

# The Carleton Place Herald.

Vol. LXIX, No. 40.

Carleton Place, Lanark Co., Ont., Tuesday, April 1, 1919

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Orders are now being taken for Spring delivery of Coal.

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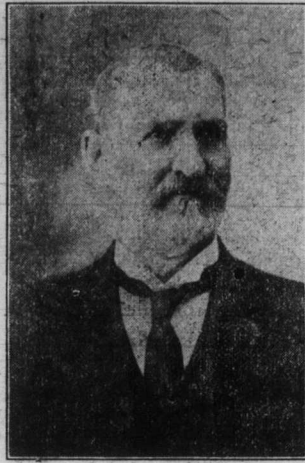
### F. MORRIS.

Carleton Place.

### THE LATE JOSEPH CRAM

#### Passes Away Somewhat Suddenly Whilst Visiting in New York

The sad news reached town yesterday of the death at Brooklyn on Sunday afternoon, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Jas. S. Lawson, after a brief illness of pneumonia. Mr. Cram and his daughter, Miss Joey, left about the middle of February for New York, for a visit, and was enjoying it very much until a week ago when he took ill, his ailment developing into pneumonia.



Joseph Cram was born in Beckwith, on the home, "The Cedars," on which he has resided for the past 40 years, being a son of the late James Crain, one of the early Scotch settlers of the township. Here he grew up, and when a young man went to Almonte and entered the textile mills, becoming an expert dyer. He then travelled somewhat, working in different cities, but returned to Carleton Place and settled again, renting the old planing mill that was located where Brown's big flour mill now stands, which he operated for some years.

Whilst here the village of Carleton Place was incorporated and Mr. Cram became, if not the first, one of the early reeves. He also was active on the militia and held a commission in the volunteer company and went out to the front in the Fenian raid of 1866, for which he obtained the medal. He was also a councillor and reeve of Beckwith for some years.

But he seemed to yearn for the old haunts and the open and he purchased the old homestead from the family and returned to the land, making of the farm an ideal home. He married Elizabeth Moffatt, an able helpmate, and their home was one of the most hospitable in the district. Mrs. Cram passed away in June, 1905, leaving one son and three daughters, the chief mourners today. The son is on the homestead, the daughters, Miss Joey at home, Mrs. Alex. Ross in Ottawa, and Mrs. J. S. Lawson, of Brooklyn. Three brothers also survive, Peter and James in Carleton Place, and Isaac of Westboro, and one sister, Mrs. Claves, of Brockville.

In religion Mr. Cram was a Presbyterian, a member of St. Andrew's church, and in politics was a Liberal. The remains are expected to arrive this afternoon from Brockville, and the funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon from his late home to Pine Grove cemetery.

#### The Late John McDiarmid

Another of Beckwith's native born citizens, one widely known and highly esteemed, in the person of Mr. John McDiarmid, passed to his reward on Wednesday morning last, in his 76th year. The deceased was born in the township, on the homestead on which he died, being a son of the late James McDiarmid, one of the early Scotch pioneers who settled in this good old township about a century ago. Mr. McDiarmid had been confined to his bed only a few days and collapse was rapid at the last. He was born in February, 1844. In 1850 he married Emily Robertson, daughter of the late Robert Robertson of Drummond, who with four sons and one daughter survive. The sons are Daniel in Ramsay, Robert in Beckwith, John overseas and James at home. The only daughter Miss Annie, is also at home. Mr. McDiarmid was the last survivor of his father's family. In religion he was a Baptist, and for many years a deacon in Carleton Place Baptist church. In politics he was a Liberal, but not a politician. He was a reader, a man well informed, a kind neighbor, and his death is sincerely regretted. The funeral took place Friday morning, to St. Fillan's cemetery. The service was conducted by his pastor, Rev. Mr. Forsythe. The pallbearers were Messrs. James Denison, Robert Robertson, Duncan McEwen, John Morris, John Cameron and J. H. Ferguson.

#### Passed Away in Her Sleep

At the home of her grandson, a few miles west of the town, sometime during Wednesday night the death occurred of Mrs. Cowan, widow of the late James Cowan, aged 96 years. She had been in failing health for some time, consequent to her advanced years, and her death was not unexpected. She was made comfortable for the night, and in the morning it was found that she had passed quietly away in her sleep.—Gananoque Reporter.

The choir of St. Andrew's church appeared in gowns last Sunday for the first time.

The Bank of Ottawa last week opened a branch at Ashton, under the management of the Carleton Place.

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Institute will be held in the Council Chamber Saturday afternoon, April 5th.

A special meeting of the Town Council is to be held this evening to consider the Daylight saving proposition.

Rev. H. J. Keith, M.A., formerly of Smiths Falls, was inducted recently as pastor of St. Andrew's church, Winnipeg.

Mrs. Eulalie E. Morrey, of St. Louis Mo., is visiting with her mother, Mrs. E. E. Specht, and Dr. G. S. and Mrs. Howard.

Mr. A. G. Edmonson, of Peterborough, is relieving teller in the Bank of Ottawa just now, Mr. K. P. Hutton taking a few holidays after his recent illness.

A large sized protest is arising from the mixup consequent upon the Daylight saving movement. Most of the cities are adopting the system by local option.

The Anniversary Services of the Carleton Place Baptist Church will be held Sunday, April 13th and Monday evening, 14th. Rev. S. J. Farmer, B.A., of Ottawa, will be the preacher, and special music will be provided.

Dvr. William Mitchell, formerly of Ramsay, who arrived last week with the Olympic was taken ill with the flu and is in military hospital in Halifax at present.

St. Andrew's and Zion congregations will hold special union services during the week of April 13-20, in keeping with the forward movement of the church. Outside speakers will be obtained for all the mid-week meetings.

Since our last issue Sergt. W. C. McDiarmid, Wilbert Patterson and Pre. Sculthorpe have arrived from overseas, besides Donald Cameron, Murray Kirkpatrick, A. H. Stewart, and Lawrence Fraser, whose names were mentioned last week. We extend to all a most hearty welcome home.

Mrs. Swerdfeger's Auction Sale of Household Furniture was postponed on account of the storm from Saturday last to Wednesday, April 2nd at 1 p.m.

The tolling of the Methodist church bell and that of St. James church, as the funeral of Lieut. Brown passed from the home of his parents to Zion Church on Saturday afternoon, was a neat tribute of courtesy, respect and sympathy in honor of the soldier lad who gave his life for his country, whilst the flag on the town hall was hoisted at half-mast.

Mr. John E. Aust, piano tuner, representing Mr. M. Webster, will make periodical visits to Carleton Place. Orders left at McIntosh's Drug Store will receive prompt attention. Mr. Aust is an experienced tuner and comes very highly recommended by Mr. Webster.

ESTABLISHED 1874

Capital Paid Up - - - \$4,000,000  
Reserve - - - - - 4,750,000

HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA.  
94 BRANCHES IN CANADA.

Items accepted for  
**COLLECTION**  
on any point in Canada, United States  
or elsewhere.

**CARLETON PLACE AND ASHTON BRANCHES**  
J. G. CRAIG, Manager.

#### Where Local Merchants Fall Down

Recently a merchant in a rural town happened to see a farmer receive a box at the depot and noticed it was from a mail order house. He also noticed that the goods were right in his line and the same he had carried for years. He immediately approached the farmer and said: "I could have sold you the goods you have here for less money than the mail order house and saved you the freight." "Then why don't you do so?" said the farmer. "I have taken the local paper for a year and have not seen a line about you selling these or any other goods. This mail order house sends advertising matter for my trade and they get it. If you have any bargains, why don't you put them in the paper so we can see what they are."

The 3rd Division troops are now practically all back in Canada.

Salaries of missionaries in the Presbyterian Church have been increased.

Hon. Geo. P. Graham was nominated by South Essex Liberals for the Commons.

Sir Frederick Stupart told the Royal Astronomer Society that it may be possible shortly to forecast weather for a whole winter.

Canadians defeated Seattle 4 to 3 in sixteen minutes overtime Saturday night and the teams are now tied for Stanley Cup. The deciding game will be played this week.

Mr. Wilkes Cram, who has been manager of the Bank of Ottawa at Parry Sound has received a transfer.

A social dance will be held in the Friends hall next Friday evening, under the same auspices as that of last week.

The Sunshine Y will meet at the home of Mrs. David Gillies this Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Members requested to be present.

The public school teachers are looking for salaries more in keeping with the importance and responsibility of their position.

The Daylight Saving Bill got a knock-out blow in the Commons last week, when the proposition was voted down by a majority of 2 to 1.

The adoption of the Daylight Saving idea by the railways has put all other things out of gear. The post-office opens at 6:30 and closes at 6:30. The C.P.R. employees go home to lunch when the school children are at recess. The business man cannot catch the morning mails at all.

The Forward Movement Campaign will be observed Monday, April 7th at 2:45 and 7:30 p.m. in the Baptist Church, Carleton Place. The speakers will be Rev. H. W. Wright, B.A. and Mr. W. C. Senior, of Toronto. Refreshments served between sessions.

Last week the final shipment of malt whiskey, the product of the John A. McLaren distillery took place, George Kerr, Perth Bottling Works, attending to the transfer from the warehouse to the cars. The consignment numbered 3,700 cases, and the value was \$125,000. The goods went mostly to Montreal and Quebec, but the oldest was sent to New York. The shipment filled four cars.

The Lieut. Governor of Quebec has returned the \$5,000 voted to him for a specific purpose and not used for such, criticized last week in the House of Commons.

#### Good Fishing

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Burns, of St. Eustache, Que., formerly of Carleton Place, who have spent the winter in Cuba and Miami, Florida, are now at Palm Beach. Before returning they will visit the principal cities of the south and remain some time in New York. Mr. and Mrs. Burns joined the Anglers Club Shark fishing trip during their stay in Miami, when a Hammerhead Shark was harpooned 3,040 lbs. and measuring 14 feet and 6 inches. On a previous trip one was taken weighing 1,500 lbs., and a Sea Turtle 450 pounds. Mrs. Burns landed a sail fish weighing 20 pounds. The temperature has been about 80 all winter down there, with a fine sea breeze all the time.

#### SHIPPING DAY

Will ship Hogs, Calves and Cattle from here Saturday, April 5th. Good fat Calves wanted. But young or poor Calves will be cheap. Highest market prices for Hogs. CHAS. HOLLINGER

### Lieut. J. HORACE BROWN

#### BURIED WITH MILITARY HONORS

The funeral of the late Lieut. J. Horace Brown, who died in the Eaton Hospital in London, England, on February 18th, of influenza, after spending four and a half years in military service, took place from his father's residence here on Saturday afternoon, the remains having arrived that morning by early train from overseas, and the local returning men assembled together and accorded to him all the hon-



ors of a soldier's funeral. The weather was most unpropitious for an outdoor display, and yet there was a large turnout. The cortege left the home on Judson street, at 2 o'clock, headed by the soldiers, Major W. H. Hooper, with whom Lieut. Brown enlisted in August, 1914, being in charge with E. C. Reynolds, another of the same corps as aide. On reaching Mill street a band of about 20 men, under leadership of Mr. J. H. McPadden, organized voluntarily by the old players for the occasion, took the lead and played the dead march whilst the procession proceeded to Zion church, the bells of the Anglican and Methodist tolling as the cortege passed along. At the church the service was conducted by Rev. W. A. Dobson, assisted by Rev. J. J. Monds, and was most impressive. The pallbearers were Sergt. W. G. Bates, Sergt. Carleton Pattie, Ptes. Allan Chapman and W. G. Kirkpatrick, Cadet Harold Taber and Lieut. Ernest McIntosh, the latter coming from Montreal to be present. The church could not accommodate all who sought admission and many took shelter in the school room whilst the service proceeded.

After the service the procession reformed and marched to the outskirts of the town, where conveyances were in waiting to take the soldiers to the cemetery. The firing party was composed of W. Anderson, R. Lewis, W. McNabb, E. McDonald, W. Houston, J. R. McPadden, N. Williamson, Rex. Sibbitt, Ross McFarlane, R. J. Graham, R. A. Giles, G. C. McMullen and Roy Dean, in charge of Sergt. Major Long, and Bugler R. Balfour, of Smith's Falls. At the grave three volleys were fired whilst the bugler sounded the last post.

Lieut. Brown was one of our first boys to go overseas and his body is the only one that has come back to his native land for interment as a consequence the citizens of the town turned out en masse to do honor to him and show their appreciation of what the country owes to the brave soldiers, as well as expressing the sympathy for the bereaved parents and friends.

The record of Lieut. Brown is well known to our readers, and need not be enlarged upon again. He enlisted at the outbreak of the war, went overseas with the first contingent, was wounded in France, and on recovering sufficiently was sent home on leave. Being physically unfit he received his discharge, but shortly after got into the service again and became recruiting officer in the 240th. On completing this work he joined the Royal Flying Corps and crossed ocean again, later uniting with the Royal Air Force. He was still associated with this when taken down with the influenza that proved fatal. Horace was the second son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Brown and was in his 23rd year.

#### Passed Century Mark

Very interesting reminiscences of life in the pioneer days, when Western Ontario was practically unsettled and was largely virgin forest, are given by Mrs. James Lennox, a centenarian, who was one of the first settlers in Warton. Mrs. Lennox has lived during the reigns of six sovereigns, and on March 9th, celebrated her 100th birthday. With the exception of her vision, none of her faculties are impaired to an appreciable degree. Mrs. Lennox was born near Perth, Ont., March 9th, 1819, but when five years of age she, with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. Hewitt, moved to Guelph. They went to Hamilton by boat, then travelled along the Governor's Road to Guelph, where at that time there were but five houses on the site of the present city. Mr. and Mrs. Lennox had twelve children, of whom five are still living. Mr. Lennox died 18 years ago and Mrs. Lennox now resides with her son, Isaac Lennox, Indian agent at Cape Croker. She has 31 grandchildren, 26 great-grandchildren and four great-great-grandchildren. It is an interesting fact that Mrs. Lennox was born only 10 months later than Queen Victoria.—Rideau Record.

We sell Everything that Men and Boys Wear.

## Light Overcoats

To the man contemplating the purchase of a light Overcoat, we suggest dropping in and seeing our stock of TWEED RAINCOATS, a garment that serves the combined purpose of Light Overcoat and Raincoat. They are smartly tailored and very durable, and all guaranteed rain-proof. We show them in a variety of nice patterns and colors, and at prices within reach of all. We have PARAMATTA and OIL-SKIN Raincoats as well, and also a good stock of 20th Century Cloth Overcoats, so that if you come in, we should be able to give you just what you want in this line.

We also direct attention to our stock of SPRING HATS. They have already found favor with many, and you will make no mistake by coming here for your new Head Piece. Let us show you.

## F. C. McDIARMID

Phone 143.

## THE PALACE GROCERY



License No. 8-2084

NOTE this price for CANNED GOODS

2 cans Peas  
1 can Corn  
1 can Tomatoes 70c

Vegetable Tomato Soup 2 cans for 25c  
Olive Butter, per jar, 25c  
Horse Radish with Mustard, per bottle, 20c

## T. STEVENS

Phone 121.

### HOME CIRCLE COLUMN

Pleasant Evening Reveries dedicated to tired Mothers as they join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

Now, Mother, if you have been worrying about your thirteen-year-old daughter and treating her as a harridan, let me advise you to call this girl a human being and have her assist you in filling out a score card to determine your rank as a mother of such a daughter. Perhaps this will help you to be more patient with her and it may suggest ways whereby you might improve your record. Have her help you as follows:

1. Taking proper care of your own health.
2. Status as a home companion and guide for the children.
3. Attitude toward the school, the church, and the community.
4. Reasonableness in matters of dress and personal appearance.
5. Patience in dealing with the daughter's peculiar desires and tastes.
6. Motherly guidance in the performance of house work.
7. Informing the daughter as to the secrets of life.
8. Home instruction in regard to thrift and frugality.
9. Attitude toward daughter's future marriage and motherhood.
10. Womanly disposition toward society and the nation.

The idea of the first point is to emphasize the fact that the care of personal health is fundamental for motherhood. A sick mother is scarcely ever fair and just in her treatment of the young daughter.

Point two is intended to emphasize the need of furnishing home entertainment and sociability.

Number three indicates the need of connecting the home training with that of the great institutions co-ordinate with the home.

Some mothers dress too shabbily, others too gaudily to be helpful guides and companions to their daughters.

Every growing girl has a right to her own peculiar fads and fancies, her pastimes and her avocations. Not every mother recognizes this right.

Some mothers hold their girls overmuch upon the humdrum of house work and make them sick of it all. Others cheat and spoil their daughters by teaching them none of it. Every girl has the right to be taught how to perform all the common duties of house-keeping.

Mothers should impart to their daughters the simple elements of personal hygiene and should tell enough about the origin of life to satisfy curiosity.

The best home instruction as to thrift and frugality for the daughter is that given by means of precept illustrated by concrete example in the management of the family budget. The housekeepers of America spend many millions of dollars per day. They need much early

instructions in order to become able to handle these vast sums economically. Score closely here.

The welfare of the nation depends upon the integrity of the common family, and this in turn is very closely related to the compatibility of the man and wife. The mother who is not prepared to teach her growing daughter how to know a good, marriageable man is lacking in her maternal equipment. Of course, much of this training is given in various indirect ways, and is to extend through the so-called teen years of the girl's life.

To mothers largely is due the formation of their children's character. If she is vain and frivolous, wanting in those strong qualities of heart and head, the children will likewise imbibe much of her nature; but so much has been written on a mother's great influence over her children that there is but one little thought left to be said. To the toiling and careworn mothers all over the land our heart goes out in deepest sympathy, and I would say where you have good comfortable homes consider yourselves happy, and hold yourselves up with as much dignity as the queens of the earth, for who has a fairer right to the good things of earth than you?

Our sense of the value of the family needs to be revived and roused. The family, the great institution of paradise the scene of purest love, the nursery of infancy, and the stimulant and shelter of all the virtues! Each man and woman has a duty to this end. A homeless civilization is sure to be a satanic one; the vices will flourish and the virtues be nipped by the untimely frost. Back of the good man must needs be the good household. Here and there may be a saint and an apostle won from the dens of vice; but, unless the den be reformed, a miracle only can insure the safety of the new convert. In the future, as in the past, the solid and reliable men, and women, the leaders in business and society, will be found in the quiet and holy homes of the land.

People who have warm friends are healthier and happier than those who have none. A single real friend is a treasure worth more than gold or precious stones.

All success is a series of efforts, in which, when closely viewed, are seen more or less failures. The mountain is apt to overthrow the hill, but a hill is really nevertheless. If you fail now and then don't be discouraged. Bear in mind it is only the part and experience of every successful man, and the most successful men often have the most failures.

### Re-Invest War Bond Interest in War-Saving Stamps

Holders of Canadian War Bonds in Canada will draw nearly \$60,000,000 in interest this year. What will they do with it? If they are wise they will re-invest a large portion of it in War Savings Stamps. It is of the utmost importance to the country that they should do so.

Of the more than 1,000,000 holders of Canadian War Bonds, probably not 10,000 were owners of Canadian government securities before the outbreak of war. Ninety-five per cent of them had never invested in securities of any kind. The great majority probably were not regular savers.

If they do not re-invest in War Savings Stamps at least a portion of their War Bonds interest, there is grave danger that they may be lost to the large army of savers which it is desired to recruit in Canada. This would be a misfortune both to themselves and to the Dominion.

The burdens following the War are so heavy that no person can afford to waste money. Those who do so take a long chance. Not only should people save, but they should also put their savings into a security of unquestioned value that will pay well and they can get nothing better than War Saving Stamps.

### Wife Soon Followed Husband

The death occurred on Tuesday, March 18th, of Susannah Colbert, widow of the late Thomas Maguire of Sittsville. She had been ill only a short time and her death coming so soon after that of her husband, which occurred only about five weeks previous, was a shock to her many friends and relatives throughout the country. Deceased is survived by two sons and two daughters namely, Mrs. W. J. Armstrong, of Kinburn; Mills of Ottawa; John and Florence at home.—Carp Review.

### The Earning Power of Small Savings

If a person through the use of Thrift and War Savings Stamps saves 25 cents a day and allows this money to accumulate for 10 years, then, on the 1st of January, 1920, that person will be able to draw out \$1,152.62.

If this person continues to save in this manner for 20 years then in 1939 he or she may draw \$2,953.30.

If the process were continued for 30 years then on January 1, 1949, \$5,766.68 could be withdrawn.

For a good return over a long period it is difficult for the average person to get anything better than an investment in War Savings Stamps.

### RICH STYLE OF OPERA CLOAK



This is a distinctly new and effective opera cloak of lustrous black satin, with bands of black velvet placed near the skirt edge and on the cuffs. The collar is a broad band of mink.

### IF YOU WISH TO LOOK YOUNG

Careful Attention to the Hair is Decidedly Important, Advises an Authority.

If you expect your hair to be fair to you then pray be fair to your hair. If you expect your hair not to make you look any older than you are, and to lend itself to becoming arrangement, then remember that there are certain indulgences and attentions that you owe to your hair, writes an authority.

One thing American women don't do very often, and they really ought to do, is to let their hair hang down loose. The English woman will take the pins out of her hair and let it ripple unconfined over her shoulders every chance she gets. If she takes a little mid-day nap she is not content unless her hair is down and she really enjoys giving her hair a sunbath when she finds a little leisure on a winter's day and a sunshiny window in which to do it.

On the other hand, American women are more fastidious about washing their hair than are any other women. They should remember that sometimes an air and sun bath is as beneficial as a water and soap bath.

Even oldish women's hair has a wonderful way of restoring itself to health if it only has a chance. Sometimes what it needs more than anything else is seeming neglect. For women had lustrous and luxurious tresses before there were any hair tonics and restoratives and electric massage. And if you notice it is not always the woman who devotes the most time to hair treatment whose hair is thickest and in best condition.

One of the worst things that you can do for your hair is to keep it forever confined under a hat. That is the way the housewife so often has better hair than the woman whose duties keep her very much dressed for the street. Another very bad thing for the hair is to overdo the hair curling process. Some women as soon as they take out the pins that confine their hair in one position all day, after a hurried brushing, twist it into kids or other curling devices that restrict just as much as does the day time position. There is hardly a time when the hairs are not being given more or less strain, hardly a time when they are allowed the free play of air and ventilation.

And of one thing beware—that is, the hair dresser and shampooer you cannot vouch for. In fact she must be more than superficially clean. She must practice as thorough sterilization of her implements and her hands as we expect from the dentist or surgeon.

### COATS FOR LITTLE MISSES

Chinchilla Cloth, Cheviot Serge, and Fur Trimming are Favorites—Capes Not Practical.

Chinchilla cloth is always a favorite and the gray chinchilla coats have been fitted this year with small gray squirrel collars, making them extremely good looking. For general wear these heavy coats will be found smart and practical.

Cheviot serge is a new fabric this season. It is made up only in dark blue and has a rather wide, heavy stripe which will not always recommend it for a small child, though it is stylish. The dressier coats for little girls are made up in velvet, but the broadcloths in the soft, pretty baby shades are more favored.

A trimming of some sort of fur, in very narrow banding, dresses these cloth coats beautifully, the dark fur contrasting handsomely with the light colored material. A favorite color is rose, next in popularity being the lovely blue known as Belgian.

Military capes for little girls are seen, but as it is hard enough to keep small folks warm in the tightest fitting garments the capes are not practical. Heavy coats of fur are very smart, nutria especially and gray squirrel being most desirable.

### Compensation

Norah and Pat were reading an article on the law of compensation. "Just fancy," exclaimed Norah, "according to this, Pat, when a man loses one of his senses another gets more stronger. A blind man gets more sense of hearing and touch—"

"Shure and that's true," interrupted Pat. "O've noticed it meself. Now, Mick Sullivan has one leg shorter than the other, but shure the other's longer!" —Pearsons Weekly.

### But it "Ain't"

A British committee was conducting an inquiry with a view to determining how extravagance in hotels and restaurants could be checked most advantageously. When the question of margarine came to be considered, a member of the committee inquired of the witness, a matter-of-fact waiter, whether that article of food was known in the restaurant business as "margarine" or as "marjorine."

"We don't call it neither, sir," the waiter replied. "We call it butter."

War Savings and Thrift Stamps are now issued in French.

### Rheumatism, Kidney or Stomach Trouble and Asthma Promptly Cured

For Rheumatism, Kidney Trouble, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick or Sour Stomach, Bitter taste in the mouth, Loss of Appetite, and Asthma, this medicine has no equal. Two to five doses will cure Sore Back or Sluggish Kidneys.

Corporal W. Lewis No. 305525, 1st D.A.C. at present residing in Eganville, Ont., writes:—"I was 18 months in France and went through the battles of the Somme, Vinny Ridge, Lens, Hill 70 and Passchendaele. On account of Kidney Trouble I was invalided to England. I was treated there for some months in the 5th and 11th Hospitals, and was finally invalided home to Ottawa, where I received treatment in the Convalescent Home. I was finally discharged as being medically unfit for further active service. Having heard of your Victory Rheumatic and Kidney Cure, I decided to try it, and after using four bottles I feel certain it has made me as well as ever, and I am gaining in weight every week. I can highly recommend it to any sufferer from Kidney Trouble as a sure and quick cure."

Mr. W. J. Payne, Renfrew, Ont., writes:—"I had Rheumatism in my arms, shoulders and legs for over four years. At times I was unable to get on my coat without assistance. My kidneys were also in bad shape. Three bottles of your Victory Rheumatic and Kidney Cure completely cured me."

For sale by W. P. Pattie, Carleton Place, M. R. McFarlane, Almonte; L. A. Wilson, Smiths Falls; J. L. Rochester Ltd., Rideau St., Ottawa; or direct from the manufacturer W. F. Ritchie, box 296, Renfrew, Ont.

Price, 75c per Bottle.

In remitting for mail orders add sufficient to cover postage.

Full weight of tea in every package

# RED ROSE TEA

"is good tea"

Sold only in sealed packages

## WANTED!

Several Vacancies in the Various Departments of our Factory for

# GIRLS

Easy Work, Short Hours. Splendid Opportunity for Advancement. Good Wages to start.

ANDREW JERGENS CO. LTD, PERTH, ONT.

## Gas Engine Oil

We are giving a special low price on Gas Engine Oil, if you buy your summer's supply now, whether it be 5 gals., 1/2 barrel or barrel lots.

Mobiloil and Polarine

### McGREGOR BROS.

MACHINE SHOP AND GARAGE

# HIRST'S PAIN EXTERMINATOR

Always Effective and acts quickly

Relieves lame back, lumbago, neuralgia, sprains, lame joints and muscles, toothache, earache, sore throat and other painful complaints—Hirst's Stops the Pain. Get a bottle today. Have it handy—has a hundred uses. At dealers or write us. HIRST REMEDY CO., Hamilton, Can.

"It's dood for me"

### BABY'S HEALTH IN THE SPRING

The Spring is a time of anxiety to mothers who have little ones in the home. Conditions make it necessary to keep the baby indoors. He is often confined to overheated badly ventilated rooms and catches colds which rack his whole system. To guard against this a box of Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in the house and an occasional dose given the baby to keep his stomach and bowels working regularly. This will prevent colds; constipation or colic and keep baby well. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville Ont.

The British Commission at Spa has invited the German Government to send a Financial Commission to Versailles.

Senator George Taylor of Gananogue died in St. Luke's Hospital, Ottawa, following a stroke of paralysis.

A new schedule of commercial advertising rates went into effect on the 1st of April. These rates are published each week and are open to all for the reading.

The Canadian Trade Commission announces a new ruling under which it will be possible to resume exportation of wood pulp to Mexico. Owing to conditions arising out of the war both Canada and the United States were obliged to exercise extreme caution as to permitting the exportation of any paper-making material. The relaxation is being made simultaneously in both countries.

### Interpreters' English

They've got a wonderful French English interpreter at the peace conference," said President Hibben, of Princeton. "He interprets the longest speeches without taking a note. His English is wonderfully good. That can't be said, you know, about the English of most interpreters."

An interpreter in Egypt failed to turn up one day, sending to his employer, by way of excuse, a note in English that said:

"My absence is impossible. Someone has removed my wife. My God, I am annoyed."—Buffalo Express.

Gray Hair Hax's Hair Health

A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hairdressing. Is not a dye. Generous sized bottles at all dealers, ready to use. Falo Hair Co., Newark, N. J.

Carleton Place Herald (Established 1850). W. H. ALLEN, Proprietor.

Published every TUESDAY MORNING at the Office of the Proprietors, Bridge Street, Carleton Place (next door to Post Office).

Advertising Rates: Legal and Government Notices—10 cents per nonparell line (12 lines to inch) for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Commercial Display: One insertion 50 cents per inch up to 10 inches; 11 to 50 inches, 25 cents per inch; subsequent insertions up to 13, 20 cents per inch; over 13 insertions and under 1 year, with a total of 100 inches, 15 cents per inch; 1 year with a total of 250 inches, 12 cents per inch.

Professional Cards: R. F. PRESTON, M.D. GRADUATE of Queen's University, Physician, Surgeon, etc.

J. A. McEWEN, M.D. (Successor to Dr. D. A. Muirhead) GRADUATE of Toronto University; House Surgeon C.G.P. Hospital, Ottawa; Licensee of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.

DR. DOWNING, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and Residence, Bridge Street, formerly occupied by Dr. McFarlane. Telephone No. 25.

A. A. METCALFE, M.D., C.M. SURGEON. Attendant at Rosamond Memorial Hospital. Specialist in Operative Appendicitis and General Surgery. Almonte, Ont. Telephone No. 90.

G. McDONALD, L.D.S., M.R.C.D.S. SPECIAL attention given to the preservation of Natural Teeth; also the Extracting. Anaesthetics administered when required. Hours from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Office—Gairin's Block, Carleton Place.

M. H. STEELE, L.D.S., D.D.S. GRADUATE of Royal College of Dental Surgeons and Philadelphia Dental College. OFFICE: Struthers' Block, Carleton Place. Entrance, Bridge Street, next door to R. A. Patterson. Telephone No. 48.

ROBERT MUIRHEAD BOX, D.D.S. GRADUATE of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons. Post graduate course in treatment of pyorrhea and dental abscesses. Office, Bridge Street, over Allan's Shoe Store. Same entrance as Hammond's. Phone 229.

PATTERSON & FINDLAY, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, etc. Solicitors for the Bank of Ottawa, Carleton Place. Offices in the New Ottawa Bank building. Money to Loan. GEO. H. FINDLAY.

C. McINTOSH, B.C.L., LL.B., BARRISTER, Solicitor of the Supreme Court, Notary, Conveyancer &c. Solicitor for the Union Bank of Canada. Office—McIntosh's New Block, Carleton Place. Money to Loan.

J. W. GIVEN (Organist Zion Church) TEACHER OF PIANO ORGAN AND VOICE. STUDIO in Bell's Block, over Keays' Restaurant, Carleton Place.

D. R. McNEELY Manufacturer of Every Description of Cut Stone. Monuments of Newest Designs kept in stock. All Inscriptions neatly Cut and Guided by First-Class Workmen. Stone Yard on Franktown Road, opposite Edwards' Grocery. Box 189, CARLETON PLACE, ONT.

LELAND HOTEL THE Leading Farmer's Hotel. Cheap rates. Meals 50 cents. Traveller's Rate, \$2.00 per day. Sheds Free. FRED HUGHES, Manager. Canada Food Board License No. 10-2947.

COLUMBIA GRAFONOLAS AND McLagan Phonographs Also a full stock of Columbia Records Nothing nicer for the home. Call and see our stock.

PATTERSON BROS. Furniture Dealers and Undertakers. Job Printing—As good as can be had. Keep your work at home. The Herald is fully equipped to handle any job you may have—from a visiting card to a double sheet poster.

Cut Flowers! Everything in Cut Flowers, Plants, etc., Wreaths and all varieties of designs for Funerals. Orders may be left at this Office. W. H. ALLEN, Agent.

NO MORE KIDNEY TROUBLE

Since He Commenced to Take "Fruit-a-tives" 78 LESS AVENUE, OTTAWA, ONT. "Three years ago, I began to feel run-down and tired, and suffered very much from Liver and Kidney Trouble. Having read of 'Fruit-a-tives', I thought I would try them. The result was surprising. I have not had an hour's sickness since I commenced using 'Fruit-a-tives', and I know now what I have not known for a good many years—that is, the blessing of a healthy body and clear thinking brain." WALTER J. MARRIOTT. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

War Savings and Thrift Stamps Beat the Money Box

The children's money box on the mantel shelf has, in the past, done good work, having gathered in tens of thousands of dollars, which had it not been there, would never have been saved. To many generations it has been one of the best possible object lessons, of the value of saving. It has taught the lesson of thrift better than almost any teacher could have done. But the money box, though it has rendered splendid service, has its limitations. All that it does is to take care of the pennies, the dimes, or the 25 cent pieces, preventing them, for a time being squandered. But, in comparison with later saving devices, its chief defect is that while it holds money, it does not enable the money to earn anything. This is where War Savings Stamps have a decided advantage over the money box. As soon as \$4 is put into one of these it begins to earn at the rate of 4 1/2 per cent compounded half-yearly. This means that if allowed to remain in Stamps, it would double itself within less than 15 years. Money put into a box and allowed to remain there would not be spent, but it would earn nothing. The moral is—buy War Savings and Thrift Stamps and let your savings work.

Celery Culture

Celery is a moisture-loving plant and does well especially in muck soils, although excellent celery can be grown on ordinary garden loam of a lighter character more especially if moist. The plants are slow to develop in their early stages. For a late crop the seed should be sown from the middle to the latter part of April. The old plan of digging a trench is not now practised by commercial celery growers. It is considered better to grow the crop on the level and mould up the soil, or to blanch the crop by means of boards or pliable blanching material resembling "ready roofing" which may be used to keep the plants together and exclude the light. This subject, as well as onion culture, and asparagus culture, is quite fully covered in Pamphlet No. 24 of the Central Experimental Farms, available at the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

Woman Cause of the War

The New York War Camp Community Service sent out the following with the note: "This may add to the gavity of nations!" It was a woman who caused the great war, and the secret was disclosed last night at the New York War Camp Community Service, when two members of the "Old Fiftieth," (colored regiment), got into an argument about the causes of the conflict. "Don't you know who started this yere war?" one asked. "Shuah; I reckon the Kaiser did," answered the other. "Kaiser?" retorted the first in scorn. "I done got inside information about dat and I found out de war started about a woman, just like all de other wars. Yassah, my Captain says so dis morning. He says: 'Dis yere war was started all on account of Alice Lorraine!' Corse, I dono who Miss Lorraine is, but I know she's de lady what made all the trouble."

Appeal to Zoology

A woman recently selecting a hat at a milliner's asked, cautiously:—"Is there anything about these feathers that might bring me into trouble with the Bird Protection Society?" "Oh, no, madam," said the milliner. "But did they not belong to some bird?" persisted the lady. "Well, madam," returned the milliner, pleasantly, "these feathers are the feathers of a howl, and the howl, you know, madam, seen' as 'ow fond he is of mice, is more of a cat than a bird."

Cure That Cold Don't Get Grippe

You know how quickly Zutoo tablets cure headache and break up colds—how soon they allay the fever. Take them at once when you feel the first pain or shiver—the first symptom of a cold. Taken then, they will prevent the Grippe. Taken after it has developed, there is nothing better for the pain and fever.

Take Zutoo

LANARK

from the Era. Mr. Albert Warren of Brightside has purchased the property at the old toll gate, owned by Mrs. Harry Buffam. Corp. Arthur Somerville arrived in the village this morning on his way home to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Somerville, Middleville. Sergt. Peter McLaren, who has been awaiting his discharge in Montreal, returned to his home in Drummond last Saturday. Sergt. McLaren is a son of Mr. David McLaren and enlisted in Grand Prairie, Man. In 1916 he went overseas with the 66th Edmonton Battalion. It is twenty-nine years since he left his home in Drummond and during that time, with the exception of the last three years, he has lived in the West.

On Friday last, March 21st, Mrs. James Wark closed her eyes in death after having suffered for about a year from the disabilities of increasing years. She lived with her daughter, Mrs. John Sweeney, Marble Bluff. Mrs. Wark was a native of Darling, born there 84 years ago; her maiden name was Agnes Pretty. Mr. Wark predeceased her a number of years ago. Two brothers and one sister survive—George at Darling, Daniel at Ashton and Mrs. Olden Bradford at Calabogie. Mrs. Wark has resided in Darling to the end. A splendid neighbor, with the kindness and generosity characteristic of her race, she was the mother of a family of nine—eight girls and one boy.

Mr. and Mrs. John McLean, Strathlorne, Inverness, N.S., celebrated the sixty-third anniversary of their wedding on March 6th. Both have reached the age of 88 years and are residing on the place settled by Mr. McLean's grandfather, over one hundred years ago. Mr. John McLean of Lanark is a nephew. Rev. Morris McLean, formerly of Blakeney and Clayton, lives on the farm with his parents, and has charge of a church at Mulgrave, N.S.

The passing away of Mr. Benjamin Cameron has removed an old land mark of more than the ordinary type of man. He and Mrs. Cameron had gone for a short visit to their son Robert at Hall's Mills, where he was taken ill and in less than a week the busy life had closed, death coming on Saturday, March 15th. Deceased was born on Feb. 23, 1838, on the old Cameron homestead now owned by Mr. Albert Closs. When a young man he went with his parents and their family into the pathless highlands of Lavant and settled in one of Nature's beauty spots on the shores of Round Lake, the head waters of the North branch of the Clyde. There began the strenuous life of transforming the heavily wooded hills and valleys into agricultural lands and hewing homes out of the unbroken forests. He farmed now owned by Alex. Love. He served many years in the Township Council where his opinions were always a big factor in the discharge of public affairs. Besides his widow, two brothers and three sisters survive.

BIG SURPRISE TO MANY IN CARLETON PLACE

People are surprised at the INSTANT action of simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-ika. ONE SPOONFUL flushes the ENTIRE bowel tract so completely it relieves ANY CASE sour stomach, gas or constipation and prevents appendicitis. THE INSTANT, pleasant action of Adler-ika surprises both doctors and patients. It removes foul matter which poisoned your stomach for months. W. J. Hughes, druggist.

No Brigadier-Generals for Him

One day after the civil war a man who was riding through the farming districts of the Middle West stopped by the wayside to talk with a farmer. Several men were working in the field and the traveler was interested to learn that most of them had been soldiers in the war and that among them were a number who had been officers. "That man over there," said the farmer "happens to have been a private but the man next to him was a corporal; that chap over there was a major, and over in the next field is a man who was a colonel."

How He Got Back

Sid, the barber, has a new one. A Boston lady, anxious to help entertain the returning Doughboys, telephoned to headquarters to send up three or four of the privates to dine. "But," she added, "please do not send any Jews." Next day when the maid answered the door bell three strapping colored men in uniform confronted her and asked for the lady of the house. "There are three soldiers at the door," she told her mistress. "Show them into the parlor," she was instructed. When the mistress came down and saw the soldiers she was somewhat taken back. "You are the soldiers who have been sent up here, are you. Who sent you?" "Headquarters, ma'am," was the reply. "Yes, I know," she continued, "but what was the name of the officer." "Lieut. Louis Cohen," was the reply.

NEWSBOYS ON BATTLE FRONT

Belgian and French Youngsters Take Great Risks While Distributing Papers to the Soldiers.

During the first days of the war British soldiers going up to Mons from Boulogne were hailed by an ancient French dame with her only British phrase, "Da-e-ly Ma-i-l." She did her best. Since those far-off days "Da-e-ly Ma-i-l" has been called by the little Belgian and French boys and girls all along the line from Dunkirk to Belfort. Many a risk has been run to buy and sell the news of yesterday. One great load of copies of the London Daily Mail arrived at a distributing center by train just as the advancing wave of Germans threatened to pour over the line.

Prompt to the occasion the parcels were seized by the soldiers and thrown into the gap. Surely no news-paper parcels ever had a stranger fate than to be used, fresh from the press and unread, as sandbags for trenches and a shelter against a whining scurry of machine-gun bullets. Back in Paris an anxious publisher and thoughtful cashier wondered in what category of "unsold copies" the wagon load should be put. Three times the Daily Mail has heard through advanced line distributing agents of paper sellers shot by snipers' bullets while making their way along the trenches.

GEN. FUKUSHIMA

Famous Japanese Military Leader Is Dead.

Gen. Baron Yasumasa Fukushima died in Tokio on Feb. 19th, as the result of an attack of apoplexy. Gen. Fukushima, who was regarded as one of the ablest, best-equipped men who had ever been at the head of the military affairs of Japan, was born at Matsumoto in 1853, in the Shinano Province, his family being very poor Samurai. He began life for himself as a drummer boy in a regiment of his prince's clan, having learned to drum in a modernized military school established by the Shogun. To qualify himself for a post in the newly organized Judicial Department of the re-established Central Government of the Emperor, young Fukushima studied modern languages assiduously. He was employed in that department only one year, 1874, as the next year he was transferred to the General Staff office. While a clerk there he added a special proficiency in geography to his other attainments. In 1876 he was despatched to the United States for inspection of military affairs, and in 1887 became Military Attache to the Japanese Legation in Berlin.

In the Chino-Japanese war Fukushima was chief of staff of the 5th Division, and then of the First Army under Gen. Yamagata. During the Boxer trouble in 1900 he gained international fame as commander of the Japanese contingent and staff officer of the allied troops in Peking. In the Russo-Japanese war Fukushima was on the staff of the Manchurian army under Marshal Prince Oyama. At the conclusion of this war he was made a vice chief of the General Staff, occupying this post until 1912, when he was appointed Governor-General of Kwangtung. He was promoted to a full generalship in 1914, and later was placed on the reserve list. Gen. Fukushima was created a baron in 1906, in recognition of his meritorious service to the state during the Russo-Japanese war.

Gen. Fukushima in 1892-93 made a perilous ride across Siberia. Accompanied only by an orderly, he made a trip on horseback across Siberia from Moscow to Vladivostok, traversing the almost untrudged wilderness when very little was then known about the region. During the trip the then Major Fukushima succeeded in climbing the highest peak of the Altain Mountains, in Mongolia. Arriving at the summit, he addressed the mountain as follows: "I, Yasumasa Fukushima, major of the Imperial Japanese army, now stand on your summit. Lo and behold, I have now conquered you, and stand even higher than you."

It was as a result of this trip that Fukushima, then virtually unknown, became famous. Songs eulogizing his exploit were composed by Japanese musicians, and were long used in barracks and schools. The Emperor promoted him to the rank of colonel before he reached home. Gen. Fukushima spoke English, French, German, Russian, and Chinese with equal facility.

Americans Should Eat Fish

Americans are deficient as fish eaters, compared with inhabitants of foreign countries. Less than two pounds per head is the yearly consumption of salt and smoked fish in this country. For the winter's supply, salt fish can be laid in and, pound for pound, furnish much more nutriment than fresh fish. This is because curing extracts a large part of the water, and what is left is nearly all solid food.—People's Home Journal.

MANTEL CLOCKS

A large and varied stock suited to all purposes. See them whilst the stock is complete.

J. A. DACK Watchmaker and Jeweller

"SALADA"

In infusion is worth every cent of its cost, the flavor is Delicious and the strength Abundant.

Beyond All Question... The Most Economical Tea Obtainable Anywhere.

Clear the Skin A beautiful complexion is the outward mark of good blood and a healthy body. When the stomach, liver and blood are in good order, the skin is clear and lovely. Unsightly blotches, pimples, eruptions and sallowness show the need of Beecham's Pills to stimulate and regulate the vital organs and improve the circulation. Good health and better looks soon follow the use of BEECHAM'S PILLS are worth a guinea a box Sold everywhere in Canada and U.S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

NEW MEAT SHOP Having leased the shop in the Kibbee building recently vacated by the C.P.R. Telegraph Co., and opened therein a First-class Meat Shop, I will carry at all times a full stock of Fresh Meats of all kinds, Fish, Fowl and Sausage, Bacon, Ham and Smoked Meats and would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. Strict attention to all orders and prompt delivery guaranteed. R. M. STANZEL Telephone No. 80

THE GIFTS THAT LAST! Home furnishings make the most delightful of all Gifts. They are not just for a day. They are for years, add even for a life-time so,— Why not Furniture for the new year? Our store is well-stocked with new, useful and reasonably priced gifts for the home. Plan to call on us. Open every evening and glad to see you. "The store that pleases." W. H. MATTHEWS FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING - - LESLIE BLOCK Store Phone 200. House Phone 142

HELP INCREASE PRODUCTION We can supply you with the best kinds of Grain Feeds for your Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry. You can do the rest, and at the same time get good prices for what you dispose of. Use SUNLIGHT Flour It will please you. H. BROWN & SONS Canada Food Board License No. 85

THE HERALD

TUESDAY, APRIL 1st, 1919

The Dominion Government seems to stand in a ludicrous position with regard to the Daylight Saving proposition.

The provincial government proposes to vote \$100,000 for grants to consolidated schools. Part of the money will be used to pay for conveyances and part to pay for agriculture teachers. It is a move in the right direction.

Ex-Premier A. Murray, Hon. J. B. M. Raxter, Hon. B. F. Smith and G. B. Jones were asked to resign from the New Brunswick Legislature by a vote of 22 to 14 on the motion of Premier Foster, acting on the Commissioner's report on the "patriotic potato" inquiry.

Everything is going the farmers' way these days. He has free tractors, rural telephones, free rural mail delivery, automobiles, farmerettes, and now the government proposes to listen to his argument re daylight saving. Time was when the farmer took a back seat, and got the worst of the bargain. No one can blame him for making the best of present day opportunities.—British Whig.

FOREST FIRE THIEF LEAVES CANADA POORER

While the public tax collector holds out his hand for hundreds of millions of our dollars, the Forest Fire thief, hidden in the wilderness, calmly appropriates millions of the country's basic capital between April and November year by year. This is the dual picture suggested by the Canadian Forestry Association, Ottawa, in a statement on the nation's forest losses, and methods of timber protection.

"Forest wealth is the most easily destroyed of all the natural resources. Lands, mines, and fisheries are immune from ruin by fire, but by this single agency more than half of the nation's vast timber wealth has been blotted out. Since Confederation, Canada has lost about three quarters of a billion dollars in forest conflagrations that were largely avoidable.

"Over forty million dollars a year are handed out to forest workmen. The sole security of the pay envelopes is the teardrop timber.

"In spite of improved fire patrol systems, timber losses continue to be severe. Forest fires are mostly from human causes and in attacking these causes the educational method brings abundant results. Careless fishermen, careless settlers, and others cannot usually be accused of malevolence or treachery. They are ignorant of the consequences of their acts, and can best be reached by appeals to their intelligence and goodwill. The educational method, beyond any doubt, is successfully blocking the path of forest fires.

"Canada's chief hope of an expanded foreign trade in lumber, pulp and paper and other forest products is based on a 'fireproof forest'."

New Date Proposed for Thanksgiving

Notice of a bill has been given in the Dominion Parliament to make November 11th, the day on which the armistice was signed, the national Thanksgiving Day of Canada. The bill should receive the unanimous consent of Parliament. As the Montreal Star well says, our Thanksgiving Day hitherto has been a somewhat vague festival. The date of its observance has varied from year to year, and has been fixed by order in council annually. It has never been associated with any particular event in history and has meant too little to most of us. The opportunity is now presented of making this day the most significant and in many ways the most important of all our holidays, a day in which Canada can give solemn thanks for deliverance from the most terrible crisis in its history, a day of real thanksgiving, not only for our safety but for the splendid record of our sons, in a word, a day which can be consecrated to patriotism in the best sense of the word.

Toronto's tax rate for 1919 will be 2 1/2 mills.

New Zealand dairy butter is being sold in Brantford.

A number of cities will adopt daylight saving themselves.

The delivery of German merchant ships to the allies continues.

Allied gunboats and monitors have been ordered to Budapest and are likely to have started.

Montreal is suffering an epidemic of crime especially highway robbery and shooting.

Orders from France and Romania for farm implements have been received by Brantford factories.

It is stated in a Paris despatch that Geneva has been definitely selected as the official seat of the League of Nations.

Rev. Robert Law was taken suddenly ill just before entering the pulpit Sunday morning in Old St. Andrew's Church, Toronto.

The Montreal Herald has appeared under new management and is to be independent of party politics, devoted to business interests.

Many more municipalities have decided to adopt daylight saving; the Railway Commission has summoned the railways to explain why they adopted it, not having consulted the Commission.

BIG FOUR IN DEADLOCK

Whole of Last Week Wasted by Conference.

Say French Are at Fault—Program to Speed Up Is Only a Jocular Memory—Conditions Grow Worse Instead of Better—Clemenceau Wants Whole Saar Valley Ceded Outright.

PARIS, March 31.—Unless conditions in the Peace Conference change for the better, the world is likely to be treated to a great sensation. A considerable number of those intimately concerned in the peace negotiations feel that nothing is to be gained by concealing the true situation, but they refrain from advocating that an official statement be made, setting forth what, in their opinion, is the underlying cause for the delay in effecting a settlement. The truth of the matter is that an impasse has been reached in the sessions of the so-called Big Four. This means President Wilson and Premiers Clemenceau, Lloyd George and Orlando. This entire week has been wasted. The program to speed up is merely a jocular memory. The thing nearly came to a head Saturday, and the condition grows worse instead of better.

Early in the week it was thought that an agreement on the subject of reparations had been reached, which left the way clear for the satisfactory adjustment of the remaining major questions. All concerned were tremendously encouraged. The French accepted the American principle that reparations should be fixed by the amount of damage the Allies had suffered at the hands of Germany, and that the amount which Germany should be called upon to pay should be limited by her ability to pay.

Having accepted these principles it was evident from the reports of economic and financial experts that while such damages amounted to between \$35,000,000,000 and \$45,000,000,000, Germany would hardly be in a condition to pay anything like that amount within a reasonable period of years. It was, therefore, equally evident that the amount of reparations damages Germany would be called upon to pay the victors would be \$20,000,000,000 and \$30,000,000,000.

This matter of reparations had been one of the great stumbling blocks to peace. Everything that pertains to financial settlements has been given the closest attention by the French representatives, who have shown a disposition to accept no adjustment that did not in a large measure approximate their demands. So it was felt that when the French agreed to the American method of adjusting the reparations problems peace might be said to be almost in sight.

But Saturday the whole situation was changed. In some way not yet fully understood outside of the inner council, Premier Clemenceau insisted upon making the reparational agreement dependent upon the territorial question affecting the Saar Valley. The French position was that the whole valley of the Saar should be ceded outright to France by Germany as part compensation for the French coal fields which Germany destroyed.

But details of what occurred are not necessary to an understanding of the true situation that confronts the world, whose decisions to make an earnest effort to adjust all questions affecting peace—which they agreed had been deferred too long—caused the greatest optimism, are in deadlock, and their tempers are not of the best.

It is conceivable that dissatisfaction in America over the delays in making peace may influence President Wilson. It is conceivable also that if the feeling in America were made plain that the settlement of non-American questions is none of America's business, and American interests would best be served if the President and his assistants returned home, leaving European statesmen to adjust their own affairs, the President might be greatly impressed. It is conceivable that he would give earnest attention to American sentiment of that character.

It would not be surprising if he had begun to wonder if the best interests of his country were being served by his remaining here under present conditions, when most of his time is taken up in trying to overcome obstructive tactics which delay the conclusion of peace.

Should the President or some other American authority decide to make a statement on the subject of these delays, that statement would be either directly or inferentially an indictment of the French peace representatives. Feeling has now reached a point where it is being said openly that every important instance of delay has been due to the French.

The truth of the matter is that the situation in the Peace Conference is serious. Unless there is a quick change for the better sensational happenings are possible.

Wants \$15 For His Trousers.

ST. CATHARINES, March 31.—The city of St. Catharines was served Saturday with a summons to attend Division Court to defend a claim for \$15 damages to a resident's trousers caused by barbed wire in front of the lawn at the residence of a city official.

To Put the Kaiser on Trial.

PARIS, March 31.—The Commission on Responsibility for the War has decided: First, solemnly to condemn the violation of neutrality and all the crimes committed by the Central Empires; second, to appoint an international tribunal to judge, all those responsible, including the former emperor.

TO CROWN NEW KAISER

Militarists Preparing Big Coup to Restore Monarchy.

Call to Upper Classes to Put a Hohenzollern or a Representative of Some Other Royal House on the Throne of Germany—Cruelties to Spartacan Prisoners Disgust All Classes.

BERLIN (via Berne and Paris), March 31.—There are persistent rumors of a plot to bring back the old regime and put either a Hohenzollern or a representative of some other royal house on the throne of Germany.

Some conjectures are that William will return—others that Prince Henry of Battenberg, the Kaiser's brother, is the hope of the Royalists. But most people say the Royalist plotters will not choose a Hohenzollern, but that dark horses are now being groomed for the great event.

In the newspapers for several days has appeared this advertisement: "Students, ensigns, schoolboys and cadets, your country calls you. Join the Volunteer Corps for the defence of the agricultural estates and farms."

This appeal to the youth of the upper classes is declared by many well-informed people to be an attempt to gather an army for a last-ditch fight for "my monarchy" to re-establish itself.

It is thought the food situation must soon lead to a crisis. Then the Government will have to ask those who until now had plenty to distribute more foodstuffs among the city dwellers. But the farmers probably won't obey this demand, which may lead to riots and the sending of expeditions to the country to obtain food.

This will be "der tag" for the militarists, who then, according to those who think the Royalists have a plot on foot, will arm the country people, who have always been supporters of the old regime, and march into the cities, disarm the workmen, overthrow the Government and bring in a new emperor.

Hugo Haas, in a fiery speech at Weimar Friday, declared the militarists are carrying the thing with a high hand in Berlin and gain the supremacy by shooting prisoners during any attempted revolution, even though they've surrendered without arms, and hundreds of persons are being executed unlawfully.

Even the bourgeois are acknowledging that cruelties are being inflicted upon prisoners which are so great that people living in the neighborhood of the prisons have declared they could no longer endure the shrieking of political prisoners who are being beaten with whips. One prisoner was shot only for the "crime" that he had been a friend of Karl Liebknecht.

Haas uncovered part of the plan of the militarists, which was to imprison all leaders of workmen, terrorize the others and obtain possession of an armory, clear the way for an attempt to seize the Government and reinstate the monarchy.

Can't Coop Up Sinn Feiners.

DUBLIN, March 31.—Twenty Sinn Fein prisoners, including J. J. Walsh, member of the British House of Commons, escaped Sunday from Mount Joy prison. The men used a rope to clamber over the walls.

The prisoners were exercising at about three o'clock in the afternoon, when some of them turned on the wardens and held them down while the others were arranging a rope ladder over the thirty-foot wall.

The first thing the outside public noticed was the men sliding down a rope from the jail wall to the canal bank. People quickly collected and helped the fugitives by holding the rope down which they were sliding. As the military guard came to the aid of the wardens the escaped prisoners dashed in various directions.

DEATHS.

CAUSEY—The home of his daughter, Mrs. J. J. Lawson, on March 28th, at 100 St. Joseph Street, at Beckwith, aged 79 years.

BROWN—In Eaton Hospital, London, Eng., February 18th, Lieut. John Horace Brown, Royal Air Force, second son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Brown, of Carleton Place, aged 22 years and 8 months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEACHER WANTED.

PROTESTANT, Normal Trained Teacher for S.S. No. 1, Rainsby. Duties to commence after Easter holidays. Salary \$600 per annum. Apply to THE MCGONAGAL & SON, R.R. No. 1, Carleton Place.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

DAYLIGHT SAVING

Sunday, Mar. 30th the Canadian Pacific Railway will advance their time one hour. Passengers will require to be at Railway Station one hour earlier than time advertised in Current Time Bills, until town takes up the Daylight Saving system.

For particulars apply to

J. F. WARREN,

Agent Carleton Place

CATTLE AND HORSES WANTED.

HAVING disposed of my Butcher Business I have decided to devote my time to the purchase of Cattle, Horses, Hogs, Sheep and Poultry. For any and all of which I will pay the highest market prices. Will also buy and sell Second-hand Vehicles of all kinds.

W. MCGONAGAL & SON,  
Carleton Place, Dec. 4, 1918.

CARD OF THANKS.

WE AND MRS. DONALD BOB wish to thank their many friends for sympathy and kindness shown them in their recent sudden bereavement.

NOTICE.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of the Township of Beckwith will meet in the Township Hall, on Saturday, April 12th, 1919, at 10 o'clock a.m., for general business.  
J. W. ROBERTSON, Clerk.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR LETTERS OF GUARDIANSHIP

IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF LANARK

In the matter of the Guardianship of Winnifred May Trotman, the infant child of Albert E. Trotman, late of the County of Lanark, Moulder, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that after the expiration of Twenty Days from the first publication of this notice, application will be made to the Surrogate Court of the County of Lanark, for a grant of Letters of Guardianship of the above named infant to Harriet Trotman, of the Town of Carleton Place in the County of Lanark, Moulder, the grandmother of the said infant.

Dated at Carleton Place this 31st day of March, 1919.

PATTERSON & FINDLAY,  
Carleton Place, Ont.  
Solicitors for the Applicant.

McLAREN'S

Mammoth Auction SALE

POSTPONED

Owing to the storm, and will be held Wednesday, April 9th, 1919

at 12 o'clock noon

When everything advertised will be sold

Parties wanting good Stock should keep this date in mind.

CHAS. HOLLINGER,  
Auctioneer.

IN THE SURROGATE COURT JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF REGINA;

In the matter of the Estate of MARGARET EDWINA CAMERON, deceased.

TAKE NOTICE that all persons having claims against the estate of Margaret Edwina Cameron, late of Carleton Place, in the Province of Ontario, deceased, are required to send particulars of their claims and if any securities held therefor, verified upon oath, to the undersigned, one of the Executives of the Will of the said Margaret Edwina Cameron, on or before the 10th day of April, A.D. 1919.

And Further Take Notice that after the said date, the Executors will proceed to distribute the estate, having regard only to such claims as may be then received, verified upon oath as aforesaid.

Filed at Carleton Place, in the Province of Ontario, this 18th day of February, A.D. 1919.

ANNIE W. MCGEHEE,  
Carleton Place, Ontario.

New Suits for BOYS  
The Spring stock of "Wear-better" and "Stanford" brands are here. Suits that will please your boy and give satisfaction.  
Priced to tempt you to buy.  
Come in!  
BAIRD & RIDDELL  
OUTFITTERS FOR MEN AND BOYS

Central Grocery Specials  
KLIM  
The Powdered Milk For Home and Camp Use.  
Reasons why you Should use it  
1. Klim is absolutely pure and will keep indefinitely.  
2. Klim does not require ice in summer.  
3. Klim is not affected by the coldest weather.  
4. Klim is cheaper than fresh liquid milk.  
5. Klim is about half the price of condensed milk.  
6. Klim can always be kept on hand. You need never be without it.  
7. Klim means no bottles to wash—no frozen milk, no wasted milk—no bother with tickets.  
8. Klim is not cooked or boiled in the process of producing it.  
9. Klim is pasteurized.—The "life" of the milk is retained because it is produced at temperatures far below the temperature that destroys the "life" of the milk.  
C. W. MOORE  
Carleton Place  
Keys Block

NURSERY: Two Wall or Baseboard Outlets for the use of: Milk Warming, Heating Pad, Radiator, Sterilizer, Transformer for Electrically Operated Toys, Immersion Heater, Hair Dryer, Curling Iron, Fan.

DEN: Two Wall or Baseboard Outlets for the use of: Reading Lamp, Desk Lamp, Clear Light, Choking Dish, Fan, Coffee Percolator, Tea Sifter, Cull, Toaster, Cleaner, Radiator.

SEWING ROOM: Two Wall or Baseboard Outlets for the use of: Sewing Machine, Percolator, Mower, Iron, Radiator.

FRONT OR RECEPTION HALL: One Wall or Baseboard Outlet for the use of: Fan, Floor Lamp, Cleaner.

BEDROOMS: Two Wall or Baseboard Outlets for the use of: Curling Iron, Hair Dryer, Massage Vibrator, Heating Pad, Radiator, Fan.

BATHROOM: Two Wall or Baseboard Outlets for the use of: Radiator, Hair Dryer, Curling Iron, Shaving Mirror, Massage Vibrator, Immersion Heater, Fan, Soap.

PORCH: Two Baseboard Outlets for the use of: Fan, Reading Lamp, Cooking Appliances for Out-of-Door Breakfast, Afternoon, Tea and Evening (Social) Lunches in the Summer Time.

BASEMENT: Two Outlets for the use of: Iron, In-Cream Freezer, Also Bell Ringing Transformer permanently installed.

PANTRY: One Wall or Baseboard Outlet for the use of: Fan, Cooking Appliances.

LIVING ROOM: One Floor Outlet for the use of: Portable Reading Lamp, Two Wall or Baseboard Outlets for the use of: Piano Lamp, Tea Sifter, Coffee Percolator, Cull, Choking Dish, Fan, Lamp for Writing Table, Toaster, Coffee Percolator, Tea Sifter, Cull, Dish Slave, Egg Boiler, Radiator, Fan.

DINING ROOM: One Floor Outlet under dining table with "Cluster" type receptacle, also Two Wall or Baseboard Outlets for the use of: Vegetables Dish, Edge Dish, Drink Mixer, Condit Stick, Cleaner, Fan.

KITCHEN: Two Wall or Baseboard Outlets for the use of: Iron, Cooking Appliances, Bread and Cake, Dish Washer, Fan, Refrigerating Machine, Utility Mower for Meat Chopper, Coffee Mill, Grinding, Polishing and Buffing Machine, Fireless (Electric) Cooker.

Carefully study this picture and see how your home may be improved with Convenient Outlets  
The utility of electrical appliances is measured by the convenience with which they can be operated and availability when wanted.  
Convenient Outlets make any appliances instantly available in any room or place in the room—at the snap of the switch.  
Without marring the walls, woodwork or decorations—we install convenient Outlets, quickly, inexpensively.  
No carpenter work or refinishing. Everything will appear as being originally built into the house.  
Let us help you plan those few Convenient Outlets for your home that will make your Electric Service 100% available.  
Phone 15 The City Electric Shop

SOCIETY REGISTER

STELLA LODGE No. 124, I.O.O.F. meets every TUESDAY Night in the Hall, in Taylor's Block. Visiting brethren always welcome. J. M. BARBER, N. D. McALLISTER, Secy.

ALMONTE

From the Gazette Mr. John D. Taylor returned the end of last week from a trip, partly pleasure and partly business, to New York, Maryland, and home through the Pennsylvania coal fields.

MAN, GWT. OFF. POLES.

Dangerous to Land Troops at Ports Proposed by Germans. THE HAGUE, March 31.—The ports of Memel, Libau and Konigsberg, proposed by the Germans for landing the Polish troops, are quite impossible from the military point of view," said Jean de Vlodek, the Polish Charge d'Affaires to the Netherlands, speaking to your correspondent.

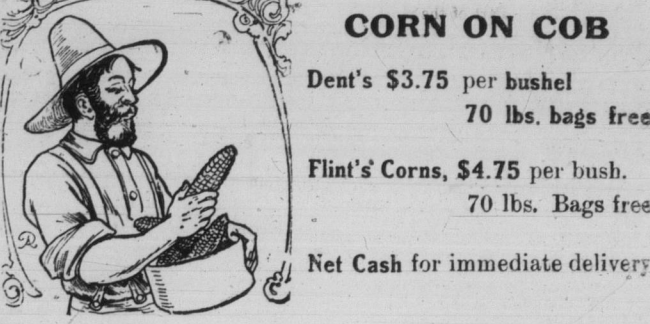
Beckwith Church Notes

The members of the Beckwith Church finished up five years' pastorate in Beckwith of Sabbath day, and enters upon the sixth year of his ministry here next Sabbath. The text of the sermon last Sabbath morning was the impressive words of Simon Peter to Christ: "Lord, to whom shall we go? thou hast the words of eternal life; and we believe and are sure that thou art that Christ, the son of the living God."

Every day brings you nearer to the SEED CORN SEASON!

Have you procured your supply? The Seed Corn we have this season has a wonderful test for germination.

- Huron Dent 94 p.c. White Cap 100 p.c. Wisconsin No. 7 100 p.c. Improved Leaming 100 p.c. Bailey 96 p.c. North Dakota 98 p.c.



Our stock is moving very quickly and we would advise you making your purchase early. Should you require another load of Hard Coal we can supply any size—Pecan, Nut, Stove, Egg. Also Sawed Wood, \$3.25 per load.

TAYLOR BROS. Limited

GROCERIES

It is quite a serious problem now-a-days to purchase wisely your needs to keep your table properly supplied. By purchasing smaller quantities you will be assured of goods always fresh.

We are getting in Fresh Supplies Daily so that you need not fear getting any stale stock.

A small order will be given the same attention as the larger. Try us for your grocery wants and prove for yourself how well we can serve you.

M. R. BARIGER

Near the Post Office Canadian Food Control License No. 8-1588.

DR. HESS' STOCK FOOD

- Sheep Dip, Louse Killer, Panacea, Royal Purple, Calf Meal

—ALL AT—

W. J. MUIRHEAD'S Hardware

FRESH FISH

Just received our annual supply of Fish consisting of Dressed Pike, Halibut, Salmon, Herring and Haddock Also Smoked Finnan Haddie and Cured Codfish

J. A. MCGREGOR General Merchant - Appleton

N.B.—We buy Dressed Pork every day, and Live Hogs on Saturdays.

DISTRICT NEWS.

APPLETON

Special to THE HERALD. The Mississippi Woollen Mills have been closed for a few days on account of stock taking. Mr. J. A. McGregor and daughter Kathleen spent the past week in Almonte.

FRANKTOWN

Special to THE HERALD. The stormy weather from Friday to Monday has put us back into winter again. The month of March surely marched off to a merry tune, for the sleigh bells are jingling as merry as at Christmas and New Year.

PERTH

From the Express. Deep regret has been cast over the community and the district in general this week as a result of the death of Mr. William Thomas Patterson on Sunday following an illness of a couple of months from cancer of the blood.

DAYLIGHT SAYING.

Majority of Cities and Towns Have Brought It Into Effect. LONDON, March 1.—Summer time in the United Kingdom began Sunday. The clocks were advanced one hour at two o'clock a.m.

MURDER AND PILLAGE IN EGYPT.

LONDON, March 31.—Official communications referring to the outbreak in the southern provinces of Egypt have been received from Cairo and say that a train from Luxor was attacked at Minch on March 15 and partially sacked. The bodies of seven murdered British officers were found in the guard's van.

Everybody's Corner.

25 words or less, 1st insertion, 25c; 2nd insertion, 20c; 3rd or subsequent insertions, 15c. Three times for 60c. Over 25 words 1c a word, first insertion, 1/2c a word for subsequent insertions.

FOUND—On Bridge street, a Pair of Gold mounted Spectacles in case. Owner may claim same by paying for this notice at this office.

WANTED—Homes for five young children, four boys and girl, aged from 14 to 7 years. Apply to Mrs. FRANK WALKER, Joseph Street.

WANTED—April 1st, Capable Girl for housework. Small family, electric washer. Apply Mrs. F. H. ADAMSON, c/o Can. Bank of Commerce.

FOR SALE—Set Double Harness, fine, and Buggy Pole. Apply at this office.

FARM FOR SALE—Consisting of 109 acres, lot 12, eleven town lots, Beckwith. Apply to BEAT STRAUS, Carleton Place, Ont.

WANTED—A Young Girl 15 or 14, to take out baby a few hours each day. Telephone No. 125, or address Mrs. A. ROBERTSON, Rex 318, Carleton Place.

TWELVE ACRES—First-class land to cultivate on shares, splendid opportunity for man living in town who wishes to raise fodder for horse or cow. Apply to MISS ELIZABETH McNEELY, Box 125 Carleton Place.

FOR SALE—Very warm, comfortable, brick veneered Dwelling House, on Beckwith street, on the water line; a bargain at \$1000. COLIN McINTOSH.

WANTED—By the end of April, Competent girl for general housework. Must have references. Other maid kept. Small family (3). Wages \$24.00. Apply BOX C, Herald Office.

FOR SALE—A Wizard Magnet, low tension. Practically new. A bargain. Apply at this office.

Nyal Spring Tonic

A Pleasant Bitter, Energizer and Stimulant. An Excellent Remedy for any season, but particularly necessary in the spring. Banishes that tired, lazy feeling that comes as a result of the too close confinement of the winter months.

McINTOSH'S Book & Drug Store

Mr. Basil Hughton was on the sick list for a few days, but is able to be around again.

Mrs. George Perry is spending a few days this week with her son James L., at his new farm home in the cuckoo's nest country.

Mr. William Anderson has secured the contract of driving the rural mail on Route No. 1 for the next four years beginning April first.

Francis Lowry was home from high school for the week-end. Mr. James H. Lumsden, of The Pinery, was in the village on business on Friday last.

Robert and William Kilfoyle went out to Bellbeck, Sask., last week where they will work for the summer season. The Young People's Guild of St. Paul's church had a Scottish Night and also an Irish Night lately, the programmes of music and readings and addresses by the minister being appropriate to the subject; and plans are now being made for a big Canadian Night, the best of all, before the close of the season.

Mr. Harry Ferguson, of Ottawa, is sick at present at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Robert McLachlin. The village has been very quiet during the reign of the storm but we are expecting sunshine soon and then business will be moving as usual again.

Some excitement was caused in the village a few days ago by the appearance of a strange individual going from house to house, whom the people feared might be either a Bolshevik or a Sinn Feiner. But the mysterious mortal made away in good time.

Mrs. Robert Davis is confined to her home with an attack of influenza. Mr. Charles Mainprize has moved to Arnprior, where he has secured a position as operator at the C.P.R. station.

Speaking in the Presbyterian church on Sunday afternoon, Rev. Mr. Lowry spoke very strongly against the audacity of the railroad companies and other greedy corporations and monopolists endeavoring to lord it over government and country by the imposition of their new time table. He thought it was time to resist this round about way of introducing a spirit of Bolshevism into Canada. Let the law of the land be supreme in all such matters and let all loyal citizens assist in every possible way to give effect to the supremacy and operation of righteous law. The powers that be are ordained of God. Well now, it was really too bad that the loyal people of Carleton Place could not furnish those returning soldiers with something better than a mere "scrap of paper" in recognition of their services. We think Mr. G. A. Burgess' protest a very timely and sensible one. If they would come to Franktown they would be better received than that, for here we give them gold, silver and precious stones, in addition to a nicely inscribed complimentary address. Say boys—just arrive at Franktown next time and there will be no "scrap of paper" welcome either.

The quarterly business meeting of the House of Industry committee was held in town this week, when general business was transacted and accounts passed. The committee are: Messrs T. J. Devlin, Wm. Pattie, Carleton Place, and Jas. G. Syme, Appleton.

The Dominion Express in town has had an increasing business for some time and it is found necessary to put on another driver for the delivery end of the business.

Messrs. Wood & Son of Maberly are cutting about 50 m. feet of lumber this season and shipping to Toronto. A great many cords of pulp wood are piled up in the C.P.R. yard awaiting shipment to the paper factories. It came in mostly from the country back of Lanark.

Mr. John Adams, mica dealer, shipped recently 60 barrels of mica and has orders for a hundred more. No. 3 mine in Burgess will be opened up again shortly.

There passed away in North Sherbrooke on March 3rd, in his 88th year an old and respected resident in the person of William Sergeant, one of the men who was among the first born in the township after it was settled.

The well established bakery business of Mr. Wm. Anderson changed hands on Tuesday of this week, when Mr. P. J. Doyle purchased it from the late owner and will take it over 1st of April.

The British Government is to include in its claim for indemnity the cost of the new Hydro pipe line at Niagara Falls.

Urban Canada seems to have taken the bit in its teeth so far as "daylight saving" is concerned. The majority of the cities and towns have already brought it into effect by municipal proclamation, while many others promise to deal with it during the next two days. The necessity for complying with train time and the insistence of the great mass of industrial workers resulted in speedy action by the civic authorities.

The joke appears to be on Parliament. Despatches voice considerable criticism of the fact that failure on the part of men elected as leaders to investigate the effects of summary decision on their part to get into touch with both sides of the question, with a view to securing a general adoption of some common action, bids fair to result in considerable inconvenience and misunderstanding. Among the cities and towns already reported to have enacted "daylight-saving" time by municipal decree are: Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Three Rivers, London, Belleville, Richer, Guelph, Chatham, St. Catharines, Port Hope, Prescott, Niagara Falls, Woodstock, Moncton, Sherbrooke, Brockville, Saskatoon, Quebec City, Gananoque, Ingersoll, Mount Forest, Orillia, Port Colborne, and the Legislature of British Columbia.

A crowd at Benisouef on March 15 invaded the courts during their sitting, drove out the officials and tried to get hold of the British judge. Failing in their object, the demonstrators wrecked the various Government offices and attacked Mudria, but were eventually driven back by a small body of Indian troops on March 18.

Airmen Gather for Big Flight. ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., March 31.—The coastal steamer Portia, with two airplanes and passengers transferred from the steamer Digby, arrived at Placentia Sunday, and the passengers (with the exception of two British airmen who will attempt a transatlantic flight) came here by special train. The airmen, Harry Hawker and Lieut. Commander McConzie Grieve, are expected to bring the machines here to-day. Passengers who crossed on the Digby said the flight was planned for April 15, at the time of the next full moon, if conditions should be favorable.

Warns Bedouin Tribes. CAIRO, March 31.—The Western Bedouin tribes have been warned that they must remain in their own localities and will be punished if they move eastwards. A general warning has also been issued that if the railway line be damaged the neighboring village will be burned. Karl Radik, the leading Russian Bolshevik agent in Germany, who was under arrest, has been released by the Berlin Government.

### Vilhjalmur Stefansson Possesses Unique Record Among Arctic Explorers

VILHJALMUR STEFANSSON has won the name of being the most extraordinary northern explorer in history. This is despite the fact that his object in the Canadian Arctic is the very reverse of sensational. He had and has no intention of doing "stunts" of making a dash farthest north, or similar things that appeal to popular imagination. His purpose is purely scientific, and such romantic results as his discovery of the so-called "blond Eskimo" are incidental. Mr. Stefansson is not particularly elated by the world-wide fame that has accrued from this aspect of his work.

The sensational character of Mr. Stefansson's truly amazing feats is due simply to the fact that in order to prosecute his elaborate investigations it was necessary that he should live for continuous long periods (from two to four years at a time) in the Arctic Circle with freedom to travel great distances in all seasons. He could not do this if handicapped



VILHJALMUR STEFANSSON.

by the historic and accepted polar method of establishing chains of supply stations with the heavy transport of provisions, men, and dogs thus made mandatory.

He determined, therefore, on the apparently desperate method of entering the Arctic Circle with no encumbrance except vital scientific equipment, and depending for every necessary of life on the rifle alone. The world's explorers, with hardly an exception, prophesied disaster. When he had been long lost to human knowledge on his last voyage, the Canadian Minister of Naval Service declared, in response to a Parliamentary inquiry, that there was not the slightest hope of his survival. But he "came out" and he had succeeded in doing not only what he had set out to do, but more.

"The rifle-bullet," said he recently, "is a traveler's check that is honored everywhere." He has proved it. He has lived in the Arctic Circle for years at a time without any communication with the world outside. His experience in the circle now aggregate eleven years. In that time he has journeyed more than 20,000 miles by sled over North America's continental Arctic region over frozen oceans far from land, and across polar islands greater in extent than the British Islands, some of them unknown even to Eskimo.

He has not only survived, but he declares that he lived in perfect comfort. This is his view of it, and it is entitled to respect, for he certainly has lived, alone and "getting his food from God," in close neighborhood to mournfully famed regions where magnificent expeditions of many men, supplied without regard to cost, have perished tragically.

#### The Landmark.

The first number of the monthly magazine of the English Speaking Union, the Landmark, has just been received from the London headquarters of the union. It contains a foreword by former Premier and present Foreign Secretary A. J. Balfour and a full report of his speech at the first meeting of the union, a luncheon given to the group of American editors visiting Europe in the closing months of the war. Among other contributors are Lord Suddham, George Roberts, Labor member of the War Cabinet; George Santayana, Dr. Albert Shaw and F. P. Glass, both the British Empire and the United States being represented in articles and viewpoint, as befits an international publication for the promotion of better understanding between the English-speaking peoples.

#### Zinc.

Zinc is ductile between 212 and 302 degrees Fahrenheit, and can then be shaped as required. But when either above or below these limits it becomes brittle and unpliant, and therefore not adapted for treatment. It melts at about 786 degrees Fahrenheit if volatilization is guarded against.

#### Women Decorated.

Thirty-seven women workers have been presented with the order of Queen Elizabeth by the Belgian minister. Two Japanese and five American women were among those who received the decoration.

### AIR SMUGGLING.

#### Two Aviators Debate Its Possibilities In the Future.

We were talking in the mess about the future in the air—a common topic nowadays.

"I," said a young lieutenant, "am going to be a smuggler. That will be a paying game."

"And I," said a captain, "shall be an aerial policeman. It will be very nice to catch you at it, and see you sent to jail for a few years."

"I shall have plenty of time to make my fortune before you catch me," remarked the lieutenant with some asperity.

"I should fly on dark nights at ten thousand feet or so. I should carry no lights. My pals would be waiting for me in a large field, where they would show a certain arrangement of lights."

"I glide down to two thousand feet and flash my signal lights. The people on the ground answer. My goods are arranged on something like bomb-racks under the machine, with parachute attachments; so I fly low, pull a lever, and off they drop and float down into the field, whence they are taken away with great rapidity. Then I buzz off and become a respectable citizen once more—until the next time."

"That's the scheme, roughly. You'd have to be pretty sharp to see me doing things like that in the dark."

"There is one thing at least which you have overlooked," replied the captain. "It is certain that all machines flying at night will be required to carry plenty of lights and a large illuminated number. If you are heard flying about without lights you will soon have dozens of search-lights on you. You won't be 'bearded'—that would be dangerous to other machines and to people on the ground."

"But I, who would be in the air looking for bold buccaneers or anything else unusual, seeing you challenged, would proceed to investigate. Finding you without lights or a number, I should signal you a command to land on the nearest airdrome, where you would be arrested, and I should have the mortification of seeing my old comrade-in-arms sent to jail."

"But suppose I don't obey your policeman's command to land?"

"Then I shall have much pleasure in proceeding to shoot you down. There won't be many opportunities of shooting anything down in the piping times of peace," said the captain, with a shade of regret in his voice.

Then he continued: "And if you tried it with your lights on—well, I don't think I'm too blind to notice a machine flying off the usual routes, signaling to the ground, and generally behaving suspiciously. No, if there is a good aerial police force, I don't think there will be much smuggling."

"Well," said the lieutenant, "if I am to be shot down, I hope it won't be by a bally policeman."

"I hope that we shall be called the Aerial Vigilance Corps, or something like that," replied the captain.—London Daily News.

#### Why It Is "Czecho-Slovak."

Speaking of the awkward cognomen of "Czecho-Slovak," the Independent says it is partly due to linguistic accident and partly to political exigence. The old familiar name "Bohemia" has, like the name "Serbia," a territorial rather than a radical significance and is too small to cover the ethnical entity on which the modern concept of nationality is founded. The Slovak language is only dialectically different from the Czech or Bohemian, but the differences were purposely intensified during the nineteenth century to keep the Hungarian branch of the race apart from Austria. Even in America, Slovak and Czech newspapers are distinct, although either people can read the other language.

Prof. Masaryk, head of the new Czecho-Slovak republic, is a Slovak. The Slovaks, being inferior to the Czechs in numbers, wealth and education, are naturally insistent upon equal rights and recognition. The spelling "Czech" is neither native nor English. It is a Polish form of the word, foisted upon the world by persistence of Viennese journalists.

The true Bohemian spelling "Cech" is impossible to our newspapers for lack of type with inverted caret over the C to represent Ch. The final ch is sounded like the German guttural or the Scottish ch as in "loch" but to the ordinary ear is hardly distinguishable from plain K.

#### Differing Mexican Coasts.

It cannot be reiterated too often that Mexico is a vast country. Mexico extends in length over two thousand miles, or as long as from Iceland to Africa. It measures a thousand miles across the widest area. It is vast; it contains every climate from tropical to northern; it has huge mountains, some of the grandest volcanoes in the world; and some of the largest rivers are to be found in the south, although water is lacking in the north. The north is flat and hideous, the south beautiful and mountainous. Mexico produces every class of ore and every form of agriculture and some of the most picturesque and beautiful old Spanish towns in the world remain from the days when they were built by Cortez in 1519.

One cannot help being struck with the contrast between the two coasts. On the Pacific shore everything is dry; on the Gulf (Atlantic) everything is wet. A depth of eight or ten feet of soil is common.

#### A Destructive Ant.

The destruction wrought on all but the hardest wood by the white ant, or termite, is not surprising when a few facts are known of its prolific character. A nest, some six feet in height, was found in the tropics, and about one foot below the level of the ground was a conical mound of hard earth. Inside this dwelt the queen-mother. After careful observation she was found to lay 120 eggs in an hour. On account of her great size she was unable to leave her cell, her only function being to lay eggs.

### Passing of Kurt Eisner Contains Great Lesson For Leaders of Reform

FROM the beginning of the war Eisner had all the courage of Liebknecht, but in practical leadership Liebknecht was a fool, while Eisner was a man of consummate wisdom.

In these words Frank Bohn, one of the leaders of American pro-war, pro-Ally Socialists, epitomized the assassinated Premier of Bavaria.

The belief is general that Kurt Eisner fell victim of a profoundly laid monarchist conspiracy, of which the young Count Arco-Valley merely acted as a tool. Despatches reporting the arrest at Munich of Prince Leopold of Bavaria and other Junker leaders point in this direction. And the London Daily Chronicle expressed the thought of many when it wrote that Eisner was murdered because at the Berne Socialist conference he had told the truth about Germany's guilt in the war. As Frank Bohn remarked: "Prince Joachim, Ludendorff and Scheidemann have known exactly whom to assassinate."

According to a special correspondent of the New York Times, Eisner realized the probable cost of his intrepidity:

"After his second speech at the Berne conference, in which he revealed the inhuman treatment inflicted by the German military authorities on their prisoners of war, Eisner remarked to friends who congratulated him on his courageous frankness: 'You don't know what Germany is like to-day. By making this speech I have probably signed my death warrant.'"

Commenting on Eisner's death, the Springfield Republican writes:

"The situation in Bavaria was extraordinary from the fact that Premier Eisner was bitterly hostile to Bolshevism, while at the same time so radical that German conservatives could hardly have found a Bolshevik more odious."

Everybody must discern in the happenings at the Bavarian capital a "lesson in forbearance" for Canadians. For the present we can take a lesson from the violence of transition in the old states. Canadians must bear with each other, having kindly consideration for all and refraining from inflicting intolerable political changes without due regard for human emotion. If there is advantage in some movement it must be pressed beyond the point of common acceptance. Forbearance is a double virtue, operating alike to the benefit of reformer and reformed. The one may insist to a reasonable and just degree and then he will accept it in a reasonable and just degree. Let us strive for reasonableness and justice and not the emotionalism that overwhelms.

#### Seaweed on Massé.

"In the space between the Azores, Canaries and the Cape Verde Islands lies the great Sargasso Sea," says a writer in All Outdoors, who continues:

"Covering an area equal in extent to the valley of the Mississippi it is so thickly matted over with gulf weed that the speed of vessels passing through it is often much retarded. The weed always 'tails to' a steady constant wind, so that it serves the mariner as a barometer, telling him whether the wind as he finds it has been blowing for some time or whether it has just shifted, and which way. Columbus first found this weedy sea on his voyage of discovery. There it has remained, the dark mass moving up and down and changing its position like the calms of Cancer, as affected by the seasons, the storms and the winds; according to Maury's authority, exact observations as to its limits and their range, extending back for fifty years, assure us that its mean position has not been altered since that time. There is also a sargasso to the west of Cape Good Hope, which, though comparatively small, is clearly defined. Mention is gradually made of it in the logs as 'rock weeds' or 'drift matter.' The weedy space about the Falkland Islands is probably not a true sargasso. The seaweed reported there most probably comes from the Strait of Magellan, where immense masses of algae grow. These straits are so incumbered with seaweed that steamers find great difficulty in making their way through it. It so clogs their propellers as to make frequent stoppages necessary."

#### Natural History.

A woman recently selecting a hat at a milliner's asked, cautiously: "Is there anything about these feathers that might bring me into trouble with the Bird Protection Society?"

"Oh, no, madam," said the milliner. "But did they not belong to some bird?" persisted the lady.

"Well, madam," returned the milliner pleasantly, "these feathers are the feathers of a howl; and the howl, you know, madam, seen as 'ow' fond he is of mice is more of a cat than a bird."—Tit-Bits.

Insects Have Distinctive Colors. Naturalists for a long time were at a loss to understand how it was that insects were enabled to so quickly recognize an intruder among their family or settlement. It has been determined that in most cases they recognize each other by smell. Among the bees each distinctive class of workers—the guard, the fanter, the pollen carrier, the wax-maker, the architect, etc.—has its own distinctive odor. And besides this each bee has its own separate hive odor, which is its passport into its own particular home.

Osaka, Japan, has nearly 16,000 factories, employing over 92,000 men and 95,000 women.

## Handling Wool Co-operatively



(1) Grading Wool in Alberta. (2) Sheep on an Irrigated Farm in Alberta.

EIGHT years ago, after thoroughly investigating the sheep industry in Canada, the sheep commissioners regretfully stated: "From shearing to marketing no country in the world handles its wool in a worse manner than Canada. As far as the wool of mutton breeds and cross breeds go, we do not know of any country where it is handled in such an unsatisfactory way and delivered in such a bad condition."

Having reached this conclusion, the commission intimated that the way was open to find a remedy for the trouble. It was soon after this that the Canadian Department of Agriculture was organized, and by 1914 the work of applying the remedy had begun. This consisted of the organization of wool growers' associations throughout Canada, the direction of their efforts in producing good wool, and in classifying it. During 1914, the first year of the work, 206,129 pounds were graded for societies organized in Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and Alberta. The following year, 1915, 420,000 pounds were graded, and in 1916, 570,000 pounds, and in 1917, 623,445 pounds, while in 1918 this was increased to 2,097,909 pounds.

It was early in 1917, because of peculiar war conditions, that Martin Burrell, then Minister of Agriculture, recognizing the importance of centralizing the sale of wool, and the advantages that must accrue from having one centre of operation, sanctioned the rental of suitable premises in Toronto, for the storage of the wool of the various associations where clips would be graded by the wool experts of the live stock branch, and shipped out when purchased. This led to the further step of 1918 in the organization of the Co-Operative Wool Growers' Limited as the central agency for the disposal of wool shipped in and collected from all parts of Canada.

Whereas, when the central warehouse was first established, it was estimated that as much as 2,000,000 pounds of wool might be received during 1919, no less than 2,500,000 pounds of wool had been sold up to the end of August, 1918, due to the associations in the various provinces pulling together. After that amount had been sold a considerable quantity of wool remained in storage, but it was anticipated that all would be disposed of at favorable prices, which was later proved true.

Thus co-operation in a few years actual service proved the revolutionizing factor in the wool industry in Canada. Breeder and farmers were quick to learn the oft-repeated lesson that to get the best prices the best must be produced. Formerly the wool was sold in bulk for what it would bring. To-day, under the team-work plan, the wool is sorted and inspected, grade values becoming apparent, and sheepraisers are learning more and more to recognize the importance of care in selection, industry in keeping, and the exercise of intelligence in shearing, packing and shipping.

In Manitoba there has been a decided increase in the number of sheepowners who market their wool through the co-operative system. In 1915, 69,000 pounds reached the warehouse; in 1916, 154,000 pounds; 1917, 170,000 pounds, and in 1918, 383,000 pounds were received. In 1917 there were 465 sheepowners who participated in the work, while in 1918 this number increased to 917. The grading system has had a market effect on the quality of the wool, and graders as well as grades uphold the belief that the education work in this connection is doing an incalculable amount of good, and increasing the revenue derived by the sheepowner from the sale of his wool. In former years, when wool was sold at a flat rate, the importance of keeping the wool in a clean condition and avoiding tying with binder twine, as well as mixing the black and tan with the white and tags, locks and pieces,

seedy and dead, with higher grade wool, was not appreciated, and resulted in a serious loss in revenue to farmers and a serious wastage of a product much in demand.

It cannot be gainsaid that wool sold under the co-operative system has on the average brought a much higher price than could have been obtained by farmers selling to local buyers. This fact is evident to the sheep-raiser, as evidenced by the increasing number of Manitoba patrons.

How the fire of co-operation is spreading over Saskatchewan is best evidenced by a few figures, showing the development of the industry since 1914, as follows:

Year	No. consignments	Pounds	Average price per lb. cents
1914	179	69,404	17 1/2
1915	318	150,328	25
1916	487	173,890	32 1/2
1917	623	233,445	65
1918	916	354,068	76

It will be noted that the 1918 business was 80 per cent over the 1917 wool shipments. The Southern Saskatchewan Wool Growers' Association handled eight and one-half carloads, besides the amount mentioned, the province being too large for one organization to handle at present. In Alberta, likewise too large a territory for one agency to handle, there are three organizations mentioned in the 1918 report, each revealing a large expansion in territory and volume of business. These associations are the Provincial Sheep Breeders' Association, the Alberta Live Stock Association, and the Pincher Creek Wool Growers' Association. These three agencies did by far the greatest business of any provincial system in Canada in 1918, when they collected, graded and shipped 1,250,000 pounds of wool of various grades. Earl W. Gage. (Breeder's Gazette).

## Your Other Brain

Down in the abdominal cavity lies a great "plexus" or network of nerve centres, that has been called the "abdominal-brain." It cannot think. Its functions are to superintend and keep in operation various mechanical processes, such as the proper secretion of moisture by intestinal glands and adequate action of intestinal muscles in the walls of the bowels.

It receives messages from nerves in various regions of the body, but being unable to reason, it often acts blindly, imperfectly, or improperly. It may stop secretion, lessen muscular action—and the result is constipation.

Castor oil, pills, salts, mineral waters, etc., do not reason with the abdominal brain, they force it to temporary action, to unnatural effort, until the bowels move. But this is followed by a sulky attitude or even a "strike" by your other brain, and the constipation is increased not cured.

90% of human illness results from self-poisoning, caused by constipation.

But Nujol acts differently. Nujol is not a drug, does not act like any drug.

Nujol acts mechanically to coax the bowels to move easily and thoroughly at regular intervals.

Nujol supplies necessary moisture to bowel contents, makes it easier for tired intestinal muscles to act, absorbs poisonous matter, overcomes stagnation and by so doing persuades the abdominal brain to act rationally and efficiently. Nujol has no deleterious after effects, forms good habits instead of bad ones, overcomes constipation at any age, under any conditions.

Get a bottle of Nujol from your druggist today and send coupon for free booklet—"Thirty Feet of Danger."

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The train announcer made loud noises through a megaphone. David rose and looked down in a sudden daze at the pretty young woman who was his wife—to whom he had become but a disappointing means to an end, to whom his heart, though he might thrust it naked and quivering before her eyes, would never be a sealed book inspiring no interest. His pretty house of love was swaying, falling, and he could not support it.

"And I begin to think," he said queerly, "that we'll always be hopelessly, miserably poor."  
Even Shirley could perceive a cryptic quality in that speech.  
"What do you mean by that?"  
"Nothing that need disturb you. I have no reason," he added grimly, "to believe that it will disturb you."  
She eyed him reproachfully and gave a sigh of patience sorely taxed.  
"David, I wonder if you never realize that in some of your moods you are very hard to understand."  
"Too temperamental, I suppose? Right as always, my dear." He laughed. Men sometimes laugh because they cannot weep.  
He took her to the car, kissed her and helped her into the seat and watched her ride away.  
A little imp with a nasty, sneering voice that jabbed like a hot needle perched itself on David's shoulder and kept tugging at his ears:  
"The truth is you had nothing to lose but a fancy. Shirley never really loved you. You were only one of her toys, one sort of good time and not worth the price. You didn't really love Shirley, only what you thought she was, what you see now she is not. Therefore—"  
CHAPTER X.  
Sanctuary.

SOME men fall out of love with their wives as easily and unconcernedly as they fell in. They even feel a sort of relief, thinking a disturbing factor thus removed from their lives, and they live happily ever after. But they are not "temperamental."  
It was not so with David. He thought it a tragedy, at least for a while. Even when it had failed him, when it had refused to shine in darkness, itself turned upon him in an hour of need, he had not lost faith in love. He had loved in his heart, "at least I have loved left, which is worth while in itself, and, having that, I can yet work out some sort of happiness for us all." He had clung desperately to that hope, though the evidence was against it.  
He had been clinging to an illusion. When he found that it had nothing left. He was bewildered by the task of working out a happiness where no love was. How could he rebuild when he had not even wreckage with which to build?  
He went to live at the boarding house where he had been taking his meals, a dingy, cheerless establishment that had but the one merit of cheapness. He spent his evenings there alone, smoking too much, reading or working for Dick Holden. The cheap tobacco burned his tongue, and the

### IN MISERY FOR YEARS

Mrs. Courtney Tells How She Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Oskaloosa, Iowa.—"For years I was simply in misery from a weakness and awful pains—and nothing seemed to do me any good. A friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so and got relief right away. I can certainly recommend this valuable medicine to other women who suffer, for it has done such good work for me and I know it will help others if they give it a fair trial."  
—Mrs. LIZZIE COURTNEY, 108 8th Ave., West, Oskaloosa, Iowa.

Why will women drag along from day to day, year in and year out, suffering such misery as did Mrs. Courtney, when such letters as this are continually being published. Every woman who suffers from displacements, irregularities, inflammation, ulceration, backache, nervousness, or who is passing through the Change of Life should give this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial. For special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its long experience is at your service.

loneliness, more than ever, ate into his soul. He thought of going out to call on the Jim Blaisdells or for dinners with the men he had used to know. But he shrank from that because he supposed his old friends must be saying, "That David Quentin—poor Davy—has quite petered out, hasn't he?" as probably they were.  
He had sense enough to understand that these nights were not good for him.  
Boarding houses that are both good and cheap are not easy to find. David took his problem to Esther Summers. It made an excuse for a minute's chat. He liked to watch the dancing lights in those expressive gray eyes.  
"Do you happen to know of any pretty good boarding house? I say pretty good because it has to be pretty cheap too. The place I'm at now is a nightmare. They're always trying onions. And the star boarder is a haberdashery clerk. He looks like an advertisement of ready made clothes and talks out of the side of his mouth in what he thinks is an English accent. He's always talking to me about the squabs on his staff."  
"What is a squab?" she asked.  
"I'm not quite sure, but I think it's a wholly imaginary creature much taken by the charms of haberdashery clerks."  
"I see. I don't think of any place now unless— She hesitated doubtfully.  
"Unless what?"  
"My aunt has a third story room that is empty. It's a very nice room, though it isn't furnished now. There are only two other roomers, who are very quiet and never bother any one. We never fry onions, and there is a pretty good boarding house only a block away. You could get your meals there."

"It sounds like the very thing. I could furnish the room myself with some of my stuff that's in storage, and— Do you happen to live there?"  
"I happen to. Of course if that's an objection"— She laughed.  
"Would you let me set my door on a crack when you sing?"  
She nodded. "Since you'd probably do it anyhow!"  
"Then I think I could waive that objection. Would you mind speaking to your aunt about it?"  
"This very night," she said.  
"That is how David went to live under the same roof that sheltered Esther Summers."  
It seemed a harmless arrangement. He saw her very rarely there. In the morning he left the house before she did, at the end of the day stayed longer at the office, not by intention, but because his work called for longer hours. In the evening she stayed with her faded old aunt in their part of the house. The other roomers were as quiet and exclusive as the prospectus had promised. So David in his new quarters, pleasant enough once his things had been installed, was left alone with his books, his letters to Shirley and his work for the successful Dick Holden.

But there was something in that house—not to be accounted for by mere creature comforts—that made it easier to fight off the blue devils of loneliness and took away a little of the reminder's stings when some tantalizing shape appeared in his tobacco clouds. Every morning he was awakened by her voice at the piano, a few minutes of scales and then one song, always a true matin song, full of hope and the sheer joy of living. In the evening she sang again, a little longer at scales and another song, sometimes two. Then David's door would be set on a crack, and he would lean back in his chair, listening and thrilling with some emotion as vague but as beautiful as a very good idea in ecclesiastical architecture. Sometimes a film would come over his eyes. It is not clear why, for when she sang he forgot to remember that he was a failure, that he was in mourning for a love lately dead and that he had become a mere drudge for money.  
One evening when he had been under that roof for nearly three weeks she did not stop with the second or even the third song. Ballads and arias followed until she had sung steadily for more than an hour.  
Up in his room David sat thinking earnestly. After a long while he rose from his chair, set up the easel and began to work, not on a pretty, pretty picture for Dick Holden, but on an idea of his own that lately had been haunting him.  
That became a habit in his spare hours.  
Swiftly the new idea took form, as the flower grows in the field—without travail or effort. He worked harder than ever at Jonathan's drawings those days—hot, lazy days they were, too—to earn release a half hour earlier, and he swallowed his dinners more hastily than was wise. Then when no hack

### POTATO CROP DISEASES

Most Serious of Them Widely Established in Old Ontario.

Varieties of Grains Which Give Heaviest Yields—O. A. C. No. 21 Best Barley of All—Get Everything in Readiness for Spring Spraying Now.



"There's talk that St. Mark's is going to build."

work for Dick Holden was to be done he sat at his easel sketching until the clock struck an hour—more often two—after midnight. Esther's aunt was a model landlady and had nothing to say about extravagance in gas.  
He did not pat himself with the remark, "They will have to come to me yet." He never even thought of that. Neither did he say, "I am doing a big thing," having no opinion at all as to whether the thing was little or big. But he whistled softly, and he went to bed always in a warm, mellow glow that merged easily into sound, restful sleep. In the morning he awoke ready, even eager, for the new day.  
He even took some pleasure in his work for Dick Holden. It was Dick who gave him a bit of interesting news. David had called that noon to get data for some plans Dick wanted him to make.  
"I could do them myself," the latter explained. "But I'm loafing this sum-

mer. I'm in town only because there's talk that St. Mark's is going to build."  
David did not wince. "And to pay tribute into your coffers?"  
"That's what I'm here for," grinned Dick.  
"And what are you going to give them?"  
"I don't know." Dick waved a confident hand. "Whatever they want."  
"I'm working out an idea," David suggested a little timidly, "that maybe you can use. Drop around to my room some time and I'll show it to you."  
"Why, yes; I'll drop around some time," rather too carelessly said Dick, who was no longer so thoughtful in little things. Too much success seemed to be going to his head.  
David flushed and dropped the subject. Dick, too, dropped it, both from tongue and mind.  
A few evenings later, while David was working on his new idea, violin strains rose from the parlor. But he did not go down, though Jonathan and Esther made music until the evening was no longer young. It was a good hour for work. The harmonies from below awoke other harmonies in his heart and clarified his vision. That evening he completed a first sketch of the interior—the picture you get looking toward the altar from a point well back in the nave. It was good even as a sketch, for he had seen very clearly and worked eagerly.  
When it was finished he sat back and looked at it for a long time while the music from the parlor flooded up to him.  
"I should have been doing this all along," he said to himself.  
Nor did he notice that the music had ceased. He did not know even that he was no longer alone until a voice broke in on his reverie.  
"He doesn't look very hospitable, does he?"  
"Maybe," said another, "he doesn't feel that way."  
David jumped to his feet and peered over the easel at Jonathan and Esther.  
"But he does, indeed. Visitors," he announced, "are requested to stay on this side of the door."  
They stepped within. "Since you wouldn't come down," Jonathan explained, "of course we had to come up, though Miss Summers almost lost her courage on the way. She said we were taking a liberty."  
"But I didn't," she protested in some confusion. "I only said—"  
"That you don't seem to care much for company," Jonathan completed her sentence. "She was mistaken, I trust."  
"Woefully," smiled David. "And I've had company all evening. They played and sang and helped me to work." He waved a hand toward the easel.  
"Do you think," Jonathan inquired of Esther, "we may take that as a compliment?"  
"I'm not quite sure," she answered.  
"She means," chuckled Jonathan, who seemed to be enjoying himself hugely, "she must see the work before she commits herself. It is allowed—"  
(To be Continued)

### POTATO CROP DISEASES

Most Serious of Them Widely Established in Old Ontario.

Varieties of Grains Which Give Heaviest Yields—O. A. C. No. 21 Best Barley of All—Get Everything in Readiness for Spring Spraying Now.

OFFICIALS of the Ontario Department of Agriculture inspected 313 seed potato fields in Northern Ontario last year of 278 acres, and 119 fields qualified for certified seed. It is estimated that there were 16,000 bushels of certified seed secured from Northern Ontario. All of this is being shipped to Old Ontario to be planted this year.  
The survey which was made last year by inspectors to detect diseases in the potatoes was spread over 32 counties, although the reports from four of that number are not included in the statistics because of irregularities in the work. The territory covered was from Northumberland and Peterborough counties west to Essex, not including Simcoe and Victoria. It was found in this survey that an average of 15 per cent. of the potatoes had the most serious disease of Leaf Roll, and that 7 per cent. were affected with Mosaic, a total of 22 per cent. affected by disease. An interesting fact revealed by the survey is that the diseases are most common along the shores of Lake Ontario, through Dufferin and Wellington counties, and along the shore of Lake Erie through to Essex county. Farther north the percentage of disease is much smaller. While the average for the two diseases is 22 per cent., some of the counties showed a much higher rate, as Haldimand 29, Welland 61.7, Lincoln 33.5, Wentworth 26.6, Brant 44.8, Halton 32.1, Peel 51.9 and York 25.4. The standard in this province permits of two per cent. Leaf Roll in No. 1 seed and 5 per cent. in No. 2. In severe Mosaic the percentage is the same, although in slight Mosaic the figures are doubled.  
The cause of these diseases is not known. Whether there is some organism, or whether the climate has something to do with them, is a matter of doubt. Prof. P. A. Murphy, of Charlottetown, who is the Chief Pathologist for potatoes for the Dominion, and who is attached to the Central Experimental Farm, is at work on this problem, and it is hoped that before many months the cause will be known. At any rate, it is known that the diseases are more common in potatoes in the Southern States. That is why it is expected Ontario seed potatoes will be in demand there in a few years.

### Leading Varieties of Spring Grain.

The old six-rowed barley gave way to the Mandscheuri, and that in turn has given place to the O.A.C. No. 21, which is now grown throughout Ontario to the exclusion of practically all other varieties. The Egyptian and the Black Tartarian varieties of oats which were popular at one time have been largely displaced by the Banner and more recently by the O.A.C. No. 72 and the O.A.C. No. 3 varieties. The O.A.C. No. 72 variety has a comparatively strong vigorous straw, spreading head, and white grain of good quality, the hull being quite thin. In experiments at the Ontario Agricultural College it has surpassed the Banner in yield per acre in each of nine out of ten years. It has made a phenomenal record in connection with the Ontario Standing Field Crop Competitions, taking more first prizes than all other varieties of oats combined. The O.A.C. No. 3 variety is ten days earlier than the Banner or the O.A.C. No. 72, and is an excellent variety for mixing with barley when it is desirable to grow the two in combination. Of the spring wheats the Red Fife, the Marquis and the Wild Goose are the principal varieties. At the present time, however, when the demand for wheat for bread production is so urgent the Marquis and the Red Fife, and especially the former, should be grown as extensively as possible in Ontario. Spring rye does not yield equal to winter rye but its cultivation will perhaps be increased somewhat during the present year. The O.A.C. No. 61 variety has given the best results, surpassing all other kinds in yield of grain per acre.—Dr. C. A. Zavitz, O. A. College, Guelph.

### Prepare for Spring Spraying.

Efficient and economic spraying is hard to attain with the use of poor machinery. The power sprayer is an expensive piece of machinery, but it is effective when properly handled. Usefulness can be greatly impaired by improper care. To secure the highest degree of efficiency in spraying the maintenance of high pressure is necessary. Probably high pressure is not needed in all cases; it is, however, true that by means of it more thorough and, consequently, more effective work can be done in a much shorter time and with much less effort.  
The agitation of the liquid in the tank is another important matter. In the case of most sprays, the individual particles that make up the insecticide are suspended in the water. Unless the sprayer is equipped with a good agitator, these particles will settle to the bottom, rendering the mixture in the top of the tank weaker than it should be, and that in the bottom stronger, and possibly in some cases too strong for safe application.  
It is needless to say that the care of spraying machinery should never be neglected. Indeed, the spraying outfit should never be put away after using until the mixture is thoroughly cleared out from all parts of the pump, rod, piping, hose and nozzles by running clear water through them. The water should be drained from the engine, and all parts cleaned and oiled.—Prof. Jno. Evans, O. A. College, Guelph.

### IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)  
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#### LESSON FOR APRIL 6

##### GOD THE FATHER ALMIGHTY.

LESSON TEXTS—Genesis 1:1, 7; Psalms 102:1-4; Matthew 6:24-34.  
GOLDEN TEXT—Our Father who art in heaven, hallowed be thy name.—Matthew 6:9.  
ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Deuteronomy 6:4, 5; Psalms 145:1-21; Isaiah 63:3; Matthew 22:35-38; John 4:24; 1 John 4:7-16.  
PRIMARY TOPIC—The Heavenly Father's care for his children.  
JUNIOR TOPIC—God our Creator and Father.  
INTERMEDIATE TOPIC—What we owe to our Father in Heaven.

I. God the Creator (Gen. 1:1, 27).  
God was before all things. God the uncaused cause is the cause of all things. "Before the mountains were brought forth, or ever thou hadst formed the earth and the world, even from everlasting to everlasting, thou art God." (Psalm 90:2). The universe came into being by the will and act of the personal being called God. In verse one is enunciated the sublime philosophy of every right life. In the beginning of all science and philosophy—God; in the beginning of every life—God; in the beginning of every day—God; in the beginning of every business—God; in the beginning of every thought, plan and human relationship—God. Conviction as to this sets one free from the false philosophy of the age. Man himself is a creation of God, not an evolution. Man was created in the likeness and image of God. This precludes the foolish idea that man ascended from and through a brute. He came into being by a special creative act of God, having been preceded by a special council of the Godhead (Gen. 1:26, 27). Those who believe this record repudiate the Darwinian theory of man's origin as not only a human vagary, but a vicious philosophy inspired by the devil. When man came forth from the Creator's hands he was neither a savage nor a baby; he possessed the powers of a mature man. As an example of the maturity of his intellect, he named the animals as they passed before him.  
II. God the Preserver (Psalms 103:1-14).  
All created things would perish were it not for the preserving mercies of God. It embraces the following gracious beneficial acts: 1. Forgives all iniquities (v. 3). Pardon is the prime necessity if mortal things are to be preserved. 2. Health all diseases (v. 3). This refers to the healing of the body and the soul. Renovation of man's moral nature is necessary. 3. Redeemeth the life from destruction (v. 4). Redemption implies the payment of all demands against the debtor. God in Christ performs the part which the individual failed to perform, and crowns him with the full right of citizenship in his kingdom. 4. "Satisfieth thy mouth" (v. 5). This means that God satisfies all legitimate desires and thus the youth is renewed. The original capacities are restored to their native vigor. 5. Executeth righteousness and judgment (vv. 6-14). The wrongs of life are righted and thus man is relieved of the burdens which they entail. He extends his pity toward us.

##### III. God Our Father (Matt. 6:24-34).

Christ came to reveal the Father. The subjects of the kingdom will love him as a child loves its father.  
1. Unguided affection (v. 24). The child of the heavenly Father makes the unequivocal choice between God and the world, for unless God has the first place he has no place.  
2. Not anxious about food and clothing (vv. 25-32). (1) It is useless (v. 27). Anxiety can bring nothing. "My God will supply all our needs" (Phil. 4:19). (2) It shows distrust of the Father (vv. 28-30). In the measure that one is anxious about these things he shows his lack of faith in the ability and love of God. If we would please God we must come to him in faith (Heb. 11:6). The birds and flowers shame us in this (vv. 26-28). (3) It is heathenish (v. 32). We do not wonder that those who are ignorant of God should manifest anxiety, but for his children to do so is to play the heathen. He knows that we have need of temporal things and if he cares for the flowers and birds he will surely not allow his children to suffer.  
3. He diligently seeks the kingdom of God (vv. 33, 34). He subordinates temporal things to things of the spirit. This shows the right relationship that a child of God is to sustain to secular affairs. This does not mean that a child of God does not exercise proper forethought in making a support for himself and family. The warning is not against legitimate forethought, but against worry.

##### Forgetfulness of Self.

A true perception of the Gospel is the entire forgetfulness of self, utter absence of any pretension, and the complete and entire refusal to accept the world's praise or judgment.—General ("Chinese") Gordon.  
He Who Loves God.  
One who loves God truly asks no other compensation than God himself; for if he should demand something else, it would be the prize that he loved, and not God.—Bernard of Clairvaux.

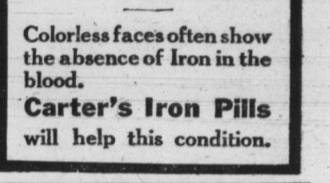


### Nature's First Law

is order—regularity. Obey it in your own body.

Keep your liver active and your bowels regular and natural. Good health is possible in no other way.

One pill a day is the regular rule. Two—perhaps three—now and then, if necessary.



Twice Cited for Bravery.  
To have been cited by the French for bravery twice since his arrival in France in January is the record of Professor Stephen H. Bush of the University of Iowa. In the wake of the first official announcement came a lengthy cablegram with the details of his second citation. "Courage and tenacity in bringing in wounded over exposed places" were conspicuous on the part of Professor Bush, who is working for the Y. M. C. A. with the Moroccan divisions.  
The cablegram further declares that the "French are devoted to Professor Bush and the other Y. M. C. A. workers in his division and are gaining a high opinion of Americans through contact with them." Professor Bush is head of the department of romance languages at the university.—Iowa University News Letter.

### Camels as War Animals.

The importance of camels in transporting war supplies across the deserts has officially been recognized by the sultan of Egypt. Special medals were conferred recently upon native members of the camel corps for war service at exercises at which the presentations were made by the sultan.

### The International Sunday School executive approved the plan to raise twenty millions for religious education.

Jackie and Teddie West and Johnnie Miller of Fort Dover lost their lives as a result of the first-named breaking through the ice when skating.

### Farmers, Attention!

Make money in your spare time during the Fall and Winter months by selling Hardy Canadian Nursery Stock.  
British and European markets will be open again for Canadian Fruit and now is the time to order for spring planting.  
Largest list of Fruit & Ornamental Stock, Seed Potatoes, etc., grown in Canada.  
Write for Particulars.

Stone & Wellington  
the Old Reliable  
FONTHILL NURSERIES  
(Established 1837)  
TORONTO, ONT.

### THE SUN LIFE

is Canada's Leading Assurance Company

And if not already a Policy Holder it will pay you to interview the Local Agent.  
W. M. ALLEN  
Carleton Place.  
Total assurance in force 1915—\$257,404,160.00  
Assets.....\$74,326,423.00  
JOHN R. & W. L. REID  
Managers Eastern Ontario,  
Sun Life Building,  
OTTAWA.

### INSURANCE!

Fire, Accident, Sick, Plate Glass Guarantee and Liability Insurance.

All Old Established Companies.  
W. H. ALLEN.

Advertisement for Nature's Remedy for Liver Ills. Includes an illustration of the product box and text: "Better than Pills For Liver Ills. NR Tonight—Tomorrow Alright".

Capital and Reserve, \$3,600,000  
Total Assets, Nov. 30th, 1918, over \$153,000,000

**DON'T KEEP MONEY**

lying around the house. If it is not convenient to go and deposit it in the nearest branch of the Union Bank of Canada, send it in by registered mail. This is called "Banking by Mail" and thousands of savings accounts are operated in just this way. Payments and withdrawals can be made by cheque.

**UNION BANK OF CANADA**

CARLETON PLACE BRANCH, D. B. OLIVER, Manager.  
STITTVILLE BRANCH, W. A. L. BURCHILL, Manager.  
KINBURN BRANCH, P. MACLEOD, Manager.  
PAKENHAM BRANCH, A. C. THOMSON, Manager.

**PUBLIC SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS**

Following are the results at the March Public School examinations:

**QUEEN'S SCHOOL.**

MISS McEWEEN'S ROOM.

Primer Class—1, Howard McNeely, 2, Ronald Campbell, 3, Hazel Okilman, 4, Tom Hastings, George Macpherson, Jack O'Donovan, 5, Jack Bennett, 6, Ronald Cunningham, 7, Donald Moore, 8, Margaret Porterfield, 9, Joseph Warner.

**LEACH SCHOOL.**

MISS SHERLOCK'S ROOM.

II Class—1, Evelyn Shepherd, 2, Jennie Lever, 3, Gordon Lackey, 4, Charlie Johnston, 5, Constance Cram, 6, Lauren Thoms, 7, Allan Bradford, 8, Eleanor Lackey, 9, Austen Garvin, 10, Cecile Kennedy.

**MISS ROBERTSON'S ROOM.**

1, Constance McMillen and Kathleen Hawkins, 2, Willie McKim, 3, Doris Porter, 4, Victor Bennett, 5, Mary Godfrey, 6, Lyle Menzies, 7, Blanche Howard, 8, Lorraine Whyte, 9, Merrill Houston, 10, Margaret MacGregor.

**TOWN HALL SCHOOL.**

MISS MULLETT'S ROOM.

Primer Class Srs.—1, Elizabeth Riggs, 2, Ellreth McDaniel, 3, Alice Gardiff, 4, Laura Bigras, 5, Daniel Chartrand, 6, Margaret Prime, 7, Keith Cole, 8, Lorne Patterson, 4, John Donald.

**MISS L. ANDERSON'S ROOM.**

First Book—1, Kenneth Duck, 2, Emily Clarke, 3, Hiram Purdy, 4, Harvey Campbell, 5, Florence Bleach, 6, Anna Mary Clarke, 7, Ruby Campbell, 8, Margaret Kellough, 9, Dorothy Hastings, 10, Kenneth Findlay.

**MISS A. ANDERSON'S ROOM.**

Sr. III—1, Molly Cumbers, Ida Muirhead, 2, Hugh Box, 3, Jack McPhail, 4, Rosamond Findlay, Wynne Burgess, Laura Porter, 5, Hazel Miller, 6, Muriel Sherlock, 7, Willie Reynolds, Eleanor Langtry, 8, Ruth Godden, Albert Bennett, Carol Williams, 9, Morna McDaniel.

**MISS McLAREN'S ROOM.**

Jr. IV—1, Gladys Powell, 2, James Graham, 3, Bessie Lewis, 4, Crissie Stewart and James Misener, 5, Grace Reynolds, 6, Jean Bennett and Earl Cooke, 7, Theodore Nesbitt, 8, Hiram McCann, 9, Gladwyn MacDougall, 10, George Goodwin.

**CENTRAL SCHOOL.**

MISS McCALLUM'S ROOM.

Austin Wright, Onna Culbertson, Eileen Edwards, Eddie Misener, Irene Valley, Bert Powell, Aylwin McAllister, Mary Reid, Melvin Moulton, Willie Hurdis, May Craig, Clolida Kennedy, Violet Craig.

**MISS LEACH'S ROOM.**

First Book—1, Eddie Bittle, 2, Lillian Porteous, 3, Muriel Funerton, 4, Geneva Wilson, 5, Sydney Willis, 6, Doris Richards, 7, Lorne Garvin, 8, Ethel Willis, 9, Allen Gallipo, 10, Lawrence Wright.

**MISS DEVLIN'S ROOM.**

1, Alma Whalen, 2, Mary Anderson, 3, Doris Menzies, 4, Lillian Rudolph, 5, Albert Howard, 6, Hyman Rudolph, 7, Dorothy Crawford, 8, Pearl Arbuckle, 9, Laurence Saunders, 10, Ralph McPherson.

**MISS CASWELL'S ROOM.**

Jr. III—1, Alice Lackey, 2, Lloyd Saunders, 3, Argyle Dunlop, 4, Dorothy Thom, 5, Annabel McPhail, 6, Flossie Nesbitt, 7, Marion Ferguson, 8, Allan Campbell, 9, Teresa Parsons, 10, Allan Wilson.

**MISS CRAM'S ROOM.**

II Bk. Class—1, Bessie Ballantyne, 2, Kathleen MacPhail and Beatrice Thompson, 3, Mary Cumming, 4, Charlie Morrow, 5, Victor Smith, 6, Clayton Flynn, 7, Dolly Bleach and Mary Downey, 8, Lynden Lawson, 9, Wilfred Lewis, 10, Harris McJann.

**MISS MALLINSON'S ROOM.**

Jr. III—1, Marguerite Menzies, 2, Olive Powell, 3, Jack McGregor, 4, Walter McMullen, 5, Cecil Brundige, 6, Ethel Bradford, 7, Burt Brown, 8, Edith

**IN THE LEGISLATURE**

Toronto, Mar. 29.—The Legislature has commenced to wake up, and during the past week considerable progress has been made with the work of the session. A great many important matters, however, remain to be dealt with before prorogation.

Thirteen bills now appear upon the Order Paper ready for third reading. The Government manages to reduce the number of questions outstanding from time to time, but the Opposition is in an inquisitive mood and continuously plies the Government with further interrogations.

Two important motions emanating from the Liberal side of the House will come up for discussion during the ensuing week, one by Mr. Parliament, of Prince Edward, demanding a commission to study the reasons for the decline in rural population, which has been outstanding for some time, and the other by Col. Atkinson, of N. Norfolk, in regard to the necessities of the present readjustment period succeeding the war. Mr. Atkinson impresses upon the Government the necessity for passing legislation to provide for such matters as a fair wage, fair prices for the product of the farm, encouraging men to go back to the land, pensions for widows with dependent children, the suppression of feeble-mindedness and social diseases, and by making a close study of all matters relating to the health and welfare of the people of the province (including unemployment) with a view to the enlargement of the comfort and happiness of the people.

**THE DEWART CHARGES.** Early in the week the Prime Minister announced the appointment of Sir William Meredith, Chief Justice of Ontario, to investigate the charges made by Mr. H. H. Dewart, M.P.P. for S. W. Toronto, in connection with the enforcement of the liquor law in the province, and particularly in regard to the allegations against the conduct of Officers of the Government in the Honier liquor case. Mr. Peter White, K.C., has been appointed to assist the Chief Justice in the conduct of the investigation. Mr. Ayearst has been suspended pending the investigation, and one of the results of the charges has been the resignation of Geo. E. Morrison, a provincial license inspector. The Government in referring the public accounts which Mr. Dewart wishes investigated, to the Public Accounts Committee.

Subsequent to the appointment of the commissioner, Mr. Proudfoot, the Leader of the Opposition, raised certain questions in the House, as follows: (1) Whether the appointment of Sir William Meredith as a commissioner would come before the House as a Motion for consideration; (2) whether counsel, who may call witnesses, will be allowed and paid to represent the Opposition upon the hearing before the commission; (3) whether the scope of the commissioner's powers has been more fully considered by the Government; (4) whether the commissioner's powers include an investigation into the administration of the O.T.A. and the enforcement of the law and matters arising out of or relating to the conduct of the liquor branch of the department.

The reply of the Premier was that the Government is issuing the Commission itself and that no other counsel would be appointed except Mr. Peter White to assist the Commission. The

Patterson, 9, Kenneth Crawford, 10, Archie Fraser.

**MISS STURGEON'S ROOM.**

Sr. III—1, Clare Baker, 2, Albert Steele, 3, Walter Kennedy, 4, Walter McIlquham, 5, Marjory Oliver, 6, Earl MacPherson, 7, Edna Pretty, 8, Alena Perry, Elmer Barber, 9, Percy Bond, 10, Mary Hooper, 11, Fred Newman, 12, Frances McDiarmid.

**ENTRANCE CLASS.**

1, Jean Findlay and Helen Monds, 2, Mary McLaren, Gordon Taylor and Margaret Wethey, 3, Eleanor Muirhead, 4, Janie Morphy, Iva Shaw, Bessie Vexler, 5, Ethel Langtry, 6, Margaret Dunfield, 7, Annie Bolton, Willie Patterson, 8, Maude McFadden.

R. J. ROBERTSON, Principal.

Commission would only investigate the matters specifically charged by Mr. Dewart, and the Public Accounts Committee would be an avenue whereby Mr. Dewart could secure whatever information he sought relating to the accounts. Mr. Dewart supported Mr. Proudfoot in his demand for representation by counsel, but it is unlikely that this will be granted.

**NOTES**

A bill to regulate the sale of shares, bonds, etc., has been introduced by the Attorney-General. The bill appoints a commissioner to examine into the kind of shares which promoters desire to place upon the market. It is expected, however, that this bill will fall through on account of the opposition which has developed to it throughout the country. The Attorney-General said that the principle of "blue-sky" legislation had been endorsed by a great number of competent judges, but when it came to drafting a bill the difficulties had been found almost insurmountable.

The Government has at last accepted the argument of Liberal members in regard to permitting women to take seats in the Legislature if elected, and also permitting them to be elected to municipal office. At the time of the passing of the Franchise Act of 1917 giving women the right to vote in Ontario Provincial Elections the Liberals emphasized the logic of following this up by permitting those new voters to represent the people if so desired. The Liberals could not suppress their mirth at this fresh evidence of the Government's pettiness in voting down Liberal proposals and afterwards adopting them as their own.

The Government also introduced a bill to enable farmers' wives to become members of School Boards.

Estimates to the tune of over \$3,000,000 were passed during the week. Two interesting items were \$10,000 for medical and dental inspection in public and separate schools, and \$214,000 for technical education. The items were closely criticized but went through without any particular friction.

Mr. Proudfoot, the Liberal Leader, again opposed the double salary for J. A. Ellis in connection with the new housing scheme. Mr. Ellis already receives a salary as member of the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board.

A change in the truancy laws will be effected by means of a new bill respecting school attendance, under which authority to appoint truant officers is transferred from the police commissioners to the School Boards.

Hon. Dr. Cody, Minister of Education is ill, and the legislation regarding consolidated rural schools was brought in by the Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines. The bill is not compulsory in any way but grants local option to rural schools in the matter of consolidation. A grant of \$100,000 has been voted for meeting the problem of transportation of pupils.

An interesting bill has for its object the development of community halls and athletic grounds in the rural districts of the province. The Government will make a grant of 25% of the cost of constructing a community hall up to a maximum of \$2,000.

The commander of the allied troops has declared Finne to be in a state of siege.

John Vegryniuk was hanged at Cornwall for the murder of Thomas Zevski at Winchester on December 10.

A bill to create a Federal Department of Public Health was introduced in the Commons by Hon. N. W. Rowell.

The German authorities, according to report to Paris, have refused to allow 800 Polish refugees to land at Dantzig.

Dr. Decehan of Hamilton, his wife and one child died during the night of "flu," and three other children are critically ill of the disease in hospital.

**CHURCH DIRECTORY.**

Topics where given are for the following Sabbath.

**Baptist Church**

REV. MR. J. F. FORSYTHE, Pastor.

Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

The Pastor to preach.

**St. Andrews Church**

REV. J. MONDS B.A., Pastor.

Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

A.M.—Present and Future Faith.

P.M.—Service of Praise.

**Methodist Church**

REV. ELWOOD LAWSON, Pastor.

Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

The Pastor to preach.

**St. James Church**

REV. CANON ELLIOTT, Rector.

Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

**Zion Presbyterian Church**

Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

REV. W. A. DOBSON, B.A. B.D., pastor

A.M.—Mr. J. H. Lavery, of Toronto, will speak on War Relief work.

P.M.—The Infection of Sin.

**Knox Church, Beckwith**

REV. J. W. S. LOWRY, Pastor.

Services—11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

**St. Paul's, Franktown**

REV. MR. LOWRY, Pastor.

**TERRIBLE AGONY FROM RHEUMATISM**

**A Sufferer Shows How Complete Relief Was Obtained**

Rheumatism is a trouble extremely difficult to get rid of. If a tendency to rheumatism is established in the system it makes itself manifest by a return of the acute pains with every spell of bad weather. This is why so many people think the trouble is due to cold or damp. The fact is known, however, to medical men, that with the appearance of rheumatism there is a rapid thinning of the blood, and that the rheumatic poisons are only expelled from the system when the blood is restored to its normal condition. This means that to drive rheumatism from the system it must be treated through the blood, and for this purpose no other medicine has been so successful as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills renew and enrich the blood, thus driving out the rheumatic poison, easing the aching, painful, swollen joints, and restoring the victim to general good health. Among the rheumatic sufferers who have been cured by the use of this medicine is Mrs. Wm. Johnston, Chatham, Ont., who says: "Some years ago, while living in Mount Forest, I was stricken with inflammatory rheumatism, from which I suffered terrible agony. Neither the doctor who attended me, nor the remedies I tried gave more than a little relief for a time, and as a consequence, I grew very weak and was on the verge of nervous prostration. At this stage an uncle advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as they had cured him of a severe attack of rheumatism. I took his advice and faithfully used the pills for several months, when I found myself fully restored to health with every vestige of the rheumatism and every symptom of the nerve trouble gone. I have had no return of either trouble since, and feel very grateful for what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did for me."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can be obtained through any medicine dealer, or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co. Brockville, Ont.

**Raising Mushrooms**

The culture of mushrooms is an interesting branch of horticulture and when successfully carried out it gives large profits. The soil requires to be very rich; on its consistence and the method of handling the bed much depends. Beds are commenced by the distribution of mycelium or spawn which is procurable in brick form generally from seedsmen. The proper handling of the bed from its construction through the various stages of the development of the crop are covered in Pamphlet No. 22 of the Central Experimental Farm, which is obtainable from the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa. Tomato culture in the open as well as under glass is also dealt with in this pamphlet which devotes a small amount of space to the forcing of rhubarb in winter.

Moses Beauchamp, living a couple of miles from Penetanguishene, died a moment after remarking that he guessed he would go like Charles McGibbon of Penetanguishene, who died of an apoplectic fit on Saturday.

Support of the unemployed is costing the municipality of greater Berlin one million marks a day. A clerical force of 2,300 with a weekly payroll of 100,000 marks is required to keep track of the army of workless people.

Lloyd Smuck of Richmond, a well-known hockey player, has, while ill with a severe attack of influenza fever recovered his hearing and is regaining the power of speech, which he lost through typhoid fever in childhood.

**Taber & Co.**

**Women's and Young Girls' SUITS** at **\$25** and **\$35** **FOR EASTER**

Another big range of popular styles in **Serge Suits** will be shown on **Thursday, Friday and Saturday**

**SUITS FOR WOMEN** in staple, wearable styles, made of **All-wool Botany Serges, silk-lined** at **\$25.00 and \$35.00**

**SUITS FOR YOUNG GIRLS** in beautiful new styles, box backs, cape backs, and many belted styles, in fact styles for every taste, braid and button trimmings, silk-lined Coats, and made of good Botany Wool Serges, **\$25 and \$35**

**Taber & Co.**

**CLOTHING Snaps for Spring**

A range of **Boys' Tweed Suits**, sizes 26 to 33, to clear at **\$5.00**  
Also a line of **Men's Tweed Suits**, sizes 35 to 40, at **\$12.00**

**Full stock of Men's Furnishings**  
Nice line of **Coarse and Fine Boots and Rubbers.**

We carry the famous **Miner Rubber**, known all over the world.

A big range of samples to choose from in the **Semi-ready Clothing.**

**LEWIS & FRIZELL**

BRIDGE STREET, CARLETON PLACE

**ABDALLAH'S**

**Start Your Spring Sewing Early**

We are prepared to assist you with a large range of suitable fabrics for Spring Garments.

<b>SILKS</b>	<b>DRESS GOODS</b>	<b>WASH GOODS</b>
Fine quality of Silks, in Taffetas, Messaline, Silk Poplin, Crepe de Chene, in the most fashionable colors in plain or stripes.	Wool Serges in the new spring colors, Black, Navy, Brown, Burgandy, Grey, Sand and Copen. Checked Tweeds suitable for Spring Suits and Separate Skirts.	New Cotton Voiles, Gingham, Pique, Crepe, Muslin, Galateas, Dress Duck.

The above mentioned are displayed at our store this week and ready for your inspection, and it is our pleasure to serve you.

**H. ABDALLAH**

**McDiarmid Block** Carleton Place  
Telephone No. 223

**CHOICE SEED CORN**

This is especially cured for seeding purposes, and is the nicest Seed I have ever seen. Germination test from 95 to 100 p.c.

Be sure you get some of this before it is all gone.

**C. F. BURGESS,** Can. Food Board License No. 9-279

Headquarters for the Lake of the Woods Co. products