

LYING IN STATE.

Sir John's Body Carried from the Blenheim's Mortuary Chamber.

And the Basket Placed in the Provincial Building.—The Streets on Route Lined up the 63rd Regiment.

(From the Daily Sun of the 2nd Inst.) Halifax, Jan. 1.—This New Year's day will be unique in the history of Halifax. The time honored festivities are all abandoned and the whole city is in mourning.

For the first time since its settlement, one hundred and forty-six years ago, the public buildings are heavily draped inside and out, and from business houses and private dwellings there are similar manifestations of sorrow.

Today the remains of Sir John Thompson were brought home to his native city in the warship Blenheim, one of the fastest cruisers afloat. The booming of minute guns from York Redoubt at eleven o'clock was the signal that the ship was approaching the harbor, and as she steamed up past the forts the big guns of York Redoubt, McNab's and George's Islands belched out their thunders. The Blenheim dropped anchor off the Ordnance wharf at 11.30.

The snow of yesterday had turned to heavy rain today. There was a foot of slush under foot and rain fell in sheets. But notwithstanding this, the adjoining wharves, roofs of buildings, and streets were packed with people. It was intended to land the remains at noon, but this was postponed for two hours in the hope that the storm would hold up.

At two o'clock, however, the rain was as brisk as ever. But there was no diminution in the crowds. The body was landed on the Ordnance wharf, and placed in a massive mahogany casket, on the cover of which was a heavy cross of gold. The casket was wrapped in the Union Jack, and on it was a wreath of laurel leaves, placed there by Queen Victoria, and attached to which was a card in the Queen's handwriting with this inscription: "A mark of sincere sympathy and affection."

VICTORIA R. The casket was placed on a gun carriage, headed by the band of the King's regiment, who played the melancholy strains of the Dead March in Saul, and Beethoven's Funeral March, and escorted by a guard of honor of 200 imperial troops. Lieutenant General Montgomery Moore and staff, officers of the Canadian militia and a host of citizens were conveyed to the parliament building. The streets through which the procession passed were lined up the 63rd regiment.

At the province building the remains were placed on a catafalque in the legislative council chamber, which has been exquisitely draped with purple and black and decorated with a magnificent display of floral tributes. The coffin was carried from the gun carriage on the shoulders of twelve sergeants major, soldiers with fixed bayonets standing at each end of the casket.

Their excellencies the governor general and Coenness Aberdeen were the first to look upon the face of the dead statesman after the remains were placed upon the catafalque, and it was a touching sight to see these representatives of royalty kneel before the mortal remains of their friend and friend to engage in silent prayer. Their example was followed by Governor Daly and Miss Daly. After the imperial officers had passed before the body the room was cleared and the two sons of the dead premier were escorted to the catafalque by Lord Aberdeen.

Most of the members of the Canadian government are here or are en route for Halifax.

Th governors and prime ministers of all the provinces are here or are coming.

The body of Sir John Thompson was removed tonight to the residence of John Pugh, where Lady Thompson is stopping.

It will be returned to council chamber early this morning, and will lie in state from 8 in the morning till 8 at night.

Thursday morning the body will be taken to St. Mary's cathedral, where requiem mass will begin at 9.30.

The funeral procession will leave the cathedral at 11 o'clock.

Senator Sanford, in an interview last night with a Sun representative, described the tour Sir John Thompson had taken in his company on the continent before coming to London to be sworn in member of the privy council. "Our visits in Italy," said Mr. Sanford, "were simply those of tourists, taking in the chief objects of interest on our way. We presented no letters of introduction and made no visit of any kind whatever, feeling that the place and objects which we went to see demanded all the time we had at our disposal." Senator Sanford described the return to London, the consultation with Dr. Travers, and referred with deep feeling to the kindness and sympathy of her majesty and to the sorrow awakened throughout England by the tragic death at Windsor castle.

He went on to describe the journey out on the Blenheim. He said they could have reached Halifax long before, but that in accordance with the wish of the dominion government, as cable to the admiralty, Captain Poe intended to drop his anchor in Halifax harbor at noon sharp on Tuesday and he did it to a second. Coming out, guards were stationed at the mortuary chamber morning and night. There was no disorder on board during the trip, and not only did Captain Poe and

his staff display their sympathy with the service into which the ship had been called, but the same spirit was shown by the men. This was particularly noticeable on Christmas day, which was passed quietly after divine service, the captain going to every mess table on the ship to partake with the men of the dinner at each. The senator said to understand the meaning of good will among men you should have been on board the Blenheim on Christmas day.

Said he: "As we lay off the harbor Monday night and in sight of the outer lights, the impression on my mind was one which will never fade. Anticipation of the events of the day that was to come occupied me, but I can say that as far as the transferring of the body on shore was concerned it was an example of that ready obedience which has made the fame of the British navy world wide, and on the part of the citizens of Halifax and the visitors it was a memorable display of true sorrow."

Halifax, Jan. 1.—H. M. S. Blenheim, England, was signalled off the mouth of the harbor at 10.45 this morning, and the signal, a British ensign with white pennant above a blue ball centre, was run up on the citadel staff. When the big cruiser arrived off Fort York Redoubt, the outermost fortification of the harbor, the cannon, high up on the rocky caverns of the stern sentry, boomed forth salute of five minute guns. Hardly had they ceased when the salute was taken up by McNab's Island, and next by Fort George's on George's Island, in the centre of the harbor. The Blenheim steamed silently to the anchorage of the Ordnance wharf, where a large number of official people had gathered.

There was a heavy fall of rain all day and the situation for those watching the arrival of the funeral war ship was as unpleasant as could well be imagined. The moment the warship came to standstill, the imperial army transport, with Col. North, adjutant general of the imperial forces in North America, accompanied by Rev. Dr. Murphy, rector of St. Mary's cathedral, and Father Moriarty, steamed off from the Ordnance wharf. The dominion government steamer Argus left about the same time from Queenston, where it was the anchor of the Blenheim, and was then on its way to the city. The occupants of the Blenheim were then went on board. Rev. Dr. Murphy and Father Moriarty immediately repaired to the mortuary chamber, where the liberal accompanying prayers were recited. The sons of the late premier were the only others present.

The draping of the Blenheim's mortuary chamber, as already cabled by the Associated Press, was very plain black and silver trimmings. On the foot of the coffin was her majesty's wreath with a card in her own handwriting. In addition to the electric lights in the main, were four candles burning, two on each side, near the ends of the casket. At the head there was a crucifix standing two or three feet above the coffin.

After consultation with the warship officers, Col. North issued an order that the remains would not be moved till 2 o'clock, instead of 12 noon as first intended. The thousands who thronged the wharves in the drenching rain soon dispersed and gathered again in full force at the appointed hour.

Just at 2 o'clock ten sailors bore the coffin up the companion way, the bugle sounded the assembly and all hands mustered on deck as the casket was borne out. The Blenheim's band commenced the Dead March in Saul, and the first gun of a royal salute boomed out. At the same time the marines on the Lily presented arms and every head on the Blenheim was bare. On arriving at the Ordnance wharf the same ten sailors placed the coffin on the gun carriage in waiting and the procession to the provincial parliament building was commenced.

On arrival at the parliament building the casket was removed to the lying in state chamber by ten non-commissioned officers of the imperial forces. The body will lie in state until tomorrow afternoon, when it will be removed to St. Mary's cathedral, where the state funeral services will be held on Thursday, the interment to take place in Holy Cross cemetery immediately afterwards.

Their excellencies Lord and Countess Aberdeen and staff, and Lieut. Gov. Daly and staff, were present at Ordnance wharf on the arrival of the body. Ottawa, Jan. 1.—A special train for Halifax left at ten o'clock tonight. On board were Hon. Messrs. Haggart, Patterson and Wallace, members of the government, Speaker White, Archbishop Duhamel, Judge Burbridge, Senator Sullivan, Messrs. McKay, Car-gill, Metcalf, Corby, Hodgins, Boyd, Costworth, Bryson, Cochran and Quillett, M. P.'s deputy ministers Newcombe and Panet, and Mr. Langevin, clerk of the senate. A detachment of dominion police under Sergeant Slade was also on board.

(From The Daily Sun of the 3rd Inst.) Halifax, Jan. 2.—All day long from eight this morning until midnight a procession of citizens and visitors has been passing through the Province building, entering from Hollis street. The passages were divided into two walks, one for entrance and one for exit, and officers were in attendance to moderate the rush. The decorations of the council chamber where the body of the late ex-premier lies have already been described, but several important additions have been made to the floral tributes. The chief is an oval wreath five feet in diameter from the Queen. This wreath is framed on a background of holly and rare palms, and contains white flowers of various kinds. It is as fresh and bright as if made yesterday. On a broad white silk ribbon is the inscription "A mark of deep regret and sincere respect from Victoria R. L." Marquis Ripon sends a beautiful wreath of white immortelles. There

is a holly wreath from the colonial office, London, and the late premier's friends in Kings county, N. B., have sent a cross of carnations, lilies and maidenhair fern with a base of orchids and lily of valley, arranged by the accomplished florist, H. E. Gould.

At times during the day the crush of sightseers was tremendous. There was universal disappointment that the casket could not be opened, as old friends of Sir John Thompson would have liked to see his face once more, even in death. Only a few family connections were present when the casket was opened yesterday for the purpose of identification. Then it was sealed forever.

The casket lay last night at the house of M. Pugh, where Lady Thompson is staying. This morning it was conveyed to the Province building, whence it will be borne quietly to the cathedral. After service the procession will form at the cathedral for the cemetery.

During the requiem service at the buildings in the city has gone on. This is the first time that the outside of the public and private edifices have been extensively draped. But today crapes hang from the outer walls of city, provincial and federal buildings, and nearly every church in the city is draped. The Glebe house, Academy of Music and Government house are heavily hung with symbols of mourning. The fence in front of the Ordnance wharf, the entrance to the city, the Crimian heroes are also draped. The scene within the cathedral is in keeping with the spirit of the occasion. Every seat in the building is covered with black. The massive pillars are enveloped in black, and the walls are relieved by white silk, surmounted by purple on the capitals. The choir has been enlarged and some of the leading singers in the city, taken from other choirs, will take part.

The St. John arrivals tonight included Attorney General Blair; Provincial Secretary Mitchell; Chief Commissioner of Public Works Emmerson; E. McLeod, M. P.; Hon. W. Pugsley; His Lordship Bishop Sweeney; Rev. Father Michaud, and J. R. Bruce of the Imperial forces. The Imperial Surveyor General Tweedie, who was to have been one of the New Brunswick government representatives, fell on New Year's day and broke one of the bones of his ankle. The accident will cause his confinement to his house for at least a month.

The governors of Ontario, Quebec, Prince Edward Island and British Columbia are among those in the city. Judges Barker, Hanington and Landry are also here to represent the supreme court of New Brunswick.

The city is over-crowded with people, and hundreds are tonight unable to get hotel accommodation. During the requiem service at the cathedral on Thursday, His Grace Archbishop O'Brien will preside on the throne. The celebrant of the mass will be His Lordship Bishop Cameron of Antigonish; assistant priest, Rev. Dr. Murphy, St. Mary's; deacon, Rev. L. J. Daly of St. Joseph's; sub-deacon, Rev. J. J. G. O'Bryan of Montreal; acolytes, Rev. Dr. Campbell and Rev. M. Carroll of St. Mary's; censor bearer, Rev. Dr. Foley, St. Mary's; master of ceremonies, Rev. J. Moriarty of St. Mary's. Archbishop O'Brien will deliver the funeral oration.

Ottawa, Jan. 2.—Sir Adolphe Caron has issued a notice that as a mark of respect to the memory of the late prime minister, the public offices will be closed until one o'clock tomorrow. The clerks of the privy council department forwarded a telegram of congratulation to Sir Mackenzie Bowell on the honor which Queen Victoria has been pleased to confer on him.

According to recent reports from Rome, Rev. Father Langevin of Winnipeg is to be the priest of St. Boniface in succession to Archbishop Tache.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 2.—His Honor Governor Shultz has requested N. Boyd, M. P., to officially represent him at the funeral services of Sir John Thompson tomorrow. Mr. Boyd bears with him an appropriate floral tribute from Governor and Mrs. Shultz.

A STORY OF THE NEW PREMIER.

Chas. B. Halpin, one of the proprietors of the Manitoba Liberal, tells a good story of our new premier. Mr. Halpin was then running the Liberal office, the greatest exponent of public opinion in the Kootenay country. One day what the managing editor entered the office, and after looking around asked the printer to print for him a card. Mr. Halpin gave him permission, but kept an eye on him with an uneasy feeling. He saw the printer scribble "struck for a v." After awhile the stranger began to talk, and the managing, business and editorial staff were gathered around, nearly fainting in their tracks when he casually learned that the tramp printer adding types at the case was no other than the Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, minister of customs, just returned from a rough trip down the Columbia river into the Kootenay country on customs business. "Look at him," adds Mr. Halpin with a touch of pardonable pride as he expands his bosom, "five years ago he was working for me, now he is premier of Canada."

DIED AT GALT, ONT.

The death is announced at his son's residence, Galt, Ont., of William B. Mercer, a native of Kings county, and for many years a resident of Apsalooka. He and most of the members of his family moved to Ontario some years ago and have since resided there. One son, Chas. B. Mercer, lives in Galt, another lives in Dakota and two others are also in the west. One daughter lives in Detroit, one in Nebraska, and two others, with their mother, are at present in Dakota. Another daughter is Mrs. Robert Weyman of this city. The late Mr. Mercer has many friends and relatives in Kings county.

A TERRIFIC SHOCK.

Mrs. Bangleton was reading of a street car accident in Chicago to her husband. The cars ran together, she said, "and Miss Wagon was standing in the aisle, was thrown from her feet and killed." "Was this your husband," those cars must have been going a hundred miles an hour!—Detroit Free Press.

ALL THAT IS MORTAL

Of the Right Honorable Sir John Thompson Laid to Rest in Holy Cross Cemetery.

An Imposing and Impressive Service in St. Mary's Cathedral—Soldier and Statesman, Lawn-Robed Prelate and Plain Presbyterian Mingled as the Lone Couch of His Dreamless Sleep.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON. By A. M. Belding.

The darkness came while yet the sun was high. As dimmed forever that unflinching eye, Whose vision pierced the passing clouds of strife, And marked in honor's path his way of life. No dreams of glory dwarfed his loftier aim, Whose eagle vision swept a wider sky, Whose England's sons for ages o'er the foam No abash of gold obscured his clearer view, Nor shone the right, and held the balance true. His life went out within the storied walls Of ancient Windsor's animated halls, Whose England's sons for ages o'er the foam From food and field have borne their trophies home. To lay at England's feet. Alas! that one, The Greater Britain's great and loyal son, Whose eagle vision swept a wider sky, Should pass the state's portals but to die. Fame's laurel wreaths are dust and ashes now, As seal of Death upon that lofty brow Proclaims a more imperial sovereignty Than hers who holds the empire of the sea. His country mourns—and yet—was fate unkind?

The onward look of that untrammelled mind Saw closer drawn the loving ties that hold These kindred nations in their sacred fold. Love kindles hearts by kindred sorrow thrills— Was not his dream of life in death fulfilled? When England's empress-mother to her breast, With soothing words an orphaned maiden pressed, And kissed the cheek that streamed with hopeless tears, Not all the stratagem of a thousand years, With all its mastery of designing arts, Could strike so deep a chord in loyal hearts. The solemn tolling of the minister bells To all the world the tale of sorrow tells; Declare that England mourns the fallen great. Across the wintry ocean's tossing breast They bear his body to its final rest, And ocean's misty trains her dogs of war To guard the passage of his funeral car. His own loved city claims that sacred dust, But wider realms will share the solemn trust.

That fell unguarded from the nerveless hand Of one who well had served his native land, The ruthless wind, the belgic his genius won, Shed lustre on the state that calls him son, —A man who lived in honor, died in fame, And left on memory's page a stainless name. St. John, N. B. (Staff correspondence of the Sun.)

Halifax, Jan. 3.—This has been the most memorable day in the century and a half of the history of Halifax. On no previous occasion have so many eminent people from abroad met in the town, and never before have so many Halifax people been on the streets. Nothing was wanting in the condition of weather, in the number and representative character of the participants, in the grandeur and circumstance, heartiness and solemnity of the demonstration, in the appropriateness of the religious services and the funeral oration, or in the military display, to make the occasion the greatest of its kind ever seen in this part of the world.

Those who witnessed the funeral of Sir John Macdonald say that the procession today was larger and that the presence of the military and naval services gave it additional impressiveness. In addition there was in the Halifax pageant a local element. The town was full of people who knew him in early life, and were familiar with him in later years when he became a distinguished citizen of the city.

As in the case of Sir John Macdonald, the pall bearers on this occasion were his colleagues in the dominion government, but it is significant of the change and accidents of political life that only four who were pall bearers less than four years ago at Ottawa walked by the hearse today. These were Messrs. Costigan, Foster, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper and Mr. Haggart. Two who were pall bearers at Ottawa are dead, three have retired from the government, two of them to be present today as lieutenant governors, and two were detained at Ottawa.

Premier Bowell, who is here, was indisposed and unable to leave the house today. He is much improved tonight and a consultation of medical men reveals the fact that he is suffering from nothing but throat affection.

Six of the ministers who walked by the hearse today were not in Sir John Macdonald's last ministry. The services at the cathedral, a full account of which is given later, were

of the most impressive nature. The choir of the church was composed of the city's best singers, who filled the spacious area enlarged for this special purpose. Notwithstanding the deadening effects of the heavy draperies, the Dies Irae and other music was rendered with fine effect. Especially effective was the hymn, Now the Laborer's Task is O'er, the words of the music of which had been furnished to the whole audience.

The archbishop's sermon is highly commented on by the people of all denominations. It was delivered in a clear voice, distinctly audible to the vast audience, but without any attempt at oratorical effect, and the general opinion is that the archbishop's words of praise were discriminating and just, and that his references to Sir John's religious experiences were in good taste, neither erring by cowardly silence nor by a remark calculated to offend the sensibilities of any. The marshalling and ordering of the procession was performed so as to avoid confusion and there was very little delay at any stage of the proceedings.

IN ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL.

Although the pontifical requiem mass in St. Mary's cathedral was not announced to commence before 9.30 o'clock, people who were not fortunate enough to secure tickets of admission began to gather in the vicinity of the edifice as nearly as 8.30 in the hope that they might get within the building. A strong detachment of police were on hand, however, and those having tickets had little difficulty in making their way into the edifice.

The cathedral was completely filled, and there was no confusion whatever. Among those present were Lord and Lady Aberdeen, General Montgomery Moore and staff, Judges Hanington, Barker, Landry and Burbridge, Attorney General Blair, Provincial Secretary Mitchell, Chief Commissioner of Public Works Emmerson, Mayor Robertson, Aldermen Christie, McGoldrick, Lockhart and Millidge, J. P. Fraser, John Kelly, John Connor, S. D. Scott, H. D. Troop, James A. Belyea, J. D. Hazen, M. P., John A. Chesley, M. P., E. McLeod, M. P., all the cabinet ministers excepting Premier Bowell (who, as stated above, is indisposed), and Sir A. P. Caron and Hon. Angers, Major Armstrong, James Kelly, Major Markham, Lt. Col. Armstrong, John Keefe, James H. Doody, D. C. Dawson, Dr. J. D. Maher, Dr. Hetherington, Dr. March, besides of course the leading public men of Nova Scotia.

It was 9.45 before the services commenced. The solemn march was played as the altar boys came from the vestry. Lady Thompson and family were seated in a purple enclosure to the left of the sanctuary. The curtains were drawn, and the party was not visible to those present in the body of the church.

The grand service of a requiem mass, which can be opened with the Requiem in Asterium, was chanted by the male singers. Prof. Currie sang the solo Miserere Mel in splendid voice. The choruses were also good.

The officiating clergymen were: His Grace Archbishop O'Brien, assisted by two priests, presided on the throne; celebrant of the mass, His Lordship Bishop Cameron of Antigonish; assistant priest, Rev. Dr. Murphy of Halifax; deacon, Rev. T. J. Daly of Halifax; sub-deacon, Rev. J. G. O'Bryan of Montreal; acolytes, Rev. Dr. Campbell of Halifax, Rev. M. Carroll of Halifax; censor bearer, Rev. Dr. Foley; master of ceremonies, Rev. J. B. Moriarty of Halifax.

The musical part of the service was magnificent. Prof. Compton, who acted as director, is to be congratulated on the perfect manner in which he managed the large choir. With comparatively short notice he prepared one of the grandest musical recitals ever heard in this city. The melody of the 85 voices could not have balanced better. The full strength was not what it might have been under different circumstances, as the heavy draping affected the choruses to a marked degree, and there was no chance for the sound to re-echo. The muffled sounds reminded the listener of something sublime, above the ordinary power of mortals, and certainly echoed the feelings of each and every one who listened to that impressive

burial service. After the singing of the Kyrie and Dies Irae, Archbishop O'Brien ascended the pulpit and delivered the following sermon: "Having then conversed with you from my youth to this day, behold here I am. Speak of me before the Lord, and before His anointed, whether I have taken any man's ox or ass; if I have wronged any man; if I have taken a bribe at any man's hand, and I will depose it this day and will restore it to you. And said that, thou hast not wronged us nor oppressed us, nor taken ought at any man's hand." (1. Kings, ciii, 23-24.)

Before the remains of the honored dead are borne hence to their last resting place, it is meet some words should be spoken in this sacred edifice to tell of life and hope amidst the sadness and gloom that encompass us round about. It is no exaggeration to say that the departed has been omitted. From across the ocean an echo of the empire's wail has reached our shores. From far and near have come unmistakable evidence of regret. No outward mark of respect to the memory of the departed has been omitted. From our gracious sovereign down to the lowliest citizen, from personal friends and political opponents, an abundance of such tokens have been given. The representative of our queen and the civil power of our country are here to give all pomp and circumstance to his funeral.

BUT MAN DIES NOT WITH DEATH.

And in the midst of our mourning the solemn rites of religion, tinged though they be with a human sadness, yet have an undertone of consolation, of hope, of triumph. The pleading tones of the "Dies Irae" are not the wailings of despair. They are rather the expressions of confidence in an infinite mercy. And finally, before the remains are carried forth, the exultant words which contain a promise and an assurance of victory over the grave are intoned.

"I am the resurrection and the life; he that believeth in me, although he be dead, shall live; and every one that liveth and believeth in me shall not die forever." (John xi, 25-26.)

Our sorrow, then, is not as that of those who mourn without hope, for we know that our friends, though dead to the world, live with God; and although our bodies may be left to moulder in the tomb, we ever hear the consoling words of our Saviour, spoken near the little town of Bethany, "Thy brother shall rise again." Though there be hope in our sorrow, the sorrow itself is profound and universal. For an individual loss the regret, sincere though it may be, is confined within a narrow circle. When a nation mourns we may be sure that the loss is a national one. Few indeed will deny that by the death of the Right Honorable Sir John Thompson our great mother Canada has sustained an almost irreparable loss. The reason of this is because of the QUALITIES THAT WERE BASED AND ROOTED IN THE CHARACTER OF THE MAN

as he appeared in the eyes of his fellow citizens in the discharge of the duties of his high public station. In him, as in Samuel of old, the people recognized integrity of life and the conscientious fulfilment of onerous duties. In the words of my text he might say:

"Having then conversed with you from my youth to this day, behold here I am."

He had held various trusts during his earthly career—in the city council, in the provincial legislature, on the bench in the department of justice and in the dominion parliament. It will not be saying too much to assert that he might make the challenge to public criticism contained in those words of my text:

"Speak of me before the Lord and before His anointed whether I have taken any man's ox or ass; if I have wronged any man; if I have oppressed any man; if I have taken a bribe at any man's hand."

Canadian public life has its bitterness. Party journals do not lack a keen vision for the delinquencies of their opponents. Even now, as in the days of our Saviour, men can see the mote in their neighbor's eyes whilst perhaps blind to the beam in their own. Public men live now more than ever in the full light that is cast around them from a hundred sources which did not exist in past ages. They cannot hide themselves behind the thrones of the sovereign, nor screen their character beneath the cloak of office.

OUR AGE RESPECTS NO CURTAINS DRAWN BEFORE THE SANCTUARY

of the council of the King. Hence the acts of a high public official are open to the criticism of the people as those of the village head. Indeed, the more exalted the station in which a man may be placed, the more

(Continued on page 4.)

AT THE DEPARTMENT STORE YOU CAN GET EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS AT VERY LOW PRICES.

W. NICHOLS, Charlotte Street.

VEGETABLE GROWERS OF FLORIDA SUFFER SEVERELY.

Dec. 30.—A despatch to the Argus from Jacksonville, Fla., at the end of Friday night stated that a loss of six dollars to the fruit and vegetable growers of Florida. The winter vegetables are killed outright by the frost.

IS!

what was the height of year ago. Not one of them cost us at least \$3.00 and the price of which was as high as...

OR \$2.10.

send your money if you can't yourself and if our choice is choice, send it back and we return your money. Use us to your advantage.

OHIN.

PROVINCIAL

Work of the Moncton Police During the Year.

Death of Mrs. A. F. Street of Fredericton.

General News of Interest From Many Sections of New Brunswick.

WESTMORELAND CO.

Jolicoeur, Dec. 26.—On the evening of the 22nd inst. a number of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Bushy Oulton met at their home to celebrate the 25th anniversary of their marriage. The presents were numerous.

The school which has been taught the past term by Miss Emma Turner closed on Friday. An excellent examination closed the term's work.

Geo. Purdy of Bristol takes charge of the school the next term.

Moncton, Dec. 31.—W. Ryan Angus, a former resident of Moncton, now representing a Montreal house, has just returned from a trip to British Columbia, and will spend some time in the provinces, going to St. John and Fredericton tomorrow.

Mr. Ryan says the outlook in the Pacific province is decidedly brighter than it has been for a year or two, as far as he was able to note the signs of the times.

His return east, the house has received letters for the immediate filling of orders which had been given for March delivery, indicating a continuance of the hopeful signs which he had noticed during the summer and fall.

The Moncton Sugar refinery is to resume work this week. Some of the staff, removed to Halifax temporarily during the time the refinery was closed, have returned to Moncton.

The number of unemployed in Moncton is not large, judging from the names registered in the book for the unemployed, opened by a committee of charitable disposed citizens a few days ago. Nine names have been entered so far. Of these one is a widow with five children, three of whom are deaf and dumb; five are single men, only one of whom claims to have a trade, and the remainder are men, only one of whom, a clerk and a native of England, can be said to have a fixed occupation.

One of the single men out of work is a cripple. There are probably few tradesmen in Moncton who can be said to be out of work, except some engaged in the building trades who do not count on regular work at this season.

Moncton, Jan. 2.—A couple of interesting matrimonial events are reported. Hugh McLeod of the freight department of the I. C. R., Truro, was married here this morning by the Rev. J. M. Robinson. Miss Agnes Craig Brown of this city. The ceremony was witnessed only by immediate friends of the contracting parties, and the newly wedded pair left on the noon train for their future home in Truro.

William Sprout, proprietor of the Royal Hotel, was married here this morning at Havelock on New Year's eve to Miss Agnes, daughter of David Wright of that place.

The books of the Moncton police department show 235 entries in 1894, as compared with 226 in 1893 and 217 in 1892. The drunks numbered 137 in 1894, as compared with 136 in 1893 and 119 in 1892. The other principal offences in 1894 were: Larceny, 82; protection, 69; vagrancy, 18; tramps, 8; assaults, 7; disorderly conduct, 7. There was a great increase in the arrests for larceny, the number being more than double as great as in the three previous years combined, the increase being due to the epidemic of petty larceny some months ago, which led to many arrests. The total of the ordinary receipts of the police court in 1894 was \$468.25, as against \$572.67 in 1893 and \$318.70 in 1892. The Scott act collections last year amounted to \$1,950, as compared with \$2,400 in 1893, \$1,250 in 1892, and \$1,650 in 1891.

The movement for a general hospital in Moncton is making progress. At a recent meeting Messdames Benedict and Purdy, Revs. Weeks, Read, Hooper and Father Meahan, Dr. Ross and M. Fleming were appointed a committee to take into consideration the best method of raising funds, and it is thought the scheme will be pushed to a successful conclusion.

Kars, Dec. 26.—Downeyville will procure a first class male teacher for the ensuing term.

Abner Jones of this place is getting out about 200 pieces of logs, and Geo. H. Jones is getting out quite a cut of wood, both for Rockland and St. John.

Mechanics Settlement, Dec. 29.—The semi-annual examination of this district was held on the 21st December. About ten visitors were in attendance. The pupils were examined in reading, spelling, arithmetic, geography, history, temperance teaching and physiology. All present were well pleased with the performance, especially with the temperance teaching and Canadian history, which was illustrated on the board.

The Sunday school of this place gave a concert on Sunday, the 23rd. John Moore was chairman, and a good programme was carried out to the satisfaction of all present.

Sussex, Jan. 1.—New Year's day, like Christmas day, was very disagreeable, yet the heavy fall of snow will be almost invaluable, as the people here were beginning to be in a bad way from want of fire wood.

Warden Moore of Waterford is shipping ten car loads of deal from Sussex station to St. John, which will contain about 110,000 feet.

William H. Culbert, his wife and two of his daughters, left by train yesterday morning for the purpose of attending the funeral of Mrs. Culbert's daughter at Richibucto in Kent Co.

Rev. Mr. Belliveau of Shediac, at one time parish priest in Sussex, was in Sussex yesterday. Old friends, and he has many of them, were glad to see him in their midst.

SUNBURY CO.

Maugerville, Dec. 23.—The report in today's Sun that Postmaster Bent's house was burned here yesterday is incorrect. Postmaster Garrison's house was burned yesterday at Upper Sheffield.

Maugerville, Dec. 31.—The mystery surrounding the sudden disappearance of Chas. E. Harding from his home on Christmas morning is yet unsolved. That he left his home with the intention of going to Oromocto there can be no doubt, from the fact that he was in the habit of frequently doing so; that he reached Oromocto was evident, as he was seen by Geo. Holden, a resident of the village, walking over the bridge at an hour corresponding to the time he would leave home. It is almost beyond the limit of a possibility that he could leave the place on the morning in question alive, drunk, or sober, without being seen by someone. A hole was discovered in the ice in the creek on the day of his disappearance. Efforts are now being made to recover the body, but the depth of water and a strong tide are against the chances of finding it now. C. E. Duffy and James Hamilton of Fredericton were down to Oromocto today trying to get some clue to the missing man.

Sheffield, Dec. 29.—W. S. Canison, postmaster of Upper Sheffield, had his fine dwelling house consumed by fire over his head on Thursday last at noon-day. William's parents are dead; his brother is in a foreign country, and his sisters are married and reside in St. John. He lived alone and kept a small store, and the post office. He saved but little and had no insurance.

Geo. W. Perley and Thos. E. Bridges of Sheffield have returned from the back parishes of Sussex, consisting of eleven large oxen for Mr. Connell of Marysville to feed for the spring market.

The F. C. Baptists of Upper Gagetown held a pie social and fancy sale on Wednesday evening, realizing \$56 for church purposes.

CARLETON CO.

Ashland, Dec. 24.—The public examination of the school here was held on the 19th inst. The house was crowded with visitors. All were sorry to part with their much esteemed teacher, Geo. Chase, who has had charge of the school since the death of that time made great improvement and won many warm friends. All wish him as good success with his future school at Peel.

Hartland, Dec. 26.—Communication is now directly established with the western side of the river by the construction of a bridge across the open country of water. The work was paid for by the government.

At the close of the school a concert was given under the management of the principal, W. T. Kerr, and his esteemed wife. The programme consisted of about 25 pieces—readings, dialogues and music, and was very successful in a financial point of view as well as in the excellent rendition of the programme. An admission fee of 25 cents was charged, and the proceeds go towards procuring a suitable receptacle for the school library, which was procured chiefly through the efforts of Mr. Hetherington, the last teacher.

The Somerville school gave an interesting concert on Christmas eve last night to procure a library. The New Year's concert, which was passed away quietly. In the evening there was an Xmas tree and concert in the school hall.

Richard Dickinson died of consumption last Sunday. He leaves a wife and six children.

QUEBENS CO.

Jemeseg, Dec. 24.—Capt. Herbert Currie has bought the shop formerly owned by L. N. Hanselbacher, blacksmith, and has moved it to connect with his woodshed, to be used as a stage barn.

The school examination of District No. 2 was held on the afternoon of the 21st inst. The pupils were examined in various subjects. The results were as follows: The pupils presented their papers with a portfolio and other presents. Mr. Adams, the secretary, gave a short address, speaking very highly of the teacher and her work. Miss Maloy, who was a most efficient teacher, will be missed.

YORK CO.

Temperance Vale, Dec. 24.—G. K. Pinder has just completed a fine residence near the site of the one which was burned a few years ago. His daughters have returned home from school at Fredericton and are now enjoying a family reunion. His rotary has been started. He will continue in operation during the winter.

Last Friday evening at Lower Southampton, while several of the young folks were enjoying themselves skating on the river, the oldest son of Charles Fox, about sixteen years of age, broke through the ice and was drowned. He was not missed till after meeting that night, when search was made for him. The body was recovered on Saturday. Much sympathy is felt for the family in their bereavement.

St. Luke's church was beautifully decorated for Christmas. Rev. Mr. Simonson is doing good work and is much esteemed by the people.

Miss Fannie Prescott deserves much credit for the mastery with which she has conducted the school here this term. Many were present at the examination and much pleased with the work done.

George A. Bartlett has erected a henry, in which he has already a stock of eighty-four hens. He is just getting them in a condition to lay, with a start of four eggs per day.

Temperance Vale, Dec. 25.—A happy event took place this evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jared Churchill, at which the bride, Rhoda, was united in marriage to Orland Clark, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Clark of Upper Queensbury. Rev. Mr. Steeves performed the ceremony. Many guests were present. The bride was the daughter of a numerous and useful parents, among which was a mahogany writing desk by the groom, a dogskin coat by her mother, a beautiful parlor lamp by Edward Parent and sister,

a valuable shell-set jewel case by her brother Israel, half dozen silver knives and forks by Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Clark, and a silver pickle dish by her sister Mary. The newly married couple will move to their future home at Upper Queensbury tomorrow, followed by the best wishes of their many friends.

Stanley, Dec. 29.—About 7 o'clock p. m. on Wednesday the Rev. Mr. Mullan and wife were surprised by an invasion of friends. After leaving in their barn and larder about \$50 (fifty dollars) worth of goods, they passed the evening in games, music, etc. About 10.30 a sumptuous repast was served and seventy friends partook of the good things provided by the ladies. Later on Major Howe, in his usual excellent manner and on behalf of assembled friends, presented Mrs. Mullan with a purse containing eighteen dollars and fifty cents, as a slight recognition of her valuable services as superintendent of Sabbath school.

Mr. Mullan, on behalf of his wife, presented a reply, in which he thanked his friends and members of his congregation for their generous gift, especially at this particular time, as he expected a meeting would be held by members of the St. John Presbytery to ascertain if the members of the congregation would be in favor of retaining him as pastor. With such a demonstration he feared no inquiry.

Reverends Ross and Sutherland, and J. G. Forbes, attorney, from St. John, held a meeting in St. Peter's church (Presbytery) for the purpose of settling into the case of supposed trouble existing between Rev. Mr. Mullan and congregation. When the vote was taken whether the congregation desired a change of minister, the total vote stood, fifteen in favor of Rev. Mr. Mullan remaining and two opposed to it.

A large number of the friends of Rev. Mr. Bonnell, the Baptist resident clergyman, assembled at his residence on Friday evening and surprised him with a presentation amounting to thirty dollars. After the presentation was over the party spent a very pleasant evening.

Master Pearl Sansom is very ill with consumption.

Fredericton, Dec. 31.—The mysterious disappearance of Charles Harding on Christmas morning is still causing much anxiety in Maugerville. He formerly owned a farm in Maugerville, which he sold last spring and since then he has made his home with Mrs. C. Carter, his sister-in-law, where he had liquor and was drinking. When the Charlers family retired, Harding was in his room lying in a drunken sleep. In the morning he was gone. Charles Holden, a resident of Oromocto, is quite sure he saw Harding crossing the bridge at Oromocto about daylight Christmas morning. This is the last person who has acknowledged seeing Harding. His usual resort at Oromocto was Bryson's, but they deny seeing him at all there. Searching and grappling parties are still at work, but without result as yet. Some parties insinuate foul play, others suicide. Some days before his disappearance he gave his sister, Mrs. Charters, an order on a gentleman in Fredericton for \$100 for the purpose of paying his funeral expenses, but the order was not to be presented until after his death.

Mrs. Thos. Hodge died at an early hour this morning at the age of 69 years.

There were one hundred and thirty-eight deaths in Fredericton in 1894.

Fredericton, Jan. 1.—Mrs. A. F. Street, wife of the collector of customs at this port, died at six o'clock this evening from dropsy. She has been ill for some time with this disease, which took an unfavorable turn yesterday. Her husband and one son, L. Lee Street, survive her. The deceased, who was the eldest daughter of Sir Leonard Tilley, was a money lender, and took an active interest in many good works. She was for many years a prominent member of the Cathedral choir. Lady Tilley was here at the time of her death, and Sir Leonard Tilley and his wife, Mrs. Leonard, were in the city. The funeral will be held on Friday morning at ten o'clock.

Fredericton, Jan. 2.—The York nisi prius sittings were convened this morning by Judge Vanwart. The following indictments were filed:

Queen v. Harper Sproul, for assault and wounding Strokoper Simmons at Moteston Grand jury found true bill. Sproul is reported to have crossed the American boundary.

Queen v. Harry A. Cronkite, for attempt to do bodily harm, and Queen v. Ephraim Gooding, for attempted rape. The grand jury returned no bills.

The following civil cases were entered: Queen v. Arthur R. Slipp, plaintiff's attorney; Thomas W. Sawyer v. Harry L. Lounsbury, for slander; Wesley Vanwart, C. C. plaintiff's attorney.

Thomas W. Sawyer v. William Lounsbury, for slander; Wesley Vanwart, plaintiff's attorney.

James Gorman v. Canadian Pacific Railway Company, for land damages; George L. White, plaintiff; William Wilson v. William J. Edgecombe, for solicitor's fees; Geo. A. Hughes, plaintiff's attorney.

The civil cases were adjourned over until the 15th inst., when Judge Huntington is expected to preside. Judge Vanwart having been counsel in most of them before his appointment to the bench.

Jack Burke, a middle-weight boxer of Boston, is here to start a gymnasium and boxing school. He is a native of this county.

Contracts for furnishing supplies to the R. R. C. industry have been awarded as follows: Fred Clynic for bread; Estabrooks Bros. for groceries; D. W. White; recitation, and Wm. Rossborough for stove pipes, and James Boyle & Son for meat.

Judge Vanwart opened the January sitting of the equity court at ten o'clock this morning. The following motions were made: In the matter of Charles Gallagher, an insane person, Mr. Jordan moved for an order authorizing petitioner Dennis Gallagher and Rev. Wm. T. Chapman of Woodstock to collect certain moneys of said Charles Gallagher in their names under section 228 Equity act; court considers.

In re petition of Bridget Ann Lynott, administratrix Patrick Lynott, deceased, Mr. Jordan moved under section 174 Equity act for an order to compel or authorize infants to perform a contract for sale of certain lands

made by said Patrick Lynott in his life time; court considers.

Forty-two square miles of timber lands, comprising ten applications, were sold today at the crown land office, on all of which there was competition excepting three berths No. 115 and 116 on Beaver Brook and Little Bartibogue were bid in by Sumner & Co. at \$38.25 per square mile for one berth and \$78 per mile for the other.

Frank I. Morrison purchased two berths applied for by A. E. Alexander at \$15.50 per square mile for the first, and \$14.50 per square mile for the other. These lands are situated on the Upper Restigouche waters. A. F. Randolph bought 17 square miles on Salmon River, Victoria county, at the upset price.

CHARLOTTE CO.

Milltown, Dec. 31.—In referring to the death of Mrs. W. W. Graham, wife of ex-Mayor Graham, which was to the Sun in the form of a special dated, St. Stephen, Dec. 26, the item was headed Milltown, which the operator had overlooked and Collector Graham being an ex-mayor of St. Stephen some of his friends abroad entertained serious thoughts that his family was the afflicted one.

We are glad to state that Mrs. Henry Graham, wife of Collector Graham of St. Stephen, is in the enjoyment of good health at this time, and trust she may be thus highly privileged for many years to come.

Owen Farnham met with a severe accident today in the St. Croix cotton mill, having had his side and head badly injured by a bolt thrown from a saw in the machine shop. This makes the third accident for Mr. Farnham in the same place within the past two years.

St. Andrews, Jan. 2.—On the evening of the 31st ult., after the installation of officers in the I. O. F. lodge, a claim served with the usual accessories was served to the members of the lodge and their guests. The stew had that luxurious flavor to be had only with the St. Andrews bivalves when cooked by J. H. Williamson.

The children of St. Andrew's church were assembled in the Gymnasium hall on the evening of Dec. 31st, where they found a Christmas tree loaded with Christmas presents, which were taken off the tree by Rev. Father O'Maherty, who made a very admirable Santa Claus, and given to the children.

The A. O. U. W. installed the following officers: J. A. Wade, master workman; S. H. Rigby, foreman; M. N. Cockburn, overseer; T. R. Wren, recorder; G. D. Grimmer, secretary; Walter Stinson, financier; B. F. DeWolfe, guide; Jas. Cummings, I. W.; P. H. Grimmer, O. W.

The I. O. F. lodge here has installed the following officers: Jas. McCole, Dole; V. C. R. Herby, secretary; R. J. Stoop, treasurer; W. M. J. Fields; S. W. D. A. Black; S. E. W. B. Thos. Williamson; T. W. Whitlock; D. E. G. G. D. Grimmer, G. H.

VICTORIA CO.

Andover, Dec. 29.—This has been a pretty fall and winter up to the present time for the lumbermen. There has been for some months now about six inches of snow in the woods, which makes just enough for yardage, and a large number of logs has been placed on the yards. The deep snow has come these will quickly be hauled to the streams.

On Christmas eve some of the many friends of the Rev. Scovil Neales, on behalf of the congregation of Trinity church, Andover, presented him with a very handsome sleigh robe. Mr. Neales has been here not quite a year, and in that time has endeared himself to all the congregation. For Xmas morning his church was decorated beautifully with fir, spruce and hemlock evergreens, while many pretty lights were placed on the walls. A large congregation was present in spite of the stormy day to take part in the service, which was principally choral.

A very handsome communion table, the gift of the late lamented Judge Peters of St. John, which arrived by train, was placed in the church Xmas eve, and was used for the first time at this service. The table is of native woods, and the work, which was done in Sussex, is very fine. Judge Peters made this gift to the church last summer when he was visiting here, and after his death Geo. Schofield, who was here at the time with him, saw that it was forwarded in time for Xmas.

A pretty wedding took place Xmas day at Upper Kent, at the residence of the bride's father, when Frank L. Henderson of Andover, a most popular young man, was married to Edith, the only daughter of C. Tompkins, Esq., of the town of Detroit, formerly of Jackson. The wedding gifts were large in number and of great value. Mr. and Mrs. Currey left on the fast train for a trip to New York and Boston and thence they go to their future home in St. John.

Mr. Currey is a prominent attorney in St. John and a scholarly and cultured gentleman. His bride was one of the brightest and most talented young women in the city, and has made rapid advancement in the literary world. As a story writer she has been most successful, her productions having appeared in the Youth's Companion, Godey's, Demorest and other magazines. Her descriptive powers are particularly beautiful. She will continue in her literary work, much to the pleasure of her friends. Mrs. Currey's removal from the city will be regretted in the church circle and by many other friends, all of whom however unite in congratulations and well wishes.

MECHANICS' SETTLEMENT.

Andrew Lockhart, a highly respected resident, died on December 19th, after an illness of two months, aged 55 years. He leaves three sons and four daughters; also four sisters, Mrs. C. Sproul (who waited on him in his last sickness), Mrs. W. Adair, Mrs. S. Walker and Miss J. Lockhart. He was a faithful member of the Methodist church and a kind and affectionate father.

Ten gas companies had in 1885 a monopoly of the lighting of Paris.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A LEADING HORSEMAN'S OPINION

Confirmation of the rages in Eastern

The Armenians Shot and Killed Like Sheep by

Thirty-Nine Villages Plunged into Darkness by Burned Women Kept Sport of Eternal

Boston, Jan. 1.—A letter from this city from a scene of the recent out Turkey places the murdered Armenians at the terrible to repeat. The says: "The Armenians Kourds and Turks, K pay taxes to both K erment. Plundered by the Kourds, they there were some killed ports were sent to Com the Armenians were in lion. Orders were sent at Erzingan to exte root and branch. The fore the Armenians co from all the chief cit Turkey were "whoever woman or child is disa The region was surpris of the army, an also are said to have there. Then they adv centre, driving the peo of sheep, and continu vance for days. No given, no mercy show and children were shot ered like sheep. Prob were set upon in the to save their lives and defence. Many who c directions, but the ma The most probable es killed, 39 villages plun burned. Women were men butchered. A p to the roof of his chu pieces, and the edifi fire. A large number girls collected in a ch there for days, the sp and then murdered. number was so larg flowed out of the chu The soldiers contende tiful girl; they wante but she too was killed. ation of the report, several hundred soldier from the seat of p lace near us one was had killed thirty pregn

DEMAND THE BEST. TAKE NO OTHER.

Sold by all live druggists and country merchants.

DROPPED DEAD.

"The Avenging Angel of God Had Followed Him."

Exclaimed Mrs. Charles Hughes when Told that Her Worthless Husband Was No More.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 2.—Charles Hughes, who dropped dead in Boston of apoplexy last Wednesday, just as he was about to be married to Mrs. Livermore of that city, has a wife and two children living here. At the time of the man's death here, inquiry was made, but nothing in connection with his history could be learned. Today, however, a representative of the Associated Press found Mrs. Hughes, who is a seamstress, at her apartments in the rear of Sims' drug store, Prestosa and Green streets, and the following facts in regard to Hughes were obtained. According to her statement they were married 14 years ago in this city. She was Miss Emma Brown and lived with her mother at 935 East Main street. Hughes was a paper finisher at Moore's mills and earned good wages. Two children were born to them and they lived happily until four years ago, when the first clouds began to darken the house. Hughes used to drink and squander his money. This went from bad to worse until a year ago, when they separated, the wife taking the children. The husband, she says, went to Boston, where he ere he remained only a short time and was next heard of in Dayton, Ohio. He finally settled in Massachusetts. He wrote to his wife several times about securing a divorce, but she steadfastly refused. Mrs. Hughes knows nothing of Mrs. Livermore. Speaking of the sensational circumstances surrounding her husband's death, she remarked: "It seems as if the avenging angel of God had followed him." Mrs. Hughes' two children are aged 11 and 8 respectively. The former is a boy and is at the school of reform, and the latter, a girl, who is an inmate of the Home of Innocents.

THE DEADLY CH...

A Young Lady Killed in Boston Express

And the Other Occupants of Into a Ditch and Seriou

Bath, Me., Jan. 1.—Mrs. Bath, aged 18, one of lar of Bath's young soc killed, and Miss Jennie Wm. Thompson nor death at the Centre crossing here this morn was present in a large a just crossing the trac Central railroad when man train from Boston riage immediately be The hack was dragged when removed from severly injured.

The party had given Year's eve ball given one of the injured, and their homes in a ha McDougall as driver, was struck by a la train in charge of Smithell. The horse rails and were not was the driver, who v eral feet into a snow of the road. The hack was caught by a large engine nearly 300 yards a ditch that skirts the highway, where it tally wrecked. Altho they will recover, she suffers terribly from the quantity of ground into her Thompson, whose injur will be fatal, received about the head, one being much mutilated, a slight fracture of the neck is the result. Miss Patien was 18 years daughter of Hon. Geo prominent Bath citizen.

A JOURNALISTIC...

A Writer and Artist Far North on an Mission

Winnipeg, Dec. 27.—Hamilton, and Caspa New York, were s on the Manitoba regist The gentlemen who names proved to be an enterprising jour and also to be possess personalities. Mr. Hen descriptive writer. He is a clever artist, both way to the haunts of the wood buffalo in the purpose of studying characteristics of the members of the Canadi have mapped out a r from Edmonton to the Mackenzie river, whic ally the waterways a B. Co., making the e their sources of supply able them to travel "4 flying column," and the fulfill the object of return to civilization on transport their equip visions on dog-sleighs.

CHILDREN CRY FOR PITCHER'S CASTORIA.

THE WEEKLY SUN, \$1.00 a Year.

SLIPP, one of the most successful trainers of trotting horses in Canada, writes:
The Condition Powder is the best I ever used.

AND THE BEST. NO OTHER.

live druggists and counsels.

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Ky., Jan. 2.—Charles C. Lockett, a well-known and successful business man, died last Wednesday, just as he was about to be married to Mrs. C. that city, has a wife and a living here. At the time of the man's death...

of the man's death was made, but nothing was known of his whereabouts. Today, however, a representative of the Associated Press, Mr. Charles Hughes, who is a seaman, has been seen at the rear of the store, in the city, and the following facts were obtained: Hughes was born in 1850, and he has a wife and a living here. At the time of the man's death...

TURREY-CHILD.

Jackson, Mich., Herald of December 23th.—The prettiest wedding that has taken place in the city was last evening at the residence of Mrs. W. W. Child, 130 Avenue C. The contracting party was the daughter, Miss L. A. Turrey, of St. John, who is an informal affair, only mate friends being present, and the ceremony was performed at 6 P. M. by Rev. R. B. Balcom of St. Joseph's church. The bride was in a dainty gown of white tulle. At the conclusion of the service, the bride and groom were seated at a table with their friends. The decorations were exquisite.

of twenty guests present were a Deardoff of Chicago, W. C. Deardoff of Constantine, Mich., of Jackson, Mich. and Mrs. J. M. Deardoff of Detroit, formerly of Jackson. The gifts were large in number and of great value. Mr. and Mrs. Deardoff will leave for New York and Boston on Monday to their future home in New York.

re is a prominent attorney and a scholarly and cultivated man. His bride was one of the most talented and accomplished women in the city, and she had advanced in the literary world. As a story writer she has been successful, her productions have appeared in the Youth's Companion, the Democrat and other papers. Her literary work, much of it in her literary work, much of it in her literary work, much of it in her literary work.

A JOURNALISTIC ENTERPRISE.

A Writer and Artist En Route to the Far North on an Interesting Mission.

Winnipeg, Dec. 27.—W. H. Heming, Hamilton, and Caspar W. Whitney, New York, were two signatures found on the Manitoba register last evening. The gentlemen who inscribed their names proved to be associated with an enterprising journalistic venture and also to be possessed of interesting personalities. Mr. Heming is an able descriptive writer, and Mr. Whitney is a clever artist, both connected with Harper's Magazine, and are on their way to the haunts of the musk ox and wood buffalo in the far north for the purpose of studying the habits and characteristics of those interesting members of the Canadian fauna. They have mapped out a route northward from Edmonton to Fort Rae on the Mackenzie river, which follows generally the waterways used by the H. B. Co., making the company's posts their sources of supply. This will enable them to travel "light," a sort of flying column, and they hope to accomplish the object of their trip and return to civilization by April next. They will travel on snowshoes and transport their equipment and provisions on dog-sleds. Their larger

THOUSANDS MURDERED.

Confirmation of the Recent Outrages in Eastern Turkey.

The Armenians Shot Down or Butchered Like Sheep by the Kurds.

Thirty-Nine Villages Plundered, Razed and Burned—Women Kept for Days, the Sport of Brutal soldiery.

Boston, Jan. 1.—A letter just received in this city from a point near the scene of the recent outrages in eastern Turkey places the number of slaughtered Armenians at fully 15,000. It is written by a man in whom the highest confidence is placed and parts are terrible to repeat. The writer in part says: "The Armenians, oppressed by Kurds and Turks, and who cannot pay taxes to both, Kurds and government. Plundered and oppressed by the Kurds, they resisted them; there were some killed. The false reports were sent to Constantinople that the Armenians were in arms, in rebellion. Orders were sent to the Mushir at Erzingan to exterminate them, root and branch. The orders read before the Armenians collected in haste from all the chief cities of eastern Turkey were 'whoever is a Christian man, woman or child is disloyal.'"

The region was surrounded by soldiers of the army, and 2,000 Kurds also are said to have been massed there. Then they advanced upon the centre, driving the people like a flock of sheep, and continued thus to advance for days. No quarter was given, no mercy shown. Men, women and children were shot down or butchered like sheep. Probably when they were set upon in this way some tried to save their lives, and resisted in self-defense. Many who could, fled in all directions, but the majority were slain. The most probable estimate is 15,000 killed, 39 villages plundered, razed and burned. Women were outraged and men butchered. A priest was taken to the roof of his church and hacked to pieces, and the edifice then set on fire. A large number of women and girls collected in a church, were kept there for days, the sport of soldiers, and then murdered. It is said the number was so large that the blood flowed out of the church door. The soldiers contended over a beautiful girl; they wanted to preserve her, but she was killed. As a confirmation of the report, the other day several hundred soldiers were returning from the seat of war, and at a place near us one was heard to say that he alone, with his own hands, had killed thirty pregnant women."

THE DEADLY CROSSING.

A Young Lady Killed at Bath by a Boston Express Train.

And the Other Occupants of the Hack Thrown into a Ditch and Seriously Injured.

Bath, Me., Jan. 1.—Miss Katherine Patien, aged 18, one of the most popular of Bath's society ladies, was killed, and Miss Jennie Harvey and Wm. Thompson narrowly escaped death at the Centre street railroad crossing here this morning. The party was driving home in a hack and was just crossing the track of the Maine Central railroad when the 11.40 Pullman train from Boston struck the carriage immediately behind the horses. The hack was dragged several yards when removed from the wreckage. Miss Harvey and Mr. Thompson were severely injured.

The party had been attending a New Year's eve ball given by Miss Harvey, one of the injured, and were going to their homes in a hack, with George McDougall as driver, when the hack was struck by the incoming express train, in charge of Conductor C. Smith. The horses had cleared the rails and were not injured, neither was the driver, who was thrown several feet into a snow bank at the side of the road. The hack with the injured party was carried by the engine nearly 300 yards and thrown into a ditch that skirts the track south of the highway, where it was almost totally wrecked. Although Miss Harvey will recover, she is fearfully cut about the head and face and suffers terribly from the effects of a quantity of glass that ground into her wounds. Mr. Thompson, whose injuries it is thought will be fatal, received ugly wounds about the head, one side of the face being much mutilated, and there was a slight fracture of the skull. Since the accident he has been unconscious. Miss Patien was 18 years old and the daughter of Hon. Geo. M. Patien, a prominent Bath citizen.

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of twenty guests present were a Deardoff of Chicago, W. C. Deardoff of Constantine, Mich., of Jackson, Mich. and Mrs. J. M. Deardoff of Detroit, formerly of Jackson. The gifts were large in number and of great value. Mr. and Mrs. Deardoff will leave for New York and Boston on Monday to their future home in New York.

re is a prominent attorney and a scholarly and cultivated man. His bride was one of the most talented and accomplished women in the city, and she had advanced in the literary world. As a story writer she has been successful, her productions have appeared in the Youth's Companion, the Democrat and other papers. Her literary work, much of it in her literary work, much of it in her literary work.

A JOURNALISTIC ENTERPRISE.

A Writer and Artist En Route to the Far North on an Interesting Mission.

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ly be meagre, stocked only sufficiently to serve them from one post to another. They will sleep in Esquimaux bags in the open air, using a canvas windbreak when necessary. They intend to carry with them a quantity of alcohol for fuel, but have decided to depend on the forests and scrub along the route for their fires. Arriving at Fort Rae they will penetrate the Barren Lands until they encounter the musk ox, and after securing data for sketches and letter press, will retrace their steps southward and invade the territory inhabited by the remnants of the wood buffalo and will then hurry back to Edmonton.

This is certainly a remarkable undertaking, and if the Messrs. Heming and Whitney succeed they will have achieved a feat that will stand unparalleled in the records of Northwest travel. The journey involves elements of danger, but the young travellers are not daunted by the difficulties that face them, and rather enjoy the expectation of living on a frozen diet. They will continue their journey to Edmonton this afternoon.

HONORED IN PARIS.

The German Discoverer of the Antidiphtheria Serum.

"Diphtheria as a Dangerous Disease No Longer Exists."

Paris, Dec. 28.—The New York Herald's European edition publishes the following: "Diphtheritis als gefaehrliche Krankheit existirt nicht mehr."—"Diphtheria as a dangerous disease no longer exists." Such was the verdict of the Professor Behring summed up his wonderful discovery to the Herald's correspondent yesterday.

"When first introduced," declared Professor Behring, "it was alleged that 'Hellsersum' as it is called in Germany, would have an unfavorable effect on the human body. This information and accusation came for the most part from pathologists and members of the medical profession, who concerned themselves with the theory of medicine and not with its practice. Among those was Professor Virchow.

"But what is the result? Our experience in the hundred thousand cases now on record in which 'Hellsersum' has been used, there is not one in which evil effects have been observed. As soon, however, as Professor Virchow saw the result of the use of the serum in practice, he not only abandoned his opposition, but became one of the most enthusiastic advocates of its use. It is now certain that as an antidiphtheria serum it is absolutely harmless and may be administered in practically unlimited quantities without evil effects.

"The question of absolute harmlessness being settled, the next question to consider is its results as a remedy for diphtheria.

"In this field we have obtained the most brilliant results. Professor Wederkroff of Vienna has just made known the results of his treatment with 'Hellsersum.' In this connection I may remark that, unlike Dr. Roux, here in France, he only tested it in serious cases.

"And what were the results, even under this severe test? "The mortality, which was formerly from 48 to 62 per cent., sank at once to 20 per cent.

"Remember these were cases where the disease had already reached a critical stage—that is to say, after the third day of illness.

"If they had been taken in the first stage, as Dr. Roux's experience has proved, the average of mortality would have sunk to ten per cent.

"In a few weeks when we are in a position to furnish serums to all who demand it, I am confident that the mortality will be less than five per cent.

"Other words, one of the most cruel and pitiless diseases known to science is practically conquered.

"But the beneficial action of 'Hellsersum' does not end here.

"Not only is it a remedial agent, but it is also a preventive one. A child inoculated with a quarter of the dose given in the case of the disease is protected against infection. The disease can, therefore, be stamped out the instant it makes its appearance.

"Suppose diphtheria breaks out in a school, measures can at once be taken to inoculate all the scholars, and the disease is thus nipped in the bud. Those not infected are rendered proof against it. Those in whose systems the poison already exists are cured in a few hours. This immunity lasts for ten weeks after the injection.

"Would you advocate, professor, that children be inoculated against diphtheria as they are now against small-pox?"

"At first I was in favor of this being done, but on reflection I saw how ineffectual it would be to enforce it. I would apply the inoculation every time a necessity arose. If diphtheria shows itself in any quarter I would at once inoculate every person within the radius in which infection is possible or probable. By this means the disease would be met at every turn and combated until it practically disappears from the medical dictionary.

"The virtues of the new remedy can be thus summarized: "Absolute harmlessness to the human body. "Curative effects and absolute power of rendering people proof against infection.

SAFE AT BELFAST.

The Sarnia Had an Eventful Passage from Halifax.

Adrift for Two Nights While a Terrible Hurricane was Blowing.

The Story of Her Troubles from the Time Her Rudder Was Carried Away.

Belfast, Ire., Jan. 2.—The Dominion line steamer Sarnia, Capt. Couch, from Portland, Me., and Halifax, N. S., for Liverpool, put into Belfast this morning for shelter. She was in a low of two tugs. The Sarnia, as before reported, lost her rudder and was taken in tow by the Anchoria, but the latter was compelled to abandon her owing to severe weather about 130 miles off Tory Island. Later the Sarnia was picked up by the Albatross, a Norwegian, from Glasgow for New York, and accompanied by three tugs, she was believed to be safe of reaching Liverpool. It would seem from the Belfast despatch that the Norwegian must have continued on her way to New York and that two of the three tugs towed the Sarnia into Belfast Lough.

The Sarnia was towed to Bangor early during the day. Owing to the severity of the weather it was considered better to anchor at that place. The mail of the Sarnia, consisting of 159 sacks, was taken to Belfast by a tug. The thirty saloon passengers, forty second class passengers and one hundred and fifty-nine steerage passengers left for Liverpool on Monday. The officers of the steamship say that she experienced fine weather until December 22nd, when a hurricane raised such a heavy sea and caused her to labor so severely that her rudder was carried away. The Sarnia then drifted for some days until she was sighted by the Anchoria. The latter took her in tow, but a severe gale caused the hawsers to part, when the two vessels were about 150 miles off Tory Island. For a couple of days the Anchoria and the Sarnia, but was compelled by further heavy weather to part company with her. The Sarnia then drifted until Monday, when she was picked up by the Norwegian, and with the assistance of the doctor and the port in bad weather instead of continuing on to Liverpool, as at first intended. During the passage, the Sarnia lost 150 sheep and 50 head of cattle.

The passengers all speak of the terrible experience they have gone through, and are greatly relieved to be once more in safety.

Belfast, Jan. 2.—A representative of the Associated Press had an interview with Dr. Koch, physician of the Sarnia, who was on board after the rudder was smashed. The captain caused the vessel to steam on slowly, keeping her head to the wind. The chief engineer devised an ingenious iron rudder, but as a perfectly calm sea was required in order to ship it, the project failed. On the second day after the Anchoria's hawser broke, the Allan liner Siberian was sighted, but was allowed to pass, as the Anchoria was unable to make headway. A couple of hours after the Siberian had departed, the Anchoria signalled that her rudder had given out and then steamed away. The Sarnia signalled to the Anchoria requesting that she be not abandoned, but the Anchoria did not return. The Sarnia was in sight on Thursday and Friday nights, when a terrible hurricane was blowing, and on Saturday a very bad sea was running.

A ROMANTIC STORY.

How Robert Louis Stevenson Obtained His Wife.

An Accommodating American Husband and California's More Accommodating Divorce Court.

A San Francisco writer once gave a very interesting sketch of the dead novelist, and devoted considerable space to the romance of his marriage. He wrote: "Stevenson first came here to get married. His bride he had met in France when she was the wife of a California man. People who had heard that trip that bore fruit in his light book, An Inland Voyage, he met in Paris Mrs. Samuel Osborne of San Francisco. She came of Dutch parentage, her maiden name being Van der Meer. She had married young Sam Osborne, who was private secretary to Senator Stanford, and somewhat of a protégé of the railroad millionaire. She was a brilliant brunette, with the vivid coloring and many of the tastes of a gypsy. Her husband had gone with her on a vacation, but he had been recalled on business, and she was then staying with some friends in the French capital. She and Stevenson fell in love at first sight. Their literary and personal tastes ran in the same channels, and the author spent much time in her company. He professed to draw inspiration from her society, and when she left for home, it was understood that she was to get a divorce from her husband by means of the easy processes of the California courts, and when this was accomplished that Stevenson would come out to the Golden State and make her his wife. Everything was carried out according to this programme. When Sam Osborne was told of the desire of his wife, he made no objection, but, like a model American husband, gave his wife all the aid in his power. The result was that she secured her freedom. The tidings were sent to the distant lover, and he prepared to come out into the west after his inamorata. Original in everything, he determined to take this trip in novel fashion. 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LOCAL NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

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2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

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THE WEEKLY SUN

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THE WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., JANUARY 9, 1895.

A POLITICAL YEAR.

The year that is past has been one of great political disturbance in many countries, but the troubles have for the most part been of a domestic character. The story of strained relations between the great nations is becoming familiar, but in the occurrences of the year there are more tokens of amity than of war. In Great Britain the retirement of Mr. Gladstone and the various utterances of liberal, radical and home rule leaders have produced a condition of ferment. No one can say with any degree of certainty what constitutional changes may come forward within a year with the authority of the government. The house of lords, claiming to represent the people, has interposed its veto on government legislation. Numerous but not unanimous or consistent declarations against the lords have been issued, so that it is not quite certain what the ministerial programme respecting the upper house may be. The one thing that may be regarded as certain is that the lords will hold their ground until the people have had opportunity to pass upon their conduct, and that neither their mending nor ending, nor home rule for Ireland will be brought about before a general election. But while England is in some turmoil at home, it is at peace with the world outside. Especially at this moment are the relations happy between Great Britain and her colonies. France is bearing her usual burden of domestic troubles and disputings. A president has fallen by the hand of a foreign assassin, encouraged by lawless men at home. But the event has not disturbed the stability of the republic. The present scandals may overthrow the ministry, as other ministries went down before the Panama scandals, but they do not seem likely to deprive the people of their confidence in the existing institutions. Italy, like many other places, is struggling with an epidemic of public scandals. In Germany, Chancellor Caprivi, the successor to Bismarck, has in his turn been set aside, and the country is in the throes of a socialist agitation. Russia has experienced a change of despots. But all these vicissitudes do not appear to effect injuriously the relations of nations toward each other. The war between China and Japan has not as yet involved any other nations, nor is there as yet a sign of want of harmony among the powers concerning the tariff has been revised and the duties reduced by the democratic party which, at the beginning of the year, seemed to be strongly entrenched in power. The end of the year finds the democracy beaten in all parts of the country, even in some of its ancient strongholds. While Canada has not suffered any undue excitement, it had, before the recent solemn event which has filled all minds, been the scene of considerable political activity. The tariff bill of last session was an event of unusual importance in the economic history of this country. The provincial elections in Ontario and Nova Scotia have made no change in the political situation, but were not without interesting features. But the colonial conference will probably take rank as the most important and far-reaching occurrence of the year in Canadian political history.

THE RED CROSS AND JAPAN.

Misleading reports have so persistently appeared in the news from

China to the effect that the Red Cross workers have been denied opportunity to prosecute their labors in the cause of humanity during the progress of the war which Japan is so successfully carrying on against the Flowery Kingdom, that the American executive board of the Red Cross has found it necessary to issue a statement setting forth the facts of the case. This statement shows that the Red Cross is not, as is commonly supposed, a great international organization with a governing body composed of representatives from the different nations of the world. The Red Cross work was organized by a convention held at Geneva in 1864, whose conclusions were almost immediately ratified by sixteen nations and have since been adopted by others, until the total number is forty. The first principle of the association, so far as its relief operations in time of war are concerned, is that a non-combatant becomes a neutral. The importance of recognition by the government of a country lies in securing protection for the insignia of the association, so that wherever the Red Cross waves, showing the agents of mercy to be at work, hostilities shall no longer be directed against that point. The official statement gives the following rule covering the method of work: "The resolutions of the Geneva conference provide that there shall be, in every treaty country, one committee, and only one, whose duty it shall be to co-operate in time of war by all the means in its power with the medical and sanitary service of the army, and this committee shall place itself in communication with the government of its own country, in order that its offers of assistance, in case of need, may be accepted." It is stated further that, when there is need that one nation be advised of what another is doing, or has a suggestion to offer, "the interchange of communication between the several national committees is made through the Swiss committee, which bears the title of the Comite International."

The Red Cross association of each country is a separate and independent organization, yet operating on a common plan of action with the others, and for one nation to interfere or offer to engage in work in another where the Red Cross work is already systematized would be as much out of place as for one country to legislate for another. The United States did not agree to the treaty of Geneva until 1882, and Japan took the same step in 1888 and the emperor became president of the Japanese Red Cross association in 1889. There is therefore in existence in Japan, with the highest official sanction, an organization for Red Cross work, which has been performing its functions actively and successfully. Not only is it recognized by the state, but the Japanese minister of war notified the army last September, says an American exchange, that the principles laid down by the Red Cross must be obeyed, even in dealing with an enemy which had not accepted the convention and denied its spirit. That the commanders have not been able to enforce this strictly in China's favor seems unhappy. But it is equally true that there has been no lack of Red Cross relief work in Japan, and no rejection of assistance from the Red Cross organization of this or any other country, because none such was needed or could have been offered properly.

A GREAT ENGINEERING WORK.

Chicago's drainage canal, designed to furnish an outlet for the sewerage of the city into the Mississippi, is probably the most extensive engineering work now actually under way in the world. This outlet is through the Chicago, Desplains and Illinois rivers into the Missisippi. The Chicago river is already connected with the Desplains by a narrow ditch, but the current of both streams is uncertain and that of the former reverses as the height of the water varies, there being a strong current towards the lake at high water and a slight current in the opposite direction during low water. The latter current is increased by large pumps, which lift the water from the river into the Illinois and Michigan canals, whence it flows into the Desplains river at Lockport, about twenty-eight miles from Chicago. The fall between these two points is very slight, but below Lockport it amounts to about forty feet in a distance of four miles. "The canal is to be an interrupted water-way between Chicago and Lockport and will provide for a flow by gravitation of a body of water sufficiently large to carry off the sewerage from a great portion of the city and county without objectionably polluting the Illinois river. Another important part of the work is the building of a levee between the main channel and the Desplains river, and in order that the plan of drainage might be fully carried out it was found necessary to divert the course of the river by excavating a new channel. This "river diversion," now practically completed, cost about one million dollars. The completion of the entire work will require an excavation of 27,428,861 cubic yards of ma-

SIR JOHN'S BURIAL.

(Continued from First Page.)

terial, the building of 233,526 cubic yards of retaining wall and the construction of 52,772 cubic yards of levee at an estimated cost of \$21,799,293. Of the material excavated 11,045,005 cubic yards is solid rock. The dimensions of the channel of this drainage canal were fixed at a width of 160 feet, with practically perpendicular walls through the solid rock and where retaining walls are built. Through the earth sections the width at the bottom is to be 202 feet, with banks on a slope of two to one, and the depth throughout is to be not less than 22 feet at low water. Clement F. Street, mechanical editor of the Railway Review, in an article in Leslie's Weekly, makes an interesting comparison between this work and the Manchester ship canal. That canal is thirty-five miles in length and its completion required the excavation of 38,500,000 cubic yards of material of which 21,000,000 was sandstone. The Manchester canal was by far the most expensive work, but that is accounted for by the large number of difficult engineering problems involved.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Stormy Sessions of Both Houses of the Legislature.

St. Johns, Nfld., Jan. 1.—The sessions of both houses of the legislature last night were stormy ones. In the upper house, the final vote on the bill guaranteeing the Commercial Bank's notes at twenty cents on the dollar, resulted in a tie—five to five; but the measure was passed by the chairman casting his vote for it. Messrs. Thorburn and Angel, Whitewayites, bolted their party, which is now in power, amid the plaudits of the audience. In the lower house the government introduced a bill abolishing the four years' disqualification for bribery and corruption, which renders ex-Premier Whiteway and sixteen of his followers incapable of holding office. The opposition obstructed the measure and the crowd hissed the speakers. The latter demanded that the galleries be cleared. The speaker gave an order to that effect, but it was found impossible to carry it out, and finally he closed the session.

Six or seven thousand persons held a public meeting in the afternoon in front of the assembly building to protest against the discrimination shown by the government in guaranteeing the notes of the Union bank at eighty cents on the dollar and those of the Commercial bank at twenty cents. Resolutions were adopted demanding guarantees, and opposing the bill, which places the winding up of the banks under government control. A resolution was also adopted appealing to the imperial government to send out a royal commission to investigate the affairs of the Commercial Bank, which was also largely signed applying for the appointment of a commission. The objects of the meeting are endorsed by the bishops of Newfoundland and clergymen of all denominations. The meeting was under the control of a committee of business men, professional politicians being refused any share in the proceedings. A committee will interview the governor tomorrow to urge him to acquiesce in the views of the meeting.

St. Johns, Nfld., Jan. 2.—The bill guaranteeing the notes of the Union and Commercial banks was, with trifling amendments, passed by both houses of the legislature today. The governor will give his assent to the measure, and it will then become a law.

A bill was also passed placing the value of the gold sovereign at \$4.88, the same as the Canadian and American standard. The lower house passed a bill removing the disabilities of Sir William Whiteway and his followers, who were convicted of corrupt practices and Sir William will return to the political life, taking the leadership of his party, which is now in power. The opposition has filed a formal protest with the governor, and has also forwarded a copy to the English government, showing that the bill is unconstitutional and detrimental to the interests of justice. It is not expected that the measure will receive the royal assent, even though it should be passed by the upper house.

The government are charged with manipulating the bill for the winding up of insolvent companies with a view to getting the liquidation of the Commercial Bank into their own hands. The supreme court has dismissed ex-Premier Whiteway and the other provincial trustees of the Commercial Bank because of the legislature not passing a measure to give the courts control of the liquidation.

The hearing of the charges against the directors of the Commercial Bank was begun today. The directors were arrested last week, being accused of issuing false statements of the bank's affairs. They were subsequently released on bail. At the hearing today it was shown that bonds were included among the bank's assets and had really been assigned in the London and Westminster Bank. A further hearing of the case was adjourned until next Tuesday. The accused renewed their bonds.

The government have announced that they have negotiated a loan with the Bank of Montreal and will obtain sufficient specie to pay the salaries of the government employes and to meet pressing interest claims. The amount of the loan is reported to be \$500,000.

The petition for the appointment of a secret commission to examine into the affairs of Newfoundland is receiving numerous signatures. The governor will be urged to move in the matter without delay. The French consul has protested against the passage of the Bank Note Guaranty bill, owing to the loss that will be sustained by French citizens throughout the country. The bill guarantees the notes of the Union Bank at 80 cents on the dollar and those of the Commercial Bank at 20 cents. London, Jan. 2.—The London and Westminster Bank has set aside \$55,620 to meet losses that may possibly be incurred through the Newfoundland crisis.

GREATNESS CANNOT EXIST IN AN EVERY-DAY DRESS.

Unless it is presented to them booted and spurred they fail to recognize its face. As the vulgar compound bigness with greatness, so they make this latter synonymous with pomposity of manner and aggressive self assertion. The ability to meet emergencies and to attain legitimately the special end in view without any apparent effort, proves the possession of resources which merit the designation of great. Now, it is admitted on all sides that a lawyer Sir John Thompson was never found unable to meet the legal points which unexpectedly arise in the conduct of a case. Some will say that he had not a laid up store of legal knowledge; he merely solved the difficulties as they successively arose. Even if that be so, it would simply prove that he lacked the time in a busy life to fill his mind with all manner of law questions whilst it would serve to show the resourceful quality of his intellect. As a pleader his success was so marked that his services were eagerly sought in all causes of great moment. As a judge, his summing up of cases was noted for its method and impartiality; his decisions were ever clear and satisfactory. As a speaker on the floor of the house of commons, HE MAY NOT HAVE HAD THE TRICK OF FORCE AND GESTURE which in a ruder age, and even now, among the less cultured, are supposed to constitute oratory. His speeches, nevertheless, were masterpieces of clear, logical reasoning, and the conviction of all fair minded men. They have that quality of sincerity and treatment and of appeal to the higher nature of man, with a mastery grouping of arguments, which will ensure their immortality in the literature of our country. As an envoy of Canada, whether at Washington, at Paris, or London, he impressed all with whom he came in contact as a man of superior abilities and one possessed of a marvellous grasp of the intricacies of every question discussed. In view of all these attainments and successes, both at home and abroad, we are but expressing a legitimate conclusion, and not the exaggeration of funeral eulogy, by claiming for him in many things, at least, the appellation of great. But there is another and a higher aspect of the life of the premier which on an occasion and in a place of this kind is deserving of serious consideration. Splendid as were his intellectual gifts and endowments of mind, of themselves they would never have enabled him to win and to retain the esteem and admiration of so many.

IT WAS THE SPIRITUAL ELEMENT IN HIS NATURE

which developed and expanded his intellectual attainments, gave consistency to his actions, strength and vigor to his reasoning, and won the confidence of those with whom he had to deal. Material as is our age, and set though the hearts of the multitude may be on the good things of life, still men can admire and appreciate a line of action which is moulded by a standard more noble than any to which they dream of aspiring. The words of the book of Wisdom—"Love justice, you that are judges of the earth. Think of the Lord in goodness, and seek him in simplicity of heart."—had sunk early and deeply into the heart of Sir John Thompson. To the justice of his dealings with all men, both as a private citizen and as a public official, we have already alluded, and the public will fully endorse it. The way he sought the Lord in goodness and simplicity of heart is known to his friends. He recognized it to be the first duty of a Christian to follow the dictates of conscience, and to make his life an outward expression of his inward convictions. We shall not insult his memory, nor seem to think so poorly of the enlightened citizens of this dominion, as to offer any excuse for, or vindication of the change of his religious belief, made after due deliberation, in the strength of his young manhood.

HE WHO FOLLOWS CONSCIENCE NEEDS NO VINDICATION

In the eyes of posterity, nor excuse before the bar of contemporary opinion. We shall merely say that his manner of life, from the date of that change until the day of his death, was that of a thoroughly practical, consistent Catholic. Both in public and in private life, at all times and under all circumstances, he fulfilled with regularity and exactness, not merely the essential duties of his religion, but likewise many of those which a busy man might well be excused for thinking supererogatory. The faithful discharge of his religious duties brought him into daily and close intercourse with his Creator, detaching his mind from the love of material things, causing him to see the emptiness of worldly honor and applause, and making him realize that

A GOOD NAME IS BETTER THAN RICHES

and the fear of God preferable to the acquirement of unjust triumphs. How faithful he was to the practices of devotion which he deemed profitable to the soul, can be gathered in an unmistakable manner from what was found on him after death. Among other things were a small picture of his Saviour, a crucifix, and a set of rosary beads. Be it borne in mind that he could not have foreseen his death at Windsor castle; consequently, even his most bitter adversary cannot accuse him of posing for the occasion. Such tokens of pious practices, of the utility of which we shall not here treat, but in which he fully believed, were ever on his person. He had gone to Windsor castle at the command of his earthly sovereign; whilst bending his knee to her and swearing fealty to her throne with a heart filled with the spirit of true loyalty, he wore, pressed to that same heart, the image of his heavenly King, both as a reminder of the homage which he owed her, and as

A CONSECRATION OF THE SERVICE OF HIS SOUL

to the Eternal King. He was to dine with the Queen, and then to remain for the night in her historic castle. He would offer to her every sign of respectful allegiance and ready service; but when he should have retired

from her presence he was prepared to salute the Queen of heaven, and commend himself to her care by devoutly reciting the beads in her honor. Have we not here a striking example of the fulfillment of the command, "Fear God and honor the king." The thoughtless may smile at such trifles being found on a great public man; we maintain that without them he would have been short of half his greatness. This exceptionally brilliant and highly honored career, measured by years, is a disappointment; judged by the work performed, it may be said to embrace a lengthened span, for, according to the words of Wisdom: "Venerable old age is not that of long time, nor counted by the number of years; but the understanding of a man is grey hairs; and a spotless life is old age." (Wisdom iv., 8-9.)

In this true sense, then, although taken away in his prime, Sir John Thompson

FILLED UP BY HIS GOOD DEEDS AND A SPOTLESS LIFE

more than the allotted three score and ten. Some will say, as some have said, that had he not entered on a career of dominion politics he might have lived yet for many years. True; and the soldiers who lost their lives in defending their country might have lived to extreme old age had they remained in the quiet retirement of their homes, and their courage and their patriotism in some obscure potato patch. But we do not live for ourselves alone; man has duties to discharge society, and those to whom the Creator has been lavish of His gifts have a responsibility for their right and corresponding to their measure. Sir John knew and recognized this; and though personally averse to the turmoil of public life, he sacrificed his feelings at the call of duty. Who of his friends could wish it to have been otherwise? Who of them would purchase for him a few uneventful years of life at the cost of his achievements during the past nine years? It is needless to say I am speaking in no partisan sense when I ask, Who would wish to deprive Canadian public life of the noble and uplifting influence of his example? Who would wish to see his light beneath a bushel, and thus to take from the young men of the future an example and an inspiration of honesty and patriotism, even though he might have adorned, for many years to come, the bench of his native province? The man who could desire this is

ONLY HALF A CHRISTIAN, AND NOTHING OF A CANADIAN.

I need not recount to you the tragic story of his ending. He was summoned from the presence of his earthly sovereign to that of his Eternal Lord and Master. Well was it for him that, "being made perfect in a short space, he fulfilled a long time." for only his Christian life, and not worldly honors or success, could then avail him. When the Judge to judge him often wonder at the ways of God in taking away at an early age the just, whilst leaving the wicked. So they wondered in the days of Solomon, who explained the seeming mystery by saying, "For his soul pleased God, therefore he hastened to bring him out of the midst of iniquities." If England mourned and all Canada wept at the sudden falling of his sight, there are those whose agony, not only then, but now, is too sacred to be unveiled. The faithful wife, and loving children and sorrowing friends must bear not only their full share of the public bereavement, but also a bitter personal loss, the extent of which can be known save by its essential loss.

IF WORDS OF SINCEREST SYMPATHY

and every mark of tender and delicate respect could obliterate such sorrow from the mind, they would be even now fully comforted. From far and near such words have come. Her gracious majesty, with her kind feeling and solicitude, for which all Canadians love and admire her more, if that be possible, has testified in a most striking manner her sympathy, her admiration and her love. By her special command all the observances prescribed by the laws were carried out, and almost royal honors paid to his remains. Such marks of universal esteem, as well as words of friendly condolence, may well help to assuage, if they cannot heal, the wounds of the heart. More than this, his grieving family will find consolation in reflecting on his well spent life and simple Christian conversation.

HE HAS LEFT TO THEM AN INHERITANCE MORE PRECIOUS THAN GOLD,

a spotless reputation, an untarnished name and the memory of noble qualities nobly employed. Though soon to be borne from their sight, their hearts shall not be bereft of hope, for the God whom he loved and served will whisper to their souls, "Thy husband, thy father, thy brother shall arise." In this sure hope we commit to the earth his mortal remains, and as we pray for the speedy entrance of his soul into the eternal joys of heaven, let us not forget to pray for his family, that they may be comforted and sustained; and for our country, that it may be fruitful in possessing many such sons as the late Rt. Hon. Sir John Thompson.

THE ORDINARY OF THE MASS.

In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, Amen. I will go into the altar of God. R.—To God who releaseth my youth. C.—Our help is in the name of the Lord. R.—Who made heaven and earth. C.—I confess to Almighty God, merciful and forgiving, these thy sins, bring thee to everlasting life. C.—I confess to Almighty God, to the Blessed Mary ever Virgin, to the Blessed Archangel, to the blessed John the Baptist, to the holy Apostles Peter and Paul, to all the Saints, and to you Father, that I have sinned exceedingly in thought and deed, through my fault, through my fault, through my most grievous fault. Therefore, I beseech the blessed Mary ever Virgin; I beseech Michael the Archangel, blessed John the Baptist, the Holy Apostles Peter and Paul, and all the Saints, to pray for me to the Lord our God for me. The Celebrant, who has already joined, gave the Absolution, saying: May merciful and forgiving God, bring you to life everlasting. R.—Amen. Signing himself with the sign of the cross, he said: May the Lord grant us pardon, absolution and remission of our sins. R.—Amen. Bowing down, he proceeded: O God, thou being turned toward us, wilt enlighten us. R.—And Thy people shall rejoice in Thee. C.—Show us, O Lord, Thy mercy.

R.—And grant us Thy C.—O Lord, hear my R.—Lord let my cry C.—The Lord be with R.—And with thy spirit R.—Going to the altar, the away from us our in the, O Lord, that we with pure minds into through Christ our Lord. How low do we say R.—By the merits of is are here, and of all great vouchsafe to for Amen. The Celebrant, signing the sign of the cross, read them, O Lord, eternal light shine on them (B. become) Thee, O Lord, shall be paid Thee in prayer, all flesh shall them, O Lord, eternal light shine on them. The last three sentences of the Mass. The Celebrant, blessing towards the people. R.—And with thy spirit. Then followed the Lord. Let us pray. God always to show mercy humbly beseeching Thee, Thy servant John, who called out of this world, not dreading it, but not forget it into the to be received by Thy self, with pure minds into the pains of hell, by joy, through Christ our R.—Amen. EPISTLE (I PAUL AN. And we will not have them, and therefore you be not sorrowful, have no hope. For if you died and rose again, we slept through Jesus will for this we say unto you, Lord, that we who are on the coming of the ven, whom you have slept, and with the angel, and with the dead who are in C. Then you who are alive, be taken up, and shall be comforted by one words. R.—Thanks be to God. Eternal rest grant to the penial light shine upon Thee just shall be in brance; he shall rest. Release, O Lord, the soul departed from the body, and by the assistance of the angels, shall escape the sentence of V.—And enjoy the bliss.

THE SEQUENCE

The Dies Irae was derived by Theobald, the congregation it was stated into English as follows: DIES IRAE Day of wrath! O Day! Melts the earth in ashes David, Bihy, this foretold. O! how great shall be When the Judge to Judge Givest to all immortal be Trumpet sound with awe Through the homes of Gathers all by his thro Death and nature view Dead to burst their grave And rising to the shaght Lo! the Book they now All things shall be judged Judgment to the world's end When the Judge aloft is And to sin due vengeance All that's hid shall be R.—And sin due vengeance. "Me how wretched"—th Who shall plead with th When the Judge shall be King of Majesty unbend Free the chosen, safety Save me, Fount of Love Delgn remember, Jesus Is the cause of Thy life Save me from perdition Not in vain such toll is Worn Thou sittest, me Suffer me Thy grace to be Not in vain such toll is Just Avenge! ere arises Daydawn of the grand Pardon grant for sin's e I, a culprit, sadly sigh Sin with shame my face Spare me, God, my guilt Thou who freedst a thief And didst list the thief Art my soul with firm Prayers of mine are not Yet I ask, O Love, wilt Leave me not in fires of "Mong the sheep may I Far from where I am, O On Thy right be my as When the sinful are And condemned to flar Place me by the just Have a care of my heart Listen as I pray, low And my contrite heart Have a care of my heart Day of tears and day When the deathly are To be judged their day Spare the culprit, God Jesus, Lord, of love av Grant them Thy rest. Before the Gospel the following prayer: O Almighty God, lips of the Prophet's coal; and vouchsafe to mercy, so to purify my heart shall not be bereft of hope, for the God whom he loved and served will whisper to their souls, "Thy husband, thy father, thy brother shall arise." In this sure hope we commit to the earth his mortal remains, and as we pray for the speedy entrance of his soul into the eternal joys of heaven, let us not forget to pray for his family, that they may be comforted and sustained; and for our country, that it may be fruitful in possessing many such sons as the late Rt. Hon. Sir John Thompson.

AT THE OFFICE

Lord Jesus Christ, the souls of all who the flames of hell a Delivered from the jaws of hell, and let the flames of hell be quenched in the promissioad of old to offer Thee the sacrifice of the souls we comm The Celebrant, who has already joined, gave the Absolution, saying: May merciful and forgiving God, bring you to life everlasting. R.—Amen. Signing himself with the sign of the cross, he said: May the Lord grant us pardon, absolution and remission of our sins. R.—Amen. Bowing down, he proceeded: O God, thou being turned toward us, wilt enlighten us. R.—And Thy people shall rejoice in Thee. C.—Show us, O Lord, Thy mercy.

OBPLATION

Then he took the host, on, Accept, O Holy Father, God, this unspotted uncorrupt servant, of me and true God, for my fences and negligence sent, as also for my living and dead, that and unto them life

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OLDEST HARNESSMAKER.

William H. Bustin, After 65 Years at the Bench,

Says He Can Still Do More than the Average Workman.

He Was Born in St. John Over Eighty Years Ago.

(Boston Globe, Dec. 28.)

There are few things which fall to the lot of the average citizen...

When a passage was being out for the Cunarder Britannia through the ice of Boston harbor...

He has devoted the greater part of his life to making horse collars...

The old gentleman tells of witnessing the hanging of eight men together at the old jail down on Leverett street...

They were part of the crew of the pirate ship Fidelity and they paid the extreme penalty of the law for having looted and scuttled the brig Mexican of Salem.

They were brought out of the jail and placed on the gallows in rows of four.

Mr. Bustin says that the shock to the assembled multitude was terrible, but he reflected that the condemned men had themselves doomed many human beings to destruction...

The mate of the pirate craft, De Sotta, was confined on the ground that he had shown humanity to a number of passengers.

The jail was then on Leverett street, near its junction with Causeway street, and it ran back to where is now Wall street.

The surrounding locality was all a swamp, which was covered by tide at high water, and the tide coming in while the hanging was in progress...

He also recollects the hanging of Crockett and Russell, two incendiaries. The execution of Prof. Webster he recalls as if it had occurred only a year ago...

Mr. Bustin was born in St. John, N. B., May 2, 1814, and is therefore in his 81st year.

He learned the harness making trade at an early age, his employer being a Glasgow man, who was a past master of his trade.

Seven years was then the appointed time for an apprentice, but the servitude was too much for young Bustin, so he ran away after he had served two years and came to Boston.

Here he went to work for William Bell on Bromfield street, Boston, at that time, in 1831, being without a horse or steam railroad or a steamboat, and having only 50,000 inhabitants.

When he went to work for Mr. Bell it was as an apprentice, but he quickly showed his proficiency to such an extent that he practically ran the shop.

There was no part of the business that he did not thoroughly understand, and it was then he began to realize what an excellent master he had left when he took French leave in St. John.

While working in Bromfield street he made the first "box drop" ever made in the city of Boston, although it has since come into general use in harness making.

Shortly afterward he went out to East Cambridge and later moved to Charlestown, where he was engaged in the burning of the convent in Charlestown, No. 4, and started to go to the fire, but was unable to do so.

Later on, however, he was called as a witness for the government, at the trial of the parties accused of having set the fire, and indirectly the occurrence has played a most important part in his career ever since.

He was acquainted with a young fellow named Marcy, who thoroughly understood the Lechmere hotel at East Cambridge. The young fellow was wild, and his father could not get any good of him, so one day he stripped him naked and belabored him severely.

The young man ran down the street and, turning around, cried out: "D-n me, but it will be some time before you catch me again." He ran off, and his father did not see him for a long time afterward.

At the time of the burning of the convent, however, young Marcy got into trouble over it, and was confined in prison at Marlboro.

Mr. Bustin and another friend started out one day to see the prisoner, and on their way drove through Watertown. Bustin liked the place so well that he decided to settle there, and there he has lived for more than half a century.

Marcy escaped from prison shortly after and later lived in Watertown. Mr. Bustin carries on the harness making business at 6 North Anderson street and comes in from Watertown every morning as regularly as daylight appears.

He can jump on or off a moving electric car with the agility of an athlete and never enjoyed better health than he does at present. His ruddy complexion and strong constitution he attributes for the most part to the temperate life which he has always led.

His family consists of three sons and a daughter. At the time he started to learn the business a man working at harness making had to know how to make riding saddles, valises and various

other articles, whereas a man working at the business today need only be capable of making a pair of traces, or some other special portion of the work, in order to make his livelihood at harness making.

Then, too, the greater part of the work now is done by machinery. And yet for the work which a man could do in Mr. Bustin's early days he would not receive more than \$3 a week, while working piece work now at some special line it would be strange if a good workman did not clear in the neighborhood of \$20 a week.

Mr. Bustin says that he does not fear but that he would be able to do as much at collar making today as any three men who would compete with him, because of his special knowledge of the business.

For a long time he told his help that he would come in some morning and do the biggest day's work of his life, and then stop working. He did come to the shop one day, and said:

"Now, boys, I am going to do that big day's work."

He started in and in eight hours and 20 minutes he did \$50 of work on collars alone.

He had devoted the greater part of his life to making horse collars, and in his time has seen more than half a score of men swung into eternity by means of hempen collars, which, however he did not have any part in making.

The old gentleman tells of witnessing the hanging of eight men together at the old jail down on Leverett street, the recollection of which, he says, will ever abide with him.

They were part of the crew of the pirate ship Fidelity and they paid the extreme penalty of the law for having looted and scuttled the brig Mexican of Salem.

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PROGRESSIVE MONCTON.

An Account of Its Building Operations.

The Trade of the City and its Outports for the Past Year.

The List of Fires and the Losses and Insurance for 1894.

Moncton, Jan. 1.—The past year has been one of considerable prosperity in Moncton. The industries, with the exception of the Sugar refinery, which has been closed for some months, but is now reopening, have been steadily employed, and work in the building trades has been more plentiful than for several years.

Carpenters, painters and others have been steadily employed right up to the present, or until obliged by cold weather to stop operations; in fact, some contractors in these lines had more work in hand than they were able to finish.

The trade of Moncton and outports has been fairly well maintained, the only exceptions being the decrease in the importations of raw sugar, due to the suspension of work at the refinery during the last half of the year and the falling off in exports of railway ties, owing to the virtual suspension of railway building in those parts of the United States which are dependent upon for a market.

The falling off in the shipments of railway ties in 1894, the total loss being \$18,000, was nearly one half as compared with 1893, but the port as a whole will show some increase. The following statistics will be of interest: The total value of the imports of 1894 was \$300,183; duty collected, \$51,261, as compared with \$39,022 in 1893 and \$43,967 in 1892.

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The exports of 1894 were \$250,000, as compared with \$230,000 in 1893 and \$210,000 in 1892. The following statistics will be of interest: The total value of the exports of 1894 was \$250,000, as compared with \$230,000 in 1893 and \$210,000 in 1892.

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Various shippers—342,978 lbs smelts, value \$9,575; 1,377 1-2 cases canned lobsters, value \$4,684; 29 1-2 barrels salt mackerel, value \$171; 290 bushels potatoes, value \$97; 3,550 lbs fresh mackerel, value \$139 sundries, value \$702.

To Great Britain: Geo. McKean, 4,353,548 feet deals, etc., value \$20,000; W. M. Mackay, 3,978,632 feet deals, etc., value \$30,961; Jos. L. Black, 1,483,850 feet deals, etc., value \$11,014.

To St. Pierre, Miquelon: A. L. Wright & Co., 105,600 feet lumber, value \$1,737; 51,000 shingles and laths; value \$80.

To West Indies: R. C. Tait, 38 1-2 cases canned lobsters, 38,541 bushels potatoes, 240 bushels turnips, 31 bushels carrots, 1,763 bushels oats, 111 tons hay, 23 horses, 4 cows, 2 carriages, 1 sloop, 3 sets harness, 58,433 onion crates, value \$27,000.

Total value of exports, \$122,989, to different countries as follows: United States, \$20,000; Great Britain, \$72,843; St. Pierre, \$2,057; West Indies, \$27,000.

LAST YEAR'S BUILDING OPERATIONS.

Over thirty new buildings were erected in Moncton last year at a cost of \$58,000, besides which large expenditures were made, including the remodeling and improvement of the Bank of Nova Scotia building. The new buildings erected were: Presbyterian church, \$2,000; J. W. Y. Smith, 2 cottages, \$1,400; I. L. Miller 2 cottages, \$4,000; Dr. Bradley, 4 cottages, \$7,500; P. McDougall, 2 tenements, \$1,700; Jas. McAuley, dwelling, \$3,000; A. Warman, cottage, \$700; A. H. Jones, 2 cottages, \$4,800; E. McCarthy, tenement, \$450; J. A. Killam, double tenement, \$5,000; Geo. Stackhouse, cottage, \$850; Wm. Watson, double tenement, \$2,000; C. O. Marks, carriage factory, \$2,000; Victoria skating rink, \$2,000; Dunlap & Co., oil warehouse, \$400; J. W. Y. Smith, 2 warehouses, \$800; P. McDougall, warehouse, \$900; A. A. Tuttle, wood-working factory, \$1,000.

THE FIRE RECORD.

The past year has been quite a disastrous one. The fire alarms numbered 23, the total loss being \$37,343.50 and the insurance paid \$25,781.85.

The fire losses were: Jan. 6—Building on Main street owned by P. McSweeney, occupied by J. C. Stewart, grocer, and others; caused by lamp explosion; loss \$500; insurance paid, \$314.85.

Jan. 13—Building on Bonaccord street, owned and occupied by J. P. Conway; cause unknown; loss \$1,600; insurance paid \$200 on furniture; insurance on building contested on the ground of irregularity and excessive amount, there being a second policy, of which the holder of the first had not been notified.

Jan. 20—Presbyterian church; cause defective furnace; loss \$22,000; insurance paid \$17,500.

Jan. 21—Building on Alma street, owned by A. Bourque, occupied by R. A. Chapman; cause, hot ashes in outbuilding; loss \$74.80; insurance paid \$74.80.

Feb. 27—Building on Summer street, owned and occupied by A. Shaw; loss \$50; insurance paid \$50.

May 11—Building on Foundry street owned and occupied by Mrs. Mary Willis; cause, defective stove pipe; loss \$30; insurance paid \$30.

June 10—Building on Luttrell street owned by A. A. Tuttle; cause, unknown; loss \$2,500; insurance \$200.

June 24—Building on Weldon street owned and occupied by D. Stevenson; incendiary; loss \$150; insurance paid \$150.

July 19—Building on Main street, partly destroyed some time before; incendiary; loss \$100; no insurance.

Sept. 24—Buildings on Mechanic street owned and occupied by J. H. Marks and others; caused by boys playing in refuse with matches; loss \$9,588; insurance paid \$6,789.

Nov. 1—Building on Telegraph street owned by J. Vanbuskirk and occupied by P. P. McDougall; lamp explosion; loss \$300; no insurance.

Dec. 13—Building on Church street owned by Jos Killam, in construction; fire caught from salamander; loss \$115; insurance paid \$115.

Dec. 23—Building on Bonaccord street owned and occupied by Con. J. Henderson; caught from furnace; loss \$178; insurance paid \$178.

SEVENTEEN MISSING.

The Delavan House Fire Has Probably Resulted in the Loss of Seventeen Persons.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 31.—The horrors of the Delavan house fire increase as the hours go by, and where this morning nine persons were reported missing, the list tonight is increased to seventeen. The full list of the missing is as follows: Mrs. F. Hill, housekeeper; Nora Sullivan, chamber maid; Mary Sullivan, chamber maid; Mary Carry, chamber maid; Annie Daley, employed in cleaning department; Bridget Fitzgibbon, employed in pantry; Amelia Tomascina, chamber maid; Simon Myer, coffee man; Rosanna Stoney, chamber maid; Ellen Dillon, laundry; Agnes Wilson, chamber maid; Rae Young, employed in the linen department; Kate Crowley, chamber maid; Tom Cannon, hall man; Fernando Balletti, French waiter; Riccardo Telefona and an unknown Italian who both worked in the kitchen.

About twenty girls were sleeping in the attic, which was on the Steuben street side of the house and the only exit was a narrow hallway leading to the third floor hallway.

The most reliable information that could be obtained was given by an employe of the house, named Kate Monahan, who knew all the girls well and had up to that time been unable to find twelve of them, who she is positive were dead. Besides these, she asserts that four men are also in the ruins. Miss Monahan says that she believes the girls were lost in the attic.

HARD TO RESIST.

Missionary (discomfited)—If the favorite wife of the chief should be converted, would then be easy. But she can find nothing attractive in Christian civilization. Wife (after reflection)—Show her some fashion plates.—New York Weekly.

LUMBER TRADE OF 1894.

An Interesting Statement With Comparisons With Other Years.

Showing the Trade of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

Small Stocks Held Over on the Miramichi—The General Outlook.

From J. B. Snowball's Miramichi Wood Trade Circular for the year 1894: In presenting my annual report of the wood trade of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia with trans-Atlantic ports for 1894 I have little that is encouraging to state respecting operations of the past season.

The year's business opened under the conditions existing for some time previously, and which were by no means encouraging, because of the continued general depression of trade in Great Britain and on the Continent.

The advance of prices which usually accompanies the fall increase of importations was not realized on account of the heavy failures in the trade in England, which caused several cargoes to be forced on the market and sold at prices even below current values.

The winter of 1893-4 was the most successful on record for forest operations in New Brunswick. The result was a comparatively small output of logs, at a maximum cost of production. The present winter has, so far, been favorable for log getting, and although a smaller output than that of last season was anticipated when operations were begun in the woods, the output depends largely on the continuance of favorable weather.

The present stock of merchantable deals and logs on hand, on the Miramichi, only 4,200 standards, is the smallest we have ever had, and less than a third of our normal stock. If we have any revival of River Plate and United States business, it will leave the stock to be placed in the European markets in very moderate compass.

Two cargoes were shipped from this port to Rio Janeiro the past season, and several enquiries are now in the market for cargoes for next season's shipment.

A few cargoes of spruce deals, chiefly 9x3 and 11x3, were lately shipped from St. John to United States ports, and produced a much better result than trans-Atlantic shipments. This was brought about by the recent abolition of the United States import duty on lumber.

Twelve cargoes were shipped from this port to France during the past season, and the result was a much better result than trans-Atlantic shipments. This was brought about by the recent abolition of the United States import duty on lumber.

There is an increased demand for lumber in the United States, and it is expected that the export trade will be more than doubled this year.

The stock of merchantable deals wintering here is 3,600 St. Petersburg standards, against 7,600 standards last year and 7,000 standards in 1892. The stock of logs is only 600 standards, against 4,000 standards last year.

Shipments from Miramichi for 12 years, from 1883 to 1894, inclusive, were:

Table with columns: Year, Sup. ft., Deals, etc. Data for 1883-1894.

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THE FIRE WORSHIPPERS

THEIR DESCENDANTS, KNOWN AS THE PARSEES, LIVE IN INDIA

Dr. Thibage Devers Another of the Around-the-World Series—"There Came the Men From the East to Jerusalem"

BROOKLYN, Dec. 30.—Rev. Dr. Thibage, continuing his series of "Around-the-World Sermons," through the press, chose to-day for his subject, "The Fire Worshippers," the text selected being: "The fire was kindled from the East to Jerusalem."

These were men who worshipped the so-called fire-worshippers, and I found their descendants in India last October. They were a more tolerable than any of the other false religions, and has more allegations, and while in this "Around-the-World" series I have already shown you the worst forms of heatismism, to-day I show you the least offensive.

The prophet of the Parsees was Zoroaster of Persia. He was poet and philosopher, and reformer, as well as a religionist. His disciples thrived at first in Persia, but later, because of persecution they retreated to India, where I met them, and in addition to what I saw of them at their headquarters in Bombay, India, I had two weeks of association with one of the most learned and genial of their people on ship-board from Bombay to Brindis.

The Bible of the Parsees or fire-worshippers, as they are inaccurately called, is the Zend-Avesta, a collection of strange books that ever came into my hands. There were originally twenty-one volumes, but Alexander the Great, in a drunken fit, set fire to a palace which contained some of them, and they went into ashes and forgetfulness. But there are more of these sacred volumes left than most people would have patience to read. There are many things in the religion of the Parsees that suggest Christianity, and some of its doctrines are in accordance with our own religion.

I talked with a learned Parsee about these mortuary customs. He said, "I have seen a Parsee who lived about 1,400 years before Christ, was a good man, suffered persecution for his faith, and was assassinated while worshipping at an altar. He announced the theory 'He is born, he lives, he dies, and that there are two great spirits in the world, Ormuzd, the good Spirit, and Ahriman, the bad spirit, and that all who do right are under the influence of Ormuzd, and all who do wrong are under Ahriman, and the Parsee must be born on the ground floor of the house, and must be buried from the ground floor; that the dying man must have prayers said over him, and a sacred fire given him to drink; that the good at the dead goes into eternal light, and the bad into eternal darkness; that having passed out of this life the soul lingers near the corpse three days in a Paradise state, receiving notice of the various nations of the earth put together to compare their merits, and that the good are sent to a Paradise, and the bad to a Hell, and that there will be a resurrection of the body. They are more careful than any other people about their ablutions, and they wash and wash and wash. They pay great attention to physical cleanliness, and they are very clean, and they do not smoke tobacco, for they consider that a misuse of fire. At the close of mortal life the soul appears at the Bridge Chinrat, where an angel presides, and questions the soul about its life on earth, and the deeds of its earthly state. Nothing, however, is more intense in the Parsee faith than the theory that the dead body is impure. A devil is supposed to take possession of the dead body. All who touch it are unclean, and hence the strange style of obsequies. But here I must give three or four questions and answers from one of the Parsee catechisms:

Question—Who is the most fortunate man in the world?
Answer—He who is the most innocent.

Question—Who is the most innocent man in the world?
Answer—He who walks in the path of God and shuns that of the devil.

Question—Which is the path of God, and which that of the devil?
Answer—Virtue is the path of God, and vice that of the devil.

Question—What constitutes virtue, and what vice?
Answer—Good thoughts, good words, and good deeds constitute virtue, and evil thoughts, evil words, and evil deeds constitute vice.

Question—What constitute good thoughts, good words, and good deeds, and evil thoughts, evil words, and evil deeds?
Answer—Honesty, charity, and truthfulness constitute the former; and dishonesty, want of charity, and falsehood constitute the latter.

And now the better to show you these Parsees, I tell you of two things I saw while in a short time in Bombay, India. It was an afternoon of contrast. The sun was in the west, and the sky was descending the sky, and a Disciple of Zoroaster, a Parsee, was in lowly posture and with reverential gaze looking into the sky. He would have been said to have been worshipping the sun, as all Parsees are said to worship the fire. But the intelligent Parsee does not worship the fire. He looks upon the sun as the emblem of the warmth and light of the Creator. Looking at a blaze of light, whether on earth, on mountain height, or in the sky, he can more easily bring to mind the glory of God; at least, so the Parsees tell me. Indeed, they are the pleasantest heathen I have met. They treat their wives as equals, while the Hindus and Buddhists treat them as cattle, although the cattle and sheep and swine are better off than most of the women of India.

This Parsee on the roadside on our way to Malabar Hill was the only one of that religion I had ever seen engaged in worship. Who knows but that beyond the light of the sun on which he gazes he may catch a glimpse of the God who is "Light, in Whom there is no darkness at all?"

We passed on up through gates into the garden that surrounds the place where the Parsees dispose of their dead. This garden was given by Jamshidji Jijibhai, and is beautiful with flowers of all hue, and foliage of all styles of vein, and notch and stature. There is on all sides great opulence of fern and cypress. The garden is not one hun-

drod feet above the level of the sea. Not far from the entrance is a building where the mourners of the funeral go in to pray. A light is kept burning year in and year out. We ascended the garden by some eight stone steps. The body of a deceased woman was being carried toward the chief Tower of Silence. The tower is five or six stories high. Several of them have not been used for a long while. Four persons, whose business it is to do this, carry in the corpse. They are followed by two men with long beards. The tower of Silence is a great white cone, cost \$150,000, and is 25 feet high and 276 feet around, and without a roof. The four carriers of the dead and the two bearers of the coffin come to the door of the tower. There are three rows of places for the dead—the outer row for the men, the middle row for the women, the inside row for the children. The lifeless bodies are left exposed for seven days, and as soon as the employes retire from the Tower of Silence the vultures, now one, now two, now many, swoop upon the lifeless form. These vultures fill the air with their discordant wailing. We saw them in long rows on the top of the whitewashed wall of the Tower of Silence. In a few minutes they have taken the last particle of flesh from the bones. There had evidently been other opportunities for them that day, and some flew away as though surfeited. They sometimes carry away with them parts of a body, and it is unusual thing for the gentlemen in their country seats to have dropped into their doorways a bone from the Tower of Silence.

In the centre of this tower is a well, into which the bones are thrown after they are bleached. The hot sun, and the rainy season, and the character of their work of disintegration and disinfection, and then there are sluices that carry into the sea what remains of the dead. The wealthy people of Malabar Hill have made a custom of having their strange towers removed as a nuisance, and then there remain, and will no doubt for ages remain.

I talked with a learned Parsee about these mortuary customs. He said, "I have seen a Parsee who lived about 1,400 years before Christ, was a good man, suffered persecution for his faith, and was assassinated while worshipping at an altar. He announced the theory 'He is born, he lives, he dies, and that there are two great spirits in the world, Ormuzd, the good Spirit, and Ahriman, the bad spirit, and that all who do right are under the influence of Ormuzd, and all who do wrong are under Ahriman, and the Parsee must be born on the ground floor of the house, and must be buried from the ground floor; that the dying man must have prayers said over him, and a sacred fire given him to drink; that the good at the dead goes into eternal light, and the bad into eternal darkness; that having passed out of this life the soul lingers near the corpse three days in a Paradise state, receiving notice of the various nations of the earth put together to compare their merits, and that the good are sent to a Paradise, and the bad to a Hell, and that there will be a resurrection of the body. They are more careful than any other people about their ablutions, and they wash and wash and wash. They pay great attention to physical cleanliness, and they are very clean, and they do not smoke tobacco, for they consider that a misuse of fire. At the close of mortal life the soul appears at the Bridge Chinrat, where an angel presides, and questions the soul about its life on earth, and the deeds of its earthly state. Nothing, however, is more intense in the Parsee faith than the theory that the dead body is impure. A devil is supposed to take possession of the dead body. All who touch it are unclean, and hence the strange style of obsequies. But here I must give three or four questions and answers from one of the Parsee catechisms:

Question—Who is the most fortunate man in the world?
Answer—He who is the most innocent.

Question—Who is the most innocent man in the world?
Answer—He who walks in the path of God and shuns that of the devil.

Question—Which is the path of God, and which that of the devil?
Answer—Virtue is the path of God, and vice that of the devil.

Question—What constitutes virtue, and what vice?
Answer—Good thoughts, good words, and good deeds constitute virtue, and evil thoughts, evil words, and evil deeds constitute vice.

Question—What constitute good thoughts, good words, and good deeds, and evil thoughts, evil words, and evil deeds?
Answer—Honesty, charity, and truthfulness constitute the former; and dishonesty, want of charity, and falsehood constitute the latter.

And now the better to show you these Parsees, I tell you of two things I saw while in a short time in Bombay, India. It was an afternoon of contrast. The sun was in the west, and the sky was descending the sky, and a Disciple of Zoroaster, a Parsee, was in lowly posture and with reverential gaze looking into the sky. He would have been said to have been worshipping the sun, as all Parsees are said to worship the fire. But the intelligent Parsee does not worship the fire. He looks upon the sun as the emblem of the warmth and light of the Creator. Looking at a blaze of light, whether on earth, on mountain height, or in the sky, he can more easily bring to mind the glory of God; at least, so the Parsees tell me. Indeed, they are the pleasantest heathen I have met. They treat their wives as equals, while the Hindus and Buddhists treat them as cattle, although the cattle and sheep and swine are better off than most of the women of India.

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the curtain on the head of the bride, and the bride responded by throwing a handful of rice across the curtain on the head of the groom. Thereupon the curtain dropped and the bride's chair was removed and put beside that of the groom. Then a priest of the Parsee religion arose and faced the couple. Before the priest was placed a platter of happy life in each other's hands—a young man and woman. We could not hear a word, but we understood just as well as if we had heard. Ever and anon he punctuated his words by handfuls of rice, which he heaped up from a platter and flung now toward the groom and now toward the bride. The ceremony went on interminably. We wanted to hear the conclusion, but were told the ceremony would not be over until it was dark, and it would not conclude until two o'clock in the morning, and it was only between seven and eight o'clock in the evening. There would be no happy life in each other's hands, but it would be taken up again in earnest at half-past twelve. We enjoyed what we had seen, but felt incapacitated for six more hours of wedding ceremony. Sadly wishing the couple happy life in each other's hands, we pressed our way through the throng of congratulatory Parsees. All of them seemed bright and appreciative of the occasion. The streets outside were filled with Parsees, and the transactions inside.

We rode on toward our hotel wishing that marriage in all India might be as much honored as in the ceremony we had that evening witnessed at the Parsee school in the Fall is most dangerous, not so married. They are simply carried to the conjugal relation. Many of the girls are married at seven and ten years of age, and some of them are married before they are even born. It never goes forth into the sunlight with their faces uncovered. They must stay at home. All styles of mistreatment are theirs. If they become Christians they are made converts. A missionary told me India or Hindoo woman who became a Christian. She had nine children. Her husband was over seventy years of age. And yet at her Christian baptism he told her to go, and she went. She said, "I have seen a woman is down, India will be down. No nation was ever elevated except through the elevation of woman. Parsee marriage is an improvement on Hindoo marriage; but Christian marriage is an improvement on Parsee marriage.

A fellow-traveler in India told me he had been writing to his home in England trying to get a law passed that would give a woman the right to be married in India until she had been married three months. Admirable law would that be! If a white woman saw what married life with a Hindoo is she would never undertake it. Off with the thick and ugly veil, and let the woman be free from the crushing burdens from her shoulder! Nothing but the Gospel of Jesus Christ will ever make life in India what it ought to be.

But what an afternoon of contrast in Bombay we experienced! From the Temple of Silence to the Temple of Hilarity! From mourning to laughter! From gathering shadows to gleaming lights! From gloom to brightness! But how much of all our lives is made up of such opposites. I have carried in the same pocket, and read from them in the same hour, the liturgy of the dead and the ceremony of espousals. And so the Parsee man's face! Off with the crushing burdens from her shoulder! Nothing but the Gospel of Jesus Christ will ever make life in India what it ought to be.

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Thus I have set before you the best of all the religions of the heathen world, and I have done so in order that you might come to higher appreciation of the religion of our Father in Heaven. But how much of all our lives is made up of such opposites. I have carried in the same pocket, and read from them in the same hour, the liturgy of the dead and the ceremony of espousals. And so the Parsee man's face! Off with the crushing burdens from her shoulder! Nothing but the Gospel of Jesus Christ will ever make life in India what it ought to be.

Compare the absurdities and mummeries of heathen marriage with the plain "I will" of Christian marriage, and the best of the heathen religions is more repulsive than the worms of the body devouring the sacred human form in cemeteries. Nothing but the Resurrection Day can undo the awful work of death. The Parsee man's face! Off with the crushing burdens from her shoulder! Nothing but the Gospel of Jesus Christ will ever make life in India what it ought to be.

Starting homeward, we stood in the heart of the city, and saw a building all a-flash with lights and resounding with merry voices. It was a Parsee wedding, and the bride and groom were being carried to the marriage ceremony. We came to the door and proposed to go in, but at first were not permitted. They saw we were not Parsees, and that we were not even natives. So very politely they halted us outside the steps. This temple of nuptials was chiefly occupied by women, their ears and necks and hands a flame of jewels and imitation of jewels. By pantomime and gesture, as we had no use of their vocabulary, we told them we were strangers and were curious to see by what process Parsees were married. Gradually we worked our way inside the door. The bride and groom were surrounded by hundreds of candles in glasses and lanterns, in unique and grotesque holdings. Conversation ran high, and laughter bubbled over, and all was gay. Then there was a sudden change. The bride and groom were seated on a raised platform, and the music ceased and all the voices were still. The mother of the bridegroom, with a platter loaded with aromatics and articles of food, confronted her son and began to address him. She took from the platter a bottle of perfume and sprinkled his face with the redolence. All the while speaking in a droning tone, she took from the platter a handful of rice, throwing some of it on his hands. She took from the platter a coconut and waved it about his head. She lifted a garland of flowers and threw it over his neck, and a bouquet of flowers and put it in his hand. Her part of the ceremony completed, the band resumed its music, and through another door the bridegroom conducted into the centre of the building. The bride was in the room, but there was nothing to designate her. "Where is the bride?" I said, "where is the bride?" After a while she was made evident. 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TELEGRAPHIC.

ONTARIO.

Toronto, Jan. 2.—Two candidates have retired and Mayor Kennedy and ex-Mayor Fleming will have the field to themselves. It is believed that Kennedy will be re-elected.

Toronto, Jan. 3.—The conservatives are jubilant over the preliminary revision of the East York voters' list, they having put on 1,500 names to but 190 by the liberals.

Toronto, Jan. 3.—Judge McDougall, who presided at the investigation into the charges against certain city aldermen, issued his report today, in which he finds "illegal, improper and corrupt practices" have been resorted to by certain aldermen in obtaining franchises for contractors.

London, Ont., Jan. 6.—The salt manufacturers of Ontario met here yesterday. All the firms in the province were represented and it seems likely that the price of salt will shortly take a jump.

The fire originated in the basement of the Globe building, spreading west and north. One fireman, Robert Bowry, was killed, and five others badly injured; some of them will die.

Nicholas Rooney's dry goods store, adjoining the Globe building, fell a prey to the flames. The fire then spread across Jordan street, and the large new building of S. F. McKinnon & Co. was a mass of flames in less time than it takes to describe the scene.

Millions of sparks fell on the roofs of houses, but four inches of snow which mantled the city served to extinguish them.

To the south of the Globe office were buildings occupied by Brough & Caswell, printers; Ruben, Sadler & Hawthorn, leather; Miller & Richards, cards; type foundry; and the building occupied by the first two mentioned firms were totally destroyed, while that of Miller & Richards was badly gutted.

The Globe has occupied their building since June, 1890, when they moved from the King street office, Robert Jeffrey, president of the Globe Co., says the paper had invested \$70,000 in the building and \$50,000 in plant.

Toronto, Jan. 6.—Fire was discovered in the basement of the Globe building, on the corner of Yonge and Melville streets, at five o'clock this morning.

Chief Ardagh and five men of the brigade mounted up on the cornice running around the first story of the Globe office, and were breaking windows to introduce the hose, which was northwest wall, from the cornice up, five stories, fell with a crash.

The Globe building was erected in 1889, at a cost of \$300,000, and had a plant valued at \$600,000. It was soon a complete wreck.

The Toronto Lithographing company, which occupied a floor in the building, lost all its presses and many valuable stores.

The rear of Michael's company, Italian wine merchants, new building, was also slightly damaged.

The wind now changed, blowing from the east, and McKinnon & company's new wholesale dry goods store was soon wiped out of existence.

Owing to Chief Ardagh having to retire early from the scene the fire brigade did not work to the best advantage. The men worked bravely, but they lacked direction.

The Mail, World and News have offered their services to the Globe to enable them to produce their editions as usual.

QUEBEC.

Wellington and Mutual, \$5,000; Fire Exchange, \$5,000; United Fire, Manchester, \$2,500; Hartford, \$5,500; Phoenix of Hartford, \$10,000; Perth Mutual, \$2,500; Phoenix of Brooklyn, \$2,500; Royal of England, \$2,500; London and Lancashire, \$3,000; Gore District Mutual, \$5,000.

Montreal, Jan. 2.—The Star's cable from London says: It is announced here that a fresh issue of Quebec francs equal to the amount of \$1,984,227 has been offered on behalf of the Quebec government through the Credit Lyonnais of Paris at 427.50 francs per bond.

H. C. Beeton, agent general of British Columbia, has resigned his position, and it is likely F. G. Vernon, late chief commissioner of lands and works, will be his successor.

Sir Charles Tupper, who was attacked with a chill and thus prevented from sailing to Canada on the Blenheim with the body of the late Sir John Thompson, is improving in health.

Montreal, Jan. 2.—Just before Christmas the different occupants of the Standard building presented John Fraser, the man who runs the elevator, with \$75, and he suddenly disappeared. Fraser had a wife and three small children, but in spite of this it appears he has gone to the states with a Salvation Army lassie.

There was rumor current in Montreal today, coming from apparently good authority, that the privy council had decided that remedial legislation was legally due the Roman Catholic minority in Manitoba in the appeal of Brophy against the Manitoba educational act.

Some months ago a great furor was created here over Rev. Abbe Martin's abandonment of the Church of Rome for Presbyterianism, but it cooled off when the rev. gentleman went back on his first lay sermon.

Quebec, Jan. 4.—The rumor is again revived that Archbishop Beaulieu has notified the superior of the Redemptorist order at Baltimore that Father Rosbach of St. Patrick's must leave the archdiocese of Quebec without delay.

Montreal, Jan. 4.—Alphonse Laurendeau received six lashes on the forehead this morning. This is the maximum number given at one time. He assaulted his own little daughter.

Montreal, Jan. 6.—Clara Peniston, aged twenty-seven, sister of Sam Peniston, gentleman jockey, who was killed on the race course a year ago, committed suicide at her home yesterday.

Montreal, Jan. 6.—A consultation took place today at the Windsor hotel between Dr. A. F. Rodgers of Ottawa, Sir Mackenzie Bowell's attending physician, and Dr. H. S. Birkett of Montreal, representing the present condition of the premier's health.

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WORK OR BREAD.

3,000 Unemployed Parade St. Johns' Streets.

Captain of the Warship Tourmaline Promises Assistance.

The Government Making Arrangements to Provide Work—People Starving.

Montreal, Jan. 6.—The Star's cable says: London, Jan. 5.—The English journals, in commenting on the state of affairs in Newfoundland, says that if Canada will take the almost bankrupt and a colony immediate relief would be the best solution of the present dead-lock.

The Chronicle, commenting on Newfoundland's demand for the appointment of a royal commission, says: "The commissioners must be nominees of the British government and entirely removed from local influences."

St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 6.—A number of the citizens who lead in the affairs of the colony have combined to bring about the holding of a patriotic convention, composed of the clergy, magistrates and traders of the principal towns, to be held at St. John's at an early date, to devise ways and means for extricating the colony from the present position.

The government intends appointing a local commission of inquiry, claiming that it is competent to deal with the trouble here, as a royal commission, and that it could accomplish the work more speedily.

The crew of the warship Tourmaline fed three hundred hungry people today. The crew are very generous in their benefactions and they have received much praise in consequence.

The Bank of Montreal, which is now the financial agent of the colony, has established a branch here and the outgoing officers arrived by the Silvia today. The Silvia also brought \$100,000 in specie for the use of the government and an equal sum for the general business of the bank.

The representative of the Bank of Quebec has also arrived and will establish an agency in this province. It will warrant the agency, and will exchange to a large amount were returned by the Silvia, the banks on which they were drawn having refused to honor the bills.

Government debentures are being sold by the holders, who are in financial difficulties, for 60 per cent. of their par value, the persons selling demanding gold payments.

London, Jan. 7.—James and Alexander Allan of the Allan steamer line have written to the Times offering to take any gifts or donations for the relief of the suffering in Newfoundland by its Asiatic line.

St. John's, Nfld., Jan. 7.—This morning a crowd of about three thousand working men who were thrown out of employment by the financial collapse, gathered before the legislative chamber yesterday to protest against the dissolution and parade of the principal streets. At the head of the column was borne a white flag bearing the words, "Work or Bread."

The movement created consternation in the first the police prepared to disperse the crowd, but as the actions were peaceful, nothing further in this direction was done.

After protesting the government, the procession went to the dry dock, where the British warship Tourmaline lay, which was sent here to help preserve order.

A committee of the unemployed boarded the ship and represented to Capt. Foote how they and their families were starving. They declared that they were willing to work, but if no work was available they insisted that the government should feed them.

They threatened to take the necessities of life from the stores. Capt. Foote intimated that such an attempt would be repressed with a stern hand, his orders being to preserve the peace and to allow no interference with private property. He, however, expressed his willingness to help the workmen as far as he could. He promised to write to the government, presenting their case and urging that help be extended to them.

He said that he would have an answer tomorrow to his letter and would communicate it to them. With this assurance the delegation withdrew.

Starvation is becoming more general day by day. Several poor families were evicted today. This adds to the misery of the situation. The government was waited upon this evening by a business committee of the clergy of the various churches. In reply, the government said arrangements were being made to provide for the relief of the people.

Lady O'Brien's committee started a two soup kitchens today. The government officials are happy today owing to the fact that gold is here with which to pay their salaries. The opposition press makes a point against them, declaring that they are securing their own salaries, while the taxpayers are perishing.

The Bank of Montreal will open on Wednesday. It has been decided that the Newfoundland branch shall issue notes to the amount of \$1,000,000.

IN CHINATOWN.

A Horrible Tragedy in New York.

New York, Jan. 6.—A frightful tragedy, which ended in murder, took place in Chinatown at an early hour this morning. It was the outcome of a quarrel between two notoriously dissolute women, in a house on Mott street, in the Chinese quarter.

The special train from Halifax arrived here on time early yesterday morning. Premier Bowell reached Ottawa last night.

The proposed university extension course in Ottawa has been abandoned for this winter.

The annual supper to the newboys of Ottawa by the Ottawa Humane society took place last evening. It was a lively, as well as interesting gathering.

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—Sir Mackenzie Bowell returned to the city this afternoon. The premier was the recipient of many congratulations on the distinguished honor which her majesty was pleased to bestow upon him in making him a knight.

Dr. A. F. Rogers, the premier's medical attendant, who came up from Montreal with him, saw Sir Mackenzie this evening and found him in every way progressing favorably. He has prohibited interviews with the prime minister for the next ten days, so as to allow the irritation of the throat to subside.

After a hard fight and heavy poll, ex-Ald. Borthwick beat Ald. Cluff for the mayoralty by 89 votes.

Sir James Gies, chairman of the carnival committee, has received a letter from the governor general withdrawing his patronage from the winter carnival. His excellency says: "A point which, I hold, ought to be especially kept in view, is that a distinction should be drawn between customary recreations and entertainments of ordinary life and a series of festivities of an exceptional and abnormal description, not merely local in character, but intended to attract visitors from various parts of the continent."

It is this aspect of the matter which has made me feel that it would be inappropriate to hold a carnival at Ottawa so soon after the public funeral of the eminent Canadian whose loss has been mourned not only by the whole dominion, but by the empire.

SEVEN POUNDS IN ONE WEEK.

Not every man who is thin would thank you for fattening him. He doesn't want to be fat, and for very good reasons. Unnecessary fat is a load to carry about; it interferes with a man's power to work, shortens his mind, and dulls his wits.

Yet, on the other hand, a certain amount of flesh is necessary for health and comfort. For example: A man five feet high should weigh about 120 lbs.; a man five feet six inches, 145 lbs.; a man six feet, 187 lbs. It is a regular ascending scale.

The insurance companies allow a variation of 7 per cent. above or below it, and beyond those limits charge an extra premium. One shouldn't be much over or under his proper weight if he wants to be sound and hearty—and we all do want that.

Now we will tell you how Mr. Thomas Crosby, being under weight, gained seven pounds in a week. He had lost 11-2 stone, which is too much off for a man who was never fatter than he naturally ought to be.

IN MURDEROUS FRENZY.

George Jordan Shot His Wife, Son and Daughter, and then Himself.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 4.—In a fit of jealous rage this afternoon, George Jordan shot and killed his ten-year-old son, shot his wife in the forehead and through the neck, shot his three-year-old daughter in the chin and back of the head, and then shot himself twice in the breast. His wounds are fatal, and it is believed his wife will die.

The little girl has a chance of recovery, but it is probable that the whole family of four will die. Jordan's explanation is that he wanted to die, and thought it best to take his family with him.

THE WALTER ESTATE.

London, Jan. 7.—The Times says that the will of the late John Walter, proprietor of the Times, shows a personal estate of £23,572, all of which is left to his children, the greatest portion going to his eldest son.

Now mothers be sure and get McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup and you will not be disappointed. Safe, pleasant, effectual.

TY SALE.

... sold at Public Auction, at ... of the Province of New Brunswick ...

... E. H. McALPINE, Referee.

PROVINCIAL

I. Secord's Residence at Apohaqui Burned.

Woodstock People Talk of Nominating a Prohibition Candidate.

General News of Interest From Many Sections of New Brunswick.

(Continued from page 2.)

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After the ceremony Rev. A. B. Murray, on behalf of Rose of Stanley lodge, presented the provincial deputy with a handsome briar pipe and case and tobacco, as a slight token of esteem with which he is held by the members of Rose of Stanley lodge.

Fredericton, Jan. 6.—The funeral of the late Mrs. John Anderson took place this afternoon. Rev. Willard McDonald officiated.

A fire alarm at 10 o'clock this morning called out the department to a fire in Jewett's hotel, Queen street, west end. The fire was in a chimney and did no damage, save a little smoke in the building.

The Fredericton Baptist church during the year raised upwards of \$4,500 by voluntary offerings, and of this amount about \$1,500 was given to benevolent and denominational purposes.

The following officers have entered the infantry school here for a course of instruction on January fourth: Lt. E. A. Potter, 93rd Batt., Springhill; 2nd Lieut. H. Irving, 78rd Batt., Chatham; 2nd Lieut. J. R. Maxwell, 78th Batt., Pictou.

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Breathed O'er Eden. The groom was supported by A. H. Robinson, and the bride, who wore an elegant costume of gray cloth and velvet, trimmed with gray. The bridesmaid's dress was electric blue velvet, with silver trimming. The Rev. Mr. Fullerton performed the marriage ceremony, after which Miss Hattie Price played the Wedding march, while the audience passed out. A small circle of invited guests repaired to the residence of the bride's father, where an elegant collation was served. The bride was the recipient of a number of elegant presents. The groom's present to the bridesmaid consisted of a gold bracelet. Bonfires blazed and guns were fired during the evening in honor of the bride and groom, who are very popular.

A large company of invited guests assembled at the residence of David Wright on Monday evening to witness the marriage of Miss Minnie Higgins, and William Sproul of Campbellton. The bride wore a neat costume of motley gray cloth, and was unattended. The Rev. Mr. Mathews performed the marriage ceremony. The bride received a number of presents from friends at home and abroad. The newly wedded couple left on Wednesday for their home in Campbellton.

On Tuesday evening Miss Julia Fowler and Heber Hicks were married quietly at the residence of the bride's father, the Rev. Mr. Fowler, Canon road. The tenth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Thorne was celebrated last evening. A large company was present. A quantity of useful tinware was presented to the host and hostess in expression of esteem. Supper was served during the evening, and the usual amusements participated in.

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After a short rest of five minutes the teams lined up for the remaining forty-five minutes play, and the ball was immediately forced to within a few feet of the St. Stephen goal, and after ten minutes' sharp play St. Andrews secured a touchdown. A try from the field by Paul struck the crossbar and fell short. Score: St. Stephen, 3; St. Andrews, 3. Once more the ball was kicked off, and again almost immediately returned to the St. Stephen end, and after a hard fight of about twenty minutes St. Andrews secured another touchdown and another try from the field by Paul again missed. Score: St. Andrews, 6; St. Stephen, 3. Another kick off and again the ball is quickly forced to the St. Stephen goal, and but for the call of time by the referee's whistle another touchdown must have quickly been the result. After the middle of the first half the play was a continuous defense by St. Stephen, and a strong work by the St. Andrews team was a great surprise to all. The superiority of the St. Andrews team is shown by the fact that St. Stephen was forced to make three safety touchdowns. It would be impossible to name any of the players, as each player seemed to excel. Owing to the lateness of the season the third match will be played in the spring.

QUEBENS CO. Peterborough, Jan. 4.—John McKee has purchased a portable engine for his saw mill. Owing to the illness of the Rev. W. B. Armstrong, no service was held in St. Peter's Episcopal church last Sunday afternoon.

QUEBENS CO. Miss W. G. Garrison of St. John, who has charge of the school here, will resume her duties again on Monday.

SUNBURY CO. Sheffield, Jan. 4.—G. T. Bailey of Little River is moving into the neat cottage beside the shore of French lake made vacant by the removal of A. P. Thompson to Fraser River, B. C. The ladies of the Methodist church and congregation of Lakeville Corner held a pie and basket social on New Year's eve and realized fifteen dollars, which goes to the benefit of their minister, the Rev. Mr. McCully.

SUNBURY CO. Thomas Harrison, M. A., who left Sunbury in company with Dell W. Perley some thirteen years ago for the far west, has returned for the first time and is spending a few weeks with his parents in Sheffield, Mr. and Mrs. William Harrison.

SUNBURY CO. W. S. Garrison of Upper Sheffield, who was burned out last week, reports say, is making his home with Murray Gilbert.

SUNBURY CO. The Sheffield branch of the British and Foreign Bible society held its annual meeting last evening, 3rd inst. The treasurer reported \$115 collected for the present year.

CARLETON CO. Woodstock, Jan. 5.—About sixty ladies and gentlemen, delegates and others, attended the meeting in the R. T. of T. hall Thursday afternoon, called for the purpose of considering the advisability of nominating a prohibition candidate for dominion parliament. C. L. Smith was elected chairman, and J. S. Leighton, jr., secretary. Geo. L. Holyoke, J. K. Flemming and Rev. Jas. Cahill were appointed a committee to prepare a resolution embodying the object of the meeting.

CARLETON CO. The committee submitted the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted: Resolved, That this meeting is in favor of the immediate and total prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, and that the prohibition be enforced by a law which shall be binding on all the provinces of the Dominion of Canada.

CARLETON CO. A resolution was also passed pledging those who signed it to work in that direction, regardless of its effect on either of the present political parties.

CARLETON CO. The next resolution passed was as follows: Whereas, For a number of years past there has been a candidate belonging to one or the other of the old parties pledged to work and vote for prohibition; Therefore resolved, That this convention do not nominate a candidate for dominion parliament, and that the committee be authorized to call the chairman for the purpose of nominating a third party candidate, and that the committee pledge themselves to support him.

CARLETON CO. The meeting then adjourned to meet at the call of the chairman. There were twelve in the meeting who voted favorably to a third party candidate, and nineteen for the contra resolution.

CARLETON CO. A good deal of time was spent in discussion, and two liberals were permitted to make straight party speeches, but when a conservative attempted to reply he was called to order by a liberal.

CARLETON CO. A public temperance meeting was held in the Town hall last evening. There was a large audience. The speakers were Rev. Messrs. D. Fluke, Jos. Cahill and J. Coy. John Price was chairman. The speeches were to the point and were well received.

CARLETON CO. Scott act business has been on the boom for the past two weeks, and some are evil minded enough to insinuate that the boom has been reserved till near the inspectors of the country come, when the inspector has to render a report of his proceedings during the year. Convictions have been made as follows: Wm. Waugh, one first offence liquor seized and ordered destroyed; Thomas McCafferty, two first offences, liquor seized and ordered destroyed; C. A. McKee, two first offences; John Atherton, one first offence; J. T. Garden, one first offence and one second offence; R. H. Seaborn, one first; Owen Saunders, one second; John McFarlane, one second; John Stewart, one first, liquor seized and ordered destroyed; Whitfield Gibson and Mrs. Sigan are to be tried tomorrow. Two other informations are laid, but the parties have not yet been summoned.

CARLETON CO. Quite a lively interest is awakening in the town elections. J. R. Murphy and W. S. Saunders, candidates for mayor, are both working with worthy zeal, and both are hopeful of being elected. Candidates for councillors are increasing in number and activity. Good sleighing here, now, and business is pronounced very good.

WESTMORLAND CO. Moncton, Jan. 5.—The Westmorland county council has been in session at Dorchester this week. The financial statement is a favorable one. The re-

Kendrick's White Liniment

THE Eminent and healing power of "Kendrick's White Liniment" makes it especially useful for the household.

IT CURES AND RELIEVES

Lameness, Pains, Swellings, Sore Lungs and Throat, Cramps and Pains, Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Keep it on hand. At all dealers. 25 cents a bottle.

Mrs. Anderson, of Woodstock, N. B., says: "It gives me much pleasure in recommending 'Kendrick's White Liniment' to the public. I have used it with splendid satisfaction in my case, and found, after the application of a few bottles, it has entirely removed Rheumatism from my arms and shoulders. I had been troubled several years with Rheumatism, and it came to such a stage at last that I could not raise my hand to my head. 'Kendrick's White Liniment' removed the troubles, and I feel well again."

Mrs. Robert Miles of Hammond Vale, Kings Co., writes: "I have used 'Kendrick's White Liniment' the best I have had, and I take great pleasure in recommending it to my customers. It sold more of it than any other kind this year."

Mr. Thos. E. Vogler, Vogler's Cove, Lunenburg Co., says: "I have used 'Kendrick's White Liniment' the best I have had, and I know of many cases where it has been used with very successful results."

Shelburne, N. S. I was severely chafed from scratches; three applications of 'Kendrick's White Liniment' cured me. H. RYER.

H. Paxton Baird—Dear Sir: I take much pleasure in recommending to the public your 'Kendrick's White Liniment.' I was suffering with a severe attack of pleurisy in my chest, and it was so bad that sometimes I could hardly get my breath. I did not get any relief until I applied your Liniment, and in two days I was completely cured. No family should be without it. Yours truly, H. PAXTON BAIRD.

Woodstock, N. B., June 16, 1894.

colts for the year were \$32,722.50, and the expenditure \$29,305.92, so that an adverse balance of \$3,416.58 was almost wiped out, and now receipts from collectors since the first of January leave a handsome amount to the credit of the municipality. The county's bank account is to be changed from the Dorchester branch of the Merchants' Bank of Halifax to the Moncton branch of the Bank of Montreal. As the account is now from \$300 to \$1,000 a year, owing to the fact that a large part of the expenditure has been incurred before the taxes begin to come in, the change is quite an important one. The arrangement with the Bank of Montreal is for advances at 1-1/2 per cent, the rate heretofore paid being 6 per cent.

On the 30th inst. usually a contentious subject, has come in for a share of consideration at the present session. The majority of the council a year ago being hostile to the Scott act or Inspector McCully's administration of it, they voted \$1 in each case. Mr. McCully applied to the courts and the council's order was declared to be of no effect. Mr. McCully has accordingly gone on with the work, rendering his account for salary as usual and expenses amounting in all to \$553.07. The number of cases tried last year was 56; convictions, 43; fines imposed, \$2,150; collected, \$1,232.25; persons imprisoned, 2. Of the amounts paid in fines Sackville contributed \$276.55; Sackville, \$250; Dorchester, \$150. The surplus for the year is \$371.18, to which has been added a previous surplus of \$216.65. There was some discussion at the council as to who was responsible for the withholding of a Scott act commitment in the hands of a constable against a somewhat prominent political worker in Dorchester, but both the convicting magistrate and the constable denied having given instructions to the constable not to execute the warrant, and the council did not seem inclined to investigate very far.

The Presbyterian Sunday school in Moncton has elected officers for the coming year as follows: Geo. Fogler, superintendent; Frank Fraser, assistant; Owen Cameron, secretary; treasurer; D. Charters, librarian. The sum of \$574 was raised by the school last year, of which \$285 was paid for seats for the basement of the new church.

AN ESTEEMED P. E. I. LADY.

A Long River, P. E. I., correspondent writes: A shade of sadness was cast over Long River, New London, P. E. I., when it was announced that Mrs. Power had passed to her eternal reward beyond the skies. Although unwell for the greater part of the past summer, her life was not considered in immediate danger. However a few days before her demise she grew suddenly worse, and despite the able medical advice at command, the care and attention of loving and anxious friends, who did everything that human mind or heart could suggest to relieve her sufferings, she calmly and peacefully passed away on Friday, Dec. 28th, aged sixty-eight. The deceased lady will be much missed in the community and in the church of which she was a warm advocate and consistent member. She was born in the parish of Kilmore county, Monaghan, Ireland, in 1827, and emigrated to this island in 1844. Later she became the wife of the late Thomas Power, and together by toll, perseverance and righteousness they prospered and built up a most comfortable home for themselves and family. Mrs. Power was a person of excellent character, just and honest in all her dealings, a faithful mother, a considerate and affectionate friend, who ever and always performed her maternal functions in a manner above reproach. This duty, so faithfully and conscientiously performed, should be a fitting monument to her memory, which will long be remembered by her family and friends with gratitude and reverence. She leaves ten children, twenty-two grandchildren, two sisters and two brothers, one of whom is a Christian brother in a Toronto monastery, to mourn their loss. Her body was conveyed to the church at Indian river and laid beside that of her husband. To all her relatives and friends we tender our sincere sympathy.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30th, 1894.

Report of Deputy Minister Courtney to the Hon. Mr. Foster.

Ottawa, Jan. 4.—The public accounts of Canada for the fiscal year ended 30th June appeared today.

J. M. Courtney, deputy minister, in his report to the Hon. Mr. Foster, says: The accounts and comparative statements are made up in the same form as in previous years and no change has been made in their order. The receipts from ordinary sources have failed to meet the ordinary expenditure by \$1,210,322.45. Following the system that has been adopted for many years past, I give hereunder the total expenditure on capital account and the heads under which it was incurred:

Table with columns for item and amount. Includes Railways and Canals, Canadian Pacific Ry., Intercolonial Ry., Digby and Annapolis, Cape Breton Ry., Oxford and New Brunswick, etc.

Public Works

Table with columns for item and amount. Includes Cape Tormentine harbor, Kingston graving dock, Fort Arthur harbor and Kamistiquia, Improvement on the St. Lawrence, etc.

During the same period there was paid on account of subsidies to the undermentioned railways the following sums, aggregating \$1,223,885.10:

Table with columns for railway name and amount. Includes Atlantic and Northwestern Ry., Ottawa and Prescott Ry., Buteaux and Moncton Ry., etc.

In the cash transactions of the savings banks, the withdrawals, \$11,176,695.16, exceeded the deposits, \$12,824,742.18, by \$1,648,047.02. There was added, however, the various accounts accrued interest to the extent of \$1,457,220.20.

On the 30th June the total balance at the credit of the depositors was \$48,802,012.32, or an increase of \$1,210,322.45, the balance held at the same time last year.

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NOVA SCOTIA.

Dr. W. A. Payzant Commits Suicide.

The Year 1894 a Successful One For Parrsboro

DIGBY, Dec. 28.—Daniel Blackford of Tiverton, aged 80 years, was found dead in bed yesterday morning at Barton, where he had gone to spend Christmas with his daughter. Heart disease is the supposed cause of death.

SPRINGHILL.

Springhill, N.S., Dec. 31.—The greater number of the employes cast out of work by the great fire have so far been unable to get a fresh start.

There is a probability of the town authorities purchasing the site on which the fire took place, for the purpose of erecting necessary town buildings. The position is quite central.

John Graham, a miner who has been in ill-health for some time past, and whose brain became affected, was taken to the hospital for the insane at Dartmouth last Thursday.

Rev. David Wright has been connected to the house with an attack of quinsy. His services at St. Andrew's church have been taken by one of the divinity students from Halifax.

The general manager, Mr. Cowans, continues the generosity, year by year, which was started by Mr. Leckie, in the sum of \$20,000, for the relief of the poor of the various congregations.

Mr. Gass, the dry goods merchant, has closed up his store since the fire and has gone to Cape Breton, to try his fortune there.

It is stated that the forthcoming town financial report will show a heavy increased expenditure in some of the departments, notably the police and poor departments.

Halifax, Jan. 2.—Dr. W. A. Payzant, son of Dr. N. Payzant of Wolfville, committed suicide at midnight by drinking carbolic acid.

Halifax, Jan. 4.—The contract has been taken by Dawson & Chaplin of St. Catharines for the construction and equipment of a railroad in Cape Breton.

Halifax, Jan. 5.—A syndicate of Boston and New York capitalists, who have interested themselves in the development of tourist travel to the provinces, have offered to hire the Grand hotel at Yarmouth for \$4,000.

Halifax, Jan. 6.—The contract has been taken by Dawson & Chaplin of St. Catharines for the construction and equipment of a railroad in Cape Breton.

company. This has its coal docks about a half mile from the mouth of Parrsboro river and ship coal nearly all the year round, and it is only seldom that the river is frozen up.

The county council meets on Tuesday next for transaction of business. An insane asylum has been built during the year, and many think a big discussion will be had, as several were in favor of the project.

Mr. Miles, the St. John artist, has been doing a lot for Annapolis. The different views, as painted by him, have been eagerly bought by foreigners, and it is his intention next summer to continue on in the good work.

A criminal case has been going on during the week, but has turned out to the advantage of the defendant. It has been the custom here, for too often, to color girls to lay charges against respectable citizens and it is to be hoped that in future such cases will cease to exist.

While Halifax and Windsor have been doing well, Annapolis has been little more than a collection of little firms who have their head quarters here and who import direct, and taking their business into account I would put the business done at \$200,000, but if you were to look over the blue book and see the amount of duty collected at Parrsboro you would say that such could not be the case.

After la grippe, obstinate cough, lung trouble, etc., frequently follow. There is no remedy so prompt, and at the same time so effective and pleasant, as Midburn's Cod Liver Oil Tablets.

The coats of the world are protected by 6,208 lighthouses.

LOOK OUT FOR IT. If you are troubled with a cold or cough, however high the attack, look out for it, do not allow it to settle on the lungs, break it up with Haysard's Pectoral Balsam.

THE PLAIN TRUTH TELLS. Consumption, Headache, Rheumatism, and Bad Blood are promptly cured by Burdock Blood Bitters, which acts upon the stomach, liver, bowels and blood, curing all their diseases.

WALTER BAKER & CO. The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES.

Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS In Europe and America.

Are you WEAK? NERVOUS? TIRED? SLEEPLESS? PALE? BLOODLESS? THIN? DYSPEPTIC? you need HAWKER'S Nerve and Stomach TONIC.

It makes weak nerves strong, promotes sound, refreshing sleep, aids digestion, restores lost appetite, is a perfect blood and flesh builder, restores the bloom of health.

ANNAPOLIS. Our town election takes place the first Tuesday of February. So far, there are no candidates in the field, though several names have been mentioned.

MARINE MATTERS.

Bark Bonita, Capt. Jensen, from Ayr for St. Thomas, has had her quarter damaged by a collision with the British schr. Carrie Harvey.

Schr. Hazeltown, Capt. Dickson, from St. John, N. B., for New York, dragged in West Quoddy Bay on the 27th ult., slipped cables and ran on the beach at West Quoddy.

Capt. Thomas Glendinning, who sailed in Messrs. Thomson's employ for many years, is now in command of the steamer "Canning" to Trinidad.

Schr. R. L. Devils came off the blocks yesterday having completed repairs, and moved up to Purves' mill to load lumber for New York.

Bark Amaranth, Capt. Forbes, which sailed from this port on Dec. 3rd for Dublin, has been abandoned at sea.

The Norwegian bark Attila, Capt. Anderson, was towed here yesterday from Spencer's Island by the tug Springfield.

The following charters are reported: Liverpool, m.p.s. 28 and 3d.; ship Theo. H. Rand, Ship Island to Greenock, sawn timber, 875, 6d.; bark Sunny South, Sabine Pass to Buenos Ayres, lumber, 111; sail Annie E. Wright, La Plata to U. K. or Con., grain, 175; February, m.p.s. 28 and 3d.; ship Prince, New York to Havana, sugar flagging, 1.60; hay, 3.75; loaded and discharged and a tree wharfage at both ports; Preference, Wilmington, N. C. to San Domingo City, option of a second port, lumber, 45, sawn lumber, 100; m.p.s. 28 and 3d.; ship Canara, Newport for Rio Janeiro, 148, 7-12d.; schs. Frances, New York to St. Peter's, C. B., creosoted piling, lump sum; Hattie C. Weehawken to St. John, N. B., coal, 70 cents; Cococoe, Cape Athlete, Pt. Johnson to St. John, N. B., coal, 70 cents; Walter Miller, same, 75 cents; B. L. Eaton, Edgewater to St. Stephen, coal, 90 cents and discharged; Orozimo, Perth Amboy to St. Stephen, coal, 125 1/2 ct.

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FELTEN & GUILLEAUME'S

GERMAN HAY WIRE

May cost a little more per pound than inferior makes, but it is the cheapest, as binders can use a smaller gauge and thereby get more feet to the pound; they are also saved the trouble and expense of repairing broken wires. If you want the best be sure you get

FELTEN & GUILLEAUME'S GERMAN WIRE

as some dealers sell CANADIAN makes as GERMAN.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Market Square, St. John.

CANADA COUPON FOR BOUND VOLUME. Cut out this Coupon and bring it to the SUN office together with \$1.50 and get the best volume of Pictorial Canada yet issued. If sent by mail send 25c. for postage. NAME ADDRESS

AS IS OUR USUAL CUSTOM, WE WILL CLOSE OUR RETAIL STORE

AT 6 O'CLOCK, P. M., DURING JANUARY AND FEBRUARY.

JARDINE & CO., GROCERS AND SEEDSMEN.

Ships Yancoo, from the other side, and Loads, from New York, now on their way here, will probably lay up for the winter. Sch. Erie is not badly damaged. Her rudder is gone and her stern post damaged, but outside of these injuries she seems to be all right. She goes on Hilyard's blocks for repairs.

Sch. Alizans, from Halifax for New York, was towed into Vineyard Haven with loss of mainmast, etc., will proceed to destination under her own sail.

Sch. Viola, from St. John for New York, before reported abandoned at Matinecock Point, was hauled off by the Chapman, wrecking to the Huester and taken to City Island on the 2nd.

Sch. Shenandoah, Capt. Gibson, from New York, Dec. 21, for Laguna, put into Bermuda on the 1st inst., with loss of some sails.

Sch. Aurora, Capt. Wagstaff, from French Cross, N. S., while going into Boston harbor on Thursday morning, fog, ran ashore on Governor's Island, where she remained until high water in the afternoon, when she was towed to the wharf, and minor damage to the rigging.

Sch. Kambira, Capt. Brownell, at New York, Jan. 2, from Kobe, reports: Aug. 25, 1894, while going into Boston harbor on Thursday morning, fog, ran ashore on Governor's Island, where she remained until high water in the afternoon, when she was towed to the wharf, and minor damage to the rigging.

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INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, the 1st October, 1894, the trains of this railway will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Train Name, Time. Includes Express for Campbellton, Piquash, Pictou and Halifax, Express for Halifax, Express for Quebec and Montreal, Express for Sussex.

Trains will leave St. John. Express for Campbellton, Piquash, Pictou and Halifax, 7:00 (Monday excepted); Express for Halifax, 7:50; Express for Quebec and Montreal, 15:30; Express for Sussex, 15:40.

Trains will arrive at St. John. Express from Sussex, 8:30; Express from Montreal and Quebec (Monday excepted), 10:20; Express from Moncton (daily), 10:30; Express from Halifax, 15:50; Express from Halifax, Pictou and Campbellton, 15:30; Accommodation from Moncton, 24:00.

The trains of the Intercolonial Railway are heated by steam from the locomotive, and the trains from Halifax and Montreal via Lewis are heated by electricity.

All trains are run by Eastern Standard Time. D. POTTINGER, General Manager. Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., 27th Sept., 1894.

A Standing Offer.

We hereby offer Six Months' Instruction in Text-book and Bookkeeping FREE, equal to the best instruction given by any school using a Text-book in teaching the Science of Accounts, to any person who will accept it after trying our New Patented System of Actual Business from the start for one month, and who should desire at the end of that time to change to Text-books as universally taught.

CURRIE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 188 Union St., St. John, N. B. J. R. CURRIE, Prin. and Prop.

It Always Smokes THE SOMETHING GOOD CIGAR. It is Really Equal to any Imported. Take my Advice and Insist on getting this 10 cent Smoke for 5 CENTS.

SKIN DISEASES. Skin Diseases are more or less occasioned by bad blood. B. B. B. cures the following Skin Diseases: Shingles, Erysipelas, Itching Head, Rash, Scald Head, Eruptions, Pimples, and Blisters, by removing all impurities from the blood, from a common Pimple to the worst Scrofulous Sores.

ACCOUNTS

Year Ended June 30th, 1894.

Minister Courtney to the Hon. Mr. Foster.

The public accounts for the fiscal year ended June 30th, 1894, were today laid before the Hon. Mr. Foster.

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GREAT BRITAIN.

ere Storm and Many Ship wrecks Along the Coast.

Blocked by Snow Drifts and Telegraph Wires Down.

on, Sept. 30.—Severe weather prevailed throughout Great Britain Saturday, a heavy gale being accompanied by hail and snow, rendering navigation along the coast difficult and dangerous.

before half-past three o'clock morning the keeper of the light, the seaward end of the long pier saw a bark come out of the fog, with her lights burning and under close storm canvas.

The accident occurred in the night, but it is surmised that the ordinary high sea lifted her.

James Death, formerly in charge of Ready's brewery at Fairville, and now of Dartmouth, N. S., advertises in the Halifax papers that he has resumed the ancestral name of D' Aeth.

The death is announced of Capt. Sol. Davis, son of the late Zebulon Davis, which took place at his residence at Springfield, Kings county, on Wednesday. He was 55 years of age.

The receipts from city taxes during 1894 were about \$10,000 more than in 1893, and were above the general average.

Str. City of Lincoln, Capt. Steele, sailed on Saturday for Liverpool with a large cargo. She had in 755-3 tons of timber and 678-4 standards of deals.

There has been good sledding for several weeks in the greater part of Restigouche and Gloucester counties.

There is nearly sixteen inches of snow at Andover and fully two feet along the Tobique river.

M. L. Tucker, the Parrsboro lumberman, who is in town, says the cut along the Parrsboro shore this winter will be about the same as last year, viz., 40 millions.

The contract for paving the Carmanthen street Methodist church has been let to Mr. Christie.

Rev. Mr. Fitzpatrick will be inducted into the charge of the Presbyterian church at Kincardine tomorrow evening.

The death is announced at Gagetown of Leverett DeVeber, son of the late Gabriel DeVeber and grandson of the late Sheriff DeVeber.

John Geo. W. Lee and Hayford McFrederick, No. 2 Co. N. B. E. G. A., and Gunner Smith Foster, No. 3 Co. left for Quebec Wednesday evening.

The causes of death reported at the board of health office for the week ending Jan. 5th were: Phthisis pulmonalis, 2; dropsy, 1; phthisis, 1; paralysis, 1; convulsion, 1; consumption, 1; heart failure, 1; dilatation of heart, 1; still born, 1; total, 10.

A public meeting under the auspices of the Queens county L. O. L. will be held at Armstrong's Corner on January 14th, to be addressed by Grand Master Kelly, P. G. M. Armstrong, C. N. Skinner, H. A. McKeown, Geo. R. Vincent and others.

A despatch from Buffalo, New York, reports the death of Capt. Daniel F. Bone, a well known lake navigator.

The remains of the late Mrs. Geo. Baird were taken to Wickham, Q. Co., yesterday for interment. A short service was held at 9 in the morning at the residence (Sidney street) of Geo. F. Baird, M. P., son of the deceased lady. Rev. G. O. Gates was the officiating clergyman.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Laechler celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding on Monday evening. Many friends were present and the occasion was greatly enjoyed.

Two priests for the diocese of St. John were recently ordained at Montreal—Rev. Father Gallagher of Johnville, and Rev. Father Lepante. The former has been sent to Milltown as assistant to Rev. E. Doyle; Father Lepante has become assistant to Rev. J. F. X. Michaud of Buctouche.

CITY NEWS.

The Chief Events of the Week in St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges

When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish it sent.

Remember! The NAME of the Post Office must be sent in all cases to ensure prompt compliance with your request.

The cut of lumber at Black River and vicinity this winter will be larger than for years.

There is some talk of giving up the seminary building at St. Martins for good and building a Hampton.

The death is announced of Mrs. P. E. White, who was the wife of the late Capt. P. E. White, which vessel is now on her way from a U. K. port for Key West.

Rev. W. B. McKell, pastor of the Church of the Good Shepherd, Fairville, was presented by some of his parishioners with a valuable set of furs on Friday evening.

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The receipts at the St. John savings bank during the past six months were \$312,862, and the withdrawals \$283,443. During the week between Christmas and New Year's \$23,706 was deposited and \$7,913 withdrawn. There were no less than 111 depositors.

A very pretty wedding took place on Dec. 31st at the residence of Mrs. C. O. Whelpley, Meridian street, East Boston. Formerly of Kingston, N. B., when Miss Evelyn C. L. Whelpley was married to John Francis Tuttle of South Framingham. The happy couple will reside at South Framingham, Mass.

The lumber cut along the Tobique will be larger this season than ever before. The men went in early and have been yarding until now with no hindrance, and consequently a very large amount of lumber has been cut. They will begin hauling as soon as possible and keep right along until spring.

Albert W. Dodd, now living at Detroit, Michigan, is defendant in a suit for divorce brought by his wife. Mr. Dodd came to St. John after the big fire, and dwelt here with his wife for about four years. He was an insurance adjuster, and while here was a partner with Charles D. Corey. He went from here to Toronto.

The White-Colwell Company (Limited) has been organized with William Wheeler, president; Thos. F. White, manager; Stephen B. Bustin, secretary, and Charles H. Smith, treasurer. The company intends to purchase the business of White, Colwell & Co., and to carry on the same, with head office at the present premises of White, Colwell & Co.

The Baptist ministers met in conference in the Messenger and Visitor office Monday morning. Rev. J. A. Gordon, M. A., presided. Two baptisms were reported. The pastors reported the progress of their work and the plans for the future. The general outlook was considered hopeful. The election of officers took place and Rev. J. A. Gordon was chosen president and Rev. E. E. Daley secretary.

According to the New York papers all that remains apparently of the once great Talmage tabernacle, Brooklyn, is the Sabbath school which meets in the Centennial Baptist church, of which Rev. S. Welton is pastor. This church, it is stated, is as prosperous and is doing as good work as at any time in its history. There is an increased interest in all the services, and the signs are encouraging.

The funeral of the late Mrs. P. E. took place Friday afternoon from the residence of her husband, Capt. Thos. R. P. E. 200 Britain street. Many friends of the deceased lady attended. There was a short service at the house conducted by Rev. Mr. Dally, with Rev. Mr. Dewdney assisting. The interment was at the Rural cemetery. The pall bearers were John Ring, George Emry, Nell Hoyt, W. J. Watson, M. Davidson and James Allison.

The Rev. John de Soyres, rector of St. John's (Stone) church, presented an address on the 2nd, by the members of his congregation. The school room, in which the presentation took place, was filled with the members of St. John's church and with members from other churches in the city, who are friends and admirers of the Rev. Mr. de Soyres. J. F. Robertson was elected to the chair in the absence of Sir Leonard Tilley, who was in Fredericton.

There can be seen on the farm of Thos. A. Colpitts, Pleasant Vale, E. G. Albert county, a hog not quite eighteen months old that measures five feet seven inches in girth and is nine feet six inches long from the point of its nose to the end of its tail, and stands three feet seven inches in height. This hog belongs to the White Chester family and is fat enough for the market, but Mr. Colpitts thinks he will keep him until he is two years old, when he will endeavor to make four barrels of pork out of him.

George Moffat, ex-M. P. for Restigouche, was in town on Wednesday. He purchased from W. S. Loggie probably the best draught horse of his age in the province. The horse is four years old, stands 6 ft. 3 in. high, weighs 1,900, and is jet black; his dam was the Duke of Wellington and his sire Prefere, both government imported horses. Mr. Moffat could not get a box car high enough to ship him, and consequently he had to be driven through by the old Bathurst road. The price paid was something over \$200.—Chatham World.

The following is a copy of an address presented to the Rev. Wm. LeB. McKel at the church of the Good Shepherd, Fairville, on Jan. 4th:— Reverend and Dear Sir—Feeling that this season of "good will toward men" should not pass away wholly unrecognized, we whose names are hereto affixed, take this opportunity of presenting you with this set of furs for a New Year's gift, as a token of our love and respect.

We also wish you many returns of this joyful season, and hope the future will bring you all the full reward of happiness for your piety, perseverance and forbearance in this, your arduous pilgrimage.

Matthew S. Macfarland, M. D., Thomas Russell, John C. Parvillay, Alfred Atkins, Robert H. Armstrong, Frederick Wolf, Alfred Lordly, John Engvall, Robert J. Bartlett, Frederick Engvall, Robert Fair, William A. Quinton, Arthur K. Daunt, George Rayson, John J. Willis.

A sad accident occurred Sunday at Hampton, resulting in the death of little Grace Seely, a child of about seven years. The little one got up on Sunday morning about 8 o'clock and stood before the fire to get warm before dressing. Her night gown caught fire in some way and the little one was considerably burned. The fire is supposed to have penetrated to her lungs. Dr. Warnford was summoned and did all he could for the little sufferer, but his efforts were of no avail. At an early hour in the evening death ended her sufferings. The child is a daughter of the late Edward Seely.

Silver candlesticks were known in Britain as early as A. D. 959.

METHODIST MINISTERS.

A full meeting of the Methodist ministers of the city met in regular session in Centenary church yesterday morning. Notwithstanding the severe storm of yesterday very favorable reports were given by the pastors of the various churches. The time-honored covenant service was observed in most of the churches Sunday evening and participated in by large numbers. An interesting event of the meeting was the tendering of the congratulatory address to the venerable "Father" Daniel. Dr. Daniel made a pleasing and appropriate reply and said among other things that in his great grandfather's house in Cornwall, England, there was a room set apart for Mr. Wesley's use when he visited that part of the country. Mr. Daniel's health and faculties are preserved in a remarkable degree. The friends of Mr. Bryenton have presented him with an elegant fur coat. Rev. What Should go the Church's attitude in the Temperance Cause; Mrs. T. B. Roberts, Social Purity; Herbert Pride, Is it to a Young Yady's Interest to Work in the Temperance Cause. The following officers were installed: George Thomas, Dist. C.; J. W. Taylor, P. D.; Lida Miller, P. C.; D. C. Smith, D. Chap.; Minnie Mercer, D. S.; Ernest Tracey, D. Treas.; Herbert Pride, D. H. The next session of the district council will be held with the Progress council, Oromocto, on Friday, March 23. In the evening a public temperance meeting was held. A programme of music, recitations and speeches was given.

A dwelling house owned by Benjamin Parsons and occupied by Abner Dupless was destroyed by fire this morning. Most of the furniture was saved. No insurance.

A serious fire occurred shortly before midnight on Saturday, the Hastings building on North Market street being gutted and the stocks of some of the occupants badly damaged. The building, which is a low wooden structure, was occupied by John Walsh, H. H. Potts, F. E. Law and Co., and A. D. Wilson. The first three are dealers in fruit and country produce, and Mr. Wilson used his portion of the building as a storeroom. He had 500 or 600 barrels of potatoes. Messrs Law and Walsh had their places well stocked. Mr. Potts had very little stuff on hand. The fire started in Mr. Walsh's store and spread rapidly. The firemen were quickly on hand, and they put out the flames in a short time.

Mr. Walsh's stock was considerably damaged. The goods in the front store were not damaged by fire were almost entirely destroyed. Mr. Potts lost very little. Mr. Wilson will probably be a heavy loser, as the potatoes were wet and will probably be frozen.

Messrs. Law's stock escaped with slight damage, and this was done by the water. Mr. Walsh has \$500 insurance on his stock, but this will not cover his loss. Messrs. Law are insured. Mr. Wilson has \$500 insurance in the Western.

MASONIC INSTALLATION. At a regular communication of St. John's lodge, No. 2, F. & A. M., held Tuesday evening in the Masonic temple, Germain street, the following officers were installed for the ensuing year by Past Grand Master William F. Bunting: Alexander W. Macrae, W. M.; Archibald Baines, P. M.; W. Robertson, S. W.; Dr. J. H. Morrison, Jr., W. R.; Rev. Thos. Marshall, chap.; John D. Short, P. M.; Fred E. Flewelling, sec.; R. Duncan Smith, J. D.; William J. Dean, Jr., D.; Thos. Finlay, Sr., S. J.; James Griffiths, Jr., S. J.; Judson A. Fowler, D. of C.; Ernest Dall, P. M.; organist; Ramsford Wetmore, I. G.; Dingee Scribner, tyler.

The following is the list of officers elected for Zion Lodge, No. 21 F. & A. M. for the ensuing year: C. W. J. Upland, W. M.; C. W. McLean, S. W.; C. W. Stockton, J. W.; E. Fairweather, M. Chaplain; E. Fairweather, T. W.; M. Hueson, S. D.; E. L. Hueson, S. D.; Robt. Morrison, J. D.; C. H. Fairweather (P. M.), J. S.; Geo. Cogan (P. M.), D. of C.; H. Teakles (P. M.), I. G.; Thos. Cogan, Tyler.

For nearly two years there has been more or less trouble at Hampton between a number of the rate-payers, the school trustees and the teacher, M. E. Harrington. This gentleman in some way, it seems, succeeded in gaining the ill-will of a number of the citizens, while at the same time he appears to have possessed the confidence and esteem of a majority of the trustees. A year ago last fall the two who favored Mr. Harrington engaged him for two years. It is stated that the chief superintendent of education was appealed to in this matter and decided that the action of the trustees was correct. Last autumn at the annual election one of the trustees, who espoused the cause of Mr. Harrington, went out and the newly elected one was in favor of hiring a new man as teacher. This was done and yesterday Stephen G. Ritchie took charge of the school. Mr. Harrington claimed that he had been engaged for the coming year and at 9 o'clock appeared at the school and undertook to take charge of the school. Mr. Ritchie's response sent the trustees, two of whom came and finally succeeded in inducing Mr. Harrington to withdraw gracefully to save being ejected.

The first gas company in London was incorporated in 1810.

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Poultry. The Best on Earth.

GRANGER CONDITION POWDER

A HAMPTON BOY

Killed on a Grade Crossing at West Somerville, Mass. (Boston Post, Dec. 22.) Christmas will bring little boy to one family in West Somerville. For weeks the Brown family, residing at 73 Holland street, has been anticipating with pleasure the reunion of their some-what scattered relatives. None have been more anxious than little Arthur Brown, who yesterday afternoon at about 5 o'clock started from his home to make a small purchase in Davis square. Completing his errand, he started for home, crossing the Boston & Maine railroad, waiting for an inward bound freight to pass. As the caboose whirled by, young Brown, anxious to get home, ran across the track, arriving at the crossing about thirty feet from the freight car. He was in charge of Conductor Freeborn. Perceiving the train he attempted to turn back, stumbled, and was caught by the cowcatcher and thrown about fifty feet.

The train was stopped and several persons helped to pick up the motionless body and carried it into the West Somerville station, a few yards away. Dr. Bryant and Medical Examiner Durrell were notified. Bryant arrived in a few minutes, but the boy already fled. The only perceptible injuries were two deep scalp wounds.

Young Brown, although a recent comer to West Somerville, was generally known in the vicinity, being a bright, winsome fellow, about 12 years old. He was a student in the Highland Grammar school, and came from Hampton, N. B., in October, intending to remain through the school year only.

A visit to the remaining members of the family revealed a widowed mother, three brothers and a sister. A peculiar coincidence in the matter is that the father of young Brown was killed upon the railroad about two years ago.

The grade crossing upon which the accident occurred is dangerous, and has furnished discussion in West Somerville for years. A petition, presented by the West Somerville Trades association, is now being circulated, which will, if complied with, obviate the danger to a large degree. One man, with two sets of gates to attend to, each guarding two main thoroughfares, which converge in a busy square, and that man seriously handicapped in his view of the crossing, is hardly able to properly attend the gates.

SEVERE MIDNIGHT FIRE.

A serious fire occurred shortly before midnight on Saturday, the Hastings building on North Market street being gutted and the stocks of some of the occupants badly damaged.

Mr. Walsh's stock was considerably damaged. The goods in the front store were not damaged by fire were almost entirely destroyed.

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For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Poultry. The Best on Earth.

GRANGER CONDITION POWDER

OAK HALL, KING ST., CORNER GERMAIN.

We don't want to sell you anything you don't want and for that reason we say, "send back what you don't like and get your money." Those Overcoats for Boys marked down to one-third the original price can be returned if they don't suit.

SCOVIL, FRASER & CO., St. John.

GLADSTONE TALKS.

He Receives the Resolutions of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, and Gives Some Advice to the Irish Party as to the Future.

London, Jan. 7.—The resolutions of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick of New York, which were adopted on March 17th last, St. Patrick's day, were presented to Mr. Gladstone at seven o'clock this evening by T. P. O'Connor, member of parliament for the Southern division of Liverpool, by special appointment, at Whitehall Court, when the resolutions were read, and Mr. Gladstone expressed the greatest gratification.

Mr. O'Connor, in an interview after the presentation, said that he conversed with the speaker for an hour and found him to be looking extremely well and having a much better color than formerly. He showed the greatest interest in the society and the resolutions, and he said that he never had so much pleasure in reading the resolutions as he had now.

Mr. Gladstone wishes emphatically and distinctly to state two things: First, that his Irish nationality is a matter of fact, and secondly, he regarded that the chances of Ireland obtaining her rights would never be so bright as they are until all nationalists were united.

Coming, Mr. Gladstone told Mr. O'Connor that every Irish nationalist ought to understand that discord must mean the adhesion of the Irish people to the cause of the British Empire, and therefore every nationalist should bring about the re-union of the Irish nationalists by the most effective means possible, and he would assume a terrible responsibility.

The resolutions referred to in the foregoing despatch were those of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, which took place at the 10th anniversary dinner of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, which took place at the Delmonico's in New York by the presence of Mr. Gladstone on the 17th of March, 1884, and expressed the regret that the re-union of the Irish people was not achieved, and the hope that the great English commoner.

London, Jan. 8.—In a leader this morning it is stated that Mr. Gladstone's visit to the United States is a matter of fact, and that he is expected to arrive in New York on the 15th inst. It is believed that the report is based on the fact that the postmaster general, Arnold Morley, and the president of the local government board, Shaw Lefebvre, both of whom are cabinet ministers, have been summoned from Monte Carlo, where they had just arrived, in order to attend a cabinet council, which is to be held here on Thursday next.

The Press Association is informed officially that there is no foundation whatever for the report that Sir Wm. Harcourt has resigned, or that a dissolution of parliament is imminent. It is believed however, that this report is based on the fact that the postmaster general, Arnold Morley, and the president of the local government board, Shaw Lefebvre, both of whom are cabinet ministers, have been summoned from Monte Carlo, where they had just arrived, in order to attend a cabinet council, which is to be held here on Thursday next.

HALIFAX FIRE.

Felix Quinn's Stable Destroyed and Three Horses Burned (Special to the Sun.)

Halifax, Jan. 8.—An alarm of fire was sent in at 3 o'clock this morning for a blaze on Lockman street near Cunard's coal shed. The fire was in the stable owned by Felix Quinn.

When discovered three horses had been burned to death. Twenty minutes later a second alarm was rung in and the fire was spreading.

MARTIN ELECTED

In Place of Mr. Theriault in Madawaska County.

Edmundston, Jan. 7.—The election to fill the vacancy in Madawaska in the resignation of Levite Theriault, came off today. There were only two candidates in the field, Martin and Nadeau, the former being elected by two hundred and forty-seven majority. Both supported the government.

OF PERSONAL INTEREST.

Robert Smith and Auditor Whitney of the Dominion Express company, Montreal, who brought over a quarter of a million of money to Halifax for shipment to Newfoundland, passed through the city Saturday en route to Montreal. Both are gentlemen of the highest standing in their company.

James Kent, C. P. R. telegraph company superintendent at Montreal, and Frank J. Richardson, assistant electrician, the company were in the city on Saturday en route home from Halifax.

David Wilson, superintendent of education of British Columbia, is in town. Mr. Wilson is a Richibucto man who was at one time teacher of the Lancaster school. He has been visiting friends at Richibucto and will visit some of the schools here before going west again.

A. M. Marshall, a Pictou man, who now carries on a large agricultural implement business at Grand Forks, North Dakota, is at the Victoria. He is going to Pictou to visit friends.

Do You Know

Fredericton is the best place in New Brunswick to buy HARRISON'S, and for variety, style, excellence of quality and low prices JAMES G. McNALLY is second to none.

A sharp business man came one hundred miles, made his purchase, and said: "I had looked all around, but your styles are better and your prices much lower than any I have seen. I am well satisfied and glad to come."

We keep Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Window Shades, Room Paper, Crockery, Table Cutlery, Silverware, Lamps, Clocks, and Fancy Goods. Almost everything for Housekeeping. Write for prices.

JAMES G. McNALLY, FREDERICTON, N. B.

FLOUR! AND MIDDINGS.

Just Received:—1 Carload of Feed Flour and Middings, in Bags. For Sale at Current Rates

W. F. HARRISON & CO., Smythe Street.

HE HAS NOT RESIGNED

It is Officially Announced that Sir William Harcourt Has Not Resigned.

London, Jan. 7.—The Pall Mall Gazette publishes a rumor to the effect that Sir William Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, and liberal leader in the house of commons, has resigned, and that a dissolution of parliament is imminent. It is believed however, that this report is based on the fact that the postmaster general, Arnold Morley, and the president of the local government board, Shaw Lefebvre, both of whom are cabinet ministers, have been summoned from Monte Carlo, where they had just arrived, in order to attend a cabinet council, which is to be held here on Thursday next.

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THE MARKETS.

Revised Every Monday for the Weekly Sun.

COUNTRY MARKET.

Table listing various commodities such as Beef, Pork, Butter, Eggs, and their respective prices.

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GRAIN, SEEDS, HAY, ETC.

Table listing grain and seed prices.

Table listing hay and other agricultural products.

Table listing various types of lumber.

Table listing various types of oils.

Table listing various types of coals.

Table listing various types of iron and nails.

Table listing various types of fish.

Table listing various types of groceries.

Table listing various types of flour and meal.

Table listing various types of fruits.

SHIP NEWS.

For Week Ending January 8.

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived. Dec 31-Str Fishing, 126, Ingersoll, from Grand Manan via Eastport, Merritt Bros & Co. mds and pass.

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THE DEPARTMENT STORE.

The merry wheel of Christmas has terminated the year 1894.

We will now have to put away our holiday way and settle down to solid business.

Here are a few things we have and don't want. Perhaps they are the things you want and don't have:

1 Comfortable \$2.00, for 1.80

1 " " 1.50, " 1.35

1 " " 1.25, " 1.10

1 " " 1.15, " 1.00

1 pr. Grey Blankets \$2.25, for \$2.00

1 " " 1.95, " 1.75

1 " " 1.75, " 1.55

16 PAGES. VOL. 18.

OYEZ!

That's what thing is going to be tomorrow.

GREY

In most of all-wool can detect in them.

Write for

DOWLING

INSUBORDINATE AND P

Caused a Congregation missed Without Sunday Eve

Some Statements About in the Church of Shepherd, Fa

The Members of the Church and the Rector of the

Has a Say.

(From The Daily Sun

There is trouble in the Good Shepherd, Sunday night the assembled as usual, but

held. The priest in charge, according to Mr. McKel, dismissed the

of two members of the congregation. The affair is the talk

and as there were so many stories afloat, the Sunday

their statements appeared in the paper. Years ago the parish

cluded what is now the parish church of the parish. There

at Ease (in connection with the church, the

MANHATTAN road, at Fairview, but service held there for years, remains of the once a pile of ruins.

CRAIG W. NICHOLS, 19 Charlotte Street.

STANDARD PATTERN AGENCY.

gent, Bona Vista Bay, at midnight Friday. The crew with much difficulty launched the

small boats and left the wreck. They rowed about all night. At dawn they sighted the

bearings and reached Bona Vista Saturday afternoon. They arrived here today with

nothing but the clothes they stood in, having lost their effects. The accident was

caused by the fact that the main compass, due to the iron in her cargo. Her

crew numbered 28 men.

At 10 o'clock, Dec 31-Incoming vessels bring additional reports of the severe

weather. The schooner "Bell O'Neil," Capt. Dunton, from St. John, N.B., on Dec 31,

among those arriving which met with considerable damage. The former, from Pen-

taquilla Cove, Mass., Dec 31-Incoming vessels bring additional reports of the severe

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At Pascoagua, Dec 29, bark Sunny South, Spurr, for Sabine Pass.

At Wilmington, Dec 29, brig Isabella Ballou, for Glasgow via Halifax; Edna E. Egan, for St. John; s/s A. P. Fowles, McKel, for

At Boston, Jan 3, sch Wascano, Balser, for Hillsboro; Dec 31, sch Glenatton, Baillie, for Bombay.

At Portland, Jan 2, sch Emery, for St. John; Dec 31, sch Emery, for St. John; Dec 31, sch Emery, for St. John;

At New York, Jan 2, sch Savona, for Sydney NSW.

At Pemascola, Jan 2, bark Douglas, McDonald, for Lisbon.

At New York, Jan 4, sch Sower, McKel, for Boston; Dec 31, sch Sower, McKel, for Boston; Dec 31, sch Sower, McKel, for Boston;

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