

Births, Marriages, Deaths

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths which are inserted in The Daily Advertiser also appear in The Western Advertiser. Births 25c, Marriages and Deaths 50c.

DIED.

BARNETT—In this city, on Feb. 1, at 3:30 a.m., Mr. Alfred Barnett, aged 77 years.
Funeral private, from his late residence, 639 Princess avenue.
57u

McARTHUR—At the family residence, South London, Feb. 1, Annie Christina, youngest daughter of the late Alexander McArthur.
Funeral on Saturday, Feb. 5, at 11:30 a.m. Service at 11 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.
58u

GIBSON—On Wednesday, Feb. 1, Mary, beloved wife of Mr. J. W. Gibson, in her 64th year.
Funeral Saturday, at 2:30 p.m., service at 2, from the family residence, 425 Horton street, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Friends will kindly accept this intimation.
58u

Amusements and Lectures

JUBILEE RINK—BAND TONIGHT—Open afternoon.
PRINCESS—MUSICAL SOCIETY BAND—Tonight. Perfect ice. Catholic Club carnival Feb. 7.
b

TREBELL, JARVIS, FOX—CONCERT
Grand Opera House, Monday, Feb. 13. Subscription list now open at Bell Piano Warehouse.
b

DAISY RINK, THURSDAY, FEB. 2
British Club Carnival. Cash prizes. Musical Society Band. Admission 10c.
57u

STARLIGHT RINK—OPEN CARNIVAL
Friday. Carnival for children Saturday afternoon. Bands.
b

REDLIGHT RINK—SPLENDID ICE
Children's carnival Saturday afternoon. Splendid prizes.
b

HOCKEY EXCURSION TO SARNIA
Friday, Feb. 3. Championship game, London vs. Sarnia. Trains leave 7:30 and special at 6:30 returning leaves Sarnia 11 p.m. Return fare \$1.30. Tickets good any train Saturday, Feb. 4. Tickets can be obtained from E. De la Houke.
b

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY—SPECIAL
Have you seen the "Society Cake Walk"? Newest dance set, sure to be very popular. We can accommodate you with a private lesson any hour. Dayton & McCormick.
57u

NEW SHIPS BUILDING FOR THE
Allan Line, 3 of which will be on the route via Montreal to the Old Country this spring and summer. Be sure your tickets are purchased at the City of Montreal Passenger Agency, 419 Richmond street, next door to Advertiser. F. B. Clarke, agent.
b

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING
Rapid teaching, low rates. All who desire a thorough knowledge of the art of dancing should avail themselves of this opportunity. Lessons any hour. R. B. Millard, teacher of dancing, 345 Princess avenue.
b

Meetings

THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE LEAP
Year Consolidated Gold Mining Company, of London, Limited, are hereby notified that the third annual meeting of the Company will be held on the evening of Monday, the 15th day of February, 1899, at 8:30 o'clock, in Castle Hall, Dufferin Block, corner Dundas and Clarence streets, London. C. W. Belton, president; E. D. Cronin, secretary.
58u

Domestics Wanted.

Good Servants
Can be got by inserting an ad. in The Advertiser's Want Column.
b

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT
Family of three. Good wages, steady work, good of London. Apply 203 Hamilton road.
58u

WANTED—NURSEMAID—APPLY MRS.
Chapman, 322 King street.
57u

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT—NO
washing. Apply 385 Dufferin avenue.
57u

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT
Immediately. Family of two. Apply 671 Ridout street.
56u

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—FAM-
ily of three. Apply Mrs. R. Munro, 270 Piccadilly street.
56u

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GEN-
eral servant in small family; no washing. Mrs. A. M. Smart, 142 Kent street.
57u

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED—NO
washing or ironing. References required. Apply to Mrs. Bayly, 186 Albert street.
51u

Male Help Wanted.

WANTED—FARM HAND, MUST BE A
good milker. Apply to lot 24, com. 1, Westminster.
57u

YOUNG MAN (GRADUATE OF F. C. R. C.)
desires situation as bookkeeper; some experience. Address A. M. Campbell, Melbourne, Ont.
57u

Agents Wanted.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY
persons to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. Mainly office work, conducted at home. Salary—straight \$200 a year and expenses, definite, immediate, salary; no more, no less salary. Reference. Inclose self-addressed envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. F., Chicago.
b

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CANNYER
to call on private families, or lady and gentleman well acquainted locally; on salary. G. Marshall & Co., London.
b

Board and Lodging.

WOULD YOU LIKE A PLEASANT
front room, good board and comfortable home in private family? Try Box 49, this office.
3011 tyw

WANTED—GENTLEMAN OR GENTLE-
woman and wife as boarders in a private family. Apply 413 King street.
b

Wanted.

PARTY CALLING ON FARMERS AND
others with horses and rig is open to carry a side line. Good connections through London township; references and security if required. Apply Box 123, this office.
500u

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GENTLE
MEN'S cast-off clothing. A. P. Sainsbury, 50 King street. Mail orders attended to.
b

Lost and Found.

LOST—LAST NIGHT—LADY'S BLACK
and white feathered bonnet on Central avenue or Wellington street. Liberal reward at 270 Central avenue.
58c

FOUND—BLACK FUR MITT. APPLY THIS
office.
58u

LOST—MONDAY NIGHT—LADY'S GOLD
watch, 8 o'clock case, initials C. A. B. chain attached. Reward at C. A. Allan's, 653 Richmond.
56c

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST MORT-
gages at 4 1/2 per cent; second mortgages and other securities, low rates. G. W. Francis, 90 Dundas street, London, Ont.
d&w

AMERICANS
SLAUGHTERED.

Men's Black Wax Calf Laced Boots, made by the celebrated firm, Hathaway, Soule & Herrington, former price \$5, today's price

\$3.00.

Our aim is to clear our winter lines of footwear regardless of cost.

Pocock Bros.
140 Dundas Street.
Trunks and Valises in large variety

Articles For Sale.

DART'S SALE OF 20 COWS AND 108
acre farm, lot 7, con. 1, Westminster, five miles from London, on Hamilton road, Feb. 7, 1899, at 1 o'clock. Some of these cows are new milkers. Sam Dart.
b&wd

BASEBURNER FOR SALE—NEARLY
new. Apply 201 or 403 Dundas street.
56u

FINE GROCERIES A SPECIALTY—DOM
INION laundry agency. Trading stamp given on all purchases. T. H. JAMES, 1810, at 1 o'clock. South London.
ywt

SNAPS FOR TODAY—1 GRAND UNION
Piano, 7 1/2 octaves, \$109; 1 Weber & Co. Piano, 7 1/2 octaves, \$125; 1 Knabe & Co. Piano, 7 1/2 octaves, \$135; 1 Chickering & Sons' Piano, 7 1/2 octaves, \$150; 1 Dominion Organ, large, 10 stops, \$35; 1 Karn & Co. Organ, large, 10 stops, \$45. Easy terms to good parties. Gentelman & Co., 117 Dundas street, corner Clarence.
b

SPRING SKATES, 35c PAIR. SKATES
hollow ground, ice. Bicycling repairing lowest prices. D. McKenzie & Co., 374 Richmond street.
b

DIAMONDS REMOUNTED AND OLD
jewelry made up-to-date at small expense J. T. Westland, 340 Richmond street, upstairs.
b

BEST HARD COAL AND WOOD DE-
livered in all parts of the city. W. G. Eady, 771 Dundas street. Phone 1135.
b

ELECTRIC BELLS KEPT IN PERMANENT
repair, only 50c per year. R. M. Millar, 434 Talbot street.
21u

PORK SAUSAGE AND BOLOGNA, FOUR
pounds 25c; smoked ham and bacon, 10c; pickled bacon, 5c; shoulders, 6c; long cleats, 8c, at Park's, corner Market Lane.
b

TISSUE PAPER—ALL COLORS—FOR
full size sheets for one cent. Large assortment of school books and school supplies. J. H. Cunningham, 775 Dundas street, East London.
b

KEENE'S MASONIC TEMPLE IS THE
cheapest place to buy stoves or furniture. Large stock on hand.
b

\$15 BUYS A SIX-PIECE PARLOR
suite, nicely upholstered, regular price \$20. Keene Bros., Cash Bargain Furniture Store, 127 King street.
b

CUSTOMS PAPERS—THE NEW FORMS.
ANY QUANTITY—ONE SET OR THOUSAND SETS.
ADVERTISER JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT.
Phone 175.
b

Miscellaneous.

MADAME LA ZELL, THE POPULAR
Palmet, may be consulted on all matters of love, business and marriage. Wonderful revelations. 25 cents. Room 6, London House.
b

DRESS SUITS TO RENT, IN FIRST-CLASS
condition. A. P. Sainsbury, 90 King street.
b

Architects.

J. A. GAULD, ARCHITECT, 273 1/2 DUNDAS
street.
ywt

McBRIDE & FARNCOMBE—ARCHI-
TECTS and surveyors, 213 Dundas street. H. C. McBride, F. W. Farncombe, H.S., C.E.
b

MOORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS,
CIVIL ENGINEERS.
John M. Moore, Frederick Henry.
b

Business Chances.

WANTED—PURCHASER FOR LIVE
running grocery business in good town. \$1,000 required. Splendid chance. Address T. B. Escott & Co., wholesale grocers, London, Ont.
58u wtz&hw

FOR SALE—WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS
Mineral bath, swimming bath, boating basin, 200 feet long. Apply 60 Elmwood avenue, South London.
53u

Houses, Etc., To Let.

TO LET—FURNISHED BLOCK, Dundas street.
Large rooms lately vacated by W. V. C. T. U. 20 rooms. No. 2; well suited for business, educational or light manufacturing. Apply 282 Dundas street.
58u

TO RENT—35 ACRES—LOT 34, CON. 2
Westminster. Apply on premises. Gardener preferred.
55u

TO LET—FLOUR AND FEED STORE—197
King street. Apply on premises.
54u

TO LET—GOOD BRICK AND FRAME
stable. Inquire A. N. Udy, over C. P. R. ticket office. Phone 735.
b

TO LET—NO. 427 KING STREET—APPLY
at 283 King street.
50u

TO LET—COVERED MOVING VANS.
When moving have your furniture and pianos carefully moved. Address 57 Carling street. Phone 1,102 and 1,107.
b

Swedish Massage.

MISS MILLAR, 350 PRINCESS AVENUE
Swedish therapeutic massage, graduate of the Hugo Oldenborg Institute, Chicago.
b

Insurance.

LANCASHIRE
INSURANCE COMPANY OF ENGLAND.
Capital and Assets Exceed \$20,000,000.
J. A. NELLES,
Board of Trade Rooms, 422 Richmond Street, London.
ywt

THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE
Canada Branch, Montreal.
Assets \$58,000,000
Fire Losses Paid Since 1803, \$1,049,017,127
EDWARD TOWLE & CO., general agents
Office, over Canadian Bank of Commerce, Lon-
don. Funds to loan, 5 per cent. Phone 509.
b

How do you like this policy?

When you reach the age of 50 we will pay you in cash \$4,000. We will thereafter pay you \$500 a year for 20 years. All the privileges of our policies belong to this. Write for details.

The Ontario Mutual Life.
C. E. GERMAN, General Agent.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE—50-ACRE FARM, CON. 6, LOT
22, six miles west of London, choice land; good buildings; well watered; eight acres laid out, twenty acres plowed. Price \$2,500. Apply 441 Piccadilly street, London. 40b&od

FOR SALE—AN AIRSTOCK FARM—GOOD
buildings; abundant supply of good water; 50 acres; tide drained; 1 1/2 miles from railway station; west of city, price only \$3,000. 20 acres near city limits, would exchange for city property. J. F. Sangster, 408 Richmond street.
b

Educational.

THE HARDING HALL GIRLS' SCHOOL
LIMITED.
Spring term commences Feb. 8. Kindergarten branch is held in a room in Conservatory of Music building, Dundas street. For calendars and other information apply to Mrs. J. E. Wells, 681 Talbot street, London.
b

Will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION,
at the auction rooms of Mr. J. W. Jones, 242 Dundas street, London, on Thursday, the 9th day of February, at 2:30 p.m., the stock of E. Hennessey, Chatham, as follows:

Drygoods	\$4,560 42
Felt hats, men's	337 04
Ready-made clothing, men's and boys'	1,005 97
Men's furnishings and underwear	825 08
Boots and shoes	1,981 65
Groceries	401 82
Crockery and glassware	308 02
Shoe furniture and fittings	279 50
Total	\$9,790 50

Terms—one-quarter down, balance in 2, 4, 6 and 8 months, approved interest paper with interest at 7 per cent. Stock listed on the premises and with Messrs. Gibbons, Mulken & Harper, London, L. W. & R. H. HARRIS, solicitors for assignee, Chatham, Ont.
58k wvzx

\$50 REWARD

THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE PAID
for information that will lead to the conviction of any person or persons in connection with the above case. By order of the Board of Police, JOHN A. ROE, 486 W. Chairman. Chief of Dept.

Friend's Home-Made Bread.

Is better than any of them because it contains all the constituents of a perfect food.

THE AVALANCHE AT ROGERS' PASS

Very Meager Details of the Accident—Names of the Victims—A Sleighing Party Lost.

Montreal, Feb. 2.—In regard to the disastrous snowslide on the C. P. R. at Rogers' Pass, in the Selkirk, on Tuesday, the following official dispatch was given out yesterday by the manager of the C. P. R.: "A snowslide totally swept out roundhouse, outfit, cars and station, killing seven people and badly injuring two others. The slide came from the opposite side of the valley, and what is known as a dry slide, the result of stormy, cold weather, with drifts in gullies at high elevation. We have recovered two bodies and have a large force at work here and at the slide. R. Marpole, general superintendent."

The snowslide broke the telegraph wires for half a mile, and at present only a few faint messages are being sent. Messages of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, so that particulars are very meager.

The dead are: Agent Cato, wife and two children; Operator Carson, Engineer Wiper R. Ridley, and one person unknown. The injured are two persons whose names are not known, one a lady.

This is the most serious slide that has occurred since the first one, in the year of construction, when twelve lives were lost in the slide east of this point. Several large slides had taken place during the morning and early afternoon, causing considerable damage to the sheds east of Glacier.

A SLEIGHING PARTY LOST

Denver, Col., Feb. 2.—A special from Aspen, Col., says that a sleighing party was caught in a snowstorm in Lincoln Gulch, nine miles above Aspen. Particulars are lacking, but it is believed five men and eighteen horses perished.

Steamship Arrivals.

From.	At.	From.
Californian	Liverpool	St. John
Demara	Liverpool	Halifax
Cephalonia	Liverpool	Boston
Manitou	New York	London
Italia	Philadelphia	Antwerp
Arabia	Philadelphia	Hamburg
Majestic	New York	Liverpool

Feb. 2.
H. H. Meier, New York. Bremen
Paris. Southampton. New York

A grand oyster supper is to be held in the town hall, Mount Bridges, on the 15th of February, under the auspices of the Baptist Church. It is understood that the church building is to go under repair this summer at a cost of about \$500 or \$1,000.

CABLE NEWS
CONDENSED

Final Passage of the Bill to Repeal Germany's Anti-Jesuit Law.

Bank of England Rate of Discount Reduced—A Parisian City Employee Finds \$100,000 in a Sewer.

Crops in Palestine have failed.

The Bank of England's rate of discount has been reduced from 3 1/2 to 3 per cent.

The German Reichstag passed the third reading of the bill to repeal the anti-Jesuit law.

The decision of the arbitrators in the Delago Bay dispute may be expected no later than June.

A fire in the village of Nagyronez, in the Liptau district, destroyed 300 houses. Many lives were lost.

The Spanish troops which were imprisoned on the island of Negros have been released by the insurgents.

The strike of the Clyde seamen has collapsed, the ship owners having been able to find crews for their vessels at current rates.

Lord Hallam Tennyson, son of the late Lord Alfred Tennyson, the poet laureate, has been appointed governor of South Australia.

The Spanish Cabinet has undertaken to restore the constitutional guarantees. The new taxation scheme is expected to realize \$26,000,000 yearly.

The Duke of Devonshire and Baron Nathaniel Meyer de Rothschild have subscribed \$50,000 each to the Cambridge University endowment fund.

The Spanish Government has authorized Gen. Rios to offer a ransom for the liberation of Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Philippine insurgents.

The most ardent supporters of the theory that Dreyfus was unjustly condemned now admit that there is no longer the least hope that justice will be done.

Many arrests of Anarchists have been made at Leghorn, 50 miles southwest of Florence, where a plot has been discovered for the wholesale murder of policemen.

The Bishop of St. Helena was killed while driving from his country seat to Jamestown, the capital of the island. The horses were frightened and smashed the carriage.

It is announced that the projected visit of Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia to Japan has been abandoned. The Japanese Government having intimated its inability to guarantee their personal safety.

A descender into the Paris drains, named Oslas, made a Monte Cristo discovery in the big sewer under the Rue Marie Stuart, not far from the Central markets. It was a package of bonds and securities worth \$100,000.

The Spanish cabinet council has decided to authorize Premier Sagasta to fix the date for assembling the Cortes. The question of the suspension of the constitutional guarantees was discussed, but no decision was arrived at.

Rev. W. Beck, a missionary, who has spent two years in Liberia, says there is considerable unrest and dissatisfaction with President Coleman, and the neighboring tribes are encroaching and inciting to rebellion.

Major Count Esterhazy was officially informed that his testimony before the court of cassation being concluded, the proceedings against him would be resumed within 24 hours. He thereupon left Paris for an unknown destination.

Mr. William Pritchard Morgan, M. P. for the Merthyr-Tydfil division of Wales, has secured a mining concession in the province of Cze Chuan, China. Mr. Morgan is in partnership with an American syndicate, starting with \$5,000,000 capital.

In reply to the representations of Ambassador White, Germany has assured the United States that she will investigate the conduct of her agents in Samoa, and should it be shown that they have acted in violation of the treaty of Berlin, she will recall them.

The last execution which is to be held in the famous Place de Roquette, Paris, occurred yesterday (Wednesday) when Alfred Peugnez, a youth who murdered a woman and boy, was guillotined. As Peugnez's head was being adjusted, he shouted: "I will never confess; I will never confess—here the knife fell and the sentence was never completed."

Miss Flora Shaw, who represented the London Times last year in the Yukon, read a paper dealing with her experiences there at the Colonial Institute. A discussion followed, during which Mr. Louis Coste, chief engineer of the public works department at Ottawa, denied that any corruption existed in the staff of the civil service employed in the Klondike district.

AFTER THE BALL, PARALYSIS.

Berlin, Feb. 2.—The Russian ambassador here, Count Von Osten Sacken, at the conclusion of a conversation, which he had with Emperor William at the court ball yesterday evening, was carried to his home in a critical state, suffering from a paralytic stroke.

CHURCH CRISIS

Personal Interests Will Not Debar Balfour From Speaking His Mind.

London, Feb. 2.—Mr. Arthur J. Balfour, government leader in the House of Commons, received at Manchester a deputation from the local branch of the Protestant League, who visited him with reference to his recent advocacy of the establishment of a Catholic university in Ireland, and also to learn his views as to the action to be taken in connection with the so-called lawlessness in the Established Church.

In regard to the university, Mr. Balfour emphasized his previous arguments in favor of it. He says he did not advocate it in behalf of the government. His advocacy was due to his personal conviction, which he had conscientiously expressed. He was aware that he had thereby offended many of

his Protestant friends, and that his personal interests, as regards his political position, had been injured by the views he expressed. It was, however, a matter of indifference to him whether he remained in public life or not, but it was not a matter of indifference if, by remaining in public life, he was prevented from expressing the views he conscientiously held.

Referring to the illegal practices in the Established Church, Mr. Balfour said he had not observed them himself, but was willing to accept the statements that such practices existed in certain places. He agreed with the deputation that these practices were highly objectionable, and constituted a grave danger to the church, which ought to be ended. He doubted, however, whether a demand for parliament to intervene would be wise. He thought that those favoring such a demand despaired too soon of the bishops restoring discipline.

He admitted that the bishops during the last few years had been slack in promoting discipline, which fact was recognized by them, as was evident from the recent action taken by them. He believed that the erring clergy would now bow to the authority of their bishops.

Mr. Balfour pleaded that the controversy should not be embittered by pressing for legislation until its necessity was absolutely demonstrated. The address, on the whole, satisfied the deputation, though several of the members emphatically expressed their distrust of the willingness or the ability of the bishops to enforce discipline.

FROM THE CAPITAL

Proposal to Change the Coronation Oath.

Sudden Death of a Montreal Bank Official on the Way to Toronto.

[C. P. R. Special To The Advertiser.] Ottawa, Feb. 2.—J. D. McGregory, who was mining inspector in the Yukon last season, will return there from Brandon in a week or so, and will act as liquor license inspector.

Catholic Truth Society, Ottawa, is organizing to have petitions presented to the Dominion Parliament to have the coronation oath changed. The idea is to get the House of Commons to pass a resolution in favor of that part of the oath to which Catholics object, being left out.

A. J. Watson, one of the tellers in the Bank of Montreal here, left last night on a sleeper for Toronto, and was found dead in his berth at Toronto this morning. Mr. Watson was on his way to Hamilton to fill the new position in the Hamilton branch to which he had been promoted. He was to be assistant accountant in the Hamilton branch. He was four years teller in the bank here; was a competent official, well liked and popular in the city. Deceased was about 35 years of age and was 17 years in the bank. The manager of the bank here regarded deceased as an exemplary officer.

TREMENDOUS CONFLAGRATION

Ohio's Capital Suffers From a Great Fire—Loss More Than \$1,000,000.

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 2.—The most serious conflagration that has occurred here since the \$1,000,000 Chittenden Hotel fire of 1893, visited Columbus last night. Half a block of fine buildings in the heart of the business portion of the town have been destroyed, and at daylight the fire department had not yet gained control of the flames. The total loss will be more than \$1,000,000.

The fire is thought to have started in the basement of the Dunlap building, occupied by the Chicago Ice and Cold Storage Company. The audience in the High Street Theater, which is across an alley from the burning block, was dismissed in a hurry. The fire soon communicated to the Jones block on the left, and the Souder and Bright buildings on the right, and those, with the wholesale millinery store of Souder & Bright, and the store of D. S. Ambach, clothing, were completely wrecked, as was the Dunlap building. A fire wall, four feet thick, separated the fine block of Greene, Joyce and Co., wholesale drygoods and notions, from others; this was no barrier, and at 1 o'clock this morning the fire had eaten its way through and was burning fiercely in the upper stories.

At 11:30 last night the front and rear walls of the Dunlap building fell, one by one, and the other completely blocking the alley in the rear with bricks and debris. Fortunately the police had kept the street fairly clear, or the loss of life would have been enormous. As it was, a number of firemen were caught while flying from the crumbling walls.

Whitley Davis is missing, and Capt. Jack Welsh is seriously injured. Otis V. Kilbourne, bruised about head and body. John Donahue, hurt internally and scalp wounds. Charles Connors, badly injured. Bob Kerrins, also badly injured. Al Reeves, Pat Sullivan and William Swift was also more or less injured. Miss Carrie Johnson, a young lady, was knocked down and run over by a horse reel. Her right leg was broken. She has numerous other injuries and is in a precarious condition. Scores of other people were slightly injured when the walls gave way, by flying debris.

VERDICT AGAINST A PRINTERS' UNION.

San Francisco, Feb. 2.—Fred Hess, Jun., who sued a San Francisco Typographical Union to recover \$25,000 damages for having been forced out of employment by the union, he being non-union man, has been awarded \$1,200 by a jury in the superior court.

SWALLOWED A CHAIN.

Jackson, Mich., Feb. 2.—The 3 1/2-year-old son of John Bixby swallowed a six-inch brass chain that had been on the collar of an overcoat. The physician called advised to give the child no medicine. That course was taken, and in two days the little one was all

The First Advertising
that is done is merely preparatory. It introduces the advertiser to the public—it gains acquaintance for him.

It Means Baldness.

When dandruff shows itself it is the forerunner of baldness, unless cured.

Oriental Balm and Quinine Hair Tonic removes and cures dandruff.

This Tonic is especially useful when the hair has become thin and weak from illness or poor health.

It restores the hair-producing organs to their natural vigor, and strengthens and beautifies the hair.

It also encourages and promotes the secretions of the hair follicles, and thus new growth begins, and lost luster is restored. Fifty cents a bottle.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE,
Pharmacists, etc.,
216 Dundas street, London.
Branch—Cor. Richmond and Piccadilly

right. The little chap showed his mother where he had pulled off the chain, and pointed down his throat.

AGAIN HEARD FROM

Judge Elliot Dismisses Another of Mr. W. H. Bartram's Motions.

Mr. Bartram was again at court this morning, when he moved before Judge Wm. Elliot to strike out paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 in the statement of defense in the case of Sims vs. City Clerk Kingston, on the ground that they prejudice, embarrass and delay the trial of the action by setting up matters which occurred after the suit was commenced, and by stating that the plaintiff has no cause of action. Mr. Bartram argued that this latter defense should be determined at once, and so end the matter, if there was no cause for action. City Solicitor Meredith opposed the motion on the ground that the statement of defense could only be disposed of at the trial in May next, and the judge agreed with him, dismissing the motion. Costs in the cause to the defendant in any event.

TIED UP BY SNOW!

Lines Leading Through Colorado All Blocked—Great Loss of Stock.

Denver, Col., Feb. 2.—All transcontinental lines leading through Colorado are tied up by the snow. Train No. 1 on the Denver and Rio Grande ran into a snowdrift near Shoshone, about nine miles from here. The mail car telegraphed the tender and the baggage car was jammed into the mail car. The mail clerk and the baggage master were severely injured. The slide which caused the disaster is about 100 feet long and 15 feet deep.

Boise, Idaho, Feb. 2.—One of the severest blizzards in the history of Idaho is raging in Lempe county. A message from Red Rock, Montana, the junction, states that all traffic over the stage route to Salmon City is suspended. Great loss of stock is reported and several people caught by the storm in the mountain, it is feared, have perished.

THE CHANCES OF A TREATY.

Detroit, Feb. 2.—A Washington special to the Evening News says: If the newspapers of the country do not get down on the \$2 lumbermen, the reciprocity treaty with Canada may fail. The \$2 men and the paper trust appear to have control of enough senators to jeopardize the ratification of any treaty that makes concessions on lumber that the Canadian commissioners dare accept. If the treaty fails, the \$2 men and paper trust will have a fair field to rob the lumber consumers and newspapers of the United States for an indefinite period, while Canadians will not only shut us out of their forests, but also close their markets to all American manufacturers. Congressman Tammey, representing the \$2 men, says frankly, if the treaty depends upon a reduction of the lumber tariff, it must wait.

Amplified Justified.

Mother (coming swiftly)—Why Willie! Striking your little sister?

Willie (doggedly)—Aunt Frostface made me.

Aunt Frostface—Why, Willie! I said if you did strike her I would never kiss you again.

Willie (still doggedly)—Well, I couldn't let a chance like that slip—Spare Moments.

Slater Bros.

Merchant Tailors.

Have the largest and best selected stock of imported fabrics for Men's Overcoats, Business and Dress Suits, in Western Ontario. Always made as good as men's garments can be made.

399 RICHMOND STREET

Phone 844.

OPPOSED TO GENERAL VOTE

Council Again Defeated the
Municipal Reform Motion.

Want Legislation to Elect Aldermen for One, Two and Three Years.

Proposed \$30,000 Market Debentures Will Not Be Issued.

The Act Debarring Medical Men From Becoming Hospital Trustees Is Satisfactory—Hospital Agreement to Go Before the Legislature.

The movement in favor of the election of the aldermen of the city by general vote was turned down by a vote of 8 to 6 at the special meeting of the council yesterday afternoon. But legislation will be asked empowering the city to elect some aldermen for three years, some for two years and some for one year. It was also decided to bring several other important bills before the local legislature; and one bill relating to the privileges of government employees before the Federal Parliament. The mayor presided. Ald. Winnett moved to grant the petition for the calling of a public meeting to discuss Ald. Jolly's motion re qualification of aldermen. Ald. Wilkey said no large meeting should be held in the hall until it was inspected. Ald. Graham said the petitioners should bear the expense of calling the meeting. Ald. Winnett said that last year Messrs. Jones Bros. inspected the building, and proposed to call the meeting. The expense of calling the meeting was trifling, and in view of the fact that 500 citizens wanted the meeting they should be allowed to have the hall.

Ald. Greenlees said the petitioners knew what the hall was, and he was not opposed to giving it to them. He thought the building safe enough. Ald. Pritchard said that after the exhibition of fireworks at the council meetings the aldermen would be stultifying themselves to grant the hall to these people for the purpose of publicly abusing the city's representatives. If the petitioners had a grievance they should go to the legislature to have it heard. Ald. O'Meara was not opposed to giving the petitioners the use of the hall, but held that they should bear the expense.

Ald. Parnell moved that the petition be laid over until Monday night, when a report upon the safety of the hall will be in. Carried. The report of No. 1 committee was presented by Ald. Greenlees. The first clause, recommending steps for legislation to assess property benefited by storm sewers, but not fronting on them, was adopted.

MUNICIPAL REFORM. The second clause was to petition for legislation empowering cities having between 15,000 and 100,000 inhabitants to elect aldermen, one in every 4,000, by general vote.

Ald. O'Meara moved in amendment that the government be petitioned to divide the city into four wards, Dundas and Wellington streets to be the dividing lines, and that the aldermen be elected ward representatives as at present. Ald. Douglass seconded.

Ald. Garratt moved that the wards be the same as at present, but that the aldermen be elected for three, two and one year terms, the candidates getting the highest vote to be elected for three years, the second highest two years, and the third on the list to drop out at the end of one year. Ald. Drenaney seconded. Ald. Parnell remarked there was much to be said in favor of all three motions. However, he favored the first. If legislation could not be obtained as desired in the first case, legislation to suit Ald. O'Meara could be got any time before July 15. If the others failed he would support Ald. Garratt's motion. It would give continuity of power and had its merits. But first of all, they should endeavor to secure for the citizens the privilege of saying whether or not they wished to elect the aldermen by general vote. Ald. McPhillips favored Ald. Garratt's motion. He referred to the board of education, free library board, board of health, etc., as instances of successful representation along the lines suggested by the motion. Ald. Graham supported the clause.

The ward system was the greatest grievance and if they were to retain it he would just as soon have six or seven wards as four. Why should the council take any steps to prevent the ratepayers having a voice in the matter? He had no doubt such a motion would come before the government from some of the other cities in the province, and he hoped it would be backed up by London.

Ald. Greenlees stated that under the ward system the aldermen were subject to influences that would not exist if the system were abolished. For instance, if some influential person, with a number of voters in the ward, wanted a plank sidewalk his chances for getting it were not slight. By doing away with ward grabbing taxation would be reduced.

Ald. O'Meara said the movement was simply "something new." He had yet to be shown that there would be any benefit to the city, either with respect to taxation or in the service of the representatives.

Ald. Garratt said the scheme had proven a failure in Cleveland in 1886. The representation would be bunched in the center of the city, where the largest interests were. He couldn't get a man in No. 6 ward to vote for himself or his colleagues.

Ald. Greenlees—Try sending a cab. (Laughter.)

Ald. Douglass said it was natural that an alderman would not slight the end of the ward where he got his support. He feared the center of the city would get the best of it if the wards were abolished.

Ald. Wilkey had no objection to the general vote, but held that the wards should continue to exist, and that representatives should have property interests in them.

SEEMED TO BE AFRAID. Ald. Pritchard was fully in sympathy with the clause.

Ald. Winnett replied to the statement that the representation would be bunched in the center of the city. A more fallacious argument could not be advanced, he said. But a small proportion of voters lived in the central part of the city. He went on to say that ward grabbing was a great evil and kept up the taxation. Municipal reform was needed and would come.

Ald. Garratt—The representation was bunched within a block when the board of trade ran the city.

Ald. Parnell wished to put himself on record in favor of municipal reform. He supported the motion because of the opportunity it would afford for public discussion for or against ward abolition. He was not only in favor of the abolition of the wards but also in favor of proportional representation.

Ald. O'Meara withdrew his amendment, and Ald. Garratt's motion carried on the following division: Yeas—Ald. McPhillips, Douglass, Jolly, O'Meara, Reed, Garratt, Drenaney and Wilkey; Nays—Ald. Winnett, Graham, Plant, Parnell, Greenlees and Pritchard—6.

ASSESSING GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.

The clause relating to the assessment of Dominion Government officials on income, the same as other citizens, elicited some discussion upon the desirability of an additional petition to prevent the officials from taking advantage of the garnishee act.

Ald. Winnett brought the matter up and moved to that effect. Ald. Parnell supported it.

"The officials themselves want it," said Ald. Graham.

The motion carried.

ASSESSMENT MATTERS.

The council also agreed to ask for legislation amending the assessment act regarding street railway and other companies, and further to co-operate with Brantford in a petition re similar changes in the act.

NO MARKET DEBENTURES.

In accord with a report from the board of health, Ald. Pritchard moved to instruct the city solicitor to incorporate in the proposed bill to be presented before the legislature a petition for permission to issue debentures for \$30,000 to provide for the paving of the market square, without submission to the people.

Ald. McPhillips claimed that in 20 years the increased rentals of the market would reimburse the city for the outlay. There was the greatest necessity for the improvement, he said.

Ald. Pritchard was satisfied that it could be done for \$10,000. The figure in the motion was merely for form. (Laughter.)

Ald. Parnell agreed that the market was a big asset to the city and should be kept in good shape. To do that best was to macadamize it. It was a matter of the utmost importance that the council avoid, if possible, the issue of further debentures.

Ald. O'Meara agreed with Ald. Parnell.

The motion was defeated, Ald. Pritchard and Douglass voting "Yeas."

Ald. McPhillips voted with the majority for the purpose of moving a reconsideration on Monday night.

THE HOSPITAL AGREEMENT.

Several other matters on which legislation was proposed had been drafted into a bill by the city solicitor. The first four clauses set forth the hospital agreement between the city and county as previously adopted by the council.

In reply to Ald. Parnell, the mayor said no effort had been made to get the \$15,000 from the county.

"That is not to be paid until the hospital is completed," said Ald. Winnett. The clauses passed unchanged.

TO KEEP THE DOCTORS OUT.

Ald. O'Meara moved to strike out the fifth clause, relating to eligibility of medical men as hospital trustees. Under the act at present no doctor in medical practice was eligible unless he be mayor. The mayor himself had said the doctors would not be good managers for the hospital. They were too busy with their own patients. It was a parallel case in the act which prevented a lawyer from being a license commissioner.

Ald. Garratt and Graham spoke in favor of the clause.

The mayor was sorry some of the aldermen wished to exclude the doctors. All that was desired was to give the people an opportunity of deciding for themselves.

Ald. Winnett said there was good reason for the act. He attributed the increased cost of the new hospital to the doctors' advice. The trust had Dr. Balfour to consult.

Ald. Drenaney and Ald. McPhillips saw no reason for discriminating against the doctors.

Ald. O'Meara said the doctors were able enough, but too expensive. "When doctors were on the trust, jealousy raised a ruction," he said.

In reply to Ald. Plant, the mayor said the request was a personal one, and did not come from the Medical Association nor the hospital committee.

The motion to strike out the clause carried. Yeas—Ald. Pritchard, O'Meara, Winnett, Reed, Plant, Wilkey, Parnell and Greenlees—8. Nays—Ald. McPhillips, Jolly, Graham, Douglass, Garratt and Drenaney—6.

ALDERMEN AS POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

The next clause was to provide for

the appointment of two aldermen to the board of police commissioners.

Ald. O'Meara moved to strike it out. If the clause were adopted and legislation granted as desired, he said, it would give such scope to the aldermen and to the city that the police would be afraid to meddle with such places. The present commissioners were fair, independent men. No complaints had been made against them.

Ald. Pritchard—I agree with Ald. O'Meara. Keep clear of it.

Ald. O'Meara—We have enough on our hands now.

Ald. McPhillips praised the commissioners, but said the aldermen would know more of the real wants of the city than they did. The police force at present was run by the chief constable. All the suggestions came from him. It was what might be called a closed corporation, run by Chief Williams.

The speaker promised the council a surprise as soon as he came into possession of documentary evidence to support his statement. The commissioners were doing the best they could under the circumstances, but they were not fully enlightened on matters coming before them.

Ald. Winnett said, let Ald. McPhillips bring the proposed reforms before the mayor. He had the controlling power on the board. There was no better police force in existence than London's.

Ald. Pritchard—Hear, hear.

"And," continued Ald. Winnett, "if Chief Williams is responsible for such a state of affairs he deserves great credit."

Ald. McPhillips' motion carried. Yeas—Ald. McPhillips, Jolly, Reed, Douglass, Garratt, Plant, Drenaney and Wilkey—8. Nays—Ald. Pritchard, O'Meara, Winnett, Graham, Parnell and Greenlees—6.

Copies of the various bills will be sent to the attorney-general and Col. F. B. Leys, M.P.P.

Adjourned.

GET BACK YOUR STRENGTH.

Many symptoms are usually manifest in the early stages of consumption, but debility is always present. Debility indicates that the forces of decay are overcoming the forces of life. Strength must be a consummation. Great care must be used in diet and clothing, and Shiloh's Consumption Cure should be given according to directions.

A. C. MARTIN, of Nampa, Idaho, writes to the S. C. Wells Company, of Le Roy, N.Y., as follows: "I took Shiloh's Consumption Cure twelve years ago under guarantee from your agents—'No cure no pay.' It cured me when the doctors pronounced me incurable, and I am strong and hearty to-day."

Shiloh's Consumption Cure is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee that the purchase money will be refunded in case the remedy does not accomplish all that is claimed for it. 25c, 50c, and \$1 a bottle throughout the United States and Canada. In England, 1s. 2d., 2s. 3d. and 4s. 6d.

PATERSON ON CANADA

The Minister of Customs Tells of Our Growth.

Enormous Expansion of Foreign Trade Compared With Our Neighbors.

Brantford, Feb. 1.—The annual banquet of the Brantford Board of Trade took place in the Kerby House last evening. The chair was occupied by Mr. Harry Cockshutt, president of the board, while Mr. T. H. Preston, the vice-president, occupied the vice-chair.

There was a splendid attendance, and among those present from a distance were: Hon. Wm. Paterson, Minister of Customs; Mr. Kemp, president of the Toronto Board of Trade; Mr. Hart Massey, Toronto; Mr. F. J. Massey, London, England; Mr. F. N. Shennstone and Mr. W. F. Maclean, M.P., Toronto.

The feature of the evening was the address on "Canada," by Hon. Wm. Paterson, Minister of Customs.

Hon. Mr. Paterson spoke to the toast of "Canada." He said there were a few points to remember in such a toast, and he referred to them in no spirit of vain boasting. When they considered the growth of the country, the people of Canada it was something they should be proud of. They should remember the vast extent of their country; they should remember its magnitude. It had a stretch of 4,000 miles from coast to coast. It was only when one had traversed Canada that he could realize just what Canada meant, or imagine from Cape Breton to Victoria, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, the vastness of the country. They could grasp the area of the country. It was a mighty land, from the east to the west and from the south to the north. It has an area greater than the United States if they left out Alaska. If swung out it would bridge the Atlantic Ocean and cover the seat of the British Empire. Its resources—its might ask what are the resources of Canada—we are only beginning to know its boundless resources. The great forests and fisheries were practically inexhaustible. There they would find the men who go down to the sea in ships and do business on the great waters. Here were raised men who could man the British fleet, and here was found the splendid mercantile marine of Canada. In Quebec they found great water power, great streams and great forests of spruce and other valuable timber. In Ontario they had a land the fairest the sun ever shone upon. It was a country so rich and so beautiful that men who traveled all over the world came back and said they had never seen such another country anywhere else on the globe. (Applause.) Along its borders, too, they had the fresh water lakes, with half of the fresh water of the globe. The climate of Canada would defy comparison anywhere. Further west again they had among the rocks and hills immense treasures that added greatly to their wealth. In Manitoba they had hundreds of miles of the most fruitful soil the world could boast of. Travelers saw nothing amid the splendors of the Alps and the snow-capped peaks of the Rockies, while the country beyond that, mitted by competent judges to abound in wealth far beyond that of any country on the face of the earth. Upon the Pacific coast mighty cities were raising their heads, their splendid business with the undeveloped regions northward.

DEVELOPING THE COUNTRY. What was being done to develop

these further countries? Some people thought they were not making the most of them. He was of the opinion that if a faithful comparison was made it would appear that the resources of the country were being developed. Let them take a rough look at the foreign trade of Canada for a comparison. In 1888 the foreign trade of Canada was \$131,000,000. In 1878 it had increased to \$175,000,000, an increase of \$44,000,000, or 33 1/2 per cent. In 1888 it had increased to \$204,000,000, an increase of \$29,000,000, or 14 1/2 per cent. In 1898 it had increased to \$204,000,000, an increase of \$103,000,000, or 41 per cent. That was a most gratifying increase. People said, Well, but how does this compare with the United States? This was a large contrast. It was a dangerous comparison to make. But what was the result? The foreign trade of the United States in 1888 was \$1,500,779,353, and in 1898 \$2,089,162,994, or a gain of \$588,383,641. The figures looked very large, he admitted. It was, however, only an increase of 35 per cent, while Canada in the same period had increased its foreign trade by 51 per cent. In other words, the United States had increased its foreign trade five times more than did that of Canada, while the population was thirteen times greater. (Loud applause.) The United States, with a population of 65,000,000, had its foreign trade increased 32 per cent, while Canada, with a population of 5,000,000, had increased its foreign trade by 51 per cent. The very latest figures showed a more marvelous increase still. In 1897 the foreign trade of the United States was \$2,035,650,168, and in 1898 \$2,089,162,994, or an increase of \$53,502,826. Canada, with its five millions of population, had a foreign trade in 1897 of \$259,165,862, while it had in 1898, \$304,475,736, or an increase of \$45,309,874. What did this mean? It meant that Canada, with one-thirtieth of the population, had increased its foreign trade by \$11,000,000 more than the great nation to the south of us. They had not reached the high-water mark yet, because the six months ending Dec. 31, 1898, showed that the foreign trade of Canada had increased \$11,000,000 more than for the corresponding six months of the year 1897. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. Paterson was awarded a great ovation as he took his seat. Short speeches followed by Messrs. Maclean, M.P., Heyd, M.P., Robert Henry, and Mr. Kemp, of Toronto.

WESTERN ONTARIO

An Ingersoll Man Regains His Voice After Being Dumb Two Years.

Death of an Old Chatham Resident—Child Playing With Matches Ignites His Clothing.

Gordon Quick, of Harrow, is trying to effect a compromise with his creditors. In Port Elgin snow has been falling for the past four days and is now two feet deep.

A meeting will be held Thursday evening in Windsor to organize another company of the Essex Fusiliers.

The house of Simon Warner, at Leamington, was destroyed by fire Monday. Loss, \$800; insurance, \$300.

Mr. L. Stroud, lately of the Atlantic House, Ingersoll, has leased the Caister House, Woodstock, and will leave this week to take possession.

Mr. C. Richardson, of Richardson & Webster, St. Marys, is the contractor for an up-to-date crematory for Mr. M. Chapman, to put in his factory at Union.

Mr. Newman has severed his connection with New St. Paul's Church, Woodstock, as organist. Arrangements have been made for securing a new one, who will commence his duties immediately.

Mr. Pennington, of St. Marys, has sold his farm, lot 38, con. 10 East Nisour, to Mr. H. Cooper, who has had it rented for a term of years. The farm contains 100 acres and was sold for \$4,500, which is considered a good price.

Wm. Bailey, who has been employed as brakeman on the G. T. R. at Point Edward, met with a painful accident at Stratford recently. While he was shunting cars he was in the act of coupling two cars, when he got his left arm squeezed between two draw-bars.

Mr. J. H. Hegler, barister of Ingersoll, who has been without the use of his voice for the past two years, suddenly recovered it one day last week. He met a friend on the street and began to talk audibly. His delight at regaining the use of his voice can be better imagined than described.

Mr. W. L. McLaws will move to quash the bylaw passed by the township of Aldborough, granting a bonus of \$7,000 to the L. E. and D. R. R. on the ground that the bylaw did not state the existing debenture debt, that persons voted who were not entitled and that there were corrupt practices. Mr. J. C. Schieffelin is the petitioner.

Chas. Morgan, a Sombra farmer, appeared before Magistrate Stewart at

Court and was committed for trial on a charge of passing counterfeit money. He was removed to Sarnia jail, and arraigned before Judge Mackenzie for hearing. Defendant was remanded till Feb. 18, being allowed out on \$800 bail, himself in \$400 and his brother in \$400.

The death took place in Chatham the other night of Joseph Campbell. Deceased was 83 years and six months old and came to Chatham over 50 years ago. He has been a drayman for a number of years. He leaves a wife and nine children to mourn his loss. The children are: Mrs. Shuely, Lenington, Mich.; Mrs. Roberts, Detroit; Mrs. Hame, Detroit; Mrs. Rudling, Chatham; Mrs. Ward, Chatham; Miss Louise, Miss Vicki at home, and Thos. Campbell, of Chatham.

Ernest Bond, the youngest son of Jas. E. Bond, Ann street, Galt, ignited some paper while playing with matches on Tuesday night. His clothing caught fire and the little fellow, after fighting the flames for a time, called his mother. Mrs. Bond displayed great presence of mind. She rolled him in material that smothered the blaze and saved her boy. The latter was burned around the neck and Mrs. Bond's hands suffered severely. Both Mrs. Bond and her son are doing nicely.

John Hennes and Henry Linderbeck, who reside near Cedar Springs, were tried before Judge Bell at Chatham on a charge of assaulting Constable Corcoran, while discharging his duty. Both were found guilty, and Linderbeck was sentenced to the Central Prison for eighteen months, and Hennes was fined \$50 and costs. The two men were raising a disturbance in a hotel at Cedar Springs, and when Constable Corcoran interfered they both assaulted the officer, knocking him down and pounding him severely.

Living at Talbotville, died at his residence there Monday, aged 73 years. The deceased had been a resident of Talbotville for 44 years. He was born at Devonshire, England, and coming to Canada, settled at Talbotville, where he had since resided. He leaves a widow, three sons and three daughters: William, of Southwold; Thomas, of Cleveland; Mrs. J. W. Tucker, of Wyandotte, Mich.; Mrs. K. Merrill, of Talbotville; and Miss Annie and Frank, at home.

Thomas Reynolds, of Belleville, N.J., became a raving maniac, and ran through the streets with a knife in his hand, striking at everyone he met. Most people escaped from him, but three were seriously injured. Mary Crone's skull was fractured, and she will probably die, and two girls named Mary and Flannigan, were both dangerously injured.

MUNYON'S GUARANTEE. Strong Assertions as to Just What the Remedies Will Do.

Munyon's guarantee that his Remedies will cure nearly all cases of rheumatism in a few days; that his Dyspepsia Cure will cure indigestion and all stomach troubles; that his Kidney Cure will cure all cases of kidney trouble; that his Catarrh Cure will cure catarrh no matter how long standing; that his Headache Cure will cure any kind of headache in a few minutes; that his Cold Cure will quickly break up and remove the entire list of ailments.

Form of cold and so on through the entire list of ailments. At all druggists, 25 cents a trial. If you need medical advice write Prof. Munyon, 1005 Arch St., Phila. It is absolutely free.

WHAT PEOPLE ARE SAYING: To all who want a No. 1 stove for summer use: I would say get Mr. Cannon's Gasoline, with three burners. I have been using one all summer, therefore I am one of those who know what it's worth. I cannot recommend it too highly. It is a perfect baker—especially for bread and biscuits—and it is most convenient. You can move it anywhere to suit. There is no dust or smoke. Also it is easily handled. Child of ten years could manage it. I wouldn't be without it for a good deal more than it cost. MRS. GEORGE LEWIS, 645 Elm Street, East London.

Call and see the Stove at our Factory 197 King Street, South Side, between Richmond and Clarence Streets.

The Cannon Stove and Oven Co., Limited AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

Electric Bell... with fancy bronze push-button put in, all complete, for \$3.00. ELECTRIC BELLS kept in permanent repair for only 50c per year.

MEDICAL BATTERIES repaired and for sale. THE TRIUMPH MEDICAL BATTERY, ONLY ONE DOLLAR. RHUMORF INDUCTION COILS, for X-ray and experimental work, any size spark, built to order.

ELECTRIC LIGHT WIRING at reasonable rates. **ELECTRIC WINDOW DISPLAYS.** Small Electric Motors, for special purposes, built to order.

R. M. MILLAR, 434 Talbot St., London, Ont.

Is your electric bell a constant source of trouble and expense? It will be kept in permanent repair for only 50c per year. All bells will be repaired same day as notice is received. R. M. MILLAR, 434 Talbot street. 15 U

Treatment for Weak Men. TRIAL WITHOUT EXPENSE.

THE famous Appliance and Remedies of the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY now for the first time offered on trial without expense to any honest man. NOT A DOLLAR TO BE PAID IN ADVANCE.

Cure Effects of Errors or Excesses in old or young. Manhood Fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Portions of Body. Absolutely unerring Home Treatments. No C. O. D. or other scheme. A plain offer by a firm of high standing.

New medical book with full account sent under plain letter seal. No charge.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y.

\$415,000 Underwriters' Fire Sale

We have received instructions of Insurance Companies to sell by public auction, in lots to suit the trade, and without reserve, at No. 290 St. James Street, Montreal, Quebec, the whole stock of Messrs. McIntyre, Son & Co., a small portion slightly damaged in the late great fire, and comprising: Silks, Cashmeres, Dress Goods, Kid Gloves, Linens, Trimmings, Cambrics, Linings of all kinds, Perfumery, Berlin Wool. About \$180,000 worth of Dress Goods and Cashmeres.

Terms Will Be Given On Day of Sale. Stock on view on February 6th. The sale will take place on February 7th, 8th and 9th next, at 10 o'clock each day.

Marcotte Bros., Montreal, Auctioneers.

A Great Big Profit is what induces some dealers to palm off imitations and substitutes of Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum.

FREE Send one wrapper from Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum and your address, and you will receive the Mechanics' Time Book and Note Book free.

Adams & Sons Co., 11 & 13 Jarvis St., Toronto, Ont.

Does Your Head Ache? Are your nerves weak? Can't you sleep well? Pain in your back? Lack energy? Appetite and Digestion impaired? Pimples? These are but some of the results of constipation. If the contents of the bowels are removed from the body each day, as nature intended, poisonous substances are not absorbed into the blood, always causing suffering and frequently raising the temperature. There is a common-sense cure.

Atter's PILLS They daily insure an easy and natural movement of the bowels. Price, 25c a box. All druggists. **Atter's Sarsaparilla** will cure all skin diseases. Write a doctor just how you are suffering. You will receive the best medical advice without cost. Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

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DePierce's FAVORITE Prescription

J. S. Carlisle, Esq., of Manchester, Tenn., writes: "I have been prescribing your medicines for the last eighteen years in the Coffee County Poorhouse and Asylum. Your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Pleasant Pellets' are the best medicines for the diseases for which they are recommended. That I ever used. They saved my wife's life at the time of 'change of life.' I also cured the worst case of lunacy that we ever had with your 'Favorite Prescription.' The case had been under the doctor's care for three years. I gave your medicine and the patient became well. It was nine years ago, and she is still in good health. I have been recommending your medicines to many. I have told our druggists that if the doctor came back and said Dr. DePierce's medicines did not give satisfaction, to give them back their money and charge it to me. I have not once been called upon to refund. I think I have guaranteed seventy-five or one hundred cases."

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A PROFITABLE INVESTMENT

Ready-Made Clothing,

In Men's Ulsters, Men's Beaver Overcoats,
Men's Suits, Children's Suits and Overcoats.

VALUES ARE BEATING THE RECORDS

Men's All-Wool D.B. Frieze
Suits, \$5, \$6, \$7.50, for

\$3.95

Men's All-Wool Tweed Suits
\$6 to \$7, for

\$4.95

Men's Fine Tweed Suits, D.B.
\$7.50 to \$8.95, for

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Men's Suits, in dark colors,
extra value

\$6.95

Men's All-Wool Tweed Over-
coats, velvet collar, good
value at \$5, for

\$3.95

Men's Beaver Overcoats, velvet
collar, \$7.50 and \$8, for

\$5.95

Men's All-Wool Frieze Ulsters,
\$7.50, for

\$5.95

Table of Boys' Suits, 3 pieces,
ranging from \$2.50 to \$4
choice for

\$1.95

J. H. Chapman & Co.

126-128 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

HANDSOME IS THEIR SURPLUS

Fortieth Annual Report of the
London Mutual Fire Insur-
ance Company.

Gratifying Statements Submitted by
the Board, the Inspectors and
Manager.

The 40th annual general meeting of the London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada for the year ending Dec. 31, 1898, was held at the head offices, 476 Richmond street, yesterday afternoon, President T. E. Robson presiding, and the following members being present: Manager D. C. Macdonald, and Cameron Macdonald, city; R. McEwen, Byron; J. W. Cameron, Strathroy; Sheriff Brown, St. Thomas; David Weismiller, Toronto, and L. Leitch, city; inspectors; C. C. Hodgins, Bid-duip; James H. Marshall, London township; Angus McKay, Stayner; W. E. Stanley, Lucan; James Whalen, Bid-duip; Alfred Burwell, John M. McEwen, John Overell, Daniel McKenzie, Arthur Burwell, Thomas Woolley, A. T. Platt, Finlay Marshall, city; James Campbell, J.P., Appin; James Cameron, Strathroy, and Gilbert Leitch.

The reports submitted show the company to be one of the best in the country, and its business increasing by leaps and bounds. The report of the board of directors was submitted by D. C. Macdonald, the manager, as follows:

The directors have now the pleasure of presenting you with the 40th annual report of the business of the company, and have to congratulate you, as they do themselves, on the satisfactory results of the business for 1898, as compared with a few of the preceding years. Your board place before you a full and explicit statement of the company as at the 31st of December, and with confidence submit the same to your consideration, and that of the public, and do not for a moment doubt a favorable verdict as the result.

POLICIES.

The total number of policies written during the year was 17,558; of these 15,287 cover farm and dwelling property, and 2,271 on general business. The total amount written was \$19,279,236.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Appended hereto is the financial statement of the company, showing a considerable sum of money in bank, on hand, and in course of transmission,

Bed-Bugs—the housewife's horror—driven out of the house by Persiatie Bed-Bug Exterminator.

It is a liquid—much more effective, searching and cleaner than a powder. Moistens all cracks and crevices in parts infested, and the pest is done away with.

At all druggists.

and a corresponding reduction in the item of balances due by agents. Your auditor, an experienced accountant, Mr. John Overell, audits the company's books each week, and reports the result at every monthly board meeting. The capital account shows an increase over last year of \$14,909, but the actual increase of the business of the year shows a profit of over \$26,000.

EXPENSES OF MANAGEMENT.
As will be seen, notwithstanding the immense business done, the total expenses only show a percentage of about 28 per cent, a rate far below the estimate.

LOSSES.

The amount paid for losses occurring during the year was \$13,867 57, and for losses that had occurred, but had not been adjusted, in the preceding year, \$5,924 60, a total of \$19,792 17. As compared with 1897, the losses have fallen off by \$14,096 27; this your directors account for in a very marked degree in having a closer inspection of risks and writing off all that did not appear to come up to a proper standard, and although there is very much yet to be done in this direction, your board intend to follow up the path they have laid out until success is attained. On the subject of losses, your board refer you to the report of the fire inspectors appended hereto, giving the cause and origin of all fires as nearly as could be ascertained. This report will be found very interesting, compiled, as it is, by gentlemen who have given all their time and attention to the subject, and who have had opportunities possessed by few, to thoroughly understand the question. Your board would only touch on one matter in reference to the cause of rural fires, and by which you suffer great loss. This is, the use of "steam" threshing engines, and would not be specially noticed, but from the fact that a remedy can be had at a very little expense, to save you from heavy loss. By the aid of a jack with rope transmitter the engine can be placed at such a distance from your buildings, and at such a direction as may be desired, with almost absolute safety from accidents by fire. The only objections made are from the "threshers" themselves, who, simply to save themselves trouble, make a plea that it is inconvenient to carry the jack; if the farming community, who are the parties really interested, would insist on the use of these "jacks," or transmitters, then they would speedily come into use, for it must be borne in mind that at the time of threshing the out-buildings are filled with the season's crop, and in the event of loss, the insured himself has only a small protection.

LEGISLATION.

Your directors have from year to year, in conjunction with other companies, endeavored, in the interest of all honest insurers, to have the very unsatisfactory insurance laws changed, but without success so far. The law of contracts, so far as insurance companies are concerned, have been entirely ignored by those in parliamentary authority, and the result is that honest insurers are obliged to pay dishonest claims. A quasi promise of relief was made by the government before the general election, and the sincerity of such promise will be tested at the coming session of the legislature, to have an act passed, so plainly worded that those who run may read, and thoroughly recognize the position they occupy. The yearly fire waste of the country is required as a statistic, and this can be obtained by a law requiring the registration of fires, in the same manner and at no more expense than the law now requiring the registration of births, marriages and deaths. A marshal or fire inspector, to be attached to the insurance department at Toronto, to make the office useful, and a change in the statutory conditions. Were these suggestions adopted, the cost of insurance in the opinion of your board would be materially reduced, and a

great saving in law expenses would naturally follow. The agents of the company as a rule have done well, and deserve your thanks.

Three directors now retire by rotation. They are Mr. Sheriff Brown, Messrs. Geary and Robson, but who are all eligible for re-election.

The financial statement was submitted as follows:

RECEIPTS.	
Cash balance from 1897	\$ 297 46
From agents	114,661 28
Assessments	98,768 98
Interest	5,193 87
Assessments in advance	512 48
Old assessments	502 79
Transfer fees	378 95
Suspense account	330 00
Money returned for loss	287 00
Extra premium	258 32
Rents	243 00
Bills receivable	150 00
Canceled policies	35 95
Reinsurance	18 00
Steam threshing license	1 00
Total	\$219,636 88

DISBURSEMENTS.	
Molsons Bank overdraft	\$ 2,368 69
Adjusted losses of 1897	5,924 60
Losses paid of 1898	13,867 57
Commission to agents	30,371 71
Salaries, officials, clerks and auditor	10,725 83
Loss inspection and inspectors' salaries	5,122 84
Bills payable	20,900 00
Printing, advertising and stationery	2,067 86
Law expenses	2,384 79
Reinsurance	2,350 39
Postage	2,084 47
Directors' fees	1,772 35
Paid agents in settlement of accounts	1,511 75
Incidental expenses	542 27
Returned premium	571 87
Rents and taxes	673 12
Office furniture, God's plans, interest	514 60
Agency inspection	182 55
Water, fuel and light	471 78
Provincial license fee	150 00
Dominion Government inspection	88 33
Bank commission	91 80
Gratuities	35 00
Cash in Molsons Bank	14,735 36
Cash in treasurer's hands	955 66
Total	\$219,636 88

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

Assets.	
Amount available of premium notes	\$242,080 83
Amount due on assessment No. 36	3,264 63
Amount due on assessment No. 37	29,991 08
Amount due on assessment No. 38	15,351 34
Balance due from agents	5,297 65
Office furniture, safe, etc.	2,004 01
Bills receivable	155 00
City of St. Thomas debentures, par value, \$25,000; market value	\$24,577 50
Town of Tilsonburg debentures, par value, \$5,000; market value	7,263 75
Ontario Loan and Debenture Company, par value, \$12,260; market value	13,200 00
Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company, par value, \$13,260; market value	13,260 00
Accrued interest on debentures	58,351 25
Real estate, including office building.	402 67
Cash in Molsons Bank	14,735 36
Cash in treasurer's hands	955 66
Total	\$356,760 27

Liabilities.	
Losses adjusted in 1898, but not due until 1899	\$ 10,717 53
Net surplus of assets	\$376,042 69
Audited, compared with the books, and found correct as above set forth.	
(Signed) JOHN OVERELL, Auditor.	

INSPECTORS' REPORT.

Messrs. Lauchlin Leitch and D. Weismiller, in submitting their report, directed the attention of the company to the fact that during the past year they had inspected and reported on 594 claims against the company. Twenty-three of the claims, amounting to \$4,290 00, were rejected by the board, leaving 571 adjusted (after deductions made in 1897), at \$124,555 15, up to the 31st of December, 1898. The actual amount which occurred in the year was \$117,578 03. Of the amount passed \$1 were from unknown causes, \$43,207 55; 131 from defective chimneys, pipes, furnaces and stoves, \$27,798 49; 124 from lightning to buildings and contents, \$21,858 19; 97 from lightning to animals in the fields, \$2,042 40; 22 from incendiary causes, \$9,968 42; 29 from other buildings burning, \$3,152 62; 9 from steam threshing engines, \$1,184 22 from lamps, lanterns and candles, \$4,529 39; 2 from chandeliers, \$1,506; 24 from careless handling of matches, \$963 96; 2 from electric wires, \$911; 2 from railway engines, \$725 02; 4 from running fires, \$688 87; 2 from tramps, \$600; 1 from hot air fan, \$501 81; 2 from smoke houses, \$235; 1 from burglar, \$283 56; 1 from burning wood-pile setting fire to house, \$200; 2 from pipe smoking, \$187; 2 from gas-jets, \$13 75; 1 from gas stove, \$312.

"Of the above losses," continues the report, "52 were on general business, amounting to \$19,555 49. We got back from reinsurance \$18, and returned by one of the Melancthon firebugs, \$287. Unknown causes head the list with a heavy increase, which is much to be regretted, as many of them are of a suspicious nature. Defective chimneys and pipes show a greater decline this year, and a still greater reduction ought to be the case if the assured would examine chimneys, flues and pipes carefully before setting up their stoves. Lightning losses were heavier, nearly as many buildings suffering as in 1896, our worst year. Lanterns and lamps are hardly one-fourth of last year, and might still be reduced with careful handling; they are the farmers' main light, and they should make them responsible for as small a damage as possible. Incendiary causes have declined,

as have also fires caused by tramps. We have had some heavy losses from steam threshers. Our losses on the general business have decreased, although our business has greatly increased, and on the whole our business has left us a very handsome surplus."

Thomas E. Robson, in moving the adoption of the reports, expressed the pleasure he felt at the gratifying showing. He drew attention to the company's very extensive business—17,000 policies, on property representing about \$20,000,000. He was pleased to point to the fact that this year the company was \$26,000 ahead of what it was one year ago. Referring to the risks the company carried, he said that wherever there was a superabundance of insurance there was a greater probability of the insured property being struck by lightning or destroyed by fire in some way, the cause being generally "unknown," save to those, he ventured to say, most deeply interested. The position of the company was better than it had ever been. He attributed much of the success of the institution to the untiring efforts of the energetic manager, Mr. D. C. Macdonald, who had been connected with the company ever since its inception.

Mr. Angus Campbell, in seconding the report, spoke of the success of the company, and stated that farmers and insurers were beginning to find out that the London Mutual was the best and cheapest company.

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered the manager and the staff, and this elicited good words from Mr. D. McKenzie, Angus Campbell and others. All agreed that Manager Macdonald's salary should be in keeping with the advances the company made through his efforts.

Finally, Mr. D. C. Macdonald thanked them for their kind words, but he said the credit did not belong to him any more than to the faithful and energetic staff of officials, by which he was surrounded. He had been one of the original subscribers, and claimed to be the oldest active insurance man in the Dominion.

A couple of claims were referred to the board for disposal, after which Messrs. D. McKenzie and Joseph J. Judd were elected scrutineers, and one of the original subscribers, and claimed to be the oldest active insurance man in the Dominion.

The other directors are: Richard Gibson, Robert McEwen, Charles C. Hodgins, James W. Cameron, Joseph H. Marshall, Angus Campbell, J.P.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors, Thomas E. Robson was re-elected president, and Angus Campbell vice-president.

WILL DISPUTED
Knox College's Claim to the Late Mr. Brown's Money To Be Questioned.

Chatham, Ont., Feb. 2.—W. W. Brown left for his home in Kansas City on Tuesday. Before leaving he spoke of his brother's will, and said that if the property had been left to this city's hospitals the will would not have been contested, but he felt that his brother was not doing right to leave his property to an institution which he knew nothing of, and leave his relatives without a cent.

Before leaving, Mr. Brown gave instructions to a city law firm to test the legality of the will.

You Crave
something more sustaining and with more substance to it than the same old cereal food for breakfast every morning—it is Nature's cry for help.

There is a cereal food that will satisfy your craving—
Tillson's Wheatlets

It is a true strength builder and contains the essence of all that's good in wheat—the gluten. With a little salt, it is delicious—and, too, it is the true food for brawn and brain.

Best grocers sell it by the pound.
The Tillson Co'y Limited,
Tillsonburg, Ont.

The Dangerous Knife
CANCER ROOTS cannot be removed by operations or by agonizing plasters. They only give temporary relief, and in many cases the disease returns in a worse form. We would be glad to send particulars of a painless method which leads physicians to adopt. The cures are remarkable.

A. L. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.
(Mention London Advertiser.)

THE WEAK, THE DISEASED

MADE STRONG AND HEALTHY
THROUGH
DR. RADWAY'S

Sarsaparillian Resolvent.

Every drop of the Sarsaparillian Resolvent communicates through the blood, sweat, urine and other fluids and juices of the system the vigor of life for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, consumption, syphilis, gonorrhea or badly treated venereal diseases, glandular diseases, ulcers in the throat, mouth, tumors, nodes in the glands and other parts of the system, sore eyes, strumous discharges from the ears, and the worst forms of skin diseases, eruptions, fever, sores, scald head, ring worm, and rheum, erysipelas, acne, black spots, the flesh, tumors, cancerous growths, female complaints and all weakening and painful discharges, night sweats, nocturnal losses and all wastes of the life principle are within the curative range of this Wonderful Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person who will be rapid and sure for it repairs the wastes of the body and restores the system to its normal state.

It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is certain for when once this remedy commences its work of purification and succeeds in diminishing the loss of wastes its repairs will be rapid and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving and flesh and strength increasing.

Scrofula From Birth.
Dr. Radway—Dear Sir: It is with pleasure I take my pen in hand to inform you of the great cure effected by your medicine called Sarsaparillian Resolvent. I have a girl three years old last September who has suffered with scrofula ever since she was two years old. It was the doctor told us she was born with it. We had our best local doctors with her, and it was like all hope was gone, for they told us if the disease settled on her lungs she could not be cured. This frightful disease seated or seated upon her lungs severely. Life began to ebb, and our little girl could not live very long, our physician's medicine doing no good. In the meantime I received a copy of your medicinal publication called "Advice and Truth," which you sent me. After seeing the accounts of so many cures effected by your treatment, I at once resorted to them, and by the time she had used one bottle she was most well. The ulcers that were making their appearance on her body are entirely gone, her lungs almost healed, or at least she has quit coughing. She has begun on the second bottle, and I believe by the time she uses all of it she will be well. She had a very bad cough. I am yours with respect, SAMUEL S. BARKER, Flat Top, Mercer County, W. Va.

"LIFE A BURDEN."
Dr. Radway—Dear Sir: For a long time past I have been suffering in the most distressing manner from a long train of symptoms which have baffled the skill of all the medical men down here, and which I feared, if not arrested in their progress, would terminate in the total prostration of my strength. Loss of appetite and desire of stimulating and artificial means of sustenance at irregular times, want of healthy sleep and consequent depression on waking in the morning rendered my life quite a burden to me, until a friend induced me to try your medicine. So I got a bottle of Radway's Sarsaparillian and a box of Radway's Pills and took them according to directions. I soon found relief. I got three boxes and three bottles more and I am in better health than ever before. I am a humble servant, ARTHUR D. WRIGHT, Unionville, Mich.

THE MOST ECONOMICAL! THE BEST!
One bottle contains more of the active principle of medicine than any other preparation taken in teaspoonful doses, while others require five or six times as much. Sold by druggists. Price \$1.
Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., 7 St. Helen street, Montreal, for Book of Advice.

HEALTH 25C
The trial size of ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT SALT is on the market at the above price. It has been so put up to enable everyone to try this wonderful health-giving preparation. Of all druggists. Large bottle 60 cents.

Hobbs' Winchester Bicycles
...FOR 1899...
IN ONE QUALITY ONLY.
AS GOOD AS MONEY CAN BUY.

Model 26, 28-inch wheels.....\$ 40 00
Model 21, 28-inch wheels..... 60 00
Model 22, 30-inch wheels..... 75 00
New Winchester, 32-inch rear wheel, 30-inch front wheel..... 110 00

Unapproached in new ideas, quality and finish by any maker on the Continent.

Hobbs Manufacturing Co.
LONDON. - ONTARIO.

Dental Cards.
DR. W. S. WESTLAND—DENTIST—Post-graduate in crown and bridge work. Chicago, Ridge Block, Richmond street. Phone 900, residence 287 Queen's avenue.

DR. NELLES, DENTIST, HAS REMOVED TO 211 Dundas street, opposite Runlans department store.

DR. RYLANDS, DENTIST, SUCCESSOR TO Dr. Swan. First-class honors, Toronto University. 207 1/2 Dundas street. Phone 1,131.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY—DENTIST—SUCCESSOR to the late Dr. Davis. Specialty preservation of natural teeth. 170 Dundas street. Phone 975.

J. ELLIOTT HOLMES, L.D.S.—ROOM 3, Duffell Block, Dundas and Clarence streets. Phone 367.

DR. JEFFERY N. WOOD—DENTIST—Over Runlans, Gray & Carr's, Dundas street. Telephone 1,288.

MODONALD—DENTIST—Office 183 1/2 Dundas street, London. Telephone 702.

WOOLVERTON & BENTLEY—DENTISTS—216 Dundas street, next Edy Bros., over Calneiros & Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 522.

D. DODD & CO.—PRACTICAL BUILDERS—carpenters and joiners. Jobbing and repairing promptly attended to. Shop 154 Fullarton street.

GEO. ROUGHLEY—FELT AND GRAVEL ROOFER, repairing a specialty; estimate on application. 209 South street, London. Telephone 88.

Massage Treatment.
MISS SHUFF—GRADUATE OF DES Weir Mitchell's Hospital for Nervous Diseases, Philadelphia. Massage and Swedish Movements. 447 King street, London. Phone 502.

Veterinary Surgeon.
J. H. TENNANT—VETERINARY SURGEON—Office, King street, opposite Park House. Residence, corner King and Wellington. Telephone.

Viavi Treatment.
MRS. L. STEIN AT HOME SATURDAYS at her new address, 108 John street, London.

Mammoth Livery
Hack, Coupes, Landaus, Buses and Light Saddie Horses. Sale and Boarding Stable. Open day and night. Phone 189—Dundas St.

BLOOD POISON
HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling? Write Cook & Co., 1,687 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proof of cure. Capital \$100,000. Worst cases cured in 15 to 35 days. 500-page book free.

Livery Stables.
LILLEY'S LIVERY—NO. 619 DUNDAS street, East London, Ont. Telephone 663.

THOMAS TREBILCOCK—STAR LIVERY—633 Richmond street. Best hacks, coupes, etc. Light livery a specialty. Careful attention to orders. Phone 423. Open night and day.

Money to Loan.
MONEY TO LOAN AT 5 PER CENT—APPLY TO J. W. G. WINNETT, Barrister, etc., 420 Talbot street.

TENNENT, McDONAGH & COLERIDGE, Barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc., 78 Dundas street, London. Money to lend on mortgages at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2. Also on notes and other security.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO LOAN at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2 per cent on real estate security in sums to suit. No commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, etc., 98 Dundas street, London.

SUMS OF \$100 AND UPWARDS TO LOAN on real estate at 5 to 6 per cent. G. N. Weeks, solicitor, corner Richmond and King streets.

Hotel Cards.
"THE RICHMOND—CORNER OF KING and Richmond streets. H. L. Felsa new proprietor. A. called solicited.

EUROPEAN HOTEL—208 DUNDAS street. Choice wines, liquors and cigars. Chas. Stevens, proprietor.

O'NEIL HOUSE—CORNER TALBOT AND York streets; new and convenient; stables Wm. Collins, proprietor.

CITY HOTEL—LONDON—BEST \$1 A DAY house in Canada; good stables in connection. J. McMartin, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL—MON TREAL—Centrally located and first class in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

TECUMSEH HOUSE—LONDON, ONT.—Largest and best hotel in Western Ontario. No charge for baggage or sample rooms. Rates \$2 and \$3.50 per day. C. W. Davis, proprietor.

Marriage Licenses.
MARRIAGE LICENSES AT SHUFF'S Drug Store, 540 Dundas street east, corner William. Trolley cars pass the door. No witnesses required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED—OFFICE M. Adkins Jewellery Store, East London. No witnesses required.

W. M. H. WESTON, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES, 64 Stanley street. No witnesses required.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN Jeweller, 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 39 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Johnston's shoe store, 195 Dundas street. No witnesses required. Residence 244 Dundas.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. Residence 280 Dufferin avenue.

Medical Cards.
DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND residence, 280 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Office hours, 12:30 to 4 p.m.

DR. R. M. COOPER, L.R.C.P. AND S. ED. L.F.P. and S. Glare. Office and residence, 402 Dundas street. Telephone 1004.

London Advertiser.

(ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1863.)

Managing Director and Editor, John Cameron

London, Thursday, Feb. 2, 1899.

Feathered Friends of the Farmers.

"The Birds of Ontario in Relation to Agriculture" is the title of a very interesting pamphlet issued by the Ontario Department of Agriculture. The writer, Mr. Charles W. Nash, of Toronto, an expert ornithologist, has put real enthusiasm into his work. It is a splendid plea for the bird. Mr. Nash points out the enormous damage inflicted on farmers by insects and small rodents. Man is almost powerless to stop their ravages; that is largely left to the natural enemies of these pests—the birds. These birds are wonderfully provided by nature with the means to fulfill their part in maintaining the correct balance between the small rodents and the vegetable kingdom. They are in a manner nature's police, and if not destroyed by man, would keep down the numbers of these small four-footed thieves that their plundering would be scarcely noticeable.

Mr. Nash proceeds to describe the characteristics of the various species of birds found in Ontario. The birds of prey may be roughly divided into two classes, the hawks and the owls, the first feeding by day, the second by night. Mr. Nash, however, has good to say for some of the hawk family. He has never known the marsh hawk to attack a domestic fowl, and regrets that thousands of these birds are killed every autumn by people who shoot at everything with life in it. These marsh hawks destroy amazing numbers of mice, and should be preserved. The hen-hawk, especially the rough-legged variety, is also a friend of the farmer, though not generally credited with benevolence towards poultry. The sharp-shinned hawk, the cooper's hawk and the goshawk are not to be trusted around barnyards, and should be killed. The common sparrow hawk mostly lives on grasshoppers and mice, and is therefore useful.

Mr. Nash says the great-horned or cat owl is a terror to unprotected poultry, and deserves death in such a locality; but it has redeeming features. It kills great numbers of rats, mice, and other pests, and is a determined enemy of skunks. The other nine species of owl are friends to agriculture, especially the noisy little screech owl, the most indefatigable mouser we have.

The crow, Mr. Nash asserts, is not so black as he is painted. He is excessively fond of corn, but he also eats the cut-worm, which kills a lot of corn. It is, perhaps, better to let the crow have a little corn, and get rid of the cut-worm, than let the cut-worm take off a lot of corn by getting rid of the crow. When Mr. and Mrs. Crow have a family they will take no grain to their young—only insects, mice and the young of other birds. They will also snatch little chickens and ducklings. They do great mischief in the breeding season by destroying the nests and the young of other birds. For this reason they should be kept within proper limits. Of late years they have increased too fast. Their numbers can easily be reduced if a little attention be paid to the matter in the spring. Just at nesting time they are less shy and wary than at any other season, and can be approached in the trees within shooting distance. If one of each pair was shot off their numbers would soon be reduced to such an extent that the damage they could do would not be noticeable.

Mr. Nash would have no mercy shown the cow-bird. It is the only feathered creature against which he would advocate a war of extermination. After the egg of the cow-bird is deposited, the female takes no further interest in the matter, but leaves it to be hatched by the real owner of the nest in which it has been placed. In a few days the young cow-bird has far outgrown its fellow-nestlings in size, strength and voracity, so that it requires and manages to get all the food the parent birds bring to the nest, the result being that the proper occupants of the nest are starved to death or crowded out by the interloper. Shooting the females in the early spring is the only satisfactory way of keeping down the number of this undesirable bird.

The raven, a foe to poultry and young lambs; the blue jay, beautiful, but mischievous and cruel to other birds; the bronze grackle, handsome, but a nuisance to the fruit and grain grower, and too fond of birds' egg diet; the red-winged blackbird, also lovely and useful, but with an unfortunate weakness for oats—these are all under the ban. Their good qualities do not atone for their bad ones. For the cheery bobolink, the useful meadow lark, and the flute-voiced Baltimore oriole, Mr. Nash has only words of praise.

The habits of our thrushes, bluebirds, catbirds, cuckoos, wrens, king birds, swallows, and other feather favorites are described in a most graphic and interesting manner. A chapter is devoted to the English sparrow. Mr. Nash is lenient to this little rogue, and says his better qualities are too often overlooked. He thinks the sparrows we now have do as much good as harm, but that they should not be allowed to increase to any extent.

As the birds are the most important allies of the farmers and gardeners against their insect enemies, the feathered tribe, with the few exceptions named, should be protected and encouraged to breed about the farms and gardens.

Time for a Change.

According to the annual report of the librarian of the Public Library, the patrons of that institution took their mental pabulum last year in these doses:

	Number.	Per cent.
General works	2,397	3.5
Philosophy	633	1.2
Religion	1,217	1.7
Sociology	707	1.0
Philology	50	0.0
Natural science	1,029	1.0
Useful arts	1,248	1.3
Fine arts	908	1.3
Literature	2,158	2.2
History	1,720	1.7
Travels	2,070	2.1
Biography	1,099	1.1
Juveniles	16,236	16.5
Adult fiction	51,646	52.6
Library use	1,337	1.3
Magazines in library	13,944	13.3
Total	68,096	100

Leaving out magazines, the books circulated in 1898 numbered 85,052, of which 67,582 represented adult and juvenile fiction, and only 17,170 the more useful classes of literature.

It is not creditable to the reading public that it feeds almost entirely on fiction, and it is a question how far the library should cater to the public taste in this regard.

Because the great majority want such intellectual sponge-cake is no reason why the Public Library should furnish it. In ministering to this appetite for novel-reading, the library only promotes the growth of the habit, and does not fulfill its ideal purpose.

The library has an educative mission, and its managers should pursue it by discouraging the fiction mania as much as possible, and by striving to raise popular literary appreciation to higher and better objects.

Of course, there are standard novels that must be on the shelves, and copies of these, as of all other good works, should be multiplied, so as to be always procurable by readers; but there is a good deal of rubbish that should be cleaned out to make room for better material. Children especially should be permitted only healthful and nutritious books, and, as the librarian suggests, teachers would do well to advise their pupils what to ask for.

Looking at the comparative table it is pitiful to see how little history and biography are in demand. No departments in general reading are more fascinating and helpful, but the best literature will be ignored so long as the mass of people patronize the library for pastime, instead of self-improvement.

Canada Out-Percentages the U. S.

The Minister of Customs, Hon. Wm. Paterson, made a really eloquent speech at Brantford on Tuesday night, on the progress and greatness of Canada. Some of his figures were quite inspiring. For example, the foreign trade of the United States, for the ten years from 1888 to 1898, increased by 35 per cent; whereas, in the same period, the foreign trade of Canada increased by 51 per cent. Well done, Canada! Mr. Paterson was able to show, by the latest returns, that the volume of Canadian business with the outside world was increasing in leaps and bounds year by year.

Is Our Cheese Losing Its Hold?

"Farming" of this week sounds a note of warning to Canadian dairymen. The Canadian cheese trade has reached a crisis that calls for serious attention. At the recent dairy conventions at Guelph and Kingston, this was indicated very strongly. Hon. Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, and Prof. Robertson, the Dominion Commissioner, stated that last summer for the first time they found criticism of Canadian cheese in Great Britain. The two chief faults found with it are: Not mild enough in the flavor and too hard and dry in texture. What the British consumer wants is a mild, "cool" flavored cheese, meaty and not so harsh as many of our Canadian cheeses are, and our dairymen must be prepared to supply this quality if they wish to retain their present hold on the British markets.

Our competitors are watching our every move and are ready to take advantage of any weakness on our part. New Zealand has secured one of our best dairy instructors, Mr. J. A. Roddick, to superintend her dairy interests. Mr. Roddick has made a trip over the island and says New Zealand should be able to produce cheese as fine as, if not finer than, the cheese of any other country. The factories there are well built and furnished, and the climate is such that the temperature seldom goes higher than 75 degrees. This means a slow-curing cheese, productive of the cool flavor which the British consumer wants. Mr. Roddick contends that summer-made cheese in Canada can never have that desirable quality unless artificial means are employed to regulate the temperature in the cooling rooms. Farming, commenting on this, says:

"To produce the quality of cheese required for the British trade one thing is absolutely necessary, and that is better curing facilities in our cheese factories. A great many of the curing-rooms in use today were built at a time when about all that was thought to be necessary in curing cheese was shelter from the storm. All curing-rooms of this character, which cannot be fitted up so that the temperature can be controlled at all times, should be replaced by new ones before the season of 1899 begins. There is no use whatever in a maker attempting to make a mild-flavored, meaty cheese if it has to endure a temperature of 90 degrees in the curing process. These are facts that should be acted upon by every factory owner in the country."

Canadian dairymen should sternly realize that they must work as hard to keep their supremacy as they did to gain it.

Canada's Natural Beauty.

There is commercial utility in natural beauty. During the last tourist season Switzerland noted 2,300,000 travelers. The hotels took in \$24,000,000, and the shops sold \$6,000,000 worth of Swiss souvenirs. Canada is getting more tourist travel every year, particularly in summer. Last year thousands of Americans, in addition to Canadians, visited Muskoka alone. It is worth the while of Canada in general to make its natural beauties widely known. No doubt there is the charm of change, and antiquity, and historical association in the Old Lands beyond the sea; but when it comes to the natural attractions of mountain, lake or river, Canada can challenge the world.

Dr. C. A. Berry, the noted English Congregationalist divine, who fell dead on Tuesday, while officiating at the funeral of a fellow-minister, was called away at an early age, comparatively, namely in his 47th year. He was an eloquent, broad-minded man, alert and inspiring. Next to Dr. Joseph Parker, he was perhaps the British Congregationalist most spoken of in recent years. Twelve years ago he received a call to succeed Henry Ward Beecher in Brooklyn, but declined the invitation. He was an enthusiastic advocate of Anglo-American unity.

WHAT OTHERS SAY.

Politics in Two Countries.

[Baltimore Herald.] In England the Liberal party is badly in need of a leader. In this country there are leaders badly in need of a party.

Will Brook No Rival.

[Hamilton Herald.] It is not expected that Nicholas Flood Davin will rejoice over the report that Tolstoi may go to live in the Canadian Northwest. He will demand to know what need there is in the Northwest for two great literateurs and philosophers of world-wide fame.

Very Much Alive.

[Stratford Beacon.] A Chicago bookseller bought a large quantity of Muriel Dowie's "A Girl in the Carpathians." Finding but a very poor sale for them, he had them rebound, and called them "The Adventures of a Girl in Troubles." He sold 35,000 copies in a week. Who will say after this that bloomers are a dead issue?

Never Too Late to Mend.

[Detroit News-Tribune.] In these days, when Great Britain and the United States seem to be drifting into a permanent understanding—an understanding based on common ideals, common language and similar interests, law and institutions—the question is being raised by thinking men of both nations: Was there ever any good reason why these nations should view each other as natural enemies?

Are our school histories doing right in dwelling too emphatically on the wrongs which the colonists suffered from England? Ought not these histories to be revised? Changes in Church Methods. [St. Thomas Journal.] Rev. Morgan Wood goes lecturing that his church may get out of debt. He is a trifle sensational, but that leads to a question as to whether it pays to be sensational and prosperous or prosy and poor. Churches have moved towards making services more interesting slowly; but a comparison with a few years ago, when even the organ was tabooed, will show an immense change. How long will this advance—or retrograde movement, as some would call it—be continued, and where will it stop? Will the church be compelled to boldly declare that the end justifies the means and openly compete with sacred Sunday concerts? These are questions that will bring a frown to the orthodox brow; but just glance back a few years and see if the changes do not justify them.

Docking Horses.

[Bystander, in Weekly Sun.] The friends of the noblest of animals rejoice to see that the practice of docking horses is going out of fashion. It was a partial relapse into the barbarous absurdity of the last century, when horses were not only docked, but hogged and nicked. To deprive the animals of their natural appendage is senseless everywhere; but to deprive them of their natural defense in a country abounding with flies is cruel. It is to be hoped that we shall presently see an end of check-reins, as well as of docking. Does any one suppose that a check-rein keeps a horse from stumbling? When he stumbles it prevents him from recovering himself, and it prevents him from seeing where he is going. Would a man be kept from stumbling or helped to pick his way by having his head tied to his back? If anyone doubts that a check-rein is painful to a horse, he has only to look at the animal's action when the check-rein is let down. Check-reins and bearing-reins have already been given up by kind and thoughtful masters of horses. But by too many they are from mere habit thoughtlessly retained. If there is any creature that deserves and repays kind treatment by his master, it is the horse. When horses are vicious, it is the master in nine cases out of ten that is to blame.

Soon Left Her.

"I was taken with a swelling in my feet and limbs. I was not able to walk for four months. I read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and procured a bottle. Before I had taken it all the swelling left me. I took three bottles of Hood's and have not been troubled with swelling since." Rebecca Seavers, Chatham, Ont.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills. Easy to take, easy to operate; reliable, sure. 25c.

The Siberian Railway will cost \$100,000,000.

Boston has a municipal telephone.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents.

CALLED HOME

Death of Miss McArthur, Principal of the Wootley Road School—A Highly-Esteemed Young Lady.

The death took place yesterday of Miss Annie Christina McArthur, youngest daughter of the late Alexander McArthur. Deceased had been ailing for a year past, but was only compelled to take to her bed a few weeks ago. At the early stages of her illness, Miss McArthur contracted a serious cold, which developed into consumption. The best medical skill and loving care were of no avail, deceased passing quietly away as stated. This sad news, though not altogether unexpected, will be heard with regret by a large circle of friends, by whom she was dearly beloved.

When quite young Miss McArthur became a teacher in the Askin street (now Victoria) school, where she had obtained her elementary education. On returning from the Normal School, Ottawa, she resumed her place on the Askin street school teaching staff, being gradually promoted to the charge of the room next to the principal, and when the Wootley road school was opened, some two or three years ago, she was appointed principal and held the position until compelled through illness to retire. She was a devoted member of Knox Church, was of a very happy disposition. Last Friday a change for the worse in her condition set in, and anxious watchers realized that the end was near, but the patient bore all her suffering with calm resignation. A widowed mother, one sister and three brothers survive her. Alex. McArthur is in the Peace River district, and on Saturday another brother, John, sailed for the old country. The family have the deep sympathy of the community. The funeral will take place Saturday morning, from the home, 24, Wharfedale road. The members of the board of education will attend in a body.

STUDENT LIFE IN GERMANY

An Interesting Lecture by Prof. James at the Western University.

At the literary meeting of the Western University Tuesday night, Dr. James gave a lecture on "Student Life in Germany," which was replete with dry humor, vivid description, and general information. The lecturer compared the German system of education to our own. We who boast of our own educational system, he said, may remember the German system is a much more complete one than ours. The account of the lecturers and university regulations was amusing. The description of the manners of the students was given most aptly with illustrations. Their amusements, concerts, theaters, societies, were all touched upon. Their dueling and beer-drinking seem to be two special features of university life. In private affairs individual character is highly developed. The Germans lean to the theoretical rather than the practical. The workers take work seriously—while at work, work, and to play at all. At concerts and the theater absolute silence is observed; a talker is hissed. The effects of military training are seen everywhere among officials. There is a manly bearing. The system of "tipping" makes a most deferential attitude to be noticed in car conductors and officials generally. At the university only a small proportion ever present themselves for a doctor's degree. Among the students are a good many nobles, who seem to enjoy college life immensely, and stay at the universities some five or six years. External politeness is far more evident there than here. Men take off their hats to each other instead of pointing at them with one finger. The lecturer described one student passing group of fellow-students. Immediately it looked as if a flock of birds were rising; all hats were swept off. Children seem to be noticeably polite. The method of graduation was then described. The doctor ended his most interesting lecture by saying that the general effect of German college life is a pleasant sense of freedom and of study, under the most favorable circumstances; the best of lectures, the most complete library facilities, the advantages of historical surroundings, of excellent picture galleries, of the best theaters and music. It is a long time after one's return before one ceases to long for those days which are gone forever.

George Hamblidge, of Ingersoll, who has a brother in Aylmer and who was killed by accidentally falling down stairs.

TETTERON HANDS

Troubled for years. Sore All Over. Could not use them. Spread over Arms, Neck, and Face. Smarted Like Fire. Physicians no Benefit. Tried CUTICURA. Immediate Relief. Permanent Cure.

I had been troubled with tetter for several years. At times my hands would be sore all over, so that I could not use them at all, and were so tender that clear water, even when the hands were spread over arms, neck, and face. I had been treated by physicians, but without benefit, when I began the CUTICURA remedies. I found relief before I had taken the first bottle. I used three or four bottles of CUTICURA SOAP, and one box of CUTICURA (ointment), and it has never troubled me since. ELLA CURZON, Eppingham, Ill.

BLOOD POISON CURED

By CUTICURA Resolvent. One of my children ran a rusty nail into his foot, which was most painful. His blood got out of order, and he soon broke out on his hands and feet. I gave him one bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT and used one bottle of CUTICURA SOAP, principally as a salve, and the child recovered. Mrs. J. S. FURBER, Markham, Ont.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT

Begin with the Blood and Ends with The Skin and Scalp. That is to say, it purifies the blood and circulates it, while warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the greatest of emollients, cure itching, burning, and inflammation, soothe and heal. Thus are speedily, permanently, and economically cured the most torturing, disgusting humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail. Sold throughout the world. FORTY D. AND C. CO., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Humour," Free.

SAVE YOUR SKIN

THE RUNIANS, GRAY, GARRIE COMPANY.

TELEPHONE 1046.

Special Bargains

Good news from departments that possesses special interest for thrifty buyers.

Dress Goods

5 Pieces Figured Black Dress Goods, crepon effects, 42 inches, 40c and 50c goods 25c
2 Pieces Black All-Wool Heavy Storm Serge, 48 inches; regular 55c, for 50c
3 Pieces Black All-Wool Fancy Serge, braid effect and Vandyke pattern; regular 75c 35c
2 Pieces Navy Fancy Serge, All-Wool; regular 75c, for 25c
6 Ends Tweeds, all-wool, heavy goods, colored; regular 50c and 75c, for 25c
40-inch Silesia Skirt Lining, black gray and brown; regular 10c, for. 8c

Soap Sale

Large Size Glycerine Bars, warranted pure; very special (double bar) 12c
Baby's Own and Soothing Cream, special at per box (3 cakes) 20c
Old Brown Windsor 2 cakes 1c
1 Lot regular 8c, 10c, 12 1/2c, special, per cake 5c

Linens and Staples

1 Bale Extra Heavy Factory Cotton, per yard 3 1/2c
10 pieces only 36-inch Bleached Cotton, round even thread; regular 7c, per yard 5c
1 piece 72-inch Half-Bleached Table Damask, very fine and pure Linen; regular 65c, per yard 45c
1 piece only 64-inch Half-Bleached Table Linen, warranted pure; regular 50c, per yard 35c
1 dozen only Table Napkins, slightly soiled, "perfect goods," one-third off.
1 piece only bleached Table Damask, 60 inches wide; regular 45c, per yard 30c
Burdett's Linen for aprons, 38 inches wide; regular 25c, per yard 15c

Towels

13 dozen only Huck Towels, red border, 45 by 22, pure linen, per pair. 25c
3 dozen only Bath Towels, the last of this lot, per pair 25c and 35c
8x10, 8x12, 8x14 Bleached Table Cloths, border all round, half price.
22-inch Glass Cloth Toweling; regular 10c and 12 1/2c, only 7 1/2c
4 pieces Dark and Light Gray Flannel, twilled and plain; regular 25c, per yard 15c

Jackets

YOUR LAST CHANCE.

At \$1—Ladies' Norfolk Jackets—"last season's goods," colors blue and green, ranging in price from \$5 to \$10, to clear at \$1 00
26 only Ladies' Jackets, this season's goods; will be cleared out at once at half-price.
At \$2 50—Ladies' Jackets, in fawn, brown and black—"last season's goods," were \$6 and \$5, to clear at 2 50
6 only Ladies' New Year Suits, in golden brown, new blue, black, navy, and one brown. Covert Cloth, to clear at half-price.
Ladies' Jackets, extra specials, to clear, each, at \$1 50 and 4 50
All Children's Coats Will Be Cleared Out at Half Price.

Blankets

VERY SPECIAL.

Hindoo Blankets, large size—4 pairs only. \$2 39 per pair. 68x86; 6 pairs, only 7 pounds Wool Blankets, regular \$3 50 and \$4 50, at \$2 90 per pair. 4 pairs only 3 pound White Wool Blankets, 72x90, \$4 to \$6, per pair 3 50

The Runians, Gray, Garrie Co

IMPORTERS,

208, 210, 210 1/2, 212 Dundas Street, London.

OPENING OF THE HOUSE

Was A Brilliant Function—New Members Presented—Mr. Gibson's Health.

Toronto, Feb. 2.—The second session of the ninth legislature is now formally opened, and today the oratorical combat will be commenced, when the address in reply to the speech is duly moved and seconded. The chamber and the galleries presented a beautiful picture yesterday afternoon when the ceremony was performed. Never has there been a larger attendance, and the growth of public interest in the proceedings of the legislature was amply demonstrated by the presence of many visitors from all parts of the province, to whom the occasion was a novelty.

The premier, Hon. Mr. Hardy, Hon. George W. Ross, Hon. Mr. Harcourt, Hon. Mr. Hart and Hon. Mr. Davis circulated among the visitors, to whom they extended a cordial welcome. The premier was in an especially happy mood, and had all the appearance of robust health. After the speech from the throne the interesting ceremony of presenting the new members then commenced, the sponsor in each case intimating that the member had been duly elected, had taken the oath and signed the roll, and now claimed the seat. The members presented were Hon. John Dryden, Hon. J. T. Garraw, Mr. John Barber, Mr. E. Aylesworth, Mr. J. H. Douglas, Mr. Donald Macnish, Mr. John Loughrin and Mr. W. J. Allen. The latter was the only Conservative.

Before the house adjourned Mr. Whitney asked after the health of Hon. J. M. Gibson. The premier was happy to say that the illness of the honorable gentleman was only temporary. It is hoped that the trip to a warmer climate will restore the honorable gentleman to his wonted vigor. The members of the house will be pleased to learn that there is nothing serious the matter with the honorable member for East Wellington. The house then adjourned.

DEADLY BLASTS

Eight Persons Frozen to Death During the Prevailing Blizzard.

Four deaths from freezing occurred in St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday, and one death in East St. Louis. The fatalities were: George A. Clark, aged 45 years; Charles Farrier, aged 30; Mrs. Mary Ryan; August Benson, aged 35; Mrs. M. Jenkins, East St. Louis.

The worst blizzard experienced in years is sweeping over the northern and western portions of Texas. Walter Mitchell, a wealthy cattleman, of Walter county, has been found frozen to death. The wife and daughter of J. E. Yost, Buffalo, Wyoming, have been frozen to death. They started from town to their ranch, a few miles distant, in the face of a blizzard, became bewildered and lost their way. At Cheyenne, Mrs. Dan Keeler, wife of a packer in the United States service, was found naked and frozen to death on the side porch at her home. She was insane. Her crippled mother was nearly starved. Money and provisions were found in the house packed in the bottom of trunks.

MIDDLESEX NEWS

Wm. Adair, of Strathroy, has been arrested on a charge of entering the cellar of the Strathroy brewery on Oct. 1 last and stealing one case and two kegs of beer. He was only arrested on Saturday, having managed to keep clear of the authorities by leaving Strathroy at the time of the robbery and remaining away until last week. Adair is not an entire stranger to prison life, having been sentenced in February, 1896, to three years in the Kingston penitentiary for assaulting and wounding a Strathroy lady. With two months deducted from each year for good conduct, Adair could only have been released a few weeks before he is alleged to have broken into the brewery. He will be brought before Magistrate Noble at Strathroy on Saturday.

APPOINTMENT.

[C. P. R. Special to The Advertiser.] Ottawa, Feb. 2.—J. H. Grisdale, of St. Marthe, Que., has been appointed agriculturist at the experimental farm. He will have charge of the live stock and farm management.

RHYNLAND AROUND—PASSENGERS SAFE.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 2.—The steamer Rhymland is still hard aground on Cotton Puff shoal, above Fenwick's Island lifesaving station. The passengers are being transferred to tugs and will be taken to Lewis, Del., thence to this city.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done it will do again.

Many a poor man would be glad of the opportunity to make an after-dinner speech. Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has no stock, get him to procure it for you.

YOU'RE COURTING CONSUMPTION.

If you neglect that Cough—Have It Cured by Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

"It's only a slight Cold, only a little Cough," you say—but it hangs on and on and won't leave. Better wake up to the fact before it's too late that you're on the highway to Consumption. Better have the Cough cured now, when you can—than wait a while longer when, perhaps, you can't. A bottle or two of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup will promptly cure that Cough, and heal up the lungs so that not a trace of its effects will remain.

Mrs. Grace Lynch of Blackville, N.B., writes: "I have been troubled with Coughs, Colds and weakness of the lungs for a long time, and could get no relief until I took Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, which made a complete cure in my case."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 25c, and 50c, a bottle.

Hood's Pills

THE MARKETS.

Mining Stocks.

Toronto, Feb. 1.—Following are today's closing quotations on the Toronto Mining and Industrial Exchange:	
Asked.	Bid.
Foley.....	30 1/2
Hammond Reef.....	25 1/2
Superior G. and C. Co.....	11 1/2
Hiawatha.....	26 1/2
Golden Star.....	47 1/2
Fawcett.....	47 1/2
Cariboo.....	145 1/2
Minnehaha.....	21 1/2
Waterloo.....	9 1/2
Cariboo Hydraulic.....	28 1/2
Emminger.....	7 1/2
Old Ironides.....	12 1/2
Knob Hill.....	8 1/2
Albion.....	63 1/2
Dundee.....	25 1/2
Darganville.....	15 1/2
Noble Five.....	17 1/2
Hammer Cariboo Con.....	28 1/2
Law's West Pass Coal.....	67 1/2
Van Ande.....	4 1/2
Big Three.....	10 1/2
Commander.....	11 1/2
Wier Park.....	17 1/2
Evening Star.....	7 1/2
Giant.....	5 1/2
Good Hope.....	3 1/2
Grand Prize.....	4 1/2
Homestake.....	3 1/2
Iron Coal.....	10 1/2
Iron Horse.....	15 1/2
Iron Mask.....	40 1/2
Junio.....	42 1/2
Montreal Gold Fields.....	12 1/2
Monte Cristo Con.....	10 1/2
Northern Belle.....	3 1/2
Silver Bell Con.....	5 1/2
St. Elmo.....	4 1/2
Virginia.....	47 1/2
War Eagle Con.....	350 1/2
White Horse.....	9 1/2
B. C. Gold Fields.....	9 1/2
Can. G. F. S.....	7 1/2
Gold Hill.....	8 1/2
Montreal Red Mountain.....	21 1/2

SALES.—Afternoon.—Hammond Reef, 500, 250 at 47; 500 at 48; Cariboo, 100 at 145; Minnehaha, 40 at 21; Waterloo, 100 at 9; St. Elmo, 600 at 47; Albion, 500 at 63; 100 at 64; White Bear, 1,000 at 47; B. C. Gold Fields, 1,000, 500 at 9; 500 at 7 1/2.

ROLL BUTTER—DRIED APPLES

If you have any roll butter, dried apples or any other produce to offer let us know your lowest price and quantity.

CHAS. ABBOTT, Commission Merchant, Phone 1288, 172 King St., London, Ont.

Local Market.

London, Thursday, Feb. 2.

Wheat, white fall, per bu.....	69 1/2 to 70c
Wheat, red fall, per bu.....	69 1/2 to 70c
Peas, per bu.....	54c to 62c
Oats, per bu.....	30c to 30 1/2c
Corn, per bu.....	44c to 45c
Barley, per bu.....	33 1/2c to 48c
Buckwheat, per bu.....	45c to 48c

Wheat—Sales ranged between \$1.15 to \$1.17 today; supply fair; demand steady. Oats were active, at 88c. Malting barley sold at 85c to \$1.03, and feed is worth 80c to 85c.

Butter and eggs were steady and unchanged. Poultry quiet. Meats slow and unchanged. Dressed hogs steady, at the decline. Vegetables quiet and unchanged. Hay slow, at 80c to 85c.

GRAIN.	
Wheat, white, fall, per 100 lbs.....	117 1/2
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs.....	116 1/2
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs.....	116 1/2
Oats, per 100 lbs.....	88 1/2
Peas, per 100 lbs.....	90 1/2
Corn, per 100 lbs.....	70 1/2
Barley, per 100 lbs.....	70 1/2
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs.....	83 1/2
Hay, per 100 lbs.....	83 1/2

PROVISIONS.	
Honey, comb.....	9 1/2
Honey, extracted.....	7 1/2
Cheese, per lb.....	10 1/2
Eggs, fresh, dozen.....	18 1/2
Eggs, fresh, dozen, p'd.....	18 1/2
Eggs, fresh, dozen, p'd.....	18 1/2
Butter, per lb, retail.....	14 1/2
Butter, pound rolls, basket.....	14 1/2
Butter, 1/2 lb, large rolls or crocks.....	14 1/2
Butter, per lb, tub or firkin.....	14 1/2
Lard, per lb.....	9 1/2

VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.	
Pumpkins, per doz.....	1 1/2
Potatoes, per bag.....	75 1/2
Apples, per bag.....	75 1/2
Apples, per barrel.....	75 1/2
Apples, per bushel.....	75 1/2
Beets, per dozen bunches.....	20 1/2
Onions, per bu.....	60 1/2
Celery, per doz.....	50 1/2
Turnips, per bag.....	25 1/2
Carrots, per bag.....	15 1/2
Parsnips, per doz.....	40 1/2

LIVE STOCK.	
Young pigs, per pair.....	2 00 to 3 50
Cows, each.....	20 00 to 40 00
Hogs, light, per 100 lbs.....	3 50 to 4 00
Hogs, heavy, per 100 lbs.....	3 50 to 4 00
Pigs, young, per pair.....	2 50 to 3 00
Pigs, sows, per pair.....	3 50 to 4 00
Ducks, per pair.....	50 1/2
Chickens, per pair.....	30 1/2
Hen, per pair.....	30 1/2

HAY AND SEEDS.	
Hay, per ton.....	6 50 to 7 50
Straw, per load.....	8 1/2 to 9 1/2

MEAT, HIDES, ETC.	
Beef, hind quarters, per lb.....	4 1/2 to 5 1/2
Beef, fore quarters, per lb.....	4 1/2 to 5 1/2
Veal, quarters, per lb.....	5 1/2 to 6 1/2
Lamb, quarters, per lb.....	6 1/2 to 7 1/2
Dressed hogs, 100 lbs, heavy.....	5 00 to 6 00
Dressed hogs, 100 lbs, light.....	4 1/2 to 5 1/2
Hides, No. 1, per lb.....	7 1/2 to 8 1/2
Hides, No. 2, per lb.....	6 1/2 to 7 1/2
Hides, No. 3, per lb.....	5 1/2 to 6 1/2
Calveskins, green.....	8 1/2 to 9 1/2
Wool, washed, per lb.....	15 1/2 to 16 1/2
Wool, unwashed, per lb.....	14 1/2 to 15 1/2
Chickens, per lb.....	3 1/2 to 4 1/2
Ducks, per lb.....	7 1/2 to 8 1/2
Turkeys, per lb.....	8 1/2 to 9 1/2
Geese, per lb.....	6 1/2 to 7 1/2

Puritan Flour

has no equal. One trial will convince you of this. For sale in 12, 25, 50 and 100 pound bags at

A. M. HAMILTON & SONS,

373 Talbot Street, Phone 682.

St. Thomas Market.

St. Thomas, Feb. 1.—Wheat, per bu, 70c; oats, per bu, 32c; peas, per bu, 46c to 50c; barley, per bu, 28c to 40c; corn, per bu, 35c to 40c; beans, 40c to 90c.

American Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat—May, 74 1/2c to 75 1/2c; July, 72 1/2c to 73 1/2c; Sept., 70 1/2c to 71 1/2c; Dec., 68 1/2c to 69 1/2c; Corn—May, 41 1/2c to 42 1/2c; July, 39 1/2c to 40 1/2c; Sept., 37 1/2c to 38 1/2c; Dec., 35 1/2c to 36 1/2c; Oats—May, 29 1/2c to 30 1/2c; July, 27 1/2c to 28 1/2c; Sept., 25 1/2c to 26 1/2c; Dec., 23 1/2c to 24 1/2c; Beans—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Pork—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Lard—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Sugar—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Coffee—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Tea—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Spices—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Cotton—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Wool—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Hides—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Leather—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Rubber—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Tin—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Gold—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Silver—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Copper—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Iron—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Steel—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Coal—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Oil—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Gas—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Electricity—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Water—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Steam—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Traction—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; July, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; Sept., 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c; Dec., 7 1/2c to 8 1/2c; Power—May, 10 1/2c to 11 1/2c; 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F. H. BUTLER,
STOCK BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought
and sold for cash or on margin. See our list
of market quotations. Long distance phone.
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Masonic Temple, London

TODAY'S MARKETS

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MONTREAL, Feb. 2.

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New York Stock Market.
New York, Feb. 2.

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Atchafalaya	0

Toronto Produce Market.
Toronto, Feb. 2.—Wheat—Steady, at 70c to 71c for red and white; Manitoba wheat is steady, at 84c for No. 1 hard at Toronto and west. Flour—Quiet, at \$2.95 to \$3 for cars of straight roller in barrels west. Millfeed—Firm, at \$13 to \$14 for shorts, and \$12.50 to \$13.50 for 48 for No. 1 west. Buckwheat—Steady, at 49c west. Rye—Easier, at 53c to 54c west. Corn—Steady, at 36c to 36½c for old No. 2 American yellow, and 42½c to 44c for new American at Toronto. Oats—Steady, at 25c to 26½c for white west. Feed—Quiet, at 25c to 26½c for white west. Eggs—Steady, at 60c to 62c for new laid; 16c to 17c for held fresh, and 14c to 15c for limed. Butter—Steady, at 14c to 15c for large rolls, and 12c to 14c for dairy prints, and 12c to 14c for packed. Dressing—Firm, at 45c for mixed weights sold here today at 45c.

Chicago Exchange.
CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade furnished by F. H. Butler, broker, Masonic Temple, Phone 123.

Wheat—May	74½	75½	76½	77½
July	74½	75½	76½	77½
Corn—May	28½	29½	30½	31½
July	28½	29½	30½	31½
Oats—May	28½	29½	30½	31½
July	28½	29½	30½	31½
Port—Feb.	10½	10½	10½	10½
May	10½	10½	10½	10½
Lard—May	5½	5½	5½	5½
July	5½	5½	5½	5½
Rice—Feb.	5½	5½	5½	5½
May	5½	5½	5½	5½

American Markets.
CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—Opening—Wheat, May, 74½; July, 75½; Corn, May, 28½; July, 29½; Oats, May, 28½; July, 29½; Pork, Feb., 10½; May, 10½; Lard, May, 5½; July, 5½; Rice, May, 5½; July, 5½.

BUFFALO, Feb. 2.—Spring wheat—No. 1 hard, 83½c; No. 2 northern, 79½c; Winter wheat—No. 2 red, 71c; No. 1 white, 77c; Corn—No. 2 yellow, 33½c; No. 4 yellow, 33c; No. 3 corn, 32c; Oats—No. 2 white, 34½c; No. 3 white, 32½c; No. 4 white, 32½c, on track.

DETROIT, Feb. 2.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, 73½c; No. 2 red, cash, 73½c; May, 74½c.

TOLEDO, Feb. 2.—Wheat—Cash, 73½c; May, 74½c; July, 74½c; Corn—Cash, 36½c; May, 38c; Oats—Cash and May, 29c.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 2.—Wheat—Cash, 74c.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Four—Receipts, 21,402 bbls; sales, 2,199 packages; state and western rural quiet and barely steady, at former prices; Minnesota patents, \$4.10 to \$4.25. Rye—Four—Good to fair, \$3.20 to \$3.40; choice to fancy, \$3.45 to \$3.60. Wheat—Receipts, 64,000 bu; sales, \$25,000 bu; options opening firm and held steady all the morning on bullish Argentine news and foreign buying; March, \$1.14 to \$1.15; May, 73½c to 74c; Rye—Dull; state, 62c; No. 2 western, 60c to 61c; f. o. b., 60c. Corn—Receipts, 5,775 bu; sales, 75,000 bu; options firm also on renewed export demand and covering; May, 42½c to 43½c; Oats—Receipts, 18,000 bu; options slow; on track, white state, 35½c to 36½c; on track, white western, 35½c to 36½c. Butter—Receipts, 6,610 packages; firm. Eggs—Receipts, 1,139 packages; firm. Sugar—Raw strong; fair refining, 13½c; refined strong. Coffee—Dull but steady. Hops—Steady. Lead—Strong; bullion price, \$4.30; exchange price, \$4.65 to \$4.75.

Live Stock Markets.
CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—Hogs—Receipts, 32,000; left over, 4,122; generally 50 higher; about all sold; estimated receipts, tomorrow, 30,000; mixed and butchers, \$3.60 to \$3.92½; good heavy, \$3.80 to \$3.95; rough, heavy, \$3.60 to \$3.70; light, \$3.55 to \$3.57½. Cattle—Receipts, 9,500; steady; beefs, \$4.25 to \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$3 to \$4.50.

Strong's Baking Powder
Is Pure Pleasing And Popular
W. T. Strong & Co.
Chemists and Druggists,
184 Dundas Street, London.
MARRIAGE LICENSES FOR SALE.

LATEST "PROBS"
Toronto, Feb. 2.—10 a.m.—Probabilities for the lower lakes region for the next twenty-four hours: Fair; not much change in temperature. Friday—Easterly winds; stationary or higher temperature.

LATE LOCAL ITEMS
—The Cadets at the Collegiate donned their uniforms yesterday for the first time.
—Mrs. Sippl, of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting with Dr. and Mrs. Sippl, at the asylum.
—Invitations are out for the wedding of Miss C. Edna Dark and Mr. C. C. D. Gibson, both of Komoka.
—At the police court this morning two persons, charged with furious driving were given another chance.
—If any of our advertisers would like to see Fowler's Publicity, the large book ever issued of its kind, we would be happy to loan the copy we have.
—The street railway time table will be a matter for the consideration of the board of works this evening. It is expected that a decision will be reached with Manager Carr's put another car on Dundas street east.
—At the meeting of St. George's Lodge, No. 42, last evening, a pleasing event was the presentation of a past master's jewel to Wor. Bro. Charles Buskard by the officers and members of the lodge. Wor. Bro. T. R. Parker made the presentation.
—In a recent issue of Boston "Ideas" a portrait of little Ina Kiddell, of this city, daughter of Fireman J. D. Kiddell, graces the front page. The cut is accompanied by a highly complimentary notice, in which she is referred to as the youngest champion dancer in America.
—In no other city or vicinity in Canada can housewives and families be so generally reached by a single medium of advertising as can those of Western Ontario through the columns of The London Advertiser. As business brings The Advertiser's advertisements are without parallel.
—Mlle. Antoinette Trebelli, the renowned English soprano, who will sing here on Monday, Feb. 13, in company with Harold Jarvis and George Fox, has created a furore in many of the large cities of the States since her arrival from England. She has already arrived twice in Massey Hall, Toronto, this season, and appears there again next Tuesday evening in company with the eminent French tenor, Pol Piancon.
—A few years ago a series of burglaries were perpetrated in the city, the majority of which were committed on Sunday evenings. The man convicted of these crimes is again at large, after serving some years in prison. On Sunday night a burglar entered a house on Craig street, South London, while the household was asleep. Two dogs, however, were left to guard the house, and they did so to perfection, forcing the burglar to beat a hasty retreat. The chief of police said this morning that people could not be too careful about guarding their premises.
MAY PROVE FATAL.
An unfortunate accident happened to Mrs. Hanson, of No. 543 Richmond street, on Tuesday afternoon. She slipped on the floor of her residence and fractured one of her legs. Mrs. Hanson is 55 years of age, and it is feared the shock may prove fatal. She has been removed to a private ward in the General Hospital, where she will receive every care.
HIGH COURT.
Mr. Justice Falconbridge presided at the weekly sittings of the high court here today, when the following motions were heard:
Lindsay vs. Fisher—Motion by Mr. Bartlett to transfer an action regarding the proof and validity of a will from the surrogate court of the county of Middlesex to the high court. J. M. McEvoy, contra. Judgment reserved.
McLean vs. Osgood—Motion by Mr. W. Winnett for a mandatory order on the judge of the county court of Middlesex for an order to pay a debt to a primary creditor. Mulken, for debtor. Judgment reserved.
INLAND REVENUE.
The inland revenue returns at the London port for January are as follows:
Spirits, ex-warehouse, \$7,551.12
Tobacco, ex-warehouse, \$2,017.63
Cigars, ex-factory, \$6,902.43
Cigars, ex-warehouse, \$4,198.35
Raw leaf, ex-warehouse, \$4,967.74
Methylated spirits, \$188.22
Licenses, \$37.50
Inspection fees, \$729.43
Total, \$29,532.43
This total, as compared with that for January, last year, shows an increase of \$4,026.10.

DEATH OF A. E. WILSON.
The many friends and relatives of Alfred E. Wilson, late of Birr, will regret to hear of his death, which occurred on Monday morning last. Mr. Wilson had been in his usual good health until Wednesday last, when he was taken ill with a gripe, from which he was recovering nicely; but inflammatory rheumatism set in and speedily affected his bowels, terminating fatally in spite of the best medical care and attendance. Besides many brothers and sisters the deceased leaves his aged mother, a young widow and two small children to mourn his early death. His remains were interred yesterday in Birr Cemetery, his brothers acting as pall-bearers. His large circle of friends and relatives have sincere sympathy in their sad bereavement.

JANUARY'S DEATHS.
The medical health officer's mortality report for the city of London for the month of January, 1919, is as follows: Consumption, 4; disease of the heart and so-called heart failure, 4; old age, 3; la grippe, 3; tubercular meningitis, 2; pneumonia, 2; apoplexy, 2; disease of the brain, 2; diphtheria, 2; each of the following diseases, viz.: Diphtheria, atelectasis, paralysis, dropsy, marasmus, disease of the uterus, premature birth, and one violent death. Total deaths for the month, 31. **EXPRESS ENGINE STRUCK THE TROLLEY.**
An express train struck trolley No. 94 at the Wellington street crossing yesterday and tore the rear step off. It appears that the watchman signalled the car to go ahead, when an express train started to pull out, with the above result. The collision might have resulted disastrously if the trolleyman had not put on the full power and rushed the car ahead. The engineer also timely applied the brakes.
PLEASE KEEP IT THERE.
Detroit Free Press: In accordance with the recent correct predictions by the local forecaster, the "not quite so cold" temperature forecast was realized yesterday, and generally welcomed. * * * The indications for today are that it will be fair and continued cold, to be followed by another cold wave, which may not strike Detroit before tonight or early tomorrow morning. Areas of high pressure are always accompanied by cold temperatures, and that is the reason for 26° below zero at Qu'Appelle yesterday. This place is situated in the Canadian Northwest, just beyond the line north of North Dakota, just west of which place, at Swift Current, the high was only 22° below, it is moving toward Detroit, traveling in a southeasterly direction, and the time when the cold wave will strike this city depends upon the speed which the movement of the high area will develop. There is a possibility that its approach may be felt here this afternoon.

MRS. J. W. HOWARD'S FUNERAL.
It was with deep regret that many Londoners learned of the death in Brooklyn, N. Y., on Sunday, of Mrs. J. W. Howard, of this city (nee Miss Florence Gertrude Burton, of Waterford, Ont.). Mrs. Howard had been ill for some time with diabetes, and about a month ago went to Brooklyn on a visit to her brothers, Messrs. J. and W. Howard, of 1,092 Bedford avenue. She had purchased her ticket to return to London last Friday, but on going to the depot was half an hour late for the train. In the evening she became very ill, and on Saturday was unconscious. Her husband, Mr. J. W. Howard, who is a well-known business man, and brought the remains to London for interment. Mrs. Howard was 29 years of age on Dec. 13 last, and by her death her husband has lost a loving wife, and her neighbors have lost a good neighbor and a faithful friend. The funeral was held this morning from her late residence, 317 Cheapside street, to St. Peter's Cathedral. Surviving friends sent many floral offerings. The pall-bearers were Messrs. John Sherlock, John Tierney, James Byrnes, Thomas Burke, John Byrnes, and Frank O'Brien.

"A NEW FIELD FOR BRITISH MANUFACTURERS."
One of the most concise and comprehensive pamphlets ever issued by an advertising agency in England, pertaining to the Dominion of Canada, is that just to hand from the large and progressive advertising agency of John Haddon & Co., Boulevard House, Salisbury Square, London, E. C. The pamphlet is an excellent introduction to the Dominion of Canada, and is printed on close upon the voyages of the Deutschland and Gefion, and of the Navarin and Sissol Veiki, to the far east—voyages which would have been almost impossible had England closed her coal-lading stations to these rival powers. It is a notice on the continent of Europe. France, under the guidance of M. Lockroy, is preparing to fortify and provide with docks the chain of harbors which link Toulon and Madagascar. Germany is eagerly looking for points of strategic value on the trade routes to the east. The pamphlet is a most interesting and valuable one, and is well worth the price of the English merchant, and Canadian newspapers should take advantage of Messrs. John Haddon & Co.'s enterprise in issuing such an interesting brochure.

HOCKEY.
THE COMING CONTEST WITH SARNIA.
Elaborate preparations have been made by the London Hockey Club for their excursion to Sarnia, where on Friday night the team plays the Sarnia club in the semi-finals of the O. H. A. championship. Hard practice has been indulged in, and the boys are in the best of shape. They will be accompanied by the celebrated Sarnia Club's band, under the leadership of Mr. Dave Walsh. Tickets are \$1.30, good to leave on 2:30 p.m. train or "special" at 6 p.m., returning same night at 11 p.m. All purchasers of tickets on presenting same at Boughner's, gentlemen's furnisiers, Dundas street, will receive the club's colors free.

TWO CHILDREN ASPHYXIATED.
New York, Feb. 2.—Two little children were found dead this morning, suffocated by escaping gas. They were Mary, 9 years old, and John, 6 years old, the only son and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Feeny, of Brooklyn. No explanation of how the gas came to be turned on could be secured.
ARRIVAL OF RUDYARD KIPLING.
New York, Feb. 2.—With Mr. Kipling, who arrived today, were his wife and three children, Josephine, Elsie and John. Mr. Kipling had nothing to say for publication. Mr. Kipling's visit to America is said to be due both to business and pleasure. He will stay in New York only a short time, it is said, and then will visit his wife's relatives in New England.

Queen Victoria, though slightly under five feet in height, is close upon twelve stone weight.
Politeness pays as a rule, yet many a man has lost heavily through a silly action.

Ask Your Grocer For...
Hunt's Diamond Flour
and feeds her dangerous pets herself by turns. Mlle. Heriot learned to tame lions at the Leipzig Zoological Gardens.

LIVE TOO FAST
Consequently Americans Fail to Extract the Real Joys of Life.

In the January Ladies' Home Journal Edward Bok deprecates the sense of rush that has taken possession of the American women, and emphasizes the dangers arising from this condition of unrest. "Take our family life today," he says. "Look around one's own family circle, look into its life, look into the families we know, and tell me if I am so far wrong when I say that what anything else is more time with each other; more drawing together; more moments of being alone with each other; a greater extraction of the peace and comfort from those material surroundings which each of us earnestly strives for and all are too much satisfied to strive for simply to possess, and nothing more. We are all too much in a hurry in America to allow of our knowing and enjoying each other; our lives are too full with the things which we have allowed to dominate us. We are all too busy; men and women, girls and boys—all of us. We are not getting the rich beauties out of life; the greatest enjoyments out of living. Rush and haste are too much upon us. The sweetest of peace and quiet is an unknown delight to thousands of our people. And much of the cause, disagreeable as it is to say it, lies with our women, who have of late allowed

REMNANT SALE

During the next few days we will clear out a number of handsome remnants of WALL PAPER at away below cost. Secure a bargain.

E. N. HUNT, 190 Dundas Street.

WON AT LAST

Lady Dora and Lady Fanny were having smart new frocks for the occasion. Six weeks ago her aunt would have been solicitous on Vere's account; but now no one asked her what she meant to wear.

Lady Dora had plenty of pretty gowns, and she chose a lovely cream silk, embroidered with silver, with tan and slippers en suite, to wear that evening.

She had never looked better in her life than when she descended to the hall that evening. She was very pale, and there was a troubled look in her lovely eyes, but she was inexpressibly beautiful.

So Harry North thought, as he caught a glimpse of her entrance.

He would have liked well enough to engross her for the evening, but, as he said to himself, with a rueful look, he couldn't afford it.

He asked her for a dance, of course, and she gave him her programme, with a little loving look, but he only put down his name for one dance.

Vere had plenty of partners, but they did not make up for Harry's defection, and she had to look on while he flirted with Lady Dora, whispering nonsense in her ear, and dancing either three or four waltzes with her.

But—was it flirtation? Vere asked herself the question with an aching heart.

Lady Dora was young, well-bred, pretty, and would have—it was generally supposed—an ample dowry. She had no brother, and her father's income was a very large one.

Vere grew cold and sick as she sat apart, neglected and forgotten in the gay crowd, and watched the dancers—especially those two.

Presently Harry passed near by. He was alone, and could hardly avoid speaking.

"Not dancing, Vere?" he said, with a lift of his handsome eyebrows. "How's that?"

"I haven't much spirit for it when—when you keep away so," she said, miserably.

"Why, my dear girl, it would never do to pay you any special attentions, you know. I thought, though, that I—"

He hurried off, leaving her miserably unhappy. Was it to be always like this through a long, dreary year?

Vere felt that she could not live through much more of it. Had Harry ceased to care for her? Had the money made so much difference? She never got a word with him now.

"But I must know," she thought; "I must know."

She could stand the crowded room no longer, and slipped away to bed, knowing well she would not be missed, and saying to herself that she had "a little headache."

"A little headache," thought, perhaps, "a little headache" would have been nearer the mark, poor child.

CHAPTER XVII.

It was a week or so after that miserable ball, Vere came downstairs, attired for walking, in her neat tailor-made gown and dainty toques.

No notice was ever taken now of the girl's movements, and she went in and out as she pleased. It was a wretched existence, and Vere had fully determined to end it. She could have borne her relations' coldness if only she had had Harry by her side; but if he meant to desert her, life was over for her, and she would leave Lady Marjory and go away.

She had made up her mind what to do, and she walked out of the house with a firm step. She had not seen Harry since the ball. She did not care to write what she wished to say, and so she had determined to go to his chambers and see him there. He should tell her, face to face, whether he still loved her or not.

She knew the address quite well, and found her way there by means of a handsome easily enough. When she asked for Mr. North, she was told he was out, and asked to wait. After a moment's hesitation she decided to do so, and was shown into his room.

Half an hour passed away, and he did not come. Then Vere heard a man's step on the stairs, and a voice asking for Mr. North, and she made out that someone was being shown upstairs.

A sudden dislike to being seen there took possession of her. She had an instinctive feeling that Harry would be annoyed if anyone were to know she had gone there, and, in the impulse of the moment, she stepped behind a huge screen that stood in the corner of the beautifully furnished room.

"Oh, there's nobody here, sir," he remarked. "Will you sit down? I'm sure Mr. North won't be long. He said five."

From her room Vere could see perfectly well, and she felt her face flame as she discovered that Harry's visitor was Ernest Kerry.

She could not help noticing that he looked worn and ill, and very sad. The weeks since they had parted had evidently tried him greatly.

He was sitting directly opposite to Vere in a low chair, and the light fell directly on his face, and the unseen watcher was struck by the weariness of his attitude as he flung himself down and sat listlessly waiting.

There was a stool behind the screen, which had been used for a plant to

stand on, and Vere noiselessly seated herself. It was well she did so. Her movements might have betrayed her, and she was obliged to stand.

In a few moments there was a well-known step on the stair and Harry North entered.

He closed the door behind him and came forward quickly, stopping short at the evidently unexpected sight of Ernest Kerry.

"You!" he exclaimed in astonishment. "I don't know what you can have to say to me," Harry said impatiently.

"You shall hear. First, I want a promise from you that you will resign all claim on Miss Chetwynd."

"Indeed!" broke in Harry, with a scornful laugh. "You're riding a high horse with a vengeance, my good fellow. Miss Chetwynd has resigned you, you know."

"I'll take this opportunity of telling you what I couldn't tell you when we last met on account of her presence," Ernest said, coolly, "and that is, that you are a scoundrel."

"Confound you, sir! Do you think I'll allow you to come to my rooms to talk like that?" cried Harry wrathfully, and he made a quick step forward.

"Come on," said Ernest, with flashing eyes. "There's nothing I'd enjoy better than thrashing you! Come on as soon as you please, but I warn you."

He added more quietly, "that you'd better hear what I have got to say, civilly. It's serious business."

Something in his look or tone caused Harry to waver in his advance on his claim antagonist, who stood with folded arms and flashing eyes so defiantly before him. He looked an unpleasant customer to tackle, Harry thought, and he moved towards the bell.

"What are you doing?" Ernest asked sharply.

"Going to ring for my fellow, to have you turned out," was the insolent reply.

"I think not," Ernest said coolly. "I see I'd better come to the point. Do you know a woman called Rachel Meacham?"

Harry staggered back from the bell-rings as though he had been struck. He did not reply, but his face turned ghastly white.

"Ah, I see you do," Ernest said, composedly. "So do I. Now, don't you think you had better listen to what I've got to say?"

Shaking in every limb, Harry sat down on a chair, and Ernest Kerry, still standing, went on speaking.

"I told you just now that you were a scoundrel. You are as miserable a villain as ever drew breath. First you entangle a young innocent girl in a secret engagement, when her friends have expressly forbidden you to speak. Next you go away, become tired of her, or more worldly-wise, perhaps, and marry a rich widow for her money. Then you hear that your old sweetheart has unexpectedly come in for a great deal of money, and—having got rid of your wife—come back and claim her when she is on the point of marrying with a man who adores her, and who in time would have made her happy. Afterwards you discover that her father is ruined and she is poor again, and your affection at once begins to wane. Are you not a villain? Haven't I a right to demand that you at once renounce all claim on that angel?"

There was an instant's pause, then Harry North said, viciously: "Of course, I can see through all this, Kerry. You fancy you have a hold on me, and you are using it to get me out of the way so that you can crawl around Miss Chetwynd again."

"I am acting solely in Miss Chetwynd's interests," said Ernest, sternly. "I want to deliver her from a villain, who has already made her very unhappy. I have no hope myself of winning her. That is all over; but perhaps I may remark that even if I had, it is no business of yours, and also that my love is not dependent upon Miss Chetwynd's fortune—like yours."

[To be Continued.]

GROWING GIRLS

Should Take Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

They Enrich the Blood, Strengthen the Heart, Tone Up the Nerves and Build Up the Health.

The young girls we see on the street every day—how many of them have pale, pinched, care-worn faces, dark circles under the eyes! how many complain of headaches, backaches, side-aches and weak, tired-out feelings?

There is not one of these but with ordinary care and the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills could soon be free from every pain, have cheeks like roses, eyes bright, step elastic and life joyous. These pills supply the very elements needed to build up and strengthen the nerves, enrich the blood and invigorate the heart. Every mother who has a daughter weak and nervous should read the following statement made by Mrs. A. M. Strongman, 564 Columbia Street, London:

"On account of close application to study my daughter Annie became much run down in health and strength."

"I got a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for her, and the results have been remarkable. Strength has been imparted to her physical and nervous system by their use, and I am highly pleased to recommend them."

"From the great benefit derived by my daughter from Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, I cannot do less than highly recommend them to those suffering from similar complaints."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c a box, or three for \$1.25, at all druggists. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

ELECTROCUTED!

Trail, B. C., Feb. 1. — J. E. Boyden, master mechanic at the Trail smelter, was instantly killed Monday afternoon by a shock received while making some repairs to the switchboard in connection with the electrical plant.

Nature is the mother and habit is the step-mother.

Montague, O. Dunnville, Cured of Ulcerated Itching Piles.

Mr. Robert Montague, of Dunnville, Ont., writes: "Was troubled with Itching Piles for five years, and was so badly ulcerated, they were very painful, so much so that I could not sleep. When I was recommended to use Dr. Chase's Ointment, I purchased a box and from the first application got relief. Have used two boxes and am now completely cured."

America has 22,000 periodicals. Osaka, Japan, has 22 shogardas.

TO RESTRAIN THEIR SPEED

Ald. Pritchard Thinks Street Cars Run Too Fast at Certain Points.

Something Wrong With the Electric Lighting Account—The Question of Market Improvements Is Again Brought Up.

The members of the fire, light and market committee held a meeting last night and discussed several questions at great length. Ald. McCallum is under the impression that there is something wrong with the electric lighting contract. An account was presented for street lighting with a deduction of only 3 cents instead of 3½ cents per hour for every hour the lights were reported out. According to the new contract the city was to pay 23 cents per light per night, and the same deductions were to be made for lights reported out as under the old contract, which was 3½ cents per light per hour. The account was ordered paid, subject to a reduction of 3½ cents per light, and it thus is not acceptable to the lighting company, the reason why perhaps being given.

Ald. Jolly said he thought it was a clerical error.

A good deal of discussion ensued regarding the recent collision between No. 3 horse wagon and a trolley car. The general opinion was that the cars run at too great a speed at certain points.

Ald. Pritchard said that at the council meeting on Monday, the committee moved a resolution to have all cars come to a stop before passing Talbot on Dundas street, King on Richmond street, and Clarence on Dundas street. He pointed out that should a big fire break out, and a trolley occur with a trolley at any of these points, it might prove a serious thing for the city, to say nothing of endangering the lives of the firemen, motormen and passengers.

Engineer Graydon submitted a report on the condition of the watering carts. Many of them are old, and the proposed repairs and painting are estimated at \$275. A long discussion ensued as to the durability of the present carts, and the opinion was advanced that carts might be built wholly of iron, as those now in use gave no satisfaction. They were a continuing expense.

Ald. McCallum said that this year the repairs would cost the city \$500.

Ald. Jolly asked how it would be for the city to do its own street watering by day work instead of by contract. He could buy horses and hire men by the hour.

Ald. Pritchard did not think the scheme a feasible one. The city would have no use for the horses in the winter time.

Engineer Graydon thought that by introducing this scheme the city would be money in pocket.

Ald. Jolly said that under the present contract system the city had to hire inspectors to look after the contractors, and the engineer was kept busy looking after the inspectors, and the next thing that would happen would be to get somebody to look after the engineer.

On motion of Ald. Pritchard it was decided to have one new cart built with galvanneal steel tank, all woodwork thereon to be blue-painted. The engineer will call for tenders for repairing the carts.

Engineer Graydon, in accordance with instructions, submitted a report stating that the cost of installing 3-inch stand pipe to be used for street watering purposes instead of the hydrants, would be from \$35 to \$37 each, and that 60 or 70 would be required. If the use of the hydrants were entirely abandoned about 150 would be necessary. To remove hydrants similar to those in use now would cost \$24 each. The matter was laid over.

A. Irwin sent a communication to the committee enclosing an account from John Ferguson for \$42, expenses incurred in the burial of the late Mrs. Holburne, an aged and infirm individual who died at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Foster, who also is in destitute circumstances. Mr. Irwin, as an act of charity, took upon himself the burden, and asked the council to assist him to the extent of \$25. The council will be recommended to grant \$20.

The report of Market Clerk Wilson, in re removal of urinal, was laid over. A letter was read from the board of health, calling attention to the unsanitary condition of closets in the market, and suggesting that the council appoint some person, who obtains relief from the city, to look after them.

A statement was submitted by Secretary James Bell, showing the tenants of the market and the amount of rent paid by each. The rent from eighteen stalls in Covent Garden amounted to \$80 50 per month; 20 stalls in the basement, \$41; 4 stalls in the fish market, \$20; O'Hearn & Sons' space, \$1 50 total of \$1,716 per year. In addition there are the spaces in the butchers' pavilion, 40, at \$1 per month (36 of which are now rented), or \$430 per year; total rent collected yearly, \$2,196. The statement was laid on the table.

Those present were Ald. Dreaney (chairman), McCallum, Jolly, Malloch, Pritchard, Engineer Graydon, Chief Roe, Inspector Bell and Market Clerk Wilson.

HIS NARROW ESCAPE

How Dodd's Kidney Pills Saved Mr. C. S. Griggs.

Hamilton, Jan. 30.—A startling story is told by Mr. C. S. Griggs, carpenter, living at 151 Queen street south. Respectable citizens vouch for the strict truth of every detail.

Mr. Griggs endured the most agonizing pains for eight years. He was a victim of Bright's disease, and the best doctors could not help him.

Finally he tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. Three boxes cured him. Today he is sound and well in every way.

It is wonderful how many Hamilton people have been cured of Bright's disease by Dodd's Kidney Pills. They have never been known to fail in a single case.

The carrier pigeon was in use by the state department of the Ottoman Empire as early as the fourteenth century.

ON THE INCREASE

Domestic Customs Revenue Continues to Grow—Large Increase Over Last Year.

[Special to The Advertiser per C.P.R.] Ottawa, Feb. 1.—Customs revenue for the month of January last was \$1,880,250, compared with \$1,731,830 for the same time and month in 1918, an increase of \$148,000 for the month. For seven months the revenue was \$14,448,962 compared with \$12,017,564 for seven months in 1918, an increase of \$2,422,000.

BANNER

Banner, Feb. 1.—John Mullen, of Dorchester Station, was awarded the contract for the erection of a barn 40 feet wide and 82 feet long, with stone basement, for Thomas Loughlin.

The Literary Society met in the hall on Monday evening, with Morris Brean, president, in the chair, and Miss Florence Rhodenhurst as secretary. Readings were rendered by Messrs. Frank and C. Ingram; harmonies were given by Messrs. B. Leslie and Edward Clark. Miss Annie Dundas officiated as accompanist. Miss Nellie Bartendale was the soloist of the evening, with Miss Rose Bartendale as accompanist. Afterwards a spelling match took place, which culminated in a tie.

Miss Minnie Empey, teacher, of the village, gave out the spellings. Messrs. B. Leslie and Frank officiated as captains. A dialogue was admirably given, after which the session was brought to a close.

Revival services, covering three weeks, are being held by Rev. Mr. Mahon, of Dorchester Station, assisted by Rev. Mr. Papson.

WOMAN AND THE BIBLE.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—The Chicago Woman's Educational Union has adopted the following: Whereas, there is to be another world's exposition to signalize the beginning of the new century, to be held in Paris and; whereas, the Bible, the world's supreme book has been for our own America the source and strength, the light and creative inspiration of everything best in our national life, character and hope for the future; therefore be it resolved that we most heartily favor the proposition that under the auspices of the United States Government such an appropriate prominent exhibit be made of the Holy Scriptures as will be an acknowledgment to the world of what America owes to the Bible.

THE PEOPLE JUDGE

The Merits of Dr. Chase's Ointment and Pronounce It Unrivalled as an Absolute Cure for Itching Files.

Long indorsed by eminent physicians, who have learned to prescribe it in serious cases of itching skin diseases. Dr. Chase's Ointment has also the unanimous verdict of the people in its favor. It is doubtful if there has ever been a preparation which has been so heartily recommended by the cured ones as Dr. Chase's Ointment.

A large proportion of the cured ones tell us that they have suffered for years and sought in vain for relief and cure, until by good fortune a friend recommended Dr. Chase's Ointment.

There yet remains to be discovered a single case where Dr. Chase's Ointment has failed to cure piles. Remarkable as this may appear it is positively true, and is fully borne out by the masses of testimony on file at this office—testimony from responsible citizens, clergymen and physicians, who have thoroughly tested the merits of Dr. Chase's Ointment. At all dealers.

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is the most popular remedy on the continent for croup, bronchitis, la grippe and colds. 25 cents a large bottle.

PURE GOLD

Prize Competition.

Closes May 1 Next.

1st Prize—Trip to Europe and expenses.

2nd Prize—Trip to British Columbia and expenses.

25 Five Dollar Prizes.

Coupon on all Pure Gold Goods AT YOUR GROCERS. The best

BAKING POWDER, EXTRACTS, JELLY, POWDER AND COFFEE in Canada.

Write today for handsome souvenir and explanatory circular. Pure Gold Company, Toronto.

CLARKE & SMITH, Undertakers and Embalmers. Scientific work, first-class appointments. 113 Dundas St. Phone 586.

ALWAYS Use E. B. EDDY'S Matches. BUY THE BEST.

"Demand it: no substitute is just as good."

A FOOTNOTE OF FACTS

is worth a page of platitudes—a blend of tea is an imitation of a standard tea—a mere parody on

MONSIEUR

INDO-CYLON TEA

which comes to your grocer hermetically sealed—without dust—or tannin—without any broker's profit charged for its solid satisfying qualities. In sealed packets only—15c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c.

"Direct from growers to consumers."

Railways and Navigation

DIED WITH HICCUGHS. Mascolough, Ill., Feb. 2. — Casper Schiller is dead after a spell of hiccoughing, lasting six days. He literally hiccoughed himself to death. He was 59 years of age.

So much depends upon the purity of the blood that by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla many different diseases are cured.

NO ARTICLE of daily household use could keep its hold of public favor and constantly increase its sales like Sweet Home Soap does unless there was a tangible and undisputed merit about it. Sweet Home Soap is a pure soap. It's the washer. London Soap Company.

WHITE STAR LINE

Royal and United States Mail Steamers for Queenstown and Liverpool.

MAJESTIC.....Feb. 8, noon

GERMANIC.....Feb. 15, noon

BRITANNIC.....March 1, noon

MAJESTIC.....March 8, noon

"Superior second-cabin accommodation on these steamers."

Saloon rates: On Teutonic and Majestic, \$75 and upwards; second cabin rates, Majestic and Teutonic, \$42.50 and upwards; Atlantic, \$37.50 and upwards, according to location of berth. Round trips at reduced rates. Saloon rates on Germanic and Britannic, \$50 and upwards. Steerage at lowest rates. Company's office, No. 9 Broadway, New York.

For further information apply to

EDWARD DE LA HOOKE

SOLE AGENT FOR LONDON.

Office—"Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas

Intercolonial Railway OF CANADA

The direct route between the West and all points on the Lower St. Lawrence and Bas de Chaleur, Province of Quebec; also for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward and Cape Breton Islands, Newfoundland and St. Pierre.

Express trains leave Montreal and Halifax daily (Sunday excepted) and run through with out change between these points.

The through express train cars of the Intercolonial Railway are brilliantly lighted by electric light, and heated by steam from the locomotive, thus greatly increasing the comfort and safety of travelers.

Comfortable and elegant buffet, sleeping and day cars are run on these routes.

The popular summer sea bathing and fishing resorts of Canada are all along the Intercolonial, or are reached by that route.

Canadian-European Mail and Passenger Route.

Passengers for Great Britain and the Continent can leave Montreal Tuesday morning and sail outward Mail Steamers at St. John on Wednesday, or they can leave Montreal on Wednesday morning and join outward Mail Steamers at Halifax on Thursday.

The attention of shippers is directed to the superior facilities offered by this route for the transport of flour and general merchandise intended for the Eastern Provinces, Newfoundland and the West Indies; also for shipments of grain and produce intended for the European markets, either by way of St. John or Halifax. Tickets may be obtained and all information about the route, also freight and passenger rates, on application to:

A. H. HARRIS, General Traffic Manager, Board of Trade Building, Montreal.

D. POTTINGER, General Manager, Railway Office, Montreal, N. B., May 17, 1917

CPR CPR CPR CPR CPR CPR CPR

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

CPR WESTWARD BOUND. CPR

The Canadian Pacific either directly or with its connections reaches Detroit, Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis, New Orleans, Los Angeles, Sault Ste. Marie, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Port Arthur, Batavia, Winnipeg, Calgary, Kootenay, Cariboo, Pacific Coast and Yukon points.

It will pay you to consider the merits of the Canadian Pacific before purchasing by other routes.

Correspondence is solicited.

C. E. McPHERSON, assistant general passenger agent, 1 King street east, Toronto.

THOS. R. PARKER, city passenger agent, 161 Dundas street corner Richmond.

CPR CPR CPR CPR CPR CPR CPR

ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamships, Liverpool, Calling at Rimouski and Monville.

From St. John From Halifax

NUMIDIAN.....Feb. 13

CALIFORNIAN.....Feb. 14

From Portland to Liverpool Direct

MONGOLIAN.....Feb. 2

LAURENTIAN.....Feb. 4

CASTILLIAN.....Mar. 4

Steamers from Portland do not call at Monville.

STATE OF NEBRASKA.....March 30, 12 noon

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First cabin, Parisian, Californian and Castilian, \$55 and \$70; Numidian and Mongolian, \$50 and \$60. Second cabin, including London, \$35—all steamer. Steerage, Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Derby, Belfast and Queenstown, \$22.50 and \$25.50.

Glasgow-New York service—Cabin—\$47.25 and upwards; return, \$89.75 and upwards; second cabin, \$32.50; return, \$61.75; steerage, \$23.50.

AGENTS—E. De la Hooke, "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas, Thomas R. Parker, southwest corner of Richmond and Dundas streets, and F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond street.

Medical Batteries One Dollar.

Call at 424 Talbot

