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THE WEEKLY OBSERVER, PUBLISHED BY DONALD A. CAMERON, OFFICE—In Mr. HATEL's brick building, west side of the Market-Square, St. John, N. B.

Table with columns: WEEK, SUN, MOON, FULL, RISES, SETS, RISES, SETS. Rows for 7 WEDNESDAY, 8 THURSDAY, 9 FRIDAY, 10 SATURDAY, 11 SUNDAY, 12 MONDAY, 13 TUESDAY.

THE GARLAND, From the London Metropolitan for January. THE POWER OF RUSSIA, BY T. CAMPBELL. So all this callant blood has crush'd in vain!

RUSSIA, that on his throne of adamant, Consults what nation's breast shall next be gored; He on Polonia's tologia will plant His standard first; and hither succeeding horde, On patriot tombstones he will set the sword.

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INSTITUTIONS OF THE JEWS, &c.—The following are extracts from a History of Palestine, by the Rev. Dr. M. Russell, being a volume of the Cabinet Library: 'Equality of Condition among the Jews.—Among the Israelites there was no distinction as to literary privilege or philosophical sectarianism. There was no profane vulgar in the chosen people. The stores of divine knowledge were open to all alike. The descendant of Jacob beheld in every member of his tribe a brother and not a master; one who in all the respects which give to man dignity and self-esteem, was his equal in the strictest sense of the term.'

Schools of the Prophets.—Our attention is first attracted by the several allusions which are scattered over the earlier books of the Old Testament to the Schools of the Prophets. These were establishments obviously intended to prepare young men for certain offices analogous to those which are discharged in our days by the different orders of the clergy; maintained in some degree at the public expense, and placed under the superintendence of persons who were distinguished for their gravity and high endowments.—The principal studies pursued in these convents appear to have been poetry and music, the elements of which were necessary to the young prophet when he was called to take a part in the worship of Jehovah.

We have ascribed the cultivation of sacred knowledge to the schools of the prophets, without having been able to trace very distinctly the institution of these seminaries to the Levitical colleges, the proper fountains of the national literature. In the days of Samuel, it would appear that the necessity of certain subordinate establishments had been admitted, in order to supply a class of persons qualified to instruct such of the people as lived at a distance from the cities of the Levites. The rule of the prophetic schools seems to have borne some resemblance to that of the better description of christian convents in the primitive ages; enjoying abstinence and labour, together with an implicit obedience to the authority of their superiors. The clothing also, it may be presumed, was humble, and somewhat peculiar. A rough garment, fastened with a girdle round the loins, is alluded to by Zechariah; while the impression made on the courtiers at Beth-el, by the appearance of one of the sons of the prophets, sent thither by Elisha, would lead us to the same conclusion.

Jerusalem.—From the summit of the hills a desert stretches along to the Lake Asphaltites, presenting nothing but stones and ashes, and a few thorny shrubs. The sides of the mountains edgy, and assume an aspect at once more grand and more barren. By little and little the scanty vegetation languishes and dies; even mosses disappear, and a red burning sulphur succeeds to the whiteness of the rocks. In the centre of this amphitheatre there is an arid basin, enclosed on all sides with summits scattered over with a yellow coloured pebble, and affording a single aperture to the east, through which the surface of the Dead Sea and the distant hills of Arabia present themselves to the eye. In the midst of this country of stones, encircled by a wall, we perceive extensive ruins, stunted cypresses, bushes of the aloe and prickly pear, white bits of the mosaic wall, resembling white-washed sepulchres, are spread over the desolated mass.—This spot is Jerusalem.

IRISH POPULATION. Dublin—Males 90,220, females 111,787—total in 1831, 202,007; in 1821 185,581—increase 16,426. Cork—In 1831, 106,980; in 1821, 100,536—increase 6,444. Limerick—In 1831, 65,092; in 1821, 58,422—increase 6,670. County Limerick—Males 115,000, females 117,889—total 232,889. Drogheda—Males 8,178, females 8,017—total in 1831, 17,195; in 1821, 18,118—decrease 923. Belfast—In 1797, 85,419 inhabitants; in 1782, 13,105; in 1791, 18,320; in 1813, 27,862; in 1821, 28,277; in 1831, 53,737. Ballymacreagh—In 1781, 419; in 1791, 1,208; in 1831, 5,108. County Antrim—In 1831, 513,630; in 1821, 269,205—increase 244,425. County Fermanagh—Population in 1831, 149,565 increase over last census about 18,000. Queen's County—Population in 1831, males 72,009; females 73,024—total 145,033. Kilkenny—Population in 1831, males 11,987; females 12,845, total 24,832; in 1821, 23,291. Dundalk—Population in 1831, 12,359; in 1821 it was 9,000. Sligo—Population in 1831, males 7,054; females 8,098—total 15,152. Ennis—Population in 1831, males 5,800; females 6,592—total 12,392. Boyle—Population in 1831, 12,697. City of Londonderry—Males 9,065, females 10,620—total 19,685. Parish of Glenties (Liberties)—10,398; total 30,025. County Waterford—In 1831, houses 21,886, males 72,170, females 75,207—total 147,377; in 1821, 127,842; increase 20,235.

STATISTICS OF LYONS.—The city of Lyons is situated 270 miles east from Paris, on the river Saone, and in 1828, contained about 130,000 inhabitants; its streets are narrow and dark, the houses are built of stone, and are seven or eight stories high; it contains a Royal College, and many distinguished literary institutions, and has a library of upwards of one hundred thousand volumes. Lyons is particularly celebrated for its extensive silk establishments, and the beauty and durability of the articles made; it is also largely engaged in the manufacture of beautiful shawls, crapes, silk hose, and gold and silver lace; and much of the silk raised in France and Italy is carried to this city to be worked up into beautiful fabrics. The silk establishments in Lyons are stated at 7140, and the number of looms employed at 18,229; this will explain, in some degree, from whence the prodigious number of 60,000 workmen were assembled to ask for bread, and to plead for it at the point of the bayonet. Lyons is considered the second city in France, and was the scene of desolating contests during the revolution of 1792.

Colonel Bouchette had the honour of an interview, a few days since, with His Majesty, who was graciously pleased to express his appreciation of the valuable labours of that gentleman in the Canada, and to commend the high opinion which he has been so long engaged in, and which he has just published. The British Colonies in North America.—London, p. 2.

THE RIGHT REV. THE LORD BISHOP OF HALIFAX, FEBRUARY 22. The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Halifax, on Sunday last to the congregation of St. Paul's, and to the public, in favor of the funds of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.

TUMULT IN THE FRENCH CHAMBERS. Paris, Jan. 4.—The Minister of Public Instruction having appeared at the tribune to defend a large vote of money for the civil list than had been proposed by the commission, and having uttered the sentiment in reply to a deputy—"If you banish luxury from the house of his majesty,"—the deputies of the extreme of the Chamber rose and cried aloud—"On ne Philip pas de sujets." M. M. Talley, King has no subjects. Order, order! let the minister be called to order! M. Marat—Those who make kings are no longer subjects, but citizens. During five minutes not a word was heard except personal and outrageous abuse against the *jeu de la cour*. The tumult continued during the remainder of the sitting. Although the President might be seen rising with violence his great bell, yet it could not be heard. No one paid any attention to the minister, and the most tumultuous and violent observations were made by all parties, one against the other, in various parts of the chamber. At half past six the sitting closed in the midst of noise, menace and agitation.

HALIFAX, FEBRUARY 22. The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Halifax, on Sunday last to the congregation of St. Paul's, and to the public, in favor of the funds of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel. This society, owing to the great extent of its usefulness, will, it is feared, soon be obliged to diminish the allowance to its Missionaries in the Colonies, in which state the clergy of the established Church in these Provinces will become, in a still greater degree than they are at present, dependent upon the great feelings and liberality of their parishioners, and we trust will experience that support which will place them above poverty and want, and enable them to persevere zealously in the discharge of their important duties. It must be peculiarly gratifying to the Lord Bishop to know that the Ministers employed throughout the Diocese are in every way deserving of the confidence reposed in them—their morality is in accordance with the precepts they are commanded to teach, and their ability to enforce the sacred doctrines highly creditable to them.

We should be extremely sorry to see the respectability of the Church of England lessened in these Colonies, by the circumstances of the diminution of the allowance long made to it by the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel. Its principles are tolerant, and neither bigotry, nor a desire to detract from the merits of other religious persuasions, mark its course—it harmonizes with other sects, and a most happy cordiality exists which we hope will be warmly and cordially cherished. Society can only be upheld by moral, Christian, and charitable feelings, and every friend to peace and good order will encourage them. To us it has always afforded pleasure in noting, that if a church, a chapel, or any house be dedicated to the service of ALMIGHTY GOD, is to be built in the present settlements of the Province, subscriptions to the object are asked of the members of all religious denominations, nor are they solicited in vain—all are actuated with a common desire to assist the pious enterprise which prompts the application, and all lending a helping hand to the good work.

House of Assembly, Quebec, Feb. 16. The House Resolved—That this House do fully persist in the resolutions brought in the last Session, relative to the petition of the Rev. Mr. St. John, Esquire, Attorney at Law in this Province, and also that this House doth persist in its humane petition to His Majesty, praying him to remove the said functionary from his said office, and to grant him no office of trust in this Province.

February 17.—The House went up with the Speaker to the Castle to receive His Excellency's answer to His Address, praying the suspension of Mr. Justice Kerr; the answer is as follows:—"It is no less the interest than it is the manifest and bounden duty of the Executive Government of this Province, to maintain therein the Administration of Justice in all its purity."

After due deliberation I complied with the wish of the House, and ever since that time the reflections of each succeeding day, have but served to establish more firmly in my mind the conviction of the expediency and justice of the course adopted by me on that occasion.

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The Hon. Mr. St. John's speech had been given in the House of Commons on the 11th inst. It was a long and able speech, and it was well received by the House. The Hon. Mr. St. John's speech was a very able and interesting one, and it was well received by the House. The Hon. Mr. St. John's speech was a very able and interesting one, and it was well received by the House.

ST. JOHN, FEBRUARY 6, 1832.

European intelligence advances with daily steps—our present supply being only three days later than we are able to read last week, the 10th of January from London; and this comes from the *New-York Spectator*—The long threatened session to the British Legislature is being now certain, while the *Standard* and *Edinburgh* are being now certain. A short time will tell whether it is truth or fancy—Russia, Prussia, and Austria still delay the ratification of the Treaty entered into by the London conference, respecting Belgium and Holland. While this matter continues unsettled, the peace of Europe must be considered as in some danger.—The following are extracts—

Creation of New Peers.—We are informed by letters from London of the 14th inst., says a Paris paper of January 13th, that the Cabinet Council has finally agreed upon the number of new Peers to be created, and that it is definitively fixed at 30 or 32. Among others, Lord Fitzmaurice, Lord Alton, Lord Grey, Lord Lyndoch, Lord Fitzmaurice, and Lord Lyndoch, are mentioned. These nominations are said to ally somewhat the jealousy of the Irish and some Scotch ones.

The visit of Lord Grey to Brighton has been a successful one. The King, who is quite as anxious as the most zealous of his subjects for the great measure which is to give to England a "gold mine" of all the world, for ending a nation controlled by foreign monarchs, and her rulers a free people. The King, who has hoped that this great measure might be carried by the mere aid and integrity of Parliament, on the ground of its conscientious justice and its urgent necessity, the King, seeing that these his reasonable hopes are not likely to be fulfilled, has consented to the only yet which can ensure the permanency of the wishes and what is more important, the happiness of his subjects. The King will create as many Peers as are, or are considered, may show to be necessary for carrying the great anti-revolutionary and constitutional project for the restoration of the representation principles of England. Some Peers will be created immediately, and the rest in a short time. The list must pass, and the aristocracy shall be saved, in spite of themselves.—Times.

Our contemporaries are speculating on the result of Lord Grey's visit to the King, according to their wishes and expectations on one side or the other.—There has been no positive information as to the creation of Peers communicated.

The Lord Alton has been confined to Dromahair with a slight attack of English Cholera.

The following is the two days' report of the Chelsea mess received by the city, Jan. 31.
Sailed—New cases, recovered 1, died 1.
New-cases—New cases, recovered 1, died 1.
Cathedral—New cases, recovered 1, died 1.
No. 1, fields and Tyneworth—New cases, recovered 1, died 1.

Bulgaria and Holland.—Our readers will recollect, says the London Courier of Jan. 31, that a fortnight ago, we stated that the influence of the Emperor had extended to another Great power, and that serious doubts were entertained of the continuance of a treaty of peace between Belgium and Holland, entered upon by the Conference. Circumstances have not occurred to convince us that we were perfectly well informed on the subject, and that if a serious question should arise either from Prussia or Austria, it will be subject to many modifications, so as to render it necessary to go through the whole of the treaty. Indeed, it is confidently stated that there will be no ratification of the time fixed upon by the Treaty, viz. the 15th inst.

The London Sun of Jan. 30th, says—"There has not been so much red stir in the political circles for several years past as within the last few days. Cabinet matters have been crossing and recrossing the channel, and flying about in all directions, in a very unusual manner. There must be something very important in hand to occasion all this bustle. Several cabinet members were across the channel on Saturday, and five more followed on Sunday. Indeed, so urgent were the dispatches of Prince Lieven, that on Saturday the Russian Messenger crossed the channel with them in an open boat, and yesterday another Russian sloop followed. Ministers from the Austrian, Prussian and French Governments, also were across yesterday. In the mean time all is bustle at the Grand Exchanges, and the reports of war are doing the rounds. It is said that the French Government have also taken the alarm, and will not any longer be bound by the intrigues of the Northern Courts. The confusions at Paris between the diplomatic corps have been it is known, within a few days, more frequent than ever. All this indicates that important negotiations are on the tapis with the various Courts, which at present appear in a confused state. There will not be a high hand, and try to bully the other northern powers into her views, which no doubt France foresees.

Prussia.—In the internal politics of France, nothing of importance has occurred. The word "cabinet" applied to the people of France is one of the Ministers, in speaking of the relations which the people hold to the King, has caused 102 of the Deputies to enter a protest against its use. Gen. La Fayette, with six others who were not at the meeting, have written to the Chamber to express their dissent to the principles of the protest.

The details on the Civil List still continued.—The five millions of francs had been voted an allowance to the King.

Thirteen French Peers have resigned their seats since the passing of the law abolishing the hereditary Peerage in France.

London.—Yesterday was honored from the vessel of St. Paul in Portland, the ship *Providence*, of 200 tons, owned by Mr. M. D. D. of this City—she is a fine vessel, and we understand is intended for a regular trade.

all their money proceeds to their discharge, not one American is to be seen in that place had ever spoken them in private. It was a very able and interesting speech, and it was well received by the House. The Hon. Mr. St. John's speech was a very able and interesting one, and it was well received by the House.

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The House of Assembly has passed a Resolution...

For the information of our Presbyterian readers...

New-Brunswick Fire Insurance Company...

At a meeting of the Directors, held this day...

CASTLE REVENUE.—The documents respecting this...

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes Add Exchange 1-9, Carriage, AMOUNT OF RECEIPTS IN THE CHURCH LANDS...

On Tuesday afternoon, a Coroner's Inquest was held...

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On Tuesday afternoon, a Coroner's Inquest was held...

The following resolutions were introduced in the U.S. Senate...

Table with 3 columns: Month, Day, Wind. STATE OF THE THERMOMETER.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors...

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