

THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT,

AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

PL. II.—No. 65.]

MONDAY, 22ND JULY, 1839.

[PRICE ONE PENNY.]

THE WITNESS BOX.

BY T. S. FAY.

The nominal purpose of a Court of Justice is to seek the truth; but I question whether the witness is ever in other places more attacked, abused, and browbeaten, ridiculed, and put out of countenance. It is the truth which every witness has in his mind; but his interest to conceal it is such that every eye is afraid of. Even the most unscrupulous in the night, is obliged to exclude the truth from the other side, lest it may even to contradict his own; and all the lawyers and the judge, seem to be on the watch to stop the witness's mouth every two minutes as they have been to him come there to open it. To me, one of the most ridiculous things in the world is a witness in the box, trying (poor fellow) to get in his testimony. He is, we will suppose, not in the slightest degree interested in either of the parties, and, doubtless, wishes them both together by the neck, and at the bottom of the Thames. He comes into court not voluntarily, but dragged, if he resists, by two or three knowing ministers of the law, who, from the mere fact of his being presumed to know anything about the pending suit, think themselves entitled to treat him as if he had been brought up for robbing a hen-roost. He is forced from his business or his amusements for the purpose of speaking the truth, and in so doing resolves to tell the whole story as soon as possible, and get rid of the business. He knows he knows the worst. He thinks the loss of time and the awkwardness of speaking for the first time of his life in public, are the extent of his suffering. Unsuspecting victim! He enters the box when he finds himself in the centre of a circle of enemies, and occupying a position not greatly unlike that of a prisoner in an Indian war dance. He tries to get out of the box.

—I was going down Maiden Lane—
Sergeant Row—Stop, Sir.
Counselor Botherall—Don't interrupt the witness.
Counselor Badger—The witness is ours.
Counselor Bluster (fiercely and indignantly)—What the witness tell his story.
—Let the witness tell his story.
—I was going down Maiden Lane, Sir.
—We don't want to know where you were, Sir.
—That is a part of his testimony.
—You can take the witness into your hands when we have done with him; at the witness's own request.
—Very well, Sir.
—Gentlemen, I beg you will sit down.
The Aldermen—Officer keep order.
(in a tone of thunder, and with a more than oriental despotism upon the witness, who were not making any noise, were aware of). Silence! Witness was going down Maiden Lane, where I said before, when—Borrow—Come here, Sir, to repeat what you said before.
Botherall—I beg—Badger (to his feet)—I demand—Bluster—My appeal to you to protect me from the pertinence of this witness. All the Aldermen and Judge together—The witness Officer (looking at the audience again, in a voice of thunder)—Silence! Judge—The witness, it seems to me that the best way to get the truth is to let the witness go on, and call him to order if he wanders from the plain fact of this assault—tell what you know about it. Remember where to speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. Raise your face to your face to the jury. What is the witness's name?
The witness commences, and the law- line to skirmish around him all the way to a parcel of wild Arabs fighting for the sake of some unhappy prisoner. So far as a chance to say the truth, the witness cannot get a chance to say anything. Bewildered out of his recollection—insulted, and indignant—however serious of telling the truth, he stumbles on the inconsistency—some trifling or not

trifling paradox—accounted for at once, and to every one's entire satisfaction, by the idea that he has forgotten. But then comes the cross examination; then the scientific artillery of a cool, able lawyer, sharpened by thirty years of similar practices, is brought to bear upon one trembling, and already nervous stranger—perhaps ignorant, perhaps a boy. Then comes the laugh of judge and jury, the murmur of astonishment from the crowd, that a person could be found base and degraded enough to say that "the defendant wore a little rimmed hat," when he acknowledged subsequently, off his guard, that the hat had "a tolerably large rim." Then the poor fellow, sore all over, and not quite sure that he will not be sent to prison and hard labour, for perjury, before the week has rolled, although he is the only person in the court who does not in a greater or less degree merit that punishment, is dismissed to a bench a few yards off, where he is obliged to hear the lawyers, in their address to the jury, bear character by pieces with fine turns of rhetoric, and yet finer distinctions.

"What, gentlemen of the jury," says Mr. Sergeant Row, in a tone of the deepest contempt, "what does the next witness, this Mr. John Raw, say? Gentlemen, he comes forward under the most peculiar circumstances. A dark mystery shrouds his motives, which I shall not endeavor altogether to dissolve; but he comes forward with the open, undisguised, unfeigned, the determined resolution, to fix upon my client, the injured Mr. Savage, this foul and unnatural assault and battery. You saw him, gentlemen, when I cross examined him, tremble under my eye—you saw him hesitate and turn pale at my voice." (Sergeant Row, very probably, has a voice that would intimidate a bear.) You heard him stammer and take back his words, and say he did "not recollect." Is this, gentlemen of the jury, an honest witness? The language of truth is plain and simple; it requires no previous calculation. If I ask you if you saw the sun set, you answer yes or no; you do not hesitate, you do not tremble. You do not say, "yes I did," and in the very next breath, "no, I did not." You do not at first tell me, "I walked ten miles yesterday," and afterwards say, "yesterday I was all day ill in bed." (Here one of the jurors puts his nose by that of another, and utters something in approbation of this argument, and the other nods his head, and looks at the speaker, as much as to say, "there is no trying to disguise the sagacity of this keen-sighted lawyer. The witness had much better have told the truth.")

"Now, gentlemen, what does this witness say? He commences by telling you, gentlemen, that he lived in Maiden Lane, that he was going home on the day when this ridiculous and unnatural assault is said to have taken place; that he saw a crowd; that he approached; that he saw Mr. Savage, my client, the defendant in this action, come up to the plaintiff, Mr. Wiggins, and give him, Wiggins, the said plaintiff, a blow with a blue-ribbon. But gentlemen, when I came to sit this plausible story, you heard him equivocate, and contradict himself. "What sort of a hat had Mr. Savage?" "A black one." Of what breadth was the rim?" "About an inch." He thought, doubtless, he was to have every thing his own way, till I brought into the witness box to confront him the hatter who made and sold the hat, and who proves to you that the rim was broad. You cannot morally doubt that the hat worn on that day by Savage was a broad rimmed hat; all the witnesses for the defendant swear it, and even Mr. John Raw himself, when closely questioned, acknowledged that it might have been a broad rimmed hat. Next, gentlemen, the pantaloons. "What colour were Mr. Savage's pantaloons?" "Black," said this Mr. John Raw. Gentlemen, I have produced these pantaloons in court. They have been identified beyond the possibility of doubt. What was the result? You saw yourselves gentlemen, the pantaloons were pepper and salt.

A cry of admiration throughout the court. The officer cries out.

The poor witness unfortunately occupies a conspicuous seat, and all eyes are fixed upon him with the most virtuous indignation.

Furthermore, I asked this witness to describe the badge. He could not. "Had it ivory or gold upon the handle?" He could not tell. "Was there a ferule upon the end?" Did not know. "Was it heavy?" "Yes." "Had he ever handled it?" "No." "Had he ever seen him before?" "No." Since? "No." Could he tell whether he had an aquiline nose or not? "No." "Was he not a friend of Mr. Wiggins?" "Yes." Had he not expressed an opinion upon this case? "Yes; he had said the scoundrel ought to be ashamed of himself." "Was Mr. Wiggins's hat knocked off?" "No." But, before he left the witness box, he said he saw the blood on the top of the plaintiff's head. How could he see the top of his head unless the hat had been knocked off?

Another Buzz. The witness here rose, and said, Mr. Wiggins took it off to show me. Officer—silence there! Judge—Witness, you must not interrupt the counsel. You have had the opportunity of saying whatever you pleased. If you are again guilty of so great an indecorum, I shall be obliged to commit you. Witness stands stupid. Officer—Sit down! (in a tone of indignant command.) Witness sits down. Officer scowls at him as if he would snap his head off.

I shall not to the learned gentleman further. I only appeal to every witness that has ever been brought to a court of justice, whether he has not found it often the most difficult place in which to tell the truth in, and whether, when the truth was at length told, there ever were so many attempts made to mystify it! Whether so much of what every one present knew in his heart to be truth, could any where else be so deliberately rejected, and whether, when this poor, mutilated, blabbered, unhappy truth, so much demanded, was at length produced, it did not have such an aspect so disguised, that its own mother might not have known it!

MODERN REFINEMENT.

The following amusing and sensible letter has been addressed to the editor of a clever and apparently well got-up publication, entitled "The Literary World," the first number of which is now before us.

OAKLAND, March 5.

It is with great alarm and sorrow that I received the other day a prospectus of your new periodical. I have written off to you directly, and trust my endeavor to turn you from such an undertaking will be successful.

We do not want any more literature—we are getting learned, sir—headlong, dangerously I am, and what is worse than all is, that my greatest favorites, they whom I had ranked for their wit, and cherished for their superiority of talent, have been the very first to adopt the *new lights*, and the most eager to undermine my theories, and annihilate my opinions. There is Miss Rose Myrtle, sister to a charming woman you have heard about, and the prettiest girl, too, in our village. She has turned botanist, forsooth, and if I present her with a "Forget me not," a flower which I consider of all others the most proper to be presented to a lady, she begins to examine the pistil and stamens; and when I tell her in a neat imprecation, that it is an emblem of love, and consecrated to the tenderest emotions of the heart, she produces a little kickshaw book, bound in green silk, with gilt edges, and after some searching she declares it as a *Hexandria Monogynia*; and immediately enters into a long dispute about the nectarium and the corolla, the receptaculum and the pericarpium.

Her cousin Mary is a confirmed mineralogist, and puzzles you by calling the most common things by the most uncommon names. If you admire her diamond ring, or her pearl necklace, she assures you that the one is nothing but a bit of crystallized charcoal, and the other neither more nor less than the wen of a certain kind of oyster! These things are too bad, Mr. Editor: they are subversive of

our most pleasurable feelings, and inimical to all poetical conception; they are generally useless, frequently injurious, always impertinent, and often disgusting.

In my younger days, sir, there was not a more gallant man than me in the universe; and the verses I wrote, and the civil speeches I made, were copied by the beaux for miles round. But now, alas! the age of civility is past; and though I see beautiful forms rising around me, and feel beautiful thoughts glowing within me, I am obliged to admire the one in silence, and suppress the other in sorrow; for I cannot call a Rose an *Hexandria Monogynia*, nor assure the lovely Mary that her beautiful eyes are lamps of levigated charcoal. There are the languages, too. Formerly, it was deemed sufficient if a lady could speak good English grammar, interlarded with a few "pardonnez-moi," and "je vous remercie;" but now she must warble Italian and jabber German, or else she will be set down for an antiquated. All our sweet ballads are quite forgotten in parties now, for every body tries to sing Italian;—and the best of the joke is, that there are not two of twenty of these vocalists who know what they are singing about. Nay, their very mother-tongue has not escaped the contagion, and I have known the pronunciation of a plain word change as frequently as the fashion of a lady's sleeve.

Then, there are albums, those rat-traps of the drawing-room, "full of wise laws and modern instances," (and, in the instances that have come before my notice, I never saw any thing wise yet,) which no gentleman dares even peep into without being in danger of saying a visit to his eminence Mount Parnassus. Oh! these light pink, and light green, and light and blue, and buff, and tea-coloured pages, and their embellishments; their blue butterflies and orientally-tinted birds; their eccentric shells, and more eccentric sea-weeds; their shining Byron beauties, and their half-a-crown "Flowers of Loveliness." Give me the good old-fashioned scrap-book, with a portrait of Lady Howe stuck on the top of the page, and all the most popular jests of the last half century, cut out of some hundred conical cone is lying around him; together with accounts of the murder of Mr. Steele, the accidents at the execution of Haggerty and Holloway, the jubilee and temple in the Park, and a thousand other diverting matters. You might read and reflect for hours there; but to seek reason or reflection in the crowd-poetry of a gilt album is as sheer madness as to attempt to boil water without making steam.

Talking of steam, what is it now that is not done by steam? We shoot, and cook, and weave, and travel by a little hot water; nay, I hear there is about to be a railroad formed to our antipodes, and when I asked a scientific neighbour how the difficulty was to be obviated of going into it feet foremost, and of course coming out feet first, he said it was of no consequence, as we should travel so fast we should not know whether we were on our heads or feet. And then the railways—why it is dreadful to think of being whirled along upon them. How much better is the old-fashioned stage-coach and four horses, driving briskly along a good hard turnpike road, than flying like a rocket along two pieces of iron. Imagine being in the carriage next the tender, and the engine bursting, and your finding yourself going aloft instead of down to Birmingham. Ah! Mr. Editor, all these dangers will be found out in time, and then people will see I am right. The pitch of learning at which every body is arriving is worse than—; but I won't go on. People call me a querulous old man; but I do not care. All the age is the same; and to save it from total ruin and destruction is the wish of—Your's very truly,

P. S.—I cannot get a goose-quill by a sheet of common foolscap all over the village; so I write this epistle upon hydro-pneumatic paper, with anti-corrosive Simpidium ink, and a hydro-chronographic platino-zinc cold pen, which seems to be a difficult name for steel.

THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT.

LOWER CANADA.

From the Montreal Herald of Friday.

We beg to remind our readers that Mrs Bailey's farewell concert will take place on Monday evening at Rasco's Hotel...

On Thursday afternoon a little boy fell over the parapet wall at the new wharf building opposite the Grenadier Guards barracks...

The New York Courier and Enquirer of Tuesday notices the arrival in that city of Mr. Wm. Kennedy, lately attached to the Durham suite whose arrival in Texas we alluded to some time ago...

We think that we may, with some degree of certainty, congratulate the inhabitants of the two Canadas on the improbability of any invasions...

The American steamer Telegraph returned to the port on Saturday last to land a sailor, a deserter from the Dock Yard, who had concealed himself on board that boat.

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, MONDAY, JULY 22nd, 1839.

New York papers of Wednesday last contain no European news. The Great Western, no doubt, has reached New York by this time...

We have Halifax papers to the 13th inst. The only piece of news that we can find in them is that two of the American fishing schooners have been condemned...

About \$1,000 has been subscribed in this city, and forwarded for the relief of the sufferers by the late disastrous fire at Eastport...

By yesterday's mail we have received Toronto, Coburg, and Kingston papers of the 17th inst. Their contents are not important.

The only Orange procession in Upper Canada, on the 12th July, of which we find mention, is one that took place in Toronto...

On Friday last, the twelfth of July, the Orangemen walked in procession through this city, with flags and music.

With respect to the outline of the New Canada Bill, originally published in the Coburg Star, and copied by us on Monday last...

A complete and ample refutation of the calumnies which had been circulated against Sir Allan Macnab, is published by the Coburg papers.

The valuable appointment of Bursar of King's College has been unanimously offered by the Council to John Kent, Esquire...

The Canadian, in alluding to the presence of the notorious Baron Fratelin, at a Fourth of July Dinner in the State of Maine...

We have heard a strange story respecting the arrest, on Saturday night, by a policeman, of two gentlemen moving in the first circles of society in Quebec...

COMMUTED PENSIONERS.—A General Order has been issued from Head Quarters in Montreal, with reference to commuted pensioners...

George Pemberton, G. W. Usborne, Esq., Coldstream Guards; Royal Artillery; 11th Regiment; Charles Gettings, Esq.; H. E. Scott, Esq., and William Stevenson, Esq.

The following is the charge of the presiding Magistrate John G. Clapham, Esquire, to the Grand Jury, at the opening of the Session:—

The Races.—On Friday, the Stewards held a meeting for appointing the Stakes and time for holding the Quebec Races...

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H. M. Troop Ship, Athol, C. P. Bellamy, commanding, arrived in port on Saturday morning. She sailed from Cork on the 17th June...

MAJORS.—Swinburn 32nd, and lady. Steyte 24th, and lady. Webster 1st Royals; Grant 85th.

ENSIGNS.—Robyns 32nd; Astell and Wilkinson 15th; Wodehouse 24th; Knox 85th.

A number of invalids will proceed to England in the Athol.

QUEBEC REGATTA.—Not having been able to attend the meeting held at the Exchange, on Monday last, for the purpose of making arrangements for a Regatta to take place in September...

The meeting was very respectfully attended, and all present appeared anxious to forward the object for which it was convened.

The chair having been taken, Alex. D. Bell, Esq., was appointed Secretary, and it was unanimously resolved that the Quebec Regatta should take place on the 5th September next.

The following is a list of the gentlemen who were appointed Stewards to superintend and make the necessary arrangements.—Hon.

George Pemberton, G. W. Usborne, Esq., Coldstream Guards; Royal Artillery; 11th Regiment; Charles Gettings, Esq.; H. E. Scott, Esq., and William Stevenson, Esq.

A subscription list was immediately opened, and a large sum subscribed; the meeting then adjourned.

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hibition there cannot manufactured in the imported from thence

Of the Montreal Market Friday evening

Ashes.—Owing to a ces have slightly adva to 26 6d for small, and cels, Pearls may be 4 per cwt.

Flour.—The demand ited to the wants c brought 35s per brl, about 250 brls, sold at 34s per brl cash. S dlings are now all at t an anomaly in the trad Etuiere in the market freely at 20s to 20s 6 comes now anxious to s coming into market, it c es will not long be m stock on hand is small active at Quebec.

Provisions.—The sal barrels during the wee Prime Mess at \$18.

Money.—The notes Canada are redeemed here at a discount of 1/2 the Commercial and G of disposal at 2 1/2 to 3 even at that rate only t to remit to Upper Cana

If you are the indi from the steamer Briti nesday evening, on so you are not the first guardians under simi had you been sober y have known you were Citizens who interfered with batons by one or a wharf, than to Mr. Y him. It was not, cer individual, that they i stop, if possible, to s becoming too common.

Lower Town, 22nd J

TO CORRESPONDENTS.— will appear in our next, at the earliest opportunity

SHIP INTELLIGENCE

ARRIV

July 3 H. M. troop ship Athol, C. June, Cork, with tre Bark Brunswick, Veale, Co. ballast.

Brig Durham Wood, 200 trel, general cargo. Schr. Phoenix, Caldwell, Rodger, Dean & Co. 21st

Schr. Unity, Smith, 9th Ju sey, ballast, 5 passes Schr. Fly, Bradral, 13 day Shippard, seat back 22nd

Brig Ann, 7th June, Trah slons, 1 cabin and 1

CLEAR

July 1 Brig Erin, Burridge, Sum Brig Ann Moore, Fawcett, Brig Tagus, Smith, Sander Brig Wilkinson, McCarta mour & Co.

Brig Bell, Nicholson, Wor Schr. Reward, Griener, A 20th

Ship Forth, Lamb, Liverp Bark Edward, Cook, Ports Bark Abbleton, Yonens, H Brig Brown, Dods, Sunde Brig Duchess of Clevein Pemberton.

Brig Edwin, Shilton, Dabi Brig Warner, Crawford, Ryea, Brothers.

PASSING

In the bark Mary White Thursday last for Bristol Wyatt, and Master Jeffery.

In the brig Durham, from J. A. Harvey and family.

In the packet ship West York, on the 16th inst. from Kingston, Canada.

THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT.

hibition there cannot apply to Refined Sugar manufactured in the United Kingdom, and imported from there."

REVIEW

Of the Montreal Markets for the week ending Friday evening, 19th July, 1839.

Askes.—Owing to an increased demand prices have slightly advanced, Pots bringing 26s to 26 6d for small, and 26s 6d for shipping parcels, Pearls may be quoted at 31s 6d to 31s 9d per cwt.

Flour.—The demand for Fine has been limited to the wants of consumers, and has brought 35s per brl, with the exception of about 250 brls which was bought by retailers at 34s per brl cash. Superfine, Fine and Middlings are now all at the same value, which is an anomaly in the trade. There is no Farine Entiere in the market; at Quebec it is selling freely at 20s to 20s 6d per quintal. Holders being now anxious to sell before the new Flour comes into market, it is probable that these prices will not long be maintained, although the stock on hand is small and the demand pretty active at Quebec.

Promissaries.—The sales of Pork exceed 1000 barrels during the week, of Mess at \$20, and Prime Mess at \$18. These rates, and \$16 for Prime are freely given by buyers, and sellers look forward to an improvement in price. Money.—The notes of the Bank of Upper Canada are redeemed at their shewing shop here at a discount of 1 1/2 per cent, and those of the Commercial and Gore Banks are difficult of disposal at 2 1/2 to 3 per cent discount, and even at that rate only to merchants who have to remit to Upper Canada.

TO JOHN FIELAYSON.

If you are the individual that was taken from the steamer British America, last Wednesday evening, on some charge of robbery, you are not the first that has thanked his guardians under similar circumstances—but had you been sober when taken you would have known you were more indebted to those Citizens who interfered when you were struck with batons by one or more Policemen, on the wharf, than to Mr. Young, or any one under him. It was not, certainly, for you, as an individual, that they interfered, but to put a stop, if possible, to such scenes, which are becoming too common.

A CITIZEN.

Lower Town, 22nd July.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—The stanza by W. R. B. will appear in our next. Alpha will have a place at the earliest opportunity.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.

July 30th.

H. M. troop ship Athol, C. P. Bell, ay, R. N. 15th June, Cook, with troops.

Bark Brunswick, Veale, 29th May, Atkinson & Co. ballast.

Brig Durham Wood, 26th May, London, Montreal, general cargo.

Schr. Phoenix, Caldwell, 5th July, Miranichi, Roger, Dean & Cd. herring, 12 passengers.

Schr. Unity, Smith, 9th July, Bay Chaleur, Woolsey, ballast, 5 passengers.

Schr. Fly, Bodrault, 13 days, Arichat, herring, P. Sheppard, sent back to Grossc Isle.

Brig Ann, 7th June, Fraile, Price & Co. provisions, 1 cabin and 100 steeage passengers.

CLEARED.

July 17th.

Brig Erin, Burridge, Sunderland, Atkinson.

Brig Ann Moore, Fawcett, Silgo, G. H. Parke.

Brig Tagus, Smith, Sunderland, Atkinson.

Brig Wilkinson, McCartney, Whitehaven, Gilmour & Co.

Brig Bell, Nicholson, Workington, Gilmour.

Schr. Reward, Grenier, Arichat, Noud, 20th.

Ship Forth, Lamb, Liverpool, Chapman.

Bark Edward, Cook, Portsmouth, Chapman.

Bark Athelton, Youens, Hartlepool, Atkinson.

Brig Brown, Doidis, Sunderland, Levy & Co.

Brig Duchess of Cleveland, Barnes, Newport, Pemberton.

Brig Edwin, Shilton, Dublin, Price & Co.

Brig Warner, Crawford, Killala & Androssan, Ryan, Brothers.

PASSENGERS.

In the bark Mary White, Beckland, sailed on Thursday last for Bristol.—Mrs. Wyatt, Miss Wyatt, and Master Jeffrey Wyatt, of Quebec.

In the brig Durham, from London.—M. and Mrs J. A. Harvey and family.

In the packet ship Westminster arrived at New York, on the 16th inst. from London.—Mr. E. K. Keynston, of Canada.

A letter was received in town from Capt. R. Donell of the bark Naparima, stating that that vessel had gone ashore at Matan river on her way to Quebec. The Naparima is a small bark, and had on board 75 passengers and a general cargo. Capt. Donell further writes that he was lightening the vessel and was in hopes of getting her off without damage, by the help of the spring tides, should the weather continue fine.

We learn from a Hal fax paper, that the ship Courtney, Ellis, from Savannah, bound to Quebec, which went ashore in Three Fathoms Harbour on the 4th inst., has got off again with the loss of a false keel.

The brig Robert which arrived at New York on the 14th inst from the coast of Africa, spoke on the 7th inst H. M. schr Sh-pjack, on a cruise, in lat. 31, lon 67 1/2 standing S. E.

Bark Dryope, Hamilton, arrived on Saturday from Montreal, in tow of the British America.—The Dryope cleared at Montreal on the 10th inst. She sails to-day.

Mr. Mann's large steam-ship United Kingdom, now loading at the Queen's Wharf, for Liverpool, has taken in a considerable portion of her cargo, and, within the last two or three days has had her lower masts fitted.

New York, July 16.—Cleared, Ship Brunswick, Porter, for Quebec.

PORT OF MONTREAL, July 19.—Arrived, Barge Commerce, Duang, Quebec.—Barge Alceus, Baron, Quebec, general cargo.

LETTER BAGS AT THE EXCHANGE.

London.—Brig Lord Athol.—will close to-day. Ship Waterloo.—on Thursday.

Liverpool.—Ship Dryope.—this evening. Ship Phoebe.—to-morrow.

Dublin.—Ship Columbus.—on Friday.

Greenock.—Brig Iris.—on Friday.

Jamaica.—Brig Southampton.—on Thursday.

MARRIED

At Hull, L. C., on the 9th July, by the Rev. S. S. Strong, Geo. S. Marston, merchant of Hull to Miss Christina Wright Chamberlin, granddaughter of the late Philomen Wright, Esq, all of the same place.

DIED

On Wednesday evening, at Montreal, Sarah, infant daughter of A. P. Hart, Esq, Advocate. Miss Christina Wright Chamberlin, granddaughter of the late Philomen Wright, Esq, all of the same place.

TO MASTERS AND SEAMEN IN THE MERCHANT SERVICE.

NOTICE is again hereby given, that the undersigned is duly authorized to carry into effect the British Act of the 5th and 6th of William the 4th, respecting Masters and Seamen in the Merchant Service.

That, to enable the Masters to receive the necessary Documents—that they are, by the said Act, obliged to take home all balances of wages due to seamen left on shore, in hospital, or elsewhere, and incapable of duty, must be paid into his hands, and no other person can, on any account, lawfully receive the same.

Also, that all Seamen who may have been left on shore, and unable to do their duty, will be furnished with information how to act in such cases. And any master that will give a message to England to any such seamen, will be furnished with Documents to enable them to receive the amount of their victualling account, on their arrival, from the President and Governors of the Corporation for the relief and support of sick, maimed, and disabled seamen, and the widow and children of such as shall be killed, slain or drowned in the Merchant Service, and for other purposes.—1st Act of the 4th and 5th William 4th, cap. 52.

Under these circumstances, it is to be hoped few disabled seamen will remain in Canada, during the long winter, in a state of destitution.

J. LAMBLY, Commissioner.

Quebec, July 15th, 1836.

FOR SALE.

A MOST SPLENDID WINDMILL for grinding Flour, with three first rate Mill Stones, and Machinery complete, now landing from the "Earl of Durham."

For particulars, apply to

ADAM SCHLEUP, Globe Hotel.

Quebec, 22d July, 1839.

NOTICE

THE Subscriber has received per ships Eleutheria and Earl of Durham, and offers for sale, on the most moderate terms, at his house, Globe Hotel, St. Louis Street, Upper Town:—A choice collection of Wines, consisting of Sherry, Port, Madeira, &c. &c.

ALSO:—A quantity of superior Cognac Brandy.

ADAM SCHLEUP.

Quebec, 22nd July, 1839.

TWO CAYMEN TURTLE from 50 to 80 lbs. each, for sale at A. McLEAN's London Coffee House.

17th July,

OFFICE FOR MILITIA CLAIMS, Quebec, 19th July, 1839.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that List Number One, of allowed Militia Claims, consisting of cases under location tickets, has been published in the Gazette by Authority, of the 18th instant, No. 40 Vol. 16 accompanied by the necessary explanations, and that separate copies are besides actually in course of distribution to the Reverend the Clergy, and other influential persons throughout the Province, who are all hereby respectfully requested to cause the contents thereof to be, by such means as they shall see fit to adopt, made publicly known in the place of their residence.

Notice is further given, that the Board will, from time to time, as the same are prepared, publish other lists of admitted claims, similar to the present one, and that until they have completed the publication of the cases now before them, (of which due notice will be given,) they will answer no communication, except such as may be received from persons whose names may appear in the list above referred to, or those which may hereafter be published.

By Command, JEAN LANGEVIN, Secretary.

* * * One insertion of the above notice in each of the other papers published in the Province, in the language in which they are respectively published.

PAINTING

In Water Colours.

MR. DELCOUR, No. 3, St. John Street, Upper Town, will take a few pupils for instruction in Painting Landscape in Water Colours.

Quebec, 26th May, 1839.

J. FARLEY, DYER, No. 6, St. Ursule Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public, that he cleans and dresses Gentlemen's Clothes, Cashmere, Merino, and Canton Crape Shawls, &c. &c.—colours warranted not to fade.

From the long experience Mr. F. has had in the above business, combined with moderate charges, he feels confident of giving satisfaction to those who may honour him with their patronage.

Quebec, 14th June.

TURNIP SEEDS.

THE Subscribers have received their usual supply of

YELLOW ABERDEEN, WHITE GLOBE, RED NORFOLK, EARLY STONE, MALTA, DUTCH, POMERANIAN, And other kinds of Turnip Seeds.

ALSO, RED AND WHITE CLOVER, MUSSON & SAVAGE.

Quebec, 19th June, 1839.

AUCTION SALES

GLASS, SUGAR, WINE, &c.

BY T. HAMILTON, On THURSDAY NEXT, the 25th instant, at TWO o'clock, at the stores of Messrs. Symes & Ross:—

600 BOXES, 1200 lb. boxes Crown Glass, sizes chiefly 7 1/2 x 8 1/2, 8 1/2 x 9 1/2, and 7 x 9, up to 23 x 13.

10 boxes Candy Sugar,

4 tierces Double Refined Sugar,

30 casks Bottled Wines, Port, Madeira, Sherry and Buccellas of choice quality, in packages of 3, 5, and 6 doz. each.

12 pipes Port Wine,

30 chests Tea.—Twankay, Congou and Bohen,

2 butts Palm Oil,

200 kegs White, Green and Black Paints,

10 do. Glaziers' Putty,

800 empty Bars,

800 common Mats,

50 empty, (new,) hf. and qr. Flour Barrels,

2 cases Gentlemen's Hats.

Samples of the Wines can be seen at the Broker's Office, (next door to Messrs. Price & Co., the day previous to the sale.

FASHIONABLE BOOT WAREHOUSE.

JAMES JUDGE

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Quebec and its vicinity, that his establishment is removed to the house lately occupied by Ma. COLFER, opposite the Mercury office, near Prince's Gate, where he will keep constantly on hand BATTLE-TOP, SUARA, HESSIAN AND DRESS TOP BOOTS,—

ALSO, JUDGE'S IMPROVED WELLINGTONS, Made to fit the tightest Pantalcons or Trowsers.

J. Judge having been for several years patronized by the Nobility, Military and Gentry of the West of Ireland, feels confident of being able to give general satisfaction in the above line, without sending to London or Paris for the fashions; and his charges will be found unusually low for cash.

Quebec, 29th May, 1839.

LONDON COFFEE HOUSE, Cut-d-sec, Lower Town.

A McLEAN respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that the above establishment is now re-opened for the season, and he solicits a continuance of that liberal patronage of which he has enjoyed so large a share during the last seven years. Visitors will here find every convenience and comfort. The Table will be supplied, as heretofore, with every delicacy the season can afford.

A. McL. has just received from London, a choice selection of Wines, Spirits, Liqueurs, &c., all of which he can confidently recommend as of the very best quality ever imported.

N. B.—AN ORDINARY every day from 2 till 4 o'clock. —Luncheons or Private Dinners prepared at the shortest notice.

Ice may be had in any quantity.

ALSO—50 casks London Porter.

23rd May.

FRESH SEEDS.

Just received per late arrivals, a supply of RED AND WHITE CLOVER SEEDS;—Also, Turnips, Pease, Beans, &c. &c. of various kinds, and warranted of last year's growth.

BEGG & URQUHART, 13 St. John Street, and 3 Notre Dame Street, Lower Town.

JAMAICA PRESERVES.

THE Subscribers have just received by the Countess of Durham, from Jamaica a small supply of Preserved Ginger, Limes, Citron, Cashew, Oranges, Guava Jelly, Green Sweetmeats, Jamaica Jam, Candied Fruits.

AND, aynen e Pepper.

GIBB & SHAW, Notre-Dame Street, Lower Town.

19th July.

MILL SITE FOR SALE.

A GOOD MILL STREAM situated between the Beauport Seignory Mill and Mill Bank, capable of working 4 pairs of stones and distant only 3 quarters of a league from Town.

N. B.—A fine Quarry of Building stone is convenient to the above Mill Site.

ALSO, A GOOD one Story Wooden House, with a 2 story wooden Hangar, erected in the rear; also, a Stable and spacious Yard situated in St. Paul's Street, St. Roch's Suburbs.

ALSO, AT LA PRAIRIE, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, A GOOD one story Wooden House, with a substantial stone Hangar; also, a Stable and Barn erected in the rear; this property is situated in an advantageous place in the Village, and the whole is in good order.

Application to be made for the above properties to

SIMON BEDARD, Farmer, Beauport.

19th July

THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT.

FOR PUBLIC CONSIDERATION.

In no instance has prevalent infatuation been productive of more deplorable consequences, than the blind credence that the members of the medical profession alone are competent to administer remedies for disease. The general contumacious which is given to this preposterous pretension of an interested class, is one of the most prolific sources of disease, suffering, and early death. How many thousands of persons there are, at this moment surrendering their constitutions to the insidious inroads of almost every variety of human malady, from their reluctance to incur the expense of consulting a physician, and from their silly prejudice against the most simple medicines, unless sanctioned by the mystic authority of a pretendedly learned prescription! If they could see that prescription in plain English, they would find, in a vast majority of cases that it orde of nothing in the world but a little rhubarb, or senna or jalap, or aloes, mixed with sugar and water, and mystified with a little peppermint, or some other scented drug; and a simple carminative like this is generally sufficient. But the druggist keeps the prescription, and when the patient gets ill again he has again to consult the physician, instead of procuring for himself, at a mere fraction of the original expense, the wonderful remedy which had relieved him. It is that a majority of the population of every civilized country suffer disease to work its insidious way into their system, because the relief they derive from medical aid is at once expensive, transitory, and difficult of access; and thus is exemplified the memorable confession of an eminent physician, that "Prescriptions in the Roman language have indirectly killed more than all the Roman armies." A medicine so compounded that it will cleanse the alimentary canal of all its feculent accumulations and incumbrances, give a new and invigorating action to all the viscera that contribute their agency to the digestive functions, and by promoting the incessant perspiration, relieve the whole system of febrile and inflammatory symptoms, must necessarily prove a great blessing to mankind, if vended at a price which places it within the reach of all classes. If it have an extensive sale, it cannot fail to work more cures, and to do far more general good, than all the members of the medical profession combined can possibly accomplish within the comparatively narrow limits of their private practice. Such a medicine the public has in MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS and PHENIX BITTERS. The efficacy of which are established throughout the United States, and voluntarily certified by thousands of individuals whom they have relieved and cured. It is to be seen that the interested denouncers of popular medicines attempt to include these in their indiscriminate opprobrium. Facts bear testimony and are more stubborn even than prejudices. Could the most eminent and successful physician that ever lived collect so many testimonials of remarkable cures, and of so extensive an alleviation of suffering under an almost endless variety of human diseases as have been spontaneously presented to the proprietor of the LIFE PILLS and PHENIX BITTERS during the last two years? He believes not, and would be happy to put the question to the test.

The pre-eminent reputation of these medicines being firmly established upon the basis of innumerable facts, it only remains necessary to inform persons who are unacquainted with them of some among the multitude of maladies in which they have repeatedly proved successful, and in which, therefore, it may confidently be presumed they will succeed hereafter: 1. Dyspepsia, both chronic and casual, under the worst symptoms of restlessness and pain, flatulency head-ache, nausea, loss of appetite, heart-burn, coolness, biliousness, or sourness, general debility and wasting away of the body. 2. Diarrhea, whether feculent, mucous, serous, lentulous, bilious, or tubular. 3. Jaundice, both biliary and spasmodic, hepatic, infantile, and of the dark green variety. 4. Hemorrhoids, or hemorrhoids, both above and anal, and of every variety, from the large tape and joint worm to the insect larva of the stomach and rectum. 5. Piles, of the blood, the bleeding, the white and the caruncular varieties. 6. Constipation, whether arising from constipation or obstruction, and of howsoever long standing. 7. Colic, the iliac, the painters', the constipated, the constrictive, and flatulent. 8. Oedema, the common or humid cough, and the dry and the whooping cough. 9. Asthma, the nervous or dry and common or humid. 10. The Breast pang, acute and chronic; and also Pleurisia, or or chronic pain in the side. 11. The Daily Fever, whether of the mild, the acute, or the sweating variety. 12. Fever and Ague. 13. Influenza, in any stage. 14. Dysentery, acute and chronic. 15. Rheumatism, acute and chronic, together with podagra, or gout. 16. Marasmus, whether as general atrophy or loss of flesh, or pulmonary decline and consumption, if taken before cavities have been formed in the lungs. 17. Scrofula—singularly and rapidly efficacious even in the worst cases. 18. Scary. 19. Hypochondriasis, and all other nervous affections. 20. Spasmodic Palpitation, of the heart and of the arteries. 21. Head-ache.

It is evident, therefore, that these medicines are compounded of ingredients which act upon the system universally, and not mere ad hoc preparations. They act without causing pain, or producing any prostration of nervous energy, but on the contrary, strengthen, invigorate and enliven, from the first day's experience of their operation, until the period of convalescence. Directions for use accompany them.

All post paid letters will receive immediate attention.

Sold whole sale and retail by WM. B. MOFFAT, 307 Broadway, N. Y. A liberal deduction made to those who purchase to sell again.

BEGG & URQUHART,

N. B. The Life Medicines may also be had of the principal druggists in every town throughout the United States and the Canadas. Ask for Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters; and be sure that a fac simile of John Moffat's signature is upon the label of each bottle of

NOTICE.

THE business heretofore carried on by **GEORGE HOWARD** will from the 1st May, be continued by the Subscribers, under the firm of **GEORGE HOWARD & SON**, Shoeing-smiths and Farriers, St. Paul Street, Quebec, 1st May.

THE subscribers will commence in their new establishment as well as the old in a few days, where they will have on hand all sorts of ready-made Implements of Husbandry, such as Forks, Hoes, Axes, Spades, Ploughs, Hartwos, &c., &c. Horses shod in the best of styles—Good Stabling for Sick Horses. They flatter themselves that they shall be able to give every satisfaction; and as they wish to do business on as short credit as possible, all those who have been in the habit of putting off payment from time to time, will have to pay cash on the spot,—as times and prices will not allow more than three months credit.

GEO. HOWARD & SON,
18th May, Foot Hope Street.

CALEDONIA SPRINGS.

THE favorable opinion I formerly entertained of the waters of the Caledonia Springs is MORE THAN CONFIRMED, as well from the benefits I personally derived from their use, as from what I observed of their effects on others. The water should be drunk in moderate quantities before breakfast, and persevered in for some weeks at least.

(Signed) **WILLIAM ROBINSON, M.D.**

A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED
BY **BEGG & URQUHART,**
Quebec, 15th May, 1839.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having entered into Partnership, under the firm of **CHARLES CAMPBELL & Co.**, purpose carrying on business as Agents and Shippers of Lumber, at that part of Sillery Cove, lately in the occupation of Mr. W. H. JEFFREY, where they will be at all hours ready to receive and ship every description of Lumber.

CHARLES CAMPBELL,
HENRY LE MESURIER, Junr.
Quebec, 25th May.

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER

FOR SALE—

300 KEGS London WHITE LEAD,
100 Kegs do. do. genuine No. 1,
25 Casks English LINED OIL, double boiled,
5 do. Raw do.
100 Boxes superior English YELLOW SOAP
100 Casks fine Canada ROSE NAILS 3/4
36 lb.
10 doz. SHOVELS,
10 Cwt. best English GLUE,
WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
HARDWARE.
JOHN SHAW & CO.
IMPORTERS, QUEBEC.
2nd March, 1839.

NOTICE.

AN AGREEMENT having been entered into between the Phenix Fire Assurance Company of London, and that of the Metellus of Glasgow, which provides for the cessation of the business of the latter, and the assumption of its risks by the former, we hereby announce the same to the public, and request that the holders of Policies issued by us as Agents of the Metellus will apply to the Agents of the Phenix in all things relating thereto.

(Signed) **TREMAIN, WHITE & CO.**

In consequence of the agreement referred to in the above advertisement, we beg to inform the holders of Policies of the Metellus Fire Company of Glasgow, that the Phenix having assumed the risks of that Company in the Canadas, they are ready to issue new Policies of the Phenix, free of charge, for the unexpired term of those of the Metellus.

(Signed)

GILLESPIE, MOFFAT, JAMIESON & Co
Agents for the Phenix Fire Assurance Company for the Canadas.

A. PARROTT,

Copper & Tin Smith, Braster & Plumber.
HAS REMOVED to No. 19, Mountain Street, opposite Mr. Neilson's Book-store, where he will be happy to receive orders for all kinds of work in his line.
Quebec, 8th May

SPLENDID BOOKS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND WILL SELL FOR CASH THE UNDERMENTIONED SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED WORKS, VIZ:

FINDEN'S TABLEAU of the Affections, a series of Picturesque Illustrations of the womanly virtues.—1839.

GEMS OF BEAUTY, displayed in a series of 12 highly finished engravings of Spanish subjects, by the first Artists.—1839.

HEATH'S PICTURESQUE ANNUAL for 1839, edited by Leitch Ritchie.

FINDEN'S PORTS AND HARBOURS, Watering Places, Fishing Villages and other picturesque objects on the English Coast.

THE RIVERS OF FRANCE, from drawings by Turner.

METROPOLITAN IMPROVEMENTS, of London in the nineteenth century, from drawings by T. H. Stueppard.

THE GALLERY OF MODERN BRITISH ARTISTS, consisting of series of engravings from Works of the most eminent Artists.

HEATH'S GALLERY OF BRITISH ENGRAVINGS, 2 vols. **W. COWAN & SON.**
15th June.

PROUDLEY'S

SAINT LAWRENCE HOTEL,
Nassau-Earl Street, Lower Town.

THE Subscriber begs respectfully to return thanks to his friends and the public for past favors, and to assure them that no care or exertions on his part shall be spared to render this establishment deserving of the decided preference which has hitherto been given to it. His house has just undergone many improvements and additions, and now combines very superior advantages for the accommodation and comfort of visitors. The situation is convenient and healthy, commanding a view of the river and shipping of the port, unsurpassed in Quebec.

The table of this hotel will always be provided with the best market affords; and the wines and liquors will be found of the choicest qualities.

H. PROUDLEY.
Quebec, 20th May, 1839.

SODA WATER, GINGER BEER, LEMONADE AND MAGNESIA WATER, FROM THE FOUNTAIN.

A McLEAN having been appointed Agent for the Sale of NIXON & CO'S SODA WATER, which has since its first production in this city, given universal satisfaction, respectfully intimates to the inhabitants and visitors of Quebec, that he has, at a considerable expense, had the whole of the apparatus of his Fountain refitted with all the improvements suggested by the great experience of Messrs. N. & Co., and that he is now ready to attend to the kind orders of his friends for any quantity of the above Soda Water, in the highest state of perfection;

MAGNESIA WATER.

As a delicious and wholesome summer beverage, he is prepared to supply from the same Fountain, EFFERVESCING LEMONADE, & GINGER BEER, which will be found superior to any thing of the kind ever offered in this city.

N. B.—A choice selection of SYRUPS always on hand, for the purpose of combining with any of the above beverages.

JOHN SHAW & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, AND OFFER FOR SALE:—

BLACKMORE'S PATENT BOLTING CLOTHS,
50 doz. Spades and Shovels,
300 Casks Fire Canada Rose Nails,
50 Casks Deck Spikes,
500 Casks White Lead,
Black blue, yellow and green Paints,
Painter's Dry Colours,
Boiled and Raw English LINSEED OIL,
250 boxes Superior English YELLOW SOAP,
20 boxes WHITE SOAP,
6 Casks "Bryant & James" celebrated PATENT INDIA RUBBER OIL BLACKING
50 Doz. "Shaw & Co's" double refined CAST STEEL MILLSAWS,
4 1/2 7 feet.
A few Circular SAWS.
Quebec, 1st June, 1839.

PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers respectfully beg leave to acquaint their friends and the public in general, that the business heretofore conducted by **J. J. SIMS**, will, from this date, be carried on under the style and firm of

SIMS & BOWLES.

They are now moving into those spacious new premises, corner of Hop Street.
J. J. SIMS,
J. BOWLES, Junr.
Apothecaries & Druggists, Upper Town Market Place—1st May.

LONDON HATS, BOOTS, SHOES &c. &c.

FOR SALE AT THE STORE OF
HORATIO CARWELL,
No. 4, Fabrique Street,
A SMALL selection, assorted prices, Gentlemen's Black and Grey BEAVER HATS, made to order, of the newest shapes.

ALSO:
Three trunks Gentlemen's Dress Pumps; Watlington Cloth and Leather and Clarence Dress Boots, made of the best materials and of the most fashionable make.
10th April, 1839.

FOR SALE,

By the Subscriber,
No. 11, NORTHE-JAMES STREET, LOWER TOWN

14 HILLS. Leaf Tobacco,
80 Kegs Superior Plug, 16ms and extra
1ms.
150 Boxes Candles, long 6's & 8's.
100 do. Soap, 60 lbs.
120 do. do. 30 lbs.
40 bbls. bottled Port and Sherry Wine,
15 bbls. E. I. Madeira Wine, 3 doz. ea.
15 bbls. Pot Barley,
25 boxes Young Hyson Tea,
40 chests Bohea,
20 do. Twankey,
40 do. Hyson Skin,
5 do. Souching,
20 tierces Sugar,
15 barrels Roasted Coffee,
3 bbls. Mustard,
2 cases Black Lead,
250 reams Wrapping Paper,
2 pipes 5 hbls. Cognac Brandy,
102 casks Sherry Wine,
60 punches. Whiskey.

JOHN FISHER.
4th May, 1839.

ON SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBER:—

100 BOXES LONDON WAX WICK
and MOULD CANDLES.
20 Boxes London Sperma do.
100 do. Soap,
30 do. Windsor and Fancy do.
20 Pipes Bencarlo Wine,
20 Hbls. and 5 pipes Hriland Gin,
10 Hbls. and 5 pipes C. T. merite
10 Qr. Casks Old L. P. do.
2 Pipes Blackburn's Madeira,
30 Barrels London Porter,
30 Cases Schiedam Gin,
30 Hampers Fresh English Cheese
5 Casks Currants,
1 Cask Nutmegs,
5 Hbls. Refined Sugar,
120 Bags Fine Salt;

Champagne and Claret Wines, Raisin Maraschino and Curacao Liqueurs, E. I. Brandy, Fresh Pickles and Sauces, Salad and Catch Oil, Maccaroni, Cocoa, London Staro, Mocha Coffee, &c. &c. &c.

P. LANGLOIS.

HORATIO CARWELL,

BEGS respectfully to inform his friends and the public that he has now on hand an unusually large selection of Plain and Fancy Dry Goods, received per the Eleutheria and Emanuel and other vessels, from London, and being desirous of making quick sales the whole is now being offered at reduced prices, for cash or short credit.

Quebec, 6th June, 1839.

INDIA RUBBER SHOES.
JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,
ADIFES' Gentlemen's, and Children's
L INDIA RUBBER SHOES, of the best quality.

FREDK. WYSE,
No. 3, Palace Street, opposite the Abbaye Hotel, Upper Town, and the foot of Mountain Street, near the Neptune Inn, Lower Town.