

Stroke of the World-Famed Paris Crew Has Passed Away

Robert Fulton Died Yesterday Morning at His Home in Carleton—Sketch of His Career and of the Great Races in Which He Participated

(From Friday's Daily Sun.)

Robert Fulton, stroke of the world-famed Paris crew, which in the years gone by brought honor to St. John, passed away at his home in West St. John at seven o'clock yesterday morning. The death of Mr. Fulton makes the second break in the ranks of the crew, Samuel Hutton, another member, having been drowned in an accident some years ago, when his yacht, the Primrose, foundered in a regatta.

Early in the winter Mr. Fulton had an attack of pneumonia, but rallied and recovered sufficiently to resume his work in the customs service. But he was only on duty a short time when he was stricken down again, and in spite of all that medical aid could do, and notwithstanding an unusually vigorous constitution, he gradually grew weaker until the end came. Mr. Fulton was a well known figure in St. John. He was of a kindly disposition, always ready to oblige, and highly respected by all.

Mr. Fulton was an active member of Carleton Union Lodge, F. and A. M. The story of the Paris crew, which made St. John famous, has often been told. Over forty years ago a number of the younger fishermen on the west side, who were through their occupation, accomplished oarsmen, formed themselves into a racing crew and in a boat called the Quaker rowed their first race at a Carleton picnic regatta.

It was in 1866 that the oarsmen were first met at the regatta. The Carleton boat was again victorious. The Masonic picnic regatta was held in September, 1865, and there the Mr. Fulton was the first and lost the second by a very narrow margin. After this the crew underwent some changes, and the old lap-streak boat was abandoned in favor of a specially built racing shell, the work of one Elliott of Long Island.

Elijah Ross was added to the crew and several more contests were participated in, at Boston, on the Kennebecasis, and elsewhere, with varying success, until in September, 1868, George Price was made a member of the crew. The oarsmen went to Springfield, where they met with success.

In 1867 they were sent from here to the regatta on the Seine, Paris, and won their name as the Paris crew. First they captured a barge or rigged race of 4-1/2 miles, beating the crack oarsmen of England, France and Germany, who were much better boasted. On the same day they rowed a picked crew from Oxford University, the London Rowing Club and other crews, introduced to their competitors the system of steering without a coxswain. On their return they were given a great ovation, and later rowed races with different local crews, adding to their laurels. The Ward Brothers of the United States proclaimed themselves the world's champion four and a match

was made for \$1,500 a side. It was a "race" rowed at Springfield, Mass., on October 21, 1868, and the St. John four won handsily, doing the distance in 39 min. 23-4 sec. Returning home, the victorious Paris crew were paid and given \$500 each by the citizens. Their luck was changed, however, when they met the Tyne crew at LaChine, Quebec, in July, 1869, and were fairly defeated. The Tyne crew also went by the name of the Renforth-Taylor-Vincent crew. The distance was four miles and the time 29 min. 47 sec. The defeat of the favorites at LaChine was totally unexpected. A gentleman who was present at the memorable race states that on the night before the contest LaChine was practically swamped with the money of St. John men who wagered their last cent that the Paris crew would win. The race was rowed under unfavorable weather conditions, and in a choppy sea, and the Englishmen crossed the finish line victors. After the race many of the St. John followers of the crew had to send home for money enough to bring them back. They had backed their favorites to the finish.

At the Toronto and Niagara regattas the same year, however, the Paris crew retrieved their laurels by defeating everything in sight. After the LaChine race the Paris crew challenged the Tyne crew to race at Springfield. The challenge was not accepted, but later the Englishmen agreed to row if the Paris crew would allow them \$200 for expenses. This was arranged and the result of the challenge was the fatal race on the Kennebecasis on August 23, 1871.

The story of this race has been written often. Renforth, the greatest oarsman England had produced up to that time, was the stroke of the visiting crew, and it is said that he had the finest crew ever sent out of England. The race attracted thousands of people from all over Canada, United States and England, and was one of the greatest sporting events ever pulled off. The distance was six miles and the time made, 39 min. 20 sec., is still a world record. The English crew took the lead at the start, but the long, powerful stroke of the St. John men brought them back on even terms. Just as they were about to pass the finish line, Renforth, who then realized that his men were beaten, made a heroic effort to recover the lead. "Come, boys, give her another dose," he reported to have said, and he and his men made a noble response. The strain was more than nature could stand. Renforth collapsed at his oar, and died in what is now the Clarion house about two hours later. Renforth was the champion of the world, so called in his honor. In the regatta held on the Kennebecasis in September, 1873, the Paris crew again defeated all comers.

The crew's last race was in Philadelphia in 1878, when they were beaten by a Halifax crew. They never rowed again. The Paris crew in all these great races was composed of Robert Fulton, Samuel Hutton, Elijah Ross, and George Price, with James Price as spare man. George Price is still in the customs service. Elijah Ross is the well known Carleton boat builder, and Capt. James Price resides in Chelsea, Mass., but continues commander of the school. Three Sisters, in the coasting trade. This crew made the name of St. John famous throughout the world. Mr. Fulton besides his work as oarsman was also an exceedingly good man in single sculls and competed in some fine regattas on the Kennebecasis in 1867, and the next year defeated Elijah Ross. In 1869 he and Price and Hutton were competitors in a race that Fulton won, and later he defeated Hugh Morris, of Pittsburgh. In 1872 he was defeated at Digby by George Brown of Halifax. The same year he

won a regatta in St. John harbor and in 1878 captured first prize in a regatta on the Kennebecasis, defeating Boston and Halifax oarsmen of that day. His last single scull race was rowed at St. Stephen in 1874, when he was defeated by Brayley, of Portland.

Mr. Fulton was ever an honest sporting man and always took a deep interest in matters pertaining to aquatic sports. He officiated many times in recent years as the referee in local contests. He was also a good man in a small boat, and on many occasions handled the tiller in local yachting regattas. Mr. Fulton in 1876 was appointed a boatman and tide waiter in the customs and was ever a good official.

WIND AND SEA AGAIN INJURE DAM.

Certificate Issued For Burial of Charles Watts—News of St. Andrews

ST. ANDREWS, N. B., Feb. 22.—Coroner J. A. Wade, M. D., granted a certificate for the burial of Charles Watts, whose body was found yesterday in about eight feet of water in the St. Croix river, in the commons district of the town of St. Andrews, the doctor on investigating the circumstances came to the conclusion that it was a case of suicide. The deceased was a lad living with Dan McFarlane. A few days ago he determined to strike out on his own account. Amongst other places he spent some time in the Klondyke. On his return from there he naturally drifted home, where on Wednesday morning he took breakfast. Not returning for dinner, in consequence of some statements made by him a search was made, resulting in the finding of his body in the river.

The three-masted schooner R. D. Spears, 299 ton register, of Eastport, Me., R. W. Belyea master, entered at the customs house here today. Her last port of departure was New York, N. Y., U. S. Her cargo was 2,468 barrels and 1,866 bags fertilizer, consigned to the C. P. R. The fertilizer is destined to be forwarded to Houlton, Me., for distribution amongst the farmers of Aroostook county.

The forces of nature in the attempt to erect a dam at Katays Cove seem to laugh at what appear to be the puny efforts of man to obstruct their course. Yesterday the combined action of the wind and sea worked another break in the dam. The sea curled its way underneath the piling of four feet deep in a section of the dam, and washed out to fully seven feet deep, and a section of the dam overhangs the wash-out and means work to overcome the difficulty. Mr. Bailey, for some weeks past acting station agent of the C. P. R. here, has been relieved by E. Lowmyer, who has been given the permanent appointment.

JURY RECOMMENDED FURTHER ENQUIRY

In Stetka Case After Sitting Six Days and Examining 30 Witnesses.

(Special to the Sun.) GLACE BAY, Feb. 22.—After sitting for six days and examining thirty witnesses, the coroner's jury in the Stetka tragedy at Dominion No. 1, concluded their work today by returning the following verdict: "In an action with the death of Anton Stetka, of his wife and two children, which event occurred at Old Bridgeport, County of Cape Breton, on or about February 16, 1906, was the coroner's jury selected to investigate the same, desire to state that after having all the evidence produced and weighing the same most carefully, we believe that said deaths occurred under most unusual and suspicious circumstances and would recommend a further enquiry under direct supervision of the crown."

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC CONTRACTS GIVEN OUT.

(Special to the Sun.) MONTREAL, Feb. 22.—Contracts were given out by the Grand Trunk Pacific shortly after noon today for the construction of a railway between Touchwood Hills and Edmonton. From Touchwood Hills to Nasakat, a distance of 140 miles, was awarded to the Canadian White Company of Montreal, and the portion from Nasakat, 217 miles, was awarded to Foley Bros., Larson and Company. The conditions imposed upon the contractors is that the work be rushed with the greatest possible rapidity. This work, together with the work now in hand between Fort William and Superior Junction, make a total of 342 miles which the Grand Trunk Pacific has under contract.

WILL INCREASE CAPITAL STOCK.

MONTREAL, Feb. 22.—An important decision to increase the capital stock of the Bell Telephone Co., of Canada, from \$40,000,000 to \$50,000,000 was reached at the annual meeting of the shareholders held at the head office today. The president of the company, who was in the chair, stated that it was not the intention of the company to issue anything like all of the increased capital at once. Only as much as was absolutely necessary for immediate extensions would be issued.

DUMPING OF SEWERAGE INTO THE ST. JOHN RIVER.

Provincial Board of Health Heard Complaints of Sunbury County Council in Regard to Action of City of Fredericton—U. N. B. Conversazione a Success.

(Special to the Sun.) FREDERICTON, N. B., Feb. 22.—The provincial board of health met this evening at the Queen Hotel. The members of the board present were Hon. James Holly, Dr. Steeves, J. H. Barry and Secretary Dr. Fisher. The meeting was called to consider the complaint laid by the county council of Sunbury against the dumping of sewage into the St. John river as at present practiced by the city with McManus & Co. of Memramcook. Sunbury was represented by Couns. Wilnot and Perley, who had with them J. D. Hazen, M. P. P., as counsel. The city's interests were looked after by City Clerk McCready. Mr. Wilnot produced a letter from the city engineer, Mr. Clement, of Vancouver, showing what constituted the modern sewerage system. In this letter Mr. Clement says the sewage of Vancouver is first treated in tanks before being discharged into the harbor. The effluent from the tanks is free from solid matter and although only a nuisance when discharged into salt water, but if it were intended to discharge the effluent into a river or stream used for domestic water supply or by cattle it would be necessary for the sewage to pass through one or two baffle beds after leaving the tanks and before emptying into the stream. A tank with two chambers each 100 by 12 wide and 7 deep would be sufficient for from 2,000 to 2,500 people. The cost would vary with the local conditions such as cost of labor and material might be anywhere from \$4,000 to \$5,000. Mr. Hazen contended that the people of the river parishes used river water extensively, and all that they requested that the system to be adopted by Fredericton be according to modern systems. Mr. Wilnot also read Dr. Atherton's letter condemning the direct dumping of sewage into the river, and also a letter from Ashley Miller, C. B., of Vancouver, in which the latter says the practice of discharging crude sewage into rivers or streams passing through settled districts has been abandoned by all civilized countries and is against the law in the west. Mr. McCready contended that the proposed system had been thoroughly gone into before being adopted, that after the most careful consideration it was thought to be the most up-to-date and the most satisfactory to all people. The board of health will consider what steps, if any, they will take in the matter.

TWO DIGBY MEN DROWNED IN THE BAY OF FUNDY.

Were Returning From a Visit to Their Lobster Traps When a Sudden Squall Upset Boat in Nasty Sea—The Community is Shocked.

(Special to the Sun.) DIGBY, N. S., Feb. 22.—Heber Prime, aged 21, and William Prime, aged 24, were drowned in the Bay of Fundy this afternoon. They had been visiting their lobster traps, and were returning in a sail boat, when a sudden squall broke over them off the northern shore of Long Island. Lobster fishermen on the shore saw one man thrown out of the boat as she turned over. The other man clung to the wreck and finally the boat righted herself and filled with water. The wind was blowing a gale from the northeast and the sea was a nasty one. The waterlogged boat continued to drift towards the shore with its half drowned occupant, but just as it neared the surf three huge waves washed Heber Prime overboard, and he went down in sight of those on the shore. Two of the men on shore plunged into the surf, and nearly lost their lives in a vain attempt to rescue Prime. The boat came in shore and was smashed to pieces. The bodies have not yet been recovered. There is a big sea on in the bay tonight. Willie Prime was married and leaves a wife, who formerly resided in Annapolis county, and a little child five months old. He was a son of Deacon and Mrs. George Prime, and is survived by his parents, three brothers and three sisters. He was an Oddfellow, a member of the Sons of Temperance, and highly respected in his native village. Heber Prime was single, a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Prime, and leaves besides his parents, several brothers and sisters. He was a general favorite with everybody.

AMERICAN SAILORS ON VISIT TO ROME

ROME, Feb. 22.—A detachment of 50 sailors from the American cruiser squadron, now at Naples, arrived here today, accompanied by several officers. The Americans, who spent the morning in sightseeing, were received by the Pope this afternoon. The reception of the Americans occurred in the Consolato. The Pope blessed all the Americans and their families and the religious objects which the sailors had with them. The Pontiff shook hands with the American officers, and on the call of Chaplain Bayard the sailors gave three hearty cheers for the Pope. The Americans will return to Naples Friday evening.

McNAUGHT HAS BIG MAJORITY IN THE TORONTO ELECTION.

Defeated Urquhart, the Liberal Candidate by 1,421—Socialist Makes Gain. TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 22.—The election to the Ontario legislature today by North Toronto resulted in the return of J. H. McNaught, conservative, by a majority of 1421. The vote stood, McNaught, conservative, 3,391; Urquhart, liberal, 2419; Simpson, socialist, 280.

The vacancy of North Toronto was caused by the appointment to office of Dr. W. B. Nesbitt, the former member. In the general election, Jan. 25, 1905, the following was the result of the poll: Nesbitt, conservative, 5189; Blair, liberal, 3704; Simpson, socialist, 2117; Plurality for Nesbitt, 1472; Plurality yesterday, 1421.

Royal Baking Powder

We are now able to quote the same prices to our customers as are paid by consumers in New York, London, San Francisco, and other large markets of the world where staple goods are sold lowest. We think our patrons will appreciate it. We recommend Royal Baking Powder because it is of the highest quality—always gives perfect satisfaction, and is most economical in the end. Walter Gilbert, W. Alex. Porter, McPherson Bros., Fred. Burridge, and other first class grocers.

THE COMPULSORY SCHOOL ACT

Correspondent Gives His Views on the Matter. THINKS MORE ATTENTION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO TEACHING OF AGRICULTURE AND LIKE SUBJECTS. SIMONDS, Feb. 15th, 1906. To the Editor of the Sun: Sir—I see by the papers that the government intend introducing a compulsory educational act, and that editors, philanthropists, and legislators, are almost unanimous in its approval. As I have been a school teacher in this province for five years, a trustee with a few vacations, ever since the enactment of the present law, and a grammar school trustee under the old regime, my present, I think, may lay claim to having taken some interest in educational matters, though I may not know much about them.

It has seemed strange to me that there should exist such a unanimity when the act has not been before the public, so that we may ascertain its character. There are acts of this kind in England and Germany, while in the United States, different states have different laws. Is our law to be like any one of these, or better or worse? Speaking generally, compulsory laws are very much of the nature of summary laws, difficult to operate, and ultimately, not very efficient. Is this compulsory act intended to protect the child from the parent, or from himself? If it is intended to protect the child from the parent, the law would be rendered operative from the fact that generally it would have the child on its side. But if the intention is to protect the child from himself, it is another matter. Not only are the difficulties of operation increased, but after you have compelled the boy to go to school, what have you gained? If the boy who is in school because he is driven there by act of parliament, is wasting his time, annoying the teacher, distracting the attention of other scholars, destroying discipline, and demoralizing the school, "You can drive a horse to water, but you can't make him drink," and if a horse will not drink, either he is not thirsty, or there is something the matter with the water.

If he is not thirsty he probably wants meat, and if something is the matter with the water, the trouble should be ascertained and remedied. As a rule every normal boy desires information; if he does not he requires some mental stimulus, physical stimuli in that case are out of place. The difficulty, however, usually lies with the "drink." And if truancy is so general that legislation is necessary, attention, it seems to me, should be drawn to the system, rather than to the boy; and I have long felt that in this province, the difficulty is not far to seek. A boy, say seven years old, is told that if he goes to school ten years he will benefit, no doubt, and if high school, and have learnt classics and mathematics, and the "oligs." But he does not want to learn classics and mathematics and the "oligs." The promise does not appeal to him. As time goes on the prospect darkens and by the time he is half through the course he is ready to run from school, run anywhere, to escape a fate which every day is becoming more distasteful. The difficulty lies in the popular impression that to pay his master is to pay his education; whereas, education consists in the cultivation of the mind according to its inclination. I have often wondered at the patience of the taxpayer, who perhaps grumbles, but always pays, though he must feel that the times are sadly out of joint. A, B, and C, we will say, are three parents who pay an equal rate. A's boy has a literary inclination, he passes through high school, and the whole community pays for it. A, of course, paying his share. B's boy has commercial ambitions. B's boy has been to a commercial college, and pay the tuition of high school, and the diploma of educating A's boy. C's boy has industrial tastes. For him no provision is made, although he pays his share for the tuition of high school, and must learn his trade as best he can, and as earned, it matters not whether he has been to school or not. B's boy had received a commercial college certificate, no thanks to the free school authorities; but A's boy is a high school graduate, with all which that implies. Why could there not be an eclectic system, and after the eighth grade let the boy choose into which department he will enter, giving him at his graduation a High School diploma, the diploma from every department being of equal value? Then a boy from the very start will have something to look forward to, and the ranks of the trunks will be depleted, if they do not disappear altogether.

I see Dr. Bridges is about starting manual training. This sounds like a step in the right direction, although I do not know enough about it to express an opinion. If it is, it will tend ultimately, I hope, to render a compulsory act unnecessary. This, however, applies to the city. In the rural districts matters are still worse. Agriculture is there the great interest; and yet our school system ignores agriculture as completely as though it did not exist. When a country child enters the school room he shuts out all thought of his life occupation. Thus his life between 8 o'clock and 4 p. m. is totally distinct from that of the rest of the day. When the child is young and his tastes not very decided, he does not mind it, but as his tastes develop and his mind becomes more positive and active, this double life becomes intolerable, and about the eighth grade, or perhaps before, one of two things happens. He leaves school and helps on the farm with imperfect intellectual training, or he goes to school and prepares to leave the farm. In this case a compulsory act is a contest between legislative enactment and the laws of nature, and the enactment is bound to come off second best. Here again the best results can be attained by turning attention to the system rather than the boy. L. A. H.

KIDNEY DISEASE—GRAVEL

"I was afflicted with kidney disease and gravel in its most severe form, having often a stoppage of water accompanied by the most dreadful agony. By using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills the disease was eradicated from my system in less than six months. I have gained in weight, sleep well, and feel better than I have for twenty years."—Mr. W. Smith, Port Dalhousie, Ont.

MONCTON NEWS.

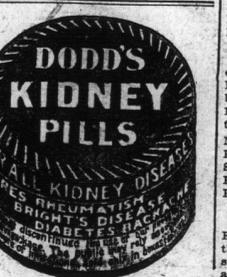
MONCTON, N. B., Feb. 21.—The police committee, at a meeting this evening, decided to urge the authority of the chief of police to make him responsible for policemen, rather than the council, assuming the responsibility for appointments, suspensions, dismissals, etc. The council will be asked to act promptly on the recommendations of the chief in future regarding punishment for disobedience of orders. VICTORIA, Feb. 21.—The conservative convention has decided to place a candidate in the field in opposition to Hon. Mr. Templeman.

Close Evenings at 6 o'clock. St. John, N. B., Feb. 21st, 1906. Boys' 3 Piece Suits Almost Given Away. We have a number of fine Boys' 3 piece Suits of which there are only one, two or three of a line left, and in order to clear the entire lot we have put the knife deep into the prices. Boys' Suits, Regular \$3.75 to \$4.50, now \$2.50. Boys' Suits, Regular \$4.75 to \$6, now \$3.50. These are mostly dark in color. Made from good strong Tweeds they will go quickly. J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothing, 199 to 207 Union St.

Prizes For Card Parties.

Playing Cards, 20c. to 55c. per Pack. Playing Cards in Cases, 65c., \$1.00, \$1.35. Bridge Sets, \$1.25 to \$5.25. Whist Sets \$1.25 to \$4. Duplicate Whist Sets, \$5.75. Also a variety of Sterling Silver Gun Metal and Electro Plated Novelties.

We have a large assortment of Playing Cards. Have You Seen Them? W. H. THORNE & Co., Limited MARKET SQUARE, ST. JOHN, N. B.



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ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

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THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., FEB. 24, 1906.

THE BUDGET.

The remark which Mr. Tweedie made concerning Mr. Hazen's speech on the address applies to a large part of his own remarks on the budget. It is largely the same old speech, occasioned by like circumstances. It explains why the receipts are not larger, and the expenditures are not smaller; regrets that claims on the dominion which were about to be paid on many previous years are still unsettled, and expresses a confidence, now somewhat wavering, in a better state of things next year.

It is, however, fair to say that the reference of the provincial secretary to the subsidy claims contains two new features. Mr. Tweedie is rather severe on Mr. Fielding. Previous statements, notably those made by the attorney general, left it to be supposed that the government at Ottawa was rather sympathetic and continually gave comfortable assurances. Mr. Fielding is now presented in another light, and we do Mr. Tweedie the justice to believe that it is the true one. It is now learned that Mr. Fielding has become indifferent, and has changed his attitude since he was premier of Nova Scotia. The description of Mr. Fielding's position is rather confirmed by any statements which the minister of finance has made in parliament, and by his failure to take steps toward a settlement.

The other interesting feature in Mr. Tweedie's statement of the case is the new ground he has for hope of a happy issue. This time the expectation is not based, or at least not wholly dependent, on the justice of the cause, but springs from the fact that Quebec has become urgent "and Quebec usually gets what she asks for." The reason for the hope which is now in Mr. Tweedie is perhaps sound, but it is not altogether complimentary to the other party in the case.

For the present there is no disputing the fact that the receipts of the province are this year, as in every other recent year, much less than the expenditure. Mr. Tweedie admits a deficit on current account, though he makes it small compared with the results of Mr. Fleming's calculation. But besides the current deficit there are yearly additions to the debt for what are called permanent bridges. Nearly all the larger bridges of the province belong to this class, and so are rebuilt on debt account. Formerly they were a charge on the regular revenue of the country, but now they stand against the expectation. It is capital that yields no revenue, but on the contrary calls for a steadily increasing interest outlay.

THE CENTRAL RAILWAY PROPOSITION.

The interesting statement was made last evening by Mr. Tweedie that responsible parties had offered to take over the New Brunswick Coal and Railway Company's line—otherwise the Central—and pay a practically perpet-

ual rental of \$21,000 a year. The acceptance of such a proposition would be a strong expression of want of confidence in the forecast lately made by the provincial secretary and his railway advisers, and also a sign of scepticism as to the purchase of the line by the Grand Trunk Pacific Company. As to the prospect of an advantageous transfer of the railway to the company above mentioned, we are not in a position to judge. But most practical men will say that if the alternative is presented whether the government should operate this line permanently as a local railway, or lease on the terms stated to reliable people, the province should embrace the opportunity to obtain release from a responsibility thrust upon it. Mr. Tweedie mentions the sum of \$700,000 as the amount for which the province is responsible, but this does not seem to include the amounts of the original subsidies. The province has invested more than \$700,000 in the railway. Moreover, some \$190,000 has been paid by the dominion, while stocks and bonds alleged to be paid up amount to \$1,400,000. Official returns make the cost of the railway and rolling stock something like \$2,000,000, but we are not obliged to believe that this was all bona fide expenditure. Mr. Tweedie does not expect to borrow money at much lower rates than four per cent, for some time to come, but if an arrangement can be made that will be final, and will give the province the control of the railway and rolling stock in this enterprise, it will be generally regarded as much better than continued provincial responsibility for the operation of the railway. Several arrangements have been made heretofore purporting to be final which proved to be temporary, but this proposition may be different. There is no general desire for the transfer of the railway to any company which will have it supplied by the province with the money to pay the rental and maintain the line.

THE LAURIER BANQUET.

The banquet to Sir Wilfrid Laurier at Toronto proved to be an eminently successful party demonstration. The Prime Minister has occasionally remarked that there is no city where he gets better receptions than Toronto, and none in which he fares worse on election day. But Toronto is so large a city that a party not quite strong enough to elect a candidate in any riding may still command the sympathy of a great multitude of citizens. Yesterday's demonstration was more than a Toronto affair. The party of Sir Wilfrid Laurier throughout the province embraced the opportunity to do him honor. In Ontario it is the party of the minority, judging by the last federal or provincial elections, but there is usually a fairly even division of the popular vote. The recent defeat of the Ross government would increase the desire of the supporters of Sir Wilfrid and of Mr. Ross to make this an occasion of a memorable event.

Such it seems to have been in point of attendance, in the matter of arrangement, and in enthusiasm. The liberals of Toronto and of the whole province did their part to give Sir Wilfrid a great evening. That Sir Wilfrid Laurier would do his part on such an occasion was certain from the outset. He can do anything well, and the delivery of a banquet speech is one of them. He has the grace and charm and tact which are so much natural to cultured men of his race that to the English folk, it is easy for him to be eloquent, and still easier to be pleasing. This was an occasion when close argument or too much serious discourse would be a fault. But Sir Wilfrid found it an occasion to present the claims of his government to the favor of the Ontario people and Canadians generally, and to give his answer to charges and reflections made against himself and his administration by Toronto speakers and writers. In doing so Sir Wilfrid applies some terms to his opponents to which he would not agree. These statements will part more than discussion and criticism, but will not be likely to cause resentment. For though not quite half of Toronto is liberal, all Toronto more or less are glad to know that the banquet to the liberal leader came off well.

THE EXHIBITION.

If it should be decided that no fair is to be held in St. John this year, the Exhibition association might as well go out of business. The association was organized for an annual exhibition. The buildings and plant were provided with that purpose in view. There is considerable loss in maintaining these buildings two years for each exhibition, but if the grounds are to be used only once in three years it is bad economy to keep them up. The conditions on which the exhibition can be held in this city are now pretty well understood. Certain appropriations are required from the city treasury, and a grant of \$5,000 from the province. This latter sum and more goes back to the New Brunswick people in prizes. Good fairs are held in other New Brunswick cities and towns, but in the nature of things the one held here brings the largest exhibits, and attracts them from more places in the province. It brings the largest number of visitors from outside and furnishes greater local patronage. This is true from the fact that St. John is the largest business centre, and the largest centre of population. It is not claimed that the St. John management is superior to that of other localities, or that there is more enterprise here. On the contrary, other places where exhibitions are held in this province set us a good example of activity and energy, though they are not in a position to contribute so largely from local sources. To withhold the grant and kill the exhibi-

tion this year would be a departure from previous understandings and from the regular routine. The only reason given for it is the fact that Halifax will this year have the Dominion Exhibition, but those who have most knowledge of such matters are of the opinion that the more ambitious and costly affair at Halifax would be helpful rather than injurious to the St. John show. Exhibitors would be glad of the opportunity to make two displays of the same articles. It is understood that a delegation from the exhibition will in a few days proceed to Fredericton and present the case to the ministers.

MR. FIELDING AND THE TARIFF.

The accident to Mr. Fielding comes at an unfortunate time. This is the finance minister's busy year, and the most busy part of it is approaching. The statement is made that he will not be able to leave his house for five or six weeks, which will reach the time in the session when the budget speech might be expected. Probably the budget would in any case come later this year on account of the revision of the tariff. No doubt the minister can do some thinking and hold some consultations at home, but the fact that a tariff measure would require him to see a great many people and to make investigations and enquiries which could be pursued more rapidly in the office of the department, it is possible that as a result of this accident the tariff changes may stand over to next year. Mr. Fielding is a hard and steady worker, and his departmental and cabinet duties, and this accident will make an unusual demand upon his capacity for resignation.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

Resolution Opposing Government Defeated by an Enormous Majority—Nationalists Follow Premier.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—As an amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne, Colonel E. J. Sanderson, unionist, today moved in the house of commons an expression of alarm at the statement in the King's speech that the ministers were considering proposals to effect changes in the system of the government of Ireland, believing that His Majesty's advisers had committed themselves to a policy which would endanger the liberties and property of the loyalist minority, promote discord in civil life and impair the integrity of the United Kingdom.

After considerable discussion, James Bryce, liberal, and chief secretary for Ireland, said the speech from the throne meant nothing more than the premier and other liberal leaders had repeatedly stated in the house, and endorsed by the enormous majority returned to parliament, that much was necessary to improve the administration of Ireland. Mr. Bryce said some rules had been proposed for him, and he had not departed in the smallest particular from the principles of the liberal party led by Mr. Gladstone from 1832 to 1893. His Majesty's government had every reason to make an effort in the direction of improvement of the system of government and the association of the people therewith.

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Mr. Bryce's speech was received with tremendous and continued outbursts of nationalist cheers. Mr. Dillon (nationalist), who followed, said that as long as the government acted in the spirit of Mr. Bryce's speech the nationalists would allow the government time to develop its plans and give them a fair and frank consideration. Joseph Chamberlain said the unionist party had maintained during the elections that the government was a home rule and Little Englander government. He had been plain tonight that was a home rule government and it would be proved later that it was a Little Englander government. Many members on the ministerial benches, he said, had been present during the election to pledge themselves to oppose home rule, and therefore the government would proceed by the more invidious method of instalments. He would nevertheless have convinced the country that it was a home rule government. The house divided and the amendment was defeated 406 to 88.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Two men were arrested in this city tonight on suspicion of having been connected with the robbery of the post office at Fairfield, Va., the night of Oct. 30 last, when one of the robbers was shot to death and left on the scene by his names. The prisoners gave their names as James Graham, a cook, living in Brooklyn, and John Bigger, a salesman, of Manhattan. The police and post office inspectors claim they traced the men by means of a small express package which had been lying in the streets of New York since the night of the robbery. In their effort to locate the money and the several hundred dollars' worth of stamps stolen, the inspectors ran across the unclaimed express package. They ordered the parcel delivered. Recently it was ordered forwarded to the uptown office of the American Express Co. in this city. The police were notified. Today the two men now under arrest called for the package. The prisoners had nothing to say.

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N. B. SOLDIER WAS ROBBS' BEDFELLOW.

Capt. Thos. McKenzie Recalls Interesting Incidents.

The Father of N. B. Millia Tells of the Mutiny Days When He Was With Roberts.

It is a saying that every man has one story during his life, which if he wishes to tell would be worth listening to; but there are a few men who can tell numbers of these stories and such a man is Capt. Thos. McKenzie, of Fredericton, who is spending a few days with friends here. The captain is a veteran of the Indian Mutiny, and was a companion of Lord Roberts, during many of the exciting events of that rebellion. When he wishes, he can relate of his own adventures, about that momentous campaign, about the time when his horse was shot under him and of the days when he and the great general were bed-fellows.

The captain a number of years ago wrote an interesting little book on his own experiences and this he sent to Lord Roberts, who was aide-de-camp with him under Sir Colin Campbell (afterward Lord Clyde) and the captain prizes very highly the letter which he got in reply. Capt. McKenzie when seen by a Star reporter showed this letter, which is entirely in Lord Roberts' handwriting and reads as follows: January 16, 1859. The Royal Hospital, Dublin. Dear Sir—Please accept my best wishes for the copy of your work "My Life as a Soldier," which you have been kind enough to send me and which I have read with much pleasure. Your long and varied experience in the service enables you to give a graphic description of a soldier's life, both in times of peace and war, and I feel sure that your little work will be perused by the public with pleasure. Believe me, yours very truly, Capt. Thos. McKenzie, Fredericton, N. B., Canada.

The captain came of a military family, his father having served in Waterloo before him and he, himself, joined the service while still six days of being eleven years of age. It was in the year 1841 that he entered the 64th Foot Regiment, which is now known as the North Staffordshire, as bugler. In 1849, the regiment was ordered to India and he was thus present at the very beginning of the rebellion, acting as a general's field bugler and often as aide-de-camp.

It was not until 1861 that with his regiment he returned from India. Then when he returned across and was expected with the United States, Capt. McKenzie, still eager for the fray, was sent over with eleven under him, to instruct the New Brunswick militia from which the captain has won the title of "The Father of the New Brunswick Militia."

For many years the captain was engaged here in the military stores, taking the property from the imperial government in 1854 he went to instruct in the military school in Fredericton, and in the following year to Sussex, to look after the military property there, when he remained till May, 1857, when he returned to Fredericton to take charge of the drill hall and armories which position he still retains. During the Indian Mutiny Captain McKenzie, which was perhaps the unique experience of his life, was both the reliever of Lucknow, first under Sir Henry Havelock and then under Sir Colin Campbell. Capt. McKenzie was in all in twenty-two general engagements besides any number of smaller fights.

His regiment, the 64th, took a leading part in the memorable capture of Cawnpore by Havelock, in July, 1857. The 13th the handful of British troops were encamped twenty-two miles away from their destination, where so many of the English women and children were held prisoners. The next day the British entered the town and found that all the women and children had been massacred. Then, said Capt. McKenzie, although Havelock was not a swearing man he took an oath and the men with him that they would show no mercy. Afterward that the 13th the handful of British troops were encamped twenty-two miles away from their destination, where so many of the English women and children were held prisoners. The next day the British entered the town and found that all the women and children had been massacred. Then, said Capt. McKenzie, although Havelock was not a swearing man he took an oath and the men with him that they would show no mercy. 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CANADIAN NEWS LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

Agnew Claims Another Surplus For Manitoba.

Ontario Engineers Want System of Certificates—Too Many Undesirable Immigrants Coming.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 21.—Hon. A. J. Agnew, provincial treasurer, delivered his annual budget speech in the legislature yesterday afternoon, giving an exhaustive review of the province's finances for the year.

W. J. Feb. 21.—A shock of earthquake today on the island of St. Asaph has been felt here since Feb. 21.

C. B. Botford in the Western Federation before the provincial court charging that he is in possession of a revolver.

An old resident of the island of St. Asaph has been found dead in his bed.

Feb. 21.—The Hon. Mr. Laurier and Mr. Laurier's wife were in St. John today.

here operated by the late Mrs. Arthur and Mrs. Arthur today.

ND HINDOO Mission by U. S.

armless and led here yesterday from Bermuda, where he was to be brought in.

AMHERST SOCIETY NEWS AMHERST, N. S., Feb. 22.—There has been for the past few weeks a continual round of afternoon teas and whist parties, rubbing out the winter Lent's sombre curtain fall.

Charles Mingo May Die of His Injuries.

ST. STEPHEN, N. B., Feb. 22.—An accident occurred this forenoon in a lath mill at Red Beach, owned by O. S. Tupper.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 22.—A house on Henry street, the building of which was started some years ago, but delayed, and which was being put in condition for occupancy, collapsed today like a pack of cards.

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Premier Says He Can Get \$21,000 a Year for Central Ry

The Budget Debate Continued Yesterday by Members of Both Sides of the House With More or Less Warmth

FREDERICTON, Feb. 21.—The legislature again assembled at 3 o'clock. The debate on the budget speech was resumed, the speakers being Hon. W. P. Jones, Mr. Grimmer, Mr. Robertson and Mr. Morrison. The premier made an offer had been received to buy the Central Ry. The premier's announcement took the house by surprise and was loudly applauded. The general opinion expressed is that the offer will be accepted.

HON. W. P. JONES. The order of the day being called, Mr. Jones resumed the budget debate. After discussing the crown land and railway policy of the government and defending the attorney general in the matter of the payments made to him, he took up the Harland bridge.

HON. MR. GRIMMER. The hon. gentleman has added \$24,000 to the expenditure of the provincial hospital, but he seems to forget that this over-expenditure is carried over from year to year, and that at the beginning of the last fiscal year there was an old balance to be paid.

HON. MR. JONES.—The hon. gentleman has referred to the amount paid for interest, but not to the public debt. Therefore I presume that he was not discouraged about that. Our debt is small in comparison with the resources of the province. It is smaller, I believe, than the debt of the city of St. John.

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LIBERALS OF TORONTO HONOR THE PREMIER.

Banquet in Massey Hall Last Night a Brilliant Affair—Sir Wilfrid Was in Excellent Form and Made a Happy Speech.

TORONTO, Feb. 21.—The banquet in Massey Hall last night was one of the most brilliant affairs this city has ever witnessed. Massey Hall was never more gorgeously decorated. Covers had been arranged for over 600 guests and every seat was taken, while the galleries were thronged with spectators, including many ladies. A feature of the evening was the presentation of a bouquet to Lady Laurier.

THE PREMIER. Sir Wilfrid was greeted with a tremendous ovation when he entered the hall and waving of handkerchiefs by men and ladies. Later there was round after round of applause and singing of He's a Jolly Good Fellow.

When he could be heard Sir Wilfrid said: "Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen, once more it is my privilege to be amongst you reformers of Ontario. For nearly twenty years we have been together fighting for the right as God gives us to see right. (Applause.) Our association during all these years has been cordial and affectionate, and I am not aware that there has ever been a shadow of mar to that harmony. (Applause.)

"It is to me a supreme pleasure to find myself surrounded by so many friends who during all these years, in sunshine and in shadow, have been tokens of their confidence. (Applause.) It would be a great pleasure if I could call, one by one, their names to testify to one and all that I have their memory at heart. But the list is too long, and I must deny myself the pleasure, but I would not sleep soundly tonight if I did not testify how happy I am in this chair tonight, hale and hearty. (Applause.)

THEIR TURN WILL COME. "I do not doubt, sir, that for you and for myself there shall be a turn of the wheel, and I shall be glad to see you in the same position as I am now. (Laughter.)

NEUROUS AND WORRIED. Mr. Archibald Sutherland, Principal South B. School, Sydney, N. S., writes: "I was greatly troubled with nervous dyspepsia and after meals I often felt like vomiting and my stomach was sore. I was worried and nervous, frequently had heartaches and shortness of breath. When several doctors failed I decided to try Dr. Cass's Nerve Food, and it has entirely cured me. I shall be glad to be the means of bringing this medicine to the notice of any one who is suffering as I did."

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SHIPPING NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived. Feb 22—Coastwise—Sch Clara A Benson, 37, Phipney, from Back Bay, and cleared.

Domestic Ports. HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 21—Arr, str Numidian, from Liverpool, and sailed for St. John, NB; Florence, from Saint John, NB; sch Alberta, from Boston.

Foreign Ports. QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 21—Sld, str Saccaria, for Boston.

Foreign Ports. BOSTON, Feb. 21—Arr, str Litchfield, from Halifax, and sailed for St. John, NB; str Litchfield, from Halifax, and sailed for St. John, NB.

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It is quality—not thickness—that makes GRANBYS are light, easy & comfortable on the feet, yet they always wear well.

One pair of GRANBY RUBBERS will last as long as two pairs of the poorer kinds. Easy to wear. Hard to wear out. GRANBY RUBBERS WEAR LIKE IRON.

The death of Mary E. widow of the late George Kirkpatrick, of Gasperwick, occurred Wednesday afternoon after a short illness, in the 74th year of her age. Funeral will be held on Saturday at 10 a. m.

Try a condensed ad. in Daily Sun and test its value as a seller.

BIRTHS. COX—At Chatham, on the 17th inst., to Dr. and Mrs. Philip Cox, a daughter.

DEATHS. DRAKE—In this city, on February 19th, after a short illness, Jeremiah Drake, eldest son of the late Gilbert M. and Jane Drake, leaving a wife, LINTON—Suddenly, at the General Public Hospital, on Feb. 19th, James Linton, aged 61 years, leaving a loving wife, five sons and seven daughters.

DEATHS. DARRAH—In this city, on the 19th inst., Ada G. youngest daughter of Joseph A. and Maggie T. Darrah, aged 4 years and 6 months.

DEATHS. WILSON—Died on Monday, 19th inst., at his late residence, No. 53 Erin street, Andrew Wilson, aged 80 years, leaving two daughters to mourn his loss.

CASH FOR FURS. We want your raw furs and will pay cash for them. We are the largest firm in the business and you save all commission men's profits by dealing direct with us.

REVELLON BROS., Ltd. 126 McNICOLL STREET - MONTRÉAL

WANTED. SALESMEN WANTED for Auto Spray; best compressed air hand sprayer made. Liberal terms. Sample machine free to approved agents. CAVES BROS., Galt, Ont.

FOR SALE—Single shot Ballard Rifle, 46 long calibre, suited for either cap or rim fire cartridges, plain ejector; length of barrel 28 inches, walnut stock, steel butt-plate, Globe sight. Suitable for big game shooting or target practice. Price \$5.00. Apply Sun office.

WANTED—Teacher second class, for School District No. 12 (poor district special ad), Peel and Aberdeen, Carleton Co., N. B. Term April 22 to Oct. 12th. Send applications stating salary expected to W. H. ARNAUD, Trustee, Edselton, N. B.

FOR SALE—A Bargain—A portion of the outfit of a Diamond Drill, consisting of a small double cylinder upright engine and boiler, with many other articles. Can be seen at the machine works of E. S. STEPHENSON & CO., St. John.

FOR SALE—Winchester repeating rifle, model 1883, octagon barrel, full magazine, practically as good as new; price \$15.00. Apply or address "RIFLE," Sun office.

FOR SALE—Offers for sale farm at Central Cambridge, Que., comprising 200 acres of high land; also 150 acres of intervals. These properties can be inspected at any time. Apply to H. D. MOTT, St. John, N. B.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT RED BEACH. RED BEACH, Me., Feb. 22.—Red Beach was greatly stirred by a fatal accident which took place here this morning. In which Charles E. Mingo, a young man living here, came to a tragic and untimely end.

MILITIA MATTERS. OTTAWA, Feb. 22.—The field ambulance of the Army Medical Corps has been designated No. 1, with Major J. A. Ross in command. Capt. Howe is second in command. Five lieutenants are to be appointed. St. John is designated, No. 8, Major MacLaren in command. Capt. E. D. Walker second; five lieutenants to be chosen.

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Provincial News

KINGSTON SCHOOL, Feb. 17.—The school now has a fine new \$300 piano, which was brought from St. John on Wednesday. The teachers and pupils of the school highly appreciate the generosity of J. M. Scott, Flood and others of St. John, who voluntarily contributed very liberally towards the piano fund.

On Friday afternoon the pupils of the advanced department gave a Longfellow programme, which was much enjoyed by the visitors and pupils. The programme was as follows: Chorus, The Psalm of Life; essay, Life of Longfellow, by Gilbert Prince; essay, Character Sketches, by Charles Wetmore; chorus, The Arrow and the Song; recitation, selection from Craving, by Jean Flewelling; solo, The Bridge, by Gene Flewelling; recitation, selection from Evangeline, by Smith Carmichael; solo, The Village Blacksmith, by Bruce Flewelling; recitation, The Bell of Aila, by Georgie H. Sherwood; essay, Superstitions and Legends of the Acadians, by Mally Oddy; essay, Life of Evangeline, by Marjorie Flewelling.

Next Friday afternoon the boys of the school will debate on the resolution "Resolved, that Canada's railways are of more benefit than its waterways." Barry King will lead the affirmative and Allen Oddy the negative side. Two weeks ago the subject Winter versus Summer was debated by the girls. There is now excellent sledding in the vicinity of Kingston, and the summer vans have been put aside for a time. Last week one boy rode a bicycle to school and several skated on the crust a distance of five miles.

The school has received papers from the state of Washington containing reprints of the essays on school gardens written by our pupils and recently published in the St. John papers.

GRAND MANAN, Feb. 16.—Twenty-five members of the degree team of Anchor Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of Eastport, by invitation paid a fraternal visit to Southern Cross Lodge, K. of P., at their castle hall, Grand Harbour, on the 14th inst. The visiting knights worked the three ranks of their order in an elaborate and beautiful style, of which they are masters. The working of the third rank was especially fine. The visiting brethren were given a cordial welcome and abundantly supplied with refreshments after their rough passage across the bay and cold ride down the island. They returned, however, Thursday morning after spending a thoroughly enjoyable night on Grand Manan.

The sch. Freddie A. Higgins has returned after a cruise to New York and St. John.

L. O. L. No. 55, enjoyed a fine clam stew on the evening of the 17th inst., and also worked the purple and blue degrees on a candidate. Bro. Hanford Seales of L. O. L., London, especially Heroes, No. 91, of Kings east, was a visitor and guest of No. 55.

Ulysses Henderson of Grand Harbor while turning his horse on Benj. McDonald's wharf was backed over the wharf, and, falling about twenty feet, was badly shaken up, though no bones were broken.

William Griffin of Woodward's Cove slipped and fell on the ice rendering him unconscious for some time. Being an elderly man he received a severe shock.

Judge M. A. Cockburn of St. Andrew visited the court of L. O. Foresters at North Head on the 14th inst.

Court Gamet Rock of Seal Cove will entertain the North Head Foresters on the 19th inst.

The members of Southern Cross Lodge, No. 16, K. of P., will celebrate the forty-second birthday of the order in their castle hall on the evening of the 19th inst., the order being instituted at Washington, D. C., U. S. A., on the 18th of February, 1864, by Justus H. Rathbone.

WICKHAM, C. Co., Feb. 16.—The remains of Percy Logue, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Logue of Wickham, were brought home from the Fair Hospital at Haverhill, Mass., for burial. The funeral was held Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 7, in the Baptist church in Bald Hill, of which he was a member. He left home last September for Haverhill. On the evening of January 30, while walking with Miss Gretha Miller of Newcastle, they were struck by a train. An account of the accident has already appeared in the Sun. The deceased young man was 22 years of age, and leaves a father and mother, two sisters and three brothers, Addie and Lizzie, at home, James at Mirto, Sunbury Co., and Sterling at St. John and Stanley at home.

ANDOVER, Feb. 13.—T. J. Carter was in Fredericton last week and received an order from the attorney general to have the Watson imprisonment case tried before the bench of Judge A. Fredericton. By order of Judge Carleton Mr. Watson was released from jail on Wednesday last.

Robert Gambin of Carleton Place was tried last week before Justice McQuarrie for hitting Mrs. Dross with a sled stake, and was sent up for trial at the next court. Mr. Gambin is released on bail. His explanation is that he fired the stick at a dog and accidentally hit the woman.

James Hutchins, painter, while working at D. R. Bedell's fell from a step ladder and received injuries that confined him to his room for several days. Hon. Senator Baird delivered a temperance lecture at Fertis on Sunday evening under the auspices of the W. C. T. U.

PEITCODIAC, Feb. 20.—Mrs. D. Trites returned from Pictou, N. B., a few days ago after a pleasant visit to her daughter, Mrs. Magee.

Mrs. Howie, wife of the Rev. J. Howie, has been staying at J. J. McPhee's for a few days and visiting many old friends.

The Methodist congregation held their third quarterly meeting on the 18th inst. The financial report was an excellent one. The pastor, Rev. E. Bell, was invited to return for the third year. He accepted subject to the higher power.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., Feb. 20.—Mrs. Francis Rankin died this morning at her home in Gratton, after an illness of some weeks. She was a daughter of the late Rev. Dr. William Donald, a Presbyterian minister in earlier days well known in St. John. Mrs. Rankin was the wife of Mr. Robert Thomson, of St. John, is a sister, her husband and three children survive, Dr. W. D. Rankin now in Vancouver on his way home, and Misses

ANDOVER, Feb. 19.—Victoria county can boast of having an aged citizen, Marshall Lavereque of Carleton Place was 106 years old last Christmas, and up to the present has enjoyed excellent health. He was born in Quebec, and when a young man came to Edmundston, Madawaska, where he married his first wife. He has been twice married since. He has a family of 15 children, can count up 36 grandchildren and 6 great-grandchildren. Mr. Lavereque lives with his son Marshall near the county line, in a place called Glenburn.

Wolfville News.

WOLFVILLE, Feb. 18.—The senior musical pupils of Acadia Seminary gave a pianoforte recital on Friday evening in College Hall, which was much enjoyed. Selections were given from Mendelssohn, the regular concert, Raff, Liszt and Grieg, the performers being Miss McElmon, Miss Cunningham, Miss Harris, Miss O'Brien, Miss Haines and Miss Lavina Lewis of Hillsboro. While all acquitted themselves admirably, Miss Lewis showed exceptional ability in all that she made a high class artist, and was evidently the favorite of the evening.

At a recent meeting of the executive committee of the Acadia Board of Governors it was decided to arrange for a course in land surveying in connection with the regular college work.

Rev. W. L. Archibald has gone to St. John to finish up the work in connection with the forward movement.

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Medical Society's Strong Argument For a Sanatorium

And Premier Tweedie Promises Favorable Consideration—Committee's Report an Exhaustive One—Salvation Army Ask Grant for Maternity Hospital.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Feb. 20.—A large delegation, consisting of clergymen, medical men and members of the legislature, appeared before the local government this morning and strongly urged that steps be taken to establish in the province a sanatorium for the treatment of tuberculosis.

The hearing lasted over two hours and was most interesting. Among those present were Messrs. White, Dr. Walker, Innes, McLaren, Emery, Daniel, G. A. B. Addy, W. A. Christie, Skinner, St. John, Gaudet, Memramcook, J. M. Duncan, Milltown, G. M. Dunlop, Maxfield, of the legislature, Atherton, Vanwart, G. J. McNally and Irvine, Fredericton; Coburn, Canterbury; Dienstadt, St. Stephen, and Messrs. Hazen, Robertson, Lantaulum, Glesler, Maxwell, of the legislature.

Rev. Dean Partridge, Father Carney and J. H. McDonald, Judge Barry, Judge and Mrs. Longley, of Halifax, and Colonel McLean were also present. Mr. Addy was the first speaker. He presented the report from the committee of the N. B. Medical Society.

To His Honor the Hon. Jabez Bunting Snowball, D. C. L., LL. D., Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick: And the Honorable, the Executive Council:

At the last annual meeting of the New Brunswick Medical Association a committee was appointed for the purpose of preparing a report in reference to the establishment of a sanatorium for the treatment of tuberculosis, and were instructed to approach the government of the province and bring before it the results of their inquiries.

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ST. JOHN SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

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SUN PRINTING COMPANY, St. John, N. B.

MUNICIPAL MIDDLE AT PARRSBORO, N. S.

PARRSBORO, N. S., Feb. 20.—The municipal muddle reached an acute stage yesterday when Deputy Sheriff Logan served the papers in the protest suit on Mayor McDowell, Councillor Johnson and Town Clerk Day.

Dr. McInerney, president of the Medical Council, was called upon. He hoped that the government would give the matter the most careful consideration and that the doctors were anxious in favor of establishing a sanatorium.

Judge Longley of Halifax arose amid applause. He said that when the sanatorium of Nova Scotia was established the government should vote \$20,000. The sanatorium was situated at Kentville, and Judge Longley told of how the institution was run.

Addresses were also made by Dean Partridge, Father Carney, Rev. J. D. McDonald, Dr. Duncan, Mayors White and McNally, Drs. Deacon, Purdy, Atherton and Daniel. All spoke along the same lines and with the strongest arguments requested the government to grant the request, being in the best interest of the province and of humanity.

The premier, on behalf of the government thanked those present for their attendance and the able manner in which the facts had been presented. He said the speeches certainly must make a great impression upon those who had heard them. He said it must be remembered that the revenues of the province was limited and that the government in consequence could not travel at too rapid a rate. It was not that the sympathies of all were not with the undertaking, but the question of finance was one of much importance.

However, he could assure those present that the administration would give the matter their most earnest and careful consideration.

A delegation from the Salvation Army, headed by Col. Sharp, also appeared before the government. Col. Sharp asked for a grant of \$1,500 towards fitting up the maternity home in St. John. He was supported in his request by Mayor White and Dr. T. D. Walker. The premier said the request was of a new kind and he was doubtful if the government would be justified in meeting the request. It had never been the policy to help to build hospitals, but aid had been granted to maintain such institutions after they were once built and equipped. The government would take the matter into consideration.

Valuable Advice to Mothers. If your child comes in from play coughing or showing evidences of Grippe, Sore Throat, or sickness of any kind, get out your bottle of Nerviline. Rub the chest and neck with Nerviline, and give internal doses of ten drops of Nerviline in sweetened water every two hours. This will prevent any serious trouble. No liniment or pain reliever equals Poison's Nerviline, which affords the great family remedy in Canada for the past fifty years. Try a 5c. bottle of Nerviline.

AN IMPORTANT BILL. TORONTO, Feb. 20.—Mr. Hoyle's bill respecting corporations will be introduced into the legislature this session with the approval of the government. It provides that companies issuing a prospectus in Ontario soliciting subscriptions must file a copy with the provincial secretary. The prospectus must be signed by responsible directors, must show the original incorporators and what company the property is to be sold to, and what contracts are being entered into. The act is specially directed at mining corporations.

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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON. "If I were asked which should prefer to take abroad, I should prefer to take Chlorodyne." DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera, etc.

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ABSOLUTE SECURITY. Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills. Must Bear Signature of Dr. J. C. Carter. See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below. Very small and as easy to take as sugar. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION. CURE SICK HEADACHE.

CHILD'S LEG BROKEN IN SEVEN PLACES. COVERDALE, A. Co., Feb. 19.—Alice Gorman, daughter of Albert Gorman, had her leg badly broken while on her way from school Tuesday night. The little girl with a number of other children was riding on a load of logs, when she fell off between the front and rear sleds, one of the runners passing over her limb near the ankle. Dr. Moore of Salisbury attended to the injury and found that the bone in the leg was broken in seven places.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE. This is the disease that is the cause of all the troubles of the bladder. It is a disease that is the cause of all the troubles of the bladder. It is a disease that is the cause of all the troubles of the bladder. It is a disease that is the cause of all the troubles of the bladder.

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THE LONGWORTH-ROOSEVELT WEDDING.



THE RECEPTION AFTER THE CEREMONY

RECEPTION HELD IN THE WHITE HOUSE AFTER THE CEREMONY.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, of Sept. 21, 1896, says: "If I were asked which single medicine I should prefer to take abroad with me, as likely to be most generally useful, to the exclusion of all others, I should say CHLORODYNE. I never travel without it, and its general applicability to the relief of a vast number of single ailments forms its best recommendation."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera.

CAUTION—Genuine Chlorodyne. Every bottle of this well known remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHOEA, etc., bears on the Government Stamp the name of the Inventor—

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold in bottles by all chemists. Prices in England, 1s. 1/6d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. Sole manufacturers—

J. I. DAVENPORT, Limited LONDON.

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W. J. OSBORNE, Principal. Fredericton, N. B.

NOTICE.

The Canvassers and Collectors for the SEMI-WEEKLY SUN are now making their rounds as mentioned below. The canvassers will pay attention to arrears will pay

in Albert and Victoria Sts., St. John, N. B. J. E. OSTIN, in Country, 1905. Advertisers, who do it quicker than any other method, should send their orders to the Sun.

VETERINARY ADVICE FREE

Dr. A. Tuttle, a veterinary surgeon of long experience has written a book entitled "Veterinary Experiences" on the diseases of horses, giving symptoms, treatment in plain terms. It is fully illustrated with diagrams showing the skeleton and circulation of the horse, and is a valuable reference work for all who know horses. It is now available for sale at a low price.

TUTTLE'S ELIXIR is the only guaranteed cure for Cuts, Cuts, recent and old, Sprains, Ring Bone, Quitts, Joints, Glands, Neel, Scalds, Chills, etc. Send today for the full and complete information about Dr. Tuttle's Elixir. Sold by all drug stores and by C. H. R. Grewer, 12 Beverly St., Boston, Mass.

Wholesale Agents: Lyman Bros. & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

GRAVITATION FALSE, THE EARTH IS FLAT?

LONDON, Feb. 19.—"Lady Blount and Albert Smith" have begun a new campaign to prove that Newton's law of gravitation is useless, and that above all, the earth is flat and not round.

The thirteenth pamphlet has just been turned out by "Lady Blount and Albert Smith," in support of these theories. Believers in the cult of the flat earth style themselves "Zeteticists." "There is strong evidence," says this latest pamphlet, "to prove that the sun when directly overhead is only about one hundred miles away instead of ninety-three million miles; and that its flat earth style themselves 'Zeteticists.'"

"In its daily circuit above the flat and stationary earth it travels about 25,000 miles at the Equator, and at the tropics less than one half of the distance that the earth travels in one hour."

Foolish people who point to the curved shadow of the earth on the moon as proof of the earth's globular shape are taken to task by Lady Blount who ridicules modern astronomy in the pamphlet.

MODEL TENEMENT SYSTEM FOR MEXICO CITY'S POOR.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 21.—Gov. Landa, of the federal district and high officials of the government have under consideration a broad plan for re-housing of the poor of this city. It is proposed to tear down whole blocks of houses in the poorer quarters and erect groups of model tenements where the poor will have an abundant supply of water and light and be given every modern sanitary advantage. Only by this plan, it is believed, can the present high death rate of 54 per thousand be reduced permanently. It is thought that the operation can be made financially profitable. The federal district government is actively pushing its sanitation campaign with satisfactory results.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 21.—Yesterday morning the river steamer Swan, bound for Augusta, went down 17 miles above Savannah. Capt. J. E. Carroll endeavored to find a shelving place to beach her, but could not do so in time and only her nose was run against the bank. She sank by the stern and there was great confusion aboard. The lights went out, which added to the disorder, and a number of the negro passengers and crew jumped overboard. One negro was drowned and three others supposedly drowned are missing.

It is not known how the steamer was sunk. She can probably be refloated, but the cargo, it is thought, will be a total loss. The passengers were brought back to Savannah at a late hour last night.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—Peter J. McGuire, one of the founders of the American Federation of Labor, and formerly secretary treasurer of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, died at his home in Camden, N. J., last night, after a long illness. He was 63 years of age.

ANOTHER MURDER MYSTERY IN N. Y.

Cab Tragedy Resembles Nan Patterson Case.

Actress Brought to Her Home In a Cab Dead With Her Skull Fractured—Accident Alleged.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—A murder mystery, with some features not unlike that of the famous Patterson case of two years ago, is engaging the attention of the police today.

As in the crime which cost Caesar Young his life, and Nan Patterson, an actress, more than a year of her liberty, a cab and a woman of the stage are the principal features in the mystery of today.

The woman, Guette Hart, was the victim, and the carriage, was the scene of her death. Several persons who are thought to know something of the manner in which the woman was killed, have disappeared.

The first intimation that a crime had been committed came to the police when a physician notified them that he had been called to the house at 261 West 85th street to attend a woman and found her dead. Her skull had been fractured.

Miss Hart has been appearing in "The Child Wife," at a theatre in this city, and her theatrical engagements were until May 6 next. The police were unable to learn where she was from the time she left the theatre last night until several hours later, when a cab stopped before the house where she roomed in West 85th street. Then, they say, two men took her from the cab and carried her into the house and a few minutes later the physician was called. He was told that a woman was ill. When he reached the room he found two women and three men at the bedside. Miss Hart was dead.

When a corner who was notified at once reached the room, none of the watchers remained. The body of the woman, with the head terribly battered, was lying undisturbed on the bed, and the walls along the stairway, up which it had been carried were smeared with blood. The police are now searching for the cab and for the two men who carried the woman's body to her room.

LATER. NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Later the police arrested Edward Murphy, a police master, who said that he was with Guette Hart last night and that he called the doctor.

That he went with Miss Hart and another actress, about midnight, last night, to the Little Savoy, a cafe and saloon at 267 West 85th street. They remained there drinking some time he said, Miss Hart taking only soft drinks. As she was leaving, Murphy said, she fell down a flight of stairs. She was unconscious when he reached her. He stated by writers he carried Miss Hart to a cab and took her to her room.

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MANY ATTEND FUNERAL OF FATHER BUTLER OF PARRSBORO, N.S.

(Special to the Sun.) PARRSBORO, N. S., Feb. 21.—The funeral of the late Father Butler took place this morning and was one of the largest ever seen here. Mass was celebrated by His Grace, Archbishop O'Brien and Rev. Father Mills of Amherst preached the sermon. The other clergymen in attendance were Dr. McCarthy of St. Mary's, Halifax; Dr. Walsh, Londonderry; Father Brown and Father Murphy, Halifax; Father Moriarty, Kentville; Father Young, Enfield; Father Kennedy, Truro; Father Doody, Springhill.

After the sermon Archbishop O'Brien delivered a short address and announced that for the present the parish would be placed in charge of Father Doody of Springhill, who would celebrate mass here every third Sunday. The funeral procession included the clergy, the local branch of the C. M. B. A. and the members of the Springhill branch, besides a large number of the townspeople of all denominations.

The pall-bearers were Hugh Gillespie, William Gavin, John E. Gulliferson, Patrick McLaughlin, Martin Walsh and Harry Gillespie. A special train took Archbishop O'Brien and the other clergy to Springhill Junction.

Old Folks Can't Stand Severe Purgatives

Which Destroy the Linings of the Intestines and Weaken the System.

In preparing his famous pills Dr. Hamilton was careful to make them mild. On this account they suit old people admirably. They act effectively, but very gently, in constipation they never fail; even the worst cases are cured promptly.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills stimulate the action of the bowels just sufficiently to establish good health. They flush out all poisonous matter and make the system clean. By toning up the liver and kidneys they make the blood rich and pure. Headaches stop, the complexion grows ruddy, appetite braces, "you get well, and stay well!"

No medicine brings such abundant good health as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Can you afford to put off using them any longer? At all dealers, 25c. per box, or five for \$1.00, or direct from Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn., U. S. A.

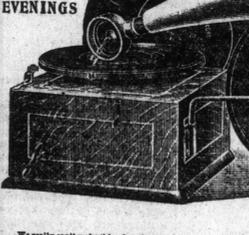
BOSTON, Feb. 20.—At a meeting of the steamship agents in this city at the Chamber of Commerce today, it was unanimously voted to increase the wages of longshoremen employed by the various companies. Last week the White Star and Leyland lines agreed to pay an increase of five cents per hour for handling bulk cargo and an increase of ten cents per hour for the men who worked from midnight until five o'clock in the morning. This increase in wages proved satisfactory to the Longshoremen's Union, and as a result representatives of all the other lines took similar action today.

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NOVA SCOTIAN NURSE IS SECRETLY WED

Marine Officer and Old Companion the Lucky Man—Marriage Took Place in Boston.

(Boston Herald.) Sweethearts during their school days, about 15 years ago in Canada, with an interval of 10 years when they did not hear from one another, finally met in Brookline quite by accident. Miss Margaret S. Bushing, a professional hospital nurse of Brookline, was secretly married the other day to Sinclair A. Corkum, an officer on a transatlantic steamship.

Friends of both as well as their relatives will be surprised to learn of their marriage, for it was the intention of the bride and groom to keep it a secret until the bride shall have finished her duties in the Brookline hospital, next June.

The marriage took place at the residence of the Rev. Charles Crane. They slipped quietly out of Brookline and unattended were made man and wife.

Mrs. Corkum returned to the hospital the next day the groom went aboard his ship to sail for Liverpool.

Mrs. Corkum and her husband are distant relatives and in a town in Nova Scotia they attended school together.

Another nurse replied that no such person as Mrs. Sinclair Corkum was at that institution. There was a Miss Bushing, and she soon appeared.

"You see," said Mrs. Corkum, "we wanted to avoid all the fuss incidental to a large wedding, and then I didn't want it known in the hospital until my year of training here expired. My husband was also particularly anxious to keep it a secret. We knew each other at home in Canada, but for ten years we heard nothing of each other until we met unexpectedly in Boston."

The age of the bride is given as 27 and that of the groom as 28.

SOUTHINGTON, Conn., Feb. 21.—Mrs. Sylvia Langdon Dunham, the second oldest person in this state, died today aged 105 years. Mrs. Dunham leaves two sons, one of whom is Rev. Samuel Dunham, Pastor Emeritus of the First Congregational church of Birmingham, N. Y. The oldest person in the state, Mrs. Debora Silliman of Easton, who is 106 years old, is seriously ill as the result of the shock caused by the death of her son, Charles F. Silliman, which occurred during a fire yesterday at his home in Easton. She is not expected to recover.

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