was at first reactionary, most issues recording fractional losses, with renewed weakness in Missouri Pacific and other Gould stocks. The list reversed itself later and practically all losses were fully recovered with some net gains, but changes as a whole had no more significance than that which attended the preceding days of an extremely dull and uninteresting week. The most that can be said for the market is that its technical position continues fairly strong, although the various and varying conditions which have beset it during the past few weeks. Advances from the west indicated that the railroads are beginning to use more equipment, this fact being demonstrated in a decrease of 12,500 in the number of idle cars. The shrinkage came chiefly from eastern, southern and middle sections. Mercantile agencies report a continuance of quiet trade conditions which is regarded as a very disappointing because of the advent of Easter holidays. Further improvement in crop conditions due to widespread rain is regarded as the most promising feature of the business situation. It is agreed that fundamental conditions are sounder than for a long time past, but that the era of retrenchment and readjustment is not yet ended. European markets were without feature. London reporting firmness in all departments, but sending over a mixture of moderate gains and losses for our securities. Proposed doubling of Chicago, Milwaukee and Puget Sound railway stock to \$200,000,000 seemed to be more technical than real, and was without effect on St. Paul shares. Philadelphia and Reading earnings for 1910 show a decrease of \$312,000 in gross operations, with a total loss in net of \$286,000. Like its immediate predecessor, this week's bank statement is regarded as a very moderate actual contraction of loans by the clearing house banks, while the non-member banks and trust companies, again expand their loans by over \$13,000,000. This makes a total increase of loans by these latter institutions in the past fortnight of about \$25,000,000. Bonds were irregular with total sales, par value aggregating \$1,501,000. United States government funds registered declined 1/4 per cent. on call during the week.

## CLOSING STOCK LETTER.

By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh and Co.

New York, April 8.—Further liquidation continued at the outset of our market. Mo. Pac. being in the lead. The weakness in this stock has been assigned to different causes, none of which can be traced to authoritative sources, but it can be asserted, that speculative holdings have been distributed. This has been going on to a great extent since the syndicate took up Mr. Gould's holdings. The matter of selecting a president for the company is still in abeyance and it may be possible that this has something to do with the liquidation. Am. Steel Foundry is another low priced stock that has been played on a regular level in past week. Equipment companies are not overburdened with business nowadays and dividend rumors are easily set afloat. This kind of talk has been circulated about Am. Steel Foundry but the directors meet next week and the president of the company is quoted as saying that business is encouraging and does not think the dividend should be reduced. The rest of the list confined principally to U. S. and U. P., was dull and unimportant.

## LATE NEWS OF THE MEN OF THE RING

**LALDLAW & CO.**  
**The Virginian in Port.**  
Allan Lee steamship Virginian, Captain Gambell, arrived yesterday from Liverpool via Halifax. The Virginian sailed from Liverpool March 21, and during the first three days had fine weather, after that heavy storms were encountered, and while approaching Halifax she ran into heavy fog and had to reduce her speed which delayed the vessel nearly a day. The Virginian came by the southern route and steamed in all 2,550 miles, her daily runs being as follows: 226, 424, 429, 385, 384, 397 and 405 to Halifax. Last Tuesday the Virginian passed in lat. 45 56 N. lon. 58 22 W. A French schooner showing the letters H. T. V. K., which asked to be reported. The next day in lat. 43 31 N. lon. 48 08 W., a large iceberg was sighted. The Virginian had in all 1427 passengers, made up as follows: 83 saloon, 484 second cabin and 956 steerage. Most of them landed at Halifax. She landed at St. John 19 saloons, 324 second cabin and 120 steerage.  
If Jimmy Walsh will agree to make 116 pounds one hour before going in the ring, Johnny McDonald will box him.  
Geo. McDonald, the English sporting man who was going to bring some of the crack boxers of England to this country this month, has postponed his visit until the fall.

## Systematic Investment

of surplus income in Bonds possessing the highest return compatible with safety, provides security of resources and a fixed income for the professional man on his retirement from active business life. Such Bonds should also be readily marketable in case of necessity.  
In selecting such investments he should avail himself of the experience of reputable Banking Houses whose offerings are approved by experts after thorough investigations.

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The next time you have occasion to send money or to make payments at a distance, or need money for your journey, we will be glad to show you a safe and economical way of doing so.  
**THE BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK.**

**McCUAIG BROS. & CO.**  
(Members Montreal Stock Exchange.)  
A general stock exchange business transacted. Investment securities a specialty. Reports on any Canadian or American securities furnished on application.  
Our weekly circular of Friday, April 7th, gives an analysis of the position of the Canadian Car and Foundry Co., Limited.  
COPY MAILED ON REQUEST.

157 St. James Street MONTREAL 46 Elgin Street OTTAWA, Ont.

**MAKE IT A RECORD**  
Majority on Tuesday, April 18,  
**For Commission**  
Every ballot will count.  
Do not forget to strike out the words  
**Against Commission.**

**Bombardier Wells, one of the "hopes" of England, figures on making a trip to America.**  
Washington, April 7.—Walter Johnson, premier pitcher of the American league, will not play with the Washington team this season. News came from Atlanta last night that he would not sign up under the Washington team's terms of \$6,500 but was holding out for \$7,000. Manager McAleer finally told him to quit.  
**CONNIE MACK'S FIND.**  
Connie Mack seems to make a practice of unearthing phenomenal ball players. This spring the Athletics' manager has a rising star in young Bill Hogan, whom Mack dug up in the Southern league. Hogan is an outfielder with a wallop, and he has been hitting the ball so hard in the exhibition games that he may wedge his way into a regular position.

**RED CROSS GIN**  
MADE IN CANADA



Will sustain your strength and help you to enjoy a ripe old age free from infirmities.  
It is a delicious liquor, Made in Canada, from the best Canadian Grain.  
The thorough and scientific manner in which the juniper berries are incorporated in this gin adds greatly to its standard medicinal value.  
Manufactured and fully matured under Government Control.  
Not a Bottle sold without Government Stamp.  
**BOIVIN, WILSON & CO., Agents**  
520 St. Paul St., Montreal

**THE Y.M.C. "HIKER GO"**  
In the Y. M. C. night about 15 Y. G. year walked from Icton, met and banquet. Wm. McIntosh, at History Society. Mr. Moore, of the dinner those another room presented maps a from Woodstock gave a description. It was shown I were few good c between Woodsto and it was decid take place durin third week in J During the even showed an album en photographs year's hike. Those present over the propos and a large part tend. It will be a

**BROOKLYN S IS STA**

**Shiloh**  
quickly stops and it

# Fooker COLLARS

Made in Canada,  
By Canadians,  
For Canadians.  
Be Canadians  
and wear them!

## THEY FIT

SOLD BY LEADING FURNISHING  
STORES THROUGHOUT CANADA

2 for 25c.

### BASEBALL MEETING TONIGHT

In the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at 8 o'clock, a meeting of the representatives of local baseball clubs will be held when arrangements for the coming season will be made. All leagues and clubs are invited to send representatives to this evening's meeting.

### ROTHESAY GYMNASIUM COMPETITION

The boys of the Rothesay collegiate school held their annual gymnasium competition on Saturday afternoon and J. Malcolm McAvity was the judge. There was a large crowd present and the exhibition was an excellent one. The winners were as follows:

Seniors—Andrews, 1st; Coster, 2nd.  
Intermediate—J. Murray, 1st; Humber, 2nd.  
Junior—Starr, 1st; H. Murray, 2nd.  
The prizes will be awarded at the close of the term.

### HAYWARD'S WON OVER M'AVITY'S

In the Commercial league on Blacks alleys Saturday night, the contest resulted in a win for the S. Hayward & Co. team, which captured three points from the team of T. McAvity & Sons, leaders in the league. The struggle between the four teams for premier position in the league is greater now than ever before but five points between them.

The score in Saturday's game was:

|                    |                     |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| T. McAvity & Sons. |                     |
| Foshay             | 71 85 86 242-80 23  |
| Littlejohn         | 64 92 89 245-81 23  |
| O'Brien            | 81 88 75 244-81 13  |
| Poohy              | 83 111 87 281-83 23 |
| Harrison           | 85 82 93 261-87     |
|                    | 385 458 430 1273    |

|                  |                     |
|------------------|---------------------|
| S. Hayward & Co. |                     |
| Bartach          | 90 92 104 286-95 13 |
| Cronwell         | 87 86 82 260-86 23  |
| Pattison         | 90 84 77 251-83 23  |
| Arsenault        | 85 80 92 250-85     |
| Sullivan         | 86 82 93 261-87     |
|                  | 446 418 449 1313    |

### LONGBOAT WILL RACE CAMERON

Hamilton, April 8.—Tom Longboat breaking into the running game after a long absence, will probably have Fred Cameron of Amherst, N. S., for his opponent. Longboat will race at Utica and from there will drop down to Boston to meet Cameron, winner of last year's Boston Marathon, about April 25th, at any distance Cameron suggests. This will be the first time these two famous Marathoners have met. Cameron is a crack at any distance and will give Longboat a tussle for the money. If the winner of this year's Boston Marathon breaks Longboat's record of 2:24.45 for the twenty-five miles, made in 1907, Sol Mintz will send Tom over the course again for a new record.

With the right and down went Harry. It was nearly over, but the latter, by running away, managed to stick it out.

In the tenth Abe again floored his man. He was nearly over, but the latter, by running away, managed to stick it out.

Attell is not the only Hebrew who has broken into the ring, history through ability and gameness. Joe Choyneki, a very light man, at 160 pounds in condition, stood off the lumbering Jeffries for twenty rounds in Princeton, and Jeffries that night tipped the beam at 225.

It was a Close Battle. Choyneki looked like a baby alongside the giant, but it was one of the closest things ever decided in the West. Jeffries admitted only last year that Choyneki hit him the hardest punch he had ever received.

Joe hit Jeffries in the mouth and forced the gums in between the teeth. Billy Delaney, who was behind Jeffries, was forced to cut the gums away from the teeth with a penknife.

Kid Herman, of Chicago, is another Jewish fighter, whose ring history will not soon be forgotten. He fought King Abel four rounds in Chicago years ago with a broken jaw and made a draw of it at that.

Look at Kid Goodman of Boston. One of the toughest lightweights ever saw. He met the best boys in the world and the only time he ever was knocked off his feet was last year when he met K. O. Brown.

Joe Bernstein, the Ghetto champ, was the first boy to really hold Terry that after Abe refused to block with it, tore in like a tiger.

There stood little Attell, with nothing but his good right hand to fight with. He went through that round and took an awful grueling. Burns pounded him as he pleased and it looked as though Abe's seconds would throw up the sponge. They did try it during the minute rest, but Abe told them no.

He had gone half the distance, and would fight with one hand rather than throw up the sponge. For the next two rounds Abe did as well as he could with the right hand, but in the ninth, after holding back a few seconds, let

### JEWISH SCRAPPERS AMONG THE GAMEST IN THE RING

The Irish boxers have, as a rule, had the reputation of being the gamest lot of mixers on the map, but we'll have to show a few things before we'll hand them all the credit.

The Jewish boxers have the reputation of disliking the grueling part of the game. Like the Germans, the fans sort of figure them as through when the tide turns against them, but there are instances, many of them, too, where the Jewish boys have proved themselves regular soldiers when under fire.

What greater exhibition of gameness would you want than that shown by Abe Attell in his battle with Frankie Burns?

In the first place the little Hebrew marvel from the West was forced to make 118 pounds ringside in order to get Burns. His natural fighting weight is 122, but weight counts little with Attell as long as he can get a man to box him.

He has fought men weighing 140 and just to show his superiority. But to get back to the biscuits. Abe made 118 ringside and entered the ring with a sore shoulder. This same left shoulder or collar bone, to be exact, was

broken only a month or so before our West with a gent by the name of Kilbane.

Attell is Game All Right. Abe went into the ring the other night at a low weight, and with a collarbone that he wasn't sure of. He went along swimmingly until the fifth round, and looked like an easy winner.

In the sixth, however, after a tough mixup, he came out of the clinch with his left arm hanging by his side. His opponent, thinking it was a pull on, refused to mingle at first, but noticing that after Abe refused to block with it, tore in like a tiger.

Two Hebrew boxers now hold titles in England. Young Josephs holds the welterweight title, while Matt Wells holds the Lonsdale belt for the light-weight honors. Freddie Welsh could do nothing with Matt.

Gus Fisher, last year with Portland, is full of blarney and has a reputation of talking many a batter out of hits, when back of the plate.

### Ski-Jumpers Rival Birds



FRANCIS KEMPE JUMPING 132 FEET ON SKIS.

### HOW ONE WOMAN PROPOSES TO RUN A GREAT BALL TEAM

Cleveland, April 8.—Mrs. Helen Hathaway Robinson Britton, owner of the St. Louis National Baseball Club, and the only woman baseball manager in the country, declares that baseball players ought to keep their uniforms cleaner in fact ought to have them washed and pressed once in a while.

The player who gets tobacco juice on his uniform, uses rough language or acts in an ungentlemanly way will not make a hit with Mrs. Britton. She declares that all players should run too and from their positions between innings. A clean, fast game, in clean uniforms, in a clean attractive park—that is this baseball woman's diamond creed.

"It is playing more than natural," said Mrs. Britton, "that I should have the highest tribunal in baseball matters. First of all, I am a firm believer in the national commission as the highest tribunal in baseball matters. You know there must be a head to all great enterprises, and I consider baseball one of the greatest enterprises in our country.

"While President August Herrmann, Byron Baneroff Johnson and Thomas J. Lynch have handled the intricate questions that have come before them with rare good judgment, there is no reason in the world why a committee of women could not do it as well.

### Wants Clean Ball Parks.

"Some of the best business people in our country, you know, are women. I have always been a home woman—that is, I like to look after my household. I want things bright and clean. There is no reason why baseball parks should not be kept in the same spick and span condition.

"I used to travel about the country a great deal with my father, Frank DeWane Robinson, and my uncle, Stanley Robinson, first and second owners of the Cleveland club of the National league and later as owners of the St. Louis Cardinals. I always remarked that an improvement of great importance could be made in the baseball business by more cleanliness and tidiness in the parks.

"I have noticed that in later years there has been a movement towards cleaning up the parks in which baseball is played, and this, I have no doubt, has added to the attractiveness of the game. The modern steel concrete plants are far more pleasing to the eye than the wooden stands of the past.

"I would not only have the baseball parks cleaner, but I should endeavor to induce the players themselves to

### "AD" WOLGAST WILL GET BIG BIT OF MONEY

Ad Wolgast, instead of being a poor money maker as a champion, promises to gather in the coin faster than did Battling Nelson in his best days. Start with the first Brown fight, Feb. 8, and including the Moran fight on July 4, Wolgast will have made \$54,000 in a little less than five months. He got \$6,000 for the first Brown fight, \$7,000 for the second Brown, \$4,500 or more for the Mennis battle, \$7,500 for Lagrave, \$8,000 for Hogan, \$7,500 for Burns and \$12,000 for Moran. The gold never clicked faster than that for any champion of the lightweights. Tom Jones probably is smiling broadly at the man who said he had stuck all these long months with a dead one. Wolgast is the liveliest dead one Jones ever picked up.

### BASEBALL NOTES.

According to the eastern league schedule the Province team will jump from Providence to Toronto, a distance of 589 miles, three times during the season.

The Syracuse club is after Jube, the former Amherst outfielder, who is now with the New York Americans and who played last season in the eastern league.

Tuck Turner of the Cleveland team says he would quit the game if he were fined financially to live in comfort. Tuck has been troubled with a lame arm for several seasons.

Dolly Gray and Bill Otey, the two port side hurlers with the Senators, are practicing to obtain control. Gray is almost as steady as the best right handers, but Otey has some distance to travel yet.

Jiggs Donohue will not go to the Grand Rapids team the coming season contrary to reports. His brother will play ball with the Grand Rapids team but Jiggs will not.

### STARS FOR MARATHON HOLD BACK

Boston, Mass., April 5.—Of the 23 distance runners who have sent in their entries for the Boston Athletic Association's Marathon race on April 9, most are local youngsters, who in the past have figured prominently in long races.

As in the past the runners with reputations are holding off their entries until they have a chance to find what condition they are going to be in.

Most of them, such men as Rupert L. Keith and David H. Hunter, of the Boylston A. A., of Boston; Lorne V. Hudson, of Foxboro; Herbert Clark, of Haverhill, and John F. Maher, of the County Clare A. A., of Boston, are entered for their first race.

Albert H. Ellis, of Brockton, R. F. Piggott, of Melford and Michael Donagan, of Boston, were contestants a year ago. Piggott, representing at that time the Cambridge Gym, finished 12th, while Ellis was 22nd.

Joseph O'Brien, a sturdy runner, who will wear No. 6 in the race, will represent the New Jersey A. A. and is said to be a coming long distance man.

William Royett, of the Pastime A. C. of New York will again come on to Boston to try and capture the race. Royett is the winner of one of the numerous club Marathons over around New York, and a dangerous man to back him will be a dangerous man to head.

The entries to date with their numbers are:

- 1—Albert H. Ellis, Brockton.
- 2—Rupert L. Keith, Boylston A. A., Boston.
- 3—David H. Hunter, Boylston A. A., Boston.
- 4—Lorne V. Hudson, Foxboro.
- 5—Israel Saklan, Dorchester Y. M. C. A.
- 6—Joseph O'Brien, New Jersey A. A., Jersey City.
- 7—C. G. Perrault, Malden.
- 8—A. Monteverde, Delhi, New York.
- 9—William Shannon, Pittsburg A. A., Pittsburg.
- 10—Joseph Santonasso, North End A. A., Boston.
- 11—Herbert Clark, Haverhill.
- 12—Michael Donagan, Boston.
- 13—Robert A. Stone, St. Joseph's T. A. A., Boston.
- 14—R. P. Piggott, Melford.
- 15—John Gamba, Boston.
- 16—James M. Lawson, Revereville Y. M. C. A., Brookline.
- 17—John Walsh, Brookline Gym, Brookline.
- 18—Clifton Horna, Haverhill.
- 19—William Royett, Pastime A. C., New York.
- 20—Mike Thomas, Charlotetown, P. E. I.
- 21—James Henkan, North Dorchester A. A.
- 22—John F. Maher, County Clare Association, Boston.

### BRANTFORD FAVORS ARBITRATION TREATY.

Brantford, April 7.—At a largely attended meeting of the Brantford municipal council the arbitration treaty proposals were heartily endorsed by resolution, the belief being expressed that such a treaty between Great Britain and the United States would find hearty support by the people of both nations and give these countries exceptional influence in leading the world towards universal peace.

### THE Y.M.C.A. "HIKERS" TO GO IT AGAIN

In the Y. M. C. A. rooms Saturday night about 15 Gypsy hikers who last year walked from St. John to Fredericton, met and enjoyed an excellent banquet.

Wm. McIntosh, curator of the Natural History Society was a guest, with Mr. Moore, of the boys' branch. After the dinner those present adjourned to another room where Mr. McIntosh presented maps and plans of the trip from Woodstock to St. John and he gave a description of the country.

It was shown however, that there were few good chances for camping between Woodstock and Fredericton and it was decided that this year the Hikers will go to Fredericton and take two weeks making the return trip. They will go up the Oranocote to French Lake, to Kingsville, Portobello, Jemseg, Belleisle and will tramp over the hills and come out on the Kennebecasis.

It is expected that the tramp will take place during the second and third week in July.

During the evening E. J. Robertson showed an album containing six dozen photographs taken during last year's hike.

Those present are very enthusiastic over the proposed tramp this season and a large party is expected to attend. It will be an enjoyable outing.

### BROOKLYN SOUTHPAW IS STAR PERFORMER



Rucker is Brooklyn's best left-handed pitcher. With a winning club he would shine brightly, but with a club that finished sixth he had little chance to shine last year, especially when he was frequently pitted against the best slappers on the opposing teams. Rucker has been the hero of some wonderful games, and if Brooklyn manages to finish up among the leaders he will doubtless shine brilliantly.

**Shiloh's Cure**  
cures colds, coughs, cures colds, hoarseness, sore throat and hoarseness. 25 cents.

the highest security of national man... Such in case of... could avail... Houses thorough

CO. Mgr. Private Wires... 's Corner) JOHN.

R BOAT E... ince Wm. St.

wide uses... ents any... or travel... to make... rney, we... of doing so... NSWICK.

CO.

vestment securi... securities... analysis of the

gin Street... AWA, Ont.

April 18,

the words

LD TO QUIT... 17—Walter John... of the American... y with the Wash... sation. News came... light that he would... the Washington... 500 but was hold... Manager McAleer... quit.

CK'S FIND... us to make a prac... phenomenal ball... the Athletics'... ing star in young... Mack dug up in... Hogan is an out... p, and he has been... hard in the exhibi... man wedge his way... tion.

IN

gth and... old age

Made in... anadian

ific man... berries... gin adds... medicinal

matured... without... Agents... itreal

THE WEATHER.

MARITIME — Fresh northerly to westerly winds, fresh to strong during the day, clearing and cool. Tuesday fine and milder.

AROUND THE CITY

Noisy Crowd Chased. The police were called to the corner of Duke and Charlotte streets last night to disperse a crowd of young men who were creating a disturbance.

Will Meet This Afternoon. The regular monthly meeting of the ladies' auxiliary of the Seamen's Institute will be held this afternoon, at 8.30. A full attendance is requested.

A Disturbance Quelled. Policeman Wittrien was called into James McAlmon's house on Pond street Saturday night to quell a disturbance.

Baby Was Astray. On Saturday a child named Nellie Shortle who resides on Broad street was found wandering about on the Marsh Road by the police and returned to her home.

Oddfellows For Digby. Dr. A. D. Smith, H. Colner, Geo. E. Day and C. B. Allen, grand officers of the I. O. O. F. leave this morning for Digby where they will organize a new lodge.

Found on Smythe Street. Two large coils of rope belonging to the Consumers' Cordage Co. were found on Smythe street yesterday by Policeman Wittrien, who placed them in the power house for safety.

Articles Found By Police. The police report finding a rubber on the corner of Douglas avenue and Main street, Saturday night, also a handbag on Sydney street and a small sum of money on Brussels street.

Auction Sale in the Seamen's Mission. An auction sale of the recent sale of work will be held in Seamen's Mission this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock. Mr. P. L. Potts will be the auctioneer.

Meeting in West End Tonight. A meeting of electors of Guys and Brooks wards favorable to the commission will be held in the Sons of Temperance Hall, West End, this evening at 8 o'clock. A large attendance is requested.

Local Option for Fairville. A campaign for local option is being organized in Fairville. A meeting will be called on Tuesday the 15th when the plans of the campaign will be drawn up.

Doors Unlocked. Three doors in Brock and Paterson's establishment on King street were found open and secured by the police Saturday night. The rear door of D. Magee and Sons, on South Market street was also found open.

Inquest Opens Tonight. Coroner D. E. Berryman will empanel a jury this evening and the inquest will be commenced into the death of the baby that was recently found in a trunk in the basement of a Horfield street residence.

For Burial in New Brunswick. Mr. and Mrs. James Blakney, formerly of this city, but now of Malden, Mass., passed through the city on Saturday en route to Virginia Grove, Grand Bay, bringing with them the remains of their son Roy for interment in the family lot.

At the Seamen's Mission. The Sunday evening service at the Seamen's Mission was conducted by the Rev. W. W. Brower, who gave a very interesting address to the sailors. A song service was given at eight o'clock, the men joining heartily in the hymns.

New Policeman Appointed. John F. Kane, of Milford, was on Saturday appointed a policeman by Chief Clark, in place of John Sheehan who resigned on account of ill health. The new officer is an able bodied man, 26 years of age, and has done duty as a special policeman. He went on duty Saturday night on the York Point beat.

Rev. Mr. Robinson's Case. A special meeting of the Executive Council of the Baptist church in New Brunswick has been called to deal with the case of Rev. A. R. Robinson of Ludlow street Baptist church. The meeting will be held on Monday, April 17th. The complaints which will be made will be the same as those made to the Ministerial Oversight Committee. Rev. H. G. Kennedy, Woodstock, is moderator, and Judge F. W. Emerson, Moncton, secretary of the executive.

Portland Methodist Church. Rev. J. L. Dawson, of the Methodist church, Saxe, occupied the pulpit of the Portland street Methodist church at the morning service yesterday, preaching in the interest of the Education Fund of the church, taking for his subject, "Jesus Christ's Method of Schooling His People." The preacher was listened to with wrapped attention by the zealous congregation present. Collection for the Educational Fund was taken.

Steamer Barcelona Arrives. German steamship Barcelona arrived yesterday from Hamburg and Rotterdam with 1916 foreign passengers, made up of many nationalities—Russian Jews, Germans, Poles, etc.—all going to the west. The steamer had a good trip across the Atlantic, meeting with some stormy weather. This is the first trip of the Barcelona to this port. The steamer Samland will be the next steamer of this line coming to this port.

An Interesting Incident. At the Exmouth street church last evening the Rev. J. W. Atkins preached an earnest sermon on conversion. At the close of the service a number of persons arose and asked for the prayers of the congregation and among them was a bright young lad from the Boys' Industrial Home. Mr. McDonald the superintendent, stated that the lad from the school had for some time past expressed a desire to lead a Christian life. He had come in from the school last evening that he might be of some assistance in helping the boy and was delighted with the step he had taken. The boy was heartily congratulated by a large number who pressed forward at the close of the service to greet him.

WHY CAN'T THE COMMISSION ORGANS SUPPLY INFORMATION

Rev. W. H. Sampson not at all Satisfied with the Way in which the Telegraph Answered His Questions -- Apparently no one Knows Just What will be Done after Plebiscite.

"The Telegraph's editorial reference to my letter is no reply whatever to the questions I raised," said Rev. W. H. Sampson, of West St. John yesterday. "I asked for information on one point which is of particular interest to Carleton and on several other points which interest all the citizens. I am advised to wait and see what will be done about them. "That is not satisfactory to me, and I don't think it will be satisfactory to the people of Carleton. Why should we be asked to vote in the dark? "It seems to me that the men who are promoting this scheme should be able to tell us something definite about the principles upon which they propose to build. But judging from the Telegraph's reference to my letter it would appear that they don't know what they will do. Whether or not Carleton is to have direct representation on the commission is a plain question and the commission should have a plain and straightforward answer ready. "Under the terms of the agreement by which Carleton joined the City of St. John, we were guaranteed two representatives to the city council, and I don't think Carleton would be content unless it was given one representative on the commission. If it is not definitely provided in the commission plan of government that one commissioner must be a resident of Carleton, then the conditions under which we joined the city will be violated, and Carleton will be in much the position it was before the amalgamation. "But isn't it one of the great arguments being urged in support of the commission plan that it abolishes the wasteful system and the influences of sectional interests?" Mr. Sampson was asked. "I can't help that," was the reply. "I don't think the people of Carleton want to leave their interests in the hands of men living on the East Side. Carleton is different from the rest of the city, and it should be assured of direct representation. And the men who are promoting the commission should be prepared to tell us what they propose to do about it. We don't want a pig in a poke, and it is not satisfactory to say that all these points will be adjusted after the plebiscite is taken. We want to know what we are voting for beforehand. "I think we ought to have a change of some sort," continued Mr. Sampson. "If we have a campaign as we have been getting as good government as we are entitled to: I am one of those who think Carleton has not been given a fair deal, but I don't believe in taking a leap in the dark. We know what we have now, and I'll say this: If W. H. Thorne, T. H. Estabrooke, H. B. Schofield, and the type of men who are working for commission had come out as aldermen, we would not now be in the midst of such a campaign as is being conducted. The great trouble to my mind has been that the men who ought to take part in the government of the city have not come out as they should have done. There is no doubt that the report of the commission is a reason for this. Under our present tax system, successful business men are not directly interested in the rate, because they can readily add the taxes to the price of the goods they sell. "At present I am neither for or against commission. Like many other citizens I want more information before I make up my mind. So far as I can gather conditions in the cities which wish the commission plan has been adopted are very different from conditions in St. John, and we ought to have definite information as to how the plan is to be adapted to conditions here."

Painless Dentistry. Teeth filled or extracted free of pain by the celebrated "WALSH METHOD." All branches of dental work done in the most skillful manner. Boston Dental Parlors. 527 Main St. Tel 5260. DR. J. D. MAMER, Proprietor.

NEW BRUNSWICK'S GREATEST SHOE HOUSE. Women's Low Shoes. STYLE—A small word, yet how large it looms on the Women's horizon. Our new spring Oxfords have it to a marked degree—a unique, original style lifting them out of the common place into an exclusive class of their own.

UNIVERSAL Percolating Coffee Pot. Coffee made in it is easily known by its delicious aroma, its fine flavor, its absence of the bitter taste caused by boiling. Aluminum 6 Cup \$4.80 Enamel 6 Cup \$3.60 Aluminum 9 Cup 5.40 Enamel 9 Cup 4.30 W. H. Thorne & Co., Limited. Market Square and King Street, St. John, N. B.

A Customer's Reasonable Wish is This Store's Pleasure. DYKEMAN'S Two Big Bargains in Ladies' White Lawn Underskirts. At \$1.10 a Skirt made from English lawn of a very fine quality with a wide flounce of Hamburg and two rows of lace insertion above. The regular value of this skirt is \$1.50. At \$2.50 a Skirt made from rich Princess lawn with a wide all-over Hamburg flounce, regular price \$4.00. Another Lot of Those 25 Cent Corset Covers. They are equal to many you will find on sale at 40 cents, beautifully trimmed with lace insertions. These come in four different styles. F. A. Dykeman & Co., 59 Charlotte St.

Bath Room Fixtures. We have a splendid range of BATH ROOM FIXTURES made of solid brass, heavily nickel plated, including: SOAP DISHES, TUMBLER HOLDERS, TOWEL BARS, SPONGE HOLDERS, GLASS SHELVES, HOOKS, ETC. EMERSON & FISHER, Ltd., 25 Germain Street, PHONE MAIN 87.

New Kid Gloves. In All Shades to Match Easter Costumes. Gloves to match the Easter gown is the topic of all absorbing interest now. Nothing is lacking in this immense showing comprising the most recent products of the leading makers. Select the Easter Gloves here and be assured of entire satisfaction in quality, fit and elegance of style. AT \$1.00 PAIR, French Kid Gloves, two fasteners, black, white, tans, browns, greys. AT \$1.00 PAIR, Chamolais Gloves, in white and natural. AT \$1.00 PAIR, Cape Gloves, one fastener, Dent's and Perrin's make, tan shades. AT \$1.10 PAIR, Chamolais Gloves, one dome, white and natural. AT \$1.20 PAIR, French Kid Gloves, two fasteners, black, white, tans, browns, greys. AT \$1.25 PAIR, Dent's Cape Gloves, one dome, tans, Dent's Mocha Gloves, two fasteners, black, tans, greys. Dent's for boys, one dome, tans. AT \$1.35 PAIR, Perrin's French Kid, two fasteners, black, white, tans, browns, navy, green, champagne, wistaria, taupe. AT \$1.40 PAIR, Reynier, two fasteners, French Kid, black, white, tan, brown, grey, navy, green and modes. Child's Motor Cape Gloves. AT \$1.50 PAIR, Dent's Washable Cape, one dome, black and tans. AT \$1.50 PAIR, Dent's Cape, two dome, tans. AT \$1.60 PAIR, Reynier French Kid, three dome, black and tans. Reynier, two dome, pique sewn, black, white, tans. Reynier Suede, two dome, pique sewn, black, tans, greys. AT \$1.65 PAIR, Reynier French Kid, pique sewn, two dome, white, white with black points. AT \$1.75 PAIR, Reynier Cheverette, one dome, P. X. M. black, tan and grey. Reynier Suede, heavy, one dome, black and grey. AT \$2.00 PAIR, Antelope, two dome, grey. Boys' Cape Gloves, sizes 9 to 2, tans, per pair 65c. GLOVES PLACED IN PRETTY EASTER BOXES IF DESIRED. GLOVE DEPARTMENT.

The Newest in Colored Shirts for Men. The most reliable makes to be procured. Canadian and English manufacture, newest designs, latest colorings, reliable cloths. Perfect fitting shirts in coat and ordinary style, soft and plaited fronts, attached cuffs, single or double, also separate cuffs. Light stripes or figured effects are the most favored of this season. Cloths are in Cambric, Cord cloths, also woven colors, such as Zepherus, Madras and other reliable fabrics. Full size bodies, 14 to 17. Extra large bodies 16 1/2 to 18. Price, 75c. to \$2.25. MEN'S NIGHT SHIRTS, our special "Defiance" brand, cut extra full, best custom made, with double yokes, seams double stitched and gusseted. White cotton, plain and twilled, with and without collars, each 85c. to \$1.50. Colored Shaker Night Shirts with and without collars, each 75c. to \$1.25. White Saxony Night Shirts, with or without collars, each \$1.00. Boys' Night Shirts, in white cotton and fancy shaker, 75c. to 90c. MEN'S PYJAMAS, unequalled for fit, design, fabric quality and workmanship. Wear our Pyjamas and enjoy perfect comfort while you sleep. Pretty stripe shakers, fine English Ceylon flannels, light weight fine cashmere and wool taffeta cloth, mercerized cloths, silk and wool mixtures. Latest styles with military collar, single and double front, pearl buttons and frogs. All sizes, per suit \$1.50 to \$7.50. Boys' Pyjamas in fancy shakers per suit \$1.25. MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, LTD.

SOCIALISTS DISCUSS HIGH COST OF LIVING. F. Hyatt Declares that Co-operative Production is the Only Real Remedy for the Present Condition.

The high cost of living was the subject of discussion at the Socialist meeting last evening. F. Hyatt said that Jim Hill advised the worker to live cheaper like the European peasants, so that American manufacturers could compete with the cheap labor on other countries. This remedy was not likely to be acceptable, and besides cheap labor meant stagnation as in China. Chief among the immediate causes of the high cost of living was the decrease in the value of gold. A dollar was now only worth about 70 cents when exchanged for goods. But the fundamental cause was the capitalist mode of production with its multiplication of unnecessary plants, its overlapping and waste of effort, and the fact that the worker only received a small portion of the value of the product he created, thus causing an accumulation of products in the hands of the capitalist class, and occasioning the dislocation of industry and all the evils that follow in its train. Co-operative production was the only remedy worth consideration, as it would do away with the anomaly of a country being glutted with products, which the worker was unable to buy.

APPLICATION TO HAVE SPERDAKES RELEASED. Habeas Corpus will be Com-menced Before Justice McKeown on Ground that Sentence is Bad in Law.

Before Mr. Justice McKeown in the King's Bench Division this morning at eleven o'clock, Dr. W. B. Wallace, K.C., and Messrs. MacRae, Sinclair & MacRae, acting for John E. Spurdakes, the Greek confectioner recently convicted by Judge Forbes for stealing electricity from the Street Railway Company and sentenced to a term of two years in the penitentiary, together with a fine of \$1,000, will apply to have the prisoner released on habeas corpus proceedings. It is understood that the ground upon which the application is based is that the sentence is bad in law and ultra vires of the learned judge of the County Court. Fred R. Taylor, who was associated with the prosecution at the trial, will likely resist the application. Should His Honor refuse the application the conviction will be appealed to the Supreme Court en banc which meets at Fredericton tomorrow.

Home-seekers' Excursions. The Grand Trunk Railway has issued a circular authorizing all agents in Canada to sell Home-seekers' Excursion tickets to points in Western Canada. This is interesting information for those desiring to take advantage of these excursions on certain dates from April to September, 1911. The Grand Trunk route is the most interesting, taking a passenger through the populated centres of Canada, through Chicago, and thence via Duluth, through the twin cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul. Ask Grand Trunk agents for further particulars.

KING'S DAUGHTERS HEARD GOOD REPORTS Work for Month of March was Very Successful—Mrs. G. A. Henderson to Retire from Office.

The Executive of the King's Daughters' Guild met in the rooms of the guild on Saturday at 3 o'clock. The reports for the month of March were submitted at the meeting and showed the affairs to be in a very encouraging condition. The returns from the rummage sale conducted by the guild last week were made and were found to be very satisfactory, and the ladies of the guild wish to thank all who contributed to the success of the sale. The report of the house committee was received and showed that the receipts from the boarding house for the month were in advance of those for the corresponding month of any year in the history of the guild. The work of remodeling the upper portion of the house was reported as completed, providing accommodation for an increased number of boarders. The executive learned with regret that Mrs. George A. Henderson, whose term of office as member of the executive is completed, and who has taken an active interest in the work of the executive, has decided to retire from all official duties. The annual meeting of the executive will be held on Monday evening, April 24th.

Comfortable Glasses. Are your glasses comfortable? Or are you one of the many who find their glasses almost as much of an affliction as the troubles they are supposed to correct? It's not necessary that your glasses should be uncomfortable. If the lenses do not fit you properly, or the frame is not just right, we can help you. But there are cases where the lenses and frame are all right and still there is discomfort. Toric Lenses will frequently relieve the annoyance. These lenses give a wider field of vision, no annoying reflections from behind, and freedom from the sensation of having glasses on. Let us show you how much better Toric Lenses are than flat ones.

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Of Interest to Stockmen. A live stock convention will be held in No. 1 committee room, House of Assembly, Fredericton, at 8 p. m. on Tuesday, the 11th inst., and a public auction sale of pure bred horses and cattle will be conducted at the exhibition grounds, on Wednesday, the 12th inst., beginning at 9.30 a. m. Single fare tickets will be issued on both the C. P. R. and I. C. E. and freight on stock to purchaser's station will be refunded. The auction is under the auspices of the provincial government, and a description of the stock appears in an advertisement elsewhere in this paper.

The great English firm of Merryweather and Sons, makers of all fire prevention apparatus, have entered Canada and recognizing St. John will develop into a much larger city in the near future, have appointed Frank R. Fairweather, 12 Canterbury street, their provincial agent. His catalogue should interest all merchants and manufacturers and he will be pleased to supply one on application.