

LYING IN STATE.

Sir John's Body Carried from the Blenheim's Mortuary Chamber.

And the Basket Placed in the Provincial Building.—The Streets on Route Lined up the 63rd Regiment.

(From the Daily Sun of the 2nd Inst.) Halifax, Jan. 1.—This New Year's day will be unique in the history of Halifax. The time honored festivities are all abandoned and the whole city is in mourning.

For the first time since its settlement, one hundred and forty-six years ago, the public buildings are heavily draped inside and out, and from business houses and private dwellings there are similar manifestations of sorrow.

Today the remains of Sir John Thompson were brought home to his native city in the warship Blenheim, one of the fastest cruisers afloat. The booming of minute guns from York Redoubt at eleven o'clock was the signal that the ship was approaching the harbor, and as she steamed up past the forts the big guns of York Redoubt, McNab's and George's Islands belched out their thunders. The Blenheim dropped anchor off the Ordnance wharf at 11.30.

The snow of yesterday had turned to heavy rain today. There was a foot of slush under foot and rain fell in sheets. But notwithstanding this, the adjoining wharves, roofs of buildings, and streets were packed with people. It was intended to land the remains at noon, but this was postponed for two hours in the hope that the storm would hold up.

At two o'clock, however, the rain was as brisk as ever. But there was no diminution in the crowds. The body was landed on the Ordnance wharf, and placed in a massive mahogany casket, on the cover of which was a heavy cross of gold. The casket was wrapped in the Union Jack, and on it was a wreath of laurel leaves, placed there by Queen Victoria, and attached to which was a card in the Queen's handwriting with this inscription: "A mark of sincere sympathy and affection."

VICTORIA R. The casket was placed on a gun carriage, headed by the band of the King's regiment, which played the melancholy strains of the Dead March in Saul, and Beethoven's Funeral March, and escorted by a guard of honor of 200 imperial troops. Lieutenant General Montgomery Moore and staff, officers of the Canadian militia and a host of citizens were conveyed to the parliament building. The streets through which the procession passed were lined up the 63rd regiment.

At the province building the remains were placed on a catafalque in the legislative council chamber, which has been exquisitely draped with purple and black and decorated with a magnificent display of floral tributes. The coffin was carried from the gun carriage on the shoulders of twelve sergeants major, soldiers with fixed bayonets standing at each end of the casket.

Their excellencies the governor general and Countess Aberdeen were the first to look upon the face of the dead statesman after the remains were placed upon the catafalque, and it was a touching sight to see these representatives of royalty kneel before the mortal remains of their friend and friend to engage in silent prayer. Their example was followed by Governor Daly and Miss Daly. After the imperial officers had passed before the body the room was cleared and the two sons of the dead premier were escorted to the catafalque by Lord Aberdeen.

Most of the members of the Canadian government are here or are en route for Halifax.

Th governors and prime ministers of all the provinces are here or are coming.

The body of Sir John Thompson was removed tonight to the residence of John Pugh, where Lady Thompson is stopping.

It will be returned to council chamber early this morning, and will lie in state from 8 in the morning till 8 at night.

Thursday morning the body will be taken to St. Mary's cathedral, where requiem mass will begin at 9.30.

The funeral procession will leave the cathedral at 11 o'clock.

Senator Sanford, in an interview last night with a Sun representative, described the tour Sir John Thompson had taken in his company on the continent before coming to London to be sworn in member of the privy council. "Our visits in Italy," said Mr. Sanford, "were simply those of tourists, taking in the chief objects of interest on our way. We presented no letters of introduction and made no visit of any kind whatever, feeling that the place and objects which we went to see demanded all the time we had at our disposal." Senator Sanford described the return to London, the consultation with Dr. Travers, and referred with deep feeling to the kindness and sympathy of her majesty and to the sorrow awakened throughout England by the tragic death at Windsor castle.

He went on to describe the journey out on the Blenheim. He said they could have reached Halifax long before, but that in accordance with the wish of the dominion government, as cable to the admiralty, Captain Poe intended to drop his anchor in Halifax harbor at noon sharp on Tuesday and he did it to a second. Coming out, guards were stationed at the mortuary chamber morning and night. There was no disorder on board during the trip, and not only did Captain Poe and

his staff display their sympathy with the service into which the ship had been called, but the same spirit was shown by the men. This was particularly noticeable on Christmas day, which was passed quietly after divine service, the captain going to every mess table on the ship to partake with the men of the dinner at each. The senator said to understand the meaning of good will among men you should have been on board the Blenheim on Christmas day.

Said he: "As we lay off the harbor Monday night and in sight of the outer lights, the impression on my mind was one which will never fade. Anticipation of the events of the day that was to come occupied me, but I can say that as far as the transferring of the body on shore was concerned it was an example of that ready obedience which has made the fame of the British navy world wide, and on the part of the citizens of Halifax and the visitors it was a memorable display of true sorrow."

Halifax, Jan. 1.—H. M. S. Blenheim, England, was signalled off the mouth of the harbor at 10.45 this morning, and the signal, a British ensign with white pennant above a blue ball centre, was run up on the citadel staff. When the big cruiser arrived off Fort York Redoubt, the outermost fortification of the harbor, the cannon, high up on the rocky caverns of the stern sentry, boomed forth salute of five minute guns. Hardly had they ceased when the salute was taken up by McNab's Island, and next by Fort George's on George's Island, in the centre of the harbor. The Blenheim steamed silently to the anchorage of the Ordnance wharf, where a large number of official people had gathered.

There was a heavy fall of rain all day and the situation for those watching the arrival of the funeral war ship was as unpleasant as could well be imagined. The moment the warship came to standstill, the imperial army transport, with Col. North, adjutant general of the imperial forces in North America, accompanied by Rev. Dr. Murphy, rector of St. Mary's cathedral, and Father Moriarty, steamed off from the Ordnance wharf. The dominion government steamer Argus left about the same time from Queenston, where it was anchoring off the Blenheim wharf, and the occupants of the ship then went on board.

Rev. Dr. Murphy and Father Moriarty immediately repaired to the mortuary chamber, where the liberal accompanying prayers were recited. The sons of the late premier were the only others present.

The draping of the Blenheim's mortuary chamber, as already cabled by the Associated Press, was very plain black and silver trimmings. On the foot of the coffin was her majesty's wreath with a card in her own handwriting. In addition to the electric lights in the cabin, were four candles burning, two on each side, near the ends of the casket. At the head there was a crucifix standing two or three feet above the coffin.

After consultation with the warship officers, Col. North issued an order that the remains would not be moved till 2 o'clock, instead of 12 noon as first intended. The thousands who thronged the wharves in the drenching rain soon dispersed and gathered again in full force at the appointed hour.

Just at 2 o'clock ten sailors bore the coffin up the companion way, the bugle sounded the assembly and all hands mustered on deck as the casket was borne out. The Blenheim's band commenced the Dead March in Saul, and the first gun of a royal salute boomed out. At the same time the marines on the Lily presented arms and every head on the Blenheim was bare. On arriving at the Ordnance wharf the same ten sailors placed the coffin on the gun carriage in waiting and the procession to the provincial parliament building was commenced.

On arrival at the parliament building the casket was removed to the lying in state chamber by ten non-commissioned officers of the imperial forces. The body will lie in state until tomorrow afternoon, when it will be removed to St. Mary's cathedral, where the state funeral services will be held on Thursday, the interment to take place in Holy Cross cemetery immediately afterwards.

Their excellencies Lord and Countess Aberdeen and staff, and Lieut. Gov. Daly and staff, were present at Ordnance wharf on the arrival of the body.

Ottawa, Jan. 1.—A special train for Halifax left at ten o'clock tonight. On board were Hon. Messrs. Haggart, Patterson and Wallace, members of the government, Speaker White, Archbishop Duhamel, Judge Burbridge, Senator Sullivan, Messrs. McKay, Car-gill, Metcalf, Corby, Hodgins, Boyd, Costworth, Bryson, Cochran and Quillett, M. P.'s deputy ministers Newcombe and Panet, and Mr. Langevin, clerk of the senate. A detachment of dominion police under Sergeant Slade was also on board.

(From The Daily Sun of the 3rd Inst.) Halifax, Jan. 2.—All day long from eight this morning until midnight a procession of citizens and visitors has been passing through the Province building, entering from Hollis street. The passages were divided into two walks, one for entrance and one for exit, and officers were in attendance to moderate the rush. The decorations of the council chamber where the body of the late ex-premier lies have already been described, but several important additions have been made to the floral tributes. The chief is an oval wreath five feet in diameter from the Queen. This wreath is framed on a background of holly and rare palms, and contains white flowers of various kinds. It is as fresh and bright as if made yesterday. On a broad white silk ribbon is the inscription "A mark of deep regret and sincere respect from Victoria R. L." Marquis Ripon sends a beautiful wreath of white immortelles. There

is a holly wreath from the colonial office, London, and the late premier's friends in Kings county, N. B., have sent a cross of carnations, lilies and maidenhair fern with a base of orchids and lily of valley, arranged by the accomplished florist, H. E. Gould.

At times during the day the crush of sightseers was tremendous.

There was universal disappointment that the casket could not be opened, as old friends of Sir John Thompson would have liked to see his face once more, even in death.

Only a few family connections were present when the casket was opened yesterday for the purpose of identification. Then it was sealed forever.

The casket lay last night at the house of M. Pugh, where Lady Thompson is staying. This morning it was conveyed to the Province building, whence it will be borne quietly to the cathedral. After service the procession will form at the cathedral for the cemetery.

During the requiem service at the buildings in the city has gone on. This is the first time that the outside of the public and private edifices have been extensively draped. But today crapes hangs from the outer walls of city, provincial and federal buildings, and nearly every church in the city is draped. The Glebe house, Academy of Music and Government house are heavily hung with symbols of mourning. The fence in front of the Ordnance wharf, the entrance to the Crimian heroes are also draped. The scene within the cathedral is in keeping with the spirit of the occasion.

Every seat in the building is covered with black. The massive pillars are enveloped in black, and the walls are relieved by white silk, surmounted by purple on the capitals. The choir has been enlarged and some of the leading singers in the city, taken from other choirs, will take part.

The St. John arrivals tonight included Attorney General Blair; Provincial Secretary Mitchell; Chief Commissioner of Public Works Emmerson; E. McLeod, M. P.; Hon. W. Pugsley; His Lordship Bishop Sweeney; Rev. Father Michaud, and J. R. Bruce of the Imperial force of Brunswick.

Surveyor General Tweedie, who was to have been one of the New Brunswick government representatives, fell on New Year's day and broke one of the bones of his ankle. The accident will cause his confinement to his house for at least a month.

The governors of Ontario, Quebec, Prince Edward Island and British Columbia are among those in the city. Judges Barker, Hanington and Landry are also here to represent the supreme court of New Brunswick.

The city is over-crowded with people, and hundreds are tonight unable to get hotel accommodation. During the requiem service at the cathedral on Thursday, His Grace Archbishop O'Brien will preside on the throne. The celebrant of the mass will be His Lordship Bishop Cameron of Antigonish; assistant priest, Rev. Dr. Murphy, St. Mary's; deacon, Rev. L. J. Daly of St. Joseph's; sub-dean, Rev. J. G. O'Bryan of St. Montreal; acolytes, Rev. Dr. Campbell and Rev. M. Carroll of St. Mary's; censor bearer, Rev. Dr. Foley, St. Mary's; master of ceremonies, Rev. J. Moriarty of St. Mary's. Archbishop O'Brien will deliver the funeral oration.

Ottawa, Jan. 2.—Sir Adolphe Caron has issued a notice that as a mark of respect to the memory of the late prime minister, the public offices will be closed until one o'clock tomorrow. The clerks of the privy council department forwarded a telegram of congratulation to Sir Mackenzie Bowell on the honor which Queen Victoria has been pleased to confer on him.

According to recent reports from Rome, Rev. Father Langevin of Winnipeg is to be the priest of St. Boniface in succession to Archbishop Tache.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 2.—His Honor Governor Shultz has requested N. Boyd, M. P., to officially represent him at the funeral services of Sir John Thompson tomorrow. Mr. Boyd bears with him an appropriate floral tribute from Governor and Mrs. Shultz.

A STORY OF THE NEW PREMIER. Chas. B. Halpin, one of the proprietors of the Manitoba Liberal, tells a good story of our new premier. Mr. Halpin was then running the Liberal office, the greatest exponent of public opinion in the Kootenay country. One day what the managing editor entered the office, and after looking around asked the printer to print for him a notice. Mr. Halpin gave him permission, but kept an eye on him with an uneasy feeling. The notice was a long one, "struck for a v." After awhile the stranger began to talk, and the managing, business and editorial staff were gathered around, nearly fainting in their tracks when he casually learned that the tramp printer adding types at the case was no other than the Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, minister of customs, just returned from a rough trip down the Columbia river into the Kootenay country on customs business. "Look at him," adds Mr. Halpin with a touch of pardonable pride as he expands his bosom, "five years ago he was working for me, now he is premier of Canada."

DIED AT GALT, ONT. The death is announced at his son's residence, Galt, Ont., of William B. Mercer, a native of Kings county, and for many years a resident of Apsalooka. He and most of the members of his family moved to Ontario some years ago and have since resided there. One son, Chas. B. Mercer, lives in Galt, another lives in Dakota and two others are also in the west. One daughter lives in Detroit, one in Nebraska, and two others, with their mother, are at present in Dakota. Another daughter is Mrs. Robert Weyman of this city. The late Mr. Mercer has many friends and relatives in Kings county.

A TERRIFIC SHOCK. Mrs. Bangleton was reading of a street car accident in Chicago to her husband. The cars ran together, she said, "and Miss Wagon was standing in the aisle, was thrown from her feet and" "What?" "Her husband," "those cars must have been going a hundred miles an hour!"—Detroit Free Press.

ALL THAT IS MORTAL

Of the Right Honorable Sir John Thompson Laid to Rest in Holy Cross Cemetery.

An Imposing and Impressive Service in St. Mary's Cathedral—Soldier and Statesman, Lawn-Robed Prelate and Plain Presbyterian Mingled as the Lone Couch of His Dreamless Sleep.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON. By A. M. Belding.

The darkness came while yet the sun was high. As dimmed forever that unflinching eye, Whose vision pierced the passing clouds of strife. And marked in honor's paths his way of life. No dreams of glory dwarfed his loftier aim, Whose eagle vision swept a wider sky. Whose England's sons for ages o'er the foam. No athen of gold obscured his clearer view, Nor shone the right, and held the balance true. His life went out within the storied walls Of ancient Windsor's animated halls. Whose England's sons for ages o'er the foam. From food and field have borne their trophies home. To lay at England's feet. Alas! that one, The Greater Britain's great and loyal son, Whose eagle vision swept a wider sky. Should pass the state's portals but to die. Fame's laurel wreaths are dust and ashes now. As seal of Death upon that lofty brow Proclaims a more imperial sovereignty Than hers who holds the empire of the sea. His country mourns—and yet—was fate un-kind? The onward look of that untrammelled mind Saw closer drawn the loving ties that hold These kindred nations in their sacred fold. Love kindles hearts by kindred sorrow thrills—

Of the most impressive nature, The choir of the church was composed of the city's best singers, who filled the spacious area enlarged for this special purpose. Notwithstanding the deadening effects of the heavy draperies, the Dies Irae and other music was rendered with fine effect. Especially effective was the hymn, Now the Laborer's Task is O'er, the words of the music of which had been furnished to the whole audience.

The archbishop's sermon is highly commented on by the people of all denominations. It was delivered in a clear voice, distinctly audible to the vast audience, but without any attempt at oratorical effect, and the general opinion is that the archbishop's words of praise were discriminating and just, and that his references to Sir John's religious experiences were in good taste, neither erring by cowardly silence nor by a remark calculated to offend the sensibilities of any. The marshalling and ordering of the procession was performed so as to avoid confusion and there was very little delay at any stage of the proceedings.

IN ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL. Although the pontifical requiem mass in St. Mary's cathedral was not announced to commence before 9.30 o'clock, people who were not fortunate enough to secure tickets of admission began to gather in the vicinity of the edifice as nearly as 8.30 in the hope that they might get within the building. A strong detachment of police were on hand, however, and those having tickets had little difficulty in making their way into the edifice.

Before the remains of the honored dead are borne hence to their last resting place, it is met some words should be spoken in this sacred edifice to tell of life and hope amidst the sadness and gloom that encompass us round about. It is no exaggeration to say that the departed has been omitted. From our gracious sovereign down to the lowliest citizen, from personal friends and political opponents, an abundance of such tokens have been given. The representative of our queen and the civil power of our country are here to give all pomp and circumstance to his funeral.

The cathedral was completely filled, and there was no confusion whatever. Among those present were Lord and Lady Aberdeen, General Montgomery Moore and staff, Judges Hanington, Barker, Landry and Burbridge, Attorney General Blair, Provincial Secretary Mitchell, Chief Commissioner of Public Works Emmerson, Mayor Robertson, Aldermen Christie, McGoldrick, Lockhart and Millidge, J. P. Fraser, John Kelly, John Connor, S. D. Scott, H. D. Troop, James A. Belyea, J. D. Hazen, M. P., John A. Chesley, M. P., E. McLeod, M. P., all the cabinet ministers excepting Premier Bowell (who, as stated above, is indisposed), and Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Angers, Major Armstrong, James Kelly, Major Markham, Lt. Col. Armstrong, John Keefe, James H. Doody, D. C. Dawson, Dr. J. D. Maher, Dr. Hetherington, Dr. March, besides of course the leading public men of Nova Scotia.

BUT MAN DIES NOT WITH DEATH, and in the midst of our mourning the solemn rites of religion, tinged though they be with a human sadness, yet have an undertone of consolation, of hope, of triumph. The pleading tones of the "Dies Irae" are not the wallings of despair. They are rather the expressions of confidence in an infinite mercy. And finally, before the remains are carried forth, the exultant words which contain a promise and an assurance of victory over the grave are intoned.

It was 9.45 before the services commenced. The solemn march was played as the altar boys came from the vestry. Lady Thompson and family were seated in a purple enclosure to the left of the sanctuary. The curtains were drawn, and the party was not visible to those present in the body of the church.

he that believeth in me, although he be dead, shall live; and every one that liveth and believeth in me shall not die forever." (John xi. 25-26.) Our sorrow, then, is not as that of those who mourn without hope, for we know that our friends, though dead to the world, live with God; and although our bodies may be left to moulder in the tomb, we ever hear the consoling words of our Saviour, spoken near the little town of Bethany, "Thy brother shall rise again." Though there be hope in our sorrow, the sorrow itself is profound and universal. For an individual loss the regret, sincere though it may be, is confined within a narrow circle. When a nation mourns we may be sure that the loss is a national one. Few indeed will deny that by the death of the Right Honorable Sir John Thompson our great mother Canada has suffered an almost irremediable loss. The reason of this is because of the QUALITIES THAT WERE BASED AND ROOTED IN THE CHARACTER OF THE MAN

The grand service of a requiem mass, which can be opened with the Requiem in Asterium, was chanted by the male singers. Prof. Currie sang the solo Miserere Mel in splendid voice. The choruses were also good.

as he appeared in the eyes of his fellow citizens in the discharge of the duties of his high public station. In him, as in Samuel of old, the people recognized integrity of life and the conscientious fulfilment of onerous duties. In the words of my text he might say: "Having then conversed with you from my youth to this day, behold here I am." He had held various trusts during his earthly career—in the city council, in the provincial legislature, on the bench in the department of justice and in the dominion parliament. It will not be saying too much to assert that he might make the challenge to public criticism contained in those words of my text: "Speak of me before the Lord and before His anointed whether I have taken any man's ox or ass; if I have wronged any man; if I have oppressed any man; if I have taken a bribe at any man's hand."

The officiating clergymen were: His Grace Archbishop O'Brien, assisted by two priests, presided on the throne; celebrant of the mass, His Lordship Bishop Cameron of Antigonish; assistant priest, Rev. Dr. Murphy of Halifax; sub-deacon, Rev. T. J. Daly of Halifax; deacon, Rev. J. G. O'Bryan of Montreal; acolytes, Rev. Dr. Campbell of Halifax, Rev. M. Carroll of Halifax; censor bearer, Rev. Dr. Foley; master of ceremonies, Rev. J. B. Moriarty of Halifax.

Canadian public life has its bitterness. Party journals do not lack a keen vision for the delinquencies of their opponents. Even now, as in the days of our Saviour, men can see the mote in their neighbor's eyes whilst perhaps blind to the beam in their own. Public men live now more than ever in the full light that is cast around them from a hundred sources which did not exist in past ages. They cannot hide themselves behind the thrones of the sovereign, nor screen their character beneath the cloak of office.

As in the case of Sir John Macdonald, the pall bearers on this occasion were his colleagues in the dominion government, but it is significant of the change and accidents of political life that only four who were pall bearers less than four years ago at Ottawa walked by the hearse today. These were Messrs. Costigan, Foster, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper and Mr. Haggart. Two who were pall bearers at Ottawa are dead, three have retired from the government, two of them to be present today as lieutenant governors, and two were detained at Ottawa.

OUR AGE RESPECTS NO CURTAINS DRAWN BEFORE THE SANCTUARY of the council of the King. Hence the acts of a high public official are open to the criticism of the people as those of the village head. Indeed, the more exalted the station in which a man may be placed, the more

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Premier Bowell, who is here, was indisposed and unable to leave the house today. He is much improved tonight and a consultation of medical men reveals the fact that he is suffering from nothing but throat affection.

Our age respects no curtains drawn before the sanctuary of the council of the King. Hence the acts of a high public official are open to the criticism of the people as those of the village head. Indeed, the more exalted the station in which a man may be placed, the more

Six of the ministers who walked by the hearse today were not in Sir John Macdonald's last ministry.

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The services at the cathedral, a full account of which is given later, were

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PROVINCIAL

Work of the Moncton Police During the Year.

Death of Mrs. A. F. Street of Fredericton.

General News of Interest From Many Sections of New Brunswick.

WESTMORELAND CO.

Jolicoeur, Dec. 26.—On the evening of the 22nd inst. a number of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Bushy Oulton met at their home to celebrate the 25th anniversary of their marriage. The presents were numerous.

The school which has been taught the past term by Miss Emma Turner closed on Friday. An excellent examination closed the term's work.

Geo. Purdy of Bristol takes charge of the school the next term.

Moncton, Dec. 31.—W. Ryan Angus, a former resident of Moncton, now representing a Montreal house, has just returned from a trip to British Columbia, and will spend some time in the provinces, going to St. John and Fredericton tomorrow.

Mr. Ryan says the outlook in the Pacific province is decidedly brighter than it has been for a year or two, as far as he was able to note the signs of the times.

His return east, the house has received letters for the immediate filling of orders which had been given for March delivery, indicating a continuance of the hopeful signs which he had noticed during the summer and fall.

The Moncton Sugar refinery is to resume work this week. Some of the staff, removed to Halifax temporarily during the time the refinery was closed, have returned to Moncton.

The number of unemployed in Moncton is not large, judging from the names registered in the book for the unemployed, opened by a committee of charitable disposed citizens a few days ago. Nine names have been entered so far. Of these one is a widow with five children, three of whom are deaf and dumb; five are single men, only one of whom claims to have a trade, and the remainder are men, only one of whom, a clerk and a native of England, can be said to have a fixed occupation.

One of the single men out of work is a cripple. There are probably few tradesmen in Moncton who can be said to be out of work, except some engaged in the building trades, who do not count on regular work at this season.

Moncton, Jan. 2.—A couple of interesting matrimonial events are reported. Hugh McLeod of the freight department of the I. C. R., Truro, was married here this morning by the Rev. J. M. Robinson. Miss Agnes Craig Brown of this city. The ceremony was witnessed only by immediate friends of the contracting parties, and the newly wedded pair left on the noon train for their future home in Truro.

William Sprout, proprietor of the Royal Hotel, was married here this morning at Havelock on New Year's eve to Miss Agnes, daughter of David Wright of that place.

The books of the Moncton police department show 235 entries in 1894, as compared with 226 in 1893 and 217 in 1892. The drunks numbered 137 in 1894, as compared with 136 in 1893 and 119 in 1892. The other principal offences in 1894 were: Larceny, 82; protection, 69; vagrancy, 18; tramps, 8; assaults, 7; disorderly conduct, 7. There was a great increase in the arrests for larceny, the number being more than double as great as in the three previous years combined, the increase being due to the epidemic of petty larceny some months ago, which led to many arrests. The total of the ordinary receipts of the police court in 1894 was \$468.25, as against \$572.67 in 1893 and \$318.70 in 1892. The Scott act collections last year amounted to \$1,950, as compared with \$2,400 in 1893, \$1,250 in 1892, and \$1,650 in 1891.

The movement for a general hospital in Moncton is making progress. At a recent meeting Messrs. Benedict and Purdy, Revs. Weeks, Read, Hooper and Father Meahan, Dr. Ross and M. Fleming were appointed a committee to take into consideration the best method of raising funds, and it is thought the scheme will be pushed to a successful conclusion.

Kars, Dec. 26.—Downeyville will procure a first class male teacher for the ensuing term.

Abner Jones of this place is getting out about 200 pieces of logs, and Geo. H. Jones is getting out quite a cut of wood, both for Rockland and St. John.

Mechanics Settlement, Dec. 29.—The semi-annual examination of this district was held on the 21st December. About ten visitors were in attendance. The pupils were examined in reading, spelling, arithmetic, geography, history, temperance teaching and physiology. All present were well pleased with the performance, especially with the temperance teaching and Canadian history, which was illustrated on the board.

The Sunday school of this place gave a concert on Sunday, the 23rd. John Moore was chairman, and a good programme was carried out to the satisfaction of all present.

Sussex, Jan. 1.—New Year's day, like Christmas day, was very disagreeable, yet the heavy fall of snow will be almost invaluable, as the people here were beginning to be in a bad way from want of fire wood.

Warden Moore of Waterford is shipping ten car loads of deal from Sussex station to St. John, which will contain about 110,000 feet.

William H. Culbert, his wife and two of his daughters, left by train yesterday morning for the purpose of attending the funeral of Mrs. Culbert's daughter at Richibucto in Kent Co.

Rev. Mr. Belliveau of Shediac, at one time parish priest in Sussex, was in Sussex yesterday. Old friends, and he has many of them, were glad to see him in their midst.

SUNBURY CO.

Maugerville, Dec. 23.—The report in today's Sun that Postmaster Bent's house was burned here yesterday is incorrect. Postmaster Garrison's house was burned yesterday at Upper Sheffield.

Maugerville, Dec. 31.—The mystery surrounding the sudden disappearance of Chas. E. Harding from his home on Christmas morning is yet unsolved. That he left his home with the intention of going to Oromocto there can be no doubt, from the fact that he was in the habit of frequently doing so; that he reached Oromocto was evident, as he was seen by Geo. Holden, a resident of the village, walking over the bridge at an hour corresponding to the time he would leave home. It is almost beyond the limit of a possibility that he could leave the place on the morning in question alive, drunk, or sober, without being seen by someone. A hole was discovered in the ice in the creek on the day of his disappearance. Efforts are now being made to recover the body, but the depth of water and a strong tide are against the chances of finding it now. C. E. Duffy and James Hamilton of Fredericton were down to Oromocto today trying to get some clue to the missing man.

Sheffield, Dec. 29.—W. S. Canison, postmaster of Upper Sheffield, had his fine dwelling house consumed by fire over his head on Thursday last at noon-day. William's parents are dead; his brother is in a foreign country, and his sisters are married and reside in St. John. He lived alone and kept a small store, and the post office. He saved but little and had no insurance. Geo. W. Perley and Thos. E. Bridges of Sheffield have returned from the back parishes of Sussex, consisting of eleven large oxen for Mr. Connell of Marysville to feed for the spring market.

The F. C. Baptists of Upper Gagetown held a pie social and fancy sale on Wednesday evening, realizing \$56 for church purposes.

CARLETON CO.

Ashland, Dec. 24.—The public examination of the school here was held on the 19th inst. The house was crowded with visitors. All were sorry to part with their much esteemed teacher, Geo. Chase, who has had charge of the school since the death of that time made great improvement and won many warm friends. All wish him as good success with his future school at Peel.

Hartland, Dec. 26.—Communication is now directly established with the western side of the river by the construction of a bridge across the open country of water. The work was paid for by the government.

At the close of the school a concert was given under the management of the principal, W. T. Kerr, and his esteemed wife. The programme consisted of about 25 pieces—readings, dialogues and music, and was very successful in a financial point of view as well as in the excellent rendition of the programme. An admission fee of 25 cents was charged, and the proceeds go towards procuring a suitable receptacle for the school library, which was procured chiefly through the efforts of Mr. Hetherington, the last teacher.

The Somerville school gave an interesting concert on Christmas eve last night to procure a library. The New Year's concert, which was passed away quietly. In the evening there was an Xmas tree and concert in the school hall.

Richard Dickinson died of consumption last Sunday. He leaves a wife and six children.

QUEBENS CO.

Jemeseg, Dec. 24.—Capt. Herbert Currie has bought the shop formerly owned by L. N. Hanselbacher, blacksmith, and has moved it to connect with his woodshed, to be used as a stage barn.

The school examination of District No. 2 was held on the afternoon of the 21st inst. The pupils were examined in various subjects. The results were as follows: The pupils presented their papers with a portfolio and other presents. Mr. Adams, the secretary, gave a short address, speaking very highly of the teacher and her work. Miss Maloy, who was a most efficient teacher, will be missed.

YORK CO.

Temperance Vale, Dec. 24.—G. K. Pinder has just completed a fine residence near the site of the one which was burned a few years ago. His daughters have returned home from school at Fredericton and are now enjoying a family reunion. His rotary mill has been set in motion. The mill will continue in operation during the winter.

Last Friday evening at Lower Southampton, while several of the young folks were enjoying themselves skating on the river, the oldest son of Charles Fox, about sixteen years of age, broke through the ice and was drowned. He was not missed till after meeting that night, when search was made for him. The body was recovered on Saturday. Much sympathy is felt for the family in their bereavement.

St. Luke's church was beautifully decorated for Christmas. Rev. Mr. Simonson is doing good work and is much esteemed by the people.

Miss Fannie Prescott deserves much credit for the mastery with which she has conducted the school here this term. Many were present at the examination and much pleased with the work done.

George A. Bartlett has erected a henry, in which he has already a stock of eighty-four hens. He is just getting them in a condition to lay, with a start of four eggs per day.

Temperance Vale, Dec. 25.—A happy event took place this evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jared Churchill, at which the bride, Rhoda, was united in marriage to Orland Clark, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Clark of Upper Queensbury. Rev. Mr. Steeves performed the ceremony. Many guests were present. The bride was the daughter of numerous and useful parents, among which was a mahogany writing desk by the groom, a dogskin coat by her mother, a beautiful parlor lamp by Edward Parent and sister,

Normal school, whose first minutes; and John MacArthur was the first worthy chief. James Thorne had the honor of giving it its name, Queens Own. It then had a membership of twenty-six. A number of years after, when the British Templars united with several other orders, Queens Own ceased to exist as a British Templar lodge, but then formed a part of the United Temperance association, which it continued to do until July, 1883. Queens Own then allied itself with the Royal Templars of Temperance, but in 1886 the alliance was broken, in order that it might unite with the Independent Order of Good Templars. There were 83 charter members under this new regime. During the 23 years that the lodge has existed, 335 persons had taken the pledge of total abstinence. Of that number, 29 are dead and there now are:

Residing at Narrows, 98; other parts of Queens, 57; residing in St. John county, 57; residing in Kings county, 8; residing in York; 6; residing in Carleton; 8; residing in Restigouche; 5; residing in Northumberland; 2; residing in Sunbury; 1; residing in Nova Scotia; 2; residing in N. W. Territories; 2; residing in Massachusetts; 23; residing in Maine; 8; residing in Illinois; 6; residing in Rhode Island; 2; residing in Utah; 2; residing in New Hampshire; 3; residing in Iowa, California, Missouri, Wisconsin, New York, Washington and Pennsylvania, 1 each (7); unknown, 23; total, 335. Of this number 41 are school teachers, 46 are farmers, 5 are merchants, 4 are lawyers, 4 are M. D.'s, 3 are dentists. This classification had only to do with the male members of the lodge, with the exception of teachers. Mr. MacDonald congratulated the members on having such magistrates within reach as W. H. White and Henry Todd whose judgment has been sustained every time. For the purpose of far as liquor cases are concerned, and that such an able Scott act inspector could be found in C. E. Pearce, and he a member of Queens Own.

Refreshments, consisting of pie, cake, fruit, nuts, candy, raisins, were served at the meeting and closed by singing the national anthem.

Newcastle Bridge, Dec. 27.—The Baptist parsonage is almost completed, and the pastor, H. D. Worden, is receiving congratulations on being the first to occupy the building. On the evening of his arrival his congregation presented him with goods amounting to \$30, and a collection was taken, realizing \$8, which was presented to Mrs. Worden. After the presentation a dollar was handed in as a gift from a friend, which was also given to Mrs. Worden. On Christmas night the ladies held an at home at the parsonage, when, despite the bad roads, a collection of \$8 was taken towards clearing the debt on the parsonage. The at homes will be kept up once a month during the winter.

The school here under the management of Miss Hattie Creswell held its semi-annual examination on Friday. Miss Munroe will take charge after the holidays.

The two merchants of this vicinity are congratulating on the arrival of a son and daughter.

NORTHUMBERLAND CO.

Red Bank, Dec. 26.—Xmas was spent very quietly here. The superintendent of the Sabbath school, James Parks, and friends, had a Xmas tree in the Temperance hall for the children, who were made glad by receiving a goodly share of presents.

North, Dec. 26.—The Misses Keys, Parks, Gillis, Sherard and Menzies are home from Normal school spending their vacation. The Misses Menzies, Sherard and Gillis intend returning to finish the term. Miss Keys is going to teach in Ludlow.

Miss Maloy has resigned her school in Strathadam. She gave the scholars their final examination Thursday and Friday. There were about twenty visitors present Friday afternoon. The pupils were examined in various branches. The results were as follows: The pupils presented their papers with a portfolio and other presents. Mr. Adams, the secretary, gave a short address, speaking very highly of the teacher and her work. Miss Maloy, who was a most efficient teacher, will be missed.

Queen v. Harper Sproul, for assault and wounding Strokesper Simonon, at Moncton. Grand jury found true bill. Sproul is reported to have crossed the American boundary.

Queen v. Henry A. Cronkite, for attempt to do bodily harm, and Queen v. Ephraim Gooding, for attempted rape. The grand jury returned no bills.

The following civil cases were entered: Queen v. Arthur R. Slipp, plaintiff's attorney; Thomas W. Sawyer v. Harry L. Lounsbury, for slander; Wesley Vanwart, C. C. plaintiff's attorney.

Thomas W. Sawyer v. William Lounsbury, for slander; Wesley Vanwart, plaintiff's attorney.

James Gorman v. Canadian Pacific Railway Company, for land damages; George L. White, plaintiff; William J. Edgecombe, for solicitor's fees; Geo. A. Hughes, plaintiff's attorney.

The civil cases were adjourned over until the 15th instant, when Judge Huntington is expected to preside. Judge Vanwart having been counsel in most of them before his appointment to the bench.

Jack Burke, a middle-weight boxer of Boston, is here to start a gymnasium and boxing school. He is a native of this county.

Contracts for furnishing supplies to the R. R. C. industry have been awarded as follows: Fred Clynic for bread; Estabrooks Bros. for groceries; D. W. Ross for brooms for stoves and pipes, and James Boyle & Son for meat.

Judge Vanwart opened the January sitting of the equity court at ten o'clock this morning. The following motions were made: Charles Gallagher, an insane person, Mr. Jordan moved for an order authorizing petitioner Dennis Gallagher and Rev. Wm. T. Chapman of Woodstock to collect certain moneys of said Charles Gallagher in their names under section 228 Equity act; court considers.

In re petition of Bridget Ann Lynott, administratrix Patrick Lynott, deceased, Mr. Jordan moved under section 174 Equity act for an order to compel or authorize infants to perform a contract for sale of certain lands

a valuable shell-set jewel case by her brother Israel, half dozen silver knives and forks by Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Clark, and a silver pickle dish by her sister Mary. The newly married couple will move to their future home at 115 and 116 on Beaver Brook and Little Bartibogue were bid in by Sumner & Co. at \$38.25 per square mile for one berth and \$78 per mile for the other. Frank I. Morrison purchased two berths applied for by A. E. Alexander at \$15.50 per square mile for the first, and \$14.50 per square mile for the other. These lands are situated on the Upper Restigouche waters. A. F. Randolph bought 17 square miles on Salmon River, Victoria county, at the upset price.

CHARLOTTE CO. Milltown, Dec. 31.—In referring to the death of Mrs. W. W. Graham, wife of ex-Mayor Graham, which was reported to the Sun in the form of a special dated, St. Stephen, Dec. 26, the item was headed Milltown, which the operator had over-looked and Collector Graham being an ex-mayor of St. Stephen some of his friends abroad entertained serious thoughts that his family was the afflicted one.

We are glad to state that Mrs. Henry Graham, wife of Collector Graham of St. Stephen, is in the enjoyment of good health at this time, and trust she may be thus highly privileged for many years to come.

Owen Farnham met with a severe accident today in the St. Croix cotton mill, having had his side and head badly injured by a bolt thrown from a saw in the machine shop. This makes the third accident for Mr. Farnham in the same place within the past two years.

St. Andrews, Jan. 2.—On the evening of the 31st, after the installation of officers in the I. O. F. lodge, a claim served with the usual accessories was served to the members of the lodge and their guests. The stew had that luxurious flavor to be had only with the St. Andrews bivalves when cooked by J. H. Williamson.

The children of St. Andrew's church were assembled in the Gymnasium hall on the evening of Dec. 31st, where they found a Christmas tree loaded with Christmas presents, which were taken off the tree by Rev. Father O'Maherty, who made a very admirable Santa Claus, and given to the children.

The A. O. U. W. installed the following officers: J. A. Wade, master workman; S. H. Rigby, foreman; M. N. Cockburn, overseer; T. R. Wren, recorder; G. D. Grimmer, secretary; Walter Stinson, financier; B. F. DeWolfe, guide; Jas. Cummings, I. W.; P. H. Grimmer, O. W.

The I. O. F. lodge here has installed the following officers: Jas. McCole, Dole; V. C. R. Herby, secretary; R. J. Stoop, treasurer; W. M. J. Fields; S. W. D. A. Black; S. E. W. B. Thos. Williamson; T. W. Whitlock; D. E. G. H. G. D. Grimmer, G. H.

VICTORIA CO. Andover, Dec. 29.—This has been a pretty fall and winter up to the present time for the lumbermen. There has been for some months now about six inches of snow in the woods, which makes just enough for yardage, and a large number of logs has been placed on the yards. The deep snow has come these will quickly be hauled to the streams.

On Christmas eve some of the many friends of the Rev. Scovell Neales, on behalf of the congregation of Trinity church, Andover, presented him with a very handsome sleigh robes. Mr. Neales has been here not quite a year, and in that time has endeared himself to all the congregation. For Xmas morning his church was decorated beautifully with fir, spruce and hemlock evergreens, while many pretty lights were placed on the walls. A large congregation was present in spite of the stormy day to take part in the service, which was principally choral.

A very handsome communion table, the gift of the late lamented Judge Peters of St. John, which arrived by train, was placed in the church Xmas eve, and was used for the first time at this service. The table is of native woods, and the work, which was done in Sussex, is very fine. Judge Peters made this gift to the church last summer when he was visiting here, and after his death Geo. Schofield, who was here at the time with him, saw that it was forwarded in time for Xmas.

A pretty wedding took place Xmas day at Upper Kent, at the residence of the bride's father, when Frank L. Henderson of Andover, a most popular young man, was married to Edith, the daughter of C. Tompkins. Last evening on his return with his bride he found a gay party awaiting him at his home. His house was all lighted up and a good supper on the table. The party broke up with many good wishes for their happiness.

At the regular meeting of Court Andover No. 825, I. O. P., on Wednesday evening, the following officers were elected: J. J. Kuppek, C. R.; F. P. Tinker, P. C. R.; H. H. Tibbitts, R. S.; C. C. Gibbs, F. S.; H. W. Murphy, S. C. E. Pickett, chap.; H. W. McAlary, S. W.; D. W. Pickett, J. W.; D. Murchison, S. B.; D. McLeod, J. B.; R. W. Wiley, phys.; E. H. Hoyt, C. D. H. C. R.; W. E. Spike and H. H. Tibbitts representatives to high court; J. J. Kuppek and D. W. Pickett substitutes.

ALBERT CO.

Hopewell Hill, Dec. 31.—Dr. S. C. Merray has been kept unusually busy of late in consequence of the epidemic of influenza hereabout. In most cases a severe sore throat accompanies the disease, which in some instances develops into quinsy.

Dr. F. R. Moore is making his final visit among his relatives here before leaving for Los Angeles, Cal. He will be accompanied to the west by his brothers, Capt. Chas. Moore and Geo. W. Moore.

The family of C. S. Starratt, who were burned out four weeks ago, have moved into part of the house occupied by Jas. G. Stuart at Hopewell.

M. M. Tingley, who has the contract for hauling a million feet of deals from the steam mill at Memel to the Hill wharf, began work last week.

Miss Mary E. Bacon has been re-engaged as teacher of the Rosevale school.

THE WEEKLY SUN, \$1.00 a Year.

A LEADING HORSEMAN'S OPINION

MR. A. L. SLIPP, one of the most popular and successful trainers of trotting stock in Canada, writes:

Manchester's Condition Powders and Liniment are the best Horse Medicines I ever used.

The word of a veteran horseman like Mr. Slipp is worth scores of ordinary testimonials and must carry conviction as to the value of these medicines to every reasonable man.

DEMAND THE BEST. TAKE NO OTHER.

Sold by all live druggists and country merchants.

DROPPED DEAD.

"The Avenging Angel of God Had Followed Him."

Exclaimed Mrs. Charles Hughes when told that Her Worthless Husband Was No More.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 2.—Charles Hughes, who dropped dead in Boston of apoplexy last Wednesday, just as he was about to be married to Mrs. Livermore of that city, has a wife and two children living here. At the time of the man's death here, inquiry was made, but nothing in connection with his history could be learned. Today, however, a representative of the Associated Press found Mrs. Hughes, who is a seamstress, at her apartments in the rear of Sims' drug store, Prestosa and Green streets, and the following facts in regard to Hughes were obtained.

According to her statement they were married 14 years ago in this city. She was Miss Emma Brown and lived with her mother at 935 East Main street. Hughes was a paper finisher at Moore's mills and earned good wages. Two children were born to them and they lived happily until four years ago, when the first clouds began to darken the house. Hughes used to drink and squander his money. This went from bad to worse until a year later, when they separated, the wife taking the children. The husband, she says, went to Bristol, where he remained only a short time and was next heard of in Dayton, Ohio. He finally settled in Massachusetts. He wrote to his wife several times about securing a divorce, but she steadfastly refused. Mrs. Hughes knows nothing of Mrs. Livermore.

Speaking of the sensational circumstances surrounding her husband's death, she remarked: "It seems as if the avenging angel of God had followed him." Mrs. Hughes' two children are aged 11 and 8 respectively. The former is a boy and is at the school of reform, and the latter, a girl, who is an inmate of the Home of Innocents.

THE DEADLY CHASE

A Young Lady Killed in Boston Express

And the Other Occupants of Into a Ditch and Serious

Bath, Me., Jan. 1.—Miss Paten, aged 18, one of the four of Bath's young school-children, and Miss Jennie Wm. Thompson north death at the Centre crossing here this morning.

The accident occurred just crossing the track Central railroad when man train from Boston rriage immediately broke. The hack was dragged when removed from the scene by Mr. severely injured.

The party had given Bath's eve ball given one of the injured, and their homes in a had McDougall as driver, was struck by the train in charge of Smithell. The horses rails and were not the driver, who veral feet into a snow of the road. The hack was carried by a large engine nearly 300 yards a ditch that skirts the highway, where it tally wrecked. Although they will recover, she suffers terribly from the quantity of ground into her Thompson, whose injury will be fatal, received about the head, one being much mutilated, a slight fracture of the neck is the result. Miss Paten was 18 years daughter of Hon. Geo. prominent Bath citizen.

A JOURNALISTIC

A Writer and Artist Far North on an Mission

Winnipeg, Dec. 27.—Hamilton, and Caspa New York, were two of the Manitoba regist The gentlemen who names proved to be an enterprising jour and also to be possess personalities. Mr. Hen descriptive writer. He a clever artist, both way to the haunts of the wood buffalo in the purpose of studying characteristics of the members of the Canada have mapped out a from Hudson Bay to Mackenzie river, which really the waterways of B. Co., making the their sources of supply able them to travel "by flying column," and the fulfill the object of return to civilization on transport their equipvisions on dog-sleighs.

MECHANICS' SETTLEMENT.

Andrew Lockhart, a highly respected resident, died on December 19th, after an illness of two months, aged 55 years. He leaves three sons and four daughters; also four sisters, Mrs. C. Sproul (who waited on him in his last sickness), Mrs. W. Adair, Mrs. S. Walker and Miss J. Lockhart. He was a faithful member of the Methodist church and a kind and affectionate father.

Ten gas companies had in 1885 a monopoly of the lighting of Paris.

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

THOUSANDS M

Confirmation of the

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OPPED DEAD.

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Charles Hughes when Told Worthless Husband Was N. More.

Ky., Jan. 2.—Charles was dropped dead in Boston last Wednesday, just as he was about to be married to Mrs. C. that city, has a wife and a living here. At the time of the man's death...

TURREY-CHILD.

Jackson, Mich., Herald of December 25th. The prettiest wedding that has taken place in the city was last evening at the residence of Mrs. W. W. Child, 130 Avenue C.

of town guests present were a Deardoff of Chicago, W. C. of Constantine, Mich., of Jackson, Mich. and Mrs. J. of Albion and Miss East of Detroit, formerly of Jack-

re is a prominent attorney and a scholarly and cultivated man. His bride was one of the most talented and accomplished women in the city, and had advanced in the literature.

ANIC'S SETTLEMENT.

Lockhart, a highly respected, died on December 19th, illness of two months, aged 65.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THOUSANDS MURDERED.

Confirmation of the Recent Outrages in Eastern Turkey.

The Armenians Shot Down or Butchered Like Sheep by the Kurds.

Thirty-Nine Villages Plundered, Razed and Burned—Women Kept for Days, the Sport of Brutal soldiery.

Boston, Jan. 1.—A letter just received in this city from a point near the scene of the recent outrages in eastern Turkey places the number of slaughtered Armenians at fully 15,000. It is written by a man in whom the highest confidence is placed and parts are terrible to repeat.

The region was surrounded by soldiers of the army, and 2,000 Kurds also are said to have been massed there. Then they advanced upon the centre, driving the people like a flock of sheep, and continued thus to advance for days.

The soldiers contended over a beautiful girl; they wanted to preserve her, but she was killed. As a confirmation of the report, the other day several hundred soldiers were returning from the seat of war, and at a place near us one was heard to say that he alone, with his own hands, had killed thirty pregnant women.

THE DEADLY CROSSING.

A Young Lady Killed at Bath by a Boston Express Train.

And the Other Occupants of the Hack Thrown into a Ditch and Seriously Injured.

Bath, Me., Jan. 1.—Miss Katherine Patien, aged 18, one of the most popular of Bath's society ladies, was killed, and Miss Jennie Harvey and Wm. Thompson narrowly escaped death at the Centre street railroad crossing here this morning.

The party had been attending a New Year's eve ball given by Miss Harvey, one of the injured, and were going to their homes in a hack, with George McDougall as driver, when the hack was struck by the incoming express train, in charge of Conductor C. Smithell. The horses had cleared the rails and were not injured, neither was the driver, who was thrown several feet into a snow bank at the side of the road.

A JOURNALISTIC ENTERPRISE.

A Writer and Artist En Route to the Far North on an Interesting Mission.

Winnipeg, Dec. 27.—W. H. Heming, Hamilton, and Caspar W. Whitney, New York, were two signatures found on the Manitoba register last evening. The gentlemen who inscribed their names proved to be associated with an enterprising journalistic venture and also to be possessed of interesting personalities.

Lockhart, a highly respected, died on December 19th, illness of two months, aged 65. He leaves three sons and three daughters; also four sisters, Mrs. (who waited on him in his last illness), Mrs. W. Adams, Mrs. and Miss J. Lockhart. He was a member of the Methodist church and a kind and affectionate

ly to be meagre, stocked only sufficiently to serve them from one post to another. They will sleep in Esquimaux bags in the open air, using a canvas windbreak when necessary. They intend to carry with them a quantity of alcohol for fuel, but have decided to depend on the forests and scrub along the route for their fires.

Arriving at Fort Rae they will penetrate the Barren Lands until they encounter the musk ox, and after securing data for sketches and letter press, will retrace their steps southward and invade the territory inhabited by the remnants of the wood buffalo and will then hurry back to Edmonton.

This is certainly a remarkable undertaking, and if the Messrs. Heming and Whitney succeed they will have achieved a feat that will stand unparalleled in the records of Northwest travel. The journey involves elements of danger, but the young travellers are not daunted by the difficulties that face them, and rather enjoy the expectation of living on a frozen diet.

HONORED IN PARIS.

The German Discoverer of the Antidiphtheria Serum.

"Diphtheria as a Dangerous Disease No Longer Exists."

Paris, Dec. 28.—The New York Herald's European edition publishes the following: "Diphtheritis als gefaehrliche Krankheit existirt nicht mehr."

"When first introduced," declared Professor Behring, "it was alleged that 'Hellsersum' as it is called in Germany, would have an unfavorable effect on the human body. This information and accusation came for the most part from pathologists and members of the medical profession, who concerned themselves with the theory of medicine and not with its practice. Among those was Professor Virchow.

"But what is the result? Our experience in the hundred thousand cases now on record in which 'Hellsersum' has been used, there is not one in which evil effects have been observed. As soon, however, as Professor Virchow saw the result of the use of the serum in practice, he not only abandoned his opposition, but became one of the most enthusiastic advocates of its use. It is now certain that as an antidiphtheria serum it is absolutely harmless and may be administered in practically unlimited quantities without evil effects.

"The question of absolute harmlessness being settled, the next question to consider is its results as a remedy for diphtheria. "In this field we have obtained the most brilliant results. Professor Wederkroff of Vienna has just made known the results of his treatment with 'Hellsersum.' In this connection I may remark that, unlike Dr. Roux, here in France, he only tested it in serious cases.

"And what were the results, even under this severe test? "The mortality, which was formerly from 48 to 62 per cent., sank at once to 20 per cent. "Remember these were cases where the disease had already reached a critical stage—that is to say, after the third day of illness.

"If they had been taken in the first stage, as Dr. Roux's experience has proved, the average of mortality would have sunk to ten per cent. "In a few weeks when we are in a position to furnish serums to all who demand it, I am confident that the mortality will be less than five per cent.

"Other words, one of the most cruel and pitiless diseases known to science is practically conquered. "But the beneficial action of 'Hellsersum' does not end here. "Not only is it a remedial agent, but it is also a preventive one. A child inoculated with a quarter of the dose given in the case of the disease is protected against infection. The disease can, therefore, be stamped out the instant it makes its appearance.

"Suppose diphtheria breaks out in a school, measures can at once be taken to inoculate all the scholars, and the disease is thus nipped in the bud. Those not infected are rendered proof against it. Those in whose systems the poison already exists are cured in a few hours. This immunity lasts for ten weeks after the injection.

"Would you advocate, professor, that children be inoculated against diphtheria as they are now against small-pox? "At first I was in favor of this being done, but on reflection I saw how ineffectual it would be to enforce it. I would apply the inoculation every time a necessity arose. If diphtheria shows itself in any quarter I would at once inoculate every person within the radius in which infection is possible or probable. By this means the disease would be met at every turn and combated until it practically disappears from the medical dictionary.

"The virtues of the new remedy can be thus summarized: "Absolute harmlessness to the human body. "Curative effects and absolute power of rendering people proof against infection. "No single factor is wanting to make it an intended remedy for the disease it is intended to overcome."

SAFE AT BELFAST.

The Sarnia Had an Eventful Passage from Halifax.

Adrift for Two Nights While a Terrible Hurricane was Blowing.

The Story of Her Troubles from the Time Her Rudder Was Carried Away.

Belfast, Ire., Jan. 2.—The Dominion line steamer Sarnia, Capt. Couch, from Portland, Me., and Halifax, N. S., for Liverpool, put into Belfast this morning for shelter. She was in a low of two tugs, the Sarnia, as before reported, lost her rudder and was taken in tow by the Anchoria, but the latter was compelled to abandon her owing to severe weather about 130 miles off Tory Island.

The Sarnia was towed to Bangor early during the day. Owing to the severity of the weather it was considered better to anchor at that place. The mail of the Sarnia, consisting of 159 sacks, was taken to Belfast by a tug. The thirty saloon passengers, forty second class passengers and one hundred and fifty-nine steerage passengers left for Liverpool on the morning of the 22nd. The officers of the steamer say that she experienced fine weather until December 22nd, when a hurricane raised such a heavy sea and caused her to labor so severely that her rudder was carried away. The Sarnia then drifted for some days until she was sighted by the Anchoria. The latter took her in tow, but a severe gale caused the hawsers to part, when the two vessels were about 150 miles off Tory Island.

The passengers all speak of the terrible experience they have gone through, and are greatly relieved to be once more in safety. Belfast, Jan. 2.—A representative of the Associated Press had an interview with Dr. Koch, physician of the Sarnia, who was on board after the rudder was smashed. The captain caused the vessel to steam on slowly, keeping her head to the wind. The chief engineer devised an ingenious iron rudder, but as a perfectly calm sea was required in order to ship it, the project failed. On the second day after the Anchoria's hawser broke, the Allan liner Siberian was sighted, but was allowed to pass, as the Anchoria was unable to make headway. A couple of hours after the Siberian had departed, the Anchoria signalled that her rudder had given out and then steamed away. The Sarnia signalled to the Anchoria requesting that she be not abandoned, but the Anchoria did not return. The Sarnia was in a position to furnish serums to all who demand it, I am confident that the mortality will be less than five per cent.

A ROMANTIC STORY.

How Robert Louis Stevenson Obtained His Wife.

An Accommodating American Husband and California's More Accommodating Divorce Court. A San Francisco writer once gave a very interesting sketch of the dead novelist, and devoted considerable space to the romance of his marriage. He wrote: "Stevenson first came here to get married. His bride he had met in France when she was the wife of a California man. People who had heard that trip that bore fruit in his light book, An Inland Voyage, he met in Paris Mrs. Samuel Osborne of San Francisco. She came of Dutch parentage, her maiden name being Van der Meer. She had married young Sam Osborne, who was private secretary to Senator Stanford, and somewhat of a protégé of the railroad millionaire. She was a brilliant brunette, with the vivid coloring and many of the tastes of a gypsy. Her husband had gone with her on a vacation, but he had been recalled on business, and she was then staying with some friends in the French capital. She and Stevenson fell in love at first sight. Their literary and personal tastes ran in the same channels, and the author spent much time in her company. He professed to draw inspiration from her society, and when she left for home, it was understood that she was to get a divorce from her husband by means of the easy processes of the California courts, and when this was accomplished that Stevenson would come out to the Golden State and make her his wife. Everything was carried out according to this programme. When Sam Osborne was told of the desire of his wife, he made no objection, but, like a model American husband, gave his wife all the aid in his power. The result was that she secured her freedom. The tidings were sent to the distant lover, and he prepared to come out into the west after his inamorata. Original in everything, he determined to take this trip in novel fashion. So he engaged passage in the steerage of one of the great ocean liners, with the design of writing the history of his trip and securing plenty of material for the voyage was rough, and he had a sorry time among the emigrants, who were herded together like sheep. This experi-

ence, however, didn't cure him, as he took passage in an emigrant car and crossed the plains in that fashion. This was worse than the steerage trip, as the people were packed closer, and the journey, owing to the many delays and slow time, consumed two weeks.

THE INCIDENTS OF THE CEREMONY.

"When Stevenson reached San Francisco he was a sorry object. He had a hacking cough, spat blood and had contracted a troublesome skin disease from herding with unclean emigrants. Poor air and poor food had reduced his strength, and he was a semi-invalid. He was received, however, with open arms. As soon as he was cleaned up, however, and a trifle recovered from the fatigue of a long journey the wedding was held. The remarkable feature of it was that Sam Osborne was present and gave away the bride, his ex-wife, with a heartiness of manner that would have done credit to the most disinterested person, while he capped the climax of his performance by introducing to the bride and groom a handsome and stylishly dressed young woman as his affianced wife. It takes Bohemianism to rise superior to such an American specimen of elective affinities as this, but the actors in this strange scene were equal to it. The marriage feast was very gay, and soon after it was over Stevenson went with his bride to a deserted mining camp on Howell Mountain, in Napa county, to recuperate his health. There he wrote the book which he called The Silverado Squatter, which is one of his best things, although justice has never been done it by the reviewers because of their unfamiliarity with the scenes it describes. Stevenson lived for several months at the deserted mining camp of Silverado, breathing in health with the balsam of the pine and the redwood. He was then financially reduced and he had no reputation in this country. His life, on his California experiences went a-brook, and finally the Century editors published it in several instalments.

REVERED BY THE SAMOANS.

Samoa appeared to Stevenson as the Promised Land. There, during his four years' residence, he gained a great ascendancy over the inhabitants. He had no European servants; they were Samoans, every one of whom would have marched through fire and water for him. He did not believe in German interference on the islands. His book on modern Samoan history, entitled A Footnote to History, obtained the honor of being burned in Germany by order of the government. The book was very galling to German state officials. An edition of the Footnote, issued in Germany, was not only destroyed by order of the Emperor of Germany, but the publisher, Baron Tammann, was fined \$500, and held to pay \$350 in law costs for the misdemeanor of printing the book.

GOSSIP FROM LONDON TOWN.

Queen Victoria's Son-in-Law in Business—The Duke of Argyll's Family—Lady Jersey's House.

London, Dec. 17.—The latest recruit to the ranks of trade is the Marquis of Lorne, the Queen's son-in-law and eldest son of the Duke of Argyll, who has taken a painter and decorator's business. He will simply be master, of course, and collect the profits made by others, which will, perhaps, be a more paying trade than that of son-in-law to a sovereign. The Duke of Argyll had a large family, and several of the sons are in trade. Lord Walter, who married Miss Milns, and was well known in New York society, was a brother of the marquis. He died in 1889, after having followed the trade of a wine merchant. His widow married, just a year after, Allan Gordon.

The duke had twelve children; Lady Colin Campbell, the charming writer and beautiful woman, is another daughter-in-law. It has been said that the duke contemplates marriage for the third time, but I believe there is no truth in the report.

Lady Jersey's house in Wilton place has been sold to no less a person than Mr. Ed. L. Isaacson, a partner in the lady who used to do business in Regent street under the name of Mme. Elise. Mr. and Mrs. Isaacson sold their business, which was a very paying one, on his entering parliament, but the people who bought it, for some reason or other have allowed it to dwindle and die out. The only daughter of Mr. Isaacson married Lord Beaumont, and is now a widow.

In Lady Jersey's time this house was celebrated as a place where to meet the most exclusive of all sets in the smart world. People who had done something in life—eligible elderly sons, beautiful highborn girls, eminent statesmen, poets, authors, etc.—were to be met at Lady Jersey's. It was most enough to insure a young man or woman's success in life to be invited there. Lady Jersey adopted Dr. Small's motto about getting on in London society:—"To come of an eminent family, to be immensely rich or very clever." As far as a humble outsider can judge, things have altered since "Dizzy" day, for at the present time the second of these qualifications seems to be the only one requisite in order to achieve the desired object.

STARVING NEBRASKA.

Baltimore, Jan. 1.—H. H. Edmonds is in receipt of many telegrams from the south showing great interest in the work of securing a surplus of provisions to be shipped to Nebraska. Telegrams were received today from President Walters of the Atlantic Coast line; President Smith of the Louisville and Nashville, and Receiver Comer of the Central railroad of Georgia, promising aid and free transportation over their lines. Manager Lemon sent word that the Postal Telegraph Co. would handle all messages relating to the subject free.

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases." Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine necessary. Cures Itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." Lyman, Boston, U.S.A. Wholesale agents, 1218

TOUGH TOWN IS BUTTE.

Murderers Have No Fear of Suffering Just Punishment.

Within the Last Year an Even Baker's Dozen of Cold-Blooded Murderers Haven't Been Committed.

But there Has Not Been One Conviction for Any of these Crimes—Gamblers, Hobos, and Rounders Compose Juries.

Butte, Mont., Dec. 24.—The year 1894 promises to be a red-letter time for this city in the matter of murderous crimes. With the death of a E. P. railway engineer last Tuesday by a bullet in his brain, there have been an even baker's dozen cold-blooded murders committed in the city during the year, but so far not a single conviction for the crime has been had. If for a matter of fact there have been very few convictions for any crime in the year, so that the jails are remarkably free from prisoners of more than ordinary note. It is not expected that the man who shot down Engineer Young last week will ever be convicted and brought to trial in a place where his crime should place him.

Butte has always borne the reputation of being "tough," but how appropriate no one has ever dreamed, even here, until confronted with figures. In the public streets or crowded resorts and with scores and hundreds of witnesses. And Butte runs along in the even tenor of its ways. Men walk up and down the streets with guns in their pockets and murder in their hearts, and on the slightest provocation or on an excuse whatever the ever-ready revolver is flashed out, there is a sharp report, an inquest, a trial by a jury of the murderer's peers, and an acquittal. The only apparent exception to each successful case is that shown by the hundreds of morbidly curious people of both sexes and of all ages who flock to the undertaker's to view the remains of the last man who died with his boots on.

NONE BUT BAD MEN ON JURIES. Such a state of affairs does not exist in any place on earth except Butte. Even the wild and unkempt cities of the west can show no other, for the west as a general thing has been cursed mightily in the last few years, and here it is entirely the result of the lax administration of the laws by the jurists. The judges are, as a usual thing, upright and honest men, who do what they can to secure convictions, but the jurors are those who served, but the jurors are a roll that they cannot pass. Business men will not serve on these juries, getting out of it by asserting that they have scruples against capital punishment, or that what are made up of gamblers, hobos, rounders, professionals, etc., who are also opposed to capital punishment, and for the reason that if they should get their deserts they would not be alive themselves. At the last murder trial there were nearly fifty good men who availed themselves of the opposition idea to get free of a place on the jury. Indeed it would not be safe in most cases to hold out for conviction in a murder trial. No better illustration of a typical Butte jury is needed than was shown a few days before the last election, when four members of a jury which had within a week acquitted a murderer appeared before the very court in which the murderer had been tried and unblushingly asked for first naturalization papers, and got them, notwithstanding the fact that the same man had sworn when made jurors that they were citizens of a sovereign state.

With the verdicts that were returned by the jury, they were sure from such jurors can any one wonder at the increase in crime? There was an acquittal for Stephens, who attempted to kill a street car driver. Stephens' little boy had been witness in the case and had been a general nuisance about the line, and one day the driver put the boy off, using no violence whatever. The next trip Stephens stood waiting, and shot the man through the neck. He lingered at in their hearts, and on the slightest provocation, a typical Butte jury is needed than was shown a few days before the last election, when four members of a jury which had within a week acquitted a murderer appeared before the very court in which the murderer had been tried and unblushingly asked for first naturalization papers, and got them, notwithstanding the fact that the same man had sworn when made jurors that they were citizens of a sovereign state.

THE PURITAN'S PRAYER.

The night was dark— A single star lighted the gate of heaven, The fleecy flocks fell on the face of earth Like dew on the frozen cheek of Death. How silently! And yet, within the cottage Of the Puritan, a sternier silence reigned. The weary clock had doled the midnight hour And ceased. The glowing embers flickered, And faded fell. An on his knees the aged zealot knelt, His being in the inner realms of self, To battle for and win the victory. Since yesterday, when o'er his humble crust He bowed his hoary head and thanked the Lord. And, by his side, beheld that angel white And in his hand the cold, keen-edged sword. Had Abel's soul been troubled. The sound of distant rumbling thunder Struck his ear, and ever nearer came. A sudden tremor seized his shrunken frame As from either side his visage leered Four horned demons, brazen clawed, the foul contagion Of whose breath, too heavy for the air invisible, Took on the solid—a monstrous scroll, Black with the soot of the infernal flames, And on its face, from left to right, from right to left, A cross and doubly crossed to sevenfold in demagogical script, yet known to mortal man. The unblinded, distorted record of a past— A life without the Lamb. The old man's breath grew faint; a clammy sweat Formed on his furrowed brow. The hideous warren Spoke and plian his end. His grace had sped. His lips Reluctant to pray, and in the shades mist-judging conscience fled, And being left—swallowing upon the brink Of deepest darkness, most impenetrable hell A pause—in yonder orient dim, beyond the stars. A silver note resounded, and, trembling, falls A dew-drop without form—God's balm to soothing souls. Behold His mercy! Ne'er too late the hand of God Doth stay the course of sin—but ever, in the darkest Of the combat, comes the Saviour, Father, To bear the wounded home. A soft hand touched the struggling soul, And Abel's heart, responsive, murmured, "Even me! Bless Thou me, also, O my Father!" He raised his hoary head and lo! long avenues Of sunbeams, sunny ripples, led the star-paved way. Defined, yet all unbounded, lonely? No! The rays of angelic light the heavenly streets, Whose only thoughts were sweetest poetry, To unborn man, and fitted to the music. Such he beheld, transfixed. But yet more heavenly rapture Told his longings, for lo! the vision of the candlesticks Appeared, and in the midst One, clothed in purity. Behold the marks upon His palms and side! Descending low, He whispered, "Son, arise, Adorn thyself—the Bridegroom seeks His bride!" The silver chain was loosed—his soul, to glory led, His spirit rests with God in heaven, his body with the dead.

of the thing, and to increase the number of their scalps, in Indian fashion. The law-abiding people are already discussing the formation of a law and order league, and the preliminaries of the formulation of a cure of the disease are now settled. It will be of the heroic remedy order, but it will prove effective. Judge Lynch will organize a court here and there will be no jury attachment to it either. There will be a few wholesome examples. These men who are so handy with their guns will take warning, the perjured jurists will look out for their skins, and the old days of the Helena vigilantes will be repeated. This is no idle threat or foolish saying. The day of Lynch law will be in this city in a very short time unless there is a mending of the ways, and the sights of the "Treaty Tree" of Helena's plain will be modernized.

NEVER MIND WHAT MRS. GRUNDY WILL SAY.

Wear your last winter's hat this winter. It isn't the hat, it's the woman that's in it. So never mind what "Mrs. Grundy" will say. Speak to your poor friend on the street when you meet her. Though for doing so you're shunned by the gang. A kind word to her may make her life brighter. So never mind what "Mrs. Grundy" will say. When a question is up for vote at a meeting, and the majority don't think your way, if you think it's right, why certainly vote for it. Never mind what "Mrs. Grundy" will say. If you are not rich, don't pretend that you are so. It will be misery for you every day. Don't starve the kitchen, but stick up the parlor. Oh! never mind what "Mrs. Grundy" will say. Whatever you say and whatever you do, don't hesitate a moment if you know the right way. Let people think it cannot hurt you. So never mind what "Mrs. Grundy" will say. Did God ever create a more noble being than man, with a conscience to point the right way? So hold up your head; you are one of His creatures. And never mind what "Mrs. Grundy" will say. —Beale Davis.

THE OLD YEAR'S BLESSING.

I am fading from you, But one draweth near, Called the guardian angel Of the coming year.

If my gifts and graces Coldly you forget, Let the New Year's angel Bless and crown them yet.

For we work together, He and I are one; Let his end be perfect, All I have begun.

I brought good desires, Though as yet but seeds; Let the New Year make them Blossom into deeds.

If I give you sickness, If I brought you care, Let him make one Patient And the other Prayer.

Where I brought you sorrow, Though his care, at length, It may rise triumphant Into future strength.

If I broke your idols, Showed you they were dust, Let them turn the knowledge Into heavenly trust.

If I brought temptation, Let sin die away Into boundless pity. For all hearts that stray.

If your list of errors Park and long appears, Let a new-born monarch Melt them into tears.

May you hold this angel Dearer than the last! So I bless his future, While he crowns my past.

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Plan's Remedy for Chlarrh is the Best, Quickest to Use, and Cheapest. CATARRH Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Wm. S. T. Haeffelin, Warren, Pa.

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THE WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JANUARY 9, 1895.

A POLITICAL YEAR.

The year that is past has been one of great political disturbance in many countries, but the troubles have for the most part been of a domestic character. The story of strained relations between the great nations is becoming familiar, but in the occurrences of the year there are more tokens of amity than of war. In Great Britain the retirement of Mr. Gladstone and the various utterances of liberal, radical and home rule leaders have produced a condition of ferment. No one can say with any degree of certainty what constitutional changes may come forward within a year with the authority of the government. The house of lords, claiming to represent the people, has interposed its veto on government legislation. Numerous but not unanimous or consistent declarations against the lords have been issued, so that it is not quite certain what the ministerial programme respecting the upper house may be. The one thing that may be regarded as certain is that the lords will hold their ground until the people have had opportunity to pass upon their conduct, and that neither their mending nor ending, nor home rule for Ireland will be brought about before a general election. But while England is in some turmoil at home, it is at peace with the world outside. Especially at this moment are the relations happy between Great Britain and her colonies. France is bearing her usual burden of domestic troubles and disputings. A president has fallen by the hand of a foreign assassin, encouraged by lawless men at home. But the event has not disturbed the stability of the republic. The present scandals may overthrow the ministry, as other ministries went down before the Panama scandals, but they do not seem likely to deprive the people of their confidence in the existing institutions. Italy, like many other places, is struggling with an epidemic of public scandals. In Germany, Chancellor Caprivi, the successor to Bismarck, has in his turn been set aside, and the country is in the throes of a socialist agitation. Russia has experienced a change of despots. But all these vicissitudes do not appear to effect injuriously the relations of nations toward each other. The war between China and Japan has not as yet involved any other nations, nor is there as yet a sign of want of harmony among the powers concerning the tariff has been revised and the duties reduced by the democratic party which, at the beginning of the year, seemed to be strongly entrenched in power. The end of the year finds the democracy beaten in all parts of the country, even in some of its ancient strongholds. While Canada has not suffered any undue excitement, it had, before the recent solemn event which has filled all minds, been the scene of considerable political activity. The tariff bill of last session was an event of unusual importance in the economic history of this country. The provincial elections in Ontario and Nova Scotia have made no change in the political situation, but were not without interesting features. But the colonial conference will probably take rank as the most important and far-reaching occurrence of the year in Canadian political history.

THE RED CROSS AND JAPAN.

Misleading reports have so persistently appeared in the news from

China to the effect that the Red Cross workers have been denied opportunity to prosecute their labors in the cause of humanity during the progress of the war which Japan is so successfully carrying on against the Flowery Kingdom, that the American executive board of the Red Cross has found it necessary to issue a statement setting forth the facts of the case. This statement shows that the Red Cross is not, as is commonly supposed, a great international organization with a governing body composed of representatives from the different nations of the world. The Red Cross work was organized by a convention held at Geneva in 1864, whose conclusions were almost immediately ratified by sixteen nations and have since been adopted by others, until the total number is forty. The first principle of the association, so far as its relief operations in time of war are concerned, is that a non-combatant becomes a neutral. The importance of recognition by the government of a country lies in securing protection for the insignia of the association, so that wherever the Red Cross waves, showing the agents of mercy to be at work, hostilities shall no longer be directed against that point. The official statement gives the following rule covering the method of work: "The resolutions of the Geneva conference provide that there shall be, in every treaty country, one committee, and only one, whose duty it shall be to co-operate in time of war by all the means in its power with the medical and sanitary service of the army, and this committee shall place itself in communication with the government of its own country, in order that its offers of assistance, in case of need, may be accepted." It is stated further that, when there is need that one nation be advised of what another is doing, or has a suggestion to offer, "the interchange of communication between the several national committees is made through the Swiss committee, which bears the title of the Comité International."

The Red Cross association of each country is a separate and independent organization, yet operating on a common plan of action with the others, and for one nation to interfere or offer to engage in work in another where the Red Cross work is already systematized would be as much out of place as for one country to legislate for another. The United States did not agree to the treaty of Geneva until 1882, and Japan took the same step in 1888 and the emperor became president of the Japanese Red Cross association in 1889. There is therefore in existence in Japan, with the highest official sanction, an organization for Red Cross work, which has been performing its functions actively and successfully. Not only is it recognized by the state, but the Japanese minister of war notified the army last September, says an American exchange, that the principles laid down by the Red Cross must be obeyed, even in dealing with an enemy which had not accepted the convention and denied its spirit. That the commanders have not been able to enforce this strictly in China's favor seems unhappy. But it is equally true that there has been no lack of Red Cross relief work in Japan, and no rejection of assistance from the Red Cross organization of this or any other country, because none such was needed or could have been offered properly.

A GREAT ENGINEERING WORK.

Chicago's drainage canal, designed to furnish an outlet for the sewerage of the city into the Mississippi, is probably the most extensive engineering work now actually under way in the world. This outlet is through the Chicago, Desplains and Illinois rivers into the Missisippi. The Chicago river is already connected with the Desplains by a narrow ditch, but the current of both streams is uncertain and that of the former reverses as the height of the water varies, there being a strong current towards the lake at high water and a slight current in the opposite direction during low water. The latter current is increased by large pumps, which lift the water from the river into the Illinois and Michigan canals, whence it flows into the Desplains river at Lockport, about twenty-eight miles from Chicago. The fall between these two points is very slight, but below Lockport it amounts to about forty feet in a distance of four miles. "The canal is to be an interrupted water-way between Chicago and Lockport and will provide for a flow by gravitation of a body of water sufficiently large to carry off the sewerage from a great portion of the city and county without objectionably polluting the Illinois river. Another important part of the work is the building of a levee between the main channel and the Desplains river, and in order that the plan of drainage might be fully carried out it was found necessary to divert the course of the river by excavating a new channel. This "river diversion," now practically completed, cost about one million dollars. The completion of the entire work will require an excavation of 27,428,861 cubic yards of ma-

SIR JOHN'S BURIAL.

(Continued from First Page.)

terial, the building of 233,526 cubic yards of retaining wall and the construction of 52,772 cubic yards of levee at an estimated cost of \$21,799,293. Of the material excavated 11,045,005 cubic yards is solid rock. The dimensions of the channel of this drainage canal were fixed at a width of 160 feet, with practically perpendicular walls through the solid rock and where retaining walls are built. Through the earth sections the width at the bottom is to be 202 feet, with banks on a slope of two to one, and the depth throughout is to be not less than 22 feet at low water. Clement F. Street, mechanical editor of the Railway Review, in an article in Leslie's Weekly, makes an interesting comparison between this work and the Manchester ship canal. That canal is thirty-five miles in length and its completion required the excavation of 38,500,000 cubic yards of material of which 21,000,000 was sandstone. The Manchester canal was by far the most expensive work, but that is accounted for by the large number of difficult engineering problems involved.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Stormy Sessions of Both Houses of the Legislature.

St. Johns, Nfld., Jan. 1.—The sessions of both houses of the legislature last night were stormy ones. In the upper house, the final vote on the bill guaranteeing the Commercial Bank's notes at twenty cents on the dollar, resulted in a tie—five to five; but the measure was passed by the chairman casting his vote for it. Messrs. Thorburn and Angel, Whitewayites, bolted their party, which is now in power, amid the plaudits of the audience. In the lower house the government introduced a bill abolishing the four years' disqualification for bribery and corruption, which renders ex-Premier Whiteway and sixteen of his followers incapable of holding office. The opposition obstructed the measure and the crowd hissed the speakers. The latter demanded that the galleries be cleared. The speaker gave an order to that effect, but it was found impossible to carry it out, and finally he closed the session.

Six or seven thousand persons held a public meeting in the afternoon in front of the assembly building to protest against the discrimination shown by the government in guaranteeing the notes of the Union bank at eighty cents on the dollar and those of the Commercial bank at twenty cents. Resolutions were adopted demanding guarantees, and opposing the bill, which places the winding up of the banks under government control. A resolution was also adopted appealing to the imperial government to send out a royal commission to investigate the affairs of the Commercial Bank, which was also largely signed applying for the appointment of a commission. The objects of the meeting are endorsed by the bishops of Newfoundland and clergymen of all denominations. The meeting was under the control of a committee of business men, professional politicians being refused any share in the proceedings. A committee will interview the governor tomorrow to urge him to acquiesce in the views of the meeting.

St. Johns, Nfld., Jan. 2.—The bill guaranteeing the notes of the Union and Commercial banks was, with trifling amendments, passed by both houses of the legislature today. The governor will give his assent to the measure, and it will then become a law.

A bill was also passed placing the value of the gold sovereign at \$4.88, the same as the Canadian and American standard. The lower house passed a bill removing the disabilities of Sir William Whiteway and his followers, who were convicted of corrupt practices and Sir William will return to the political life, taking the leadership of his party, which is now in power. The opposition has filed a formal protest with the governor, and has also forwarded a copy to the English government, showing that the bill is unconstitutional and detrimental to the interests of justice. It is not expected that the measure will receive the royal assent, even though it should be passed by the upper house.

The government are charged with manipulating the bill for the winding up of insolvent companies with a view to getting the liquidation of the Commercial Bank into their own hands. The supreme court has dismissed ex-Premier Whiteway and the other provincial trustees of the Commercial Bank because of the legislature not passing a measure to give the courts control of the liquidation.

The hearing of the charges against the directors of the Commercial Bank was begun today. The directors were arrested last week, being accused of issuing false statements of the bank's affairs. They were subsequently released on bail. At the hearing today it was shown that bonds were included among the bank's assets and had really been assigned in the London and Westminster Bank. A further hearing of the case was adjourned until next Tuesday. The accused renewed their bonds.

The government have announced that they have negotiated a loan with the Bank of Montreal and will obtain sufficient specie to pay the salaries of the government employees and to meet pressing interest claims. The amount of the loan is reported to be \$500,000.

The petition for the appointment of a secret commission to examine into the affairs of Newfoundland is receiving numerous signatures. The governor will be urged to move in the matter without delay. The French consul has protested against the passage of the Bank Note Guaranty bill, owing to the loss that will be sustained by French citizens throughout the country. The bill guarantees the notes of the Union Bank at 80 cents on the dollar and those of the Commercial Bank at 20 cents. London, Jan. 2.—The London and Westminster Bank has set aside \$55,620 to meet losses that may possibly be incurred through the Newfoundland crisis.

GREATNESS CANNOT EXIST IN AN EVERY-DAY DRESS.

Unless it is presented to them booted and spurred they fail to recognize its face. As the vulgar compound bigness with greatness, so they make this latter synonymous with pomposity of manner and aggressive self assertion. The ability to meet emergencies and to attain legitimately the special end in view without any apparent effort, proves the possession of resources which merit the designation of great. Now, it is admitted on all sides that a lawyer Sir John Thompson was never found unable to meet the legal points which unexpectedly arise in the conduct of a case. Some will say that he had not a laid up store of legal knowledge; he merely solved the difficulties as they successively arose. Even if that be so, it would simply prove that he lacked the time in a busy life to fill his mind with all manner of law questions whilst it would serve to show the resourceful quality of his intellect. As a pleader his success was so marked that his services were eagerly sought in all causes of great moment. As a judge, his summing up of cases was noted for its method and impartiality; his decisions were ever clear and satisfactory. As a speaker on the floor of the house of commons, HE MAY NOT HAVE HAD THE TRICK OF FORCE AND GESTURE which in a ruder age, and even now, among the less cultured, are supposed to constitute oratory. His speeches, nevertheless, were masterpieces of clear, logical reasoning, and the conviction of all fair minded men. They have that quality of sincerity and treatment and of appeal to the higher nature of man, with a mastery grouping of arguments, which will ensure their immortality in the literature of our country. As an envoy of Canada, whether at Washington, at Paris, or London, he impressed all with whom he came in contact as a man of superior abilities and one possessed of a marvellous grasp of the intricacies of every question discussed. In view of all these attainments and successes, both at home and abroad, we are but expressing a legitimate conclusion, and not the exaggeration of funeral eulogy, by claiming for him in many things, at least, the appellation of great. But there is another and a higher aspect of the life of the premier which on an occasion and in a place of this kind is deserving of serious consideration. Splendid as were his intellectual gifts and endowments of mind, of themselves they would never have enabled him to win and to retain the esteem and admiration of so many.

IT WAS THE SPIRITUAL ELEMENT IN HIS NATURE

which developed and expanded his intellectual attainments, gave consistency to his actions, strength and vigor to his reasoning, and won the confidence of those with whom he had to deal. Material as is our age, and set though the hearts of the multitude may be on the good things of life, still men can admire and appreciate a line of action which is moulded by a standard more noble than any to which they dream of aspiring. The words of the book of Wisdom—"Love justice, you that are judges of the earth. Think of the Lord in goodness, and seek him in simplicity of heart."—had sunk early and deeply into the heart of Sir John Thompson. To the justice of his dealings with all men, both as a private citizen and as a public official, we have already alluded, and the public will fully endorse it. The way he sought the Lord in goodness and simplicity of heart is known to his friends. He recognized it to be the first duty of a Christian to follow the dictates of conscience, and to make his life an outward expression of his inward convictions. We shall not insult his memory, nor seem to think so poorly of the enlightened citizens of this dominion, as to offer any excuse for, or vindication of the change of his religious belief, made after due deliberation, in the strength of his young manhood.

HE WHO FOLLOWS CONSCIENCE NEEDS NO VINDICATION

In the eyes of posterity, nor excuse before the bar of contemporary opinion. We shall merely say that his manner of life, from the date of that change until the day of his death, was that of a thoroughly practical, consistent Catholic. Both in public and in private life, at all times and under all circumstances, he fulfilled with regularity and exactness, not merely the essential duties of his religion, but likewise many of those which a busy man might well be excused for thinking supererogatory. The faithful discharge of his religious duties brought him into daily and close intercourse with his Creator, detaching his mind from the love of material things, causing him to see the emptiness of worldly honor and applause, and making him realize that

A GOOD NAME IS BETTER THAN RICHES

and the fear of God preferable to the acquirement of unjust triumphs. How faithful he was to the practices of devotion which he deemed profitable to the soul, can be gathered in an unmistakable manner from what was found on him after death. Among other things were a small picture of his Saviour, a crucifix, and a set of rosary beads. Be it borne in mind that he could not have foreseen his death at Windsor castle; consequently, even his most bitter adversary cannot accuse him of posing for the occasion. Such tokens of pious practices, of the utility of which we shall not here treat, but in which he fully believed, were ever on his person. He had gone to Windsor castle at the command of his earthly sovereign; whilst bending his knee to her and swearing fealty to her throne with a heart filled with the spirit of true loyalty, he wore, pressed to that same heart, the image of his heavenly King, both as a reminder of the homage which he owed her, and as

A CONSECRATION OF THE SERVICE OF HIS SOUL

to the Eternal King. He was to dine with the Queen, and then to remain for the night in her historic castle. He would offer to her every sign of respectful allegiance and ready service; but when he should have retired

from her presence he was prepared to salute the Queen of heaven, and commend himself to her care by devoutly reciting the beads in her honor. Have we not here a striking example of the fulfillment of the command, "Fear God and honor the king." The thoughtless may smile at such trifles being found on a great public man; we maintain that without them he would have been short of half his greatness. This exceptionally brilliant and highly honorable career, measured by years, is a disappointment; judged by the work performed, it may be said to embrace a lengthened span, for, according to the words of Wisdom:

"Venerable old age is not that of long time, nor counted by the number of years; but the understanding of a man is grey hairs; and a spotless life is old age." (Wisdom iv., 8-9.)

In this true sense, then, although taken away in his prime, Sir John Thompson

FILLED UP BY HIS GOOD DEEDS AND A SPOTLESS LIFE

more than the allotted three score and ten. Some will say, as some have said, that had he not entered on a career of dominion politics he might have lived yet for many years. True; and the soldiers who lost their lives in defending their country might have lived to extreme old age had they remained in the quiet retirement of their homes, and their courage and their patriotism in some obscure potato patch. But we do not live for ourselves alone; man has duties to towards society, and those to whom the Creator has been lavish of His gifts have a responsibility for their right and corresponding to their measure. Sir John knew and recognized this; and though personally averse to the turmoil of public life, he sacrificed his feelings at the call of duty. Who of his friends could wish it to have been otherwise? Who of them would purchase for him a few uneventful years of life at the cost of his achievements during the past nine years? It is needless to say I am speaking in no partisan sense when I ask, Who would wish to deprive Canadian public life of the noble and uplifting influence of his example? Who would hide his light beneath a bushel, and thus to take from the young men of the future an example and an inspiration of honesty and patriotism, even though he might have adorned, for many years to come, the bench of his native province? The man who could desire this is

ONLY HALF A CHRISTIAN, AND NOTHING OF A CANADIAN.

I need not recount to you the tragic story of his ending. He was summoned from the presence of his earthly sovereign to that of his Eternal Lord and Master. Well was it for him that, "being made perfect in a short space, he fulfilled a long time." for only his Christian life, and not worldly honors or success, could then avail him. When the Judge to judge of how great shall be the reward of him who has lived for the presence of his earthly sovereign to that of his Eternal Lord and Master. Well was it for him that, "being made perfect in a short space, he fulfilled a long time." for only his Christian life, and not worldly honors or success, could then avail him. When the Judge to judge of how great shall be the reward of him who has lived for the presence of his earthly sovereign to that of his Eternal Lord and Master. 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OLDEST HARNESSMAKER.

William H. Bustin, After 65 Years at the Bench,

Says He Can Still Do More than the Average Workman.

He Was Born in St. John Over Eighty Years Ago.

(Boston Globe, Dec. 28.)

There are few things which fall to the lot of the average citizen...

When a passage was being out for the Cunarder Britannia through the ice of Boston harbor...

He has devoted the greater part of his life to making horse collars...

The old gentleman tells of witnessing the hanging of eight men together at the old jail down on Leverett street...

They were part of the crew of the pirate ship Fidelity and they paid the extreme penalty of the law for having looted and scuttled the brig Mexican of Salem.

They were brought out of the jail and placed on the gallows in rows of four.

Mr. Bustin says that the shock to the assembled multitude was terrible, but he reflected that the condemned men had themselves doomed many human beings to destruction...

The mate of the pirate craft, De Sotta, was confined on the ground that he had shown humanity to a number of passengers.

The jail was then on Leverett street, near its junction with Causeway street, and it ran back to where is now Wall street.

The surrounding locality was all a swamp, which was covered by tide at high water, and the tide coming in while the hanging was in progress...

He also recollects the hanging of Crockett and Russell, two incendiaries. The execution of Prof. Webster he recalls as if it had occurred only a year ago...

Mr. Bustin was born in St. John, N. B., May 2, 1814, and is therefore in his 81st year.

He learned the harness making trade at an early age, his employer being a Glasgow man, who was a past master of his trade.

Seven years was then the appointed time for an apprentice, but the servitude was too much for young Bustin, so he ran away after he had served two years and came to Boston.

Here he went to work for William Bell on Bromfield street, Boston, at that time, in 1831, being without a horse or steam railroad or a steamboat, and having only 50,000 inhabitants.

When he went to work for Mr. Bell it was as an apprentice, but he quickly showed his proficiency to such an extent that he practically ran the shop.

There was no part of the business that he did not thoroughly understand, and it was then he began to realize what an excellent master he had left when he took French leave in St. John.

While working in Bromfield street he made the first "box" drop ever made in the city of Boston, although it has since come into general use in harness making.

Shortly afterward he went out to East Cambridge and later moved to Charlestown, where he was engaged in the burning of the convent in Charlestown, No. 4, and started to go to the fire, but was unable to do so.

Later on, however, he was called as a witness for the government, at the trial of the parties accused of having set the fire, and indirectly the occurrence has played a most important part in his career ever since.

He was acquainted with a young fellow named Marcy, who thoroughly understood the Lechmere hotel at East Cambridge. The young fellow was wild, and his father could not get any good of him, so one day he stripped him naked and belabored him severely.

The young man ran through the street and, turning around, cried out, "Don't me, but it will be some time before you catch me again." He ran off, and his father did not see him for a long time afterward.

At the time of the burning of the convent, however, young Marcy got into trouble over it, and was confined in prison at Marlboro.

Mr. Bustin and another friend started out one day to see the prisoner, and on their way drove through Watertown. Bustin liked the place so well that he decided to settle there, and there he has lived for more than half a century.

Marcy escaped from prison shortly after and later lived in Watertown. Mr. Bustin carries on the harness making business at 6 North Anderson street and comes in from Watertown every morning as regularly as daylight appears.

He can jump on or off a moving electric car with the agility of an athlete and never enjoyed better health than he does at present. His ruddy complexion and strong constitution he attributes for the most part to the temperate life which he has always led.

His family consists of three sons and a daughter. At the time he started to learn the business a man working at harness-making had to know how to make riding saddles, valises and various

other articles, whereas a man working at the business today need only be capable of making a pair of traces, or some other special portion of the work, in order to make his livelihood at harness making.

Then, too, the greater part of the work now is done by machinery. And yet for the work which a man could do in Mr. Bustin's early days he would not receive more than \$3 a week, while working piece work now at some special line it would be strange if a good workman did not clear in the neighborhood of \$20 a week.

Mr. Bustin says that he does not fear but that he would be able to do as much at collar making today as any three men who would compete with him, because of his special knowledge of the business.

For a long time he told his help that he would come in some morning and do the biggest day's work of his life, and then stop working. He did come to the shop one day, and said:

"Now, boys, I am going to do that big day's work."

He started in and in eight hours and 20 minutes he did \$50 of work on collars alone.

He had devoted the greater part of his life to making horse collars, and in his time has seen more than half a score of men swung into eternity by means of hempen collars, which, however he did not have any part in making.

The old gentleman tells of witnessing the hanging of eight men together at the old jail down on Leverett street, the recollection of which, he says, will ever abide with him.

They were part of the crew of the pirate ship Fidelity and they paid the extreme penalty of the law for having looted and scuttled the brig Mexican of Salem.

They were brought out of the jail and placed on the gallows in rows of four.

Mr. Bustin says that the shock to the assembled multitude was terrible, but he reflected that the condemned men had themselves doomed many human beings to destruction...

The mate of the pirate craft, De Sotta, was confined on the ground that he had shown humanity to a number of passengers.

The jail was then on Leverett street, near its junction with Causeway street, and it ran back to where is now Wall street.

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PROGRESSIVE MONCTON.

An Account of Its Building Operations.

The Trade of the City and its Outports for the Past Year.

The List of Fires and the Losses and Insurance for 1894.

Moncton, Jan. 1.—The past year has been one of considerable prosperity in Moncton. The industries, with the exception of the Sugar refinery, which has been closed for some months, but is now reopening, have been steadily employed, and work in the building trades has been more plentiful than for several years.

Carpenters, painters and others have been steadily employed right up to the present, or until obliged by cold weather to stop operations; in fact, some contractors in these lines had more work in hand than they were able to finish.

The trade of Moncton and outports has been fairly well maintained, the only exceptions being the decrease in the importations of raw sugar, due to the suspension of work at the refinery during the last half of the year and the falling off in exports of railway ties, owing to the virtual suspension of railway building in those parts of the United States which are dependent upon for a market.

The falling off in the shipments of railway ties in 1894, the total loss being \$1,000,000, nearly one half as compared with 1893, but the port as a whole will show some increase. The following statistics will be of interest: The total value of the imports of 1894 was \$300,000; duty collected, \$51,261, as compared with \$39,022 in 1893 and \$43,967 in 1892.

The exports of 1894 were \$1,000,000, as compared with \$800,000 in 1893 and \$700,000 in 1892. The principal exports were: Sugar, \$400,000; flour, \$200,000; wheat, \$100,000; and other goods, \$300,000.

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Various shippers—342,978 lbs smelts, value \$9,575; 1,377 1-2 cases canned lobsters, value \$4,644; 29 1-2 barrels salt mackerel, value \$171; 290 bushels potatoes, value \$97; 3,550 lbs fresh mackerel, value \$139 sundries, value \$702.

To Great Britain: Geo. McKean, 4,353,548 feet deals, etc., value \$20,000; W. M. Mackay, 3,978,632 feet deals, etc., value \$30,961; Jos. L. Black, 1,483,850 feet deals, etc., value \$11,014.

To St. Pierre, Miquelon: Geo. L. Wright & Co., 105,600 feet lumber, value \$1,177; 51,000 shingles and laths; value \$80.

To West Indies: R. C. Tait, 38 1-2 cases canned lobsters, 38,541 bushels potatoes, 240 bushels turnips, 31 bushels carrots, 1,763 bushels oats, 111 tons hay, 23 horses, 4 cows, 2 carriages, 1 sloop, 3 sets harness, 58,433 onion crates, value \$27,000.

Total value of exports, \$122,989, to different countries as follows: United States, \$20,000; Great Britain, \$72,843; St. Pierre, \$2,057; West Indies, \$27,000.

LAST YEAR'S BUILDING OPERATIONS. Over thirty new buildings were erected in Moncton last year at a cost of \$88,000, besides which large expenditures were made, including the remodeling and improvement of the Bank of Nova Scotia building.

The new buildings erected were: Presbyterian church, \$2,000; J. W. Y. Smith, 2 cottages, \$1,400; I. L. Miller 2 cottages, \$4,000; Dr. Bradley, 4 cottages, \$7,500; P. McDougall, 2 tenements, \$1,700; Jas. McAuley, dwelling, \$3,000; A. Warman, cottage, \$700; A. H. Jones, 2 cottages, \$4,800; E. McCarthy, tenement, \$450; J. A. Killam, double tenement, \$5,000; Geo. Stackhouse, cottage, \$850; Wm. Watson, double tenement, \$2,000; C. O. Marks, carriage factory, \$2,000; Victoria skating rink, \$2,000; Dunlap & Co., oil warehouse, \$400; J. W. Y. Smith, 2 warehouses, \$800; A. A. Tuttle, wood-working factory, \$1,000.

THE FIRE RECORD. The past year has been quite a disastrous one. The fire alarms numbered 23, the total loss being \$37,343.50 and the insurance paid \$25,781.85.

The fire losses were: Jan. 6—Building on Main street owned by P. McSweeney, occupied by J. C. Stewart, grocer, and others; caused by lamp explosion; loss \$500; insurance paid, \$314.85.

Jan. 13—Building on Bonaccord street, owned and occupied by J. P. Conway; cause unknown; loss \$1,600; insurance paid \$200 on furniture; insurance on building contested on the ground of irregularity and excessive amount, there being a second policy, of which the holder of the first had not been notified.

Jan. 20—Presbyterian church; cause defective furnace; loss \$22,000; insurance paid \$17,500.

Jan. 21—Building on Alma street, owned by A. Bourque, occupied by R. A. Chapman; cause, hot ashes in outbuilding; loss \$74.80; insurance paid \$74.80.

Feb. 27—Building on Summer street, owned and occupied by A. Shaw; loss \$50; insurance paid \$50.

May 11—Building on Foundry street owned and occupied by Mrs. Mary Willis; cause, defective stove pipe; loss \$30; insurance paid \$30.

June 10—Building on Luttrell street owned by A. A. Tuttle; cause, unknown; loss \$2,500; insurance \$200.

June 24—Building on Weldon street owned and occupied by D. Stevenson; incendiary; loss \$150; insurance paid \$150.

July 18—Building on Main street, partly destroyed some time before; incendiary; loss \$100; no insurance.

Sept. 24—Buildings on Mechanic street owned and occupied by J. H. Marks and others; caused by boys playing in refuse with matches; loss \$9,588; insurance paid \$6,789.

Nov. 1—Building on Telegraph street owned by J. Vanbuskirk and occupied by P. P. McDougall; lamp explosion; loss \$300; no insurance.

Dec. 13—Building on Church street owned by Jos Killam, in construction; fire caught from salamander; loss \$115; insurance paid \$115.

Dec. 23—Building on Bonaccord street owned and occupied by Con. J. Henderson; caught from furnace; loss \$178; insurance paid \$178.

SEVENTEEN MISSING. The Delavan House Fire Has Probably Resulted in the Loss of Seventeen Persons.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 31.—The horrors of the Delavan house fire increase as the hours go by, and where this morning nine persons were reported missing, the list tonight is increased to seventeen. The full list of the missing is as follows: Mrs. F. Hill, housekeeper; Nora Sullivan, chamber maid; Mary Sullivan, chamber maid; Mary Carry, chamber maid; Annie Daley, employed in cleaning department; Bridget Fitzgibbon, employed in pantry; Amelia Tomascina, chamber maid; Simon Myer, coffee man; Rosanna Stoney, chamber maid; Ellen Dillon, laundry; Agnes Wilson, chamber maid; Rae Young, employed in the linen department; Kate Crowley, chamber maid; Tom Cannon, hall man; Fernando Balletti, French waiter; Riccardo Telefona and an unknown Italian who both worked in the kitchen.

About twenty girls were sleeping in the attic, which was on the Steuben street side of the house and the only exit was a narrow hallway leading to the third floor hallway.

The most reliable information that could be obtained was given by an employe of the house, named Kate Monahan, who knew all the girls well and had up to that time been unable to find twelve of them, who she is positive were dead. Besides these, she asserts that four men are also in the ruins. Miss Monahan says that she believes the girls were lost in the attic.

HARD TO RESIST. Missionary (discomfited)—If the favorite wife of the chief should be converted, would then be easy. But she can find nothing attractive in Christian civilization. Wife (after reflection)—Show her some fashion plates.—New York Weekly.

LUMBER TRADE OF 1894.

An Interesting Statement With Comparisons With Other Years.

Showing the Trade of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

Small Stocks Held Over on the Miramichi—The General Outlook.

From J. B. Snowball's Miramichi Wood Trade Circular for the year 1894: In presenting my annual report of the wood trade of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia with trans-Atlantic ports for 1894 I have little that is encouraging to state respecting operations of the past season.

The year's business opened under the conditions existing for some time previously, and which were by no means encouraging, because of the continued general depression of trade in Great Britain and on the Continent.

The advance of prices which usually accompanies the fall increase of importations was not realized on account of the heavy failures in the trade in England, which caused several cargoes to be forced on the market and sold at prices even below current values.

The winter of 1893-4 was the most successful on record for forest operations in New Brunswick. The result was a comparatively small output of logs, at a maximum cost of production. The present winter has, so far, been favorable for log getting, and although a smaller output than that of last season was anticipated when operations were begun in the woods, the output depends largely on the continuance of favorable weather.

The present stock of merchantable deals and logs on hand, on the Miramichi, only 4,200 standards, is the smallest we have ever had, and less than a third of our normal stock. If we have any revival of River Plate and United States business, it will leave the stock to be placed in the European markets in very moderate compass.

Two cargoes were shipped from this port to Rio Janeiro the past season, and several enquiries are now in the market for cargoes for next season's shipment.

A few cargoes of spruce deals, chiefly 9x3 and 11x3, were lately shipped from St. John to United States ports, and produced a much better result than trans-Atlantic shipments. This was brought about by the recent abolition of the United States import duty on lumber.

Twelve cargoes were shipped from this port to France during the past season, and the result was a marked decrease in the import duty; but now that Canada is about to enjoy the favored nation clause under the recently ratified treaty, a large revival of our exports to that country is looked for.

The exports from this province have been irregularly and excessively low, and there is an increased output of nearly fourteen million sup. feet. Miramichi, Dalhousie and Moncton show increases; St. John, Bathurst, Richibucto and Shediac show a marked decrease, while Sackville and outports remain stationary.

TY SALE.

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... E. H. McALPINE, Referee.

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TELEGRAPHIC.

ONTARIO.

Toronto, Jan. 2.—Two candidates have retired and Mayor Kennedy and ex-Mayor Fleming will have the field to themselves. It is believed that Kennedy will be re-elected.

Toronto, Jan. 3.—The conservatives are jubilant over the preliminary revision of the East York voters' list, they having put on 1,500 names to but 190 by the liberals.

Toronto, Jan. 3.—Judge McDougall, who presided at the investigation into the charges against certain city aldermen, issued his report today, in which he finds "illegal, improper and corrupt practices" have been resorted to by certain aldermen in obtaining franchises for contractors.

London, Ont., Jan. 6.—The salt manufacturers of Ontario met here yesterday. All the firms in the province were represented and it seems likely that the price of salt will shortly take a jump.

The fire originated in the basement of the Globe building, spreading west and north. One fireman, Robert Bowry, was killed, and five others badly injured; some of them will die.

Nicholas Rooney's dry goods store, adjoining the Globe building, fell a prey to the flames. The fire then spread across Jordan street, and the large new building of S. F. McKinnon & Co. was a mass of flames in less time than it takes to describe the scene.

Millions of sparks fell on the roofs of houses, but four inches of snow which mantled the city served to extinguish them.

To the south of the Globe office were buildings occupied by Brough & Caswell, printers; Ruben, Sadler & Hawthorn, leather; Miller & Richards, cards; type foundry; and the building occupied by the first two mentioned firms were totally destroyed, while that of Miller & Richards was badly gutted.

The Globe has occupied their building since June, 1890, when they moved from the King street office, Robert Jeffrey, president of the Globe Co., says the paper had invested \$70,000 in the building and \$50,000 in plant.

Toronto, Jan. 6.—Fire was discovered in the basement of the Globe building, on the corner of Yonge and Melville streets, at five o'clock this morning. The alarm was given, but before the first reel arrived flames were burning through every window from basement to attic.

The Toronto Lithographing company, which occupied a floor in the building, lost all its presses and many valuable stores.

The rear of Michael's company, Italian wine merchants, new building, was also slightly damaged.

The wind now changed, blowing from the east, and McKinnon & company's new wholesale dry goods store was soon wiped out of existence.

Owing to Chief Ardagh having to retire early from the scene the fire brigade did not work to the best advantage. The men worked bravely, but they lacked direction.

The following are the losses and insurances: The Globe loss, \$180,000; insurance, \$95,000; the Lithograph Co., \$120,000; insurance, \$65,000; Webb's restaurant, loss, \$90,000; insurance, \$31,000; McKinnon loss, \$215,000; insurance, \$160,000. Other losses, \$143,000; insurance, \$100,000. The total loss is \$966,000; total insurance, \$451,000.

Toronto, Jan. 7.—Mayor Kennedy has lost a good deal of his former popularity since he was elected first magistrate of the queen city one year ago by over three thousand majority.

Wellington and Mutual, \$5,000; Fire Exchange, \$5,000; United Fire, Manchester, \$2,500; Hartford, \$5,500; Phoenix of Hartford, \$10,000; Perth Mutual, \$2,500; Phoenix of Brooklyn, \$2,500; Royal of England, \$3,150; London and Lancashire, \$3,000; Gore District Mutual, \$5,000.

Montreal, Jan. 2.—The Star's cable from London says: It is announced here that a fresh issue of Quebec francs equal to the amount of \$1,984,227 has been offered on behalf of the Quebec government through the Credit Lyonnais of Paris at 427.50 francs per bond.

H. C. Beeton, agent general of British Columbia, has resigned his position, and it is likely F. G. Vernon, late chief commissioner of lands and works, will be his successor.

Montreal, Jan. 2.—Just before Christmas the different occupants of the Standard building presented John Fraser, the man who runs the elevator, with \$75 and he suddenly disappeared. Fraser had a wife and three small children, but in spite of this it appears he has gone to the states with a Salvation Army lassie.

There was rumor current in Montreal today, coming from apparently good authority, that the privy council had decided that remedial legislation was legally due the Roman Catholic minority in Manitoba in the appeal of Brophy against the Manitoba educational act.

Some months ago a great furor was created here over Rev. Abbe Martin's abandonment of the Church of Rome for Presbyterianism, but it cooled off when the rev. gentleman went back on his first lay sermon.

Quebec, Jan. 4.—The rumor is again revived that Archbishop Beaulieu has notified the superior of the Redemptorist order at Baltimore that Father Rosbach of St. Patrick's must leave the archdiocese of Quebec without delay.

Montreal, Jan. 4.—Alphonse Laurent received six lashes on the forehead this morning. This is the maximum number given at one time. He assaulted his own little daughter.

Montreal, Jan. 6.—Clara Peniston, aged twenty-seven, sister of Sam Peniston, gentleman jockey, who was killed on the race course a year ago, committed suicide at her home yesterday.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 4.—A feud between Dr. A. F. Rodgers of Ottawa, Sir Mackenzie Bowell's attending physician, and Dr. H. S. Birkett of Montreal, representing the present condition of the premier's health.

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Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 31.—The report sent out from Winnipeg that Bishop Larocque of Sherbrooke was to be appointed successor to the late Archbishop Tache is untrue.

Bangor, Me., Jan. 1.—The section of the Bangor and Aroostook railroad from Bangor to Caribou, sixty miles, and from Fort Fairfield, Junction to Fort Fairfield, twelve miles, which were opened to traffic December 30, are now placed on the train schedule, and regular trains began running today.

last week, Alexander McMeiken was declared elected by two votes, in a total of three thousand cast. A recount was begun before the judge today, and with only four boxes yet examined, the result is that Thos. Gilroy, opponent of McMeiken, is only one vote behind.

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OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Jan. 4.—The Independent Order of Foresters will ask parliament for certain amendments to its act of incorporation, among them one providing that the surplus funds of the company may be invested not only in Canadian securities but in securities of the United States of America and in state securities of any of the states thereof in which the I. O. F. has, or shall hereafter have, branches duly established, or in Great Britain, to the amount of one-fourth of the total surplus.

The revised voters' list for the city of Ottawa shows an increase of 4,462 names as compared with the lists of 1891.

Notes were well met at the local banks today.

Ottawa, Jan. 6.—Hon. Mr. Angers has authorized the issue of an invitation to the leading photographers of the dominion, asking their co-operation in an exhibition to be held this year at the Imperial institute in London, illustrative of photography in its application to science, the arts, and industries.

It is reported here that the privy council has reversed the decision of the Canadian Land Commission, which was in effect that the law of Canada did not sustain the appeal of the Manitoba Catholics for remedial legislation to be put in force against the abolition of separate schools by the Manitoba government.

The clerk of the crown in chancery has this week received dominion voters' lists, finally revised for four constituencies, including Annapolis.

Considerable work has been done by the severest carnival committees during the past week, and visitors to Ottawa a fortnight hence, will be well repaid for their trouble by the splendid programme of sports which is being prepared.

The special train from Halifax arrived here on time early yesterday morning. Premier Bowell reached Ottawa last night.

The annual supper to the newboys of Ottawa by the Ottawa Humane society took place last evening. It was a lively, as well as interesting gathering.

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—Sir Mackenzie Bowell returned to the city this afternoon. The premier was the recipient of many congratulations on the distinguished honor which her majesty was pleased to bestow upon him in making him a knight.

Dr. A. F. Rogers, the premier's medical attendant, who came up from Montreal with him, saw Sir Mackenzie this evening and found him in every way progressing favorably.

After a hard fight and heavy poll, ex-Ald. Borthwick beat Ald. Cluff for the majority by 89 votes.

Sir James Gray, chairman of the carnival committee, has received a letter from the governor general withdrawing his patronage from the winter carnival.

Not every man who is thin would thank you for fattening him. He doesn't want to be fat, and for very good reasons. Unnecessary fat is a load to carry about; it interferes with a man's power to work, shortens his mind, and dulls his wits.

George Jordan shot His Wife, Son and Daughter, and then Himself.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 4.—In a fit of jealous rage this afternoon, George Jordan shot and killed his ten-year-old son, shot his wife in the forehead and through the neck, shot his three-year-old daughter in the chin and back of the head, and then shot himself twice in the breast.

THE WALTER ESTATE.

London, Jan. 7.—The Times says that the will of the late John Walter, proprietor of the Times, shows a personal estate of £23,572, all of which was left to his children, the greatest portion going to his eldest son.

WORK OR BREAD.

3,000 Unemployed Parade St. Johns' Streets.

Captain of the Warship Tourmaline Promises Assistance.

The Government Making Arrangements to Provide Work—People Starving.

Montreal, Jan. 6.—The Star's cable says: London, Jan. 5.—The English journals, in commenting on the state of affairs in Newfoundland, says that if Canada will take the almost bankrupt and almost colony immediate relief and the bank solution of the present dead-lock.

The Chronicle, commenting on Newfoundland's demand for the appointment of a royal commission, says: "The commissioners must be nominees of the British government and entirely removed from local influences."

St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 6.—A number of the citizens who lead in the affairs of the colony have combined to bring about the holding of a patriotic convention, composed of the clergy, magistrates and traders of the principal towns, to be held at St. John's at an early date, to devise ways and means for extricating the colony from the present position.

The government intends appointing a local commission of inquiry, claiming that it is competent to deal with the trouble here, as a royal commission, and that it could accomplish the work more speedily.

The crew of the warship Tourmaline fed three hundred hungry people today. The crew are very generous in their benefactions and they have received much praise in consequence.

The Bank of Montreal, which is now the financial agent of the colony, has established a branch here and the outgoing officers arrived by the Silvia today. The Silvia also brought 100,000 in specie for the use of the government and an equal sum for the general business of the bank.

The representative of the Bank of Quebec has also arrived and will establish an agency in consequence. Bills of exchange to a large amount were returned by the Silvia, the banks on which they were drawn having refused to honor them owing to the suspension of the local banks.

Government debentures are being sold by the holders, who are in financial difficulties, for 60 per cent. of their par value, the persons selling demanding gold payments.

London, Jan. 7.—James and Alexander Allan of the Allan steamship line have written to the Times offering to take any gifts or donations for the relief of the suffering in Newfoundland by its Asiatic line.

St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 7.—This morning a crowd of about three thousand working men who were thrown out of employment by the financial collapse, gathered before the legislative chamber yesterday to protest against the suspension and parade of the principal streets. At the head of the column was borne a white flag bearing the words, "Work or Bread."

The movement created consternation in the first the police prepared to disperse the crowd, but as the actions were peaceful, nothing further in this direction was done.

After protesting the government, the procession went to the dry dock, where the British warship Tourmaline lay, which was sent here to help preserve order.

A committee of the unemployed boarded the ship and represented to Capt. Foote how they and their families were starving. They declared that they were willing to work, but if no work was available they insisted that the government should feed them.

Starvation is becoming more general day by day. Several poor families were evicted today. This adds to the misery of the situation. The government was waited upon this evening by a business committee of the clergy of the various churches. In reply, the government said arrangements were being made to provide for the relief of the people.

Lady O'Brien's committee started a two soup kitchens today. The government officials are happy today owing to the fact that gold is here with which to pay their salaries. The opposition press makes a point against them, declaring that they are securing their own salaries, while the taxpayers are perishing.

The Bank of Montreal will open on Wednesday. It has been decided that the Newfoundland branch shall issue notes to the amount of \$1,000,000. Railway Contractor Reid has received \$5,000 in gold and a similar amount has been received by the Tourmaline.

IN CHINATOWN.

A Horrible Tragedy in New York.

New York, Jan. 6.—A frightful tragedy, which ended in murder, took place in Chinatown at an early hour this morning. It was the outcome of a quarrel between two notoriously dissolute women, in a house on Mott street, in the Chinese quarter.

The building is tenanted by Chinamen and their women, and the attention of the police was attracted to a room on the fourth floor, where the crime was enacted, by cries of fire. The room was ablaze with flames and when the flames were extinguished a woman was found lying on the floor, her clothing buried completely from her body, which was badly burned.

She was still alive, and recognized by the police as Bridget Gorman. She said that Lizzie Brown, known to the police as "Liz the Man," had thrown the lamp at her, and she died in ten minutes. The murderer is one of the worst characters of that class who carry on their immoral traffic almost solely among the Chinese, and is known in the police force as a "Revolver."

She has been before police justice in the city, and no sooner serves one term of imprisonment on the island than she is arrested again and always convicted. Numerous efforts to reclaim her have been made by the missionaries locally, but to no purpose, and she has long since been abandoned by them as incorrigible.

The police knowing her haunts, began a search at once, and two hours later she was captured while hiding in a room in a bowery lodging house. She was unconcerned when arrested, and simply remarked: "She tried to do me, and I did her. It serves her right."

She was committed to the Tombs to await the coroner's inquest.

Bathurst Subscriptions to the Lady Thompson Fund—Death of Hon. S. L. Shannon.

Halifax, Jan. 7.—The amounts so far subscribed at the Halifax banks and their agencies to the Lady Thompson national fund is \$3,850.

Hon. S. L. Shannon, judge of probates, died this morning. He had been in poor health for some time.

The following subscriptions from Bathurst, N. B., have been received: Hon. F. J. McManus, \$1; Rev. T. F. Barry, \$2; Rev. W. Varrily, \$2; Jacob White, \$2; Henry White, \$1; J. H. Stewart, \$2; B. C. Multins, \$1; J. Barry, \$2; Rev. A. H. D. Cormier, Membranok, \$10.

SEVEN POUNDS IN ONE WEEK.

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IN MURDEROUS FRENZY.

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Now mothers be sure and get McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup and you will not be disappointed. Safe, pleasant, effectual.

PROVINCIAL

I. Secord's Residence at Apohaqui Burned.

Woodstock People Talk of Nominating a Prohibition Candidate.

General News of Interest From Many Sections of New Brunswick.

(Continued from page 2.)

KENT CO. Richibucto, Jan. 2.—Hugh Jardine, C. E., son of Thomas Jardine of the firm of J. & D. Jardine on account of...

ALBERT CO. Hopewell Hill, Jan. 2.—The illness of Mrs. G. W. Newcomb, wife of the proprietor of the Central house, has developed into a dangerous case of pneumonia.

ALBERT CO. Leander Wallace of Demolisse has moved into his new building at Cape station. Geo. Cochran is occupying the residence recently purchased by him at Lower Cape.

ALBERT CO. Branch No. 62 of the International Bible Reading association has been organized at the Hill, with Mrs. Ralph Colpitts secretary.

ALBERT CO. The first day of the new year was ushered in by a violent snow storm, the worst of the season, which raged all day.

ALBERT CO. Wm. Kinney and family leave today for Fresno, Cal., where they pursue their usual avocations.

ALBERT CO. Sch. Victoria, at Annapolis from Joggins, lost forestal on the passage across the bay.

ALBERT CO. Hopewell Hill, Jan. 3.—The intelligence of the death at St. John of Mrs. Fye, wife of Capt. Thos. Fye, was announced in yesterday's Sun, was received here with very general regret.

NORTHUMBERLAND CO. Northesk, Jan. 1.—James Donovan, son of John Donovan, aged sixteen, died Saturday, Dec. 9th. He had been in delicate health for a long time, but his death was quite unexpected.

NORTHUMBERLAND CO. The recent snow fall will prove a great benefit to lumbermen.

NORTHUMBERLAND CO. Samuel McKay, who has been absent from his native land for forty-five years, has returned and is visiting his friends and relatives.

NORTHUMBERLAND CO. Miss Porter of Douglastown has been engaged as teacher in the Strathadam school. Miss Maggie McTavish, who has been in Newcastle, has returned home and intends remaining.

NORTHUMBERLAND CO. Peter A. R. Forsyth, contractor, has built a large bow window on his own residence.

NORTHUMBERLAND CO. Maud McTavish of Southesk, who has been some years in the blind institution in Halifax, is home on her vacation, and is quite ill.

NORTHUMBERLAND CO. There was a catch of bass made at Red Bank last week, but below that there has not been any caught for some time.

YORK CO. Fredericton, Jan. 3.—The funeral of the late Mrs. A. F. Street took place this afternoon. The service was conducted by Bishop Kingsdon, assisted by Rev. Mr. Whalley.

YORK CO. The thermometer was 18 below zero this morning.

YORK CO. Fredericton, Jan. 4.—Mrs. John Anderson of this city died at an early hour this morning. Deceased was upwards of seventy-five years old, and was well known throughout the city.

YORK CO. The dominion electoral revision for York has been completed and will be forwarded to Ottawa in a day or two. The lists show an increase of 1,151 names over the revision of 1891.

YORK CO. Stanley, Jan. 3.—About thirty friends and members of St. Thomas' Episcopal church quietly surprised the rector, Rev. A. B. Murray, on New Year's eve. After filling his granary with grain, the party took possession of the rectory and spent a very pleasant evening.

YORK CO. On Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in the Temperance hall, D. Thomas of Fredericton, provincial deputy of the Sons of the Eminent, society installed the elected officers of the Rose of Stanley lodge for the ensuing year.

After the ceremony Rev. A. B. Murray, on behalf of Rose of Stanley lodge, presented the provincial deputy with a handsome briar pipe and case and tobacco, as a slight token of esteem with which he is held by the members of Rose of Stanley lodge.

The following officers have entered the infantry school here for a course of instruction on January fourth: Lt. E. A. Potter, 93rd Batt., Springfield; 2nd Lieut. H. Irving, 78rd Batt., Chatham; 2nd Lieut. J. R. Maxwell, 78th Batt., Pictou.

On Tuesday evening Miss Julia Fowler and Heber Hicks were married quietly at the residence of the bride's father, the Rev. Mr. Fowler, Canon road.

On Wednesday for their home in Campbellton. The groom was assisted by Miss Minnie Price, the bride's maid.

On Tuesday evening the Rev. W. C. Thorne was present. A quantity of useful tinware was presented to the host and a collection of contributions of esteem. Supper was served during the evening, and the usual amusements participated in.

A ple and basket social will be held in the F. C. B. church, 8th Settlement, on Jan. 10th. Proceeds will go for church purposes.

Among those who went to the funeral of Sir John Thompson at Halifax were F. L. Gross, H. S. Jones, O. E. Campbell, Shepherd Grey, Wm. Fenwick and J. H. Wiles.

The annual meeting of the British and Foreign Bible society held its annual meeting last evening, 3rd inst. The treasurer reported \$115 collected for the present year.

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Breathed O'er Eden. The groom was supported by A. H. Robinson, and the bride, who wore an elegant costume of gray cloth and velvet, trimmed with gray. The bridesmaid's dress was electric blue velvet, with silver trimming. The Rev. Mr. Fullerton performed the marriage ceremony, after which Miss Hattie Price played the Wedding march, while the audience passed out. A small circle of invited guests repaired to the residence of the bride's father, where an elegant collation was served.

A large company of invited guests assembled at the residence of David Wright on Monday evening to witness the marriage of Miss Minnie Price, and William Sproul of Campbellton. The bride wore a neat costume of motley gray cloth, and was unattended. The Rev. Mr. Mathews performed the marriage ceremony. The bride received a number of presents from friends and relatives at home and abroad.

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After a short rest of five minutes the teams lined up for the remaining forty-five minutes play, and the ball was immediately forced to within a few feet of the St. Stephen goal, and after ten minutes' sharp play St. Andrews secured a touchdown. A try from the field by Paul struck the crossbar and fell short. Score: St. Stephen, 3; St. Andrews, 3. Once more the ball was kicked off, and again almost immediately returned to the St. Stephen end, and after a hard fight of about twenty minutes St. Andrews secured another touchdown and another try from the field by Paul again missed. Score: St. Andrews, 6; St. Stephen, 3. Another kick off and again the ball is quickly forced to the St. Stephen goal, and but for the call of time by the referee's whistle another touchdown must have quickly been the result. After the middle of the first half the play was a continuous defense by St. Stephen, and a strong work by the St. Andrews team was a great surprise to all. The superiority of the St. Andrews team is shown by the fact that St. Stephen was forced to make three safety touchdowns. It would be impossible to name any of the players, as each player seemed to excel.

Owing to the lateness of the season the third match will be played in the spring.

Petersville, Jan. 4.—John McKee has purchased a portable engine for his saw mill.

Owing to the illness of the Rev. W. B. Armstrong, no service was held in St. Peter's Episcopal church last Sunday afternoon.

Miss W. G. Garrison of St. John, who has charge of the school here, will resume her duties again on Monday.

Sheffield, Jan. 4.—G. T. Bailey of Little River is moving into the neat cottage beside the shore of French lake made vacant by the removal of the brigadier's residence.

The ladies of the Methodist church and congregation of Lakeville Corner held a pie and basket social on New Year's eve and realized fifteen dollars, which goes to the benefit of their minister, the Rev. Mr. McCullough.

Thomson, Jan. 4.—Mr. J. W. Perley some thirteen years ago for the far west, has returned for the first time and is spending a few weeks with his parents in Sheffield, Mr. and Mrs. William Harrison.

W. S. Garrison of Upper Sheffield, who was burned out last week, reports say, is making his home with Murray Gilbert.

The Sheffield branch of the British and Foreign Bible society held its annual meeting last evening, 3rd inst. The treasurer reported \$115 collected for the present year.

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Woodstock, Jan. 5.—The Rev. Mr. McCullough, who has been absent from his native land for forty-five years, has returned and is visiting his friends and relatives.

Kendrick's White Liniment

THE Eminent and healing power of "Kendrick's White Liniment" makes it especially useful for the household.

IT CURES AND RELIEVES

Lameness, Pains, Swellings, Sore Lungs and Throat, Cramps and Pains, Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Keep it on hand. At all dealers. 25 cents a bottle.

Mrs. Anderson, of Woodstock, N. B., says: "It gives me much pleasure in recommending 'Kendrick's White Liniment' to the public. I have used it with splendid satisfaction in my case, and found, after the application of a few bottles, it has entirely removed Rheumatism from my arms and shoulders. I had been troubled several years with Rheumatism, and it came to such a stage at last that I could not raise my hand to my head. 'Kendrick's White Liniment' removed the troubles, and I feel as well as ever."

Mrs. Robert Miles of Hammond, Ind., Kingsport, Mo., writes: "I have used 'Kendrick's White Liniment' and I take great pleasure in recommending it to my customers. It sold more of it than any other kind this year."

Mr. Thos. E. Vogler, Vogler's Cove, Lunenburg, N. S., writes: "I can't say 'Kendrick's White Liniment' the best in this vicinity, and I know of many cases where it has been used with very successful results."

Shelburne, N. S. I was severely chafed from scratches; three applications of 'Kendrick's White Liniment' cured me. H. RYER.

H. Paxton Baird—Dear Sir: I take much pleasure in recommending to the public your 'Kendrick's White Liniment.' I was suffering with a severe attack of pleurisy in my chest, and it was so bad that sometimes I could hardly get my breath. I did not get any relief until I applied your Liniment, and in two days I was completely cured. No family should be without it. Yours truly, W. J. ASTLE.

Woodstock, N. B., June 16, 1894.

cept for the year were \$32,722.50, and the expenditure \$29,305.92, so that an adverse balance of \$3,416.58 was almost wiped out, and now receipts from collectors since the first of January leave a handsome amount to the credit of the municipality. The county's bank account is to be changed from the Dorchester branch of the Merchants' Bank of Halifax to the Moncton branch of the Bank of Montreal.

The account for the year ending 31st Dec. 1894, owing to the fact that a large part of the expenditure has been incurred before the taxes begin to come in, the change is quite an important one. The arrangement with the Bank of Montreal is for advances at 1-1/2 per cent, the rate heretofore paid being 6 per cent.

Mr. Scott act, usually a contentious subject, has come in for a share of consideration at the present session. The majority of the council a year ago being hostile to the Scott act or Inspector McCullough's administration of it, they voted \$1 in each case. Mr. McCullough applied to the courts and the council's order was declared to be of no effect. Mr. McCullough has accordingly gone on with the work, rendering his account for salary as usual and expenses amounting in all to \$553.07.

The number of cases tried last year was 56; convictions, 43; fines imposed, \$2,150; collected, \$1,232.25; persons imprisoned, 2. Of the amounts paid in fines Sackville contributed \$276.55; Sackville, \$250; Dorchester, \$150.

The surplus for the year is \$371.18, to which has been added a previous surplus of \$216.68. There was some discussion at the council as to who was responsible for the withholding of a Scott act commitment in the hands of a constable against a somewhat prominent political worker in Dorchester, but both the convicting magistrate and the constable denied having given instructions to the constable not to execute the warrant, and the council did not seem inclined to investigate very far.

The Presbyterian Sunday school in Moncton has elected officers for the coming year as follows: Geo. Foster, superintendent; Frank Fraser, assistant; Owen Cameron, secretary; treasurer; D. Charters, librarian. The sum of \$574 was raised by the school last year, of which \$285 was paid for seats for the basement of the new church.

AN ESTEEMED P. E. I. LADY.

A Long River, P. E. I., correspondent writes: A shade of sadness was cast over Long River, New London, P. E. I., when it was announced that Mrs. Power had passed to her eternal reward beyond the skies. Although unwell for the greater part of the past summer, her life was not considered in immediate danger. However a few days before her demise she grew suddenly worse, and despite the able medical advice at command, the care and attention of loving and anxious friends, who did everything that human mind or heart could suggest to relieve her sufferings, she calmly and peacefully passed away on Friday, Dec. 28th, aged sixty-eight. The deceased lady will be much missed in the community and in the church of which she was a warm advocate and consistent member. She was born in the parish of Kilmore county, Monaghan, Ireland, in 1827, and emigrated to this island in 1844. Later she became the wife of the late Thomas Power, and together by toll, perseverance and righteousness they prospered and built up a most comfortable home for themselves and family. Mrs. Power was a person of excellent character, just and honest in all her dealings, a faithful mother, a considerate and affectionate friend, who ever and always performed her maternal functions in a manner above reproach. This duty, so faithfully and conscientiously performed, should be a fitting monument to her memory, which will long be remembered by her family and friends with gratitude and reverence. She leaves ten children, twenty-two grandchildren, two sisters and two brothers, one of whom is a Christian brother in a Toronto monastery, to mourn their loss. Her body was conveyed to the church at Indian river and laid beside that of her husband. To all her relatives and friends we tender our sincere sympathy.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30th, 1894.

Report of Deputy Minister Courtney to the Hon Mr. Foster.

Ottawa, Jan. 4.—The public accounts of Canada for the fiscal year ended 30th June appeared today. J. M. Courtney, deputy minister, in his report to the Hon. Mr. Foster, says: The accounts and comparative statements are made up in the same form as in previous years and no change has been made in their order. The receipts from ordinary sources have failed to meet the ordinary expenditure by \$1,210,322.45. Following the system that has been adopted for many years past, I give hereunder the total expenditure on the capital account and the heads under which it was incurred:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes Railways and Canals, Canadian Pacific Ry., Intercolonial Ry., Digby and Annapolis, Cape Breton Ry., Oxford and New Brunswick, etc.

Public Works

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes Cape Tormentine harbor, Kingston graving dock, Fort Arthur harbor and Kamistiquia, Improvement on the St. Lawrence, etc.

During the same period there was paid on account of subsidies to the undermentioned railways the following sums, aggregating \$1,223,885.10:

Table with 2 columns: Railway Name, Amount. Includes Atlantic and Northwestern Ry., Ontario and Quebec Ry., Buteau and Moncton Ry., etc.

In the cash transactions of the savings banks, the withdrawals, \$11,176,695.16, exceeded the deposits, \$12,824,742.18, by \$1,648,047.02. There was added, however, the various accounts accrued interest to the extent of \$1,457,220.20.

On the 30th June the total balance at the credit of the depositors was \$48,802,012.32, or an increase of \$1,210,322.45, the balance held at the same time last year.

The amount of dominion stocks in circulation on the 30th June was \$1,210,322.45. The amount of dominion stocks in circulation on the 30th June was \$1,210,322.45.

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Dr. W. A. Payze Suici

The Year 1894 a For Parr

DIGBY. Digby, Dec. 28.—Dr. W. A. Payze, aged 80 years, died yesterday in the east ward of the hospital, where he had been confined since Christmas with his disease is the supposed Blackford was one of the most eminent men in Digby long been identified with the town. He was a leader in this county two sons and a daughter.

SPRINGHILL, N.S. Dr. W. A. Payze, aged 80 years, died yesterday in the east ward of the hospital, where he had been confined since Christmas with his disease is the supposed Blackford was one of the most eminent men in Digby long been identified with the town. He was a leader in this county two sons and a daughter.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Dr. W. A. Payzant Commits Suicide.

The Year 1894 a Successful One For Parrsboro

DIGBY, Dec. 28.—Daniel Blackford of Tiverton, aged 80 years, was found dead in bed yesterday morning at Barton, where he had gone to spend Christmas with his daughter. Heart disease is the supposed cause of death.

SPRINGHILL.

Springhill, N.S., Dec. 31.—The greater number of the employes cast out of work by the great fire have so far been unable to get a fresh start. About eighty extra men have been placed in the east slope, but there are five times that number awaiting work.

There is a probability of the town authorities purchasing the site on which the fire took place, for the purpose of erecting necessary town buildings. The position is quite central. It is proposed that the government be petitioned to erect a post office on the same site.

John Graham, a miner who has been in ill-health for some time past, and whose brain became affected, was taken to the hospital for the insane at Dartmouth last Thursday.

Rev. David Wright has been connected to the house with an attack of quinsy. His services at St. Andrew's church have been taken by one of the divinity students from Halifax.

The general manager, Mr. Cowans, continues the generosity, year by year, which was started by Mr. Leckie, in the sum of \$20,000. The sum of \$20,000 in town to be divided among the deserving poor of the various congregations. The gift brings good cheer in many directions at this festive season.

Mr. Gass, the dry goods merchant, has closed up his store since the fire and has gone to Cape Breton, to try his fortune there. A large number of the young men and Newfoundlanders are leaving for more promising fields of work.

It is stated that the forthcoming town financial report will show a heavy increased expenditure in some of the departments, notably the police and poor departments, and that the taxes for the past year have been very tardily paid.

A special slugging match was advertised to take place in Frazer's hall in the evening, but the stipendiary magistrate creditably interposed and put a stop to the disgusting exhibition.

The News having been burned out at the late fire, and Springhill being now without a local paper, the active H. McKnight, publisher of the Springhill Advertiser, a sheet distributed free, enlarged the publication and has made it more readable and valuable by the addition of local items of interest.

PARRSBORO, N. S., Dec. 31.—Before entering on another year it would be well to review what has been done so far as Parrsboro is concerned. The first thing to be touched upon is the deal trade, which is the most important industry in the town, and from the port this year there cleared forty vessels, aggregating 43,498 tons register and carrying 39,519,633 superficial feet of deals.

The weather of today is in great contrast with that of yesterday when the state funeral took place. Eight inches of snow fell on the level today, and the street railway and much difficulty in keeping its track open.

Lady Thompson, Captain Pugh and the sons of the late premier visited the premier's grave in the Holy Cross cemetery yesterday afternoon, and again at midnight. Lady Thompson and her two sons and two daughters and Lady Aberdeen and Lieut. Governor Daly visited the same spot, and remained some time in devotion at the grave.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell left for Ottawa this afternoon.

ANNAPOLIS, Jan. 5.—Our town election takes place the first Tuesday of February. So far, there are no candidates in the field, though several names have been mentioned.

The county council meets on Tuesday next for transaction of business. An insane asylum has been built during the year, and many think a big discussion will be had, as several were in favor of the project.

John Alder, a well known citizen of Frogmore, a suburb of Annapolis, has been compelled to leave town, as certain characters have been in the habit of tormenting him to such an extent that at times he thought his life to be in danger.

Mr. Miles, the St. John artist, has been doing a lot for Annapolis. The different views, as painted by him, have been eagerly bought by foreigners, and it is his intention next summer to continue on in the good work.

A criminal case has been going on during the week, but has turned out to the benefit of the defendant. It has been the custom here, far too often, to color girls to lay charges against respectable citizens and it is to be hoped that in future such cases will cease to exist.

While Halifax and Windsor have been doing well, Annapolis can hardly be said to be doing so well. Our roads are all blocked up and trains today have been delayed.

Messrs. Dick & Co., Montreal: I have analysed and tried your Blood Purifier in a large number of cases, and with the most satisfactory results.

If you only knew what was in the air; health? Yes! but also colds, coughs, influenza and bronchitis for those of weak throat and lungs at this season of the year.

In bad cases of catarrh the nasal organs become diseased, producing disagreeable discharges. Hawker's Balm, which is the latest and best combination of anti-consumptive remedies. Price 6c. and \$1.00 per bottle.

THE COASTS OF THE WORLD ARE PROTECTED BY 6,208 LIGHTHOUSES.

LOOK OUT FOR IT. If you are troubled with a cold or cough, however high the attack, look out for it, do not allow it to settle on the lungs, break it up with the coughing and phlegm with Haysard's Pectoral Balsam.

In 1839 the first patent for water gas was taken out in England by Cruikshanks.

THE PLAIN TRUTH TELLS. Consumption, Headache, Rheumatism, and Bad Blood are promptly cured by Burdock Blood Bitters, which acts upon the stomach, liver, bowels and blood, curing all their diseases.

In 1868 gas was first employed as a fuel.

MARINE MATTERS.

Bark Bonita, Capt. Jensen, from Ayr for St. Thomas, has had her quarter damaged by a collision with the British schr. Carrie Harvey.

A despatch from Glouce Bay, C. B., says: Schooner Annie Winthrop, Capt. Husing, of Gloucester, from Bay of Islands, Nfld., with a cargo of herring, went ashore last evening (Dec. 31st) in a thick snow storm off Big Glace harbor. The vessel is a total loss.

Schr. Hazelwood, Capt. Dickson, from St. John, N. B., for New York, dragged in West Quoddy Bay on the 27th ult., slipped cables and ran on the beach at West Quoddy. She has been floated and will proceed after recovering anchors and vessel light.

Libel was served Monday at Rockland, Me., on the Parrsboro schooner Roland for salvage, by Capt. Hiram Smith of schooner David Oser and others, who picked up the Roland, wrecked and drifting, off Mattinook, last week.

Capt. Thomas Glendinning, who sailed in Messrs. Thomson's employ for many years, is now in command of the steamer Purves, plying to Trinidad. He is a Yarmouth man and his wife, who now resides at that place, was Miss McFadden of this city.

Schr. R. L. Devils came off the blocks yesterday having completed repairs, and moved up to Purves' mill to load lumber for New York.

Bark Amaranth, Capt. Forbes, which sailed from this port on Dec. 3rd for Dublin, has been abandoned at sea. The crew were saved. The Amaranth was registered in Parrsboro, was 1,185 tons register, and was built at Quebec, in 1855.

The Norwegian bark Attila, Capt. Anderson, was towed here yesterday from Spencer's Island by the tug Springhill. The Attila sailed some days ago from Parrsboro for Bristol Channel with a cargo of deals shipped by Geo. McKean. She got caught in the recent gale when some distance down the bay and had to run back for shelter. She was brought to anchor at Spencer's Island, where she was a terrific sea on and her mizzenmast had to be cut away. It went by the board. Her main and foretopmasts were partly cut through, but they did not go overboard. The crew left the vessel, but returned to her again. It is thought she struck bottom at Spencer's Island. Her anchor and 85 fathoms of chain were lost. The cargo and advances are insured in Halifax offices. Over \$3,000 was spent in repairing her at Parrsboro. Capt. Ove is here looking after the interests of the Norwegian underwriters. The Attila will probably be repaired here.

The following charters are reported: Liverpool, mephisto, 28 and 3d.; ship Theo. H. Rand, Ship Island to Greenock, sawn timber, 87s. 6d.; bark Sunny South, Sabine Pass to Buenos Ayres, lumber, \$11 flat; ship Annie E. Wright, La Plata to U. K. or Con., grain, 17s. 6d.; schooner March, sch. Cyprus Prince, New York to Havana, sugar flagging, \$1.60; hay, \$5.75; loaded and discharged and a tree wharfage at both ports; Preference, Wilmington, N. C. to San Domingo City, option of a second port, lumber, \$5, sawn lumber, \$10, 100 tons; sch. Athlete, Pt. Johnston to St. John, N. B., coal, 70 cents; Walter Miller, same, 75 cents; B. L. Eaton, Edgewater to St. Stephen, coal, 90 cents and discharged; Orozimo, Perth Amboy to St. Stephen, coal, \$125 flat.

The Yarmouth bark M. & E. Cann, 800 tons, built in 1872, has been sold at Limerick for \$1,000.

Mr. Miles, from Bristol, R. I., for Bear River, N. S., has abandoned voyage and headed up for the winter at Boothby's. The crew of ship Celeste Burrell, which vessel put into Bermuda while bound from St. John to St. John, N. B., coal, 70 cents; Walter Miller, same, 75 cents; B. L. Eaton, Edgewater to St. Stephen, coal, 90 cents and discharged; Orozimo, Perth Amboy to St. Stephen, coal, \$125 flat.

The following is taken from the Portland Press: The cutter Dalies has been doing a great deal of good along the Maine coast recently. She found the schr. Glace, in a very perilous condition. She was bound from Boston for St. John, N. B., and was ashore on Owl's Head during the recent blizzard. She was perfectly helpless and it was thought she would be a total wreck, but no doubt she would have had it not been for the timely assistance of the cutter Dalies, which schooner, off but not until her rudder had been carried away. Her anchor chain had parted and she lost her mainmast and main boom. Some of the crew were badly frostbitten and had a perilous time before the rescue.

Capt. Thomas and J. J. Dunlop of the board of portwards and Capt. Hoavis of the Norwegian Board of Portwards, held a survey yesterday on the Norwegian bark Attila, which is lying at the corporation pier. The Attila is lying at the corporation pier. The port anchor and 75 fathoms of chain are gone, the port haws and rigging attached gone, the fore and main topmasts cut about half through, the main and fore topmasts and topgallantmast cut and the main topgallantmast badly torn. The skylight, monkey rail and port bumpkins are broken. The recommendation of these gentlemen is that the deck and tween deck be discharged, the Attila be hoisted to be placed on the blocks for further examination.

There is now on the registry books, Yarmouth, 120 vessels, of 54,690 tons. The cargo fell off during the year 6,170 tons.

Schr. Oriole, Capt. Hoyt, at New York, from Vera Cruz, reports: Dec. 31, E. N. E. of Barnegat, passed a sparra boat 20 miles off the coast, evidently sunken schooner's mainmast. In 14 fathoms of water; very dangerous to navigation.

A cable received by E. N. Elkin Thursday stated that the bark Antoinette, Capt. Nickerson, which sailed from New York for St. John, N. B., on Jan. 2nd, had gone ashore at Fadsow, Cornwall, and was a total loss. The particulars are as follows: There was a heavy fog on the morning of the 2nd. The bark was a fine bark of 1,145 tons register. She was built at Yarmouth in 1874 and was commanded by R. B. Elton. Geo. P. Bald, M. P., and others in this city. She was in first-class shape, \$5,000 having been paid on her at this time last year. There is some insurance on her, but not half enough to cover the loss.

Capt. Grant, late of the bark J. H. McLaughlin, has taken command of the bark Rotheman, Capt. Mills, who had charge of the bark on the 2nd inst. The bark was a fine bark of 1,145 tons register. She was built at Yarmouth in 1874 and was commanded by R. B. Elton. Geo. P. Bald, M. P., and others in this city. She was in first-class shape, \$5,000 having been paid on her at this time last year. There is some insurance on her, but not half enough to cover the loss.

Ship Monrovia, Capt. Duff, arrived at Rio Janeiro on Thursday from Barr. It will be abandoned there. The crew had to get back to Barr on account of the weather. She was only 41 days going out.

SKIN DISEASES. Skin Diseases are more or less occasioned by bad blood. B. B. B. cures the following Skin Diseases: Shingles, Erysipelas, Itching Head, Rash, Scald Head, Eruptions, Pimples, and Blisters, by removing all impurities from the blood, from a common Pimple to the worst Scrofulous Sore.

WALTER BAKER & CO. The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES. On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS in Europe and America.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

Are you WEAK? NERVOUS? TIRED? SLEEPLESS? PALE? BLOODLESS? THIN? DYSPEPTIC? you need

A COURSE OF HAWKER'S Nerve and Stomach TONIC.

It makes weak nerves strong, promotes sound, refreshing sleep, aids digestion, restores lost appetite, is a perfect blood and flesh builder, restores the bloom of health.

All Druggists sell it. 50c. a Bottle. Six for \$2.50. Mfg. only by Hawker Medicine Co. Ltd. St. John, N.B.

FELTEN & GUILLEAUME'S GERMAN HAY WIRE

May cost a little more per pound than inferior makes, but it is the cheapest, as binders can use a smaller gauge and thereby get more feet to the pound; they are also saved the trouble and expense of repairing broken wires. If you want the best be sure you get

FELTEN & GUILLEAUME'S GERMAN WIRE as some dealers sell CANADIAN makes as GERMAN.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Market Square, St. John.

CANADA COUPON FOR BOUND VOLUME.

Cut out this Coupon and bring it to the SUN office together with \$1.50 and get the best volume of Pictorial Canada yet issued. If sent by mail send 25c. for postage.

NAME ADDRESS

AS IS OUR USUAL CUSTOM, WE WILL CLOSE OUR RETAIL STORE AT 6 O'CLOCK, P. M., DURING JANUARY AND FEBRUARY.

JARDINE & CO., GROCERS AND SEEDSMEN.

Ships Yancoo, from the other side, and Loads, from New York, now on their way here, will probably lay up for the winter.

Schr. Erie is not badly damaged. Her rudder is gone and her stern post damaged, but outside of these injuries she seems to be all right. She goes on Hilyard's blocks for repairs.

Schr. Alizans, from Halifax for New York, was by wind blown into Vineyard Haven with loss of mainmast, etc., will proceed to destination under her own sail.

Schr. Viola, from St. John for New York, before reported ashore on Mattinook Point, was hauled off by the Chapman, wrecking to the Huester and taken to City Island on the 2nd.

Schr. Shenandoah, Capt. Gibson, from New York, Dec. 21, for Laguna, put into Bermuda on the 1st inst., with loss of some sails.

Schr. Aurora, Capt. Wagstaff, from French Cross, N. S., while going into Boston harbor Thursday morning during fog, ran ashore on Governor's Island, where she remained until high water in the afternoon, when she was towed to the wharf and received word that there is not much the matter with the vessel other than the loss of topgallantmast.

Schr. Moser, Capt. Jones, from St. John, N. B., for New York, Dec. 30, from St. Martins for Providence, reports: Lost and split sails and was badly lee in Wednesday's gale.

Schr. New York, before reported ashore at Boothby's, has received word that there is not much the matter with the vessel other than the loss of topgallantmast.

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ACCOUNTS

Year Ended June 30th, 1894.

Minister Courtney to the Hon. Mr. Foster.

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THE WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JANUARY 9, 1895.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON.

The honor paid to the memory of Sir John Thompson, while it is a just tribute to the personal worth of a true and great man, is also a striking evidence that the heart of the country is true to the principles of personal integrity, honorable statesmanship and enlightened patriotism, which were exemplified in his life.

It certainly seems reasonable to expect that before long Newfoundland will become a member of the Canadian confederation. The lesson of the late disaster will point that way. But we are of the opinion that no approaches will be made until Newfoundland has recovered from the present condition of panic.

A USE FOR SUGAR.

It is expected that granulated sugar will be sold to the trade within a few weeks at \$3.50 per hundred pounds. In fact it is said to be now offered at that price for delivery at the end of January.

HALIFAX SHIPPING.

The year 1894 shows a slight decline in the shipping registered at the port of Halifax. There were struck off the register 25 vessels, aggregating 3,184 tons, and added 22 vessels aggregating 1,027 tons.

NEWFOUNDLAND AND CANADA.

In this period of Newfoundland's distress well disposed people from two or three continents are offering advice. The folk of the old colony cannot possibly follow all the counsel that is given them.

Into increased trouble. Advised to join the United States, to join Canada, to become independent, and to return to the condition of a crown colony, the people will probably give no heed to any of these counsels.

THE INTERCOLONIAL.

While most railways on the continent suffered heavy losses in passenger and freight traffic during the past year, the Intercolonial makes for the year ending with June 1894 nearly as good a showing as in the previous twelve months.

The Moncton Transcript is the only journal in Canada which has tried to make party capital out of Archbishop O'Brien's sermon at the funeral of the late premier.

Hon. S. L. Shannon, judge of probates for Halifax, who died on the 7th, was a member of the Nova Scotia government which adopted the confederation scheme.

The provincial legislature is once more called to meet and no steps have yet been taken to have Capleton county represented.

The establishment of branches of Canadian banks in St. John's, Nfld., is exciting much interest in business circles in Canada.

OUR BOSTON LETTER.

The Construction of the I. S. S. Co's. New Steamer Progressing.

Matters Quiet in the Lumber Market—Not Much Doing in the Fish Trade.

Boston, Jan. 5.—Boston is enjoying several days of fine winter weather, and skaters have been in their glory. The sleighing has been excellent for over ten days and the jingle of the bells is heard on city streets and country roads and drives alike.

Much has been said and written within the past two weeks regarding the distressing condition of many people in the state of Nebraska, and as reports continue to come in, it becomes more evident that first accounts were in no wise exaggerated.

The past week has been a very quiet one in the fish market, dealers complaining of very slow trade. This, however, is only temporary, and trade will pick up again next week.

Harold J. Hagen, the champion skater of Norway, who is not altogether unknown in the maritime provinces, is in Boston and vicinity this week.

United States immigration returns recently issued show that of the arrivals from all countries the largest percentage of skilled workmen come from England and Canada.

The funeral of Mrs. Potter, a household name in the city, took place yesterday.

Business in this city and state is still only moderately carried on. The industrial situation, although improved over last year, is still very unsatisfactory.

The lumber trade is still being conducted on a moderate scale, with the prospects for an improvement at an early date very bright.

The provincial legislature is once more called to meet and no steps have yet been taken to have Capleton county represented.

There is now plenty of snow, and winter heading has commenced. Prices for produce still remain weak.

Trust What Time Has Endorsed

There is not a medicine in use today which possesses the confidence of the public to so great an extent as JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT.

I have used your Johnson's Anodyne Liniment for more than fifty years in my family. I have used it for colds, coughs, sore throat, stings, cramps, sore stomach, rheumatism, toothache, neuralgia, etc., and I have found it always good every way.

The Doctor's Signature and directions are on every bottle. If you can't get it send us. Price 35 cents; six 25c. Sold by Druggists. Pamphlet free.

I. S. JOHNSON & Co., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass., Sole Proprietors.

Since A. D. 1810.

This certifies that Dr. A. Johnson, whose name is signed to every genuine bottle of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, in the month of Jan., 1850, first left at my store some of the same.

I have used it in my family for sprains, colds, lame back, and consider it the best.

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GREAT BRITAIN.

A Severe Storm and Many Ship Wrecks Along the Coast. Trains Blocked by Snow Drifts and Telegraph Wires Down.

London, Sept. 30.—Severe weather has prevailed throughout Great Britain since Saturday, a heavy gale being accompanied by hail and snow, rendering navigation along the coast both difficult and dangerous.

The Osseo was caught in the gale in the Irish sea, and Capt. Boggs evidently thought that he would run into Holyhead and wait for the storm to abate.

Shortly before half-past three o'clock this morning the keeper of the lighthouse at the seaward end of the long breakwater saw a bark come out of the gloom, with her lights burning brightly, and under close storm canvas.

The lighthouse keeper as soon as he realized what had occurred, he saw the wreck occurred so quickly that so little time elapsed before he did realize that the bark was wrecked.

The Osseo was commanded by R. Boggs. She was a steel vessel of 1,399 tons and was built in 1889 at Londonderry.

WILL BRING A LIBEL SUIT.

L. W. McAnn, of Moncton, Says the Record's Charges are Not True.

(Special to the Sun.) Moncton, Jan. 7.—Referring to the grayed insurance article in the Record tonight, L. W. McAnn, who is charged with wrong doing, says he will instruct his lawyers in the morning to issue a writ against the publishers for libel.

THE MURDERER OF CAVAN.

A Lawyer Admits He Knows the Persons but Refuses to Tell.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 7.—There was some sensational testimony today in the coroner's investigation of the mysterious murder of General Passenger and Freight Agent Cavan of the Valley railroad, which occurred some time ago.

NOT SATISFACTORY.

Contributor—Pretty poem, isn't it? Magazine Editor—Yes, very; but we can't publish it.

The beautiful aniline dyes are made from the refuse products of gas manufacture.

For Torpid Liver, Sick Stomach, Constipation & Liver Pills. Small, vegetable, Sugar Coated.

CITY.

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Together With from Corresp. Exchange.

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One of Pierce county's representatives is T. F. McAuley, who is one of those elected from the thirty-sixth district.

The coal trade remains quiet, with the retail trade better. Thirty-six thousand eight hundred and eighteen tons of provincial coal arrived at this port during 1894.

FREDERICTON.

Fredericton, Jan. 7.—The cost of the administration of justice in the county of York and city of Fredericton for 1894 amounted to \$2,753.24.

FUNERAL OF MRS. LATHROP.

Jackson, Mich., Jan. 7.—The funeral of Mrs. Mary T. Lathrop, state president of the W. C. T. U., and one of the leading temperance advocates of the world, was held this afternoon.

Many of the Sun's readers will regret very much to learn of the death of Z. Ernest O'Brien, which occurred at his residence on St. Patrick street on the 2nd instant.

A NOBLE LADY DEAD.

New York, Jan. 3.—The Marquise de Gribeau, known as Mme. de Greville, a descendant of Louis XVI. of France, died in New York on Sunday and was buried in Westchester, N. Y., today.

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There is nearly sixteen inches of snow at Andover and fully two feet along the Tobique river.

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Small, vegetable, Sugar Coated.

CITY NEWS.

The Chief Events of the Week in St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish it sent.

Remember! The NAME of the Post Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your request.

The cut of lumber at Black River and vicinity this winter will be larger than for years.

There is some talk of giving up the seminary building at St. Martins for good and building a Hampton.

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A HAMPTON BOY

Killed on a Grade Crossing at West Somerville, Mass.

(Boston Post, Dec. 22.) Christmas will bring little boy to one family in West Somerville. For weeks the Brown family, residing at 73 Holland street, has been anticipating with pleasure the reunion of their some-what scattered relatives.

The train was stopped and several persons helped to pick up the motionless body and carried it into the West Somerville station, a few yards away.

Dr. Bryant and Medical Examiner Durrell were notified. Bryant arrived in a few minutes, but Durrell had already fled. The only perceptible injuries were two deep scalp wounds.

Young Brown, although a recent comer to West Somerville, was generally known in the vicinity, being a bright, winsome fellow, about 12 years old. He was a student in the Highland Grammar school, and came from Hampton, N. B., in October, intending to remain through the school year only.

A visit to the remaining members of the family revealed a widowed mother, three brothers and a sister. A peculiar coincidence in the matter is that the father of Brown was killed upon the railroad about two years ago.

The grade crossing upon which the accident occurred is dangerous, and has furnished discussion in West Somerville for years. A petition, prepared by the West Somerville Trades association, is now being circulated, which will, if complied with, obviate the danger to a large degree.

One man, with two sets of gates to attend to, each guarding two main thoroughfares which converge in a busy square, and that man, seriously handicapped in his view of the crossing, is hardly able to properly attend the gates.

A serious fire occurred shortly before midnight on Saturday, the Hastings building on North Market street being gutted and the stocks of some of the occupants badly damaged.

Mr. Walsh's stock was considerably damaged. The goods in the front store were not damaged by fire, but were almost entirely ruined by water.

Mr. Potts lost very little. Mr. Wilson will probably be a heavy loser, as the potatoes were wet and will probably be frozen.

Messrs. Law's stock escaped with slight damage, and this was done by the water.

Mr. Walsh has \$500 insurance on his stock, but this will not cover his loss. Messrs. Law are insured. Mr. Wilson has \$500 insurance in the Western.

At a regular communication of St. John's lodge, No. 2, F. & A. M., held Tuesday evening in the Masonic temple, Germain street, the following officers were installed for the ensuing year by Past Grand Master William F. Bunting: Alexander W. Macrae, W. M.; Archibald Hunter, P. M.; W. Robertson, S. W.; Dr. J. H. Morrison, Jr., W. V.; Rev. Thos. Marshall, chap.; John D. Short, P. M.; Fred E. Flewelling, sec.; R. Duncan Smith, J. D.; William J. Dean, Jr., D.; Thos. Finlay, Sr., S. J.; James Griffiths, Jr., S. J.; Judson A. Fowler, D. of C.; Ernest Dall, P. M.; organist; Ramsford Wetmore, I. G.; Dingee Scribner, tyler.

The following is the list of officers elected for Zion Lodge, No. 21 F. & A. M. on the ensuing year: C. W. J. Upland, W. M.; J. W. McLean, S. W.; C. W. Stockton, J. W.; Thos. W. Macrae, P. M.; Chaplain: E. Fairweather, T. W.; M. Hueson, S. D.; E. L. Hueson, S. D.; Robt. Morrison, J. D.; Thos. Finlay, Jr., S. J.; C. H. Fairweather (P. M.), J. S.; Geo. Cogan (P. M.), D. of C.; H. Teakles (P. M.), I. G.; Thos. Cogan, Tyler.

For nearly two years there has been more or less trouble at Hampton between a number of the rate-payers, the school trustees and the teacher, M. E. Harrington. This gentleman in some way, it seems, succeeded in gaining the ill-will of a number of the citizens, while at the same time he appears to have possessed the confidence and esteem of a majority of the trustees. A year ago last fall the two who favored Mr. Harrington engaged him for two years. It is stated that the chief superintendent of education was appealed to in this matter and decided that the action of the trustees was correct.

Word was at once sent along the line and the locomotive proceeded to Lowelltown, where a box car was got. This was used to convey the passengers from the scene of the wreck to Lowelltown, where they had dinner on Saturday.

In the meantime the track, which had been torn up for quite a distance, was repaired and trains were able to pass the place on Saturday afternoon. The only car that could be brought along to Vancouver was the sleeper, but two ordinary passenger cars were reached and with these Vancouver was reached at 4 o'clock yesterday morning.

The special train from Halifax for Montreal with the Governor General, Lady Aberdeen and her party passed the scene of the wreck at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Lady Aberdeen got a snap shot at the wrecked train.

Word of the passengers told a Sun reporter Sunday that no blame could possibly be attached to anybody. Everything was done to save the passengers, and the fact that he enjoyed the dinner he got at Lowelltown more than the dinner he had at Montreal the previous day.

Supt. Timmerman went to the scene of the accident Saturday night.

CREATED A BREEZE. Artist—Were you a success on the stage, Model—Well, I don't know what you call it—I made a tenor, the first low comedian at the stage manager all wildly jealous of each other.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

OAK HALL,

King St., Corner Germain.

We don't want to sell you anything you don't want and for that reason we say, "send back what you don't like and get your money."

Those Overcoats for Boys marked down to one-third the original price can be returned if they don't suit.

SCOVIL, FRASER & CO., St. John.

GLADSTONE TALKS. He Receives the Resolutions of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, and Gives Some Advice to the Irish Party as to the Future.

London, Jan. 7.—The resolutions of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick of New York, which were adopted on March 17th last, St. Patrick's day, were presented to Mr. Gladstone at seven o'clock this evening by T. P. O'Connor, member of parliament for the Southern division of Liverpool, by special appointment, at Whitehall Court, when the resolutions were read, and Mr. Gladstone expressed the greatest sympathy.

Mr. O'Connor, in an interview after the presentation, said that he conversed with Gladstone for an hour and found him to be looking extremely well and having a much better color than formerly. He was very much pleased at the reading of the resolutions, Mr. O'Connor adding that he showed the greatest interest in the society and its welfare.

Mr. Gladstone wishes emphatically and distinctly to state two things: First, that his Irish nationality is a matter of fact, and secondly, he regarded that the chances of Ireland obtaining her rights would never be so bright as they are until all nationalists were united.

Coming, Mr. Gladstone told Mr. O'Connor that every Irish nationalist ought to understand that discord must mean the adhesion of the Irish people to the cause of the British Empire, and therefore every nationalist should bring about the re-union of the Irish nationalists by the most peaceful means.

The resolutions referred to in the foregoing details were read by Mr. O'Connor at the 10th anniversary dinner of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, which took place at the Delmonico's in New York by way of the March 17th, 1884, and expressed the regret of the Irish people at the resignation of Mr. Gladstone from the leadership of the liberal party, and the hope that the great English commoner.

London, Jan. 8.—In a leader this morning it is stated that Mr. Gladstone's resignation is alarming if it requires Mr. Gladstone's mediation. It adds: "Mr. Gladstone appears to be forgoing the support of the Irish people, and that their influence over their Irish kinsmen is virtually ceased with the suspension of their subsidies. If Mr. Healy fails to secure the support of the church he will probably be overthrown at the next general election."

Mr. Gladstone's resignation is a serious matter, and it is believed that the cabinet council, which has been called for Thursday, will have no reference to any such contingency, nor has Lord Rosebery's visit to the Queen this afternoon any bearing on the subject. It is the intention of the government to proceed steadily with legislative work during the coming session.

HALIFAX FIRE. Felix Quinn's Stable Destroyed and Three Horses Burned.

(Special to the Sun.) Halifax, Jan. 8.—An alarm of fire was sent in at 3 o'clock this morning for a blaze on Lockman street near Cunard's coal shed. The fire was in the stable owned by Felix Quinn.

When discovered three horses had been burned to death. Twenty minutes later a second alarm was rung in and the fire was spreading.

MARTIN ELECTED. In Place of Mr. Theriault in Madawaska County.

Edmundston, Jan. 7.—The election to fill the vacancy in Madawaska in the resignation of Levite Theriault, came off today. There were only two candidates in the field, Martin and Nadeau, the former being elected by two hundred and forty-seven majority. Both supported the government.

OF PERSONAL INTEREST. Robert Smith and Auditor Whitney of the Dominion Express company, Montreal, who brought over a quarter of a million of money to Halifax for shipment to Newfoundland, passed through the city Saturday en route to Montreal. Both are gentlemen of the highest standing in their company.

James Kent, C. P. R. telegraph company superintendent at Montreal, and Frank J. Richardson, assistant electrician, the company were in the city on Saturday en route home from Halifax.

David Wilson, superintendent of education of British Columbia, is in town. Mr. Wilson is a Richibucto man who was at one time teacher of the Lancaster school. He has been visiting friends at Richibucto and will visit some of the schools here before going west again.

A. M. Marshall, a Pictou man, who now carries on a large agricultural implement business at Grand Forks, North Dakota, is in the Victoria. He is going to Pictou to visit friends.

DO YOU KNOW

Fredericton is the best place in New Brunswick to buy James G. McNally's, and for variety, style, excellence of quality, and low prices much lower than any I have seen. I am well satisfied and glad to recommend.

We keep Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Table Cloths, Silvers, Lamps, Clocks, and Fancy Goods. Almost everything for Housekeeping. Write for prices.

JAMES G. McNALLY, FREDERICTON, N. B.

FLOUR! AND MIDDINGS.

Just Received:—1 Carload of Feed Flour and Middings, in Bags. For Sale at Current Rates

W. F. HARRISON & CO., Smythe Street.

HE HAS NOT RESIGNED. It is Officially Announced that Sir William Harcourt Has Not Resigned.

London, Jan. 7.—The Pall Mall Gazette publishes a rumor to the effect that Sir William Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, and liberal leader in the house of commons, has resigned, and that a dissolution of parliament is imminent. It is believed, however, that this report is based on the fact that the postmaster general, Arnold Morley, and the president of the local government board, Shaw Lefebvre, both of whom are cabinet ministers, have been summoned from Monte Carlo, where they had just arrived, in order to attend a cabinet council, which is to be held here on Thursday next.

The Press Association is informed officially that there is no foundation whatever for the report that Sir Wm. Harcourt has resigned, or that a dissolution of parliament is imminent. The cabinet council, which has been called for Thursday, has no reference to any such contingency, nor has Lord Rosebery's visit to the Queen this afternoon any bearing on the subject. It is the intention of the government to proceed steadily with legislative work during the coming session.

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A. M. Marshall, a Pictou man, who now carries on a large agricultural implement business at Grand Forks, North Dakota, is in the Victoria. He is going to Pictou to visit friends.

Small, vegetable, Sugar Coated.

THE MARKETS.

Revised Every Monday for the Weekly Sun.

COUNTRY MARKET.

Table listing various commodities such as Beef, Pork, Butter, Eggs, and their respective prices.

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GRAIN, SEEDS, HAY, ETC.

Table listing grain and seed prices.

Table listing hay and other agricultural products.

Table listing various types of lumber.

Table listing various types of lime.

Table listing various types of freight.

Table listing various types of oil.

Table listing various types of coal.

Table listing various types of iron and nails.

Table listing various types of ship equipment.

Table listing various types of merrills.

Table listing various types of marriages.

Table listing various types of deaths.

Table listing various types of flour and meal.

Table listing various types of provisions.

Table listing various types of fruits.

Table listing various types of other goods.

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SHIP NEWS.

For Week Ending January 8.

Table listing ship arrivals and departures.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Table listing foreign port arrivals.

AT PASCOGUA, DEC 29, BARK SUNNY SOUTH.

At Pascoagua, Dec 29, bark Sunny South, Spurr, for Sabine Pass.

At Wilmington, Dec 29, brig Isabella Ballou, for Glasgow via Halifax.

At New York, Dec 29, ship Loada, Dodge, for St. John; schs S. A. Powne, McKel, for Perth Amboy.

At Boston, Dec 31, sch Wascana, Balser, for Hillsboro.

At Philadelphia, Dec 31, bark Glenatton, Baillie, for Bombay.

At Boston, Jan 2, sch Emery, for St. John; schs S. A. Powne, McKel, for Perth Amboy.

At Sagua, Dec 21, sch Blomdon, Potter, for Hillsboro.

At New York, Jan 3-Cld, sch Eltie, for St. John; schs S. A. Powne, McKel, for Perth Amboy.

At Penascola, Jan 2, bark Douglas, McDonald, for Libon.

At New York, Jan 4-Cld, str State of California, for Glasgow via Halifax.

At New York, Jan 4, sch Sower, McKel, for Perth Amboy; schs S. A. Powne, McKel, for Perth Amboy.

At Philadelphia, Jan 2, sch E. W. Young, for St. John; schs S. A. Powne, McKel, for Perth Amboy.

At New York, Jan 4, sch Sower, McKel, for Perth Amboy; schs S. A. Powne, McKel, for Perth Amboy.

At Portland, Me, Jan 6-Cld, sch Amy D. Morrison, for Passabrook, NS.

At New York, Jan 6, bark Trinidad, Greene, for Wellington and Auckland, NZ; schs S. A. Powne, McKel, for Perth Amboy.

At New York, Jan 7, sch S. B. S. Border, for St. John; schs S. A. Powne, McKel, for Perth Amboy.

At New Bedford, Dec 30, sch Valletta, from St. John.

At New Bedford, Dec 30, sch Valletta, from St. John.

THE DEPARTMENT STORE.

The merry wheel of Christmas has terminated the year 1894.

We will now have to put away our holiday way and settle down to solid business.

Here are a few things we have and don't want. Perhaps they are the things you want and don't have:

1 Comfortable \$2.00, for 1.80

1 " " 1.50, " 1.35

1 " " 1.25, " 1.10

1 " " 1.15, " 1.00

1 pr. Grey Blankets \$2.25, for \$2.00

1 " " 1.95, " 1.75

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CRAIG W. NICHOLS,

19 Charlotte Street, STANDARD PATTERN AGENCY.

gent, Bona Vista Bay, at midnight Friday. The crew with much difficulty launched the small boats and left the wreck. They rowed about all night. At dawn they sighted the bearings and reached Bona Vista Saturday afternoon. They arrived here today with nothing but the clothes they stood in, having lost their effects. The accident was caused by the vessel's boiler exploding, a compass, due to the iron in her cargo. Her crew numbered 28 men.

At Penascola, Dec 29, bark Douglas, McDonald, for Libon.

At New York, Jan 3-Cld, str Pomeranian, for Liverpool via Halifax.

At New York, Jan 2, ship Savona, for London; schs S. A. Powne, McKel, for Perth Amboy.

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16 PAGES.

VOL. 18.

OYEZ!

That's what thing is going to be tomorrow.

GREY

In most of all-wool can detect in them.

Write for

DOWLING

INSUBORDINATE AND P

Caused a Congregation missed Without Sunday Eve

Some Statements About in the Church of Shepherd, Fa

The Members of the Church and the Rector of the

Has a Say

(From The Daily Sun

There is trouble in the Good Shepherd, Sunday night the assembled as usual, but held. The priest in charge, McKel, dismissed the reason for their according to Mr. McKel, subordination and rebellion of two members of the congregation. The affair is the talk and as there were so many stories afloat, the Sunday night service was a scene of confusion. The statements appeared in the Standard. Years ago the parish concluded what is now the parish church of the parish. There at Ease (in connection with the Good Shepherd church, at Fairview) but service held there for years, remains of the once a pile of ruins. Some years ago the Good Shepherd was changed and directed to the use of the Church of the Good Shepherd. Yesterday afternoon the vestry met and discussed in his corporate full control of it and the removal of the priest in charge.

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Increased Suffering.

A Sad State of Affairs in the Cherokee Strip in Oklahoma.

The Congregational Home Missionary Society Issues an Earnest Appeal for Clothing.

SPOKEN.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

REPORTS.