

ONS REQUIRING
SERVANTS.

EMIGRATION OFFICE,
19th Nov. 1852.
TION having been
Lord, Courtiers,
in the Central Emi-
District Schools, a
a book review, quali-
candidates for emi-
gration, that persons
may give notice to
will give notice to
the 20th December
the numbers, age
as they may de-
the employment for
it, in order that
may be made for the
vice of a sufficient
text season.
M. H. PERLEY,
Emigration Officer.

ICE.

ence to sell at the
Nevin Thomson, late
County of Charlotte,
is, on the 28th day of
duly granted by the
said County, to
Admiral (1) all
s, charters and credits
impson, for the pur-
real estate of which
by land seized, con-
munity or half part of
regard to a former
in Mesquite, in the
County, and which
id Nevin Thomson as
the late Thomson as
by land granted to
the East by land own-
Nottherly by land
child; and Southernly
(to which) and is
conveyed to the said
Alexander McVicar,
is hereby Given, that
as Administrator, and
under and by virtue
Public Auction, on
y of December next,
at the Housestead, on
5th October 1852.
JHN McNICOLL,
Administrator.

ie Paint Oil.

eness from Hull:
Boiled and Raw Lin-
seed oil.
J. W. STREET.

LONDON
STOUT.
RT WINE &c.
R. 1852

LONDON, via St.
CEIVED:
asks Bays London
and Pale Ale,
Rotterdam Geneva,
rt Wine,
a Rum,
from the Clyde:
J. W. STREET.
2, 1852.

ter, Fruit.

ust received, per schr.
New York, S. F. FLOUR,
John:
1 Butter,
&c.
DONALD CLARE,
532.

JACKS.

"S.—& ROBERT B.
ANACKS for 1853, for
JOHN LOGHARY,
1852.

BOAT.

ween Gannet-Rock
made a SKIFF boat,
in her by p-oxying
tenses, on application
H. HELM.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
day, 6th April, 1852.
Fourth Standing Order
months previous to
Legislature, published in
also in a Newspaper in
Regulation, in other Pre-
any application address-
ably, be sustained by
application to the same
ments as may accompany
sent to the Council in
(5m).

The Standard,
is PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY
A. W. Smith.
At his Office, Water Street, Saint Andrews, N. B.
TERMS.
12s. 6d. per annum—if paid in advance.
15s. if not paid until the end of the year.
ADVERTISEMENTS
Inserted according to written orders, or continued
till forbid, if no written directions.
First insertion of 12 lines and under 3s.
Each repetition of 12 lines 1s.
First insertion of all over 12 lines 3d. per line.
Each repetition of 12 lines 1d. per line.
Advertising by the year, as may be agreed on.

The Standard.

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

E variis sumendum est optimum.—Cic.

No. 13 SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 30, 1853. [Vol. 20]

AGRICULTURAL.

From the Maine Farmer.
FEEDING STOCK SCIENTIFICALLY.—When we have had a scarcity of fodder in the country, we begin to enquire very anxiously how we can economize our fodder so as to keep our cattle and other stock in the usual good condition at the least cost. This comprehends the science of feeding stock, and every one who has the care of stock during the winter will soon find out that it is a science of no small importance to the farmer. It indeed not only appeals directly to that sensitive appendage of mortality, the purse, but it also calls upon his humanity and mercy, as applied to the helpless animals under his care.

It requires a great degree of skill and art to carry a stock of cattle, horses, &c. through our long winters in such a manner that they shall hold their own, as we say—or, in other words, so that they shall not fall away from the condition they were in when they came to the barn. It requires a greater degree to make them gain in flesh during the winter, without incurring more expense than the grain is worth.

The communications of our old friend, Martin Mower, in our last number and this, on this subject, are worthy of consideration; and as he is testing his theories by actual practice in his own barn and on his own stock, keeping a careful record of the outfit and the receipts, they will form a safe guide for others.

It will be seen that he relies mainly upon the turnip (Rosa Biga) for the basis of his economy in feeding. We have always been and probably always shall be, a fast friend to the turnip culture in Maine, although we are aware that many of our friends and readers have repudiated them, and sometimes beg us "not to coax them to sow any more turnips." &c. One farmer, a few years ago—and he was a pretty good farmer too—observed to us that he had as lief have given the same number of bushels of cold water for his stock, as of Rosa Biga. We suppose he had, in the way we saw him feed them out—cut them into coarse pieces with a shovel, and thrown out to the cattle in the yard, while a brisk nor' wester was playing around them; keen enough to make icicles in your heart. We day say a bushel of cold water fifty given would have been better.

It would indeed be strange, if while in England the turnip is considered their greatest and most economical aid in feeding their stock, having been the means of quadrupling the number of their farm animals, since its culture was first introduced among them, the same feed should have no nutriment here, and be a useless crop to the farmer.

The fact is, that an ox or a cow, or a horse has the same organization in Maine as in England,—requires the same elements for its nutriment here as there.

It is also a fact, that the turnip can be grown as economically here as there, and, when grown, possesses the same elements or ingredients.—Why not be as valuable then, here as there, in and of itself considered? The only difference in the expense of feeding—twice between our country and England, is this.—Their winters are so mild that they turn their cattle into the fields and let them help themselves, while we must gather and house them. We think, however, that the English mode is rather a slovenish one, and the economy of it doubtful, even there.

The steaming of turnips and mingling them with other material, as practised by Mr. Mower, is undoubtedly the best mode.

Lord John Russell to Sir Henry Bulwer.
FOREIGN OFFICE, Jan. 18, 1853.

Sir,—According to the last accounts received from you, the Grand Duke of Tuscany still hesitates on the subject of the Medici. But this is a matter on which hesitation implies capital punishment. It is the same thing in effect to condemn a man to die by fire like Savonarola, or to put him to death by the slow torture of an unhealthy prison. It seems to be imagined, indeed by some governments on the Continent, that if they avoid the spectacle of an execution on the scaffold, they will escape the odium to themselves, and the sympathy for their victims, which attends upon the punishment of death for offences of a political or religious character.

verment had the most merciful intentions, and meant to have shortened the period of imprisonment allotted by law to his offence; that such offences cannot be permitted to pass unpunished.

All this, however, will avail very little.—Throughout the civilized world this example of religious persecution will excite abhorrence. Nor will it be the least of the reproaches addressed to the government of the Grand Duke that the name of Leopold of Tuscany has been thus desecrated; and the example of a benevolent sovereign thus departed from.

The peaceful, mild, and ingenious character of the Tuscan people makes this severity the less necessary and the more odious.

As this is a matter affecting a Tuscan subject, it may be said that Her Majesty's government have no right to interfere. If this means that interference by force of arms would not be justifiable, I confess at once that nothing but the most extreme case would justify such interference.

But if it be meant that Her Majesty has not the right to point out to a friendly sovereign the arguments which have prevailed in the most civilized nations against the use of the civil sword to punish religious opinions, I entirely deny the truth of such an allegation.

You are therefore instructed to speak in the most serious tone to the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and to lay before him all the considerations stated in this despatch. You will do it in the most friendly tone, and take care to assure the government to which you are accredited, that none are more sincere in their wishes for the independence and happiness of Tuscany, than the Queen of Great Britain.

I am, &c., J. RUSSELL.

We understand that a resident Inspector for Lloyds has been appointed for this Port, at a salary of £400 sterling per annum. This will be of great advantage to our shipbuilders, as the superior character of the ships built at this Port will thereby be ascertained and established.—[Courier.

INGENUITY OF ROOKS.
A curious circumstance, illustrative of the ingenuity and reasoning powers of rooks, was witnessed at the South Inch rookery one Sabbath forenoon. One of the fellows was observed hammering with his bill with great force at the joint of a twig on a tree, which he had evidently selected for a part of his new nest. Finding he could not strike the twig off, he threw himself on his point and hung awhile, trying, no doubt, whether his weight would bring it away. This however also failed; and, returning to his perch at the joint, with a croak brought his mate to his assistance. Both, after some apparent consultation about the matter, threw themselves to the point of the twig. Still it would not do and they were compelled to return to the perch, from whence one of them flew off, and shortly arrived with two assistants. A long consultation then took place, and it was amusing to observe the conclusion they had come to, as to their *modus operandi*.—Three of the rooks threw themselves upon the point of the twig, while the fourth, with great vigour, attacked the joint, and ultimately the much coveted twig was severed from the branch, and was carried off to the nest, with a crowing of gratification which nearly drowned the noise of the denizens of the rookery.

SIMPLE ELECTRIFYING MACHINE.
Have a dry tumbler glass upon the table; and place thereon a dry japanned tea-tray (not too large) then take a half sheet of foolscap or cartridge paper, hold it before the fire till quite dry and warm, but not to scorch it; lay it flat upon a table, and with a piece of India rubber give it twelve or fourteen brisk rubs from left to right. Lift it quickly and carefully by the extreme corners, and drop it upon the tray (it will fall like a lump of lead). O, preventing the knuckle to the edge of the tray, a space an inch long may be obtained; remove the paper (by holding the corners as before), and prevent the knuckle, again you will now receive a second spark, or rather the negative brush; replace the paper, and you get the positive spark again. This plan of removing and replacing the paper may be repeated several times, with once rubbing; but the electricity should be perfectly discharged by touching the tray each time after drawing the spark.

THE OBSERVANCE OF THE SABBATH.

We deeply regret to hear it stated that many of our young men in this and other parts of the Province, are in the habit of devoting the Lord's day—or a portion of it—to dissipation and amusement, instead of the service of Him to whom it wholly and especially belongs. It is sad to learn, also, that this real practical infidelity is on the increase amongst us. We say infidelity; advisedly—for no one can deliberately dishonour the Sabbath who lives in the Bible,—in the warnings and promises it contains on this subject. The powerful Bible reader—the true Christian—is never a Sabbath breaker, but on the contrary, is always a faithful observer of that sacred day. Would then that we could induce our young men to make the Bible the standard by which to shape their thoughts, their conduct and character.

The most gigantic intellects, the most profound reasoners, the most deep thinking philosophers, and the most exalted scholars that have adorned our race, have bowed with reverence before God's written word, and now become examples to us, which none should be ashamed to follow. King David gloried that the word of God was to him "a light to his feet and a lamp to his path." "I understand," he said, "more than the ancients because I keep thy precepts." "Young man," said D. Johnson, to one who visited him on his bed, "attend to the voice of one who has possessed a certain degree of fame in the world, and who will shortly appear before his Maker: read the Bible every day of your life." Under the same circumstances the celebrated Franklin was visited by a young man, who respected his judgment and wished his opinion as to the truth of Scripture at this solemn time. "Young man," said he, "pay attention to what you cultivate an acquaintance with, and a turn belief in the Holy Scriptures; this is your certain interest. But we have no space to multiply testimonials from the writings of Locke, Boyle, Hervey Bacon and others, we will only add the example of one for whom a mighty nation is still mourning. It was stated the other day by the Rev. G. R. Glavin, Chaplain General of the Forces, in a lecture delivered before the Church of England Young Men's Society, in London, that the Duke of Wellington "always had a Bible in his room, and always made use of it, and that wherever he went his Bible went with him, and many a mark will show how carefully he studied it." And that he loved and revered the Sabbath, we need not stop to inquire.

We would then earnestly entreat our young men to study the Bible—and then the Lord's Day would be their day. We would entreat them to let neither sin, nor the world, nor any consideration rob their souls of the rich blessings and holy privileges of the Sabbath. Let them say: "The Lord's day is through grace, ours, for our souls' salvation; for securing and preparing for an everlasting inheritance. It is ours for prayer and meditation, and praise and worship; ours for laying in special spiritual supplies for the world's weekly war and eat of the spiritual man; ours for communion with our God, and with the saints, and for the foretaste of the joy which awaits us for ever. The Lord made His day that it might be ours; and we will succeed if it is no man." Is the possession of the blessed day of rest there is untold wealth, even for the poorest and the most straitened. O, then, one and all, make a bold stand for your God in this matter; set yourselves against sinners, parties, and sects; and let the Lord's Day; let nothing rob you of its mercy, unless you wish to be accounted despisers of God and His Word.—Church Witness.

FEVERS.

Fevers are like Indians they both fly before civilization. Since locomotives were introduced into Michigan, agues have decreased fifty per cent. Physicians once thought that the only antidote for this class of disease was quinine—experience has demonstrated that a still better one is to be found in "sulphate of iron and quinine." According to Dr. Francis, every spade introduced into Louisiana saves twenty lives. From this it will be seen that "spades are trumps" if medicinally considered.

There is a good deal of truth in the following aphorism, which we find in the New York Mirror:—Self-sacrifice often invites unkindness. A man who shows any desire to do good, is at once made a pack-horse; and those who cannot use him call him a hypocrite.

A gentleman passing through one of the public offices, was affixed by some clerks, and was advised to complain to the principal, which he did thus: "I have been abused by some of the rascals of this place, and come to acquaint you of it, as I understand you are the principal."

European Intelligence.

The Collins steamer ATLANTIC arrived at New York on Tuesday evening 22d inst., with Liverpool dates to the 9th.

The Niagara arrived on the morning of the 8th inst.

A small business had been done in Flour, and few sales effected. The market had declined 61 to 1s. Indian Corn slow at 32.—Large arrivals of breadstuffs have slackened the demand.

In the House of Lords on Monday, in reply to an enquiry, it was stated that Government had no information of the escape of Mazzini from Genoa, in the frigate Recluse.

Parliament was to adjourn over on the 13th inst. for the Easter Holidays.

The establishment of a mint in Australia was left to the Colony to do as it pleased.

The West India mail steamers Thames and Orontes had arrived at Southampton, with a large amount of specie.

The Board of Trade returns for February show an increase of 30 per cent on the value of exports over the same month last year.

FRANCE.—A new batch of Senators has been elected, and several members added to the Council of State. The Senate is to consist of 100 members.

Prince Comarata committed suicide in Paris on the 4th. He was a grandson of Empress Bonaparte, sister of the Emperor Napoleon I.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

The steamer Uncle Sam arrived at New York on 15th inst., from San Francisco to be 15th February. The news from California and the Isthmus is interesting.

The steamer Panama, from San Francisco, arrived at Panama on the 21st inst., with 320 passengers and \$716,000 in specie.

Traveling on the Isthmus is now remarkably good, and the weather throughout the passage, has been most delightful, as it was also in California at the time of sailing.

The miners in California were mostly doing well.

Benicia has been finally fixed upon as the Capital of the Senate.

The steamers Panama and California left San Francisco on the 15th ult., with nearly four millions of dollars in gold.

Fresh fighting had occurred between the Indians and miners in Dry Creek, and several whites had been killed during the conflict.

R reports from San Joaquin Valley, state that Fort Miller had been attacked by a heavy force.

The excitement in Calaveras county, concerning the Mexican marauders, continued without abatement. The entire Mexican population had been driven away, and the utmost consternation prevailed among all foreigners.

B beautiful specimens of diamonds, rubies and emeralds, have been found in the interior, and which are attracting great attention.

A Frenchman named Leamantour has sent into the Land Commissioners Office, claims to an immense tract of land, including nearly the whole of the city of San Francisco.

A mutiny occurred on board the brig Wm. Penn of San Francisco, near King's Mills Group, Capt. Hussey and a seaman named G. C. Read, were killed, and the 1st mate Nelson, badly injured. The mutineers escaped, and the brig returned to port 2d.

A miner from the French camp has taken out a lump of gold weighing 271 ounces.

The brig Vandalia of San Francisco, was wrecked off North of Columbia river, and the crew lost; four bodies washed ashore; one recognized as Capt. Beard. Some of the merchants of Portland, Oregon, lost heavily by her. "One or two to the amount of \$15,000 to \$20,000."

Oregon dates to Jan. 20th. Weather mild: The losses of cattle, horses, &c., by flood and snow are said to be enormous.

WEEKLY LINE TO CALIFORNIA.—On Monday next the weekly line of steamers, of the United States Mail Steamship Company, will commence. On that day the Illinois will take her departure from New York, and will be followed by the Crescent City on the 28th.

The days of departure will be the 5th, 13th, 20th, and 25th of each month.

N. York pap.

LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS.

Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

If Subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them till all arrears are paid.

If Subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office to which they are directed they are held responsible till they have settled their Bill, and ordered their papers to be discontinued.

If Subscribers remove to other place without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

Now Publishing

By JOHN TALLIS & CO. OF LONDON.

THE LIFE AND TIMES OF THE LATE

Duke of Wellington;

By Lieut. Col. Williams; (a Companion in Arms of His Grace)

Comprising the Campaigns and Battle-Fields of Wellington and his Comrades, the Political Life of the Duke and his Contemporaries, and a detailed account of England's Battles by Sea and Land, from the commencement of the Great French Revolution to the present time, interspersed with Anecdotes, Personal Incidents, and Adventures, etc.

ADDRESS.

The earthly career of Arthur Duke Wellington has closed; one of the greatest men of the nineteenth century, the foremost military commander of any age, has paid the debt of nature. The time has now arrived for giving to the world a History of the Great Captain—of the Events of his Life and Time—a life marked by patriotism, probity and honour, and events the greatest which have ever agitated the civilized world, and whose influence will be felt upon society till the end of time. Such a work must appeal to the best and proudest feelings in the heart of every Briton—the glory of his country, the honour of its name and position among the nations—may his own existence as a freeman, as recorded and engraven in the annals of the "well fought fields," and the deadly imminent breaches, the immortal battles and the glorious sieges in which Wellington and his Companions-in-arms gathered invading laurels, placed their country's honour and renown on the highest pinnacle of fame and glory and tore the victor's wreath from the brows of heroes decorated with the trophies of Italy, Egypt, and Germany.

To supply such a desideratum in English literature, the publishers of The Life and Times of the Duke of Wellington have determined to produce a book which shall present to the reader, not only the dry details which a mere biographical sketch would afford, but a comprehensive work, embracing the contemporary history of the period; exhibiting the circumstances which brought about the great events in which the Duke and his contemporaries were engaged; and giving to the reader a connected narrative of the lives and actions of the Warriors and Statesmen of the nineteenth century; and this from the pen of one who was a companion in arms of the great hero, and participated with him in many a well fought field.

In order to carry out their views, the Publishers have determined that the work shall be profusely illustrated by Portraits of the Warriors and Statesmen of the last half century who have shed a lustre upon the history of their country; also representations of the most important engagements by sea and land from the period of 1780 till 1852; so that the work, when finished, shall form an Illustrated Gallery of the Naval and Military Exploits of England.

It has been well said, "Character is the true strength of nations; true glory their best inheritance. When the time shall come that the British heart no longer thrills at the names of Cressy, Poitiers, Agincourt, Blenheim, Ramilies, Oudenarde, Malplaque, of Talavera, Salamanca, Toulouse, Waterloo—the last hour of the British Empire will be struck." The promotion and elevation of national spirit and feeling is therefore the duty and interest of every true and loyal son of England. May Heaven inspire the hearts of every one of us with that spirit and feeling.

Conditions of Publication.—The work will be issued on the 1st and 15th of every month, in Parts at 1s. 3d. and Divisions handsomely bound at 9s. 4d. printed on Imperial 8vo double columns, each part will be embellished by two highly finished steel Engravings, and will contain 32 pages of letter press. A beautiful steel Engraving, 13 by 19 inches, the storming of Seringpattam, the first victory in which the late Duke of Wellington was engaged in India, to every subscriber to the work.

GEO. GAY,

Agent.

March 23, 1853.

Subscribers received at this Office.

"How is it," said a gentleman to Sheridan, "that your name has not an O attached to it; your family is Irish, and no doubt illustrious?" "No family has a better right to an O than our family," said Sheridan, for we owe everybody.

The lines between Boston and New York have agreed to fix the price of fare at \$4 for passengers.

The caloric ship Ericsson, Capt. Lowber, returned to New York on the 14th, from her late trip to the south.

due time for well meaning...
ST. STEPHEN'S BANK.
St. Stephen's, March 21, 1853.
A MEETING of Stockholders will be held at the Bank, on Monday, April 4th, at 2 o'clock P.M., when Directors will be chosen, and matters relative to an increase of Capital Stock, will be submitted for their decision.
WM. TODD, Secy.
W. TODD, Pres.

NOTICE!
TO ALL RATE PAYERS on Property, in the Parish of ST. ANDREWS, and who have paid their rates for the past year:
You are hereby required to assemble at the Town Hall, in St. Andrews, on Tuesday, the 5th day of APRIL next, at 10 o'clock, A.M., to elect Town and Parish Officers, for the ensuing year, in pursuance of the Act of Assembly.
DAVID POLLEYS, Town Clerk.
St. Andrews, March 22d, 1853.

New Store.
Mr. C. E. O. HATTEWAY,
HAVING fitted up a store in the new building, owned by Mr. J. Milligan, adjoining the West end of Mr. D. Clark's store, will be pleased to furnish his old Customers, and the Public generally, with:
FLOUR, MEAL, CORN,
together with:
All the articles usually found in a Grocery Store.
On as good terms as at any other establishment.
March 14, 1853.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC
AND
Instructions to Postmasters and Way Office Keepers.
HER Majesty's Government have concluded a new Contract with the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, for the conveyance of Mails, by packet, via Southampton, to Gibraltar, Malta, Egypt, Ceylon, India and China, twice in every Month, instead of once, as heretofore; and Mails for those places, will, in future, be dispatched from Southampton, on the 4th and 20th of each month; and from London, via MARSEILLE, on the 8th and 24th of each Month.
This Company have also undertaken to provide a Packet to convey Mails, once in two Months, in connection with the India Mails of the 15th of the Month, via Southampton, and of the 5th, via Massilia, between Southampton and Sydney, New South Wales, calling at Batavia, King George's Sound, Adelaide, and Port Phillip; thus forming alternately with the direct Packets, via the Cape of Good Hope, a regular monthly communication between the United Kingdom and the Australian Colonies.
The Rates of Passage on correspondence for Ceylon, India, China, and Australia, when forwarded via Southampton, will be 2s. sterling, or 2s. 6d. currency, per single letter, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, which must be paid in advance; but all letters for the above places, specially addressed to be forwarded via Massilia, will be free to a rate of 2s. 10d. sterling, or 3s. 6d. currency, per single letter, weighing under a quarter of an ounce, which must also be paid in advance.
Newspapers will be transmitted free.
J. HOWE, Postmaster General.
General Post Office, St. John, N. B., March 5, 1853.

MEETING OF COURTS.
The Courts of General Sessions of the Peace, and Common Pleas for the County of Charlotte, will sit at the Court House in St. Andrews on Tuesday the 12th day of April next at 12 o'clock.
The Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Nisi Prius for the said County, will be held at the Court House in St. Andrews, on Tuesday the 26th day of April next, at 12 o'clock.
At which time and place all Magistrates, Coroners and Constables of said County, and all persons required to be at these Courts are hereby Publicly Notified to give their attendance.
By Order of Her Majesty's Justice, THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, March 15, 1853.

LEASEHOLD PROPERTY AT AUCTION.
ON Saturday the 23d day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, the subscriber will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, those two commodious and substantially built DWELLING HOUSES, and out Houses, situated in Queen Street (Church Block) together with the piece of ground in rear of each sufficient for a garden. A new lease has been lately obtained from the Church Corporation for five years from first May last, at 24 1/2 p. for both, renewable at the expiration of 21 years, at such rent as may be considered equitable by arbitrators, or Church Corporation take the property at a valuation to be ascertained by two disinterested persons, mutually chosen.
Terms made known at time of sale.
W. McLEAN, Auctioneer.
St. Andrews, March 1st, 1853.

NOTICE
APPLICATION will be made at the next meeting of the Legislature, to incorporate a Gas Light Company in St. Stephen.
Dec. 10, 1852.

NOTICE
THE STORE at present occupied by HENRY FRYE & Co., to be LET on the first of May next. Apply to H. H. HATCH.
Feb. 9, 1853.

Public Notice.
THE Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of CHRISTIE & ARMSTRONG, as Merchant Tailors, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
JAMES CHRISTIE, THOMAS ARMSTRONG.
St. Stephen's, 2d Feb. 1853.
N.B.—All persons having unsettled accounts with the above firm will please call on THOMAS ARMSTRONG, as he is the sole person legally authorized to adjust the same, and by whom the business will be carried on in future.

FLOUR, MEAL, STOVES &c
JUST received, in Store, and for Sale by the Sub either:—
200 Bbls. S. F. Canada FLOUR, from new Wheat, a superior article; bags bollixed Corn MEAL; Cooking, Parlor and Franklin STOVES; crushed and broken Sugars; Souchong, Ningyong and Hyson Teas; Molasses, Solar, Porpoise, Seal and Hake Oil; Kerosene Fluid; Tobacco; Cigars; Raisins; Currants; dried Apples; Chocolate; Cocoa; and other articles in the Grocery line.
WOODEN WARE, consisting of painted Tubs, and water Pails.
Brooms, Wicks; Mats; hair and wire Sieves and W. of Cards; Soap; Candles; Window Glass; Fluid and Oil Lamps; Crockery; Cloths; Lines; Bed Cords; Cod and Pollock Fish; Salt, &c &c.
ALSO,
A good assortment of Men's, Women's, Misses, and Children's Shoes, Boots, and Rubber Overshoes; and a variety of other articles.
W. WHITLOCK, St. Andrews, Dec 1, 1852.

CROWN LAND OFFICE.
March 1, 1853.
THE undermentioned Lots of Crown Lands will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on Tuesday the 5th day of April next, at noon, by the respective Deputies, at their Offices, agreeably to the Regulations of 11th May, 1842, and no sale on credit will be made to any person, who is indebted to the Crown for previous purchases.
(The right of granting Licences for the cutting of Logs and Timber is to be reserved by the Government, after the Land has been surveyed and improved to the value of not less than ten pounds, until the first day of May next following such survey and improvements.)
(No person is allowed to hold more than one hundred acres payable by instalments.)
CHARLOTTE.
By Deputy Malouin, at St. Andrews:
110 acres, lot 2, west, tier 2, block 1, Saint Andrews, W. H. Mowat.
100 acres, lot 105, new road, Saint James, Wm. Fraser, 10s. per lot survey.
200 acres, lots 131, 133, new road, Saint James, J. Hill, 10s. per lot survey.
200 acres, lots 134, 136, new road, Saint James, S. Parker, 10s. per lot survey.
200 acres, lots 138, 140, new road, Saint James, R. McCoubrey, 10s. per lot survey.
55 acres, lot 23, range 3, Clarence Hill, B. Leary.
100 acres, lot 98, Creery in Pennfield, Robert MacInnes.
100 acres, lot 99, Creery, Michael Ginnis.
200 acres, lots 20 and 22, Craftville, Wm. R. Benson.
200 acres, lots 24 and 26, Craftville, Noah Sharp.
100 acres, lot 28, Craftville, J. N. Nichol.
175 acres, lot L. Craftville, Thomas Sumners.
R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.
(5w)
Crown Land Office, Nov. 29, 1852.

TRESPASSES ON CROWN LANDS
NOTICE is hereby given, that all Logs, Timber, or other Lumber, cut with out Licence upon Vacant Crown Lands, or upon Lands located under the Act 12th Victoria, Chapter 4, known as the Labour Act, or upon Lands located, on which any part of the purchase money still remains due, will be seized; and the parties found cutting or trespassing will subject themselves to all the pains and penalties of the Acts 14th Victoria, Chapter 29, intitled, "An Act to revive and continue an Act to provide for the more effectual prevention of trespasses, and protection of Timber growing on the Crown Lands within this Province," and 13th Victoria, Chapter 7, intitled, "An Act for the better prevention of trespasses on Crown Lands and Private Property."
And all Seizing Officers and Deputy Surveyors are hereby required to give immediate notice to one of any trespasses that may come to their knowledge.
ROBERT D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

NOTICE.
THE STORE at present occupied by HENRY FRYE & Co., to be LET on the first of May next. Apply to H. H. HATCH.
Feb. 9, 1853.

GENUINE LINIMENT.
This LINIMENT is an invaluable preparation for rheumatism, sprains, wounds, strains, and other injuries, such as bruises, cuts, stiff joints, burns, scalds, Lamé Backs, &c.
Directions.—Shake it before using and apply it once or twice per day, directly to the part affected, and rub it in thoroughly, and it will not fail to give almost immediate relief in the worst cases. Also, a certain cure for Chloera or bowel Complaint.
Prepared by St. Stephen, N. B.
JACOB HALEY.

RHEUMATIC DROPS.
The best Medicine for Rheumatic Pains or pains in the Stomach or Chest, ever offered to the Public.
Directions.—Take one Teaspoonful three times a day, morning, noon and night. Externally used, apply it to the part affected and rub it in thoroughly, and it will not fail to give almost immediate relief in the worst cases. Also, a certain cure for Chloera or bowel Complaint.
Prepared by St. Stephen, N. B.
JACOB HALEY.

OINTMENT!
A sure and efficacious cure for the Itch, scald head, and other diseases of the skin, and sprains, burns, &c.
Directions.—Apply a small portion once or twice per day to the diseased part.
Prepared by St. Stephen, N. B.
JACOB HALEY.

FLOUR ON CONSIGNMENT.
"Admiral" from Boston, via Eastport.
150 Bbls. Canada Superfine FLOUR—Will be sold low from the wharf.
J. W. STREET

NOTICE.
I hereby given that the Inhabitants of the Parish of Grandmanan in this County, intend to petition the Legislature at its next session, that a Bill may pass to constitute the Island of Grandmanan a Port, and to admit therefrom and transact therefrom all articles of Foreign growth or Manufacture, duty free.

EXCHANGE FOR SALE.
REQUIRED by the Controller of Her Majesty's Customs at Saint Andrews, the sum of about £105, sterling, payable in full or by instalments, at 2s. 2d sterling per dollar; or in British gold or silver at the sterling value.
Tenders will be received up to one o'clock, on Tuesday, the 5th day of April, 1853, by the Controller, for a Bill of Exchange to be drawn by him on the Receiver General of Her Majesty's Customs, London, at 30 days after sight.
Parties tendering will state what amount of Bill they will accept for the above mentioned sum.
Tenders to be addressed to the Controller of Her Majesty's Customs, St. Andrews, and to be marked outside "Tender for Bill."
Custom House, St. Andrews, }
March 22, 1852.

FLOUR—Ex the "Enterprise" from New York.
200 Bbls. Canada No. 1, Superfine Flour.
J. W. STREET.
Dec. 6, 1852.

Flour, Sugar, &c.
Nov. 2d, 1852.
TO arrive, per DEFIANCE from Boston:
14 Bbls. Muscovado Sugar,
100 Bbls. Canada Superfine "Fancy" Flour,
5 Qr. Casks Sherry Wine,
5 Do. Burgundy Port,
10 Bbls. Printing Paper,
5 Pouchons Alcohol, 85 pf. ct. O. P.
Ex "Devon" from Liverpool, via St. John:
1 Hhd. fine "Old" Jamaica Rum,
Ex Schooners "Favorite" and "Spray" from Saint John:
15 Hds. Prime retailing Molasses.
J. W. STREET.

TWO HOUSES TO LET.
A House and Garden, with a good Well of Water, at the upper end of Queen-st. lately occupied by C. H. Rice, Esq.
Also—A House, with a Garden Lot attached, nearly opposite the residence of J. W. Chandler, Esq.—Both well adapted for small families.—Apply to
J. W. STREET.
Feb. 7, 1853.

FALL & WINTER GOODS
The Subscriber has received a great assortment of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS, suitable for the season, among which are COBBERGS and DELAINES of all shades and colours.
LONG and SQUARE SHAWLS, of the latest styles,
Pilot, Beaver, and Broad CLOTHS, Cassimeres, and Doeskins,
BLANKETS, FLANNELS, and Woollen Goods of all kinds,
Warps, Cottons, Tickings, Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons, &c. &c.
A lot of BOOKS & STATIONERY; All of which will be sold At a very low price for cash.
Also,
A good assortment of GROCERIES, &c. JOHN LOCHARY.
St. Andrews, Oct. 27, 1852.

Valuable Properties for SALE OR TO LET.

TWO Dwelling Houses, Stores and Wharf, in the town of St. Andrews, formerly known as the Jones' property.
The Dwelling House, Out-Houses and Wharf, in said town, formerly known as the O'Neil property.
180 Acres of Land in St. James', about one hour's drive from Milntown, St. Stephen.

180 Acres of Land in St. Patrick, through which the St. Andrews & Quebec Railroad is proposed, and on which, or in its immediate vicinity, will be established a Depot, which will very materially enhance its value.

15 Acres of Land within five minutes' walk of the town of St. Andrews, a delightful situation for a Country Seat. If not shortly disposed of, it will be laid off in suitable lots for building purposes, and let on leases of improvement.
The subscriber begs to announce to the Public, that he has had his Lands, which are within ten minutes' walk of Chamecock, laid off, and will sell or lease Building Lots on advantageous terms. It is evident that, owing to the Railroad passing through it, possessing a safe and commodious harbor accessible at all seasons to vessels of the largest tonnage, with an unlimited and unrivalled water power, on which there are already some manufactories, with others of a most extensive scale proposed and on the eve of springing into immediate operation, that Chamecock is one of the most desirable situations within the British North American Colonies, for the Capitalist, the Mechanic, and operator. In view of which the said Building Lots are offered to the Public. Terms reasonable.
B. R. FITZGERALD.
Saint Andrews, June 30, 1852.

SHEET IRON, Tin Plates &c.
OCTOBER, 1852.

JUST received, ex ship "THEMIS" from Liverpool, via St. John:—
42 Bbls. Sheet Iron assorted
12 Boxes Tin Plates
8 Bags 9 & 10 lbs. Horse Nails,
35 Bags Nails and Spikes, assorted, &c.
J. W. STREET
St. Andrews, Oct. 12, 1852.

FOR SALE.
PART of LOT number 10 on the Commons of the Town of St. Andrews, containing seven acres, with a House and Barn thereon, and formerly owned by Capt. Wm. Harper. If not sold before Monday the 15th November, it will then be offered at Public Auction.
For further particulars apply to:
ROBERT KER.
St. Andrews, 14th August, 1852.

NOTICE.
ALL persons having any demands against the Estate of Joseph Porter, master mariner, late of St. Stephens, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested, within three months; and all those indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to:
JANET PORTER, Adm'x.
GEO. M. PORTER, Adm'r.
St. Stephens, July 20, 1852.

NOTICE.
WE have this day associated in Business, under the style and firm of
F. A. BABCOCK & CO.
as COMMISSION and GENERAL MERCHANTS.
F. A. BABCOCK.
ALBERT S. BABCOCK.
St. Andrews New Brunswick,
Jan 8th, 1853.

Valuable Building Lot.
FOR SALE, LOT No. 8, Block C, Parish of St. Andrews, adjoining the Lodge Lot, and fronting the Wesleyan Chapel on William street and Mrs. Ames's property on Montague street. The above is a most desirable site for building.

STOVES &c.
The Subscriber offers for sale, at very low prices,
THIRTY STOVES, comprising several descriptions of COOKING, HALL, AND PARLOR STOVES, Souchong, Ningyong & Hyson Teas, Sugars, Coffee ground & unground, Tobacco, Cigars & Snuff, Cocoa, Chocolate, Saleratus, SODA, Starch, Corn Starch, Lemon extract, Gelatine, Raisins, Currants, Almonds, Cheese, and a variety of other groceries; Solar Oil, Boiled Oil, Burning Fluid, Spirits of Turpentine, Copal Varnish, Brooms, Pails & Tubs; Oil & Fluid Lamps, Salt & Camphine Lamps, Chimneys, &c. &c. &c.

—ALSO—
Ladies, Gentlemen's, and children's BOOTS, SHOES, and RUBBERS in great variety.
ROBERT KER.
The Subscriber also offers his services as an Auctioneer and Notary Public.
R. K.
St. Andrews Oct. 6, 1852.

FOR SALE.
The House, and Lot in Water-wood-st., the property of Mr. Samuel Woodside, known as the Green House.—The House is spacious, and well adapted for two families. The lot 40 ft. 80 feet. This property is so generally known, that a further description is deemed unnecessary.

The terms, which will be liberal, made known on application to George D. Street, Esq., Counsellor at Law, or to the subscriber.
B. R. FITZGERALD.
Saint Andrews, July 7, 1852.

NOTICE.
ALL persons having claims against the estate of the late JOHN M. DEWALL, of Woodbourne, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested, within three months from date; and all those indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
MARGARET M. DEWALL, Executrix.
DAVID W. JACK, Solicitor.
10th January, 1853.

Now Published By JOHN TALLIS & CO. OF LONDON.
THE LIFE AND TIMES OF THE LATE Duke of Wellington:
By Lieut. Col. Williams; (a Companion in Arms of His Grace.)
Comprising the Campaigns and Battles of the Duke and his Comrades, the Political Life of the Duke and his Contemporaries, and a detailed account of England's Battles by Sea and Land, from the commencement of the Great French Revolution to the present time, interspersed with Anecdotes, Personal Incidents, and Adventures, &c.
ADDRESS.

The earthly career of Arthur Duke Wellington has closed; one of the greatest men of the nineteenth century, the foremost military commander of any age, has paid the debt of nature. The time has now arrived for giving to the world a History of the Great Captain—the Events of his life and Time—a life marked by a totality of probity and honour, and events the greatest world, and whose influence will be felt upon society for the end of time. Such a work must appeal to the best and proudest feelings in the heart of every Briton—the glory of his country, the honour of its name and position among the nations—may its own existence as a Freeman be recorded and engraven in the annals of the "well fought fields," and the deadly immortal breaches, the immortal battles and the glorious sieges in which Wellington and his Companions in arms gathered untiring laurels, placed their country's honour and renown on the highest pinnacle of fame and glory and tore the victor's wreath from the brows of heroes decorated with the trophies of Italy, Egypt, and Germany.

To supply such a desideratum in English literature, the publishers of The Life and Times of the Duke of Wellington, have determined to produce a work which shall present to the reader, not only the dry details which a mere biographical sketch would afford, but a comprehensive work, embracing the contemporary history of the period; exhibiting the circumstances which brought about the great events in which the Duke and his contemporaries were engaged, and giving to the reader a connected narrative of the lives and actions of the Warriors and Statesmen of the nineteenth century; and this from the pen of one who was a companion in arms of the great hero, and participated with him in many a well fought field.

In order to carry out their views, the Publishers have determined that the work shall be profusely illustrated by Portraits of the Warriors and Statesmen of the last half century who have shed a lustre upon the history of their country; also representations of the most important engagements by sea and land from the period of 1780 till 1852; so that the work, when finished, shall form an illustrated Gallery of the Naval and Military Exploits of England.

It has been well said, "Character is the true strength of nations; true glory their best inheritance. When the time shall come that the British heart no longer thills at the names of Cressy, Poitiers, Agincourt, Blenheim, Ramillies, Oudenarde, Malplaque; of Tlaxvera, Salamanca, Toulouse, Waterloo—the last hour of the British Empire will be struck." The present is therefore the duty and interest of every true and loyal son of England. May Heaven inspire the hearts of every one of us with that spirit and feeling—Conditions of Publication.—The work will be issued on the 1st and 15th of every month, in Parts at 1s. 3d. and Divisions handsomely bound at 9s. 4d. printed on Imperial 8vo double columns, each part will be embellished by two highly finished steel Engravings, and will contain 32 pages of letterpress. A beautiful steel Engraving, 13 by 19 inches, the storming of Seringapatam, the first victory in which the Duke of Wellington was engaged in India to every subscriber to the work.
GEO. GAY, Agent.
March 23, 1853.
Subscribers received at this Office.

BLANKS
For sale at this Office.

