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THE LEADING WHOLESALE TRADE OF HAMILTON.	THE LEADING WHOLFSALE TRADE OF MONTREAL.	THE LEADING WHOLESALE TRADE
BUCHANANS, BINNY & MCKENZIE	David Torrance & Co.,	GREENE & SONS.
BUCHANANS, BINNY & MCKENZIE Have now received and opened the greater portion of their FALL IMPORTATIONS OF STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS PROM THE EUROPEAN MARKETS. And with further shipments immediately arriving, (w shall have full assortments opened out by THURSDAY, 1ST SEPTEMBER. Our stock will be found fresh and new in every line, and to indicate great care and judgment in the selection. In STAPLE COTTON GOODS, having purchased after the fall in price caused by the European War, we are able to offer the best value in the market. Full lines open of CANADIAN TWEEDS, KNITTED GOODS, AND BLANKETS. Also, at reduced Mill Prices, DUNDAS COTTONS, Do. Do. YARNS, Do. Do. BAGS, BUCHANANS, BINNY & MCKENZIE. Hamilton, 23rd August, 1870. Thomson, Birkett & Bell, (Successors to Young, Law & Co.) W H O L E S A L E D R Y G O O D S, HAMILTON.	EAST AND WEST INDIA MERCHANTS EXCHANGE COURT, MONTREAL. Montreal, May 9, 1870. 10Ja7 James Robertson, METAL MERCHANT, AND MANUFACTURER OF LEAD PIPE, SHOT, PAINTS, PUTTY, &c., ALSO, Circular, Gang, Cross Cut, and other Saws. PROPRISEOR, Canada Lead & Saw Works, Montreal. Also {Dominion Saw Works Montreal.	HATS, CAPS AND FURS WE HAYE NOW READY THE LARGEST best assorted stock that we have ever sho the trade of the Doninion. Buyers visiting our market will consult their in by inspecting our WELL SELECTED AND FASHIONABLE-GOOD
2 BAGS AND DOMESTICS. THE LEADING WHOLESALE TRADE OF MONTREAL. S. H. May & Co., Importers and Dealers in PAINTS, OIL, VARNISH, & C CHANEES SMITHWICK, 26 AND 21 OZ. STAR, DIAMOND STAR, AND DOUBLE THICK GLASS. 17July70 274 St. Paul st., Montreal.	AND OTHER PIANOFORTES,	WHOLESALE WINE, GENERAL AN COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Feb71 10 Hospital Street W. R. Ross & Co., GENERAL MERCHANTS, AND IMPORTERS OF TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIE 164 & 466 St. Paul Street,
PAPER MANUFACTURERS, AND WHOLESALE STATIONERS, 373 St. Paul Street. W. & F. P. Currie & Co., 100 GREY NUN STREET, MONTREAI, Importers of <i>RON, TIN, STEEL, BOILER PLATES</i> , GALVANIZED IRON, CANADA PLATES, OILER TUBES, GAS TUBES, IRON WIRE, Gas Tube Fittings, Boiler Rivets, Gauge Glasses, Plants nd Putty, Cements, Window Glass, Fire Bricks, Fire Glay	14 St. Helen Street, Montreal. 1Ja71 A. Ramsay & Son, Importers of	MONTREAL. MERCANTILE Summary. SAMUEL ADAMS, a woolen manufacturer Hespeler, took French leave of his creditors of Wednesday week. Two of his victims, on fin ng that Adams had really left them in the lurch helped themselves to certain pairs of drawers and socks without leave, an act which was resented by the remaining creditors, and the result with the committal of the monopolists to take their rial before Judge Miller at Berlin. ANTHONY & BRAGGINSThis brace of worthies the recently decamped from Toronto with their took, have been nicely trapped. After being in

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terviewed at Detroit, where they exhibited their true colors, they were followed to the Suspension Bridge by an indefatigable creditor, and after a little manœuvring, were both enticed over to the Canadian side and secured. They had each taken separate routes with portions of the stock, which proved a more troublesome encumbrance than they anticipated. This game of "grab and run" is getting so common, that it is hoped such a punishment will be meted out in this case as will deter other similar adventurers from repeating the escapades of this unserupulous couple.

THE Montreal Telegraph Company purchase', hast week, the land and buildings adjoining their office on St. Sacrament street, Montreal, extending round the corner, to Farier's property ou Francois Xavier street, at \$5.75 per foot. They contemplate erecting on part of this a handsome building, to be occupied as an office, finding their present one entirely too small. It is to be hoped they will have some respect to the future, and set an example of widening the streets, which in that quarter of Montreal are even now found so inconveniently narrow for the growing traffic.

"GOING, GOING, GONE." The proprietor of an establishment, whose calling and condition for some time past is aptly illustrated by these words, recently attempted a little sharp practice, which, fortunately for the parties interested, was discovered and nipped in the bud. Finding the condition of affairs rather desperate, and with the aid of a needy and not over scrupulous limb of the law, a lot of goods consigned to him were surreptiticusly removed and placed in the hands of a respectable firm, with instructions for speedy realization ; but upon the appearance of an accredited agent of the owner, the spoil was relinquished ; otherwise, the case would probably have been ventilated in the Police Court. Next to the wonder that merchants confide the custody of their wares to such loose persons, it is surprising that the perpetrators of such glaring attempts at fraud are allowed to go unpunished.

WE hear no more word of the "Silver Nuisance." by which we in the cities were so sorely temper-tried last year. There is still, however, a "copper nuisance," which the smaller dealers, and the poorer classes in the cities feel the most. The new Canadian cents, or those of the coinage of 1860, scarce though they are, have for several years been the only coins to represent a cent. All other copper coins of Canada, England, or of the United States, although these were coined when gold currency prevailed, and were intrinsically worth as nearly a Canada cent as possible, were put down by usage, to the value of 30 to the quarter-dollar. So that the anomaly was pre sented of getting T5 of the cumbrous copper cents for a York shilling, and an American tourist would frequently stare with wonder, when a newsboy gave them five weighty " heads of liberty " and a copy of the evening paper for a five cent bit. We now learn, however, that Government have instructed postmasters and customs officers to receive the copper "tokens" of the Montreal, Peoples, Upper Canada and Quebec Banks at the rate of

penny pieces, and it is to be hoped we shall adopt^{*} the decimal system fully and exclusively, and no longer be troubled with heaps of puzzling "coppers" of uncertain values.

financial.

STOCKS AND MONEY.

Reported by Blaikie & Alexander, Brokers. TORONTO, Aug. 31, 1870.

The Stock Market has showed continued dullness during the past week. Except a few inconsiderable transactions in the most active stocks, and several sales of county and city bonds, nothing worthy of note has transpired. Banks.—Commerce is in fair demand with very

Banks.—Commerce is in fair demand with very little offering. Toronto has been sold in small lots at 1524, and offering now at 155 without inducing purchasers. Nothing doing in Royal. Ontario would now bring 1054. Montreal can likely be had for 193.

Bonds. — Governments, quotations nominal. Large sales of Toronto City Bonds at 924. County Bonds can be had to a limited extent at 103. Considerable amounts of Townships have changed hands at 944. Sundries—Small amounts of Freehold offering

Sundries-Small amounts of Freehold offering at 127. Canada Permanent and Western Canada still remain weak, the former offering at 135 and the latter at 126. Transactions have taken place to some extent in Canada Landed Credit at par. Nothing to report in City Gas and Insurance companies.

TORONTO STOCK MARKET.

Reported by Pellatt & Osler, Brokers. TORONTO, Aug. 30th, 1870.

The Stock Market has ruled somewhat more active during the past few days, but the transactions have been of an unimportant character. The extreme high prices demanded by holders, almost prevents business being done.

Prevents business being cone. Banks.—Sales of Montreal have taken place at 1924, holders now asking 195. British is scarce, and enquired for at 1054. Our quotations for last week, for Ontario have been fully sustained, sales having taken place at 104, 1044 and 1044. A sale of Toronto reported at 1524, very inactive and dull. Several small amounts of Royal Canadian exchanged hands at 65, very little in demand. Large amounts of Conmerce offered at 1224, no buyers over 121. Merchants' has steadily advanced since last week, sales have been made as high as 115, closing firm, with purchasers at these rates. Quebec, nominal at 1074, nothing deing. Molson's are held at 104, no buyers over 102. City are enquired for at 874, holders asking 89. No sales of Du Peuple exdividend to report, asked for at par. Nationale is quoted at 107, nothing doing. Jacques Cartier is asked for at 113, but there are no sellers. Sellers of Mechanics' at 91, buyers offering 90. Union steady at 106 to 107, no stock offering.

Debentures. -- Nothing doing in either Canada "Fives" or "Sixes." Dominion stock is in fair demand at 108. Large sales of Toronto during the week at 921. Some first class Counties on market at 103, no demand at present.

for a York shilling, and an American tourist would frequently stare with wonder, when a newsboy gave them five weighty "heads of liberty" and a copy of the evening paper for a five cent bit. We now learn, however, that Government have instructed postmasters and customs officers to receive the copper "tokens" of the Montreal, Peoples, Upper Canada and Quebec Banks at the rate of two cents for the penny, and one cent for the half

market. Union building Society, no sales exdividend, dividend of 5 rer cent. payable 1st proximo. Montreal Telegraph sold at 183, sellers generally asking about 186 to 187. Market entirely cleared of Canada Landed Credit at par. Mortgages still continue in good demand to pay 8 per cent., but no really good mortgages offering.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Reported by Robert Moat, Broker. MONTREAL, Aug. 30, 1870.

In the stock market there has been but little change of moment during the past week. Money continues very abundant, but there is no change in rates. There is a steady demand for nearly all descriptions of stocks and bonds by the public for investment, but the very limited amounts offeringprevent sales.

Banks.—Quotations are generally higher than at the close of last week. Montreal sold at 1924 and is now held for 194. Merchants' was placed at 1143 and 115, but buyers would now give 1154 to 116. Ontario sold at 1044 and 1044, the latter price would still be given. City brought 874, and Toronto 152, Royal was dealt in to some extent at 654 and 66, holders generally asking 674. There are buyers of Jacques Cartier at 103, Peuple's at 100 ex-dividend, Quebec at 1074, Nationale at 1064, British at 1054 and Mechanics' at 90, Union is unchanged at 1064 to 107. Sundries.—The principal transactions were in

Sundries.—The principal transactions were in Montreal Mining shares at \$4.20 and \$4, closing heavy at \$3.75. Montreal Telegraph is procurable at 186 to 187, with buyers at 184 to 185. City Passenger is in good demand at 128 to 130, and Richelieu at 150 to 155. Canadian Navigation is heavy, but unchanged in price.

is heavy, but unchanged in price. Bonds.—There are very few of any kind offering. Dominion Stock is wanted at 108 and Montreal Bonds at 994.

HAMILTON MONEY MARKET.

Reported by Stinson's Bank.

HAMILTON, August 31, 1870.

Continued ease in the money market, with an increase demand for investment, is noted during the week.

Bank stocks are inactive but firm; small lots of Bank of Commerce changed hands at 123; 121 is offered for large lots; no sellers under 1224. The weakness of gold in New York has lessened the demand for exchange; speculation favors a rise.

An auction sale, yesterday, of real estate, consisting of business stands, private residences and city lots, attracted a large audience; competition lively; bidding spirited, and prices good invariably lligher than the assessed value.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET, Ang. 25.—Business continues extremely dull, and except for the necessities of the hour, there is nothing doing. Money on call is very easy at five per cent., at which rate borrowers are readily supplied, with exceptional transactions at four per cent. Discounts are freely obtained at seven to eight and and half per cent. on first class names.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN HAMILTON.—A sale of valuable properties took place at Mr. T. N. Best's Auction Rooms. The store on the Market Square, occupied as a saloon by James R. Reid, was purchased by Geo. Ellis, for \$2,100; the store adjoining it, occupied as a grocery by Mr. Smith, was sold for \$3,550; the Shakespeare hotel brought \$3,500; a dwelling house on the east side of Hughson street sold for \$2,075; and a brick store on King, east of Mary street, brought \$1,025.

NEW	FALL	CA	RPETS
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BRUSSELS CARPETS TAPESTRY do.

2-PLY KIDDERMINSTERS.

3-PLY do.

4-4 SUPER UNIONS.

6-4 PRINTED FELTS.

DUTCH CARPETS. HEMP CARPETS. MATTINGS. HEARTH RUGS.

All of the NEWEST DESIGNS and COLORINGS. The VARIETY UNUSUALLY LARGE.

34 Yonge Street, Toronto.

OFFICE-WEST RECENT STREET, GLASGOW, SCOTLAND. BRYCE, MCMURRICH & CO. 32-1y Toronto, July 28, 1870.

THE

Monetary and Commercial Times.

WITH WHICH HAS BEEN INCORPORATED THE MONTREAL TRADE REVIEW. TORONTO, CAN., FRIDAY, SEPT. 2, 1870.

RAILWAY DEVELOPMENT.

No better evidence could be adduced of the general prosperity of Canada, than the number and importance of the new lines of railway, which are either projected, or in course of construction. The past record of this country, in regard to this most valuable means of transportation, has been exceedingly creditable to its public enterprise and spirit. Few countries so young, can boast of better railway facilities. According to the last official returns, we possessed about 20 different lines, small and great, whose united tracks extend over about 2,750 miles, and whose annual receipts were close upon \$12,000,000. But we may now be said to have fully entered upon a second era of railway development, and when all the lines are finished which are now commenced, not to speak of others, certain to be constructed, Canada will be intersected in every direction with railways.

The construction of the Grand Trunk and Great Western railways, and the several branches which lead to these chief arteries of communication, was our first railroad era. It was a period of unusual prosperity. During the years in which these roads were under construction, there must have been close upon \$100,000,000 expended-the greater portion of which was English capital. This expenditure gave a new impulse to our the stimulus, and when the roads were open- doubt, and we may therefore add at least 200 was 761 per cent. for the past year as against

ed for traffic, the effect was instant and marked. Montreal started into new life with the completion of the Grand Trunk. Business flowed to the city from the west, like a stream, which has increased annually in volume to the present time. Toronto also felt the beneficial effects both of the Great Western and Grand Trunk, and indeed, the whole of the late Province of Canada may be said to have then entered upon a new state of commercial existence.

Our second era of railway building-which we are now in the midst of-promises to be quite as extensive, indeed more extensive than the first. Quite a number of new roads are now in course of construction, the cost of which will be large. First among these, we have the Intercolonial, to connect Quebec and Halifax. The length of this line will be about 560 miles, and the cost certainly not less than \$20,000,000; It is not improbable that it will be \$5,000,000 more. Then we have the Canada Central, by which it is intended to connect Montreal and the Ottawa district. Part of this line is now being built. If the project is fully carried out it will add a little over 200 miles to our railway system, which, at \$25,000 per mile, would amount to \$5,000,000. Then we have a short road from the Grand Trunk into the Madoc mineral region, and also one from Whitby to Port Perry, a thriving village on lake Scugog. Coming westwards, the two narrow-guage roads projected in Toronto, challenge attention, Both the Toronto, Grey and Bruce, and the Toronto and Nipissing, are partially constructed, and the success of both enterprises-so creditable to the spirit and liberality of the people of this city-is now certain. When finished, both of these railways will be about 100 miles in length, and, if the estimated cost of \$15,000 per mile prove to be sufficient, the expenditure upon them will be \$3,000.000. -Next, we have the Wellington, Grey and Bruce railway. This road is now running to Elora, and will be open to Fergus in a few days. The length from Guelph to Southampton is 98 miles, and the cost may be set down at \$20,000 per mile, which would give a total of \$1,960,000. To this list may be added, one, at least, of the proposed Southern roads. The Great Western loop line from Glencoe to Canfield (102 miles), has been sanctioned by the English Board ; and the Thompson line, from Fort Erie to Windsor, with a branch to the St. Clair river (in all 275 miles), has already received several large bonuses from the counties interested therein, and is quite popular throughout the Western part of the peninsula. That one or both of these roads will be made, commerce. Trade, in all its branches, felt and that immediately, now admits of no

miles more to our estimated new railroads ; and at the very least \$5,000,000 to the total expenditure.

The Scaboard Provinces are making good progress in railway development, but we cannot speak definitely of the various enterprises now being promoted or under construction.

Taking, then, all these different railroads, now partly under contract, and some of them partly made, the total length of them, when they are completed, will be over 1,300 miles, and the cest not far, if at all, below \$40,000,-000. The effect of this large expenditure must be beneficially felt by the whole country. It will increase our business activity ; it will help to open up and develop the great natural resources of the country ; and it will make money plentier. It will also affect the value of real estate, and serve to increase the commercial activity and prosperity which at present exist.

Besides the different lines of new railways specified above, the construction of which, either wholly or in part, is now assured, there are a great many other projects which merit public attention. Chief among these are the North Shore railway-the long-talked of line to connect Quebec and Montreal by the north shore of the St. Lawrence ; the proposed Muskoka line, to connect that important district with the Northern railway the Hamilton and Port Dover road ; the branch from the Great Western at Harrisburg to Brantford, and several others. Before many years we believe most of these projects will be carried out, and everything points, at the present time, to the speedy construction of the Canadian Pacific railway, which will span the continent and unite the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. From all this it will be seen that railway development is going on very rapidly in Canada at the present time. Its effects are already becoming felt. Business is more active, increasing enterprise is manifest, and property shows signs that it feels the prosperous wave. We do not fear that this will lead to the wild and dangerous speculation which followed so closely after our first railroad era, but believe the lesson which the people of Canada learned at that time, will enable them to reap all the advantages and shun the reverses-in other words, enable them to pluck the roses and leave the thorns ..

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

This company seems to have met its share of the prevalent Ill-luck, which forms an unpleasant chapter in the experience of all the companies in 1869. The per centage of losses to premiums, deducting re-assurances,

only 551 in the previous year. This adverse experience has caused no inconvenience to the Company's business ; it has not checked its rapid progress, the premium receipts being 22 per cent. larger than last year ; nor has it prevented the addition of the sum of \$50,000 to the fund described as "reserve," bringing that fund up to \$150,000. ' The net assets stand at \$276,265-the position of which are shown in the statement-an amount ample for any contingency which it is possible to foresee.

It must prove satisfactory to the shareholders to observe the low ratio of expenses. The average expenses of 180 fire and firemarine companies, doing business in New York State in 1869, was 26,20 per cent., while the Western paid out in the same way only 161 per cent.

We are glad to learn from a remark in the Director's report, that so much success as has fallen to the lot of the Western, has not induced the abandonment of a cautious and conservative policy, the practice of which has had much to do with achieving the creditable position in which the Company now stands. One year ago the shares appeared on the market, selling at 50 ; they are now worth upwards of 90. There is therefore good reason for the congratulations which were extended by the friends of the Company to the Directors, on the occasion of the festival that has become a pleasant adjunct of each annual gathering. We commend the report, to be found elsewhere, to the notice of business men.

TORONTO, GREY AND BRUCE RAIL-WAY.

The following letter has been addressed to the shareholders of this railway by the President, Mr. John Gordon :-

In view of recent articles in the city press, various street rumors, and many enquiries by shareholders, I deem it my duty to state that their property is still intact. Nothing has been done regarding the sale of bonds of the Company, but what they, the shareholders, can undo at the meeting called for the 12th prox., which meeting, as well as the annual general meeting on the 14th of September, I most earnestly call upon all concerned to attend, in the meantime suspending their judgment, withholding their proxies or recalling the same if inconsiderately given I will only add that my confidence in ~up. - the ultimate success of the undertaking is as strong as ever. Everything connected with the works is going on all right. I trust that no timidity on the part of any shareholder will cause him to sacrifice his stock."

The above is the only official statement yet given to the public, respecting what is understood to be a serious difficulty among the Board of Directors of this Company. Rumor says that the Board is split up into ing, which can also be supplied.

two hostile factions, and that any immediate adjustment of the dispute is practically impossible. The chief cause of difference is stated to be the transaction mentioned by us last week, which is the negociation of a loan of \$250,000 on the security of \$400,000 of the Company's bonds. These bonds are returnable at the end of two years to the borrowers, on condition of their paying in terest at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum, from the date of the transaction ; otherwise the bonds become the property of the lender at 621 cents in the dollar. It is alleged on the one side that this arrangement is less favorable than one previously made with Messrs. Gooderham & Worts, and which the Board had sanctioned, by a resolution now in the Company's minutes, and which only awaited the preparation of the necessary legal documents to carry it into effect ; that the matter was sprung upon the Board in the absence of the President, and two of the Directors in England, without consulting them, and that it is attempted to withhold the names of some of the parties to the transaction from the members of the Board who are opposed to it. On the other side it is contended that the arrangement above de scribed is much the most favorable that was ever offered to the Company, and that the pre-determination of the absent Directors to carry out the proposed loan of money from Messrs. Gooderham & Worts, though, as i alleged, on less favorable terms than the one above noticed, justifies the action taken in their absence. There are other minor matters about which there is a divergene of opinion, and which serve to widen th breach between the two sections of the Board

A special meeting of the shareholders, t confirm the arrangement entered into by the Directors, will be held early in this month when it is expected the whole matter will b fully explained. Until then it will scarcely be possible to give a full and clear statement of the case.

We deeply regret that such a dispute should have arisen, especially at this stage, to man the prospects of an enterprise so useful and so promising. The citizens of Toronto have supported the promoters from the first, with surprising liberality. Those upon whom the blame shall justly fall, of having stirred up the present broil, should be held to a strict account, and made to feel the full weight of the grave responsibility they have assumed.

BOUND Volumes of THE MONETARY and COMMERCIAL TIMES, for the past year, end ing August 15th, may be had at the Office or will be sent by mail or express. Price THREE DOLLARS. There is also a very limit ed number of the previous volume remain

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

The produce market remains in the same dull and depressed condition as last weekan attempt made some few days ago to galvanise it into more activity having utterly failed. It would almost seem as though the "rueful spectacle of death and ghastly drere" presented by the "fair lands of France" through which the Prussian hosts have penetrated, had cast its shadow over this continent, and drawn men's attention from the quiet walks of trade. The fact, however, we consider to be this, that buyers and sellers are steadily watching the signs of the times in their own more honorable sphere, and preparing for a contest which will neither injure nor disgrace humanity.

Considerable interest has been excited by the action of the Bank of France, supending specie payments while holding gold to the extent of 65 per cent. of its circulation. A very extensive drain had doubtless set in, and but for this step, this vast bulk of specie would, in a few days, have been buried in thousands of little garden pits through the Empire, that being the favorite national savings bank in France. Had this been suffered, the financial disturbance of the war would have been both serious and widespread, both in extent and time. Heavy foreign loans would have been in negotiation at excessive rates, and all the commercial relations of France with other countries for years would have been affected by her difficulty in meeting a constant deficiency in means for adjusting the balance of exchange against her. Should this specie remain, as is doubtful, intact, it will help materially to restore the national credit after the war, and so invigorate the recuperative energies of the people. Should this treasure be scattered by the war, or by an indemnity to the victor, then gold will be at a great premium in France, and those in the habit of selling goods to her will have a restricted trade and a poorer customer. The lesson is on the surface, which it would be well for this Dominion to learn well and act on-"you cannot eat your cake and have it." If this country spends its income, its harvest treasures, in excessive imports of a non-necessary, nonproductive character, in that degree will it retard the growth of the material wealth, and self-sustaining power of the people, and in time of disaster, as invasion, or famine from bad harvests, the mischief will be intensely aggravated by poverty.

We noticed last week an encouraging feature in the lumber trade, the exports to South America. We find that during the week ending on the 26th August, ho less than 3,000,000 (three million) feet, of the value of about \$36,000, were shipped to

Monte Video alone. Would it not be well in connection with this interest, to take a lesson from the Swedish exporters of lumber to England ? We know of ship loads of lumber arriving in English ports in the shape of joinery and carpentery work, doors, sashes, beams, joists, flooring, pannelling, skirting, &c., all ready for the builders hands. Considering the faeilities we possess for this work in our splendid machinery, it seems to us that if we could ascertain the exact needs and ideas of the South American architects, we could far outstrip the Swedes in cheap productions of this character.

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A slight, advance, very welcome to both holders and tanners, has recently taken place in dressed hides 1 and 11 cents extra per lb. having been realized. This is thought by some to arise from a movement to clear the market of its surplus stock, and that in order to accomplish this, if needful, a sacrifice will be endured by the operators. A wiser combination would be, one to prevent an accumulation of these surplus stocks which periodic" ally depress the market, by widening the market for sales. This would be quickly effected were more care and scientific skill shown in the home manufacture of leather. If the persons engaged in this operation, were to take the trouble, they could ascertain that no "cornering" nor any other speculation could increase the value of any nonperishable article on an average number of years.

The barley grop and prospect of prices for the fall excite no small interest. A shrewd eye has been observing the crops from the Bay of Quinte to Sarnia ; he gives the result of his observations thus : Bay of Quinte and Picton, quality and color good, yield half the average ; Belleville, good quality, two-thirds the average crop ; Napanee, good quality, three-fourths an average crop ; thence to Port Hope, about the same ; Peterborough light yield: Bewmanville, dark color, two-thirds average crop ; Whitby, Toronto, and Guelph, three-fourths average crop; Elora and Fergus not heavy, but good ; London and Woodstock, poor quality, bad color, two-thirds average crop; best barley was found at Hamilton. He noticed the spring wheat crop at Bewinanville, Berlin, Waterloo, from St Mary's to Goderich (by Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway) Galt and Ayr where he found "good crops." Nc. 2 barley was worth \$1.18 at Chicago on 24th-equal to \$1.30 at Oswego, or \$1.37 at. There can also be no question of the fact, New Nork-and still remains about that that when properly cultivated, much of our price. Complaints have been made of old barley having been mixed with new. We the crop can be made to pay the farmer would caution dealers to avoid this wholly. handsomely. We regret we cannot say so its weakest link," applies here : buyers will years ago, there were several large flax not to be wondered at that the people rail at a

depress the value of mixed samples down to that of the percentage of old or poor quality mixed with the good new grain. For pecunjary results of sale, as well as for the credit of the trade, it will be most advisable to avoid any appearance even of trickery. The stocks of grain in store and transit by rail, canals, or lakes, show a very marked excess over the return for same period last year. The places include New York, Buffalo, Chicago, Milwaukee, &c.: 1870-Wheat in store and transit, August 20. 7, 206,000 Oats, for this date, are in excess of 1869 by 2,500,000 bushels. The spring wheat is now all cut and threshed in Wisconsin and Western States, and is reported of fine quality, good color, plump berry, and will grade largely No. 1. The barley crop is also fair in Western States and New York. This will tend to keep the demand for our barley within more moderate limits than many expected and hoped.

» The state of the money market is as before reported, with, perhaps, a slight tendency to greater; firmness. The Government is now in the market, for exchange to remit in payment of interest in England; and Sir Francis Hincks is continuing the practice he inaugurated on his accession to office, of inviting offers, and buying wherever he can buy dheapest. This is a vast improvement on the plan in vogue during the last few years, by which the Government was charged such high rates that, when the returns were published and laid before Parliament, they excited the utmost astonishment.

FLAX-RAISING IN ONTAPIO.

During a recent run through the neighborhood of Baden, Hamburg and Stratford, we were much pleased to notice, several fine fields of flax. It is now pulled and standing in shooks, and seems to have been an excellent drop. We know nothing prettier than a field of flax just after it has burst into flower - its light green stems and pale blue flower It is supposed, therefore, that this once formaking a beautiful contrast. But we suppose the farmer would rather see the crop as it is to-day, ready to be taken to the barns and placed under cover, all the dangers to a good crop overcome, and an ample reward for his toil made sure.

Although the cultivation of flax has not been discussed so much by the Press during the past few years as formerly, there is still a good deal raised throughout Ontario. soil is well adapted for flax-raising, and that would caution dealers to avoid this wholly. handsomely. We regret we cannot say so supplies as of old. The principal trade on the The old saying, "a chain is no stronger than much for flax manufactures. Five or six Strait has been derived from this source, and it is

manufactories in existence. Promient among these was the establishment of Gooderham & Co., at Streetsville, and of Elliot, Hunt & Stephen, at Preston. It must be confessed that neither of these establishments were able successfully to carry on business, although they were both fitted up with the best of English and American machinery. In one case to our own personal knowledge the experiment entailed very heavy pecuniary loss, and se doubt not it was same with the other also. The difficulty did not lie, we believe, in the quality of the flax raised by Theareal trouble which beset the suc-118. cess of this branch of manufacturing was the

cheap labour of European countries, which enabled the foreign manufacturer to undersell their Canadian competitors. This result was much to be regetted, for we consume a great deal of linen and other articles made from flax, the manufacture of which in this country would have been and important addition to our varied forms of industry.

It must not be supposed, however, that the manufacture of flax throughout Ontario has entirely ceased. There are not a few scutching mills vigorously at work in different parts of the Province, the owners of some of them having made well out of their investments and enterprise, and we understand the manufacture of rope, and a few other articles is in some cases carried on. We do not give up hopes that ultimately this branch of manufactures may succeed in Canada. Success does not always-if indeed generally -attend first efforts, and the large establishments which failed a few years ago, may succeed if they are tried again after we have become hetter acquainted with flax-growing and its preparation for the mill.

THE gratifying announcement has been made by the correspondents of the daily press, that the Red River Expedition has arrived al Fort Garry and taken possession. midable difficulty is at an end.

EFFECTS OF OUR FISHERY POLICY .- A Cor espondent writing from Halifax says :- The wise policy adopted by the Dominion Government, on the fisheries question-while beneficial to our fishermen, and those who supply them-is being productive of serious loss and embarrassment to many merchants and traders along the eastern oast of Nova Scotia, and more particularly on the shores of the Strait of Canso. During a recent visit to the Strait I found great depression in trade, while loud where the complaints of the policy that prevented the American fisher men from calling to purchase their outfits and

law which so seriously affects their pockets. A few are to be found who have the good sense to look beyond the present, recognize the greater interests involved, and admit the wisdom that dictates the policy. People complain too-and with justice, if the facts are as represented-that the Imperial cruisers in the gulf of St. Lawrence are by no means so strict, or energetic, as those of the Dominion, and that through their laxity, and that of the government of Prince Edward's Island, the Americans are permitted to land on the Island and purchase their supplies, thus allowing the merchants of that province to benefit by the law which drives the fishermen away from Nova Scotia, thereby serving, in a great mersure, to defeat the objects of that law. I may confidently expect, however, that this evil-if it really exists -will speedily be removed.

A WOODEN RAILWAY .- A railway which cost only \$6,000 per mile, including right of way, grading, track and rolling stock complete, is certainly a novelty. That is the cost of the Quebec and Gosford wooden railway, if the statement of the President, is to be accepted. This road is 25 miles long, gauge 4ft. 84 in., being the width of most of the American and English railways, speed 20 to 30 miles an hour, length of rail 14 ft., depth 7 in., thickness 4 in. Each rail rests on seven sleepers, to which it is fastened by wedges so that it can be easily taken up at any time. The locomotive now used on the Q. & G. R. R., weighs 21 tons, loaded, without the tender. This road will be completed in October and ready for traffic. It is very satisfactory to know that there is an immediate prospect that wooden railways will be practically tested in Canada ; should they prove o be so well adapted as it is believed they are, to accommodate new districts where the traffic is limited, they will come into large demand to act as feeders to the iron roads.

BANK CHANGES .- Mr. Davidson, formerly of the Gore Bank, and lately Manager of the Bank of Commerce, in Galt, has resigned ; Mr. G. H. Patterson, Manager of the Royal Canadian at the same place, succeeds Mr. Davidson in the Bank of Commerce, and Mr. John Cavers, teller of the last mentioned Bank, takes Mr. Patterson's place.

In reviewing the report of the Gore Distirct Insurance Company, last week, reference was made to the generally unfavorable experience of the past year in the insurance of farm property, as compared with previous years. In this respect the experience of the Gore is quite exceptional, it having suffered no loss in this branch.

WE were assured on what we regarded as good authority, last week, that the Victoria Mutual of Hamilton, was a pretty heavy loser by the fire in the Ottawa country, but are now glad to hear from the Secretary, Mr. Booker, that such is not the case. The losses of the Victoria were very slight.

-The contract for building a new hotel in St. John, at a cost of \$24,200, has been let.

Communications.

GAS WELLS.

Editor of the Monetary Times.

The boring of wells for gas, to be used as fuel for engine purposes, as well as lighting, is at pre-sent receiving a great deal of attention in the United States. An account is given in the last Scientific American of twelve different wells at Erie, Penn., that are now pouring out their inexhaustible streams of gaseous fuel, one of them driving a large flouring mill, supplying the heat to the boilers—formerly obtained at the expense of ten tons of coal daily-and furnishing, besides, all the light needed ; while another well yields enough to propel the pumping engines of the city water works.

Why do not some of your manufacturers en-quire into this matter, and raise sufficient capital quire into this matter, and raise sumchant capital to sink a test well in your city ? The cost, at most, would not exceed \$1,000; when should it succeed, the saving would be, I have no doubt, fifty times that amount. In the first place, you could drive all your engine-power; secondly, you could heat all your dwelling-houses; and, thirdly, you could light the same. One well would be sufficient to heat and light a whole block of build-ings. By this means the dirt and annovance of ings. By this means the dirt and annoyance of bringing fuel into the houses would be done away with ; for, by the use of gas-wells, you are only required to turn a tap, touch a match to the gas, and heat and light appear in an inexhaustible supply. No expense after the first outlay. My opinion is, that Providence, having de-prived us of coal, has given us this as a substi-tute. My reasons for giving on opinion are in

tute. My reasons for giving an opinion are : In Petrolia they find gas in sufficient quantities to run their engines. Now, admitting that Petrolia run their engines. Now, admitting that Petrolia is in a higher formation than Toronto, and in the coal-oil bearing strata, we find gas here which, on the other hand, is in a lower formation. Allow-ing that gas is found in the ground both above and below the formation that Toronto is situated on, a very natural conclusion to come to is that you will find it there. The cost of experimenting, by sinking a test well, where the benefits to be derived are so great, should not cause a delay of one day. When they bored a well here for coal cil, one day. When they bored a well here for coal cil, gas made its appearance at 200 feet. At 250 feet, by touching a match to it, a stream of fire issued. and in a few moments reached to the top of the derrick ; and the longer it burnt the faster the supply came, and the larger the fire. This gas came through water, for the well was constantly full of water to the top. Taking into considera-tion a head of 250 feet of water, there must have been an immense supply of gas to force it up through it at the speed it came. Had the water been exhausted, and the well tested, I have no doubt but there would have been sufficient gas to have run all the machinery in Peterboro', as well as light every house in it.

Hoping that some of your enterprising citizens will test this matter before the winter closes in, I remain yours. IMPROVEMENT.

Peterboro', Aug. 26, 1870.

Meetings.

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders was held yesterday forenoon at the office of the Company, corner of Church and Colborne streets, a large attendance being present. Hon. McMur-rich, president, was called to the chair. In the absence of Mr. Bernard Haldan, the secretary, in England, Mr. Maughan, assistant secretary, read the nineteenth annual report, which evinces a very satisfactory and prosperous state of affairs.

Nincteenth Annual Report.

Report on the business for the past year ending 30th June last. There is submitted herewith the usual statements of Assets and Liabilities with Balance Sheet, and Auditor's Report on the several accounts in detail. The following in abstract presents the business for the year, all more fully set forth in the General Statements before the Meeting :

RECEIPTS.

Fire and Marine Premiu Interest Account			\$334,959 11,236	
DISBUI	SEMENTS.		\$346,196	02
Losses in Fire and	\$242,704	01		
Marine	\$212,1Vt			-1
and Marine	18,223	84		
General expenses, Agts'	10,440	-		4
Commission, and all				14
other charges on the				. 4
business	54,634			
1 (1) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2			\$315,563	70
Leaving the profit bal-				
ance for the year			30,632	32
The Assets of the Co.	20.21	1		234
amount to			\$593,066	12
Deducting from thi	8			
Capital stock not call-		1		.27
ed in	\$300,000	00		
Calls in course of			4.4 물리 2 물리	
Liquidation	1,254	40		
Losses under adjust-		- 11		
ment waiting proof, unclaimed dividerds			A. C.	1
and open accounts,		228	< 17 h P	1.11
chiefly re-assurances	15,545	74	1 11	
-	10,010	1	\$316,800	00
Leaves the Net Ass	ets on h	and		
Represented by				
Capital Stock paid up	908,745	54	191.4	
Reserve Funds	150,000			
Profit and Lossfor Bal-		51		
ance, at Credit	27,520	38		
이 눈에 가지 않는 것을 물었다. ㅠ		-	\$276,265	92

All bad and doubtful debts have been written off as usual before closing the accounts at 30th June. The figures as above set forth show that the Company's business in both Fire and Marine is materially on the increase year after year, and at no time, it may be truly said, has more care been taken than during the past year in a judicious and cautious selection of risks.

The past year was marked with a succession of serious fires, causing great loss to the Insurance Companies, while in Marine, the disasters of last fall fell heavily on Underwriters-far beyond the average. Considering the more than ordinary disasters in both Fire and Marine, for the year, it is no small matter for congratulation that the Company, by careful management, has been able to close the year's account with so satisfactory a profit balance.

The returns to Government for the year ending Dec., 1869, as required from the several Insurance Companies doing business in Canada, farnish statistics for general information. In Fire In-surance, twenty-one Companies, Foreign and Local, were engaged in this branch of underwrit-ing. The Western in the tabulated summary ranks the third highest in respect of premium receipts. - As regards losses, while the average per centage of all the Companies is 60 6-10, on the gross premiums, that of the Western is 55 4-10.

In Marine Insurance the inland business alone is returned to Government, and in this branch the Western compares most favorably so far as the statistics under this head are reported. It may be considered somewhat invidious in drawing these comparisons, but your directors refer to The Directors have much pleasure in present- the Government statistics from no discourteous ing at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders their feeling to competitive companies, but simply to

lay before their co-shareholders a tangible appreciation of their own company's business on a comparative basis.

There have been paid during the year at the usual periods two half-yearly dividends of five per cent, each, on the paid up capital stock. A higher rate of dividend might readily have been higher rate of dividend might readily have been declared, and perhaps in some respects anticipated, yet the directors feel that the truest interests of the Company lie in husbanding a strong reserve. To this Fund there has been added in closing the year's accounts the sum of \$50,000 (equal to fifty per cent. on the paid up capital stock), leaving to the credit of profit and loss \$27,520.38, which last account with the incoming revenue is amply sufficient for all practical purposes under the present working of the Company's business. Following the course approved of at last annual meeting, the Directors report has been printed and mailed to the Shareholder's some days previously, in order that the affairs and position

previously, in order that the affairs and position of the Company may be the better understood and considered as they come up for dicussion at the meeting to-day.

Respectfully submitted,

J. MCMURRICH, President. J. MAUGHAN, JR. Ass't-Sec'y.

WESTEEN Ass. Co.'s OFFICE, Toronto, 30th August, 1870.

General Statement of the affairs of the Western Assurance Company of Canada, for the year ending 30th June, 1870.

ASSETS.

Capital Stock, not called in	\$300,000.	.00
Calls on Stock, due and unpaid	1,254	46
Cash in Bank	38,256	45
Dominion Stock, under		
Ins. Act\$50,000 00		
Provincial and Municipal		
Debentures 76,513 08		
	126,513	08
Loans on Mortgages	34,231	17
Building Account and office furniture	21,428	
Bills Receivable	\$2,526	
Interest unpaid and accrued	2,727	98
Agents' Balances	14,150	78
Cash Balance	. 55	16

Sundry Balances for re-Assurance, &c. 1,921 79

\$593,066 12

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock, 10,000 Shares of a	540	\$400,000	00
Losses under adjustment\$15,074 Unpaid Dividends 471	00 74	[] 김 (김) 김 / 김	
Reserve Fund \$150,000	00	15,545	74
Profit and Loss Account. 27,520	38	177,520	38
		\$593,066	12

PROFIT AND LOSS.

DR.		경험 전화 유		and the	• 3
General	Expenses	at Head	Office	D	
and A	gencies			\$54,634	
Fire Los				104,554	2
Marine I				138,150	
	rance Accou	unt		18,223	8
Balance.				30,632	3
				\$46,196	0

CR.

Fire Premium \$164,152 89 " , 170,805 22 Marine \$334,959 11

Interest Account (Balance at Credit). 11,236 91

Audited and approved.

A. ERSKINE WILLIAMSON Audilors.

Auditors Report, 1870.

To the President and Directors of the Western Assurance Company :

GENTLEMEN, — We beg respectfully to report that we have carefully examined the books and affairs of the Company for the year ending 30th lune, 1870, and find the same strictly correct. The balance sheet of the Assets and Liabilities, and the profit and loss statement of the Company, here been duly and ind with reference to the have been duly audited with reference to the several books and subordinate statements of par-ticular accounts made out in detail, and verified by corresponding vouchers; also the various mortgages and securities held by the Company, amounting to over \$161,000, have been examined and verified. . We have the honor to remain, your most obedient servants,

A. ERSKINE WILLIAMSON, Auditors.

On motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. J. T. Smith, the report was received and adopted. Moved by Mr. Charles Robertson, seconded by Mr. John H. Seels, that the thanks of the shareholders be given to the Board of Directors, for their attention to the interests of the company

during the past year. — Carried. Moved by Mr. W. J. McDonell, seconded by Hon. J. H. Cameron, that the sum of \$1,000 be presented to the President, Hon. J. McMurrich, and \$500 to the Vice-President, Mr. Charles Magrath, for their services and attention to busi-

Magrath, for their services and attention to busi-ness during this year.—Carried. On motion of Mr. Angus Morrison, seconded by Mr. John H. Seels, Messrs, Robertson, Mc-Donell and Spreull, were appointed scrutineers for the election of Directors.

the election of Directors. The meeting then adjourned, and on reassembl-ing the scrutineers reported the following gentle-men duly elected Directors for the ensuing year : -Hon. J. McMurrich, Charles Magrath, John Fisken, James Michie, A. M. Smith, Robert Beaty, Wm. Gooderham, Jr., J. G. Harper and N. Barnhart. The report was received and scienced adopted.

The meeting then adjourned. At a meeting of Directors held subsequently, Hon, J. McMurrich was re elected President, and Mr. Charles Magrath, Vice-President.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Canada Central Railway was held in Mon-treal recently. The Hon. J. J. C. Abbott presided, and after a few preliminary remarks, the report of the Directors for the past year was the report of the Directors for the past year was read. It was very lengthy, and went over the history of the railway from its initiation up to the present date. The report speaks hopefully of the prospects of the completion of the road; and al-though there were a variety of interests at work in opposing the recent application to Parliament for a bill granting a further extension of time for the completion of the road, yet they were success-ful in attaining their object, and securing the assistance desired. The prospects of the road are very good indeed, and there was evidence that the enterprise was growing in favor, and the great advantages of the enterprise to this country, when completed, were being better under-tood by the trading public of the Dominion. The origin of this railway enterprise may be here briefly stated. In 1854 a grant of land was made for a railway from Quebee to Lake Huron; but for a railway from Quebec to Lake Huron ; but not being acted upon, the lands were divided in favor of a Central Canada Railroad from Montreal to Pembroke, but the company remained in abey-ance until about eighteen months ago, when the \$346,196 02 present shareholders took hold of the enterprise, determined to push it to completion.

With a view to securing a fifty mile road at very moderate cost, the company made a contract Inst fall for the building of the fine from Carleton

Place to Ottawa, and which will be opened on the 15th of September next. The above line, however, is but a part of that which they intend building which will give a direct railway from Ottawa to Montreal, and also secure a continuous

Ottawa to Montreal, and also secure a continuous line to Penibroke, with a view of connecting with the North Shore Railway, giving an outlet at Quebec. It will also be carried forward from Pembroke to Sault Ste. Marie, thus connecting the ocean with Lake Supérior. The consummation of the above line would be the means of opening up the entire country to travel and give an impetus to agriculture pros-pects; and being entirely within the Dominion, might afterwards be joined to the Union Pacific line. The completion of the Carleton Place branch was an earnest of their intentions to com-plete the line. plete the line.

branch was an earnest of their intentions to com-plete the line.. The memorandum of the deed of amalgamation agreed upon by the representatives of the Canada C. R. and the Northern Colonization Company was produced and read, and on the motion of Mr. Ashworth was approved of by the meeting, and a committee domposed of the Hon. John Hamilton, Hon J. J. C. Abbott and Mr. R. Scott, M. P.P., was nominated to confer with the Northern Col-onization R. Company as to the terms of the pro-posed deed of amalgamation, with directions to report to the meeting of shareholders at Ottawa, on the 15th September next. The following gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year, viz:-Hon. John Hamilton, L. Beauben, Hon J. J. C. Abbott, R. W. Scott, J. G. Richardson, A. J. Ashrworth, D. Stark, Geo. Lowe, J. W. B. Rivers and Wm. Rodden. The meeting adjourned.

Insurance.

INSURANCE MATTERS IN MONTREAL.

(From our own Correspondent.)

MONTREAL, August 30, 1870.

Avo. 22: 8, P. M. — A fire occurred in a large stone building, situate at Chateauguay, 24 miles from this city, on the south-west. The building from this city, on the south-west. in question was occupied as an ave manufactory in question was occupied as an ave manufactory by Cauchon Bros., but has not been in operation for some time past. The cause of the fire is un-known. The total loss on building and con-tents is said to be \$1,500. Contents uninsured. Building belonging to the ladies of the Grey Nunnery, insured with Western for \$6,000. Aug. 25 : 1:30, A. a. —A fire broke out here at this hour in a stable belonging to J. Pearson, butcher, between St. Lawrence Main and St. Dominione streets, above Sherbrooke street, com-

butcher, between St. Lawrence Main and St. Dominique streets, above Sherbrooke street, com-municating to his slaughter-house adjecent. Both buildings were entirely destroyed, together with several sheep in the stable, and some carcases in the slaughter-house. The rear of a new, un-finished house belonging to Alexis La Marche, fronting on St. Lawrence street, and the rear of two or three cottages on St. Dominique street were much damaged. Pearson well covered by insurance in the Montreal Mutual. Loss total. La Marche insured in North British and Mer-cantile or \$400. Loss about \$200. Cause of fire unknown. fire unknown

Maine—have been in session here all the week. Proceedings not transpired. 2 p. m.—At about this hour during a heavy thunderstorm, the farm buildings of the Hon. J. E. Pruchomme, M.L.C., situate about two and a half miles from the city at Cote St. Luc, were struck by lightining, and with their contents totally consumed. No insurance. 2:15 p. m.—An alarm was sounded from box No. 7 during the continuance of the storm. afore-said, occasioned by the supposition that St. Anné's market had been struck by lightining, as smoke was seen to issue from the roof; it turned out, however, to be mothing more than a small furgace,

used by workmen on the roof, and forgotten by them in their haste to find shelter when the storm commenced. No damage.

Aug. 26.—A. telegram was received from Perth by chief Bertram, asking for the loan of 300 feet of

by chief Bertram, asking for the loan of 300 feet of hose, which was promptly dispatched in charge of guardian McRobie. Ave. 29: 6:45, A. M.—A fire occured in a temporary shed containing prepared lumber, on the plateau overlooking St. Urbain and Ontario streets, for the Roman Catholic schools being crected there, extinguished speedily. Property of contractor, insured with Citizen's for \$300, damage about \$150. The new building insured with Koyal damaged to about the same extent. Representatives of the offices associated under

Representatives of the offices associated under the style of the Canada Insurance Union-Marine have been in session all the week. Proceedings not transpired.

Mr. Smith, the General Manager of the Com, mercial Union Assurance Company of London-was in town last week on official business.

A project has been mooted here for the formation of a salvage association by the several fire insurance companies, for the protection of stocks in trade, furniture, etc. from injury, by water during fires by covering them with tarpaulins, or a sing area by covering them with tarpaulits, or India rubber sheets. The idea meets with some favour, and will doubtless, in time, assume a tangible shape: the experiment would not be a very costly one; it is calculated that about \$2,000 would provide the necessary equipment, and probably a similar sum would cover the working expenses.

FIRE RECORD. - Ailsa Craig, Aug. 22. - The large grist mill, lately purchased by Wickham & Willing, was totally destroyed. It is not known how the fire originated, but as the flames broke out in the upper story it is supposed that some of the gearing over-heated, by friction, and thus caused the fire. The building was insured to the amount of \$5,000. Their loss will be about \$2,000. John Priestly lost considerable lumber and shingles which were lying close to the mill. His loss is estimated at \$300. Wm. McIntosh's large grain store was damaged to the extent of \$100. \$2,000. John Priestly lost considerable lumber

Aylmer, Aug. 5 .- A fire broke out in the barns belonging to Wm. Grimes, completely destroying them, together with sheds, stables, farming implements, &c., also 40 tons of hay, and a quantity of of grain.

Forrester's Falls, Aug .- The following properties were burned at the late fires : Mr. Forres ter, 1 saw mill, 1 house, 1 barn, and a stable ; 2 blacksmith's shops, one belonging to Mr. Camp-bell, the other to Mr. Jamieson ; John Reynolds, 1 hotel ; Mr. Campbell, 1 house ; Mr. Herron, 1 house, I barn, and a stable ; Mr. Howie, I dwel-ling and two oue-houses; Mr. Patterson, I barn ; Mr. Moor, I house ; Mr. Ritchie, I barn ; and Mr. Faught, 1 shoe shop and a barn.

Montr al, Aug. 30. — Mr. Cauchon's axe-factory at Chateauguay Basin was burnt down last night, with a stock worth \$15,000, partly insured. Toronto, August 28.—The coal shed attached

to the Rolling Mills, with a considerable quantity of coal was destroyed ; the loss on the building is stated at \$2,000; insured. Princetown, August 24.-During the heavy

rain storm which prevailed this afternoon, the barn of Saml. Fair, on the 5th concession of Blenheim, was struck by lightning. The barn and sheds, all full of grain, were destroyed.

Lowville, Aug .- House of James Adley, with contents, loss stated at \$1,500 ; no insurance.

St. John, Aug. 25-Murchies saw mill at Ech River, on St. Andrew railway, was burned on Mouday. The fire continues raging in the woods all along the border, and vast quantities of valuable, timber are destroyed.

Salmon River, Cape Breton, Aug .- The saw ntills, of Messrs. Claves & Co., were recently burned down, entatling a heavy loss on the owner. Origin of the fire, which occurred at midnight, is supposed to have been in the machinery, and wa caused by friction. Loss to the extent of \$600

covered in the "Liverpool and London and Globe." St. John, N. B.—Two buildings in the upper part of Woodstock, N. B., owned respectively by John C. Winslow and John McGrath were destroyed by fire. On the night of the 8th, the dwelling house, store, and public hall, and barns, belonging to Mr. S. N. Raymond, at Aberdeen, Carleton County, were burnt down. The whole establishment was new and there was but a small amount of insurance so that the loss will be great.

great. Peterboro', Aug. 23.—[An account of this fire last week was dated at Lindsay by a mistake of the Telegraph operator.] The wooden building occupied by Messrs. McWilliams & Larmour, as a shoe shop, Mr. Stephens, printer, and Dr. McCul-lough, was discovered on fire. The fire company was soon on the ground and rendered good servic in preventing the extension of the fire to other buildings, and also in saving the new brick building contiguous in course of erection, from suffer ing contiguous in course of erection, from suffer-ing much damage. Almost all in Dr. McCul-lough's office was destroyed; no insurance, loss about \$850. Mr. Stephens, printer, lost a large quantity of his material; he had an insurance of \$400.on his stuff; he will lose about \$300. Messrs. McWilliams & Larmour saved some things in the front part of the store, but all in the back part was destroyed ; there was an insurance of \$600, in the Queen ; their entire loss they reckon at \$850 ; Mr. Larmour lost all his household stuff. The building, owned by Mr. Bradburn, was entirely destroyed, but was insured to the amount of \$500 in Commercial Union ; his loss is about 81,100.

MARINE INSURANCE IN NEW YORK .- The marine insurance companies of New York have agreed upon advanced rates to be charged upon goods, not contraband of war, sent to sea. war premiums, which are in addition to the regular marine risks, range from one to ten per cent depending upon the character of the goods and the nationality of the vessel. Sailing ships carrying property belonging to belligerents under a neu tral flag are charged five per cent to Continental ports. Property belonging to neutrals, carried in vessels under a belligerent flag, is charged eight per cent. Property owned by belligerents, carried under a belligerent flag, is charged ten per cent. These rates are the same by rail or steam. The war risks on vessels sailing to or from the West Indies or the east coast of South America are one per cent ; to or from the west coast of South America, India and China seas the rates are two and four per cent., respectively.

INCENDIARISM IN BAVARIA .- Incendiary fire in the kingdom of Bavaria, particularly in the provinces of Franconia and the Rhenish Palati having lately increased in a serious manner, the paternal government has ordered the police to watch property with a view to find out if it has been over insured, then to notify the agent of the insurance company to have it re-appraised for a re-duction of insurance. In practice, however, the police go to work and re-appraise, without consult ing the company, and if no over-valuation is found they charge the expense (from \$3 to \$5) to the company, whilst if an over-insurance is found, the insurer is made to pay these costs.

-Property not insured to the value of \$157. 232, was destroyed by the late great fire in St. Roch's, Quebec. Only \$4,000 were collected to relieve the sufferers, and a distribution of that sum took place on Saturday.

-Twenty hogsheads of sugar were seized at St. John recently. They were consigned to a Halifax firm to be sold on commission, and instead of being invoiced at the value at the last port of shipment (Boston), as required by a regulation of the Customs' Department, the invoice marked the value at the original port of shipment in the West Indies.

Law Report.

INSOLVENCY .- The Assignee in insolvency is entitled to recover moneys paid by the insolvent, to the defendants after a writ of attachment (though unknown to defendants,) had issued against the insolvent .- Roe vs. Bank British N. A. 20 U. C. C. P.

MARINE INSURANCE .- In a marine insurance policy issued by defendants to plaintiff, among other excepted perils or losses, were those arising from rottenness, inherent defects, and other un-seaworthiness. At the trial it appeared from the plaintiff's own evidence, that the vessel in question, after sailing all day on a summer sea, with a light breeze, in the evening suddenly came up into the wind or broached to, refused to answer her helm, and at once began settling down, when the crew abandoned her, and after they had rowed about thirty-five yards, she sank. The master could give no reason for this, nor was any evidence offered in explanation of it, while the evidence for the defence went to show while the evidence for the defence went to show that she was old and rotten in parts; that she in fact leaked before starting across the lake, in the canal and at the port of lading; and that men would not go in her without being paid extra wages; and the plaintiff himself stated that she was old, and he had given instructions not to canal her by night, or leave port in a gale. A diver who examined her, also found one stave port wholly out, and another partially so. The whole case having been left to the jury on the evidence, and a verdict found for plaintiff, *Held*, that the judge should have told the jury, expressly, to find for defendants, and a new trial was therefore ordered.—*Myles vs. Montreal Insurance Co.* 20 ordered .- Myles vs. Montreal Insurance Co. 20 U. C. C. P. 283.

PROMISSORY NOTES-STAMPS .- The non-cancellation of some of the stamps to a promissory note, though the rest have been cancelled, invalidates the note.-Lowe vs. Hall. 20 U. C. C. P. 244

LIABILITY FOR CRIMINAL ACTS OF CLERK .-The owner of a shop is criminally liable for any unhawful act done therein, in his absence, by a clerk or assistant, as for instance in the case of liquor sold without license, by a female attendant; otherwise it appeared that the act of sale was an isolated one, wholly unauthorized by owner, and not of the ordinary course of his business. -Reg vs. King. 20 C. P. 246.

BILL OF EXCHANGE .- In an action by en-

dorsers, against defendent, on the following bill: \$800. Montreal, Feb. 10, 1869, Two months after date, pay to the order of my-self at the Jacques Cartier Bank, in Montreal, eight hundred dollars, value received, and charge the same to the account of

E. C. GILBERT,

Secretary, Richardson Gold Mining Co'y, Belleville, Ont.

Across which was written,

JAS. GLASS.

Accepted, The Richardson Mining Company, per JAS. GLASS, Sec. *Held*, that such acceptance did not render the defendant personally liable.

INSURANCE COMPANY—ARBITRATION.—A verbal agreement entered into by "the duly authorized agents" of an incorporated insurance company, to refer to arbitration the question of the legal liability of the Company to bear any portion of the expenses of raising and repairing a vessel, in-sured by them, and subsequently lost, was not binding upon the company, as not being a con-tract relating to the purposes for which the com-pany was incorporated.—*Calvin vs. Provincial Insurance Company.* 20 U. C. C. P., 267.

MARINE POLICY .--- A marine policy was in this form : The Ætna Insurance Co., of &c., on account of Alfred Coons, loss if any, payable to Lachlin McCallum, in gold, do make insurance, &c. Held, that the contract of this policy was

entered into with Coons, and that making the loss payable to McCallum, did not make him the party insured, and therefore, that in an action upon it by McCallum, he was properly non-suited.—Mc-Callum vs. Ætaa Ins. Co.—20 U. C. C. P. 289.

PRINCIPAL DEBTOR AND SURETY.—The giving time by a creditor to his principal debtor, did after judgment reserved against the surety, does not discharge the surety.—Duff vs. Barrett. 17 Chy. Rep., 187.

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Where a creditor, by mistake, executed an abso-lute release to his debtor, but the agreement was, that the creditors right against a surety should be reserved, it was held that the surety was not discharged, and that the creditor was entitled to a decree in Equity to that effect.—Bank of Montreal vs. McFaut.—17 Chy., Kep. 234.

INSOLVENCY .- An insolvent compounded with his creditors, and had his goods restored to him ; he thereupon resumed his business with the knowledge of his assignee and creditors, and contracted new debts. It was subsequently discovered that he had been guilty of a fraud, which assisted his discharge, whereupon he absconded, and an at-tachment was sued out against him, by his subsequent creditors. Held, that they were entitled to be paid out of the assets, in priority to the former creditors.—Blackburn vs. Smith., 17 Chy. 208.

PATENT OF INVENTION,-The plaintiff introduced into a drum stove, in addition to a spiral flue, which had been previously in use, a centre pipe, closed at the sides and open at both bottom and top, as a means of producing a greater amount of heat, and obtained a patent for "the spiral flue in connection with the pipe in the centre." *Held*, that the plaintiff's improvement did not involve any new principle or new combination, and that the patent was void.- Worth vs. Williams. 17 Chy., Rep. 179.

LIABILITIES OF SHIPOWNERS. A case of interest has been decided in the Admiralty Court in England. The consignees of a quantity of oilcake shipped in bags per the ship Freedom, of New York, from that port to London, attached the ship in London for damage to the oil-cake on the voyage. The bill of lading was in the usual way, without any reserving clause, save that of "weight unknown," and the damage arose from mould on the oil-cake. From scientific evidence adduced on the trial, this would seem to have arisen from the presence among the cargo of a arisen from the presence among the cargo of a quantity of bones, which in a certain heated state threw off a vapor likely to affect the oil-cake in the way indicated. The owners of the ship, in their defence, contended that they were not accountable for damages of this kind, as the article was evidently liable to inherent decay, and, from its own nature, apt to become mouldy. They further endeavored to show that the weather on the passage was such that the hatches could not he kept off, so as to afford proper ventilation to the cargo; but Sir R. J. Phillmore, in giving judgment, said that the evidence on this he indeginear, sain that the evidence on this head was unsatisfactory. He gave it as his opinion that the only exception in the bill of lading being "perils of the seas," it was incumbent on the de-fendants to show that the damage done arose from this cause. In determining what the "perils of the seas" included, he said neither defective stow-me head wantilian does proving to a heat the The seas " included, he said neither defective stow-age, bad ventilation, close proximity of a heating cargo, such as would throw off heat to affect the whole of it, would faill within that category. He therefore, pronounced for the plaintiffs, with costs, which would amount to between 2700 and 2800 sterling. This decision makes the ship, when signing what is known as a clean bill of lading, halle for the condition of the goods when de livered, even if perishable in themselves, unless the damage has arisen from the "perils of the seas." It is therefore necessary that the master of vessels should be careful to see that before sign-ing bills of hading for such cargo there is inserted in them some such clause as "not accountable for mould, dampness, or loss arising therefrom, or for any inherent decay." Whether this decision has

given encouragement to those in the trade, who set up such claims against vessels, we do not know, but since it was pronounced, a claim of a similar kind has been made in London likewise, upon a vessel belonging to Baltimore, which arrived there from Baltimore with a cargo, part of which was oil-cake. The amount claimed for damage was £310, and the owners of the vessel, rather than go to law in the face of such a decision, effected a compromise, getting off with £125. Such a difference between the amounts demanded and accepted shows plainly the iniquitous nature of the claims set up, and what the decision, if not set aside, is likely to inflict on the owners of vessels carrying perishable goods, unless they pro-tect themselves by a bill of lading modified as above indicated.

Commercial.

MONTREAL MARKET.

MONTREAL, Aug. 30. Business during this week has been rather bet-ter than last. The Fall trade has fairly begun, and the wholesale houses anticipate a brisk healthy business. In Dry Goods the Fall trade has commenced fully a week earlier than usual.

The number of vessels at present in Port is small, freights are a trifle better than those noted in last report. Heavy smoke has hung over the city and river nearly all week, and has delayed the steamers on the St. Lawrence.

Ashes .- Pots-Market in the early part of the week was steady at \$5.50. A few round lots for shipment were taken at a considerable advance on subment were taken at a considerable advance on that figure, towards the close market was dull and little doing at \$5.75, holders not being wil-ling to accept of the decline; *Seconds* are quoted \$5.00, nominal; *Thirds* nominal. *Pearls*—small sales early in the week at \$7.40 to \$7.50, and \$7.75 way offend and proved for a diverge lat sales early in the week at \$7.40 to \$7.50, and \$7.75 was offered and refused for a shipping lot, market closes nominal \$7.50; Seconds none in market. The stock in store at present is Pots 1,043 brls.; Pearls 209 brls.; being a decrease of 306 brls. Pots, and 859 brls. Pearls on the stock in store on the same date of 1869.

BOOTS AND SHOES .- There is no change to note in the leading lines of this trade; an advance has taken place in men's Leather knee Boots in consequence of the scarcity of that kind of stock, orders are coming in freely and manufacturers are kept busy in filling orders.

COAL.-The advance in the price of Gold was expected to influence the American market, and an advance was looked for here. The demand for The advance in the price of Gold was Coal has been very limited, but as families are now returning to town, an increased demand is looked for. There have been no arrivals of Scotch steam lately, prices of all kinds are unchanged.

DRY GOODS.-The Fall trade has opened with a brisk demand for all kinds of goods, fully a week earlier than usual. There are a large number of buyers in town, and orders are also coming in free from the country. The importa-tions are very large, but business this season so far, has been satisfactory, and is expected to be much beyond last years demands.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS .- There has been a

readily be paid. Bay of Island herrings have been sold to some extent at \$2.75 to \$3. dor herrings are nominal at \$4.50 to \$5.

FLOUR. - Rencipts by canal and railway for the past week 23,813 bris. being a decrease of 3,038 bris. on the past week. Total receipts from January to date 606,410 bris., against 544,162 bris. in corresponding period of 1869, being an in-crease of 62,248 bris. Shipments by river St. oris, in corresponding period of 1869, being an in-crease of 62,248 bris. Shipments by river St. Lawrence for the week, 15,979 bris.; total ship-ments from 186 January to date 413,065 bris.; against 4.4,005 bris. in corresponding period of 1869, being a decrease of 40,940 bris. There has been rather more business done in the market, but it has not yet recovered from the very high prices which ralled immediately after the breaking out of the European war. There has not been a great deal offered holders being unwilling to necept of the prices offered by the buyers. The market closes to day very dull, and sick at the following rates which we must again quote as nominal. Superior extra, \$6.40 to \$6.60; extra, \$6 to \$6.25; fairey, \$5.70 to \$6; super from Canada wheat, \$5.25 to \$5.30, sales to-day at outside figures; strong bakers flour, \$5.80 to 6\$; Welland canal flour nominal at \$5.32 to \$6.35, free; city brands of super nominal \$5.30 to \$5.40, Welland canal flour nominal at \$5.32 to \$6.35, free; city brands of super nominal \$5.30 to \$5.40, free; Canada super No. 2, \$4.75 to \$4.85; fine, \$4.50 to \$4.60; middlings, \$4 to \$4.10; pollards, \$3.50; U. C. bars, \$2.65 to \$2.70; eity bags \$2.90 to \$2.95, delivered. Outment is unchanged in price, \$4.75 to \$5 being the general quotation, but higher figures have been got for really choice samples.

FREIGUTS. —There is a pretty good demand for tonnage at present, and rates are rather better than last week. Wheat to Liverpool and Glas-gow by steamer 5s. 6d. to 6s., flour 3s. Leiling vessels—wheat 5s. to 5s. 6d., flour 2s. 6d. Rates for ashes, provisions, and butter are unchanged. Cheese is 6d. dearer being now quoted at 62s. 6d. GRAIN — Wheat—Receipts for the past week 200,294 ishls., being a decrease of 104,011 bshls. on the receipts of previous week. Total receipts from 1st January to date 3,951,264 bshls, against 3,482,70 bshls. in corresponding period of 1869, being an increase of 468,563 bshls. Shipments for the past week 149,557 bshls: Total ship-ments from 1st January to date 3,300,899 bshls. FREIGHTS. -There is a pretty good demand for for the past week 149,557 Ushis: Total ship-ments from 1st January to date 3,300,899 bshis, against 2,428,898 bshis, in corresponding period of 1869, being an increase of 875,001 bshis. The shipping demand has been very light and The shipping demand has been very light and transactions reported unimportant. Quotations are still nominal, and the market closes very quiet. No. 2. Milwaukee has been sold at \$1.06 and holders this afternoon are asking \$1.064. *Peas*—Market quiet and lower. Small sales at 87 to 90c. No shipping sales reported. *Barley* —About 70c would be paid for good bright samples. *Outs*—Are rather lower, and sales have been chiefly for local wants at 38 to 39c. One sale of mout 5.000 hables reported early in the sale of about 5,000 bshls, reported early in the week at rather an outside price.

GROCTATIES. - Teas-A steady business has been done this week in Japans at 45 to 55c, Twankars are in demand and, have sold to some t 351 to 40c. Imperials are asked extent at 50 to 57c, and Hyson Twankays at 421 to 45c. Sugar-Market is quiet at about last weeks rates; some small parcels of fine to good grocery were

layer rasins are procurable at \$2.50 to \$2.60, and old \$2.20 to \$2.30. Valencias 8 to 8 c; currants are steady at 5 to 7c; almonds 17 to 18c; other kinds are unchanged. Coffee-There has not been much doing, the quotations are Rio 154 to 16c; Jamaica 16 to 18c; Laguayra 164 to 18c. Candles -Belmont sperm 23 to 234c; Montreal Moulds 10] to 11c.

HARDWARE .- There is no change to note in the prices this week, with the exception of Lead, which has advanced 4 per lb., and is now quoted at \$6.50 to \$7 for pig, and \$7 to \$7.50 for sheet; Tin has advanced in Cornwall, which we suppose will cause an upward tendency in that article in this market. Nails and Glass are firm at last week's. quotations.

LIQUORS .- There is not much change to note to-day. Brandy-Hennessy's is held in wood for \$2.30 to \$2.35; in cases the same brand is offered at $8\frac{1}{4}$ to $8\frac{3}{4}$; Martell's per gallon is \$2.25 to \$2.30; Jules Robin's, \$2 to \$2.10, other brands about the same prices. *Gin*—De Kuyper's is steady, with few sales reported; Houtman's, \$1.35 to 1.374. Rum is firmer, Janaica, \$2 to \$2.10; Demerara, \$1.774 to \$1.80; Upper Canada High Wines are quiet at 60c. in bond.

LEATHER. -Harness has been rather easier; and is now quoted 33c. to 34c. Business has been rather quiet, and receipts and shipments are about equal. French Calf is unchanged; Slaughter Sole is in fair demand at 25c. to 27c. for No. 1, and 22e. to 24c. for No. 2.

NAVAL STORES .- Spirits of Turpentine are held firmly at 50c; ; Rosins are not so active, but are enquired for at \$2.60 for strained; \$2.75 to \$3 for No. 2; \$3.50 for No. 1; Extra, \$7. Pine Tar for No. 2; \$3.50 for No. 1; Extra, \$7. Pine Tar is rather scarce at \$3.50; Pine Pitch, \$3.25; Coal Tar and Pitch, \$3. Tar and Pitch, \$3.

OILS.-There have been large sales of Cod at 571c, and small parcels at 59c. Seal has advanced, pale being sold at 68c; Steam refined 70c, and Brown Seal 54c. There is very little Whale in the market at present, and any quotation would be nominal, Olive is in demand at \$1.174 to \$1.221, very little doing in other kinds at unchanged rates.

PROVISIONS. - Butter - Receipts 3,566 kegs; shipments 95 kegs, shipping lots have been readily taken at 20e. to 214c. with a brisk trade doing, some choice samples for city trade were taken considerably above that figure, holders asking 22c to 24c. Checse-Receipts 2,212 boxes; shipments to 24c. Cheese-Hecepts 2,212 poxes; supments 1,851 boxes, market has been rather quiet, and sales reported have been at 11½c to 12c. Pork-Receipts were 336 brls., shipments, 172 brls.; there has been a good deal of enquiry for poik this week, but transactions have been limited and no change can be noted in late rates. Lard-is steady at 13c. to 14c. RICE.—The market has been active this week,

fair to good samples brought from \$3.85 to \$3.90; choice Bags bringing \$4.00 to \$4.10.

SALT.-There has been a good business done in coarse this week at 55c, some small lots have changed hands at 57c; Fine has been sold to some extent at 85c, and Factory filled at \$1.45.

TORONTO MARKET.

Business during the past week has been moderately active for the season of the year in most wholesale branches, giving rise to anticipations of a large and profitable trade later on, of which the prospects certainly appear to be very good. The weather has been moderate as to temperature, and although in the western part of the Province much rain has recently fallen, generally speaking there has been no continuance of wet weather so as to interfere materially with harvesting operations, now pretty well advanced.

DOTS AND SHOES .- Trade is quite active, and R prices, though unchanged, are very firm, swing to the steadily increasing values of all kinds of leather. Stocks of common goods are reported to be large, and, if anything, in excess of the re-be large, and, if anything in excess of the re-

quirements of the country, but good goods find ready demand for all that can be turned out, and stocks are likely to be bare throughout the season. Of these, prices are especially firm, and, if leather is maintained at its present point, it is expected that quotations will be somewhat advanced.

Goops .- There has been some demand from clothing houses during the past week, and a good many goods have been sold in cloths and trimmings, but business in assorted goods has Stocks are still incomplete, although been light. there are daily arrivals, and importing houses are busy opening out and pricing. The assortment will be large and complete, and, in some lines, more goods have been ordered than will probably be required by the trade. Woollens, in particular, will be abundant, and it is expected that a good many will be leit unsold to be carried over till next season. Prices either of cottons or woollens are not likely to vary much from former rates, but in woollens somewhat better values will be given for the same money. In about ten days or a fortnight from now, the fall trade will have fairly commenced:

DRUGS. There has been only a moderate business during the week, and prices are for the most part without alteration. Opium is again a little easier and can now be bought for \$9.50.

GROCERIES. -Trade during the week has shown some slight improvement, leading to the hope that the dulness which has been the characteristic of the market for the past month is about at an end, and that business is now reviving, and, while no heavy transactions are reported, sales from day to day are gradually increasing. Country buyers do not seem to be purchasing heavily at present; but only to supply immediate wants, intending to lay in their stocks a month, or six weeks later. Coffee meets the ordinary light demand, with no change in prices. Fish-There is a little demand for herrings, and holders are inclined to press sales. We quote Labradors \$5 to \$5.50, with some transactions at inside \$5 to \$5.50, with some transactions at inside quotations. There have been some small arrivals of Dry Cod, and the market is a little better supplied than previously, and prices a trifle easier. We now quote \$5.75 to \$6. Fruit-Nothing to note in Raisins, which are quiet and unchanged. New Currants are scarce and higher, with an inproved demand. Advices just received from European markets have strengthened this market materially, and for round lots and advanced of fully ic. to ic. is demanded over previous quota tions. Rice- has continued to improve in value Good samples are scarce and bring full prices, and even for inferior samples an advance on late rates is asked and obtained. We quote American \$4.25 to \$4.50, and Rangoon \$4 to \$4.20. Spices generally are neglected. Nutmegs scarce for good samples and firm at quotations. Black pepper also very firfh. Sugars-Stocks in first hands are reduced, and sales have in consequence been somewhat restricted, business has been chiefly in lots of comparatively retail amount. Prices have not altered, but are firm, a recent advance in the English markets tending to strengthen holders views. Even at present prices at places of growth, there is a very small margin of profit in selling here at current quotations. Refined is in stead demand at unchanged rates. Teas-are quiet There is some demand for Young Hysons of the finer grades, but choice samples are scarce and almost impossible to get, and both in the London and New York markets can only be obtained at a considerable advance on former rates. Tobaccois in ordinary demand, with small sales making at quotations.

HARDWARE .- Business for this season of the year has been fairly active both in heavy and general goods, but there is nothing special to note. Tin Plates-have sold freely and stocks are just now somewhat reduced, but arrivals to a con-siderable amount are looked for at an early day,

HIDES AND Skins. - Receipts of domestic Hides still continue light and quite inferior to the demand, but Western have arrived more freely. Prices are 1c. to 11c. higher.

-The market has been active for all LEATHER.kinds of desirable stock, the supply falling short of the demand. Prices are firm and advancing. We quoted Spanish Sole from 22c. to 26c. according to weight and quality. Harness-is scarce and wanted at 30c. to 34c. Upper-is also higher, and wanted at 30c. to 34c. Upper-is also higher, and may be quoted at 38c. to 42c. for heavy to light. Hemlock Calf-is quote 1 at 45c. to 75c, and French Calf-\$1.10 to \$1.20. LUMBER.- If we except a slight excess in the quantity of this week's shipments

over last, no material change is noticeable from last week's report, rather over two mil-lion feet have left Toronto for American market. Oswego, Buffalo, Genesee and Charlotte. The whole season's exportation has been large and prices good.' In quantity we augur something considerably in excess of that of any of the three years preceding. During the year 1869, ending Septem-ber 36th, the total quantity shipped from Toronto, east and west was 89,074,551 feet representing an aggregate value of \$876,009.61, which figures show what an important branch of trade, we have existing in the lumber interest alone. We have existing in the functor interest atome. Prices :- Clear, \$22.00 to \$24.00; Com. \$9.00 to \$9.50; Culls, \$7.00 to \$7.50; Shingles, No. 1, \$2.60; No. 2, \$2.25. PETROLEUM.-Business has decidedly improved

and orders for a number of car loads have been taken at about quotations. The local trade in single barrels has also greatly increased, and is quite active. No change in prices. PAINTS AND OILS .- Have been rather quiet

during the past week, and prices are altogether unaltered.

PRODUCE .- The week just closed has been one, if possible, of even greater inactivity than any of those which preceded it, and the few transactions reported have been, with one or two exceptions, of very trifling amounts. *Flour.*—The sales con-sist of a few hundred barrels of superfine and xtra at \$5 for the former and \$5.40 for the latter, and of 300 barrels extra, partly unsound on p. t. Operators are unwilling to give the prices den anded by holders, who, on their part, are not inclined to yield the 10 or 15c per barrel which makes the difference between buyers and sellers. Wheat The principal sale of the week was of 5,000 bus. spring, deliverable at Prescott, at \$1.17, f. b. spring, deliverable at Prescot, at \$1.17, I. 6. b. Farmers' deliveries of new wheat very trifling, spring and midge proof selling from waggons at \$1 to \$1.01. Oats have been dull and difficult of sale, declining to 38c. for cars, at which sum small parcels changed hands. Barley.—Old has small parcels changed hands. Barley.—Old has sold at irregular prices, according to quality, from 68 to 75c. A few loads of new have been taken from farmers' at 76 to 80c. Peas—Have been very dull, offering at the close at 74c., with no buyers at that figure ; quotations in the absence of transactions must be considered nominal. Rye -Old nominal at 60c; ; new has been taken by the waggon load at 70c. for a local distillery. Hay

-\$10 to \$13.50. Straw-\$9 to \$10. PROVISIONS.-Trade has been only moderately active. Butter has been in demand, with a scarcity of good samples. Shippers are willing to give 191 to 20c for round lots of selected dairy, and some parcels have changed hands at these figures; 181 to 191c may be considered the figures for average lots. Cheese continues in demand at for packed, while fresh are a ready sale at full prices for local consumption. Pork, Bacon, prices for local consumption. *Fore*, *Barren*, *Hans*, &c., are in fair demand and unchanged in price. *Lard* is in small stock and selling freely price. *Lard* is in small stock and selling freely to supply local wants at 14 to 15c. Dressed Hogs-Very few coming in, and prices are un-Hogschanged.

SALT, -Goderich is in very small supply, quite inadequate to meet the demand, the wells, from deflicient appliances for evaporating the brine, producing but a fraction of the quantity they

backs, 85 to 86; American silver, large 54 to 64; small, 6 to 10 discount. Gold in New York has been tolerably steady during the week at from 1161 to 117] closing at 117.

1164 to 1174 closing at 117. FREIGHTS.—Eustward, whether for Montreal, the Lower Ports, or for Liverpool, are scarce, no grain or flour going forward. Steamer freights consist chiefly of apples from the Niagara dis-trict, and since the weather has been cooler, some butter has been moved. We continue our rates of het work of Grin 20 controls to 0 of last week: Grain 2c., greenbacks to Oswego, and 2c. gold to Kingston by sailing vessel; from Kingston to Montreal, by barge 44c. Steamer Kingston to Montreal, by barge 44c. Steamer have advanced, but freights offering more abun-dantly. We quote for flour, 15c. to King-ston; 174c. to Brockville and Prescott, 25c. to Montreal, and 20c. gold to Oswego and Ogdens-burg. Apples are taken at 30c. per brl. to Mon-treal. Bailway rates are without change. Per G. W. Railway:—Flour, from Detroit to To-ter to be bed write 18c. and 100 be-G. W. Railway:—Flour, from Detroit to To-ronto 35c. per brl; grain, 18c. per 100 lbs. From Sarnia, 50c per brl; grain 15c per 100 lbs. From the Suspension Bridge, 25c.; grain, 13c. In consequence of the war, ocean freights are at present so uncertain that reliable quotations can not be given. Should the war continue, a very considerable advance may be looked for, as homeward rates from New York have already very greatly advanced. The following are the current rates of the Grand Trunk Railway: to Halifax 75c. for flour and 38c. Trunk Railway: to Halifax 75c, for flour and 38c, for grain; to St. John 75c, flour, 38c, grain. The rates to railway stations are-Flour to Kingston, rates to railway stations are—riour to "kingston, 25c.; grain, 13c.; flour to Prescott, 30c.; grain, 15c.; flour to Montreal, 30c.; grain, 18c.; flour to St. John, Quebec, 45c.; grain, 23c.; flour to Point Levi, 55c., grain, 23c.; flour to Portland, 75c., grain, 38c.; flour to New York 75c.; grain 38c.; flour to Boston 80c., grain 40c. gold.

MONTREAL LEATHER MARKET.

(Reported by M. H. Seymour, Commission Merchant.) Since last report there has been little or no

Since last report there has been little or no change to note. The receipts of stock have been comparatively light, and all first class cvrried leather finds ready sale at outside quotations. Spanish Sole.—There is only a limited supply in market, and B. A. No. 1 is held firmly at 25c. Slaughter Sole.—Very little stock arriving of late, yet there is no pressing demand at the moment, but seles could be easily effected at cur-rent rates rent rates.

Harness .--- Is scarce, the enquiry has been good,

Harness.—Is scarce, the enquiry has been good, and prices are firm. Waxed Upper.—There is none of any conse-quence coming forward, and very little stock in first hands; prices are unchanged, although of late the dersaud has fallen off. Grained Upper.—Has less inquiry. Buff and Pebble.—Are in good request, and all choice arriving is readily placed at highest figures. Splits.—Are less active, but up to the present there has been no abatement in prices. Rough.—Ha still wanted, and commands ready

Rough.—Is still wanted, and commands ready sale, only, however, for light weights. Sheepskins.—Colors have not been active, while

light russets are wanted.

OIL MATTERS AT PETROLIA.

should be able to make. Sales have been made at \$1.55. American has been coming in to some extent and is offered at \$1.75, but is of slow sale. No change in Liverpool. Woot is quiet and without change. MoxEV.—Sterling exchange, 60 days' sight, or 75 days' date, 110 ; gold drafts on New York, \$ prem.; currency drafts on New York or green-backs, 85 to 86 ; American silver, large 54 to 64 ; Craise. An the weits intery struck are doing weil, and quite up to my last report. Crade rather flat, but more enquiry for it, as tankage is plenty. I fancy prices will not be much lower. Export firms still running. Production 1,000 bbls, per day; shipments 20 car loads per day. Some small refineries commencing again. A little deinand for oil lots near the late strikes. No excitement. Crude SI 20 to SI 30 per tibl
 Crule
 \$1 20 to \$1 30 per bbl.

 Refined
 0 20
 0 00 per gal.

PETROLEUM.

The following table shows the production in the Pennsylvania Oil Regions during July, 1870: Barrels. Total shipment of crude for July of bbls.

of 45 gallons each	
Total shipments of bbls. of 43 galls. each. Stock on hand July 1	459,973
Add increase on August 1	35,068
m	

otal production during July 495,041

New York, August 19th, 1870.—There is a good business doing in Crude Petroleum, at 12 cents per gallon in bulk, for delivery in tall August and September, and in barrels at 16 cents. S. W. Refined on the spot sells slowly at 244 to 25 cents 25 cents

The following were the Exports of Petroleum from the United States from January 1 to August 16.

From New York	alls. 52,111,960 39,649,262
Boston	1,110,619 1,574,082
Philadelphia.	26,644,650 16,706,448
Baltimore	
Portland	
New Bedford	
Cleveland	····· ·······
Total Export from the	
Same time	

THE CURRANT CROP .-- Messrs. Barlf & Co. write THE CURRANT CROP. — Messrs. Barll & Co. write as follows :— " 30th July, 1870. Advices from Patas and Ionian Islands report the Currant crop as progressing, on the whole, satisfactorily. The estimate of the total yield is about 60,000 tons. The first cuttings in some early situations will be during next week, and from that time until nearly the cod of Amenet great advict will be felt on during next week, and from that time until nearly the end of August great anxiety will be felt on the score of weather. Nothing has transpired to enable us to form an opinion as to prices. Every-thing points to the probability of their being moderate, not to say low—if not at the opening, at all events soon after the first shipments are made

CUSTOMS' NOTICE .- The following is a copy of notices posted up in the offices of the various for-warders in Kingston. Every vessel discharging a cargo of grain at this port, from an American port on the upper lakes, which has lightened a portion of her cargo through the Welland canal, will be required to make entry of the full amount set forth on the of the cargo bill of landing, and on discharge here, should there prove to be any deficiency, the master of the vessel will be held accountable for the duty on such shortage, and in no case will a clearance be granted such vessel, until the consigner's receipt for the cargo is produced.

\$30,000.

Bailways.

RAIL	WAY TRAFFIC RETURNS THE MONTH OF JULY, 1870.
.00-51 soft	
.0781 soffix	311 1,217 24 24 24 24 24 24 108 108 108 108 108 2,440
Rotal 1869.	8 81,000 4,526 4,526 4,527 20,754 21,00 21,00 20,254 20,254 20,254 20,254 20,254 20,254 20,254 20,254 20,254 20,254 20,254 20,254 20,254 20,254 20,255 20,20
Total 1870.	8 30,815 301,817 301,816 301,201 201,201 201,201 201,201 21,505 31,005 3
Julyion ⁹	8 2.007 2.007 2.007 47,104 4,009 4,000 11,187 11,187 11,187 10,670
Inits and solution.	8 0.634 0.634 0.630 1.0300 1.03000 1.0300 1.0300 1.03000 1.03000 1.03000 1.03000 1.030000 1.030000000 1.030000000000
wiaZuassu.	8 1123 829 271,2305 27,200 11,507 7,200 6,200 7,200 7,200 7,200 11,400 11,400 11,400
RAILWAYS.	Oreat Western Grand Trunk London mrt Port Stanley Welland Welland of Canada Midland of Canada Midland of Canada Midland of Canada Midland of Canada St. Lawrence and Ottawa Carallon and Greuville St. Lawrence and Industry Statzen Extension * Western Extension * Western Extension * Western Extension *
	* No returns.

I For three weeks.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY .- Traffic for week ending Ang. 12th, 1870.

Passengers Freight and Live Stock Mails and Sundries	\$32,174 87 35,846 44 1,912 55	
Total Receipts for week Corresponding week, 1868	\$69,933 86 58,520 59	

Increase \$11,413 27

WELLAND RAILWAY .- At a meeting of the ockholders of the above company, held in stockholders of the above company, held in London, on the 25th of June, it was determined to re-establish a Local Board for the management to re-establish a Local Board for the management of the read, when the Hon. J. R. Benson, M.C., Thomas R. Merritt, Esq., M. P., and John Brown, Esq., the eminent contractor of Thorold, were appointed the Board. At a meeting of the Local Board held subsequently, Mr. Merritt was chosen Managing Director.

ADJUSTABLE GUAGE CAR. - The adjustable guage car, which recently ran from New York to San Francisco and back, is claimed to have (From our Own Correspondent) PETROLIA, Aug. 29, 1870. Another new strike to report, (on the east half of Lot 11, 12 Con., adjoining McMillans land, on the north west corner) by Mr. Perkins, the oil is

guage of 4 feet 10 inches, to Cleveland ; then on the compromise guage, 4 feet 94 inches, to Chicago; then to Council Bluffs, on the Missouri river, by the Chicago, Rock Island, and Pacific guage of 4 feet 84 inches. The car, having been detained five days at Council Bluffs in consequence of a freshet in the Missouri, then crossed over to Omaha, whence it proceeded over the Union Pacific to Sacramento, and over the West Pacific to San Francisco, making the trip in 144 days' running time. On its return the car left San Francisco on June 21st, and arrived at New York on July 8th, or in eighteen days, including delays. on July 8th, or in eighteen days, including delays. The patent is described as a stout steel feather, inserted in a lateral groove of the axle, which corresponding notches are cut. The wheels have broad flanges and run from the broad to the compromise guage, of 4 feet 94 inches, with adjust-ment. In breaking guage the car runs upon a connecting side track to adjust the wheels, which are then held in place by the nytches of the axle. - American Railroad Journal.

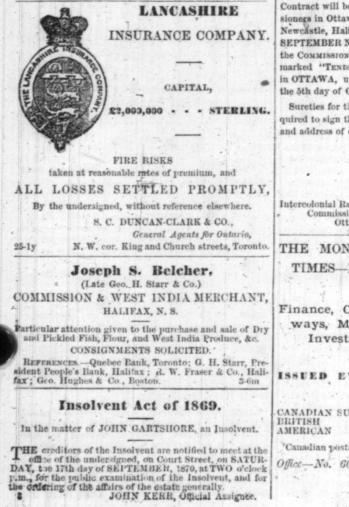
THE EQUITABLE Life Assurance Society. OF THE

UNITED STATES.

CASH ASSETS

THE leading company in the world for new business, by vided among the Policyholders, on Contribution Plan. This Company has special advantageous features that no other Company in Canada offers. See " Tontine Dividend" circulars, being a 10 per cent. investment, in addition to a Life Insurance. Instalment and all kinds of Endowment Policies. The "Equitable" has fully complied with Dom-inion Law, by making deposit of \$100,000 in Canadian Securities. Branch office for the Dominion, 53 CHURCH STREET. TORONTO.

53 CHURCH STREET, TORONTO, R. W. GALE, Manager. Good Agents and Solicitors wanted in unrepresented ozalities





Intercolonial Railway.

THE Commissioners appointed for the struction of the Intercolonial Railway give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for the three remaining Sections of the Line, all in the Province of New Brunswick.

Section No. 21 will begin at the Easterly end of Section No. 20, one and three quarter miles East of the River Miramichi and will extend to Station No. 1640, three thousand feet Westerly from the River Kouchibouguacis, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 22 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 21 to Station No. 1180 at the crossing of the River Buctouche, a distance of about 25 miles.

Section No. 23 will extend from the Easterly end of Section No. 22 to the European and North American Railway, at Moncton Station, a distance of about 224 miles.

The Commissioners also give PUBLIC NOTICE that they are prepared to receive TENDERS for re-letting Section No. 10, the Contract for which has been annulled.

Section No. 10 is in the Province of New Brunswick and extends from the centre of the Chaplin Island Road, near the Court House at Newcastle, towards Bathurst, a distance of 20 miles in length.

TENDERS for Section No. 10 will be made upon the basis of the quantities specified in the original Bill of Works for this Section ; and in drawing the New Contract, there will he deducted from the amount of the accepted Tender, a percentage sum equivalent to the percentage of the whole work which the Chief Engineer shall report to have been executed by the first Contractors.

These Contracts to be completely finished by the first day of July, 1872.

Plans and Profiles with Specifications and Terms of Contract will be exhibited at the Offices of the Commissioners in Ottawa, Toronto, Quebec, Rimouski, Dalhouise. Newcastle, Halifax and St. John, on and after the 15th SEPTEMBER NEXT, and SEALED TENDERS addressed to the COMMISSIONERS of the INTERCOLONIAL RAFLWAY, and marked "TENDERS" will be received at their OFFICE in OTTAWA, up to SIX o'clock, P.M., on WEDNESDAY the 5th day of OCTOBER next.

Sureties for the completion of the Contract will be required to sign the Tender. The names in full, occupation and address of each surety should also be given.

A. WALSH, ED. B. CHANDLER, C. J. BRYDGES. A. W. MELLAN, Commissioners.

Intercolonial Bailway, Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, August 15th, 1870.

THE MONETARY AND COMMERIAL TIMES-INSURANCE CHRONICLE.

DEVOTED TO

Finance, Commerce, Insurance, Railways, Mining, Public Companies, Investments, and Joint Stock Enterprise.

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- SUBSCRIPTION PRICE : 'Canadian postage prepaid on foreign subscriptions. Office-No. 60 Church Street, Toronto, Ontario. J. M. TROUT, Business Manager.

Gr	and Tru	nk Rail	way.	
TRAINS arr			ows at a	nd from
	E	AST.		1
Depart		6.37	p.m. 5.37 10.37	p.m. 7.07 9.07
	W	EST.		1.1
Depart	a.m. 		p.m. 3.45	p.m. 10.37
Arrive	a.m. 		p.m. 5,20	p.m. 9.05
1	Vorthern	Railw	ay.	
Depart		a.m. 7.00		p.m 4.00

Trains leave Brock Street Station 15 minutes later.

TO BUILDING SOCIETIES.

A GENTLEMAN in London, late Chairman, and present Director, of one of the most successful Bur ing Societies in London, or the United Kingdom, who thereighly acquainted with the an, and as ssful Build-om, who is

PRACTICAL AND DETAILED WORKING

OF

ERYTHING CONNECTED WITH THEM. ЕЙ Is desirous of emigrating to Canada, with a view of establishing a similar Society there under remunerative engagement for himself and family, fand is prepared to accept offers, and to furnish testimonials of ability of the highest character. ghest character. Apply in the first instance to "C. B.," care of THOMAS WHITEHEAD, 37 Eastcheap, London, England.

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Toronto Auction Mart,

Established 1834.

F. W. COATE & CO.,

Manufacturers' Agents,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

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The Mercantile Agency,

FOR THE PROMOTION AND PROTECTION OF TRADE Established in 1841.

DUN, WIMAN & Co.

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REFERENCE Book, containing names and ratings of Business Men in the Domin'on, published semi-annually. 24-17.

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PRODUCE and Commission Merchants, No. 2 Manning's Hlock, Front St., Toronto, Ont. Advances inade consignments of Produce.

Sessions, Turner & Cooper.

MANUFACTURERS, Importers and Wholesale Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Leather Findings, etc. Ware-house, Front St., and next door to that of James Camp-beil.

Parson Bros.,

PETROLEUM Refiners, and Wholesale dealers in Lamps Chimneys, etc. Waterooms 51 Front St. Refinery cor River and Don Sts., Toronfo.

Childs & Hamilton.

MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale Dealers in Boots and Shoes, No. 7 Wellington Street East, Toronto, Ontario.

John Fisken & Co-

ROCK OLL and Commission Merchants, Wellington Street East, Toronto, Out.

Toronto and Nipissing Railway Co. **Provincial Insurance Company of** Beal Estate. Canada. Wadsworth & Unwin, NOTICE is hereby given, that the NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual General Meet-ing of the Shareholders will be held at the office of the Company, Toronto Street, Toronto, on SATURDAY the NINTH day of SEPTEMBER next at 12 o'clock noon, to receive the Report of the Directors, and the annual state-ment of the affairs of the Company, to elect the Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for other business. ors to Dennis & Gossage) ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, Valuators, Civil Engineers and Land Agents. Office-42 Adelaide St. East, oppost the Court House, Toronto. Of this Company, at which the Election of Directors for the ensuing year and, for general business takes place, will be held at the offlees of the Company, corner of Front and Bay Streets, in Toronto, on N.B.-Surveys of every description performed in all parts of Ontario. Mining Lands and Timber Limits, in un-surveyed territory, surveyed in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Crown Lauds Department. TUESDAY, the THIRTEENTH day of SEPTEMBER, 1870, By the Charter of the Company all the Directors retire, V, B WADSWORTH, 27-17t P. L. Surveyor. P. L. Surveyor. but are eligible for re-election AT TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON. By order of the Board, By order, ARTHUR HARVEY, The Canadian Land and Emigration JAMES GRAHAM, Toronto, 3rd August, 1870 Manager Company Secretary. OFFERS for Sale, on conditions of Settlement, GOOD FARM LANDS, Dated at Toronto, 3rd August, 1879. 52-td **Provincial Insurance Company** the COUNTY OF PETERBORO', Ontario, in the well-settled OF CANADA. TOWNSHIP OF DYSART. where there are Grist and Saw Mills, Stores, &c., &c., FOR FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE. TO THE WORKING CLASS AT ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF AN ACRE. TO THE WORKING CLASS.-We are now prepared to irmish all classes with constant employment at home, the hole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, cht and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from the spare evening; and a proportional sum by devoting teir whole time to the business. Boys and girls carn nearly inch as men. Thatail whose this notice may send their diress, and test the business. We make this unparalleled far: To such a sare not well satisfied, we will send \$1 to pay is the touble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable som-e which will do to commence work on, and a copy of The copie's Literary Companion--one of the largest and st fimily newspapes published-sil sent free by meil, eader. if you want beermanent, work on such a cort, of the advert you want beermanent, work on, such a cort, of the sender if you want newspapes. published-sil sent free by meil, eader. if you want beermanent, work on such a sork, allog a E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUERA, MAINE. AT ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF AN ACRE. In the adjoining Townships of Guilford, Dudley, Harburn, Harcourt and Bruton, connected with Dysait, and the Village of Haliburton, by the Peterson Road, AT ONE DOLLAR AN ACRE. For particulars, apply to CHAS. JAS. BLOMFIELD, Manager, C. L. & E. Company, Peterboro Or to ALEX. NIVEN, P.L.S., Agent C. L. & E. Company, Haliburton, Ontario. **Arthur Jones** Land Surveyor and Timber Agent. Hotels. IMPROVED and unimproved lands or sale, a the Counties of Kent, Essex, Lambton, Middlesex, and Ottawa Hotel. Elgin. ST. JAMES AND NOTRE DAME STREETS, Chatham, County Kent, Ontario, MONTREAL. Morton & Smith, BURNETT & DOYLE, - - Proprietors. ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager. D. C. BURNETT, late proprietor of Woodruff Honse, Water-town, N.Y., and St. James Hotel, Montreal. ACCOUNTANTS, REAL ESTATE AGENTS, Provincial Insurance Co's. Buildings, } Toronto, June 28, 1870. AND VALUATORS, 48 THE Proprietors take pleasure in informing their friends and Travellers either for pleasure or on business, that they have recently opened this New and Elegant Hotel, where they will find every convenience and accommod-tion. Guests will find this the most pleasant and desirable stopping place in the city. 48 AND 50 CHURCH STREET, BEAVER AND TORONTO TORONTO. J. LAMOND SMITH. Mutual Fire Insurance Company, 47-1y P. MORTON OFFICE, BANK OF TORONTO BUILDINGS, WELLINGTON ST. financial. Number of Policies issued to July, 1870, - - - 36,000 - - - - \$220,000 Premium Note capital, over - -Albion Hotel. C. E. CHADWICK, TORONTO, President. D. THURSTON, TORONTO, Pice-President. 8. THOMPSON, Managing Director. Western Canada Permanent Build-MCGILL STREET, MONTREAL. ing and Savings Society. CLASS OF PROPERTY INSURED. AMPLE ACCOMMODATION FOR 500 GUESTS. NO. 70 CHURCH STREET. MERCANTILE BRANCH. MERCANTILE BRANCH. All property of a class not specially hazardous, will be insured by this Company, including Stores and their con-tents, Dwelling Houses (not included in the Household Branch) and their contents, and City, Town, and Village Property generally. Also Country, Stores, Taverns, Flour Mills, &c., &c., The rates of Insurance will be on the lowest scale of Mutual Insurance Companies. Parties insured in either Branch are exempt by law from all liability for losses sustained in the other Branches. Cost of Insurance in this branch averages about two thirds of the usual proprietary rates, as no profits are required. This company has authority under the Statute 27 and 28 Victoria, cap 99, to isue Policies of Insurance on LIVE STOCK. Applications, will be received through any Agent of the - - - - - - \$1.50 PER DAY FARE. MONEY TO LOAN AT REDUCED RATES. NO COM MISSION OR FEES CHARGED. Domfnion Hall, Cornwall, Ont.,

J. B. McKENZIE, Proprietor. - This new, large, a first-class Hotel is second to none in the Provinc Exceflent Sample Rooms for Commercial Travellers. and

St. James' Hotel, Montreal.

 $T^{\rm HE}$ undersigned beg to notify the public that they have purchased the above well-known first-class Hotel, and which is now carried on as a

Branch Establishment of the St. Lawrence Hall.

under the management of Mr. Samuel Montgomery (nephew of Mr. Hogan) and Mr. Fredericz Geriken, both well known to the travelling community both in the United States and Canada, as being connected with the St. Lawrence Hall.

rence Hall. The ST. JAMES is favorably situated, facing Victoria Square, in the very centre of the city, and contiguous to the Post Office and Banks. Its convenience for business men is everything that can be desired, as it is in the pume-diate vicinity of the leading Wholesale Houses. The rooms being well appointed and ventilated, are cheerful for fami-lies, while the menage will be unexceptionable, and no opains will be spared in ministering to the comfort of guests. The proprietors, having leased the adjoining premises, are prepared to offer every inducement to the Spring and Fali Trade: and as their tariff is unexceptionably reasonable, they hope to obtain a large share of public patronage. H. HOGAN & CO.

Applications, will be received through any Agent of the Company, for Insurance against death from any cause, of Horses, Bulls, Oxen, Steers, and Cows. HOUSEHOLD BRANCH.

Non-hazardous Household Property will be insured for three years or less, on which a Premium Note averaging from 14 to 4 per cent, will be taken, of which a small sum must be paid in Cash at the time of insuring, and en-dorsed on the Note.

FARMERS' BRANCH.

FARMERS BRANCH. Country Dwelling Homes, isolated, with the Household Furniture, &c., coutained therein. Also, Barns and Ont-houses, and Farm Produce | Hay and Grain in Stacks; Horses and other Cattle, Waggons, Sleights and Harness : and Farm Implements and Machines generally ; Clurches and School Houses, not situated in cities, towns or villages, and isolated from all other buildings. Agents of this Company are not allowed to charge any fee for Application or Survey.

W. T. O'REILLY. Joint Secretaries. H. HANCOCK,

Herrick & Crombie, BANKERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND GENERAL AGENTS

WALTER S. LEE, Secretary and Treasurer.

55

For the Purchase and Sale of Manufactures, Produce Bank and other Stocks. &c., OTTAWA AND PEMBROKE. Consignments solicited. Parliamentary business attended G. H. MERRICK. 35 EDWARD E. CROMBIE.

Persona borrowing to purchase Real Estate, or to creet Houses, will find our system of repayment advantageous, and interest as low as any similar Institution.

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O'Connor & Waller

EXCHANGE BROKERS, Commission Merchants, and Insumnice Agents, Bell's Block, No. 2 Rideau Street, Ottawa Personal attention given to the Commission Business, and the utmost promptness by sales and returns strictly übserved. All needless expensescarefully avoir ed. Consignments of Fork, Flour, Haus, Bacon, Cheese, Li-quors, and General Produce, solicited. Liberal advances made in the usual form. Good references if required. B. E. OCONNOR. 33-19) W. H. WALLIE

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financial.

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Igents' Directorn.

To Contractors and Others.

SEPARATE TENDERS FOR THE DIFFERENT WORKS Will be received at the offices of

MESSRS. M'DOUGALL & SKAE,

Architects, No. 17 Toronto Strept,

UP TO

27th AUGUST, INSTANT, AT NOON.

For the construction of a Stone Building to be used as the Offices of the

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY, OF UPPER CANADA,

on the south-east corner of Toronto and Adelaide streets the site of the present Westeyan Methodist church.

Plans and specifications may be seen and full particulars blained at the Architect's offices on anil after Monday, 15th instant.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be ac

J. W. G. WHITNEY, Agent of the Trust and Loan Co., Toronto.

Dominion Bank.

THE Provisional Directors of the Dominion Bank, at the urgent request of many of their friends, have decided to proceed at once with the organization of the Institu-

Stock Books can be seen, as well as further subscriptions of stock made, at the offices of Messrs, PELLATT & OSLER, or

Messrs, CAMPBELL & CASSELS,

King Street, Toronto

And Messrs. ROSS, LAUDER & MULLOCK, Masonic Hall, Toronto,

And at the office of

WILLIAM SACHE, ESQ., Montreal.

WILLIAM MULLOCK, Secretary to the Provisional Board

Toronto, July 15, 1870.

Campbell & Cassels.

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BANKERS, BROKERS, &c.,

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DEPOSITS received, from Twenty Cents upwards: in-vested in Government and other first class securities. Interest allowed at 5 and 6 per cent.

BANKS OF DEPOSIT : Ontario Bank and Canadian Bank of Commerce.

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A. C. BUCK. Agent for Home Fire Insurance, Canada Life, and Canada Permanent Building and Savings Society, Caledonia, Ont. 1-y

THE CONNECTICUT Mutual Life Insurance Company,

Insurance.

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE IN 1870, \$2,300,000 :

TOTAL AMOUNT INSURED, OVER \$177,000,000 !!

This Company is PURELY MUTUAL, there being no Stockholders to absorb any portion of its funds, its surplus belonging wholly to its members, and being equitably ap-portioned among them in annual dividends or returns of surplus premiums.

In comparison with other American Life Companies, the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL has conducted its business at a lower average rate of expenses; its claims by death have averaged less, in proportion, than those of any other Com-pany having a sufficient extent of business to test the law of mortality; and

Its Assets have been uniformly invested at a net rate of interest exceeding that realized by any similar institution. The necessary result of this economy in management, careful selection of lives, and highly productive invest-ments, has been that the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL has afforded insurance to its members at a LESS AVERAGE COST, than any other Company.

Ratio of Expenses of Management to Total Receipts

Its investments are seurely and profitably made, and contain no Commuted Commissions, Fancy Stocks, Personal Securities, nor any imaginary or Unrealized Assets.

Beyond doubt, the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL is the Exponent doubt, the CONNECTION articles is all Strongest Life Insurance Company in the world: its atio of Assets to Liabilities, as measured by the New Your Legga Standard, is \$155.50 per \$100; and it grants all de-sira b forms of Iusnrance upon Strictly Equitable Terms, and the CHEAPEST ATTAINABLE RATES OF COST.

W. S. OLMSTED, Z. PRESTON, Vice-President, Secretary

EDWIN W. BRYANT, Actuary.

MEDICAL REFEREES;

H. H. WRIGHT, M.D.; J. WIDMER ROLPH, M.D. HALDAN & O'LOANE,

Assistant Manager

OFFICE- No. 53 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

Scottish Imperial Insurance Company.

CAPITAL £1,000,000 STERLING.

HEAD OFFICE-GEORGE STREET, GLASGOW.

CANADIAN HEAD OFFICE-MONTREAL. No. 96 ST. FRANCIS XAVIER STREET.

H. J. JOHNSTON, Secretary and General Agent I. C. GILMOR, Agent at Toronte

COMMERCIAL UNION

Assurance Company (Fire and Life).

CHIEF OFFICES :

20-1v

19 AND 20 CORNHILI, LONDON, ENGLAND, and 5 AND 387 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTHEAL, CANADA

MORLAND, WATSON & Co., General Agents for Canada FRED. COLE, Secretary.

W. M. WESTMACOTT, Agent at Toronto

The Ontario

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57



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to act as Agents in unrepresented localities.	AUTHORIZED CAPITAL	THIS Company grants Insurances into two branches A Fain Branch, and Non-hazardous Town and
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TOBONTO OFFICE-No. 32 W ELLINGTON STREET I	R. N. GOOCH, Agent. 15	Chief Agent for the Dominion, Montreal
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BRITON MEDICAL And General Life Association, with which is united the BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Capital and Invested Funds	CANADA LITE ASSURANCE COMPANY. ESTABLISHED 1847. THE RECENT FAILURES OF TWO OF THE LARGEST ENGLISH ASSURANCE OFFICES, naturally causing much anxiety in the minds of Assurers in all Companies, the Directors of the and companies, the Directors of the in all Companies, the Directors of the source of the Langest ENGLISH ASSURANCE OFFICES, naturally causing much anxiety in the minds of Assurers in all Companies, the Directors of the source of the Langest ENGLISH ASSURANCE OFFICES, maturally causing much anxiety in the minds of Assurers in all Companies, the Directors of the source of the Hon Etazua Watont, of Boston, late Insurance Commissioner for the tate of Massachu- eta. It is believed that such a voluntary submission of the formpany's position to an eminent and entirely independent formany's position to an eminent and entirely independent formany's position to an eminent and the level of Massachu- eta. The believed that such a voluntary submission of the formany's position to an eminent and entirely independent formany's position to an eminent and entirely independent formany enjoys. Magen of the Agencies throughout the Hominion. Fersons who may be assured in the Companies whose matisfactory, desiring to Join the Cannada life, will be dealt with upon such terms as are reason- ated and the second the Agencies throughout the Hominion. Magent in Toronto, E. BRADBURNE, Esel, May 25. 10 Toronto Street. May 25. 10 Toronto Street. 20 ALMANNENT DEPOSIT. Magent In Econders. 21 ALMES STREET, MONTREAL. Directors-Walter Shanly, Esel, M.F.: Duncan Mac- mind, Esel, Major T. E. Campbell, C.B., St. Hilaire: the Hon John Hamilton, Hawkesbury.	WESTERN Assurance Company, INCORPORATED 1851. CAPITAL,
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