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for June
Weddings
The best of ROSES in profusion
Our Brides Bouquets are models of neatness and good taste artistically arranged.
If you want the best, order from us
THE HAY FLORAL & SEED CO.
BROCKVILLE - ONTARIO

The Athens Reporter

YOUR
Cheese
Factory
Blanks
Should be ordered from
The Athens Reporter

—AND—

COUNTY OF LEEDS ADVERTISER.

Vol. XX. No. 22

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Wednesday, June 8, 1904.

G. F. Donnelley, Publisher

Brockville's Greatest Store.

New White Blouses

There's individuality in the styles of our new white waists that you won't find in any other line. We have an immense range to select from—almost every conceivable idea is represented. Note these few lines.

- White Lawn Blouses with four in. tucks on each side—tucked back and fancy hdkf. collar 1.00
- White Lawn Blouses with three rows of tucks forming yoke on front, tucked back, one row of insertion round sleeve 1.25
- White Lawn Blouse, front trimmed with tucks and val. insertion, tucked back, self collar 1.35
- White Lawn Blouse, front trimmed with six 1 inch tucks and 3 rows of cambric insertion forming yoke and finished with medallions 1.65
- White Lawn Blouses with six tucks yoke length, broad tucks running around the front and three on each sleeve, one row fine insertion forming pleat down front and back 1.90

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Robt. Wright & Co.
IMPORTERS
BROCKVILLE - ONTARIO

AGENTS NOVI-MODI GARMENTS



TOWNSHIP COUNCIL

The Council of Yonge & Escott Rear met at the town hall, Athens, on Wednesday evening, 1st inst. Members all present, except Mr. Wiltsie.

James Fenlong was engaged at \$6.25 per day for himself, team and traction engine to work with stone crusher, and W. L. Steacy at \$2.50 per day as foreman.

Resignation of Henry L. Joynt as councillor was accepted and the clerk was ordered to take proceedings to fill the vacancy. Mr. Joynt was given an order for \$5.00 as salary to date.

Council adjourned until August 29th unless sooner called by the Reeve.

R. E. CORNELL, Clerk.

VILLAGE COUNCIL

Athens Village Council met as a Court of Revision of the assessment roll on Monday evening last. All the members of the council present. There were no regular appeals before the council, but the following changes and additions were made on the roll:—

Wm. Karley was struck off as tenant of Chas. Howe and put on as owner of lot 2, block 4, Elgin St.

Phil. Wiltsie, put on as tenant of Chas. Howe in place of Wm. Karley.

Mrs. Isabel Spencer, put on as tenant of Mrs. Addison.

Malvin Livingston, struck off as tenant of Mrs. Fred Hamlin and put on as owner of part 4, block E, Wellington St.

Bert Livingston, put on as M.F., Com. at M. Livingston's.

Edward Purcell, struck off as tenant of Mrs. M. A. Merrick and put on as owner of lots 9 and 10, block D, Henry St.

Mrs. McDonald, struck off as tenant of Mrs. E. T. Tennant, Mill St.

Morris Wiley, put on as tenant of 2nd flat, lot 1, Block C.

Wm. Cardiff, put on as tenant of Stephen King, part lot 13, con 8.

Geo. Churchill, struck off as tenant of Wm. Brown and put on as tenant of Mrs. M. A. Merrick, part lot 7, block B, Wiltsie St.

The council then went into regular session, and after reading and confirming the minutes, the changes as made by the Court of Revision were adopted and the assessment roll as amended was declared finally accepted and the clerk instructed to prepare the voters' list therefrom.

Mr. I. C. Alguire presented a lengthy report of his special audit of the books of J. H. McLaughlin, late treasurer of the public school board, and on motion the report was adopted and a copy of the same ordered to be forwarded to the public school board.

On motion, the reeve was instructed to insert a notice in the Athens Reporter and Brockville Times and Recorder asking for tenders for erection of new town hall.

Reeve reported that the tenders for stone and sand had been accepted by the parties tendering and that they would commence work on their tenders at once.

Rev. Mr. Day and Thos. Henderson appeared before the council in support of the petition re main sewer. The council took the matter into consideration and the committee appointed at last meeting reported progress and asked for a further time to fully consider the best plan to adopt to make the needed repairs.

B. LOVERIN, Village Clerk.

DEATH OF MRS. LOVERIN

Last week the Reporter stated that there was no hope of Mrs. Loverin's recovery, and this statement proved only too well founded, for on Thursday morning last her spirit passed quietly from earth away. From the time of the severe stroke of paralysis she sustained on the 28th ult., her periods of consciousness were brief, and she apparently suffered but little physical pain. During these periods she had the satisfaction of seeing at her bedside all those nearest and dearest to her, and many old friends, but was able to converse but little.

Deceased was a daughter of the late William Warner of Lawton, Mich., grand-daughter of the late James Olds of Canton, N. Y., formerly of Greenbush, and was born at Morristown, N. Y., on 28th June, 1842. On the 21st of March, 1861, she was married to Mr. Bethuel Loverin by the late Rev. Wm. Brown. She is survived by her husband and two children, Byron on the Loverin homestead at Greenbush, and Mrs. Geo. E. Judson, Athens, and by one sister, Mrs. W. H. Jones of Kalamazoo, Mich., and two brothers, Arthur B. of Augusta, Mich., and Wesley of Lawton, Mich.

For about fifteen years after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Loverin followed farming successfully at Greenbush and Addison; then they sold their farm property and removed to Athens where Mr. Loverin founded the Athens Reporter and where they have since resided.

A faithful wife and affectionate mother, Mrs. Loverin always made home duties a first consideration. She loved her home, and her ever-gentle presence and thoroughly unselfish, obliging nature made it such that seldom indeed an evening passed without some visitor crossing its threshold. By the young people, especially, she was highly esteemed, and to them in what ever part of the world they may be located the news of her death will be received with profound sorrow. Though she entertained extensively, Mrs. Loverin seldom left home, but she had nevertheless a wide circle of intimate friends who will join most heartily with the Reporter in offering condolences to the bereaved family.

The funeral service was conducted at the family residence on Saturday at 10.30 a.m., Rev. Mr. Daley of Lvn officiating. A large number of neighbors and friends assembled and heard the minister's impressive discourse, which both cheered and admonished.

Mrs. Loverin was an esteemed member of the Church Fund and Missionary Societies of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, and they joined in sending a handsome floral offering.

Interment was made in the cemetery at Elbe Mills, the pallbearers being Messrs. J. P. and C. L. Lamb, Wm. Jacob, Alex. Taylor, H. R. Knowlton, C. H. Smith.

\$10.00

Ten Dollar Suit

If you want to pay Ten Dollars for a suit, don't spend your money until you have seen our *Ten Dollar Suit*.

The coats are made the very latest cut, with the new padded square shoulders, made up in our own factory by best skilled tailors, of the very latest patterns and sizes.

WE ARE PROUD

to be able to offer such suits at Ten Dollars, and we believe you'll be proud to wear one. If you look at them you'll agree with us in thinking that they are the

Best Ten Dollar Suits ever offered

We also have suits from \$5.00 up.

The Globe Clothing House

Up-to-date Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers

BROCKVILLE - ONTARIO

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Get our figures for any work you require done. We can give you the Kincaid Metallic Shingle, a roof covering that has stood the test of time, at an attractive price.

Everything for the Dairy

We carry in stock and make to order everything required in the Dairy industry. High class material—reliable goods.

All Repairing entrusted to us carefully and promptly executed.

MORTON C. LEE

The Athens Hardware Store.



We keep constantly on hand full lines of the following goods:—Paints, Sherwin & Williams and all the best makes, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, Machine Oil, Rope (all sizes), Builders Hardware in endless variety, Blacksmith Supplies and Tools, Nails, Forks, Shovels, Drain Tile, and Drain Tools, Spades and Scoops, Iron Piping (all sizes) with couplings, Tinware, Agateware, Lamps and Lanterns, Chimneys, &c., Pressed Nickel Tea Kettles and Tea Pots, Fence Wire, (all grades), Building Paper, Guns and Ammunition, Shells for all Guns (loaded and unloaded), Shot and Powder, &c., &c.

Agents for the Dominion Express Company. The cheapest and best way to send money to parts of the world.

Give me a call when wanting anything in my line.

Wm. Karley,

Main St., Athens.

Here's an Advantage

On any day of the week, excepting Wednesday, a "rush" order for poster work, etc., reaching the Reporter office in the morning will be completed and returned on the evening train.

A SIN OF SOCIETY

In the course of his address to the Anglican Synod of Ontario, Bishop Mills, after dealing with the craze for speculation and gambling among men, said: "It is a pleasure-loving age and this gambling is largely for the purpose of providing means to secure ease and pleasure. This spirit holds in its clutches, not only men, but women, and so it comes to pass that in the large cities, the world over, fashionable women play, not only at night, but in the day time. The shutters of their windows are closed and the blinds drawn down, that they may not be disturbed, and to shut out God's sunshine. Artificial light is used so as to turn the day into night and cards are played the whole afternoon, not for amusement, or for prizes, merely, but for stakes, and large sums of money are sometimes gained and lost. Gambling has now become, not a failing of individuals merely, as it always was, but a sin of society. It is the breath of a plague, which is in the air, for it is not only the United States and Canada which are affected, but conservative Old England, as well, so that bishops and clergy are everywhere preaching against it as sapping the spiritual life of the people. A recent writer in England says that young girls now can talk of little else than bridge."

The country presents a most beautiful appearance, crops are coming up fast, and hay land give promise of an abundant yield. Farmers are hard at work getting in corn and potatoes.

Reporter—50c until end of year.

Notice

First-class wages will be paid to a first-class cook, also a second girl, at the Wardrobe House, Westport, Ont. Apply by letter or in person to

THE WARDROBE HOUSE,
161st. Westport, Ont.

Mr. W. G. CRADDOCK

Solo Organist, Pianist and Voice Instructor

Late of the following professional appointments: Organist of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Armagh, Ireland; Organist of Ulster Hall, Belfast; Pianist to Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, will instruct pupils in organ, piano, singing, harmony and counterpoint.

Pupils prepared for musical examinations and Dominion College of Music, Montreal.

REXALL HOUSE-HOLD DYES

These Dyes will dye Wool, Cotton, Silk, Jute or Mixed Goods in one bath—they are the latest and most improved dyes in the world. Try a package. All colors as J. P. Lamb & Son's Drug Store.

FURNITURE

Just Received

A lot of new up-to-date furniture, including

- Combination Desk and Book case
- Sideboards
- Dining Chairs
- Hallracks
- Bedroom Suites
- Fancy Rockers
- Ladies' Desks

We can give you excellent value in furniture for every part of your home, and invite you to come and see our display.

Picture Mouldings—a large stock of the latest colorings and designs.

T. G. Stevens

UNDERTAKING

SPRING - 1904

When you are thinking of your Spring Suit or Overcoat, it will pay you to see my goods before purchasing elsewhere.

We have the very newest patterns, combined with the latest English and American styles, and we guarantee a perfect fit.

If you cannot visit our store, write for a measurement form and sampler, and if we do not give you a fit, equal to anything you have ever had, and better than a great many, we will refund your money.

The Star Wardrobe

M. J. Kehoe

CENTRAL BLOCK - BROCKVILLE

TALK

it all over and do a little

FIGURING

And you will buy your Harness and Horse-furnishings from Brockville's leading harness store.

Our harness are all made by us. Good leather, good workmen, reasonable prices, largest assortment.

CHAS. R. RUDD & Co.

BROCKVILLE

Manager Wanted

Trustworthy lady or gentleman to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well and favorably known house of solid financial standing. \$20.00 strat cash salary and expenses paid each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Expense money advanced. Position permanent. Address Manager, 210 Come Block, Chicago, Ill. 11-22

Notice

First-class wages will be paid to a first-class cook, also a second girl, at the Wardrobe House, Westport, Ont. Apply by letter or in person to

THE WARDROBE HOUSE,
161st. Westport, Ont.

THIS ORIGINAL DOCUMENT IS IN VERY POOR CONDITION

RECIPES.

Fruit Rhubarb Pie.

Take three heaping cups of chopped rhubarb, one of chopped and seeded raisins, and three Boston crackers, powdered. Mix and add two-thirds of a cup of sugar, a teaspoonful of butter, spice and salt to taste. This amount will make three pies. Bake in two crusts. This is a favorite with all lovers of rhubarb.

Rhubarb Pudding.

Butter a pudding dish thickly and sprinkle with bread crumbs. Line the dish with rhubarb. Peel and cut rhubarb in small pieces and put a layer on the crumbs, then a good allowance of sugar. Alternate until your dish is filled, having the top layer crumbs.

German Kaffeebrot.

One cup light bread sponge, one-half cup sugar, one-fourth cup warm sweet milk, one egg, a little salt. Mix down with flour not quite so hard as for bread, put in a warm place and let rise overnight. In the morning roll out flat, put in a dipper, cover the top with melted butter, sprinkle with sugar and cinnamon. Let rise and bake. What to Eat.

Date Sandwiches.

One half-cup dates and half-cup English nuts, chopped fine and mixed with half-cup cream. Spread entire wheat bread with butter, then with dates, and put half an English walnut meat, dipped in white of an egg, on top of each sandwich.

Tomato Sauce.

Put one pint of tomatoes into a saucepan, with a slice of onion. Cook five minutes, then strain. Put one tablespoonful of flour, then strain. Put one teaspoonful of flour, when smooth add the tomatoes, stir until thick, and season with salt and pepper to taste.

Chocolate Farina.

utes, then strain. Put one tablespoonful of farina, four tablespoonfuls of sugar, three eggs, two ounces of chocolate, one teaspoonful of vanilla. Put the milk in a double boiler; when hot sprinkle in the farina. Cook slowly for ten minutes. Add the melted chocolate to the milk of the eggs and the sugar, and then to the hot milk; stir for a moment, take from the fire and fold in the well-beaten whites. Turn at once into a pudding dish; stand in a pan partly filled with hot water. Bake in a moderate oven over 25-30 minutes. Serve at once. Plain or with vanilla sauce.

Flakes.

Three egg yolks, beaten, one-fourth teaspoon salt, one-half teaspoon cinnamon, flour. Make thick enough with flour to roll very thin. Cut in long, narrow strips; fry in hot fat; when done dust with powdered sugar.—Miss Lane.

Pieplant Dessert.

Trim off the crust of stale bread, cut it in fingers two-thirds of an inch thick, dip each piece in melted butter and line the bottom and sides of small buttered molds. Fill the centre with stewed and sweetened rhubarb and cover the top with buttered fingers. Bake in moderate oven over 30 minutes and serve with whipped cream.

Pudding Sauce.

One pound of sugar, four ounces of butter, one-half cup of water; boil, flavoured with cinnamon or vanilla, and just before serving stir in the stiffly-beaten whites of two or three eggs.

WORST OF OCEAN PERILS.

Icebergs Are a Great Menace to North Atlantic Vessels.

The perils most dreaded by navigators of the North Atlantic Ocean are the icebergs that, released from their arctic moorings, float southward until the warm rays of tropical suns dissolve them into their first element. These gigantic masses of ice are found in the north Atlantic, east of Newfoundland, and the whole year round. They are most numerous in the spring, when they are carried south over the Grand Banks in the midst of the melting frozen fields, which are torn from their arctic home and sent careering across the wide waste of waters from Greenland to Labrador.

Last season's icebergs were unusually numerous on the Grand Banks and nearly a score of ships were damaged by striking against the crystal islands, while the frosty apparitions of others, wreathed in fogs, were carried by every steamer traversing these waters.

A blustering winter with fierce and persistent gales, the worst for ten years, carried the banks to drift south, in the grip of the polar current, and hundreds of them of every shape and size scattered or in fleets were carried across the sea.

When the ordinary peril is multiplied by the fogs that defy the keenest vision, and the presence of a squat berg may not be known until the fore part of the vessel is in it. Even in summer, when the calm seas and clear horizons make their detection easy and their evasion simple, a curtain of fog may descend and blot out sea and sky, so that the utmost caution is needed to avoid disastrous contact with them.

Some of the steamship lines plying between England and Canada have abandoned the Belle Isle route altogether, because icebergs are so numerous there, and they now utilize the less perilous but sufficiently risky route round Cape Race.

one off Ungava, which was nine miles long and 270 feet high. The British whaler Chesapeake last year found seventy-eight in White bay, and one of these was 418 feet high. As a berg shows only one-eighth of its bulk above the surface, their depth may be imagined. The surveying ship Goldfinch had to quit work on the Grand Banks in August, 1903, owing to the scores of bergs that infested that area, and several of the Montreal liners plying via Belle Isle Strait had their bows stove in by colliding with pinnacled masses or stunted ones.

Earlier in the year the ocean steamships running to and from New York had to divert from their regular route because a big liner almost impaled herself on one.

There are few more impressive pictures on a fine and clear day than an iceberg, for it can be described as a long distance off, and the sun's rays, playing upon it, make it a spectacle of sublime grandeur.

At such times a berg is a scene that none will miss, and even the most casual passengers will crawl on deck when it is reported that there is one in sight. Off the Grand Banks sometimes the vistas of bergs are striking in their effect.

The passengers on a liner were treated to the spectacle of eleven bergs, some over 200 feet high, in sight at the same time in May last, while from the cross-trees the officers could see about fifteen miles away, the glittering towers of several mammoth floating castles.

But nothing more dangerous could be imagined than the presence of one of those chaotic formations looming up through the fog. Look-outs are then doubled and officers exercise increased caution when the curtain of mist descends over the sea.

Liners now signal by wireless or whistle the location of bergs which beset their pathway. If they are near or invade the travel route the cautious commander will sacrifice a few hours by keeping south a point or two so as to avoid danger.

FACTS ABOUT THE BANANA.

When Ripened on the Plant it is Not Suitable for Food.

There is a vast amount of ignorance prevailing among intelligent people of the north concerning the growth, production and marketing of bananas. Many people imagine that the natives in tropical climes step out of their huts in the early morning and pluck and eat bananas fresh from the plant the same as they would oranges and other fruits. Bananas ripened on the plant are not suitable for food and would be very much the same as the pith which is found in the northern cornstalk or elder.

Bananas sold in the United States, even after travelling 3,000 miles in a green state, are every bit as good as bananas ripened under a tropical sun. This is probably true of no other export fruit. The plant of which bananas is the fruit is not a tree nor is it a bush or vine. It is simply a gigantic plant, growing to a height of from fifteen to twenty feet. About eighteen feet from the ground the weight of the stem causes the stalk to slowly bend over until the bunch of bananas first nearly reaches the ground, then the bunch is cut off with the ever-ready hand of the carrier and carried to the railroad for shipment. The plant at the same time is cut close to the ground. The banana is a very prolific producer of itself and at every clearing of the land it is necessary to cut down many of the young plants or "suckers," as they are termed, in order that they may not become overcrowded to a certain limit; the fewer suckers on a given area the larger the fruit they will produce.

A word of explanation concerning some banana terms. Each banana is called a "finger" and each of these little clusters of fingers surrounding a stalk, is called a "hand"; the quality and value of each bunch depend upon the number of hands it has. Some may wonder how the fruit is cut from the top of a plant fifteen feet from the ground. The native laborers cut the stalk part way up its height, the weight of the fruit causes the stalk to slowly bend over until the bunch of bananas first nearly reaches the ground, then the bunch is cut off with the ever-ready hand of the carrier and carried to the railroad for shipment. The plant at the same time is cut close to the ground. The banana is a very prolific producer of itself and at every clearing of the land it is necessary to cut down many of the young plants or "suckers," as they are termed, in order that they may not become overcrowded to a certain limit; the fewer suckers on a given area the larger the fruit they will produce.

Ask for Minard's and take no other. Tricks of Young Russians to Avoid Service.

"The life of a Russian soldier," said the sage, "is desperately hard, and owing to the compulsory service laws there are all sorts of attempts made by the simple minded peasant to avoid the quicker witted recruit officer. At a station in eastern Russia, for instance, a conscript recently pleaded deafness, and so wouldn't answer any of the questions put to him.

"You can go home," said the surgeon at last, in a very low tone. "The fellow jumped for the door, and so was caught.

Near Moscow a Hercules said that the index and middle fingers of his right hand were joined together and could not be separated. They didn't look it, but the surgeon's strength was not great enough to separate them, and at last the examiner said:

"How were your fingers before you had this accident?" "They were this way," said Hercules—and to the surprise of every one, he illustrated by opening his fingers as easily as anybody else.—Philadelphia Press.

Over a Dog's Grave. (London Daily News.) On a tombstone at the head of a grave in one of the dog cemeteries in Paris is this inscription to the memory of a brave St. Bernard: "He saved the lives of forty persons and was killed by the fortyfirst."

JUST SEEMED TO SUIT HIS CASE

Welland Merchant Restored to Health by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Doctors and Medicines Failed—Dodd's Kidney Pills Succeeded—Other Cases they just seem to Suit.

Welland, Ont., May 30.—(Special.)—J. J. Yokom, a prominent merchant of this city, is telling his friends of a remarkable cure of a terrible Kidney Disease by Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Yokom's statement is as follows:

"For more than a year I had been ailing with Kidney Trouble in all its worst symptoms. I had a distressed feeling in my head, little or no appetite and a feeling of languor. I became greatly reduced in weight.

"Doctors and medicines failing to give me any benefit I became despondent, when, by good luck I chanced to try Dodd's Kidney Pills and from the first they seemed to suit my case. After taking five boxes the old trouble had gradually disappeared and I was feeling better than I had in many years."

Dodd's Kidney Pills suit the case of every man, woman or child who has any form of Kidney Disease. They always cure and cure permanently.

HOW NOT TO HURRY. If we want to get the habit of hurrying out of our brains we must cut ourselves out, patiently and kindly, from the atmosphere of hurry about us.

The habit gets so strong a hold on the nerves, and is impressed upon them so forcibly as a steady tendency, that it can be detected by a close observer in the full belief that he is resting. It shows itself especially in the breathing. A wise athlete has said that our normal breathing should consist of six breaths to one minute.

When we are in a hurry, the rate of breathing, the slower it will surprise him. Six breaths to one minute seem to make the breathing unnecessarily slow, and just double that seems about the right number for ordinary people; and the habit of breathing at this slower rate is a great help, from a physical standpoint, toward erasing the tendency to hurry.—Annie Payson Call, in Leslie's Monthly for June.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House. SOME PROVERBS OF THE JAPANESE.

The man who knows Japan was speaking the other evening of its proverbs. "We all know," he said, "the proverb about 'more haste, less speed,' but the Japs put it: 'If in a hurry, go round.' We say, very crudely, that 'accidents will happen in the best regulated families,' but the Japanese, with a view to making the phrase more picturesque, say: 'Even a monkey sometimes falls from a tree.' The saying about 'edged tools and cut fingers, the people of the Flowering Kingdom vary their own ways with their own; while our 'oil and water won't mix' they know as 'you can't rivet a nail in a custard.' Where we say 'out of evil good may come,' they say 'the lotus springs from the mud.' Mr. Hartington's attempt is in Japan scattering fog with a fan, 'building bridges to the clouds' or 'dipping up the ocean with a shell.' And when the person making such an attempt has failed the Japanese say that, after a while, 'Philadelphians are art galleries.'"

CONDITION OF RUSSIA'S POOR. To-day Russia's 140,000,000 and more of people are comparatively secure and content under despotism. Why? Because while they are illiterate, ignorant, degraded, as a rule they have enough to eat and drink. They are superstitious, but religious superstition is not sufficient to make millions of people to submit to a government that engenders starvation through taxation. Russia's rulers have been shrewd; they have not tried to make their ignorant, illiterate people intelligent, but they have been careful so to govern that the people would not rebel, yelling: "Bread or blood!" Nobody becomes a Nihilist in Russia save an educated man, who is a political enthusiast or is a member of the nobility who has become through disappointed official ambition in the army or navy or civil service, a bitter, vindictive malcontent.—Portland Oregonian.

A STRANGE ENTERTAINMENT. Mme. Tallyrand in her early youth was married to an officer of the Dutch East Indies who was filled with the choicest of exotics with Sir Philip Francis, who is supposed to have written those famous letters of Junius. She came back to her native France and married Tallyrand, the most astute and brilliant man of a singularly brilliant epoch. As his wife she one day entertained at dinner her ex-husband, her ex-lover, the lawyer who defended her, the lawyer who prosecuted her and the judge who pronounced the decree of divorce.

THE VIOLETS OF THE RIVIERA. The violets of the Riviera are known all over Europe by their winter flowers, forming the object of a great industry, of which export, scent and preserve-making are branches. They are grown by millions in full sunlight, or in the light shade of the olive trees upon the hillsides, and their lavish profusion in March and April exceeds anything seen from the north, the spring being long and genial enough to induce full vigor. The effect of these carpets of violets, seen in southern gardens, is only equalled by that of the bluebells to be found in English woods during May.

Intimidating the Parent. (Butte Inter-Mountain.) Miss Suburbs—How did you secure papa's consent. Johnny Wisk—Threatened to elope with the cook if he refused.

GREATEST OF THE PORTS.

New York Presses London Very Closely for the Honor of First Place.

The recent report by the Antwerp bureau of statistics on foreign tonnage entered at the principal ports of the world having proved to be incomplete, and the United States misleading, the department of commerce and labor has issued a corrected statement on the same subject. It may be accepted as showing the tonnage (coastwise trade not included) entered at the larger ports of the world—ports having a tonnage of 1,000,000 tons—during the year 1902, with the exception of the United States ports, the figures of which are for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1903. The figures for the United States and Great Britain are taken from the official publication of both countries, while the figures for the remainder are taken from the annual reports of the United States consuls for 1903, but covering tonnage figures for 1902:

Table with 2 columns: Port, Tons. 1. London 1,017,023. 2. New York 903,906. 3. Hamburg 869,000. 4. Antwerp 842,127. 5. Hong Kong 823,591. 6. Liverpool 684,200. 7. Rotterdam 656,473. 8. Marseilles 619,829. 9. Genoa 5,966,012. 10. Shanghai 4,726,411. 11. Cardiff 4,088,088. 12. Cape Town 4,245,602. 13. Yokohama 3,615,046. 14. Lisbon 3,412,051. 15. Buenos Ayres 3,303,943. 16. Copenhagen 3,111,412. 17. Havana 3,101,115. 18. Algiers 3,055,133. 19. Havre 3,016,591. 20. Bremen 2,984,410. 21. Boston 2,978,913.

The figures for Philadelphia are 1,993,422, for New Orleans, 1,561,898, for Baltimore, 1,416,529, and for San Francisco, 1,016,284.

I believe MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure every case of Diphtheria. Riverdale. Mrs. Reuben Baker.

I believe MINARD'S LINIMENT will produce growth of hair. Mrs. Charles Anderson.

I believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best household remedy on earth. Obit City, Ont. Matthias Foley.

CROCKETT GATHERING MATERIAL. In gathering the material for a recent book, S. R. Crockett lived for nearly three months with a family of smugglers on the eastern Pyrenean frontier; he spent a week in a camp of Carlists, and with them ran away from the gendarmes; he passed three nights with a hermit, who dwelt among the rocks at the upper end of the Valley of the Arizans, in a fortnight among charcoal burners he discovered that they were mostly ex-brigands, and "not so very much 'ex' either," as Mr. Crockett says.

La grippe, pneumonia, and influenza often leave a nasty cough. It is a dangerous thing to neglect. Cure it with Shiloh's Consumption Cure. The Lung Tonic.

The cure that is guaranteed by your druggist. S. C. WELLS & Co., 309 E. 5c. 5c. 5c. LeRoy, N.Y., Toronto, Can.

CONDITION OF RUSSIA'S POOR. To-day Russia's 140,000,000 and more of people are comparatively secure and content under despotism. Why? Because while they are illiterate, ignorant, degraded, as a rule they have enough to eat and drink. They are superstitious, but religious superstition is not sufficient to make millions of people to submit to a government that engenders starvation through taxation. Russia's rulers have been shrewd; they have not tried to make their ignorant, illiterate people intelligent, but they have been careful so to govern that the people would not rebel, yelling: "Bread or blood!" Nobody becomes a Nihilist in Russia save an educated man, who is a political enthusiast or is a member of the nobility who has become through disappointed official ambition in the army or navy or civil service, a bitter, vindictive malcontent.—Portland Oregonian.

A STRANGE ENTERTAINMENT. Mme. Tallyrand in her early youth was married to an officer of the Dutch East Indies who was filled with the choicest of exotics with Sir Philip Francis, who is supposed to have written those famous letters of Junius. She came back to her native France and married Tallyrand, the most astute and brilliant man of a singularly brilliant epoch. As his wife she one day entertained at dinner her ex-husband, her ex-lover, the lawyer who defended her, the lawyer who prosecuted her and the judge who pronounced the decree of divorce.

THE VIOLETS OF THE RIVIERA. The violets of the Riviera are known all over Europe by their winter flowers, forming the object of a great industry, of which export, scent and preserve-making are branches. They are grown by millions in full sunlight, or in the light shade of the olive trees upon the hillsides, and their lavish profusion in March and April exceeds anything seen from the north, the spring being long and genial enough to induce full vigor. The effect of these carpets of violets, seen in southern gardens, is only equalled by that of the bluebells to be found in English woods during May.

Intimidating the Parent. (Butte Inter-Mountain.) Miss Suburbs—How did you secure papa's consent. Johnny Wisk—Threatened to elope with the cook if he refused.

OUR FAMOUS "B" "G."

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ISSUE NO. 24 1904.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for Children's Teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, cures whooping cough and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea.

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COSSACKS CUT JAPANESE SQUADRON TO PIECES.

Cutthroats Ran Dainty Before Japs Arrived.

Russians May Destroy Port Arthur Themselves.

Harbin to be Fortified With Heavy Siege Guns.

Liao Yang cable: The Japanese lost 200 killed and a number of horses killed in the fight at Vagenfuchu. The Russians opened fire at eight in the morning, and after two hours and a half long-range fire, the Japanese under Gen. Akkima prepared to charge and finish the force which had been harassing them for twenty-one days. In the meantime Gen. Samsonoff was approaching Vagenfuchu with a force of cavalry. It was a sight worth seeing when at the word of command the Russian squadrons formed and rushed like a whirlwind across the terribly cut-up country, clearing away all obstacles, the batteries at the same time trotting along the frightful roads.

Having passed the railroad station the troops came under the fire of the Japanese machine guns, but withdrew without suffering much loss. The fourth and sixth companies of the 8th Siberian Cossacks furiously charged the Japanese cavalry with lances, attacking both flanks. In a few minutes they literally cut the whole squadron into pieces. This was the first time lances were used, and they struck terror into the enemy. In some cases the lances pierced the riders through and wounded their horses. Some of the bodies were not withdrawn from the bodies into which they had entered.

The Japanese infantry, numbering four battalions of 300 men to a company, and eight squadrons of cavalry attempted to advance, but the Russian batteries opened, and soon the slope up which the enemy was advancing was covered with black spots, and the enemy was forced to scatter and retire. Some of the Japanese cavalry were wonderfully dashing, charging with shouts upon the Russians, who met and scattered them.

A Cossack, who lost his lance and sword, wrenched a sword from a Japanese officer and cut off the officer's head. The Cossacks picked up boots which had been taken off by the Japanese in order to facilitate their flight, and flourished them on their lances as trophies.

The Japanese used the Boer trick of displaying dummies, but the Cossacks did not waste a shot on them. Gen. Samsonoff highly praised the practice of the Russian gunners.

A Russian, who was wounded in the fight near the station at Vagenfuchu says Gen. Samsonoff attacked the Japanese near the railroad, a mile from Vagenfuchu station. A cornet of the Frontier Guards was the hero of the fight. His sergeant was lying wounded, and a Japanese officer was about to ride over him when the cornet unhorsed the Japanese, mounted the latter's horse, and placed the wounded man on his own charger. The Japanese cavalry engaged with the 13th Regiment. Their horses were splendid animals.

RUSSIAN LOSSES FORTY.
Desperate Hand-to-Hand Encounter Destructive to the Japs.

St. Petersburg cable: Gen. Sakharoff has telegraphed as follows, under today's date, to the general staff: "According to reports from the Japanese commander in the action of May 30, near Vanafargow, had three battalions of infantry in reserve. Our losses were 77 men killed and 23 wounded, and Lieut. Meyer and another officer, whose names has not been ascertained, were killed. The Japanese losses were very considerable. One squadron of the Thirteenth Japanese Cavalry was annihilated in a hand-to-hand encounter, and another squadron which came to its assistance suffered great losses from the fire of our frontier guards and riflemen. We captured 19 horses."

NO BIG BATTLE.
Reports of Kouropatkin's Defeat Not Correct.

London cable: Rumors were current yesterday of a severe defeat of Gen. Kouropatkin, the despatch stating that whole squadrons of Cossacks and many guns had been captured, and great quantities of stores and ammunition had fallen into the hands of the Japanese.

The story is clearly an exaggeration of the four days' skirmish, which ended at Saimatsai on Monday. Both this and the Wafenkau fight, in the northern part of the Liao-Tung Promontory, were on a larger scale than the recent smaller affairs, but so far as can be ascertained neither was of great consequence. The Japanese versions of the fighting have not arrived.

Baron Hayashi said: "I believe Russia to be in a serious dilemma. She has not enough men in the field to cope with our various points of attack. If she brings the reinforcements that Gen. Kouropatkin so much needs she cannot feed them. "I do not credit the rumor in Rome of Gen. Kouropatkin's defeat, although during the next few days news of a battle may come at any moment. It seems evident that Gen. Kouropatkin intends to fight at Liao-Yang. I believe he has decided to do this, not so much from a

have a strong force of troops and be likely to harass the Japanese outposts. As regards the operations north of Feng Wang Cheng, the Cossacks have retired from Saimatsai with the additional loss of two officers and seven men wounded. Saimatsai is now held by a strong Japanese garrison.

St. Petersburg cable: The following despatch from Viceroy Alexieff to the Emperor, dated May 31, has been received: "Rear-Admirals Wittseoff and Grigorchik report that up to May 28 numerous Japanese mines had been discovered and exploded in the roadstead of Port Arthur. The Japanese evidently have replaced the mines which they formerly used by mines sown by merchant steamers in their service."

The Emperor has received the following despatch from Gen. Kouropatkin, dated May 31: "All is quiet in the direction of Feng Wang Cheng. Siuyen has not been occupied by Japanese detachments."

"The Japanese were observed retiring from Sedzyko and Saittsaiputoo Valleys in an easterly direction. The Japanese were observed to have replaced the mines which they formerly used by mines sown by merchant steamers in their service."

"On May 30, two companies of Japanese infantry and thirty dragoons advanced along the Tikushan road toward Onalassa, for the purpose of turning the left flank of our outposts. Our scouts discovered the movement and a fring ensued, in the course of which one Cossack was wounded and one horse was killed."

"The Japanese detachment, which our cavalry successfully engaged May 30, is now stationed four versts from Vafengow, fortifying its position."

"There has been no further Japanese advance from Saimatsai towards Feng-chouling Pass, on the Liao Yang Road."

JAPS ON THE WATCH.
Coal Laden Norwegian Vessels Bound for Port Arthur.

Tokio cable: It is stated that a Japanese warship is watching three Norwegian vessels, laden with coal, and bound for Port Arthur, which are now at Woussing, China. They will all be captured if they attempt to enter Port Arthur.

The aged Japanese men and the women and children at Gensan are leaving owing to the renewed incursion of Russians in northeastern Corea, where at present the situation is regarded as serious. It is stated that the Russians there are suffering from lack of food, their horses being exhausted, the country, whose people are starving.

The economic situation in Japan does not seem as yet to be seriously affected by the war. Industries and commerce are proceeding as usual. The provisional application already made for the new war loan, the subscriptions for which will be opened on June 10.

AFFAIRS AT DALNY.
The Damage to the Town Was Inconsiderable.

London cable: A despatch to the Times from Chefoo says it will take the Japanese some little time to make Dalny and Talienvan practicable as a base because the San-Shantao Islands had been connected very skilfully with the mainland by both observation and blockade works, which zig-zag over a large field but the demolition of the Russian works ashore was insignificant, and the rolling stock captured, together with four locomotives taken at Pulandien, will give the nucleus of railway communication, which will be available as soon as the reconstruction of the line is complete. Large quantities of railway plant have been arriving from Japan for some time past.

There is no information yet regarding the fate of the Russian gunboat and four transports known to have been in Talienvan Bay. The gunboat, the Bobr, joined in the fight of May 28, doing considerable damage to the left of the Japanese advance by the cross-fire of its 9-inch and 6-inch guns. Its presence in the bay is explained as follows: It was sent with two torpedo boats to cover the mine laying operations of the torpedo transport Amur at the approaches of Port Arthur, but owing to the intervention of the Japanese blockading squadron it was forced to take refuge in Talienvan Bay. It is just possible that it slipped away on the night of May 28.

As soon as the bay is practicable a Japanese siege train will land, and it may be presumed that then the second army corps will quietly invest Port Arthur while the third corps and a specially organized flying column will co-operate with the first corps in an advance on Mukden.

The correspondent says regarding the damage at Dalny that it was thirty hours after the fight before the Japanese were in a position to occupy the town. During the interval anarchy prevailed. Such European non-combatants as were able to get passages fled in junks to Chefoo. The local Chinese officials allowed the junks, which contained about 200 cut-throats, to be forced, and until the Japanese arrived and restored order the jail birds had the free run of the town.

Based on Gossip.
London cable: The only references to the operation against Port Arthur come from Chefoo, and are all apparently based on the gossip of refugees from Dalny. It is noteworthy that the Port Arthur despatches sent to Admiral Alexieff on May 28 do not mention Kinchau. The story that Gen. Kouropatkin is moving a force southward again crops up with no more solid basis, however, than before.

The reports from St. Petersburg, concur in stating that while the masses in Russia receive the news of reverses indifferently or stoically, the higher classes are very uneasy, and Gen. Kouropatkin's supposed inactivity is the subject of much impatient criticism. He has, however, plenty of defenders, whose faith in him is unshaken.

STILL SCREENING OKU.
Alexieff and Kouropatkin Send Despatches to the Czar.

A St. Petersburg cable: The War Office has received reports showing that the Japanese are falling back from Siuyen, southwest of Feng Wang Cheng, and in the meantime advancing on Saimatsai, almost due north of Feng Wang Cheng. Both movements are taken to indicate the continued desire of the Japanese to screen the operations before Port Arthur. There is not the slightest foundation for the report that the Russians will abandon their positions east of Hai Cheng. Gen. Samsonoff, who is operating south of Kaichow, is understood to

have a strong force of troops and be likely to harass the Japanese outposts. As regards the operations north of Feng Wang Cheng, the Cossacks have retired from Saimatsai with the additional loss of two officers and seven men wounded. Saimatsai is now held by a strong Japanese garrison.

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at Kinchau, with a staff from the Artillery School at Uraga. Quantities of heavy ammunition are being landed. A naval detachment has landed and gone to Nanshan Hill. An engineer battalion is waiting to disembark with loads of sapping material. This battalion has a balloon section, which will be used in directing the artillery preparations for the assault.

The garrison at Port Arthur is on half rations five days weekly.

London cable: The occupation of Dalny by the Japanese is the only really important war news. Nothing that is authentic can be reported regarding the operations against Port Arthur. The Shanghai correspondent of the Standard reports that the Russians have retreated beyond Chenkoehpau. It is believed that the resources of the garrison are severely taxed by the influx of the troops wounded in the recent fighting, but none of the stories from Chinese sources demand much credence.

There are no further indications of a southward movement by the Russian army. One of the correspondents who reported the movement yesterday says that its southward advance has been checked by the Japanese cavalry occupying the main roads. Japanese cavalry is reported to have been moving to the westward for days. There is severe skirmishing daily, and the casualties are often numerous.

It is stated that the Japanese have drawn a strong screen across the northern part of the Liao-Tung promontory to prevent the port Adams, while their transports continue to land and more troops between that line and Port Arthur.

The reports of the movements of Gen. Kuroki, commanding the first Japanese army, continue to be conflicting, but so far as can be judged it is true, as has been previously stated, that he does not intend to advance in strength until the operations against Port Arthur are successful, or at least more developed.

A story that the Japanese have occupied the Motienling mountains is doubtful. The Standard's correspondent with the Japanese headquarters refers incidentally to Motien Pass as likely to be held for a time, although it cannot altogether prevent the Japanese advance, as the pass can be turned on either flank. He says there are no Russians within 15 miles of Feng-Wang-Cheng or eastward of the Yang River, which is 30 miles toward Siuyen.

Gossip is also busy with the Russian Baltic fleet. It is asserted that it will sail soon, but the numerous rumored dates for its departure are not worth attention. It is stated that the line steamers recently purchased by Russia have been mounted, and that guns have been arranged on them.

NO SIGN OF ADVANCE.
Times' Correspondent States Kuroki's Army is Stationary.

London cable: The correspondent of the Times with the first Japanese army, which is commanded by Gen. Kuroki, says there is no sign of any movement by that army. Chinese state that there are no indications of the Russians advancing in force south of Liao-Yang. It is stated that the Japanese will not advance before Liao-Yang is reached, as all the positions on the Pekin road, including the Motienling Pass, can be easily outflanked on either side.

According to the Times' correspondent on the despatch from Hainan, the Russian fleet, to which the Japanese defeated at Kinchau retired is a dozen miles north of Port Arthur. Its defenses are reported to be not very serviceable, the trend of the hills being at right angles to the Japanese advance. The Russian position was magnificent except for its exposure to attack from the seaboard. The second position has little to recommend it, and as soon as Gen. Oku is ready to assume the advance, the Russian fleet must fall back to their final defenses at Port Arthur. The correspondent says he hears that there is nothing in front of Gen. Kuroki, but the Russians in some force, with artillery, have been forcing his right, and rear, and his communications through out May. The Russian force is variously estimated. One thousand five hundred Russians marched south by the Vladivostok-Gensan road. It is understood that a Japanese divisional general, with a detachment of communication guards, is now dealing with this incursion.

KOUROPATKIN CONFIDENT.
Satisfied That Port Arthur Will Hold Out for a Year.

London cable: The Moscow correspondent of the Daily News says that Gen. Kouropatkin, the Russian commander-in-chief in the Far East, has written a letter to his mother, in which he expresses optimistic views regarding the position as it was three weeks ago. He said that the Japanese would occupy the whole of the Kwantung peninsula, including Dalny, as far as the fortifications of Port Arthur, but he was confident that the fortress would hold out for a year if necessary. In the meantime he would not abandon Liao Yang, as he would Dalny. He was receiving large reinforcements, and estimated that he would have 400,000 men at the end of July. He was convinced that with this force he could break up the Japanese concentration and relieve Port Arthur.

Doesn't Mind Talk.
Paris cable: The correspondent in St. Petersburg of the Echo de Paris says: "A friend of Gen. Kouropatkin's tells me that before his departure the General said: 'The first month it will be a quiet inactive; the second I am incapable, and the third that I am a traitor, because we will be repulsed and beaten, although that will not seriously affect the result of operations. I shall let people talk, firmly before July when I shall have the overwhelming masses I need!'"

PRICES AT PORT ARTHUR.
Situation of the Besieged Garrison Desperate.

London cable: A despatch to the Daily Mail from New-Chwang says that six Chinese who have arrived here from Port Arthur state that they escaped on the night of May 24, travelling on foot. They declare that the situation of those in the beleaguered town is desperate. Famine prices prevail, and the cost of provisions increases weekly

NINE YEARS AND A HALF FOR STEALING 30 CENTS.

The Remains of a Family of Four Found Cremated in the Ruins of Their House.

Arrest of a Receiver of Stolen Goods From a Gang Who Stole From Railway Cars Nearly \$1,000,000 Worth.

New York, June 6.—Recorder Goff has sentenced John Crane and Arthur Nagle to nine years and six months in prison for stealing thirty cents. The men are ex-convicts, it is said, and were found guilty of holding up a woman in Thirty-third street. The fact that her purse, which they snatched, was almost empty, did not lessen their crime in the eyes of the court.

Stood In With Pals.
Chicago, June 6.—In the arrest of Michael Donovan, the police believe they have begun the disruption of an organized band of car thieves whose depredations in recent years have cost the railroads nearly \$1,000,000. The policeman's wife told them her husband, who is considered wealthy by his neighbors, was selling only stolen goods in a big store, which he had been operating for a number of years.

When Donovan was arrested the police say that he confessed to having received stolen goods from the car thieves during the last fifteen years.

New Steel Process.
New York, June 6.—Steel and iron men throughout the world will be interested to learn, according to the Herald, that James Gayley, vice-president of the U. S. Steel Corporation, after a long series of experiments, has practically perfected a new process for making steel which he believes will greatly reduce the cost of manufacture. The recently invented process is a modification of the Bessemer process, which revolutionized the iron and steel industry. The process will be applied in the manufacture of pig iron as well as steel.

Affairs at Tangier.
Tangier, Morocco, June 6.—The Italian third-class cruiser Dogali arrived here this morning. A delegation of chiefs of the Angerra tribe has left here to make

many of the foreign inhabitants have been reduced to eating Chinese food. Even that is dear. Whole streets and several public buildings have been wrecked by Japanese shells. There is fighting at the hospitals, which are packed with sick and wounded. Ten thousand troops at most are stationed in the forts and entrenchments north of Tatsusheng. The garrison in the seaward forts has been reduced to the lowest number possible. All the civilians are given military duties. The general health of the town is good, but the Chinese are dying of starvation. They have been made punishable by death. The six Chinamen were allowed to pass the Japanese lines, which are protected by a chain of earthworks, in which there are big guns. The railway has been completely destroyed to Kinchau, and there are frequent gaps between that place and Wafangtien. Two hundred Chinese were killed by the Japanese fire at Kinchau.

The Tokyo correspondent of the Chronicle says that the Russians have decided to re-fortify Yin-Kow, the port of New-Chwang. They have taken four field guns to the place and are mining the harbor. The garrison is being increased.

Wiju Railroad Graded.
Seoul cable: (Delayed in transmission.)—Grading of the Wiju Railroad has been finished for a distance of 25 miles from Seoul, with all necessary bridges constructed for 15 miles out. Tracks will be laid along this stretch of road, upon the completion of a long cutting near Yan Han, which will enable the transport by rail of heavy timbers and materials, instead of the present difficult method of carrying them by bullock carts over rough roads. Work on the branch now under construction north from Song Do is progressing in a satisfactory manner, and it is expected that Ping Yang will be reached by the beginning of December. The majority of the railway battalions, heretofore stationed on temporary barracks at Yung-san, near Seoul, will shortly be sent further north.

RUSSIAN PRESS.
On the Settlement of the Russo-Canadian Fishery Dispute.

St. Petersburg cable: The comment here on the settlement of the Russo-Canadian fishery dispute is very significant. It is welcomed by the Russian press as evidence of the increasing probability of an Anglo-Russian alliance, the papers pointing out that public opinion in Great Britain, France and Russia is becoming more favorable, the war, instead of proving an obstacle to an alliance, serving as one of the arguments in its favor.

More significant still is a strong intimation of the Novosti, foreshadowing that a commercial treaty between the two countries will pave the way to a purely commercial rapprochement. The Novosti adds: The realization of this is easier, as both Russia and Great Britain are bound by enormous commercial dealings. It is true that Russia is further from Great Britain than France, but she is not from India, whose railroads could be joined with Russia's.

The paper makes the further point that without such a commercial treaty any political agreement would be very frail. Although it is impossible to ascertain at this time whether the question of such a commercial treaty has actually been taken up, the possibility of its being the next step in the programme towards a political agreement arouses the keenest interest in diplomatic circles, where it is considered fraught with most far-reaching importance. The U. S. probably will be the chief loser by such a treaty. America has already suffered from the differential duties levied against her in retaliation for the imposition of a countervailing duty on Russian sugar, imports of American agricultural machinery, etc.,

CREMATED REFUSE.

Four Burned to Death.

More Women Wanted.

London, June 6.—Destruction of the refuse of cities by cremation has been a subject of interest to American and British engineers here. The discussion was brought up by criticism of the papers read by C. Newton Russell, of London, and George Watson, of Leeds.

"It is possible to burn, green, crude refuse without any perceptible odor," said E. C. Dennell, a London engineer. "You must not put the refuse in the lakes, as it makes the water impure. You must not put it in the sea, for it kills the fish. In England we have had a great deal of experience with this problem, and cremation is the only solution."

Four Burned to Death.
Mayking, Ky., June 6.—News of the cremation of a family of four on Cumberland Mountain has reached here by special messenger. The victims were Henry Luther; his wife, Jennie Luther, and grown-up daughter, Mary Luther, aged 18, and a son, 7 years old. Hiram Raleigh, a neighbor, went to the Luther home yesterday and found the house in ashes and the charred remains of the four occupants.

which a few years ago were very large, having fallen almost to nothing. With tariff concessions Great Britain is bound to succeed to all this trade, with its possibilities for the future. The impression is growing that Great Britain is playing a shrewd game, for big stakes, commercially, a s well as politically, and that while a complete agreement would be mutually advantageous to both Russia and Great Britain, it would be at the expense of the United States in both these directions.

The Chinese legation denies the report of an uprising in Mongolia, saying that advices show the people are tranquil.

WOMEN EMIGRANTS MUST LOOK TO CANADA FOR HOMES.
London, June 6.—At the Royal Colonial Institute Sir C. Smith presiding, Mrs. Archibald Colquhoun read a paper on "Women and the Colonies." She said the attitude of English women towards the colonies was one of suspicion and fear. Proof of this lay in the fact that of 500 applicants to the British Women's Emigration Association in 1903 only 116 went out. They must look to Canada as the chief field of colonization. There was a crying need for domestic servants and mothers' help in that country. The best way of spreading the female population more evenly throughout the Empire was to send out a sister for every brother.

There were over a quarter of a million more men than women in Canada, New Zealand and Australia. She would like to see girls diverted from the hospitals, art and music schools to Canada, where divinity was the only profession barred to women. Instead of a course of a course of Browning and Dante this year, she wanted to see a course on the colonies, especially in Canada, where there was no loss of social status in doing household work.

The chairman said the ignorance of the middle class about the colonies was due to the fact that there were very few books dealing with the British Empire.

ATTACKED BY A HAWK.
Aged Farmer Seriously Injured by the Leader of a Flock.

New York, June 6.—In a desperate battle with a huge hawk in a dense woods near his home Greeman Lane, a wealthy farmer, 80 years old, living near Sayville, L. I., was beaten into unconsciousness and badly injured yesterday.

Mr. Lane strolled through some woods which for a generation have been the homes of hawks. Suddenly one of the largest of a flock swooped down on him, striking him in the face. Mr. Lane was knocked down and fell into a gully ten feet deep.

To save his eyes Mr. Lane turned over on his face. The hawk fastened its talons in his scalp and neck, tearing the flesh in dozens of places.

Mr. Lane regained consciousness half an hour later and crawled to his home. His head, face and neck bleeding, and his body badly bruised by the fall.

THE PLAGUE ON BOARD.
Yokohama, June 1.—The American mail steamer Korea, from Chinese ports, is quarantined at Kobe, owing to having a suspected case of the plague on board. The sick person is a cabin passenger, Mrs. Palmer. The steamer will probably be detained ten days.

Third Assistant Secretary of State Herbert H. D. Peirce, who has been inspecting the U. S. consulates in the far east, is a passenger on board the Korea.

Lisbon.—A treaty of arbitration has been signed between Spain and Portugal. It conforms with article 19 of the Hague convention.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. C. FULFORD, BARRISTER, Solicitor and Notary Public.

M. M. BROWN, COUNTY Crown Attorney, Barrister, Solicitor, etc.

DR. C. M. B. CORNELL, BUELL STREET BROCKVILLE, PHYSICIAN SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR

LEONARD W. JONES, M.D.C.M., LATE RESIDENT HOUSE SURGEON Carleton County General Hospital, Ottawa

DR. T. F. ROBERTSON, COR. VICTORIA AVE. BROCKVILLE ONT. EYE, EAR, THROAT AND NOSE.

C. B. LILLIE, D.D.S., DENTIST, Honor Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons and of Toronto University.

D. V. BEACOCK, DENTIST Everything in Dentistry up-to-date. Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a specialty.

DR. D. G. PEAT, V.S., OFFICE in Wm. B. Halliday's Livery, Main Street, Athens.

DR. S. E. THOMPSON, V.S., GRADUATE Ontario Veterinary College. Thirteen years experience in general practice.

MISS MARIE EDNA WEEKS, TEACHER of Piano, Voice, Vocal Music and Education.

MISS EDITH E. WILTSE, Graduate and honor graduate in piano from the Dominion College of Music.

MONEY TO LOAN, THE undersigned has a large sum of money to loan on real estate security at low rates.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM, ON DRESS PARADE All the world made the

WORLD'S FAIR - FAIR ST. LOUIS, Mo. APRIL 30 TO DEC. 1, 1904

GRAND TRUNK, To enjoy the wonder of the 20th century All Luxuries of Travel and the Pleasures of Sight-seeing are accounted for by the comfort of the Grand Trunk Railway system.

REDUCED RATES ALL SEASON, Apply, or write, for particulars to J. QUINLAN, District Passenger Agent, Bonaventure Station, Montreal.

G. T. Fulford, G.T.R. City Passenger Agent Office: Fulford Block, next to Post Office Court House Ave Brockville

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY., Change of Time takes effect June 13. CHEAP RATES TO THE

WORLD'S FAIR ST. LOUIS MO. April to Dec. 1904. From BROCKVILLE

15 day limit \$22.00 60 day limit 29.35 Limit until Dec. 15th 35.10 ROUND TRIP

Stop-over allowed at any point in Canada and at Detroit and Chicago. Two trains Each Way Daily between Montreal and Vancouver, beginning June 18th, 1904.

GEO. E. McGLADE, Agent For tickets, etc., write or call at Brockville City Ticket and Telegraph Office, East Corner King Street and Court House Ave.

Steamship Tickets by the principal lines.

Washburn's Honor Roll

IV. Class—M. Hudson, F. Wills, L. Wills, S. Bulford. III. Class—L. Judd, L. Hudson. Pt. II. Class—H. Judd, N. Judd, W. Earle, Matilda Young.

Junetown Honor Roll

4th—Luella Herbison. 3rd—Mary Bigford, Nettie Herbison, John Sammers, Ida Mallory, Lillie Graham.

Wolford Honor Roll

Following is the honor roll for May for S.S. No. 17, township of Wolford: Sr. IV.—Nettie Gardiner, Charlie Sunderland.

VEGETABLE PORCUPINE.

Wild Cattle Eat Its Sharp Spines as With Frenzied Mouths. The best hated cactus in America is the cholla. The Mexicans say that if you go near a cholla joint it will jump at you.

MYSTERIES OF SAP.

How the Circulation From Roots to Leaves is Maintained. To illustrate the modern view of sap circulation, which is not thoroughly understood, it is necessary to explain that the chief food of the plants, consisting of inorganic salts dissolved in water, is absorbed from the soil by the roots.

YANKEES FEAR EXODUS.

Try to Stop It—Government at Winnipeg Appoints Special Agents to Watch Farmers in the States.

The tremendous tide that has been flowing so steadily into Canada from the States, carrying so many of the most substantial people from the best farming districts of the republic, has finally aroused the serious concern of the Washington Government.

THE LONG WINTER.

The Wild Geese Migrated to Manitoba Two Weeks Too Soon. A Northern Manitoba correspondent writes during the second week of April: "We get about two snowstorms every week this spring.

UNREASONABLE.

"What are you kicking about?" asked the lawyer. "Why, we won the case," replied the client, "but I can't see what I get out of it."

A Woman of the Day.

Mrs. Amelia Barr, who was born seventy-three years ago, is one of the comparatively few Englishwomen who have settled down to literary careers in America.

THE TICK OF A CLOCK.

The "tick tick" that is universally regarded as the sound of both pendulum and spring clocks has been investigated by Dr. Rosenbach, a Berlin psychologist.

TO ENCOURAGE GOOD ARCHITECTURE.

The City of St. Petersburg and Paris have an interesting device for encouraging good architecture. Buildings which are so artistically constructed that they are regarded as ornaments of the city are exempt from taxation for a period of years.

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ANCIENT CHAIRS.

The Seats Used by the Egyptians in Early Historic Times. Seats more or less resembling stools—that is, seats without backs—were in general use among nations possessing a certain degree of civilization in pre-historic times.

WHEN YOU CAN'T SLEEP.

Just Pretend You Don't Want to and You'll Soon Drop Off. When we are kept awake from our fatigue the first thing to do is to say over and over to ourselves that we do not care whether we go to sleep or not, in order to imbue ourselves with a healthy indifference about it.

WOODEN BREAD.

It Is Possible to Make a Palatable Loaf From Sawdust. As long ago as 1834 Professor Autherith of Tubingen succeeded in making a tolerably good quarter loaf out of a deal board.

THE DIFFERENCE.

It is this difference in the two classes of new settlers that makes the big, intelligent farmer boys of Ontario and the western Yankee with his half-dozen children, his carload of stock and agricultural implements and his thorough grasp of the situation, so welcome in Canada's material for Empire building.

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Ayer's

Sometimes the hair is not properly nourished. It suffers for food, starves. Then it falls out, turns prematurely gray.

Hair Vigor

hair food. It feeds, nourishes. The hair stops falling, grows long and heavy, and all dandruff disappears.

Poor Hair

Brockville Business College

More graduates in positions this year than ever. Open All Summer. Special rates for summer term. Tuition, low. High-grade work. Send for catalogue. Address: C. W. GAY, Principal, Brockville, Ont.

YOUR SUIT

If bought here will look well fit well, wear well, and give you perfect satisfaction. All Wool Suits from \$12.00 upwards. Good-wearing Pants from \$2.75 upwards. MADE TO ORDER.

Fashionable Hats

I have just received a stock of the very latest in these lines. One of our hats and ties will bring you right up-to-date.

Fashionable Ties

I have just received a stock of the very latest in these lines. One of our hats and ties will bring you right up-to-date.

A. M. Chassels

B. W. & N. W.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

Table with columns for GOING WEST, GOING EAST, and various stations like Brockville, Lyn, Lyndhurst, etc., with corresponding times.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

Write for our interesting books "Inventor's Help" and "How you are swindled." Send us a rough sketch or model of your invention or improvement and we will tell you free our opinion as to whether it is probably patentable.

Vertical text on the right edge of the page: T H I S O R I G I N A L D O C U M E N T I S I N V E R Y P O O R C O N D I T I O N

JUST LATELY

Our Mr. Silver, who resides in Montreal, secured for us a

Big Clearing Lot of Suits

at a genuine bargain. There are some suits well worth \$10.00 and \$12.00—not a blemish in any of them. We marked them all down to sell at

\$6.50 and \$7.50

A real swell up-to-date nice pattern suit with such a saving is well worth your while to look into.

M. SILVER

LEADING CLOTHIER, GENT'S FURNISHER, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES AND FURS

West Cor. King & Buell, BROCKVILLE

Diseased Men Cured



We make no misleading statements or unbusinesslike propositions to the afflicted in order to secure their patronage. We cure to stay cured.

Structure, Varicocele, Nervous Debility, Blood Diseases, Weakness, Kidney and Urinary Diseases and all diseases due to inheritance, habits, excesses, or the results of specific diseases.

The many years of our successful practice in Detroit proves that our special treatment for men is safe and certain. You do not want to be mutilated and maimed for life in trying to be cured of Varicocele, Stricture and kindred troubles by surgical procedures. We guarantee a SAFE AND POSITIVE CURE in the shortest possible time without injurious after-effects.

Our charges will be as low as possible for conscientious, skillful and successful services.

CONSULTATION FREE. SPECIAL HOME TREATMENT FOR PATIENTS WHO CANNOT CALL. Question Blank Sent Free.

DR. SPINNEY & CO., 290 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.

Largest Established, Most Successful, Reliable Specialists in Diseases of Men.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

A high-class preparation for the hair. Keeps the hair soft and glossy and prevents splitting at the ends. Cures dandruff and always restores color to gray hair.



THE GREAT PRESERVER AND RAIN EXCLUDER

THE PAINT ROOFING

has grown steadily in public favor, and is no place more popular than where it was first used. It is a sure and positive cure for leaks in a tin or iron roof, and as a preservative of wood it has no equal. Write for particulars and prices.

We have scores of testimonials as to its merits.

The McLaughlin Asphalt Roof Paint Company BROOKVILLE, ATHENS and MORRISTOWN, N.Y.

Nervous, Weak Men.

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through EARLY INDISCRETION, EXCESSIVE, AND BLOOD-TOO-LATE. Are you nervous and weak, dizzy, irritable, palpitation of the heart, headache, dreams and losses, sediment and gloomy, specks before the eyes, hollow cheeks, careworn expression, poor memory, listless, distrustful, lack of energy and strength, tired mornings, restless nights, changeable moods, weak manhood, stunted organs, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, sore throat, etc.?

MEN'S LIFE BLOOD

Nothing can be more demoralizing to young and middle-aged men than emissions at night or secret drains through the urine. They unfit a man for business, married life or social happiness. No matter whether caused by evil habits in youth, or natural weakness, or sexual excesses, our New Method Treatment will positively cure you. CURES GUARANTEED. NO CURE, NO PAY.

No Names Used Without Written Consent.

W. A. Muir, of Lima, O., says:—“I was one of the countless victims of early vice at 15 years of age. The drains on my system were weakening me as well as my sexual and nervous systems. For ten years I tried scores of doctors, electric belts and patent medicines. Some helped me, some cured. I was giving up in despair, in fact, contemplating suicide when a friend advised me as a last resort to give the New Method Treatment of Drs. K. & E. a fair trial. Without confidence I consented and in three months I was a cured man. I was cured seven years ago—am married and happy, and highly recommend Drs. K. & E. to my afflicted fellow men.”

Before Treatment After Treatment

We treat and cure Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, and all diseases of Men and Women.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIVATE. No medicine sent C. O. D. No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of treatment, FREE.

Drs. Kennedy & Kergan, 140 SHELBY STREET, DETROIT, MICH.

Around the Country-Side

ITEMS OF INTEREST ABOUT PLACES AND PEOPLE WE ALL KNOW

CHARLESTON

A new pump has recently been put in the well at the school house.

There has been a series of shows held in the school houses in this vicinity lately.

R. Findlay has erected a wind mill.

A number of our youngsters attended the box social at Oak Leaf hall on Friday night, and all report a pleasant time.

W. C. Taylor, proprietor of Oak Leaf cheese factory, is now seen driving into the village seated in a very handsome rubber tired carriage.

GLEN BUELL

Rev. T. E. Burke is at present attending Methodist church Conference at Montreal. The united circuits join in wishing his presence among them another year.

Levi Howe of Addison was renewing old acquaintances in the Glen on Sunday.

Miss Marian Trickey of New Dublin is spending a few days with friends in the Glen.

C. J. Gilroy paid a visit to Montreal last week.

Miss E. Kincaid spent Sunday at Temperance Lake.

JUNETOWN

On account of the rainy weather, the farmers are very backward with their spring's work.

Among those who took in the big show in Kingston last Friday were Messrs. J. Herbison, C. Turner, E. Avery and H. Scott. All were well satisfied with their trip.

Miss Ethel DeWolfe spent Sunday with her parents in Athens.

Miss Maud Avery, student of the Athens high school, spent Sunday with her parents.

A number of the young people from here availed themselves of the holiday on the 24th and spent the day at Charleston.

No service was held at the school house on Wednesday evening last, as Rev. Mr. Nelson was away, attending the church convention.

Mr. Egbert Avery has purchased a new surrey. No need to go to town to see the latest fashions in buggies, phaetons, etc.

Mrs. Egbert Avery has returned, after a few days visit with friends at Cardinal.

NEWBORO

The Newboro Junior baseball team suffered defeat at the hands of the Westport junior twirlers here on Saturday by a score of 16 to 13. Wet grounds and rain made good playing impossible, and an umpire, who was not the fairest that ever visited Newboro, helped the boys downfall. Forester, Alguire and Weeks twirled for the visitors, while Spicer, Moriarty, Davidson and Leach looked after the curves for the locals.

Miss C. Moriarty of Bedford is the guest of Miss M. Moriarty.

A large number from here attended Ringling Bros' circus in Kingston on Friday.

Lillian Landon, youngest daughter of Mr. F. C. Landon, drank a small quantity of carbolic acid last week. Dr. King was immediately called in and by prompt action the child's life was saved.

A meeting of the baseball club was held last week and the following officials were elected:

President—Dr. Preston.
1st Vice Pres.—Dr. King.
2nd Vice Pres.—Wm. Hart.
Sec. Treas.—H. S. Foster.
Manager—G. E. Foster.
Captain—G. Tet.
Committee—Geo. Preston, H. S. Foster, and J. Stanton.

GLEN MORRIS

A magic lantern show was held in the school house on Friday evening. A fair crowd attended and were agreeably entertained.

Mrs. Wm. Moulton, Mitchellville, and Mrs. James Alguire, Wiltsetown, were guests of Mrs. Jos. Morris last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson Frye, Soperton, visited at the home of Mr. Johnson Morris on Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Fortune, Athens, spent Sunday at Mr. J. Fortune's.

Mrs. Emma Thornhill has been suffering severely with neuralgia.

Mr. R. Lincoln paid Lyndhurst a visit on Monday.

Mrs. Johnson, Brockville, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. John Morris.

Misses Maymie and Zaida Frye and Miss Hazel Washburn, Soperton, and

Miss Minnie Morris, Athens, were among recent guests here.

From Another Correspondent

From the appearance of the fruit trees and berries in this vicinity, the probability is there will be no scarcity of fruit.

A rumor is current that one of our farmers will in the near future enter matrimonial life.

Mrs. Joseph Morris and Master Sterling spent Saturday of last week with Mr. and Mrs. Kholer Wiltse.

Mr. Kholer Wiltse left on Thursday of last week for South Mountain to remain three weeks.

Mr. Johnson Morris is preparing to build a new swinery. John is a hustler.

One is pleased to see what a fine start Mr. Royal Moore has got towards his brick residence.

Mr. Sam Morris is on the sick list. We know by the smile of George that the fence was not built to keep berry pickers out, for he was not built that way.

One of the neighbors on our street is preparing for the poultry fair in July, and is going to raise only thoroughbreds.

Life

The poet's exclamation: "O Life! I feel thee bounding in my veins," is a jovious one. Persons that can rarely or never make it, in honesty to themselves, are among the unfortunate. They do not live, but exist; for to live implies more than to be. To live is to be well and strong—to arise feeling equal to the ordinary duties of the day, and to retire not overcome by them—to feel life bounding in the veins. A medicine that has made thousands of people, men and women, well and strong, has accomplished a great work, bestowing the richest blessings, and that medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla. The weak, run down, or debilitated, from any cause, should not fail to take it. It builds up the whole system, changes existence into life, and makes life more abounding. We are glad to say these words in its favor to the readers of our columns.

Profit in Poultry

A few years ago, farmers regarded hens as an unprofitable adjunct to their business, and so the fowls and their fruits were left to the women, whose busy lives left little time for a study of methods of increasing profits. Recently, the importance of poultry has received due recognition, and now all the resources of our agricultural educational institutions are being utilized by eminent professors in making tests and demonstrating results.

Mr. Gilbert of the Central experimental farm, Ottawa, in the evidence which he gave before the committee on agriculture, gave utterance to a surprising statement, namely that the egg market of Great Britain was the best in the world, that it indicated a yearly consumption of eggs to the value of \$35,000,000, and that the Canadians could command their share of it if they cultivated this trade as they had in the past.

The exploitation of the dairy business was in a measure devoted upon the Canadians. They were forced to the growth of wheat and barley, and suddenly the market for these flattened out and recourse was had to the products of the soil as they contributed to milk and its fats. The dairy business has not yet collapsed, but that is no reason why farmers should not keep on developing their resources and adding, as they can, to their revenues largely and fairly.

"Chickens," said Mr. Gilbert, "can be improved by care and selection until they lay 200 eggs a year. The moulting season can be charged by manipulation, so that hens will lay eggs at the season when they are most valuable." He did not think the cramming or the crate system of feeding necessary, but farmers can do well by careful breeding and selection under ordinary methods.

Here is a market not only for eggs, but for poultry, and the demand for them in winter can be met, and be occupations for the farmer of the most remunerative character.

Card of Thanks

On behalf of myself and children, I wish to tender, through the medium of the Reporter, our sincere thanks to the many friends, who during the illness, death and burial of our beloved wife and mother, by words of sympathy and acts of kindness, did much to support us in our trying ordeal, and to assure them that those acts will ever be remembered with gratitude.

R. LOVERIN.

HEADACHE.

Headache that is congestive. Headache that is bilious. Headache that is neuralgic. Headache that is nervous. These conditions are overcome by the use of Dr. Leonard's Anti-Pain through removing the cause.

These who have pathological spells of headache.

ANTI-PILL.

Associated with melancholy, nervous debility, weakness or trembling of the muscles, or insomnia, should follow the use of Anti-Pain once or twice a week for a few weeks after the trouble has entirely vanished. 50 cents of druggists, or by addressing Wilson-Frye Co., Niagara Falls, Ont. Free sample to any address.

Splitting Headache

HILLIS-MILLER

Recorder: On Wednesday last, June 1st, at eleven o'clock, Miss Anna G. second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Miller, Wall street, became the wife of Mr. Charles W. Hillis, a local harness maker. The ceremony took place at eleven o'clock at the residence of the pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Rev. Norman MacLeod, B.D., corner of Garden and Pine streets. The bride was gowned in a costume of gray veil-over taffeta, trimmed with silk applique and chiffon and wearing a white hat. Miss Grace Miller, the bride's elder sister, and who was bridesmaid, wore pale blue organdie trimmed with lace, and a black picture hat. Both the bride and bridesmaid carried the usual bouquets, and in their pretty costumes looked very neat indeed.

The wedding ceremony concluded the bridal party returned to the home of the bride's parents, where with a few relatives and particularly intimate friends, they partook of a wedding breakfast, and this afternoon they left for a short honeymoon trip. Before partaking of breakfast the bride and groom were heartily congratulated by the friends assembled. On the completion of their trip they will take up house-keeping in a house furnished by them on Wall street.

Both the bride and groom were the recipients of a number of handsome and useful presents. The former is an active member of many branches of work in the First Presbyterian church, and her associates suitably remembered her on this important occasion. The groom has been a resident of Brockville for the past three or four years, but during this short time has made numerous friends who are wishing him and his estimable partner in life many congratulations, and with them the Recorder joins and adds the hope that they may be long spared in their journey through life together.

THE

WEST END GROCERY

CHOICE SEED POTATOES

I have just received from Quebec and placed on sale one hundred bushels of the New Early Rose Potatoes. Suitable for seed or present table use.

Farmers should test the merits of these potatoes for seed. The fact that they yielded well last season should be a strong recommendation.

Leading Varieties.

Field and Garden Seeds

JOHN A. RAPPELL

The People's Column.

Adv'ts of 6 lines and under in this column, 50c for first insertion and 10c each subsequent insertions.

Tenders Wanted

Sealed tenders, bulk or separate, will be received by the undersigned up to 6 o'clock p. m. on Wednesday, 22nd inst., for the erection of a Town Hall at Athens. Plans and specifications may be seen at my office or at the office of E. Dillon, Architect, Brockville.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

H. R. KNOWLTON, Reeve. Athens, June 8th, 1904.

Special Nomination Notice

A meeting of the electors of the Township of the Rear of Yonge and Escott will be held at the town hall, Athens, on Wednesday, June 16th, 1904, at the hour of one o'clock p. m., for the nomination of a Councillor for the said township for the remainder of the year 1904, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Henry L. Joynt, Esq.

R. E. CORNELL, Returning Officer.

Logs Wanted

The subscriber will pay cash for water-elm and basswood logs—delivered at his mill at Greenbush; also for a large quantity of birch timber not more than 10 nor less than 4 inches in diameter, cut 10 or 12 foot long.

A. ROOT, Greenbush.

WANTED—SEVERAL INDUSTRIOUS

persons in each state to travel for house established eleven years and with a large capital to call upon merchants and agents for successful and profitable line. Permanent engagement. Weekly cash salary of \$25 and all travelling expenses and hotel bills advanced in cash each week. Experience not necessary. Mention reference and enclose self-addressed envelope. THE NATIONAL, 332 Dearborn St., Chicago. 6-2

For Sale

"Idle White Cottage," one of the prettiest and certainly the best located on Charleston Lake. Two stories high, eight rooms, wide verandas, large kitchen attached to house—furnished complete. Present owner thinks of moving from these parts.

A few boarders or roomers can be accommodated. Address H. C. PHILLIPS, Athens, Ont. 25-31

A. M. EATON AUCTIONEER

Real Estate Agent

Farm and Village Property bought and sold on commission.

If you wish to buy or sell, place your order with me. No charge made unless a transfer is effected.

For Sale—Residence, acre and a half of land, orchard, good well, near Athens. A bargain. Address H. C. PHILLIPS, Athens, Ont. 25-31

For Sale—200 acres, first-class buildings, well watered, on Perth road, 2 miles from Frankville.

A. M. EATON, Athens.

ATHENS LIVERY

WM. B. HALLIDAY, Proprietor (Successor to Dr. Peat)

All new rigs and good horses. Careful and competent drivers. Every requisite for serving commercial men.

MAIN ST. ATHENS

WANTED

A man to represent CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERY in the town of ATHENS and surrounding country and take orders for

Our Hardy Specialties

In Fruit Trees, Small Fruits, Ornamentals, Shrubs, Roses, Vines, Seed Potatoes, Etc.

Stock true to name and free from San Jose Scale. A permanent position for the right man on either salary or commission.

STONE & WELLINGTON FORTMILL NURSERIES OVER 800 ACRES TORONTO ONTARIO

Sunday School.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON NO. XI
JUNE 12, 1904.

Christ Crucified.—Mark 15: 22-30.

Commentary.—I. The journey to Calvary (c. 22). They bring Him—Plato's sentence is supposed to have been given about eight o'clock in the morning. The Jews must have taken Jesus and started for the cross almost immediately. In advance was a soldier carrying a white wooden board on which was written the nature of the crime. Next came four soldiers, under a centurion, with the hammer and the nails, guarding Jesus, who bore, as always in such cases, the cross on which He was to suffer. These came two robbers, each bearing his cross, and guarded by four soldiers. They were followed by a great multitude, many weeping, a few weeping. Golgotha—Golgotha is the Hebrew, and Calvary the Latin word with the same meaning.

II. Scenes around the cross (vs. 23-24). 23. With a cry—It was a merciful custom of the Jews to give those condemned to crucifixion, with a view to producing stupefaction, a strong aromatic wine. This "they offered" (vs. 24) to Christ. He tasted (Matt. xxvi. 34), but refused to drink, as it would obscure the clearness of His faculties.

24. Parted His garments.—The four soldiers divided among themselves His outer robe, headress, girdle and sandals, but for His "coat," that is His tunic or under garment, which was without seam and which could have been divided without cutting it. They cast lots (John xiii. 23, 24). Casting lots—What a picture! "Amid the most solemn scene of human history, the unconscious actors sit down to gamble." The legacy in worldly things left by Jesus was very small. 25. Third hour—Nine o'clock in the morning. They crucified Him—His hands and feet were nailed to the cross (Luke xxiv. 39, 40), and then it was lifted and sunk into the ground with a sudden shock, producing great pain. "The feet of the sufferer were only a foot or two above the ground."—Schaff.

26. Superscription.—The white tablet nailed upon the cross, above the head of the victim, to declare the crime for which He was crucified. "It was a common custom to affix a label to the cross giving a statement of the crime for which the person suffered."—Clarke. Was written—Plato wrote this superscription evidently in derision (John xiii. 19). It was written in Hebrew for the Jews, in Greek for the foreigners, and in Latin for the Romans. "Power, culture and piety in their noblest forms pay homage at the feet of Jesus." King of the Jews.—The words are somewhat different in the different copies, probably because some of the writers copied from one language and some from another. The truth was proclaimed in jest; Jesus is in fact, a King, with many crowns. 27. Two thieves.—This was probably done with the intention of giving the people to think that Jesus was to be classed with them. 28. Scripture was fulfilled.—Isaiah liii. 12. Omitted in B. V. Christ mocked.—(vs. 29-32). 29. Railed on Him.—They uttered taunts founded on calumnious misrepresentations of His words; they ridicule His kingship and even His piety; they wrangle on His pretences. Whedon. Wragging—An accompanying gesture expressive of contempt. Ah—An exclamation of derision. Ah—stroyed the temple.—At the first cleansing of the temple, Jesus said, "Destroy this temple, and in three days I will raise it up" (John ii. 19). They had never forgotten this. 30. Save thyself.—They thought that if Jesus were the Messiah, surely He could deliver Himself from the Roman cross. Come down from Him—His power and save His own life. "If He does not then He is so far from being the Messiah that He is justly crucified for making such pretensions."

31. Chief priests. Scribes.—The dignitaries and members of the Sanhedrin, as well as the ordinary bystanders, mocked, for they suppose they have gained a complete victory. 32. They reviled.—From this it appears that at first both of the thieves approached Christ. Of the word here rendered "reviled" is rendered "cast the same in His teeth" in Matt. xxvii. 44. One of them, however, was guilty of blaspheming Him. Mark xxiii. 30, but as the weary (hours passed away, the other, separating himself from the sympathies of all who stood around the cross, turned in humble penitence and faith to Christ.

IV. Christ crucified (vs. 33-39). 33. Sixth hour—Noon. Darkness.—The darkness continued three hours, from noon until three o'clock. Over the whole land—Of Palestine. This darkness was typical of the moral darkness that filled the land. "This was a miraculous occurrence, showing the amazement of God at the wickedness of the crucifixion of Him who is the light of the world and the sun of righteousness."—Schaff. The ninth hour.—The hour of the offering of the evening sacrifice. Jesus cried.—This was Christ's fourth utterance on the cross, and it is the only one towards the close of the darkness. Eli, etc.—Mark preserves the Aramaic words—Mark as they were spoken by Jesus. The repetition, "My God, My God," gives a deeply pathetic force. It is an expression of utter loneliness and desolation, the depth of which it is not for man to fathom. It is going beyond the Scriptures to say that a sense of God's wrath extorted that cry, for He was the well-loved of the Father.—Carr. The words of Christ are the first words of Psalm 22.

35. He called Elias. They either only caught the first syllable or misapprehended the words, or, as some think spoke in wilful mockery and declared he called not on "Eli," God, but on "Elias," whose appearance was universally expected.—Cam. Eli.—Ingrate.—"Our thirst is the most painful aggravation of death by crucifixion." Christ not uttered his fifth saying on the cross. "I thirst" (John 19: 28). This was his only expression of bodily suffering. The short stem of a hyssop plant. With this

they were able to reach his mouth with the sponge. Gave him.—The first drink of vinegar and gall Jesus refused, but this, mixed with any drug, was accepted. Let alone, etc.—This was probably uttered sensuously. "There was an actual suspense, awakened by the awful darkness, as to whether the divine interposition would not take place."

37. A loud voice.—As it were the triumphant cry of a conqueror. He now uttered his sixth saying, "It is finished" (John 19: 30). "This is one word in the Greek, and has been called the greatest single word ever uttered. What was finished? His life work, the cup of suffering, the atonement for the sins of the world, the old era, and dispensation."—Peabody. The seventh saying was, "Father, into thy hands I commend my spirit" (Luke 23: 46). Gave up the ghost. "He dismissed the spirit." He himself willingly gave up his own life.

38. The veil.—was rent. The great veil of the temple that hung between the holy place and the holies, 40 cubits (80 feet) long, and 20 cubits (40 feet) wide, of the thickness of 2 1/2 palm of the hand, and wrought in 72 squares, which were joined together.—Ederheim. 39.—The centurion. The Roman officer who had charge of the crucifixion. Saw. When he saw what was done he acknowledged that God himself was showing his approval of Jesus (Luke 23: 47). Son of God. What a testimony! and from a Roman officer.

PRACTICAL SURVEY. History presents no theme comparable in importance to the incarnation, sufferings and death of Jesus Christ. This is seen when we consider the dignity of His person, the intensity of His sorrows and the greatness of His death.

The Jews who had the light of Moses and the prophets, were expecting the Saviour. They had heard and seen the teachings and miracles of Christ. Yet because His purity of life and teaching contrasted with their own depravity and sin they hated Him without cause. They refused to acknowledge His righteousness, they clamored for His life, they bore false witness to convict Him, and persecuted until He was crucified by Plato, whom the historian declares was a "base, sordid and oppressive ruler." Yet base as he was he endeavored to release Christ from the hands of those who professed to be awaiting His coming. The Roman punishment which was never inflicted but upon the most debased characters. It was therefore associated with the deepest infamy, and to this death, was the immediate sentence consigned by the judicial authority of Plato, as against His judgment, understanding and conscience, simply to gratify the carnal hate and envy of an apostate people.

Christ knew their hate and envy, yet after the cruel work was accomplished and the nails had been driven through the quivering flesh of the feet that had traversed Judea, on errands of mercy and through the hands that had so often been open to bless the people, and the cross had been lifted with its victim to endure the agony of hours, the first word spoken by the sufferer, was "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do," which was soon verified, for they repented, and were granted pardon, others, himself He cannot save. Though uttered in wicked irony, yet it was important truth. Almost every town and village where He had travelled could produce evidence that He had saved others from disease and wretchedness; lepers cleansed, blood issues stayed, palsies healed, demons vanquished, the deaf and dumb forgiven.

Christ could have saved Himself had He seen fit to do so. He possessed all power, both in Heaven and on earth. He had life in Himself. If he had spoken the word He could have frustrated all their plans by summoning angels to His rescue and by paralyzing every hand lifted against Him, but there was a sense in which He could not save Himself. He had pledged surety and mediator of mankind He must suffer. There was a necessity for it, for if he exercised His essential power, the purposes of Heaven would have failed, and the predictions of the prophets would have been falsified. The types and sacrifices would have had no significance, the end of His coming would have been rendered void, and the world must have remained unredeemed forever. Sin produced spiritual death, opened the grave for the body, and the regions of eternal despair for the soul. He therefore suffered death on the cross to make atonement for sin. He did not save himself from the suffering and death of the cross, so that whosoever believeth in him might have life by his death. He could not exalt us without being debased, could not deliver us from the curse without being made a curse for us; could not procure our justification but by being condemned himself. The mystery of the cross is the mystery of the love of God which passeth all understanding.—William P. Ferriss.

THOUGHT HE WAS RICH. Told the Dentist to Take Out His Teeth, and He Did It. Hempstead, L. I., June 6.—Robert Dawson, who has been working for some time as a blacksmith for members of the Meadowbrook Hunt Club, became insane yesterday and imagined he had \$10,000,000. He decided to give up life at the forge and left for Hempstead. He went to several stores and told the proprietors that he had fallen heir to a very large fortune in England where he formerly lived.

The goods he asked for were at once forthcoming. Among the things he asked for were two diamond rings, a handsome gold watch, gold eyeglasses and some of the best suits of clothing.

As he was being fitted for one of the suits, Dawson noticed that his teeth needed attention, and decided at once to have two of the finest sets that could be purchased and at the same time to do away with toothache forever. He went to a dentist. "Pull them out and give me the best sets I can buy, for I have plenty of money to pay for them." The dentist did as he was told and out came all of Dawson's teeth. Now the dentist is wondering where his pay is coming from.

Dawson is now under arrest.

A MURDERER CONFESSES TO SAVE ACCOMPLICE.

Frenchman Predicts Federation of "The United States of Europe."

Washington, Pa., June 6.—Milavov Kovovick, now under sentence of death for the murder of Samuel Ferguson, a wealthy contractor, last September, has made a confession to the authorities exonerating Milavov Patrovik, who was recently convicted for murder in the second degree for the same crime. In his confession Kovovick names three of his countrymen as accomplices, and says they are now in Croatia, beyond the hands of the law.

The crime to which Kovovick confesses was a French one. On Sept. 25 last, as Contractor Ferguson was driving along a road in Washington county, on his way to pay the men at the Ferguson railroad camp he was blown from his buggy by a dynamite mine placed under a small bridge on the road. In his possession was a satchel containing \$5,000, which was stolen.

NEWS IN BRIEF. There will be four Canadians in the reorganized "Soo" directorate. A new municipal building is projected for Toronto Junction. Capt. Peter Huddart, the British shipper, is dead, at the age of 85. The last section of the second cable connecting Germany and America has been completed.

The Ontario Government has decided to cut a canal between Sturgeon River and Wahnapitae Lake. Mr. Ed. M. Elliott has been appointed Clerk and Treasurer of Peterboro' County. The Worcester Spy, of Worcester, Mass., established in 1770, has suspended publication.

It is reported that men are being enlisted in Mongolia to aid the Tibetans against the British. It is reported that the G. T. R. will erect a new depot and locomotive works at Toronto. The Ontario License Department has taken proceedings against a Merriton Lotekeeper for refusing lodging.

At the approaching Oxford commemoration, Sig. Marconi will receive the honorary degree of Doctor of Science. Up to date the total insurance losses in the recent conflagration at Toronto have been placed at \$8,550,000.

Mr. E. H. Oliver Mackenzie, fellow in classics at the University of Toronto, has been awarded a scholarship at Columbia. President Roosevelt has appointed a commission to investigate the charges against the Governor and the Judges of Alaska.

Among the military attaches with the Japanese fleet who will witness the attack on Port Arthur is Captain Hacker, of Canada. There is no truth in the story of an attempt to assassinate the Russian Foreign Minister, Count Lansdorff.

Mr. Rendall Snell has been appointed license inspector for North Hastings in place of Dr. Faulkner, resigned. Mr. E. T. Malone, K. C., has agreed to act as sole arbitrator in the dispute between the Toronto striking brewery workmen and their employers.

In a discussion in the British House of Commons on homes for poor-house children, Mr. Samuel, M.P., objected to the proposal to establish schools in Canada. Mr. Peter Ewan has resigned the post of Deputy Governor of Toronto to J. M. John English, Provincial bailiff, succeeding him. Mr. John Ryan succeeds Mr. English.

Mr. J. S. Ewart, K. C., of Winnipeg, has withdrawn from the practice of law, and will come to Ottawa to engage in literary work. Mr. Andrew William Mann, bank manager, of London, Ont., has petitioned for a bill of divorce from his wife, Helen, who is now living in the United States.

Major Archibald, of the Salvation Army, has been obliged to decline the position of parole officer, offered him by the Dominion Government. General Booth could not see his way clear to letting Major Archibald go. The Australian Government has communicated direct to the War Office on matters not concerning Australian Affairs.

The bye-election in Kamloops for the British Columbia Legislature yesterday resulted in the return of Hon. F. J. Fulton, (Government) by acclamation. The Dudley, Eng., Chamber of Commerce has given its support to the resolution adopted by the Glasgow Chamber in favor of admitting Canadian live cattle. A Parliamentary blue book shows that the British Empire supplied more than half the gold supply of the world in 1902. Canada's share being 7 per cent. Twenty-one passengers rejected by the steamer Kronland as physically unfit and brought back to London have been re-booked by eastern agents for Canada, via New York. The Moorish brigands demand \$55,000 besides certain concessions for the release of Messrs. Perdicaris and Varley, American and British subjects, respectively, who were recently kidnapped. The Portuguese town of Setubal, which has 30,000 inhabitants, is threatened with an epidemic of typhoid. Recently a mad dog bit thirteen other canines, and these in turn went mad and bit 200 goats

The Markets.

Toronto Farmers' Markets

Receipts of grain on the street today were fair and prices generally unchanged. Wheat steady, with sales of 200 bushels of white selling at 96c, 100 bushels of red winter at 96c, and 200 bushels of goose at 87c to 81c. Barley sold at 46c to 47c for 100 bushels. Oats unchanged, 700 bushels selling at 38c to 35c.

Dairy produce in moderate supply, with prices firm. Choice dairy butter sold at 16 to 18c per lb., and eggs at 17c per dozen. Apples quiet at steady prices: 25 loads sold at \$11 to \$13 a ton for timothy, and at \$7 to \$9 for mixed. Straw is unchanged at \$10 to \$11 a ton. Dressed hogs in limited supply and prices firm; light sold at \$7.50 and heavy at \$7.

Wheat, white, bush, 96c; red, 95c; rye, 83c; oats, 35c; corn, 33c to 33 1/2c; peas, 65c to 66c; barley, bush, 46c to 47c; hay, timothy, per ton, \$11 to \$13; clover, \$7 to \$9; straw, per ton, \$7 to \$9; apples, 25c to 30c; potatoes, per bag, \$1.05 to \$1.15; cabbage, per dozen \$1 to \$1.50; beef, hindquarters \$7.50 to \$9; do, forequarters, \$5.50 to \$6.50; do, choice, carcass, \$7 to \$7.25; do, medium, carcass, \$6 to \$6.50; lambs, yearling, \$10 to \$11; mutton, per cwt., \$7.50 to \$9; veal, per cwt., \$7.50 to \$9.

British Cattle Markets.

London, June 4.—Canadian cattle are steady at 11c to 12c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8c to 9c per lb.; sheep, steady, 12c to 14c per lb.; yearlings, 15c.

The Cheese Markets.

London, June 4.—On cheese market today, 15 factories offered 1,075 cases, 135 at 8c; 522 at 8 1/2c; 110 at 8 1/8c. Cornwall, June 4.—There were 854 white and 1,338 colored cheese boarded here to-day. All sold at 8c except 226 colored, which brought 1-10c more and 215 held over.

To ronto Cattle Market.

Receipts of live stock were 22 cars, 360 cattle, 812 hogs, 55 calves and 104 hogs to Park, Blackwell. Part of the above shipment came in Thursday afternoon, after we got the 125 cars mentioned in our report Friday morning.

Marconi says a great portion of the American news intended for the ocean paper service will be sent by Cape Breton for the sake of cheapness. Each ship on the voyage will receive 100 words of condensed matter daily.

The Edinburgh Scotsman says the Canadian-Russian agreement regarding seizure of sealers without recourse to arbitration is due to the influence of the Anglo-French treaty, and other nations are now likely to follow suit.

The Vickers-Maxim Company, of England, is awaiting instructions from the Canadian Government in regard to the launching of the Dominion Fisheries cruiser Canada. The ceremony is to take place at Barrow on the 14th inst.

Dr. Baerndt, former Austrian Minister of Commerce, and Count Mervelt, former Governor of the Province of Tyrol, and Silesia, will sail from Cherbourg, June 10, for New York. They will tour the United States and Canada to study educational institutions.

Colonial Secretary Lytton, replying in the British Commons to Mr. Devlin's question as to whether Canada had been asked to contribute to the Imperial war, said there was no record of any communication on the subject since the colonial conference.

In the British House of Commons yesterday Colonial Secretary Lytton, replying to Mr. Devlin re Lord Milner's Johannesburg speech, said Lord Milner expressed his personal views. He had received no instructions from the British Government on the subject.

The London Pall Mall Gazette applauds Crowley's article in the College Times and says Canada finds difficulty in utilizing the English public school boys when receiving him at the age of twenty-five, but if she gets him ten years younger she can offer him a fair chance to become a Strathcona or Mountstephan.

ANGLO-FRENCH TREATY.

The Clauses Respecting Newfoundland Criticized. London, June 6.—Speaking in the House of Commons last night on the Anglo-French convention, Earl Percy declared that the empire was now absolute master of every inch of soil in Newfoundland, with full liberty to apply British capital to develop its fishing and other resources as its people pleased. Regarding the sale of bait, he thought a more satisfactory arrangement might have been made, under which the French would have had absolute unrestricted right to purchase bait in Newfoundland, and in return surrender the artificial stimulus they obtain from the system of bounties. The power of the French to obtain bait under the agreement will be strictly restricted to the ready-made, but, on the other hand, the French retain their system of bounties because it subverts their policy of training fishermen for their place in the service of the French fleet in time of war.

Mr. Bowles stated that he would not press his amendment calling for the assent of the colony where their rights were affected, but left it as a statement. There were certain criticisms still requiring an answer. In order to compensate the French for the abandonment of nothing in Newfoundland, Britain was going to give them pecuniary compensation, not yet settled. The agreement brings in a very large number of settled and doubtful questions.

U. S. Palma Trophy Team Broke the Regulations. London, June 6.—At the spring meeting of the National Rifle Association, held in London to-day, Lord Chylesmore, the President, referred to the correspondence between the National Rifle Association and the American Rifle Association relative to the allegation that the American team, which won the Palma trophy in 1903, did not use the national arm of the United States, and therefore did not conform to the regulations. The object of the council of the association in sifting the matter was not to seek to reverse the result of the match, or arouse any bitterness, but to clear up the serious question which had been properly raised.

Replying to a communication from the National Rifle Association, General B. W. Spencer admits the general truth of the allegation, but he denies that the Americans wilfully contravened the rules of the contest. He says they brought two patterns of rifles, and as no objection was raised to the pattern ultimately selected, they thought they were entitled to use it. In reply the secretary of the National Rifle Association said he regretted the rifles used by the Americans were fitted with barrels which were not in all respects the pattern issued to the troops for service, and thus one of the rules was infringed. "It would be offensive to the competing team," wrote the secretary, "to assume that they intended to commit a breach of the rules unless prevented by protest." General Spencer is formally acknowledged the above, promising to lay the matter before the executive committee. The meeting approved the action of the council.

FINED FOR MEETING A GIRL.

Chicagoan Punished on a Charge of Disorderly Conduct.

Chicago, June 6.—Harry Ye, a Chinese waiter, was fined \$25 and costs by Justice Caverly yesterday morning on a charge of disorderly conduct. He was arrested while in the company of Hazel Martin, 14 years old, who lives at 2907 South Park avenue.

According to Ye, the girl informed him over the telephone that she would like to meet him and Friday evening they met at a down town street corner. They were walking in Michigan avenue when arrested. Ye told Justice Caverly that he had often met many other American girls while in the capacity of a waiter and named several.

No one appeared to prosecute Ye and the magistrate fined him, saying: "Learn to court your own women and you will find it cheaper."

THE WHITE PLAGUE.

The British Commission Presents Its Interim Report.

London, June 6.—The Royal Commission appointed in August, 1901, to inquire into the relation between human and animal tuberculosis, has arrived at a conclusion. It has issued the interim report, according to which the commission finds that human and bovine tuberculosis are practically identical.

The commission states that the latest experiments proved that the disease produced in animals by tuberculous material, whether of human or of bovine origin, was identical both in its broad general features and in the fine histological details. The commission's records include the results of post-mortem examinations.

This disproof of Professor Koch's theory is regarded by the commission as bearing on the possibility of infection through milk.

APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT.

Intervention Asked for in the Sydney Strike.

Halifax, June 6.—The only important development in the Sydney situation to-day was the passing of a memorial to the Federal Government by the Board of Trade asking that the Department of Labor at once intervene in the matter of effecting a settlement of the dispute. The memorial was submitted to a meeting of the board by a committee of clergymen of Sydney, who had held a conference in the morning.

There has been only one eventful incident during the day. This was the stoning of a crowd of Hungarians who were unloading a car of coal, by a party of young strike sympathizers. No other acts of violence took place.

DROWNED IN NEW YORK.

Body of Missing London, Ont., Banker Found in the East River.

New York, June 6.—The body of a man of 25 was found in the East River off Eighty-Ninth street on Sunday and was taken to the morgue. A black silk necktie he wore was marked "Rome, London." Undertaker C. J. Coyle, of 1307 Lexington avenue, called to the Chief of Police of London, England, and wired to the Chief of Police of London, Ont. It might be got a dispatch from the latter, saying that John Brown, a banker, had been missing since December last, and was last seen in this city. His brother is coming on.

DROWNED IN THE RIVER.

Fell to Death as He Prayed for Death.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 6.—While kneeling on Plymouth bridge praying for a relative who was drowned five years ago, George Shepla, this afternoon fell into the river and was drowned.

He was a foreigner, but, knowing the American custom of services for the dead on Memorial Day, he decided to go to the bridge and pray, thinking it appropriate to do so, because the body of his relative was never recovered, and the river was the only grave it knew.

Violet's Lover

"I can scarcely hear," she murmured, "For your heart beats loud and fast; But surely, in the far, far distance, I can hear a sound at last?" "It is only the reapers singing As they carry home their sheaves, And the evening breeze has risen, And rustle the drying leaves." "Listen! There are voices talking!" "Calmly still she strove to speak, Yet her voice grew faint and trembling, And the red flushed in her cheek. "It is only the children playing, Below now their work is done, And they laugh that their eyes are dazzled By the rays of the setting sun."

"Fainter grew her voice, and weaker, As with anxious eyes she cried: 'Down the avenue of chestnuts I can hear a horseman ride!' "It was only the deer that were feeding In the herd on the clover grass; They were startled and fled to the thicket As they saw the reapers pass."

"Now the night arose in silence, Birds lay in their leafy nest, And the children were at rest. There was only a sound of weeping From watchers around a bed. But rest to the weary spirit, Peace to the quiet dead!" There was silence as the last words fell, and Lady Chevenix bowed her head, as to hide her tears. The gray shadows fell darker. A loud voice roused them.

"Where are you? Where have you hidden yourselves on purpose?" Lady Chevenix did not answer him, because she knew that it was needless to do so. Miss Hethcote was equal to the occasion. "If we had wanted to hide," she said, "we should have hidden, as we did not, we remained here. If you are going to be cross, Sir Owen, do not spoil an agreeable party by joining it."

"Do you enjoy seeing anything suffer, Sir Owen?" asked Miss Hethcote. "I think a dog fight or anything of that kind capital sport," he answered. "But the unfortunate creatures must feel?" "Feel?" sneered Owen. "What nonsense. Foxes were made to be hunted, rats to be worried, dogs to fight. Why should they feel?"

With a shrug of her shoulders she turned away from him. Sir Owen laughed again; he rather enjoyed a dispute with the pretty girl. "I am not one of your sentimentalists," he said. "Now, Mr. Lonsdale could give you poems by the yard, I am sure."

"I should be very sorry to do so," remarked Felix; "at the same time, I give the preference to poetry rather than to dog fights." Sir Owen laughed again; in his own opinion he was most manly man, and Felix most insignificant. Felix rose from his seat and strolled away. He felt disgust almost amounting to hatred for this coarse, vulgar, repulsive man. "Do not leave us, Mr. Lonsdale," said Sir Owen. "I will take Miss Hethcote in-doors, and you can escort the ladyship, though she looks decidedly sultry."

"You are happy about my being here? You do not understand." "I may speak freely to you," said Miss Hethcote; "you know, then, as you belong to some measure to them, I may tell you that Lady Chevenix lives in mortal fear of her husband." "Why?" asked Felix. "He has been very violent to her many times. It is not long since she had to send for Mrs. Hays, being afraid of losing her life. She has refused to be left alone since that. That is why I have been with a long and why I am glad you are here."

"But," said Felix, "he loves her, he must love her." "I say nothing about that. He may love her, or he may not; but when he is half mad with drink she has reason to be alarmed." "I can not think that even he would hurt her," said Felix. "Well, it is very pleasant to have such cheerful views of the thing. I should be glad if I could share your faith, but unfortunately I have seen bruises on her arms and marks on her face, such as, if I had been a man, would have made me feel inclined to call Sir Owen out."

"She saw the handsome face of the man before her grow pale with emotion. She saw his strong hands tremble and his fingers clench tightly. She talked until the storm of passion had passed over him. "I can not bear to think of any woman being ill-used," he said; "it is one of the things that irritates me and makes me angry with an anger that frightens me. But Lady Chevenix is so gentle, so amiable, I cannot understand any man being unkind to her."

"I can understand anything Sir Owen does," rejoined Miss Hethcote. "Mr. Lonsdale, you will be kind to tell me, don't you?" she pleaded. "I have seen a peasant woman working in the fields, or a factory girl in a mill, is happier than Lady Chevenix of Garswood?" "I am grieved to hear it," he said; and the Miss Hethcote let him. "She went away early the next morning, never dreaming of what would happen before she saw Garswood and its mistress again."

On the morning after Miss Hethcote's departure, Sir Owen did not come down to breakfast; but Felix met his valet with some soda-water and brandy. The young valet handed to the breakfast-room, where Lady Chevenix awaited him. She looked very fair and young in her pretty morning dress. She was so pleased to see him; his very name made her smile. "The very name of brandy makes me shudder. I want brandy, nothing else."

"She remonstrated again, but very mildly. She felt that she could bear anything better than this, that the man she had forsaken should see in his true colors the man she had married. "Those last words proved too much for Sir Owen. He swore roundly at her. What business of hers was it, he asked, if he wanted a self of brandy? Let her remember herself—remember from what position he had taken her, and not attempt to discuss the merits of her own conduct. She tried to soothe and conciliate him; she might as well have tried to soothe a panther."

The brandy was brought, but even then he did not recover his good humor. Felix was miserable. He longed to put down his cards and say good-night, but he saw the face of Lady Chevenix growing white, and he was afraid to leave her. Miss Hethcote had told him of her violence. He would not leave her to the mercy of that violent man; yet every moment he remained with her was a torture to him. Sir Owen had no moderation. In vain his wife and Felix engaged him with cards and in conversation. Despite everything, he filled and replenished his tumbler. At length the alcohol began to take such an effect upon him that Lady Chevenix deemed it prudent to rise.

"It is growing late," she said; "we had better put aside the cards." "Yes," agreed Felix; "I am tired." He had no time to finish his speech. Sir Owen did not seem to hear it. He merely turned with a scowl to his wife, and cried in a voice of thunder: "Sit down and go on with the game!"

Felix saw that she trembled in every limb, yet she kept all sign of emotion from her face; nothing but its pallor betrayed her fear. She sat down, but the young lawyer's face was like the Felix's old, she threw the cards upon the table. "Lady Chevenix is very amiable to go on playing," he said; "I shall not let it last, and quite time to leave off."

Without a word, and so suddenly that there was no time to prevent it, Sir Owen turned and struck his wife on the face. "Take that," he said, "and mind you do not interfere with me again!" The next moment a great arm of strong arms had seized him and had literally thrown him across the room. His face white, his whole body trembling with passion, Felix stood over him.

"If you touch her ladyship again, I will kill you!" Then he turned to Violet. She stood trembling with great red mark across her lovely pale face—a mark that burned like a hot iron. "Oh, Lady Chevenix," he said, "I am so sorry! I ought to have been quicker, more on my guard. Are you much hurt?"

She raised her face with that terrible bruise on it to him, and he saw great tears in her eyes. For a moment the old impulse of love was strong upon him, and he longed to shelter the golden head, every hair of which was dear to him, on his breast; then he recollected himself and said gently: "I shall never forgive myself that this has happened. If I had been quicker, he broke off abruptly, for his wrath was rising again. "I shall kill him," he cried, "if he touches you!"

She looked up at him; the bruised face touched his heart, and he did not know what to do. "I did not kill him—that I did not do him some deadly harm. Shall I ring for the servants?" he asked. "No," she said, "I will not let them know."

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Chevenix; and he never forgot her answer. "If you would not mind it," she said, "I should be so thankful if you would place him in a chair. I will like the servants to see all that happens."

He raised Sir Owen, who made some violent plunges the while, and placed him in a chair. The baronet fell slowly asleep again, and Felix went back to Lady Chevenix. "You must apply something to your face," he said, "or it will be black to-morrow."

She smiled and raised the white lace that fell over her arm. He saw a long dark bruise, the mark of a cruel grasp that held the delicate arm as in an iron vise. "I am seldom without a mark," she said; "but I do not often find them on my face."

He looked sorrowfully at the graceful woman who had preferred money to love, and had suffered so terribly for it; but he longed to say something kind to her, but prudence forbade him. She held out her hand to him, and he saw how it trembled. Sir smiled, and he never forgot the smile.

"Some day," she said, "he will most probably kill me. If he does, you will always remember that I was sorry I could not kill him first."

"I will remember," he returned, gravely. He held her hand for one moment, while he bade her good-night, and then she went away. Felix thought long and anxiously after his return from Garswood. He was glad that he had treated Sir Owen as he did; he was glad that he should have been less than a man had he not acted as he did. Yet it was not likely that after what had passed he could remain under Sir Owen's net, and as he did not desire to do so, it was torture to him to see Violet ill-treated; he could not bear it, nor could he interfere to prevent it.

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HOLSTEINS ARE LARGE, HEALTHY AND THRIFTY.

In the course of an address before the Holstein-Friesian Association of America, Prof. H. H. Dean, of the Ontario Agricultural College, spoke as follows: "First, we have found them (the Holstein-Friesians) in our experience at the College, where we keep six or seven breeds for instructional purposes, for our students, a healthy and a thrifty breed of cattle. We are required, owing to our peculiar circumstances, to keep representatives of the different breeds, and we find the Holsteins a healthy, thrifty breed, and consider that a very strong point. Now, we find that some breeds do not seem to have that strong constitution, that thrift, that inherent quality which always makes them ready for their meals, and ready for almost anything which may come up; and I consider that a very strong point, and I believe that the breeders of Holstein cattle would be making a most serious mistake if they lost sight of that vigor and thrift and health and constitution which is now so important a point among this famous breed of cattle."

"Then we find in our experience that the calves are strong and good doers. I have never known in my experience a calf that required nursing and required codding, and required any extra attention. Without exception they have come strong and are good doers, and in two or three weeks we can put them on skim milk, and soon begin to feed them bran and oats, and they begin to thrive right from the start. Now, other calves do not seem to thrive in the same way, and that is why I like the Holstein cattle, because they care are thrifty right from the start."

Comparatively few have attempted to save their injured trees. This may be done by erecting a mound of fresh earth to cover the wound by binding the wound with a mixture of clay and cow manure, half and half, or by covering the whole with burlap, or by simply covering the wound with grafting wax.

Bridging is practised by many quite successfully. Mr. W. W. Cox, of Collingwood, has some old trees that have never failed to bear good crops that were girdled when they were five inches in diameter for a distance of one half foot or more. The amount of fruit put on the trees was as good as that of trees of the same size and age that were not girdled. The Crawford type proved particularly tender.

Cherries are also injured severely in bud. Small trees escaped with less injury. Yours very truly, W. A. Clemons, Publication Clerk.

The inventor asserts that the train could be stopped in 200 yards, even when traveling at over 70 miles an hour. The only danger to be guarded against is that of fire from overheating. The amount of fuel consumed in the introduction of these motors cars on some of the English railways, being used principally as feeders for the main line, and as far as known, they have filled the demands admirably, making the railway company to establish regular service connecting the smaller towns located away from the line, without the necessity of going to the expense of building a road and having to pay a line for traffic which may not be a profitable one for many years, if at all.

Every child in the country needs, at some time or other, a medicine to correct the ill incident to childhood. If Baby's Own Tablets are kept in the house and occasionally given to the little ones they will prevent illness and make the little ones rugged, strong and cheerful. Mothers should insist on having this medicine because it contains no opiates or harmful drugs, and children take the Tablets as readily as they take candy. If you have a neighbor who has used the Tablets ask her and she will tell you how completely satisfied they give. Here is what one mother, Mrs. Wm. Sinclair, Helron, N. D., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets with so much satisfaction that I do not feel safe when I have not got a box in the house. I am sure that our mother will be quite as well pleased with them."

You can get the Tablets through your druggist or by mail at 25 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A RAILROAD REVOLUTION.

The bicycle paved the way for the automobile and the automobile threatens to effect a revolution in the transportation methods on land and sea. The motor boat is the find of the moment, and these few weeks it is expected to demonstrate that they have succeeded to the point of putting out several vehicles for actual use on the tracks, and in the course of a few weeks it is expected to demonstrate that these vehicles may be made use of by railroad companies, with a great economy over that of engines. This announcement is made in a recent report in all the papers of the Dominion and there has been a serious increase in the number of mice during the past year. The damage to nursery stock was particularly severe, and it is said to say that not less than 25 per cent of the "heeled up" out doors has been destroyed. The young trees in all parts of Ontario, and in the St. Lawrence and Ottawa valleys, suffered, according to their location, several correspondents put their loss at 50 per cent. of all trees of three years and less.

The injury was almost nothing where young orchards had clean culture throughout the season. As the protection to the mice was increased by the growth of weeds, grass or clover crop, so the proportion of loss increased. Snow provided them excellent protection under which they could work on trees, in some cases up to the limbs. Forest trees and hedges suffered to an equal extent. The loss will probably reach about 25 per cent. of all young trees.

The practice of the best orchardist seems to be to grow the cover crop even at the risk of encouraging the mice, and to protect the trees against their attacks. Keeping a small circle about the trees clean, is not, in itself, a sufficient protection. Mr. J. L. Hillborn, of Leamington, Ont., Mr. A. C. Starr, of Starr's Point, N. S., and several other correspondents, have found the throwing of two or three trunks of the trees, to form a small mound, quite sufficient to protect their trees. Mr. Harold Jones, of Maitland, Ont., has practised successfully the careful tramping of the snow about the trees after the first heavy snowfall, repeating it after a thaw. A most effective protection is furnished by wrapping building paper about the trunk of the tree for one or two feet, trying it in place with a stout paper. A few correspondents

THE "BOOERS" WERE MAD.

Because Miss Mabel Terry Lewis Was Not Brought Before the Footlights. The fall of the curtain on the last act of the "Bride and Bridegroom," produced at the New Theatre last night, was followed by the noisiest scene witnessed in a London theatre for some years.

Amid a storm of "boos" proceeding from the gallery, cries rose of "What about Miss Terry Lewis?" "We want no more," and other quite indistinguishable phrases not intended to be friendly. Coming down to the footlights, looking very pale, Sir Charles Wyndham, looking to speak, but failing after several attempts to make himself heard, he directed the members of his company standing behind him to retire from the stage. Going back again to the footlights, after the rest of the company had left the stage, Sir Charles took advantage of a lull that followed a burst of cheering, to say: "I am here to face the music."

More cheers. After which he went on to say: "With regard to this organized opposition—but a cry of 'We all know you hate the gallery' broke in, and an indescribable babel cut short the sentences. "If the boopers would only 'boo' at their own looking glasses at home they would never want to 'boo' again," the actor-manager cried, pointing his finger angrily at the gallery. Sir Charles called on the police to remove the offenders, but the taking out of one of the noisiest of the demonstrators improved matters very little. "You are not telling the truth," was yelled down from above to the stage, where Sir Charles, evidently determined to go through with it, stood alone, encouraged by shouts from other parts of the house. The cries from the gallery that "they wanted to hear no more," had no further effect than to draw from the actor-manager an expression of his intention to protect in future the audiences at his theatres from the annoyances of such scenes as this.

Several times he asked for "fair play," but those who commenced the disturbance evidently had no intention of giving it, and after twenty minutes of uproar, the scene ended almost, but not quite, as noisily as it began. Some of the occupants of the gallery afterwards gave as the reason for the noise that they understood that Miss Mabel Terry Lewis had not been brought before the footlights in the final call on the first night of My Lady Rosedale. Sir Charles looked very pale last night and a wound on the top of his head was evidence of an accident which met with before the performance beneath the stage, through coming in contact with a cross-timber.—London Mail.

HEALTH FOR GIRLS.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Make Strong Healthy Rosy-Checked Lassies.

"I was attacked with appendicitis," says Miss Fabiola Grammont, daughter of Mr. Charles Grammont, a prosperous farmer of Champlain, Que., "and while the doctor who attended me cured me of this trouble it left behind a deep depression from which it seemed almost impossible to recover. I grew weak and very pale; my appetite was poor; I suffered at times from severe headaches, and, at least, my nerves left me completely worn out. I tried several remedies, but instead of getting better I was gradually growing worse. Any work about the house left me weak and dispirited, and I felt almost like giving up. At this time a friend who had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with much benefit strongly urged me to give them a trial. I decided to continue the use of the pills, and by the time I had taken three boxes I found my condition was improving. I used eight boxes in all, and my old-time health had returned, my appetite had improved, I had gained in weight and the glow of health had returned to my face. I cannot say enough for the good Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to all pale and weak girls."

Good blood is an absolute necessity, and the only way to have a constant supply of it is by getting the blood to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose helps to make new blood, and to drive from the system such troubles as anaemia, languidness, nervousness, indigestion, rheumatism, etc. You can get these by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE FRUIT CROP.

Much Damage Done by Mice and Frost. The fruit division at Ottawa, sent out a request for information as to the damages by mice and frost during the past winter, and has received several replies from correspondents put their loss at 50 per cent. of all trees of three years and less. The injury was almost nothing where young orchards had clean culture throughout the season. As the protection to the mice was increased by the growth of weeds, grass or clover crop, so the proportion of loss increased. Snow provided them excellent protection under which they could work on trees, in some cases up to the limbs. Forest trees and hedges suffered to an equal extent. The loss will probably reach about 25 per cent. of all young trees.

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True Economy in Glasses.
The truly economical calculate the relation of the cost to their health.
Considering that our glasses give perfect sight, they are indeed a good investment!

Wm. Coates & Son,
Jewelers and Opticians,
Brockville, Ont.

Collars and Cuffs
SOMETHING NEW
Interlined Waterproof Collars and Cuffs, made to order.
There can be but one best—my make is the best.
WM. MOTT, Athens.

FOR THAT COUGH
we can recommend the following preparations of our own:
Syrup of White Pine.
Syrup of White Pine and Tar.
Syrup of White Pine with Eucalyptol.
Syrup of Tar and Wild Cherry.
Syrup Linsced and Turpentine.
All for 25c per bottle
After La Grippe take our Emulsion of Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, 25c and 50c.
Bland's Pills, our special formula.
Hale's Syrup of the Hypophosphites, 50c per bottle.

Curry's Drug Store
Fullford Block, Brockville, Ont.

WE ARE NOT
The only Musical House in Brockville, nor are we the oldest one—

But
The growth of our business during the past two years has fully proven our assertions that we are selling the best Pianos sold in Canada, that every instrument sold here is exactly as represented, and that we give the easiest possible terms of payment. If you examine our goods, and get our prices, you will be convinced.

— AT THE —
ISLAND CITY MUSIC STORE
G. L. RICHES, Prop.
Tel. 357 BROCKVILLE

"The Old Reliable"
The Ottawa Business College
Will be open all summer.
Make your arrangements now to take this special course and get ready for the good situations that are always open to the graduates of the O.B.C. Illustrated catalogue free to any address.
W. E. GOWLING, Principal.

THE
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ISSUED EVERY
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON
—BY—
G. F. DONNELLEY
PUBLISHER

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No paper will be stopped until all arrears are paid except at the option of the publisher. A post office notice to discontinue is not sufficient unless a settlement to date has been made.
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Professional Cards, 6 lines or under, per year \$3.00; over 6 and under 12 lines, \$4.00.
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CLAPBOARDS, LATH, FLOORING, CEILING, SHINGLES, CIRTERNS, WATER & WHEY TANKS, &c.

Athens Grain Warehouse
BRAN, SHORTS, FEED, HAY, FLOUR, ETC.
Custom Grinding well and quickly done. Cash paid for Grain and Lumber.

FRESH VEGETABLE and FLOWER SEEDS
— AT —
R. B. HEATHER'S
BROCKVILLE

LOCAL ITEMS
Miss Keith Brown visited friends at Addison last week.
Read T. S. Kendrick's quotations for hot-weather dress goods.
We learn with regret that Mr. John Wiltsie is confined to his home by illness.
The annual meeting of St. Lawrence District I.O.O.F. is to be held in Athens this evening.
You are invited to see H. R. Knowlton's large stock of wedding gifts advertised this week.
Mrs. S. Boyce of Brockville is this week visiting friends in Athens, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Boyce.

By the casting vote of the mayor, Chief Adams was dismissed from the police force of Brockville on Monday evening.
The Recorder says that the Tuesday excursion train carried from 250 to 300 people to Brockville, the largest number yet recorded.
The Rev. L. M. Weeks has the following appointments for next Sunday: Plum Hollow, 10:30; Athens, 2:30 (I.O.F. annual service) and 7:30.
The dates for three of Athens' June Weddings have been fixed and the guessing contest that has been proceeding among all local femininity is drawing to a close.
The final draft of stations of Montreal conference has not yet been issued, but from the first draft it is apparent that only one or two changes are likely to be made in this district.

This week an Elgin street boy was rewarded in his Nature studies by finding a lot of ripe strawberries. This is unusually early, and the abundance of moisture should ensure a heavy crop.
Through the courtesy of Rev. W. Warren Giles, pastor of the First Baptist church, Summit, New Jersey, we have received a copy of the dedicatory programme used on May 30th. The new church is a fine looking building and cost \$45,000.
No advertiser should ever make the mistake, says Business Problems, of thinking that people won't take the trouble of reading their advertisements. There are people, and they are not scarce either, to whom the advertisements are the most interesting part of a paper.

In some way, a report has gained currency that no Entrance examinations are to be held in Athens this year. Of course, there is absolutely no foundation for the rumor. Entrance exam's will be held here on June 28, 29 and 30, as usual, and there will be ample accommodation for all who wish to write here.

The results of Toronto University exam's was published on Monday Messrs. A. J. Weart and W. H. Godfrey were successful in 3rd year medicine and Mr. W. G. Connolly in 3rd-year arts. All three made full passes, which is very creditable in view of the fact that a large percentage of the candidates were conditioned.

As far as the Province of Ontario is concerned politicians are urging their followers in each constituency to look carefully after the voters' lists of this year. There is no doubt the lists of 1904 will be the lists used in the next Dominion general election, and should Hon. George W. Ross, premier of Ontario, decide not to have a fourth session of the present parliament of Ontario, the lists of 1904 will be used in the next provincial general election.

The A.H.S. closes for the long vacation on Friday, June 24.
—A first-class incubator and brooder for sale. Apply at this office.
Service will be held in the Methodist church on Sunday next, as usual.

Mr. H. L. Joynt is purchasing a high-class stock of carriages and horses for his livery business at Smith's Falls.
Mrs. (Dr.) Giles, Brockville, leaves shortly for England, where she will spend the summer with her daughter.
Assessor Phillips this year presented a roll to the council which was so satisfactory that no appeals were entered.

The growth of the Reporter's subscription list makes it necessary to increase the issue by 24 papers, commencing this week.
Prof. Mitchell, B.A., superintendent of the Kingston Dairy School, is making a tour of the creameries throughout Eastern Ontario.

Rev. Dr. McLean, of Arnprior, who conducted the service so acceptably last Sabbath in St. Paul's church, will again occupy the pulpit next Sabbath.

The ladies of the Church of England intend holding a lawn social some time during this month. Particulars there with will be announced in our next issue.
At 1 p.m. on Wednesday next, June 15, the ratepayers of Rear Yonge and Escott will meet to nominate a council in place of Mr. Henry L. Joynt, resigned.

Mr. Almeron Robeson's milk delivery horse indulged in a little go-as-you-please excursion around town on Monday evening. It was captured before doing any damage.

The mosquitoes are reported to be delighted to find, in looking over the feminine fashion plates, that screen-door shirt waists are going to be popular this summer.

Mr. A. E. Wiltsie of Pleasant Ward Co., North Dakota has been for several days receiving the glad hand from old Athenian friends. The West evidently agrees with him.

These are the days when the enthusiastic amateur gardener spends twenty dollars worth of energy in the effort to make sixty cents worth of seeds produce a dollar's worth of vegetables.

On Sunday morning last, "Conference Sunday," Mr. N. L. Massey, B.A., delivered an interesting address to a large congregation in the Methodist church. No service was held in the evening.

On the evening of Wednesday, June 22, the Victoria University Male Quartette will give an entertainment in the high school hall under the auspices of the Epworth League. Admission, 25c.

The close season for bass expires on June 15. The report circulated to the effect that fishing would not be allowed until July 1 was an error. It was proposed that the close season be extended to that date, but the change was not made.

The executive committee of the Baptist Association of Ontario and Quebec decided that the annual meeting shall be held in Toronto, on Oct. 17, unless that day is chosen for thanksgiving, in which case the meeting will be held on Oct. 21.

Rev. Daniel Earl was unsuccessful in his application to conference for reinstatement in the ministry of the Methodist church. His suspension was confirmed, and it was decided that it should continue until such time as he becomes reconciled to his wife.

—Mr. Morton C. Knapp, proprietor of the Athens Plating Works, makes a specialty of replating old or discarded silverware. The cost is trifling. He also renovates and re-colors jewellery, and replates nickel on surgical and dentists' instruments, ornaments, bicycles, skates, etc.

Last week Mr. Howard Geddes received notice that he had passed his final examination at the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto, his standing being 4th in a class of 93. Other students, graduates of the A.H.S., who were successful in passing their final exam's were C. C. Nash of Athens and Mr. Clare Pritchard of Toronto (formerly of Addison).

A correspondent sends the following timely hint:—"Perhaps the teachers in the schools may find a spare five minutes before dismissal to say a few words to the pupils in behalf of the birds we now have with us. Birds are killed and nests are robbed in a spirit of wanton mischief rather than cruelty. An appeal to the boys to spare and protect the birds will, we feel certain, be listened to."

The importation of a number of capercaillies, a Norwegian game bird, by the Ontario Government into Algonquin Park last year cost \$1,400. They, however, are reported to be doing well, and as they multiply very rapidly the money was well spent. The Provincial Game Wardens' Department do not intend to import any more of them this year, but they are endeavoring to secure from Kansas a quantity of grouse, which will be let free in various parts of the province.

During the past week Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hillis of Brockville have been visiting friends in Athens and this vicinity.

Mr. H. R. Young, theological student, representative of Trinity University, Toronto, has been in the village for a few days.

Another graduate, in the person of Miss Mabel Slack, of the Brockville Business College, is added to the large number already holding positions.

Mr. Walter Smith this week accompanied a friend, a commercial traveler, to the fishing grounds of Charleston Lake and they landed a salmon weighing 11½ lbs.

The report that a man has invented a machine by which the true weight of the fish on the end of the line is registered, even if the fish gets off immediately, shows that this craze for accuracy can go too far.

Chief Sweet, of Smith's Falls, collected \$800 arrears of taxes in that town and the town council allowed him ten per cent for the work. Perhaps Athens Chief might feel disposed to do a little business on that basis.

At the present session of Montreal conference, Messrs. B. Booth Brown and Arthur Hager, having completed their probationary course for the ministry, were received into full connection. Mr. O. M. Eaton, at his own request, is left without a circuit.

On Sunday next, at 2.30, the members of Court Athens, I.O.F., will attend divine service in the Baptist church, where they will be addressed by the pastor, Rev. L. M. Weeks. Visiting brethren will be cordially welcomed.

By reference to the adv't in the Reporter, it will be seen that Mr. H. C. Phillips is offering for sale "Idle White" cottage, Charleston Lake. Situated on a beautiful little island in Charleston harbor, it is one of the pleasantest summer homes on the lake and should find a ready sale.

Mr. Joseph Thompson is at Spring Valley to-day, assisting his father in his preparations for a trip to Belfast, Ireland. It is thirty years since Mr. Thompson visited his old home in the Emerald Isle, and his many friends in Leeds county wish him a pleasant voyage and safe return.

Mr. W. B. Halladay is recovering nicely from the injuries he received last week by being thrown from a rig while returning home from Brockville. It was very dark, and near Alguire's Corners the horse was startled by something and ditched the buggy before it could be got under control.

The Arnprior town council took a unique method of getting at the true value of the property in that town this year. It appointed a new assessor and sent him on his rounds minus the assessor's roll of the previous year, which assessors usually take to act as a kind of guide in fixing the new valuation. The new plan, as was to be expected, resulted in a large crop of appeals, amounting in all to 40.

The Athens baseball team played their first match in the schedule of the Island City League on Saturday last at Gananoque, and were defeated by a score of 11 to 4. They drove the entire distance (30 miles) and played the game in a down-pour of rain. When Gananoque comes here, the conditions, so far as the unfavorable effect of the long drive is concerned, will be reversed, and the home team hopes to be able to wipe out this defeat.

Once more the decks have been cleared for action along the town hall construction line, and this week tenders for the work are invited through the medium of the Reporter and town papers. It is expected that the architect has produced plans and specifications that will secure a good building at a reasonable cost, so there is not likely to be any hitch in the proceedings. The contracts will be let as soon as possible and the work vigorously prosecuted.

Mr. Fred Ritter of New York is spending vacation at the home of his parents here. A few days ago he was called to Syracuse by the illness of his sister, Mrs. Cavan, who had undergone an operation for appendicitis at the hospital. He found her condition quite serious, and wired Mrs. Ritter, who joined him there. More favorable conditions developed and Mr. Ritter accompanied his mother on her return to Athens.

The Ordination and Induction service of I. N. Beckstedt, M.A., into the pastoral charge of Athens and Toledo will take place next Tuesday evening, June 14, at eight o'clock, in the Presbyterian church, Athens. Services will be conducted by the Rev. C. H. Daly, M.A., Lyn, Rev. Geo. McArthur, M.A., clerk of Brockville Presbytery, Rev. Norman McLeod, B.D., of First Church, Brockville. The public are most cordially invited to this service.

A Warning
To feel tired after exertion is one thing; to feel tired before is another. Don't say the latter is laziness—it isn't; but it's a sign that the system lacks vitality, is running down, and needs the tonic effect of Hood's Sarsaparilla.
It's a warning too—and sufferers should begin taking Hood's at once. Buy a bottle to-day.

POISONOUS WEEDS
Wm. Lochead, Professor of Biology in Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, writes the Reporter as follows:—
Quite frequently reports reach us of suspected cases of death by stock-poisoning through the eating of certain weeds either in pasture or in hay. It is somewhat difficult to get correct and timely information regarding such cases, and I am taking the liberty of asking you to call the attention of the farmer and veterinary men in your district to the matter, and to ask that all cases of stock poisoning be promptly reported to me, with full information as to the attendant circumstances,—nature of death and weed suspected. (Specimens should be sent to me). I hope in turn to get together sufficient material to publish a Bulletin on Poisonous Weeds, which will be of service to the Province.

Get the Most Out of Your Food
You don't and can't if your stomach is weak. A weak stomach does not digest all that is ordinarily taken into it. It gets tired easily, and what it fails to digest is wasted.
Among the signs of a weak stomach are uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, and disagreeable belching.
"I have been troubled with dyspepsia for years, and tried every remedy I heard of, but never got anything that gave me relief until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. I cannot praise this medicine too highly for the good it has done me. I always take it in the spring and fall and would not be without it."
W. A. Newsum, Belleville, Ont.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Strengthens and tones the stomach and the whole digestive system.

EGGS!
The Price is High!
The Demand is Great!
Increase the production—make your hens lay more eggs.
Many others have done so by feeding
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What others have done you can do.
Try one package and you will try more. Sold by
JOSEPH THOMPSON
Grocer ATHENS

Hot Weather necessitates Cool Clothing
Have you got it?
We have, and want to supply you with it.
Muslins at 20, 17, 15, 12½, 10c yd.
Flaked Etamines, all colors, 15c yd.
Wool Etamines, 40 inch, any shade, only 50c yd.
White Waists in the newest styles from 75c up.
A full line of White Wear at the lowest prices for the quality.
Summer Corsets, 50 and 85c pr any size.
Fans, 5c upwards.
A few ready to wear Hats left to sell at cost.
Ladies' Oxford and Sandal Shoes from 75c per pr. up.
T. S. Kendrick

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Bargain Sale of Furniture
Our stock of furniture is very large and we have more ordered. We have, in fact, more goods than we can accommodate, and so we have determined to conduct a low-price sale until stock is reduced.
This sale will afford careful buyers an opportunity to obtain exceptional values. The reduction applies to every line, and if you need an article of furniture for any part of the house it will pay you to inspect our stock.
R. D. JUDSON & SON
Picture Framing

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Wedding Gifts
We can show you quantities of beautiful and useful articles in Sterling Silver, long-wearing Silver Plate, and fine China, which are especially suitable for a wedding gift.
Odd spoons and forks for berries, salad, cold meat, and numerous other uses, you will find here in handsome patterns and at moderate prices.
H. R. KNOWLTON
Jeweller and Optician

G. A. McCLARY
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By arrangement with the Eureka Art Co., of Windsor, we are enabled to offer to our patrons handsome life-size crayon portraits as premiums on their purchases at this store.
These pictures are enlarged from any photo the customer may wish. Every lineament is faithfully reproduced, and the picture is enclosed in a 5 inch solid gilt frame.
The Conditions
Each customer receives a ticket and every purchase is credited thereon until the total amounts to \$5; then the customer pays \$1.25 and receives his picture, free from any other charge.
You are invited to call and see these pictures.
G. A. McCLARY

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