

GREATER HAMILTON'S MOST RELIABLE NEWSPAPER

PROCESSION OF SUFFRAGETTES

Ten Thousand Women Marched in London To-day.

Many Notable Ladies Take Part in Demonstration.

Ferrible As An Army With Eight-Hundred Banners.

London, June 13.—The Suffragettes to-day will hold the most impressive demonstration they have yet attempted, when 10,000 women from every part of the British Isles and from the colonies, the U. S. and several of the European countries, will march from the Thames embankment to Albert Hall, where they will hold a meeting.

Features of the procession will be eight hundred banners, symbolic of woman's sphere, and women famous in the world's history.

Millicent Garrett Fawcett, LL. D., widow of the right honorable Henry Fawcett, was to have led the procession, but as a compliment to her American co-workers, she has resigned the place of honor to two delegates from the U. S., Dr. Anna Shaw, and Miss Lucy J. Anthony.

Dr. Fawcett, Lady Frances Balfour, Sarah Grand, Beatrice Harrington and Elizabeth Robins will march in the procession.

OBITUARY

Death of Simon Springstead—Young Lady's Death.

Simon Springstead died early this morning at his late residence, Francis street, after an illness of several years, aged 70 years. Deceased was born in Lapleytown of a U. E. Loyalist family, and came to this city when a young man and resided here from then on, with the exception of 14 years in Lynden. He was a member of Simcoe Street Methodist Church and was a staunch Liberal. He is survived by a widow, two sons, E. L. and E. R. Springstead, of this city; three brothers, Jacob, of Hamilton; John, of Clairmont, Minn., and Hanson, of Idaho, and four sisters, Mrs. Amos Platt, Mrs. Henry Williams, Brantford; Mrs. R. Coombs and Mrs. James, of Hamilton. The funeral will be held on Monday at 3 o'clock, from his late residence to Hamilton Cemetery.

The funeral of Mrs. Mary Shaw took place this morning at 11 o'clock from the Boys' Home to the T. H. & B. Station, thence to Toronto for interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Rev. E. J. Etherington officiated. The pallbearers were A. C. Turnbull, R. Fearman, W. Fearman, Stuart McPhie, George Thompson and W. A. Stewart.

Miss Annie Read, youngest daughter of the late George Hughes, passed away yesterday at the family residence, 308 John street north, in her 17th year. Deceased was born in Hamilton on the 11th of March, 1891, and had lived here all her life. She was a popular young lady and her early demise will be sincerely regretted by a wide circle of friends. The funeral will take place on Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at St. Luke's Church, thence to Hamilton Cemetery.

The funeral of the late George Hughes took place this afternoon from 13 George street, at 3:30, Rev. Richard Whiting officiating. The pallbearers were Messrs. R. Stratton, J. Ricknell, James Lewis, Edward Curry, W. Hughson and W. Sherry.

CHOSEN FRIENDS.

Large Party and Many Visitors on the Modjeska.

A very successful outing of Hamilton Council, No. 118, of the Canadian Order of Chosen Friends, was held last evening on the popular steamer Modjeska. About 600, accompanied by a railway excursion party from Georgetown, Milton and intermediate stations, together with the Milton Band, which exhibited very excellent music, were on the boat. They had a very pleasant sail on the lake and returned home delighted with the trip and with the very excellent service rendered by the Hamilton Steamboat Co., under the able management of Mr. Peary, who accompanied the excursion. A great deal of credit is due to the committee for their efforts to make the excursion a success.

DEFENDANTS WON

In White vs. Bessey—An Evening Session Held.

Judge Monk presided over the General Sessions of the Peace this morning and took up the action of the Pure Milk Corporation vs. Hamilton Street Railway, for damages for the loss of a wagon by reason of a car striking it and putting it out of business. The case was still on at press time. Mr. George Lynch-Staunton, K. C., for the plaintiff, and M. J. O'Reilly, K. C., for the defendant.

Yesterday afternoon the jury in the action of the White Company vs. Weber Bessey brought in a verdict for the defendant, dismissing the action. There was an evening session yesterday, when the non-jury action of Thomas White vs. Peter Bayne was fought out. It was a fine fence dispute, between 141 and 143 Hess street north. The strip of land in question is about a foot and a half in width. Judge Snider reserved judgment.



CALEB POWERS.

Frankfort, Ky., June 13.—Caleb Powers and Jim Howard, who were convicted of complicity in the assassination of Senator William Goebel, were pardoned by Governor Willson to-day. Powers was tried four times, the last trial resulting in a disagreement.

Night Riders Shot

Ripley, Ohio, June 13.—It has developed that two night riders were shot in a conflict with the troops at Hiett on Wednesday night. One was wounded in the lungs and the other in the leg. Officers are now trying to find two wounded men, one of whom is reported to have died. Farmer Martin, who went to the aid of the soldiers during the fight, found a note on his barn door saying: "You got two of us, but we are coming back to get you and five others."

Newton Mann and Wm. Frost were arrested to-night, charged with shooting up the home of Walter Hooks on May 30.

BROTHERS MEET

After Having Not Seen Each Other For 33 Years.

Chicago, Ill., June 13.—The American Medical Association's Convention in Chicago was the means of bringing together two brothers who had not seen each other for over thirty years. Theophilus Smith, hotel proprietor, at 1212 Michigan avenue, is the local brother. The other is Dr. Henry Smith, of Norfolk, Va. They were reared on a farm near Hamilton, Canada, and two other brothers are living on the old homestead now. Both Theophilus and Dr. Henry have visited Hamilton frequently since they left their birthplace, but they have never happened to get there at the same time. When the doctor arrived for the convention he dropped in on his brother.

THE TERCENTENARY.

Designer Lascelles Before the Toronto Press Club.

Toronto, June 13.—Mr. Frank Lascelles, of Oxford, England, the designer and manager of the pageants at the coming Quebec tercentenary, was the guest of the Toronto Press Club, and addressed a large gathering of press representatives, their wives and daughters, on the wonders of the greatest event from a spectacular point of view, the world has ever seen. Next month, he said, there would be wonderful days. Hundreds of thousands of people from every corner of the earth would tread lightly over the ground where brave deeds gave the nation a birth.

If this pageant had been merely a theatrical enterprise or something that was to be spectacular in its character, he would not have left England, he said, but the scope afforded in the scene was so impressive that it was a standpoint of history, writing, as it did, the best work of the best historians, painters, musicians, artists and all those who took part, that it would be talked of as a spectacular production by millions yet unborn. Lascelles gave a good picture of what is to be produced. As nearly as possible, with the aid of the best that the world is able to afford in the way of record and costume, the important events will be enacted as they actually took place. Arrangements have been made for the entertainment of 40,000 guests at a time, and the tented city that is being put up for the purpose next month will accommodate 6,000 or 7,000 more.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Over a Hundred Dollars Offered For a Seat.

Great Number of Candidates For the Vice-Presidency.

British and French Ambassadors to be Invited Guests.

Chicago, June 13.—One seat in the Coliseum—\$125. This is the latest market quotation for convention seats. Such a rush for admission tickets was never before witnessed at a Republican convention, according to the officials, and with the demand for seats there has come a high market price.

"I never knew such an avalanche of applications for seats," said chairman Harry S. New, chairman of the National Committee, last night. "I have heard of numerous offers of money for tickets being made to holders. The highest price that has been offered as far as I know is \$125. Some people are so anxious to get into the convention that they are offering any price within reason; \$50 and \$75 offers are, so I am informed, comparatively common."

The \$125 offer came from a Board of Trade man, who wants two tickets. He offers \$250 for the tickets, but he could not find any one who would sell.

Republican delegations arriving to-day from several of the most important States, accompanied by bands and bearing flags and "favorite son" banners are giving to Chicago the picturesque touches of color and noisy enthusiasm that are so essential a part of every national political gathering.

Nearly all of the State delegations are expected to hold caucuses on Monday. To-morrow will be heavy with arrivals, and Monday is expected to see the greatest influx of delegates and visitors. The convention will be called to order by National Chairman Harry S. New at noon on Tuesday.

The vice-presidential situation had early to-day given no hint of clearing up, and is occupying the attention of all the convention delegates and followers who are here. The proposal to throw the prize into the open arena of the convention to be fought for and won by the strongest bidders, is gaining currency. It certainly would add immensely to the interest in the proceedings of the convention, and give the individual delegates an appreciated part in making the selection. There are so many candidates mentioned in connection with the office of vice-president that a popular open vote seems to offer a most satisfactory solution of the problem.

Tempting List.

Home-grown strawberries, watermelons, cherries, Grimshy and Southern tomatoes, pineapples, asparagus, new cabbage, new potatoes, red bananas, new beets, butter beans, cucumbers, Bermuda onions, watercress, fresh cut mushrooms, lettuce, spinach, green onions, horse radish, Spic apples, Kincardine beans, hams—Bain & Adams, 89-91 King street east.

THE MAN IN OVERALLS

If you have no place else to go to to-morrow, go up and help open the new Central Church. Selah!

Those lawn sprinklers that work overtime do more harm than good. Grass shouldn't be drowned, nor cellars made damp.

The Ross rifle has jumped into popular favor with the shooters while the politicians have been busy trying to find holes in it. Bull's eyes are now in order.

It won't hurt you to get up half an hour earlier some market day and go round and see the market.

The lake level is so high just now that there is no excuse for people going thirsty.

As a political issue, Mr. New's gravel pit was not altogether a success. It was more of a pitfall than anything else.

The people having endorsed the three-fifths clause, Mr. Whitney might go one better and make it four-fifths. Who would kick?

The Tories have thought better of it and will now allow the Government to pay their employees. You know they were to force Laurier to go to the country and all that sort of thing.

Dr. Carr got a couple of bumps at the School Board the other night. Yet the doctor can't be said to be too bumptious.

If you don't know how to manage a boat don't go into one. If you can't swim keep out of the water.

It is Mr. Van Allen's wish that the Beach people keep good hours. He thinks they should all be home by 10 o'clock, unless they have a special permit from himself or his side partner, Mr. Morde.

When the Mayor goes playing ball he generally gets something to hawl about.

You will notice that nobody is getting killed running up against old John's monument now. That blasphemous correspondent should now apologize.

If you want a clean, bright, honest, reliable newspaper get the Times. No fat chimes to worry you and your family.

Yes, I have no doubt Mr. Hendrie's election can be upset. We'll see about it later.

The financial stringency must have affected the Saturday night bottle brigade. Nothing doing, comparatively speaking.

Don't forget that it is Whitney who is filling up this Province with immigrants. The other kind go to the Northwest, where they are wanted.

The genius who proposed a recount in East Hamilton apparently did not know what was good for him.

I am told that there is no dearth of money down at the racetrack. Easy money, too, for the bookies, who still put up at the best hotels and fare sumptuously every day.

Although nobody is trying to make defeat disagreeable to Mr. Scott, the Spectator is making it a point to make a mean job at Mr. McClelland whenever it sees an opening.

Whitney has got rope enough to hang himself.

It's to be hoped that Chub Collins will keep out of the next fight.

INFLUENCE

It was either two or three Sundays ago that our minister preached a sermon on the above theme. A very good sermon it was, too, and I have thought since that a sermonette on that subject would not hurt anybody. In anything I have got to say I like to come to close quarters. A minute's conversation on influence may get the taste of the elections out of your mouth, especially if you were on the losing side. Perhaps you say, "Oh, I have no influence." That's where you are wrong. You have influence. I don't care who you are, where you are, or what you do, you have influence either good or bad, and consciously or unconsciously, that influence is working twenty-four hours every day, hurting or helping others. If you are a married man with a family you cannot make a move or say a word scarcely when at home that that little shaver of a boy or slip of a girl does not notice or that does not affect or influence them. They look up to you. And, until they know better, take you as their model and pattern, and so closely do they follow the original sometimes that the one is merely a pocket edition of the other. In the circumstance, don't you think it your duty to do your best to make these little people's model as perfect as possible? If you are not a man of your word, if your language is coarse, and your conduct grumpy and peevish, need you be surprised if your offspring grow up with those traits of character? You do not need to neglect your family; to influence your family adversely, although you could not adopt a better plan than that to produce such a result, but the mere neglect of the common civilities of life, a carping disposition, or a thoughtless selfishness will sometimes spoil an otherwise lovable character, and turn sunshine and genial warmth into blighting frost or blackened clouds. A frown will chill the heart while a smile will bring warmth and gladness.

COUNCIL FOR WEDNESDAY.

Street Railway By-law Not Ready by Monday.

Cost of Widening Streets a Sticking Point.

Power Question Will be Ready For Wednesday.

City Solicitor Waddell to-day emphatically denied that he was responsible for the delay in settling the Street Railway question and declared that as soon as the committee and the company's officials can agree on the terms he will do his part of the work in less than a day and have the contract ready for the council to deal with. Prospects, however, are that the progress will be slow as there are several details on which neither side cares to yield. Yesterday afternoon Aldermen Sweeney, McLaren and Allan, the sub-committee, and Secretary Brennan, of the Board of Works, met President Gibson and General Manager Hawkins to go over the agreement. One of the points discussed was the widening of streets where extensions are to be made. The city has in view a line over Bold street and south on Queen. This and other streets would have to be widened, especially where there is a five foot strip. The company did not think it should have to pay any of the cost. The aldermen could not see it in that light. It is probable a compromise will be effected by the city agreeing to pay half. If the deal goes through, the old Radial line on Wilson street will be turned over to the Street Railway and the Deering traffic handled over that line by way of Sanford avenue, relieving the crush on Barton street. There is another hitch over the Ferris street extension, the company wanting to stop at the Wellington street bridge, while the aldermen insist on the line being (Continued on page 7.)

ITALIANS AND SHOW GIRLS.

Two Sunny Sons of Italy Crept Into Coles' Circus Tent.

The Girls Screamed and Negro Circus Man to the Rescue.

Knives, Fists and Tent Stakes Figured in Fight That Followed.

(Special Despatch to the Times.)

Geoph, Ont., June 13.—Two Italians from St. Patrick's ward in trying to gain an entrance to one of the small tents of the Cole Bros' circus, which was here on Thursday night, started a row that happily was not attended with fatal results, but which for a time looked very interesting. Knives were drawn and one stage of the exciting little entertainment indications pointed to a general melee. It was a dressing room that the Italians tried to enter, but their attentions were not appreciated by the show girls within, whose cries for help soon surrounded the inquisitive Italians with a crowd of faithful darkies, who were ready to get into any trouble that was going.

The Italian and negro duels did not go very well together, and finally one big colored circus hand, by way of giving emphasis to his arguments, landed a heavy fist on one of the Italian's noses. The latter wasted no time drawing what seemed to be a full grown butcher knife. Two darkies overpowered the armed Italian, and another administered a tent stake to his friend, so that the two unfortunate ones of Italy shuffled off the grounds, sadder and wiser men. One of the darkies, in trying to wrench the knife from the hand of the Italian, sustained a nasty gash in the wrist, but seemed content to take the law in his own hands and get satisfaction through the use of a tent stake.

CASE OF ABDUCTION

St. Catharines Man Committed For Trial on Charge.

(Special Despatch to the Times.)

St. Catharines, June 12.—John Bradt, a well-known resident of this city, who lives with his wife and family on Wall street, was arraigned before Justice Magistrate Comfort this morning, charged with attempting to abduct a girl under 16 years of age. He elected to be tried by the next court of competent jurisdiction. According to the evidence taken by the Magistrate, the alleged offence was committed on the night of the election, when it is claimed that Turkey Clench, of the county jail, and others, saw Bradt with the girl on a dark part of Gerrard street. The girl called to Clench for help, but refused to give her name or residence. Clench called out a resident on that street, who took the girl to Church street, whence she went home.

The girl was called, and stated that the man said he wanted to give her some advice, and then caught her by the wrist and dragged her along the street and threatened her. Bradt was committed for trial. He was released on \$1,500 bail.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

To rent at \$4 a year and upwards, for the storing of deeds, bonds, stocks, wills, silver and other valuables. TRADERS BANK OF CANADA.

A Big Revival

New York, June 13.—The biggest revival in New York City since the death of D. L. Moody has been planned under the leadership of Rev. Dr. David C. Hughes, father of the Governor. Meetings will be held from June 14 to Sept. 20 in a new tent, with a seating capacity of 3,000, at 57th street and Broadway.

The best known evangelists in the world, including Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman, Dr. Breckenridge, the Scotch evangelist, and Rev. James Gray, of Chicago, have been brought here to concentrate their efforts to reform this city.

PEACEFUL END OF GOOD LIFE.

MR. HARRY GAYFER PASSED AWAY THIS MORNING.

Appraiser of Customs for Years, and a Lifelong Methodist and Official of First Church.

Mr. Harry Gayfer, appraiser of Customs in His Majesty's service, died in the city hospital at 2 o'clock this morning, to which institution he was taken last Tuesday in the hope that an operation might save his life. After making the incision the surgeons found their worst fears realized, and the patient in such a condition that the end was only a matter of a short time. From that time he sank gradually, realizing fully that the time of his departure was at hand, but maintained a cheerful spirit to the last.

Mr. Gayfer was a native of Southwold, Suffolk, England, and was in his 70th year. He came to Canada when only about 10 years of age, and lived in Woodstock a few years, coming to Hamilton over half a century ago, and residing here ever since. When a young man he entered the dry goods business, and by industry and intelligent application soon became one of the indispensable men in the firm of A. Murray & Co., one of the leading retail stores in that line in the Province. His progress continued until he became manager of that large concern. Soon after the return of the Liberal Government to power in the Dominion in 1896 he was appointed to the position which he has ever since held, with honor to Government which appointed him and credit to himself. He had been a member of First Methodist Church for many years, and an active worker having been pew steward up to a few years ago, and a steward and member of the Quarterly Official Board up to the time of his death. Personally he was a man of fine characteristics—a warm, kind heart, cheerful disposition, broad minded and generous—and to know Harry Gayfer was to admire and respect him.

He married a daughter of the late Mr. Wm. McDonald, of this city, who with a family of five, survive. His sons are Messrs. Fred W. Harry and Walter H., of this city, and Arthur, Toronto, and Mrs. Sanderson (Alma Gayfer) is the only daughter. The funeral will take place on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the family residence, 119 Wellington street south.

THE GUILLOTINE.

Many Crimes in France Lead People to Ask For Its Retention.

Paris, June 13.—Owing to the increasing number of violent and horrible crimes in France and the action of many juries throughout the country in passing resolutions in favor of the retention of the death penalty, Parliament has decided to postpone consideration of the proposal to abolish the death penalty. This question is inscribed upon the Government programme. Although never legally abolished, the use of the guillotine has been virtually suppressed for several years past, Parliament having refused every year to make any appropriation for the payment of executioners, and the President of the republic regularly commuting death sentences to life imprisonment.

SAW BALLOON

Passed Over the Island of Flores on June 6th.

Horta, Azores, June 13.—A letter has just been received here from the Island of Flores, which declares that a balloon, evidently under human control, passed over that island on June 6th in the morning, travelling from east to west. The balloon rose to pass over the island and then came down to its previous level as soon as it was clear of the western shore. The passage of the airship created much excitement among the people of Santa Cruz and Terenas, but it was impossible to note other details than those given above.

The Island of Flores is one of the northwest group of the Azores. It is about 800 miles due west of Lisbon, Portugal. The only communication between Flores and Horta is by steamer or sailing ship.

Genuine G. B. D. Pipes.

This pipe has stood the test of years, and still retains its popularity. G. B. D. special pipes, in cases, with block amber mouthpieces, are sold at peaces' cigar store, 107 King street east.

COMING HOME.

London, June 13.—J. Pierpont Morgan, after a long holiday in Europe, left here this morning on his way back to New York. He will sail from Liverpool on the Steamer Mauretania to-day.

SUMMON THE GOLF PLAYERS

For Employing Caddies Under Fourteen Years of Age.

Magistrate's Little Joke With Arthur Messenger.

Frying Pan Poor Messenger to Send After Wife.

Arthur H. Messenger, 67 Park street south, is a "great big brute," a "common drunkard," a wife beater and a son beater, but outside of that he is all right, if what was said of him at Police Court this morning is true. Last evening the police were called to his house by Mrs. Messenger, who had him arrested for assaulting her. Constable Barrett put him into the patrol, and locked him in the cells, and this morning he pleaded not guilty. The story of the domestic troubles of Messenger's household, as unfolded at the Police Court this morning, were a source of entertainment for the back benches. Mrs. Messenger said that for the past two weeks she has had nothing but trouble with her hubby. She is a small woman, and while her hubby is little taller, he weighs about 200 net. Mrs. Messenger said that the trouble came to a head last night, when her husband forcibly ejected her from the house, and while she was going threw a frying pan at her. It missed her by a few inches, and broke to pieces when it struck the wall.

Mrs. Stokes, a neighbor, said that two weeks ago Messenger threw his son into the street, and would not take him back. She took the boy in and got him a job, and he has been at her place ever since. She said she thought his drinking caused the trouble. Another neighbor said "he is a brute. That's what 'e is."

Messenger said he wanted to tell his story. He is the man who goes from door to door reciting a funny little piece of poetry for the children he meets, and selling to all who will buy a double necker steamer and cooking machine, triple plate with a patent bottom; guaranteed to cook anything in a shorter space of time than any other cooking device. He started off by telling the Magistrate that the episode of the frying pan was all a mistake. "She's a good little woman mostly," said Arthur, with a furtive glance at his wife for pity—but she got none—she again faced the Magistrate. "I didn't throw the pan at her," he continued. "She started out the door, and as I didn't want her to get out, I threw the pan at the door to close it and keep her in."

The Magistrate dropped at Messenger his chair back and looked at Messenger in admiration. "That was a fine messenger to send to your wife," he managed to articulate.

"It was me birthday," said Messenger in extenuation of his offence, "and I got a little bit drunk." "I guess you were the only one that was pleased you were born," said the Magistrate. "Well, look here, that son of mine is the cause of all the trouble. He came up to me in my own house and put his fist under my nose and said he would lick me yet," said the worthy peddler. The son who was going to "lick" his father, sat in the witness stand, and looked at his father in admiration. "That was a fine messenger to send to your wife," he managed to articulate.

Messenger to find serious to keep the peace. Messenger stopped and spoke to his wife on his way back to the dock, but he got the stoney stare, and walked sadly over the Bridge of Sighs.

There is apt to be some fun when some of the golf enthusiasts of this city and others gathered here for the tournament are charged with employing boys under 14 years of age for caddying. The excuse Mrs. Ed. Phillips put up when she was asked why her son did not go to school, was that he was a caddy at the golf course. "Summon the players," said the Magistrate, but he also imposed a fine of \$5 on the defendant.

Arthur Dale said that the reason his son did not attend school was that he was playing all the time with another boy who did not go to school, and who should be looked after by Mr. Hunter. The Magistrate gave him a chance to look after his own son or pay a heavy fine.

James Henderson, Toronto, has been on the "rock" for five long years. He is up here for the race, and yesterday he met his Waterloo. He has enough left for a spree, and slid ungracefully off the famous old rock. He was charged \$2 fees for his slide.

Henry W. Ayling, Woodburn, was charged with vagrancy because he was caught sleeping in an alley by Constable Pettit. He was allowed to go on condition that he gets out for pasture. Frank Johnston, charged with being drunk a few days ago, and held till he was examined as to his sanity, was allowed to go, as he is sane and sober now.

Charles Bradford, MacNab street north, got tight last night, but as it was his first setting, he was allowed to go at sunrise.

For Quenching the Thirst.

Batger's lime juice cordial, in 25 and 35 cent bottles, West India Time Juice in 15 and 25 cent bottles. English Fruit salts 40c a pound. Sherbet and citrate of magnesia 30 cents a pound. Lemonade powder, 15 cent packages, very handy and delicious. Parke & Parke, druggists.

Turbina Spl.—Every Day in June.

The Turbine Steamship Company will reduce the price of strip book tickets to \$2 for June only. Those purchased in June will be good for passage during the season. Be wise and purchase now.

NOT GUILTY.

Harrisburg, June 13.—The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty, in the capitol conspiracy case.

MARGUERITE'S SECRET

CHAPTER VI. Neatly muffled between the deeply suppressed, contracting passions of wounded love, outraged pride, gloomy jealousy, fierce anger, and burning desire of revenge, Philip steeled a impetuous spirit...

boat, and letting it drift until it had spent the violence of the impetus, he took up the oar, turned its head, and roved swiftly toward the island. Posing the skiff upon the sand, he got out and fastened it, and then went to lift Marguerite, who, on being raised, signed and opened her eyes, and said, a little wildly and incoherently: "You will never be troubled by any more letters, Philip."

AT R. MCKAY & CO'S, MONDAY, JUNE 15, 1908. HAMILTON'S MOST PROGRESSIVE STORE. Underpricing Warm Weather Needs

Women's Outer Apparel. Several Hundred Dresses and Suits at Exceptionally Low Prices. \$22.50 Silk Dresses at \$16.50

Odds and Ends Sale of Embroideries. 3c Yard. Some 2,000 yards of Cambrie Embroidery Edgings, Beadings and Insertions...

Special Sale of Fancy Dress Silks 59c. Regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 Values. On Monday we will offer about forty French Dress Lengths...

Special Values for Monday. Cream Damasks. Cotton Special. Odd Napkins 10c. Bleached Sheetings 22c. Toweling 9c. Indigo Duck 12 1/2c.

White Wear Bargains for Monday. Ladies' Drawers 25c. Corset Covers 25c. Special Snap in Homefurnishings. \$2.00 Lace Curtains \$1.45 Pair.

Special Monday Prices in Carpet Dept. Brussels Squares \$19.50. Moravian Squares \$9.75. Axminster Squares \$23.50. All Wool Squares \$9.75.

STEAMSHIPS. ALLAN LINE. Montreal to Liverpool. Dominion Line. Royal Mail Steamships. From Montreal.

C. P. R. Atlantic Steamers. To Liverpool. From. June 12th... Empress of Britain. June 12th... Empress of Ireland.

ANCHOR LINE. GLASGOW AND LONDONDERRY. Selling from New York every Saturday. "California," "Caledonia" and "Columbia."

ITALIAN SUFFOCATED. Two Men Were in Cellar Running Off Gasoline. Stratford, June 12.—Antonio Gasquale, an Italian laborer at the G. T. R. shops here, was suffocated...

POSITION OF QUEEN'S. University Authorities Not Satisfied With Assembly's Action. Kingston, June 12.—A majority of Queen's University authorities are not satisfied with the action of the General Assembly...

THE MOTHER OF THIRTY. And Mrs. Gotofsky is Only Thirty-two Years Old. New York, June 12.—Mrs. Abram Gotofsky, of Troy, N. J., became the mother yesterday of four baby boys...

WILL MAKE FARE BOXES. Buffalo Company Will Acquire Patent Rights of Tottenham Man. Buffalo, June 12.—The Coleman Fare Box Company, capitalized at \$500,000...

INSURANCE. WESTERN ASSURANCE Co. FIRE AND MARINE. MARRIAGE LICENSES. F. W. GATES & BRO. Royal Insurance Co.

(To be continued.)

ST. LUKE'S G. F. S.

Enjoyable Concert and Successful Sale of Work. St. Luke's branch of the Girls' Friendly Society ended another season's activity with a most successful sale of work and concert on Friday afternoon and evening in St. Luke's school house.

CURRENCY ACT.

How U. S. National Banks Get Extra Capital. Washington, June 12.—Secretary Cortelyou to-day made public a Treasury Department circular, carrying into effect the new Currency Act approved on May 30th last.

MARRIED IN DAKOTA.

The Journal, of Devil's Lake, North Dakota, announces the marriage of Miss Sadie J. Clark, of this city, and Mr. Fred W. Davis, of that place. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. Arthur Oken.

CUT HIS THROAT.

Montreal, June 12.—Jarvis Cook, a married man with a family, cut his throat from ear to ear with a razor this morning and was found gasping his last by his wife. H. was ill and under the doctor's care.

JUMPED TO DEATH.

Watertown, N. Y., June 12.—C. B. McCormick, attorney, brother of J. H. McCormick, former New York Central agent, jumped from a five-story office building this morning, and in falling condition. He was arrested last night in connection with the railroad frauds, and released on bail.

Old Sores: No Cures, No Pay.

Druggists refund money if DR. PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC OINTMENT does not cure any case, no matter how long standing. The only Household Surgical Dressing. 25c.

RAILWAYS. GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM. 90c. To Galt, Ont., and Return from Hamilton. REDUCED Round Trip Rates to Pacific Coast Points Until Sept. 15th.

NEW Through Sleeping Car SERVICE. HAMILTON TO PITTSBURG. Beginning June 16 and running daily except Sunday.

T. H. & B. LINE AND LAKE SHORE RY. Returning cars leave Pittsburg 11.00 p. m., arrive Toronto 6.35 a. m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC. Change of Time. On and after Monday, June 15th, the train now leaving Hunter street station at 8.50 a. m. will leave at 8.35 a. m.

THE MUSKOKA LAKES AND PARRY SOUND. The train now leaving Toronto at 9.30 p. m. will leave at 11.10 p. m. and arrive at Hunter street station 12.05 a. m.

Summer Outings. Lower St. Lawrence Gaspé Peninsula Maritime Provinces. All reached by the INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

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THE HAMILTON TIMES

SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1908.

A PRACTICAL MOVE.

The move to invite tenders for the construction of a civic lighting plant on two bases, one of 650 lights, and one of 900, is the first practical step toward ascertaining how much the lighting of the city, under municipal operation, will cost. We have heard many wild guesses, and we have obtained several alleged estimates, but so much "if" and "however" enter into the factors which went to make them up that they are utterly valueless, if not actually deceptive. A distributing plant for 900 lights, placed to give proper service to the city, and built according to the forecast which was laid before the electors when the by-law was voted upon, cannot, it is now freely admitted, be built for anything like \$225,000. The figures of the tenders received, it being distinctly understood that there shall be no extras, should, at least, furnish the aldermen with some data that would be useful in making calculations and deciding upon the city's plans to be considered. When we have that, and the definite knowledge of the cost of the electrical current to be used, we shall be in a position to approximately determine what our street lighting should cost. The interest on the capital invested, a liberal allowance for interest, maintenance, depreciation, insurance against accidents, and the usual provision for contingencies, together with the cost of operating the plant, will give us such an idea as should be a guide to us in deciding upon this much-talked-of proposal. Some of these items cannot, of course, be stated with exactness, until they are obtained by experience, but allowance can be made according to the experience of others, so that the approximate figures arrived at will not be very wide of the mark. We think the aldermen's course in inviting tenders will shed some light on this lighting matter.

ADOPT THE CLOSURE.

The Times' argument for a revision of the rules of Parliament so as to cope with deliberate and organized obstruction, such as that by which the Opposition has been demoralizing the business of Parliament for weeks past, meets with warm approval in many quarters. The Canadian Parliament is perhaps the only representative legislative body in which no rule exists for the control of business and the suppression of merely obstructive tactics, which, in our case, have developed into legislative hoodlumism. The British Parliament long ago found the necessity of some rule which may be comprehensively described as one for preventing debate and discussion from degenerating into something to which no limit in words may be set. The British Parliament became wise by experience. May, the well-known authority on Parliamentary procedure, says: "That a revision of the standing orders must be made to secure the due transaction of public business and to maintain the dignity of the House became obvious. The matter was considered by a select committee in 1878, and a standing order was passed on February 28th, 1880, amended on November 22nd, 1882, for the suspension of a member, on being named by the Speaker or Chairman of a committee of the whole House, for committing the offence of disregarding the authority of the chair or of abusing the rules of the House by persistently and wilfully obstructing the business of the House." This rule has had an excellent effect in controlling obstructive and malignant minorities, securing obedience to the Speaker, and expediting the business of Parliament.

Not only is the amended rule of effect in controlling debate in the House, but its application to the proceedings of the Committee of Ways and Means proves to be time-saving, while it does not lessen the usefulness of legitimate debate. The principal rule, which is known as the closure, and which recent events have shown the necessity for in Parliament, is in these words:

(1). After a question has been proposed, a member rising in his place may claim to move "that the question be now put," and unless it shall appear to the chair that such motion is an abuse of the rules of the House or an infringement of the rights of the minority, the question "That the question be now put" shall be put forth with and decided, without amendment or debate.

(2). When the motion "That the question be now put" has been carried, and the question consequent thereon has been decided, any further motion may be made which may be requisite to bring to a decision any question already proposed from the chair; and also if a clause be then under consideration a motion may be made that the question that certain words of the clause stand part of, or be added to the bill, be now put. Such motions shall be put forth and decided without amendment or debate.

(3). Provided always that this rule shall be put in force only when the Speaker or the Chairman of Ways and Means is in the chair.

Its enforcement infringes the rights of no minority; it unduly limits no debate. In commenting upon the circumstances which called forth the rule, May said: "The rules of Parliament are designed to afford every legitimate opportunity for discussion, to ensure reasonable delays in the passing of important measures, and to guard the rights of minorities; and freedom of debate has been maintained and observed by the rules and usages of both Houses with rare patience and self-denial. But, of late, those salutary rules have been strained and perverted in the House of Commons for the purpose of obstruction. Such, of course, if persisted in, would frustrate the power and authority of Parliament and secure the domination of a small minority condemned by the deliberate judgment of the House and of the country. That it was unparliamentary and opposed to the

principles of orderly Government was manifest.

The necessity for, and the applicability of, such a rule has been amply evidenced by the obstruction of the present session. A number of Opposition members, who took a solemn oath to serve their country, according to the letter and spirit of the constitution, and in obedience to the will of the people as expressed at the polls, have deliberately set out to prevent the business of the country being transacted, save as they, an insignificant minority, dictate. The lack of a rule to control men who exhibit gross disregard for the spirit of their oaths of office, and their duty as loyal representatives of the people, is illustrated in their obstructive course. All kinds of irrelevant and time-killing devices of debate have been resorted to. As well might they have played Jews' harps, blown horns, or beaten drums, as indulged in the abuses with which they served their purpose. Parliament cannot afford to tolerate that sort of thing. It has the remedy against Parliamentary hoodlumism in its own hands, and it must apply it. If the Fosters, Fowlers, Bennetts, et al., have no respect for themselves as parliamentarians and gentlemen, and no regard for the interest of the country and its business, they must be put under restraint. We incarcerate disturbers of the peace, thieves and burglars; we must apply the closure against debaters who, to carry out their personal spite, would sacrifice the national interests, and turn Parliament into a farce.

"TEACHING" PATRIOTISM.

The solid Briton does not lack patriotism of the sort that is willing that he should spend his money and blood for the country when her welfare demands such sacrifice. His record is so prominently written on the world's surface that he does not need the necessity of flag-waving or flag idolatry to impress upon the people of his own country, or of others, the fact that he lives for her and, when occasion arises, does not hesitate to die for her. British loyalty is not a mere formalism expressed by exploding firecrackers; making spangled orations, in which his own people are exalted and every other people belittled, and in set exercises of hoisting and saluting flags. It is a living service which he gives to his country, and which he yields as naturally as he does to the desire to take sustenance and rest. British loyalty is thus based on no shifting sands.

In this country it is to be noted (and by many with regret), that a spurious "patriotism" or "loyalty" is finding recognition. There is an element among us that would "teach patriotism," failing to appreciate that the true, the sacred sentiment which is alone to be desired, "springs shelterless as grasses," has its rise in the heart, and can no more be taught as a duty than a man can be made religious by his flaunting of an altar cloth. True patriotism, like true religion, is to be admired, a thing to be lived and enjoyed; a thing to sacrifice to and to suffer for gladly when occasion calls.

The Manchester Guardian, in one of the prominent British dailies, in commenting upon one of these flag laws recently said: "An outcome of the self-conscious patriotism which is universal in Canada, and which so often strikes the British newcomer as something forced and unreal, is a curious law lately passed by the province of Manitoba ordering the Union Jack to be hoisted over all public schools during the hours of work. If any school district neglects to fly the national flag it will lose the grant from the government—a serious penalty. One result of the law will be that the hauling down of the Union Jack will have the most agreeable associations in the minds of the children." The idea of teaching patriotism as we teach grammar, arithmetic, or plain sewing strikes the Briton as something very incongruous. He never felt the need of that.

We are inclined to think that the need never was felt in any part of Canada. There may even be danger of flag profanation in the efforts now being made to compel respect, veneration, love—what you will—for the national emblem. It may be old-fogy, and it may indicate an over-serious view of the meaning to be attached to patriotism, but it strikes us, as it strikes many, that inculcating patriotism by flag-worship drill is beginning at the wrong end—treating the symptom instead of the trouble which causes it. Let us make this great young land a country in which freedom and justice and comfort and happiness prevail; where men feel that they enjoy their rights and respect the rights of others. Let us educate the youth of the land so that they will appreciate the glorious heritage that is theirs, all the advantages that we enjoy from the struggles and sacrifices in the cause of individual liberty made by our British progenitors under that flag. Show them the ideals, political and moral, which it represents. Impress upon them that the country is what the people make it, and that the emblem but reflects the national sentiments. As these sentiments and principles of the people are noble, exalted, glorious, the flag is worthy of reverence and honor. If we make our people purer, freer, nobler and happier the flag will never lack that true worship which does not need statutes or regulations to call it forth.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, rejected of Vancouver, has announced that because of "matters of a personal nature" he will decline the Tory nomination in Picton, N. S. Perhaps Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper has no wish to carry through an election campaign the burden of the political sins of Borden, Foster, Bennett, & Co.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Grits will not get into power in Ontario again in a thousand years, if the square deal is kept up.—Hamilton Spectator.

Evidently the "square deal" being interpreted, is found to mean gerrymander and boodle.

The Board of Education does not propose to delegate to any two or three members plenary powers to chop off the heads of any teachers whom these members chalk-mark for the guillotine. Dr. Carr's plan has been upset, and the committee which is to consider the question of teachers' efficiency must report to the Board, which will deal with the matter as with any ordinary business.

Mr. Clements, M. P., Kent, tries to make a grievance over the non-collection of customs duties on materials used in the Detroit River tunnel. Exactly the same course is being followed in this case as in that of the Sarnia tunnel, and in several other international works. The present Government have followed the precedent set by the late Conservative Government, which Mr. Clements holds to have been without spot or blemish.

Rev. Dr. Graham is shocked at the parsimony which has marked Toronto in its giving toward the funds of the Methodist Church. He declared, the other day, that if the Toronto members had given toward the educational funds of the Church only one postage stamp per member, the amount would have been \$13,368, whereas the total had been \$6,127. "The backsliding," he said, "occurred in Toronto." Same old reputation for hogghishness!

Look out for ballot jockeying now. It is said that Whitney will try to count Valentine Stock out, and Hon. Mr. Monteith in, and that a move is on foot to also try to count Scott in over Studholme. We can say little about the record of the machine in the South Perth election, but if the local bosses can be induced to stir up the East Hamilton pool there will be some spicy revelations, and the public will be given some graphic illustrations of the purity methods up which the Whitney Government relies for its strength at the ballot box.

The British admiralty is planning a larger warship than has been. It is to be of 21,000 tons displacement, armed with 13.5 in. guns, and is to cost \$1,250,000. A notable feature of the mammoth vessel is that she will be propelled by gas engines instead of steam. When the British admiralty regards the modern producer gas engine as so superior to the steam engine as to consider it for use as the motor power for the largest war vessel of the world, it is useless for Adam Beck and his Hydro commission to think to write it out of the field of practical competition.

Referring to one of the Times' corrections of the Herald's power misstatements, the monopoly organ admits it was incorrect, and adds: "We had overlooked this mistake. Under the contract the city would not have to pay for all the power contracted for unless all the power were used. Of course all the power used would have to be paid for." But this is still only half the truth. The contract says we must "pay for three-fourths of the power supplied and held in reserve at said date, and upon said notices, whether the said power is taken or not." And if we use all of the power for any twenty minutes in a month, we must pay for all of it for the entire month.

Police Magistrate Jelfs has a healthy liking for parental control of children, and he frequently preaches some good, practical sermons from the bench on the duty of parents to their offspring and society. It is only too true that many a child goes to ruin, and its parents receive public sympathy, when if justice were done, they would be awarded severe punishment. The Magistrate shows his appreciation of that fact in his enforcement of the truancy laws. He has not much respect for a parent who will not, or who says he cannot, make his children of tender years go to school. And the sensible public agrees with the Magistrate.

THE TOMATO A VEGETABLE!

Editor Times.—To decide a bet, please say whether tomatoes are classified as fruit or as vegetables. Can you quote any official authority on the subject? Reader.

In a certain sense the produce of any plant is its fruit, and in that sense the word is also applied to animals. But spoken of as differentiating fruit from vegetables, the tomato is a "vegetable," and it is so classified by all authorities on gardening and horticulture. It has been decided by the United States courts that it is a "vegetable." The Canadian customs likewise declare it to be a "vegetable," and it has for a good many years appeared in the tariff schedules as such. "Tomatoes and other vegetables, including corn, baked beans"; "tomatoes, fresh, etc."—Ed.

A National Undertaking.

(Toronto News.)

The Dominion Government's proposal to construct a new twenty-five foot Welland Canal, even at a cost of \$25,000,000 to \$30,000,000, is one which meets with approval from men who have given thorough study to the transportation problems of the country. It is wholly in line with the sound national doctrine that we should develop our own resources and means of communication.

Event of the Day.

(Kingston Whig.)

Mr. Studholme, M. P., of Hamilton, should be given a front seat in the legislature. His election as an independent labor candidate is the event of the day.

Our Exchanges

There Are Others. (London Free Press.)

Labor has many friends in the new Legislature whose place of residence is not Hamilton, Ont.

Personation Punished. (Montreal Gazette.)

A young man, convicted of personation in Tuesday's election, has been sentenced to three months in jail, with a fine of \$50. The penalty was made lighter than it might have been because of certain mitigating circumstances. It is in its way, however, severe enough.

Our Champion. (Belleville Intelligencer.)

Hamilton re-elected Studholme, labor candidate and champion long distance talker. If the chaps who voted for him had to listen to him in the Legislature there would have been another story to tell, perhaps.

Bought Votes. (Belleville Ontario.)

We have received positive information that seven voters were given \$2 each on polling day by one of Mr. Johnson's supporters whose name was made known to us, and it has been learned that similar corruption was practiced in all the wards, particulars of which are being given to leading men in the Liberal party.

An Unpopular Candidate. (Dunnville Gazette.)

There is a nice little moral to be found for certain self-constituted Conservative leaders in what happened in East Hamilton. It may be possible to force an unpopular candidate on a convention, but it is a different matter to induce the voters to elect him.

Talk of Protest. (Dundas Light.)

There is some talk of protesting Mr. Gordon C. Wilson's election for North West. If sufficient evidence can be adduced to prove conclusively that bribery and corruption was resorted to secure Mr. Wilson's election, then we say by all means let a protest be entered and prosecuted to the bitter end. There is every indication that intimidation and threats were made to do their work for the Conservative candidate.

Pringle and the Yukon. (Toronto Star.)

Mr. Henderson, the Commissioner who was obliged by Mr. Pringle's action to make his inquiry without Mr. Pringle's assistance, reported that there were some things at fault, especially the sale of liquor in the dance halls, and that efforts were being made by legislation to deal with these. He found that public sentiment in Dawson was in favor of reform, and he declared in last December that "the conditions are now better than at any time in the history of the city."

Simon Fraser and His Work. (Toronto Globe.)

There is no more interesting or important chapter in the history of Canada than the one which tells how British Columbia came to the British and how it came to be Canadian. There is not among the "makers" of British Columbia a more heroic figure than that of the man who explored the country about the upper waters of the great river by which the Province is traversed, who built, forts and founded settlements on its tributaries, who descended the river to tidal water, and after whom it has been quite appropriately named. A movement has been started to erect a monument to his memory at New Westminster, where his dangerous voyage ended, and Canadians everywhere should not merely take a sympathetic interest in the project, but extend to it such practical encouragement as they can afford to give.

Simon Fraser was the son of a United Empire Loyalist of New York State.

HEMORRHOIDS SORES AND ECZEMA

Accompanied by Terrible Itching—A Complicated and Most Distressing Case—Well-known Remedies Failed to Cure—Doctor Thought an Operation Necessary—Then

CUTICURA PROVED ITS WONDERFUL EFFICACY

"I am now eighty years old and one morning, three years ago, I was taken with a hard pain in my rectum. In a few days I had an attack of piles (hemorrhoids), bleeding and protruding. The doctor gave me some medicine and an ointment for them which helped me some but I had to keep using them all the time. Then I changed to the P—remedy; but if I did not use it every day, I would get worse. The doctor said the only help for me was to go to a hospital and be operated on. At this time, about a year ago, I went to the P—remedies. I tried them for four or five months but did not get much help for my piles. During this time sores would come on a fleshy part of my body. They bothered me all the time. I would get one healed and another would come. These sores used to become so sore that I could not keep my hands from tearing my flesh. This and the pile trouble brought on an inflamed condition. Then I got the Cuticura Remedies. I washed the affected parts with Cuticura soap and warm water in the morning at noon, and at night, then used Cuticura Ointment on the irritated surfaces and injected a quantity of Cuticura Ointment with a Cuticura Suppository Syringe. I also took Cuticura Resolvent Pills three times a day. It took a month of this treatment to get me in a fairly healthy state and then I treated myself once a day for three months and, after that, once or twice a week. It is fortunate that I used Cuticura. The treatments I had tried took a lot of money that I would have saved by using Cuticura Remedies sooner. I am wiser now, and I would not feel safe without them. J. H. Henderson, Hopkinton, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., U. S. A., April 26, 1907."

Send for nearest dealer for Cuticura Book on Treatment of Skin Diseases. Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour of Insects, Chirped, Itched, Cuts, Scabs, etc. Cuticura Soap to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment to Heal the Skin, Cuticura Resolvent Pills to Purge the Blood, also the Cuticura Remedies, in the form of Pills, Soap, Ointment, Syringe, etc. Cuticura Remedies, Depot: 37, Charterhouse St., London, E.C. 3, England. Sole Proprietors: Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors, Boston.

MONDAY, JUNE 14, 1908

SHEA'S Bargain Day

Women's Skirts Worth \$3 for \$1.19 A Slaughter

Just 100 of them, about enough to last till midday, for they are all perfectly cut and made garments; made of excellent tweeds and cloths in medium, light and dark colors; all fashionable styles that would sell regularly for \$3 or \$3.50; you can buy on Monday Bargain Day sharp at \$3 for each \$1.19

60-Minute Sale At Half Past Two

2.30 instead of 2 o'clock and for one hour only, 2.30 to 3.30, we will put on sale an enormous quantity of Dress Goods and Silks, Lustras, Mohairs, Tweeds, Voiles, Fancy Waistings and Plain and Fancy Silks; goods worth 40 to 75c, all go at one price for one hour at per yard 19c

Women's Lustre Shirtwaist Suits \$5.00 to \$8.00 Values for \$1.99

This is a sweeping clearance of about 40 Women's Lustre Shirtwaist Suits; all well made and perfectly cut garments that would sell in the ordinary way for \$5 to \$8.50, but these are the ends of small lots and come in black, blue, navy, green and brown garments any woman would be pleased to wear; sharp at 8.30 on Saturday they go for each \$1.99

Factory Cotton 5c

Mill ends, 3 to 10 yard lengths, worth 8 to 10c, good width.

Lonsdale Cambric 10c

Fine White Lonsdale Cambric, full yard wide, in mill ends of useful length, worth 15 and 18c.

Butchers' Linen 14c

Good 25 and 20c Butchers' Linen, unbleached, in mill ends of useful length, most desirable goods.

Table Linen at 45c

Beautiful Full Bleached Table Damask, 70 inches wide, full 60c value, elegant designs and heavy quality.

Table Linen at 99c

A bargain for June brides is this special Shea Table Linen, worth \$1.50, full 72 inches wide, satin finished, full grass bleached and the most elegant patterns known to makers.

Tablecloth \$1.25

A splendid lot of them, all elegant designs and colors, \$1.95 and \$2.25 value; about 40 to clear at the price.

Colored Bed Spreads at 75c

Honeycomb weave, in good colors, fringed, \$1.25 value; about 50 to clear.

Curtain Muslins 15c

Fancy Stripes and Spots Lace Insertion, fringed edges, 20 and 25c value, white and cream.

Corsets at 50c

Made of fine percale, splendidly boned, equal to any 75c Corset in Canada, 4 elastic hose supporters, dip hip.

Print Wrappers at 98c

Made very full width, with deep flounce of thoroughly fast colored print and percale. Other stores in this city get \$1.50 for the same garment—navys, blacks and cardinals.

Children's Coats 39c

Made of striped fabric and linen shades, neat embroidered collars, worth 75c. Don't miss these.

Children's Dresses 35c

Made of good, fast colored print, Buster Brown style, 60c regularly, a "best" bargain.

Blouses at 95c

These Blouses are worth from \$1.25 to \$2.00, and are up-to-the-minute goods, lawns and mulls, elegantly embroidered, long and three-quarter sleeves, a bargain just to show you that at all times and every time the best blouse bargains are in the Shea store.

A Few Things You Can Get Here for 25c

Corset Covers, worth 40c. Drawers, worth 35c. Children's White Pinifores, worth 40c. White Blouses, worth 30c. Hose, worth 50c. Aprons, worth 35c.

Silk Gloves at 15c

A quantity of Black Silk Gloves, in small women's and misses' sizes, wrist length, good 40 to 60c value, a clearance.

Wash Goods at 7 1/2c

An astonishing lot of it, Gingham, Lawns, Muslins, Dimities, etc., 10 to 15c values, some more; all wanted colors.

Women's Hose 10c

Splendid quality Black Cotton, worth 15c, thoroughly fast black and well knit, a bargain chance worth looking into.

where he was born in 1776, the first year of the revolutionary war. At the age of sixteen he entered the service of the Northwest Fur Company, and in ten years he rose to the rank of "partner." For four years, from 1802 to 1806, he was in charge of the company's interests on both sides of the Rocky Mountains, from Lake Athabasca on the east to Stuart Lake on the west. This region had been traversed in 1793 by Alexander Mackenzie, an officer of the same aggressive company, who had in that year traversed the wilderness from the head waters of the Fraser to the shore of the Pacific Ocean. In 1807 Mr. Fraser made his descent of the river which now bears his name, and which he was able to differentiate from the Columbia. After the union of the Northwest Company with the Hudson's Bay Company in 1820 he returned from the service, and resided near Cornwall, Ontario, where he died nearly half a century ago, at the advanced age of 86, and along the whole length of the Columbia. Like Fraser, he lived in Eastern Ontario, and died near Montreal at the age of 87.

After the union of the two fur companies the control of the fur trade by the Hudson's Bay Company handed over to Dr. McLaughlin, who took up his own headquarters on the Columbia River, a few miles up from the ocean, and assigned to James Douglas the supervision of the Fraser River region. The Oregon treaty of 1846 fixed the international boundary at the forty-ninth parallel, and while McLaughlin spent the remainder of his life at Portland, Oregon, Douglas transferred the company's property to a new headquarters, Fort Victoria, on Vancouver Island. Readers of Canadian history do not need to be informed that for the next twenty years Douglas was the great upholder of British power on the Pacific, and that as Governor of British Columbia his remarkable career had very much to do with the subsequent expansion of the Dominion of Canada to the Pacific Ocean.

The Wonder Story of Scientific Farming.

Formerly the farmer tilled his soil and planted his seed; and if it grew, it grew; and if it didn't, it didn't; and the failure was ascribed to the will of God. In fact, it is somewhat appalling to consider the amount of man's ignorant stupidity that has been ascribed to the will of a long-suffering God. To-day, if the seed doesn't grow, science wants to know if it was tested before it was sown; if it was disinfected before it was planted, and if it was planted in the soil which its nature specially needed. Then, if "the poor farmer"—a term that is becoming extinct as the clotheopper type of a farmer-man—pleads that the fault was in the soil, science has still more pointed questions and drastic remedies. Its nature, too, must be considered: for "the ground is not a grave where death and quiet reign," says Professor King. "It is a birth place where the cycles of life begin anew to run their course."

Out in Wisconsin, land grew only a crop of mortgages because the farmer persisted in planting wheat where nature had planned for corn. To-day, that land is growing bank accounts because science has taught the farmer the trick of obeying nature's law instead of breaking himself trying to break the laws. Up in the counties bordering the great lakes, both in Michigan and Wisconsin, land which refused to produce either wheat or corn is making its owners rich in timothy and clover seed. Peat bogs once regarded as waste lands are now being used to fertilize or neutralize sand lands; and miles of sand marshes in New Jersey, at Cape Cod, in Wisconsin, formerly shunned by farmers as if tenanted by pestilence, are now transformed into cranberry marshes, yielding the owners from \$3,000 to \$10,000 a year.

Out in Minnesota and the Dakotas, farmers complained that the cold north winds of the prairie in spring retarded growth. Science said plant trees as wind breaks; and though Minnesota is one of the younger of the new States, almost every homestead is hidden in a grove of trees. Another of the Western States annually lost a fifth of its oat crop in the fungous disease known as "smut." Science discovered a disinfectant preventive. That fifth of loss was saved. It represented exactly \$4,000,000 in the farmers' pockets a year.

What science has done for telephone, telegraph, for railroad, for steel manufacture—has been told again and again. Yet outside the agricultural bulletin, the story of what science is doing for the farm is almost unknown, though the gains brought about by applied science in a single group of States in a single year would more than equal the capital of the great Steel Trust. You can figure this out in corn and potatoes alone and see that it is true. From "The New Spirit of the Farm," by Agnes C. Laut, in the Outing Magazine for April.

The Basic American.

Major Clark, of the Bureau of Immigration, read a paper before the Anthropological Society of Washington recently, in which he combated the pessimistic view of those who think that the great influx of foreigners in this country will injure the racial type. The Teutonic element, he declared, will remain the backbone of the nation, and the basis population has not been smothered by the 25,318,067 immigrants who have landed here since 1820. He made the very comforting declaration that "the alchemy of assimilation" is the world has ever held.

John Located.

Teacher (during history lesson)—Who was Joan of Arc?

For a few minutes there was silence, then a bright little boy put up his hand.

"Please, teacher, she was the daughter of Noah."

Summer Cooking a Delight If You Get Her a GAS RANGE

During the hurry and bustle, steal a few moments and buy your wife a Gas Range. Do your share towards adding to the home. We have the newest styles in dependable ranges, the kind that will surely please her.

Price: \$24.00, 18 Inch Oven. \$22.00, 16 Inch Oven. \$18.00.

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DEATH DUE TO ACCIDENT.

Finding of the Jury in John Duncan's Case.

Funeral of Horatio Palmer, An Old Dundas Resident.

Conservatives Had Celebration in Park Last Night.

Dundas, June 13.—The adjourned inquest on the remains of John Duncan, killed near the G. T. R. station on Tuesday night last, was concluded before Coroner Rennie at the town hall yesterday. The first witness called was John Watson, who said he had been with deceased all day. They went to the G. T. R. station about 10 o'clock p. m., Duncan's purpose being to board a freight train and go to Galt. Enquiring from Night Operator Burr when a freight would be due, they were advised by him to go home and not make an attempt to board a train. They then proceeded eastward down the track looking for a flat going west. When a short distance from the station Duncan was struck in the back by a pilot engine and tender going east, and ran over and killed. Witness returned to the station and told the operator of what had occurred, and then proceeded to notify Dr. Ryckert and Chief Twiss.

Operator Burr stated that Duncan and Watson left his office after he had advised them to go home, and he thought they were going home. In a short time Watson returned and told him Duncan was killed by the pilot going east. The pilot, which had been as far as Copetown with a train was returning, going very slowly, about six miles an hour, and was running slowly on way down as a freight was ahead. The fireman on the pilot corroborated the engineer's evidence. Drs. Laobland and Ryckert, who made the post mortem examination, gave evidence showing that the body and head were terribly crushed and mutilated.

After a few remarks by the coroner the jury was left to give a verdict, which took only a short time. The verdict was that deceased met his death accidentally by being run over by G. T. R. pilot engine No. 574.

One of the town's most sturdy and best known citizens, Horatio Palmer, was laid at rest at 10 o'clock this afternoon. Deceased was born at Edgerton, near Maidstone, Kent County, England, in 1825. When two years of age he came to New York with his parents, where he lived for ten years, his parents dying in the meantime. He came to Hamilton on May 1st, 1841, he came to Dundas, where he has ever since lived. On coming to Dundas he apprenticed himself to the late James Freed, father of A. T. Freed, of Hamilton, to learn the trade of a bricklayer and mason. The Freed family and Palmer's family lived near each other in England and came to America at the same time. His first work at his trade was on the part built of the residence of Robert McKeechie, the first work done by him after starting for himself was the house in which he died, where he had lived over thirty years. He was for many years a partner with the late Thomas Hickey, and they, together, put up many of the largest and most important buildings in the town for many years. His wife died in 1854. To them were born a son and a daughter, the son dying in infancy and the daughter, Miss Jennie, remaining with him as housekeeper until his death.

For about sixty years Mr. Palmer was a member and a pillar of the Baptist Church. In politics he was a staunch Liberal, and the first vote he has missed at the polls was at the election on Monday last. Although a member of the party, both as to politics and religion, he was always reasonable in both, ever willing to accord to others the same liberty of thought that he claimed for himself.

The conservative victory celebration in the park last night was attended by a large crowd both from town and country. The 77th band was present, and dresses were given by G. C. Wilson, Col. Grant, Major Ptolemy and others, the affair winding up with a display of fireworks.

Every day people tell us of the benefit they are getting from this food. Indigestion and constipation stay if it is used. Nutritious and palatable, worth its cost as a food, and you get relief for nothing. Leading grocers or A. W. Maguire & Co.

ROCHESTER AND RETURN \$2. For a nice outing, take in the Woodmen excursion to Rochester next Saturday, June 26, on the Turbina. Music on board. Five hours' sail. See advertisement for particulars.

\$150,000 BLAZE. Providence, R. I., June 13.—The extensive plant of the American and British Manufacturing Company in this city was destroyed by fire early to-day. The loss is estimated at over \$150,000.

Curious Clippings. There are on the American market more than 30,000 proprietary medicines. In India some of the bats measure 6 feet across the wings.

\$25,000 STOCK MUST GO. The Dominion House Furnishing Co., 118-120 James street north, announces in this issue a big clearing sale, starting Monday morning. The stock is the best and valued at \$25,000. Men's and ladies' clothing will be sacrificed, as the company is anxious to turn it into cash. This firm carries housefurnishings of all kinds, and gives its customers extra values. Open evenings.

He who sows brambles must not go barefoot.—Spanish

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. From Grapes, the most healthful of fruits, comes the chief ingredient of ROYAL BAKING POWDER. The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar. Absolutely Pure.

THE SOLDIERS ARE BUSY AGAIN.

ARMY SERVICE CORPS LEFT FOR NIAGARA CAMP TO-DAY.

Good Turnout of Thirteenth—Army Medical Corps Getting Ready for Camp Also.

The series of summer parades to be held by the 13th Regiment was started last evening, when 440 men turned out. While the evening was warm, the men entered into the work eagerly. The idea of having the fortnightly parades is to get the corps in shape for the Quebec trip, and 440 men on parade shows that the young men evidently want to take in the trip. The regiment took a march-out, returned to the armory and was dismissed. The parade state was as follows: Col. Moore, Major Ross, Capt. Domville, adjutant; Major Herring, paymaster; Capt. Carter, surgeon; Major Lester, Major Forester, chaplain; staff sergeants 12, buglers 43, band 24, signallers 7, A. 49, B. 39, C. 52, D. 37, E. 44, F. 33, G. 43, H. 40, total 440.

The 13th and the Army Medical Corps will hold a Sunday parade June 14th, to-morrow, to St. John Presbyterian Church.

The headquarters of the Army Service Corps was a scene of bustle and activity last evening in preparation for the march away to camp to-day. The corps at present is very strong, and took down about 80 men. The advance guard left this morning via the T. H. & B. Railway, at 8:30, and at 9:30 the wagons arrived at the quarters to collect the baggage. At noon the mounted non-commissioned officers assembled at the armory, and at 1 p. m. the privates were on their way. The corps left on the 2:06 train via G. T. R., with the expectation of having one of the best outings.—The work for this corps will naturally be heavy, but the members expect to have a good time as well. The corps took 20 horses to camp.

The parade state of the Army Medical Corps showed 60 strong last evening, in preparation for its work at Niagara Camp this year. The six men team will leave on Monday morning, and the rest of the corps will assemble at headquarters at 8:30 the same morning, and will go to the Falls via the T. H. & B. Dr. Kappelbe has been appointed a lieutenant of the corps.

The announcement is made that Col. Rennie, of this city, is to be the principal medical officer at the Niagara Camp this year.

Ottawa, June 12.—Militia orders issued to-day announce that: Chaplain Hon. Captain Rev. L. Skey, of the 9th Mississauga Horse, is permitted to retire.

The names of Canada's Olympic teams for the shooting contests at listvy are announced. The six men team will be: Corp. D. McInnes, of Edmonton; Lieut. T. F. Elmitt, of the 43rd, Ottawa; Sgt. H. Kerr, of the 48th, Toronto; Capt. C. R. Crowe, of the 20th, Guelph; Corp. D. McInnes, of Edmonton; Ar. Sergt. A. Mar. Brown, of Guelph; Ar. Sergt. A. Mar. Brown, of Guelph; Pte. G. J. Rowe, of Bowmanville, or Sergt. W. A. Smith, of the Guards, Ottawa.

The Bisley team will sail on June 18th for England.

No man can sneak into heaven on the strength of his tombstone epitaph.—Florida Times Union.

SHREDDED. Try a Seasonable Diet and Give Your System a Chance. Shredded Wheat with strawberries will be found wholesome, appetizing and much more nutritious than meat; also with raspberries, peaches and other fresh fruits. It Will Tone Up Your Liver and Stomach. Sold by all grocers. 950

WHEAT. Shredded Wheat with strawberries will be found wholesome, appetizing and much more nutritious than meat; also with raspberries, peaches and other fresh fruits. It Will Tone Up Your Liver and Stomach. Sold by all grocers. 950

STANLEY MILLS & CO., Limited SATURDAY, JUNE 13th, 1908

Mid-Summer Clearing of Dress Goods

Next week we will inaugurate our annual Mid-Summer Clearing Sale in the Dress Goods Section, offering many inducements on seasonable popular materials. In former years this sale has always met with a splendid response and the exceptional values we have again arranged for should make this year's event as interesting as any of its predecessors.

- Dress Goods 59c Yard. All-Wool Voiles 50c Yard. French Crepines 39c Yard. Black Voile Specials. Your Choice at \$1.49. Your Choice at \$1.69.

Mid-Summer Sale of Shirt Waists

Hundreds of women will find among the Waists on sale on Monday exactly what they require for midsummer wear. They are well made. There is plenty of variety in styles in each line. The trimmings are good; embroideries fine, and materials are exceptional at the price.

- Your Choice at 89c. Your Choice at 98c. Your Choice at \$1.49. Your Choice at \$1.69. Special Beach Delivery.

Special Beach Delivery

For the accommodation of Beach residents this store will make a special weekly delivery during the month of June to any address on the Beach or Berry roads.

STANLEY MILLS & CO., Limited

Telling Fortunes By Tea Leaves

The person who can tell fortunes by cards, palmistry or tea leaves is sure to be a popular individual, providing as he does an endless source of entertainment. For though we put not an atom of confidence in what we are told, yet there is a certain fascination about the subject in which we must all acknowledge an interest.

First, the one whose fortune is to be told should drink a little of the tea while it is hot, and then turn out the rest, being careful not to turn out the grounds in doing so, and also not to look at them, as it is bad luck.

Then the fortune teller takes it and reads the fortune. Three small dots in a row stand for the wish. If near the top it will soon be realized; if at the bottom, some time will elapse.

If the grounds are bunched together it signifies that all will be well with the fortune seeker, but if they are scattered, it means the reverse.

If a large speck near the top means a letter; a large speck, a photograph or present of some kind, what it is depending on the shape of the speck.

The sticks are people—light or dark, short or tall, according to their color and length. A thick one a woman. If they be crosswise they are enemies. If straight up, intimate friends, or a pleasant acquaintance to be made.

If a large speck is near them, it means they are coming for a visit, bringing a vase or trunk. If there is a bottle shape near the stick it means a physician. If a book shape, a minister or a lawyer. If many fine specks, a married man.

According to a report issued by the Canadian Government the Dominion owns 13 Marconi stations on the Gulf and on the Atlantic seaboard. Three of these are what are known as "low-power" stations and cost \$1,000 each; the others are known as "high-power" stations and cost \$2,000 each. The Marconi Company receives \$600 and \$700 per annum, respectively, for operating them, retaining all the receipts.

THE WORLD OF FASHION

Not for many years have there been so many and such conflicting styles of dress as this season, and, strange to say, instead of any definite conclusion being reached as to just what is the correct fashion, every day brings forward some absolutely new model, and straightway the agitation begins anew as to what is the smartest model. It is almost impossible, if economy has to be consulted, to decide this year upon the summer outfit. The fashions are so marked and individual, not to say conspicuous, and are often at direct variance with one another, making it absolutely impossible to decide upon any design as the best on which to have all gowns modelled. On the other hand, with such eccentricities in dress as prevail, the details of the costume must accord, and a hat or coat that finishes and completes, for instance, a Directoire costume utterly spoils a costume that is built on more conservative lines.

Will the exaggerated Directoire fashion ever become universally popular? is the all-absorbing topic of conversation. The fashion is painfully prevalent, and already the first furore about it has started. In its extreme rendering it will never find favor with the conservative minded, but modified, softened, and "toned down," it is certain to be accepted for a time at least. It possesses many merits, and when perfectly carried out and worn by a tall, graceful figure is not conspicuous or vulgar. On the other hand, it can easily be so treated as to be essentially vulgar and unbecoming, lacking the essential of smart dress in every particular. At the moment the feminine mind is completely at a loss to know how to accept it.

Skirts Long at Sides.

The skirts of this style of gown are absolutely different from any others. They are long, but the greatest length of train is at the side rather than in the back, and both at the sides and back as well as in front the folds of material lie on the ground. They are unlined, fit close to the figure, and always have long lines. A seam down the centre or a bias seam at one side is a feature to be noticed. A sash with long ends falls at one extra inch of waist line shall be often made of silk draped around the waist, but in smooth folds, so that not one extra inch of waist line shall be given. Combining cloth with silk is one of the newest fads in these gowns, and a skirt half of changeable silk and half of cloth is extremely smart. No hips is, of course, a requisite of the style, but marvellous are the works of the fashionable corsetier of to-day, and such trifles as hips are done away with by some method that seems scarcely short of miraculous.

Skirts of one material and coats of another are also a feature of the Directoire costume. The long, loose fitting but figure revealing black skirt is most effective and picturesque, with long tight fitting sleeves finished with full ruffles and worn open in front to display the waistcoat, stock and jabot of fine white linen or lace, the throat positively swathed in the folds of linen or lace, while the stiffly tied bow of black silk, satin or velvet, preferably the satin, adds an additional smart touch of contrast.

There are many striped materials in the lightest weight cloths, mohair and voile, that make up effectively in this style of costume, the stripes always being most carefully studied to give the effect of carelessness. The smartest gowns are all in one color, the two colors

Latest Paris Fashions for Summer Gowns—Conservative and Picturesque Styles Are Popular in All Kinds of Materials.

stripes having been fashionable for so long a time. This being a time of the year when a coat is apt to be too warm, the question of what sort of waist is to be worn with the Directoire costume requires careful consideration. The smartest are for the moment the fancy nets, matching exactly the color of which the skirt is composed. An openwork mesh, with large polka dots, is among the newest fashions. This is made up over white and has a white yoke and undersleeves. The belt of the skirt comes up high over the waist, but is draped, not fitted tight, and has inside it a wide corset belt of webbing most thoroughly boned. This outlines the figure at the waist line and for a short distance above, emphasizing the high cut bust effect. It can be readily understood that the fashion is an extremely difficult one for any but an artist in dress to attempt and is not suitable for a woman of short, thickset figure.

Clerical Fashions.

How we do mix things. The Directoire leg, say, appears. Its wearer also sports a stole. Or she may affect the empire bust. That will not prevent the clerical appearance. Indeed, the clerical fashions must find themselves in queer company. But when the woman starts out to be modish she'll never let a little thing like a mix-up, however embarrassing, stand in her way.

BRIGHT LITTLE ONES MAKE HOMES BRIGHT

Babies that are well, sleep well, eat well and play well. A child that is not rosy-cheeked and playful needs immediate attention, and in all the world there is no medicine can equal Baby's Own Tablets for curing indigestion, constipation, diarrhoea, teething troubles and the other disorders from which young children suffer. The mother who uses this medicine has the guarantee of a government analyst that it is absolutely safe. Mrs. J. L. Janelle, St. Sylvester, Que., says: "I find Baby's Own Tablets the most satisfactory medicine I have ever used for constipation, teething troubles and breaking up colds. Every mother should keep this medicine in the home." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

TOWARD THE CLASSIC.

A Rosy Peplum in Chiffon Over Darker Satin.

A number of the newest gowns have the classic peplum on the skirt. For evening this is usually carried out in one thickness of chiffon. It is not full, but gradually widens out as the folds of the satin skirt beneath require. A very pretty woman in a rose-colored satin dress with a peplum of chiffon one shade lighter, was a feature at a recent wedding. The peplum was open in the front of the skirt, where it was only about eighteen inches deep, then sweeping away to the back, where it reached almost to the hem of



Hat of Panama, faced with dark green scarf of silver tissue.

the skirt. It was not trimmed in any way, but the plain chiffon contrasting with the very slightly different color of the satin, where the latter shade was unveiled, made quite a poetic color scheme for the gown. Other peplums are edged with silver or gold; others, again, are embroidered. In shape they are occasionally very much like the Greek chiton, which is also so smart at this moment; in fact, in more than one way we appear to be moving toward a classic revival, which extends to hair dressing and hair ornaments, for fillets and fillet shaped wreaths of leaves are to be seen on every smart evening occasion.

Sartorial.

Skirts are cut high, to form a belt. Bibs are added at the front of some skirts. Casablanca is the new hue. It is between terra cotta and tan. Paisley borders may be most effectively arranged for blouses. Chiffon blouses, simply made with tucks, and matching a costume, are lovely. There's a new wool fillet which washes and is said to wear forever. All the fillets remain modish. Striped stockings are threatened, but in the meantime we wear shoes and stockings to match our costumes, save when in black or tan.

POOR BLOOD BRINGS MISERY.

Pale Faces and Pinched Checks Show That Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Are Needed.

Anemia is written on the features of ninety women and girls out of every hundred. Unmistakable are the signs of "too little blood."

The weaker sex is assailed at all ages by the evils resulting from bloodlessness, from the girls who are weak and languid, with dull eyes, pale, pinched cheeks, fitful appetite and palpitating heart, to the woman who feels never well, with gnawing pains in the back, aching limbs and nervous headaches.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are especially valuable to women of all ages, for they possess the power of making in abundance the rich, red blood without which no woman can have perfect health. They fill the starved veins with new blood, so that enfeebled bodies are strengthened, weak, nervous systems are fortified and robust health restored.

Miss Rose D'Aragnon, Waterloo, Que., follows the profession of teaching, which brings more than ordinary strain to all who follow this calling. Miss D'Aragnon says: "It seemed as though I was gradually going into a decline. I lost all my strength; my appetite was very poor; I was pale and suffered from frequent headaches; I was often dizzy and the least exertion would leave me breathless. I doctored for a time, but with little or no benefit. One day I read in the Waterloo Journal the particulars of a case similar to mine cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I determined to try them. In a few weeks there was a decided improvement in my condition, and by the time I had taken seven or eight boxes I was again in the best of health, and able to enjoy myself as well as any of my young friends."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HOW TO WASH CHAMOIS GLOVES

Follow These Suggestions and All Will Go Well. For general wear by men and women chamois gloves are undoubtedly in the lead. Smart as can be, cool and with everlasting wear combined. But right here—is there anything more unsightly than these gloves when they become soiled?

It is such a simple matter to wash them; but you must know how. Don't do as a woman did the other day. She took pains to use the hottest water possible to wash them in, and after thoroughly scrubbing them put them on a radiator to dry. What a deplorable "mess" they were. And she really could not understand why they were "gummy."

This is what you should do: Put the gloves on your hands and then proceed as though washing your hands in lukewarm water—lather the hands (rather gloves) thoroughly with soap, then rinse—then mop with a towel.

It is almost as silky looking as tussore silk, but has that invaluable quality for which there does not seem to be any name, but which is the special property of linen. It is made in many exquisite colorings, and in a good many cases

THE HINDU PROBLEM.

Laurier's Wise Policy Gratifying to the British People. (Lord Milner.) One incident of promise, which has received less notice than it deserved, is the arrangement arrived at between Great Britain and Canada with regard to the immigration of British Indians into the Dominion. It is not the terms of the compact so much as the spirit in which it was concluded—indeed, the fact that it was concluded at all—which is an event of so much importance. The action of Canada in the matter was an affirmation, and a very practical affirmation, of the view that the difficulties of the mother country with regard to her Indian subjects are not a matter of indifference to any member of the imperial family. The well-being of our Indian subjects, and their belief in the desire and the ability of the British Government to see them fairly treated, is a great imperial interest. It is not only of importance to the United Kingdom and India; it is of importance to the whole empire, regarded as one body politic. That Canada should, without any sacrifice of her own independence, have sought to co-operate with the mother country in a matter so deeply affecting the feelings of her Indian subjects, is a welcome proof of Canada's interest in the welfare of the empire as a whole.

Explaining Herself.

A woman shouldn't. It is simply suicidal. In fact, she can't do it effectively. She will only stamp herself common-places. "This mystery only that makes her interesting. The disappearance of mystery changes the lover to a husband. Some catty charmers keep even a husband at a distance, thereby managing to retain a lover.

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Model for dotted foulard with vest of blue linen.

Let the gloves on the hands until they start to dry; then hang up, but not near the heat; rather by a window. Easy, is it not?

New Buttons. Buttons covered with the material like the dress are very smart. They're the thing.

Cutaway Coats. They figure variously. There's the plainly-tailored sort. It goes with plain cloth coat suits. And there's the very lovely lace frovility.

It tops gala gowns of chiffon and kindred fabrics. One in satin, of a goblin blue hue, is to be worn with a white lace dress. When seen at smart weddings these coats are all matched by the hat and parasol.

DRESSING A WOMAN.

An Amusing Scheme Discovered in Magazine Advertising Pages. The advertisements in one of the magazines are usually full of half-dressed women, tricked out to boom some wearable or other article. In the one referred to these advertisements had seemingly been arranged to form a progressive dressing party. It was most amusing.

First came bathroom fittings, the head of the dame barely showing; the supposition was that she had "noddings on." On the next page was a fair one in a new-fangled bathrobe. Following was a charmer clad mostly in a chemise, the card beneath announcing that Elise or Mathilde, was ready to supply hand-worked lingerie. Those patronising union suits were then pictorially appealed to. And then came endless pages of hipless corsets. Petticoats appeared present, as if blown in by a cyclone. Next, they were blithely raised to show shoe and stocking latests. Negligees were worn by the opposite pageful of charmers. Over one leaf coiffures and combing jackets were exploited. Opposite were simple home dresses, and before one reached the frontispiece, and the opening chapter of a new story there was a dame dressed completely, even to a dog, a victoria and a waiting footman.

After all these exposures it was a relief to find a woman clothed and in her right mind.

New Combinations.

Gray and gold. Gray and scarlet. Purple and khaki. Magenta and yellow. Brown and pale blue. Exquisite purple and pale blue. Orchid mauve and very pale pink. A soft wood brown and moss green. Cerise as the final note for a black and white rig. Strawberry pink with a deadening note of pinkish slate. Eruu and chamois, with very nearly every other color. In most of these combinations the stronger color is used for accessories.

TUSSORE LINEN.

A Beautiful Finish—Shot Tussore. Some Smart Garnitures. One of the most charming fabrics for this season's summer gowns is tussore linen. It is almost as silky looking as tussore silk, but has that invaluable quality for which there does not seem to be any name, but which is the special property of linen. It is made in many exquisite colorings, and in a good many cases

FRILLED COLLARS.

Points on the Ruffles Which Adorn Beauty's Neck. Even stiff collars are now furnished with frills at the top; never of lace, naturally, but of linen or plain, rather stiff muslin, pleated very fully and kept very narrow. In muslin collars one finds frills top and bottom, with a line of collar running through them. This is a very pretty idea. The only thing to be careful of is that the lower frill should not begin too high, otherwise it will make the neck look clumsy. The collar itself should be particularly well fitting, and the frill should not begin till the base of the neck has been properly defined. This objection, of course, disappears with the tulle ruffles which are being worn tied around the neck, but it disappears at the expense of discarding a neck line at all.

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Model for dotted foulard with vest of blue linen.

900 DROPS
Vegetable Preparation for Assisting the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
NEW YORK.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of
Dr. J. C. Watson
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK, O.T.Y.

RECIPES

The Pineapple.
This delicacy would be prepared more often if it were less tedious to pare, core and slice. Few use sliced pineapple these days, since the food chopper has been brought into so many homes. This rather coarse-flored fruit more palatable. Use a sharp bread knife to cut the pineapple in quarters, free each section and remove the eye and bits of rind with a penknife. Really nothing takes the place of a sharp penknife for this purpose, not even the latest improved pineapple knife, for it takes out too large pieces. Next cut the quarters into small slices of two eggs. Bake in a greased tin for 20 minutes. Stand in the oven for a moment slightly to dry the top, then serve with a hard crust of fine sugar and cream. Pineapple Ice Cream.
Allow a quart of cream to a large pineapple. Pare the pineapple and chop it fine. Place in a deep dish and sprinkle with sugar. Cover and let stand in a greased pan, press through a sieve. Stir it into the cream, and beat well. Then turn it into a freezer and freeze.
Strawberry Dumplings.
Mix together a pint of flour, a half teaspoonful of salt, and one teaspoonful and a half of baking powder. Then rub in two heaping tablespoonsful of butter. Mix with soft dough with milk and roll out half an inch thick. Cut in squares the size of a saucer; on each lay six or eight berries. Draw the edges together and pinch firmly. Lay close together in a greased pan and steam for 20 minutes. Stand in the oven for a moment slightly to dry the top, then serve with a hard crust of fine sugar and cream.
Strawberry Sponges.
Soak a half package of granulated gelatin in a half cupful of cold water. Boil together for a moment one cupful of sugar and a scant cupful of boiling water; add the soaked gelatin and stir until dissolved. Take from the fire, add the juice of half a lemon and strain. When this has cooled and is beginning to thicken, whip the whites of three eggs to a stiff froth. Gradually mix with the thickening jelly and whip until snowy and quite stiff. Serve ice cold with cream.
Strawberry Mousse.
Hull and wash one pint of strawberries. Drain and rub through a fine sieve. Add one cupful of sifted powdered sugar and one-third of a box of gelatin which has been soaked in a little cold water and melted over hot water. Set aside until the mixture shows a sign of thickening. Stir gently to keep it from setting around the sides of the bowl. Whip one cupful and a half of heavy cream to a stiff froth; mix this lightly with the fruit jelly and continue to cut and whip lightly until a little dropped from a spoon will retain its shape. Turn into a wetted mold, cover tightly, and the edges with a narrow strip of muslin dipped into melted lard, and bury in a mixture of finely chopped ice and rock salt, two-thirds of the former to three to four hours, according to the shape and thickness of the mold, then turn out carefully.
Strawberry Ice Cream.
Four quarts of strawberries with their caps on, and four cupfuls of granulated sugar. Wash the berries with sugar and let them stand several hours; then strain the juice. Use four quarts of cream and four cupfuls of white sugar. Add the juice of the strawberries and beat the whole to a stiff froth.
Strawberry Acid.
This will make a most refreshing drink for the sick as well as for the fine. To one quart of good clear vinegar add a quart of berries. A little more or less of the fruit makes no difference. Let them stand 24 hours, and strain, taking care not to squeeze the bag. Add more berries to the same vinegar, repeating the process three or four times until the vinegar has fully acquired the color and flavor of the fruit. It is better and has a fresher flavor if it is not cooked or sweetened until used. Add sugar, water and crushed ice to taste.
Whole-Wheat Bread Without Yeast.
Three cups fine whole wheat flour, three teaspoonfuls baking powder, level teaspoonful salt, milk or milk and water to mix to a soft dough (about one and one-half cups), two teaspoonfuls sugar if desired. Sift twice flour, salt, baking powder and sugar. Mix other with a spoon or a knife in a large bowl with the milk. When smooth turn into a greased pan and cover with another pan inverted. Let the bread stand ten or fifteen minutes, then bake in a steady oven, not too hot, about 45 minutes.
Fish Cakes.
Boil several good-sized potatoes and pick to pieces, enough fish to make as much of this as you would have of the potatoes when mashed. When the potatoes are done put the fish in a colander and pour the potato water over it. Drain and put fish and potatoes in a bowl, mash well and add a good-sized lump of butter. Cut good salt pork to dice, fry it brown in a frying pan and in the fat from this fry your fish cakes.
Maple Toffy.
Good toffee is made with the milk of a graded coconut. To two cups of maple syrup add one cup of coconut milk.
Tommy-Pop.
The weather man is always on land, isn't he? Tommy-Pop—He is, my son, but at the same time if we may judge from his predictions he is all at sea.



Suit of brown cashmere with plain jacket and plain skirt. The cuffs and collar of corded silk are in a deeper shade than the jacket.



Society

Mrs. Southam and Miss Ethel Southam have returned from New York, where Mrs. Southam went to meet Miss Southam on her return from England.

Mrs. and Miss Muir and Mr. and Mrs. Strathairne Hendrie came down from Detroit for Mr. William Leggat's wedding, and are staying at the Holmstead.

The officers of the Ladies' Golf Club were hostesses at tea at the club house yesterday afternoon, the last day of the tournament, when the playing of the final attracted a great many people to the links. Among those present were Mrs. Lucas, Mrs. Doolittle, Mrs. Turnbull, Miss Constance Turnbull, Mr. and Mrs. Myler, Mrs. George Glasco, Miss Mary Glasco, Miss Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. Cann, Mrs. Abbott, Miss Abbott, Mrs. and Mrs. Beattie, Miss Muriel Hoodless, Mrs. Stikeman (Toronto), Mrs. Nesbitt, Mr. and Mrs. Morrison, the Misses Morrison, Mrs. John Harvey, the Misses Harvey, Mrs. H. M. Watson, Miss Violet Watson, Miss Carrie Crerar, Mrs. W. S. Southam, Miss Christie (Ottawa), Miss Phillips (Toronto), Mrs. J. Scott, Miss Margaret Scott, Miss Endie Hendrie, Mrs. Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Glasco, Miss Simonds, Mrs. H. H. Champ, Miss Gillard, Mrs. Innes, Miss Lindsey, Miss Colquhoun, Mrs. Breckenridge, Miss Aileen Tandy, Mrs. D. D. O'Connor, Mrs. John H. Stratford, Mrs. Jean Haslett, Miss Clouston (Niagara), Mrs. C. S. Scott, Mrs. R. H. Labatt, Miss Emily McPherson, Mr. Alan Glasco, Mr. F. R. Martin, Mr. Collinson, Mr. Siebert Glasco, Mr. Geddes, Mr. Washington.

Mrs. Lightfoot, Buffalo, is staying with Mrs. Young at Oak Bank for the golf tournament.

Mr. and Mrs. John Proctor and their family leave next week to spend the summer in England.

Miss Katie Fuller, Woodstock, is staying with Mrs. W. A. Spratt.

The marriage of Mr. Earle Douglas Gates to Miss Edith Maude Tate is to take place on Wednesday, June 17th, at 3 o'clock, in St. Thomas' Church, Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. John Nesbitt have returned from Atlantic City.

Mrs. McGiverin is spending the week at Preston and will leave for England at the end of the month.

Miss Mary H. Glasco is back from Toronto, where she was staying with Mrs. Hartley Dewart.

Mrs. Seixus, St. Catharines, is staying with Mrs. O. G. Caracallan for the races.

Miss Phillips, Toronto, is the guest of Miss Marjorie Scott.

The Misses Young were guests at the wedding of Miss Kathleen Cameron to Mr. Casey Baldwin yesterday in St. Atharines.

Mrs. Clayton Glyn (Elmer Glyn), who has been staying in Toronto, has returned to New York and sails for England on the Lusitania next week.

Mr. A. P. and Mrs. VanFleet Stinson street, have returned from a trip west. They visited Chicago, Minneapolis, North Dakota and Winnipeg, coming home around by the Soo and down the lakes.

Mrs. (Dr.) Hopkins, of this city, was in Smithville last night, and played several selections at a concert in the Methodist Church.

Toronto Saturday Night: Miss Gladys Marshall, who has been in town recently, sang twice at Mrs. Mann's during her stay in town. This gifted Hamilton girl has such a voice as recalls the silvery soprano of Mrs. Caldwell in her prime. She is one of Ethel Shepherd's most successful pupils and her singing is artistic and beautiful.

(Special Despatch to the Times.) Brantford, June 13.—A fashionable event took place at Grace Church here at 2 o'clock this afternoon, when Miss Eleanor Creighton, daughter of the late Walter Lindsay Creighton, and Mr. William Leggat, son of Mr. Matthew Leggat, of Hamilton, were joined in the bonds of matrimony. The church was handsomely decorated with pink carnations and with ferns and palms. The Reverend Archdeacon Mackenzie performed the ceremony. The bride, who looked very beautiful, wearing a rich gown of ivory liberty satin, trimmed with old lace, given to her by her aunt, Mrs. Ross, of Ottawa, was given away by her brother, Mr. Walter Creighton, of Montreal. Mr. John Leggat, of Hamilton, acted as best man. The bridesmaids, Miss Leggat, Hamilton, Miss Amy Sinclair and Miss Aileen Robertson, of Toronto, were gowned alike, in pale pink de soie, with mohair hats with large bows, carrying bouquets of lily of the valley.

The ushers were Mr. A. L. Lloyd, Mr. William Hogg, Toronto, Mr. Murray Hendrie, Mr. John Gartshore, Hamilton, and Mr. Reginald Digby, Brantford. At the conclusion of the ceremony the guests repaired to the pretty home of Mrs. James Digby, where a dejeuner was served, when the bridegroom and the bride, who is popularly known in Brantford, and the possessor of a charming personality, were the recipients of the congratulations of their friends.

The groom's gift to the bride was a watch bracelet. The presents were very numerous, including a cabinet of silver, mahogany cabinet and desk, cut glass, quantities of sterling silver, of beautiful workmanship.

There was a large number of guests present, including a host of Brantford admirers of the bride. Among those present were Mrs. Creighton, mother of the bride, Mrs. De Veber, grandmother of Toronto, Mrs. Muir, Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. G. Hale, London; Mrs. Gilbert Stairs, Halifax; Mrs. Leggat, Mrs. Matthew Leggat, Mrs. Gillard and Miss Gillard, Mrs. Gartshore and Miss Gartshore, and Mrs. A. L. Gartshore, Mr. and Mrs. T. Hendrie, Mrs. Allan (Chicago), Mrs. John Hay and Miss Hay, Mrs. Van Allan, Mrs. John H. Stratford, Mrs. A. S. Hardy, Mrs. Hope and Miss Jessie Hope, Mr. E. N. White, Mr. Eric Armour, Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Dawson, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Braithwaite, Mr. R. Macenzie, Mrs. and Miss Sinclair, Mr. Bob Sinclair, Mrs. Crease, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Laird, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Cambie and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Thompson, Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Leggat left on an early evening train for Toronto, and after a bridal tour to the Adirondacks, will take up their residence in Montreal, where the groom is the assistant manager of the Bank of Commerce.

CHURCHES TO-MORROW

SPECIAL SERVICES AND SPECIAL MUSIC TO-MORROW.

Pastor Philpott will preach both morning and evening in the Gospel Tabernacle.

F. W. Wodell, of Boston, will sing "Just As I Am" at the evening service in Wesley Church to-morrow.

In Simcoe Street Methodist Church the pastor will preach at both services. Rev. Dr. Williamson will preach at both services in Emerald Street Methodist Church to-morrow.

The congregation of the First Unitarian Church will be addressed by Mr. R. V. Hart, of Burlington, to-morrow evening.

At Herkimer Baptist Church Rev. Albert Carr, returned missionary from the Canary Islands, will preach morning and evening.

The pastor of St. James' Presbyterian Church, the Rev. T. MacLachlin, will occupy his own pulpit to-morrow, both morning and evening. All welcome. Seats free.

In MacNab Street Presbyterian Church the pastor, Beverley Ketchen, will preach, 11 a. m.—"The Reaction of Character," 7 p. m.—"Misunderstanding and Forbearance."

Rev. S. B. Russell will conduct the services in Erskine Church, Pearl street north, near King. Morning, communion. Evening subject, "The Wells of Salvation." Strangers welcome.

Rev. J. A. Wilson, the pastor, will preach both morning and evening in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church. Intending new communicants will meet with Mr. Wilson in the church at 4 o'clock.

Rev. A. E. Mitchell, M. A., pastor of Knox Church, will announce to-morrow's sermon topics, "Unusual Methods" and "The Crime of Unconcern." H. M. Paulin, B. A., will preach in Knox Mission.

In Gore Street Methodist Church the pastor, Rev. Isaac Couch, M. A., B. D., will preach at 11 a. m. on "The Holy Spirit," and at 7 p. m. on "Honest Living." Bright singing. Strangers welcome.

Rev. Roy VanVrek will preach in Sherman Avenue Presbyterian Church at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. Dr. Lyle will lay the corner stone of the new church on June 17th, Wednesday next, at 4 p. m.

In Zion Tabernacle the pastor, Rev. F. W. Hollinrake will preach a sermon to boys and girls in the morning, from Prov. iv, 7, and in the evening the subject will be "The Lord's Dealings With Cain—Why?"

At Charlton Avenue Church to-morrow the pastor, Rev. R. H. Bell, B. A., will preach at both services. Morning subject, "Paul's Thorn and its Blessing." Evening subject, "Overcoming Evil With Good." Sunday school at 10 a. m.

In Christ Church Cathedral to-morrow Rev. Mr. Potts preaches in the morning and Canon Almon Abbott, M. A., in the evening. Music morning, J. A. Stares' Communion Service in D. Evening, Goss' Anthem, O Saviour of the World. Soloist, Arthur Stares.

Special dedication praise services will be given in the New Central Presbyterian Church to-morrow. Mrs. Frank MacKellan, of Toronto; Miss Gertrude Stares, Miss Mary Gartshore, Simon Swartz, Harold Hamilton, Orville Quigley and an augmented choir will sing at all the services.

Rev. Richard Whiting will preach in Centenary Church to-morrow, his morning subject being "Showers of Blessing." In the evening he will give the first of a series of four brief sermonettes on "God's Messages in Nature." The first sermon will consider "God's Message in the Trees." Appropriate musical services by the choir.

At James Street Baptist Church Rev. J. C. Sycamore, M. A., will preach, 11 a. m.—"The School of Christ." Anthem, "God So Loved the World." Duet, "Love Divine," Miss Coutts and Chester Walters. 7 p. m.—"Jonah, or the Sleep of Rebellion." Hymn anthem, "Peace, it is I." Quartette, "A Message From Home."

The Right House

"HAMILTON'S FAVORITE SHOPPING PLACE"

All carpets made, laid and lined free

This remarkable offer continued next week

At the request of many customers, who were unable to take advantage of the free making, laying and lining of carpets this week, we have decided to renew the offer for another week.

Every carpet bought next week will be made, laid and lined absolutely free of charge. This splendid offer applies to all of our vast new spring and summer stocks, to all the specially priced lots and to the reduced lots.

A straight saving of 12c to 14c on every yard

NOW is the time to re-furnish. Select YOUR carpets next week and save 12c to 14c on every yard by having them made, laid and lined free. The finest stock in Canada to select from—a stock greater than all other Hamilton stores combined. The finest and best wearing qualities from the world's best manufacturers—kinds that are only found here in Hamilton. All made, laid and lined free if you buy next week.

Thomas C. Watkins

A great quality and value store

Thomas C. Watkins

SETS FIRE TO WOMAN

Watches Her Write In Agony as Her Gown Burns.

Witness Sees Italian Start Flames Under Girl on Park Bench.

New York, June 13.—The limp of the pervert grimed from the eyes of Francisco Derasino to-day and urged his hand to attempt careless murder. The 13-year-old boy stealthily set fire to a woman's dress up in Rose Hill Park, the Bronx, and while she burned in agony he watched her writhe from behind a fringe of tall grass on the edge of a railroad cut.

The doctors at Fordham Hospital say that Miss Catherine McCormick, the woman who was burned, may not live. Miss McCormick lives at 407 High street, Mount Vernon. She was in the Bronx this afternoon, visiting friends, and when it came time for her to go home she walked down to Fordham station on the Putnam division of the New York Central to take the train.

While she waited the woman strolled out into the park that surrounds the station and sat on a bench. Richard Thatcher, a boy who was near the place where the woman was sitting, saw what happened.

The Italian boy, a ragged youngster, walked past the woman several times. Finally he appeared to walk away, but the Thatcher boy saw him make a detour and sneak up back of the bench where Miss McCormick was. There was some waste paper beneath the bench. The Italian lit this and ran into the grass and lay down to watch results.

The woman screamed aloud before the slinking boy had reached the grass, and she jumped from the seat with a wisp of flame leaping from the lower hem of her light summer skirt. The woman bent over and tried to whip out the fire with her hands, but it spread to her bodice, leaped to her straw hat and swirled about her face.

The tortured woman rolled on the grass tearing at the flames that bit her. Help came at once from persons near by, but when the ambulance arrived the woman was just hovering on the border line of unconsciousness. Her hair was burned up to the roots, her face was seared by fire, and her body, from the knees to the neck, was blistered and streaked.

It was said to-night there was hope that she would live, but it was feared she was too severely burned to withstand the shock.

COUNCIL FOR WEDNESDAY.

(Continued from page 1.) built as far as Emerald street at present.

There is a movement on foot to have the council meeting on Wednesday instead of Monday night so that the Street Railway matter can be dealt with the same night as the Power question. Chairman Sweeney thinks that the by-law will be in shape by then. The city officials, however, doubt if it will. In any event it looks as if the council meeting could not be held on Monday night. City Solicitor Waddell has not yet received from the company a copy of the Power contract. He would not have time to go into it properly now in time for a meeting on Monday night, he says.

Building permits were issued to-day as follows:

W. J. Deiger, brick house, Head street, between Dundurn and Sophia, \$2,500.

Charles Webber, brick house on Stinson street, between Emerald street and Erie avenue, \$2,000.

A. W. Peene, alterations and additions to 37-39 James street north, \$2,000.

The health report for the week shows four cases of German measles, one of erysipelas, six of mumps, four of measles and nine of whooping cough.

The Parks Board will meet on Monday night.

KILLED 300. Morocco City, Monday, June 8.—Galoui, a partisan of Mulai Hafid, the insurgent Sultan of Morocco, recently delivered an attack upon the Straghna tribesmen for refusing to accept his brother as Calid. Three hundred of the Straghna were killed and four hundred were wounded.

PLACE TO FLY. Paris, June 13.—After having considered various places, Wilbur Wright, the Dayton, Ohio, aeroplaneist, and Hart O. Berg, the European representative of the Wright Bros., have finally selected the race course at Mans for the approaching demonstrations of the Wright aeroplane. A lease of the course has been taken and the installation of the shed and other accessories probably will require a month. The course measures 800 by 300 yards.

Whatever ye do, do it heartily.—Colossians iii. 23.

FOR NORTHWEST.

Grand Trunk System Makes Important Announcement.

The Passenger Department of the Grand Trunk Railway System have just made an important announcement, that will be of great interest in connection with the movement of passengers from Eastern to Western Canada. While first class fares are the same at the present time via the Grand Trunk Railway's line to Chicago, and its connections beyond to points in the Canadian Northwest, the second class fares for many years via Chicago have been higher than by route north via Lake Superior. Commencing June 14, the agents of the Grand Trunk in Ontario and Quebec, and connecting lines, will be able to issue second class tickets from Eastern to Western Canada at the lowest current fares by any route. Naturally a large proportion of the passenger traffic referred to is made up of settlers and others who prefer to use second class tickets, the saving between the price of the first and second class tickets being considerable and the accommodation for passengers with second class tickets having steadily improved.

All arrangements have been completed so that the baggage of passengers will be carried through the United States in bond without requiring any special attention on the part of passengers, and there will be no detention or inspection of such passengers at any point in the United States who hold through tickets to points in the Canadian Northwest. While through cars will not at present be operated, it is believed that many passengers making so great a journey will much prefer the comfortable transfer at points like Chicago and St. Paul into freshly ventilated, clean cars.

While through tickets will continue to be sold when requested via North Bay, the Grand Trunk people believe that the new route, with the advantages outlined above, will become so popular that it will command a very large share of the growing traffic from Eastern to Western Canada.

What Ailed It? (Belleville Intelligencer.) The Hamilton Times still believes in the sermonette. The Times wouldn't tumble if the mountain fell on it.

"Do you think this bathing suit will shrink when I get it wet?" "If it does I'll bail you out." "Bail me out!" "Sure! If that suit gets any smaller you'll be arrested."—Houston Post. He that pryteth into the clouds may be struck with a thunderbolt.—Italian.



MRS. CHRISTINE WETHERILL RICE.

Mrs. Rice was married to William York Stevenson at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Price Wetherill, of 251 South Eighth street, Philadelphia. Her three sisters attended her.

Saving News FROM THE Staple Section

Supply all your summer needs now at these low prices. Low prices in Sheetings and Cottons beckon you to this sale.

SHEETINGS—Best English manufacture in a soft finish, free from dressing, half bleached and in heavy qualities for wear. You choose either plain or twill makes, 72 inch wide.

Regular 28c quality for 22 1/2c
Regular 33c quality for 28c
Regular 38c quality for 33c

SHEETINGS—Bleached in plain and twill makes, English make, soft finish, 72 and 80 inches wide, superior qualities for wear.

Regular 33c quality for 28c
Regular 38c quality for 33c
Others at 38c, 45c and 55c yard, equally reduced.

LONSDALE CAMBRIC—English makes in a fine bleached linen finish for the needle, absolutely pure make. Women will want these for many summer under muslins, and now is your time to buy and save. The savings run like this:

Regular 12 1/2c Cambric for 10c
Regular 15c Cambric for 12 1/2c
Regular 18c Cambric for 15c
Regular 22c Cambric for 18c

NIGHT SHIRT COTTON—In bleached heavy twill makes, with soft smooth finish, 36 inches wide, English make. Regular 15c for 12 1/2c; 18c for 15c; and 25c for 20c.

LONGCLOTH, fine soft English qualities, in the very fine qualities for ladies' underwear, 42-inch wide. You save like this: 15c for regular 18c quality, 20c for regular 25c quality, 17c for regular 20c quality, 25c for regular 30c quality.

INDIA HEAD, bleached makes, in linen finish, soft makes for ladies' outing skirts and suits, 36 inches wide, special 20 and 25c.

DRESS LINEN, rare Irish linen make, in the fine and coarse weaves for summer suits, 45 and 48-inch, at 35, 45, 50 and 65c yard.

WOMEN LEAD AS ANIMAL TRAINERS.

Homely women have achieved fame and success on the stage by reason of their talented acting; beautiful women, who could not act if their lives depended on it, have become favorites through little tricks of eyes or gesture; and women have become popular on account of their gracefulness; fat women because of their amiability.

Other women have become necessary to the interest of the dear public through outside forces such as dogs and cats and monkeys and cockatoos. These women are all animal lovers, and they have made a study of the particular beasts or birds which they train from early childhood and understand their failings and lovable qualities just as a mother understands the little peculiarities of her child.

They have learned sometimes that it is wise to rule with the rod; sometimes by persuasion, and once they have decided on the best mode of treatment they never diverge from it; but carry it through to the end. In this way both trainer and trained know exactly how to take each other.

Rosena Coselli is one of the best known trainers on the vaudeville stage. Her specialty is dog training and she makes her appearance with about fifteen cunning Mexican midgets. The dogs are so tiny that a microscope would come in handy for a real good look at them, and they are clever almost beyond conception. The Coselli is a steeplejack girl and since her childhood had numerous dogs for pets and playmates.

"They are nice," she says, "and den again they are naughty; but I love dem an' we get on—how you say, excellently?—together."

The hobby of Lucille Mulhall is the horse. She has spent her girlhood on the plain and is at the present day a hardy, horsey woman, keen of eye and strong of arm. She does not teach her animals polite and fascinating little tricks, just the opposite. She comes on in a whirl of dust, tugging at the head of a half-wild animal who has no more idea of law and order than the Arab of the desert.

Several other horses make their appearance, and then there is a realistic scene depicting the actor in a lassoing, stalking cattle, etc. She keeps her audience spellbound through dread, for it seems every moment as if one or the other of the rearing animals will come plunging over the footlights.

When Belle Hathaway was a little girl the chief delight of her life used to be to "go see the monkeys." Every Saturday as regularly as clockwork her mother, who was indulgent, would put on her little clean, starched pinafore and take her to the zoo, there to "see" the monkeys to her heart's content. And each night as the little girl was going to bed she would declare solemnly:

"Mother, some day I am going to be a monkey lady in a circus. I am going to have lots of monkeys and teach them to do all kinds of cute tricks." She spoke the truth. Now she has a finely assorted collection of these animals, and her act with them is well worth seeing.

Those in the habit of attending the vaudeville houses will remember having seen Irma Orbasays and her trained cockatoos. There could be nothing funnier than the gyrations these birds go through, with perfect correctness, clock-like regularity, and infinite solemnity of expression.

They have a shipwreck and drown with a calm that is beatific; they have duels and die apparently just as dead as can be with feet stretched out and glassy eyes. Then they arise and play songs with their feet, nodding their heads in perfect time.

"It took me an awfully long time to teach them anything," declared Miss Orbasays, "for they are stupid. One consolation is that when they know a thing they really know it, and I can depend on them not to forget it. I enjoy my work with them immensely."

ROUSED BY THE FIRE BELLS. It Was a False Alarm, But the Editor Became Much Excited. Our fire company was called out Friday evening about 5 o'clock by the furious clanging of the fire bell and made a record-breaking run for Pigott & Co.'s store, where a heavy smoke seemed to originate, filling the air with the smell of burning pine. Ladders were hoisted and Roy Parkin was the first man on the roof, but nary fire could he see, only a terrific smoke coming out of the big chimney on Olson & White's store.

A thorough investigation brought nothing further to light and it finally dawned on Arthur Amundson that he had thrown a big pile of pine boxes and dry kindlings into the furnace that heats this store and the drug store. So the excitement was quelled, the hose company wound up its hose and a halo of peace prevailed once more over good old Hudson.

We were taking care of our sick baby when the alarm sounded. We had our

The Call of Home.

I'm the old tired woman now, for all that work is done. I sit here in my daughter's house as any lady might. It's "Take your ease, old woman, dear," from each and every one, and "will'n' hands to wait on mine from morning until night."

But I have the longing on me that is heavier than tears. (Though themselves could never know it from my word I say) It's half the way across the world that I would be the day.

And back in my own father's house, I've left these fifty years. 'Tis not that I'm not happy here, who's living like a queen; The children's children at my knee, I'd not 'Tis never any word that's come across the miles better than these. For aught I know, the parish's self is crumblin' to the seas.

But I have the longing on me that is heavier than tears. "Oh, take your ease, old woman, dear," 'tis well for them to say. 'Tis just the little wild colic I'd be again to-day. And back in my own father's house I've left these fifty years.

And to think I left it laughin' with a true lad's hand in mine! The lips that kissed me goin' oh, 'tis long that they've been cold. And 'tis little was the grief I had that never that day that saw me old.

But I have the longing on me—oh, 'tis well me own time near. Since I'm waiting like a stranger here with those I love the best. It's "Take your ease, old woman, dear," but oh, 'tis there I'd rest—Once back in my own father's house I've left these fifty years.—Theodosia Garrison, in McClure's Magazine.

A lawyer tells of a judge in a criminal court down east as well known in the vicinity for his good heart as for his legal attainments. His Honor's softness of heart, however, did not prevent him from doing his duty as a judge.

On one occasion a man who had been convicted of stealing a quantity of wearing apparel was brought into court for sentence. He seemed very sad and hopeless, and it was observed that the court was not entirely unsympathetic.

"Have you ever been sentenced to imprisonment?" asked the judge. "Never!" exclaimed the prisoner, bursting into tears.

"Don't cry, my man," said His Honor, consolingly, "you're going to be now!"

A man shouldn't feel that he is un-dressed simply because some fellow tries to do him.

Summer Vests

A man looks so much more "dressed up" with a waistcoat on than without.

White and light colored waistcoats are in order now and we have an exceptionally large assortment cut on American, Canadian and English models.

Prices 75c to \$3.00.

Oak Hall
10 and 12 James N.

STRANGE METHODS OF SUICIDE ADOPTED BY DERANGED PERSONS

Indiana Woman Who Bound Her Feet Together and Blindfolded Herself Furnishes a Perplexing Case to Students of the Human Mind.

Indianapolis, Ind., Saturday.—Students of the human mind find perplexing cases in the recent suicide of Mrs. Samuel Dukes, at Frankfort. So unusual were several features of the suicide that at first the police had no thought but that a murder had been committed. Now that Coroner G. W. Brown has returned a verdict of suicide Mrs. Dukes' taking of her own life must go on record as an unusual example of the "freakishness" of a deranged mind.

Mrs. Dukes' body was found on the porch of a house with a bullet wound at the edge of the heart. Her feet were bound with a strip of blue calico, and another strip of the same material around her head held a handkerchief in place over her eyes. Her clothing was in no way disarranged and her hands were folded across her breast. The body had the appearance of having been carefully arranged by some one.

To end her life Mrs. Dukes had left the home of her sister, a miles distant, at three o'clock in the morning, after dressing in her best clothing. The coroner discovered that Mrs. Dukes had brooded much over troubles, had threatened to end her life where she did and in the absence of any motive for murder he decided that the woman had shot herself. Why she bound her feet together and blindfolded herself does not appear, except as the fancy of a disordered mind. It may be supposed, however, that the woman had a desire to take away the grewsomeness of the deed by making preparations that would give her body an appearance for repose in death. She had even hidden the wound by firing the revolver after pushing it under the lapel of her jacket. The coroner's supposition is that the folding of her hands on her breast was merely accidental, or death came slowly enough to permit her to complete this preparation of her body.

Discovery of the charred bones of John A. Thompson, an aged recluse, near Hammond, January 26, 1906, brought to light a remarkable case of suicide. Thompson, who was said to have been a soldier of fortune in many lands, had lived on a small farm in Lake county for some time, but had fallen in arrears. The owner of the place, Miss Hertha Fritsche, was sought to obtain possession of her property, and police were sent to Thompson's house to eject him. Knowing the old man's eccentricity they thought it best to proceed carefully. Consequently, when he failed to answer their knock at the door, they gained entrance by a window. This saved their lives, for running from the door to a pile of dynamite on the floor was a wire which would have touched off the explosive. There was enough of it to have blown the house to splinters. The barn and other buildings had been similarly converted into death traps. Thompson was missing and it was supposed that he had committed suicide. The country was searched for his body, but no trace was found.

Two months later a fire destroyed the barn on the Fritsche place. A week afterward a man discovered a foot in the debris of the barn. The other bones were found, with Thompson's gun. A load of shot had ploughed through the skull. Further investigation revealed that Johnson had built a pyre of logs, set fire to it, and then shot himself, thus seeking to remove all trace of his body after ending his life.

But even the suicides of Mrs. Dukes and Thompson fail to approach in their unusual features the ingenious manner in which James Moon took leave of this world in the old Lahr Hotel in Lafayette.

After strapping his body to the floor he chloroformed himself so that he would remain perfectly motionless until a candle burning through a cord would release the blade of a guillotine of his own invention to sever his head from his body.

"I will make for myself a name that will live for years and years after my death," boasted Moon, when he began to work on his plan, months before he carried it out.

The crude guillotine by which Moon chopped off his head is now one of the interesting relics in the museum of Purdue University.

The sanity of Moon had been questioned before his act of self destruction, for he was continuously talking of revolutionizing the world by remarkable inventions upon which he was working. One of his hobbies was a sewing machine which he promised would excel anything yet invented. He spent days working on it in a little shed in the rear of his home. Moon was known throughout the county, and some believed that he was really a genius and would succeed in the great invention on which his heart and mind were set. Though none of his machines were ever successful there is no denying that his guillotine was a masterpiece of mechanical art.

Every detail in the construction of the device was perfect. Could one have watched the man at work in his little shop in the night he would have seen a remarkable spectacle. Moon must have stretched his body on the floor again and again, marking the distance with accuracy, and then springing the huge blade to see if it would descend just to the spot where his neck had been. Every calculation had to be perfect, every joint in the instrument had to work to insure success.

The big blade was sharpened to the keenness of a razor. Those who saw Moon's body afterward say that the neck was cut through so smoothly that not even a bone was splintered.

Bidding his family a happy farewell, Moon left his home, in Tippecanoe county, and went to the old Hotel Lahr, in Lafayette. His only baggage was a trunk, in which the parts of his guillotine, the straps, bottle of chloroform and other materials necessary in the preparation for his suicide were stored.

The afternoon and evening Moon spent chatting with friends about the hotel. The hour must have been late before Moon began setting up the guillotine for men in the adjoining room told that the light in his room was burning when they retired, but no sounds came from the silent chamber. It is presumed, however, that he employed the early part of the evening in putting the guillotine together. The arm proper was six feet three inches long, and was in three pieces. The parts were put together with screws so that there would be no noise necessary in erecting it.

The work of putting this arm together must have taken considerable time, as each piece was braced to prevent play in any direction. The arm connected with a broad hinge that fastened on one side to the floor of the room and on the other to the base board to make it secure. The broadaxe, which no doubt was last to be attached to the guillotine, weighed sixty-four pounds and was made secure with five screws. Moon made the broadaxe at one of the principal foundries of the city, and to throw off suspicion said that he was making a "special kind of chopper for the chef of the Lahr Hotel."

With all the parts of the guillotine in place, Moon began his arrangements for the end. At a measured distance from the hinge he fastened two straps to the floor with screws, and at the side of the window he placed a bracket, on which he put an ordinary candle. From the wall just above the candle to the point near the broadaxe ran two slender cords that he had sawed through the side of the candle in order that at the center they would practically become part of the wick. Thus the flame had some time to burn before it would release the instrument of death.

Moon even took the trouble to prepare a box filled with cotton to receive his head when it rolled from his body. Through a hole in each side of the box and beneath the chin he passed a stick, the object of this being to prevent his head from falling forward when he became unconscious. The stick held his head so that there was no chance for the broadaxe to miss his neck in the spot that he had calculated.

Shorter and shorter grew the flame, but the man had calculated deliberately and he had time for everything. When the candle had burned a certain distance that he had at his side and dashing its contents on a heavy cloth, placed it across his nose and the lower part of his face. Then, thrusting his hands beneath the strap across his chest, the man had completed every detail, and all that remained was for the flame to release the guillotine's blade.

The night passed and the day came, with no one aware of the tragedy. Supposing that Moon was sleeping late, he was left undisturbed until late afternoon. Then a porter was sent to investigate. Getting no response to his knock he stood on a chair and looked through the transom. With a yell he fled from the building.

Then the door was forced open and the manner in which Jim Moon had sought to perpetrate his name was revealed. The coroner, Dr. W. W. Kinnege, who is a practicing physician, and a jury of citizens was impelled. From 8 o'clock Sunday evening until 4 o'clock Monday afternoon this jury remained in session.

On one side of the arm of the guillotine was printed "Hari-kari," and on the other "For sale or rent," grim evidence of the humor of a deranged mind.



MISS ELIZABETH ORMSBY, OF WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.

This society girl scared a negro burglar from her home at night by threatening to shoot him. Her only weapon was an extended index finger.

Wall Paper Facts.
One single roll of common wall paper is 8 yards long by 18 inches wide, and one single roll of Ingrain, felt or cartridge paper, is 8 yards long by 20 inches wide. One single roll of one-strip border is 8 yards long by 18 inches wide and contains 8 yards of border. One single roll of two-strip border is 8 yards long by 18 inches wide and contains 16 yards of border. Common wall paper is put up in double rolls, and Ingrain, felt or cartridge paper is put in triple rolls. Prices are quoted on single rolls.

To find the quantity of common paper necessary to cover a room multiply the height of the room by the length of the four sides and divide by 36, which will give the number of single rolls required. For each single roll of common paper 1 1/2 yards of border will be necessary.

For Ingrain, felt or cartridge paper multiply the height of the room by the length of the four sides and divide by 48, which will give the number of single rolls required. Deduct one single roll of common paper for every 50 square feet of opening.

Multiply the length of the ceiling by the width and divide by 36 for common paper and divide by 9 for Ingrain, felt or cartridge paper to obtain the quantity of single rolls required for the ceiling.—Popular Mechanics.

A Good Nerve Tonic.
Will act, not so much directly upon the nerves as upon the digestive functions, and the abundant formation of red, vitalizing blood. Nerves can't be fed on medicines. They can, however, be restored and strengthened by assimilated food. The marvelous action of Ferrozone arises from its action over the digestive and assimilative processes. When you take Ferrozone the blood is purified, strengthened and grows rich and red. Then you grow vigorous, healthy and beautiful, ready for work, because you have the strength to do it. No tonic for the brain, blood or nerves compares with Ferrozone. Price 50c per box or six boxes for \$2.50, at druggists or Poison & Co., Kingston, Ont.



THE LAUNCHING OF THE MICHIGAN.
The first of the United States Dreadought type of floating forts recently left the ways of the New York Shipbuilding Co. She was christened by Miss Carol B. Newberry, a native of Michigan and a daughter of the Assistant Secretary of the U. S. Navy.

A NEWSPAPER WAIF

Ashton conducted the "Last Resort" column on the Banner, and it was said that no query ever came to his department that he could not answer. It is true that many correspondents were obliged to wait weeks at times for the answer to the question submitted for Ashton's reputation had spread and his mail increased till it assumed alarming proportions.

Ashton, however, was not discouraged by the great pile of unopened letters before him, but kept at the task with that dogged persistence which had been the chief factor in gaining for him his present position; for he had first gone to work on the Banner as an office boy, the editor taking him in off the street, where one cold night he found him wandering about, ill-clad, hungry and half-frozen—a mereurchin, a waif.

Thirty years had passed since that night, and Ashton still considered himself in debt to the editor, and was trying to repay, a fact which everyone knew also that had it not been for Ashton the Banner would long ago have become but a memory. No dinner in which the newspaper men had any part was ever complete without Ashton, for his wit was, like his humor, irresistible, much of which was taken from that great pile of correspondence ever before him, there was, however, that besides humor in the letters he received, for the questions he was called upon to answer embraced those on love and sentiment as well as other matters, and his replies to these in particular caused much comment among those who knew him most intimately, for they were always answered in the positive, confidential way of one who is thoroughly familiar with the subject, and so far as known Ashton had been ever free from affairs of the heart. So serious was he on these questions that not a few considered him a sort of a matchmaker, there-

fore it created no more than the usual comment when there appeared in his columns on one Sunday the following:
"Sweetheart—The poem which you enclosed is undoubtedly a newspaper waif, as the name of the author is in none of the catalogues. I have reprinted it, however, with the request that the author send in his address."
The following Sunday there was another paragraph addressed to "Sweetheart," which read:
"The author of 'The Difference' has sent in his address, to which I will be glad to forward any message you may care to send."

Now, that was strictly against the rules of the office, and the editor called Ashton to account. The latter replied that the case was unusual, lighter than air, which is breathed through the bronchial tubes and lungs, carrying soothing balsams and essences as it goes. No wonder that after twenty years' awful suffering Capt. James Dunlop, of Kingston, commander of R. & O. steamer Bohemian, was cured thoroughly by Catarrhose. "I suffered twenty years, and although I took treatment all that time permanent relief was not obtained till I used Catarrhose, which is the best known cure for Bronchitis on the face of the globe; pleasant to use, quick to relieve and sure to cure." A truly wonderful treatment for Catarrh, Asthma, Throat Trouble and Bronchitis is Catarrhose. Thousands it has cured say so. Sold by all dealers in three sizes, 25c, 50c and \$1.00.

At that time another man was given the task of opening the "Last Resort" mail. One day he tore open an envelope from which came a faint odor of violets. He smiled and opened the paper to the following:
"Dear Will—I never fully realized till I read that set of poems of yours how much I really loved you, or how much I must be to you. Can you forgive me after all these months for the wrong I've done you and come to me? It was all my fault, for I was blind, blind I knew not what I was doing. I thought money was everything; that I could never be happy without it; but now I know—I know that happiness comes only with true love. Can you, dear, forgive and forget all the pain I have caused you in the past and let me try to atone for it in the future? Please try. If I knew where you were I would come to you, but I don't. The editor is kind enough to forward this for me. Your sweetheart."
"Well," exclaimed the man, "that's the letter that cost poor Ashton his job."

He sat gazing at it in a dreamy

sort of way for a long time, wondering what the girl was like and what he had better do with it; then suddenly a thought struck him and he began to examine it.
"No address," he muttered, "so how the deuce is one to know where it was to go? If I only knew, hanged if I wouldn't forward it if it cost me my place, too."

At that moment he picked up the envelope, turned it over and read:
"To Mr. William Ashton, Banner office, city. To be forwarded."
"Great heavens!" he cried, "it's Billy himself she's writing to. I—I opened it, too and now—"

He paused, gazing at the perfumed sheet like one fascinated.
"That's a shame," he broke out at last, "and I'm going to see the old man about—"

The door opened and the "old man" came in.
"Look here," said the man, "this is the letter that Billy got out over—read it!"

The editor read it through twice.
"Well!" he remarked, throwing it down.

The man handed him the envelope. He read the address and his lids narrowed over his gray eyes.
"You are right," he murmured at length, "you are right."

Then he sat down and reached for the telephone, glancing at Ashton's card on the desk before him.—Boston Post.

How to Tell Bronchitis.

Any doctor will tell you that only by a remedy carried by air direct to the affected parts can bronchitis be cured. The very reason why Catarrhose cures is because it contains a healing medicine lighter than air, which is breathed through the bronchial tubes and lungs, carrying soothing balsams and essences as it goes. No wonder that after twenty years' awful suffering Capt. James Dunlop, of Kingston, commander of R. & O. steamer Bohemian, was cured thoroughly by Catarrhose. "I suffered twenty years, and although I took treatment all that time permanent relief was not obtained till I used Catarrhose, which is the best known cure for Bronchitis on the face of the globe; pleasant to use, quick to relieve and sure to cure." A truly wonderful treatment for Catarrh, Asthma, Throat Trouble and Bronchitis is Catarrhose. Thousands it has cured say so. Sold by all dealers in three sizes, 25c, 50c and \$1.00.

THE COST OF LIVING.

Has It Come Down Since the Panic of 1907, or Not?

The London Economist figures a decline in average cost of commodities, during the first four months of 1908, of 7 per cent, and a decline from the high point of last year to May of 15.2 per cent. Bradstreet's index number of New York prices shows a fall here of 12.34 per cent, from the high level of last year. Both agree that staple prices are now the lowest in three years.

But this conclusion is likely to be disputed by any householder. His living expenses have not decreased, except through buying less; the average citizen will say it now costs more to live than before the panic. And he is right, if necessities of life are considered. Bread and meat, which enter first into actual daily cost of living, show in the one case an advance of just 25 per cent, over March, 1907, and for the other, a decline of 2 per cent.—this latter being in whole sale prices and probably not reaching the consumer.

Bradstreet's figures show that prices of packed provisions are down 9 per cent, from last year, fruit 50 per cent, and leather, textiles, drugs, coal and oil something like 10 per cent. But they do not reckon in the price of canned vegetables, which, as with flour, are higher, because of the bad growing weather of 1907, or the numerous preserves into whose composition enters sugar, which has advanced 10 per cent. Instead, the Bradstreet's table includes metals like iron, tin and copper, which have fallen 30 to 50 per cent, from a year ago, but which cut an altogether minor figure in current expenses.

The best sign of future reduction in cost of living is the promise of good crops in 1908; the worst is the reviving tendency to speculative rise in prices. The most perplexing consideration is, who got it in getting the benefit of the fall in meat and cotton goods at first hand? Not the consumer, apparently.

A Life-Saving Vest.

A successful test of a life-saving vest, patented by a Philadelphia inventor, was given in the Delaware river opposite Washington Park on Sunday afternoon. The device resembles an ordinary vest and can be worn at any time. It is provided, however, with an air-tight compartment which may be inflated by the mouth by means of a tube in a few seconds. The inventor showed the value of the device by jumping overboard fully clad. He remained in the water 20 minutes, his body being sustained entirely by the vest, which enabled him to keep himself in an upright position half above the water without the slightest effort.

Blinded With Headache.

The most common result of constipation. Simplest remedy is Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which relieve the bowels, tone the stomach, help the whole system. No headaches or bilious attacks for those that use Dr. Hamilton's Pills. 25c per box.

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A SLIDING SCALE OF MILK PRICES
Nature has decreed that cows shall put varying percentages of fat and non-fat solids into their milk, according to their lactation dates, their ages, their conditions and their environments. The natural range of butter fat is from 1.5 per cent. up to 10 per cent. The milk makers of New York, through some unexplained and inexplicable becloudment of their intellects, have decreed that the cows when they put less than 3 per cent. of butter fat into their milk are law-breakers and "adulterate" their product. The same law makes the owner of the cow the adulterator if he offers their milk for sale just as they give it. To adulterate means to put foreign substances. Nothing in that way is done by either the cow or her owner. Of course, if milk, as the cows give it with less than 3 per cent. of butter fat is adulterated by analogy, all milk with more than 3 per cent. of butter fat is adulterated. The "state standard" should work both ways, but in this case it does not. The standard has only forbearance, comfort, profit and legal safeguarding for middlemen, who, because of the standard, are at perfect liberty to insist that the milk producers shall hand over to them at 2 or 3 cents a quart, milk of their own make, containing 4 to 6 per cent. of butter fat, which they, the middlemen, are permitted to standardize, that is to skim down to the standard of 3 per cent., and then sell it at 8 to 12 cents a quart, while the removed butter fat is sold at cream prices. No "adulteration" there of course. It is "adulteration" when the producer's cows give milk below the standard. It is not "adulteration" when the middleman skims out 1 to 3 per cent. of butter fat and sells the skim milk at full milk prices. Was there ever a more monstrous absurdity than this standard about work both ways, but in this case it does not. 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NEWS RIGHT UP TO DATE

WORLD OF SPORT

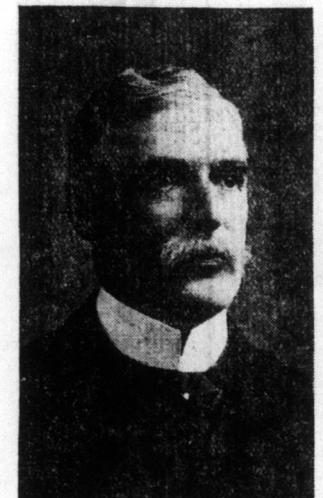
WHAT IS GOING ON NOW

DYMENT WON ANOTHER RACE.

Cannie Maid Beat Caper Sauce Yesterday.

Trackless at Long Odds, Finished in Front of Sir Galahad—Ordinary Card at H.J.C. Track Yesterday.

Two track records were broken at the Hamilton Jockey Club races yesterday afternoon, the tracks being turned by Joe James' Redondo in the fifth race on the main track, and Trackless over the turf course. The track was in fine



ROBERT HOBSON, One of the directors of the Hamilton Jockey Club and a warm supporter of athletics.

condition, and the racing, considering the card was very ordinary, was good. There was a large attendance, and the usual throng from Toronto was present.

HAMILTON FORM CHART

Table with columns for race number, horse name, weight, sex, age, and jockey. Includes races 103-106 and 107-109.

Arrests at N. Y. Race Track Yesterday.

First Attempt to Enforce Anti-Gambling Act—Band Played Dead March.



CAPTAIN GORDON HENDERSON, One of the directors of the Hamilton Jockey Club, and one of the best amateur riders in Canada.

AT ST. THOMAS.

International League Opened There Yesterday.

St. Thomas, June 13.—International League baseball got away to a flying start here yesterday, and one of the largest crowds of the season turned out for the opening game.

COMMENT AND GOSSIP

Horse racing may cease to be an industry and a gambling tool, but it can't be killed as a sport. The future of Kenilworth, and whether or not there will be racing at the North Buffalo track this year, may be definitely decided to-night.

Arrests at N. Y. Race Track Yesterday.

sel, decided to run the risk of doing business on the English credit system. The result was that the layers who adopted this method of conducting business refused to have any dealings with strangers or with known patrons whose credit was under suspicion.

SITUATION AT BUFFALO. Buffalo, June 13.—The news of the passage of the anti-racing track betting bills created little short of consternation in the ring or elsewhere, and at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon the city is peculiarly affected by the legislation.

Falls a run. In the sixth, with the bases full, Doremus' grounder brought in Giarelli, and some infield jockeys brought in two more in the same session.

ALDERSHOT THE LATEST. Aldershot, Ont., June 13.—(By wireless.)—Some of the local fans are anxious to get a franchise in the International Baseball League.

Little Paragraphs of Sport From Far and Near. Woodstock, Ont., June 13.—Woodstock defeated St. Mary's in a fast inter-mediate C. L. A. game last evening by a score of 7 to 2.

Valuable Nickel-Steel Alloy. A certain nickel-steel alloy called Invar, having a small coefficient of expansion, was produced by Dr. Guillaume some few years ago.

Drapers as Lord Suppliers. The drapery trade has supplied more Lord Mayors of London than any other business, the total being 74.

The man who makes his money dealing in cradles is naturally out for the rocks.

BE ECONOMICAL. Putting a little away every week for a "rainy day" is the pinnacle upon which most successful people have worked. THE WHEEL OF TO-DAY AND OF THE FUTURE. Made and guaranteed by The Canada Cycle & Motor Co., Limited.

Close of the Ladies' Golf Tournament.

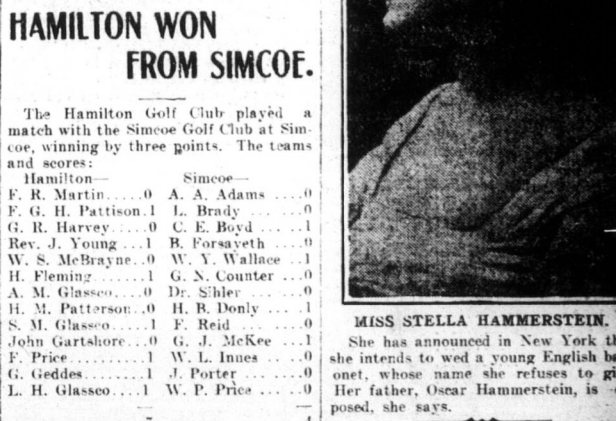
Provincial Championship Was Won by Miss Dick, of Lambton Club. The Ontario ladies' golf tournament, held this week on the H. G. C. links, came to a close yesterday afternoon.

AMERICAN LEAGUE SCORES. At Detroit—The American League pennant won by Detroit last year was unfurled yesterday. Besides city and State dignitaries, the two clubs had a gala affair.

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCORES. Pittsburgh 4, New York 0. Chicago 3, Brooklyn 1. Boston 1, Cincinnati 0. St. Louis 4, Philadelphia 2.

HAMILTON WON FROM SIMCOE. The Hamilton Golf Club played a match with the Simcoe Golf Club at Simcoe, winning by three points.

SHORT ENDS. Yesterday afternoon the Stoney Creek Women's Institute met in the Town Hall, to hear the addresses of the Provincial delegates.



MISS STELLA HAMMERSTEIN. She has announced in New York that she intends to wed a young English baronet, whose name she refuses to give.

Stoney Creek Institute. Yesterday afternoon the Stoney Creek Women's Institute met in the Town Hall, to hear the addresses of the Provincial delegates.

MARKETS and FINANCE

Saturday, June 13—Central market was a little brighter this morning there being a few farmers in and several butchers who made an especially fine showing of beef, the sale of which was good. There were several market gardeners in with large loads of green stuff. The demand was good, however, and prices remained firm. Strawberries are getting easy; they were selling at 25c to 35c this morning. Fish were rather scarce this week. Prices on the market generally were steady. To-day's ruling prices were:

Poultry and Dairy Produce.

Creamery butter	0 26 to 0 27
Butter, extra	0 28 to 0 29
Maple Syrup, quart, in sealers	0 40 to 0 45
Maple Syrup, gallon	0 75 to 0 80
Strawberries, quart, in sealers	0 25 to 0 30
Clifton, quart, in sealers	0 20 to 0 25
Chickens, pair	1 00 to 1 25
Turkeys	0 15 to 0 20
Ducks, per pair	1 00 to 1 25
Maple Syrup, lb.	0 25 to 0 30

Fruits.

Apples, bush	0 30 to 1 00
Apples, basket	0 20 to 0 40

Vegetables.

Asparagus, bunch	0 08 to 0 10
Spinach, bush	0 20 to 0 40
Lettuce, per bunch	0 20 to 0 25
Potatoes, per bag	1 00 to 1 20
Turnips, basket	0 20 to 0 30
Carrots, basket	0 20 to 0 30
Onions, large, basket	0 30 to 0 40
Green Onions, 6 for	0 05 to 0 10
Rhubarb, bunch	0 10 to 0 15
Radishes	0 10 to 0 15
Cucumbers, each	0 10 to 0 15
Farsley, doz.	0 40 to 0 50
Haricot beans, quart	0 10 to 0 15
New Beets, bunch	0 10 to 0 15
Strawberries	1 25 to 0 15

Smoked Meats, Etc.

Bacon, sides, lb.	0 17 to 0 18
Bacon, backs, lb.	0 17 to 0 18
Hams, lb.	0 15 to 0 17
Shoulders, lb.	0 11 to 0 12
Lard	0 12 to 0 14
Cooked ham, lb.	0 25 to 0 30
Bologna, lb.	0 08 to 0 10
Pork Sausage, lb.	0 10 to 0 12
Frankfurt, lb.	0 06 to 0 10

Meats.

Beef, No. 1, cwt.	9 00 to 9 50
Beef, No. 2, per cwt.	7 00 to 8 00
Live hogs, per cwt.	6 00 to 6 50
Dressed hogs	7 00 to 7 50
Veal, per cwt.	5 50 to 6 00
Mutton, per cwt.	8 00 to 12 00
Spring Lamb, each	8 00 to 12 00
Yearling	12 00 to 15 00

Fish.

Salmon Trout, lb.	0 15 to 0 20
White Fish, per lb.	0 15 to 0 20
Perch, lb.	0 10 to 0 15
Herring, lb.	0 10 to 0 15
Haddock, lb.	0 20 to 0 30
Halibut, lb.	0 20 to 0 30
Flounders	0 10 to 0 15
Cod, 2 lbs. for	0 25
Eels	0 10 to 0 15
English Sole, each	0 15 to 0 20
Smoked salmon	0 15 to 0 20

The Hide Market.

Wool, pound, washed	0 14 to 0 14
Wool, pound, unwashed	0 08 to 0 08
Calf skins, No. 1, pound	0 15 to 0 20
Calf skins, No. 2, pound	0 10 to 0 15
Sheep skins, each	1 00 to 1 20
Sheep skins, each	0 80 to 1 00
Horse hides, each	0 40 to 0 50
Hides, No. 1, per lb.	0 45 to 0 50
Hides, No. 2, per lb.	0 40 to 0 45
Hides, fat	0 45 to 0 50

Grain Market.

Barley, per bush	0 85 to 0 90
Wheat, white, bush	0 98 to 0 98
Do. red, bush	0 98 to 0 98
Oats, bush	0 80 to 0 80
Rye, bush	0 80 to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 75 to 0 75

Hay and Wood.

Straw, per ton	8 00 to 9 00
Hay, per ton	9 00 to 11 00

Flowers.

Geraniums, each	0 10 to 0 15
Pansies, each	0 15 to 0 20
Caranations, cut, doz.	0 20 to 0 40
Tulips, cut, doz.	0 25 to 0 40
Marguerites, each	1 00 to 1 25
Roses, cut, doz.	0 50 to 0 75
Antirrhums	1 00 to 1 00
Stocks	0 10 to 0 25
Hyacinths	0 10 to 0 10
Heliotropes	0 10 to 0 10
Fuchsias	0 20 to 0 15
Sweet Peas, tuberos	0 10 to 0 20
Mignonette, each	0 15 to 0 20
Plums, each	0 10 to 0 20
Hydrangeas	0 25 to 0 75

TORONTO MARKETS

Farmers' Markets.

The offerings of grain to-day were small, and prices are nominal in most cases. Wheat is quoted lower. Hay is unchanged, with sales of 25 loads at \$10 to \$13 a ton. Straw is quoted at \$10 to \$11 a ton. Dressed hogs are quiet and firm. Light sold at \$8.35 to \$8.50, and heavy at \$8.25.

Wheat, white, bushel	0 85 to 0 86
Do. red, bushel	0 85 to 0 89
Do. spring, bushel	0 83 to 0 83
Do. fall, bushel	0 80 to 0 80
Oats, bushel	0 51 to 0 51
Peas, bushel	0 55 to 0 55
Beans, bushel	0 89 to 0 90
Hay, ton, timothy	10 00 to 12 00
Do. clover, ton	10 00 to 10 00
Straw, per ton	10 00 to 11 00
Dressed hogs	8 25 to 8 50
Butter, dairy	0 19 to 0 23
Do. creamery	0 23 to 0 25
Eggs, new laid, dozen	0 18 to 0 20
Chickens, year old, lb.	0 17 to 0 20
Fowl, per lb.	0 13 to 0 14
Apples, per bbl.	1 50 to 3 00
Cabbage, per dozen	0 40 to 0 50
Onions, per bag	1 25 to 1 40
Potatoes, per bag	0 85 to 0 95
Beef, hindquarters	9 50 to 11 00
Do. forequarters	6 00 to 7 50
Do. choice, carcass	9 00 to 9 50
Do. medium, carcass	6 00 to 7 50
Mutton, per cwt.	9 00 to 10 50
Veal, prime, per cwt.	7 00 to 9 00
Lamb, per cwt.	14 00 to 15 00

Toronto Sugar Market.

St. Lawrence sugars are quoted as follows: Granulated, \$4.50 in barrels, and No. 1 golden, \$4.50 in barrels. These prices are for delivery; car lots 5c less.

OTHER MARKETS.

New York Sugar Market.

Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining, 3.90c to 3.92c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4.40c to 4.42c; molasses sugar, 3.65c to 3.67c; refined steady.

Winnipeg Wheat Market.

Following are the closing quotations on Winnipeg grain futures:

Wheat—June \$1.02 5/8, July \$1.03 1/2 bid, October \$1.7c bid.
Oats—June 47 7/8 bid, July 42 3/4 bid.

British Cattle Markets.

London—London cattle for cattle are steady at 12c to 14c per pound, dressed weight; refrigerator beef is quoted at 10c to 10 1/2c per pound.

Cheese Markets.

Perrin—There were about 1,770 boxes of cheese boarded here to-day—1,500

white and 270 colored. All were sold at 11 1/2c.

Brantford—Brantford cheese market offered 1,522; sold, 1,302, namely, 357 at 11 1/2c, 730 at 11 1/4c, 245 at 11 1/2c. Next market Friday, June 26.

Ottawa—On the Ottawa Cheese Board to-day there were offered 380 white cheese and 363 colored, making a total of 743. All sold on the board at 11 3/4c per pound for white and 11 1/2c for colored.

Napanee—Cheese boarded here to-day were 2,210; 1,160 sold at 11 1/4c, the remainder selling on curb at the same price.

Canadian Produce Abroad.

Following are special cables from London to the Montreal Trade Bulletin, under date of June 11:

Flour—The market is weak and 3d lower. Canadian spring patents, 27s to 30s 3d; seconds, 27s 3d to 28s 3d.

Wheat—The market is weak and 6d lower, owing to more liberal receipts of Argentine wheat.

Oats—At a further decline of 3d for Argentine oats, the market is dull. No Canadian oats on the market.

Butter—The market is steady at last week's advance. Stocks are light. Australian, 100s to 105s.

Cheese—The market is steady, stocks are light and prices are unchanged. New cheese, 56s to 57s.

Bacon—The market is firm at an advance of 3s. Arrivals from Denmark continue light.

Hay—The market is steady for Canadian, and clover mixed is quoted at 62s to 62s 6d.

Wall Street News.

Spot copper in London is 2s 6d lower and futures is 6d lower.

New York banks gained \$5,000,000 through sub-treasury operations the past week.

President Underwood, of Erie, recommends funding the coupons on general lien and general mortgage bonds.

Wabash for the year will show about \$500,000 over charges.

Rumored A. C. P. will soon be in control of a number of properties at present owned by the Guggenheims.

New Haven will vote regular quarterly dividend, although not earned.

Brooklyn Union Gas report shows 9.7 per cent. earned on the stock on 80 cent gas.

Thursday's trading smallest full day since 1904.

Dun's Review says leading crops are making much better than average progress.

Bradstreet's Trade Review.

Montreal—The trade situation here shows but little change from that of a week ago. Continued good weather and favorable crop reports have improved the feeling and, to some extent, broadened the scope of business moving. Buying for present use is still along conservative lines, but there is a steadily increasing tone to the outlook for fall trade. This improvement has been particularly noticeable in the drygoods trade. In fall goods there is a decided preference being shown for high grade lines.

Toronto—General business continues to show an improved tone all along the line. Orders are generally much better than they were a month ago and they continue to improve. The sorting trade in drygoods is considerably brisker. Western buying is much better. In most districts collections are being met satisfactorily. Hardware lines are moving fairly well. The demand for building materials is moderate but showing improvement. Prices hold about steady. Groceries are moving rather more freely.

Winnipeg—Business here and throughout the surrounding country has shown further improvement during the past week. Re-orders for summer goods and fall business are moving more briskly and the outlook favors a good business early in the autumn. Collections also show slight improvement. Merchants generally are endeavoring to clear up standing accounts.

Vancouver and Victoria—All lines of trade have a fairly good tone. Wholesale supplies are in fair demand, but there is some complaint on the score of collections.

Quebec—Orders are not large and are more of a sorting nature. Outlook for all trade is regarded as fair.

Hamilton—Business continues to show improvement, although there is a lull at this time last year. The outlook for fall trade is bright and orders are already coming in satisfactorily. Collections are only fair. The drygoods and millinery trades have done a good business in the past week.

London—With further excellent reports of the coming crops there is a steady increase in the amount of business doing at both wholesale and retail.

Paris—A fairly good wholesale and retail business is moving at the present moment and prospects are that there will be a steady improvement as the fall season approaches.

WHY IS MONEY DEAR?

Toronto Saturday Night: What makes money so dear here? What makes it so scarce? What has been often asked of late, but interrogators seem to have received unsatisfactory answers. There is no doubt that banking credit was overdone in times of prosperity, and now the other extreme has been resorted to. The big money market of Europe and the United States are at the present time surfeited with funds to lend, and the rates of interest are the lowest in years. Toronto borrowers, however, are not favored with an easy market, and the cause for this no doubt is due to the local disturbances. A city similarly situated as Toronto is Pittsburgh, where money is 6 per cent. The banks in both places are lending very little money on account of the uncertainty of the future, but largely, as some say, for the reason that large amounts of stocks and bonds are hanging over the market as a result of the late bank failures; and any sudden selling movement might wipe out margins before the banks could liquidate their loans. Merchants and manufacturers or a number of them have complaints to make against the banks for being so niggardly in these trying times. They say we have been told by the bankers that the large reserves that have been piled up in late years by these institutions were to protect business interests in times of distress and panic. But has this been done? The answer is No. Many manufacturers have had to dismiss large numbers of

SANFORD EMPLOYEES' PICNIC.

The annual picnic of the W. E. Sanford employees will be held on Saturday next, June 20th, at Niagara Falls and Buffalo via T. H. & B. Railway. Train leaves Hunter Street Station at 8 a. m., stopping at Victoria avenue. Returning, leaves Buffalo, Exchange Street Depot, at 7.30, Niagara Falls 8, arriving in Hamilton about 9.30. Tickets are good to stay over until Monday. In addition to the games the picnic feature this year will be the grand prize drawing. First, duck sweep; second, refrigerator; third, dishwasher. These tickets are free to ladies holding adult railway tickets, and will be supplied on the train, the drawing to take place on arrival at the grounds. The prizes are now on exhibition in D. Moore & Co's. window, King street east. Hot tea and coffee and milk supplied free, as usual. A good train service, lots of cars and no crowding. See advertisement in another column.

A LARGE ADDITION.

Rev. Dr. MacRobbie, of Nelson, preached to a large gathering in Erskine Church at preparatory service last evening. Rev. S. B. Russell and the elders received thirty-six new members. Most of these were received on profession of faith.

Mr. Evan E. Fraser, M. P., P., denies the rumor that he will resign his seat to become a commissioner of the Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park.

WALKER'S

IF YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD ANYWHERE IT IS GOOD HERE

The Frank E. Walker Co., Limited

Canada's Greatest Instalment Furniture, Carpet and Stove Sale

BIG STORE

Corner KING AND CATHARINE STREETS

BURIED UNDER ROCK

AVALANCHE IN CUTTING COSTS THE LIVES OF NINE MEN.

The premature explosion of Heavy Charge of Dynamite in New Ontario Causes Havoc on the Transcontinental—Others Injured.

Kenora, Ont., June 12.—Buried under an avalanche of rock from a dynamite explosion, nine men lost their lives at Simmons' sub-contract on the Transcontinental Railway construction, about two miles east of Winnipeg River, yesterday afternoon. The dead are: Harvey Bradley, George Munser, Thomas Burgess, Englishmen; Robert Gray, a Scotchman; Christopher Waglein, a Dutchman; Dymitro Jeleman, a Russian, and Getulio Robeti, Pasqualate Timbal, Luigi Bribin, Italians. The injured are: A. McDonald and Patrick Shorten.

All the dead men were muckers, working in a deep rock cut, while the two injured men were engaged in loading drill holes at the top of the cut, when the explosion occurred. The holes, which were 18 feet deep, had been "sprung" on Monday, and should have been cool. At the time of the accident, nearly two boxes of dynamite had been placed in one of the holes. The loaders were using wooden tamper-sticks, and what caused the explosion is a mystery.

The force of the explosion was mostly expended at the bottom of the cut, and it seemed to shoot the rock right out on the unfortunate muckers, who were working there, and this reason the two men at the top owe their escape from death. Eight of the men were killed outright, while the other man died while being taken to the hospital.

Mr. Donald and Shorten, the leaders, were thrown a few feet by the concussion, and were badly injured about the face and arms. They will recover, however.

The work of recovering the mangled bodies of the dead men from under the mass of rock under which they were buried took several hours. The bodies were brought here this evening on the steam-er Kathleen, and Coroner Chapman will hold an inquest to-morrow.

A pathetic feature in connection with the accident is that the wives of two of the Englishmen who were killed are now on the ocean on their way to Canada to join their husbands.

Commission Orders Investigation.

Ottawa, June 12.—The news of another dynamite explosion on the National Transcontinental, with nine fatalities, was received here to-day by the Commission, Chief Engineer Lumsden will cause a adequate investigation to be made. Some time ago, acting on representations made by the Labor Department and on the careless handling of dynamite along the line of the G. T. P., the Commissioners instructed Mr. Lumsden to investigate the matter. It was found that the accidents were as a rule caused by carelessness of men who were quite accustomed to the handling of dynamite, but who by reason of their very familiarity with the explosive become sometimes a little negligent in observing proper precaution to the deplorable number of fatalities on the G. T. P. from dynamite, and asking that all the men in their employ be warned to exercise every care in handling explosives.

BEWARE CHINESE.

NOT A SAFE MAN FOR OCCIDENTALS TO WED.

French Lady Married Dignified Gentleman Attached to Chinese Legation in Paris—In Pekin She Found Him a Brutal Oriental.

Paris, June 12.—A disillusioned Parisienne who married a Chinese is now suing before the Paris courts for a divorce. The respondent is a certain Hsingling, whose father some years ago was Chinese Minister in Paris. The son, who was an attaché at the Legation, was received in good society. He made the acquaintance of the lady who is now petitioning for a divorce and sought her hand in marriage. Her family objected, but ultimately their scruples were overcome, and the pair were married in the autumn of 1902.

While in Europe Hsingling was a model husband, but a year or so after the marriage he was recalled to Pekin, his wife accompanying him. Mme. Hsingling found life there not at all to her liking. Her husband, immediately he set foot in China, became metamorphosed. He shed his European manners, so to speak, and, according to his wife's account, from a courtly dignified gentleman he became a brutal Oriental. According to her statements she suffered unendurable indignities. She was locked up in a room and kept prisoner. Ultimately after some months of confinement she contrived to communicate with the French Legation, and after a period of lengthy negotiations her release was obtained.

As it was feared an attempt would be made to kidnap her, she left Pekin under an escort provided by the Legation, and this guard saw her safely on board a steamer at Shanghai. There is a baby in the case, and the wife is seeking the custody of the child. Judgment was reserved.

AGAINST CHURCH UNION.

Rev. J. K. Unsworth, President of Congregational Union.

Montreal, June 12.—At a meeting of the Congregational Union to-day the question of church union was discussed. Some of the speakers declared that the church did not favor a union with the Presbyterians and Methodists, the members claiming that their church would lose more than it would gain by the union. The committee which was appointed by the Congregational Church presented its report, in which it was stated that the way was not yet clear for church union, but recommended that it be allowed to carry on its negotiations toward union, the recommendation being followed.

The foreign mission report was discussed by Rev. J. K. Unsworth. The mission treasurer had just forwarded to the American board a cheque for \$5,000, leaving the society with a debt of \$1,000. Gifts of the denomination to the evangelization of the world amounted to \$10,000. Ontario had more than doubled her contribution to this fund. Other Provinces had also increased their offerings largely.

Rev. J. C. Villiers moved the following as officers: Rev. J. K. Unsworth, President; Rev. R. G. Watt, Secretary; and H. W. Barker, Treasurer. A motion increasing the number of directors was passed. Rev. Dr. Hill and Rev. J. K. Unsworth were nominated as members of the American Board. This was referred to the Nomination Committee of the union.

NEW SUDBURY LINE.

Toronto, June 12.—The first through freight over the new Sudbury line of the Canadian Pacific Railway will run out of Toronto on Monday morning. It will consist of 55 cars.

New York Excursion

From Suspension Bridge, via Lehigh Valley Railroad, June 20th, \$10 round trip. Particulars 54 King street east, Toronto.

J. B. Stauffer, Sheriff of Arrola, has passed through Winnipeg, en route to Toronto in an automobile, travelling via Minneapolis.

NEW WELLAND CANAL.

Four Surveying Parties Are at Work in the District.

St. Catharines, June 12.—The announcement of the Minister of Railways and Canals, looking to the possibility of a new 25-foot canal to replace the present Welland Canal, is hailed with delight throughout this vicinity, as the need for the new waterway has been seen for some little time. No less than four surveying parties are already at work taking the levels of the whole locality. Five men are engaged for some time on the field men, are transferred to the staff at the local canal office, who reduce them to designs, which, when completed, will show all the different

IMPORTANT CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Monday, June 15th, the Canadian Pacific train, now leaving Hunter street station at 8.50 a. m., will leave at 8.35 a. m. (15 minutes earlier) and will make close connection at Toronto with express train for Tottenham, Beeton, Alliston, Coldwater, Bala, the Muskoka Lakes, Parry Sound, Point au Baril, Byng Inlet and Sudbury. Close connection will be made at Bala with steamers of the Muskoka Navigation Company, for all points on the lakes.

The train now leaving Toronto at 9.30 p. m. will leave at 11.10 p. m. and arrive at Hunter street station 12.05 a. m. All other trains will continue to run as at present.

For full particulars see public time tables and folders, to be had at City Ticket office, corner King and James street and at station.

BEATEN TO DEATH.

Boston Actor Robbed and Murdered in New York.

New York, June 12.—While a dozen terrorized men and women looked on from the windows of surrounding houses in West 27th street two daring highwaymen to-day beat to death and robbed a man believed to be Albert Crosby, of Boston, an actor, who had been playing in "The Road to Yesterday." He was still breathing when witnesses of the tragedy ran up to his after the robbers had fled, but died in a hospital while the surgeons were preparing to trepan his shattered skull.

In a notebook found in the dead man's pocket was an entry reading, "In case of accident notify my mother, Mrs. H. Nowell, 136 Morse street, Toronto, Canada."

STURGEON LAKE GOLD.

Samples That Assay Seventy Dollars to the Ton.

Port Arthur, June 12.—A rich gold find is reported from the vicinity of Sturgeon Lake, where four prospectors, Messrs. T. Fay, H. Bell, C. Hickler and P. Hassard, have been working. The former two came in yesterday, bringing with them some fine samples of quartz, and have registered claims in the name of their syndicate. The assays show \$70 to the ton. Fifteen veins have been found on their claims, one of which is eight feet wide, and can be traced for two hundred yards.

Help is from on high.—Latin.

THIRTY MILLION OF SUPPLY.

Arrangement Between Government and Opposition.

Mr. Foster's Undying Hostility to Election Act.

Free Importation of Tools and Materials For Detroit River.

Ottawa, June 12.—After the greater portion of the sitting of the House had been spent in discussing other matters, including a question raised as to the reciprocal arrangement respecting the admission of materials and tools used respectively on the Canadian and the United States ends of the Detroit River tunnel, supply was reached to-night.

Mr. Clements raised the question of the free admission into Canada of American materials for use in the construction of the tunnel under the Detroit River. He claimed that \$200,000 worth of material had been brought over for the Canadian end of the tunnel, not a cent's worth having been purchased in Canada.

Mr. Cocksbutt started a discussion based on a statement in the civil service commissioners' report that the chief positions in the outside customs service were political appointments. He said he respected the qualities of the Minister of Customs, but he was so great a partisan that when wrong was done by one of his supporters he could not see it.

The system pursued by the Customs Department in the matter of seizures lent itself to private settlement between the inspector and the man who makes the seizure, or the man who gives the information, and the offending firm.

Mr. Cocksbutt said the system was open to influences of that kind. He objected to the customs officers getting fines for seizures, and criticized the Minister's method of preparing statistics in the department.

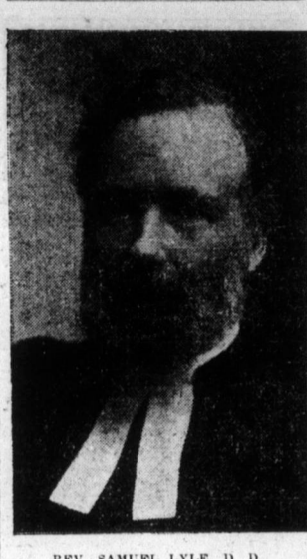
Then he supported Mr. Clements' protest against the materials used by American contractors on the Detroit River tunnel being allowed to enter from the United States duty free.

Hon. Mr. Paterson pointed out that the item in the tariff under which the reciprocal arrangement with the United States as to the free admission of materials for tunnels and bridges was made possible was included at the time of the tariff revision, and so far as he could remember, had passed the House unanimously. If it was such an enormous evil as the hon. gentleman seemed to think, why should it not have been opposed?

Mr. Cocksbutt could have opposed it half a dozen times at least, under the formal proceedings through which the bill had to go before it became law with the consent of Parliament. Formerly these things had been done under order-in-Council, but it had been thought better, and he was sure all would agree to that, that they should be done by the sanction of a law approved by Parliament.

He read letters from the Washington Department of Customs to the officials at Detroit, laying down the rule that materials and tools from the Canadian (Continued on page 16.)

A MAGNIFICENT ADDITION TO THE CHURCH ARCHITECTURE OF HAMILTON



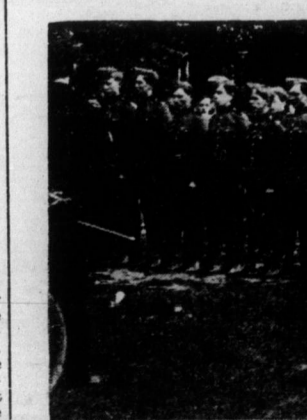
REV. SAMUEL LYLE, D. D., Pastor of Central Presbyterian Church.

To-morrow will mark the opening of a new epoch in the church life of Hamilton. That magnificent pile, the new Central Presbyterian Church, is to be dedicated to the service of God, with becoming ceremony in the morning, and the congregation will enter upon that broader and larger field of activity which it has been its desire to fill ever since the old church fell a prey to the devouring element.



JOHN M. LYLE, Architect of the New Central Church.

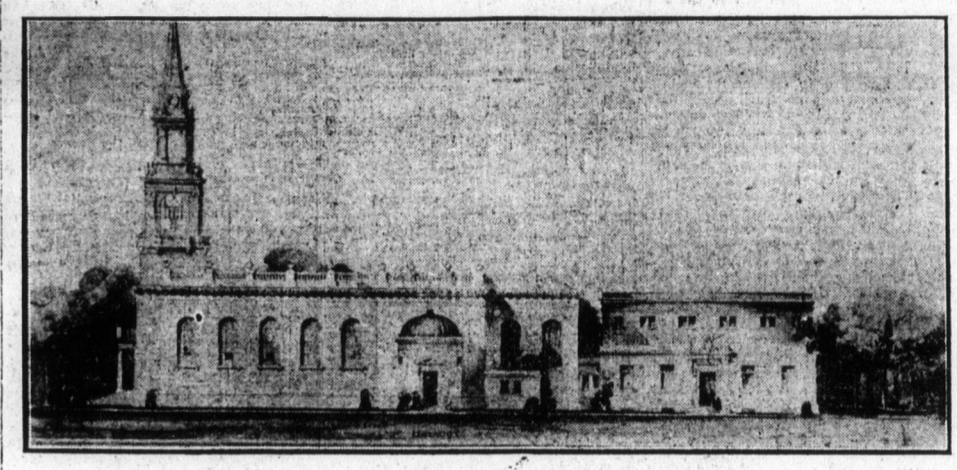
line street and Charlton avenue, it occupies a most commanding site, and its massiveness and architectural beauty give it a distinctiveness enjoyed by few of the large buildings of Hamilton. The history of the church from the time the movement was set on foot, immediately after the burning of the old Central, to secure a new site in the southwest, has been one of clear-sighted religious enthusiasm and enterprise.



NEW CENTRAL CHURCH.

The New Central Presbyterian to be Formally Opened and Dedicated To-morrow Morning.

Total Cost of New Building About \$150,000; Seating Capacity Something Over 1200.



NEW CENTRAL CHURCH.

actual dedication will be in the morning, and Rev. W. H. Sedgewick, B. A., the associate pastor, will have the honor. The preacher of the day will be Rev. W. T. Herridge, D. D., of St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa, and Rev. Dr. Lyle, the pastor, and Rev. Richard Whiting, of Centenary Methodist Church, will take part in the day's services.

Much of the credit for the energetic way in which such a large undertaking was successfully carried on is due to the building committee, consisting of Messrs. George Hope, chairman, W. A. Stewart, secretary, George Rutherford, Hon. J. M. Gibson, Wm. Hendrie, John M. Eastwood, J. J. Eves, F. F. Backus, W. A. Wood and J. W. Lamoreaux.

The lower part of the church is paneled in red oak dado up to a height of nine feet six inches. The upper portion is executed in tinted plaster. The ceilings are of a rich pearly color. Here are some interesting facts about the building: Total cost of building, inclusive of organ, \$150,000.

wide and semi-circular in plan. Opening from the Sunday school auditorium are the infants' class room, large working space, kitchen, scullery and ministers' and session room. To the front are two large class rooms. The building is heated on the principle of direct steam radiation. The steam being furnished by two cast iron sectional boilers, located in the basement in a fireproof chamber.

The organ contains in all about 3,800 pipes, and the instrument weighs over 36,000 pounds. Generally speaking, the church is classic in style, and is a sort of prototype of the London churches, designed by Sir Christopher Wren, who was the architect for eighty-five churches in old London after the great fire.

The church is of a new type in Canada, and the effect that Mr. Lyle has tried for is that everyone will be able to see and hear from every part of the church. There are seven memorial windows, which add greatly to the beautiful appearance. The wife and children of the late William Hendrie have erected a window at the rear of the chancel, the subject being entitled "The Ascension."

protected by fire-proof shutters, which will operate by means of fusible links. Both church and Sunday school buildings have two and one-half inch stand pipes located at central points, and to which are attached 75 feet of fire hose. The organ contains in all about 3,800 pipes, and the instrument weighs over 36,000 pounds.

The pulpit is located on the south side of the chancel, and is octagonal in shape. It is raised considerably from the floor and is reached by a short, winding stairway. The panel and moulding are richly carved. Over the pulpit is an octagonal sounding board of oak, which is supported by eight chains.

The electrical fixtures, which are unique and very appropriate. They were put in by the well-known firm of Lowe & Farrell, James street, this city. Another feature of the construction in which will be seen artistic taste and high class workmanship is the marble flooring, hardware, etc. This was all put in by a Hamilton firm, the Brooks, Sanford Hardware Limited, 160 King street east.



REV. W. H. SEDGEWICK, B. A., Associate Pastor of Central Presbyterian Church.

tion were done at the McCausland studios in Toronto. Another Canadian firm, the N. T. Lyon Glass Company, of Toronto, is also represented in the memorial windows, its work being of a very high order of artistic merit, in keeping with the architectural and color schemes of the church.

A feature of the painting and decorating is the finish of the walls and ceilings. This is done in Muresco wall finish, which accounts for the soft, velvety effect, which is so pleasing and restful to the eye. The carpeting of the church is very rich, showing the best of taste and judgment. As already stated, the carpets were made especially in England, and are of deep red, blending beautifully with the color scheme of the church.



C. PERCIVAL GARRATT, Organist and Musical Director of Central Presbyterian Church.

of the electrical fixtures, which are unique and very appropriate. They were put in by the well-known firm of Lowe & Farrell, James street, this city. Another feature of the construction in which will be seen artistic taste and high class workmanship is the marble flooring, hardware, etc. This was all put in by a Hamilton firm, the Brooks, Sanford Hardware Limited, 160 King street east.

A very substantial and workmanlike job has been done by Thomas Irwin & Son, of this city, contractors for the galvanized iron and roofing work. It has been pronounced one of the finest pieces of work hereabouts. Atlantic City Excursion. Via Lehigh Valley Railroad, June 26th, \$11 round trip, from Suspension Bridge, Particulars 54 King street east, Toronto.

CHALK LATEST WEAPON. Suffragettes Draw Sketch and Motto Outside Asquith's Home. London, June 12.—The resourceful and versatile suffragette appeared to-day in a new role, that of rapid-fire pavement artist. While Prime Minister Asquith was giving a garden party at his official residence in Downing street a number of the suffragettes appeared on the scene. Each one had a piece of white crayon concealed in her hand, and as the first one reached an advantageous point in the pavement in front of the Minister's residence, she stooped and hurriedly made a little ornamental sketch, with the motto, "Do Women Want —"

an indignant inspector of police, who rushed her off the premises. The motto was filled out, however, by one of her companions, who wrote in the word "votes." The police finally formed a cordon around the house and refused to allow any person armed with chalk or crayon to go through their line. All trace of the motto was removed by the police.

THREE MEN DROWNED. They Belonged to Sealing Schooner of Halifax. Halifax, June 12.—According to advice received by the owners to-day three members of the crew of the Halifax sealing schooner Alice Gertrude met death in the south Atlantic, when the boat containing Arthur Griffin (first mate) and two seamen, was upset in a squall, and the three men perished. Griffin was an American, but was well known in Halifax.

The Alice Gertrude achieved fame some time ago when she was seized by the officials of Uruguay and Captain Ryan and his crew kept prisoners for some months. The Alice Gertrude is owned by the Canada Sealing Company.

BEAMSVILLE AND GRIMSBY.

Farm Hand Falls Heir to \$20,000 in England.

Crops Are Well Advanced and Growers Rejoicing.

Grimsbey to Tender Banquet to Mr. John Hewitt.

Beamsville, June 13.—(Special.)—Miss Haynes, of Louth township, was the guest of Miss Lena Bennett on Sunday. Mr. John Dodson, of Hamilton, Mr. A. R. Houston and Miss Houston, of Wyoming, spent a couple of days with Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Amis this week. Mr. Eisey, of Princeton, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. John McIntyre.

Edward Everett, of Buffalo, spent Sunday the guest of his brother William. Mrs. and Miss Milne were visiting friends in town on Thursday. Joseph Ryckman and W. J. Reid were in St. Catharines during the beginning of the week on jury duty.

Old Clinton township has nothing to be ashamed of, the doctor's majority there being slightly decreased. Division 3 did itself proud, converting a Conservative majority of 14 into 2 for Mr. Mitchell. Clinton's organization was good. Hugh Sinclair was in St. Catharines on Wednesday. The Social Club has issued a neat programme of events for the field day on July 1.

The annual meeting of the Lincoln County Teachers' Association was held in Merriton on Friday of this week. The teachers will go to Guelph to-day on the institute excursion. An Englishman, Fred Randall, working on the fruit farms of Beamsville, O. Crooks, on the lake shore, was notified a few days ago that he had fallen heir through the death of an uncle in England to an estate of \$20,000.

The County Council has increased the assessment of Clinton township \$23,000, and reduced that of Beamsville \$25,000. A newly elected seven-membered of the C. O. F. which included visitors from Campden and Grimsby, attended divine service in the Baptist Church last Sunday evening. Rev. G. B. Brown preached an eloquent and inspiring sermon.

Two valuable trophies will be given for the five-mile road race on July 1. The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church are making arrangements to hold a strawberry festival on the lawns of Mrs. Herron about July 7. There were some strong objections made at the court of revision in the town hall on Friday night over the entering of certain appeals year by year, either through malice or ignorance, of certain individuals, who are old enough to know better than to vent their petty spite on certain ratepayers, who only laugh and grow fat when the efforts of these epitome statesmen are shown in their true colors.

Congratulations are being extended to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Somerville, the recipients of a baby boy. The ladies of the institute will be pleased to know that the next meeting is to be held on the lawn of Mrs. Geo. Breves next Thursday afternoon. The present weather is suiting the growers, and there is not much grumbling. For a couple of seasons back wet weather just at this time of year almost ruined the cherry crop. There is good reason to believe though that a heavy shower would make the strawberry men feel a little easier. All field crops are in good condition and in better condition than for a number of seasons. So far the planting season and results up-to-date have been satisfactory, and this is the general trend of opinion throughout the whole peninsula.

Mrs. Dr. Fairfield, who is the convenor of the Ladies' Committee of the old boys' and girls' reunion, has asked that committee to meet in the Town Hall next Monday night, June 15th, at 8 o'clock. Some of those who took part in the delightful programme of music in the Methodist Church on Monday evening were Miss McCallum, of Grimsby, contralto; Miss Sheldrick, elocutionist; Miss Wismer and the Victoria Hall orchestra, Miss Pearl Smith, Missa Beaty, Miss Myrtle Tufford, Miss Treleaven, Misses Riggins, Miss Ayers, Miss Garbutt and Messrs Sussex and Everett.

Arrangements are being made by a citizens' committee to tender a complimentary banquet to Mr. John Hewitt, of Chicago, at "Ye Village Inn," on Tuesday evening, June 23. It has been felt for some time that the people of Grimsby and vicinity should in some manner show their appreciation for the efforts Mr. Hewitt has made in making more beautiful the surroundings of his native town, and the banquet was finally decided on. It is intended by the committee in charge to make the affair a memorable one.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Skelly, of Riverside, Cal., are the guests of friends in the township. Mr. A. Burland, accompanied by his sons, have gone to the old land for the summer. Madame Marie Harrison, of New York, was in town for a few days during the (Continued on page 16.)

HAMILTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE CADET CORPS, AT INSPECTION BY COL. GALLOWAY.

HAMILTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE CADET CORPS, AT INSPECTION BY COL. GALLOWAY.

THE QUIET HOUR FOR THOUGHTFUL PEOPLE

A Reminiscence. I bowed in a passionate pain, For wearily dawned each morning...

begins it. Converting grace is a free gift, but it is not a crown. Just as soon as you give your heart to Jesus, you are enlisted for a conflict...

Preached of the Gospel of Life. But I thought that a gentle teacher To teach them the folly of strife...

Commentary.—I. The miraculous draught of fishes (vs. 1-11). While the disciples were waiting in Galilee, seven of them decided to go down to the sea...

Shipbuilding in Church. A noted master shipbuilder of Bristol was a regular attendant at church, and he welcomed the celebrator George Whitfield with great joy...

Prayer. Eternal God, the loving One, Thou who hast life in Thyself, and from whom all life comes, we bless Thee...

Consolation of a Saviour. Rev. Dr. W. Robertson Nicoll has been discussing the elements of Spurgeon's popularity. Among other things, he says: "It may seem a hard saying, but it cannot be doubted that his theology was a main element in his lasting attraction..."

The Minstrelsy of the Waves. There is a rapture in the lonely shore, There is a society where none intrudes, By the deep sea, and music in its roar...

He Overcomes. There is a growing list of rewards promised in the New Testament to him that overcometh. They are enough to satisfy every Christian heart and more than satisfy his highest aspirations...

Two Men Elected Bishops by Methodists. Rev. Dr. Wm. A. Quayle, of Chicago, and Rev. Dr. Charles W. Smith, of Pittsburg, were chosen members of the board of bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Baltimore.

STICKLE YOUR PALATE WITH CORN FLAKES

The new malted corn food. Made from the choicest selected white corn, cooked, malted, flaked and toasted. All the meat of the corn blended with the life of the barley. Ready-to-serve hot or cold. The only Malted Corn Flakes



LESSON XI—JUNE 14, 1908.

COMMENTARY.—I. The miraculous draught of fishes (vs. 1-11). While the disciples were waiting in Galilee, seven of them decided to go down to the sea and take up their old business...

Practical Applications. 1. Restoration. "Jesus saith to Simon Peter, Simon, son of Jonas, lovest thou me more than these?" (vs. 15). The gentleness of the rebuke in this public restoration of Peter was like our Lord...

His Muscles Were Full. Not of strength, but of pain. He was overworked, and he was tired, and he was caught cold. Took a hot dose of Nervine, rubbed himself with Nervine—was well in half an hour...

The Mariner's Compass. Nothing in the navigational equipment of a ship has been the subject of more anxious scientific research or receives more jealous care than the mariner's compass.

A Sure Sign. A traveler waited at a certain English provincial town for the launch for the much-anted train on the branch line. Again he approached the solitary sleep-looking porter and inquired for the twentieth time, "Is't the train coming soon?"

Just One Girl. Isn't it strange, with all the girls We see about us every day, Girls with pompadour curls...

A Plague of Flies. Paris within the last few days has been the scene of an extraordinary visitation. During a rainstorm myriads of flies descended with the rain...

In Verona. Romeo was swearing by the moon. "It is so inconstant," objected Juliet; "why not by the light of the moon?" Herewith he amended his oath...

He Hewitt. Hewitt—I painted this picture to keep the wolf from the door. Hewitt—if you hang it where the wolf can see it I guess you will succeed—Judge

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

Table with columns for destinations (Niagara Falls, St. Catharines, Buffalo, etc.) and departure times.

Table for CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY with columns for routes (Toronto, Hamilton, Buffalo) and schedules.

Table for HAMILTON RADIAL ELECTRIC RAILWAY with columns for routes and departure times.

Table for HAMILTON AND DUNDAS RAILWAY with columns for routes and schedules.

Table for HAMILTON, GRIMSBY & BEAMS VILLE ELECTRIC RAILWAY with columns for routes and schedules.

Table for HAMILTON STEAMBOAT CO. with columns for routes and schedules.

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BREAKFAST FOOD MAKES BILL AND JIM FEEL THEIR OATS

1. "It all come about through a cargo o' wof yo' call breakfast food, 'at th' 'Dancin' Sal' took on up at Boston. Ol' Walrus 'us more than usual fault-fandin', an' when poor Bill fell on deck, an' stove in an armlod o' th' truck, in a bust o' anger th' Capt'n up and swore 'at we'd have t' eat th' stuff fer mess durin' th' v'l'ge."

2. "We hadn't been born 'ith a silver spoon in our mouth, as th' sayin' is, but one dose o' that new-fangled stuff 'us enough fer us. I ain't much good 'at printin', nuther, but I made out by th' fo'cile lantern 'at that chopped feed 'us warranted t' build up th' system an' develop th' mussels, an' that's wot put th' notion in my head."

3. "Bill fell in right off, an' next day while th' Capt'n 'us below we got out th' ship's toolchest an' made a pair o' stilts fer me, an' rummagin' through our dunnage we found enough dudds t' piece out th' britches an' pad Bill out till you wouldn't know him."

4. "We hadn't more'n got things rigged up afore we heard th' skipper's voice ballerin' down below, an' braced ourselfs fer a gale. You see, our idy 'us innocerent enough, an' we only wanted t' show th' Cap 'at we didn't want t' be developed no more, but he, bein' British, couldn't see through th' joke."

5. "When he rushed up th' deck an' saw me an' Bill standin' in thar, cool as you please, I thort he'd drop in his tracks. I stepped forrard (about ten feet on them false legs) an' explained 'at there 'us nothin' th' matter, only jist that breakfast food had started t' git in its work, an' had taken effect different on Bill 'an wot it had on me."

6. "Th' ol' man skeered clean through, an' skooted behind th' mainmast, an' me an' Bill seein' our advantage o' th' ol' gentleman, took it into our fool heads t' do a hornpipe, an' right thar's where we made a big mistook by not lettin' well enough alone."

7. "We 'us gettin' along spankin' an' I was tryin' t' kick th' yardarm when somehow or other Bill, who wusn't nimble as wot I was, ran afoul o' me, an' down we both went on th' deck ker-smash—an wot's more, durin' th' mixup one o' my legs went adrift, an' that ended th' dancin'."

8. "I accused Bill, an' he laid th' fault t' me, an' one word fed t' another till we got t' fightin', fergettin' all about th' ol' Cap scared t' death an' hidin' behind th' mast. We 'us about ekally matched, me 'ith one leg orf and Bill all stuffed out 'ith paddin'."

9. "All o' a sudden, somehow, I got kicked in th' neck, which ain't fair even on shipboard, an' said as much t' Bill, an' jist then I heard Bill singin' out fer me t' let up, and call it square. Do you know what 'ad 'appened? Th' Cap'n 'ad bore down an' grappled us, an' 'us a-shiverin' that timber leg o' mine on th' two o' us, an' we had t' wear splints fer th' rest o' th' v'l'ge."



U. S. Presidential Candidates

Although long classed as a Democrat, and holding such positions as president of the National League of Democratic Clubs, there is a growing suspicion that William Randolph Hearst should rightfully be designated as a "free lance" in politics. In the estimation of most persons Hearst's Independent League is to all intents and purposes a third party, and one which its moving spirit believes will eventually draw much support not only from the Democratic ranks, but also from the Republican host and the Socialist Labor party. To be sure there is nothing in Hearst's record or policies to prevent this Independent League from becoming a party to a fusion movement should it be considered advisable, but on

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

the other hand there is nothing to prevent the new organization from "going it alone," and there is a growing belief that this will be the programme of the Hearst adherents in the national campaign of 1908.

William Randolph Hearst is, personally, the least known and the least understood of the political leaders now before the public. A shy, silent man, with few personal intimates—most of his activities have been carried on through the instrumentality of lieutenants, business and political field marshals, whose selection proves that Hearst is a splendid judge of men. However, the men who

have known Hearst best all through life say that there is nothing incongruous in his evident ambition to head his own political party. Indeed, such procedure is quite to be expected. It has been the Hearst way of doing things ever since he became the architect of his own fortune. As a boy he had his own baseball nine, and from that day to this he has manifested a penchant for having things his own way in his own sphere and not worrying over much about the comments or criticisms of outsiders.

Hearst, who is now in his forty-fifth year, was born in San Francisco, the son of the late United States Senator George F. Hearst and Phoebe Hearst, known throughout the world as a philanthropist. The parents of the publisher-politician were Missourians of Scotch and English extraction. His father, George Hearst, was one of the five or six men who got the most out of the first hurried harvest of the rich natural resources of California, and founded that fortune running far into the millions that has made possible the latter-day activities of W. R. Hearst and his mother.

As a boy William Randolph Hearst attended the public schools and then went to Harvard. Young Hearst did not make an exceptional record as a student, but he did make the success of the college paper, with the conduct of which he was entrusted, and when at the end of his college term he returned to San Francisco he declined his father's offer of mines and ranches as a "starter," and asked instead that he be given control of the San Francisco Examiner, a newspaper which his father had acquired for political purposes.

Young Hearst originated unique methods that speedily made the paper a financial success, and with this as a foundation he inaugurated a campaign that finally resulted in his control of newspapers in San Francisco, New York, Chicago, Boston and Los Angeles. It is rumored that Hearst has invested \$12,000,000 in his newspapers, and that it costs \$12,000,000 a year to support them, more than 4,000 persons being on the pay rolls. However, doubtless the investment has been, from Hearst's standpoint, a most profitable one, inasmuch as the influence of these newspapers has made possible his political career and has enabled him to gain to a considerable extent the confidence and friendship of the poor, despite the fact that he is a man of great wealth.

Hearst was elected a United States

representative in 1902, polling a larger vote than any other man who ever ran for Congress in New York. Then, again, as evidencing his power, it may be noted that with the conservative element

hair, blue eyes and a smooth-shaven face, and his low voice and, perhaps, unconscious reserve prevent him from exerting great personal magnetism. Hearst has never taken the least interest in the turf or any other sport, although he has a "shooting lodge," the Hacienda del Poso de Verona, at Pleasanton, Cal., that is a marvel of architectural beau-



MRS. WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST AND HER SON GEORGE.

of the Democratic party against him he was able to vote 209 delegates in the St. Louis convention of 1904. In the memorable three-sided majority contest in New York city he was declared officially beaten by McClellan by only 3,000 votes, and there are thousands of persons who believe that Hearst was in reality elected.

Person-ly, Hearst is a remarkable man. Six feet one inch in height and weighing 200 pounds, he impresses one instantly as well built, well groomed and strong physically. He has broad-

ly. Similarly, he has no enthusiasm for yachting; does not dance, cares nothing for society, has few friends among the pleasure-loving wealthy, drinks nothing but milk and water and does not smoke. His one fad is art, and he has filled his home with a remarkable collection of chosen paintings. Hearst was married in 1906 to Millicent, the daughter of George H. Willson, and they have a son, George, who is one of the liveliest and handsomest little chaps to be found in the metropolis.

WALDON FAWCETT.



WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

The ranks of the Republican party in this day and generation have contained no more picturesque figure than Joseph Benson Foraker, United States Senator from Ohio, long-time leader of a loyal and devoted personal following in the State which has given to the nation during the past half century more Presidents than any other commonwealth. Foraker is first and last a fighter. "Fighting Joe," his clansmen have been wont to call him affectionately. Ofttimes he has been out of sympathy with an administration of his own political faith and in some instances the differences have reached the verge of open warfare, yet such is his personal magnetism that no loss of patronage or other deprivation has ever succeeded in alienating from Foraker the allegiance of his organization in the Buckeye State.

Several circumstances have combined to infuse with an unusual element of interest Senator Foraker's present candidacy for the Republican Presidential nomination. For one thing he comes from the same State and the same city as Secretary William H. Taft, Ohio being the only State to present rival candidates for the nomination. Then again there is the fact that Foraker has the support of the negro vote, which promises to become an unusual factor in the coming contest. This latter support is due, of course, to the Senator's championship of the cause of the negro soldiers who were discharged from the United States army by President Roosevelt because of alleged responsibility for "shooting up" the town of Brownsville, Texas. Finally, Foraker is a conservative and not wholly in sympathy with the administration policy regarding railroad rate legislation.

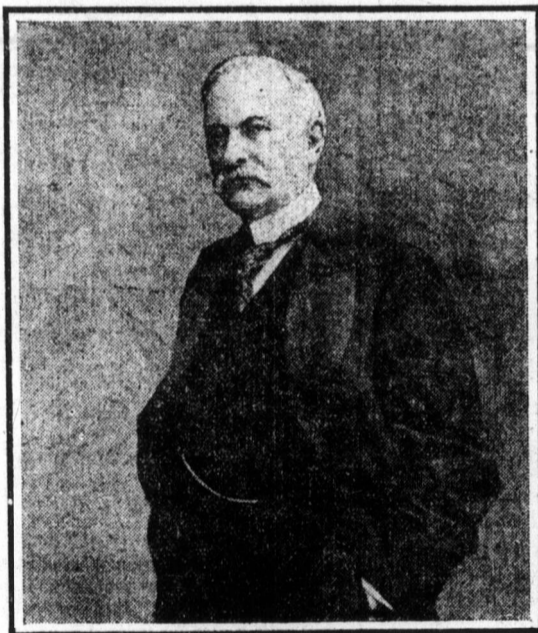
On the day following Fourth of July next Senator Foraker will celebrate his sixty-second birthday anniversary. He is a native of the State in whose affairs he has taken so prominent a part, and spent his boyhood on a farm near Rainesboro, Highland county, with that ill-proportioned programme of much hard work

Tom L. Johnson, the picturesque mayor of Cleveland, is not only considered by his admirers distinctly eligible for either first or second place on the Democratic national ticket, but has also been enthusiastically boomed for the responsible position of chairman of the Democratic National Committee—the active manager of the presidential campaign. Tom L. Johnson's ability to command and hold the support of voters could not be more strikingly illustrated than by his complete mastery for half a dozen years past of the political situation in the Ohio metropolis—a city of half a million people, which is normally Republican by a considerable majority.

To be sure, Johnson is not been correspondingly successful in the larger field of state politics. He has been twice defeated for Governor of Ohio, owing, it is claimed, to a suspicion on the part of the farmers and other conservative citizens that he is an "unsafe" man. However, Tom L. Johnson is pre-eminently a leader for the municipal sphere. His personality, his methods of campaigning and most of the issues which form planks in his personal platform are calculated to appeal more forcefully to the city voter than to the resident of the small town or the country district.

In his genius as a campaigner lies the secret of Tom L. Johnson's power. Short and fat, with radiating good nature and a smile that is nothing short of hypnotizing, Johnson is an ideal "mixer." Moreover, as a rough-and-ready debater, Johnson has probably no

JOSEPH BENSON FORAKER



SENATOR JOSEPH B. FORAKER.

he was graduated at Cornell University, at Ithaca, N. Y., and about three months later was admitted to the bar and began the practice of law in Cincinnati, where he built up a most extensive practice and became known as one of the ablest lawyers in the country, appearing in many cases of national importance. Just a year after he was admitted to the bar and as soon as there came the first gleam of hope for success Foraker was married to Julia, the daughter of Hon. H. S. Bundy, of Jackson county, Ohio. Mrs. Foraker is a woman who from the first took the liveliest interest in her husband's career, and no wife of a political leader has ever given more sage advice or counsel that has been more implicitly followed.

Ten years after he began the practice of law Joseph B. Foraker's public career was inaugurated with his election as judge of the Superior Court in Cincinnati. At the expiration of three years he was compelled to resign his office because of ill health. A year later, or in 1883, he became the Republican candidate for Governor of Ohio, but was defeated. That persistence and freedom from discouragement which have characterized his whole career manifested themselves at this stage, and in 1885 he again appeared as candidate for Governor. This time he was successful in winning the election, and was re-elected in 1887. In 1889 he was defeated for the same office, and it was in these alternating periods of victory and defeat that Foraker won his well-merited reputation as a give-and-take fighter.

Senator Foraker's ascendancy in Ohio politics is evidenced by the fact that he was chairman of the Republican State Conventions in the Buckeye State in 1886, 1890, 1896 and 1900. He was a delegate-at-large from Ohio to the National Republican Conventions of 1884, 1888, 1892, 1896, 1900 and 1904; was chairman of the Ohio delegation in the conventions of 1884 and 1888, and presented to both these conventions the name of Hon. John Sherman for nomination



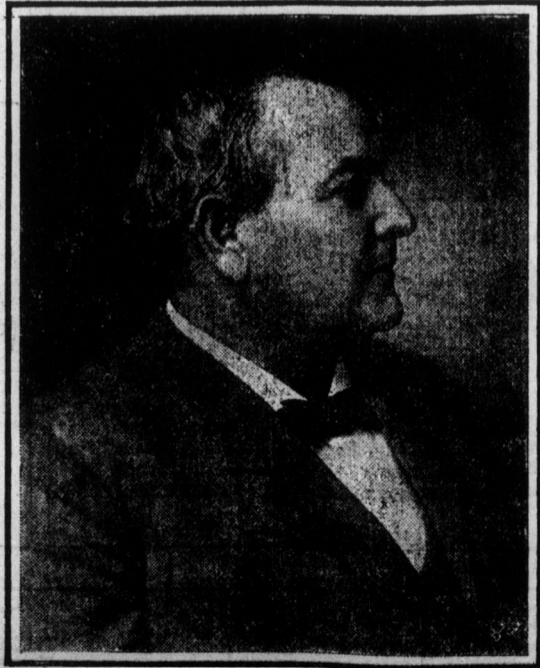
THE GRANDCHILDREN OF SENATOR FORAKER. (Copyright Fawcett, Wash.)

for the Presidency. In the conventions of 1892 and 1896 he served as chairman of the committee on resolutions, and as such reported the platform each time to the convention. Finally he presented the name of William McKinley to the conventions of 1896 and 1900 for nomination for the Presidency. Foraker was elected United States Senator in 1896 to succeed Calvin S. Brice, and was re-elected in 1902.

Senator Foraker has a handsome house in Washington, but his real "home" is a quaint, old-fashioned, comfortable house set down in the midst of a tract of several acres in the outskirts of Cincinnati. The Forakers have five children—J. B. Foraker, jun., a young man who is following in his father's footsteps; Mrs. Randolph Matthews, who was Miss Florence Foraker; Miss Louise Foraker, Mrs. F. King Walbridge, who was Miss Julia Foraker; and Arthur S. Foraker, a lad of 16. Mrs. Matthews is the mother of the grandchildren who are the especial pride and joy of Senator Foraker.

WALDON FAWCETT.

TOM L. JOHNSON



MAYOR TOM L. JOHNSON.

equal in America. Self-possessed, quick-witted and even-tempered, he is never taken aback by an unexpected question from an opponent or ruffled by an interruption from his audience. He will divide his time with any person who desires to try conclusions with him, and he will enter into any debate at a moment's notice and without any special preparation. He is pastmaster of the art—the most valuable accomplishment a political debater can possess—of never getting mad, no matter what his opponent or his audience may say or do, and his ready wit and ability as a story-teller almost invariably enable him to turn the laugh on the other fellow. Finally, Johnson's methods of campaigning are unusual and spectacular. He makes use of an automobile that enables him to address half a dozen meetings in a single evening, if necessary, and he has an immense circus tent, which he can utilize when no hall is available.

Tom Loflin Johnson will celebrate his fifty-fourth birthday anniversary on July 18 next. He is a Kentuckian and an aristocrat by birth—descended from a long line of Southern ancestors. When he was a young boy his parents removed from Georgetown, Ky., Tom's birthplace, to Indiana and the lad was educated in the Hoosier State. The Johnsons lost what property they possessed in the Civil War, and when a boy of 16 Tom Johnson went out into the world to make his own way. He first went to Louisville, where he found employment with a street railway company, and with a ready ability to give his best effort to whatever came to his hands he set about making the street railway

field the scene of his life work. Before he was 21 years of age he had invented several street railway devices, including an improved rail.

Striking out for himself Johnson bought a street railway in Indianapolis and then manifesting something of that same genius for organization and business management that was later to stand him in good stead in the political field he enlarged his activities until he acquired large street railway interests in Cleveland, Detroit and Brooklyn. He also engaged in iron manufacture in Cleveland and ranked as one of the leading capitalists of the Middle States. Then all of a sudden there was brought about a complete change of his aims and ambitions when a train boy on a railroad train on which Johnson was traveling induced the street railway magnate to purchase a copy of Henry George's "Social Problems." Johnson was "converted" instantly; sought out Henry George and made his friendship, and became an enthusiastic single-taxer.

Johnson's entry into politics was made as a congressman from one of the Cleveland districts. He served four years in the national legislature, taking up his duties as a lawmaker in 1891, and while in Congress made a number of free-trade speeches that attracted attention. However, Johnson's greatest fame has come as Mayor of Cleveland, which his admirers declare to be "the best-governed city in the country." In the city on Lake Erie he has waged for seven years a fight for 3-cent street railway fares, which looks ultimately toward municipal ownership and operation and which has attracted international attention.

Mrs. Tom L. Johnson comes of an old Southern family and has long been prominent socially in Cleveland. Mayor

Suffered 20 Years

"Fruit-a-lives" Cured in 2 Months



St. Raphaels, Ont.

For over twenty years I suffered from Chronic Constipation of the bowels, and I could get no medicine to cure me. I tried doctors and very known purgative, or laxative, medicine known, but I was no better. Sometimes, if I did not take medicine I would be four or five days without any action of the bowels. During all this time I was weak and suffered from Indigestion constantly.

About a year ago a friend advised me to try "Fruit-a-lives" as they had helped her. I began taking "Fruit-a-lives" and from the outset I began to feel better, and inside of a month the pains were almost gone and the Constipation relieved. In two months I was perfectly well again, no pains, no constipation, and my complexion had lost all that sallow complexion.

(Sgd.) Mary A. McDonell.

"Fruit-a-lives"—or Fruit Liver Tablets—are the only remedy known to science that actually cure Constipation. They do this by making the liver healthy and active—thus causing more bile to flow into the bowels.

"Fruit-a-lives" or "Fruit Liver Tablets" are sold by dealers at 50c a box—6 for \$2.50 or will be sent on receipt of price. Fruit-a-lives, Limited, Ottawa.

larger proportion of sewage than that mentioned is employed the filter proves less effective, but it recovers its power when the amount of sewage is reduced to the proper proportion. Chemical analysis and the effects upon fish put into the filtered water unite in testifying to the efficiency of the process.

Seaver—My neighbor, Hamilton, is of the opinion that confidence has been restored. Weaver—Thought you didn't speak to Hamilton. Seaver—I don't, but I notice he don't sift his coal ashes any more.—Brooklyn Life.

List of Agencies where the HAMILTON TIMES may be had:

- G. J. M'ARTHUR, Stationer, Rebecca St., 4 doors from Jarvis.
- F. W. SCHWARTZ, Royal Hotel News Stand.
- THOS. FRENCH, Stationer, 90 James Street North.
- G. B. MIDDLEY, Printer, 282 James Street North.
- A. F. HURST, Tobacconist, 294 James Street North.
- A. A. THEOBALD, Tobacconist, 358 James Street North.
- JAS. M'KENZIE, Newsdealer, 334 James Street North.
- D. MONROE, Grocer, James and Simcoe.
- R. B. GARDINER, Waldorf Hotel.
- JOHN HILL, Tobacconist, 171 King Street East.
- W. R. FLEMING, Barber and Tobacconist, 243 King Street East.
- H. P. TEETER, Druggist, King and Ashley.
- T. J. M'BRIDE, 666 King Street East.
- H. R. WILSON, News Agent, King and Wentworth Streets.
- J. WOODS, Barber, 401 Barton East.
- H. HOWE, 587 Barton East.
- A. W. SWAZIE, 647 Barton Street East.
- J. A. ZIMMERMAN, Druggist, Barton and Wentworth, also Victoria Avenue and Cannon.
- H. E. HAWKINS, Druggist, East Avenue and Barton.
- A. GREIG, Newsdealer, 10 York Street.
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- A. NORMAN, 103 York Street.
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- NEW TROY LAUNDRY, 357 York Street.
- S. WOTTON, 376 York Street.
- T. S. M'DONNELL, 374 King Street West.
- M. WALSH, 244 King Street West.
- D. T. DOW, 172 King Street West.
- JOHN MORRISON, Druggist, 112 Main Street West.
- A. F. HOUSER, Confectioner, 114 James Street South.
- BURWELL GRIFFIN, Queen and Charlton Ave.
- MRS. SECORD, Locke and Canada.
- CANADA RAILWAY NEWS CO., G. T. R. Station.
- H. BLACKBURN, News Agent, T. H. & B. Station.

It will pay you to use the Want Column of the Times. BUSINESS TEL.

How To Be Healthy and Beautiful

By Mrs. Henry Symes

An EXERCISE to BEAUTIFY WRIST and ARM



Catching the Ball

ing, she may run, play ball, climb trees or do anything that strikes her fancy. They will all be beneficial, for they are all done in the open air, which is the master doctor for flabby muscles, poor complexions and weak lungs.

Today there is pictured ball playing, intended to assist some little space to the time spent out of doors. The girl in holding the ball above her head is bringing into play those muscles which are ordinarily left at rest except when she arranges her hair and puts on her hat. These last two actions cannot be regarded as strenuous, but throwing the ball is strengthening and it naturally develops and rounds out the shoulders, arms and wrists.

The wrist is exercised when throwing the ball, and it is remarkable how useful good wrist development is. It renders writing easy and gives complete control over a horse when riding and driving. In fact, there is hardly a moment in the day when the muscles of the wrists are not in use, either for carrying an umbrella or wielding the hair brush. Any strengthening of these muscles is desirable.

Tennis is particularly beneficial for the arms, shoulders and wrists; in fact, this game brings into play all the muscles of the body. At the same time quickness and agility are both acquired and the eyes are taught to see accurately and rapidly.

It is wonderful, too, what fresh air will do for the complexion. The blood runs through all the little veins and brings color to cheeks and lips. Who has not seen the pasty-faced girls, those unfortunate creatures who sit all day in the house huddled up over the fire? The English women are famous all over the world for their clear skins and rosy cheeks, and it is said to be owing to the fact that they stay as much as possible out of doors.



Beauty and Grace in Tennis.



Position in Throwing

I HAVE suggested a number of exercises from time to time, but it is hardly to be expected that each form will appeal to every one. In fact, I have written with no thought that it would. I have hoped, however, that the suggestions would convey a message—that health may be found in the open air. Outdoor games of all

Mrs. Symes' Advice to Correspondents

WING to the great amount of small requests and the limited space given to this department, it is absolutely impossible to answer letters in the Sunday issue following their receipt. The letters must be answered in turn, and this sometimes requires three or four weeks.

All correspondents who desire an immediate answer must inclose a self-addressed stamped envelope for a reply. This rule must also be complied with in regard to personal letters.

The Vaucaire Tonic
A CAREFUL READER—I cannot tell how long it will be before the effects of the Vaucaire tonic will be noticed, for all cases differ. The result, however, depends entirely upon the condition of the individual taking the medicine. Here is the formula: Liquid extract of galega (goatsrue), three fluid drams; lacto-phosphate of lime, 154 grains; tincture of fennel, ten grains; simple syrup, thirteen and one-half ounces. The dose is two soupspoonsful with water before each meal. Dr. Vaucaire also advises the drinking of malt extract during meals.

Face Burns
E. H.—Probably the reason your face burns so much is that you do not care for it properly. If you find that soap does not agree with your skin, in its stead use a good cleansing cream. It is not advisable to expose the face to the air immediately after washing it, for such exposure will make the skin rough and cause it to burn. If you bathe your face at night with butter-milk it will relieve the burning sensation.

Nose Too Large
PERSERVERANCE—The only way you may be able to reduce the "lump" which you say is on the end of your nose is to massage it downward—that is, rubbing from the bridge of the nose toward the end. I would not advise you to wear the instrument you mention, for in compressing the artery it will interfere with the circulation of the blood, and thus cause a more serious condition than a "pug" nose.

Quinine Hair Tonic
S. W.—To prevent the hair from falling out apply the following tonic: Sulphate of quinine, one dram; rose-water, eight ounces; diluted sulphuric acid, fifteen minims; rectified spirits, two ounces; mix, then further add: Glycerine, one-fourth ounce; essence of rosyale or essence of musk, five or six minims. Agitate until solution is complete. Apply to the roots every day.

The yolk of an egg cleans the head thoroughly and causes the hair to grow. Only the scalp should be rubbed with the yolk, and the head rinsed in hot water. The beaten whites of eggs are also good for cleansing the hair. Rub the scalp and rinse in hot water.

Irritated Throat
MINTA—Whenever the throat becomes irritated a gargle of salt water is most excellent.

For scant eyebrows mix the following thoroughly and apply with a tiny toothbrush once a day until the growth is sufficiently stimulated, then less often: Oil of lavender, fifteen drops; oil of rosemary, fifteen drops;

tincture of cantharides, two drams; vaseline, two ounces.

Lavender Foot Lotion
SORE FEET—The use of the following recipe will often ease the feet: Distilled water, one pint; bichromate of potassium, two and one-half ounces; essence of lavender, one-half dram. Brush the feet over with this lotion after the bath or when changing the hose, and be careful in applying the lotion that no space between the toes escapes. In extreme cases it may be necessary to place bits of absorbent cotton, wet with the lotion, between the toes.

Shampoo for Light Hair
"SIS"—A good shampoo is made of white castile soap, in shavings, one ounce; water, twenty-four ounces; potassium carbonate, thirty grains; borax, 120 grains; cologne water, two ounces; bay rum, two ounces. Dissolve the soap in the water and add the other ingredients. Rub well into the roots. Rinse thoroughly in several waters, then dry carefully.

To reduce a double chin practice the following exercise: First, stand erect, in military position. Place the hands lightly on the hips, fingers forward. Drop the chin slowly on the collar-bone, then throw the head back with a quick, even movement that is not a jerk, but yet puts all the muscles into quick play. Repeat ten times. Second, turn the head quickly to the right till the chin is just over the right shoulder; then back again. Repeat ten times in the same way. Repeat ten times. Do not tire the muscles of the neck, but gradually increase the number of exercises daily, until you can practice each one about fifty times without after discomfort.

Orris Powder for Perspiration
GEORGIA—For excessive perspiration you will find nothing better than the following mixture: Phenic acid three fluid drams; alcohol, five and one-half fluid drams; starch, six and one-half fluid drams; essence of orris, five and one-half ounces; essence of violet, thirty-two minims. Dissolve the starch in the alcohol; add the violet essence, then the starch and orris root. This powder can be used to advantage on perspiring hands, and it is an agreeable glove powder.

Here is a splendid remedy for freckles and sunburn: Small cucumbers two; olive oil, four ounces; lanolin, one ounce. Repeat, one dram; spermaceti, one dram. Heat olive oil. Slice up the cucumbers, not too thin, and place in the oil. Leave for twenty-four hours. Strain, and add other ingredients.

If you wish to prevent freckles from appearing, under no circumstances expose your face to the fresh air until it has been well dried and lightly powdered.

Sultana Cream Make-Up
VERNA—This recipe will make a harmless rouge for the face. Sweet almond oil, four ounces; white wax (melted), 320 grains; spermaceti, 320 grains; benzoin (finely powdered), 160 grains; rice powder, 320 grains; pure carmine, fifteen grains. Blend the fats in the inside receptacle of a cus-tard boiler; add benzoin, while they are heating, the rice powder and



Delivering the Ball.



Wrist Exercise in Throwing.

making perfectly erect. Practice in alternate movements.

2. Place hands on hips, shoulders well back. Raise the leg, with knee flexed, and give a high, quick side kick, bringing the foot back again to the floor. Repeat ten times, first with the right foot, then with the left.

3. Take standing position, hands on hips, and rotate the hips, bending the knees and keeping the chest and shoulders immovable. Contract all the muscles used in this exercise, and resist.

Bending exercises also are good.

Bleach for the Neck
D. L.—Take fresh strained cucumber juice, boil it for five minutes, and for every five ounces of juice add: Pulverized borax, five and a half ounces; acetate of soda, three ounces; tincture of quillaja, two and a half ounces; tincture of benzoin, four drams; rose-water, one pint.

Mix thoroughly and apply two or three times a day until the stain is removed.

Here is a recipe for a very good tooth powder: Arec nut charcoal, five ounces; cuttlefish bone, two ounces; raw area nut, pounded, one ounce.

Pound and mix. Two or three drops of oil of cloves or of cassia may be added if a perfume is required.

For Dry Hair
Q. E.—Rub the following mixture well into the scalp, then brush the hair, giving it at least one hundred strokes: Tincture of cantharides, one ounce; liquid ammonia, one dram; glycerine, one-half ounce; castor oil, one-half ounce; rosemary oil, one-half dram. Mix all together with six ounces of rose-water.

Self-consciousness is at the root of the habit of blushing, which is so annoying to any one unfortunate enough to acquire it, and the only way to break yourself of it is to give yourself something to do that will occupy your mind enough to make you forget your own personality.

Face Massage
ANXIOUS—When the skin is inclined to be oily it is best not to use "creams" that are at all greasy. Whatever preparation is used, it should be rubbed gently into the skin, taking care to go parallel to any lines of wrinkles that may be present. For the face the fingers alone are used, though when massaging other parts of the body, firmer pressure is obtained by working with the palm of the hand.

Here is a lotion to use for enlarged pores: Boric acid, one dram; distilled witch hazel, four ounces. Apply with a piece of old linen or a bit of absorbent cotton.

Hollow Eyes
MRS. T.—There is always, in my opinion, some internal cause for the black circles under the eyes. The darkness is sometimes hereditary, but dark lines are usually due to some congestion of the veins, and are rarely, if ever, found excepting under one or more of the following circumstances:

When the subject is anemic, and there is an impairment of the chemical constitution of the blood, or when the system is being drained, as it would be in prolonged study, lack of sleep or dissipation of any description. The external temperature is sometimes cold water and uretic.

Bathe frequently with cold water and uretic. A little turpentine liniment or weak ammonia, one part of diluted ammonia to four parts of water may be rubbed into the skin daily (once), but great care must be taken that it does not reach the eyes.

To Restore the Natural Color of the Hair
RUTH—One-half ounce sugar of lead one-half ounce lac sulphur, one-half ounce essence of bergamot, one-half ounce alcohol, one ounce glycerine, one-half ounce tincture of cantharides, one-half ounce ammonia. Mix all in one pint soft water. Apply to the roots of the hair, which must never be applied if there is any irritation or abrasion of the scalp.

The best way to use any stain is to apply it to the roots of the hair with a small brush—a tooth brush will answer for the purpose. Then spread it evenly downward through the tresses with an ordinary hair brush.

This should not be applied more than once a week, as its frequent use in the brief an interval would, sooner or later, have a pernicious effect upon the scalp.

THE NEW HAT PRESENTS DIFFICULTIES



All for the Want of a Bandeau.
THERE are a few things that the average woman will not do for vanity's sake, but it is hard to think of them! She will wear a gown that is entirely too thin for the sharp breezes, yet if it is pretty, she feels no discomfort. "By the same token" she will wear a heavy velvet dress in midsummer and assure you that she is "feeling nice and cool, thank you." While all her friends are cooking in their lawn frocks. These idiosyncrasies may always be set down to the fact that the gown in question is handsome. There is a woman who owns a Paquin gown, the skirt of which weighs fifteen pounds, and, as it is empire, the whole weight falls on the neck of the proud woman. Does she mind? Not at all. The dress is her very best, and, to have the pleasure of exhibiting it, she is quite willing to choke almost to death.

"This same queer outlook fair woman breezes, yet if it is pretty, she feels no discomfort. "By the same token" she will wear a heavy velvet dress in midsummer and assure you that she is "feeling nice and cool, thank you." While all her friends are cooking in their lawn frocks. These idiosyncrasies may always be set down to the fact that the gown in question is handsome. There is a woman who owns a Paquin gown, the skirt of which weighs fifteen pounds, and, as it is empire, the whole weight falls on the neck of the proud woman. Does she mind? Not at all. The dress is her very best, and, to have the pleasure of exhibiting it, she is quite willing to choke almost to death.

Another girl over there has a heavy rose hanging far to the left, while on her face she wears a set smile such as martyrs must have turned toward their captors years ago. If she would pin the hat more flatly on her head, her face would have repose and her eyes might lose that look of weariness. She, too, is ignorant. It would not hurt the appearance of the hat to have it made to fit or to learn how to wear it.

A third girl has her head bent forward, while she peers from under the brim of her hat. This is extremely injurious to the eyes, and a hat so fasten a bandeau to the other side, her comfort would be unassailed with no discredit to the dictates of fashion.

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All for the Want of a Bandeau.

An Invisible Bandeau Would Help this Hat.

The Hat Pins Are Not Properly Located.

Heavy Hats Are Difficult to Adjust.



The Slater Shoe. There is only one Slater Shoe. It is branded with three words, "The Slater Shoe," in a slate frame. No other shoe by any name without the slate frame is a real

Slater Shoe

For Men \$5.00 to \$7.00 For Women \$4.00 to \$5.50

J. W. Bridgett, 26-28 King St. W., Hamilton, Ont.

THIRTY MILLION OF SUPPLY. BEAMSVILLE AND GRIMSBY.

(Continued from page 11.) side for use in the tunnel were to be admitted free, and other communications showing that the latter officials so understood the instructions. With reference to the charge that Americans were not buying any material, and particularly Portland cement, in Canada for either the Canadian or the American land end of the tunnel, he read some interesting correspondence from special Canadian officers in Detroit and from the head of the American firm which has the contract for building the tunnel. This showed that when the contract was awarded in 1902 the firm sent inquiries to all the Canadian and American firms making cement, and to representatives of English cement makers, asking for quotations in lots of 50,000 barrels, for cement of the quality called for in the specifications of the engineers. Some Canadian firms did not make any answer. Of others, with one exception, all stated that they were not prepared to give quotations on quantities of 50,000 barrels, but gave quotations on lots of 5,000 to 10,000. The exception quoted a price equal to that of the American quotations, and in addition there would have been the duty. Not a single Canadian firm sent a representative to see the company, while the American firms did so and used every effort to get the contract. That said Mr. Paterson, did not seem like business on the part of the Canadian firms. They seemed, as the letters said, to be very indifferent. In April of this year the correspondence showed an Ottawa firm wrote asking to be considered for selling the company cement. Particulars were promptly given, but although these had been sent two weeks prior to the time when the head of the building company made a written statement as to the conditions outlined above, supplementing his statement to the Minister strongly resented the Ottawa firm's special offer, the Ottawa firm had made no reply. That, Mr. Paterson said, was another case in which it could hardly be claimed for the Canadian firm that they had showed any business energy. Since the summer of 1902, when they secured the contract, the contractors had made purchases of tools and supplies of all kinds to the amount of \$100,000 or \$170,000 from Canadian firms. Dealing with Mr. Cockshutt's criticism, the Minister strongly resented the impression that he allowed his partisan feelings to influence his decisions in regard to seizures. Mr. Cockshutt said he had information to that effect. Hon. Mr. Paterson challenged him to give it. Mr. Cockshutt read the following sentences from a letter asking him what is being done in the matter of a firm in Montreal who have lately been found guilty of defrauding the customs in entering goods on false invoices: "That firm is bribing some one in the department to hush it up, as is usually done." Hon. Mr. Paterson—That is a vile charge. I may have made errors of judgment, but I am not conscious of the scales of justice having been swayed by political considerations. Mr. Cockshutt—The letter does not say it was the Minister who did it, but one of his employees. Hon. Mr. Paterson—That is unworthy. I shall not allow an imputation to be put on my officials. But I shall ask the hon. member privately to give me the name of that firm, and it will be my word against theirs. Concluding, he claimed that it was a credit to the service that, considering the amount of money handled, the defalcations were so few. The discussion was closed by Hon. Mr. Foster and Hon. Mr. Fielding. The former was inclined to believe that the Minister was taking it for granted that Americans were giving Canadians the same treatment as they were getting themselves, whereas he should be in a position to be positive. The weight of evidence, he thought, was against the Minister's view. Hon. Mr. Fielding, who confined himself to the item in the tariff, pointed out that it was essential, and, moreover, contemplated a wider field than had been applied to it by the hon. gentlemen. It contemplated the use of Canadian materials and supplies and labor on the American side. To say, as the hon. gentleman had, that Canadians could not hope to compete with Americans was to state something that was not in keeping with the enterprise, pluck and spirit of Canadians. Items under the head of legislation, including the Senate, House of Commons, library, printing, binding, etc., to the amount of \$605,000 were passed. A supply bill, carrying \$31,300,335, was passed in a few minutes, and at 11:25 the House adjourned.

(Continued from page 11.) past week. Madame Harrison is singing with the New York Grand Opera Company. Mrs. A. B. Randall, of Walnut Hill, is visiting her mother, Mrs. D. Burkholder. If the voters of the eastern portion of Lincoln county had shown their intelligence in the manner of those electors of Grimsby and the western end, Mr. Mitchell would have had a good majority to give them account for the fate of the electors of the city of St. Catharines, either in politics or municipal affairs, so their eight hundred majority for the doctor needs no further explanation. The people of Grimsby, and the two townships, knew Mr. Mitchell's ability to give them a good representation, and the vote rolled up where the Liberal candidate was best known is indeed something to be proud of. Harry and Mrs. Jackson, of Jordan, were the guests of H. D. and Mrs. Walker for a few days, during the past week. Several shipments of berries are going out almost daily, and the quality is No. 1 in every particular. Prices will generally be easier than last year. The vines seem to be loaded to their full capacity. The athletic meet at Beamsville, on June 10, will furnish a good day of sport for all those who are fond of their running and jumping capabilities. Miss Manning, of Mount Vernon, is visiting Mrs. Van Dyke, at the Lincoln House. A row of turned fence posts, nearly half a mile long, and painted a lively green, is another advance in fruit farm enclosures near Grimsby Park. This section is running the bronial game, a close race in this fruit garden, that old England's ancient hedgerows will be soon outclassed both in beauty and in the ornamental structures in this newer land. There was a goodly number of ladies present on Tuesday afternoon, when a bowling match between the rinks of the president and vice-president took place on the splendid new lawns of the former. The winners were Mr. A. G. Pettit, Dr. Clark's ring lost by only three points, the total score being 24 to 21. The Bowling Club's season has opened most auspiciously, many new members having joined the ranks, so that the season's success is assured. The Winona Woman's Institute will entertain the Grimsby Institute at the home of Mrs. E. D. Smith this Saturday afternoon. Mr. A. M. Snider, of Hamilton, was in town this week, staying with her sister, Mrs. William Adkins. Mrs. Brownlee is in Mount Forest this week. Mr. E. A. Morse, of Honeye, N. Y., was spending the past few days visiting his son, E. H. Morse. North Grimsby Township has had its assessment reduced by \$70,000, and Grimsby by \$25,000. Invitations have been sent out for a series of dances to take place at the Winona Club House during the summer. There seems to be a renewal of activity in money matters as the fruit crop is getting nearer maturity. As a full crop is assured, people who were holding back in the expectation of something coming to pass, are now loosening up. Among the merchants there is a bright and brisk demand for the season's best goods, especially in clothing and millinery, a very good indication of liberality where money is concerned.

Fun for Times Readers

Playing Ball. The game of life we strive to play, And take such chances as we may, But oft it makes us pretty solemn To sight along our error column. It has such unexpected twists, By which we fall to get assists, And if we dare to pause in doubt We're pretty sure to find we're out. Sometimes it seems to be worth while To mope our sorrow with a smile, And take a whirl at that device The scorers call a sacrifice. But when by chance a kindly fate Sends one to us right o'er the plate, Good luck's most often on the hike— We miss the hit and make a strike. —St. Louis Republican.

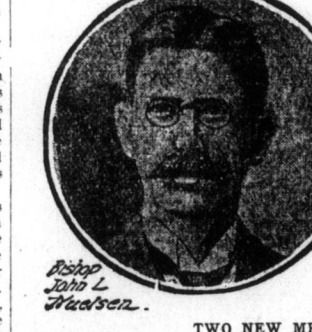
GREAT IDEA. Struggling Dramatist—I can't see how Littlewit managed to get such a big price for that treaty play of his. Miss Footlights paid him \$10,000 for it. Friend—I suppose you know that she is in love with her leading man? Struggling Dramatist—Yes. Friend—Well, Littlewit's play has 25 kisses in it.

A Revised Phrase. "Dat boy," said the negro sadly, as he prepared to administer to little Ephraim Rastus his eighth spanking in the last three days, "is a mighty bad boy. He's de white sheep of de family."—Exchange.

Business. "Of course," said the shrewd business man, "I don't want to be sick, but it looks as if I'd have to call in Dr. Broke-lych for a couple of weeks." "Why?" demanded his partner. "Because he owes me a hundred dollars and that's about the only way I can collect it."—Philadelphia Press.

Easy. "How could you distinguish Achilles from the girls?" "How could you see that he was a man in woman's garb?" "He didn't drop his handkerchief," explained Ulysses, "every time he turned around."—Washington Herald.

His Hands Were Cold. Dick—I didn't get much encouragement when I proposed to that haughty beauty. Jack—Well, faint heart never won fair.



STRANGE. Judge—How do you account for the fact that the man's watch was found in your pocket? Prisoner—Your Honor, life is made up of incredible mysteries, and I trust Your Honor will so instruct the jury.

TWO NEW METHODIST BISHOPS. Rev. Dr. William F. Anderson, of New York, and Rev. Dr. John L. Neulsen, of Ohio, were chosen by the Methodist Episcopal General Conference on the second ballot. BRIDESMAIDS. One Bovy in Charmeuse Graceful in Josephine Skirts. An intimate connection with one or two weddings made one think seriously over the systematically unfortunate selection for bridesmaids. Naturally there are difficulties, the exponents themselves not being made to order, like their gowns. Selfishly speaking, one feels inclined to wave sentiment, and to avoid extremes of size and great diversities of style with the bridesmaids. It is futile to expect harmony to prevail when one girl stands 5 feet 10 inches and is big in proportion, and another barely touches 5 feet, while a third may attain to extravagant inches in the matter of height and be out of all proportion, slim. With such varying material to work on it takes more than mere genius to create an ensemble that shall be generally pleasing. And, doubtless, that is the reason why decision has perforce to fall back on non-descript, plain, nondescript modistes, moreover, being usually trusted with the order. Also, with but few exceptions, a certain economy has to be practiced, and the result of talking

ADVICE TO SUFFERERS OF KIDNEY DISEASES. Mix the Medicine at Home. There are many of the symptoms of kidney diseases, such as backache, weak bladder, urinary troubles, sciatica, etc., which can be treated successfully at home, says a well-known authority. The following prescription has proven itself to be most satisfactory: Once ounce Fluid Extract Dandelion, One ounce Compound Saltsone, Four ounces Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla. Mix, shake well, and take a teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime. These vegetable ingredients are harmless, and can be procured from any good prescription druggist and mixed at home. There is no better general remedy known to relieve all forms of rheumatism, either, because it acts directly on the kidneys and blood. It cleans the clogged-up pores in the kidneys so they can filter from the blood the poisonous uric acid and waste matter which, if not eliminated, remain in the blood, decompose and settle about the joints and muscular tissues, causing the untold sufferings and deformity of rheumatism.

Found a New Market. "I notice you have taken the cow-catcher off the engine," said the passenger on the rural railroad. "Yes," replied the conductor with a wink, "we never run over any more cows. Since the farmers have discovered that the automobile owners pay more for killing a cow than the railroads they turn them out on the pike instead of on the tracks." Solemn Thought. Pensively the soubrette who was touring the provinces applied the coloring mixture to her hair in the solitude of her own room. "How sad it is," she murmured, "to dye so far from home!" Found Out. Customer (pointing to the hieroglyphics on his cheek)—Is that my name in Chinese?—(The Chinese laundryman)—No; 'scipition. Means 'H' ole man; close eyed; no tee'. Customer—Er—thank you. No Pluggers. Pearl—It says here that after the baseball season is over the pitchers can hardly use their arms. Ruby—Gracious! They wouldn't be much use around a summer resort, would they? Probabilities. The Squallops were preparing for a day's outing. Mrs. Squallop was putting up the luncheon, while her husband was looking at the first page of the morning paper. "Rufus," she said, full of forebodings concerning the weather, "what does the paper say is the outlook?" "Taft," gloomily answered Mr. Squallop. For he was a Fairbanks man.

THE CANTREEN. IF LIQUOR IS SOLD KEEP BOYS FROM MILITARY CAMPS. Advice to Methodists—Immigration Bound to Come Into This Country. Toronto, June 13.—Among the clauses in the report of the Committee on Temperance and Moral Reform of the Toronto Methodist conference discussed yesterday morning, and which will be later presented to the conference, is one recommending Methodist people not to allow their sons to attend military camps until the canteen is wholly discontinued. Another clause urges the people to take an active part in politics by attending primaries and conventions with a view to bringing out the best men on temperance lines. The people are in another clause urged to press upon their members in Parliament by deputation or petition the removal of the three-fifths clause. Other clauses owned by the Canada Sealing Company, the sale of cigarettes to minors, the prohibition of the sale of opium except for medicinal purposes, and an earnest endeavor to get Parliamentary action against the practice of home missions.

Japanese Army Foot Powder. A positive relief for aching or tender feet. It is cooling, soothing, antiseptic, checks excessive perspiration and destroys offensive odors. It is much superior to the foot powder usually sold. Price 25c tin. At Gerrie's drug store, 32 James street north. THE OFFICIAL RETURNS. Mr. Stock Will Have Good Majority in South Perth. Stratford, June 12.—The official count of the ballots cast in South Perth takes place at St. Mary's before Returning Officer H. Fred Sharp. Mr. Valentine Stock, the member-elect for the riding, will be in attendance, accompanied by his solicitor, Mr. L. H. Haxton, St. Mary's. Mr. Stock, in conversation with a newspaper representative, expressed no fear for the results of the count. In fact, he is confident his majority will be increased to a very creditable showing. Newspaper reports gave Mr. Stock six majority, but these reports were gathered in a haphazard manner, many returns being based only on hearsay. ARRESTED AT WOODSTOCK. Mrs. Clark, Charged With Defrauding a London Bachelor. Woodstock, June 12.—Mrs. Clark, a young married woman, whose home is in London, was arrested here at the instance of the London authorities and taken back to that city to stand trial for obtaining goods under false pretences. The allegation is that she posed as a single woman, and, by promising to marry him, got from an impressionable old bachelor named Ross a complete outfit of clothing and a gold watch. Then she skipped, but the man laid an information and she was arrested here. JARVIS COOK'S SUICIDE. Montreal Man, Aged Fifty Years, Cuts His Throat. Montreal, June 12.—Jarvis Cook, 50 years of age, residing at 116 Park avenue, committed suicide this morning by cutting his throat from ear to ear with a razor. Mrs. Cook had gone out on an errand at about 8 o'clock, leaving her husband in bed. When she returned at about 10 o'clock she was horrified to find he had killed himself in his bed. Cook had been ill for some time. A round of drinks will solve some things.

Baynes' Buggies. We make a number of styles, with deep seats, high backs, specially for comfort, serviceability and good style, easy access and egress. We also make road wagons, fine for a cob, for park driving; then we make Surreys, large, medium and light, some not much heavier than an ordinary buggy, but they'll carry four. Stanhopes, in several sizes, all smart and trappy. Concord, the genuine three reach, the best running and best riding general purpose vehicles ever made. We have over 75 different styles. We can suit almost any requirement, and our prices will not admit of Hamilton vehicle users going elsewhere. We solicit a call and will be glad to show you the plant where Baynes' Buggies are made. THE BAYNES CARRIAGE CO., LIMITED. Take Deering car. Sherman Avenue. Our work also on sale at Maxwell's, 125 John street south.

Entree Dishes. The bride's table is not complete without an Entree Dish. These with lock handles in the Bud Pattern and English Sheffield plate are the best dishes. Closely priced, \$10.00 to \$14.00. NORMAN ELLIS. Jeweler, Optician. 21-23 King Street East.

Watches and Rings. These are our special. We show the largest and best stock in the city. OUR PRICES ARE LOW. THOMAS LEES. Reliable Jeweler. 5 James Street North. GLOBE OPTICAL CO. I. B. ROUSE, Proprietor. 111 King East. WANTED. Young men to call on us for their Wedding Rings, Marriage Licenses issued, Large stock of Dainty Diamonds, Engagement Rings, Watches and Guards, Spectacles, large stock. Prices wonderfully low. Expert watch repairing. Try our tested watch main springs; warranted not to break. EDWIN PARR, English Jeweler, 21 John Street South.

WALL PAPERS YOU CAN FIND AT METCALFE'S. the largest stock of the latest designs in foreign and domestic wall papers, room mouldings etc., which we are offering at the lowest price. Phone 1056. 21 MacNab St. N. Plumbing and Heating Contractor. GEORGE C. ELLICOTT. Phone 2088. 119 KING W. 2629. Telephone for prompt attention to repairs and installations of Electric and Gas Work of all kinds, from 8 a. m. till 10 p. m. PORTER & BROAD. Bracelets. Extension bracelets, lockset top and other styles, in great variety; stone set and plain, at low prices. F. CLARINGBOW. Jeweler. 22 MacNab Street North.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE. Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS. ANY EVEN-NUMBERED SECTION OF A Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, excepting 5 and 25, not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person who is sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section of 160 acres, more or less. Application for entry must be made in person by the applicant at a Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the district in which the land is situated. Entry by proxy may, however, be made at any agency on certain conditions by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of an intending homesteader. DUTIES—(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year for three years. (2) A homesteader may, if he so desires, perform the required residence duties by living on farming land owned solely by him not less than eighty (80) acres in extent, in the vicinity of his homestead. He may also do so by living with father or mother, on certain conditions. Joint ownership in land will not meet with this requirement. (3) A homesteader intending to perform his residence duties in accordance with the above while living with parents or on farming land owned by himself must notify the agent for the district of such intention. Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.



Moving pictures are invading theatres and involving amusement places to an amazing degree. Thirteen of the regular theatres of Greater New York—houses ordinarily devoted to drama or vaudeville—now rely upon moving pictures as a complete entertainment or as the feature of their bills.

Persons in New York and other large cities do not realize the growth of moving picture shows in smaller places, and even in rural communities. Theatres and other suburbs are taking them up largely; in the West the "air-dome theatres" so-called—amusement places improvised by canvas and high fences in vacant lots, each with one or more buildings as a background—are using moving pictures.

Another of Wayburn's acts will be known as "The Slave Runner." It is a melodrama boiled down to one act, but featuring fifty players and a large amount of scenery.

"Scenes From All Nations," the entertainment offered last evening at the Grand Opera House by the pupils of J. Hackett attracted a large crowd and the entertainment was worthy of it.

Dance of the Irish Lassies—Misses R. Connelly, M. Cahill, A. Marie, M. LeHane, N. Sheehan, A. Cahill, N. Brick, B. Melody, H. Quirk, K. MacKay, N. Melody.

sideable information regarding Tolman's business methods, and it is expected that a new information will be laid shortly.

London, June 12.—Mrs. Margaret Hamilton, the seventy-five-year-old Druce witness, who had unsuccessfully appealed on a point of law against her conviction, was sentenced to eighteen months' hard labor at the Old Bailey for committing perjury.

St. Catharines Twelve-Year-Old Attacks Parents With an Axe. St. Catharines, June 12.—Because they wanted him to do some work, Charles Johnson, aged twelve, yesterday went to his stepfather with an axe and also struck his mother.

Woodstock, June 12.—There are no developments in the case of Chester Buckborough, of Tillsonburg, who is charged with having fired the Queen's Hotel. The man was brought to the county jail this morning by the Tillsonburg Chief of Police, where he will remain until his preliminary hearing next Thursday.

London, June 12.—"Practical men see only one remedy for the present shortage of cattle here," said Mr. Melhuish, a committeeman of the Society of London Meat Traders, to-day.

Montreal, June 12.—Dennis Gallagher was instantly killed this morning by the bursting of an emery wheel in the Montreal Rolling Mills. Gallagher was struck on the head by a piece of the wheel, which was hurled at him with great force, as the machinery was running at high speed.

When. When some men fall in love they seem to knock their brains out. When a girl looks as pretty as a picture, we'd like to take the picture.

Colored Deaf Mute Drowned. Toronto, June 13.—George Williams, a young colored deaf mute, who lived on Front street, near Cherry street, was drowned in the bay at the foot of Morse street yesterday about noon.

New York, June 12.—A cable despatch from the Herald from Shanghai says: "An extraordinary fissure has opened in the side of the mountain Machuanshan, near Ichang. The opening is several miles long, and hundreds of families and houses have been swallowed up."

There was a good attendance in the assembly hall of the Collegiate Institute last evening, at the concert and cantata given by the children of the Public Schools, under the direction of Mr. Jas. Johnson, and the programme was much enjoyed.

Introduction. Chorus. We're a Group of Merry Children. Chorus. Who Are These? Solos (Three Fairies). Chorus. Oh! Here Comes a Merry Little Man Solo (Cherry Tommy). Chorus. Come, Gather Again Chorus. Here Comes One Solo (Flower Girl). Chorus. Here Comes an Archer Solo (Archery). Chorus. Then Come and Have Another Game Solo (Fish Lassie). Chorus. See! Here Comes a Jolly Tar Solo (Sea Captain). Chorus (Blue Jacket). Chorus. We're Some of the Crew Chorus. So Great an Attraction Solo (The Old Woman). Chorus. Here's a Lad Called Tickletooth Solo (Tom Tickletooth). Chorus. Prey Little Servant Maid Solo (Servant Maid). Chorus. Then Come and Have Another Game Chorus. Here is One Whose Life Should Be Solo (Fruit Girl). Chorus. Here's a Useful Member Solo (Newsboy). Final. Raise Your Voices. The proceeds go to the Quebec Battlefields Fund.

Manitoba's Law Officers To Make Another Attempt. Winnipeg, June 12.—The Attorney-General's Department will endeavor to bring another prosecution under the money lenders act against Tolman, a money lender, who has an office in Winnipeg. The Court of Appeal yesterday dismissed the case against Sarah Ann Clegg, who was found guilty of usury by Judge Myers.

Truly it is an excellent medicine sold cheap. Here's the proof. Mrs. T. Niles, Cobourg, Ont., writes: "Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills cured me of indigestion and headache, from which I suffered for many years."

ALL FOR THE BOERS. BRITISH OFFICIALS BEING DISMISSED IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Bitter Complaints of Administration in Transvaal and Orange River Colony—Canadian and Australian Officials "Retrenched."

London, June 12.—A large number of letters, in which the writers complain bitterly of their treatment, have been received by the Imperial South African Association from British officials who have been "retrenched" in the policy of withdrawing from the hands of British and placing in those of the Boers, the administration of the Transvaal and Orange River Colony.

On the conclusion of the war the colonial governments were asked to obtain officers for the Transvaal and Orange River civil servants on the express promise that the positions of these men would be permanent and pensionable.

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TWO FISHERMEN DROWNED. Freeman and Samuel Zinck, of Nova Scotia, Upset Their Dory.

Halifax, June 12.—With her flag at half-mast for the loss of two of her crew, the Lunenburg fishing schooner Hiawatha, Captain Cooke, arrived at Travers the dory containing Freeman and Samuel Zinck, brothers, of Rose Bay, sons of John Zinck, of that place, was capsized, and both were drowned.

St. Catharines, June 12.—John Bradt, a married man with several children, was to-day committed for trial on a charge of enticing a child, fourteen years old, away from her parents' possession on election night.

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POWER. The quiet, smooth-running engine hidden beneath the bonnet of every Russell model embodies power—real power; not catalogue horsepower, but concentrated energy properly applied to the rear wheels, giving ability to start quickly, to climb hills, to run through sand, mud, snow and slush. Simplicity in construction and consequent ease of control demonstrates Russell dependability. The Russell engine is your servant not your master.

New Shoes. We have just received another shipment of New Shoes for mid-summer wear. Two lots are Women's Tan Oxfords, American make, price \$3.00 and \$3.50. Our stock is again nicely assorted in Tan, Patent and Vici Kid. We are doing a very large Oxford trade because we have the kind of Shoes the people want, and at reasonable prices.

J. D. CLIMIE 30 and 32 King West. Love Does Not Ask Questions. (By Helen Oldfield.) Of late there has been much discussion, both here and in England, as to whether business women make good wives; whether the discipline and systematic training consequent upon outside occupations lead to excellence and exactness in home duties. Such discussion, however interesting, in view of the great and constantly increasing number of women who pursue trades and professions which a century ago were the exclusive property of men, is to fall as profitless as discussion of the kind usually is.

ONE CENT A DOSE, ONE PILL A DOSE. Cost and virtue are the two important features to consider when selecting a medicine. While it is absolutely necessary that a remedy should be able to cure, the cost of it, however, is worthy of consideration. A medicine that is effective in curing various diseases and also is cheap enough to be within the reach of all must, in the natural course of events, have a large sale. Those are the reasons why Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills enjoy the largest sale of any kidney-liver pill in Canada. They cure, as the thousands of testimonials published from time to time witness, and they are an excellent medicine sold cheap.

THE WOMAN WHO LOVES OUR FIGHTING MEN

Why Helen Gould Has a Warm Place in Army and Navy Hearts

VETERANS who wore the blue and veterans who wore the gray during the stirring days from 1861 to 1865 are growing pitifully few. How stuffily time wings its way! One is startled, almost, upon recalling that the Spanish-American War, our latest conflict, is now ten years in history.

Because of their experiences in camp and field, the men of '61 and '98 can never lose their interest in the fighting men of today. Whatever appertains to the welfare or advancement of our army and navy finds sympathetic advocates from ocean to ocean.

Few names appeal more strongly to the veterans of two wars, and to the American soldier and sailor of today, than that of Miss Helen Miller Gould. Not only through her wealth, but by personal service she has demonstrated her great interest in the two armed branches of our national defense; she is widely known as the woman who loves our fighting men.

AT FORT Leavenworth, Kan., last October, an honor was accorded this woman which was said to be unprecedented in United States history. It was such an honor, indeed, as, in foreign countries, is usually vouchsafed only to queens. The afternoon sun blazed on the polished guns, the bright brass buttons and the uniforms of 3000 soldiers. While a dozen bands played stirring music the soldier boys marched in review, with alert, even steps, tricked out in their finest trappings, their heads erect, every man on the qui vive, eager to make the best showing. All the while, beneath a great new flag, a modest little woman stood, with glistening eyes, watching them intently.

Beside Miss Gould stood the Governor of Kansas, the general commanding the post and a number of other officers in uniform. Then a salute was fired, a salute such as greets an important personage when reviewing the fighting men. The woman in the plain dress clapped her hands enthusiastically.

Turning right and left during the review she operated a small camera. When it was over she made General Charles B. Hall stand at attention while she got his picture, had him show her how to discharge a rapid-fire gun, and then, laughing, ran off with a party of friends to visit the sick in the hospital. Afterward there was a reception in the new Y. M. C. A. building, built by Miss Gould at a cost of \$50,000. There the members of the twenty-four military organizations stationed at the fort shook hands with her, thanked her personally for what she had done for them. As she left the fort she was given cheers such as, a writer declared, "had not been heard in the West since the Indian wars of 1865."

"BEST-LOVED WOMAN"

Years ago—that is, comparatively speaking, for Miss Gould is only about 40 years old—she won the title of the "best loved woman in the United States." Today she may well be called the "best loved woman of the boys in blue."

Wherever a soldier may be stationed, almost, there is some evidence of the thoughtfulness of the elderly daughter of the late Jay Gould. Wherever ships of the navy may sail, even on the farthest seas, the name of Helen Gould is certain to be spoken of with affection.

At Cavite and Olangopo, in the Philippines, and San Juan, in Porto Rico, soldiers and sailors were music played by phonographs given them by Miss Gould. At the naval stations at Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Norfolk, Newport and Valparaiso, California, Bibles given to the men personally by Miss Gould. Way up in the far Alaskan north, on the Yukon river, there runs a beautiful Y. M. C. A. launch, the name of which is Helen Gould.

Since her notable work for the soldiers after the outbreak of the Spanish-American War Miss Gould has devoted her chief attention to work among sailors and soldiers.

Her name heads the list of contributions to Y. M. C. A. work in the country. Among her most noteworthy contributions to the cause are the Brooklyn Navy Yard Y. M. C. A. building, erected and furnished at a cost of \$500,000; the Fort Leavenworth Y. M. C. A. building, which cost \$500,000; the St. Louis Y. M. C. A. building, which cost \$250,000; the Moberly, Mo., Railroad Y. M. C. A., which cost \$200,000; and buildings along the Gould line of railroad toward which she has contributed more than \$100,000.

Most of Miss Gould's charity remains unknown—unpublished. Perhaps most of her contributions are given with injunctions of inviolable secrecy.

Inspired by the example of Miss Gould, Mrs. Russell Sage recently donated \$500,000 for an annex to the naval Y. M. C. A. at Brooklyn and \$25,000 for a house at Fort McKinley in the Philippines, while John D. Rockefeller has given \$200,000 for the naval branch at Norfolk, Va.

Several years ago Mrs. Sage wrote: "One of the

most commendable charitable works that has ever come under my eye is one that Miss Helen Gould may be said to have originated. It is the establishment of a haven for the sailors of the United States Navy—a home where they may really feel at home, one to which they turn with genuine happiness."

When asked how she became interested in this phase of Y. M. C. A. work, Miss Gould wrote: "When I was invited to become a member of the women's auxiliary committee of the international committee in 1897 I was glad to accept the invitation, on account of the very practical work they were doing for railroad employes through the railroad department."

After the outbreak of the Spanish War I became identified with two or three patriotic societies, but they have discontinued their work, and of late nearly all my efforts for the benefit of the soldiers and

sailors have been in co-operation with the Army and Navy departments.

"Miss Gould was never persuaded to do any act of charity unless with her own eyes and wise judgment she discovered the need," declared one of her private secretaries. Eight years ago, when visiting the navy yard at Brooklyn, the need of a place of refuge and amusement for the sailors was brought to Miss Gould's attention.

To get to the gate of the navy yard Miss Gould was obliged to pass through a street flanked by saloon signs. There were legends such as these: "Entertainment Provided," "Amusements Going On," "Money Loaned," "Suits Rented."

In the saloons she saw scores of boys in blue, squandering their money. It was not seldom that the philanthropic young woman saw sailors reeling out of the saloons. But she did not blame them. She realized that the men needed recreation. It was not obtainable in the inadequate quarters of the old "club."

Then Miss Gould gave the money to erect the new building—one of the most splendid edifices of the kind in the world. There were given the sailors all the amusements of the saloons—without liquor.

There were pool tables, bowling alleys, a shooting gallery, a restaurant, a swimming pool, a roof garden, piano, talking machines and clean, comfortable beds.

The building is conducted on the same plan as a hotel. There are about 200 sleeping rooms, and lodging is obtainable by enlisted men for 35 cents a day. Meals are served at certain hours in the reading room for 25 cents. On holidays great big dinners are served, and on Christmas there is a great turkey feast, when Enrico Toselli, with whom she has been living, as obscurely as her notoriety will permit, in Florence.

Score one for the dowagers. But the spirit of romance that lives in the hearts of the daughters of nobility counters by citing the bias of their own English royal Princess Louise, daughter of Queen Victoria, who married Mr. Alexander George Duff, Great Britain fairly shuddered when a royal princess declared she was in love with a mere gentleman, blue as his blood and rich as were his prospects.

But the princess had her royal, affectionate way for all the shudders, and now Mr. Duff, having first been the marquis of Lorne, has come into his inheritance, and bears the title of duke of Fife, and is a devoted husband and a kind father, and the whole family—royal wife, noble husband and titled children—are as happy as happy can be.

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But she had refused all of them. Some of her disappointed lovers thought it might be on account of her personal observation of the infelicity of her father and mother, who have been separated for years. There were other rejected lovers of the Lady Nellie, who fancied she found too much happiness in her titled father's home to leave it for any husband.

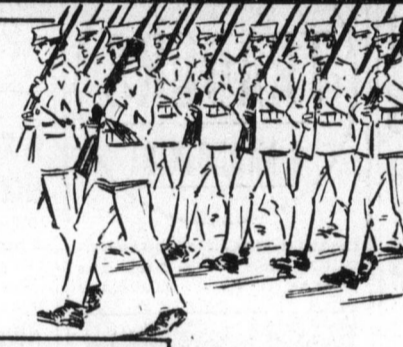
And she enjoyed every bit of it until the Christmas holidays, which is the season when the wine of life seems to flow freely in the English soul. Christmastime the beautiful and patrician Lady Nellie quietly eloped from the home of the premier-earl of England and hereditary great seneschal of Ireland. She eloped with a common, ordinary, everyday mortal named Reginald Gore. Not Lord Gore or Viscount Gore or Sir Reginald Gore, or even Hon. Reginald Gore—just plain Reginald Gore.

And yet, not so plain, either. Her Reginald is as good looking as her father or her brother, and his breeding is quite as excellent as theirs, and his position in English society is as good as can be attained by any ordinary human male who isn't a hereditary anything in particular.

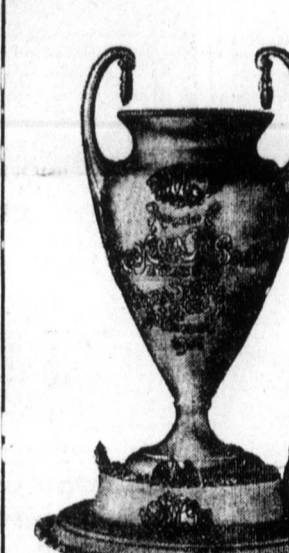
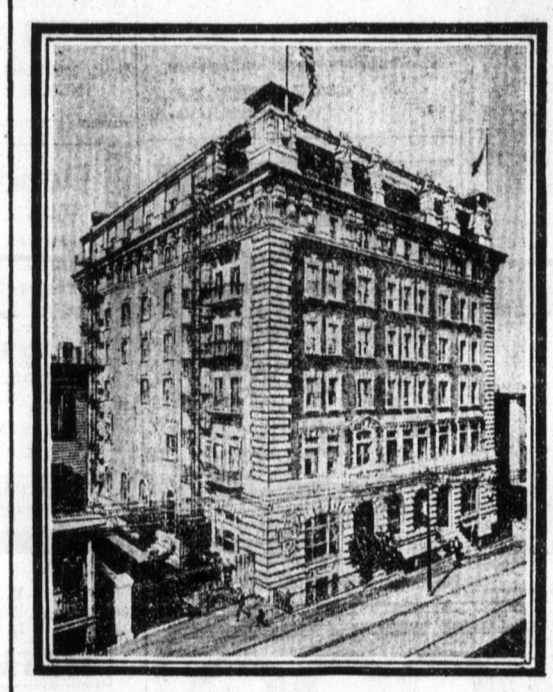
In England, that means he is precisely the sort of fellow any titled girl can fall in love with, and decline to marry, and break her heart for a year or so later, when her family have managed to bully her into marrying some sort of a somebody.



An Entertainment at the Fort Leavenworth Building



Y.M.C.A. Building at Brooklyn Navy Yard, costing nearly half a million, the gift of Miss Gould



Presented to Miss Gould by the Men of the Atlantic Fleet



Miss Helen Miller Gould

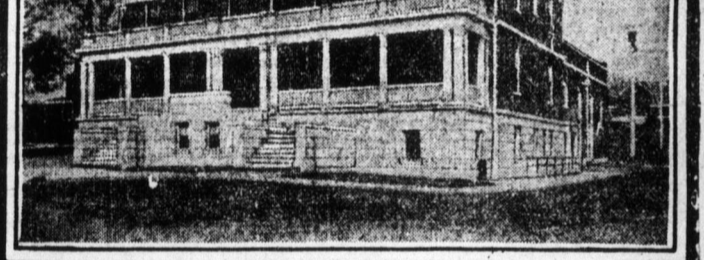
the dining room is decorated with holly and mistletoe and gifts from Miss Gould are distributed among the sailors. In the lobby of the building is a soda fountain, where tempting drinks are served, iced drinks, sundaes in the summer and hot coffee, tea and bouillon in the winter. In the billiard room games can be played for 2 cents a cue. The association recognizes the influence of the home on a sailor's life and encourages the writing of letters. At the Brooklyn branch there are writing tables, and last year more than 90,000 letters were mailed from there.

There is an immense auditorium at the branch, which covers an entire floor. Almost every week entertainments are given. It was in this room that Miss Gould was presented some time ago with the remembrance of 5000 sailors—a large loving cup, which the charming recipient received with moist eyes. It was a touching event, and told of the affection and regard of the boys in blue for the popular woman.

The new Y. M. C. A. building at Fort Leavenworth is a magnificent two-story structure. It was dedicated on the occasion of Miss Gould's visit last October. Last March the attendance numbered 9250, and the number of letters written at the place exceeded 1800.

Miss Gould has been the good angel of the Army and Navy Y. M. C. A. Among her most recent benefactions is a gift of \$25,000 for the equipment of a gymnasium for the new Rockefeller establishment at Norfolk.

Perhaps few phases of philanthropic work have done more good than this branch of the Y. M. C. A. Although the primary object is to give shelter to the enlisted man, the medium for so doing is to give him home comforts while on shore leave.



Army Y.M.C.A. Building at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., given by Miss Gould at a cost of \$50,000.

At these headquarters the men are given private lockers, and the accommodations provided greatly surpass those of the cheap hotels and saloons the boy in blue was wont to frequent.

An important feature of the work is the banking system, by which the sailors' money is cared for. This money is placed on deposit. Each year the association cared for \$500,000.

What possibly appeals to the sentimental hearts of the jacksies more than anything else is the constant thoughtfulness of Helen Gould.

Continually, Miss Gould sends gifts to the army and navy branches. Sometimes they are trifling, but show her regard all the more plainly. For instance, after a recent trip to Palestine, Miss Gould sent Bibles, made in the Holy Land and covered with boards made from native cedars, to the various branches.

Photographs, books, writing materials and pool tables are received from the Y. M. C. A. constantly. At Christmas she sends great boxes to the various branches, and there are presents for all the boys. Every member of a branch receives a Bible from Miss Gould containing her signature.

Through these Bibles she has introduced into correspondence with many of the jacksies, and the gentle Christian admonitions written to the bluecoats from the most popular woman of the world cannot fail to impress themselves on their lives.

For quite a number of years Miss Gould has been increasing the work of the railroad Y. M. C. A. In 1905 she set aside a sum of \$100,000 to assist in establishing branches along the Gould lines in memory of her father. To defray the entire expenses of branches she deemed unwise, and her plan invited the co-operation of the railroads.

The Gould lines the Gould lines there are about twenty buildings, costing \$500 to \$25,000 each. The railroads, and the other half by the members. Within six years Miss Gould donated twenty-eight libraries to railroad branches.

THOROUGHLY PRACTICAL

Miss Gould's undeniable rule of being practical was evidenced when, in 1904, she took a trip through the West to study the needs of the men. In her late father's private car Atlanta she took a spin over 7000 miles, completing it in twenty-three days.

Naturally, a woman so widely known as Miss Gould is the recipient of thousands of letters asking for help. In her charities, however, she carries out business methods as rigid and practical as those of her father. She is said to receive more than 1000 begging letters a week, many of which, of course, and their way into the waste paper basket.

Her daily mail are letters from "cranks," some of whom propose marriage, and letters from mothers telling that babies have been named after her. These letters are kept in an album, and today there are more than 200 "Helen Goulds."

In Miss Gould's home, at 575 Fifth avenue, New York, are innumerable souvenirs and mementoes from the Spanish-American War. These are torn flags, cartridges and bullets, fragments of shells, pictures of marching troops and individual soldiers. These are dear to Miss Gould's heart, and today so fresh are the memories in her mind that she can tell the story of each and every one of them.

When Helen Gould went to Montauk Point during the war and told Colonel Farwood to draw on her bank account for any amount of money necessary to care for the wounded and sick soldiers, she was given a niche in the hearts of all soldiers. She was vice president of the Red Cross in Cuba, Porto Rico or the Philippines who did not benefit from her generosity.

Miss Gould's charities are legion. Among some of those dearest to her were Woody Crest and the Lyndhurst Club in the Industrial School. Because of the financial stringency, Miss Gould was compelled to close these last April. There many children from New York were given the best attention. The industrial school was erected at a cost of \$75,000.

When Heart Outweighed the Coronet.



Queen Victoria's Daughter, Married out of Royalty.



Lady Nellie Talbot Eloped with Reginald Gore, a Handsome Nobody



Mrs. Cornwallis, Formerly Lady Randolph Churchill

YOU are here, in this corner of the drawing room, absently regarding the photograph of the rich young American woman that shows her in full dress, wearing the jeweled coronet she acquired by marriage. She's wearing

it because she can afford it and because it seems to her the highest distinction possible in life. But how if you were the one who owned the coronet and the coat of arms, and he were plebeian born, perhaps without a cent to bless him? How

if you were Lady Laura Cholmondeley, or the countess of Suffolk, or the Princess Alime, or Flavia of Ruritania, and a man without title or rank came wooing? Would you permit the heart to outweigh the coronet?

THE earl of Shrewsbury, who takes precedence over all the other belted earls of England—the head of the Talbot family, which is so ancient and honorable that it has passed into a byword with the humorists who satirize lineage—has an only daughter. Her name is Nellie, the Lady Nellie Viola Talbot.

Lady Nellie is one of the most beautiful of a conspicuously handsome family. Full red lips, cheeks that are regular yet delicate in their modeling, features that have English roses blooming in them and wide eyes capable of the utmost intensity, as well as the softest languors of expression, a figure as seductive in its grace as her face is lovely in its outlines—Lady Nellie could boast almost as many proposals of marriage as fell to the agreeable lot of the late Baroness Burdett-Coutts.

But she had refused all of them. Some of her disappointed lovers thought it might be on account of her personal observation of the infelicity of her father and mother, who have been separated for years. There were other rejected lovers of the Lady Nellie, who fancied she found too much happiness in her titled father's home to leave it for any husband. And she enjoyed every bit of it until the Christmas holidays, which is the season when the wine of life seems to flow freely in the English soul. Christmastime the beautiful and patrician Lady Nellie quietly eloped from the home of the premier-earl of England and hereditary great seneschal of Ireland. She eloped with a common, ordinary, everyday mortal named Reginald Gore. Not Lord Gore or Viscount Gore or Sir Reginald Gore, or even Hon. Reginald Gore—just plain Reginald Gore.

TEA TABLE GOSSIP.

—Mr. George Robinson will sing at the evening service in Erskine Church tomorrow.
—Miss Emily Linklater, of 72 Erie avenue, has gone to spend the summer with friends in Scotland and England.
—Herbert S. Lees, of the firm of Lees, Hobson & Stephens, left Thursday night on a short business trip to England and Germany.
—Mr. James Curtis, of the Sanford Manufacturing Company, has resigned his position, and will open a fruit commission office in Stratford.
—The Thirteenth Regiment will worship in St. John Presbyterian Church at 11 a. m. in the evening. Sacrament of baptism will be administered.
—Mr. Westwood, manufacturer, of Port Union, accompanied by his brother-in-law, Mr. Stewart, Toronto, and the guests of Ernest and Mrs. Smith.
—The St. Paul's Church Sunday school picnic is being held at Niagara Falls this afternoon. About 400 scholars, teachers and friends left on a special train on the T. H. & B. R. at 1 o'clock.
—A special meeting of the board of the Y. W. C. A. will be held on Tuesday, June 16th, at 3.30 p. m. Those who took pledge cards at the half-yearly meeting are requested to report at this meeting.
—Members of the Grand Army, Sons of Veterans and Auxiliary leave Hamilton Monday morning to attend the four days' convention and banquet of the Sons of Veterans at Buffalo.
—The transfer of the license of the Waldorf Hotel from Mrs. J. Taylor to W. Drury, of this city, has been applied for, the application having been filed at the Provincial Secretary's office.
—Mrs. A. Paterson and daughter attended the convocation at Toronto yesterday, R. H. Paterson, B. A., M. B., an honor graduate, having completed his six years' course in arts and medicine.
—A swell looking rubber-tired rig was found this morning, hanging on a fence at the Beach road crossing. All the wheels were wrecked and the gear broken, but the box was not injured. It had every appearance of having been wrecked in a runaway.

GETTING MARRIED.

The New Responsibilities and their Relation to Art.
Getting married has many advantages. Sometimes, as Liszt realized, it stops the career of some young woman who threatens to be a musician without a soul. On one occasion in the master's studio a tall young woman played Mendelssohn's Rondo Capriccioso. It was not a great performance technically or temperamentally. Liszt grasped her by the hand when she had finished, and said: "My dear, get married. There are thousands of young people who love the famous Rondo, but whose attempts to play it are, to say the least, unhappy. Their fingers have not the facility of the Gourelly Angelus. This marvellous instrument provides a finished technique for every one. The operator has at his command every possible gradation in tempo and in dynamics. By the pressure of one finger he can accomplish wonders. If the player is operated by a person of sensitive musical temperament, the result is fully as good from an artistic viewpoint as the performance of a Hoffman or a Paderewski. This is a large claim, but it is supported by Fritz Kreisler, the eminent violinist, whose musical sense no one will question. Mr. Kreisler, speaking of the Angelus, says: "It offers the possibility of obtaining every expression and accentuation in playing, and to produce the finest shading of tone and dynamics." A combination of the Angelus as the part of such a sterling piano as the Gourelly is worthy of the attention of every musician. The firm of Gourelly, Winter & Leeming has accomplished a great thing in the production of the Gourelly Angelus. See it at the warehouses, 66 King street west.

SECRET BALLOT.

France Practically Adopts Australian Ballot.
Paris, June 13.—The Chamber of Deputies to-day adopted an amendment to the existing voting law, which practically puts into effect the secret Australian ballot system. Although universal suffrage was instituted in France in 1846, there always has been much complaint of the system of marking and putting in public. This enabled the big land owners and manufacturers and political manipulators to exercise duress on the voters.

WAS TOO LATE.

Telegram Came Offering Man Job After Suiciding.
Buffalo, June 13.—David J. Herick committed suicide at a hotel here to-day by shooting himself through the head. He leaves a wife and several children in Coxsackie, N. Y. Herick left a letter addressed to a brother at Coxsackie, in which he said he had been wandering around looking for work. He had written a Mr. Cole in Chicago, by whom he had been employed at one time, asking for employment, and not receiving a reply had become despondent. Very soon after shooting himself a telegram was received at the hotel from Cole, offering him a position.

Quality and Reasonable Prices

Have much to do with the many new friends we are daily adding to our list of regular patrons. For tomorrow: Turkeys, spring chickens, spring lamb, prime beef, fresh sausage, trimmy tomatoes, wax beans, asparagus, cucumbers, new beets, new potatoes, grape fruit, coconuts, limes, pineapples, strawberries. Our Beach delivery leaves on Saturday at 1 o'clock. Peaches, Hobson & Co., Limited.
They Go to Extremes.
Your head and your feet are equally well treated at Hennessey's beauty parlors. Shampooing, hair dressing and scalp massage; corns and calluses painlessly removed, and that miserable tenderness overcome. Over Hennessey's drug store, 7 King street east. Phone 2551.

THE WEATHER.

FORECASTS.—Fresh easterly to southerly winds; fair to-day, becoming showery at night. Sunday, winds shifting to westerly; local showers and thunderstorms, but partly fair and warm.
The following is issued by the Department of Marine and Fisheries:
Temperature.
8 a. m. Min. Weather.
Calgary 44 40 Fair
Winnipeg 48 44 Cloudy
Parrty 64 52 Fair
Toronto 64 52 Fair
Ottawa 68 50 Fair
Montreal 70 54 Clear
Quebec 64 52 Fair
Father Point 56 44 Clear
Port Arthur 48 34 Cloudy
WEATHER NOTES.
An area of low pressure, which during the past two days has been over the western provinces, accompanied by rain and thunder storms, is now moving towards the great lakes, with a high and the weather has cleared up. Generally unsettled weather, with thunder squalls, is indicated for Lakes Huron, Erie and Ontario during Sunday.
Washington, June 13.—Forecasts:
Eastern States and Northern New York: Fair to-night; warmer in south-east portion. Sunday, showers; light to fresh variable winds, becoming south.
Western New York: Showers to-night and Sunday; cooler Sunday.
Lakes Erie and Ontario: Fresh south winds; showers to-night and Sunday; possibly thunder squalls.
The following is the temperature as registered at Parke & Parke's drug store:
9 a. m., 67; 12 noon, 68. Lowest in 24 hours, 52; highest, 72.
THIS DATE LAST YEAR.
Strong easterly winds and showery.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Prisoner Set Fire to Cell So He Could Get to Circus.
Rouses Point, N. Y., June 13.—A desire to see the circus which came to town yesterday cost Fred Sauschogan his life. He had started out early in the morning, intending to see the parade, and afterwards attend the show, but his plans were disarranged by a policeman, who arrested him during the forenoon on a charge of intoxication and placed him in the town lock-up, a small frame building. Sauschogan made several vain attempts to bring about his release in time to see the circus, and as a last resort set fire to the door of the prison, apparently believing he would be liberated as soon as the flames were seen. The fire spread so quickly, however, that the whole building was enveloped before assistance came, and it was too late to rescue the prisoner, and he was burned to death.

C. O. F. OFFICERS.

J. A. Stewart, of Perth, Is Again H. C. R.
The convention of the Canadian Order of Foresters closed last evening in Niagara Falls. It was one of the most successful in the history of the order. About 400 delegates were present. It was recommended to the Executive Committee that there be a slight change made in the ritual; that the representation to the High Court be dealt with; and that a committee be appointed to consider and protect the interests of the Foresters in the Legislature. The election of officers resulted as follows:
J. A. Stewart, Perth, High Chief Ranger.
T. W. Gibson, Toronto, Vice High Chief Ranger.
George Faulkner, Brantford, High Secretary.
T. Elliott, Brantford, High Treasurer.
Dr. C. M. Stanley, Brantford, chairman Medical Board.
W. T. Roberts, Brantford, High Auditor.
W. Walker, Montreal, High Registrar.
Rev. W. L. West, Bluevale, High Chaplain.
Executive Committee—W. L. Tilley, New Brunswick; C. E. Burton, Ganana; W. P. Brodeur, Montreal; D. L. VanSommeren, Macleod, Alberta; W. L. Cowper, Montreal.

Carpets Made, Laid and Lined Free

Another Week.
The Right House, at the request of many homefurnishers, has decided to continue their remarkable offer of free making, laying and lining of all carpets for another week. Get your carpet now and save half their price to go toward the summer vacation.
Details in The Right House ad. in this paper.

Men's Suit Day Saturday.

Special values to impress men with the advantage of buying here. Some of these suits are cut with long lapels, buttons on corner of pocket flaps on coat and vest, with a slight dip in front. Other styles are more conservative, but not a suit worth less than \$20, at \$15 Saturday. 50 homespun suits, light grey and brown, regularly \$10, at \$5.98.—Frack & Co., 13 and 15 James street north.

OLDEST CHURCH ORGAN

Found on Island of Gothland and in Excellent State of Preservation.
In the Baltic Sea, forty miles from the mainland, lies the Swedish island Gothland, a Mecca for students of early Gothic architecture. In Wisby alone, the chief town of the island, with its population of 8,000 souls, may be studied what remains of no less than ten churches, some of which date from the eleventh and twelfth centuries. The oldest of them is the Church of the Holy Ghost, completed about 1046.
Prof. Hennerberg, director in a German music school, and especially interested in the study of medieval organs, visited fifty-nine churches in Gothland, and in a little village named Sundre came upon the remnant of what is unquestionably the oldest known organ in existence. The case alone has survived the fret of seven centuries, the holes for pedals and manuals are placed as in

Alterations

In our show room are now completed. Come and see the LARGEST stock of the BEST goods ever shown in

Trunks and Traveling Goods

We Give the Best Values Possible

Cloke & Son

16 King St. West

It Puts Your Stomach Right

The most popular remedy in Hamilton is Parke's Litled Fruit Granules. This preparation is made with lithia, fruit acid and magnesium salts. It stimulates the liver and kidneys to a healthy action. Sold in 25 cent screw capped bottles, yellow label, by

PARKE & PARKE

Druggists 17, 18, 19 and 20 Market Square

Spring Lamb

P. CHRISTOPHER'S

modern instruments, and inside one can see the chamber for the bellows and judge of their action; the exterior is adorned with paintings dating from about 1240. When this ancient instrument could no longer serve its original purpose it was used as a sarcophagus, and for the safeguard of holy vessels and vestments was kept in careful repair, hence its excellent preservation to our day.—Youths' Companion.

FLOWERS FOR THE YOUNG LADIES.

To the Editor of the Times:
Sir,—Allow me the privilege of bringing before the generous hearted ladies of Hamilton a little matter in connection of their action; the exterior is adorned with paintings dating from about 1240. When this ancient instrument could no longer serve its original purpose it was used as a sarcophagus, and for the safeguard of holy vessels and vestments was kept in careful repair, hence its excellent preservation to our day.—Youths' Companion.
Nice, fresh cut flowers every day on the dining room table, and bouquets scattered throughout the different rooms in the building, would add a brightness and a welcome, which would be very acceptable. God has given an abundance of the beauties of nature in the way of flowers to many of our citizens. Why not share them with those who are not so well blessed in that respect?
I hope the good ladies will respond, and that for the remainder of the summer there will be plenty of flowers freely provided for this noble Young Women's Christian Association on Main street. Yours sincerely, Frederick W. Watkins, member Advisory Board, Y. W. C. A.

Markets and Finance.

London, June 13, 1 p. m.—Closings: consols for money 97 1/2; Consols for account 87 1/2; Atchison 82 1/2; Amal. Copper Can. Pac. 12 1/2; C. M. St. Paul 12 1/2; De Beers 1 1/2; Erie 1 1/2; Grand Trunk 1 1/2; L. E. T. 3 1/2; N. E. 1 1/2; Ontario & Western 4 1/2; Penna. 6 1/2; Rand Mines 4 1/2; Reading St. Southern Pacific 5 1/2; Spanish Ports 8 1/2; U. S. Steel 3 1/2; Union Pacific 1 1/2; Wabash 1 1/2. Bar silver steady, 24 1/2 per ounce. Money 4 1/2 %; Discount rate, short and 3-months bills 4 1/2 %.
Pittsburg, June 13.—Oil opened \$1.75.
steady July 10 1/2; Aug. \$1.56; Sept. offered \$1.55; Oct. \$1.40; Dec. \$1.25; Jan. \$1.21 bid; Mar. \$1.18 bid; May offered \$1.25.
Liverpool, June 13.—Closing: Wheat—Spot dull; No. 2 red western winter 49 1/2; No. 1 Calif. 7 1/2; steady; July 10 1/2; Sept. 6 1/2; 11 1/2; 12 1/2.
Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 American, kiln dried, 1 1/2; old American, mixed, 5 1/2; 11 1/2; futures easy.
Peanut—Canadian, no stock.
Pork—Prime mess western steady 2 1/2; Ham, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., 46 1/2; firm; bacon, Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 lbs., quiet, 41; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs., 40 1/2; steady; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., steady, 41 1/2; short clear hocks, 14 to 20 lbs., steady, 28 1/2; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., steady, 29 1/2.
Lard—Prime western in tierces, steady, 4 1/2; American refined, in pairs, firm, 4 1/2.
Cheese—Canadian finest white and colored, old, steady, 6 1/2.
Chicago, June 13.—Cattle—Receipts 8000; steady; western, \$4.50 to \$5; stockers, \$2.40 to \$2.50; feeders, \$2.20 to \$2.50; cows and heifers, \$2.40 to \$2.50; calves, \$4.50 to \$5.25.
Hogs—Receipts 12,000; 5 to 10c higher; light, \$5.25 to \$5.50; mixed, \$5.40 to \$5.75; heavy, \$5.35 to \$5.80; rough, \$5.35 to \$5.55; good to choice heavy, \$5.50 to \$5.80; pigs, \$4.40 to \$5.70; bulk of sales, \$5.65 to \$5.75.
Sheep—Receipts 5,000; steady; natives, \$2.40 to \$2.40; western, \$4.40 to \$5.40; yearlings, \$4.50 to \$5.70; lambs, \$4.35 to \$5.60; western, \$4.50 to \$5.70.

Streamship Arrivals.

June 12.—
Roman—At Bristol, from Montreal.
Siberian—At Halifax, from Glasgow.
Victorian—At Liverpool, from Montreal.
Victorian—At Father Point, from Liverpool.
Cornifidian—At Montreal, from London.
Manzanar—At Father Point, from Bristol.
Lafayette—At Cape Ray, from Liverpool.
Lafayette—At Cape Ray, from Liverpool.
Kensington—At Cape Ray, from Hamburg.
Campania—At Queenstown, from New York.
Resolvable—At Liverpool, from Boston.
Montreal—At London, from Montreal.
Pomeranian—At London, from Montreal.
New Amsterdam—At Rotterdam, from New York.
America—At Gibraltar, from New York.
Molke—At Gibraltar, from New York.
Germania—At Marseille, from New York.
Kornelia—At Naples, from New York.
Romantic—At Naples, from Boston.
Oceano—At Plymouth, from New York.

Wisdom and wit are about evenly

balanced in an utterance of Britain's new Prime Minister, which lately went the rounds in England.
Mr. Asquith was recently speaking in a Welsh town, when he was somewhat rudely interrupted by a voice in the audience, which demanded to know his position as to woman suffrage.
"That," Mr. Asquith replied, blandly, "is a subject I prefer to discuss when ladies are not present."

BIRTHS

CRAIGTON—On June 11, 1908, at 182 Emerald Street north, to Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Craighton, a daughter.

MARRIAGES

SMITH—HUTTY—In this city at the parsonage of the Rev. J. H. Couch, on Thursday, January 2nd, 1908, L. Roy Smith, 19 Miss Marguerite Hutty, both of Glasgow.

DEATHS

FEE—At the residence of her parents, 13 Murray Street West, Annie, beloved daughter of John and Ellen Fee, aged 23 years. Funeral Monday morning at 8.30 o'clock to St. Mary's Cathedral, thence to Holy Sepulchre Cemetery. Friends please accept the intimation. Friends please accept the intimation.
GAYFER—In this city, Saturday morning, June 13th, Harry Gayfer, Sr., aged 68. Funeral from his late residence, 218 Wellington Street south, on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock.
LOGAN—At his father's residence, North Glasgow, on Saturday, June 13th, 1908, George James, youngest son of George and Mary Logan, aged 25 years. Funeral Monday at 1.30 p. m. to Barton Presbyterian Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers.
READ—At No. 238 John Street north on Friday, 12th June, 1908, Annie, youngest daughter of Mrs. and the late Harry Read, aged 17 years. Funeral Monday at 2.30 p. m. to St. John's Church. Interment at Hamilton Cemetery.
SPRINGSTEAD—At his late residence, 17 Francis street, on Saturday, June 13th, 1908, Simon Springstead, aged 70 years. Funeral from above address on Monday at 3 p. m. to Hamilton cemetery.
WILSON—At the residence of his nephew, H. A. Jones, 154 Forest Avenue, on Friday, 12th June, 1908, William Wilson, second son of the late Samuel and Emma Wilson, aged 54 years. Funeral Sunday at 4 p. m. Interment at Hamilton Cemetery.

THE TRADERS

BANK OF CANADA

Capital Paid Up - \$ 4,352,310

Rest Account - \$ 2,000,000

Total Assets - \$33,000,000

Joint Deposit Accounts

A special convenience in force in our Savings Department, in the "Joint Deposit Account."
This means that an account may be opened in the names of two persons (husband and wife or any two members of a family) so that either may withdraw money on their individual cheques.
In case of the death of either person, the entire account may be withdrawn by the survivor.
\$1.00 opens a Savings Account. Interest added quarterly.

THE HAMILTON CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

announces a musicale to be given by some pupils of Miss Lettie M. W. Pease, assisted by Miss Florence Clark, violinist, and Miss Gladys Evans, soprano, Thursday evening, June 18th.
A piano and vocal recital to be given by some pupils of Miss Gertrude Stares, assisted by Miss Victoria Stares, (vocal pupil of Miss Gertrude Stares,) Friday evening, June 19th, in the Conservatory Music Hall. Admission complimentary.

ICE FOR FAMILY USE

The Magee-Walton Co., Ltd. 606 Bank of Hamilton Chambers Telephone 338
English Bacon Get the Star Brand
And you will find that mild, sweet flavor so appetizing. All our Meats pass the Government inspector.
F. W. FEARMAN CO. 17 MacNab North
Budweiser Lager We are local agents for this celebrated Beer. We have other brands, Schlitz, Pilsner, Regal, etc., but the best of all is Budweiser.
James Osborne & Son Importers, 12 and 14 James St. South
New York Stocks Private wire to Ennis & Stoppani, New York and Chicago. Commission 1/2.
A. E. CARPENTER & CO. 108 King Street East, HAMILTON
Central Y. M. C. A. Card Gym men's bible class 10 a. m. Regular men's bible class 8 p. m.; all men invited. Men's meeting 4.15 p. m. Round table talk and discussion. Bright singing. All men welcomed.
East Hamilton Y. M. C. A. Card Regular men's bible class 3 p. m. Song service on the lawn 5.15; weather permitted. Secret address by Rev. W. J. H. Brown and music by choir of Barton Street Baptist Church. Everybody welcome.
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Robbs—Do you think we shall ever discover the secret of perpetual motion? Slobbs—It's merely a case of making both ends meet.

EDUCATIONAL

Royal Victoria College - Montreal
A residential hall for the women students of McGill University. Situated on Sherbrooke Street, in close proximity to the University Buildings and laboratories. Students of the College are admitted to the courses in Arts at McGill University on identical terms with men, but mainly in separate classes. In addition to the lectures given by the Professors and Lecturers of the University, students are assisted by resident tutors. Gymnasium, skating rink, tennis courts, etc. Scholarships and Exhibitions awarded annually.
Instruction in all branches of music in the McGill Conservatorium of Music.
For further particulars address The Warden, Royal Victoria College, MONTREAL.

McGill University

MONTREAL Session 1908-1909
Courses in Arts, Applied Science (Architecture, Chemistry, Metallurgy, Theory and Practice of Railways, and Civil, Electrical, Mechanical and Mining Engineering), Law, Medicine and Commerce.
Matriculation Examinations will commence on June 15th and September 10th and Examinations for Second Year Exhibitions and Third Year Scholarships, will commence on September 10th.
Lectures in Arts, Applied Science and Commerce will begin on September 21st; in Law on September 15th; in Medicine on September 16th.
Particulars regarding examinations, entrance requirements, courses of study, fees, etc., can be obtained on application to J. A. NICHOLSON, M.A., Registrar.

Queen's University and College

KINGSTON, ONTARIO
ARTS EDUCATION THEOLOGY MEDICINE SCIENCE (Including Engineering)
The Arts course may be taken without attendance.
For Calendars, write the Registrar, GEO. Y. CHOWN, B.A., Kingston, Ontario.

EXCURSION TO DETROIT

Speed 4th July with Knights Templar Drill Corps
Leaving Hamilton 3 p. m. July 3rd, 6 T. R.
Regular Fare 35c Return Fare 50c Cars meet all steamers.

DUNDURN

THOUSAND ISLANDS, MONTREAL Reservations C. E. MORGAN, W. J. GRANT. INLAND NAVIGATION CO. Limited.

Depositors

who use our Savings Department find it satisfactory in every respect. WE PAY 3 1/2% ON ACCOUNTS OF ONE MONTH OR OVER. Four per cent. on time deposits. Now is the time to open an Account LANDED BANKING & LOAN CO. Canada Life Building

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THE HAMILTON ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER CO., LIMITED

TERMINAL BUILDING Call 3500-1-3-5 for particulars

Executors and Trustee

This Company may be appointed Executor and Trustee under your will, thus securing you a permanent office and absolute security such as no private individual could give, at an expense which is no greater than occurs when private individuals are chosen in singular capacities.
THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE COMPANY 43 and 45 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO, LIMITED Capital Subscribed - \$2,000,000.00 Capital Paid Up and Surplus Over - \$4,200,000.00 JAMES J. WARREN, Managing Director

EXCURSIONS

Hamilton Camp, No. 20, W.O.W. EXCURSION via S.S. TURBINIA TO Rochester Port of Charlotte and Returns \$2
SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1908
Leaving 5 p. m., returning, leaving Charlotte 10 p. m., Sunday.
Limited number of tickets on sale at C. P. R. office, corner King and James, Hawkins' 4 stores, Hennessey's 3 stores and Carroll's cigar store.
W. E. SANFORD MFG. CO'S. Employees' Excursion to Niagara Falls and Buffalo SATURDAY, JUNE 20th, VIA T. H. & B. Free Drawings for Valuable Prizes for all ladies holding excursion tickets.
Hot tea, coffee and milk will also be served free to excursionists.
Trains leave Hunter Street Station at 8 a. m., stopping at Victoria Avenue. Leaving Buffalo Exchange Street Station at 7.30 and Niagara Falls at 8 o'clock.
Tickets good to return June 21st or 22nd. Prizes on exhibition at D. Moore & Co., King Street east.

FAST TURBINE STEAMER

Turbina's Time-table
Leave Hamilton 9.15 a. m.; leave Toronto 8.30 a. m. daily except Saturday and Sunday.
Leave Hamilton 10.00 a. m. and 8.25 p. m.
Leave Toronto 7.30 a. m. and 2.00 p. m.
EACH WAY 20c by purchasing 10 trip book WAY tickets, only \$2.00. Transferable.
Regular Fare 35c Return Fare 50c Cars meet all steamers.

I. O. O. F.

ANNUAL EXCURSION TO DETROIT Wednesday, July 1st GOOD FOR 3 DAYS
Return fare, adults \$2.45; children \$1.25. See posters for full particulars.

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AMUSEMENTS

TO-NIGHT
GRAND OPERA HOUSE
RICHARDS AND PRINGLE'S FAMOUS MINSTRELS
Evening, 8.30, 10.15, 11.15. Seats on sale.

HAMILTON JOCKEY CLUB

JUNE 9 TO JUNE 20 RACES TO-DAY
STEEPLECHASE EVERY DAY
ADMISSION including GRAND STAND \$1.00

Saturday Excursion

Macassa and Modjeska 10 TRIPS \$1.50
Good for families, friends or parties. SINGLE FARE RETURN FARE 35c 50c
SPECIAL TIME TABLE FOR SATURDAY. 4 TRIPS
Leave Hamilton 8.30 a. m., 2.00, 5.15 and 8.15 p. m.
Leave Toronto 9.00 a. m., 2.00, 5.15 and 8.15 p. m.

SAVOY TO-NIGHT

Geo. H. Summers & Co. present THE GAMBLER'S WIFE
Prizes—10, 20, 30c; box seats 50c. Bargain Matinee Wednesday and Saturday, 10c and 20c.
All '65 and '66 Veterans are requested to parade at the Drill Hall, To-morrow, June 14th, at 10.15 for the purpose of attending Drives service with the 19th Regiment. Medal will be worn. R. A. HUTCHISON, Secretary, Vets. '66.

To-day at Treble's

Until 11 p. m.
\$1.49 Straw Hats, men's; regular \$2.00.
39c Children's Straw Sailors; regular 65 and 50c.
79c Blue Soft Shirts; regular \$1.00.
N.E. Cor. King & James Two Stores N.E. Cor. King & John

The New Central Presbyterian Church

will be opened next Sunday. Buy a NEW BOOK OF PRAISE for the occasion from A. C. TURNBULL 17 KING ST. EAST
A Great Slaughter in Prices at the Leading Millinery House
We carry the largest millinery stock in the city. You can get anything you want from the choicest novelty down to the cheapest article made in its line. Immense stock of hats, flowers and feathers, about one hundred ready-to-wear and untrimmed shapes we are jobbing at 30c and 50c each. Fine hats for girls; come see them. Margaret C. A. Hinman 4 John Street North, upstairs.