4 O'clock Edition
All the news that's fit to print.

London Advertiser

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VOL. XXXIV., NO. 148. LONDON, CANADA, MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1897. WHOLE NO. 10485

Born, Married, Died.

DIED.

CAHILL—In this city, on April 4, 1897, at 15 Maple street, Mrs. John Cahill, widow of the late John Cahill.

Funeral at 9 o'clock to St. Peter's Cathedral, Tuesday, April 6. Friends and acquaintance will please accept this intimation.

M'INTOSH—On Saturday, April 3, Margaret relict of the late David McIntosh, aged 72 years and three days.

Funeral Tuesday morning, at 9 o'clock, from the family residence, Commissioners' road, near Ridout street, south, to St. Peter's Cathedral. Friends will kindly accept this intimation.

PEARCE—At Amasa Wood Hospital, St. Thomas, on Sunday, April 4, Joseph Pearce, aged 45 years.

Funeral from the family residence, Tyrconnell, Wednesday, April 7, at 2 o'clock.

PRITCHETT—At 29 Byron avenue, on April 3, 1897, Wilber Meade Pritchett, youngest son of J. G. Pritchett, aged 6 years.

Funeral from the above residence, Tuesday, at 3 p.m.; services at 2:30. Friends and acquaintance will please accept this intimation.

ROTHWELL—In this city, on Saturday, April 3, Caroline Frances Rothwell, third daughter of the late Major Wade Rothwell, Ninth Norfolk Light Infantry, of Cannonstown, county Meath, Ireland, in her 89th year.

Funeral from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Thomson, 449 Queen's avenue, at 3 o'clock, Monday afternoon. Funeral private.

STETTNER—On April 5, after a short illness, Clara, the beloved and only daughter of Christopher and Sophia Stettner, aged 6 years and 4 months.

Funeral private.

Amusements and Lectures

Advertisements under this heading, two cents per word, or ten cents per line each insertion.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—Tuesday, April 6, HOYT'S "A MIDNIGHT BELL," with DIGBY BELL, LAURA JOYCE BELL. 25 Artists. New Music. New Scenery. Prices—25c, 50, 75c, $1. Seats now on sale. 85u

TOMORROW NIGHT—A RARE TREAT—Rev. Wilbur Crafts, a foremost leader in American Social Reform. Subject, "The Big Four and Forty More." Dundas Street Methodist Church. 10 cents. b

PHILHARMONIC CLUB, OF DETROIT, at Auditorium tomorrow night. Tickets 75c and 50c. Plan now open at Y. M. C. A. J. W. Featherston, director. b

MISSES FOWLER AND HARTSON AND Mr. Wm. Yunk, violinist, at Auditorium tomorrow night. b

PRINCESS ICE PALACE—SEASON closed April 1. Patrons having skates in rink kindly remove same, the company not holding themselves responsible from date. Office open Monday and Tuesday evenings, April 5 and 6, 8 to 9. 85u

WESTERN UNIVERSITY CONVOCATION for conferring degress in medicine by the Senate in Y. M. C. A. Auditorium, Monday evening, April 5, at 8 o'clock. Public cordially invited. 84u

ALLAN LINE—REDUCED STEERAGE RATES. FRANK B. CLARKE, agent, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY—SPECIAL one month closing term for masters and misses opens Saturday, April 3, at 3 o'clock. Special rates. This term includes the children's closing reception May 1. DAYTON & MCCORMICK.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING BY Mr. R. B. Millard, at his residence, 345 Princess avenue. Special attention given to the waltz, two-step, court waltz, two-step Jersey and the cycle. Satisfaction guaranteed. Lessons any hour.

Domestics Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

EXPERIENCED COOK WANTED AT once.—At O'Neil House, corner York and Talbot streets. 82k

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—APPLY Mrs. CHARLES MACGREGOR, 30 Askin street, after 5 p.m. 81c

WANTED—HOUSEMAID TO ASSIST IN care of children. Apply 136 Kent street. 77f

DWYER'S AGENCY—HEADQUARTERS for reliable help—Girls, good situations without waiting; lots of places to fill at once. Housekeepers for country. 591 Richmond street. Phone 1121.

COOKS, DINING-ROOM, HOUSEMAIDS and second girls for hotels, private houses and summer resorts, nurses, chambermaids, housekeepers and nurse girls (to go home nights). A1 places and highest wages paid at The Osborne, the only reliable, 56 Dundas. Telephone 986.

Male Help Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WANTED—A MAN TO CLEAN, REPAIR and press gents' clothing. Apply 235 Clarence street, London. 81u

SMART MESSENGER BOYS WANTED—Apply, by letter only, to "Wholesale," Advertiser office. 81c

WANTED—AN IDEA—WHO CAN think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & Co., patent attorneys, Washington, D.C., for their $1,800 prize offer and new list of 1,000 inventions wanted.

Female Help Wanted.

WANTED AT ONCE—FIRST-CLASS waist hand. 463 Adelaide street. 81c

GOOD PANTMAKERS WANTED AT once. Highest wages. JOHN H. CHAPMAN & Co. 83c

Agents Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

AGENTS NOT MAKING $10 PER WEEK and not asking $50 (no idlers wanted), write for particulars. J. L. NICHOLS & Co., 32 Richmond west, Toronto. 98ff-d&w

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CANVASSER to call on private families, or lady or gentleman well acquainted in the city, on salary. Apply 258 Dundas street.

Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WANTED—GENTS' SECOND-HAND clothing; highest cash price paid. A. P. SAINSBURY, 60 King street. Mail orders attended to.

IF YOUR BICYCLE NEEDS CLEANING or repairing take it to HUTCHINSON'S, 651 Dundas street.

Houses, Etc., To Let.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

TO LET—BRICK RESIDENCE—389 Queen's avenue; modern conveniences; rent low. Apply next door. SAML. R. BROWN. 84u

TO LET—OFFICE OF LATE DR. W. J. Mitchell, No. 387 Richmond street; modern conveniences. Apply on premises. 83c

TO LET—296 PRINCESS AVENUE—NINE rooms; all modern conveniences. Inquire 300 Princess avenue. 83tf

$7.50 RENTS COTTAGE NO. 639 Queen's avenue. Large yard and fine shade trees. Near street cars. Apply at 321 Dundas street. 43tf

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, ALL MODERN conveniences, 277 Piccadilly street. Apply J. P. THOMPSON, care Pocock Bros. 55tf

Situations Wanted.

$50 BONUS PAID TO ANYONE PROCURING advertiser permanent situation in office, store, warehouse, etc. Excellent references. W. J. F., Advertiser office. 89n

YOUNG MAN SEEKS SITUATION AS machine fitter, or any kind of metal work. Address READ, Ormond, Ont. 76m

Business Chances.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FOR SALE—PLANING MILL PROPERTY and machinery, well situated in the city of London. Address J. K., box 399, London. 83n eod

WANTED—PARTNER IN ESTABLISHED manufacturing business; splendid chance for live man with capital. Address "Manufactory," this office. 84u

Articles For Sale.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

LADY'S BICYCLE FOR SALE, IN GOOD repair; Alert make. Apply 430 Ridout street. 83c

FOR SALE—REFRIGERATOR—SHOW CASE, scales, tea caddies, spice tins. 61 Cartwright street, this city. 83n

FOR SALE—ONE 30 HORSEPOWER automatic "Brown" engine, built by Goldie, McCulloch & Co., Galt. Cylinder 10 inches, stroke 24 inches; can be run at 60 revolutions, or as high as 90 revolutions; also one tubular exhaust feed water heater. The engine can be seen at H. PORTER & Co.'s storage warehouse, Carling street, London, Ont. 6tf-3tf

BATHS, SINKS, PUMPS, WATER closets, steam and hot water boilers SMITH BRO., 265 Dundas street. z

FOR SALE—LADY'S HIGH-GRADE bicycle (Waverley); at a bargain. Apply J. P. THOMPSON, care Pocock Bros. 84c

FOR SALE—CHEAP—UPRIGHT SHOW case, counter case and partition. 180 Dundas street. 83c

NORWAY SPRUCE—SURPLUS STOCK of very fine and extra large trees at half price. R. STEPHENS, South London. Telephone 1,135. 81c eod

BICYCLES, BICYCLE REPAIRING, best work at moderate prices. D. MCKENZIE & Co., 388 Richmond street, up stairs. Phone 1115.

A FEW GOOD RANGES, TWO ORGANS and general assortment of furniture at the Ark, Market Square.

A FEW SECOND-HAND STOVES—MUST be sold. At Keen's, Masonic Temple, Market Square.

PIANOS, PIANOS—NEW AND SECOND HAND, also a beautiful assortment of music and musical merchandise, and two good organs cheap, Anderson's Book Store, Nordheimer's Piano Agency, 183 Dundas street.

Real Estate.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FOR SALE—

IF YOU WANT A NICE HOME WITH A few acres of choice land, good buildings and close to electric cars, with all advantages of the city, without high taxes, call at my office. Must be disposed of. F. SANGSTER. 403 Richmond street.

FOR SALE—FIVE ACRES OF LAND—suitable for market gardening; on Pipe Line, near Springbank. Address 494 King street. 84c

BRICK RESIDENCE ON BECHER street, city, containing 15 rooms, two lots. Will be sold cheap. Apply MRS. CHARLES HUTCHINSON on premises, or JAS. B. MCKILLOP, Barrister. 84u

SEVERAL GOOD IMPROVED FARMS for sale in counties of Middlesex, Essex, Kent and Lambton. Very cheap and on easy terms of payment. Apply to WILLIAM F. BULLEN, London. zwt

FOR SALE—FRAME HOUSE—CHEAP—lot 105x65 feet, corner Arthur and Alfred streets. Address H. W. LEESON, Ingersoll, Ont. 81u

S. CHADWICK & SON—REAL ESTATE Agents. Homes. Investments. Speculation. Call Room 2 Albion Building.

Lost and Found.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

LOST SATURDAY—ON MARKET BY poor lady, lady's purse containing money. Finder please leave at this office 85u

LOST—BROOCH—GOLD PIN—LETTER R in pearls. Reward at this office. 81u

STRAYED—MARCH 28—FROM CON. 16, lot 10, mare, 3 years, bright bay, one hind foot white. Any person seeing same please write WM. SCELL, Maple Grove. 83c

Miscellaneous.

MISS HARWOOD, MODISTE—REMOVED to 354 Dundas street. Latest New York styles. 73c eod

MOVING—WHEN MOVING AND IN want of a dray telephone to London Storage, Carling street. Phone 1,167.

DRUNKENNESS CURED IN NINE DAYS—Recipe for $2. Address JAMES RAINBIRD HOWE, 89 Emerald street south, Hamilton, Ont.

Architects.

MOORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS AND civil engineers. Members Ont. Ass'n. Architects; members Ont. L. Surveyors' Ass'n.; members Am. Waterworks Ass'n.

HERBERT MATTHEWS—ARCHITECT—(formerly with C. C. Haight, New York), Carling Block, Richmond street.

MCBRIDE & FARNCOMBE—ARCHITECTS and Surveyors, 213 Dundas street. H. C. MCBRIDE, F. W. FARNCOMBE, H.S., C.E.

Pawnbrokers.

T. FOX, ORIGINAL PAWNBROKER lends money on diamonds, watches and jewelry; business strictly confidential; highest price paid for cast-off clothing. 883 Clarence street.

Fighting in Crete.

Christians Attacked by 2,000 Bashi Bazouks.

The Foreign Warships Fail to Interfere.

Turkish Forces in Macedonia in Good Condition.

Secretary Curzon Says the War Cloud Is Growing Daily.

Canea, Crete, April 5.—Admiral Canevaro, the Italian admiral in command of the fleets of the powers, authorized the insurgents and their families to quit the Akrotiri peninsula and proceed inland to where they would be in better position to obtain food supplies than on the heights of Akrotiri. Confiding in this authorization the insurgents and their families, driving their cattle, descended from the heights of Akrotiri with the intention of moving inland. As soon as they reached the plain, however, fire was opened upon them at a range of 200 yards by 2,000 Bashi Bazouks. As soon as the Bashi Bazouks began firing on the insurgent party, the latter returned the fire, and killed some of their assailants. The foreign warships did not fire a shot to check the onslaught of the Bashi Bazouks. Finally, when it was no longer possible to ignore the attack, orders were sent to the international forces ashore to proceed to the disarmament of the Turks. These instructions, however, were sent in too late to be of avail. After the fighting on the Plain of Akrotiri a force of British sailors was landed to hold the Mussulmans in check. The latter are known to have lost heavily, and already fifty killed and wounded have been brought in here.

CONDITION OF THE TURKISH FORCE.

Elasson, Macedonia, April 5.—A war correspondent has arrived at the Turkish headquarters here. The Turks are in splendid condition and extremely eager for a fight. Edhem Pasha, the commander of the Turkish troops, has stopped the dispatch of any further reinforcements, as he regards the forces under his command as ample to deal with the Greeks. He could concentrate over 50,000 men on the Greek frontier in the vicinity of Elassona within five hours. Everything is ready so that all the forces could advance within an hour after the receipt of instructions to do so. There having been many stories circulated regarding the scarcity of food in the Turkish camps, and the alleged bad quality of the provisions supplied to the Sultan's soldiers, the correspondent made it a point to personally examine these supplies. He found them to be healthful and of excellent quality. After testing the food supplied to the Turkish troops the correspondent has no hesitation in saying that the rations supplied here are superior to those which were supplied to the Egyptian troops which took part in the expedition to Dongola last year.

A WAR CLOUD.

Speaking of the eastern question, Secretary Curzon said that a war cloud was daily growing on the horizon, but he was hopeful that prudent statesmanship and the unselfish aims of the powers might yet dispel the cloud before it breaks into a cyclone of universal destruction. He presumed that the British people had two objects in view—the welfare of Crete and the avoidance of an European war. He referred to the integrity of the Ottoman Empire, and said that part of the international law, which had heretofore been modified by the powers, would be modified again, but that the distribution of the empire, as it gradually breaks up, must be undertaken by Europe, and not left to individual powers to grab what they thought was their share of the spoils. Mr. Curzon said: "At the present moment nothing could be worse for Crete, and nothing so unfortunate for Greece as that the ancient liberties of the former should be imperiled or that the financial difficulties of the latter should be aggravated by a strain which annexation would impose. A constitution for Crete would be ready soon, and peace would be restored. More important points than the forming of a constitution were the creation of a supreme governing authority and the pacification of the island. The new governor should be a Christian, nominated by the powers. The withdrawal of the Turkish troops was a logical sequence after the withdrawal of Crete from the authority of the Sultan. England was taking all the steps possible to get rid of the Turkish troops on the island, but the responsibility for their remaining rests with the insurgents and the Greek troops, who were encouraging them. Our duty lies with the concert of the powers, because it is in the cause of peace. It is a cabinet of nations, marking the greatest advances of international law and international ethics which the century has seen."

PEACE UNCERTAIN.

Speaking in the House of Commons, Right Hon. Mr. Balfour said he had not the slightest doubt that Crete would obtain freedom, though he could not speak of the peace of Europe with the same confidence. The best course for the maintenance of the peace was to second the concert of the powers.

It seems to be generally expected that Tuesday, Greek independence day, will be a critical moment. On the Thessalian and Macedonian frontier the question of beginning hostilities rests more with the Greek national society than with King George's Government. If an advance is ordered by this society, there is no doubt that the war will begin and the Government will be compelled to approve or abandon its authority.

GERMAN-RUSSIAN COMBINE.

Berlin, April 5.—James Creelman cables to a New York paper as follows: Germany has now reached a full understanding with Russia, and the Czar is the leader in the policy of coercing the Greeks. Having forced the powers to blockade Crete, the German Emperor has decided to temporarily retire from the leadership of present international diplomacy, and let the great struggle for supremacy between England and Russia go on. Germany has eagerly urged Austria to occupy Sandjak at once, under the terms of the Berlin treaty, so that if the Greeks declare war on Turkey, the Austrian army can march across the heart of Macedonia, seize Salonica, and so control the situation, but the Emperor of Austria has bluntly refused to act. Austria is already so overloaded with unharmonious population that she does not dare to add new elements to her confused domestic politics. This refusal has completely upset Emperor William's plans for enforcing peace in Central Europe.

ROYAL CONFERENCE.

London, April 5.—A dispatch from Copenhagen says that a conference held by the royal family resulted in a resolve to uphold the present dynasty of Greece. The Dowager Czarina, who is a daughter of the King of Denmark, and a sister of King George of Greece, is at present in Copenhagen, where she will remain until the end of the month to assist with her counsel. A special cipher telegraph service has been established between St. Petersburg and Copenhagen. It is the general conviction that the Dowager Czarina has succeeded in inducing the Czar to support the King of Greece, so far as such support is consonant with Russia's interests. If this statement is authentic it will arouse a sensation.

A HITCH.

London, April 5.—While various reports concur that a blockade of Greece will be established immediately, the Chronicle's correspondent at Athens telegraphs that it has again been adjourned for several days, while M. Hanotaux, the French Foreign Minister, produces a new plan. The dispatches add that a diplomat assured King George that there was no immediate prospect of a blockade, and a begged his Majesty not to take action under the belief that a blockade was imminent. Nobody has the slightest idea of what the hitch is in the so-called concert concerning the blockade.

MUTILATED BY MUSSULMANS.

London, April 5.—The correspondent of the Times at Canea says: Six Christians were killed and eleven wounded on Saturday. The bodies of the dead were savagely mutilated by Mussulmans.

The blockade of the island continues to be enforced closely. Already complaints are coming in that signs are not wanting of loss of hope by the insurgents in some sections of the island.

AUSTRIA'S POSITION.

The Times publishes a dispatch from Vienna which says: At least one power will not agree to a direct understanding being reached between Turkey and Greece. Both the Porte and Greece will receive one more warning against a disturbance of the peace. This warning will be followed by a notification that in the event of hostilities the aggressor will not be allowed to reap the advantage of eventual victory.

MONTENEGRINS AND ALBANIANS COLLIDE.

An Athens dispatch to the Times says: Authentic news has been received of an encounter at Quisnie, on the frontier of Montenegro, between the Montenegrins and the Albanians, and intense excitement is said to prevail at Uskub.

GENERAL CABLES.

The Austrian Cabinet Crisis Ended.

DELAGOA BAY.

London, April 5.—The report that Great Britain had leased Delagoa Bay is now contradicted.

Vienna, April 5.—The Cabinet crisis, that was brought about by the resignation on Friday of Count Bedani, the Prime Minister, and the other members of the Ministry, has been ended by Emperor Francis Joseph, who refuses to accept the resignation of his Ministers. After conferring with the Emperor, Count Badeni and his colleagues decided to attempt to carry on the Government despite the fact that they had found it impossible to maintain a Liberal majority in the new Reichsrath. The Emperor, therefore, again confirmed the whole Cabinet.

THE ARBITRATION TREATY.

London, April 5.—George N. Curzon, Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, in addressing his constituents at Southport, made an extended reference to the arbitration treaty, with which he said the name of the Marquis of Salisbury would be perpetually linked in history. If the motives and tactics which were alien to the spirit of the proposals they apparently intended to wreck, succeeded in strangling that agreement in its cradle, they would not succeed in depriving its authors, either on this side or the other side of the Atlantic, of the credit of its parentage, and a later date would surely come when the treaty, if not completed now, would take its place as a part of the code of the Anglo-Saxon brotherhood, and perhaps a part of the international law of the world. The lawgivers, who originated it, would ever afterward be held in honored remembrance.

CABLE NOTES.

It is reported that the jubilee peerages will include the grandson of Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone.

Princess Frederick Leopold of Prussia is undergoing a regular course of training as a hospital and field nurse.

It is understood that Russia has stopped Turkey's negotiations to sell the Island of Crete to Greece, by a threat to occupy Anatolia if the negotiations are persisted in.

The Radical members of Parliament have unearthed the fact that the present Czar escaped taxation amounting to £10,000 in death duties on money lying in the Bank of England when his father died. This complaisance upon the part of the Government towards Russia will be warmly deprecated.

The Government has refused to allow stands to be erected in the public parks for the Queen's Diamond Jubilee procession. An offer of £70,000 was made for permission to erect a stand in the Green Park, facing Piccadilly.

At the last ballot of the Reform Club every candidate bearing a German name was blackballed as a demonstration against Emperor William.

In Cuba.

Gen. Weyler Claims to Have "Pacified" the Country.

But the Insurgents Are Active in Every Province.

New York, April 5.—The Herald's correspondent in Cuba cables that Gen. Weyler is coming back from a fruitless eastern trip soon, and will announce the pacification of all the country west of the Jucaro-Moron trocha, despite the fact that Gen. Gomez is west of the trocha, and news direct from his camp assures me that he can mobilize 3,000 men in and along the Puerto Principe and Santa Clara boundary at the shortest notice.

The fact is, the insurgents are active in every province, and the Spanish despair of pacification in a reasonable time. Spain's resources will not permit of her keeping a great army here another summer.

One thing is certain, if the interior garrisons are withdrawn the insurgents will control the island at once, and when the columns are no longer feared will make a demonstration against Havana.

Ruis Rivera has not yet been shot, and is not likely to be soon, unless Weyler has his way.

SEED IN HER STOMACH.

Operation Necessary to Save a St. Louis Child's Life.

St. Louis, Mo., April 5.—Surgeons at St. Mary's Hospital, East St. Louis, have extracted an incipient orange tree from the stomach of little Miss Anita Griffin. The child is 13 years old. Several weeks ago she accidentally swallowed an orange seed. Three days ago she was seized with intense pains. A consultation of surgeons was held and an operation decided upon. The orange seed became encysted in the lining of the stomach, and had begun to sprout. Miss Griffin will recover.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Improvement in the Colony's Financial Position.

St. Johns, Nfld., April 5.—The budget presented to the Colonial Legislature on Friday night reviewed the colony's financial history for the past three years. For the year ending June, 1896, the surplus was $235,000, and was obtained by reducing the appropriations for all public services under the general retrenchment scheme. For the year ending June, 1897, the figures have not been finalized, the Receiver-General being only able to state that the revenue is exceeding expectations, while he is not in a position to deal with the expenditures until the close of the fiscal period. For the year ending June, 1898, it is estimated that the revenue will reach nearly the same figure. The public debt will then amount to over $18,000,000, involving an annual interest of $681,000. The imports during the last fiscal year amounted to $5,986,000, and exports to $6,622,000. The Government announces its intention to appoint a commission representing the different interests involved to revise the colonial tariff during the coming summer, so that the new schedule of duties can be put in operation next year.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The election of Joseph Lauzon to the Manitoba Legislature for St. Boniface has been protested.

Should Hon. Mr. Harty have to retire on account of ill health, it is not unlikely that Mr. O. K. Fraser, of Brockville, brother of the late Hon. C. F. Fraser, may be offered the position. Mr. Fraser is one of the most successful lawyers in the east, an able politician and a popular man.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

Capital Notes.

Government Business Takes Precedence on Tuesday.

Abolition of the Dominion Franchise Act to Come Up—The Papal Ablegate Visited by the Premier—The Nova Scotia Elections.

Ottawa, Ont., April 5.—This evening's session of Parliament will be devoted to general business of members. Tomorrow the Government business will have precedence. It is probable that the bill for the abolition of the Dominion Franchise will come up. The Opposition threaten resistance, but the measure will go through all the same.

Premier Laurier, Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick, and other leading members of the Catholic Church, paid their respects to Mgr. Merry del Val, the papal ablegate, this afternoon. The distinguished visitor inspected various Catholic institutions, and tonight the professors and students of the Ottawa College will present him with an address.

Nova Scotian M. P.s are taking an interest in the provincial elections. Polling takes place a week from tomorrow. The junior Sir Charles Tupper has remained in Nova Scotia to manage the elections, and members on both sides will leave in a few days to aid in the wind-up.

Charles S. Hyman, London, is in the city. He was warmly welcomed by his many friends in the Liberal headquarters.

J. H. Fairbank and H. Corey, Petrolea, and Charles Mackenzie, Sarnia, are here on business with the Government.

Among other western visitors are Robert Henry, of Brantford, who comes here to consult about the crosspetition lodged against him; also J. R. Grant, Tavistock.

J. J. Mason, Hamilton, heads a military delegation, which is endeavoring to make arrangements for the participation by the Thirteenth Battalian in the Ottawa military demonstration on May 24.

[Special to The Advertiser via C. P. R. Line.]

Ottawa, April 5.—Writs for Winnipeg, West Prince and Macdonald have been issued. Nominations on April 20, and election on April 27 in all three constituencies.

The Inundation.

Destitution and Suffering in the Flooded Districts.

No Dry Land Where the Dead Can be Buried.

Another Disastrous Break in the Levee—Fifty Towns Under Water.

St. Paul, Minn., April 5.—Special telegrams from points in South Dakota, Iowa and Nebraska, bring word of increased floods in all the rivers. Rain has fallen almost incessantly for the past 72 hours over an area of more than 100 miles in radius from Omaha, the fall being fully four inches for that time. Thousands of acres of farm land are under from four to six feet of running water and many families have moved from their homes in boats. Along the James River, in South Dakota, a great many farmers had gone back to their homes when the water receded early last week, and are now caught in this flood.

A Missouri River steamboat has been sent from Yankton to rescue the sufferers along the James River.

Sioux City reports that the Missouri has passed the danger line there, and is overflowing the lower part of the city.

Memphis, Tenn., April 5.—Another disastrous break in the Mississippi levee occurred yesterday at Fowler Lake, six miles below Tunica, Miss. The crevasse, while not yet of great width, is fully fifteen feet deep, and the water is pouring through the opening with fearful velocity. This will probably be the most destructive break that has occurred in the delta. The most fertile farm lands of Mississippi, lying in Coahoma, LaHore, Quitman and Tallahatchie counties, in the northern part of the state, will be inundated and the newly planted corn crops will be laid in waste.

Fortunately no loss of life is reported, the inhabitants of this stricken section having made preparations for just such a catastrophe as exists there today. The condition of the poorer classes throughout the flooded area is indeed critical. Thousands of refugees are being huddled on levees and spots of land waiting for relief. The towns of Rosedale and Tunica report that everything possible is being done for these poor people, but that funds and provisions are fast becoming exhausted. In the little city of Rosedale alone, 1,200 refugees are being cared for by the citizens. Half a hundred towns stand in six feet of water, and the yellow stream is creeping up slowly but surely.

Advices just received tell of a break in the levees two miles south of Helena, Ark. This is the levee for which the people of southeastern Arkansas have made such a desperate fight. The waters from the break will flood a great area and in all probability will back up into the streets of Helena. The relief steamer Ora Lee arrived at Mariana, Ark., and made an expedition up the St. Francis River. There were on board 160 refugees and 200 head of cattle. The steamer went up the St. Francis River as far as Cut Off, and then worked her way down stream, rescuing people from perilous positions. The suffering along the St. Francis River is appalling. The water throughout the entire neighboring country is from six to fifteen feet deep. The relief boat had on board the body of Mrs. McMain, of Raggio City. The body was found at Raggio, and it was taken to Mariana for burial, there being no land at the former place on which to give it interment.

The St. Francis River is rising from three to five inches daily.

At Memphis the river is slowly rising again, the gauge registering 36.4 feet. This is a rise of one-tenth since last report. At points below Vicksburg the river is rising. It is the general opinion of old river men here if the levees below Vicksburg hold the great volume of water in its regular channel, it will be little short of a miracle.

Yankton, S. D., April 5.—Four inches of rain has fallen during the week, and is still falling. Jim River, the longest unnavigable river in the world, is now on a rampage, covering the bottom lands from bluff to bluff and threatening to wash away the Great Northern, Northwestern and Milwaukee Railway bridges which cross the stream at this point. Over three miles of track of each road have washed out so far, thus placing Yankton without railroad facilities. The river is still rising rapidly, promising general destruction throughout the Jim River valley. Farmers, as a rule, have vacated their homes and farms, and those still remaining are now being moved by boats. It is thought here that the worst of the flood is yet to come.

Middlesboro, Ky., April 3.—Middlesboro is again flooded. The water is four inches higher than in the flood five weeks ago. Most of the stores in Cumberland avenue are flooded. Sixty-five families have been washed out. Three hundred people are fed by the city. Boats are plying on the principal streets. At Pineville the Cumberland river is rising three feet per hour. Pineville is under water. Clinch and Powell rivers are flooding the entire country.

Odontine

(Cairncross & Lawrence.)

Recommended by dentists as the ideal tooth wash. It is cleansing and preserving, and imparts an agreeable and refreshing taste to the mouth. Price 25c.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

Cairncross & Lawrence,
Chemists, Etc.,
216 Dundas Street, London.
Branch—Corner Richmond and Piccadilly.

Sparks from the Wire.

Conductor Hotrum, of Hamilton, is dead, as the result of injuries sustained at Woodstock in January last.

At the National Art Gallery, Ottawa, on Friday afternoon, Louis M. Demoise, caretaker, dropped dead while attending to his duties. Mr. Demoise was 76 years of age.

Small green bugs have made their appearance in some of the largest apple orchards in Missouri, and fears are expressed that they will destroy a great part of central Missouri's apple crop.

Rev. Andrew Ritchie, D.D., a prominent member of the Presbyterian Church, died at Wyoming, Ont., Saturday, aged 71. He was for 32 years secretary of the Western Tract Society.

Judge Senkler, of St. Catharines, has given judgment for $125, without costs, in the suit of Maybee, the Grimsby exhotelkeeper, against the Bank of Hamilton and Detective Reid. The action was to recover a reward for the arrest of Palmer, the bank defaulter.

Dr. J. H. Walton, 30 years old, a well-known physician of Dubuque, Iowa, committed suicide in Lincoln Park, Chicago, on Sunday afternoon by cutting his throat with a razor. The act was done before the eyes of hundreds of people along the lake shore drive.

Mark Twain, speaking of a new mosquito netting, writes: "The day is coming when we shall sit under our nets in church and slumber peacefully, while the discomfited flies club together and take it out of the minister."

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT:

Having conducted for a number of years in this city business on the Cash and Credit system, we have resolved as a result of our experience in giving credit, that the cash system of doing business is the only satisfactory way, both to ourselves and patrons, and we take this means of notifying our customers, and the public generally, that in future we intend to conduct our business on a strictly

CASH BASIS,

which will enable us to sell our goods 15 Per Cent. Cheaper than we could under the old method. When we consider the close margin on which we have always done business, with an assured further reduction of 15 Per Cent. in price, we not only feel assured of the continued patronage of our old customers, but also of a considerable extension of our trade. There is nothing in the world like the omnipotent spot cash to bring prices to the lowest level, and the lowest level in prices in future will be found with us.

J. P. COOK,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
173 Dundas Street.

Your money back if you want it.

THE LIQUOR LICENSE ACT

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS of the Liquor License Act, public notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of License Commissioners for the City of London will be held at the Inspector's office, 629 Talbot street, on Friday, April 23, at the hour of 10 a.m., to consider applications for the sale of liquor by retail in the city of London, for license year 1897-8. The following is the only new applicant for license, Charles Maker, 797 King street; no petition from subdivision for a license was received with application. Licenses issued for year ending 30th of April, 1897, taverns, 34; shops, 6; brewers, wholesale, 3; shops, wholesale, 2. Applications made for year 1897-8, taverns, 33; retail shops, 8, brewers, wholesale, 3. Any petition against the granting of license from the polling subdivision in which the premises sought to be licensed are situated must be lodged with the undersigned at least four days before the day of meeting. 85u

R. HENDERSON, Inspector.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF INSOLVENT ESTATE.

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION on the premises, 51 Blackfriars street, London West, on Tuesday April 6, at 4 P.M., the stock in trade of W. H. Dell, baker and confectioner, consisting of 2 horses, 2 wagons, 3 sleighs, 2 sets harness, shelving, show cases, candy jars, bakery utensils, etc. Terms cash. Also 1½-story dwelling house with store and bakery, vacant lot adjoining. Terms on application and at time of sale. J. W. JONES, Auctioneer; W. J. SAUNBY, Assignee. 84u

NOTICE!

The Dominion Savings and Investment Society

Have removed to new offices on the

Corner of Richmond and King Streets
(Masonic Temple.)

N. MILLS, - - Manager.

Sporting World.

An Outsider Captured the California Derby.

Schoch Won the Six Day's Bicycle Race at Washington.

A Canadian Captured the American Cross-Country Championship — Various Sporting Events.

CRICKET.

THE CHATHAM CLUB OFFICERS.

At the annual meeting of the Chatham Cricket Club the election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: President, S. J. Sutherland; vice-presidents, W. S. Ireland, J. L. Bray, Wm. Ball, A. Heyward, G. B. Douglas; secretary, F. A. W. Ireland; treasurer, W. F. O'Hara; match committee, W. B. Wells, Dr. I. L. Nichols, J. Horstead; executive committee, the match committee, with the addition of Messrs. West and Dennis.

WHEEL.

THE SIX DAYS' RACE.

Washington, April 5.—Schoch won the six days' bicycle race, which ended at 10 o'clock Saturday night. He finished with 1,670 miles to his credit, 240 miles short of the world's record for that time, made at Madison Square. The closing score: Schoch, 1,670 miles; Albert, 1,615; Golden, 1,605; Lawson, 1,583; Cassidy, 1,554; Rivierre, 1,142; Ford, 593; Muller, 134.

SPOKES.

The first woman to ride a century in 1897 is said to be Miss Eockleman, secretary of the Union Cycle Club, of New York.

The Detroit Auditorium will this week be the scene of a race among some of the best female bicycle riders of the country. There are seven booked to start in the race—Helen Baldwin, who is always a favorite in these contests; Tillie Anderson, the Swede, who can outride the average local scorcher; May Allan, of England; Dottie Farnsworth, of Minneapolis, who has won many races; Miss Glaw, the Chicago winner; Miss Gable and Miss Bartnett.

The Detroit Wheelmen have obtained from Chairman Mott, of the L. A. W. racing board, sanctions for race meets on May 31 and on Labor Day. It is not known where the meets will be held, but the committee is now considering the matter, and will both have meets if possible.

BASEBALL.

THE PORT HURON TEAM.

Manager Gobel has completed the Port Huron team for the State League as follows: Comstock, of Chicago, McGraver and Gumbert, of Pittsburg, and Booram, of Muskegon, pitchers; Harry Douglas, of Lexington, Ky., and Hugh Kellackey, of Cleveland, catchers; Kellackey will also cover first base; John Murphy, of Cleveland, second base; Wm. Hart, of Pittsburg, shortstop; John Kruger, of Chicago, third base; F. D. Eddy, of Grand Rapids, left field; Phillip, of Pittsburg, center field.

FLYS.

Hanlon is booming Joe Quinn day and night now. He wants to sell him.

At Louisville on Saturday the home team defeated the Detroit nine 5 runs to 1.

Catcher Meyers, of last year's Jacksons, but on the Toledo list for this year, is said to have been sold to New York for $300.

"Don't try to even up," is President Young's advice to his umpires.

Catcher John Grim, of the Brooklyns, who has been holding off because of a salary cut, has reported for practice at Charlotte. Grim got $2,400 for his work last year, but has now been forced to sign for $2,000.

THE TURF.

WON THE CALIFORNIA DERBY.

San Francisco, April 5.—The inaugural California Derby, valued at $5,000, was decided at Ingleside on Saturday afternoon. Seven thousand people witnessed the contest by the select field of 3-year-olds. A rank outsider flashed by the winning post in the lead, Atkinson Lotteridge's El Rio Rey colt Scarborough, on whose chances 40 to 1 was offered at one time, was the winner. Howard S. was the public choice, with Scarf Pin and Candelaria next in demand. After an almost perfect start, Scarf Pin and Candelaria led the field until the head of the stretch. Here the pair were joined by Scarborough and Howard S., the latter being driven from the rear. In the stretch Candelaria fell back beaten, and a few rods from the wire Howard S. dropped back again into the ruck. Scarf Pin and Scarborough raced together like a team until the wire was reached, where Coady, by a tremendous effort, succeeded in landing his mount first by a bare nose, Scarf Pin finishing second by a length.

TIPS.

During 31 years, ending with last year, there were sold from the Woodburn Stock Farm in Kentucky, 754 trotting-bred horses for a total of $747,314, an average of $991.

Harrison K. Caner and Tristem Colket, two well-known society men of Philadelphia, yesterday covered the distance from New York to Philadelphia on horseback in the remarkably quick time of 6 hours and 51 minutes, arriving at 2.32. This breaks all records.

ATHLETICS.

THE CANADIAN WO...

The cross-country championship of America, which has remained in abeyance for the last five years, was revived Saturday over the Morris Park race track steeplechase course. Fifty-seven runners in all were counted by Starter Bishop. George W. Orton, the Canadian long-distance runner, won handily by 150 yards, in 35 minutes 58 seconds.

THE CUE.

In the billiard tournament at Chicago on Saturday, Spinks beat Maggioli by 400 to 276; winners average, 12 16-32. Catton beat Sutton 400 to 316; winner's average, 23 9-17.

When the blood is kept pure and the system thoroughly invigorated by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, sudden changes of temperature and extremes of heat and cold, so characteristic of certain climates, are rarely attended with injurious results. Take it now.

The Canadian League.

Baseball Cranks Should Paste This Schedule in Their Hats.

Arranged in Chronological Order—London Deprived of Holiday Games.

Baseball cranks would do well to paste the following Canadian League schedule in their hats. It is arranged in chronological order, and is clearer than in the form printed on Saturday. It will be found very useful for reference.

London could not get the home grounds for either July 1 or Labor Day, and Hamilton was similarly situated in regard to Jubilee Day and Labor Day. It was found necessary to leave the Queen's Birthday open for both London and Guelph, and they will play outside teams, in all probability, on those days.

The schedule is:

May 15—Hamilton at Toronto; London at Guelph.
May 19—Toronto at Hamilton; Guelph at London.
May 20—Hamilton at Guelph; London at Toronto.
May 22—London at Toronto.
May 24—Toronto at Hamilton (two games).
May 26—Hamilton at London; Guelph at Toronto.
May 27—Hamilton at Toronto; Guelph at London.
May 29—Hamilton at Toronto; London at Guelph.
June 1—London at Toronto.
June 2—Guelph at Hamilton; Toronto at London.
June 3—Hamilton at London; Toronto at Guelph.
June 5—London at Hamilton; Guelph at Toronto.
June 8—Guelph at London.
June 9—Hamilton at Toronto; London at Guelph.
June 10—London at Toronto.
June 12—Hamilton at Guelph; Toronto at London.
June 15—London at Hamilton; Toronto at Guelph.
June 16—Hamilton at London; Guelph at Toronto.
June 17—Toronto at Hamilton; London at Guelph.
June 19—Hamilton at Toronto; Guelph at London.
June 21—Hamilton at London (two games); Guelph at Toronto (two games).
June 23—Hamilton at Guelph; Toronto at London.
June 24—Hamilton at London; Guelph at Toronto.
June 25—London at Toronto.
June 26—London at Hamilton; Toronto at Guelph.
June 29—Toronto at Hamilton; London at Guelph.
June 30—Hamilton at Toronto; Guelph at London.
July 1—London at Hamilton (two games); Toronto at Guelph (two games).
July 3—Guelph at Hamilton; London at Toronto.
July 6—Hamilton at London; Guelph at Toronto.
July 7—London at Hamilton; Toronto at Guelph.
July 8—Hamilton at Toronto.
July 9—Toronto at London.
July 10—Toronto at Hamilton; Guelph at London.
July 13—Hamilton at Guelph; London at Toronto.
July 14—Guelph at Hamilton.
July 15—London at Hamilton; Guelph at Toronto.
July 17—Hamilton at London; Toronto at Guelph.
July 20—Hamilton at Toronto; London at Guelph.
July 21—Toronto at Hamilton; Guelph at London.
July 22—Guelph at Hamilton; Toronto at London.
July 24—Hamilton at Guelph; London at Toronto.
July 27—London at Hamilton; Toronto at Guelph.
July 28—Hamilton at London; Guelph at Toronto.
July 29—Hamilton at Toronto; London at Guelph.
July 30—Toronto at London.
July 31—Toronto at Hamilton; Guelph at London.
Aug. 2—Hamilton at Guelph (two games).
Aug. 3—Guelph at Hamilton; Toronto at London.
Aug. 4—London at Toronto.
Aug. 5—Hamilton at London; Guelph at Toronto.
Aug. 7—London at Hamilton; Toronto at Guelph.
Aug. 9—Guelph at Hamilton (two games).
Aug. 11—Toronto at Hamilton; Guelph at London.
Aug. 12—Guelph at Hamilton; Toronto at London.
Aug. 14—Hamilton at Guelph; London at Toronto.
Aug. 16—Toronto at Guelph.
Aug. 17—London at Hamilton; Toronto at Guelph.
Aug. 19—Hamilton at Toronto; London at Guelph.
Aug. 21—Toronto at Hamilton; Guelph at London.
Aug. 24—Guelph at Hamilton; Toronto at London.
Aug. 25—Hamilton at Guelph; London at Toronto.
Aug. 26—London at Hamilton.
Aug. 28—Hamilton at London; Guelph at Toronto.
Aug. 31—Guelph at London.
Sept. 1—Toronto at Hamilton; London at Guelph.
Sept. 2—Guelph at Hamilton; Toronto at London.
Sept. 4—Hamilton at Guelph; London at Toronto.
Sept. 6—Hamilton at Toronto (two games); London at Guelph (two games).
Sept. 11—Toronto at Hamilton; London at Guelph.
Sept. 14—Hamilton at Guelph; Toronto at London.
Sept. 15—Guelph at Hamilton; London at Toronto.
Sept. 16—London at Hamilton; Toronto at Guelph.
Sept. 18—Hamilton at London; Guelph at Toronto.

Edith—Well, I've finally consented to marry our old bachelor friend. Clara—No! I was never more surprised in my life. He told me positively that he would marry no woman who was not younger than himself.

Under eminent scientific control.

"APENTA"

The Best Natural Aperient Water.

Relieves the kidneys, unloads the liver, and opens the bowels.

Railway Rumblings.

Retirement of Chief Engineer George Masson.

Brantford's Attempt to Checkmate the Railways—Employes Transferred.

During the month of March Ticket Agent Cassels, of Stratford, booked 167 passengers to the United States.

Mr. Edgar French has been appointed assistant engineer of the western division of the G. T. R., with office at Detroit, vice Mr. G. Masson, retired.

Train Master Coyle, of the T. H. and B., has stated that there will be no dismissals at Hamilton unless for cause. No radical changes will be made.

A. B. Maguire, of the G. T. R. staff, Stratford, is making an inspection of the stations along the line, with the object of arranging for painting during the coming season.

There have been no developments since Friday in connection with the war between the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk over passenger rates to Kootenay. The Canadian Pacific is deliberating over its next step.

The Brantford Board of Trade are trying to discover a method of checkmating the railways in the withdrawal of the market day tickets. A committee has been appointed to inquire as to the possibility of chartering trains to run from Woodstock, Paris, Galt and other points to Brantford on market days.

The reorganization of the Grand Trunk Railway, among other changes, has resulted, according to a circular issued on April 1, in the retirement of George Masson, for many years the well-known chief engineer of the system west of the tunnel. The new policy of the road required the consolidation of the three chief engineers' offices, which were at Hamilton, Montreal and Detroit. Hereafter there will be but one, located at Montreal. Forty years ago Mr. Masson, then a young man of 20, started on the surveys of the Great Western Railway of Canada from Suspension Bridge to Hamilton, soon rising to the position of assistant engineer, and remaining continuously with the Great Western until 1860. He then served as assistant engineer for six months on the Atlantic and Great Western Railway. After that he had charge of a party making a survey for a railroad over the Allegheny Mountains, in Pennsylvania and New York. He located the Tomah and Lake St. Croix Railroad, and then became resident engineer of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railroad. In 1872 he was made chief engineer. In 1882 the fusion of the Grand Trunk with the Great Western Railway was effected, and in 1885 Mr. Masson was appointed chief engineer of all the lines west of the St. Clair and Detroit Rivers, which responsible and laborious office he held until the office was abolished last year, when he was retained as assistant engineer until the present time. In 1875, at the special request of the Right Hon. Hugh Childers, then chairman of the Great Western road, Mr. Masson undertook the building of the London, Huron and Bruce Railway, connecting the Great Western near London with the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway at Wingham. This road was 70 miles long, and in effect ran from Lake Erie to Lake Huron. It was an important road, and was completed in the short space of about eight months, at the low cost of $18,000 per mile.

Numerous Fires.

Hamilton Suffers to the Extent of $18,000.

Toronto, Dundas, Seaforth and Other Localities Visited—A Church Burned.

Hamilton, Ont., April 5.—Fire in the retail hardware store of Peter Bertram & Co., King street east, Sunday, did very extensive damage to the general stock of hardware, paints, oils, bicycles, etc., before being extinguished. Three stories and the basement of the Bertram premises were completely gutted, and the loss will probably exceed $18,000; insured for $14,000. The adjoining premises of W. Wilson, boots and shoes, was badly damaged by water, and the loss will probably reach $1,500. The China Arcade will be a small loser.

St. Catharines, Ont., April 5.—At night fire broke out in the McKinnon, Dash & Hardware Company's factory in this city. Loss between $800 and $1,000; covered by insurance.

Toronto, April 5.—Merritt's wall paper store, 163 King street west, in the Princess Theater block, was damaged by fire last evening to the extent of about $10,000.

Dundas, Ont., April 5.—Shortly after 7 o'clock Saturday evening an alarm of fire called the firemen to Grafton & Co.'s store, but the employes, with the apparatus for fighting fire, extinguished the flames almost as soon as the alarm was given. A second alarm was sent in at about 10:30 from a vacant house on Flamboro street, and the fire made great headway before it was extinguished. Insurance and damage not yet known.

Seaforth, Ont., April 5.—On Sunday morning fire, water and smoke badly damaged the contents of C. W. Papst's stationery and jewelry store and the Bell Telephone Exchange, of which Mr. Papst was agent. J. L. Smith's dry-goods stock next door, was also damaged by water. Papst's building and stock was insured.

Magnetawan, Ont., April 5.—The Methodist Church was destroyed by fire yesterday morning between 10:30 and 11:30. Loss about $1,000; no insurance. The organ, seats, lamps, stove and other fixtures were saved. The fire started under the front door-steps.

Fire broke out in Brink's elevator at Teeswater Friday night, and the building was badly wrecked with fire and water. There was a large stock of wheat and oats in store. The building and contents were owned by Mr. L. A. Brink.

KILLED WHILE CHOPPING.

Drayton, Ont., April 5.—While two sons of John Barry, of con. 15, Maryboro, were chopping, a tree fell on Andrew, killing him instantly. He was 21 years of age.

POISON IN HIS LUNCH.

Quebec, April 5.—The Attorney-General has ordered the stomach of the dog, which recently died after eating Mr. Despeyre's poisoned lunch in Pions' factory, to be analyzed for trace of poison. A warrant was issued yesterday for the arrest of the party suspected of having poisoned Louis Despeyre's dinner.

Australian workmen are able to earn an average wage of $9 60, and do not spend more than $2 64 on their food. In the United States the wage is $11 52, and the amount expended on meals only $3 48.

The Benefit Of Fasting.

From The Independent.

Fasting as a spiritual exercise may be of great benefit. Regarded as a mere ceremonial and practiced only in set seasons and on set days, because the church commands it, much of its real significance and value is lost. The Pharisees were scrupulously careful to observe it according to the letter of the law, but their faithfulness did not receive the commendation of Christ. It is in vain to fast often and to fast strictly, if it goes no further than the mere abstention from food. There is a fasting of the heart which is of greater efficacy than the outward observance of the minute rules which prescribe what may and what may not be eaten at the morning, midday and evening meals. Some of the Lenten regulations issued for the guidance of the faithful seem to lay too much stress upon little things. One may have fish or flesh, but not both, on Sundays; "eggs and whitemeats" may be taken twice a day, but not three times; dripping and lard may be used in preparing meals at which meat is not lawful; certain persons are excused from obedience to the obligations altogether.

Such elaboration of rules emphasizes unavoidably the things which do not constitute fasting, nor affect the merit of fasting. It does not appear why abstinence on certain days and at certain meals from flesh, is more laudable than abstinence from "eggs and white meats." Everybody understands that one cannot fast absolutely for 40 days. Fasting does not mean total abstinence. The degree of abstinence must vary according to the circumstances of individual cases. The advice to abstain entirely from stimulants can be safely and advantageously followed, not only during the prescribed days, but throughout the year; but precise permissions and precise prohibitions are apt to obscure the spirit by laying too much stress upon the letter of fasting.

"First of all, refrain both from speaking and hearing what is wrong; and cleanse thy heart from all pollution, from all revengeful feelings, and from all covetousness; and on the day thou fastest content thyself with bread, vegetables and water."

If one abstains from flesh and indulges in sinful thoughts and acts, the abstinence from food becomes a false sign. It is only an empty, unmeaning ceremony. If one abstains from things which are good and proper in themselves and practices things which are always wrong, there is a contradiction in his life. It is of vastly greater importance that abstinence should extend to sinful acts than to fish and flesh; that the spirit should be mortified rather than the body; for the life is more than meat, as the Saviour taught, and it is of infinite concern that the heart be right. Starving the body does not necessarily strengthen the soul, else were the famine sufferers in India the most spiritual of human beings. We know of no better test than that which Paul applied to those who partake of the Lord's Supper. "Whether, therefore, ye eat or drink, or whatsoever ye do, do all to the glory of God." If a man fast, let him fast to the Lord, not to the church, not to the public; and if he fasts not to the Lord he fasts not at all. It is a good Lutheran precept that a "fast is not of itself and in itself worship to God," but when "conjoined with penitence and prayer," to the end that the flesh may be brought under control so that the "mind may be made ready for spiritual things," fasting is well-pleasing to God. It should not, however, be limited to "a certain time, but be constantly" observed.

The essential thing is to have the mind which was in Christ, who denied himself, not for himself, but for others, who was tempted but yielded not, who fasted and prayed that he might have more strength of soul, who cared more for loving deeds than time-honored ceremonies, who looked at the heart and not at the raiment, who declared that it was not that which entered the mouth which defileth the man, but that which cometh out of the mouth. Baptism is no more than a bath without the spirit of repentance; the Lord's Supper is no more than a bite and a sup, if there be no soul communion; and fasting without spiritual exercise profiteth nothing.

MAN'S AND WOMAN'S BRAINS.

Which Is the Superior — A Woman's Heavier in Proportion to Size.

"Is woman's brain inferior to man's?" This question has been answered in various ways, and there has been a good deal of acrimonious discussion on the subject. In a recent issue of Self-Culture Dr. H. S. Drayton tells us that while woman's brain is smaller than man's it is larger in proportion to the total weight of the body, and is more finely organized, so that, in his opinion, honors are about even. Says Dr. Drayton:

"At the outset it can be said that so far as the constitution of the brain elements in themselves is concerned, there is nothing that warrants opinion regarding any defect as such to be set to the account of woman. Using the language of Prof. Ludwig Buchner: 'Neither the chemical nor the physical examination of the brain by means of the microscope has yet shown any real difference between the two species of brains by which any distinction of functional capacity can be discovered.'

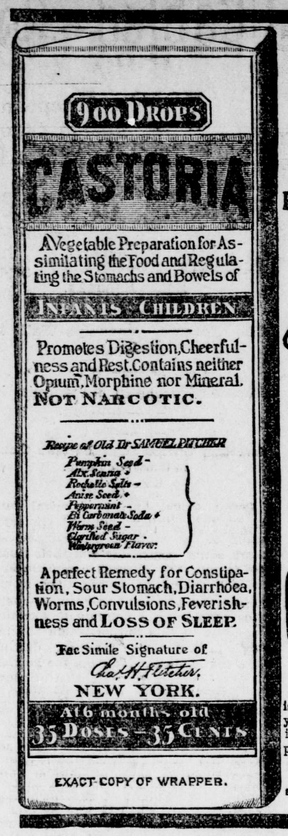
"There are some authorities who claim that on the score of quality, on the fineness and delicacy of her general constitution, woman may assert a comparative superiority. Prof. G. B. Bruhl, of Vienna, for instance, in his paper on 'Woman's Brain, Woman's Mind,' appears to think that the absence of difference in their tissue elements implies the absolute intellectual equality of the sexes. These writers do not throw out of view the fact of the smaller size of the feminine head and brain, but argue on the basis of comparative relations.

"There has been much weighing and measuring of crania to determine the ratio of sex difference, but, as should be expected, no precise standard has been obtained. . . . .

"If we were to limit ourselves to the question of weight or size alone in the attempt to determine mental capacity, great injustice would be done. Yet there are many physiologists, or writers on brain capacity, who stickle for the four of five ounces of over-weight in the male brain as a positive determination of its superiority, and apparently forget that in all examinations of nerve property, its structure, as to quality and health, should be taken into consideration.

"In typical womanhood the general physiology is smaller and finer, the nervous system especially being more delicate and symmetrical. In proportion to her weight, however, the brain of woman is somewhat heavier, so that putting the two things together, it may be claimed, as a reasonable conclusion, and not a concession of gallantry, that woman, so far as the brain and nervous system are concerned, is very nearly, if not absolutely, upon the same plane with her masculine counterpart."

Edwin S. Barbour, president of the Detroit stove works, died Saturday evening, in his 65th year.



SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Give Us Your Order Early.

New Spring Pants $3 50 and $4.
New Spring Suits $12 75 and $15.
New Spring Overcoats $15 and $18.

Call and inspect our new stock Shirts and Ties.

Pethick & McDonald,
136 DUNDAS STREET. zxv

Business Men....

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CATALOGUES, PAMPHLETS, BOOK and COMMERCIAL PRINTING

We are at all times pleased to furnish estimates. Our facilities are such that all work is delivered promptly and on the shortest notice. Send to the office, or call up Phone 175, and your wants will be attended to.

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London, Ont.

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111 Dundas St.
Branch—654 Dundas St.

FOR
Alabastine,
Prepared Paint,
Varnishes, Oils,
Brushes of All Kinds,
Clothes Wringers,
Carpet Sweepers,
AT LOWEST PRICES
zxv

The Hon. Carroll D. Wright was one of the speakers at a reunion of the Sons of New Hampshire in Boston the other night. He quoted the familiar saying that figures cannot lie, but that liars can figure, and said that one "authority," for instance, had stated that 300 per cent of the Turkish population of a certain town were criminals. Investigation disclosed that the total Turkish population was one man; he had been arrested three times.

A Prominent Lawyer Says:

"I have eight children, every one in good health, not one of whom but has taken Scott's Emulsion, in which my wife has boundless confidence."

Navigation and Railways.

Easter Holiday Excursions

AT SINGLE FARE FOR ROUND TRIP,

Good going April 15 to 19, good for return until April 20.

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS,

On presentation of certificate from principal, tickets will be issued at

FARE AND ONE-THIRD.

Going March 27 to April 17, good to return until April 27, to all stations in Canada, via

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

For rates and tickets call at 395 Richmond street. Phone 205.

JOHN PAUL, City Agent.
O. W. RUGGLES, Gen. Pass. Agent. JOHN G. LAVEN, Can. Pass. Agent.

ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamships, Liverpool, Calling at Moville.

	Portland.	Halifax.
Parisian	April 8	April 10
Mongolian	April 22	April 24
	Montreal.	Quebec.
Numidian	May 8	May 8
Parisian	May 15	May 16
Carthaginian	May 22	May 22
California	May 29	May 30

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First cabin Derry and Liverpool, $52 50 and $60; return $100 and $110. Second cabin, Liverpool, Derry, London, $34. Steerage, Liverpool, Derry, Belfast, Glasgow, London, everything found, $24 50.

Glasgow-New York service — From New York: State of Nebraska, April 14. State of California, April 23. Cabin, $45 to $65; return $90 to $123 50; second cabin, $35; return, $65 50.

AGENTS—E. De la Hooke, "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas. Thos. R. Parker, southwest corner Richmond and Dundas streets, and F. B. Clarke, 415 Richmond street.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Gold Fields

—OF THE—

KOOTENAI DISTRICT

$55.50

TO ROSSLAND

Full information at "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas streets, E. De la Hooke, agent, or G. T. R. depot. zxv

WHITE STAR LINE

New York to Liverpool via Queenstown

S.S. GERMANIC, April 14
S.S. TEUTONIC, April 21
S.S. BRITANNIC, April 28
S.S. MAJESTIC May 5
S.S. GERMANIC, May 12
S.S. TEUTONIC, May 19
} 12 noon

Rates as low as by any first-class line.

E. De La Hooke,
Sole Agent for London, "Clock" Corner. zxv

Navigation and Railways

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

IS THE DIRECT LINE TO THE

GOLD FIELDS
.....OF.....
NORTHWESTERN ONTARIO and BRITISH COLUMBIA.

And for all points in "KOOTENAY and CARIBOO."

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS to British Columbia every Thursday and Friday.

The Second-Class Rates from all stations in Ontario, west of Sharbot Lake or Kingston, are: To Rat Portage $21.00, and to Nelson or Rossland $55.50, and proportionately low rates are made to all other points. Get full information and free pamphlets from any Canadian Pacific Railway Agent; or write C. E. McPherson, 1 King street east, Toronto. zxv

RAILWAY Time Tables

CORRECTED FEB. 10, 1897.

It is requested that local railway officials keep the ADVERTISER posted as to changes whenever made.

L. E. & D. R. R.

Leave London	a.m. 6:25	a.m. 10:05	p.m. 2:30	p.m. 7:00
Arrive London	8:45	p.m. 2:05	.....	10:35

Note—Trains leaving London at 10:05 and 7:00 run to St. Thomas only.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Going East.

Depart—	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
London	4:15	8:00	4:35
Woodstock	5:03	8:54	5:29
Galt	6:00	9:58	6:32
Guelph	.....	.....	7:45
Toronto	8:15	12 m	8:35
Peterboro	11:22	.....	11:35
	p.m.		a.m.
Kingston	4:30	.....	.....
Ottawa	4:55	.....	5:50
Montreal	7:20	.....	7:40
	a.m.	.....	p.m.
Quebec	6:30	.....	3:00
Portland, Me	8:25	.....	8:10
Boston	8:02	.....	8:30
Halifax	10:10	.....	.....

Trains arrive from the east at 11:18 a.m., 8:00 p.m., 11:20 p.m.

Going West.

Depart—	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
London	8:15	11:25	8:10
Arrive—	m.	p.m.	
Chatham	12:20	1:02	10:15
Detroit	.....	1:50	11:15
Chicago	.....	9:45	7:55
		a.m.	
St. Louis	.....	7:30	7:52
		p.m.	a.m.
Kansas City	.....	6:20	7:00

Trains arrive from the west at 4:10 a.m., 2:40 p.m., 4:25 p.m.

THOS. R. PARKER, City Ticket and Passenger Agent, 161 Dundas street, southwest corner Richmond and Dundas.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
Southern Division.

MAIN LINE—Going East.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
*Lehigh Express (B)	3:20 a.m.	3:35 a.m
Wabash Express	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Accommodation	.....	8:20 a.m.
Atlantic Express (A)	12:25 p.m.	12:40 p.m.
Day Express	10:25 a.m.	2:25 p.m.
†Wabash Express (A)	4:20 p.m.	4:35 p.m.
Mixed	7:10 p.m.	7:50 p.m.
Detroit Express	11:20 p.m.	.....

MAIN LINE—Going West.

	ARRIVE	DEPART.
†Chicago Express (A)	3:03 a.m.	.....
Accommodation	.....	7:00 a.m.
†Lehigh Express	11:07 a.m.	.....
Wabash Express (A)	11:20 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Accommodation	12:10 p.m.	2:20 p.m.
†Pacific Express (A)	5:25 p.m.	6:45 p.m
Mail	9:50 p.m.	.....

Sarnia Branch.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Lehigh Express (B)	3:30 a.m.	.....
Accommodation	8:05 a.m.	.....
Atlantic Express (B)	11:30 a.m.	.....
Accommodation	2:30 p.m.	.....
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	.....
Accommodation	7:50 p.m.	.....

Sarnia Branch.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Chicago Express (B)	.....	3:10 a.m.
Accommodation	.....	7:40 a.m.
Lehigh Express (B)	.....	11:12 a.m.
Accommodation	.....	2:20 p.m.
Pacific Express (B)	.....	6:35 p.m

London, Huron and Bruce.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Express	10:00 a.m	8:15 a.m.
Mail	6:30 p.m.	4:45 p.m.

St. Marys and Stratford Branch.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Express	9:45 a.m.	7:15 a.m.
(D) Passenger	.....	11:10 a.m.
Express	1:10 p.m.	.....
Express	5:40 p.m.	2:40 p.m.
Express	10:35 p.m	5:55 p.m.
(D) Mixed	.....	8:30 a.m.

Toronto Branch.

Hamilton—Depart—						
a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.
*7:00	9:10	11:20	12:30	3:40	*7.00	8:35
Hamilton—Arrive—						
p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m	p.m.
(B)6	9:35	10:10	3:20	5:35	6:30	8:15
						11:50

* These trains for Montreal.
† These trains from Montreal.
(A) Runs daily, Sundays included.
(B) Runs daily, Sundays included, but makes no intermediate stops on Sundays.
(C) Carries passengers between London and Paris only.
(D) Runs to St. Marys only, connecting for points on main line west.

E. DE LA HOOKE, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, the "Clock" corner, Richmond and Dundas streets.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RY.

LONDON TIME.

Canada Southern Division—Going East

	Leave London.	Leave St. Thomas.
American Express (daily except Monday)	9:30 a.m.	11:05 a.m.
Atlantic Express (daily)	9:30 a.m.	2:30 p.m.
Mail and Accommodation (daily except Sunday)	2:59 p.m.	3:45 p.m.
New York and Boston Special (daily)	7:40 p.m.	10:05 p.m.
Fast Eastern Express (daily)	7:40 p.m.	9:30 a.m

Canada Southern Division—Going West

North Shore Limited (daily)	.....	6:25 a.m.
Fast Western Express (daily)	9:30 a.m.	10:35 a.m.
Detroit Accommodation, except Sunday	.....	7:35 a.m.
American Express (daily except Monday)	9:30 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
Mail and Accommodation (daily except Sunday)	2:50 p.m.	3:40 p.m.
Pacific Express (daily)	7:40 p.m.	8:35 p.m.
Boston, New York and Chicago special (daily)	7:40 p.m.	4:10 a.m.

Trains arrive at London 7:55 a.m., 1:10 and 6:35 p.m.; depart 9:20 a.m., 2:55 and 7:40 p.m.

[NOTE.—No trains to or from London on Sundays.]

JOHN PAUL, City Passenger Agent, 395 Richmond street.

WHISKARD'S

Rebuilding and Alteration Sale.

228, 230, 232 DUNDAS STREET.

London's Cheapest Store

OF COURSE OUR DRESS GOODS ARE RIGHT.

Where or when have DRESS GOODS been offered so marvelously cheap? The answer comes like a thunderbolt—NOWHERE! And the scores of buyers who have invaded our stores attest the fact that at no time or at any place have fine DRESS GOODS been so honestly and sweepingly undercut and undersold. This sale is not made up of false promises and meaningless words on paper. Every piece is in plain, readable figures, and whatever we say to you in our announcements is always carried out to the letter. If you want strictly reliable DRESS GOODS in plain or figured Blacks, Lustres, Plaids, Henriettas, Shot Effects at bonafide, true, genuinely low prices come to WHISKARD'S.

All-Wool Henriettas, in black and colors, worth 50c, for 25c yard.
Light Fancy Mohairs, worth 50c, for 34c.
Black Figured Lustres, 24c yard.
Cheviot Tweed Effects, 24c yard.
Shot Effects, 42 inches, 25c yard.
Black Sicilian Figured Lustre, 52 inches wide, for 29c yard.
Black Henriettas, silk finish, worth 50c, for 35c and 40c yard.
PRIESTLEY'S BLACK DRESS GOODS, at 59c, 75c, 95c; WORTH A GREAT DEAL MORE.

This Store's Story

is always to the point—a record of happenings that bears directly upon your needs and to your profit. Just now our story is about HOSIERY. Our price list will interest you.

Ladies' Cotton Hose, spliced heel and toe, Hermsdorf dye, 12½c and 15c pair.
Ladies' Extra Fine Black Cotton Hose, seamless, spliced heel and toe, Hermsdorf dye, beautiful goods, 25c pair.
Ladies' Tan Cotton Hose, seamless, worth 20c pair, selling for 12½c.
CHILDREN'S BLACK COTTON HOSE, 8c PAIR.

Cashmere Hose

Ladies' Fine Black Cashmere Hose, 23c and 25c pair.
Ladies' Extra Fine Black Cashmere Hose, worth 40c and 50c pair, for 35c and 39c.
Children's Ribbed Cashmere Hose, 20c pair.

Mysterious Airship.

Thousands of Kansas People Claim to Have Seen It.

The Aerial Marvel Sails Through the Sky With Perfect Freedom.

Kansas City, Mo., April 5.—The mysterious black object casting before it a penetrating red light, which has startled people of Kansas at intervals during the last two weeks, has descended on Kansas City. Ten thousand people are ready to swear that they have seen an airship. There are scoffers and unbelievers and practical men, who declare that the light is Venus, the evening star, but, according to the almanac, Venus should have set an hour before this bright light appeared in the northwest, and Venus does not dodge around, fly swiftly across the horizon, swoop rapidly toward the earth, and then soar away until lost in the haze of the southern sky.

The mysterious light was first discovered in the sky at 8:15 o'clock Saturday night, and seems to have been observed simultaneously from a score of different points.

Within ten minutes excited crowds had gathered on the street corners, and before public buildings, watching the movements of the strange object. At the Coates House a hundred or more men and women, among them some of the best known people in town, stood for half an hour wondering if the object were a thing of reality or only a delusion.

At the Midland Hotel, the union depot, the postoffice and scores of other places hosts of people gathered to discuss the matter. Hugh J. McGowan, the agent of an asphalt company; G. F. Stockham, manager of the Midland Hotel; J. Len Coates, of the Coates House, Ald. Julius J. Wolf and hundreds of other men are fully convinced that this thing is an airship.

Many people at first thought it an April fool joke, but now they are convinced that it is not. At a late hour there were hundreds of people on the streets still watching intently for a return of the airship.

Everest, Kan., April 5.—No one in this part of Brown county doubts for an instant that the airship is a success. At 9:05 o'clock a brilliant light appeared in the southeast, so brilliant that it attracted attention almost immediately. As the vessel came over the city the full power of the wonderful lamps were turned on, and the city was flooded with light. The entire population was soon outdoors watching the aerial monster as it neared the earth, or, with a velocity of an eagle, sailed away into space until the lights merely twinkled; then, reversing, it would sail back over the heads of the astonished spectators. For five minutes at one time it seemed to skirt the lower edges of a cloud that hung low down in the heavens, and it was then that the powerful lights were reflected on the cloud, and the outlines of the ship were clearly distinguished. The basket, or car, seemed to be about 25 or 30 feet long, shaped like an Indian canoe. Four light wings extended from the car, two on either side, and placed opposite to each other. At the ends these wings were triangular. A large dark mass was discernible immediately over the car, and was supposed by the watchers to be an inflated gas bag.

That the same power which furnished the light was used for lifting the ship was evident from the fact that the lights grew dim as the ship went upward, and as the ship came nearer the earth the light was as brilliant as the headlight of a locomotive, which at that time was standing in the yards, the only difference being that the engine's light was of yellow, while the light from the airship was of a greenish-blue color. Some claimed that they distinguished red lights suspended over the gunwales of the airship.

Coleman's CELEBRATED DAIRY, HOUSEHOLD AND FARM SALT
PROMPT SHIPMENT GUARANTEED
CANADA SALT ASSOCIATION
CLINTON, ONT. 6

The U. S. Tariff.

Senate Committee at Work on the Bill

Rates May be Reduced—The Lumber Schedule Causes Contention.

Washington, D. C., April 5.—The Republican members of the Senate committee on finance are continuing their work day and night on the tariff bill, with the intention of reporting it to the Senate at the earliest possible day. They are not yet prepared to give out any of the results of their investigations, and say when approached upon the subject that they have not as yet reached any conclusions upon any schedules of the bill. There is, however, a well-defined impression about the Senate that the bill will be generally remodeled and the rates considerably reduced in many of the schedules.

A member of the committee is quoted by another Senator as authority for the specific statement that carpet duties would be cut. There is also a general belief that there will be material changes in the rates on wools, especially on those of the third class.

Among other suggestions which have been urged upon the committee are the following:

A return to the Wilson law of 8 cents a pound duty on hops instead of the 15 cents provided by the Dingley bill. It is claimed that the proposed increase will be an injury rather than a benefit to the producer and a hardship to the consumer. Also a uniform rate on all imported tobacco suitable for cigar purposes. It is asserted that the enactment of the Dingley rates into law would result in throwing 300,000 cigarmakers out of employment. A reduction of the rate on gold leaf, silver leaf, aluminum leaf and composition or duties metal. A reduction on the rate of 10 cents a pound on gum chicle, the basis of pure chewing-gum. Some of the manufacturers urge that this article should be made free, because it is, they say, "the poor man's luxury."

There is also much contention about the lumber schedule, as there is also of many other schedules. The American lumbermen interested in Canadian forests appear to be especially concerned over the Dingley rates. The committee is not receiving any verbal statements except from senators, but is giving close attention to typewritten presentations of fact and argument. Few promises are being made, even to senators. There is, therefore, no basis for any but the most general prediction as to the fate of the bill at the hands of the Republican senators.

Cabled Comment

On European Topics — Anarchy and Confusion Characterize the Eastern Situation—The Powers Distrust Each Other —Nothing Accomplished.

Potent Influences at Work for Peace—The South African Squabble—A Club Scandal—Looking for Jubilee Honors—Cure for Consumption—Bismarck's Birthday Celebration.

THE INHARMONIOUS CONCERT.

London, April 4.—It is just a month since the so-called concert of the powers threatened the blockade of Crete, which has proved quite ineffectual, being continually evaded, and today the anarchy in Crete and the confusion in European councils are worse than before. The replies of the Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office, Mr. Curzon, to inquiries on the subject show it to be by no means certain that all the powers have actually agreed to blockade the Greek ports. The latest news indicates that France and Italy are still averse to this course. The fact is that the powers' distrust of each other reduces them to impotence. None of them wants a general war, nobody being able to foresee what its eventual result would be. It is believed that Russia and Germany and perhaps Austria want a localized war, hoping that Turkey, being victorious, will lay Greece at the mercy of European dictation. In the meantime, the two combatants, as well as the powers, hesitate to incur the odium of commencing the conflict. Germany's attitude in setting on the other powers while herself abstaining from any active share in the struggle is universally condemned as being disgraceful diplomatic betrayal. Russia is evidently playing her own game, and while willing to send to Crete whatever troops the other powers suggest, hopes that the blockade of Greece will incite the Greeks to hostile acts on the frontier, something that seems to be extremely probable, as the King of Greece stoutly maintains his original determination, and the Premier, M. Delyannis, declares that nothing will prevent war if the powers persist in refusing their consent to the union of Crete to Greece. Russia is confident that Greece will lose the first battle, and that Bulgaria and Servia will not move except at Russia's orders.

NOTHING ACCOMPLISHED.

Another correspondent says: Neither England nor Europe has done anything the past week for either liberty or peace. The insurgents' positions and native villages have been bombarded and a good many Cretans have been killed. The island remains in a state of anarchy, and the forces on the mainland are awaiting the signal for war, which apparently cannot be averted unless the Turkish garrison be withdrawn from Crete, and the blockade of the Piraeus be abandoned. Europe has neither pacified Crete nor coerced the Greeks, and an outbreak of hostilities in the Balkans has been rendered well-nigh inevitable by the diplomatic action of the powers based on no principle except mutual distrust. The Cretan question in its present aspect is a maze with a single luminous thread. The Greeks have offered to evacuate the island and leave the Cretans at liberty to settle their own destiny by plebiscite under European policy regulation if the Turks would go first. The Sultan has not been unwilling to withdraw his garrisons, but has insisted that the Greeks must go first. Here is a plain method of compromise dependent only upon a single point of dignity which ought not to be an insuperable barrier; but the question remains unsettled, and apparently because the powers do not wish to have it adjusted.

MR. GLADSTONE'S COMPARISON.

Mr. Gladstone has written another letter on Cretan affairs, with reference to the concert of Europe. He says the attitude of the powers recalls the days of Castlereagh and Metternich, when Greece was unable to buy armaments in Europe on credit, while Turkey had no difficulty whatever in doing so. It is stated that Greece will try to raise an internal loan of £1,000,000. The reports that Greek insurgents have already crossed the Macedonian frontier turn out to be incorrect.

CHANCES FOR PEACE.

There seems to be two potent influences for peace, which are being used at the present moment with most energetic determination. They are the manifold resources of the financial world, and that personal but rarely exercised political power which the allied royal families of England, Denmark, Russia and Greece have at their command. The pivoted point of the financial world just now is Paris. Lord Salisbury's visit to the French capital was not entirely for the purpose of consulting M. Hanotaux. He saw there certain men whose silent politico-financial influence is most potent in the affairs of Europe. The French Government is more susceptible to the influence of the kings of finance than any other, and if Lord Salisbury was able to convince such men as the Rothschilds that his policy was safe in dealing with Turkey and Greece the co-operation of France would be as good as secured.

The other influence is that growing out of royal family alliances. A royal family council is about to be held at Copenhagen, and there is little doubt that King George will give great weight to any counsel which may come from that source, even if he does not adopt its suggestions. All the members of the household are bound together by the ties of affection peculiarly strong. This has been demonstrated in a score of ways within the past six weeks. The dowager Empress of Russia's telegram to King George at the outset of the trouble, which has so puzzled the diplomatic world, was undoubtedly genuine. It is learned on authority beyond question that an equally remarkable dispatch was sent by the Princes of Wales to Queen Victoria at the moment when Prince George sailed for Crete in command of the Greek fleet. It was in these words: "I beg, I implore you to use all your influence to prevent the international fleet from firing upon the Greek ships." There is no doubt that the Queen did all her anxious daughter-in-law asked, and more. She is restraining Lord Salisbury in every possible way from adopting a severe policy towards Greece. She summonses him to her at Cimiez almost daily for this purpose, and if Queen Victoria can prevent it, there will be no war in Europe during the year of her jubilee.

NEITHER POWER ANXIOUS FOR WAR.

A member of the Sultan's entourage writes: "Here are Turkey and Greece, neither anxious for war, being pushed into war through the agency of European concert for the maintenance of peace. They would easily come to an agreement if left to themselves, but the powers forbid." The admirals of the combined fleets admit themselves powerless, and have called in despair for a European governor-general of Crete with full powers and the necessary funds and for the withdrawal of the Turkish troops. That was ten days ago; yet the powers do nothing. On the frontier German officers are actually superintending the erection of new forts. Athens telegrams say that everything is ready on the frontier for the signal which King George will be driven by the mob to give directly the European warships are turned on Greece. It is surprising that the opinion spreads that Germany and Russia must wish Greece and Turkey to fight, believing that Greece will be worsted and taught compliance with the dictates of St. Petersburg and Berlin. Everything certainly suggests that Russia has bought off Servia and Bulgaria. If, however, the concert does drive Turkey and Greece into war the Greek fleet is certain to make itself felt among the islands in the Greek sea still under Turkish rule, and the powers can hardly defy the law of nations by interfering. The London Chronicle makes an earnest appeal to the friends of Greece in the United States to test the legality of both the Cretan and the Athenian blockades by sending food supplies under the American flag, and seeing what the powers would do when confronted by a power they dare not bully.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN SITUATION.

In connection with the warlike aspect of affairs in Europe and South Africa, it is significantly announced that Lord Wolseley, the British commander-in chief, accompanied by his aide-de-camp, will soon start for Gibraltar, in order to inspect that fortress.

The details of President Kruger's claim against Great Britain for indemnity as a result of the Transvaal raid are now definitely known. In addition to the sum of £677,923 ($3,389,665), which is said to be the expense to which the raid entailed, including immense compensation to railway and telegraph companies, burghers, etc., the Transvaal demands £1,000,000 for "moral and intellectual damage." This appears as a separate and additional item. Col. Francis Rhodes, the brother of Cecil Rhodes, estimated before the parliamentary commission that the cost of enginering the raid was £250,000. A sensation among the members of the commission is expected on Tuesday next, when Charles Leonard, one of the members of the Johannesburg reform committee, is to present an exhaustive statement dealing with the grievances of the uitlanders of the Transvaal.

MORE PEACEFUL PROSPECTS.

Mr. Chamberlain has made two speeches on colonial topics without a provocative word towards the Transvaal. This decided change suggests that some one has thrown cold water on his aggressive attitude. Some say that the moderate party in the Cabinet is aghast at the prospect of a war of races in South Africa, while Europe is so disturbed. Certainly the Standard, St. James Gazette and Pall Mall Gazette, all strong Government organs, while resolutely maintaining Great Britain's position as the paramount power, join in urging that tact and judgment now are wanted, not attempts to pick a quarrel with the Boers.

Another correspondent, writing on South African affairs, says: "There is more hope just at this moment than there has been for months that a collision with the Transvaal may be avoided. This may, however, prove to be merely a passing mood of popular optimism to be succeeded again by gloomy depression. What has happened is that the gentlemen at the Cape, who are busy working up the anti-Boer sentiment, have rather overdone it. Even the man in the street knows that dispatches from South Africa cost several dollars a word, and when columns of truculent speeches by persons nobody ever heard of before, and who hold no position, are cabled here apparently with no object but to foment trouble, he soon asks himself, who is paying these great expenses, and for what? From this to a resentment at an attempt to hoodwink him is only a short step. Just now the Englishmen one meets are all saying that this deliberate attempt to provoke the burghers on one side and to inflame British passion on the other, so as to force a war between the two, is the most monstrous thing they have ever heard of.

SCANDAL.

A London evening paper publishes a sensational story descriptive of a fracas in the Raleigh Club in the West End of London, the members of which are chiefly military officers and civilians connected with the best social circles. According to the paper, a member of the club, a Mr. Mackie, while in the supper room a night or two ago, made a disparaging remark regarding the mother of a fellow member, Mr. Gerard O'Shea, who is the son of Capt. O'Shea and Mrs. O'Shea Parnell. Young O'Shea, who was present, resented the remark as grossly insulting and threw the contents of his glass into Mackie's face. Further hostilities were prevented by the other clubmen in the room, but eventually O'Shea met Mackie after he had gone down stairs preparatory to leaving the building and struck him a heavy blow in the jaw, knocking him down. In falling Mackie's head struck against a fender, rendering him unconscious. Mackie was picked up and removed to a bed, where, after remaining some time, and not regaining consciousness, a doctor was called. The physician was unable to bring him to his senses, and some of the most eminent specialists in London, together with a number of trained nurses, were summoned and have since been in attendance upon him. He is now suffering from the effects of concussion of the brain. The paper adds that Mr. O'Shea tendered his resignation as a member of the Raleigh Club, and also laid the facts before his father, Capt. O'Shea, and his uncle, Sir Evelyn Wood, both of whom expressed their approval of his conduct.

COVETED HONORS.

Much commotion prevails in the various departments of state owing to the rumor that the chiefs are engaged in making out the lists of those Government servants who are deemed worthy of special recognition by Queen Victoria in connection with the forthcoming diamond jubilee. The announcement will be made in what is known as the Birthday Gazette at the end of May, and the list is likely to be a phenomenally long one. Usually, Queen Victoria follows the advice of her Ministers in regard to the honors conferred for political services, but she scrutinizes all others very closely, and has been known to refuse to accept recommendations, without assigning any reasons. It is altogether too early yet to predict what particular men will get the honors, but a dukedom for the Marquis of Salisbury and a peerage for Sir Julian Pauncefote are likely to be bestowed.

THE IRISH GRIEVANCE.

The long-expected Irish financial grievance debate ended in the collapse of Mr. Blake's motion. Only three Ministerialists supported Mr. Blake, and ten Radicals took their revenge on the Irish members for their support of the Ministers' church schools relief policy by swelling the Government majority. The question, however, cannot rest here, for, as Mr. Leckey, the greatest living authority on Irish history, admitted, Ireland's claim to separate treatment is absolute and indefensible.

KLEPTOMANIA.

The police magistrates of London seem to have conferred together since the recent American case drew painful attention to the ethics of kleptomania, for they are now declining to recognize the plea in any form, and from remarks in the Marylebone court the other day, one gathers that there has been a general decision among the judges to no longer countenance it.

BISMARCK'S BIRTHDAY.

Prince Bismarck's birthday, April 1, was generally greeted with congratulations and eulogistic articles. His rheumatic attack, which has been very painful during the week, having partially subsided, the former chancellor was able to spend part of the day out of bed, and share in the family meals, his appetite remaining good. He entered the reception room in the evening, dressed in plain black, with a white neckcloth, and wearing his usual broad-rimmed hat, which he did not take off on account of the draughts. He walked erect, carrying a stick. Count Herbert Bismarck, aided by Dr. Schweninger, handed him the presents, which he examined closely. He then went to another room, where the presents of the children and grandchildren were displayed. Thousands of dispatches and letters arrived at Friedrichsruhe during the week, 28 of them being from French admirers. From the United States there were 103 cable messages, expressing sympathy with the great statesman.

Among the cartload of gifts sent to Prince Bismarck for his birthday were some remarkable ones, such as live animals and household pets. A cage full of live mocking birds was sent to him from Alabama. Prince Bismarck's whole family spent the day under his roof.

QUARRYMEN'S QUARRELS.

Efforts to close the quarrel between Lord Penhryn and his Welsh quarrymen on strike have failed. Lord Penhryn refusing the right of effective combination, and 2,700 workmen are thus workless.

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

Prof. Koch publishes in the Deutsche Medicinische Wochenschrift, of Berlin, the result of his latest experiments in the treatment of consumption. He says that he has greatly improved his tuberculine. The bacilli which form the basis of the lymph are now destroyed as living organisms, while retaining their curative properties, in the earlier stages of the disease.

STILL IN HIS PRIME.

North Hastings' Oldest Inhabitant Hale and Hearty.

Josias Moore, of Bancroft, Ont., one of the oldest and best-known residents of Hastings county, can boast of wonderful health and vigor for his age.

"Although I am over 84 years of age," he says, "I feel as young as ever I did."

Mr. Moore, however, had a narrow escape from death about a year ago. "I was so bad with indigestion," he writes, "that the doctors gave me up. I tried various alleged remedies, but found them no good. One day our popular druggist, F. C. Humphries, sent me a sample of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, to try. The result was marvelous. After taking two I was able to get up. Then I sent for a box. I could soon eat anything. In a short time I was able to walk two miles, to Bancroft and back, with ease."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will, without fail, cure all kidney, liver, stomach and blood troubles. For sale by all dealers. Price 25 cents. One pill a dose; one cent a dose; Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto.

Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is the latest discovery for coughs, asthma, and consumption. It is pleasant, quick, and certain. 25 cents.

Musical Instruction.

MRS. NOBLE, TEACHER OF PIANO, organ and harmony; terms moderate. Residence 526 King street. zxy

W. H. HEWLETT, ORGANIST OF Dundas Center Methodist Church, teacher of piano, organ, harmony and composition. Address 548 Waterloo street.

MR. FREDERICK G. SIMPSON, ORGANIST Askin Street Methodist Church. Instruction in piano and harmony. Accompanist. 199 Richmond street

Jewelers.

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Accountants

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JOHN CAMERON, President and Manag. Dir.

London, Monday, April 5, 1897.

God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.
—Browning.

The Capital Day by Day,

As Seen From the Press Gallery.

[Special Editorial Correspondence of The Advertiser.]

Press Gallery, Ottawa,
April 5, 1897.

Parliament has sat for six days discussing the speech from the throne. If the Opposition had been well advised, the debate would have been closed in less than six hours. There was nothing very contentious in the speech—nothing, outside of the mild reference to the settlement of the school act, was referred to that needed debate at this stage, as proposed legislation can always be more effectively discussed when the measure promised is before the House. Sir Charles Tupper, however, chose to make the school settlement the chief theme of his address. Before the debate closed last Friday evening, the full effect of his mistaken tactics was exposed, to the humiliation of his supporters, who are now, as they were when much more numerous in the House, hopelessly divided on the question.

The wisdom of letting the settlement alone, and permitting the Manitobans to look to Premier Greenway for a fulfillment of his pledge to give a most liberal interpretation of the provisions of the measure, could scarcely have been more strikingly exemplified as member after member on the Conservative side of the House rose to speak. One section of Sir Charles' followers insisted that the agreement was unacceptable to them, and that it was the duty of the Federal Government to coerce the Manitobans into doing that which by an overwhelming majority they say no power will compel them to do. Another section was equally emphatic in declaring against coercion, though reluctant to say that the Ottawa Government had done the right thing. Mr. Maclean, Mr. Craig, Mr. Wallace, Mr. Clarke, Mr. Ross Robertson, Mr. Osler, Mr. Bennett, Mr. McCleary and Mr. McNeill, representing Conservative constituencies, all condemned the policy of their leader, and there were men sitting beside them who remained silent, not because they did not feel as the M. P.s named, but because their political affinities kept their tongues in check. Such men, for example, as Hon. John Haggart and Dr. Sproule, who knew the temper of their constituencies too well to regard the preaching of opposition to the settlement as anything but the advocacy of a lost cause. There is, indeed, much friction in Conservative circles because Mr. Haggart and Dr. Montague, the Ontario leaders, have not more actively supported the party candidates in the bye-elections. It is said that there was a "scene" in the recent Opposition caucus arising out of this friction.

Now Parliament has got away from the address, and the Government is ready with important public measures in both Houses. The Finance Minister, too, is hard at work upon his tariff, the details of which are very heavy. There is a consensus of opinion in Liberal Parliamentary circles that while it is advisable to have the completed tax list presented and passed into law at the earliest possible moment, it would be unwise for Hon. Mr. Fielding to bring in an experimental tariff, which would profess to set up a new condition of affairs, and be compelled afterwards to make a complete somersault, implying radical changes on every page of the tariff list. The tariff is wanted soon. Let it be a fixture, when brought down, for one year anyway; and if for two, three or four, so much the better will it please the public. Constant tinkering, except when necessary to remedy a grave injustice, is to be deprecated, and in this respect Mr. Fielding could well refuse to imitate his predecessor.

Mr. Fielding tells me that not an hour will he delay presentation of the tariff longer than is necessary to present it in this complete shape. For the Opposition to threaten meanwhile to obstruct public business and to refuse to consider important public measures brought forward in fulfillment of the pre-election promises of the Government, would be an unwarrantable proceeding, not calculated to impress the public with the wisdom of those who resort to it.

I learn that the 28 employes of the Montreal postoffice who have been given notice of dismissal were appointed as temporary clerks during the periods of the bye-elections and general elections which took place in that city and neighborhood last year. The inspector was asked to report on the manning of the Montreal postoffice, and he candidly informed the Postmaster-General that there was no need for the services of these extra hands. The argument of the Opposition is that it is persecution to dismiss them. Since when did it become the law in Canada that the taxpayers must keep in pay men for whom there is no work to do? The Minister would be guilty of wrongdoing if he did not act on the independent report of the inspector, who, by the way, is a Conservative, and an appointee of the late Administration.

Both at Ottawa and at Victoria, the British Columbia capital, renewed agitation for the prevention of Chinese and Japanese immigration is on foot. In the British Columbia Legislature last week, a bill to prevent the employment of Japanese on all contracts undertaken under private bills passed by that body, was considered. The measure was supported on the ground that the Japs, like the Chinese, do not assimilate with the people of this country, while European nationalities do assimilate. The measure passed its third reading. Eastern investors will be interested to know that all companies doing business in British Columbia, even when registered in other provinces, go under the provisions of this measure. Japanese who are born in British territory are not affected by the act. The petition which Rev. Mr. Maxwell, M.P., has presented to the House of Commons, deals with the same subject. It urges that the term of residence of a Jap before he can become a naturalized citizen of Canada be raised from three to five years; that the evidence of residence in Canada be raised from three to five years, and that it shall be verified by the production of the passport which is issued to all its subjects when they leave Japan. The petition asserts that there is a large influx of Japanese into British Columbia, that they have a low standard of living, accept miserably low wages, and drive out white labor. Consul-General Nosse, of Japan, however, told me while here that there was really nothing in the outcry, that his countrymen were well-behaved, and took all the pay they could get. The alleged large immigration, he says, has not taken place, there being but eight hundred Japanese in all Canada. Mr. Maxwell has presented another petition praying for the increase of the capitation tax on Chinese immigrants from $50 to $500. There may be some change in the near future, but it is not likely that the question will occupy the attention of Parliament this session.

I hear of some interesting developments in the Dominion bye-election campaign in Champlain, which ends on Wednesday next, in addition to the clerical intimidation already reported as being resorted to on behalf of the Opposition candidate. Sir Adolphe Caron, who is managing for the Conservative, asserts that if Dr. Trudel, the Liberal candidate, is elected, the Manitoba school question will be dead and buried. Most people now met with believe that it is already dead and buried. The election of another supporter for Mr. Laurier will but add a few shovelfuls of earth to its grave mound.

A number of members on both sides of the House have, from time to time, suggested that charity should begin at home, and that instead of wasting time in the vain endeavor to "boss" the schools of Manitoba, the Quebecers would be better employed looking after their own schools. Mr. Geoffrion, a leading M. P., pointed out at the recent nomination meeting in Champlain how much the education of the young in that county had been neglected through defective school laws. At River Namiac, for instance, there are 37 children, who are without means for obtaining even an elementary education, there being no school whatever there. At River Croche, there are 23 children without any school facilities; at La Tuque, 27 children; at Riviere aux Rats, 26. Assuredly, if the Opposition in Quebec desire to aid in improving the education of the country, they have a big field at home. If they elect Dr. Trudel, as it is said they will most likely do, they will promote the cause of better education in Quebec, as well as that harmony between the races and creeds of Canada without which the most of our undoubtedly great natural opportunities cannot be made.

Nearly all of the orators on both sides of the Houses of Parliament have referred to her Majesty's diamond jubilee, which was appropriately given a prominent place in the Speech from the Throne. They have all recognized that her Majesty has proved a model constitutional ruler and an able sovereign. It is noteworthy that no predecessor of her Majesty has taken a more intelligent interest in public affairs and in the management of the ever-extending empire than Queen Victoria. This is a high compliment to pay the Queen, but no one will say it is undeserved. If a woman can be the chief ruler of the greatest empire that has ever existed, it will surely puzzle the average M. P. to give a logical reply to the query why he ought to resist the exercise of the franchise by women. When such a proposition is made, the legislator holds up his hands with horror at the idea of recognizing the right of woman to a share in the making of the laws which she, in common with man, must obey. If a woman can be head of an empire upon which the sun never sets, why cannot she perform the simple duty of polling a vote?

Wm. McGregor, M.P.

Sketch of a Wide-Awake and Influential Legislator.

Wm. McGregor, the respected member for North Essex, is a thorough-going Canadian by birth as well as by sentiment. His parents came from Glasgow, Scotland, in 1831, and for a time settled in Quebec city. Shortly afterwards they moved to Montreal. Then they were caught by what was known as "the western fever," and, after a tedious voyage up the River St. Lawrence and Lake Ontario, they arrived at Little York, afterwards renamed Toronto. Still heading westward, the elder McGregor and his good wife proceeded to the county of Lambton, and there took up land in the neighborhood of what is now the prosperous town of Sarnia. Here on June 24, 1836, the future M. P. was born. At this time the town of Amherstburg was the chief military post in Western Canada. It was a busy place, and much trading was done with the military authorities by the pioneers of the adjoining counties. Mr. McGregor's father became contractor for the supplying of the soldiers, and moved down to Amherstburg, at the public school in which place the boy received his early training. Subsequently he was a student in Oberlin College, Ohio. Mr. McGregor left the paternal home in 1862, settled in Windsor, where he entered into the exchange and banking business, and became a contractor for the supply of horses for the United States Government, which was then engaged in putting down the Southern rebellion. It was an exciting time in Windsor. The town was full of "skedaddlers" from both North and South. They were there because they were men of peace first, and in any case did not desire to fight. Then there were a large number of Southerners, who had been prisoners of war in the North, but had escaped, and found their way to the northern land of freedom. In 1868, Mr. McGregor was prevailed upon to enter the municipal arena, and was elected reeve of Windsor, his opponent being Mr. Sol. White, ex-M.P.P. Each recurring election for five years he was elected by acclamation. In 1869 he was elected warden of the county of Essex, and served five years, being returned unopposed in each instance. A man of so much ability and popularity could not long keep out of the larger arena of representative government. In the early part of 1874, Mr. McGregor contested, in the Liberal interest, the representation of Essex county with Hon. John O'Connor, who had been Postmaster-General in the overturned Conservative Administration which then went out of office. He was unseated in August, 1874, but was re-elected in October of that year by a large majority—over 1,300—his opponent being the late Mr. Jeremiah O'Connor, brother of the previous member. At the general election in 1878, Mr. McGregor went down with the Mackenzie Administration, which was defeated because of the world-wide depression in business that unfavorably reacted on this country. His opponent was Hon. J. C. Patterson, now Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba. In the redistribution of 1882, Essex county was divided into two, and Mr. McGregor entered the south riding in order to throw his influence with the late Mr. Balfour, who was fighting a difficult battle for the Local Legislature. In that contest Mr. McGregor was defeated by 51. In 1891, Mr. McGregor was nominated for the north riding, where he was best known, and he wrested the constituency from his old antagonist, Mr. J. C. Patterson, who had meanwhile become a Cabinet Minister. Mr. McGregor's majority was over 800, and Mr. Patterson had to betake himself to South Huron for a temporary place of refuge. At the general election of 1896, Mr. McGregor was again the Liberal candidate, and he carried the constituency by a large majority, despite the agencies turned to account against him. He defeated Mr. Daniel Odette, the Conservative nominee, as well as Mr. D. Willis Mason, Liberal-Patron-P.P.A., and mayor of Windsor, and Alex. McNeill, Independence of Canada Liberal.

For several years Mr. McGregor resided in Manitoba, and while there he did good work for the promotion of Liberal and progressive principles in Manitoba, aiding in securing the election of Hon. Robert Watson, then the only Liberal M. P. west of Lake Superior. In 1886 he returned to Windsor, and bought the Sandwich and Windsor street railway, which was afterwards reorganized as the first electric railway in the Dominion. This enterprise he successfully conducted for a time. Mr. McGregor has given valuable aid in the promotion of the material welfare of Canada by his service on the agricultural committee of the House of Commons. In the exposures of misgovernment in recent years Mr. McGregor has also given valuable assistance. He has always been in favor of the closest possible trade relations with the United States, but, in view of the adverse legislation of the new Congress, he believes that the best course for Parliament to adopt is to make every possible endeavor to secure cheap freights to the British markets, efficient cold storage for all perishable products, and a vigorous policy for the development of our vacant lands and mineral resources. Of the great natural wealth of Canada Mr. McGregor has no misgivings. The advantages which the Dominion has in the possession of almost boundless forests and good agricultural land cannot be overestimated. With our industries carefully husbanded and the country as a whole properly managed, as the promises are, Mr. McGregor has no doubt that there is a great future before the Dominion. Mr. McGregor has given valuable counsel to the Administration in favor of the passage of an alien labor law, in order that our workpeople may have the same chance to make a living as their neighbors in the States, and he believes that the measure will be enacted at this session. In 1866, Mr. McGregor was married to Jessie L., daughter of the late Rev. Robert Peden, of Hamilton. They have a family of seven children—four boys and three girls.

PETROLEUM FOR VESSELS.

"Some of our chief authorities on power appear to be of opinion that liquid fuel is likely to displace coal in the near future over a large area," says The Iron and Coal Trades Review. "The residue of the distillation of petroleum or shale oil, known by the name of mazouth, and astatkis, is successfully used on more than 72 locomotives on the Volga Railway. In England there has recently been constructed a torpedo boat of about 86 tons displacement. She has a double bottom divided up into eight watertight compartments, which are used as tanks or bunkers for the oil; and which holds from fifteen to sixteen tons. As these compartments are emptied of the liquid fuel they are filled with water, so that the draught and stability of the boat remains always the same. This boat's engines are ordinary triple-expansion. The boiler is of the ordinary locomotive type, with the special fittings necessary for liquid-fuel burning. It is fitted with 31 oil jets, which are fed by a Worthington pump, which draws the fuel from the double bottom and delivers it into a cylindrical tank, where it is put under air pressure. It has been claimed that the results of all trials up to the present time have been to show that there are only two ways of burning liquid fuel, viz., either by means of atomizers for large powers or gasifiers for small powers. Of course, in England, where coal is cheap, and oil or petroleum so relatively dear, we could hardly expect the latter to make such headway as in Russia or the Balkan States."

NO DISCREDIT.

Toronto Telegram, Ind.-Con.

The petition which Roman Catholics who are Ministers in the Government, members of Parliament, or Senators of this Dominon, addressed to the Pope, did them no discredit.

CONSERVATIVE CANDOR.

Toronto World, Conservative.

The canal policy of the late Government was scandalous. Nothing can justify it. It is to be hoped the new Government will realize the importance of completing the work with the utmost rapidity.

The number of Scribner's Magazine appearing at Easter time is always particularly bright and attractive both in contents and illustrations. The April issue this year contains two full-page compositions by Gorguet, called "A Roman Easter"; a portrait by Howard Cushing; the transformation scene in "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," by William Hole; Albert Herter's illustration for "Cor Peccatrix," and Gibson's "London," as some of its artistic features. Of special importance in Cosmo Monkhouse's article on William Quiller Orchardson, R.A., the Scotch painter, who came to London in 1862, and won speedy recognition. Mr. Monkhouse received the artist's help in choosing the ten pictures that illustrate the article. Orchardson is a great colorist, and is best known, perhaps, as the painter of "Napoleon on the Bellerophon." Orchardson has, it is said, that rare gift of inward vision which presents to his mind pictures so clear and strong almost in their details that he can transfer them to his canvas with little hesitation or trial."

Crete.

Ah! here is news to make our British blood
Leap in our veins! the age of chivalry
Has burst the fetters of the age of gold!
Saint George has drawn the sword for tortured Crete,

And fronts the Moslem dragon single arm'd;
Nay, gainst the formal protest of the powers,
Who, allied in a mutual distrust,
Abate their Christian faith for policy,

And serve Mahomet's spawn. Their men-of-war
Roar angry chorus round the frenzied isle,
And bid the champion pause; in vain their roar;
"My cause is God's," he cries with hero's mein,

Turning an unblanched face on their array,
"My cause is God's, in whose great name I trust,
He will defend the right though all the world
Rise up in arms against it; powers are great

When they have holy purpose. Ye are weak,
Leagued in a rotten cause, unnerved by shame,
Who stand for hell and Sultan, why should I,
Who serve the God of Gideon, fear your threats?"

Well spoke, St. George!
Yea, though thou fall in this enterprise,
And be o'erwhelmed by the brutal odds,
All time shall hold thy memory in its heart,

And all of Saxon blood shall evermore
Stand straight with pride at mention of thy name;
Thy English name! What! not St. George,
Great Britain's glory, but King George of Greece?

And what is this? Nay, nay, 'tis brazen false,
Our England's voice the foremost in the pack
Of hounds that serve the Turk and bark so loud!
They lie! Or if they speak but half the truth,

Let pity find some spot where Saxon shame
May hide her burning face!

—J. W. Bengough.

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Munyon's Rheumatic Cure seldom fails to relieve in one to three hours, and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

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Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness, and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins, and all forms of kidney disease. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Nerve Cure stops nervousness and builds up the system. Price 25c.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25 cents.

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Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price 25 cents.

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Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25 cents—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25 cents—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Asthma Remedies relieve in three minutes and cure permanently. Price, $1.

Munyon's Vitalizer, a great tonic and restorer of vital strength to weak people. $1.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists. Mostly 25 cents a vial.

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of Canada. Instruments characterized by purity, richness and fullness of tone quality, with a touch prompt, light elastic and of good repetition.

Heintzman & Co

236 Dundas St.

TRY OUR CELEBRATED CAMBRIDGE SAUSAGE

They are much better than the ordinary kind. . . . . .

WILLIAM C. WRIGHT, Butcher,
336 Ridout Street. zxv

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THE UNDERTAKERS
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Private residence, 48 Becher
Telephone—Store 440; House, 482. zxv

John Ferguson & Sons,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS and EMBALMERS.
FIRST-CLASS IN ALL APPOINTMENTS.
Telephone—House No. 373; Store No. 543.

BLOOD POISON

HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair Falling? Write COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital, $500,000. Worst cases cured in 15 to 35 days. 100-page book free.

CHAPMAN'S

LOOKING THROUGH

Your linen chest, no doubt you will find that at least some things, if not a great many, have grown so old and worn out in your service that they need to be replaced by new ones. If so, a visit to our

LINEN DEPARTMENT

will enable you to replenish your stock at very small cost.

Bleached Table Damask

All pure Linen, ranging from 55 to 90 inches wide, at 45c, 50c, 60c, 68c, 75c, 85c, $1, $1 25 per yard.

Damask Table Cloths

From two to four yards long, very special value, at $1 25, $1 50, $1 75, $2 25, $2 75, $3 75.

Unbleached Table Linen

From 50 to 72 inches wide, never before such high qualities at such low prices, 20c, 25c, 28c, 30c, 35c, 38c, 45c, 50c, 60c.

Table Napkins

That for size, quality and value cannot be surpassed—75c, 90c, $1, $1 10, $1 25, $1 50, $2, $2 50, $3, $3 50 per dozen.

Fancy Napkins

Bleached, with fringed, plain and colored borders, 60c, 75c, $1, $1 25 per dozen. Doilies, Tray Cloths, etc., in great variety.

Linen Towels

Large size, all Linen Huck Towels, plain white and with colored borders, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c, 20c, 25c.

Bleached Damask

Towels, hem-stitched, drawn borders, fancy figures, latest novelties, from 25c to 75c.

Roller Toweling

Plain and twilled, gray and half bleached. Wonderful value at 5c, 6 1-2c, 7 1-2c, 8 1-2c, 10c, 12 1-2c.

Glass Toweling

All the old reliable things, with some things entirely new. See them at 5c, 6 1-2c, 7 1-2c, 8 1-2c, 10c, 12 1-2c.

Butcher Linen, Fronting Linen, Bleached Linen for drawing work, Brown Holland, Blue Butcher Linen, all at very lowest prices.

Come today, come every day for Linens of any and every description to

CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas St.

LONDON - - - - ONTARIO

Insist

Upon having just what you call for when you go to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla. There is no substitute for Hood's. It is an insult to your intelligence to try to sell you something else. Remember that all efforts to induce you to buy an article you do not want, are based simply

Upon

the desire to secure more profit. The dealer or clerk who does this cares nothing for your welfare. He simply wants your money. Do not permit yourself to be deceived. Insist upon having

Hood's Sarsaparilla

And only Hood's. It is the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Commercial.

Local Market.

(Reported by A. M. Hamilton & Son.)

London, Monday, April 5.

Wheat (red), per bu	72c to 74c
Wheat (white), per bu	72c to 75c
Oats, per bu	18¾c to 30½c
Peas, per bu	36c to 42c
Corn, per bu	28c to 31c
Buckwheat, per bu	24c to 26½c
Rye, per bu	22c to 23c
Barley, per bu	20c to 29c
Beans, per bu	25c to 40c

One or two loads offered today. Oats sold at 50c to 55c; they were feed grade.

Hay sold slowly at $7 to $7 50; only a few loads came in.

The following list of prices is based on Saturday's market:

GRAIN.			
Wheat, white, fall, per 1301bs	1 20	to	1 23
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs	1 20	to	1 23
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs	1 20	to	1 23
Oats, per 100 lbs	45	to	60
Peas per 100 lbs	60	to	70
Corn per 100 lbs	50	to	55
Barley, per 100 lbs	50	to	70
Rye, per 100 lbs	50	to	60
Beans, bu	25	to	40
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs	45	to	50
PROVISIONS.			
Honey	12	to	12
Cheese, per lb	10½	to	10¾
Eggs single dozen	10	to	10
Eggs fresh, basket, per doz	8	to	9
Eggs, fresh, store lots, per doz	7	to	8
Butter single rolls per lb	15	to	17
Butter, per 1 lb rolls, baskets	12	to	15
Butter per lb, large rolls or crocks	10	to	14
Butter, per lb, tubs or firkins	10	to	13
Lard, per lb	6	to	7
Chickens, per pair	50	to	70
Ducks, per pair	75	to	80
Turkeys, per lb	10	to	12
MEAT, HIDES, ETC			
Beef, quarters, per lb	3½	to	5
Mutton quarters, per lb	5	to	6
Veal, quarters, per lb	3	to	6
Lamb, quarter	8	to	9
Dressed hogs, 100 lb	6 00	to	6 35
Live hogs	4 00	to	4 50
Hides, No. 1, per lb	6½	to	6¾
Hides, No. 2, per lb	5½	to	5¾
Hides, No. 3, per lb	4½	to	4¾
Calfskins, green	6½	to	6¾
Calfskins, cry, each	4	to	6
Sheepskins, each	75	to	1 10
Lambskins, each	50	to	70
Wool, per lb	18	to	18
Tallow, rendered, per lb	3	to	3
Tallow, rough, per lb	1½	to	2
HAY AND SEED			
Hay, per ton	7 00	to	8 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	2 50

WHEN YOU WANT

Flour, Breakfast Cereals, Grass Seeds, Seed Grain or Root Seeds

come to us and we will give you the best at lowest prices.

A. M. HAMILTON & SON,

373 Talbot St., Opposite Market. Phone 662.

SUGAR GOES UP.

Montreal, April 3.—An advance of ¼c in the price of all granulated and yellow sugars was announced by the Canadian refiners yesterday, and prices quoted by local jobbers have been advanced proportionately. There has been another advance of ¼c in the prices of all refined sugars in the New York market. The trade here is now asking 4 7-16 for Redpath granulated, and 4⅜c for Acadia, and yellows are quoted at 3⅝c to 4⅛c.

The Oil Market.

PETROLEA

Petrolea, April 5.—Oil opened and closed $1 50.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, April 3.—Prices of crude oil today per barrel are as follows: Tiona, $1 03; Pennsylvania, 93c; Barnesville, 83c; Corning, 83c; Newcastle, 68c; North Lima, 56c; South Lima, 51c; Indiana, 51c.

The option closed at 93c; Standard price, 93c.

English Market.

London, April 5.

Cargoes off coast—Wheat quiet; corn quiet.

Cargoes on passage—Wheat slightly worse; corn, dull.

Country markets—English quiet but steady; French, quiet.

Liverpool, April 5.—12:30 p.m.

Wheat—Spot quiet; demand poor; holders offer moderately. No. 1 Cal., 6s 1d to 6s 2d No. 1 red northern spring, 6s 3d to 6s 5d; No. 2 red western winter, no stock.

Corn—Spot quiet; demand moderate; American mixed new, 2s 6½d; American mixed, old 2s 7½d.

Peas—Canadian, 4s 2d.

Beef—Extra India mess, 53s 6d.

Pork—Prime mess, fine western, 50s.

Bacon—Long clear heavy, 40 to 45 lbs. 25s 6d; short clear, 45 to 50 lbs. 25s; long clear light, 35 to 38 lbs, 25s 6d.

Lard—Prime western, 21s 9d.

Butter—Finest United States, 90s; good, 55s.

Cheese—American finest white and colored, 57s 6d.

Tallow—Fine North American, city, 18s 6d.

Turpentine—Spirits, 20s 9d.

Rosin, common—4s 9d.

Petroleum—Refined 5½d.

American Produce Markets.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 3.—To all appearances the wheat market had a turn this morning, and for a while prices exhibited great firmness, with an advancing tendency, but encountering "calls," they eased off and then broke, closing at almost the inside for the day, and with a net loss of ⅛c from yesterday. Corn—The market was of no particular interest to speculators. The early strength of wheat naturally induced shorts to cover, and it being the last day of the week there was some liquidation on both sides of the market. Oats—A few longs sold, and a few shorts covered oats, thus cleaning up weekly accounts. Further than that there was nothing of interest in the oat market.

The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat—No. 2 April, 69¾c; May, 70⅞c to 70¾c; July, 69½c; Sept., 68c to 68⅛c.

Corn—No. 2 April, 23⅝c to 24c; May, 24⅜c to 24½c; July, 25½c; Sept., 26¼c.

Oats—No. 2 May, 17⅜c; July, 17¼c; Sept., 18¼c.

Mess pork—May, $8 35; July, $8 47½.

Lard—May, $4 17½; July, $4 27½.

Short ribs—May, $4 55; July, $4 57½.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour, dull and unchanged; No. 2 spring wheat, 69¾c to 71¾c; No. 3 spring wheat, 69c to 70½c; No. 2 red, 80¾c to 90¾c; No. 2 corn, 24½c to 24¾c; No. 2 oats, 17½c; No. 2 rye, 32½c; No. 2 barley, 33c; mess pork, $8 30 to $8 35; lard, $4 15 to $4 17½; short rib sides, $4 50 to $7 50; dry salted shoulders, $5 to $5 25, short clear sides, mixed, $4 62½ to $4 75.

Receipts—			
Flour	4,000	Wheat	2,000
Corn	102,000	Oats	206,000
Rye	4,600	Barley	21,000
Shipments—			
Flour	4,000	Wheat	53,000
Corn		Oats	38,000
Rye	160,000	Barley	10,000

Chicago, April 5.—Opening—Wheat, May, 69½c; July, 69½c; Sept., 67c. Corn, May, 24½c; July, 25½c; Sept., 25½c. Oats, May, 17½c; July, 18c. Pork, May, $8 30. Lard, May, $4 15; July, $4 27½. Ribs, May, $4 55; July, $4 57½.

Geo. McBean & Co.

DEALERS IN FARM, MILLING AND DAIRY PRODUCTS

Consignments and Correspondence Solicited

P. O. Box 807, Montreal.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK.

New York, April 3.—Beeves—Receipts, 1,102 head; no trading; feeling steady.

Calves—Receipts, 343 head; market quiet, but steady; veals sold at $5 25 to $5 75 for fair to prime quality.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 3,795 head; market depressed; sheep and common to fairly good lambs were 15c to 25c lower; poor to prime unshorn sheep sold at $375 to $5 per cwt.; a bunch of very choice do at $5 85; common to choice unshorn lambs, $4 25 to $6 50; wooled clipped do at $5 75 to $6; sheep and lambs, $5; spring lamb nominal at $3 to $6 per head.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,907 head, including 167 for sale; no sales reported; nominally steady, at $4 15 to $4 50.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, N. Y., April 3.—Only a car of Canada stockers and a few odds and ends on sale; steady.

Calves—150 head; opened fairly active and strong; closed dull and weak; good to choice veals, $4 50 to $4 90; prime, $5 25 to $5 50.

Hogs—3,900 head on sale; demand was fairly good from all sources and prices were well bunched on all grades, the light York and light mixed kind selling at the same prices as the heavy mediums and packers' sort, with good pigs a close second and in most cases only a nickel lower than the heaviest hogs, and all were sold at quite an early hour. Most of the choice weights sold at $4 30 to $4 35; plain heavy hogs, $4 10 to $4 20; pigs, choice, $4 20 to $4 25; best in with Yorkers at $4 20; thin pigs, $3 70 to $4 10; skips, $3 40 to $3 65; roughs and stags unchanged.

Sheep and lambs—27 cars; the market was generally lower for all kinds; with the least decline on good to prime wool lambs, while good to choice clipped lots and in fact all kinds of clipped sold at fully 10c to 15c decline, while heavy sheep, which were in fair supply, were again very dull, and lower. Wool lambs were fairly steady; prime Michigans selling up to $6 25; good to choice lambs of 75 to 90 lbs generally, $5 75 to $6 15; yearlings, $4 75 to $5; mixed sheep, choice to prime, $4 75 to $4 90—the latter for handy wether lots; heavy sheep not wanted and several loads of these and clipped lambs unsold at close.

Mr. Chas. H. Webster, publisher of the Mercantile Review, devoted to the live stock trade, sent the following message to Lyman Gage, Secretary of the Treasury, relative to the new tariff bill and its effect on Canadian cattle shipments: "What effect will the tariff bill, passed by the House, have upon shipments of Canadian cattle, before final disposition of bill?" Mr. Gage promptly replied: "Cattle hereafter imported, unless purchased before April 1, may become subject to provisions of the new tariff." This means that unless the Senate removes the date effective provision the tariff schedule of the Dingley Bill will be in effect and will effect all receipts after April 1.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 3.—Hogs—Receipts, 13,000; left over, 1,500; market steady, at yesterday's closing; light, $3 90 to $4 12½; mixed, $3 95 to $4 15; heavy, $3 75 to $4 15; rough, $3 75 to $3 85.

Cattle—Receipts, 400; market steady.

Sheep—Receipts, 3,000; market was strong.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Ont., April 3.—The value of live stock exported from Toronto during the month of March amounted to $1,106 43. During the same month last year not a dollar's worth was exported. The exports went to various points in the United States. Yesterday 14 cars of stock went through to Iowa, 11 to Buffalo, and 5 to Portland.

ELEVEN IN A ROW.

Current or Lightning Killed the Last Convict.

Waynesboro, Ga., April 3.—A freaky flash of lightning, after passing directly through ten men, killed Frank Dent, who was the eleventh in a row of that many men. Dent was a convict, and was strung on a chain with ten companions, when death came suddenly, without any warning. So quickly was his life snapped that his associates, through whom the death-dealing current ran, knew nothing of their danger until they observed Dent's lifeless form upon the ground beside them.

The batch of eleven convicts were working in a field late in the evening when a severe storm came up. The guard quickly sprung the gang upon a long chain and hustled them toward a tree. Dent was at one end of the chain, while the other end was made fast about a tree, thus securing the crowd. A bright flash came, and in an instant the tree was in splinters. The current leaped from the tree along the links of the chain, making a crackling noise as it went. The flash blinded the gang, and long before the sulphuric smell passed away the convicts awoke from the shock to find Dent, on whom the current stopped, dead, and two others badly burned.

WHAT THE QUEEN LIKES.

Queen Victoria's favorite soup is often asked for, and the form used by the chef in the royal kitchen is given: One cup of cold roast chicken chopped as fine as powder, a pint of strong chicken broth, a cupful of sweet cream, half a cupful of bread or cracker crumbs, three yolks of eggs, a teaspoonful of salt and half a teaspoonful of pepper. Soak the crumbs in a little of the cream. Bring the broth to boiling point and add the meat. Break the eggs, separating the yolks and whites. Drop the yolks carefully into boiling water and boil hard, then rub to a powder and add to the soup with the cream and seasoning. Simmer ten minutes and serve very hot.

If You Are Subject to Cramps

You know how important it is to have a prompt remedy on hand. Nerviline—nerve pain cure—has a wonderful and immediate influence upon this malady. It relieves in one minute and cures in five. Pleasant to the taste, and the best remedy in the world for pain.

"Was her dinner formal?" "Formal? Why, even the salads weren't half dressed."

It may save you time and money to be informed that, when you need a blood purifier, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the kind most in favor with the medical profession. It is the standard, and, as such, the only blood purifier admitted at the Chicago World's Fair.

In Ottawa.

The Papal Ablegate Has a Warm Welcome.

A Loyal Catholic is Also a Loyal Subject.

Mgr. Merry Del Val Speaks Faultless English—Will Meet the Archbishops.

[Special from Our Own Correspondent.]

Ottawa, April 5.—Mgr. Merry del Val, the papal ablegate, was welcomed to Ottawa last night by a congregation which crowded every part of the Basilica, the cathedral church of the diocese. The distinguished visitor arrived in the C. P. R. official car on Saturday evening, and took up his residence in the Water Street Hospital. He rested during the day, saying mass at the Convent of the Gray Nuns, and last night went in procession to the Basilica. It was a noteworthy celebration. Long before the hour of opening, the street in front of the structure was crowded by men, women and children, clamoring for admission. As soon as the doors were opened, the church was crowded in every part. The galleries were reserved for the women, and the ground floor for men. During the proceedings, which lasted two hours, hundreds of men and women stood sweltering in the aisles. The gorgeous cathedral was decorated with British, French and Papal flags, and flags also floated from various staffs in the grounds of the church. Among those who participated in the reception were Archbishop Duhamel, of Ottawa, and Bishop Langevin, of St. Boniface. The former read an address in Latin on behalf of the clergy. Mayor Bingham, arrayed in his robes and chain of office, presented an address in English on behalf of the English-speaking Catholics; and a similar address of welcome was presented by Mr. Taillon, president of the Institute Canadien, who spoke in French. Mgr. Merry del Val replied in French to the addresses presented by the Archbishop and president of the institute, and in faultless English to the address by the mayor. He said it had been asserted or insinuated that the Catholic who was a true son of the church could not be a loyal subject of the crown, but he repudiated that statement as a slander. Further, he took the present occasion to congratulate her Majesty Queen Victoria on having attained her diamond jubilee. The choir sang appropriate music, and Mgr. Merry del Val pronounced the benediction. Among those present were Premier and Mrs. Laurier, and about 30 members of Parliament, several of them Protestant. The ablegate returns to Montreal this week to meet the archbishops of Canada.

A Bad Runaway.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dale Suffer Broken Bones

While Returning Home from London—Mr. Dale Unconscious of Three Broken Ribs.

A very serious accident befell Mr. and Mrs. John Dale while returning from the city to their home near Lambeth on Saturday afternoon. They were driving near Mr. Allan Bogue's residence, on the first concession of Westminster, when the wind carried a piece of paper across the road in front of the horse. The animal shied at it, and jumped to the side of the road, overturning the rig into the ditch. It was not a particularly dangerous spot, but quite bad enough to cause the upset. Mrs. Dale fell under the wagon; Mr. Dale was drawn over the dashboard by the lines and under the horse. Some children saw the accident and told Mr. Bogue there was a runaway in the ditch. That gentleman hastened to the scene, and rendered what assistance he could to the unfortunate couple.

The horse was hitched to another rig, as the one upset was badly damaged, and Mrs. Dale, who was unable to move, was assisted into the vehicle, when she and Mr. Dale continued their journey home. Dr. Routledge, of Lambeth, was called, and found that Mrs. Dale had broken her leg in two places and sprained her ankle. He set the fractured limb. Mr. Dale, meanwhile, was so interested in his wife's injuries that he did not realize that he himself had been hurt, so that when the doctor asked him how he was he replied, "Oh, I'm all right." Dr. Routledge placed his hand on Mr. Dale's side and the latter fainted. Three of his ribs had been broken.

A barrel of salt was in the rig when it was overturned, but very fortunately neither of the occupants were struck by it.

NEWS FROM THE NARONIC

A Bottled Note Says She Was Struck by a Cyclone.

Norfolk, Va., April 5.—A bottle was picked up at Washwood's life saving station Friday containing what purports to be a message from the ill-fated White Star steamship Naronic. The message reads:

"On board the steamship Naronic at sea 500 miles east of Cape Hatteras, Steamer been struck by cyclone; now sinking. As we push off in only boat we toss this message overboard in the hope that it may reach land and tell our fate. Good-bye."

The White Star freight steamship Naronic sailed from Liverpool for New York on Feb. 11, 1893. From that time to this nothing has been heard of the craft.

LONDON THEATERS.

London, April 3.—All the theaters have been playing to light attendances during the past week. Ellen Terry has sufficiently recovered to return to town and has been a constant attendant at rehearsals. The daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Beerbohm Tree has been christened Iris. The sponsors were the Duchess of Portland and Lords Granby and Rowton. The run of the Drury Lane pantomime ended Saturday night. The pantomime has been the most successful, from a pecuniary point of view, ever staged at Drury Lane, its profits, since boxing day, being considerably over $150,000.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—a plumonic of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claim to public confidence.

172 and 174 Dundas Street.

Rain or Shine

Atmospheric change does not alter prices. No barometer scale here. We bought them at a bargain, and until the last is gone bargain prices will take them. The dainty handles, the pretty shapes, a top guaranteed not to cut or discolor are winning points in our

Parasols and Umbrellas

$1 25 Fine Black Gloria, warranted, splendidly fitted handles, in large variety, worth $1 75

$1 35 Fancy Shot Silk, in Cardinal, Navy, Brown, Green and Cream, worth $1 75

$1 35 High Finish Silk and Wool Top, pretty handles in crooks and fancy mounts, well shaped, worth $2 00

An interesting sight in out Parasol Stock is the pretty handles, the good wearing cloths; and splendid bargains make selection easy here. High-grade Parasols correspondingly low-priced.

Fine Dressmaking.

Bayley's

No Doctor Called.

Inquest in the Case of Roy C. Norton's Death.

His Demise Attributed to the Carelessness of His Parents.

Christian Scientists' Doctrine Regarding Non-Medical Treatment Condemned by a Coroner's Jury.

[Special to The Advertiser via G. N. W. Line.

St. Thomas, Ont., April 5.—An inquest to inquire into the death of Roy Crawford Norton, son of Henry Norton, Wellington street, who died on March 31, no doctor having been called before death, was held Saturday night. Coroner Gustin presided, and D. J. Donahue looked after the interests of the crown.

The jury, after hearing the evidence brought in the following verdict:

"1st. That the demise of R. C. Norton, son of Henry Norton, was due to carelessness, shown on the part of his parents, in not securing proper medical attendance.

"2nd. That we regret that the teachings of the doctrines which, from the evidence of the parents, are part of their religious belief, are on the increase in the city, and that where the doctrine suggests to the adherents that a medical attendant should not be called, where there is a need of it, should, where it is in the power of the authorities, be prohibited."

LAKE SHORE—BOSANQUET.

Mixup in Kettle Point School Matters—Death Calls at Forest Parsonage.

Lake Shore, Bosanquet, April 3.—At Ravenswood, on the 1st inst, to Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Whyte, a son. Mrs. Whyte is seriously ill.

Miss Little has for several years been teaching at the Kettle Point Indian reserve, and, according to the Indian official report, she has, on the whole, done very well, but of late some of the Indians have in some way become dissatisfied, and gave her a more nasty and informal notice to leave than the law provides. Next they hired another teacher, Miss Vance, who is an experienced teacher of Indian pupils. Her duties were to have begun one day this week, but when she arrived at the school house Miss Little was not absent, but on duty, evidently considering that possession was nine points of the law. So Miss Vance, who was wide-awake enough to see the point, retired, much too dignified to dispute. The Indians appear to think Miss Little should resign and leave, but the neighboring white people know more about the law, and fully indorse her policy.

Elija Esquih has cut his foot, and is laid up sick in bed in consequence.

Mrs. Martha Rodgers is slowly improving under the care of Dr. Scott, of Forest.

Jeff Bressette, jun., is getting his barn finished, and when done it will look fine.

Death seems to call often at the Forest parsonage. Last year Mr. Whiting (Methodist) and Mr. Cascadden (Episcopal), departed this life, and now it is Rev. E. Lyon Hutchinson who died on Wednesday morning, the 30th ult, as already noted in The Advertiser's columns.

"Surely the time of the singing of the birds has come," and the sparkling water of Lake Huron again washes the shore.

LIFE SAVED.—Mr. James Bryson Cameron writes: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs, and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, stating that his wife had used it for a throat trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice, I procured the medicine, and less than half a bottle cured me; I certainly believed it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me any good."

Freddie—What's a sickle, dad? Cobwigger—It's to cut grass with, my boy. Sometimes you will see a tramp carrying one around with him in the winter when he is looking for work."

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again

Fell Fifty Feet.

Terrible Accident to a Train in Pittsburg, Pa.

Engine and 13 Cars Go Through a Bridge to the Street Below.

Two Men Fatally Injured and the Train Demolished.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 5.—The wooden span of the north end approach to the Ohio connecting railroad bridge collapsed about 6 o'clock this morning, while a Fort Wayne freight train was crossing, and the engine and thirteen cars were precipitated to McClure avenue, 50 feet below.

Fireman William Haggerty was killed instantly, and Engineer Wm. Graham so badly injured that he cannot recover. The engine was completely wrecked and the cars, which were loaded with coal and iron, were entirely demolished. The loss will be very heavy.

The Ohio connecting bridge crosses the Ohio River at Woods' Run, and connects the Panhandle and Fort Wayne roads of the Pennsylvania Company.

RETALIATION.

Goldwin Smith Suggests the Need of Consideration.

From the Weekly Sun, Toronto.

The Transatlantic market, to which, since our neighbors have returned to the vomit of protection, the Canadians are being advised to direct their energies, has, compared to the continental market, obvious disadvantages of a commercial kind, such as the cost of freight, the uncertainty involved in distance, and the risk to perishable goods. But there is another disadvantage connected with the market in Europe, which just now is being vividly brought before our eyes. There may be any day a European war. Several times in the last ten years war has been imminent; it is now more imminent than ever. Before very long, apparently, it must come. The tension has for some time been intolerable. In fact, nothing has kept the peace but the dread of a conflict, with the new weapon of destruction and under untried conditions. Supposing war to come, what would be the consequence to our transatlantic trade? The fleet of Great Britain is no doubt far stronger than that of any of her rivals; probably it is a match for those of any two of them. It would secure her own ports from attack; but it could hardly prevent an enemy's cruisers from getting to sea and cutting up or seriously impeding the trade between her and her colonies. The rates of insurance, at all events, would rise to war figures. We might secure neutrality by obtaining independence, but the very people who seek to divert our industry to the European market denounce the idea of independence, and cling to political connection with the mother country.

Let us have patience before we rush into a policy of retaliation. As I said before, there is still a powerful free trade party in the United States who will struggle against the passing of the Dingley tariff, and renew the struggle if the tariff is passed. Let us join hands with that party, and support it by our fidelity to principle, and by the exomple of the effects, good, though for the present limited, which fidelity to principle will produce. This is not the end of the tariff legislation in the United States. "The most serious objection to the Dingley tariff," says the Portland Oregonian, "is that it will not give the country rest from tariff agitation even for the term of one Congress." "From the day of ..s passage," continues the Oregonian, "will begin earnest and tireless efforts for change in its duties. Moreover, this effort will have good hope of success. Some of the duties of the bill are so high that it will be easy to arouse public opinion against them, and this will condemn the whole law without discrimination." Not the high duties only will condemn the law, but the failure to produce sufficient revenue, which even its advocates cannot help letting us perceive that they foresee.

Members of the Dominion Parliament have already, it seems, pounced upon the opportunity of cultivating international antagonism by proposing legislative retaliation for the Alien Bill. They must know that the Alien Bill has been vetoed, and they might learn if they chose, that the Corliss provision which is offensive to Canada is not likely to be re-introduced. But they snap at the happy chance for widening the gulf between us and our neighbors. These things are done in the interest of a political, salaried and title-seeking class, not in the interest of the Canadian people.

SIMCOE.

Measles in Nearly Every Other House—Lacrosse Men Stirring.

Simcoe, April 3.—Mr. Thomas McColl is building a large sample room and a ladies' entrance to the Hotel Melbourne. This addition will be a great improvement to the block.

Nearly every other house in town has a well-developed case of measles.

The man who does not sell bicycles will soon be as great a curiosity as the one who does not ride a wheel.

A business meeting of the Lacrosse Club is called for Monday night. The club has a good membership. It is expected that a couple of matches will be arranged for May 24.

The license commissioners of North Norfolk will hold their meeting to consider applications for licenses for the coming year, at the Norfolk House, on Thursday, April 22, at 10 a.m. Eighteen tavern and two shop licenses have been applied for, as against sixteen tavern and two shop licenses the past year.

The Langdon Company, now playing in Guelph, are billed here for the coming week. From here the company goes to Brantford and London.

Salt Rheum Cured.

Gentlemen,—Your Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of Salt Rheum three years ago. It was so bad that I lost my finger nails, and I can truly say that I know of no more valuable medicine in the world than B. B. B. I have had no return of Salt Rheum since. MRS. JAS. SANDERS, Emerson, Man.

The trial by court martial of Gen. Rivera is being proceeded with behind closed doors at San Cristobal.

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed, and the danger avoided? This syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing, and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis etc., etc.

Ordered Clothing.

The old adage says "Manners make the gentleman," but the modern view requires in addition that he shall be well dressed. If you furnish the first requisite we will guarantee to complete the requirements at very moderate cost. Our assortment of

Spring Suitings

was never so complete. In fact, such a collection as ours in Suitings, Coatings and Trouserings is not equaled in this city.

Our Prices Are Attractive.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING:

Scotch Suitings, $17, $18, $19, $20
Canadian Suitings, $14, $15, $16.
Blue Serge Suitings, $12, $13, $15, $17

We will be pleased to show, and you will be delighted with, our goods.

A. SCREATON & CO.

THACKERAY AND GOETHE.

The Novelist's First Interview with the Great Poet.

In the April Century there is an article by Walter Yulpius, entitled "Thackeray at Weimar," illustrated with a number of hitherto unpublished drawings by Thackeray. The following is the latter's account of his first meeting with Goethe:

"Of course, I remember very well the perturbation of spirit with which, as a lad of 19, I received the long-expected invitation that the 'Herr Geheimerath' would see me. This notable audience took place in a little antechamber of his private apartments, covered all round with antique casts and bas-reliefs. He was habited in a long gray-drab redingote, with a white neck-cloth, and a red ribbon in his buttonhole. He kept his hands behind his back, just as in Rauch's statuette. His complexion was very bright, clear and rosy, his eyes extraordinarily dark, piercing and brilliant. * * * I fancied Goethe must have been still more handsome as an old man than even at the days of his youth. His voice was very rich and sweet. He asked me questions about myself, which I answered as best I could. * * *

"Vidi tantum: I saw him but three times—once walking in the garden of his house in the Frauenplan, once going to step into his chariot on a sunshiny day, wearing a cap and a cloak with a red collar. He was caressing at the time a beautiful little golden-haired granddaughter, over whose sweet, fair face the earth has long since closed to."

[Alma Van Goethe died at the age of 17 years, while on a visit in Vienna in 1844.]

"Though his sun was setting, the sky round about was calm, and that little Weimar illumined by it. In every one of those kind salons the talk was still of art and letters. * * * At the court the conversation was exceedingly friendly, simple and polished. The Grand Duchess, a lady of very remarkable endowments, would kindly borrow our books from us, and graciously talk to us young men about our literary tastes and pursuits. In the respect paid by this court to the patriarch of letters there was something ennobling, I think, alike to the subject and sovereign."

ON HER WAY TO BE WEDDED.

Hastings, Neb., April 3.—Miss Lottie Merrill, of Denver, en route to Lincoln with her lover to get married, took poison and died on the train. No cause known.

A London butcher who put up the royal arms over his shop on the strength of having sold some beef to Queen Victoria, has been prosecuted by the "Incorporated Society of Her Majesty's Warrant Holders (Limited)" and fined.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill Small Dose. Small Price.

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.

Promptly Relieved and Cured by

The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster

Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and limbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAFONTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.

Price 25c.

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Who opened that bottle of HIRES Rootbeer?

The popping of a cork from a bottle of Hires is a signal of good health and pleasure. A sound the old folks like to hear—the children can't resist it.

HIRES Rootbeer

is composed of the very ingredients the system requires. Aiding the digestion, soothing the nerves, purifying the blood. A temperance drink for temperance people.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Phila. A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

Tillsons Good Cereals

Are good, because conscience plays an important part in the making of them. Because the word "Honor" does not loose its meaning, even down to the smallest detail. "Molina" Rolled Wheat is Tillsons' Brand. Have you tried it for breakfast yet? Of all grocers.

THE TILLSON CO'Y, Ltd., Tilsonburg, Ont.

For Mothers, Babies and Invalids.

DUNN'S "MALTED RUSK" "LACTESCENT BARLEY" "CREAM OF CORN" FOODS

Naturally sweet without sugar.

BABIES THRIVE ON THEM.

Sold by all Chemists.

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(LIMITED.)

Head Office, 1687 Notre Dame St., Montreal

FREE

The Montreal Art and Premium Company, 1627 Notre Dame street, Montreal will give FREE to all persons sending them a photograph accompanied by One Hundred non-winning tickets of the Promotive of Arts Association (Limited), a splendid crayon portrait three-quarter life size, made by first-class artist, value $3.

Take advantage of this offer.

London Office

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XXV

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Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Private wires to New York Stock Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade. Toronto and Montreal Stock Exchange quotations received by wire. Long distance telephone.
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THE SLOCAN CARIBOO.
Capital $1,000,000, treasury $600,000, reserve $500,000, owning three rich silver properties—Rosedale, Flowers, May—over 130 acres, adjoining the "Payne Group," now regarded as the "Premier" mine in the camp.
Also four rich placer claims, 2½ miles along Canadian Creek, over 700 acres. $20,000,000 has been taken from this district. For prospectus and full information call on company's agent,
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PHONE - - - 1,279
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TIN HORN Quartz Mining Co'y.
$200,000 Capital. 25c a Share.
Free milling. Fairview Camp. Will pay dividends in three months. Call and investigate.

JOHN A. MOODY,
398½ Richmond Street,
Phone 1,363 London.

W DON'T PERFORM MIRACLES No pretense is made here to do the impossible, but what is possible in dyeing and cleaning we can do. We tell you frankly what had best be done with the garment or fabric submitted to us. Talk to us about dyeing and cleaning for spring.
R. Parker & Co.
Dyers and Cleaners,
217 Dundas Street, Telephone 614.

Commerce and Finance.

Montreal Stock Market.

MONTREAL, April 5.

	Ask.	Off.
Canadian Pacific	49¼	48½
Duluth, common	4	3
Duluth, preferred	10	5
Commercial Cable	166	165¼
Wabash, common	..	..
Wabash, preferred	..	..
Montreal Telegraph, xd	166	165
Richelieu and Ontario	95	90½
Montreal Street Railway	233	232½
Montreal Street Railway, new	..	..
Montreal Gas Company, xd	185	184
Bell Telephone	162½	160
Royal Electric	144	143½
Toronto Railway	74	72¾
Bank of Montreal	235	227
Ontario Bank	86	82
Banque du Peuple	..	..
Molsons Bank	199	180
Bank of Toronto	232	228
Merchants Bank	173	170½
Merchants Bank of Halifax	175	167
Quebec Bank	125	120
Union Bank	..	102
Bank of Commerce	127½	125
Northwest Land, pref	..	40
Montreal Cotton Company	125	122
Canada Colored Cotton	..	..
Dominion Cotton	80	77
Commercial Cable Coupon Bonds	97½	96½

SALES—Com. Cable, 5 at 166; Mont. St. Ry., 25 at 232, 100 at 232½; Bell Telephone, 11 at 160⅝, 25 at 160½; Toronto Railway, 50 at 73¾, 10 at 74, 50 at 73, 100 at 73½, 25 at 73¼, 50 at 73⅝.

Toronto Stock Market.

TORONTO, April 5

	Ask.	Off.
Montreal	232	229
Ontario	86	82¼
Molsons	..	117
Toronto	231	157¾
Merchants	173	..
Commerce	128	..
Imperial	182	201
Dominion	232	123
Standard	168	184½
Hamilton	159	..
British America	119	48
Western Assurance	159	165
Canada Life	..	95½
Confederation Life	..	160
Consumers' Gas	203	96½
Dominion Telegraph	126	232
Montreal Gas	185	..
Northwest Land Company, pref	50	73⅝
Canada Pacific Railway Stock	49½	75
Commercial Cable Company	165½	..
Commercial Registered Bonds	96½	..
Bell Telephone Company	160¾	158
Commercial Cable Coupon Bonds	96¾	..
Montreal Street Railway	234	229
Montreal Street Railway (new)	..	170
Toronto Street Railway	73¾	127
Dominion Savings and Invest	78½	181
Farmers Loan and Savings	90	229
Farmers' L. and S., 20 per cent	70	166½
Huron and Erie L. and S	..	158
Huron and Erie, 20 per cent	148	..
London and Canada, L. and A	90	..
London Loan	..	100
London and Ontario	90	..
Ontario Loan and Debenture	120	119

SALES—1 p.m.—Commerce, 20, 5, 5 at 127; West. Assur., 2 at 158; Consumers' Gas, 13, 5 at 201½; Com. Reg. Bonds, $10,000 at 96; Northwest Land, pref., 6 at 42; Com. Cable, 25 at 165½; Toronto Ry., 25 at 73¾. 11:15 a.m.—Imperial, 5, 5 at 181½; Con. Gas, 12 at 201½; C. P. R., 50 at 48½.

New York Stock Market.

Reported by Frank Butler, broker, Masonic Temple.

April 5.

	Open	High.	Low.	Close.
Atchison Ry	10¼	10¼	10⅜	10⅜
C. B. and Q.	71⅜	72	7 ½	70⅜
C. and N. W.	104¾	105	1 4	1 4
Chicago Gas	78½	79½	78½	78¼
Gen. Electric	31½	3 ½	31	31
L. and N.	45¼	46¼	45½	45¼
Manhattan	83½	83¾	83½	83¾
Missouri Pacific	15½	15¼	15½	15
Pacific Mail	26¼	27½	26¼	2 ¾
Rock Island	62¼	62¾	62	62
Reading	21½	21⅜	20⅜	20⅝
St. Paul	73	73½	72¼	72¼
Tenn. Coal and Iron	25½	25¾	25½	25⅜
Wabash	13	13	13	13
Western Union	79¾	80½	79½	79⅝
Distillery Trust	12¾	12⅞	12½	12¼
Leather Trust	55	55⅜	54¾	55½
Sugar Trust	111½	111¼	110¼	11
Tobacco Trust	74⅜	74⅜	73½	73

COMMERCIAL.

Latest Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Que., April 5.

GRAINS AND FLOUR.

Oats—In store, No. 2 white, 23½c.
Peas—48½c to 49c.
Feed barley—29c.
Corn—37c.
Buckwheat—32½c to 33c.
Flour—Manitoba strong bakers, $4 25 to $4 50; spring wheat patents, $4 60 to $4 80; winter do., $4 30 to $4 50; straight roller, $3 90 to $4 10.
Feed—Bran, $12; shorts, $13 to $13 50.

PROVISIONS.

Canada pork—Per bbl, $12 to $13.
Ham—9½c to 11½c.
Bacon—10c.
Lard—Pure, 6c to 6½c; compound, 4½c to 5c.

PRODUCE.

Cheese—Firm; nominal: 10½c.
Butter—Fairly steady; creamery, 19½c to 20c.
Eggs—Fair demand; new-laid, 9½c to 10c.

Toronto Grain Market.

Toronto, April, 5.—Wheat offerings are fair, the demand is slow, owing to the lower prices in outside markets, and prices are easier at 72c to 73c, north and west, and white at 73c to 74c, north and west; goose wheat is quoted at 62c outside; Manitoba wheat is easier; No. 1 hard is quoted at 81c, Midland, and No. 2 hard at 79c; No. 1 hard sold, Owen Sound, at 82c.

Flour dull and rather easier. There is little demand for export, and exporters say they can buy straight roller west at less than $3 60.

Millfeed is quiet; shorts are quoted at $9 and bran at $8 50 west.

Barley is steady; No. 2 sold outside today at 26c; No. 1 is quoted at 31c, No. 1 extra at 32c to 33c, No. 3 extra at 23c to 24c and feed at 20½c to 21c outside.

Buckwheat is steadier at 26c north and west, and 27c, middle freights.

Rye is steady at 32c to 33c outside.

Oats are steady at 18c asked for No. 2 mixed, and 19c for white west, with exporters bidding ½c less.

Oatmeal is steady at $2 75 for cars of bags here, and $2 85 for cars of barrels, and broken lots are quoted 10c less.

Peas are steady at 38c north and west, and 39c middle freights.

Seeds are in good demand and are steady.

Baley hay unchanged at $8 to $10.

Baled straw at $5 to $5 50 for cars here.

English Markets

LIVERPOOL, April 5.—3:45 p.m.

Wheat—Spot No. 2 red western winter, no stocks; No. 1 red northern spring, dull; 6s 3½d.
Corn — Spot dull; American mixed new, 2s 6½d; old, steady, 2s 10½d; futures dull; April, 2s 6½c; May, 2s 7½d; June, 2s 9d.
Flour—Dull; St. Louis fancy winter, 8s 6d.
Beef—Extra India mess, firm; 56s 3d; prime mess, firm, 47s 6d.
Pork—Prime mess, fine western, firm, 50s, do. medium western, firm, 45s.
Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., dull, 42s 6d.
Bacon—Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 lbs, dull, 29s; short ribs, 20 to 24 lbs, dull, 27s 6d; long clear light, 35 to 38 lbs, dull, 26s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 45 to 50 lbs, dull, 25s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, dull, 28s 6d.
Shoulders—Square, 12 to 14 lbs, dull, 25s.
Lard—Prime western, dull; 21s 9d.
Cheese—Steady; American finest white and colored, 57s 6d.
Tallow—Prime; city, firm, 18s 6d.
Cottonseed oil—Liverpool refined, dull, 15s.
Turpentine spirits—Firm; 20s 9d.
Rosin—Common, firm, 4s 10½d.
Linseed oil—14s 9d.
Hops—At London (Pacific Coast), firm, 65s to 85s.

The imports in Liverpool for the week are as follows—Wheat from Atlantic ports, 26,500 quarters; Pacific ports, 25,000 quarters; other ports, 12 000 quarters. Corn—70,000 quarters from Atlantic Ports.

American Produce Market.

BUFFALO.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 5.— Spring wheat—Dull; No. 1 hard, 81c to 82c; No. 1 northern, 78c to 78½c. Winter wheat—Dull; No. 2 red, 87c; No. 1 white, 87c on track, No. 2 red, 86c in store.

Corn—Dull; No. 2 yellow, 28½c; No. 3 yellow, 28c; No. 3 corn, 27½c.

Oats—Firm No. 2 white, 23c; No. 3 white, 22c; No. 4 white, 21c on track; No. 2 white, 22¾c in store

DETROIT.

Detroit, April 5.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, 85c.

TOLEDO.

Toledo, April 5.—Wheat — Cash, 88½c; July 90c; Sept., 73½c.
Corn—July, 24½c; Sept., 25c.
Oats—July, 18c; Sept., 18¾c.

MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, April 5. — Wheat, cash, 70½c; July, 70½c.

NEW YORK.

New York, April 5.

Flour—Receipts, 18,585 bbls; sales 2,000 packages; state and western quiet and easier; city mills patents, $4 80 to $5 00; city mill clears, $4 70 to $4 80; Minnesota patents, $4 05 to $4 25; winter patents, $4 55 to $4 75; winter straights, $4 10 to $4 25.

Rye Flour—Slow; sales 150 bbls.; superfine, $2 40 to $2 60; fancy, $2 60 to $2 70.

Wheat—Receipts, 38,850 bu; sales, 1,335,000 bu; options No. 2 red was weak and lower, following heavy cables, on increase on passage and bearish crop news; May, 75 15-16c to 76 5-16c; July, 74 11-16c to 75½c; Sept., 72¾c to 73c.

Rye—Quiet; No. 2 western, 36½c, c.i.f, Buffalo.

Corn—Receipts, 28,375 bu; sales, 80,000 bu; options No. 2 was dull and weak with wheat; May, 29¾c; July, 31½c.

Oats—Receipts, 123 600 bu; options, No. 2 were neglected and easier; track, white state, 23c to 29½c; track, white western, 23c to 29½c.

Butter—Receipts, 9,224 packages; steady: state dairy, 14c to 21c; state creamery, 15c to 22c; western creamery, 15c to 22c; imitation creamery, 11c to 18c. Elgins, 22c; factory, 8c to 13½c.

Cheese — Receipts, 1,310 packages; quiet; state large, 9c to 16½c; state small, 9c to 12½c; part skims, 5c to 8c; full skims 2½c to 3c.

Eggs — Receipts, 22,970 packages; steady; state and Pennsylvania, 9¾c to 10c; western, 9½c to 9¾c; southern, 9c to 9½c.

Sugar—Raw, firm; fair refining, 3c; centrifugal 96 test, 3⅜c; crushed, 5⅝c; powdered, 5c; granulated, 4¾c; refined, firm.

Petroleum—Quiet; refined all ports, $6 50 to $6 55.

Coffee—Steady; No. 7, 7⅜c.

Hops—Dull; state common to choice, 1895 crop, 2½c to 5½c; 1896 crop, 5c to 10½c; Pacific coast, 1895 crop, 3c to 6c; 1896 crop, 7c to 12c.

Lead—Quiet; bullion price, $3 35; exchange price, $3 35 to $3 40.

Chicago Exchange.

Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade furnished by F. H. Butler, Broker, Masonic Temple. 'Phone 1,278.

CHICAGO, April 5.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—May	69¾-½	69⅞	69½	79¼
July	69½	(9½	68⅞	68⅞
Corn—May	24¼	24⅜	24¼	24¼
July	25¼	25⅜	25¼	25¼
Oats—May	17½	17¼	17	17⅛
July	18	18⅛	17¾	18
Pork—May	8 30	8 35	8 20	8 20
July	8 45	8 47	8 32	8 32
Lard—May	4 15	4 14	4 10	4 10
July	4 27	4 27	4 20	4 20
Ribs—May	4 55	4 57	4 50	4 52
July	4 57	4 60	4 52	4 55

Puts, 69¾c; calls, 70⅛c.

Live Stock Markets.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Ill., April 5.—Hogs—Receipts, 20,000; left over, 1,500; market strong to a shade higher; light, $3 90 to $4 10; mixed, $3 90 to $4 12½; heavy, $3 70 to $4 15; rough, $3 70 to $3 80.

Cattle—Receipts, 14,500; market is strong to 10c higher; beeves, $3 90 to $5 40; cows and heifers, $2 to $4 40; Texas steers, $3 30 to $4 50; stockers and feeders, $3 40 to $4 45.

Sheep—Receipts, 9,000; market firm and generally 10c higher.

STRONG'S
BAKING POWDER
Defies All Honest Competition.
25c Per Pound
AT
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FREE to every housekeeper on application, a valuable recipe book on the art of cooking. tv

THE ENGAGEMENT RING FINGER.

The custom of wearing the wedding ring on the fourth finger of the left hand is one of those survivals of pagan superstition which have become part of civilization itself. The old Greeks and Romans believed that this finger contained a vein directly communicating with the heart, and when the ring became the marriage symbol this finger was naturally chosen as the one on which the ring should be worn. The supposed connection of the fourth finger with the heart is, of course, a mere fallacy, but the custom that arose out of it has long been sanctioned by usage. The fourth finger of the left hand is the finger least used, as, unlike the others, it cannot be extended singly to its full length. The ring is therefore less in the way on this finger

Around the City

—Judge William Elliot held division court at Dorchester today.

—Mr. Harold Lamb, of Hamilton, was in the city today on business.

—Mr. D. E. Hughes, representing J. L. Nichols & Co., publishers, Toronto, is in the city.

—Mr. Ed. J. Fewings, of the Merchants' Bank, Gananoque, spent Sunday in the city.

—Mr. A. E. Taylor, manager Oak Hall, is able to be out again after a two weeks' illness.

—The "Brian Boru" company delighted two large audiences at the Grand on Saturday.

—It has been decided to hold the Irish Benevolent Society banquet on Easter Monday, April 19, instead of Tuesday, as before reported.

—The vacant commons at the corner of Central avenue and Colborne street has been purchased, and the work of leveling it has begun. A number of residences will be built on it.

—A writ of capias was issued against Mr. W. G. Eadey, coal and wood dealer, at the instance of an American coal company, who supposed Mr. Eadey was about to leave the city. The latter readily secured bondsmen.

—Judge Edward Elliott will, starting tomorrow, open and hold division courts in the different sections of Lambton county. He will also preside at the Lambton county general sessions of the peace, which open on Tuesday, April 13th.

—The lake at Port Stanley is now clear of ice, and navigation will undoubtedly commence early. The beacon will be lighted shortly. Preparations are being made for the opening of the fishing season. Brown Bros. drove their first set of stakes Friday.

—A judge's order has been made for a change in the date of the non-jury sitting of the High Court, which was set down for June 7. The date has been changed to June 3 in order not to clash with the general sessions of the peace for the county, which open before Judge Wm. Elliot on June 7.

—At the Auditorium yesterday afternoon the men's meeting was addressed by Rev. Ira Smith, pastor of the Talbot Street Baptist Church. Mr. Smith spoke earnestly and impressively about the necessity of following Christ as an example for man's perfect development. The music furnished by the Imperial Quartet and orchestra was of a high order.

—On Wednesday evening next a mass meeting of the Sons of England Society will be held at their rooms, corner of Richmond and Carling streets, when a reception will be tendered the supreme executive officers of the order. Among these gentlemen are Ald. Parnell, Supreme Grand Vice-President; J. W. Carter, Supreme Grand Secretary, of Toronto, the district deputy of Lambton county and others.

—At the last regular meeting of Juvenile Branch, Pride of Brighton, No. 26, A. O. F., held in the A. O. F. hall, Craig street, South London, Chief Ranger Bro. Thomas May hurried through the business, and the court room was thrown open for the juveniles' "At Home," to which they had invited their young friends. The high chief ranger being present spoke a few words of encouragement to the boys, and in concluding stated that he had given the chief ranger a present for the boy bringing in the most members, at which the boys did not forget to clap their hands. The boys who took part were: H. Clucas, pianist; Wm. Dean, fancy stick exhibition, and Will Gardner, song; J. T. Read and three sons gave songs and recitations. Games and refreshments were indulged in and a pleasant evening spent. The committee who had charge were: Ed. Read, Geo. Shure, Rube Jones and F. Quick. Their next meeting will be held the first Friday in May, when the election of officers will take place.

THE SEVENTH VETS.

A meeting of the non-commissioned officers of the Seventh Battalion, veterans of 1885, was held on Saturday evening at the City Hall and arrangements were made for securing the names of absentees, so that invitations to the coming picnic and celebration may be sent them. Secretary Ironsides would be pleased to receive from citizens the addresses of those who went with the battalion to the Northwest and have since left the city.

WELCOME TO WHEELMEN.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Young Men's Christian Association was held on Saturday night, and in response to a request from the bicycle club connected with the association, it was decided to extend the privileges of membership to all bicyclists during the coming meet if London secures it. The parlors, baths, gymnasium, etc., of the new Association Hall are such that the pleasure of spending spare hours there will not be the least visiting wheelmen may look forward to on the occasion of their visit here next July.

AN EAST END RUNAWAY

Ald. Dreaney drove out to the Asylum this morning, but walked back. He left his horse tied to a post in front of the Barnes Hotel, and the animal becoming frightened, broke the bridle and started at a break-neck speed for the livery barn. In a manner almost miraculous trolley poles and cars and other rigs were avoided in the mad race, and neither horse nor rig was hurt until the stable was reached, when, without slacking its pace, the horse ran in and struck the door with a shaft. The door was knocked off its hinges, and the rig broken. The horse had never ran away before.

COUNTY COURT

The regular quarterly sitting of the County Court was held today before Judge Edward Elliott. The only case for hearing was Peck vs. Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Company, an action brought to recover $481 70 on a promissory note and an account for $135, with interest. The note was made on June 1, 1896, but allowed to lapse. On Aug. 10 the plaintiff supplied merchandise in the shape of railway supplies to the amount of $135, which the defendants failed to pay. On Oct. 5, defendants paid $39 40, on account, leaving a balance of $577 26, with interest at 6 per cent. from Sept. 4, 1896. Judgment was given for the full amount, with interest, being $597 46, and costs.

CITY HALL NOTES.

The regular meeting of the Board of Education will be held tomorrow night, when the appointment of the janitor for Lorne avenue school and other important business will come up.

The works committee have gone over the ground in wards 1, 2, 3 and 6 with a view to striking the estimates for the coming year. Engineer Graydon and a couple of the aldermen will go over wards 4 and 5 this afternoon and tomorrow, and the estimates will probably be ready for the committee a week from Thursday.

No. 4 Horn street, off Stanley avenue, and No. 483 Colborne street, have been placarded for diphtheria.

Messrs. Harding & Leathorn, contractors for sections F and P of the new sewer, began the construction of a shanty for tools, etc., at the corner of Stanley street and the Wharncliffe road this morning.

TOO MUCH CLOTHES.

Stolen Suit Found in Wm. Date's Bag —Stewart Bandaged His Hand for Sweet Charity's Sake—Peter Promised the Pledge.

Wm. Date, a diminutive old man of 60 years, was among the culprits in the cage at the Police Court this morning. On Saturday night at 9:20 he stole a suit of clothes from the store of R. J. Young & Co., and then made his way to Screaton's drygoods store, where he helped himself to a piece of print, and put it in his bag. Arthur Danks, a clerk, noticed the old man's movements, and this led to the finding of the suit of clothes, with the sale ticket attached. The accused is about 4 feet tall, and the suit of clothes would fit Chief Williams or P. C. Thomas Howie. He pleaded guilty, and as he did so, his wife, who sat in the court, buried her face in her hands and wept bitterly. Mr. Young was asked if it were not an imprudent thing to leave clothing and the like outside when the streets were thronged. The magistrate thought there would be considerable risk in leaving things out. Mr. Young, however, thought that a crowded street should be conducive of safety and not of risk. Chief Williams said the accused had always borne a good character, and had worked in one place for over twenty years, but has done no work since Christmas. Turning to the prisoner the magistrate said: "I will remand you until Thursday, and make some inquiry regarding you. It is a very strange thing to me that you should have been employed in one place for over 20 years, and then at your age resort to stealing."

Robert Stewart and Wm. Barnes, two young and able-bodied men, were up for begging on the street. Stewart had his hand bandaged up, and told people he had been injured at an oil works in St. Catharines. Mr. Sam. K. Stewart, cigar merchant, Dundas street, and Mr. Newman were called, and stated that Stewart came inside while Barnes waited at the door. Stewart pleaded to be let go, and promised to move off to Sarnia. With tears in his eyes, he said: "I am the most humiliated man in the world." Barnes produced two packages of court plaster, as all the stock he had, and which he sold for a living. Both were discharged.

Peter Madden was once more behind the bars. His wife came down to fix things with Magistrate Parke, and did so with a success that appeared very funny to Peter, who laughed heartily. The magistrate called Mrs. Madden, and, looking at her sympathetically said: "Of course, you are a good wife, and never touch anything yourself?"

"Indeed I am," said she with a smile, "and haven't taken any in over a year. I haven't, 'pon my soul, your honor."

"Will you take Peter home if I let him go?"

"Maybe I wont," said the little old woman with a smile.

Peter laughed at the prospect, and told the court he did not mean to get drunk, but went in for a drink, and took two glasses instead of one.

"I let Peter go on one condition," said the magistrate. "It is, that you and Peter go and take the pledge, and come back here, and show the certificate to the chief of police, so that I may know that you have done it. Look here, Peter, if you break the pledge, it will be the worse for you."

"I won't break it, your honor," was Peter's last remark, as his wife grabbed him by the arm and hustled him out the door.

LONDON'S CHANCES

For the Meet—Quebec Will Support Her Not Much Hope of Toronto's Aid.

The Toronto Globe says: The report comes from the east that Quebec is pledged to support London for the meet. There are said to be 300 votes in the Forest City, and if they receive a fair proportion of the ballots that will be floated around on Good Friday they will make things interesting for Chatham and Brantford.

Toronto is pretty evenly divided on the meet question, that is as far as Chatham and Brantford are concerned. The Toronto Wanderers and Tourists are practically booked to back the Maple City but the smaller clubs, or the great majority of them, are almost certain to throw in their lot with Brantford.

So confident are the Chatham workers that they will land on top on Good Friday that they have applied to the C. W. A. for a sanction to hold a century race on the Saturday following the Dominion meet.

Chatham is sending down a man to decorate the stage and their reserved section of Massey Hall for the Wanderers' concert.

STRANGLED AT THE PLOW.

Vineland, N. J., April 5.—John Conover, 13 years of age, left his home in the morning to plow, and a few hours later neighbors heard him singing in the field. At noon the lad failed to respond to the dinner-bell. Investigation was made, and he was found with the plow lines around his neck, having been strangled to death.

FATAL RIOT IN SHANGHAI.

Shanghai, April 5.—A mob of coolies, numbering about 5,000, who struck recently against an increase of taxes, engaged in an anti-foreign demonstration today. There was serious rioting, the volunteers were called out, and detachments of marines and sailors were landed to assist in restoring order. It is reported that two men were killed.

Coacher Connolly.

The Alerts Have a Fast Third Baseman,

Who is a Coacher and Plays With Ginger—His Record Received.

Manager Holman has received the record of Alfonse Connolly, of Decatur, Ill., the new third baseman of the Alerts. It is a good one.

Connolly is 27 years old; 5 feet 8 inches tall, and weighs 165 pounds. In 1889 he played with Terre Haute, Ind., in the Indiana League, leading the team in batting and fielding. In 1890 he was with Ottawa, Ill., again leading in batting and fielding. In 1891 he was in the Upper Peninsula League, with Calumet, Mich., which team was leading the others when it disbanded. Connolly finished the season with Oconto, Wis., his batting being .318, and his fielding .938. In 1892 he played with Peoria, Ill., and in 1893 did not return to the diamond. In 1894 he was with Anderson, Ind., and in 1895 with Galesburg, Eastern Iowa, where he made the splendid record of .395 in batting and .956 in fielding.

In 1896 Connolly wore a Decatur, Ill., uniform, and was well up in fielding and batting, although no official records were kept. Connolly puts plenty of ginger in his play, and is a capital coacher, a thing that the Alerts have

ENTERED ANOTHER ACTION.

W. B. Minhinnick Still Pursuing John O'Hearn for Peach Duty.

Wm. B. Minhinnick, landing waiter at the customs house, is determined to leave no stone unturned to recover the balance of the money he paid as duty on those peaches for John O'Hearn, and has entered another suit in the Division Court. The case will be heard before Judge Mackenzie and a jury on April 15.

WILL INVITE PLANS

For the Proposed New Hospital—City Architects to Compete.

The ways and means committee appointed by the jubilee committee have added W. J. Reid and Thomas McCormick to their number. It was decided to issue 1,000 subscription lists, subscriptions to run for three years if desired.

The committee on plans held a consultation with Architects McBride, Craddock, Matthews, Moore and Henry, who submitted a number of propositions on behalf of the architects of the city. The committee decided to make the competition on plans open to the architects of the city. The plans are to be sent in with a mark, the name of the architect to be sent in a sealed envelope. The architect sending the best plan is to get the contract at a commission. The second best plan is to have a prize of $50; the third, $30, and the fourth, $20; the merits of the plans to be decided by the plans committee in consultation with two builders and an architect chosen by the Architects' Society.

The value of the building is placed at $60,000. Four other propositions were submitted, but were deferred for consideration at a conference to be held this afternoon between the committee and the medical men of the city.

ENJOYED THE PRIZE FIGHT.

Sailors Picked Up a Cable and Took the Report at Sea.

New York, April 5.—The crew of the British steamer Oxen, which has been engaged in repairing the cable between Galveston and Tampico, Mexico, heard the news of the Carson City prize fight in a most peculiar manner. The Oxen has arrived here, and the sailormen are telling with great glee how they picked up the cable and got the report of the fight round by round just as quick and in as much comfort as was enjoyed by the New Yorkers in their clubs.

The cable was picked up early in the forenoon of the day of the fight, and as soon as the men entered the ring everybody on the steamer knocked off work and gathered around the operator, who called off the reports as they came up out of the vasty deep. Round after round was followed with breathless interest, and when Fitzsimmons put Corbett to sleep, the captain held a stop watch and counted the champion out just as Referee Siler did at Carson. The sympathies of the crew were with the Cornishman.

LIBERAL LEADERS IN CAUCUS

Discuss the Attitude They Will Assume in Case Greece Is Blockaded.

London, April 5.—An important meeting of the leaders of the Liberal party was held at noon today at the residence of Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, the Liberal leader in the House of Commons. The Earl of Kimberley, the Liberal leader in the House of Lords; the Marquis of Ripon, who was Secretary of State for the Colonies in the Rosebery Cabinet; Earl Spencer, the First Lord of Admiralty of the last Liberal Administration, and Mr. John Morley, Lord Rosebery's Chief Secretary for Ireland, were present.

They discussed for an hour the attitude which they would assume in the event of the warships of Great Britain taking part in the projected blockade of the Gulf of Athens.

Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt is now restored to health, and was able to attend today's session of the House of Commons.

London, April 5.—The Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office, Mr. George N. Curzon, was asked several questions today in the House of Commons, on the subject of Crete. He said that all the powers, excepting Germany, would be represented in Crete by military forces, and that all the powers, without exception, would be represented in Cretan waters by a naval force. Continuing, Mr. Curzon said her Majesty's Government had not received official explanation as to why Germany was not sending troops to Crete, but her participation in the European concert was testified to by the sending of a German man-of-war to the island. In the opinion of Mr. Curzon, Germany was less interested in the Mediterranean than the great naval powers.

And now they tell of a Birmingham man who made a fortune by the manufacture of idols for the heathens of the far east, and has just given a handsome contribution to the missionary cause

Catastrophe in Montreal.

Three Men Killed by Carbonic Acid Gas.

They Entered an Immense Beer Tun Twelve Feet Deep, and Were Instantly Overcome.

[Special to The Advertiser, via C. P. R. Line.]

Montreal, April 5.—There was a terrible accident in Dow's brewery on Chaboüille Square just before noon today, caused by asphyxiation.

The men were cleaning an immense beer tun, and were overcome by the carbolic acid gas which had collected at the bottom. Following are

THE DEAD:

Joseph Webb, unmarried; John Murphy, married; John Hannigan.

The man Webb was to blame. He had been in the brewery for years, and knew that he should have seen whether any gas had collected.

The tun was about twelve feet deep, and as soon as Webb entered he dropped to the bottom. The two other men now dead met a similar fate, and a fourth man named McCabe, who went to see what had happened, was also overcome, but was taken out alive.

TOUGH STORY.

One Man Said to Have Hypnotized Another by Telephone.

Chillicothe, Ohio, April 5.—The remarkable feat of one man hypnotizing another by telephone with a distance of 50 miles between them was successfully accomplished yesterday in the presence of a number of newspaper men and doctors.

The operator was Sylvian Lee and the subject Samuel Story, of this city. Lee went to Columbus on the early morning train, and at the Evening Dispatch office in that city called up Story by the long distance telephone. When the latter answered, Lee commanded him to go to sleep, and also that a portion of the right wrist be deadened to all sensation. Story immediately lapsed into a hypnotized slumber. Mayor Waddle then ran a hat pin through the deadened portion of the wrist. The subject did not experience the slightest pain, and not a drop of blood flowed from the wound. When the pin was removed the mark made by it soon disappeared.

The telephone receiver was then placed to Story's ear again, and at the command of Lee he immediately awakened.

OIL COMPANIES COMBINING.

A Strong Rival for the Standard in Process of Formation.

Toledo, Ohio, April 5.—The Manhattan Oil Company, which has had headquarters at Lima for some years, is the strongest competitor the Standard has in the world. The new Cudahy combination is, of course, another very strong rival to the Standard. A combination of these two interests, the Manhattan and Cudahys, would be a rival that would serve to keep the Standard within closer bounds than anything ever attempted heretofore, and a deal of this kind is believed to be practically closed.

The Manhattan Oil Company has just leased a suite of rooms in the Spitzer building, and will soon remove a portion of its office force here. It is generally understood among the oil men that this is the first move toward the removal of the Manhattan headquarters to Toledo entirely.

A combination of the Manhattan and Cudahy interests, the leading oil men say, would mean that the amalgamated concern and rival of the Standard Oil Company would maintain two general headquarters, one in Chicago and the other in Toledo. This combination proposes to contest the entire oil production and field with the Standard. It is understood that Frank Holmes will be placed in charge of the Manhattan's headquarters here, and that some time during the present year the entire business, so far as office interests are concerned, will come here. The oil companies have had men here several times recently looking over the field. It is also known that arrangements have been consummated with the Clover Leaf Road, which is to be made the oil-handling line of the company.

Petrolea.

Closing of the G. T. R. Outside Agency Unsatisfactory.

Funeral of the Rev. Edward Lyon Hutchinson, Late Rector of Christ Church, Forest, Ont.

Business Agents—Lowery Bros., R. C. Johnston and Roy Newton.

Petrolea, April 3.—The closing of the outside agency of the G. T. R. is not proving satisfactory to the Petrolea people, and it is hoped that what seems to them to be a mistake may be corrected at once.

Business in Petrolea is somewhat slow and unsettled. The oil men are waiting patiently to see what is going to be done at Ottawa with the tariff. Crude oil took a 10c drop yesterday.

We regret to say that Mr. David McKenzie, our town tax collector, is very ill, and has been confined to his bed for some days.

Mr. E. L. Sawyer, of Sawyer & Co., bankers, Toronto, is in town doing business with his agent, H. Branston.

The funeral of the late rector of Forest took place today. The preliminary service was held at Christ Church, Forest, after which the body was conveyed via the Grand Trunk Railway to Petrolea for interment. Eight pall-bearers accompanied the remains from Forest, and on the arrival of the train at Petrolea the hearse and carriages were in waiting, and proceeded to the cemetery. Mr. Hutchinson was formerly rector of Petrolea, where he had many sincere friends. The impressive funeral service was read by Right Rev. Maurice S. Baldwin, bishop of Huron, assisted by Very Rev. Dean Innes, D.D., Rural Dean Davis, of Sarnia; Rev. J. M. Gunne, of Wyoming, and Rev. Wm. Craig, of Petrolea. The late Mr. Hutchinson was in many respects a very remarkable man, and has figured prominently in church and scientific circles in England. Before coming to Canada he was secretary to the Church Missionary Society for fourteen years, and became a leading authority in its world-wide schemes. He took a prominent part in the work of the African Exploration Society, and especially in the return of the body and funeral of the late Dr. Livingston, and for his valuable services was held in high esteem by high officials. He was ordained deacon in 1884 and priest in 1885 by the present Bishop of Huron, and labored for a time as lay missionary in the Indian Peninsula, with headquarters at Lion's Head, after which he was appointed rector of Petrolea, and latterly at Forest, where he died. He leaves a widow and one child 3 years old. He held a high place in the regard of his bishop and fellow clergy as a most faithful and earnest minister of the Gospel.

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High-Class Stationer,
417 Richmond Street.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Mayor Jewett, Buffalo, plans to have 500 acres of land under cultivation by the poor of the city for the growing of potatoes and other vegetables this year.

G. Matthews, a Canadian, 30 years old, who was employed as a laborer by the Northern Steamship Company, died at the Buffalo Accident Hospital this (Monday) morning from injuries received while unloading piles from a flat car.

The Globe Savings Bank at Chicago, organized in 1891, with an Eastern capital, assigned this (Monday) morning. The last statement, published Feb. 13, showed a capital of $200,000 and surplus of $12,600, with deposits of $142,000 and savings $313,000.

—The late Mr. George McNab's beautiful residence, corner of Central avenue and Wellington street, was sold today by J. W. Jones to M. J. Kent, of this city, for $9,050.

COURTRIGHT.

Courtright, April 3.—Mr. J. Coil arrived home on Thursday from Toronto, where he took a three months' course in the Military School.

Men with scrapers are hard at work leveling up the roads and streets in town and vicinity.

Mrs. Milton Day, of Cleveland, is visiting her father, Major Geo. Stewart, this week.

Capt. William Neal will command the large steamer Gogebec this coming season.

George Logan, merchant tailor, of Sombra village, was here on Tuesday on a business trip.

Steamship Arrivals.

April 3.	At.	From.
Paris	New York	Southampton
La Champagne	Havre	New York
Obdam	Rotterdam	New York
Columbia	Hamburg	New York
April 4.	At	From
Fuerst Bismarck	New York	Med. Ports
La Bretagne	New York	Havre
Circassia	Liverpool	New York
Weimar	Bremen	New York
Westernland	Antwerp	New York

The great lung healer is found in that excellent medicine sold as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages, and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain, or soreness of the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

DIED.

SUDDICK—In this city, on April 4, George son of George Suddick, aged 6 years and 3 months.

Funeral from family residence, 380 Clarence street, on Tuesday, at 2:30 p.m.; services at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.

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By paying more than necessary for a Bicycle.
The Clipper
Has all the LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.
Only $58.
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On Shirts and Shirt Waists....
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Millinery Opening
On Wednesday and Thursday, 7th and 8th inst. . . . . .
Mrs. Meyer will be pleased to see her patrons and all ladies interested in Fine Art Millinery. Reception from 9 to 8 each day.
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AS SPRING APPROACHES
It is in order to look over your clothing to see whether in need of cleaning or dyeing. Our work is bound to give satisfaction.
Stockwell's Dye Works,
259 Dundas St., Phone 601.
Parcels called for. The only Steam Dye Works in the city.

For Heaven's Sake

Let us examine sacredly whether there is any wrong intrusted to us to set right.—Little Dorrit."

Yes! Our mission in life is to introduce new teas for old, pure teas for impure.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

is Fast Becoming the World's Beverage.

Sealed lead packages only.

25c, 40c, 50c, 60c pound.

A Lover's GERALDINE: Romance.

"Then why didn't you give me this advice before, Miss Gretton—find out my ideas upon the subject, and try to change them into yours, instead of waiting until—until mine have grown so strong that—that I think it would be difficult to change them, even if you were to persuade me that they were very silly—as perhaps they are," she added, only half-lightly.

"Geraldine," said Miss Gretton, looking affectionately and solemnly into the girl's face, "there may be some truth in what you say; the imagination of a young girl is a difficult thing to deal with, and perhaps we shirk the control of it too much. But don't let it run away with you, my dear; believe me, you will find it difficult for even your imagination to picture to you a man more worthy of your love than Reginald Bamber; besides, he is handsome, too, as very few good men are, I assure you. What fault can you possibly find in him?"

"Well, he is rather too perfect; he frightens me, and—and chills me a little. If I were to marry him, life would be one long fatiguing effort to live up to a standard above me."

"But, my dear child, what could be more blameless than your life? And surely your life is not a long, fatiguing effort now?"

The girl kept her eyes down; so the eloquent flash in them which would have given her old instructress an unexpected and most appalling answer was unseen.

"No, no, of course, not," she answered, laughing constrainedly; "but if I were married, I think I would like to be able to tell my husband my thoughts—say them right out at once without thinking first, you know. Well, I should never dare to tell half my thoughts to a man like Mr. Bamber; I should have a feeling that every—every unorthodox suggestion would jar upon him—and put the wheels out of order. Do you understand what I mean?"

"I understand; but I think you are mistaken. A man like that, a superior man, a man of judgment and sense, would have more consideration than you think. And he would listen to you quite quietly, and make loving allowances for your errors, and put you right where you were wrong."

"That is just what I am afraid of!" burst out Geraldine, with a vehemence which startled Miss Gretton. "I don't want a superior being who will stand over me through life with a benignantly superior smile, and indulgently listen to my hasty opinions, and considerately point out my faults and mistakes to me. I am not a child now, to be handed over without having a voice in the matter, from one trustworthy guardian to another. I am 22; I have been a woman longer than you seem to think; I do not know my own mind in this matter, and I don't want someone to lecture me, but some one to love me; and I would rather have the love without the lectures. I am tired of being guided; I want to guide myself."

"But, my child, my child, it is woman's lot and woman's blessing to be guided and guarded through life. A woman is not fitted for rough struggling with fortune; and, believe me, life is a very sad thing for a girl, brought up as you have been, when she is cast upon the world to make a way for herself as best she can."

Miss Gretton spoke very solemnly. Warned by Sir Charles, she had never before spoken to Geraldine of the possibility of her having some day to earn her own living; but now the girl's own words opened her mouth.

"But it hasn't been your lot to be guided, Miss Gretton, and I'm sure it would not have been a blessing to you."

Geraldine said this rather archly, for it was undeniable. The old lady was obliged to smile.

"I was always plain, my dear; and that, whatever we may say to very young girls on the subject, makes all the difference in the world in a woman's life. It decreases its dangers, perhaps, but it certainly gives it an altogether different course. I used once to think of the education of the young as a possible career for you; but I must acknowledge, my dear, that for some years at least you would find grave difficulties in the way, even if Sir Charles would agree to it; and he certainly would not do so. Indeed, if your guardian's wishes have any weight with you—and I know they have—I can assure you nothing would give him so much pleasure as to know that your future was in such safe hands as those of Reginald Bamber."

"There it is again! Safe hands—I don't want to be in safe hands. Oh, Miss Gretton, do you know that I often feel like a wild bird caught and imprisoned? I feel such a mad longing sometimes to break away from this house, from Copsley, even from you and my guardian—just for a little while, only a little while, to go among crowds and bustle and noise and—and danger! You see, you have taught me and counseled me, and filled me with knowledge, and with precepts, and prepared me to meet every danger, moral and physical, which could possibly come upon me; and it is all thrown away because I never meet any. And it seems such a pity, doesn't it?"

Miss Gretton did not attempt to check her, but listened with an earnest attention which encouraged the girl to pour out her whole heart. But the old lady was struck with apprehension on finding the wild nature of the vagrant—so it seemed to her—just as strong as ever, after nineteen years of careful cultivation, under the manner and form of the accomplished, graceful lady. Geraldine continued more and more impetuously:

"I don't know whether other girls feel as I do—I don't think they can, or the world would be full of runaways, for they haven't all the ties of love and kindness which keep me still quietly here. I want something to do, something to spend my energies upon, something to tire me. If I could only go to balls like other girls, and dance till my feet ached! I do dance like that by myself sometimes, in the room where the birds are. I feel a wild craving, not for excitement—for I get into such a fever with that myself that very often I can't sleep or keep still—but for something for my excitement to feed upon, some work, some action. Do you understand me? Why, I have frightened you; your dear old hands are trembling! Don't mind what I've said; oh, I am so sorry, so sorry! I don't mean it at all; I have only been teasing you. Forgive me—do—there a kind old darling."

But her caresses could not comfort Miss Gretton, who had heard in the girl's passionate tones and read in her flashing brown eyes warnings of future danger for her headstrong nature, against which all the mild precepts and daily texts with which she had been sedulously furnished would prove but a weak shield. Almost for the first time Miss Gretton got an insight into that inner life which the girl's natural reserve had kept concealed all these years. The spiritual life the absence of which both the elderly ladies had deplored in their otherwise blameless charge was replaced by a feverish energy of imagination, quite earthly, most dangerous. She had nothing ready to say to the girl impressive enough to suit the needs of the occasion; so she received her kisses and her retractions almost in silence, resolved to appeal for advice to the vicar of Copsley, Rev. Wm. Cox. Geraldine was surprised by the mildness with which her outbreak had been received by her old instructress, who had often treated less serious ones more severely; but Miss Gretton felt that the case was too grave for scolding, or even for reproach, and she was glad when the announcement of "Mr. Reginald Bamber" allowed her to shelve the subject for further consideration when she should be alone.

Reginald broached the subject of his visit very cautiously, to avoid alarming either of the ladies. It was not until after a little talk about the surprising coldness of the weather for the last two days, and everybody's hopes that the late frost would not injure the budding trees, that he mentioned that Sir Charles did not feel well enough to leave the house, and that, as he wished to see his ward, Reginald himself had offered to drive her to Weringham, and had come to beg Miss Gretton to trust her to his care.

This announcement caused both ladies much agitation. The old lady guessed at once that nothing but severe illness would have led Sir Charles to take this step; the young one felt that the moment was come when all the mystery about herself would be cleared away. Reginald asked Miss Gretton, in his mother's name, to allow Geraldine to stay at the vicarage until the next day, when he promised to bring her back safely to Copsley—the girl had left the room to prepare for the drive, and the old lady took the opportunity of asking whether Sir Charles' illness was not more serious than he had admitted.

"Yes, I am afraid so," he answered gravely.

"Poor Geraldine!" murmured the old lady, not without a shrewd intention of drawing forth a reassuring answer. She succeeded.

"I don't think you need alarm yourself about the future of—of Miss Lindley," said he, gently, looking gravely at his hat. "From what I have heard, I believe she will be—er—provided for." And, leaving her in the dark as to whether he himself or Sir Charles would be Geraldine's good providence, he rose as the young girl re-entered the room.

She was much excited, and the additional brightness of her face made her so lovely in his eyes that he felt tempted to make the plunge on his way with her to Waringham instead of prudently waiting to see whether Sir Charles would really acknowledge her as his daughter. Fortunately, the girl herself saved him from such a rash act. This, her first visit to her guardian's home for nineteen years, was an occasion full of solemn interest, of eager, yet timid anticipation to her, little as she guessed how deeply her fortunes were involved in it. There were several things she must find out first.

"Is it far?" she asked timidly, when they were well on their way, the vicar's cob trotting along the hard roads, between the budding hedges, whose scanty covering of pale leaf and white blossom could no longer be distinguished in the gathering dusk of the April afternoon.

"To Waringham? No, not far; we shall be there very soon. Are you tired of—of the drive already?"

His voice was naturally so sweet that even this speech sounded like an avowal of love. But Geraldine's mind was far too much absorbed in Waringham Hall and its master to notice this.

"Oh, no; not tired, not tired at all! But I—I have never been to Waringham, at least I—I think not."

To be Continued.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

"A beefsteak may be made tender by beating it," remarked the observer of men and things, "but it is different with a woman. A woman is made tender by letting her beat you."

A DINNER PILL.—Many persons suffer excruciating agony after partaking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healthy nutriment it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions, and convert the food partaken of into healthy nutriment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with Indigestion or Dyspepsia.

Western Ontario.

Serious Mishap to a Juvenile Walkerton Pugilist.

Work of Dredging the Raleigh Plains Begun.

P. J. Waters, proprietor of the Ridgetown Standard, is very ill.

It is calculated that Windsor's rate of taxation will not exceed 22 mills.

Tenders are asked for the building of a new Episcopal church at Courtright.

A 14-year-old Harpurhey boy attempted suicide last week. He took rat poison.

The Chatham Dredging Company have commenced dredging on the Raleigh Plains outlet.

The township of Yarmouth will appeal the judgment of Judge Ross in the Boughner case.

Harry Coghill, a Listowel boy, fractured his collar bone while playing at school the other day.

W. D. Jones, barrister, son of Judge Jones, of Brantford, died Saturday afternoon of pneumonia.

T. C. McNab, of Chatham, has received notice of his appointment as provincial license inspector for West Kent.

Rev. T. Beverley Smith, curate of All Saints' Church, Windsor, will not accept the call to Kingsville, but will remain in Windsor.

The residence of John Warren, who resides in Dutton, half way between Lorne and Dutton, was destroyed by fire on Wednesday night.

The customs returns for Stratford for the month of March are: Free goods, $13,317; dutiable goods, $22,198; duty collected, $6,006 58.

The Woodstock Public School Board ask from the town for the running of schools this year $11,037. This figure is $400 in excess of last year.

Mr. E. P. Winslow, manager of the Bank of Montreal at Almonte, Ont., has been appointed manager of the branch in Stratford, in succession to the late Mr. Plummer.

Mr. G. L. Reed, gardener, of Waterford, leaves in a few days for his future home in Odell, a small place near London. Mr. Reed lived in the vicinity of Waterford for 21 years.

Edward Glasco, of Windsor, has received word that his father, John Glasco, died in Chatham. He was a well-known character in Windsor for many years. He was about 70 years old.

Hugh Black, one of the old settlers in Brigden neighborhood, has received word that he is one of the heirs reported to have fallen to a snug fortune of $15,000,000 by the death of a relative in the gold mines in South Africa.

Mrs. James McAllister, wife of a retired farmer, died in Listowel recently, after a very brief illness from paralysis. Deceased was 61 years of age, and leaves four sons and two daughters, the latter being engaged in missionary work in Liberia, Africa.

John Anderson died at his home in Amherstburg Thursday, aged 71 years. The deceased came to Canada from Scotland when he was 9 years old, and his family settled in the town of Malden. He resided on the farm where the family first settled until about three years ago, when he removed to Amherstburg.

The death took place at his residence in Watford, on Wednesday evening, of Stephen O'Dwyer, an old and respected resident. Deceased, who was in his 53rd year, was a stonecutter in the Watford marble works, and was an industrious workman and good citizen. Besides his widow, he leaves four daughters and three sons.

James McGachie, one of Woodstock's popular young men, died in that town on Friday, aged 31 years. Mr. McGachie took an active interest in athletic sports in Woodstock, and was a member of the old Beaver Lacrosse Club. He was a past master of the lodge of Freemasons and was also a member of the Royal Arcanum.

F. X. Meloch, deputy postmaster at Windsor, has been superannuated on an allowance of $108 a year. His salary was $1,200. He has been seventeen years in the postoffice, and he is now 56 years of age. John Jeffers, a messenger at $600 a year, has been superannuated on an allowance of $180 a year. He is 70 years of age, and is in bad health.

The infant daughter of Mr. Samuel Grant, of the village of Turin, wandered away from home, and was found shortly afterwards lying in a ditch containing about a foot of water. Medical aid was called, but life was extinct. The mother had left the child, who was only 16 months old, sleeping in a room, and that was the last she saw of her alive.

P. D. McKellar, of Chatham, was in Bothwell recently inspecting his oil wells, both of which are now working speedily and yielding handsome returns. When spoken to in reference to the claim of the Ridgetown lady who claims to hold a 99 years' lease on some of the Bothwell oil properties, Mr. McKellar said that the claim was absurd, as no such leases were ever registered.

Miss Mary Mason, daughter of the late Samuel Mason, who lived 1½ miles from Port Stanley, had been poorly for the past week with la grippe. Thursday morning she arose, ate her breakfast, and while lying on the sofa suddenly expired. She leaves a family of several sisters at home, a brother Samuel in London, and John in Ingersoll. Deceased was 35 years of age, and died of pneumonia.

On Thursday at midnight two men tried to gain admission to the house of Mrs. Phillips, Emand street, Chatham, but as there was no one home but Mrs. Phillips, the baby and a lady visitor, they were refused. The men then smashed in the door, knocked Mrs. Philips down, and terrified her into giving up what money she possessed. D. McKellar was soon afterward arrested and identified as one of the marauders.

Judge Ferguson has decided against the council in the case of Kingsville vs. the Kingsville Gas Company. The company secured an injunction restraining the village council from boring for gas, and the council sought to have the injunction quashed. The judge claims that the contract to sink the well was irregular, and that the corporation had entered into the contract without any authorization. The injunction was made permanent.

Two little boys, named Oliver Coumans and Tony Wingfelder, each about 10 years of age, were playing Corbett and Fitzsimmons at Walkerton on Saturday, in the presence of a large assemblage of embryo pugilists, when at the fifth round Fitzsimmons knocked Corbett down and broke his arm. The lads had a regular ring, with seconds, referee and time-keeper. Corbett's representative was named after Sir Oliver Mowat, and is a son of John Coumans, proprietor of the Walker House. He is rather seriously injured.

On and after July 1 a mail train will be put on the L. E. and D. R. R. from Leamington to Blenheim, both ways. The stage route, which runs now from Blenheim to Wheatley, being discontinued from Wheatley to Leamington. The stage route from Charing Cross to Merlin, Valetta, Stewart, Quinn and Tilbury, will start from Merlin instead of from Charing Cross. The mail will be carried by train to Merlin, and Valetta, Stewart and Quinn served from there instead of being carried by stage from Charing Cross, as is the case now.

The Cuban War.

Rumors of Peace Negotiations Revived.

Spain Said to be About to Suspend Operations—The Fate of Gen. Riviera.

Madrid, April 3.—General Sanguilly has written to Premier Canovas Del Castillo, with reference to the peace negotiations with the Cuban insurgents.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 3.—A special from Washington says Spain has decided at last to cease offensive military operations in Cuba at the beginning of the wet season, now only a few weeks away. She is preparing to withdraw all her active forces from the interior, and to send back to Spain a large number of men. Her occupation of the ports, and of strategic positions will be of a tentative character. The three trochas will be practically abandoned. This is the downfall of Spain in Cuba, but even in her humiliation and bankruptcy she assumes the role of a conqueror bestowing favors on the conquered.

It has been given out by the Spanish legation that the meeting of the Cortes, which was regularly set for Easter Monday, has been postponed until some time in July. This is because the Ministerial Council in Madrid dare not attempt their Cuban retreat with the Cortes in session. Action is imperative, and when the Cortes does meet, a bill of indemnity will be asked for. The date set for the cessation of hostilities is not to be later than April 15. Weyler has been instructed to return to Havana within the week, if possible, but certainly before April 15. He will find awaiting him a royal edict prepared at Madrid to be promulgated, setting forth that the war is over.

Key West, Florida, April 3.—It was said here today, on Havana information, that Gen. Riviera's court martial met and that he was then ordered to be shot at sunrise. Passengers on the Olivette said there were rumors in Havana to that effect. It is believed here that Gen. Riviera was shot.

MAY ESCAPE DEATH.

New York, April 3.—A dispatch to the World from Madrid says: Gen. Ruis Rivera and Col. Bacallao, his chief of staff, will be taken to Havana for trial before an ordinary court martial. The Government so directs. It is not at all likely that the death penalty will be imposed upon either.

THE CANADIAN TARIFF.

A Moderate Tariff Would Cause the Americans to Buy All Right.

[Correspondence Buffalo Express.]

If the Canadian Government reduces the duty on British woolen goods, which it very likely will do, there will be such a demand for clothing by men living in the United States that a patrol of mounted men along the whole boundary, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, would be necessary to prevent the smuggling of Scotch and English suits across the line. A reduction of the duty on imported cutlery would be such as to open up a splendid paying traffic in smuggling. On pocket knives, under the Dingley bill, the duty is more than double the price, or from 213 to 270 per cent. Scissors under that bill are taxed about 17.5 per cent; table knives and forks about 15 per cent, and so on. Just imagine how easy it will be to smuggle such articles as these across a boundary line which is over 3,000 miles in length.

Those who have lived in border towns know the extent to which the smuggling into Canada of coal oil has extended, notwithstanding that it is a bulky article. Jewelry also has been a paying business for the smuggler. The ferry-boats on the St. Lawrence would do a poor business but for the opportunity they have of smuggling between the two countries. But it is in the winter season, when the river is frozen over, that this illegal traffic can be carried on with perfect freedom. If the customs can be defrauded in this way where the river is the boundary, how much more easily it can be done where only an imaginary line separates both countries for over 2,000 miles. The evil which would result to the United States would be very much greater than would any retaliatory legislation which might be passed by the Dominion, and the blame for the existing state of affairs would be placed at the door of the framers of the Dingley bill. In this way the people generally are taking all the comfort they can from the position which has been created by the American tariff bill.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

No matter how violent or excruciating the pain, the Rheumatic, Bedridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer.

Radway's Ready Relief

WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

Instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation and cures congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels or other glands or mucous membranes.

Radway's Ready Relief

Cures and Prevents Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Asthma, Difficult Breathing.

Moberly, Mo., Jan. 21, 1896.

Radway & Co.

Dear Sirs: I have been keeping in the house your Radway's Ready Relief for the last six years. I have used it in every way, and found it to be the best on earth. Six years ago I was sick; I tried all kinds of medicines, but they did me no good. My father saw the advertisement in the paper; he told me to try a bottle. I did so, and by using it three days I was able to be out. I have kept it on hand ever since, and I have told my neighbors about it. My wife had been troubled with toothache. I gave a trial of the medicine and it cured her pain instantly. I was gathering corn and got my hand caught between the wagon-bed and standard, and mashed it badly. I ran to the house and poured on a lot of Radway's Ready Relief, and had no more pain. I tied my hand up with a piece of flannel, toured on more Radway's Ready Relief, and in an hour I was ready to take hold of my work again. I cannot be thankful enough. I could write a great deal more, but this paper would not hold half of what I could write. Yours truly,

JACOB J. KAPPLER.

THE "GRIP."

Dr. Radway & Co., Gentlemen: I have used your Ready Relief for more than twenty-five years with much satisfaction—have used it for La Grippe, Pneumonia, Pleurisy and all sorts of aches and pains and have found it unfailing every time. Respectfully,

W. RAYMOND.

31 Crescent street, Middletown, Conn.

Dr. Radway & Co.: One bottle of Ready Relief and one box of Radway's Pills cured five in my family of that terrible complaint, La Grippe or influenza.

J. W. BREWER.

Ashburn, Pike County, Mo.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF USED ALSO INTERNALLY—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Colic, Flatulency and all internal pains.

Malaria in its various forms cured and prevented.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other fevers aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Prevention of Chills and Fever.

Hudson River Br'k Mf'g Co.,
Verplanck Point, N. Y.

Dr. Radway: My family are in the habit of trusting entirely to your Ready Relief and Pills as our household medicine, rarely requiring any other remedial aid. I myself follow closely your directions in taking the Ready Relief as a preventive for Chills and Fever, say a teaspoonful in some water before my breakfast on an empty stomach when I visit my yard, as I am accustomed to do at that time. The result is a perfect success, as I never take the fever, although I am located in a most malarious district, in which few of the residents escape malarious attacks, particularly of Chills and Fever.

My men and those who have come from Mr. Frost's yard experience the same beneficial effects by following a like practice as myself.

Very truly yours, JOHN MORTON, Proprietor.

Radway's Ready Relief

For the cure of Pain, Congestions and Inflammations, Price 25 CENTS a bottle.

Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent

For the Blood, and Chronic Diseases. Price, $1.00 a bottle.

RADWAY'S PILLS

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Price, 25 CTS. a box (at Druggists' or by mail).

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Be sure to get "Radway's," and see that the name is on what you buy.

Book of advice sent on application to RADWAY & CO., No. 7 St. Helen Street, Montreal, Canada.

Pure Toilet Paper.

Ours is the only Tissue paper mill scientifically equipped for the production of pure Tissue.

Ask your dealer for Toilet Paper made by

The E. B. Eddy Co., Ltd.,

HULL, - - - QUE.

WATCH THIS

ZXV

Merit Explains Its Great Popularity.

St. Leon is the greatest medicinal water on the American continent.

St. Leon—a sovereign remedy for all kidney and liver troubles.

St. Leon eradicates rheumatism from the system.

St. Leon—the greatest blood purifier known to science.

St. Leon Mineral Water Co., Ltd.,
TORONTO.

ZXV

The Prince of Wales possesses the most curious paper weight in the world. It is the hand of an Egyptian mummy.

RHEUMATISM

CURED BY

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

I have been troubled with Rheumatism for several months. I could scarcely get around. I had tried several remedies, but of no use. I read of the wonderful cures Dodd's Kidney Pills had done, and purchased one box. From the first box I began to get relief. I have used 4 boxes and I am cured.

I remain, yours, etc.,
W. H. SIMPSON,
Lindsay, Ont.

Dodd's Kidney Pills Always Cure Rheumatism

London Agent — RIDE STEARNS BICYCLE AND BE CONTENT — Geo. E. Coleman

C.A.A. 46

ltf zxv

A Contented Family.....

Fathers, mothers, sons and daughters will enjoy their breakfast if they have

RALSTON

Breakfast Food

—AND—

Pancake Flour

If you wish to enjoy pancakes without suffering from indigestion try Ralston's formula. We have the freshest and best.

Fitzgerald, Scandrett & Co.,

169 DUNDAS STREET.

EASTER...

NOVELTIES

AT THE

BIG DEPARTMENTAL

208, 210, 210½ & 212 DUNDAS ST.,

Last week was our first Millinery and Mantle Opening, and a success beyond our most sanguine expectations. We were favored with Queen's weather, a crowded house, large receipts and compliments innumerable on the beauty of our stock and the brightness of the store. For Easter you'll find novelties that won't be seen anywhere else in Millinery, Mantles and Dress Goods.

The Dress Goods Section is particularly interesting at present, being filled with the newest and best at moderate prices. We're showing exceptional value in Cloaks and Capes. One lot of Sample Capes from Germany, just taken out of bond, in Silk and Velvet, from $7 to $20, and very much under value. Should be seen at once, as they won't last long.

In the Millinery Room you'll find a display of high art creations. But you must visit this department to get any idea of the many beautiful things we are showing. The Milliner's art is displayed here in its best attainments. The most fashionable centers are represented by many triumphs in hatmaking and dreams of exquisite beauty.

Special Snaps for Today and Tomorrow in the Silverware Section:

Silver Butter Dishes, quadruple plate, regular $1 50, for $1 15.
Silver Tea Spoons, quadruple plate, regular $3, for $2.
Mrs. Potts' Irons, 55c a set, today and tomorrow.

LONDON'S ONLY DEPARTMENTAL.

Runians & Butler.



HOP BITTERS

A MEDICINE, NOT A DRINK,

CONTAINS

Hops, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion,

And the Purest and Best Medical Qualities of all others.

Cures

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, especially Female Complaints.

$1,000 IN GOLD

Will be paid for a case it will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found therein.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Hop Bitters, 685 Broadway NEW YORK.



TENDERLOINS, SWEETBONES

and all other Fresh Products

AT

The Canadian Packing Co.'s Store,

NEXT TO POSTOFFICE.

We have no branch stores. zw



W. Chapman

BUTCHER.

Fresh and Salt Meats Beef, Mutton, Fowls etc. Goods delivered to any part of the city

269 DUNDAS STREET

WESTERN SCHOOL OF ART

Spencer Block, Dundas Street.

The next term will begin March 29. Evening classes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, from 7 to 9 p.m. Fees for 36 lessons, $3. Afternoon classes, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, from 2:30 to 4:30 p.m. Freehand model drawing, oil, water color and china painting. The examinations take place at the end of April. The education department offers gold, silver and bronze medals with certificates for competition. For further particulars apply to JOHN H. GRIFFITHS, Principal.

School Books,
Magazines,
Periodicals,
Novels, etc.

John Mills,

Richmond Street.

A Choice Selection

of the latest designs in Wall Paper can be made from our stock. The freshest largest and most varied stock in the west. Choose your paper and we will keep it until you are prepared for the paper hanger.

O. B. GRAVES,
222 Dundas Street.
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Fully Guaranteed Bicycles
Gents' or Ladies'
—FOR—
$45
See This Wheel Before Purchasing

W. A. BROCK,
192 Dundas St., London.

Special Inducements

In the way of lower prices for wiring your house for ELECTRIC LIGHTING if you have it done while house cleaning. We can do the work quicker then, and will give our patrons the benefit. Ask for estimates at 359 Richmond stret.

London Electric Co., Ltd.,
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MECHANICAL AND PATENT LAW EXPERT.
359-61 Richmond, corner King, London Ont. Telephone 591.

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Barrister, etc., over Bank of Commerce London.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Wabash Railroad.

If you are contemplating a trip to the gold mining country, please consider the merits of the Wabash Railroad, the short and true route via Detroit, Chicago, and St. Paul, to all points in the Kootenay district. Passengers leaving London and points west by a.m. trains, reach St. Paul next day at noon, where direct connections are made for all points in the gold fields. Quickest and best route to Hot Springs, Ark.; Old Mexico, California, and all western points. Tickets and time-tables of this great railway from any railroad agent, or J. A. RICHARDSON, Canadian passenger agent, northeast corner King and Yonge streets, Toronto. 53 tf

Hunt & Sons' old established feather bed and mattress cleaning factory, manufacturers of goose feather pillows, mattresses and spring beds. Ticks filled with feathers and delivered. Stoves bought, sold, or exchanged. 593 Richmond street north, opposite Victoria Park and Central avenue. Telephone 997.

$2 25.

A storm and screen door for $2 25; one door does for both a screen and storm door. By merely removing a few screws the panels come out, and you have a screen door; put in the panels and you have a storm door. Made of black ash and nicely oiled. BOWMAN & CO., Coal and Lumber Dealers, Clarence and Bathurst streets.
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With an experience extending over thirteen years with some of the leading jewelry establishments of Canada, I can guarantee satisfaction on watch, clock and jewelry repairing. W. T. FEETHAM, 201 Dundas street. zxv

Headquarters for Baby Carriages—beautiful designs, beautiful colorings, and prices finer than ever. It costs you nothing to see them at TRAFFORD'S, 95 and 97 King street, city.

One Experience From Many.

I have been sick and miserable so long and had caused my husband so much trouble and expense, no one seemed to know what ailed me, that I was completely disheartened and discouraged. In this frame of mind I got a bottle of Hop Bitters and used them unknown to my family. I soon began to improve and gained so fast that my husband and family thought it strange and unnatural, but when I told them what had helped me, they said: "Hurrah for Hop Bitters! long may they prosper, for they have made mother well and us happy."—The Mother.

LADY BEAUTIFIERS.—Ladies, you cannot make fair skin, rosy cheeks, and sparkling eyes with all the cosmetics of France or beautifiers of the world, while in poor health, and nothing will give you such rich blood, good health, strength and beauty, as Hop Bitters. A trial is certain proof.

Perdita—So when you got married you ran away? Van Ishe—Yes. Perdita—Well, what then? Van Ishe—Oh, well, then—we—er—walked back.

FAGGED OUT.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength is gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills

BAKING POWDER
20c Pound.
PUREST AND BEST.
N. W. Emerson
DRUGGIST.
491—RICHMOND STREET—491.
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Every Young Housekeeper....

Is anxious to get the very latest and best improved kitchen ware for her new home. We can supply every need of the modern kitchen.

STEVELY'S,
362 Richmond St.—Phone 452.
zxv

LOCAL RAINS—PARTLY FAIR AND MILD.

Toronto, Ont., April 4—11 p.m.—The low area has moved from the southwest states northward to Minnesota, and is causing rain throughout the lake region. The weather continues fair in the St. Lawrence valley and Maritime Provinces.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:

Qu'Appelle, 30-38; Winnipeg, 34-46; Port Arthur, 30-42; Parry Sound, 24-56; Toronto, 32-53; Ottawa, 24-54; Montreal, 26-50; Quebec, 20-44; Halifax, 28-56.

PROBABILITIES.

Toronto, April 5—1 a.m.—Probabilities for 24 hours for lower lakes region: Moderate to fresh winds; local rains, but partly fair and mild.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Saturday were 55.5 above and 30 above; on Sunday 54 above and 32.5 above.

RARELY BEAUTIFUL

Are our spring-flowering plants. Our cut flowers are always the best. Besides we are floral artists.

GAMMAGE & SONS, 213 Dundas St.
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CREOLE
5c straight. Best cigar in the city for the money.
JOE NOLAN, Masonic Temple.
zxv

In the Dining-Room.

TUESDAY, APRIL 6.

BREAKFAST—Oranges. Wheat griddle cakes. Baked eggs. Crullers. Coffee.

LUNCHEON—Chipped beef. Potato dice. Bread and butter. Cornstarch puffs. Marmalade. Tea.

DINNER—Potato soup. Veal potpie. Spinach. Mock snow pudding.

Cut these recipes out and paste them in a scrapbook.

Crullers—One cupful of sugar, one tablespoonful of butter, two eggs, one cupful of rich milk, three cupfuls of flour mixed with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one small level teaspoonful of salt; use flour enough to roll; cut in two-inch squares, and cut each square in "slashes"; fry in hot lard. When cool roll in fine sugar. This recipe will make enough for five or six breakfasts.

Chipped Beef—Take one-half pound of finely shaved dried beef; put in a saucepan and add enough cold water to cover it. When scalding hot (boiling toughens it) drain off the water, add one large tablespoonful of butter, and a slight sprinkling of pepper; let it simmer gently for ten minutes. When ready to serve add three or four tablespoonfuls of cream. This will be found a pleasant change from the thickened gravy with which it is usually served.

Potato Dice—Pare and cut into dice shape five medium size potatoes; put into a saucepan with enough hot water to cover, and one half teaspoon of salt; cook till tender, drain and pour over them two or three tablespoonfuls of melted butter and serve at once.

Cornstarch Puffs—One cupful of pulverized sugar, one-half cupful of butter, one cupful of cornstarch, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one teaspoonful of vanilla, four eggs. Rub the butter and sugar to a cream, add the beaten yolks of the eggs; beat the whites of the eggs very stiff and add alternately with the cornstarch and baking powder mixed. Bake in well-greased gem tins, which should be heated before putting the batter in. Bake in a rather quick oven. When cool frost. This recipe will make twenty puffs, and they will keep several days.

Mock Snow Pudding—Three tablespoons of cornstarch wet with enough cold water to dissolve it and a pinch of salt; pour over this one pint of boiling water; cook five minutes, stirring constantly; add the whites of three eggs beaten to a stiff froth. Wet a mold in cold water and pour the mixture in. Make a custard of the yolks of the three eggs, one-half a cupful of sugar and one cupful of milk; let it come to a boil, but do not allow it to curdle; flavor. When ready to serve turn the white part out on an ice-cream platter or flat dish and pour the custard around it.

Notice to Advertisers.

Prompt changes are requested from our advertisers. Copy must be handed in by 4 p.m. the day before to insure insertion the following day. We cannot undertake to make changes when handed in the day of issue.

Man should linger at the windows
Where the dainty bonnets thrall,
Just to revel in the fact he
Doesn't have to buy them all.

A Radical Change.

Mrs. Jas. Graham, Hamilton, Ont., says: "My doctor said that my heart trouble could not be cured, but I am happy to say he was mistaken, for Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have made a complete cure in my case. I have now no heart pains, sleeplessness, fluttering or breathlessness, and am entirely restored to health and vigor."

"Now, let good digestion wait on appetite, and health on both," is a favorite toast after taking Angostura Bitters. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, manufacturers.

SPLENDID VALUE IN
Spring Shoes.....



ALL THE NEWEST STYLES in Canadian and American Shoes. The secret of our success is that we build on giving more than we tell about, and there is always a pleasant reserve back of the newspaper say.

The Bell Shoes for women and children have all the good points of the best American-made shoes. You can buy them 30 per cent less.

Dozens of new styles to select from at our store. The Slater $3 Shoe for men, made in all swell styles, equal to $5 shoes, for $3.

POCOCK BROS.

ONE OF THE SIGHTS OF NATURE...
Pleasure-seekers can find nothing more pleasant these sunny days than a trip to Springbank and visit the old pleasure resort in its rustic and picturesque beauty.
Cars Run Every Hour.

London Advertiser.
TELEPHONE NUMBERS.
107.....Business Office.
134.....Editorial Rooms.
175.....Job Department.

A Local Budget

—When you require anything in the job printing line, send to The Advertiser Job Department.

—Mr. Walter Mills, barrister, of Ridgetown, was in the city yesterday, visiting his parents in South London.

—Mr. Adam Beck, of this city, has been chosen one of the honorary vice-presidents of the Detroit Horse Show.

—Col. Vidal, Capt. Denison, and Sergt. Gregory have been notified to sail for England on April 10. They leave Wolseley Barracks on Wednesday.

—The Dominion Savings and Investment Society removed on Saturday to their new offices in the Masonic Temple block, at the corner of King and Richmond streets.

—Soundings made recently by Capt. Demming show from eleven to fourteen feet of water in Port Stanley harbor, which is a greater depth than at any time during the past ten years.

—London boys are still on top of the heap at Toronto University. Mr. Jack Hobbs has been elected president of the University Athletic Association, and Mr. Burris Gahan, editor of 'Varsity, the college paper.

—Many friends of the family will regret to hear of the death of Wilbur Meade, the 6-year-old son of ex-Ald. J. G. Pritchett, of Byron avenue, Death resulted after two weeks' illness, originating in an attack of la grippe.

—Lieut. R. Burritt, No. 1 Company, Twenty-eighth Battalion, will arrive here today from Stratford to take a three months' course at Wolseley Barracks. Mr. Burritt will write for a first-class certificate at the end of three months.

—Inspector Sanders says two pairs of trousers and a coat or two would be very acceptable to some poor unfortunate, deserving people he knows. If charitably disposed citizens choose to give away cast-off clothing Mr. Sanders is a good medium.

—Sister Berchmans, a member of the Loretto Convent in Guelph, is dead. She was the first to enter the convent when it was established in 1857. She was a Miss Burk, and lived in this city, where her mother still survives at the ripe old age of 92 years.

—The street railway company have offered Mr. Lancaster $500 for his boat house property at the foot of Dundas street, but Mr. Lancaster wants more. The company wish to use the property as an approach to their proposed bridge connecting with London West.

—Mrs. James Bloomer, of Dufferin avenue, had a bad fall when getting off the C. P. R. train Saturday morning. Dr. Pingel, C. P. R. physician, was called in, and it was feared for some time that concussion of the brain would result. However, the patient is now doing nicely.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Mair, of Glendale, were driving into the city on Saturday, the horse became frightened at a trolley car in front of ex-Ald. John Heaman's, and ran into a post, breaking one of the shafts of the rig. Mrs. Mair was either thrown out or jumped, and was not injured.

—The "Brian Boru" company had their baggage attached by Sheriff Malloy, of Port Huron, on Friday, at the instance of Eugene Poller, of New York, who has a claim for $1,600 against the manager of the company. A temporary settlement was made to allow the company to fill their engagement in London.

THE POPULAR SPRING TONIC...

Every spring for years past many citizens of London have been accustomed to use
WILLIAMS' ROYAL CROWN REMEDY...
They claim that, feeling weak from winter sicknesses, this valuable remedy has restored their nerves, strengthened their weak organs and put them in that healthy state so essential to all who would enjoy life. It should be used immediately.
$1 per bottle, or 6 for $5, at all druggists or
BARKWELL'S DRUG STORE
288 DUNDAS STREET.
zxv

DUPLEX PIPE
Reduced to 25c.
SAM. K. STEWART, 202½ Dundas St.
zxv

—The proposed reduction of about 10 per cent which was to have taken place on Saturday last at the London and Petrolea Barrel Company's works, was not put into effect. The men opposed the reduction, and formed a cooper's union. None of the factory hands will suffer a reduction in wages in the face of this.

—Two little girls, one about 10 years old, and the other 13 or 14, astonished a policeman on Saturday by asking permission to go into the hotels in the city to beg. They said they were living in London West, and had recently come here from Chatham. They had nothing to eat and no money. The policeman directed them to Inspector Bell.

—Another runaway occurred Saturday afternoon. A horse belonging to Dr. George Wilson was tied in front of a house on Oxford street, when it took fright and started west at a lively pace. At the corner of Waterloo the rig came in contact with the boulevard and the runaway was stopped. The horse escaped uninjured, although both rig and harness were badly damaged.

—Mr. Richard Shopland, night engineer at the electric light power house, was severely injured last Friday. He was standing on a stepladder fixing one of the lamps, when the ladder slipped and he fell to the floor, narrowly escaping contact with one of the motors. Besides being badly shaken up, Mr. Shopland had his nose broken by the fall. He will be laid up for a few days.

—The city auditors' report for the year has just been published, and shows the finances of the city to be in a satisfactory condition. The assets of the city are placed at $2,871,440 85. Schools and public buildings are valued at $709,625; sinking fun investments at $189,522 87; the waterworks at about $750,000, and the Port Stanley Railway at over $800,000. There was also a balance of cash on hand at the close of the year of $110,970 38. The assets exceed the liabilities by the handsome sum of $342,746 37.

—The regular meeting of the London Dental Association was held at the office of Dr. McDonald on Saturday evening. Dr. H. R. Abbott presented a very interesting paper on "Mistakes that I Have Made." As this was the annual meeting, the election of officers took place, with the following result: Dr. H. R. Abbott, president; Dr. S. Woolverton, vice-president; Dr. G. A. Bentley, secretary-treasurer. The retiring president, Dr. McDonald, afterwards entertained the members at Short's oyster parlors, where a very pleasant hour was spent. Much credit is due the doctor for the success of the association during the past year.

A MIDNIGHT BELL.

Laura Joyce Bell, the famous comedienne and contralto, who has achieved such a pronounced artistic success in the character of the Spinster in Hoyt's greatest comedy, "A Midnight Bell," which will appear at the Grand tomorrow night, has for a number of years past held enviable position in the estimation of the general public and the press of this country for her great versatility and capacity both as actress and singer. Mrs. Bell can possibly lay claim to more actual triumphs in the operatic profession than any one individual artist today before the public, and, in point of fact, it can be thoroughly and justly stated that she has never failed to score a success with any part she has ever attempted. In the character of Miss Lizzie, the Spinster, in Hoyt's "A Midnight Bell," Mrs. Bell has taken a radical departure from any of her previous characterizations, and Mr. Charles Hoyt, the famous author of the play, has been pleased to state that it is the best performance and the most accurate depiction the character has ever had.

DIED WHILE AT WORK.

Mr. John Gutteridge Succumbs to Heart Failure at the London and Petrolea Barrel Works.

A sensation was caused at the works of the London and Petrolea Barrel Company about 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon, by the sudden death of Mr. John W. Gutteridge, of 217 Adelaide street, an old and esteemed employe. He had been in the service of the company for some years, and was 77 years of age. He lost his wife a few months ago. One daughter, Miss Minnie, survives him.

Mr. Gutteridge had been a sufferer from heart trouble for some years. Dr. Macarthur was called to attend him, but death ensued about half an hour after the shock. His funeral took place today at 4 o'clock.

A Gala Week.

The Celebration in London of the Queen's Jubilee.

The Committee Outline a Programme of Sports—Procession and Games.

The attraction and railway committee of the civic jubilee committee met at the City Hall on Saturday night, with Ald. Gerry (chairman), Winnett, Turner, Douglass and Mr. W. H. Bartram present. They decided on the following programme for jubilee day:

The afternoon to be devoted to a procession, starting from the Market Square, to Queen's Park, of all societies, trades and organizations, of whatever kind, those on foot to head the procession to the park, then open out and let the rest of the procession enter and pass around the ring in front of the grand stand. Prizes, with certificates, to be given for the best drilled corps, the best uniformed, and the largest number in line. A butchers' race, Hunt Club race, and farmers' race.

Tugs-of-war — School trustees vs. aldermen; Irish Benevolent Society vs. St. Andrew's Society; St. George's Society vs. the winner.

Presentation of prizes by the mayor.

The grounds will be free, but the usual charge will be made for admission to the grand stand.

Refreshment stands will be rented for the benefit of the Victoria Hospital fund, and voluntary contribution boxes will be placed at the gates for the same purpose.

The committee also recommended that the railway companies be asked to give cheap return rates for the whole week, beginning Saturday, June 19, and a special return rate for the day of the celebration from all points west of Toronto. Efforts will be made to have a regatta held under the management of the London Canoe and Rowing Club. The street railway company and steamer and boat owners will be asked for a rebate to swell the fund. Pleasant memories of past torchlight processions by local wheelmen and ladies were vivid in the minds of the members and they recommended that an effort be made to have such a procession one evening during jubilee week.

SHE NEED NOT SWEAR.

By the New Marriage Act Only One Party Need Take Affidavit Before the License Issuer.

A bill for the amendment of the Ontario Marriage Act received its first reading on March 22. Several important changes are proposed which will be gladly welcomed both by issuers of marriage licenses and by persons contemplating matrimony. By the act of April 7, 1896, both of the parties to the intended marriage must personally make affidavit, one of which affidavits at least must be made before the issuer. This provision has led to a great deal of inconvenience both to the issuer of licenses and to the contracting parties. The new bill provides that before the issue of the license the affidavit before required to be made by both parties shall be made before the issuer by one of them.

As before, a chart showing the degrees of affinity and consanguinity which prevent lawful marriage is entered in the form of affidavit and must be made known to the applicant.

The provisions of the present law, which require the issuer to forward to the registrar immediately upon the issue of the license, a form containing certain particulars about the parties, has been criticised by some; but the framers of the bill have wisely decided to retain them.

The provisions regarding the appointment of deputies, and the enforcement of penalties for breach of the act remain as before.

BIG EXPORTS FROM LONDON.

During March — Canadian Tobacco in Demand—Increased Collections.

The inland revenue returns of the port of London for March shows a large increase, as compared with those of February and of the corresponding month last year. The total collections for the month amount to $51,918 02, making an increase of $29,332 03 as compared with February, 1897, and $26,520 65 as compared with March, 1896. The greatest increases are in spirits, malt and tobacco.

The exports amounted to $104,627, of which tobacco contributed $45,548. This large amount is accounted for by the fact that the American manufacturers have not been able to get a full supply from Cuba and have been forced to replenish their depleted stocks from Canadian houses. The local tobacco people have, of course, profited by this state of affairs.

The customs collections for the quarter amounted to $133,713 39, a decrease of $17,084 10 compared with the first quarter of 1896. The decrease in March was $2,994 49 as compared with March, 1896.

LADIES:

That handsome summer outfit you contemplate donning in a few days will be incomplete without a pair of
CHOCOLATE OXFORDS in Tie or Button.

Sun, Wind & Co. are quickly drying up the streets. They will soon be in such a condition that you will be able to throw off those cumbersome rubbers or overshoes and allow you to appear on the dry streets with only a shoe on your feet. Do not allow that pretty foot to be seen on the street with an old, out-of-style shoe on, when shoes like we are offering you below are procurable:

Ladies' Chocolate Oxfords, pointed (J. D. King)	$1 25
Ladies' Chocolate Kid Oxfords, pointed (J. D. King)	1 75
Ladies' Chocolate Kid Oxfords, finest made	2 50
Ladies' Chocolate Kid, whole fox Bal...	2 25
Ladies' Chocolate Kid Bal., cloth top....	3 00

and hundreds of kinds of black and colored shoes all sizes and prices at

JOHNSTON'S
Trunks, Valises and Leather Goods.
198 DUNDAS STREET.

KINGSMILL'S
Spring Opening.

We show all the latest and prettiest styles in Headwear, and extend a cordial invitation to the ladies of London and vicinity to call and inspect our stock.

Mantles.

Also over 400 pattern Jackets and Capes. We can assure you a finer collection of garments was never seen in London before.

Silks.

It is impossible to use words to describe the gorgeousness of our New Spring Silks. All we can do is to ask you to come and see them and welcome. 160 dress lengths from $5 to $25 the dress. No two alike; cannot be seen elsewhere.

Dress Goods.

Patterns—Over 400 to choose from, embracing every style that's fashionable and every color that's seasonable. We could write columns describing the beauty of each separate style, but again we must extend our invitation and advice, and say, come and see them

Carpets.

New Spring designs in Royal Axminster to hand, with border to match.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns and Publications.
SUBSCRIBE FOR THE
"Glass of Fashion." 25c for 12 Numbers.
Dundas St. KINGSMILL'S Carling St.

Grippe and Pneumonia.

Johnston's Fluid Beef is the best pick-me-up after an attack of these diseases. TRY IT!
55c zxv

Graham Bros.
London's Furnishers and Hatters.

3 Cases More Just Opened.
LATEST NOVELTIES IN
COLORED SHIRTS.
With or without Collars and Separate Cuffs. All new patterns.

"LETTERS TO THE ADVERTISER"

COST OF A HOSPITAL.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

A general hospital of modern design and construction, the plan to afford ample accommodation for the next ten years, and to be capable of extension without patches or unsightly excrescences, for further requirements, as the city increases in population, is admitted as necessary, and no memorial of the "jubilee year" could be more creditable to our city.

A free-will offering (promoted by delicate suggestions re loyalty and benevolence) to found a memorial as above, may be estimated as follows:

4 subscribers at $5,000	$20,000
6 subscribers at $2,500	15,000
10 subscribers at $1,000	10,000
20 subscribers at $500	10,000
40 subscribers at $100	4,000
60 subscribers at $50	3,000
Fraternal societies	3,000
Churches	5,000
General subscriptions	10,000
Total	$80,000

Assuming that above over-estimates the benevolence of the citizens, and only half the sum is realized, say $40,000, with that amount the good work could go on; and, judging from the experience of other cities, the interest of the benevolent being aroused, bequests and donations would follow. All subscribers of $100 and upwards could be made "life governors" of the hospital, as is the case with the Montreal General Hospital. The board of governors elect from their number the executive and visiting committees, and no institution in that city is so favored with bequests, endowments, donations and general voluntary contributions for maintenance as the non-sectarian, non-political, Montreal General Hospital.

We can do proportionately well if our people will unite in the good work. We all need some of the feeling that animated Rev. B. B. Johnston when he offered $10—even if he had to lay brick for value.

A business letter from Philadelphia received a few days since had the following motto printed on the sheet: "Keeping everlastingly at it brings success." That sentiment is respectfully recommended to the committee intrusted with the question of providing a new hospital.

S. CHADWICK.

London, April 2.

My Neighbor Told Me.

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it. This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures; that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache. 2

The up-to-date new woman,
She does the best she can,
With bloomers, manly vests and shirts,
To be a self-made man.

If the hair is falling out and turning gray, the glands of the skin need stimulating and color-food, and the best remedy and stimulant is Hall's Hair Renewer.