LAST EDITION

London Advertiser

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46TH. YEAR. NO. 19727 THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, JULY 24, 1909.—TEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

VOTE FOR ARTESIAN WELLS AND SPRING WATER

CITIZENS' MEETING INDORSES THE ARTESIAN WELLS RATEPAYERS APPROVE THE SPRING WATER SCHEME

Hon. Adam Beck Explained Fully the Scheme Which Has Been Thoroughly Tested and for Nearly a Month Has Proven Satisfactory.

ENGINEER MOORE CONTRADICTED

Four Wells Have Given the People an Average Flow of Not Less Than 922,000 Gallons Per Day—Citizens Enthusiastically Laud the Speeches on the Subject Last Night.

Judging from the temper of the meeting called last night to discuss the water question, the artesian well scheme will carry on Monday by a large majority. There was the greatest enthusiasm manifest when it was presented, and when the speeches were finished, the scheme was indorsed by the assemblage of voters by practically an unanimous vote. It was a very large meeting, one of the largest ever held at a time other than during a regular campaign. The city hall was filled. Mr. Henry Macklin presided.

SCHEME EXPLAINED.

Hon. Adam Beck went over his scheme in detail, explaining all the controversial points, and answering all questions propounded to him. He guaranteed to furnish three million gallons of water with a pumping plant adequate to handle it, and a million gallon reservoir, well within the estimates given the commissioners.

He criticised the statements of Engineer Moore that the wells showed less than four inches per day over the weir, which is close to a million gallons every twenty-four hours, and declared that the wells had always produced that quantity. Mr. Beck's explanations were most satisfactory to the audience.

When the meeting was brought to order, Mr. Henry Macklin was named for the chair. He thanked the audience for the honor, and called upon those interested in the proposition to speak.

MR. LUSCOMBE SPEAKS.

As Mr. Beck had not arrived, Mr. T. H. Luscombe addressed the audience for a few minutes He declared that what the people wanted was plenty of water and pure water. Very little information had been given the public by Mr. Beck regarding his proposition, he said, and little was known of the McGregor scheme. Mr. Luscombe was anxious to discover whether the water would continue pure, or was there great danger of contamination because of the air lift. Dr. Amyot, the provincial analyst, had stated that the water was pure up to the present time, and that answer was satisfactory as far as it went. However, Dr. Amyot had not answered the question whether or not the wells would continue to be pure. Mr. Luscombe stated that the danger of the air lift was that it would pump the water faster than it would naturally filter, and consequently impure water would be drawn into the wells.

MOTION. DIED.

"I want an answer to the question as to whether or not the air lift will draw water faster than it can naturally be filtered," said Mr. Luscombe. "If that does not happen, the water will be pure. If it does, the supply will not continue pure. We want an authoritative statement on that subject."

He then made a motion to the effect that the water scheme, as submitted, should not be passed until a test had been made of the continuity of the supply, and the continued purity. There was no seconder to the motion.

Hon. Adam Beck was late in coming, and Commissioner Darch and Ald. Gerry said a few words.

HON. ADAM BECK.

Hon. Adam Beck came into the hall at this moment, and was called to the platform. He declared that he was in a somewhat delicate position, as he was loath to advise the people. It was for the people to say whether or not the wells were good. They have used the water, they have seen the wells, and they should judge of the feasibility of the proposition.

There were some statements of Engineer Moore, however, that were confusing, and it was necessary that they should be explained.

"If the proposition I submit to you is not sound from the standpoint of health, and of supply of water, vote it down," said Mr. Beck. "Do not consider my personal feelings or the money invested, but vote it down. But we must solve the problem. It is a big one. The citizens of London have held aloof from propositions before, when they should have got together. I say to friend and foe, let us get together, and make of London a greater city, and not knock, knock, knock, continually. We must get together if we are going to keep pace with the other Ontario cities that are forging ahead at a rapid rate. We have not been united, but they have, and they are outstripping us in the race. Let us be united on something that will help the city to be in a better position to compete with other cities."

THE SCHEME THAT WAS KILLED.

Mr. Beck touched upon the scheme put forth by the commissioners of January last. That had been years before submitted to himself, Col. Little and other commissioners for consideration, but they were told that the ulti-

(Continued on Page Sixteen.)

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.

New York, July 24.—The statement of clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold $34,291,225 more than the requirements of the 25 per cent reserve rule. This is a decrease of $277,975 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week.

THE WATER VOTE.

The result of the vote on the water bylaws will be bulletined by The Advertiser as soon as the ballots are counted on Monday night. Special messengers will bring the results to the office.

10,000 LONDONERS ARE PICNICKING

Big Crowd Left the City Today on the G. T. R. Carshops Excursion.

ESTIMATED AT 5,000

All Other Lines Took Many People Away to Spend the Week-End.

Nearly 10,000 Londoners are out of the city today either picnicking or on excursions. The annual G. T. R. carshops picnic this morning to Detroit required five big trains to haul the crowd which is estimated at between 4,000 and 5,000.

The first trains left at 5 o'clock from the East End, and long before that time they were filled to their utmost capacity. At half-past 5 and a quarter to six two other well-filled trains left. At 6 o'clock a train left from the downtown depot, and carried a big crowd.

Big Business.

Both the traction company and the Pere Marquette have had a busy time handling the crowds to Port Stanley. At 9 o'clock more than 1,000 of McCormick's employees and their friends went down on the Pere Marquette in a special train. Perrin's employees and their friends also went down in a special train, and had a big crowd. During the day many others went down both with Perrin's and McCormick's picnics.

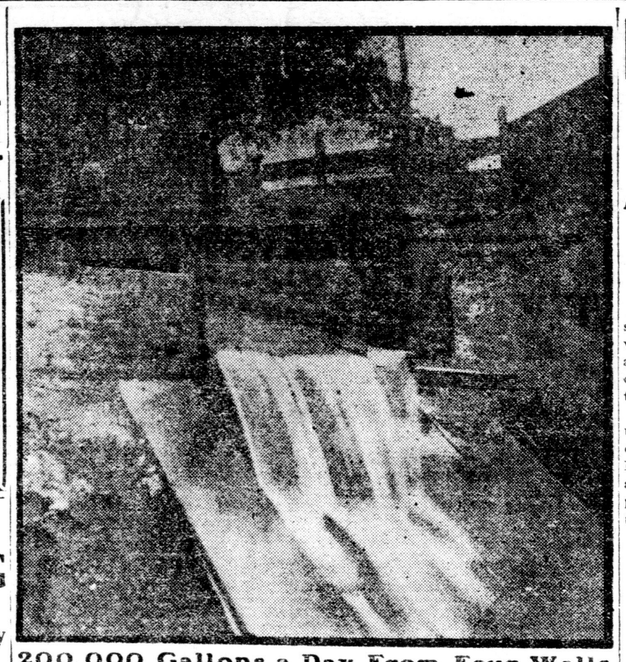
The employees of the Columbia Handle Company also went down to the lakeside today, and this morning the traction company carried down a party from the Ottaway Avenue Christian Workers' Church.

RACING IN ENGLAND

Results at Hurst Park—Selling Plate and Hampton Court Stakes.

Hurst Park, England, July 24.—The 3-year-old selling plate of 22 sovereigns, distance one mile, was run here today and won by Vivella. Misere was second and McNamara third. Seven horses started.

The Hampton Court stakes of 200 sovereigns, distance five furlongs, was won by John Splendid. The Trumpet colt was second, and August Belmont's Asticot II. third. Four horses started.



200,000 Gallons a Day From Four Wells

This cut is from a picture of the overflow weir at the collecting tank on Horton street. It was taken on July 21, at 5:45 p.m. At that moment there is one inch of water running over the weir or a little more than 200,000 gallons a day.

The cut shows what is going on there at least 14 hours of the 24. The city pump cannot use all the water pumped from the Beck wells. At night the flow from the exhaust weir is larger than usual, owing to the fact that there is less water used at that time.

It effectually answers the criticism that there is not plenty of water to be had from the wells.

CITIZENS INDORSE THE WELLS

London, Ont., July 23, 1909.

We, the members of the citizens' committee, at present in the city, after fully considering the report of qualified engineers as to the capacity and efficiency of the artesian wells recently sunk on Horton street, and in view of the provincial analyst's report as to the purity of the water from the wells, and the test to which it has been submitted during the past three weeks, feel justified in commending the artesian well scheme to the favorable consideration of our fellow ratepayers.

T. F. Kingsmill.	Col. A. M. Smith.
Col. J. W Little.	R. J. Young.
Col. Gartshore.	John Labatt.
Thomas Baker.	C. R. Somerville.
Warren Thompson.	Frank E. Leonard.
John H. Chapman.	

LICENSE TO SELL SPECTACLES.

Winnipeg, July 23.—A board of optometry has been appointed for the province of Manitoba, and in future everyone desiring to practice optometry here must pass an examination under their direction No one will be permitted to sell glasses or test eyes without a certificate from them.

HALL OF PT. STANLEY PAYS $150 AND COSTS

For Selling Liquor Without a License—Option of Three Months in Jail.

(Special to The Advertiser.)

St. Thomas July 24.—Alfred Hall, Port Stanley, who was charged as the result of a complaint lodged by Rev. Mr. Gilmore, of Fingal, with selling liquor without a license, was today found guilty by the presiding magistrate and fined $150.

Hall must also pay the sum of $15 to Inspector Andrews for costs.

The maximum fine is $200, and the minimum $100. so that the magistrate took a medium course and made the fine $150, with costs. If it is not paid Hall must go to jail for three months at hard labor.

TOMORROW—FINE AND WARMER.

FORECASTS.

Toronto, July 24—8 a.m.

Today—Strong northwest winds; fine and cool.

Sunday—Westerly winds; fine and a little warmer.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	Today. 8 a.m.	Min.	Yesterday. Low.	High.
London	52.5	..	50	80
Calgary	50	56	54	82
Winnipeg	62	56	50	80
Port Arthur	56	50	54	78
Parry Sound	54	50	60	64
Toronto	62	50	60	68
Ottawa	60	60	60	62
Montreal	62	60	64	74
Quebec	62	58	58	76
Father Point	64	54	..	..
Dawson	..	..	36	74
Victoria	..	..	50	72
Edmonton	..	..	50	78
Battleford	..	..	56	84
Prince Albert	..	..	58	82
Moosejaw	..	..	52	86
Qu'Appelle	..	..	56	82
St. John	..	..	52	68
Halifax	..	..	58	72

WEATHER NOTES.

The disturbance which was over the Great Lakes for the past two days continues to move very slowly, and has not yet passed from the Ottawa Valley.

Heavy rain has occurred over most of Ontario, east of Lake Huron, but in the extreme southwest counties it has been light.



Reservoir Filled to Capacity

The above cut shows the reservoir at Springbank on July 19. It can be clearly seen that the reservoir is filled to capacity, in fact, there is so much water there that it is flowing off in the exhaust pipe.

Before the Horton street wells were pumped the reservoir was usually but little more than half filled, and there was a constant drain on it. Since that time there has not been a time when the storage tank has not been filled.

In addition the water commissioners have been able to clean out all the pounds, or nearly all of them, a somewhat unusual procedure at this time of the year.

A full reservoir, with lawn services going, and the maximum supply of water being used by the citizens, speak eloquently of the great benefits of the artesian well scheme.

A cut of this same reservoir at this time last year would make an interesting comparison.

DR. M'CALLUM FOR THE WELLS PLENTY OF WATER IS AVAILABLE

All Voters Should Turn Out Monday and Vote for the Horton Street Spring Water Proposition—Medical Man's Strong Words of Commendation.

Dr. H. A. McCallum has come out strongly in support of the artesian well water bylaw and declares that all citizens should come out on Monday and register a vote in favor of the scheme.

"Mr. Beck has demonstrated that the under ground in the vicinity of London is loaded with pure water," said Dr. McCallum. "His wells, I believe, are reasonably safe, and an excellent proposition. There is no argument in the statement that the supply decreases in summer time, as in the heated season all water supplies fall off, even our lakes and rivers. The question is, Has Mr. Beck two million gallons of water? I think he has. Even a proposition to give us a million and a half gallons would be a favorable one. I think it the duty of all citizens to turn out and support the wells bylaw. It is only the beginning of the exploitation of the underground water supply of the city of London."

Facts of the Artesian Well Scheme.

Vote will be on Monday.

Polls open at 9 and close at 5.

Freeholders alone can vote—one vote in each ward where they own property.

A majority of votes cast is necessary to carry the bylaw.

There are two bylaws for consideration.

One calls for the expenditure of $95,000 for main extension.

The other for the expenditure of $123,700; $98,700 to take over the Beck wells, and $25,000 for present main extension.

The wells bylaw ballot will be yellow—the big main extension ballot red.

The wells number fifteen with an assured capacity of 1,500,000 gallons. They can be made to produce three million gallons, the engineers say.

It is spring water—perfectly pure and potable.

It is a softer quality than Springbank water, and much better for manufacturing and laundry work.

The supply can be increased indefinitely at small expense.

Experts say the field is practically inexhaustible.

The pumping plant is the most modern that can be purchased.

It will contain two units—one electric pumping plant with a capacity of 1,500,000 gallons, and a gas plant of the same capacity.

The reservoir will be 1,000,000 gallons capacity.

The wells will be equipped with the most modern air lift, the best and most economical method of pumping.

They will also be encased in cement to prevent any possibility of contamination.

The pressure will be raised to 100 pounds over the city, guaranteeing adequate fire protection.

The city will hold the Gerry Flats for parks purposes—a consideration of much importance to the citizens.

The playgrounds there will be guaranteed the city for years to come.

The pumping station and hydro-electric distribution station will be operated together, the one staff doing the work of both departments.

This will save from $3,000 to $5,000 per annum.

The cost of pumping will be 3.6 cents per 1,000 gallons if 1,500,000 gallons are pumped daily.

If the capacity is doubled the cost will be 2.9 cents per 1,000 gallons.

Silas W. Titus offered to give water to the city for 7.5 cents per 1,000 gallons if 1,000,000 gallons were used, or at 5.5 cents if 2,000,000 gallons were used.

Mr. Beck's offer cuts this in half.

It would cost 6.6 cents per 1,000 gallons to bring the Kilworth springs to Springbank alone.

It would cost still more to take in the north branch springs.

It does not take an expert to figure out that the artesian well proposition is infinitely cheaper.

As for the continued purity of the supply, a six months' test has developed no traces of deleterious matter.

The McNamara well did not go dry when fifteen wells were being pumped for weeks.

It did go dry when the tank used as a reservoir was lowered by the water commissioners when only four wells were pumped. It is this reservoir and not the artesian wells that is draining the McNamara well, because the excavation for the reservoir tapped the springs which fed this well.

WATER COMMISSION AT M'GREGOR WELLS

It Was Impossible to Pump All of Them Yesterday at the Test.

The water commissioners and many citizens visited the McGregor wells yesterday afternoon at the invitation of the promoters, to see them pumped.

Owing to the fact that some of the pipe ordered did not arrive until late yesterday it was impossible to pump all the wells.

Two of them were pumped and yielded a good flow of water.

Among those who visited the wells were Chairman Jones, Commissioner Darch, Engineer Moore, and Secretary Ellwood, of the water commission; A. H. Brener, E. Rechnitzer, Fred Mitchell, H. E. Buttrey, H. J. Glaubitz, R. Lyons, and others.

THE IRREPRESSIBLE GENERAL WM. BOOTH

Starting Out on Another Motor Crusade Through England.

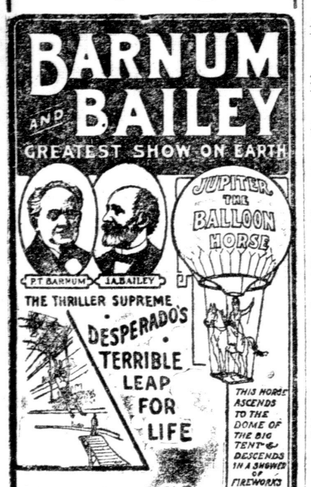
London, July 24.—General William Booth, commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army, today started on another of his motor crusades through England.

The octogenarian salvationist has this time laid out a trip covering 1,400 miles, during which he will address 500 meetings.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

CIRCUS

LONDON, TUESDAY, Aug. 10



The World's Foremost Circus

FILLING 6 ARENAS

AND THE BIGGEST TENT EVER MADE

A Menagerie of 100 Cages
40 Elephants 30 Camels
A Family of Giraffes

Capital Invested $3,500,000

1280 PERSONS 700 HORSES
400 Performers from Europe
60 AERIALISTS 60 RIDERS
60 ACROBATS 50 CLOWNS
100 Acts. Musical Elephants

Greatest Circus Human Eyes Ever Beheld

BIG NEW STREET PARADE

2 Performances Daily, 2 and 8 P. M.

DOORS OPEN ONE HOUR EARLIER

One 50 Cent Ticket Admits to All

Children Under 12 Years Half Price

Admission tickets and reserved seats will be on sale circus day at Strong's Drug Store, at exactly the same prices charged at ticket wagons.

LONDON, ST. THOMAS OR PT. STANLEY TO CLEVELAND AND RETURN FREE

For the best five amateur photos of the all-steel steamer LAKESIDE we will give to each producer of the same one round-trip ticket to Cleveland, good going and returning any time during season. To the next five best, $1 each. The only conditions governing the contest are: Write your name and address plainly on back of each picture and mail to A. E. THOMPSON, general manager, Cleveland, Ohio. Contest closes and prizes awarded Aug. 7. 27c

CIVIC HOLIDAY—$2 25, LONDON TO Detroit and return, via boat, White Star Line, going Saturday, July 31; Sunday, Aug. 1; Monday, Aug. 2. Enjoy the cool ride to Detrit via White Star Line. F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce. 3

CIVIC HOLIDAY — EXCURSION TO Cleveland, Saturday, July 31, under the auspices of Eureka Lodge, No. 30, I. O. O. F., via Southwestern Traction Company and new steel steamer Lakeside. Take any car from 7 a.m. to 1 p.m. Boat leaves Port Stanley, east pier, at 3 p.m. Returning, boat will leave Cleveland, Monday, Aug. 2, Civic Holiday, at 8 a.m. Fares: London to Cleveland and return, $2; St. Thomas, $1 75; Port Stanley, $1.50. Rates have been secured at American Hotel for $1 75 day. Usual rates, $2 50 to $3. 21u-tyw

Only Office

F. B. CLARKE'S, selling tickets by water only. Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce. Rail tickets to connect with boats. b

SHIPS

F. B. Clarke's, 416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce, is the only office devoting whole attention to ocean and lake tickets. Call and get information and rates for the Old Country, up the lakes, River St. Lawrence or the Saguenay. New folders just received. 2

$26.95—DULUTH

London, Ont., to Duluth and return, $26 95, all expenses. Keep your berth in Duluth. The beautiful trip to the Soo by the Georgian Bay route is a popular one. Montreal by the palace steamers Toronto, Kingston and Belleville, of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, running the rapids. F. B. CLARKE, 416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce, only office selling boat tickets exclusively. 1

R. & O. NAV. CO.

St. Lawrence River route, Toronto to Montreal, through all the rapids, steamers "Toronto," "Kingston" and "Belleville."

OCEAN TICKETS

via all lines from Montreal or New York. W. FULTON, C. P. R., corner Dundas and Richmond. ywt

TONY CORTESE, ORIGINAL LONDON Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple. Phone 1570.

Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company

to Montreal and points on the St. Lawrence, via water. Folders at F. B. CLARKE'S, 416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce. Rail tickets to connect with boats. b

STEAMER GLEN ERIE, PORT STANLEY—New boat, fully equipped, good accommodation for passengers, will make half-hourly trips, weather permitting, also moonlight excursion every evening. Fare, 10 and 15 cents. 10un

SPECIAL ORCHESTRA FOR SUMMER dancing parties, picnics, etc. Private dancing lessons any hour during summer months. Terms reasonable. Phone 1774. Dayton & McCormick.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

TEACHERS WANTED.

NORMAL TEACHER, FIRST OR SECOND class, for S. S. No. 1, London Township, to begin after holidays; personal application preferred; good salary will be paid. Edwin Rosser, Denfield. 26k

TEACHER WANTED—EXPERIENCED teacher for S. S. No. 16, Warwick; salary, with proper qualifications and experience, $500. Address John Tulley, secretary, S. S. No. 16, Kingscourt P.O. 24n

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

DEATHS.

HORWOOD—At Fernie, B. C., on Sunday, July 18, 1909, Lucy Horwood (Salvation Army captain), daughter of Henry and the late Sophia Horwood.

Funeral from the Salvation Army Citadel on Sunday, July 25; service at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. 26u

MALE HELP WANTED.

BARBER WANTED—MUST BE FIRST-CLASS; highest wages paid. Apply John Cambridge, 244 Dundas street. 27c

FIRST-CLASS CARPENTER WANTED. Apply on job, corner King and Maitland. J. S. Carty. 27c

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS CLERK FOR liquor store. Apply Box 21, Advertiser. 27u

WANTED — MACHINIST; MUST BE first-class vise hand. Apply C. R. Somerville, 618 Dundas street. 26tf

WANTED — TWO GOOD PATTERN fliers and gaters. Orbon Stove and Range Company, Belleville, Ill. 26c

MEN WANTING PASSAGE TO ENGLAND with cattle apply R. Wilson, 81 Walnut avenue, Toronto. 13bu-wtyz

NEWSPAPERMEN WANTED—SPORTING editor and two clever reporters, with five or six years' experience, wanted immediately; there is an unusual opportunity for ambitious young men of first-class character; highest references required; good salaries. Address City editor, Daily Witness, Montreal. 25u-wt

MEN WANTED, YOUNG, STRONG, robust, account increasing business on railroads, for firemen or brakemen; experience unnecessary; permanent positions, good pay, $75 to $100 monthly; promoted to conductor or engineer, $150, $200 monthly; state age, weight, height. Railway Association, care Advertiser. 20a-vtz

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS, A1 CARRIAGE blacksmiths; high wages paid to good men. W. E. Seagrave, Walkerville. 25c

LEARN THE BARBER TRADE—NEW system, constant practice, careful instruction; few weeks complete course; tools free; graduates earn $12 to $18 weekly; write for catalogue. Moler Barber College, Queen and Spadina, Toronto. 21tf

TWO CARPENTERS WANTED—GOOD mechanics. Apply 528 Dundas street 20cf

ORGANIZERS WANTED. APPLY TO Alfred Tyler, 355 Clarence street.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—LADY CLERK FOR GROCERY store. Box 23, Advertiser. 27c

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSEMAID. Apply Mrs. Fred Screaton, 733 Hellmuth avenue. 27c

GIRLS WANTED FOR FACTORY. APPLY D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited. 27tf

WANTED—EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER. Apply Thomas Bros., Limited, St. Thomas, Ont. 27u

WOMEN FOR PRESSING AND FINISHING. Langley's Cleaning Works. 27c

APPLICATIONS WILL BE RECEIVED up to noon on Saturday, July 31, 1909, for the position of lady superintendent of Huron College; also for caretaker and cook, by man and wife without children. Address, stating salary expected, Rev. Canon Smith, secretary and bursar, 629 Talbot street. London, Ont., July 23, 1909. 27c-tzx

WANTED — LADY, AS MOTHER'S help. Apply, with particulars, to Box 22, Advertiser. 27c

GIRL WANTED, AGE ABOUT 17, FOR light housework; two in family. Apply 294 Wolf street. b

WANTED — GOOD LAUNDRESS, TO take home washing. 270 Central avenue. 26c

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply Mrs. John Mills, 475 Princess avenue. 13tf

FANCY IRONERS WANTED. APPLY Parisian Steam Laundry. 26c

YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST IN LIGHT housework. Box 16, Advertiser. 25c

DINING-ROOM GIRL WANTED. APPLY Savoy Hotel. 23tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — GOOD general servant; four in family. Apply Mrs. John Weld, corner Becher and The Ridgeway, South London. 23tf

BUSINESS CHANCES.

INFORMATION WANTED REGARDING investment opportunity, where few thousand dollars could be profitably invested; wish to hear from anyone having stock for sale in industrial or mining proposition; no liquor proposition considered. Address by mail only, Geo. H. Currier, Room 164 D, 46 West Monroe street, Chicago, Ill. b

FOR SALE OR RENT—BLACKSMITH shop, house, barn and two-fifths acre land; good business; reason for selling, owner going west. Apply at once to George H. Smith, Wanstead. b

ACTIVE YOUNG BUSINESS MAN, with executive ability, has a few thousand dollars to invest in business with which he can connect himself; wholesale manufacturing or office business preferred. Box H, Advertiser. 25u-wt

FOR SALE—THREE-CHAIR BARBER shop, on Dundas street; price, $150; owner going west. Address Box 7, this office. 22n

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, ON STREET OR AT TRACTION station, between 10 and 11 a.m., Wednesday, 21st—A $5 bill. Reward at this office. b

LOST—LADY'S GOLD WATCH, ON Traction or Ottaway car, on Friday; name, R. Hopperton, on back. Reward. Advertiser office. 27c

STOLEN FROM C. BAKER'S NURSERY —Sorrel horse, with two white feet, last Thursday night. Reward for information to Charles Baker, London P. O., or phone 2222. 27c

LOST—CUSHION TOP, PARTLY EMBROIDERED, at Port Stanley, or on train, Tuesday afternoon. Reward, 496 Dundas. b

LOST—LEFT IN TOILET OF WINDSOR Hotel, Thursday morning—Two rings, one pearl and one garnet. Will finder kindly leave at this office? b

LOST, ON WATERLOO OR WELLINGTON street, between Dundas and hospital—Brilliant pin, design of duck with spread wings. Reward for return to Advertiser office. 25c

LOST, WEDNESDAY EVENING — A pearl brooch; initials, "B. H." Reward for return to Advertiser office. 25c

HAMMOCKS

CLEARING BALANCE OF OUR STOCK AT 20 PER CENT OFF.

We do not intend carrying over a single hammock.

THE MALLAGH BOOKSHOP

NEXT BOOMER'S.

PHONE 366.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST Church—Rev. T. T. Shields will preach. Evening subject, "Love's Last Appeal." Pastor's last Sunday before taking vacation.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH—REV. T. B. Clarke, M.A., rector. Services as usual.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH Rev. A. K. Birks, pastor, will preach at both services. Evening subject, "Seeking a Kingdom.

BIBLE CLASS, 2:45, SUNDAY AFTERNOON, "Class welcome." First Methodist Sunday School. Visitors always welcome. W. J. Underwood, leader.

BISHOP CRONYN MEMORIAL Church—Short services during summer. The rector, Canon Dyson Hague, will preach in the morning on Acts xvii., 16-32, and in the evening on Matthew v., 41, "The Second Mile." Holy Communion, 8 a.m.

CATHEDRAL, ST. PAUL'S — HOLY Communion, 8:30 a.m. Matins, 11; Evensong, 7. Preacher, Rev. J. G. Perdue, M.A. The time of the Sunday School session has been altered from 3 p.m. to 9:45 in the morning.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. G. N. Hazen, pastor. Morning, Rev. Dr. McKenzie, of Japan; evening, the pastor.

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH —Rev. Walter Moffat, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

CHRIST CHURCH — REV. ROGER Howard, rector. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. F. E. Malott, pastor. Morning, "Paul the Prisoner"; evening, "The Christian Soldier's Triumph." Good music; Miss Reed and Mr. Pink will sing. Everybody welcome.

DUNDAS CENTRE METHODIST Church—Rev. Thomas Manning, D.D., pastor. 11 a.m., "Trial is Discipline"; 7 p.m., "The Manifestation of Christ." The choir will give a song service in the evening; solos by Miss Gwen Ware and Mr. Calvin Hodgins; selections by the Forest City Male Quartette. Bible Schoo at 2:45.

EGERTON STREET BAPTIST CHURCH —Pastor, Rev. Arthur J. Bowen. Morning, "The God-Planned Life"; evening, "Our Heavenly Advocate." Welcome.

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church—Rev. George W. Dewey, pastor, will preach morning and evening. Morning, "The Imminence of God"; evening, "Then and Now." Strangers and visitors made welcome.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Services, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. H. W. L. Mahood will preach at both services. All welcome.

FIRST CHRISTIAN WORKERS' Church—Sunday morning, Mrs. Mackenzie will preach. Sunday evening, Mr. H. Wilson will conduct the service. Mr. D. Break and Mr. G. Guymer will speak. Mr. Break will give a memorial address for the late Mrs. John Taylor.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST), corner Richmond street, Princess and Park avenues—Sunday service at 10:30 a.m. Subject, "Truth." Sunday School, 11:40. Wednesday, testimonial meeting, 8 p.m. Free reading rooms, open every week-day from 2 to 4:30. Everybody welcome. Literature for sale and free distribution.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—REV. R. Whiting, pastor, will occupy the pulpit at both morning and evening services.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. R. W. Dickie, B.A., of Crescent Street Church, Montreal, will preach morning and evening.

GOSPEL HALL, HAMILTON ROAD and Grey street—Sunday School, 2:30 p.m. Evening Gospel meeting at 7. Come. All welcome.

HYATT AVENUE METHODIST Church—Morning, the pastor, Rev. J. W. Baird; evening, Rev. E. L. McKenzie, for twenty years a missionary in Japan.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Pastor, Rev. James Rollins, B.A. Rev. Robert McDermid, of Stayner, will preach morning and evening. Strangers welcome.

LATTER-DAY SAINTS—PREACHING at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. All welcome.

MAITLAND STREET BAPTIST Church—Rev. C. M. Carew, pastor. Services morning and evening; preacher, the pastor. Seats free, all welcome.

MISS GRACE GRIGG, OF NEW YORK, will preach at the York Street Mission Sunday night. Morning, Mr. John Donaldson. Open-air service, 8:30 p.m.

NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Thomas H. Mitchell, B.D., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH—Pastor, W. M. Walker. Morning, "Necessity of Advancement"; evening, "Moved with Godly Fear." Brotherhood Bible Class and Sunday School at 3 p.m. All welcome.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, SOUTH LONDON—Services, 11 and 7. Rector, Very Rev. E. Davis, D.D.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. James Ross, D.D., minister. The Rev. A. B. Meldrum, D.D., of Cleveland, will conduct the services. Sabbath School meets at 10:15 a.m. during July and August.

THE CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE Evangelist—Rev. W. T. Hill, rector. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. All seats free.

ST. PAUL'S GERMAN EVANGELICAL Church — Rev. Reinhard Wobus, 104 High street. Sunday School, 10 a.m. German service, 11 a.m.; English service, 7 p.m.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. A. J. Vining, pastor. Morning subject, "The Reason Why"; evening subject, "A Great Deliverance." Seats free. Everybody welcome.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. H. A. Graham, pastor. 10 a.m., regular classes; 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., the choir will render a service of praise. Miss McArthur, soprano, formerly soloist at First Methodist Church, Hamilton; Mr. Fred J. Hill, tenor, of Ottawa, together with the church soloists, will render solos. Sunday School, 2:45.

WANTED.

INFORMATION WANTED FROM OWNER who has good modern residence for sale, in or within fifteen miles of London; wish to learn of best bargain being offered; give price and brief description; no agents need answer. Address G. Currier, Room 164 F, 46 West Monroe street, Chicago, Ill. b

WANTED — SECOND-HAND SHOW-CASE. Apply 606 King street, stating size and price. 26c

WANTED—INFORMATION REGARDING good farm in good locality; state lowest price, as you will have no commission to pay. Stevens, Box No. 301 F, Minneapolis, Minnesota. b

CASH PAID FOR ORANGE MEAT carton bottoms; ordinary size, 2c; jumbo, 4c. M. McNeill, Melbourne, Ont. 25h-wt

WANTED BY LADY (WITH LITTLE girl)—Situation as housekeeper or companion. Box 17, Advertiser. 25c

WANTED—A MODERN, UP-TO-DATE residence, in London, in exchange for Northwest prairie land. Apply Box 15, Advertiser. 25n

WANTED, ABOUT AUG. 14—FRONT room, with board, for man and wife; must have all modern conveniences; north end of city preferred; willing to pay for same. Address Box 10, Advertiser. 23n

WANTED TO RENT—SMALL MODERN house, three or four bedrooms; north preferred. Apply Box 6, Advertiser. 22n

SATURDAY PROBS: FAIR AND COOL.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

RICHMOND AND DUNDAS STREETS.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF SALES BOOKED FOR NEXT WEEK

Are You Following These Summer Sales?

There Is Money in Them For You

Important Sale of Linens and Cottons Begins Monday

The greatest event in these two departments this season will commence Monday. We have our orders to prepare to move into our permanent quarters in the new store (on the ground floor), which is now almost ready. In order to make the task of moving as light as possible, STOCK MUST BE REDUCED; besides we have on order for our new store the largest and most superb stock of Linens ever shown in London, for which room must be provided, and from now until moving time there will be one continuous stock-reducing campaign, and we would advise frequent visits to this section on the second floor, as many lines will be placed on our counters in quantities not big enough to advertise. Commencing Monday these and many other lines will go on sale.

LINENS

BARGAINS IN BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED CLOTHS.

64x64 inch, bleached, all linen. Sale price, each $1.08

67x87 inch, bleached, all linen. Sale price, each $1.48

67x104 inch, bleached, all linen. Sale price, each $1.78

BLEACHED HEMSTICHED CLOTHS AND NAPKINS, ASSORTED SIZES.

$2.50 Cloths; sale price, each $1.75

$2.75 Cloths; sale price, each $1.95

$3.00 Cloths; sale price, each $2.15

$3.25 Cloths; sale price, each $2.50

$3.75 Cloths; sale price, each $2.85

20x20 H. S. Napkins, to match above cloths. Regular $2.25; sale price dozen $1.75

$3.50 Hemstitched Napkins; sale price, dozen $2.65

Unbleached Table Cloths

12 only, 68x86 inch, floral patterns, $1.50 for 95c

5 only, 72x72 inch, floral patterns, $1.50 for 95c

45 only, 72x90 inch, assorted patterns; $2.00 for $1.29

21 only, 72x108 inch, assorted patterns; $2.50 for $1.50

23 only, 72x108 inch, assorted patterns; $2.75 for $1.85

4 only, 72x126 inch, floral patterns; $3.25 for $1.95

The above are all pure linen, bordered all around, assorted patterns, and should sell very quickly at these special prices.

Also an odd lot of pure Linen Table Napkins, bleached and unbleached. Special sale price, $1.09 doz.

SECOND FLOOR.

COTTONS

EXTRA SPECIAL VALUES.

1,500 yards 35 inch fine Bleached Cotton, English make, cambric finish, Regular value 10c a yard. Sale price 8½c, or 12 yards for $1.00

3,000 yards at 10c yard. Extra quality English Long Cloth, soft finish. This is without exception the best value we have offered at this price for many months, and cannot be duplicated in the present market. Don't miss it. Better buy a piece, any length. Special, yard 10c

SEE OUR VALUES IN READY-MADE SLIPS AND SHEETS—40, 42, 44 and 48-inch Hemmed Slips. Your choice, each 19c

Extraordinary Values in Sheetings

We mention one out of many different grades of Bleached and Unbleached.

At 20c yard—Fine Unbleached Sheeting, very clean and firm, two yards wide. Don't judge this quality by the low price quoted. It's well worth more. Sale price, per yard 20c

Bleached Sheetings, 25c per yard up, in double bed widths.

SECOND FLOOR.

LINENS

IRISH HAND-EMBROIDERED LINEN SHEETS REDUCED.

5 only hemstitched hand-embroidered Linen Sheets, two very heavy, solid and eyelet designs. Regular $7.75 each. Sale price $5.75

TWO HANDSOME SHEET SETS.

Consisting of 1 Sheet exquisitely embroidered, and 1 pair 22x32 embroidered Cases to match in each set. Regular $19.50 set. Sale price..$14.95
Regular $20.50 set. Sale price $15.95

Linen Pillow Slips, size 22x36, with three rows of double hemstitching; good quality. Regular $2.75 pair. Sale price, per pair $2.00

GREAT BARGAINS IN STAND SCARFS.

Swiss Embroidered Muslin and Cambric.

Several dozen of these in size 18x36 inches only. They are suitable for stand, table or short dresser scarfs. Sold regularly from 35c to 75c each. Sale price only, each 29c

20 DOZEN DAMASK SCARFS AND TRAY CLOTHS.

12 dozen 20x30 inch Hemstitched Damask Tray Cloths. Regularly sold for 50c each. Sale price, each....43c

4 dozen 14x54 inch Damask Sideboard or Dresser Scarfs, hemstitched. Special sale price, each 35c

4 dozen 18x54 Damask Scarfs, hemstitched, all linen. Regular 65c quality. Sale price 50c

SECOND FLOOR.

A Clearance of Ladies' Summer Hose.



40c and 45c Fancy Lisle Thread and Lace. Thirty Dozen to Clear at, Pair . . . 25c

Black lisle thread with plain ankles; black lisle thread with polka dots; white lisle thread with polka dots. Black lisle lace and lace ankles, all spliced heels and toe, Hermsdorf dye. Pair 25c

Also about 5 dozen ladies' black lisle thread Hose, lace ankles, spliced heel and toe, Hermsdorf dye. Regular 50c line, 35c pair, or 3 pairs $1.00

WEST AISLE—MAIN FLOOR.

LADIES' LAWN WAISTS AT HALF

$1 TO $3 WHITE WAISTS FOR 50c TO $1.50 EACH.

4 different styles, with trimmings of embroidery, tucks and lace insertion, long and ¾ sleeves; $1.00, to clear each 50c

2 styles, with allover embroidery fronts or tucks and insertion. These are ¾ sleeves; $1.50, to clear at, each 75c

6 styles in this line, front of allover embroidery, yoke of fine tucks and valenciennes insertion, fine tucks in back, ¾ sleeves. $2.00 Waists, to clear at, each $1.00

Ladies' Fine Lawn Waists, front of embroidery and valenciennes insertion and fine tucks, yoke of fine tucks in back, finished with insertion, ¾ sleeves. Regular $3.00 lines, to clear at, each $1.50

SEE THESE ON THIRD FLOOR.

On the Ready-to-Wear Floor

HALF PRICE NOW FOR LADIES' SUMMER DRESSES

$18.00 PERSIAN LAWN DRESS FOR $9.00.

1 only two-piece Dress of fine Persian lawn, waist handsomely trimmed with valenciennes, Swiss embroidery and insertion; skirt gored, insertion in seams with deep flounce of embroidery; $18.00, for $9.00

4 only ladies' two-piece Dresses of lawn, in blue and white, pink and white, and green and white checks, blouse yoke back and front of fine allover embroidery, front and back trimmed with fine embroidery insertion and tucks, skirt pleated and finished with two bias folds. Regular $8.75, for half $4.38

2 only two-piece Dresses of white vesting, fronts of heavy embroidery insertion and tucks, tucked back, skirt 9-gore, front panel, box-pleated. Regular $4.75, for half $2.38

$4.50 LAWN DRESSES, $2.25.

2 only ladies' two-piece Dresses of white lawn, blouse fastened in back, front of fine tucks and valenciennes insertion, skirt gored with deep flounce with insertion set in. Regular $4.50, for $2.25

4 only ladies' two-piece Dresses of white lawn, blouse opened in front, insertion pleat, tucked back; skirt has deep flounce. Regular $3.00, for $1.50

You will notice the quantities are small in each line, which has something to do with lowering the prices to half.

THIRD FLOOR.

STORE CLOSES AT 5 O'CLOCK TODAY (SATURDAY).

HELP WANTED.

STUDENT, LADY OR GENTLEMAN, wanted as representative, on salary basis. Apply, sending references, to the Curtis Publishing Company, Canadian branch office, Toronto, Ont. 17n-ywt

EXPERIENCED PANT, KNICKER and overall makers; highest wages paid, constant employment. Taylor-Anderson-Southgate, Limited, Seaforth, Ont. 3-tf

PERSONAL.

FORTUNE TOLD IN BUSINESS, LOVE, marriage, domestic affairs, enemies, speculations, etc.; all mysteries revealed; send 6c in stamps and birth date. A. Renaud, Box 841, North Coaticook, Que. b

NOTICE—I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE for any goods purchased in my name, without my written order. Mrs. Sarah Bigger, 596 Pall Mall street. 25c

SITUATIONS VACANT.

THE WALKER HOUSE, TORONTO, wants experienced dining-room girls; wages, $18 per month; also experienced chambermaids. Apply Housekeeper. 21n-tyw

CHICHESTER ARRIVES.

Quebec, Que., July 23. — Among the passengers by the Empress of Ireland, which arrived today, was the Lord Bishop of Chichester, besides a number of prominent Canadians.

Immigration from Europe is turning to Chile quite strongly. Scarcely a steamship arrives without a number of immigrants. The Italian steampship Chile brought 1,637 on its last voyage.

ARE YOU GOING AWAY?

Have The Advertiser follow you. Change of address will be made as often as desired. Drop a card or phone 107.

KNOTT & SANGSTER

ROOM 101, MASONIC TEMPLE. PHONE 650

EASY TERMS. WE HAVE A NUMBER OF PROPERTIES THAT WE CAN SELL WITH ONLY $25 AND $50 DOWN. CALL AND SEE US.

CARFRAE CRESCENT.—THERE ARE ONLY A FEW LOTS LEFT AT $9 PER FOOT.

HYMAN STREET—SEVERAL MODERN RESIDENCES SPLENDIDLY SITUATED. CALL AND GET PARTICULARS; FROM $3,300 TO $8,000.

TWO SPLENDID RESIDENCES, TEN MINUTES' WALK TO MARKET; SPLENDID LARGE LOTS, WITH SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES; THESE ARE STRICTLY MODERN AND OF FIRST-CLASS REPAIR, AND WILL BE SOLD CHEAP. IF YOU WANT A MODERN RESIDENCE, CENTRAL, CALL AND GET PARTICULARS.

STORE AND DWELLING—ONE OF THE BEST CORNER GROCERIES, BUTCHER AND BAKER SHOPS IN THE CITY; A FIRST-CLASS PROPERTY AND A GOOD BUSINESS STAND; POSSESSION CAN BE GOT OCT. 1; GOOD REASONS FOR SELLING. CALL FOR PARTICULARS.

EGERTON STREET—Brick cottage, cement cellar, 6 rooms, gas and fixtures, soft water inside, good well, lot 34x100 feet. Price, $1,350. Easy terms.

ADELAIDE STREET—Brick cottage, lot 100x150 feet. Call for particulars.

ADELAIDE STREET — Two-story brick, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, lot 41x150 feet. Price, $2,800.

ADELAIDE STREET—1½-story brick, semi-detached, slate room, stone foundation, 9 rooms, shed and stable, fruit trees, lot 111x234 feet. Call for price.

ADELAIDE STREET—Two-story brick, slate roof, 10 rooms, modern conveniences, lot 40x234 feet. Price, $2,800.

ADELAIDE STREET—Two-story brick, slate roof, 8 rooms, gas, lot 40x234 feet. Price, $2,600.

ADELAIDE STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 4 rooms, lot 33x105 feet. Price, $800.

MILL STREET—1½-story brick, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, gas and fixtures, lot 110 feet. Call for particulars.

DUCHESS AVENUE—Two-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, cellar under all, 7 rooms, bathroom with bath and w.c., piped for furnace, piped for gas, barn. Price, $2,000. Easy terms.

OXFORD STREET—Two-story frame, brick foundaion, 10 rooms, lot 40x90 feet. Call for particulars.

RICHMOND STREET—Two-story semi-detached brick stores and dwelling, frame stable in rear, lot 30x115 feet. Call for particulars.

VAN STREET—1½-story frame, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, lot 28x217 feet. Price, $1,250. Easy terms.

ALBION STREET—1½-story frame, cement block foundation, 6 rooms, lot 66x150 feet, fruit trees. Price, $1,450. Easy terms.

FIFTY-ACRE FARM, Township of Delaware, for sale, cheap. Would exchange for chopping mill or country store.

SIX ACRES market garden and gravel pit, near city limits; frame cottage, brick foundation, barn, poultry house, two good wells. The best gravel and sand pit close to city. Call and get particulars.

SEVENTEEN ACRES, close to city and close to the Traction Company's line; churches, schools and postoffice near; good orchard, soil splendid clay loam. A snap. Call for particulars.

TWENTY ACRES market garden, close to city and Traction Company's line; frame cottage, new stone cellar, barn, two pig houses, 2 acres of strawberries, 2 acres of raspberries, orchard of apple trees. A great opportunity. Only $2,500.

EIGHT ACRES poultry and fruit ranch; small building, stable and fowl house, near Springbank; fruit trees; a splendid place to raise poultry and small fruits. Only $800.

BRUCE STREET — 1½-story frame, brick foundation, 7 rooms, modern conveniences, cellar, lot 45x63 feet. Price, $1,700. Easy terms.

HAMILTON ROAD — Frame cottage, cement foundation, 6 rooms, lot 30x90 feet. Price, $925.

WHARNCLIFFE ROAD — 1½-story brick-veneer, cement foundation and cellar, 9 rooms, wired for electric light, piped for furnace, lot 36x110 feet. Price, $2,200.

BRIDGEPORT STREET—Two-story red pressed brick, attic, slate roof, cement block foundation, 10 rooms, modern conveniences, cellar under all. Call for particulars.

GREY STREET—1½-story brick, 7 rooms, lot 66x160 feet. Also an old frame house. Call for particulars.

SACKVILLE STREET—1½-story red pressed brick, cement foundation, nine rooms, modern conveniences, cellar under all, cement walks. Lot 31.9x165 feet. Will sell on easy terms. Call for particulars.

EDWARD STREET—Frame cottage, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, porch, piped for gas, good cellar. Lot 32x139½ feet. Chicken coop. Price $1,400.

FLORENCE STREET—1½-story frame, brick foundation, 11 rooms, cellar. Lot 104x168 feet. Price $2,500.

HYMAN STREET—Two-story semi-detached brick-veneer, 6 rooms, gas and fixtures, water and sink in house, good cellar, lot 40x63 feet. Price, $2,500.

VICTORIA STREET—1½-story frame, 6 rooms, cellar, cement floors. Lot 42x276 feet. Price $1,600.

GRAND AVENUE—Brick cottage, 8 rooms, good cellar, gas and fixtures, sink and soft water in house, good brick barn, 3 chicken coops; lot 94 feet frontage. Price $2,500. Apply Knott & Sangster, Masonic Temple.

EMERY STREET—2-story frame, brick foundation. Lot 120x200 feet. Price $2,000.

DUFFERIN AVENUE—2-story and attic brick, stone foundation, 14 rooms, all modern conveniences. Lot 132x113.2 feet. A fine home. Call for particulars.

WATERLOO STREET—1½-story brick, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, all modern conveniences, heated by hot water, cellar full size with laundry. Lot 42x144 feet. Price $2,800.

TALBOT STREET — 2-story brick, 10 rooms, all modern conveniences. Price, $3,200.

WILLIAM STREET—1½-story brick, cement foundation, 8 rooms, piped for furnace, gas and fixtures, cellar. Lot 33x150. Price $2,500.

YORK STREET—Brick-veneer 1½-story, 8 rooms, water and w.c. in house, cellar full size. Price, $1,500.

HURON STREET—Splendid lots, 33x168 feet. $150 each.

PRINCESS AVENUE—1½-story brick-veneer, stone foundation, 8 rooms, cellar, gas for cooking, corner porch. Call for particulars.

REGENT STREET—Splendid lots, 33x165 feet. Only $200 each.

NORTHWEST CORNER MAITLAND and Victoria streets—Unfinished house; lot 25x100 feet. Price, $350.

CHOICE LOT, about 40x198 feet, near Wellington street, on Simcoe street. Must sell. Call.

SMITH STREET — 1½-story brick-veneer, 8 rooms, hard and soft water, piped for gas, cellar under all; lot 32 feet frontage. Price, $1,850. Will sell on easy payments.

TO LET—791 Richmond street, 10 rooms, all in first-class order; choice. Rent, $30.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE AT 5½ PER CENT.

EMERY STREET—Frame cottage, 7 rooms, workshop, city water, fruit trees and shade trees; lot 40 feet frontage. Price, $1,300.

CARFRAE CRESCENT — 1½ - story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 8 rooms; lot 33x81 feet. Call for particulars.

To Let—846 Colborne street—$18. Newly papered.

LOTS ON QUEEN'S AVENUE, 45x112 feet. $50 per foot.

COLBORNE STREET — Two - story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences, veranda; lot 33x144 feet. $2,700.

HYMAN STREET—Fine residence. Call.

SEVERAL FINE RESIDENCES, $5,500 to $14,000.

SUBURBAN LOTS on city limits north, close to car and street lights; good garden land, fruit trees.

CHOICE CORNER, north, with good frame cottage; lot 133x135.

RICHMOND STREET—Two vacant lots near Oxford street, and one near College avenue. The best vacant lots in the north end. Call for particulars.

EASY TERMS—We have a number of properties that we can sell on easy terms, $50 to $100 down, and balance in monthly payments. Call and see us if you want a property on easy payments.

dining-room, kitchen; lot 31x80 feet. Price, $900. Easy terms.

WANTED—PROPERTIES FOR SALE. IF YOU HAVE ANY REAL ESTATE YOU WISH SOLD, WE CAN SELL IT FOR YOU, AND WILL NOT CHARGE IF THE PROPERTY IS NOT SOLD BY OR THROUGH US. LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US, AND YOU WILL BE SURE OF HAVING IT WELL ADVERTISED.

THE PROPERTIES ON THIS LIST ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE PROPERTIES THAT WE HAVE FOR SALE. CALL AND SEE US.

FORTY-THREE ACRES—A splendid property to subdivide. A money-maker.

P. Walsh's Bulletin

WE HAVE THE BEST LOTS, THE highest lots and the cheapest lots, on Ridout street, South London. Brick houses are to be built on the lots we have sold. Sewer, sidewalks, etc. When you get our figures you will buy a lot. All streets full width.

WHARNCLIFFE ROAD, near Oxford street—A new 1½-story brick house, 8 rooms, bathroom, large cellars, good lot. A pretty home for $2,200.

GROSVENOR STREET, near Richmond street—A large frame cottage, 7 rooms, corner lot. Price, $1,500. Desirable location.

FIVE CHEAP LOTS, on corner of Egerton and Mabel streets.

KING STREET—A splendid frame house, 4 bedrooms, all modern improvements, frame barn, lot 40x120 feet. At a low figure.

YORK STREET — Two-story frame house, 6 bedrooms, furnace, good lot. Price, $2,500.

A SPLENDID LOT on corner of Elmwood avenue and Ridout street, for a handsome residence. Call at once.

A NICE GROCERY STORY FOR SALE —Owner going west.

OXFORD STREET—A new red pressed brick house, hot water heating, up to date. Only $4,200.

WORTLEY ROAD, near Normal School —A new two-story red brick house, finished in style, 9 rooms, modern improvements. Inspect at once. Our price is reasonable.

COLBORNE STREET near Oxford street. A new 1½-story brick house, ten rooms, all modern improvements. Lot 38x220 fet. Get ourp rice.

BRIDPORT STREET — A new 2-story red pressed brick house, slate roof, 10 rooms, all modern improvements. Get our price. A fashionable location.

HILL STREET—2-story frame house, 5 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, 2 kitchens, lot 33x165 feet. Price $1,800.

DREANEY AVENUE—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms, good lot, price reasonable.

If you are looking for an up-to-date residence we have several of this class, very central. Get our figures.

We have the best lots in the north end. Look at those lots on the corner of Waterloo and Cheapside streets, also on Wellington and Victoria streets. Four lots on Cheapside and Maitland streets. Get our figures.

BRUCE STREET—A large brick cottage, 7 rooms, three clothes closets, two cellars, furnace, gas, etc. Corner lot. It will pay you to inspect this splendid home.

WILLIAM STREET (near St. James street)—A new brick cottage, three bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, large cellar. Good lot. Price reasonable.

ELMWOOD AVENUE—1½-story brick, 9 rooms, finished in style, hot water heating; good lot. $3,000.

GROSVENOR STREET—Frame cottage, 6 rooms, corner lot; would make a good grocery stand. Price reasonable.

FLORENCE STREET—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms lot 42x165 feet. Price reasonable.

CENTRAL AVENUE—A new 1½-story brick house; double parlors, dining-room, library, kitchen, 4 bedrooms, bathroom complete, furnace, gas, etc.; lot 38x189 feet. Price, $3,000.

WATERLOO STREET—A new two-story red pressed brick house, 4 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, bathroom, frame barn; lot 40x129 feet. Price, $3,300.

ST. GEORGE STREET — 1½-story frame house, 4 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, 2 kitchens, in good order; lot 32x117 feet. Price, $1,550.

WATERLOO STREET NORTH—2-story brick house, 9 rooms, in good order. Frame barn, lot 33x263 feet. Price $2,400.

WILLIAM STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, modern improvements, corner lot. Price $2,500.

OUR BEST LOTS in West London are on Wharncliffe road and Macdonald avenue, north of Oxford street.

GROSVENOR STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, clothes closets, bathroom, furnace; nice lot. At a low figure.

HYMAN STREET — Two new 1½-story brick houses, stone foundation, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, three bedrooms, bathroom complete, furnace, electric light and gas. At a moderate figure to close bargain.

WELLINGTON STREET NORTH—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms; good lot. Price, $1,700.

IF YOU WANT A QUICK SALE LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US. NO EXPENSE UNTIL SOLD.

We have a large list of other properties Call and see us.

P. WALSH

PHONE 1021. 425 RICHMOND ST.

ANDERSON & HATCH

ROOM 22, BANK OF TORONTO. CHAMBERS, PHONE 2322.

4 acres, frame house, barn and stable 20x30, henhouse, etc., buildings good. For $1,000.

5 acres, city limits; 1½-story frame, new house, fruit orchard, barn and chicken coop. Must be sold.

6 acres, new house, good gardening lot; close to city.

15 acres, close to city; beautiful brick dwelling, frame barn and drive barn, close to school, car, etc.

25 acres, fine solid brick dwelling, the most modern barn in the country, all newly fenced, 2½ miles to London, fine gardening soil; a model small farm. Must be sold.

50 acres near Thorndale. Would accept a house in city as payment upon same.

50 acres, Westminster Township; a good 1½-story frame house and kitchen, barn 40x40, on cement wall, henhouse and hogpen, good orchard; close to school, factory, station, postoffice, etc. $3,600. Owner must sell; ill-health the cause.

60 acres, Westminster Township; 45 acres cleared, 15 acres summer fallow, barn 30x50, shed 45x18, soil clay loam, other improvements. Price, $3,750. On easy terms.

60 acres, Westminster Township; good frame house, two good barns, orchard, fine clay loam soil. Cheap; owner retiring.

100 acres, Lobo Township, with a fine modern house, bath, furnace, etc.; barn No. 1, 36x84, on cement wall, drive house 40x50, all in first-class repair; soil clay loam, clean and in fine state of cultivation.

100 acres in Westminster Township; an up-to-date modern improved farm, the finest kind of buildings, well fenced. No better.

100 acres, South Dorchester; 1½-story frame house; barn No. 1, 30x50; barn No. 2, 35x50; henhouse, cornerib and hogpen.

A beautiful farm, well improved.

125 acres, five miles to city, on main road. Would exchange for city property.

150 acres, four miles to Ridgetown; fine brick dwelling, very large modern barns, also all kinds of buildings, and modern; the finest kind of black clay loam soil. One of the best farms in the county.

200 acres near Bothwell, to exchange. A cheap farm, and good.

Write or call for lists of farms, businesses or city properties.

Money to loan.

G. A. HATCH, Auctioneer.

J. G. ANDERSON, Insurance Effected.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

50-ACRE FARM

Buildings fair; loamy soil; Delaware Township; must sell, or exchange; equity for small country store or waterpower chopping mill.

Knott & Sangster

27c-tyw

TWO-STORY RED BRICK HOUSE, modern, Duchess avenue, facing Normal School. Apply 31 Beaconsfield avenue. 7tf

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THE HARVEST IS LATE BUT CROPS ARE GOOD

Cutting Will Not Start in Manitoba Till Aug. 15 and Will Not Be General Till Aug. 22.

Montreal July 23.—Reports concerning the crops from all parts of the northwest indicate that the harvest will be slightly later than last year. Cutting will not start in Manitoba until about Aug. 15, and will not be general before the 22nd. The weather man promises fine and warm weather throughout the northwest for another day at least.

The experts continue to predict a great harvest and the following reports from a large number of wheat centres bear out the prediction:

Rosenfeld, Man.—No damage of any kind is reported, but the wheat on summerfallow is slightly lodged.

Morden, Man.—The heavy grain was lodged with last night's storm and there was considerable damage west of the town from hail.

Pilot Mound, Man.—As the weather conditions have been excellent and there has been no damage from any cause, the crop prospects are most favorable.

Neudorf, Sask.—There is every indication of a good crop.

Cupar, Sask.—Two hundred harvest hands will be required in this district.

Strassburg, Sask.—The weather condition are just right.

Rouleau, Sask.—Enough rain fell here during the last ten days to insure good crops.

Milestone, Sask.—No damage is reported except from the cutworm on new soil.

Macoun, Sask.—Harvest will begin about Aug. 10, and will be in full swing about Aug. 16.

Swift Current, Sask.—Never in the history of this district have the crops looked so well as at present.

Medicine Hat, Alta.—A continuance of the present warm and favorable weather will bring on the harvest about the middle of August.

Cochrane, Alta.—Hail did some damage to two or three farmers and there was a slight frost on July 18, but little or no damage to grain crops is reported.

Regina, Sask.—Little more than an occasional shower is wanted now till harvesting.

Moose Jaw, Sask.—A narrow strip, 12 miles south of the city, was hailed out, but most of the crop is in perfect condition.

Summerberry, Sask.—The crop has not been damaged in any way and very little moisture is required to complete filling.

Hanley, Sask.—The prospects are for the largest crop ever raised in this district.

Duck Lake, Sask.—There is enough moisture to last till harvest, which is expected to commence about Aug. 15.

Prince Albert, Sask.—Good warm weather and plenty of warm rain have continued to make a good crop.

Qu'Appelle, Sask.—The crop conditions are ideal. In the opinion of old timers the prospects for a bumper crop were never better.

Neepawa—The crop of 1909 promises to be the most profitable ever harvested here.

Minnedosa, Man.—The wheat is practically all headed out.

Portage la Prairie—No damage of any kind is reported. Harvest should commence the first week of August.

Battleford, Sask.—There has been no damage of any kind and there is now sufficient moisture to bring the crops to maturity.

Edmonton—Some wheat will be ready for harvesting within two weeks.

Dauphin, Man.—The late crops will need more moisture to fill. Harvest will begin about Aug. 15. The present weather conditions are ideal.

300 LIVES WIPED OUT

West Coast of Sumatra Wrecked by an Earthquake.

Victoria, B. C., July 23.—News was brought by the Norwegian steamer Tricolor, which passed in yesterday from Sourabaya, Java, of a disastrous earthquake on the west coast of Sumatra, in mid-June. According to the report received by the Tricolor 300 lives were lost.

The earthquake followed an eruption of Mount Korintji, a volcanic peak, 12,400 feet high, and inland 50 miles from Indrapura. Mount Korintji has long been supposed to be an extinct volcano, its crater having been filled with a large lake.

Following the eruption of the volcano and the earthquake, there were torrential rains, flooding the rivers and causing additional losses. The disaster is said to be one of the worst that has ever happened in Sumatra.

CIRCUS HAS NEW PARADE

Barnum and Bailey Greatest Show on Earth Revives Street Parade.

The Barnum and Bailey Greatest Show on Earth has again established a parade as a part of each morning's programme. It will present on the day of its visit to London, Tuesday, Aug. 10, a street spectacle different and far superior to those of the past. It is three times the length of its predecessors and represents ten times the capital invested.

The elimination of the parade was deemed advisable some years ago in view of the policy of the management never to repeat itself, and there being at that time a scarcity of new attractions throughout the world worthy of a place in the Barnum & Bailey spectacle. The agents of the show, stationed in every country in the world, were instructed to keen an eye open for novelties; artists, designers, property builders and mechanics were set to work at the foreign workshops of the company at Stoke upon Trent, England, the aim in view being to create and build a spectacle and costume it and people it with the best and the most novel features the world could supply.

The fruit of those labors and the expenditure of fortunes is found in this season's great parade. It has not the slightest resemblance to other parades. It excels anything ever attempted in its beauty and its variety. It is practically an exposition of world wonders, presenting every type of the human race, the strangest of animals in open dens, the crude vehicles of the semi-civilized Orientals and the barbarians of savage lands, the great chariots, howdahs and wagons of state of rich empires, fanciful floats of bronze and burnished gold, engines of war, grotesque images of the pagan, statuary from Italy, Mythological panoramas and barbarian tom-tom corps, Oriental reed orchestras, military bands, organs and chimes.

The tapestry and throne rugs used were woven in Persia and Turkey, the costumes were made in France, the laces, scarfs, flags and banners are from the looms of China and the animals dens and wagons were made in Germany. The parade employs 1,500 men, women and children, 700 horses, a host of camels and nearly all the elephants in captivity.

And the performance, likewise, is on a grander scale. It is European in makeup, embracing the novelties that have recently appeared abroad. The bill opens with a new and elaborate spectacle and the acts that follow take place in three rings, on two stages, in the great dome and on the spacious hippodrome course.

Jupiter, the horse that ascends and descends in a balloon, and Desperado, who leaps from the dome of the tent and lands on his chest, are two of the many thrilling numbers on the programme of this the greatest circus ever organized on earth.

A REAL TREASURE SHIP

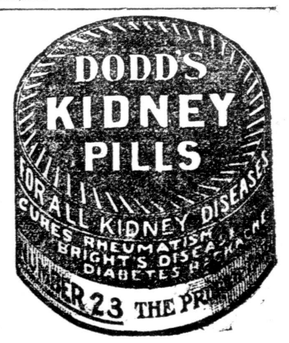
$3,000,000 or More of Gold Bound for Argentina.

New York, July 23.—By the Verdi, sailing today for Buenos Ayres, will go away from New York more gold than ever went at once before from this port to South America. The shipment of $8,000,000 was arranged for up to last night, and it is possible that that amount will be increased by noon, the hour at which the Verdi sails. It is very seldom that so much gold leaves the country at once, even to Europe. In all, including today's consignment, $38,750,000 has gone to Argentina from New York since the first of the year.

The National City Bank sends today $2,226,000; Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co., $1,500,000; National Bank of Commerce, $1,500,000; Speyer & Co., $1,000,000; Kidder, Peabody & Co., $1,250,000 and the Anglo-South American Bank, $500,000. Of the National City Bank's shipment $1,000,000 is by Louis Dreyfus of the Produce Exchange.

The engagements made yesterday were $500,000 by the Bank of Commerce, $250,000 by the Anglo-South American Bank and $500,000 by Louis Dreyfus.

During 1908 the United States yielded $96,313,256 in gold, of which Colorado gave $2,811,784 and Alaska $21,000,000.



Farming the Best of All Occupations

It is one of the pleasures and advantages of farm life that the wife and children can engage in some branch of the work on the farm, such as raising fowl, gardening or fruit-raising on their individual account and thus make money of their own without having to resort to the husband and father for every dollar they may want. Many a wife and child has in this way contributed to the general support of the family, while at the same time they have derived the greatest enjoyment from the work itself. There are few, if any, other occupations in which the wife and children have an opportunity to materially assist the head of the family in establishing a home and an independence for all. If you want to buy a farm in any county west or north of Toronto, write for our Catalogue of Farms for Sale in these counties. These farms are owned by men who are going to the west to buy more land, or who wish to sell in order to buy more or less land in Ontario, or who have made sufficient to keep them the rest of their days and are retiring from active life.

The following are short descriptions of some of the farms we have for sale:

No. 6088—100 acres in the Township of Harwich, in the County of Kent; soil clay loam, 90 acres cleared, watered by rock well, 2 acres of orchard, two-story frame house, frame barn 40x60, other out buildings; situated one mile to gravel road, school and church, four miles to Blenheim market, seven miles to Chatham, half-mile to Fargo railroad station and postoffice. Price, $5,000. Will exchange for smaller farm.

No. 6081—53 acres in the Township of Rainham, in the County of Haldimand; soil clay loam, 45 acres cleared, frame cottage 24x32, frame barn 36x50, on stone foundation, other outbuildings; situated half-mile to gravel road, one mile to school, church and market, six miles to Nelles Corner railroad station, ten miles to Hagersville railroad station. Price, $2,500. Will exchange for a 100-acre farm.

No. 2333—14 acres in the Township of Caradoc, in the County of Middlesex; soil heavy sand loam, 1 acre of orchard, one-story frame house, new granary, frame henhouse, hogpen, cornerib; situated on gravel road, half-mile to school and church, seven miles to Mount Brydges, eighteen miles to London. Price, $1,100.

No. 6076—100 acres in the Township of Caradoc, in the County of Middlesex; soil sand and clay loam, good young orchard, 1½-story frame house, frame barn 35x50, on cement blocks, other outbuildings; situated on grave road, one mile to public school, one mile to churches, eighteen miles to London, three miles to railroad station.

For further particulars see today's Free Press, or send for our catalogue of farms for sale in any County in Western Ontario.

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LONDON, SATURDAY, JULY 24.

CALVIN AND DARWIN.

Centenary celebrations have brought into special prominence lately two eminent names that are strongly antagonistic—Jean Calvin, the theologian, and Charles Darwin, the scientist. The eulogistic speeches and writings of the past month, holding up to our admiration the character and work of these men, have also emphasized their points of contrast.

Personally, they were both men of intense, earnest, unflagging zeal, and simple faith. Both have exercised an influence which few others have equalled. The doctrines of Calvin are accepted by many large denominations of Christians, and practically accepted by some who do not openly acknowledge them. The doctrines of Darwin are accepted almost unanimously by scientists; and very largely, also, by theologians.

So far as personal character is concerned, there is little new to be learned about Darwin. He lived comparatively a short time ago, and, with all the bitter opposition that at first assailed his views, there was little, if anything, asserted against himself. A mild and modest man, with all the humility of a true student of nature, he simply gave the world the conclusions of long years of observation, and entered into no rancorous controversy in their defense.

Calvin has generally been considered a bigotted, stern, ascetic. A more careful study presents him in a more pleasing light than he has appeared in his teachings and in his public life. Even his doctrines are shown to have been somewhat exaggerated by his disciples. We can readily believe that his was a more amicable character than has been painted by history. Indeed, it is the fate all great men have to meet—their views misrepresented by opponents and unduly emphasized by followers. It is always left to later days to do them justice.

That the trend of these notable men's doctrines is in opposite directions need not be questioned. Briefly and imperfectly epitomized—the outstanding features are, on the one side, creation by an omnipotent Deity; on the other selection by an omnipotent Nature. Foreordination by the will of God; evolution and change by the operation of natural law. The one man saw little outside of the spiritual; the other as little outside of the material. For one, an omnipotent personal God arranges everything; for the other, an omnipotent impersonal natural force. And yet, after all, one may be inclined to believe that the differences are so marked, simply because each man looked only at one side of the great problems of life. The theologian and true scientist often appear to be strongly in opposition, whereas they are simply one-sided. The shield has different faces to those who approach it from different points; but it still remains the shield. The doctrine of original creation by divine fiat is not necessarily opposed to a theory of subsequent modification and development by natural laws. The doctrine of evolution does not go back to the origin of things. It establishes, we think, conclusively, how by natural processes, forms of life are modified and changed from the simpler to the more complex. Its theory of development is generally admitted, even by many theologians of the stringent sects. But how did life first begin? Or, even if it be admitted, for argument's sake, that natural processes can change inorganic into organic matter—can develop life where life had not previously been—we still have no answer to the question, How did matter itself begin? Who or what was at the commencement of things—God or accident? So, then, evolution does not banish God from the realm of nature; it only relieves him from some of the continuous labor which theology has imposed upon him. It is even in harmony with the most ancient Scriptural statement that at a long past period he completed his creative work, found it good and rested from his labors.

Calvin and Darwin were intellectual giants, who left their impress on human thought for all time. Alike in this, that each earnestly sought the truth, and unhesitatingly declared what he believed to be true. Differing in this, that they sought the truth from different directions, and came to conclusions apparently diverse. And still alike in that each found perhaps but a part of the truth. But the truth when fully revealed will be found consistent and in harmony with all partial truths that imperfect minds have grasped. And when the truth is unveiled in all its fullness, Calvin and Darwin may be found less antagonistic than they appear to be today.

THE WATER QUESTION.

The ratepayers of the city have doubtless pretty well made up their minds as to the merits of the water scheme to be voted on next Monday. Four of the fifteen wells sunk under the direction of Hon. Mr. Beck have been under pumping for more than three weeks, with the result that the citizens have been enjoying the blessings of an abundant supply of water for all purposes at the driest season of the year. Indeed, but for the turning of the water from these wells into the mains, we might be now confronted with a serious shortage. As it is, there has been no stint in the sprinkling of streets and lawns, and people feel they can now use water with a free hand. At the same time, the men in charge of the pumps down at Springbank, spared the anxiety to which they have been accustomed of late years in July and August, have been able to clean out the collecting ponds and keep the big reservoir filled to overflowing—a reserve supply the value of which, in view of the ever-present danger of fire, cannot be overestimated.

It is true there has been some dispute as to whether the flow of the wells has been maintained. On the one hand, Engineer Moore, of the waterworks department, reports, as a result of personal investigation, that there has been a diminution; on the other hand, qualified engineers representing Hon. Mr. Beck, insist that there has been no falling off. The fact seems to be that there has been a falling off not in the flow, but in the quantity of water pumped, and the cause of this, it is explained, is a defective valve in the air compressor, which it will not be difficult to remedy. It is clear, therefore, that if the eleven wells which all this time have remained idle make as good a showing, proportionately as the four which have already proven so great a blessing to London, and as there is more water to be had for the boring, the city's water problem is solved for many a year to come.

The three weeks' test which the citizens have been able to give the artesian well water should be sufficient to convince all of its purity. And in addition there is the emphatic declaration of the provincial analyst, after having made ten analyses, that the water is absolutely pure and fit for drinking.

The increase in the pressure from between 50 and 60 pounds to between 70 and 80 pounds to the square inch, which has resulted from turning the well water into the mains, is not the least important feature of the scheme, which, there is reason to believe, will be indorsed by the ratepayers on Monday.

The inspector for the Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association, who is an expert authority on such matters, while admitting that the Beck scheme will give the city ample water for domestic, manufacturing and sprinkling purposes, declares it to be inadequate for fire-fighting purposes from the underwriters' viewpoint. In view of this, and considering the extent to which the pressure has been improved by the introduction of the well water, it would seem to be the wise course to do nothing in the way of main extension until a plan satisfactory to the underwriters, which will cause a lowering of insurance rates, has been formulated. For that reason the bylaw authorizing an expenditure of $95,000 on new mains should be rejected.

THE FRENCH CRISIS.

It is difficult to forecast whether or not the sudden defeat of the French Government will have any effect on its policy. It was rather a dramatic spectacle. The Government appeared to have a majority in its favor. But the fierce attack of the premier on M. Delcasse, an ex-minister of war, was evidently resented, and the adverse vote was simply a rebuke to Mr. Clemenceau himself. M. Briand has been offered the place, and it is expected that he will simply reorganize the cabinet—most of the old members remaining.

M. Clemenceau gained notoriety by the ability shown in the defeat of several governments prior to his accession to power, and now he has added to his reputation in this respect by turning himself out. There are some people so constituted that they are powerful when in opposition, but very weak when in power. They are excellent in attack, but are of no good in holding the citadel after it has been captured. Perhaps Mr. Clemenceau is one of that kind.

Prima facia, it would not appear that anything more has happened than a change in the premiership. There will practically be the same government and the same policy. But there are really some other features in the case. It is said that Mr. Briand has strange Socialistic tendencies. Will he be acceptable to the majority of the legislature? And if he does succeed at the outset in harmonizing the various elements that go to make up the majority, how long will it last? Will he drop his Socialistic views, or try to force them on his colleagues? These are questions that cannot yet be answered.

A French parliament is different not only in its composition, but in its methods, from anything of which we have experience. There are usually a number of parties, and it is by a coalition of several of these that a majority is secured. That renders a government somewhat unstable. A rupture is liable to occur at any time and without a moment's warning. Results do not seem to be considered beyond the one immediately sought. An adverse vote may not mean that the House is opposed to the measure it votes against; it may only mean, as in the present case, that it is angry with a minister. So it is not always clear what the legislature has really done, or what it means to do.

ALMOST ANY MOTHER.

[Atchison Globe.]

The mother of a large family fell ill and died, and the attending physician reported that she died of starvation. It was incredible, but he proved it: The woman had to get the dinner, and then spend the next two hours in waiting on the family and getting the children to the table. It was never on record that she got all of them there at the same time, and they came straggling in all the way from potatoes to pie. By the time she had wiped the last face, her own hunger had left her, and she had no desire to eat. Chickens, the doctor said, come running at feed time, but children don't. A hen has a better chance to eat than a mother.

A HAMILTON VIEW.

[Spectator.]

Those London aldermen were quite sure that everything was all right after they finished their talk yesterday with Hon. Adam Beck. And the chances are that now they are home and have thought and talked the thing over among themselves, it is as clear as mud again.

A NON-PARTISAN OPINION.

[Goldwin Smith.]

Without distinct reference of any kind to the people, whose name is so freely introduced, the Provincial Government claimed and exercised a power defined by the Dominion Minister of Justice as that of "confiscation without compensation," and together with it a power of closing the door of public justice; thus stripping the Englishman here of the most fundamental and sacred rights of the Englishman at home. The public press seemed called upon to do its duty. That duty The Bystander tried to do in the best way by taking the opinion of a great British jurist. * * * That the British Parliament should ever have intended to confer upon such a body as the Provincial Legislature a general and uncontrolled power of "confiscation without compensation," and at the same time the power of exclusion of the owner deprived from justice, is incredible. Whatever power was given evidently was intended to be controlled by the personal veto of the lieutenant-governor of the province, and afterwards by that of the governor-general both of which, we know, are practically figments; though once, in the case between Macdonald and George Brown recourse to the personal power of a governor-general was had. The lieutenant-governor may as likely as not be a member of the political party on the action of which his restraint is required. The question has been treated by our Provincial Government with levity; it will hardly be so treated by the money market when it comes to be known abroad.

G. T. P. PROGRESS.

[Winnipeg Free Press.]

The Grand Trunk Pacific completed yesterday the laying of the last mile of steel between Edmonton and Winnipeg and these two cities are now united by a third railway system. It is a matter of but a few weeks until Winnipeg will be linked up by another unbroken band of steel with Fort William. Within four years of the turning of the first sod this great railway will be in operation and in active competition with the existing roads from the Great Lakes to the capital of Alberta. It will find ready and waiting for it, all the business it can carry. Within three years the road will be in operation from ocean to ocean and its completion will open a new era in the rapid expansion of Canada. The skeptics who doubted the wisdom of the building of the road and the little Canadians who opposed the project outright do not care to be reminded of their 1903 and 1904 views.

THEIR OCCUPATION GONE.

[Washington Star.]

The old world will soon have to provide a place of refuge for deposed sultans. There are now three, reckoning the Shah of Persia, in that same category, notwithstanding the difference in his exact title, who are not at present doing business at the old stand. These are Mohamed Ali, who has just been forcibly succeeded by his 12-year-old son, Ahmed Mirza; Abdul Hamid, who unwillingly gave way to his brother, Mehmed V., and Abd el Aziz, whose brother, Abd el Hafid, thrust himself upon the throne a few months ago. It is a noteworthy fact that in each of these cases the line of succession has been followed. The Moslem is loath to depart from tradition. In Morocco the change from one sultan to another was affected by a revolution headed by the pretender who ultimately succeeded to the throne. In the other cases the new monarchs have been chosen by the insurgent people without particular reference to their wishes.

WALK!

[Baltimore Sun.]

The trolley car, the automobile and the train have made transportation so easy that people seldom walk any more. They ride to business, to the theatre, the store, the resort, from the country into town, from one street to another, until walking has become almost a lost art. In a generation or two more we will forget how to use our legs. Man is by nature a walking animal. He was never made to sit still and be swiftly moved from place to place. And he is beginning to show the results of failure to use the motor muscles. He is becoming too fat and pudgy, and no small portion of his ill health might be traced to this failure to develop his muscles and use his physical faculties.

MISUSE OF VACATION.

[New York Mail.]

Many persons look to a vacation to make up the year's arrearages in exercise, enjoyment and health, on the theory that a bird in the bush is worth several in the hand. Thus considered the vacation idea is a menace, for one cannot fail in his duty to his own body for fifty weeks in the year, and make up for it in the other two. He must carry a good working balance in the bank of good health and never overdraw it. The strength and spirits stored up in his vacation should be so much ahead, like on endowment life policy come due. So far as the vacation habit is a symptom of American bustle, trying to square itself with nature in a hurry and all at once, it is far from a good thing.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF.

Clearing Out Oddments
AND SURPLUS STOCK

It is the space and not the goods we want. The prices cut no consideration in July at

KINGSMILL'S

Veilings, all French made, 25c quality. The price .... 5¢
Veilings, all French made, 35c and 40c quality. The price .... 10¢
Ladies' Blouses, all are nicely trimmed, 75c quality. The price .... 39¢
Ladies' Blouses, $1.00 quality. The price .... 50¢
Ladies' Blouses, $1.25 quality. The price .... 79¢
Ladies' Blouses, $1.50 and $2.00 quality. The price $1.00
Ladies' Skirts, 50c quality. The price .... 35¢
Ladies' Skirts, 75c quality. The price .... 50¢
Ladies' Skirts, 90c quality. The price .... 65¢
Ladies' Skirts, $1.00 quality. The price .... 75¢
Ladies' Skirts, $1.50 quality. The price $1.00
Ladies' Skirts, $2.50 quality. The price $1.65
CORSETS—Imported; celebrated makers' odd sizes. If you find the size that fits, $2.25 Corsets for .. 59¢
MILLINERY—UNTRIMMED HATS: All kinds, all qualities. Some were very expensive. Take your pick of the table .... 25¢

LADIES' DUTCH COLLARS in variety. The price .... 25¢ to $3.50
LADIES', CHILDREN'S, MISSES', MAIDS' ELBOW-LENGTH PURE WHITE SILK GLOVES. The regular price $1.00. Today the price .... 50¢
LADIES' ELBOW-LENGTH PURE SILK GLOVES—Black only, sizes 5¾ to 6. Regular 75c. Today the price .... 25¢
Ladies' Twist Net Silk Gloves, all sizes. Regular 35c. Today the price .... 15¢
LADIES' FINE KNITTED VESTS AND DRAWERS—All makes and sizes .... 10¢, 12½¢, 15¢, 20¢, 25¢, 35¢, 50¢
MUSLINS—White and self colors. Some were 10c, some 15c, some 20c. The price .... 5¢
Ladies' Wash Belts, pearl buckles. Regular 25c. The price .... 15¢
White Pique, reduced to .... 12½¢, 15¢
Embroideries, all widths, half price.

Now is the Time for Bargains. To Get the Best Value for Your Money go to

KINGSMILL'S

Marine

Cleveland, July 23.—With no kith nor kin to mourn them, surrounded only by members of the lake seamen's union who had known them as Bill and Dick, funeral services were held at Hogan & Co.'s undertaking rooms yesterday over the bodies of two wanderers who were shot to death in a struggle with James Purvis, of Detroit, non-union engineer, last Saturday night.

William Woods and Richard Brown were their names. Where they came from no one knows. When the men arrived in Cleveland they had union cards and the cards showed their dues had been paid in advance.

In the chapel in Hogan's, where others, likewise homeless and friendless, had lain before them, the two men lay. Upon each breast were an anchor, a wreath and a mat of flowers, sent by the union. And about them, with heads bowed, their faces, tanned by the sun and wind of the lakes, stood 50 union seamen.

Rev. Frank Ward, of the Brotherhood Club, conducted the services. The body of Brown was interred in the East Cleveland Cemetery, that of Woods will be forwarded to his sister, Mrs. John Able, of 2754 Zephyr avenue, Pittsburg, today.

Vessel Passages.

Detroit, July 23.—Up: Ball, 10 Thursday night; Hoyt, Langham, 11; Trevor, Rome, Hemlock, Choctaw, 11:20; Mariposa, 12:20 Friday morning; Peter White, 1:30; Parent, 2; Harlow, Stafford, barge, 2:30; Culligan, 3:40; Berry, 5; Presque Isle, 5:15; Imperial, barge, 5:30; Gargantua, Binghamton, 7; Flagg, Thompson, 7:20; Wyandotte, Jenks, 9; Edenborn, Corliss, 12:30 p.m.; Tuscarora, Wisconsin, 1; Gilbert, Krupp, Hill, 1:30; Richardson, 2:40; North King, Laughlin, 3; Dan Hanna, 3:30; Alfred Mitchell, 5:20; Marian, 5:40; Mohegan and barge, 6:15; Hubbard, 7:40; Linn, 8:30; Polynesia, 8:40.

Down: Superior City, 9:15 Thursday night; Huribut, Smith, 9:40; Wyoming, Osler, 10; Ball Brothers, Noble, 11; Denmark, 11:20; Donaldson, midnight; Fairbairn, Carrington, Annie Laurie, 2 Friday morning; Empress of Midland, 3; Russell, 4:20; Conestoga, 4:40; Algonquin, 7; Turret Cape, 7:15; Senator, 9:40; Ericsson, Mala, 11; Three Brothers, 3 p.m.; Buffalo, W. A. Hawgood, 4:30; Owego, 5:15; Kaministique, 6; Alaska, 6:20; Rockefeller, Jenney, Saranac, 7; Western Star, 7:30; Pawnee and barges, 8:15; Ceralla, 8:40.

Mackinaw City, Mich., July 23.—Up: Pollock, 9:30 Thursday night; Thomas Barlum, 10:30; Black Rock, 11:40; Widener, 12:30 a.m.; L. C. Hanna, 2; Burnham, 4:15; S. M. Stephenson, 5:50; Bermuda, 9:20.

Down: Buhl, consort, 10 Thursday night; H. B. Smith, 11:30; Shaughnessy, 2 a.m.; Manchester, Gary, 2:30; Lagonda, 4; Umbria, 5:30.

Wind north; fresh; clear.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 23.—American passages—Up: F. J. Hecer, 10:45 Thursday night; F. W. Hart, 10:55; James B. Wood, 11:30; N. B. Ream, 12:55 Friday morning; Queen City, 1:30; Bryn Mawr, 2:05; Wm. H. Wolf, No. 2, 3:45; J. J. Albright, 7:15; Andrew S. Ppson, 8:45; Wilbert L. Smith, 9:55; Sosapa, 10; H. L. Shaw, 11:03; James Nasmyth, 11:05; Elbert H. Gary, H. W. Oliver, 10:55; Delaware, North Lake, 12:30 p.m.; Badger State, 1:15; Daniel B. Meacham, 1:40; Cornell, 3; New York, A. W. Thompson, 4:25; S. B. Morse, 4:55; Alex. Holley, 5:10; Mataafa, 5:25; Robert Fulton, 6:15; David J. Norton, 6:25; J. J. Brown, 7:25.

Down: Amazonas, L. L. Barth, 9 Thursday night; Felix Carbray, 9:05; Helvetia, 9:10; Sacramento, 10:25; Mary Woolsen, 12:05 Friday morning; C. H. Bradley, 12:10; Brightie, B. W. Jenness, 12:15; L. E. Hines, S. E. Marvin, A. B. Norris, 1:35; Sonoma, 9; Bransford, 4:30; Wissahickon, 4:35; Charles Beatty, 5:15; P. J. Ralph, Harold, 5:25; Sierra, 8; Jessie Spalding, L. C. Waldo, S. O. Co. No. 8½, 8:15; Monroe C. Smith, 12:3 0p.m.; Van Hise, S. G. Thomas, 2:15; Northern Light, 2:50; Marcia, Maunola, 3:25; H. W. Oliver, 3:50; Mary A. McGregor, 5:30; Centurion, 5:50.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., July 23.—Canadian passages—Down: Mack, 8:30 Thursday night; Amasa Stone, 9:20; Morrell, 11:30; Zenith City, Ottawa, 12:55 Friday morning; A. M. Fitzgerald, 1:55; Philip Minch, 2:30; Leonard, Turret Crown, 3:35; Strathcona, 4:35; B. F. Jones, 6:30; Sullivan, 8:35; Perkins, Caribou, 9:35; Carleton, A. B. Wolvin, 10:35; Ward, Ames, 11:55; Wilpen, 12:50 p.m.; Albert A. 1:20; Berwin, 2:15; Iroquois, 3:25; Andrews, 4:25; Jupiter, 5:45; Mary C. Elphicke, 7:30; Truesdales, 8:15.

Up: Midland Prince, 10:40 Thursday night; Kennedy, 12; Cornelius, 6:10 Friday morning; Nipigon, 7:30; Gates, 10:10; Manitoba, 4:15 p.m.; Donnaconna, 3:45; Mullen, 5:10; Saptor, 6:15; Empire City, 6:50.

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95 AND 97 KING STREET, BETWEEN TALBOT AND RIDOUT.
Open Saturday Nights. Established Over 30 Years

WHAT EVERY MAN THINKS HE HAS

Whatever He May Lack Is Certain He Has Sense of Humor.

A sense of humor is something which every man possesses in a superlative degree. Men will admit they have no reverence, that they ill-treat their wives, outdo their neighbors—will own up, indeed, to every crime in the calendar, but not to being devoid of a sense of humor.

And, moreover, the sense of humor belonging to every man is invariably "keen." The most stolid, phlegmatic person, who never got near enough to the point of a poke to throw his hat upon it, will tell you, with tears in his eyes, that he never would have been able to live through all the things he has lived through if it hadn't been for his sense of humor.

The worst offender, however, is the one who makes a business of exploiting this universally asssumed trait. He takes you aside in a kind of joyous confidence.

"I couldn't begin to tell you," he declares, "all the funny things I see. I don't know why it is"—this with an air as if it were a heaven-sent gift, which he, modestly, is in no sense responsible for—"but anything funny—real funny—appeals to me. If I could only remember to set them down! But somehow I never think of it at the time."

He then proceeds to tell you of an incident that happend to himself—personally. You have read the story perhaps ten years back—so far back, indeed, that you have almost forgotten it. But you wouldn't let you friend know it for the world.

When he has finished you laugh heartily. Long practice has trained you to laugh upon these occasions, as if you really meant it, and you tell him that is certainly one of the best things you have ever heard. Henceforth you avoid him. A burnt victim dreads the men with a sense of humor.

Why is it that a man, modest in other respects—who, if he saved another's life, would conceal it—boldly and unblushingly talks about his wonderful sense of humor without the slightest compunction?

Next to him comes the young girl of the family; let us call her dear Mabel.

You've seen Mabel, of course?

"Do you know," her mother declares, "that child sees the funny side of everything! You just ought to hear her! No matter where she goes, it is always the same! Why, last night we sat up listening to her while she entertained us with what she saw on the trolley car—just think of it—and—well, I thought I should split with laughter. Mimic! Perfect! And you ought to see the poetry she wrote! She'd be awful mad if she knew I was showing it. I wanted her to send it to the papers, but I couldn't persuade her. Isn't it perfectly splendid? I suppose she ought not to be encouraged too much. I have a friend who's a writer, and he advises me to keep her down—but it does seem as if a talent like that ought to be put to use. Oh, you just wait till you hear her. Such a sense of humor!"

You don't wait. You love dear Mabel—at a distance. You sneak away in the gloaming. You have been there before. Henceforth when Mabel heaves in sight you put your helm hard-a-port and "wear ship."

It has often been shyly insinuated—by bachelors—that women have no sense of humor.

Yet think of the monumental joke every woman plays on a man when she marries him!—Success Magazine.

DIED AT SEA.

Quebec, July 23. — A young woman from England named McMillan, 39 years of age, died on board the Empress of Ireland, which arrived today, during the voyage from Liverpool. She was accompanied by her husband and two children and was en route for Vancouver.

POOR PACKING.

Grimsby, Ont., July 23.—Numerous complaints having been made about the contents of crates and boxes not being up to the standard as regards packing quality of contents, and measure, the fruit dealers of Grimsby district met here to consider the matter. As a result it was decided, if the complaints continue, to appeal to the agricultural department for the appointment of an inspector.

PEDDLER UNDER ARREST

Suspected of Smuggling Across t Detroit River.

Windsor, July 23.—John Rosenfeld well-known peddler of Detroit, and frequent visitor to Windsor, is lock up at the Windsor police stati awaiting a hearing.

The police believe Rosenfeld c cuted a neat little coup on the Wi sor customs officers, on whose c plaint he was arrested. Last Tues night about 11:30 o'clock Rosenf came across on the ferry boat, a the minute the gang plank let do he whipped up his horse and dash up the hill, despite the calls of t officers.

It is thought that the man wei through to Leamington, where disposed of whatever was in h wagon. The penalty for avoiding th customs examination amounts to fine of more than $300. The prisone will be arraigned in the police cour this morning.

ALLEGE DETECTIVE GRAFTED $150,000

Chicago Gambling Crusaders Secure Two More Indictments.

Chicago, July 24.—An astounding story of graft in the west side levee of Chicago is said to have been re lated to the grand jury today.

Detective Sergeant Jeremiah Griffin alleged to have been the collector of protection money from dive-keepers gamblers and cocaine-sellers, was in dicted on eight counts. He is allege to have garnered as high as $9,000 month, a small part of which re mained in his own pockets. In a Griffin is alleged to have collect $150,000 from denizens of various sorts.

Indictments also were return against Louis Frank, saloonkeeper a politician, who is said to have ac cumulated $1,000,000 in the levee, a against Michael Heitler, familia known as "Mike the Pike." Th are alleged to have collected mon from resorts by representing thei selves as agents of the police.

Testimony against Griffin was gi by Charles Yanker, a levee proprie known commonly as "Monkey Ch ley." Morris Schatz, who is said conduct an illegal establishment, a pears on the indictment as complai ant.

TRADE EXPANSION.

New York, July 23.—Dispatches R. C. Dun & Co. indicate seasonal dullness in some branches of trade, b the tendency is toward continued e pansion, orders for future requi ments showing satisfactory increa

A Prince of Sinners

BY PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM.

Author of "A Lost Leader," "The Malefactor," "A Maker of History," Etc.

"She has been my right hand from the very first," Brooks said, slowly. "I really don't see how I could have done without her. She is such a capital organizer, too."

"I know all that," Sybil declared. "She's wonderful. I don't want, of course, to be inquisitive," she went on, after a moment's hesitation, "but she interests me so much, and it was only this morning that I felt that I understood her a little bit."

Brooks nodded.

"She is a very reserved young woman," he said.

"Yes, but isn't there some reason for it?" Sybil continued, eagerly. "I have asked her lots of times to come and see me. She admits that she has no friends in London, and I wanted to have her come very much. You see, I thought she would be sure to like mother, and if she doesn't care for society, we might go to the theatre or the opera, and it would be a little change for her, wouldn't it?"

"I think it is very kind of you indeed," Brooks said.

"Well, she has always refused, but I have been very persistent. I just thought that she was perhaps a little shy, or found it difficult to break through her retirement—people get like that, you know, when they live alone. So this morning I really went for her, and I happened to be looking, and I saw something in her face which puzzled me. It stopped my asking her any more. There is something underneath her quiet manner and self-devotion. She has had trouble of some sort."

"How do you know?" he asked.

"A girl can always tell," Sybil answered. "Her self-control is wonderful, but she has just let it slip—for a moment. She has some trouble, I am sure. I thought perhaps you might know. Isn't there anything we could do? I am so sorry for her."

Brooks was very grave, and his face was curiously pale.

"Are you quite sure?" he asked.

"Certain!"

"You have asked me a very difficult question," he said at last. "She has had a very unhappy sort of life. Her father and mother died in Canada—her father shot himself, and her mother died of the shock. She went to live with an uncle at Medchester, who was good to her, but his household could scarcely have been very congenial. I met her there—she was interested in charitable works then, and she came to London to try and attain some sort of independence. At first she had a position on a lady's magazine which took up her mornings, but we have just induced her to accept a small salary and give us all her time."

"That seems like a comprehensive sketch of her life," Sybil remarked, thoughtfully, "but are you sure — that you have not missed anything out?"

"So far as I know," he answered, gravely, "there is nothing new to tell."

They walked the rest of the way to Berkeley Square in absolute silence.

"You will come in to lunch?" she said.

He looked down at his clothes.

"I think not," he answered.

"We are almost certain to be alone," she said. "You haven't seen mother for a long time."

He suffered himself to be persuaded, and almost immediately regretted it. For there were a dozen people or more round the luncheon-table, and he caught a glimpse of more than one frock coat. Further, from the dead silence which followed their entrance, it seemed more than probable that he himself had formed the subject of conversation.

Lady Caroom greeted him as kindly as ever, and found a place for him by her side. Brooks, whose self-possession seldom failed him, smiled to himself as he recognized the bishop, who was his vis-a-vis. Hennibul, however, from a little lower down nodded to him pleasantly, and Lord Arranmore spoke a few words of greeting.

"Your friend Bullsom," he remarked, "has soon distinguished himself. He made quite a decent speech the other night on the tariff bill."

"He has common-sense and assurance," Brooks answered. "He ought to be a very useful man."

Lord Hennibul leaned forward and addressed Arranmore with blank surprise on his face.

"You don't mean to say that you read the debates in the House of Commons, Arranmore?" he exclaimed.

Lord Arranmore shrugged his shoulders.

"Since the degeneration of English humor," he remarked, "one must go somewhere for one's humor."

"I should try the House of Lords, then," a smart young under-secretary remarked under his breath, with a glance at the bishop. "There is more hidden humor in the unshaken gravity of the Episcopal bench than in both Houses of Parliament put together."

"They take themselves so seriously," Sybil murmured.

"To our friend there," the younger man continued, "the whole world's a congregation—and, by Jove, here comes the text."

For the bishop had deliberately cleared his throat, and leaning forward addressed Brooks across the table.

"I believe," he said, "that I have the pleasure of speaking to Mr. Brooks—Mr. Kingston Brooks?"

"That is my name," Brooks answered civilly, wondering what avalanche was to be hurled upon him.

"Would you consider a question, almost a personal question, from a stranger an impertinence—when the stranger is twice your age?" the bishop asked.

"By no means," Brooks answered. "On the contrary, I should be delighted to answer it if I can."

"These aspersions which Mr.—er—Lavilette has been making so freely in his paper against your new departure—I mean against the financial management of it—do you propose to answer them?"

"Well," Brooks said, "I have not altogether made up my mind. Perhaps your lordship would permit me—since you have mentioned the matter — to ask for your advice."

The bishop inclined his head. This was by no means the truculent sort of young man he had expected.

"You are very welcome to it, Mr. Brooks," he answered. "I should advise you most earnestly to at once justify yourself—not to Mr. Lavilette, but to the readers of his paper whom he may have influenced by his statements. One charitable institution, however different its foundation, or its method of working, or its ultimate aims, leans largely upon another. Mr. Lavilette's attack, if unanswered, may affect the public mind with regard to many other organizations which are grievously in need of support."

"If that is your opinion," Brooks said, after a moment's hesitation, "I will take the steps you suggest, and set myself right at once."

"If you can do that thoroughly and clearly," the bishop said, "you will render a service to the whole community."

"There shoould not be much difficulty," Brooks remarked, helping himself to omelette. "I never appealed for subscriptions, but directly they began to come in I engaged a clerk and a well-known firm of auditors, through whose banking-account all the money has passed. They have been only too anxious to take the matter up."

"I am more than pleased at your decision, Mr. Brooks," the bishop said, genially. "I rejoice at it. You will pardon my remarking that you seem very young to have inaugurated and to carry the whole responsibility of a work of such magnitude."

"The work," Brooks answered, "has largely grown of itself. But I have an excellent staff of helpers."

"The sole responsibility though rests with you."

"I am arranging to evade it," Brooks answered. "I am going to adopt commercial methods and inaugurate a board of directors."

The bishop hesitated.

"Again, Mr. Brooks," he said, "I must address a suggestion to you which might seem to require an apology. You have adopted methods and expressed views with regard to your scheme which are in themselves scarcely reconcilable with the point of view with which we churchmen are bound to regard the same question. But if you thought it worth while before finally arranging your board to discuss the whole subject with me, it would give me the greatest pleasure to have you visit me at the palace at any time convenient to yourself."

"I shall consider it a great privilege," Brooks answered, promptly, "and I shall not hesitate to avail myself of it."

The little party broke up soon afterwards, but Lady Caroom touched Brooks upon his shoulder.

"Come into my room for a few minutes," she said. "I want to talk with you."

CHAPTER VII.

Father and Son.

"Do you know," Lady Caroom said, motioning Brooks to a seat by her side, "that I feel very middle-class and elderly and interfering. For I am going to talk to you about Sybil."

Brooks was a little paler than usual. This was one of those rare occasions when he found his emotions very hard to subdue. And it had come so suddenly.

(To Be Continued.)

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Advertiser Patterns

DESIGNED BY MARTHA DEAN.



No. 5800—Simple and Attractive Frock for the Little Boy.

Little Boy's One-Piece Dress With Knickerbockers. Sizes, 2, 4, 6 years. The 4-year size requires 2¾ yards of 36-inch material. This simple and pretty little frock is cut with front, back and sleeves all in one piece. It slips on over the head and buttons under the arm. The little trousers open at the sides. They are in genuine knickerbocker style, full at the knee. For cool weather it could be made of woollen material, and be worn over a guimpe. Linen, pique and gingham are all suggested.

A pattern of this illustration will be mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in stamps or silver.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name .....

Street Address.....

Town .....

Province .....

Measurement—Bust Waist

Age (if child's or misses' pattern).....

CAUTION—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure, you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or in postage stamps.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT, LONDON ADVERTISER.

THE CONFEREES SAY THAT THEY CAN AGREE

Harmony Pervades the Meeting and Members Talk Compromise.

Washington, July 23.—With the effect of magic President Taft has brought about a tangible situation with regard to the tariff where uncertainty existed before.

Today was one of conferences, and concluded with a consultation at the White House tonight, participated in by the President, Senator Aldrich and Representative Payne, at which the chief executive was assured that a harmonious settlement of the differences existing between the two branches of congress is practicable.

This conclusion was reached from the fact that harmony pervaded the various conferences today. The senators opposed to the "free raw material" programme were consulted by Aldrich, and a committee representing the same position on the House side held a conference with Payne. In addition the House conferees met this afternoon to have the experts of the Senate finance committee explain the Senate changes in the cotton schedule.

Benefited by Dinner.

It is evident that the President, by informing the conferees that the disputed points were before them for settlement, brought about a condition that augurs well for an early agreement on a conference report. The chief executive was able to get a better insight into the obstacles to the "free raw material" plan by his conference with the two leaders than was possible in so large a gathering as that which was present at the dinner last night.

Aldrich today met a large number of senators who are opposed to free hides, coal and iron ore, and no encouragement was offered for the placing of any of these articles on the free list. In fact, were it possible to get those senators to yield, the situation in the House would have to be dealt with.

The "tariff insurgents" in the House who are opposed to free raw materials met again today and adopted resolutions protesting against the plan. They designated Representatives Gaines, West Virginia; Mondell, Wyoming, and Kennedy, Ohio, as a committee to confer with Payne. The latter did not offer the "insurgents" much encouragement. He explained that he was chairman of the committee which reported the tariff bill, and that he was appointed at a conference to have the House provisions adopted in preference to the Senate provisions.

Representative Dwight (New York), the Republican whip of the House, conferred with Aldrich late this afternoon and informed him that the anti-free-raw-material sentiment in the House was a matter which required serious consideration.

To Agree to Duty on Iron.

The advocates of dutiable hides in both houses declare that a compromise is possible, but that they cannot consider the placing of these articles on the free list. One of the conferees declared that the plan to reduce the rates on leather goods to compensate for free hides was not feasible without long delay, and that the president undoubtedly would accept the judgment of the conferees on this point.

With regard to the free reciprocity provision on coal in the house bill there also was a firm stand. The members interested in coal declared that such a provision would make the situation with regard to coal untenable for the operatives and that a reduction in the senate rate without a clause for reciprocal trade was more acceptable.

That a nominal duty on iron ore will be agreed to by the conferees was the indication tonight. No determination as to the rate has been suggested, but the opinion is expressed by several of the conferees that it will be one that will place the domestic and imported ores on an equal footing at the Atlantic seaboard.

FRISBIE WAS ALWAYS HARD UP

Report of Port Huron Officer Who Went to Cleveland Puts Him in Bad Light.

Port Huron, Mich., July 23.—When Deputy Sheriff William B. Moore arrived here from Cleveland today, armed with facts concerning the principals in the terrible tragedy at the St. Clair Flats a week ago, the muzzle was put upon his conversation by Sheriff Wagensell, and his subordinate was told right on the spot that if any newspaper got hold of what the deputy had learned, he would be fired on the spot.

Deputy Moore reported to his chief that Louis Rosenberg, victim of the tragedy, enjoyed a good reputation, always paid his debts, and had few, if any, enemies; that Frank Elbra, who committed suicide, after Under Sheriff Petit had been on the scene of the crime for an hour and a half, was well thought of by his neighbors, good to his mother and sisters, and spent much for their support. He was not considered a drinking man, according to the deputy.

As to Samuel Frisbie, the young man now held on a direct charge of murder, the report of Deputy Moore was not quite so favorable. He was always hard up, it is said, and it is known that his friend Elbra helped him out on numberless occasions with little loans. Frisbie's father is a janitor of a building in Cleveland, and, it is said, has kept himself poor by advancing frequent loans to his son.

Since the murder at the Flats there has been great public criticism of Sheriff Wagensell. It was learned at the office of the county treasurer this afternoon that the sheriff has not collected one liquor license at the Flats, and the coffers of the county are therefore shy some $3,000 or more. Why no effort has been made to collect this money the public wonders, because "Wes" Davidson, former sheriff, had these moneys in the treasury within two weeks after the saloons were opened at the "Venice of America."

In addition to an aggravated public, the saloon men of Port Huron and the lower portion of St. Clair County are likewise up in arms at the dilatory tactics of the sheriff. They maintain that they are being discriminated against; that the saloonkeepers have no more right to do business at the Flats without paying their required fee than any saloon man in any other section of the county.

That something will be done to compel Sheriff Wagensell to collect the saloon licenses at the Flats was stated today by one high up in official circles.

The latest move of the county "czar" is to muzzle the press. He has given the word that he will "bounce" the first man who gives out any information to any newspaper, and particularly those published in Detroit.



At Your Summer Home

there will be days without cooling breezes. Then you will need

"MONTSERRAT" Lime Fruit Juice

It is the ideal summer thirst quencher — makes dozens of delicious cooling drinks — and mixes with everything (except coffee). Next time you order supplies for the country, be sure to include "Montserrat."

Canadian Agents: 15

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. of Canada Limited.

CHATHAM'S CRICKETERS WIN FROM WINDSOR

By Score of 141 to 67—Maple Belle Becomes a Bride—Auto "Scorching."

(Special to The Advertiser.)

Chatham, July 23.—A cricket game was played on Tecumseh Park yesterday afternoon between the local eleven and Windsor. The Chathamites took first lease of the wickets and compiled the useful score of 141, to which Windsor replied with 67. Dr. Sullivan, Dr. Miller and Lucas batted well for Chatham, while Miller also took 8 wickets. The game demonstrates once more the glorious uncertainty of cricket. Dr. Dean's Toronto team vanquished Chatham rather easily, only to fall next day to Windsor, who in turn have been trimmed by Chatham.

The death of an old Chathamite, W. S. Ball, son of Wm. Ball, Victoria avenue, took place in Winnipeg on Wednesday, following an operation for appendicitis. The remains will be brought to Chatham for burial.

It would seem that hopes are entertained of securing the steamer Ossifrage for the Chatham-Detroit run, and that she will be ready for the route by Sept. 1, if arrangements can be completed.

The Gananoque Spring and Axle Company has secured the controlling interest in the Dowsley Spring and Axle Company, and will take over the management without delay, with W. R. Landon as manager.

George Clive the popular insurance agent, was thrown out of his buggy in Chatham Township the other day. He is not seriously hurt, although his face is pretty badly scratched.

Miss Helen Smith, of Queen street, was married in Detroit on Wednesday to Mr. Arthur R. Robinson, of Hiram Walker & Sons.

Despite a very threatening looking evening, an excellent and most enjoyable band concert and dance was given at the Eau last night by the Kent Mills Band. A large number of Chathamites attended and the dancers rather seemed to enjoy the frolics of the wind. The music, too, was good, more than good, and the managers of the Kent Mills Band have every reason to be pleased with themselves. The members of the band are all real musicians and play as if they enjoyed it, the result being that their work is always well worth a trip to the Eau or anywhere else to hear.

Arthur Stringer spent Wednesday in the city, having just run down from his place at Cedar Springs.

Residents on Centre street complain that Chatham automobilists make a practice of putting on full steam when going along that thoroughfare. The practice is extra dangerous owing to the number of children living on that street.

HARDEST ARMOR PLATE KNOWN TO SCIENCE

Is That Which Harold Richardson Has Sold to British Government.

London, England, July 22.—Mr. Harold A. Richardson, of London, Ont., who has been here two years in connection with an improved process for the manufacture of armor-plate, seen by the Canadian Associated Press at Hyde Park Hotel, said he had scored a great success in the tests of his plate by the naval authorities which culminated on Saturday at Whale Island.

A six-inch plate was fired at from a distance of 120 feet by a 9.2-inch gun with armor-piercing capped shells, which was a very severe test. No impression was made on the plate, though the impact shattered the shell into a thousand fragments.

Mr. Richardson estimates his production as at least 25 per cent better than the German plate, and says it should prove of inestimable value to the admiralty, with whom he has been negotiating for some time. He intends giving the old country the sole benefits of his patent. He already has purchased a site here for a plant, and says he is backed by big men. He sails for Canada Saturday for a short holiday.

He hinted that the admiralty is holding over the armor-plate contracts for the new Dreadnoughts until the results of the tests of his invention are known.

The best tea can be utterly spoiled by exposure to contaminating influences, as bulk teas so often are. The sealed lead packets of the "Salada" Tea Company give you tea fresh and fragrant from the gardens to the teacup. 62

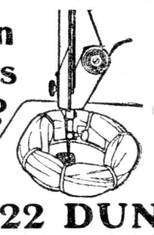
THE PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Rochester, July 23.—A. T. Proctor, Huntington, W. V., has been elected president of the Photographers' Association of America. J. H. C. Evans, of Boston, secretary, and Leonard Dozer, Bucyrus, Ohio, treasurer.

A. E. Welch is having a large verandah built around his Lookout Cottage on the knoll, Orchard Beach.

Why Darn Stockings By Hand?

You Can Get Free Lessons



DARNING NU-WAY STOCKINGS SINGER DARNER

Used on any Sewing Machine. Shown in use at Singer Stores. See it TO-DAY, at

122 DUNDAS STREET

25bu

Every Woman who keeps house should know the "St. Lawrence" Sugars

St. Lawrence "Granulated"

St. Lawrence "Golden Yellows"

St. Lawrence "Extra Ground" or Icing Sugar

St. Lawrence "Powdered Sugar"

Each of these brands is guaranteed absolutely pure, and the choicest Sugar of its kind in the Dominion.

Remember to order "St. Lawrence Sugar" whenever you buy.

The ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, Limited MONTREAL. 9

Independence in Old Age

If you are extravagant while young you may have occasion to regret it when the hand of old age and helplessness takes hold—when you must depend upon others for support.

Why not begin today to build your independence of tomorrow? One dollar opens an account here, and draws 3½ per cent interest compounded.

The Ontario Loan and Debenture Co

A. M. SMART, Mgr. DUNDAS ST. MARKET LANE

BANKRUPTCY PETITION.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 23.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in the United States district court today against the Allen Company, dealers in furniture and draperies. The petitioning creditors are the Hartford Carpet Corporation, Thompsonville, Conn., Sikes Chair Company, Buffalo; Alvoni R. Allen, Wyckoff, N. J. The latter company has a claim for $24,900. The total liabilities are between $150,000 and $175,000, with nominal assets of about the same figures.

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

Corsican	July 30	Aug. 27	Sept. 24
Virginian	Aug. 6	Sept. 3	Oct. 1
Tunisian	Aug. 13	Sept. 10	Oct. 8
Victorian	Aug. 20	Sept. 17	Oct. 15

GLASGOW SERVICE.

Ionian	July 31	Aug. 28	Sept. 25
Grampian	Aug. 7	Sept. 4	Oct. 2
Pretorian	Aug. 14	Sept. 18	Oct. 9
Hesperian	Aug. 21	Sept. 25	Oct. 16

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First Class—$67 50 and upward, according to steamer.

Second Class—$42 50 and upward, according to steamer.

Third Class—$27 50 and $28 75, according to steamer.

For particulars of London service, etc., apply to F. B. Clarke, E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton or E. Ruse, local agents, London. ywt

White Star-Dominion Royal Mail Steamships

LAURENTIC, Triple Screw. MEGANTIC, Twin Screw.

Largest and most modern steamers on the St. Lawrence route. Latest production of the shipbuilders' art. Passenger elevator serving four decks. Every detail of comfort and luxury of present-day travel will be found on these steamers.

Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool.

LAURENTIC	July 24	Aug. 28	Oct. 2
DOMINION	July 31	Sept. 4	Oct. 9
MEGANTIC	Aug. 7	Sept. 11	Oct. 14
OTTAWA	Aug. 14	Sept. 18	Oct. 23
CANADA	Aug. 21	Sept. 25	Oct. 30

The popular steamer "CANADA" is also again scheduled to carry three classes of passengers. While the fast steamer "OTTAWA" and the comfortable steamer "DOMINION," as one-class cabin steamers (called second class), are very attractive, at moderate rates. Third class carried on all steamers. See plans and rates at local agents, or company's office. H. G. THORLEY, passenger agent for Ontario, 41 King street east, Toronto. Freight office, 28 Wellington street east. ywt

C. P. R. Atlantic Lines to Europe. F. B. CLARKE, 416 Richmond Street, Next Bank of Commerce, agent. ywt



C. P. R. STEAMERS

From Montreal and Quebec.	From Liverpool.
July 24.....Lake Erie	July 7
July 30.....Empress of Ireland	July 16
Aug. 7.....Lake Manitoba	July 21
Aug. 13.....Empress of Britain	July 30
Aug. 21.....Lake Champlain	Aug. 4
Aug. 27.....Empress of Ireland	Aug. 13

All steamers equipped with wireless, and all conveniences for the safety and comfort of passengers.

All steamers carry third class.

To book or for further information apply to the nearest C. P. R. agent, or S. J. SHARP, 71 Yonge street, Toronto.

CLEVELAND AND RETURN, $3.00

Via Traction Line and steamer Lakeside. Leave Port Stanley every Tuesday and Thursday, 8:30 a.m.; Saturdays, 2:40 p.m.

TWO HOUR LAKE RIDES

3:30 p.m. and 8:30 p.m.

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY

Good Mucic-25c-Dancing

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

The Popular Route to All Principal Tourist Resorts

Including Muskoka, Lake of Bays, Temagami, Georgian Bay, Maganetawan River, Kawartha Lakes, Etc.

Full summer service now in effect. Excursion tickets on sale daily.

ALASKA---YUKON---PACIFIC EXPOSITION, SEATTLE

Very low rates. Fast time, via attractive routes. Daily until Sept. 30, 1909. Return limit Oct. 31, 1909.

For tickets and further information call on E. De la Hooke, city agent; E. Ruse, depot agent.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—*3:45 a.m., 10:35 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:28 a.m., *6:30 p.m., *8:00 p.m., 10:10 p.m.

Arrive from the west—*12:00 a.m., *3:35 a.m., *11:30 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.

Depart for the east—*12:14 a.m., *3:45 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9:00 a.m., *11:40 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:53 p.m.

Depart for the west—*3:55 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:45 a.m., 1:40 p.m., *8:18 p.m.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:25 a.m., *4:00 p.m., *6:50 p.m., 11:05 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *8:10 p.m.

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—*3:25 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:33 p.m., 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.

Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:26 a.m., 2:45 p.m., 4:55 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10:00 a.m., 6:10 p.m.

Depart—5:30 a.m., 4:50 p.m.

Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive from the east—*11:25 a.m., †6:30 p.m., †7:02 p.m., *10:52 p.m. Arrive from the west—*4:45 a.m., †12:35 p.m., *5:35 p.m.

Depart for the east—*4:52 a.m., †7:45 a.m., †12:45 p.m., *5:40 p.m. Depart for the west—*11:33 a.m., †7:10 p.m., *11 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Depart—6:10 a.m., *7:10 a.m., 9:45 a.m., 1:20 p.m., 2:30 p.m., 3:10 p.m. 5:05 p.m., 6:50 p.m., 8:15 p.m.

Arrive—6:45 a.m., *8:55 a.m., 12:20 p.m., 1:40 p.m., 4:15 p.m., 6:00 p.m., 8:05 p.m., 9:05 p.m., *9:20 p.m., 11:45 p.m.

*To and from Walkerville without change. †From Riemheim. Trains not "starred" to Port Stanley.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Arrive—6:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:50 p.m.

Depart—7:15 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:35 p.m., 10:25 p.m.

WABASH

Special Low-Rate Excursions to Pacific Coast Points

Tickets on sale daily until Sept. 30, good to return any time until Oct. 31, 1909. Tickets are good going and returning via all direct routes, with stop-over privileges.

The "ST. LOUIS-COLORADO LIMITED" is the finest and most up-to-date train in America; nothing finer on wheels. Every day at 2:30 p.m. this famous train starts on its flight from St. Louis across the continent, carrying through equipment to Colorado, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington and other western points.

Get your tickets and reserve berths now, before the rush.

J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, 63 Yonge street, Toronto.

Michigan Central

"The Niagara Falls Route"

For Business or Pleasure.

travel via the

WOLVERINE TO NEW YORK

Fastest time by two hours. Leave London 5:35 p.m., arrive New York, Grand Central Depot, in heart of city, business district, 9:03 a.m. Passengers may also travel Albany to New York via the historic Hudson River, if they desire, without extra charge. Grandest water trip, new palatial steamers.

ALASKA-YUKON-PACIFIC EXPOSITION, SEATTLE

Best of service, with liberal choice of routes, at lowest rates.

Full information at city ticket office, 405 Richmond street. Phone 205. THOS. EVANS, C.P.A.; S. H. Palmer, D.P.A., St. Thomas; O. W. RUGGLES, G.P.A., Chicago.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

FAVORITE LINE TO MUSKOKA

Morning, noon and night express trains to Bala, connecting with steamers for all lake resorts. Unequalled for time, comfort and equipment.

ENJOY A COOL LAKE TRIP

to Sault Ste. Marie or Fort William, Canadian Pacific palace steamers sail from Owen Sound five days each week. Rates moderate.

For train times, tickets and full information apply to W. FULTON, C. P. and T. A., 161 Dundas, corner Richmond, or J. SHAW, depot agent.

TRACTION CO.

REDUCED RATES.

50c PT. STANLEY AND RETURN CHILDREN 30c DAILY

50c St. Thomas and Return every Wednesday and Saturday.

CARS LEAVE EVERY HOUR.

R & O LINE

LOW RATES

INCLUDING MEALS AND BERTH

via steamers "Toronto" and "Kingston," leaving Toronto at 3 p.m. daily, for the Thousand Islands, Rapids, St. Lawrence, Montreal, Quebec and Saguenay River.

Steamer "Belleville" leaves Hamilton 12 noon, and Toronto 7:30 p.m., every Tuesday, for Bay of Quinte, Montreal and intermediate ports.

For rates, folders, etc., apply to local agents, or write H. FOSTER CHAFFEE, A.G.P.A., Toronto, Ont.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP TICKETS

AMERICAN LINE.

N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton. Philadelphia—Queenstown—Liverpool.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.

New York—London Direct.

LEYLAND LINE.

Boston-Liverpool Direct sailing Wed'days

RED STAR LINE.

New York—Dover—Antwerp.

WHITE STAR LINE.

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.

N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton

Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.

New York and Boston—Mediterranean.

WHITE STAR-DOMINION LINE.

Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool.

E. DE LA HOOKE, W. FULTON, F. B. CLARKE OR E. RUSE, AGENTS.

ALL THE NEWS THAT IS NEWS

A DAY IN THE SPORTING WORLD

SIDE LIGHTS ON MANY SPORTS

DETROIT WON FROM BOSTON

City of Straits Maintain Its Lead in the American League.

SOX POUNDED KRAUSE

In a Battle With Philadelphia—Washington Trimmed St. Louis.

American League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Detroit	56	39	.651
Philadelphia	48	35	.578
Boston	50	39	.562
Cleveland	46	37	.554
Chicago	40	45	.471
New York	38	46	.452
St. Louis	33	46	.419
Washington	25	57	.305

Yesterday's Results.

Detroit 5, Boston 2. First game.
Detroit 4, Boston 2. Second game.
Chicago 3, Philadelphia 0.
Washington 4, St. Louis 2.
Cleveland-New York games postponed; rain.

Today's Games.

Boston at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Washington at St. Louis.
New York at Cleveland.

Detroit, July 24. — "Those "Speed Boys From Boston," as folks in the city of culture choose to call their favorites, are in imminent danger of losing their reputation.

On a soggy field, and in weather more suited for playing football than the national pastime, the Champions made it three straight from the Red Sox yesterday by capturing both games of a double-header at Bennett Park.

Detroit annexed the first contest with the score 5 to 2. The second game, which was played under more favorable weather conditions than the first, went to the Tigers, who rounded up four tallies to their opponents' two.

Both games were well played. In neither did the league leaders have a walkaway. Boston threatened several times to capture the honors, but good pitching and clever fielding served to blast their hopes.

Mullin and Wood were the pitchers in the first half of the double bill, Speer and Collins in the second.

The Second Game.

Detroit.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Jones, c.f.	3	1	1	4	0	0
Bush, s.s.	3	1	0	1	3	0
Crawford, 1b.	3	0	1	10	1	0
Cobb, r.f.	4	1	1	1	0	0
McIntyre, l.f.	3	1	1	4	0	0
Moriarty, 3b.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Killifer, 2b.	4	0	2	2	4	0
Schmidt, c.	4	0	0	4	1	0
Mullin, p.	4	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	32	5	7	27	10	1
Boston.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Niles, l.f.	5	0	1	1	0	0
Lord, 3b.	4	0	1	1	0	1
Speaker, c.f.	5	0	2	4	0	0
Gessler, r.f.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Wagner, s.s.	2	0	0	1	4	1
Stahl, 1b.	3	0	1	10	0	0
McConnell, 2b.	2	0	0	1	6	0
Donohue, c.	4	0	0	5	0	0
Wood, p.	4	1	2	0	0	0
Totals	33	2	8	24	10	2

Detroit ..... 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 *—5
Boston ..... 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hit—Cobb. Three-base hits—McIntyre, Killifer, Speaker, Stahl. Sacrifice hit—McConnell. Sacrifice fly—Lord. Stolen bases—Crawford, McConnell. Bases on balls—Off Mullin 3, off Wood 5. Left on bases—Detroit 6, Boston 11. Struck out—By Mullin 3, by Wood 5. Double play—McConnell, Wagner and Stahl. Time, 2:05. Umpires, Connolly and Egan. Attendance, 4,851.

The Second Game.

Detroit.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Jones, c.f.	2	1	0	5	0	0
Bush, s.s.	3	1	1	3	4	1
Crawford, 1b.	4	1	2	8	0	0
Cobb, r.f.	3	1	1	4	0	0
McIntyre, l.f.	2	0	1	2	0	0
Moriarty, 3b.	3	0	0	0	1	0
Killifer, 2b.	3	0	2	0	1	0
Stanage, c.	3	0	0	5	1	0
Speer, p.	2	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	25	4	7	27	8	1

Boston.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Niles, l.f.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Lord, 3b.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Speaker, c.f.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Gessler, r.f.	4	1	2	1	0	0
Wagner, s.s.	4	0	1	2	2	0
Stahl, 1b.	4	0	1	10	0	0
McConnell, 2b.	3	0	0	4	2	1
Donohue, c.	4	0	1	3	3	0
Collins, p.	2	0	0	0	7	0
*Carrigan	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	2	6	24	14	1

*Batted for McConnell in the ninth.

Detroit ..... 0 0 0 1 0 2 0 1 *—4
Boston ..... 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2

Two-base hit—Gessler. Sacrifice hits—Cobb, Speer, Bush. Sacrifice fly—McIntyre. Stolen base—Cobb. Bases on balls—Off Collins 2. Hit by pitcher—By Speer 1 (Collins.) Left on bases—Detroit 4, Boston 6. Struck out—By Speer 4, by Collins 1. Passed ball—Donohue. Wild pitch—Collins. Time, 1:25. Umpires, Egan and Connolly. Attendance, 4,851.

SOX POUND KRAUSE.

Chicago, July 23.—Chicago won the sixth consecutive game by defeating Philadelphia, 3 to 0, today. The winners batted Krause off the slab in the first inning. Scott was wild, but effective with men on bases. He gave Hartsel four bases on balls in five times up. Owens hurt a finger and retired in favor of Sullivan in the seventh. Score:

Chicago.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Altizer, r.f.	3	1	1	2	0	1
Parent, c.f.	4	1	3	5	1	0
G. Davis, 1b.	2	0	0	6	0	0
Dougherty, l.f.	4	1	2	2	0	0
Purtell, 3b.	4	0	1	0	3	1
Tannehill, s.s.	2	0	0	1	5	0
Atz, 2b.	3	0	1	3	2	0
Owens, c.	1	0	0	4	2	0
Sullivan, c.	1	0	0	4	0	0
Scott, p.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	3	8	27	13	2
Philadelphia.	A.B	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Hartsel, l.f.	1	0	1	2	0	0
Ganley, c.f.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Collins, 2b.	3	0	0	6	4	0
Murphy, r.f.	5	0	0	0	0	0
H. Davis, 1b.	3	0	0	5	0	0
Baker, 3b.	4	0	2	0	2	0
Nicholls, s.s.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Thomas, c.	1	0	0	0	2	0
Livingstone, c.	2	0	1	8	2	0
Krause, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dygert, p.	3	0	0	0	2	0
*Coombs	1	0	0	0	0	0
Bender, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	0	5	24	12	0

*Batted for Dygert in eighth.

Chicago ..... 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 *—3
Philadelphia ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Atz. Three-base hit—Baker. Hits—Off Krause, 2 in 1 inning; off Dygert, 4 in 6; off Bender, 1 in 1. Sacrifice hits—Ganley, G. Davis, Owens. Stolen base—Dougherty. Left on bases—Chicago 5, Philadelphia 13. Bases on balls—Off Scott 7, off Krause 1, of Dygert 2. Hit by pitcher—By Scott 1 (Livingstone). Struck out—By Scott 6, by Dygert 4, by Bender 1. Passed ball—Sullivan. Time, 2:07. Umpires, Perrine and Evans.

NATIONALS TRIM BROWNS.

St. Louis, July 23.—Washington outplayed St. Louis on the bases today and won, 4 to 2. A great jumping catch by Milan and the visitors' double play were the features. Score:

St. Louis.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Hartzell, s. s.	3	0	2	1	3	1
Stone, r. f.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Hoffman, c. f.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Griggs, l. f.	4	0	0	1	0	1
Jones, 1b.	4	1	2	13	1	0
Williams, 2b.	4	0	1	1	1	0
Ferris, 3b.	4	0	0	1	3	0
Criger, c.	3	1	2	6	2	0
Bailey, p.	3	0	1	0	6	0
1Criss	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.	33	2	9	*26	16	2
Washington.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Browne, l. f.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Milan, c. f.	3	0	0	5	0	0
Lelivelt, r. f.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Unglaub, 2b.	3	1	0	2	2	0
Donohue, 1b.	4	1	2	9	1	0
Conroy, 3b.	3	1	1	1	2	0
McBride, s. s.	4	1	1	2	4	1
Street, c.	4	0	2	5	0	0
Witherup, p.	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	31	4	7	27	11	1

*Leliveit out for not batting in first inning. 1Batted for Bailey in ninth.

St. Louis ..... 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—2
Washington ..... 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 1 0—4

Two-base hit, Donohue; three-base hit, Lelivelt; sacrifice hits, Milan, Stone 2, Conroy, Hartzell, Witherup; stolen bases, Hoffman, Donohue; double play, McBride, Donohue and Conroy; left on bases, St. Louis 9, Washington 5; bases on balls, off Bailey 1, off Washington 2; hit by pitcher, by Bailey 1 (Unglaub); struck out, by Bailey 6, by Witherup 3; passed ball, Criger; wild pitch, Bailey; time, 2:07; umpires Hurst and O'Loughlin.

TOP WEIGHT GOES TO KING JAMES

Plaudit Colt Will Carry 129 Pounds in Saratoga Special.

New York, July 24. — Top weight in the $5,000 Saratoga special, to be run on Aug. 2, the opening day at the Spa, has been allotted to King James, the Brooklyn handicap winner. The Plaudit colt will carry 129 pounds and makes allowances ranging from four to 43 pounds. James R. Keene's Celt follows King James with 124, while Fitzherbert, the Suburban winner, comes third with 122 pounds.

Horsemen do not think Fitzherbert will start, as they figure the weight is too much for him to carry a mile and a quarter, the distance of the race. Maltbie, winner of the Empire City handicap at Yonkers, is asked to carry 117 pounds, an increase of eleven pounds over what he carried when he won that event.

Thirty-one horses are entered in the special, and while it is known that all will not start, an interesting contest is expected.

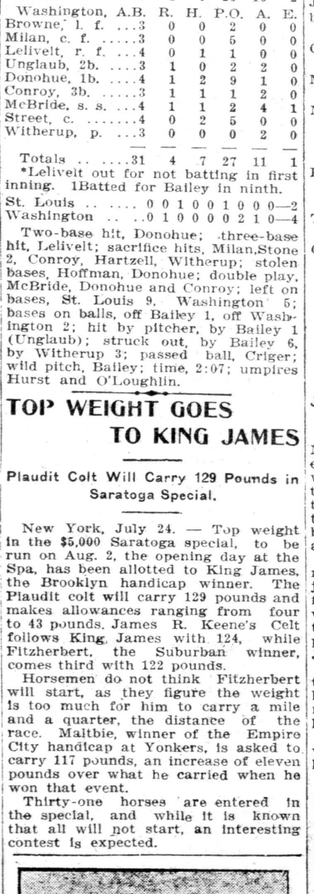
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HON. A. G. MACKAY,
Owen Sound, First Vice-President of the W. O. B. A., and the Coming President—An Enthusiastic Bowler.

MANY STRONG ENTRIES FOR BOWLING TOURNEY

Some of the Famous and Near-Famous Ones Who Will Compete.

The following are some of the entries to date for the W. O. B. A. which stars Monday:

Southampton—Skip C. M. Bell.
Harriston—Skip Alex. Yule.
Aylmer—Skips Dr. N. J. Fear, N. Booker, C. R. Christie, C. A. Caughell.
Paris—Skip R. E. Hairs.
Berlin—Skips W. D. Euler, H. A. Hagen, H. E. Wettlaufer, C. S. Carrick.
Thamesford—Skips John Duncan, M. K. Cornwall, Charles Simkins.
Guelph—Skip John Chapman.
Brantford Heather—Skips Dr. W. D. Wiley, B. J. Wade.
Brantford—Skip L. E. Terry.
London Asylum—Skip John Richardson.
London Thistles—Skips A. M. Heaman, A. Tillmann, S. D. Swift.
London—Skips John Pritchard, H. W. Lind, T. A. Alexander, Ed Weld, John Evans, C. Fraser, W. R. Vining, John Weld, F. H. Allen, G. R. Theobald.
Strathroy—Skips F. P. Hughes, D. C. Ross, H. Pope, A. P. Malone.
London—Skips John Lochead, P. M. Millman, James S. McDougall.
Thistles—Skips Ed Shea, George Nightingale.
Stratford—Skip T. H. McCurdy.
Hamilton—Skip Dr. W. M. English.
Bothwell—Skips John Crotty, John Reid.
Toronto Victoria—Skip W. B. Smith.
Paris—Skips J. D. Armitage, R. Thomson.
Wyoming—Skips William Rawson, George Brown.
St. Marys—Skip W. H. Tovell.
Hespeler—Skip L. E. Weaver.
Long Branch—Skip J. A. Harrison.
Elora—Skip J. R. McGregor.
Stratford—Skip Dr. Gray.

PUG AND PASTOR

Jeffries and Minneapolis Divine Have Interesting Interview.

Minneapolis, July 24. — Rev. G. L. Morill, a local preacher, yesterday called on James J. Jeffries, the heavyweight champion, who is appearing this week at an amusement park. When the minister was introduced to him, the fighter said: "You are welcome, but not any more so because you are a minister."

Mr. Morrill said he did not think a minister any better than anybody else just because he is a minister. The fighter told the preacher that there were just as many good people outside the church as are in. The minister replied that he did not know but what Jeffries was right.

"Why don't you preachers say something about a man's body as well as his soul?" said the fighter. "How is a man going to save his soul when his liver is out of order?"

Mr. Morrill promised the fighter he would appear on the platform with him tomorrow afternoon.

KETCHELL AND BRITT ARE GOING THE PACE

Middleweight Champion Losing Confidence of Sporting Public by His Actions.

New York, July 23.—The would-be promoters at Ely, Nev., have decided to declare off the proposed finish fight between Ketchell and Langford. This means that Ketchell can accept the terms of the Fairmount Club for a ten-round bout with the Boston negro if he is anxious to prove his superiority. In case of a draw between Ketchell and Langford in ten rounds, it is a sure thing that they could secure a big purse for a 45-round battle in California.

Ketchell and his manager, Britt, are still having a high old time on the coast regardless of consequence and are steadily losing the confidence of the sporting public. It is hard to understand just what they are driving at. Two months ago Ketchell was regarded as the coming heavyweight champion of the world with a fortune waiting for him, but from all accounts he and his manager have thrown away those bright prospects. When Ketchell was training here for the bouts with O'Brien he had but one object in view—a victory over Jack Johnson. He said he intended to walk a chalk line until he had accomplished the downfall of the big negro. His unexpected fall from grace, therefore may be said to be amazing and is ascribed to a foolish desire to burn up the bundles of easy money that have fallen his way.

Jeff and His Forfeit.

Jeffries reiterates that he will post a forfeit here next week to fight Johnson and will leave Sam Berger to arrange the details while he sails away for Carlsbad. Jeffries can see no other way out of his predicament. But his friends still insist that when the time arrives to throw up his hands and back out of the tangle Jeffries will get in some quick action. The fact that Johnson has been posting forfeits incessantly without getting action is used as an argument that Jeffries can do the same thing without fear of being cornered.

"If they really want to fight," say many sporting men, "Jeffries and Johnson can meet here next week, post forfeits and sign articles which will include the date, place, referee and stakeholder without any hitch.

Battling Nelson, the lightweight champion, who is in town, admits that Ad. Wolgast bested him on points in the recent ten-round mill at Los Angeles. He makes no excuses as to his condition and simply says that Wolgast was too fast for him. Nelson is not a boxer. He is a fighter, pure and simple, and has won his present title by means of remarkable endurance in long-drawn-out battles.

He says he will take on Freddie Welsh, the English champion, in the fall in a fight that may be one of the most interesting ever seen in America. While Nelson is here the Fairmont Club may induce him to box ten rounds with Leach Cross, who is a hard proposition at this distance. Nelson has never been seen in a local ring and his appearance, it is believed, would prove a powerful magnet.

COVERPOINT JOLTS

Jim Jeffries paid his respects to Governor Johnson, of Wisconsin, and the Big Swede gave the Boy Boilermaker a happy welcome. There was not much to the visit, but it helped Jim to half a column, all of which helps.

* * *

Now that Toronto is entertaining J. Johnson, heavyweight champion, the sports will behave like a real metropolis. They are long on entertaining meandering greatness in that burg, from a phony lord to a diamond-decked actorine. Watch them swell out their chests now.

* * *

Jack Johnson found that it was just as hard to pry into a real hotel in Toronto as it is to get into the Waldorf-Astoria. Toronto wants to look big, and draws the color line.

* * *

The Tigers went away at an awful rate yesterday, and shoved poor old "Bosting" down a few pegs. They are going right just now.

* * *

Mr. Krause, the reputed wonder of the Athletics, has had his remarkable career checked somewhat, and has been pummelled the last two appearances. Last year Mr. Covaleskie beat the Giants a couple of games, and he was touted the real thing, too, but this season he is getting his nice and hard all the time. Mr. Krause will also get his in bunches, although he may be a fair pitcher, at that.

* * *

Here's a gentle little knock on Hans Wagner by a Philadelphia writer. Of course, it goes without saying that they would like to have Hans, just the same:

And maybe Wagner hasn't any soft-shell crab beaten three ways when he is not smiting the sphere! When the Pirates are having their turn on the inside, the big shortstopper generally waddles from the visiting team's bench with an armful of bats, even if there are three or four brother Pirates ahead of him in the order. He swings the bats around his head, as if they were nothing more than bamboo canes. He does this with the air of a man who is confident in his mastery. But when Hans is not hitting, he never leaves his shell until the last minute, and then he stalks to the plate as if his father's will had cut him off with a Jersey cucumber. Wagner may not be a quitter, but he is no whooping-up Mike when things are breaking bad.

ONLY TWO GAMES IN EASTERN YESTERDAY

Buffalo Defeated the Orioles and Newark Took One From the Royals.

Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	48	32	.600
Newark	42	41	.506
Providence	40	39	.506
Buffalo	42	42	.500
Baltimore	40	42	.488
Montreal	39	44	.470
Toronto	39	45	.464
Jersey City	38	44	.463

Yesterday's Results.

Buffalo 7, Baltimore 2.
Newark 3, Montreal 1.
Two games postponed (rain).

Today's Games.

Baltimore at Buffalo (2 games).
Newark at Montreal (2 games).
Jersey City at Toronto (2 games).
Provindence at Rochester (2 games).

Buffalo, July 24.—Despite the earnest efforts of Rip Vowinkle, the original lucky man, to hand the game to the visitors, our rested athletes put the sign of ignominy on John Dunn and his Orioles from Baltimore yesterday in the opener of the belated series, because one Stanley, a southpaw, not to be outdone, went a few better than Rip and handed us up the nucleus of six runs in one inning on a golden tray. Having done his duty to his hosts thusly in the fourth Stanley walked off the field and refused longer to perform. It would have been better for Dunn & Co. if he had been gently removed about ten minutes before he himself recognized the sinister hand of fate.

The score:

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Schirm, c. f.	3	1	1	4	0	0
White, l. f.	1	1	0	3	0	0
Clancy, 1b.	3	1	1	7	0	0
Brain, 3b.	4	1	2	2	1	0
Flanagan, r. f.	3	2	1	1	0	0
Smith, 2b.	0	0	0	0	1	0
Klinck, 2b.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Woods, s.s.	4	0	1	4	2	1
McAllister, c.	4	0	0	3	1	0
Vowinkle, p.	3	1	2	0	3	0
Totals	29	7	9	27	8	1
Baltimore.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Slagle, c. f.	2	1	1	1	0	0
Poland, l. f.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Strang, r. f.	3	0	0	3	0	0
Cassidy, 1b.	4	1	2	10	2	0
Hall, 3b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Catiz, 3b.	5	0	1	2	4	1
Byers, c.	5	0	1	6	1	1
Lewis, s.s.	3	0	0	1	1	1
Dunn, 2b.	3	0	0	1	3	0
Stanley, p.	2	0	0	0	1	0
Pearson, p.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	2	6	24	11	3

Buffalo ..... 0 1 0 6 0 0 0 0 *—7
Baltimore ..... 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0—2

Innings pitched, Stanley 3½, Peason 4½; hits, off Stanley 3, off Pearson 6; earned runs, Buffalo 1; first base on balls, off Stanley 5 Flanagan 2, Schirm, Brain, White), off Pearson 2 (White, Vowinkle), off Vowinkle 9 (Slagle 3, Poland 2, Dunn, Lewis, Strang, Cassidy); struck out, by Stanley, Vowinkle, by Pearson, Klinck, Clancy, by Vowinkle Catiz, Stanley; sacrifice fly, Clancy; sacrifice hits, Strang, White 2, Smith; stolen bases, Brain, Lewis, Vowinkle; left on bases, Buffalo 9, Baltimore 13; hit by pitcher, Schirm, Clancy; wild pitch, Stanley; passed balls, McAllister 1, Byers 1; umpire, Toft; time, 2:10; attendance, 1,200.

NEWARK CLAIMS TWO.

Montreal, July 23.—Two singles, a pas and Kelly's triple gave Newark three runs and the game today. After that Smith held the Indians to three hits. Louden's error and Krichell's double gave Montreal a run in the ninth. Newark wanted to play a double-header and when Montreal refused the team went on the field at 2 o'clock and claimed a forfeit, but there was no umpire on hand. A double-header will be played tomorrow. Score:

Newark.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Louden, s. s.	4	1	3	3	0	2
Kelly, l. f.	5	1	2	1	0	0
Meyers, r. f.	2	1	0	2	0	0
Gettman, c. f.	3	0	1	2	0	0
Wolverton, 3b.	2	0	0	3	1	0
Sharpe, 1b.	3	0	0	7	0	0
Loudy, 2b.	4	0	0	1	1	0
Lapp, c.	3	0	0	8	4	0
Mueller, p.	4	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	30	3	6	27	9	2
Montreal.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Joyce, l. f.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Cockhill, 1b.	3	0	0	8	1	0
Corcoran, 2b.	4	0	1	1	0	1
O'Neill, r. f.	4	1	2	2	0	0
Jones, c. f.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Krichell, c.	4	0	2	5	0	1
Winter, 3b.	3	0	0	3	1	0
Colvin, s. s.	3	0	0	1	6	0
Smith, p.	3	0	0	2	2	0
*Egan	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	1	7	27	10	2

*Batted for Winter in ninth.

Newark ..... 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3
Montreal ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Three-base hit, Kelly; two-base hit, Krichell 2, Jones, Louden; first base on errors, Montreal 1, Newark 1; left on bases, Montreal 6, Newark 8; double play, Joyce to Smith; stolen base, Loudy; sacrifice hits, Gettman, Wolverton, Sharpeff struck out, by Mueller 8, by Smith 5; bases on balls, off Smith 3, off Mueller 1; hit by pitcher, by Smith 2; time of game, 1:50; umpire, Byron; attendance, 800.

STROLLER WINS AT ERIE

Bay City Trotter Takes Race in Straight Heats.

Erie, Pa., July 23. — When Mercy Me won the 2:10 pace in the afternoon's card of the Lake Erie circuit, the talent was hit hard. Contractor and Black Dart were favorites, but neither of these horses had a chance. The summaries:

First race, 2:16 pace, purse $400—Skiddoo won the second, third and fourth heats and the race; Rejoyful Chimes was second and Billy C. third. Best time, 2:15½, by Skiddoo.

Second race, 2:21 trot, purse $400—Stroller won in straight heats; Miss Baritone second and Hartford Bell third; best time, 2:16¼, by Stroller.

Third race, 2:10 pace, purse $400—Mercy Me won in straight heats; Black Dart second and Contractor third. Best time, 2:11½, by Mercy Me.

Fourth race, 2:19 trot, purse $400—Lady Bryan won in straight heats; Monk second and Hannah Shouten third. Best time, 2:18¼, by Lady Bryan.

WINDSOR TROTS DECLARED OFF

Horses Taken Back to City of the Straits for Blue Ribbon Meeting.

MAYOR SHANK ON DECK

Trainer Says Cleveland Horse Is Fit for M. and M.—Denver in Shape.

Detroit, July 23.—In view of the fact that the horses at Windsor have engagements at the Blue Ribbon meeting next week and the owners refused to race today, Secretary Hanrahan was forced to declare off the summer meeting. It had been intended to race off Thursday's card yesterday but the clouds of the morning with a little more rain at noon precluded the possibility of the track being dry enough. Morning sunshine with the breeze that prevailed in the afternoon would have fixed things all right.

Horses started coming from Windsor on Thursday, and the rest of them crossed the river yesterday, so that last night found all of the grand circuit stables housed at the state fair grounds, excepting those of Lon McDonald, Jack McMahan, Scott McLean, John Dickerson and others who have put in the week as Springfield, Ill., and will be here today.

George M. Hendrie, president of the Windsor Association, is much disappointed with the turn things took, but it is likely that he will have an attractive card for next year with two or four stakes.

His Honor, the Mayor.

Bert O. Shank, mayor of North Randall, O., arrived yesterday with his horses. Mr. Shank was here in May training the stable of Thistle Doune farm, owned by Gen. Wilson B. Chisholm, of Cleveland, and went back to the new track last month.

This time Mr. Shank has but three horses, the star of the lot being Jack McKerron, that is apt to be favorite or second choice in the M. and M. Jack McKerron was a good colt trotter and took a two-year-old record of 2:23 1-4. He became lame behind and they let up on him for a couple of years, in which time he recovered.

Jack McKerron worked the new Cleveland track in 2:08 3-4 the other day, and Mr. Shank says he is sound and looks as though he would give a good account of himself in the famous stake at the Blue Ribbon meeting.

In spite of the fact that Mr. Geers likes the chances of Jack McKerron, there are plenty who think that Geers has the one best bet in Marie N., the Detroit mare, that took a record of 2:09 1-2 at Peoria. She showed then that she knows how to race.

Denver Is Cherry Ripe.

Gus Macey, who drove Spanish Queen, to victory in the M. and M. last year, thinks very well of Denver, his 1909 candidate. Denver is a gray gelding of Michigan breeding, and has done everything that has been asked of him. Some who saw him at Terre Haute, say that he does not look as though he had the power to go the route in a three in five heat race, but Mr. Macey believes he will race well.

Bisa came out of her Windsor race all right. She was lame on the start but it was not so apparent later. The night before she could scarcely step out of her stall, but the track was not hard that day, so it did not hurt her any.

There will be a lot of delayed work at the fair grounds this morning, as rain interfered just as they were getting ready for the fast miles on Thursday, and there was no chance yesterday morning.

TURF RESULTS

Fort Erie.

First Race—Gallant Pirate 18 to 5, Banives 20 to 1, Dolly Maddis 40 to 1.

Second Race—Tom Dolan 7 to 10, Posing 8 to 1, Deburgo 15 to 1.

Third Race—Uncle Jimmy Gray 11 to 5, Cloisteress 3 to 4, Mike Sutton 21 to 5.

Fourth Race—Declared off on account of numerous scratches.

Fifth Race—Light Blue 10 to 5, Strike Out 5 to 1, Tom Holland 2 to 1.

Sixth Race—Lanigan 9 to 2, Gerrymander even, Sensible 3 to 5.

Seventh Race—Malediction 11 to 5, Gilvedear 6 to 1.

Empire City.

First Race—Zacatecas 3 to 2, Lord Clinton 8 to 1, May Florence 3 to 1.

Second Race—Nadzu 9 to 5, Golconda 4 to 1, Miss Crittenden 7 to 5.

Third Race—Tony Faust 10 to 1, Personal 10 to 1, Orphan Lad 60 to 1.

Fourth Race—Stanley Fay 7 to 10, Pins and Needles 2 to 1, Zienap 18 to 5.

Fifth Race—Collaret 5 to 2, Radium Star 5 to 2, Sandrian 7 to 5.

Sixth Race—Joe Rose, Lord Stanhope 8 to 5, Eschau 12 to 5.



MR. J. C. WADDELL,
Of Petrolea, the Genial President of the W. O. B. A., Whose Tournament Opens on Monday.

CATCHER MYERS IS A REAL FIND

Johnny McGraw's Indian Backstop Proving One of Baseball's Stars.

New York, July 24.—Catcher Jack Myers, of the Giants, is proving one of the real baseball finds of 1909. Any youngster who can break into fast company and show the way to veterans in hitting, after the pitchers have had plenty of occasion to study his weaknesses must pack the right sort of goods. Yet the case of Myers is of added interest in that the big fellow is an Indian.

Myers is, of course, an assumed name, a college bequest to mark the good-natured aborigine from the sequestered people of his tribe. At the Pala reservation, in California, the notable backstop is known to the Mission Indians as "Tortes." A strictly English interpretation of the word is beyond even the educated ingenuity of Myers himself. It is a fusion of the Spanish-Indian dialect, and conveys about the same sense of meaning as our slang "hot stuff."

Back to Hunting Grounds.

Myers is not a reservation Indian, though much of his time has been spent on the California reserves. Until the social barriers had been somewhat removed by the refinement of university education he naturally sought the life of his instincts. A born athlete, he still preserves a deep veneration for the pursuits of his forefathers. Already he is counting the days until he is free to return to the hunting grounds of his valley home.

Raised at Riversdale, Cal., Myers had every advantage of securing an education. As a boy he played with his little white brothers of the town. He just naturally took to baseball, and as he was always big and strong, he accepted but one position on the field, that of catcher. From the sand lots he drifted to high school ball. Then he came east to study at Dartmouth. A year in college and Harrisburg, of the Tri-State League, persuaded him to seek the diamond as a vocation. He drifted west to Butte, Montana, of the Northwestern League, and made such a hit there that St. Paul, of the American Association, procured him almost two years ago. From St. Paul he came last fall to the Giants.

Is Bright Fellow.

Myers is a bright fellow, despite his native reserve. When warmed to enthusiasm he can discourse on almost any topic intelligently. In no wise vain, he takes his success in New York as a mere matter of fact.

"I like baseball," says he. "I have played much. Why should I not play well? I am strong. I love the game. I have tried only to catch since I was a little boy. I haven't yet shown the best that is in me. I can hit much better than I have for the Giants. I could always hit well. I will hit better and catch better, too, as I get better acquainted.

"No, I am not superstitious," he continued as a camera hove in view. "Not so much so, anyhow, as the general run of players. I don't mind being snapped a bit any more. I used to be sensitive on the subject. But it's different now. I realize it may help the club at times, and anything that helps my club goes for me.

"You know, we 'show business' people cannot afford to be too independent. The public actually interests itself in us. We belong to them and they to us—if we amount to anything. So why shouldn't they be humored? Go as far as you like."

RAIN HITS BALL MAGNATES HARD

Four Games in National, One in American, Postponed Because of Weather.

New York, July 23. — Jupiter Pluvius spilled his rain pots throughout the east today and the general downpour caused a postponement of baseball games. All games in the National, New England League and State League except at Elmira, where six innings were played, were called off on account of rain and wet grounds, while in Cleveland the New York-Cleveland game in the American League was also postponed because of the elements. In only three cities of the big leagues—Chicago, Detroit and St. Louis—were games played today. The Eastern League was more fortunate, the games at Montreal and Buffalo being played.

Only one game was played in the Tri-State League, that at York, Pa.

The postponement of the New York-Chicago contest here caused disappointment among thousands of baseball enthusiasts, as both teams are fighting for second place in the National League, so as to be in a position to dislodge Pittsburg from the leadership.

RAIN CANCELLED WINDSOR RACES

Windsor, July 23—The remaining two days of the Windsor driving races were called off today on account of the track being flooded by the heavy rains of yesterday and today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	58	23	.716
Chicago	53	28	.654
New York	47	32	.595
Cincinnati	42	46	.512
Philadelphia	35	44	.443
St. Louis	33	45	.423
Brooklyn	29	52	.358
Boston	24

CHANCES OF CANADA FOR THE KING'S PRIZE

Seven Good Marksmen From the Dominion in Third Stage for Trophy.

Bisley Camp, July 23.—C. A. P. Staff-Sergt. Steck, Truro, N. S., in the shoot off for a place in the King's prize, third stage, was successful in winning one of the two places, which were competed for by 28 others.

The total score in the third stage over the three ranges is 150, ten shots at each range. Steck can equal last year's winning score of 325 by making 140 out of a possible 150 in this stage.

There are now seven Canadians in the third stage which is shot of to-morrow.

Bisley Camp, July 23.—Sergt.-Major Huggins, Corp. McGinnes, Col-Sergt. Freeborn, Lieut. Morris, Sergt. Smith, Sergt. Blackburn, and Sergt. Steck are in the third stage of the King's prize.

Lieut. Mortimer was first in the Range prizes competition at 500 yards in the first stage of the King's prize, and won a rifle presented by the Birming Small Arms Company, and £5, Staff-Sergt. Bayles, 4th, £1; Corp. Albert Springs, 26th, £1.

In the Range prizes at 600 yards in the King's prize, Staff-Sergt. Mitchell, was 18th, winning £1; Sergt. Major Huggins, 19th, £1; Col.-Sergt. Freeborn, 31st, £1.

In the King's prize list, those who failed to get into the third stage rank are as follows: Sergt. Russell, 106th; Major Jones, 141th; Sergt.-Major Creighton, 166th; Corp. Albert Sprinks, 194th; Sergt. Kelly, 200th; and Pte. H. D. Gougeon, 230th.

Russell, Jones and Creighton win £4, Sprinks, Kelly and Gougeon £1.

It is interesting to note that the man making the highest score in the 1st and 2nd stages of the King's prize has not yet managed to win the great trophy. Canada still has a good chance to lift it.

The highest score yet made in this competition, that of 325, made by Pte. J. Gray, of the Fifth Scottish Rifles, last year, can be equalled by either Sergt.-Major Huggins, of the Thirteenth, Hamilton; or Corp. D. McGinnes, of Edmonton, if they make only 135 out of 155 at the 800, 900 and 1,000 yard ranges of the third stage. To equal this score, also Sergt. Blackburn, of Winnipeg, must make 136, and Col.-Sergt. Freeborn, of Hamilton, and Lieut. Morris, of Bowmanville, 137 each, out of 155.

Since 1888 Canadian marksmen have twice won the King's prize of £250 and the gold medal. The winners were:

1899—Private Hayhurst, Thirteenth Regiment, Hamilton.

1904—Private Perry, D. C. O. R., Vancouver, B. C.

ADVERSARY WON LIVERPOOL CUP

Dean Swift Was Second — Belmont's Horse Won the Jolliffe Stakes.

London, July 23.—The Liverpool cup, a handicap of 1,500 sovereigns, distance of one mile and three furlongs, was won by Adversary at 8 to 1, with Dean Swift at 10 to 1, second, and Hayden at 100 to 7, third. Also ran: Fair Play, Second, Procope, Queen's Advocate, Star of Doon, Menu, Tom Wedgewood, Wisemason, Maud Mackintosh, Altitude and Putchamin.

The Croxteth plate, a handicap of 100 sovereigns, distance six furlongs, was won by Golden Rod, Galleot was second, and Basil third. Eight horses started.

The Atlantic stakes were won by White Eagle at 4 to 1, with Your Majesty at 6 to 1, second, and Whirlpool at 7 to 4, third. Also ran: Primer, Red Fox, Doro, and Abanico.

Jolliffe and Sefton Plate.

Liverpool, July 23. — The Jolliffe 2-year-old stake, of 150 sovereigns, distance five furlongs, was run here today, and won by August Belmont's Fond Memories. Flemington was second and H. B. Duryea's Lespedesa third. Nine horses ran.

The Sefton plate, of 150 sovereigns, for 3-year-olds and upwards, distance five furlongs, was won bu Well Done. Black Gal was second and Bella Trix, third. Seven horses started, including H. P. Whitney's Sixty II.

LONGBOAT AND SHRUBB SIGN FOR THREE

Toronto, July 23.—At a conference last night between Alfred Shrubb and Tom Longboat, another series of three races was arranged, two here and one in Montreal. The first will be run here at Scarboro Beach, the second at the M. A. A. A. grounds and the final at the beach.

The distances were agreed upon as 12, 16 and 18 miles. The two races in three which Longboat won from Shrubb was a bitter dose for the Englishman to swallow, but he thinks he has a royal chance to regain his laurels at the shorter distances. Sol Mintz is equally as confident that the Indian will win two at least of the coming series. The dates have not been decided on, but will be arranged in the course of a few days. This series ought to attract even more attention than the memorable trio of meetings between the fleet-footed pair.

INGERSOLL SHOOTERS DEFEATED STRATFORD

Stratford July 23.—In the Western Ontario Trapshooters' League event held here today Ingersoll defeated the local team. The score:

Ingersoll—Kirbyson, 18; Partlo, 21; Staples, 20; Nichols, 18; Ianson, 16; total, 93.

Stratford—Myers, 20; Boles, 18; Aitcheson, 19; Turnbull, 22; Savage, 12; total, 91.

Majority for Ingersoll, 2.

NICK ALTROCK IS SENT TO MINORS

Chicago, Ill., July 23. — Instead of pitching a return match against his former team-mates yesterday, Nick Altrock, former Chicago American League star, left for Toledo under orders to report to the Minneapolis club of the American Association, to which club he was released by Manager Cantillon, of the Washington club, who is part owner of the Minneapolis team.

FREE-FOR-ALL TO COLLINGWOOD ROOKER

Took Five Heats to Settle Pace Event at Aylmer.

Aylmer, July 23.—Collingwood Rooker, after five heats had been paced, won the free-for-all here today.

Summary:

First race, 2:35 pace, purse $300—

Maud A., Hinds, Orillia	1	4	1	1
Long Green, Crow, Chatham	2	1	2	4
Bobs, Snyder, Detroit	4	2	4	2
Wa Wa, Leadley, Coakstown	3	3	3	3

Time—2:21, 2:24¼, 2:22, 2:25½.

Free-for-all, purse $300—

Collingwood Rooker, Reedy, Toronto	2	1	1	2	2
Flora Coffee, Pulkenhorn, Arthur	3	2	2	1	1
St. Anthony, Burnham, Perry, N. Y.	1	3	4	3	3
Reuben, Roach, Stratford	4	4	3	4	4

Time—2:18½, 2:17¾, 2:17, 2:18½, 2:19.

Third race, 2:22 pace, purse $100—

Fairview Belle, Roche, Stratford	1	1	1
Florence May, Grapentlan, Detroit	2	2	2
Molly A., White, Courtland	3	3	3
Hattie Green, Boyd, Toronto	4	4	4

Time—1:07½, 1:09½, 1:07½.

CLEVELAND BUYS A SOUTHPAW

Cleveland, Ohio, July 24. — Pitcher Boolles, of the Shreveport, La., baseball team, has been purchased by the Cleveland club and ordered to report at once. The purchase price is said to have been $2,500. Boolles is a left-handed pitcher.

GUNNER MOIR AGAIN BEATEN

Southend, Wales, July 23.—In what was to have been a twenty-round contest at the Kursal tonight, young Johnson, an American, knocked out Gunner Moir in the second round.

ADVERTISER GUESTS BACK IN LONDON

But Will Soon Leave for a Tour of the Isle of Green.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

London, July 24.—We are back in London again for a day or so, to rest before starting for Ireland. The weather continues fine, and the trip from Paris was very enjoyable. All the party were well. M.

The Itinerary.

Leave London and cross England and South Wales to Fishguard, whence steamer will be taken to Rosslare and train through Wexford and Waterford scenery to Cork.

YOUTH AND BEAUTY AT SPRINGBANK PARK

Helena Costume Employees Had Splendid Day's Sport Despite the Weather.

Yesterday was hardly a propitious day for a picnic, yet there seemed no lack of enthusiasm in the two picnics that were held at Springbank. Indeed, those who were present claim that they were among the most successful picnics of the year. The picnics were composed of the employees of the Helena Costume Company, and St. Luke's Sunday school of Broughdale.

The employees of the Helena Costume Company almost without exception took advantage of the opportunity offered by the picnic for an afternoon's enjoyment, and no amount of rain or cold could have dampened their ardor.

A very interesting series of sports was run off during the afternoon, and though the rain prevented the baseball game, which was to have been a feature of the picnic, there was no lack of amusement.

In the evening a dance was held in the pavilion. The music was provided by Routledge's orchestra, and the evening, as well as the afternoon, was thoroughly enjoyed.

The Sports.

Necktie race—Irene Clark and Alf Christie, A. McKinnon and H. Steenette.

75-yard race for boys—W. Clark, C. D. Burdick, A. Christie.

Elopement race—R. Readhead and Pearl Jones, W. Clark and Flo. McLaughlin.

Throwing ball, for girls—May Meaden, Olive Blackwell, L. Meaden.

Banana race—Tom Routledge and Pearl Jones, Charles Watters and Flo McLaughlin.

50-yard race for girls—Irene Clark, Kate Packham, M. Pring.

Roly-poly—C. Watters, Tom Routledge, J. Pollock.

Driving nails, girls—Margaret Robinson, Ethel Hill, May Watson.

Boys' obstacle jockey race—Charlie Watters and J. Pollock, R. Readhead and H. Steenette.

Girls' pipe race—C. Leitch, M. Robinson, M. Meaden.

Whistling race—W. Simpson, Harry Edwards, A. Smith.

String race—May Sullivan, Flo Cavanaugh, Pearl Jones, Kate Packham.

Relay race—The Blues, captained by W. Simpson and W. Northcott.

The Committee.

A very energetic committee was in charge of the arrangements of the picnic, and it was largely due to their energetic labors that the occasion was such a marked success. The committee was composed as follows: Misses Jack, Falconer, Oakley, McKeough, Morris, Ell, Brown, Hill, McVay, Loney, L. Meaden, Rowan, E. Brown, McKinnon, Kompass, and Messrs. C. D. Burdick, R. E. Emery, H. A. Ruth, Steenette, Readhead, Simpson and Christie.

THE LATE AARON CHILDS

Funeral Was Held This Afternoon to Woodland Cemetery.

The funeral of Mr. Aaron E. Child, was held this afternoon from his late residence, 788 Wellington street, to Woodland Cemetery, and was very largely attended. The funeral was held under the auspices of St. John's Lodge, 209a, the services being conducted by Rev. T. H. Mitchell, of the New St. James' Church, and the Masonic services by W. M. D. H. Bowen, assisted by District Deputy Grand Master J. W. Metherall. The pallbearers were V. W. Bro. J. A. Smith, W. B. John Graham, W. B. Arthur Carrothers, W. B. C. Q. Morrow, Bro. W. Shoebotham and Bro W. R. Grant. The floral offerings were very geautiful. A large number of Masonic brethren from various city lodges were present.

NEAL BALL'S UNASSISTED TRIPLE

To little Neal Ball, 5 feet 4 inches of grit and brains, a utility infielder substituting for the great Lajoie and Terry Turner of the Cleveland team, goes the joy of making baseball history.

Ball made a triple play, unassisted—the first one in the history of the big leagues.

And while the crowd was still cheering itself hoarse, standing on chairs and boxes and pounding each other madly on the back and tearing hats to pieces, this same Neal Ball, the first batter up in the beginning of the next inning, slams the first ball pitched to the fence for a home run.

When Neal Ball gets to be 100 years old, lame, rheumatic, toothless and spectacled, he will record the greatest minute of his life to be that day, at 2:23 in the afternoon, at Cleveland, O.

Four hits—a homer and a double among them—nine putouts and two assists, and the unassisted triple play—this was Ball's record for the day.

Boston was playing against the Naps. Cleveland had two runs. Boston with a man on first and second and none out, little McConnell, the hard hitter at bat, looked likely to tie the score at least.

UNASSISTED TRIPLE PLAYS IN MINOR LEAGUES.

*May 8, 1878—Paul Hines, of Providence.

Aug. 18, 1902—Harry O'Hagan of Rochester, at Jersey City.

June 10, 1904—Larry Schlafley at Portland, Ore.

Sept. 6, 1906—Murch at New Bedford, Mass.

*Disputed.

Cy Young had two strikes and three balls on McConnell. Knowing the next ball thrown would mean something doing, Wagner on second and Stahl on first started with Young's arm.

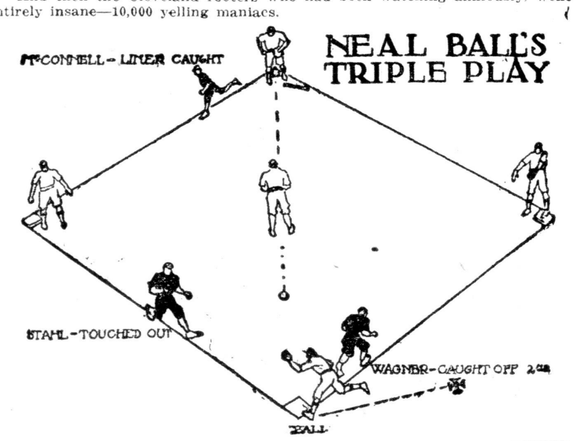
Cr-r-ack—went McConnell's bat, a furious smash over second—a clean single with one run assured.

But no—there was Ball, the substitute shortstop, dashing for it. It was too quick for him to figure it out. He just jumped blindly for the flying sphere. The ball hit the outstretched fingers of his eager glove. It stuck. One out.

He was leaping toward second base when he got the ball. One more jump, and he had touched second base. Two out.

Jake Stahl, running from first was charging into second. So quick had the play been worked that he didn't have time to check his speed. One more jump by little Ball and the ball is shoved against Stahl's ribs. Three out.

And then the Cleveland rooters who had been watching anxiously, went entirely insane—10,000 yelling maniacs.



HUGE PRIZE LIST FOR BABY SHOW

Big Event at the I. B. S. Picnic Will Be Bigger Than Ever This Year.

The baby show of the Irish Benevolent Society will be the greatest in the history of that wonderfully popular picnic.

At a meeting of the committee last night, President Ryan was tremendously pleased when the results to date were read.

The prize list will be a lengthy one, and will surely bring to the lakeside for competition "a hundred yards of kiddies."

No less than eighteen special prizes are already offered, and in addition, there are very many splendid prizes which will go as consolation awards, so that no child that is placed in competition will go away empty-handed.

The Prize List.

Among those who have given prizes are the following:

Hon. Adam Beck, gold locket and chain, for the best baby boy.

Mrs. Beck, gold locket and chain, for the best baby girl.

Ex-President Denis Mason, three silver cups.

Ex-President Dr. John D. Wilson, special prize, for twins.

Gleeson Bros., silver spoon and handsome Rogers knife.

J. B. Smallman, special prize.

Dr. A. J. Wyckoff, silver cup.

Ex-Ald. Thomas Gillean, silver cup.

Fire Chief Aitken, silver cup.

A friend, 20 packages of tea.

R. Hookaway & Son, 25 pounds of flour.

Ex-President T. J. Murphy, special prize.

Dr. A. V. Becher, special prize.

Mr. George Norton—Special prize.

Mr. Ed Shea—Special prize.

And there will be many more prizes before the list is completed.

The Distribution.

Such an array of prizes kept the committee busy last evening working out a plan to properly distribute them.

It was decided to enlarge the scope of the show, and there will be prizes for kiddies between 1 and 2 years of age, in addition to prizes for youngsters under 1 year. This, it is thought, will add greatly to the interest of the show and increase the entry list.

The judging will take place on the heights, and not on the beach as heretofore. It will be a great show, and will undoubtedly attract a large crowd.

The judges have not been officially selected, but it is expected that some very prominent men will officiate.

Those present at the meeting last evening were Mr. E. J. Carty (chairman), Capt. T. J. Murphy, Fire Chief Aitken, Harry Merritt, President Ed Ryan, and others.

ALLEGED FRAUD CASE UP AGAIN MONDAY

Louis Mandelburg Is To Be Given a Chance to Secure a Lawyer.

Louis Mandelberg appeared before Acting Magistrate J. H. A. Beattie at the police court this morning on a charge of fraud laid by Morris White, who alleges that Mandelberg obtained $75 from him by fraud. The case was laid over until Monday in order that Mandelberg may secure a lawyer. Two young women, who acted in a disorderly manner on the street last night were allowed to go.

ST. MARYS' DEEP WELL NOW DOWN 3,050 FEET

Has Not Yet Struck Oil or Gas of any Account—Crops Look Well.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

St. Marys, July 24.—Mrs. W. H. Judd, Water street south, who has been visiting friends in Hamilton, returned home Friday, and was accompanied back by her sister-in-law, Mrs. Geo. Beauchamp, and two children, of Hamilton.

Mr. George Wood, of Hamilton, was here this week, and attended the funeral of his aunt, Mrs. John Roxborough, of Downie, which took place at Avonbank on Wednesday last.

The crops in this district never looked better. The haying is about complete, and the harvesting of fall wheat has started.

The North American Oil and Gas Company, which had drillers put down a well on the Ruthig farm, two miles up the River Thames, to a depth of 3,050 feet, did not strike any oil, and only had a slight touch of gas, but not sufficient to be of any commercial value. It is rumored that the company will put down another well a few miles northeast of St. Marys. Gas and oil experts say one well is not a sufficient test for oil or gas in this district.

Miss Florence Dixon, of Toronto, is visiting her aunt, Miss A. Dixon, St. John street, East Ward.

An engineer of the hydro-electric power commission held a consultation meeting with a committee of two council and water, light and heat commission in reference to Niagara power matters on Thursday evening.

A west ward young man was up this week before two magistrates, and sentenced to two years,' less one month, to the Central Prison for beating his mother. It is reported that he is to be let go under suspended sentence on condition of future good behavior.

A $6,000 wing is to be built to the present Collegiate Institute building, as the present structure is overcrowded, and if this addition is not built the Collegiate Institute would probably lose a Government grant of $1,000. The $6,000 is to be raised on a 30-year debenture loan.

There is a rumor of another large flour and feed store to start in business in town.

The board of works is having Queen street, from A. Beattie & Co.'s to Peel street, macadamized. It was a muchneeded piece of work.

The general public are clamoring for the North Midland Electric Railway to come from London to St. Marys.

MR. SAMUEL WOODS IS SERIOUSLY ILL

Well-Known South Londoner Suffers an Attack of Heart Failure.

Mr. Samuel Woods, of 162 Wharncliffe road, South London, is lying at the point of death at his home as a result of an attack of heart failure, which he suffered yesterday afternoon while at work at Carling's brewery.

For some time Mr. Woods has had trouble with his heart, and had been advised not to exert himself at all. He went to work, however, yesterday, and was overcome, and had to be removed to his home in the ambulance. Later he became unconscious, and has remained so ever since. His death is expected to occur at any time. Mr. Woods is secretary of the Orange Lodges of the city, and on Orangeman's Day joined in the parade, although warned by the doctors that the result might be fatal.

GEORGE M. WEBB PASSES AWAY

Former Mount Brydges Man and a Well-Known Horseman.

DIED AT CHESTNUT HILL

A Suburb of Philadelphia—Relatives in Westminster—Warm Friend of Dr. Routledge.

George M. Webb, manager and trainer for E. T. Stotesbury, of Philadelphia, and one of the most widely-known horsemen in America, died yesterday at Chestnut Hill, a suburb of Philadelphia.

Mr. Webb was born at Mount Brydges, and was always an expert judge of horses, and early made a name for himself as a trainer.

About 25 years ago he went to Winnipeg to engage in the livery business. For ten years he lived there, and then moved to Philadelphia to take charge of Mr. Stotesbury's stables.

Purchased Sweet Marie.

It was Mr. Webb who purchased the famous mare Sweet Marie for Mr. Stotesbury for $14,000, and he established a light wagon record with her of 2:02½. On several occasions he visited the largest horse shows in England with prize horses belonging to his employer. While in England a short time ago his health failed, and he returned home. About a week ago Dr. Routledge, who was a warm friend of Mr. Webb, received a letter stating that he was very ill. Dr. Routledge left at once for Philadelphia, and only arrived home on Thursday.

Westminster Relatives.

Mr. Frank Shore, of White Oak, and Mr. Hardy Shore, ex-reeve of Westminster, are relatives, and in addition, deceased had a brother in Ridgetown, and two sisters, Miss Annie Webb and Mrs. McKenzie, of Petrolea. The brother and sisters left yesterday to attend the funeral, which is being held this afternoon to Ivy Hill Cemetery, Philadelphia.

ALMOST A TRAGEDY AT PORT STANLEY

Canoe Upset and Two Young Ladies Thrown Into Water —Timely Rescue.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Port Stanley, July 24. — A canoeing party, consisting of Misses Kate and Mabel Bristol, and Messrs. George Storey and Adrian Prouse, had an unpleasant experience at Port Stanley, last evening, when their canoe upset near the end of the pier. The young ladies very pluckily caught the canoe as soon as they came up, and hung on, while the young men swam at the side and attempted to tow the canoe in. Owing to the strong wind they were unable to make much headway.

Mr. Bert Nichols, of Finlay & Glover's store, who was on the pier, and saw the accident, jumped into the water, and swam to the assistance of the party. With his help the canoe was safely towed in. The young women were very numb and exhausted, from their long stay in the water, but will suffer no bad effects.

MANY REST SEEKERS AT PORT STANLEY

List of Those Enjoying Life at London's Favorite Summer Resort.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Port Stanley, July 23. — Miss Gladys McPherson, of Hill Crest, entertained at 5 o'clock tea last evening in honor of her guest, Miss Hilda Newman, of Toronto.

Miss Winnie Robinson, St. Thomas, was the hostess at a private dance at the club house last night.

Ralph Brown, of St. Thomas, is visiting Will Haight at Indiana Cottage, Hill Crest.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. McPherson, Mrs. D. B. Haight and Miss G. Ellison motored to London today.

Mrs. T. J. Hanafin and family, of London, are rusticating at The Ramblers, on Willow Beach.

The Misses Stanley and Osborne, of London, have returned home after summering on Orchard Beach.

Stanley McDonald, of London, was an Orchard Beach visitor yesterday.

The Misses Rose Merrett, Lily Merrett, Lottie Bryan and Mabel Ferner, of London, are spending a week or so at Mrs. Depotie's, Willow Beach.

Miss May Colgrove, of Winnipeg, spent a few days with friends at the home of Mrs. Depotie, on Willow Beach.

Miss E. J. Lang and Miss Fletcher, of London, are the guests of Mrs. J. A. Croden at Uneedarest Cottage, on Orchard Beach.

Mrs. E. A. Smith and Miss Belle Smith, of Shady Nook, Orchard Beach, left this morning for Seattle.

Miss Ruth Stevely, of London, is spending the week-end with the Misses Greer, at Broadview Cottage, Orchard Beach.

Miss Jessie Bell, of Hill Crest, is indisposed.

Miss Lillian Morrison and Miss Maude Rumians, of London, have returned home after a pleasant visit with the Misses Keene, at Shady View, Erie Rest.

Chas. Keene and Wm. Ward, of Erie Rest, have left for Snake Island on a fishing tour.

Misses Jean and Florence Crawford, of London, have left for Vancouver, B. C., where they will join their father and in future reside.

Mrs. S. Read, Mrs. D. L. Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. Lamont are the guests of Mrs. Adkins and Mrs. Gillies at Mablehurst Cottage, Erie Rest.

Miss Marguerite Bowman, of 625 Wellington street, London, is spending the week-end with the Misses Bowman at the Bugalow, Fraser Heights.

Needed Improvement.

R. N. Price has dug a flight of steps in the pathway leading from his cottage to Hill Crest. They will be very convenient for cottagers.

Wilfred Keene, son of Henry Keene, London, who is summering at Why Not Rest Cottage, Willow Beach, while running barefoot in the long grass stepped on a rusty hatpin. It entered the sole of his foot and went clear through coming out through the instep. Dr. Mothersill dressed the wound.

Hill Crest Visitors.

F. W. Daly and family, E. B. Banks, Miss E. A. Kompass, Miss J. Y. McLean, Miss A. McKennon, Miss Rose McKennon, Mr. H. G. Harper, Mrs. N. M. Gray and niece, Lily S. Jarvis, Mrs. Margaret Clark and daughter Mildred, Mr. E. H. Nelles, Miss M. H. Smith, Miss R. Nelles, all of London; Mr. Alfred Taylor, Cobalt; Mr. T. A. Reynolds, London; Mr. R. S. Williams, Rev. T. Alfred Fleming, Mr. J. W. Robertson; Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Brice, St. Thomas.

At Erie Bank.

The following visitors are registered on Erie Bank property, in Erie Bank Grove: Cotocus Camp contains Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Flaherty, Mr. and Mrs. William Noble, Wm. Noble, Jun., Bertram Noble, the Misses Alice and Hazel Noble, William Boughner, all of St. Thomas. Summer Rest Camp: Mrs. Brazier, Miss Mary Brazier and Wm. Brazier, of London. On Erie Bank Beach: Ayr Cottage—Mr. and Mrs. Walter Percival and daughter Helen, Mr. and Mrs. Haslett and family, all of London. Arran Cottage has been leased by the Rev. William J. Mortimer, of Kia Ting, West China, for the rest of the season. Aberfeldy Cottage—Mrs. A. J. Miller, of New York; Mrs. R. Miller and the Misses Minne, Theresa and Edith Miller, George Miller, the Misses Sarah and Agnes Leakey, of St. Thomas. Shamrock Camp—Ed. McKey, Roy Wright, Roy Burridge, of London. Souter Camp—Staff Capt. and Mrs. Crichton and family, of London, S. A.; Miss Crichton, of Selkirk, Scotland. L. Glen Rowley, of St. Thomas; Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Kilner and family, of St. Thomas; Donald Campbell, Miss Violet Campbell and Miss Varna Boss are visiting at Erie Bank House; W. A. Gough, of London, in Erie Bank Grove.

George M. Grimmond has all his cottages, house and grounds lit by electric lamps this season.

The house that Wm. Green is building on Sydenham street for Wm. Grimmond is nearing completion.

Mrs. George A. Moore and daughters, Mrs. Cannom, are at Croft's cottage, Erie Bank.

Miss Winnifred Brown, the Misses Westland, Mabel Avery, Carrie Toon and Rose Johnston are visiting at Mrs. Bolt's Preston Cottage, Erie Bank.

Clarence Archer, of London, is visiting Wilfred Keene on Willow Beach.

BIG TANK COLLAPSED AT PORT STANLEY

Hill Crest Residents Left for a Time Without Water.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Port Stanley, July 24. — Shortly after 8 o'clock this morning the big tank which supplies Hill Crest at Port Stanley with water collapsed, owing, it is thought, to the high wind. No damage was done. For the time being it is necessary to secure the water supply from the village in pails.

New Cheese Factory.

On Aug. 1 a new cheese factory, known as the Gold Creek cheese factory, will open on con. 5, in North Lobo. The new factory will be built of cement and is most modern in every way. Mr. George B. Brodie has been secured as cheesemaker. The directors of the company are Messrs. John Campbell, John McLachlin, Colin McKinley, A. J. Campbell and Peter Lamont.

AIR SHIP TRAVEL

First International Exposition Will Be Held at Frankfort-on-the-Maine.

The first international airship travel exposition will be held at Frankfort-on-Maine, Germany, from July 10 till the end of October of the present year, in a hall specially built for this purpose, being the largest hall in the entire world.

At this exposition there will be represented some of the great dirigibles, motor-balloons and also a great number of well-known and successful flying machines. The well-known airship of Count Zeppelin, the enlarged balloon of Major Parseval, the flying machine of Wright, Farmann, etc., will have the principle attention of all those interested.

Numerous models will show the modern and ancient construction of airships.

There will be many objects concerning air-travel instruments for meteorology, motors for airships, propellers, etc.

LONDON AND CANADIAN

Souvenir Jewelry

ENAMELLED BELT BROOCHES—Dominion, Ontario and British coats-of-arms, fine hard enamel ..... 60¢

ENAMEL BELT BROOCHES—Dominion, Ontario and British coats-of-arms or Maple Leaf Shield, from ..... $1.25 to $3.50

ENAMELLED BELT BROOCHES—Translucent enamel, maple or oak leaves, wonderfully realistic coloring ..... $3.00 to $4.50

BROOCHES, from ..... 25¢ to $1.00

DRESS PINS—Enamelled in Maple Leaf designs, ... 40¢ to $1.25

SCOTCH

STERLING SILVER HAT PINS—Immense variety, from ..... 40¢ to $1.25

STERLING SILVER BROOCHES..... 25¢ to $3.50

CORAL

BROOCHES, NECKLETS, RINGS, SCARF PINS AND BRACELETS.

MOSAIC JEWELRY

LONDON SOUVENIR SPOONS..... 60¢ to $3.00

PERFUME BOTTLES, silver deposit $1.25

BUTTER DISHES — British oak, silver-plated mounting and knife $1.25

John S. Barnard

170 Dundas St., London

At the same time, with the several aims of the exposition, there will also be many amusements, airship tournaments, games, with the aid of the ships, etc.

Exposition visitors will have an opportunity to fly by means of motor-balloons in the environs of Frankfort, and to be present at the various airship flying competitions for which there are many valuable prizes.

A visit to the exposition will not only be very important, but also very interesting, and the management are using the help of the Esperantists. The Frankfort Esperantists for that will have a public office in the exposition.

CHANGES IN HUMAN FORM.

The tailors and shoe dealers of London have accumulated some interesting statistics on the change in the figures of men and women. According to the tailors there are two new types of men; that is, as regards their figures. One is the man who plays a great deal of golf, or indulges largely in other forms of outdoor sport; this man is growing taller and slimmer. On the other hand, the man who has given up walking and horseback riding for the motor car is becoming prosaically fat; during the last two years there has been such a waist development that the makers of ready-made clothing have been forced to add an extra half inch to the waists of trousers. For the athletic type of man the average chest measurment is 38 inches, with waist of 34; while the motoring man, though shorter, demands a 36-inch waist.

As for the ladies, it is a delicate subject, but the dealers feel the truth must prevail, and they reluctantly admit that their customers' feet are much larger than they used to be. Two years ago the average was No. 4, and No. 2 was kept in stock; this latter size has now been given up, and No. 8 has appeared, while the average has increased to No. 5. If this has been accomplished in two years, who can guess the changes to come?—Boston Globe.

NEW CITY 1,000 YEARS OLD.

Budapest, whose front is circled with lights like a crown, whose hills rise dark and feathery above the river, whose parliament buildings run along the bank and are second to none but Westminster—Budapest, bright, flashing, gay, beautiful, modern and rich, ardent and executive, close-built and amalgamative—blender of peoples—is the product of only a few decades, and yet at its last exposition it celebrated its thousandth birthday. Pest, to the right of the river—for the cities are twin and divided by the Danube—Pest dates back to 1200, and Buda was the Ofen of the Romans. Buda climbs up the opposite hill, today magnificently new, but sown round with green crumbling walls that mark the passing of the original founders, whose painted galleys came up the Danube from the Black Sea. The twentieth-century civilization, sharply new and powerful, must for a moment be brushed aside, and the Buda of mediaeval times put in its stead.—Harper's Magazine.

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool July 24.—Wheat—Spot, No 2 red western winter nominal. Futures steady; July, 9s 5½d; September, 8s 5⅝d; December, 8s 2½d.

Corn—Spot steady; new American mixed (via Galveston), 6s 2½d. Futures quiet; September, 5s 6d; October, 5s 6¾d.

Flour—Winter patents firm, 36s.

Hops (in London)—Pacific coast steady, £2 8s to £3.

Beef—Extra India mess dull, 90s.

Pork—Prime mess western firm, 95s.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, quiet, 53s 6d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 36 to 30 lbs, firm, 61s 6d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, steady, 63s 6d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, firm, 64s; do, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, firm, 63s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, firm, 59s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, firm, 63s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, firm, 53s 6d.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, firm, 59s; American refined, in pails, firm, 58s 6d.

Cheese—Canadian finest white steady, 57s; do, colored, steady, 58s.

Tallow—Prime city steady, 28s 6d; Australian (in London) firm, 32s 1½d.

Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 55s.

Rosin—Common steady, 8s 3d.

Linseed Oil—Firm, 25s 9d.

Cottonseed Oil (Hull refined)—Spot steady, 24s 9d.

Wool-growing, so far as the Commonwealth of Australia is concerned, has long been the foremost of the pastoral industries, and its golden yield has been of more importance than gold itself. The total value of the Commonwealth's wool output in 1906 was about £23,000,000, the whole of which, except 1½ per cent retained for home manufacturer, was exported.

BRIAND SUCCEEDS IN GATHERING MINISTRY

Will Carry Out the Policies of Clemenceau's Government.

ISSUES A MANIFESTO

Will Endeavor To End the Strife Between Capital and Labor.

Paris, July 24.—After a day of conferences Aristide Briand succeeded in forming a new French ministry, and officially announced the success of his endeavors to President Fallieres at 10 o'clock last night. The new cabinet is made up as follows:

Premier and minister of the interior and of public worship, M. Briand.
Minister of justice, M. Barthou.
Minister of foreign affairs, M. Pichon.
Minister of finance, Georges Cochery.
Minister of education, M. Doumergue.
Minister of public works, posts and telegraphs, M. Millerand.
Minister of commerce, Jean Dupuy.
Minister of agriculture, M. Duau.
Minister of labor, M. Viviani.

The portfolios of war and navy will be filled today. These have been offered respectively to General Brun and Admiral Boue de la Payrere, and both are expected to accept.

The post of under secretary of posts and telegraphs, which was held by M. Simyan, whose resignation was demanded during the recent strike of postmen and telegraphers by the socialists, will be suppressed. An under secretaryship of finance will be created, and the office given to Mr. Renault. M. Dujardin-Beaumetz will remain as under secretary of public instruction and beaux arts.

A Republican Cabinet.

M. Briand had considerable difficulty in appeasing the appetites aroused by the Radicals, who charged him with being a socialist by the statement. "I intend to complete the work of the Clemenceau cabinet, and carry out the wishes of the president, and form a Republican cabinet, committed to Republican policies."

A ministerial declaration which was formulated and unanimously accepted by the members of the new cabinet, contains an important statement, indicating that the cabinet is committed to an attempt to end the war between labor and capital, which has disturbed France for so many years.

An official note says this declaration after quoting the famous remark of M. Waldrek-Rousseau, "Capital must work and labor possess," insists upon the necessity of an alliance between labor and capital, and the avoidance of every cause of conflicts; the members of the cabinet regardless of their political affiliations, resolve, with the aid of parliament, to ameliorate the moral and material well-being of the workers as far as in their power lies, but that the accomplishment of this end will depend upon the support of the workers themselves; that the latter must give security to capital or otherwise undertakings will be abandoned and the economic development of the country arrested.

MINERS STRONG LEADERS

Splendidly Organized in Fight Against the Coal Company.

Glace Bay, N. S., July 24.—As the battle between the Dominion Coal Company and the U. M. W. of America continues the executive and organizing ability of the strike leaders is being demonstrated in remarkable manner. Favorable comments are being heard from many who have no direct interest in the strike, but are watching closely every move made by the company and the men. Inspired with the hope that their efforts will bring to the miners of Nova Scotia improved working conditions the leaders of the strikers are working night and day to meet every demand made upon them in the present situation.

Subordinating every private interest for the good of the miners these men are working with one end in view and that is to compel the Dominion Coal Company to recognize and negotiate with the U. M. W. To facilitate the enormous amount of business that has to be transacted, a quorum of the International executive board have taken up their temporary residence in Glace Bay, and when important details connected with strike policy have to be decided the necessity of communicating with headquarters at Indianapolis is obviated. Big outlays of money have to be made from time to time, and the men in the forefront of the battle are clothed with full authority to sanction such expenditures.

LOCKJAW TAKES TWO MORE VICTIMS

Port Huron and Sebewaing Boys Pay Penalty of Fourth.

Port Huron, Mich., July 24.—Earl Straffon, 16 years old, of Peck, is dead of lockjaw. The boy came to Port Huron to celebrate on July 3, bought a toy pistol, shot twice into the air and sustained a flesh wound on the hand.

Tetanus developed and the lad's death followed Thursday. He was the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Straffon.

Sebewaing, Mich., July 24. — The 15-year-old son of Fred Damm, of Windsor Township, is dead of lockjaw, as a result of an injury from a firecracker on the Fourth of July.

IMPALED ON A PIKE

Workman Meets Peculiar and Instantly Fatal Accident.

Winnipeg, July 23. — Robert McBride, a workman employed on the N. T. R. at Dot Siding, met almost instant death under peculiar circumstances last evening. He was standing on the back of a work train, holding a pike in his hand, when the train suddenly gave a lurch, and he fell on the point, which penetrated his body under the right arm. He died a minute later

COLONEL ROOSEVELT TO FIGHT TAMMANY

Ex-President May Enter Fight for Mayoralty of New York.

Paris, July 23.—John S. Wise, jun., of New York, who is now visiting in Paris, says that Former President Roosevelt just prior to his departure from New York on his African hunting expedition, promised him and other Republicans in New York that he would return in time for the mayoralty campaign. Mr. Wise says he has not given up the hope that Mr. Roosevelt will head the mayoralty ticket in New York this autumn.

New York, July 23.—The views of John S. Wise, jun., as cabled from Paris today, on the possibility of Former President Roosevelt entering the New York mayoralty campaign this fall are in line with a report circulated here last spring and again within the past few weeks. Col. Roosevelt's friends in the local Republican ranks have long had him in mind as a candidate provided he can be induced to lead the fight against Tammany. They believe he possesses sufficient strength among the independent voters and even in the ranks of Tammany Hall itself to make him the most formidable nominee that could be put in the field.

A HEAVY SENTENCE FOR SLUGGER SHEA

Ex-Labor Leader Sent to the Pen for Brutal Attack On a Woman.

New York, July 23.—Cornelius P. Shea, the former president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, who was found guilty on Wednesday of attempting to murder Alice Walsh, a former Chicago waitress, whom he had brought here, was sentenced today to not less than five, nor more than 25 years in prison.

"Your services for humanity are urged here in your behalf," said the court, "because you have been active in the affairs of organized labor. There is a prejudice against organized labor because such men as you dominate it with your brutal methods and your coarse, offensive personality, and a part of the community has come to look upon organized labor as being composed of brutes, and securing their victories by brutal methods. But that is all wrong. I believe I am helping the cause of organized labor by ridding it of one such as you, and sending you to state prison."

Personal Mention

Mr. Frank Englehart, of Mountain Home, Idaho, who has been the guest of his sister on Elizabeth street for the past week left today to visit in Dutton and Wardsville.

Miss Mae Clark, of West London, has just returned after three weeks' visit with her relatives in Detroit.

Mrs. James Hill, of Westminster, wishes to thank all the friends who were so kind to her sister, the late Mrs. James Newman.

Winnipeg Free Press: Mrs. J. M. Edwards and family, 201 Balmoral street, left for the east on Saturday on a two months' tour, going by way of the lakes to Sarnia, will visit London, Hamilton, Niagara Falls, Toronto and Ottawa.

Mr. Robert Scott, divisional superintendent of the Grand Trunk, Montreal, was in the city yesterday.

Miss Marguerite Marvin, of New York, is visiting Mrs. S. Stevely.

Master Fred Wright, of this city, is spending his holidays at Port Stanley with his brother Roy.

Miss Edla Cambridge, of this city, has returned home after spending a few weeks in Detroit with relations.

Mrs. Angus Buchanan, of this city, has returned home after a two weeks' visit with relatives in Detroit.

Miss A. Feddersom, of Detroit, is holidaying with her cousin, Master Willie O'Dell, of Ellas street.

Mrs. John Cambridge, sen., of this city, has returned home, after spending a month's holidays in Detroit with her daughters, Mrs. W. Johnson and Mrs. A. Cambridge.

Miss Clara Johnston is spending a few days at Brantford and Hamilton.

Rev. J. J. Brown left today for a month's visit at Collingwood and Parry Sound.

W. H. Mills left this week on a trip to Chicago and Winnipeg.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Summers and their daughter, Miss Ethel Summers, and Mr. L. Phillips sailed this week with a party of their American friends for an extended visit to Paris and Southern France, where they will remain for an indefinite time.

Rev. R. Whiting, the pastor of the First Methodist Church, is starting for Muskoka on Monday. He will be there through the month of August. Rev. A. L. Farrill, B.A., of St. Catharines, will preach while Mr. Whiting is away.

Mr. and Mrs. Richardson and daughter have returned to their home in Strathroy, after spending a few days with Mrs. Dundas, Dufferin avenue.

Miss Ella Neville and Mr. James Neville, accompanied by Miss Julia Lamphier, are visiting friends in Detroit and Flint.

Miss Lillian Lyttle, of Toronto, formerly of London, is visiting Mrs. I. Thomson, 552 Central avenue, London, and Mrs. T. Byrnes, Woodbine Cottage, Erie Rest, also Miss Grace Brock, of Port Stanley.

Mrs. H. E. Bates, of Cleveland, Ohio, is on an extended visit at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Jackson, White Oak, Westminster.

COL. ROOSEVELT AND KERMIT

Distinguished Sportsmen Close Ten Days' Successful Hunt.

Nairobi, British East Africa, July 24.—Col. Roosevelt and his son Kermit arrived here this morning from Naivasha, thereby bringing to a close a successful ten days' hunting tour on the south shore of Lake Naivasha from Captain Attenborough's ranch.

R. J. Cunningham, the British field naturalist, is expected to reach here tonight. Major Mearns and Professor Loring still remain at Naivasha.

The expedition will leave here Aug. 5 for the Kenya province.

BRIAND SUCCEEDS IN FORMING A STRONG FRENCH CABINET

Paris Press Skeptical Regarding Its Duration—General Impression Is Favorable But the Socialists Are Alarmed—The Money Interests Are Especially Gratified.

Paris, July 24.—M. Briand today definitely succeeded in forming a new cabinet to succeed the recently resigned Clemenceau ministry, his offer to General Brun and Admiral De Lapayrere to take the portfolios of minister of war and minister of marine, respectively, having been accepted. The new cabinet is made up as follows:

Premier and minister of interior and public worship—Aristide Briand.
Minister of War—Gen. Brun.
Minister of Marine—Admiral De Lapayrere.
Minister of Justice—M. Barthou.
Minister of Foreign Affairs. — H. Pichon.
Minister of Finance—Geo. Cochery.
Minister of Education. — H. Doumergue.
Minister of Public Works, Posts and Telegraphs—M. Millerand.
Minister of Commerce—Jean Dupuy.
Minister of Agriculture—M. Ruau.
Minister of the Colonies—M. Trouillot.
Minister of Labor—M. Viviani.

Press Opinion.

The Paris press seems skeptical regarding the duration of the new cabinet, but the general impression is favorable. The moneyed interests are especially gratified at the disappearance of M. Caillaux from the finance ministry.

The Socialists manifest consternation at the fact that the portfolios of war and marine go to professionals, but the courage of M. Briand in placing the national defense in the hands of a general and an admiral is considered the best guarantee that the abuse of politics, which has caused so many evils in the army and navy, will be eliminated. Admiral de Lapayrere has been maritime prefect at Brest and is considered an able administrator.

The forecast of the ministerial declaration regarding the necessity of a coalition of capital and labor strikes a welcome note in the newspapers, who are inclined to give the ideas disseminated by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who twice saw Minister of Labor Viviani, while here, a large share of credit for the inauguration of this policy.

Train Was Held Up In New Jersey

Middletown, N. Y., July 23.—When Erie train No. 47 arrived in this city at 2:30 o'clock this morning, the trainmen reported that a daring holdup had taken place on board the train between Jersey City and Paterson.

When the train left Jersey City there were attached to it two cars partly filled with emigrants, bound for the far west. Two men entered the first car of emigrants shortly after the train had come out of the Bergen tunnel. One of the men stood with his back to the door of the car, and held a revolver pointed down the car, while the other man called out for the emigrants to hold up their hands or they would be shot.

The emigrants apparently thought that this sort of thing was customary, for they made no effort to resist, but handed out their valuables as the holdup man walked down the aisles. After securing considerable money, watches and other valuables the holdup men left the car as the train was slowing up for Paterson. It is supposed that they jumped off at this point.

After the train had left Paterson the emigrants succeeded in making the conductor and trainmen understand what had taken place. They were very much excited, and those who had been robbed wept piteously. It was almost impossible to get any description from the emigrants, but it is believed they were foreigners.

POSSESSED OF MANIA TO BURN HIS STORES

New York Merchant Confesses to Being a Firebug and Goes to Jail.

New York, July 24.—James Hunter Wright was sentenced to one year in Sing-Sing on his own confession to arson. On July 5, Wright walked into the office of District Attorney Jerome and said his conscience hurt him, and that he wished to be punished for having set fire to his art store on upper Broadway on Dec. 26, 1905. He was indicted for arson in the third degree, and he expressed gratification when the prison sentence was imposed.

When Wright confessed he was arraigned in the Tombs court, and the magistrate was the only public official who raised a doubt as to the man's sanity. Wright himself asserted he was sane, yet he goes to a convict's cell for a crime which offered no profit, and for which there was no motive, except that contained in the man's explanation that "Business was bad and I wanted to try something new."

Wright did not have a cent of insurance on his stock on the Broadway store. He was in partnership with a man named Harvey, and Wright said his partner never suspected the truth. From Wright's story to the district attorney he was a firebug for more than a year. He said he went from this city to Providence, R. I., and there opened a store, only to burn it within a few months. He did the same in a small town in Quebec. Then he went to Spokane, Wash., and again set fire to his store. Next he settled in Amesbury, Mass., and again when he had been in business a few months applied a match to it.

Wright then returned to this city, and went to live with Alexander Fisher, a friend, in the Twenty-third street address.

WOMAN SHOOTS TWICE AT BURGLARS

Wife of Port Huron Lake Captain Tackles Midnight Visitor.

Port Huron, Mich., July 24.—When her screams for help failed to bring assistance, Mrs. Henry Huyser, wife of a well-known lake captain, determined to protect herself and fired two shots from a 32-calibre revolver through the front door of her home at a burglar who had made three attempts to force an entrance at midnight Thursday. While it is thought that the man was not hit, there being no blood found, the act had the desired effect, for there was no sign of the burglar when neighbors, attracted by the shots, appeared at the house.

Mrs. Huyser, who is a determined, middel-aged woman, was just preparing to retire when she heard the man trying to cut the screen in the rear door of the house. She promptly screamed "Murder" at the top of her voice and the fellow fled. He returned in a few minutes, however, and started operation at a different point, trying to force the door of the coal-bin, in the woodshed. Again Mrs. Huyser's calls for help drove him away, but none of the neighbors heard, and the plucky woman decided that it was time to make a more determined resistance.

She secured her husband's revolver and when the would-be burglar tried the front door she opend fire. Mrs. Huyser was alone in the house at the time, her husband being with his boat.

The Lake Route to Western Canada.

The most attractive route is via the Grand Trunk Railway System, Northern Navigation Company across Lakes Huron and Superior, and Canadian Northern Railway, Port Arthur to Winnipeg and the west, offering the best possible railway service and a "fresh water sea voyage" beyond comparison

KING'S PRIZE OF $1,250 STAYS IN ENGLAND

Corp. Burr, of Old London Rifle Brigade Wins Trophy at Bisley

London, July 24.—The King's prize of $1,250, a national rifle association medal and a gold badge, the principal trophy competed for by marksmen of the British empire at the National Rifle Association meeting at Bisley, was won this afternoon by Corporal H. G. Burr, of the London Rifle Brigade, with a score of 324 out of a possible 355.

Lieut. Beatty, of the Transvaal, won the silver medal, and Corp. McQue, of the Argyle-Sutherland Highlanders, the bronze medal.

The shooting conditions were ideal, and the number of Canadians and South Africans qualifying in the last stage of the King's prize, was unusually large. At the final long ranges, however, they did not show the same marksmanship that they displayed earlier in the shooting.

Corporal Burr tied for the King's prize in 1901, but lost in the shoot-off.

A RECORD SITTING AT DIVISION COURT

Fifty-Nine Cases Were Considered By Judge Elliot.

There was a record sitting of the division court yesterday, when 59 cases were considered by his honor Judge Elliott. They were mostly minor cases only two of them being of any interest.

Peter H. Frank vs. Trueman Ormond. This was a dispute over the sale of a horse made by the defendant. The horse was blind, and had several other defects, and the plaintiff claimed that he had bought the horse under a guarantee that it was sound.

The defendant on the other hand, claimed that he had specified these defects, and had merely said that other than these there were no defects that he was aware of. A good deal of veterinary testimony was introduced, but his honor finally decided to reserve judgment on the ground that he did not know of any guarantee of the horse.

Susan Cartiledge brought an action against Mrs. George Cartiledge to recover $2 a week wages which were claimed as due Susan Cartiledge.

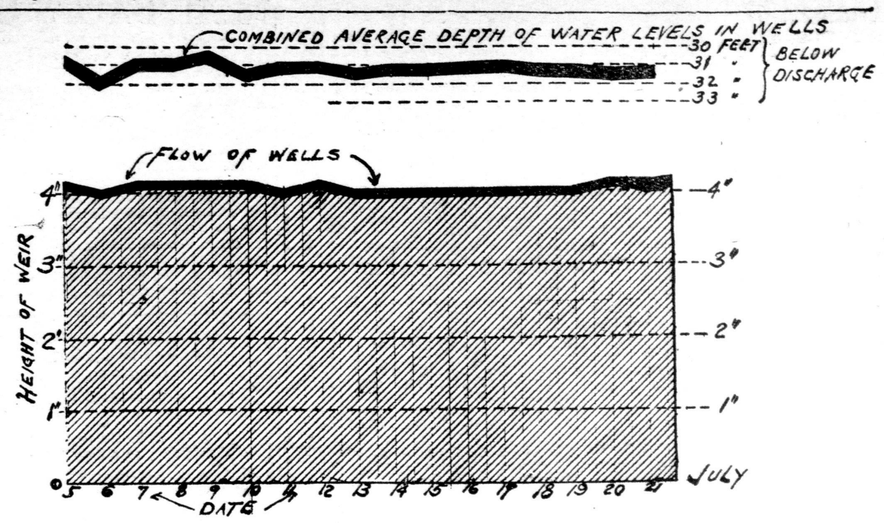
Mrs. George Cartiledge claimed that she had taken her son and his wife and two children to stay with her, paying her son $5 a week for work done. The son, however, thought that his wife should be paid also and so the action was entered.

His honor held that there was no agreement to pay the wife, and so non-suited the case.

GRAND TRUNK SHOPS NEED GOOD MEN

Supt. Treleaven Says He Stands in Need of Twenty-Five Carpenters at Once.

"I want 25 good carpenters as soon as I can get them." Superintendent Treleaven, of the Grand Trunk carshops told The Advertiser this afternoon. "The men will have steady work all through the winter and good pay. During the week I have been taking on several men, but now I can take on 25 good carpenters any time they apply. Our force at the present time is over 400, and we are working full time. I expect a very busy season and also expect lots of work during the winter."



The Flow of the Artesian Wells

This diagram shows the flow of the wells and the water levels based on the reports of Mr. Norris and the representative of the water commissioners.

The top line shows the average water levels taken during the pumping of the wells. It can be clearly seen that the depth varies but little. If the wells were pumped beyond their capacity, or showed signs of the water giving out, there certainly would be some evidence of the loss of water from the wells. The flow is practically constant as can readily be seen by studying the diagram.

The lower diagram gives a vivid protrayal of the workings of the wells. On the diagram is shown the date, and the average flow over the weir on that date.

By close examination it will be discovered that on only one or two occasions did the supply drop below four inches at the weir, but in the majority of instances it went above.

These figures are sworn to by Mr. W. Norris, and cannot be reasonably disputed.

MANY ENTRIES FOR THE BOWLING TOURNAMENT

List Up Till Three o'Clock Today Totalled 86.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the entry list for the W. O. B. A. bowling tournament numbered 86.

There are many more yet to come, and there is no doubt the number will reach over 100.

Several London rinks are entered and they will swell the total.

Strathroy has five rinks, skipped by D. C. Ross, M. P. P., F. C. Hughes, H. Pope, A. P. Malone, and R. J. Thompson.

Berlin is sending four, with Billy Euler, J. A. Hagen, W. E. Wettlaufer and C. Carrick as skips.

Aylmer also sends four, with Dr. Fear, Newman Booker, Mr. Christie, and E. A. Caughell as pilots.

Brantford is sending two rinks, skipped by Dr. Wiley, the winner of the Labatt trophy, last year, and J. Wade.

Toronto will be represented by nine rinks, including Billy Smith, of the Victorias; J. S. Willison, A. O. Hurst and W. A. Strowger, of the Canadas; Vern Meek, George See and Dr. Riches, of the Rusholme Club, who are making their first visit to London; Parkdale, T. B. Peake, St. Matthews, and others.

Dr. English is bringing the first Hamilton rink to London since 1898. The quartette should be a good one.

"There will be many more by night," said Jimmy Tytler. "They are coming in fast, and we are certain to have a good tournament. Few of the old faces will be missing, and many more new ones will be present."

Southampton and Long Branch, Toronto, and Brampton are among the new clubs sending representatives.

GREAT WESTERN FAIR

Active Preparations for the Big Show Are Now Going On.

Active preparations are going on at Queen's Park under the supervision of Mr. James H. Brown for the coming exhibition in September. In order that everything at the grounds may be in readiness several workmen have been engaged for weeks repairing and building. The pens in the sheep and swine building were in very bad condition, and all have been rebuilt. The old steps to the horticultural and agricultural buildings have been replaced by new ones. Painters have been engaged for days cleaning the interior of the horticultural building, and when completed it will present a fine appearance. Contractor McDonald will soon have his large contract in connection with the amusement platform and grand stand completed, which will certainly make one of the best equipped in the country. In the main building a bronze rail has been placed in the art gallery, and twelve extra large glass cases purchased for the display of china, fancy goods and ladies' work. At the general offices entries are coming in quite freely already, and everything indicates a wonderful success this year.

All information will be promptly given regarding any department of this great exhibition on application at the general offices, Richmond street.

WATFORD.

Watford, July 23.—Miss M. Gascoyne, Brooklyn, N. Y., was the guest of Mrs. Wesley Clarke this week.

Miss Jennie Moore is spending her vacation with friends in Ingersoll and Woodstock.

Miss Florence Lovell, Highgate, is spending her holidays at her home here.

David Watt is visiting friends in Detroit.

Mrs. C. W. Cook, Toronto, is the guest of H. A. Cook.

Mrs. (Dr.) Smith and two daughters, Mitchell, are visiting Mr. M. McLeay.

R. C. McLeay and family returned Thursday from Hillsboro Beach, where they spent the last four weeks.

C. H. Hathaway, Palmerston, is the guest of Geo. Chambers.

Mrs. E. Kelly and daughter Mildred, Winnipeg, and Miss Gladys Butcher, St. Marys, are guests of Mrs. M. A. Lawrence.

Mrs. George Patterson, Seaforth, is visiting her niece, Mrs. H. A. Cook, of Main street.

Miss Lena Houle, Port Huron, is a guest at the Roche House.

Rev. W. J. Ford and Mrs. Ford are visiting relatives in Belleville.

Bishop White, of Honan, China, left here Thursday for England, and will spend some time in that country when he will return to Canada. Mrs. White and little daughter Mary are visiting Mrs. White's mother, Mrs. C. Pethybridge, St. Clair street.

Miss Loretta Roche is visiting her sister, Mrs. Langan, Kankakee, Ill.

Fred Seaman, Washington, D. C., is spending his vacation at his home here.

J. F. Elliott is spending a couple of months in Winnipeg.

The hour was divided into sixty minutes because no other small number has so many divisions as sixty. It can be divided by 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 12 15, 20 and 30.

A HANDSOME CAR FOR G. T. PACIFIC

Is Now Under Construction in the East End Shop.

One of the handsomest cars ever manufactured in America is under construction in the Grand Trunk Pacific. The new car is of beautiful design, and will be used as a combination pay car and private car for official purposes. Its fittings are most luxurious, and the cost will amount to several thousand dollars. The new cars will be shipped as soon as possible.

(Special to The Advertiser.)

North Bay, July 24.—The eastbound C. P. R. freight collided with a work train last night at Coldwater 172 miles east of Port Arthur. Albert Brennan, of Biscotasing was instantly killed.

An engine and several cars were wrecked.

A STRIKE LEADER LEAVES GLACE BAY

The Dominion Coal Company's Output Still Increasing.

Glace Bay, N. S., July 23.—From an output of 8,900 tons recorded at 4 o'clock this afternoon, the officials of the Dominion Coal Company were certain tonight that the output for the day would go into five figures. Dominion No. 1 is now producing about as much coal as at any previous time in its history. The total figures for today from this mine were close on 2,200 tons, and Manager Maxwell is now getting within 200 tons of this colliery's record.

The company have now formed somewhat different opinions of the amount of coal a man is capable of producing a day. The men now at work are working their hardest, and tales of men making ten, twelve and fifteen dollars a day are in circulation, which do not make any too pleasant reading to the man who is living on $2 a week strike allowance.

The departure of International Vice-President McCullough from Glace Bay has aroused a lot of interest. Mr. McCullough did not grant any interviews, stating where he was going and when he would return, but it is learned that he has left the province.

GUNS OUT AT STRIKE

Serious Labor Troubles at Big Kenosha, Wis., Plant.

Kenosha, Wis., July 23. — Two men were shot and possibly a score of others were injured by sticks and stones during a riot at the strike-bound plant of the N. R. Allinson Tannery Company here today. The small police force was only a handful compared to the strikers, and was able to do little.

Governor Davidson was appealed to for troops, and ordered two companies of militia to hold themselves in readiness, but he said he would await further details before issuing the final order for the troops to move.

Violence began with an attempt to open the plant today, and after the company, it is said, had refused to treat further with a committee of strikers demanding higher wages. The first shot is said to have wounded a striker. It is alleged to have been fired by one of the deputies guarding the plant. Two deputies were badly beaten with clubs and sent to a hospital.

The sale of firearms has been prohibited, but many of the strikers are known to be armed.

The present trouble seems to be the culmination of a long series of labor troubles at the plant.

CODLING MOTH AT WORK

Ruins Peach Crops in Some Parts of Pennsylvania.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 24.—Not more than a fourth of a crop of peaches and one-third of a crop of apples will be gathered this year in Pennsylvania, according to information received at the state department of agriculture. State Zoologist Surface estimates that the loss to the apple growers this year will amount to $1,000,000.

"This will be due mostly to the codling moth," said Prof. Surface. "The inspectors of the department say that nearly 95 per cent of the apples of the state have been stung or are wormy. The drought is responsible for some of the shortage to the apple crop, but the moths have damaged most of the apples that did develop."

The peaches of the state also will be small in number. The pear crop will be almost an entire failure this year.

BATTLESHIP AGROUND.

Harwich, England, July 24. — The British protected cruiser Blenheim grounded on a sandbank while entering the harbor this morning. The position of the warship is not serious, and it is said she will be floated at the next tide.

THE TRAGIC DEATH OF A NAVAL OFFICER

Struck by Lightning While Taking Meteorological Observations.

Christiania, Norway, July 24.—Captain Engelstad, of the Norwegian navy, met a tragic death by lightning today.

He was taking meteorological observations during a thunder storm and when he happened to touch the wire holding the copper wire attached to the kite, which was a thousand yards high, he was struck dead on the spot.

Captain Engelstad was a prominent officer of high scientific attainment. He was to have commanded the polar exploration ship Fram on the coming Amundsen polar expedition.

CLINTON.

Clinton, July 23.—This week is noted for Sunday school picnics to Bayfield. The following is the order: Presbyterian on Tuesday, Episcopalian Wednesday, Ontario Street Methodist on Thursday and Baptist on Saturday.

Rev. Dr. Stewart is enjoying two months' holidays in the Province of Quebec. Mrs. Stewart will spend part of the time in Belleville.

Miss Stella Anderson has returned to her home in Toronto.

Norman Joliffe and his sister, Miss Ruby, are holidaying at Grimsby.

Mr. Miller, one of our citizens, who has a couple of fine farms a short distance from town, disposed of 42 exceptionally good cattle on Wednesday afternoon.

Miss L. Gibbings has returned after a month's visit in Peterboro.

John Moffat and wife, of Dundas, are spending a few days with relatives here.

Mrs. Armour, who has been visiting Mrs. B. Cluff, has returned to her home in Chicago.

C. J. Wallis will leave for Weyburn Sask., next Tuesday with a carload of horses.

W. E. Duncan and wife have returned from a visit to their parents in Brussels.

Mr. Charles Twitchell is spending a few days in Woodstock.

Miss Emily Cutler has gone to Burke's Falls, where she will spend several weeks.

The Misses Trealeaven, of Lucknow, are the guests of their brother, J. W. Trealeaven.

WARNS GIRLS.

Toronto, July 23.—In this morning's police court, the magistrate announced in future he would punish severely all white girls brought before him charged with frequenting Chinese places of business or resorts, and he gave two more girls six months in the Mercer for a warning.

ANTI-ALCOHOLIC CONGRESS.

London July 24.—The twelfth International Anti-Alcoholic Congress, which has been in session at the Kensington town hall, concluded its labors this afternoon. The congress has accepted the invitation of Queen Wilhelmina, of the Netherlands, to hold the next congress at The Hague in 1911.

DR. SPITZ'S AXE.

Geneva, July 24.—The ice axe of Dr. Spitz of Baltimore, who was killed by an avalanche in 1870, was found today at the bottom of the Bossoni's glacier at Chamonix. The axe bears the name of Dr. Spitz.

FAMOUS EXAMPLE OF SYMPATHY

The Edgewell Oak, in the grounds of Dalhousie Castle, is a famous example of the sympathy of the vegetable world with human death. Scott, recording in his Journal a visit to the castle in 1829, mentions seeing "the Edgewell Tree, too fatal, says Allan Ramsay to the family from which he was himself descended." It was believed (says a writer) in the neighborhood that a branch always fell from this oak when a member of the family died, and apparently the fall of the original tree early in the eighteenth century did not break the sympathy. For a new one sprang from the old root, and it is upon record that as lately as 1874 an old forester, seeing a branch fall from this on a still day, cried, "The laird's deed noo!" News of the eleventh Earl of Dalhousie's death soon followed.—Scottish American.

Elm bark, cloves, oilbanum, putchuck, sandalwood dust, garoo, laka, anise seed, musk, orange peel, galango, dried ginger, sapanwood, rhubarb, myrrh, cassia and camphor enter into the composition of Chinese incense.

One of the newly-elected members of the Oregon Legislature announces his intention of introducing at the next session a bill making it a crime to shoot any person under the belief that such persons is a deer or a canvass-back duck.

ELLA GINGLES TO BE DEPORTED

Doesn't Want To, But May Have To Go Back to Ireland.

Chicago, July 23.—Ella Gingles, the young Irish lace maker, who was acquitted of stealing lace and who told a sensational story of torture and "white slavery," may be deported, steps to that end being now considered. Miss Gingles protests strongly against being sent back to her native country.

As the words "not guilty" left the clerk's lips when the verdict was announced he was interrupted by handclapping and exclamations of delight by the women who sat on the benches.

Judge Brentano pounded with his gavel.

"Stop that. Sit down. I will not permit any demonstration in this court," he thundered. "Mr. Clerk, let us hear the rest of the verdict."

The clerk finished reading it, while Miss Gingles turned artlessly and found herself in the arms of the women, who appeared to be frantic with exultation and oblivious of the fact that the jury had gone out of its way to deny her vindication on the score of veracity in the story about which the sensation of the trial centred.

Judge Brentano formally excused the jurors and they filed to the clerk's desk to get their pay vouchers. A member of a woman's club whispered to Ella, and the girl met the jurors one by one and demurely shook hands, saying "Thank you."

"We'd have done it anyway, little girl," said one gallant of the jury while other and graver jurors admonished her.

Jurors Admonish Girl.

"Be a good girl, Ella," they said.

"Don't get into any more trouble."

"Remember, now, and be good."

The women also shook hands with the jurors and thanked them. Then the bailiffs cleared the court and in the mixed crowd of court attendants Ella Gingles was swept from the courtroom and out to the street. The women were swirling around her and talking at such a rate of speed that it was difficult to get in words edgeways while striving to keep from being overturned in the friendly melee.

They were calling for Attorney O'Donnell and demanding to know his whereabouts. A group of women ran west to Clark street with Ella to meet him at the corner. In the meantime, Ella looked over her shoulder and repeatedly stated that she was "glad."

Persons who had been in nearby saloons were attracted by the noise. They wedged themselves among the women who were shaking hands and showering blessings upon O'Donnell, and offered maudlin advice to Ella. Desperate photographers waved tripods over their heads and struggled to escape from the crowd.

The happiest man of all was the watchman of the criminal court building, who said he felt like giving thanks because the case was over.

"In Hands of Friends."

Late in the evening Ella was found at Mrs. Brem's house. She was asked about a statement made by Attorney O'Donnell earlier in the evening intimating that she was to be deported to Ireland.

"I am in the hands of my friends," she said. "Before I plan my own future I shall do something about Miss Barrette's future. Were I on my deathbed I would tell the same story I told on the witness stand."

"Are you tried out by the experience in court?" asked the reporter.

"O, I could have stood it a week longer if necessary," answered Ella brightly.

Psychological Puzzle.

The case of Ella Gingles in the minds of students of psychology has taken rank with the puzzles presented by Inga Hansen, who three years ago caused wide dispute as to whether she was shaming paralysis, following a street car accident; Viola Larsen, discovered by the police to be a dreamer of dreams, and other characters occasionally found in legal records.

In the recital of stories thoroughly understandable only to psycopaths, the case of the Gingles girl surpassed the testimony given by Evelyn Nesbitt Thaw in the trial of her husband, Harry Thaw, for the murder of Stanford White in New York. In the volume of testimony and the expense of the trial, the girl is believed to have established a record in petty cases—the actual charge against her having rested in an indictment accusing her of stealing two pieces of lace valued at a comparatively small amount.

It has been estimated that the cost of the trial may total $10,000, while the time consumed was considerably more than has been occupied in the hearing of some notorious murder cases, the jury having been impanelled for eighteen days before casting its vote for the acquittal of the defendant.

Heaviness at Pit of the Stomach

A FEELING OF UNEASINESS BEFORE AND AFTER MEALS IS QUICKLY CURED WITH NERVILINE.

Nearly everyone gets an occasional attack of indigestion and knows just what that heavy feeling means in the stomach. "I was subject to stomach derangements and my health was seriously hampered on this account. After meals I belched gas, had a weighty sensation in my stomach and over my left side. The first relief I got was from Nerviline—I used it three times a day and was cured. I continue to use Nerviline occasionally, and find it is a wonderful aid to the stomach and digestive organs."

NERVILINE RESTORES WEAK STOMACHS

The above letter comes from Mrs. P. R. Stetson, wife of an important merchant in Brockton, and still further proof of the exceptional power of Nerviline is furnished by A. E. Rossman, the well-known upholsterer of Chester, who writes: "Let everyone with a bad stomach use 'Nerviline,' and I am sure there will be few sufferers left. I used to have cramps, rumbling noises, gas on my stomach and severe fits of indigestion. Nerviline was the only remedy that gave me relief, and I found it so entirely satisfactory that I would like to have my letter of recommendation published broadcast in order that others may profit by my experience."

You'll find a hundred uses for Nerviline—it's a trusty household remedy that sells to the extent of a million bottles per year—that's the best proof that it must cure and give unlimited satisfaction. Refuse anything offered in place of Nerviline, 25 cents per bottle, five for $1. All dealers, or The Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

ATLANTIC SHRINKING

C. P. R. Liner Makes the Fastest Trip of the Season.

Montreal, July 23. — "Friday, July 16—Breakfast in London, dinner in the Mersey.

"Friday, July 23—Luncheon in Quebec, dinner in Montreal."

The above are extracts from the diaries of passengers by the Empress of Ireland, which docked at Quebec at 9:30 a.m. today, having left Liverpool at 6:40 p.m. Friday last, and having come via Cape Race. This is the fastest trip made by any steamship from Liverpool to Quebec this season, although the Empress of Britain is not much behind her sister, the Ireland, and it well illustrates how the Atlantic, which used to be so wide, is year by year shrinking, and drawing Great Britain and Canada ever closer.

An Atlantic voyage used to be a matter of great uncertainty. Now one can plan as well as if the whole journey were performed by train. Passengers who came over on the Empress of Ireland reached Montreal early this afternoon, and dined here, and those for the west will be speeding to their various destinations by the evening trains.

Seven and a half days from Liverpool to Toronto, Hamilton and London, eight days to Chicago, nine days to Winnipeg, and less than twelve to Vancouver, is certainly "going some."

TAFT'S TARIFF BILL

Looks Now as if Revision Would Really Be Downward.

Washington, July 23. — It is likely that the tariff bill will be reported to the House and Senate early next week. The points in controversy in conference have narrowed down, and an agreement is expected to be reached by tomorrow night.

Indications are that President Taft will be successful in effecting substantial reductions of duties on raw materials, and will probably add two or three of them to the free list.

That President Taft will sign the tariff bill, and if it is approved by both Houses, is generally believed, although there continues to be a lot of talk about an executive veto in the event that his entire programme is not adopted.

The most obstinate point of contention is the paragraph relating to the duty on hides. There was a report tonight that the conferees had agreed to postpone a vote on the hide paragraph until Monday.

After the conclusion of the conference Senators Lodge and Crane were sent for, and the two Massachusetts senators had a long interview with Senator Aldrich and Senator Smoot.

The senators from Massachusetts are the most ardent advocates of free trade, and they were still confident that with the aid of the President they will be able to have hides placed on the free list.

It was made clear to the senators that if the duty was removed from hides that it would be necessary to submit to sweeping reductions in the duties on boots and shoes, sole leather and all other leather products.

This information was not very agreeable to advocates of free hides, and it is the understanding that they want to confer with the boot and shoe manufacturers before giving a final answer.

There is not much doubt that the conferees could agree on a report on nearly every other controverted point if the hide question was out of the way.

BREWER ON INCOME TAX

Supreme Justice Sees in It Power to Destroy Vitality of the States.

Milwaukee, July 23.—"But now, after the hue and cry of a day, we must have the privilege of income taxes by the Government. Supposing that law passes, as I presume it will, and Congress sees fit to levy income taxes on all the income received from substantial, direct personal property and real estate, what will the states do in case they need large sums of money for their own revenue?

"The power to tax, as John Marshall said, is the power to destroy. If once you give the power to the nation to tax all the incomes you give them the power to tax the states, not out of their existence, but out of their vitality."

David J. Brewer, justice of the supreme court of the United States, used these words today in addressing the members of the Association of Agents, Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, this morning:

"When George Washington in his farewell address cautioned this nation against going into needless debt, and when he advised that whenever it should become necessary, by reason of wars, to pay as promptly as possible, not casting an unjust burden upon posterity, I believe he stated a political and philosophical truth which ought never to be ignored.

"Since the Spanish war we have not reduced our national debt. Indeed, we are now talking of adding to it, owing to the unwise ambition of political leaders and of the President who rejoiced to speak of 'me and my fleet' and piled up millions of dollars in expenditures for ironclads that will rust before they ever do a thing for this country. The example of the United States is being followed by many states."

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Ottawa, July 23.—Five thousand dollars damage by fire was caused to the store of William A. Smith at Gatineau Point this morning. The family had a narrow escape from death, having to get out through an upper window clad only in their night robes. A volunteer brigade saved the Imperial Hotel adjoining.

ALFONSO ABETTED A SECRET MARRIAGE

Romatic Story of the Alliance Between Spanish Prince and Protestant Princess.

Paris, July 24.—The details surrounding the romantic marriage of Prince Alfonso of Bourbon-Ortons to Princess Beatrice of Saxonburg, which cost him his position as a prince of the royal house of Spain and his career in the Spanish army, have become known.

They reveal the fact that King Alfonso, instead of refusing his consent to the marriage, as was reported by Madrid dispatches to have been the case, favored and actually advised the prince to marry her secretly, gave him a leave of absence for that purpose and personally intervened by telegraph with the Bamberg ecclesiastical authorities, in whose diocese the marriage took place, to procure a dispensation for it.

This story was obtained from the prince's own lips by friends a few days ago in Munich, where the couple are spending their honeymoon.

Prince Alfonso and Princess Beatrice first met on the occasion of King Alfonso's marriage to Princess Ena of Battenberg, in 1906. The prince fell desperately in love with the princess and proposed marriage; but Beatrice refused him.

Both the queen and the queen mother, knowing of the prince's infatuation, espoused his cause, and sought to induce Beatrice to relent. The princess, however, declared that she never would change her religion, but finally when she had no objection to rearing her children as Catholics, the queen mother replied:

"Then there is not the slightest difficulty to the union. I always said that if I had had a second son he should have married a Protestant." She added that she herself had Protestant ancestors.

Later at La Granja, King Alfonso formally asked the hand of Princess Beatrice for his cousin, and when Beatrice, on that occasion raised the question of religion, his majesty said:

"I give you my word of honor there will not be the slightest difficulty."

The prince then again proposed and was accepted.

Premier Maura said the marriage of an infante of Spanish to a Protestant could not take place on account of the difficulties it would cause the Government.

Princess Beatrice, because of her friendship for Queen Victoria, said she would give up the prince, who asserted that he intended to marry the princess regardless of consequences.

King Alfonso declared that even if the constitution prevented him giving official consent to the marriage without the approval of his ministers, he, as Alfonso of Bourbon would do all in his power for the couple.

Princess Beatrice then departed from Madrid and Prince Alfonso, upon the advice of the king, went to see Pope Pius and asked for a dispensation for a mixed marriage, which neither was granted nor actually refused.

When the prince graduated from the military school at Toledo, July 12, he immediately volunteered to go to the front, as the war in Morocco had broken out. King Alfonso granted the prince a three-days' leave of absence before going to Melilla and urged him secretly to marry Princess Beatrice, declaring that he would wire the Bishop of Bamberg to grant a dispensation.

Prince Alfonso arrived in Coburg, July 15, and the civil marriage took place that morning. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon the priest at Coburg received a telegraphic dispensation from the bishop at Bamberg and at 3:30 p.m. the Catholic ceremony was performed. The royal decree of the degradation of Prince Alfonso followed.

The prince again has wired King Alfonso asking him to be allowed to go to the front. The Infante Eulalie, the prince's mother, who is here, is almost prostrated over the ruin of her sons' career, as she knew that both the Spanish and British royal families were in perfect sympathy with the marriage.

A SHOWER OF COINS.

Washington, July 23. — "Joe," the best-known and most popular of the newsboys about Congress, woke up yesterday afternon from his siesta on the sunbaked steps of the capitol to find that while he slept it had rained pennies and nickles all over his small person.

As he sat up, coins dropped from his hands, his forehead, his cheeks, his nose, and when in amaze he leaped to his feet they showered also from his body and even from his chubby legs.

He doesn't know yet that Senator Crane, of Massachusetts, happening to pass by while the child slept, sprinkled him all over with the coins.

GEM THIEVES MUM.

Ottawa, July 23.—Conrad, Woods and Howard, who lifted $8,000 worth of gems at a Sparks' street store, were remanded in the police court today here until Thursday. They are the right men, but they refuse to tell what has become of the gems. A fourth who escaped has probably gotten away with the booty, however.

FIRST A COLD, THEN PNEUMONIA OR CONSUMPTION

How often you hear it—"just a cold," but if followed by another cold, or some extra exposure, it is liable to result in nasal catarrh. Unless a radical cure is obtained, the throat, bronchial tubes and finally the lungs become affected. Nothing cures colds so quickly and pleasantly as Catarrhozone. The inspector of mines for Nova Scotia, Mr. Neville, says: "Catarrhozone is the best remedy I have ever used. It cured me of a catarrh of the head and throat, and I am pleased to recommend such a satisfactory remedy." Catarrhozone is a safeguard against colds, coughs and catarrh. It can be used while at work, in the church, theatre or street cars. Simply inhale Catarrhozone and it cures. The dollar outfit of Catarrhozone invariably cures, smaller size 50 cents. All dealers or the Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ontario.

THINK DOMINION A GRAND COUNTRY

Women's Council Delegates Were Amazed With Magnitude of Canada.

Toronto, July 23. — The C. P. R. express from Detroit, due in Toronto at 8:20, arrived an hour late this morning, carrying 98 delegates to the International Council of Women, who are passing through the city on the way back from the Pacific coast. There was a marked difference in the reception tendered them today and that accorded them some weeks ago, when the council was still new in the minds of Toronto women. This morning only Mrs. Willoughby Cummings and a few of the faithful struggled through the cold, grey drizzle and kissed the raindrops from the cheeks of the travellers.

Toronto will be the breaking-up point for the rear guard of the council. Some will go home via New York, others via the Thousand Islands and Montreal, while a few will visit Muskoka and other Ontario summer resorts for a few weeks before crossing the ocean.

In spite of the dull grey arrival and the fatigue of a long journey, the delegates were in good spirits and full of enthusiasm about the wonderful things revealed to them by the Canadian west.

Frau Stritt, the able and accomplished German lady who won so many friends during her stay in Toronto, was delighted with her journey.

"Oh, your great, beautiful country!" she said to a reporter. "Its size fills me with wonder. And the prairies—I never get tired looking at them and marvelling at their vast expanses. We had a splendid time in British Columbia, which has such a pleasant climate. We were not long in Seattle, but we enjoyed our journey back through Chicago and Detroit.

"We Germans had no idea that Canada was such a big place."

"Perhaps you will send an army over and take some of it away from us?"

Frau Stritt smiled at the suggestion, and looked as though she would be willing to accept a portion of the conquered country.

Miss Chrystal Macmillan, the suffragette who debated for four and a half hours before the judicial committee of the House of Lords last November, was another enthusiast.

"Perfectly beautiful!" she said. "I have had one of the most delightful journeys of my life. The breadth of the prairies and the size of the mountains were especially gratifying."

Miss Macmillan spoke well of the reception tendered the delegates in Seattle.

EXILES IMPRESS EXILES

Force Russians to Assist in Effecting Passage Across Strait.

Seattle, Wash., July 23.—A special cable from Nome, Alaska, gives information concerning the means by which the Russian political exiles who are believed to have successfully landed in Alaska, effected a passage across Bering Strait, from East Cape, Siberia.

According to information given the authorities at Teller, York and Port Clarence, small towns in Alaska, opposite East Cape, by fifteen deported Russians, captured when attempting to re-enter Alaska, the exiles forced them to assist in seizing boats from the natives and to aid them in crossing the strait.

On July 1, a Russian steamer, the Vladivostok, landed 300 Russians at Nome. Half of them were paupers and were ordered deported. Customs Inspector Beegle also fining the steamer $1,000. The steamer carrying the deported Russians left Nome July 9, going at once to East Cape. Upon arriving there the paupers were put ashore. Immediately, according to the tale told by the men now under arrest, they were impressed by the 20 exiles, who had escaped from the Yakubk district, 1,500 miles west of East Cape in March, and were forced to assist in seizing native boats in which to cross the Bering Straits.

PLAN OWN BURIAL

Undertaker and Wife Constructing a Vault in Solid Rock.

Norfolk, Va., July 23. — Elijah L. Cox, undertaker, and his wife, although in perfect health and comfortably well off, are making preparations for their own burial. They are having installed in Magnolia Cemetery a granite vault to weigh 48,100 pounds, the builder of which says, so far as he has been able to ascertain, will be like only one other in the world, and that one is in Scotland.

The vault will be hewn of solid rock, and will be sealed with a piece of stone so massive that no dozen men will be able to move it. The interior will be made so that it can be divided into two separate chambers by a huge slab, and on the lid will be set a bronze plate, bearing such inscription as may be chosen by the survivor.

Cox, whose business is to bury other persons, conceived the idea of the strange vault for himself and wife several years ago. He discusses the plans for the burial of himself and his wife in the most matter of fact sort of way. He and Mrs. Cox are nearing the three score mark.

MUCH READ IN U. S.

Books of Rosa Carey Were Widely Popular Across Border.

New York, July 24.—Rosa Nouchette Carey, whose death in London was briefly noticed in Tuesday's dispatches, was in her day one of the most popular of the lighter novelists, not only in her own country, but in the United States, where her books were in large demand. She was born in Londonq, the daughter of William Henry Carey, and was educated in the Ladies' Institute, St. John's Wood.

Her career as a novelist began in 1868, and she immediately won success, but the work that brought her the largest fame was "Robert Ord's Atonement," which appeared in 1873. Nearly all her books were love stories, but blended with the plots were excellent descriptive passages, pictures of English life, especially in the country, and skillful character drawing.

Apart from the novel mentioned, her best known books were "Nellie's Memories," "Queenie's Whim," "Barbara Heathcote's Trial," "Wooed and Married," "Wee Wifie," "Heriots Choice," "Not Like Other Girls," "Pasti Lyndhurst," "Mrs. Romney," and "Only the Governess."

EMMA VISITS EARLE

The Anarchist Entertained at Affinity Castle.

New York, July 18.—Emma Goldman, the anarchist, has been a recent guest at the summer home of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, the artist-socialist-poet, near Monroe, Orange County, New York. The countryside is interested in the event, as it is with everything connected with Earle, more particularly just now because Mrs. Julia Kuttner Earle, for whom the artist put away his first wife, has asked the courts for a divorce.

"What! Miss Goldman?" said the artist, after he had left his hammock on an upper balcony and unbolted the front door of his castle. "She was merely a visitor. Incidentally she sat for me in my studio, and I made a couple of color studies. Here they are," he added, as he led the way through luxuriosly-furnished quarters to a large room, hung with tapestries and a ton or so of ancient armor, in which he places his brushes.

"What do you think of them?" he asked proudly.

Two small portraits seemed to prove that Miss Goldman had taken on avoirdupois during recent months. Earle evidently thought it best to curtail the discussion and confidences.

"What is all this talk about, anyhow?" he demanded. "More gossip, I presume. All I care to say is that I entertain such visitors as I desire, and Miss Goldman's visit here covered but a few days. I have not seen her since. So far as I know she now is in New York city. I think you would better talk to my attorney, for I have nothing to say about marriages or my personal affairs."

FUND FOR INFIRM PRIESTS

Archbishop McEvay Discusses Important Questions With His Clergy.

Toronto, July 24.—During the recent retreat of the Roman Catholic priests in St. Michael's College, his grace Archbishop McEvay discussed a number of important matters with them. One of the chief subjects was to establish a fund to maintain infirm priests.

His grace Archbishop McEvay explained the purpose of the meeting, and invited the priests to discuss ways and means whereby the necessary funds could be procured. A committee consisting of Fathers Hand, Canning, Moyne and Dean Morris, were appointed to levy an equitable tax on the different parishes, and report to the priests at a future date.

He suggested that they forward the old records and official records of the various parishes to Dr. Kidd, who would place them in the diocesan vaults for safe keeping and future reference. He took occasion of the Irishtown fire to caution them as to the care to be exercised in matters pertaining to the insurance of the church property and advised them to choose reliable companies in preference to those which are not yet established on a solid financial basis.

He laid down the general principle that non-Catholics desiring to contract marriage with Catholics should undergo a course of instruction to the end that they might at least know and understand what the Catholic Church believes and teaches. He concluded by reminding the priests of the high dignity of the priesthood, and of the consequent duties imposed upon them in looking after the welfare of the church. "We must be men of work and men of prayer," said his grace, "and me must never forget that our own sanctification is the first and most essential condition for the sanctification of the flocks committed to our care."

Priests desiring to become members of the Eucharistic League were requested to hand in their names to Father O'Leary, of Collingwood, and the general purposes of this society were warmly commended.

ONTARIO'S FRUIT BELT

Thousands of Crates Shipped Daily From Niagara Peninsula.

Beamsville, July 24.—Up-to-date this fruit season, the average number of crates, which include strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, and currants, that have found their way out of the district, comprising the Jordan, Beamsville, Grimsby and Winona localities, have been from 3,000 to 6,000 per day. The average number of baskets going hinges around 4,000. These include tomatoes, beans, peas, currants, cherries, and peaches.

This fruit has been distributed in all directions from Toronto to the sea, and as far west as Winnipeg.

Prices altogether have been firm, and if anything a little stiffer for the grower than last season. There is a fair probability of their remaining so in all lines.

Growers are now well started on the raspberry crop, which promises a good yield. The big end of the tomatoes comes next, along with the Lawton berries and the first peaches, pears, and harvest apples. Now that prospects can be fairly realized, there is only one bad blot on the coming harvest in the Niagara district, and that is the oat crop. It is from bad to indifferent, and the yield and straw will hardly be worth cutting in most places. This grain is, however, beginning to head thinly a few inches from the ground.

DISREGARDED RULES.

Toronto, July 23.—Mrs. Edith Burfield was charged in the police court this morning with disregarding the quarantine regulations of the health office, when her house at 1305 Dufferin street was quarantined on account of an alleged case of scarlet fever. It however appeared that the fever case was reported by a student who was assisting a city doctor, and who had not then been admitted to practice, although he has been since. Mrs. Burfield had three experts in fever cases ready to testify there was no scarlet fever in the house at all, but when the magistrate learned the standing of the party who had declared fever he promptly dismissed the case.

Startling Reductions in

Summer Furniture

This is the last week we will offer these goods at these prices

11 Hammocks reduced to cost.

65 Wire Hammocks, regular $4.00, this week.... **$1.75**
(These can be left out and will not rust.)

33 Veranda Rockers and Chairs..... **$1.25** to **$15.00**
(At factory prices.)

A few Verandah Tables also to be cleared out at cost.

85 Red Settees, 3 feet long, made especially for outdoor wear. To clear at ..... **95¢**

Go-Carts, Automobiles, Speeders, Wagons, Velocipedes

Special 20% discount on these goods. They are made by the best makers, and we have the largest stock to pick from in the city.

WATCH OUR EAST WINDOW FOR BARGAINS.

The Ontario Furniture Co

228-230 Dundas Street

LONDON'S LARGEST HOMEFURNISHERS.

BOYS SOAPED RAILS START RUNAWAY CAR

Which Clashes Into a Crowded Trolley, Fatally Injuring Three Persons.

New York, July 23. — Mischievous boys soaped an inclined track on the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system in Brooklyn last night, causing a heavily-loaded flat-car to slide off and crash into a trolley car.

Three persons were so badly injured that they will die, and twenty others were hurt.

There was a panic among the passengers, who were on their way from Coney Island. Men, women and children fought their way out of the wreck, and it was only by good fortune that the casualties were not greater.

Mrs. Mary McLaughlin, 67, of Brooklyn, was taken to the hospital with a compound fracture of the skull, and a compound fracture of the left leg. She will die.

Miss Evelyn Fulton, 28, of Newark, N. J., had a broken skull, a fracture of the right arm, and a fracture of the right ankle. The chances for her recovery are slight.

Motorman Ashley, who pitched forward when his car struck the flat-car, had a fractured skull, and his right arm and right leg were broken. He may die.

TYPHOID MARY" IS PERSECUTED

Miss Mallon Claims Doctors Keep Her in New York Pesthouse on a Bluff.

New York, July 22.—"I lived a decent, upright life under the name of Mary Mallon until I was seized by the health department of the city of New York, two years and four months ago, locked up in a pesthouse and rechristened 'Typhoid Mary,' the name by which the world has ever since known me."

Dramatically raising her hands, Mary Mallon opened her lips yesterday to tell the story of her incarceration in the pesthouse on North Brother Island, although she has never been sick a day in her life.

The confinement of two and a half years, which by the refusal of Justice Erlanger last week to release her, seems to indicate the life she will live until she dies, has little changed Mary Mallon from the stout, jovial cook who was loved by the children in every family in which she was employed. She is still jovial, and, if anything, a little stouter. She is still loved by the children, for, in spite of the fact that the health department swears she scatters typhoid bacilli everywhere she goes, Mary Mallon is permitted the freedom of the island, and the doctors are glad to have her nurse the children who are there with every kind of contagious disease.

"All the water in the ocean wouldn't clear me from this charge, in the eyes of the health department," Mary says. "They want to make a showing; they want to get credit for protecting the rich, and I am the victim. It is a huge bluff, and nothing more. Dr. Soper, in his report which brought me to where I am, mentions seven or eight cases where typhoid occurred in families where I had worked. He did not mention the families I worked for in which there was no typhoid.

"Will I submit quietly to staying here a prisoner all my life? No! As there is a God in heaven, I will get justice, somehow, sometime. A few more years of this life and I will be insane. The doctors and nurses often come to see me and eat meals in my room which I have cooked. Does that look as if I carried death with me everywhere I went?"

APPROVED THE MURDER.

London, July 23.—A. F. Horseley, printer of the Indian Sociologist, who recently was arrested on the charge of publishing a seditious newspaper, the avowed object of which was to support the Indian Nationalist movement for the liberation of India from oppressive alien rule by the use of physical force, today pleaded guilty and was sentenced to four months' imprisonment. The Indian Sociologist is owned and edited by Krishnavarma, who is now a refugee in Paris. The paper openly approved of the murder of Sir William Wylie and Dr. Lalcaca July 1 by Madalari Dhinagri.

CATTAPANI ELECTS.

Toronto, July 23.—Count Cattapani, who is charged with an abominable offence, appeared in the police court this morning, and elected to be tried by a jury. No evidence was heard.

PETER'S DEATH EXPECTED.

Vienna, July 23. — Private telegrams from Belgrade, Servia, say that the condition of King Peter is arousing great anxiety. It is added that his sudden death would cause no surprise.

PILES Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world.

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses renovated and sterilized; also manufacturers of Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions and Spring Beds. Brass and Iron Beds, $3. Stoves, Furniture, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory. J. F. HUNT & SONS, 593 Richmond street. Phone 997.

Auction Sale

Monday, July 26, at No. 892 Queen's avenue. Contents of six-roomed house, comprising: Carpets, parlor suite, easy chairs, lounges, marble clock, oak sideboard, extension table, dining-chairs, curtains, brass and enamel beds, child's cot, linoleum, new washing machine, kitchen utensils, sundry other articles, all nearly new. Parties leaving city. Sale at 2 o'clock.

b NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer.

1909-CITY OF LONDON-1909 TAX NOTICE

Taxpayers are hereby notified that the taxes of 1909 are due and payable on or before 31st July, 1909, and to get the full discount must be paid by that date.

The collector will be in his office during office hours to receive same. Come early. Time can be saved if payment is made by check. Bring your notices.

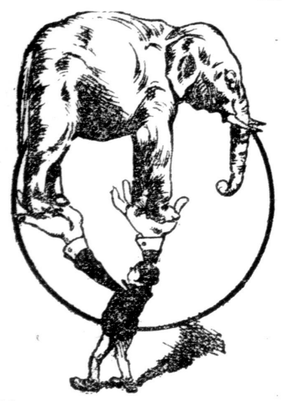
GEORGE W. HAYES, Collector.
20h-16,19,23,25,27,28,29,30

McGregor Wells

Every citizen is invited on Saturday afternoon to visit and inspect the wells upon the hills a hundred feet above the Horton street wells. Free transportation by Southwestern Traction Company.

Come and taste "water" of Springbank quality.

b J. H. McGREGOR.



Have You an Elephant on Your Hands

Turn the elephant into money. Selling what you don't want is good business. The puzzle is to find the man who can use what you have to sell. Finding the man or woman who will buy what you wish to sell is made easier with the help of ADVERTISER Want Ads.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

NEW SIX-ROOMED HOUSE FOR SALE —Payable $10 cash and $10 per month. Box 24, Advertiser. b

LOT ON LOUISA STREET, 70x140; OWNER leaving city; bargain. Apply D. Campbell & Son, or phone 1449. 27n

FINE MODERN HOUSE, 27 CRAIG; five bedrooms; eight minutes' walk to Grand Trunk depot; best value in London. Apply afternoons, or telephone 2692. b

INFORMATION WANTED FROM OWNER who has good farm for sale, suitable for dairy purposes or general farming; not particular about size or location; wish to hear from owner only, who will sell direct to buyer without paying commission; give price and brief description. G. Currier, Room 164 E, 46 West Monroe street, Chicago, Ill. b

HOUSE FOR SALE, 861 CENTRAL avenue; cement block, 7 rooms, cellars, lot 60x158; a snap if sold now. Apply 861 Central avenue. 27n

FOR SALE—176 WHARNCLIFFE ROAD, West London; frame cottage, seven rooms, hard and soft water, corner lot. 27k-tywt

FOR SALE—NEW BRICK COTTAGE, St. Joseph Park, Broughdale. Apply C. E. Sterling, Sterling Bros. 27tf

HOUSES, ROOMS, TO LET.

BRICK COTTAGES, 582 AND 579½ PALL Mall; frame cottages, 601 Colborne street, 717 Adelaide and 568 Pall Mall. Apply 381 Dufferin. 27c

SIX-ROOM COTTAGE, LARGE YARD; just outside city limits, Pipe Line road; $6 month. Phone 482. 27c

FURNISHED FLAT, MODERN CONVENIENCES; resonable. 552 Colborne street. 23c-ywt

TO RENT — FURNISHED BRICK house, 8 rooms, good locality, modern. Address Box 20, this office. 27n

FOUR UNFURNISHED ROOMS, KITCHEN and cellar. Apply 508 Oxford street. 27c

TO LET—HOUSE AND COTTAGE. APPLY to J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, 413½ Talbot street. ywt

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, $8 7½ Waterloo street. Apply next door north. 54tf-xty

TWO-STORY BRICK, ALL MODERN conveniences; rent, $17. Apply 553 Adelaide street. 21c-txt

HOUSE TO LET, SEPT. 1—306 CENTRAL avenue; all modern conveniences; rent, $35. 26n

TO LET—731 WATERLOO STREET, A good seven-room cottage. Apply 402 Oxford street. 25c

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—Suitable for housekeeping; modern conveniences. 192 Central avenue. 22tf

TO LET — HOUSE ON ENGLISH street, all conveniences; rent, $16. Apply 768 Hellmuth avenue. 22n

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM TO LET—Quiet locality, central. 27 King street. 22n

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS and pictures—Separate rooms, clean and dry. Rates reasonable. John J. Biggs, 97 Carling.

TO LET—TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, 9 rooms, large stable. Apply 491 English street. 21g

STORE AT 174 DUNDAS, WILL BE ready for renting in a month. Apply N. Hrisikos, Alexandra Cafe. 17bu

ALEX. HENDERSON'S MOVING VANS —Largest in city. Good storage. 356 Cheapside. Phone 1724.

FOREST CITY UNION MOVING VANS —Largest improved vans in city. Furniture and pianos carefully moved. W. A. Broughton (successor to John Biggs). Storage, 97 Carling street. Phones: 1163; residence, 1444.

FRONT PARLOR AND OTHER SLEEPING rooms, furnished or unfurnished; housekeeping privileges; gas, electric light, use of phone; rent reasonable. 388 King street. 97tf

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FIELD OF GOOD HAY FOR SALE. Apply Walter Orman, 141 Ridout south. 27c

FOR SALE — MODERN CHICKEN coop, with wire runs. Apply 564 Talbot street. b

PIANO FOR SALE — STANDARD American make, cabinet grand, mahogany case, "new." At a bargan. Geo. F. Emerson, district agent London Life Insurance Company, Wortley road south. 21u-t

FOR SALE—17-HORSEPOWER TRACTION Engine and new challenge White Separator. No reasonable offer refused. Apply A. R. W. Burrows, Middlemiss, Ontario. 97n-t

ONE McCLOSKEY SEPARATOR, ONE George White engine, tank, trucks, drive belt, circular saw, Climax cutting box. All the machinery is nearly new. Apply McIntosh Bros., Duncrief P. O. 24-1-xtz

WALNUT DINING-TABLE. APPLY 234 Queen's avenue. 22c-zxt

LADIES' BLACK AND TAN HOSE TO suit everybody. Specia lines at 10c per pair. John Goodge, South London.

MUDGUARDS FREE ON ALL NEW Peerless bicycles; another lot of cheap second-hand wheels; easy terms. Cunningham's, East London.

PRACTICALLY NEW TUBULAR BOILER, suitable for greenhouse or steam heating, or engine work; price low. The London Soap Company.

FURNACE FOR SALE — McCLARY Sunshine, No. 40, in first-class condition. Apply S. D. Swift, 231 Hyman street. 26u

FOR SALE—THREE SQUARE WOODEN mantels, with fire grates, frames, fenders and screens, all in good condition; will sell cheap. On view at corner Dundas and Richmond streets. Apply Dominion Bank. 25c

BEST WATER WINGS FOR SWIMMING, 35c. Gurd's, 185 Dundas street.

WOOD--$2 Per Load

Good dry mixed, in 12 or 16-inch lengths Best slabs, $1 50 per load.

FOREST CITY BENT GOODS CO

585 BATHURST STREET. PHONE 700. ywt

LARGE STOCK OF GOOD SECOND-HAND bicycles; many with coaster brakes and Dunlop tires; easy terms. Cunningham's, East London.

FOR SALE—ONE GOOD HIGH RUBBER-TIRED trap. Gould & Mohan, 253½ Dundas, in rear.

GREEN & CO. 495 YORK STREET, sell good quality fine mixed wood. Dry mixed slabs at $1 50 per load. The best hard and soft coal at the lowest cash price. Phone 1391.

PARSONS' FAIR AND HARDWARE

CROWN SEALERS.

Pints, dozen	65c
Quarts, dozen	75c
Half-Gallon, dozen	95c
SCREEN DOORS	85c
SCREEN WINDOWS	15c
TAR PAPER, roll	45c

TWO ACETYLENE LAMPS with brackets complete, and one tool box for automobile. Will sell cheap.

PARIS GREEN, pound	25c
BUG FINISH, 3 pounds for	5c
PICNIC PLATES, dozen	5c

'PHONES 1134 and 2961.

ywt

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN PIANOS AND organs during this month. Pianos at $50, $85, $100, $125, $150, payable 50c a week and up. Organs, $5, $10, $15 to $30, payable $1 month and up. Each fully guaranteed five years. Heintzman & Co., 242 Dundas street, London.

ELEVATORS

We make them, and know all about them. Workmanship, material and prices right.

SCOTT MACHINE COMPANY, Ltd

York St., Opp. G. T. R. Freight Sheds. ywt

THREE DELIVERY WAGONS, BUGGIES and a first-class organ, cheap. Scott, Oxford street, opposite Barracks. ywt

FOR SALE—WATER BARRELS, 200 gallons capacity. S. F. Lawrason & Co., Adelaide and Nelson streets. 4tf

New work a specialty. Furniture and Pianos cleaned and refinished.

JOHN WILSON

HARDWOOD FINISHER.

Hardwood Floors. Estimates given. Iron Beds and Rattan Furniture enamelled, etc. 176 RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT. t

D. TRIPP, 96 KING STREET—FULL stock of boots and shoes. Repairing of all kinds.

"The Making of a Photograph"

Our 1909 catalogue is now ready. The most complete and up-to-date catalogue published. A card will bring it.

STEVENSON'S PHARMACY

RICHMOND ST., NEXT OPERA HOUSE ywt

SPEED LATHE FOR SALE, WITH foot power, chuck and attachments. Apply Canadian Electrical Heater Company, 84 Carling street. 61tf

FOR CARRIAGE AND WAGON REPAIRING, painting and rubber-tiring, go to Smith's, Maple street.

Kodaks and Supplies

Everything for Amateur and Professional Photographers.

W. A. McKenzie

OVER STAR THEATRE.

Phone 346. Opposite City Hall. tx

SOME GOOD SECOND-HAND TOP delivery wagons for sale. Abbott's Carriage Works.

PARROTS, CANARIES

Cuban Parrots and German Canaries just received. Bird Cages, Bird Medicines. Use Morgan's Bird Tonic and Song Restorer.

MORGAN'S SUPPLY HOUSE, 113 Dundas

Use Spratt's Dog Soap. ywt

FOR SALE—A FIVE-HORSEPOWER electric motor, 250 volts, in good order; cheap. Apply at Job Department, Advertiser office. 71tf

FOR SALE

A few magazines, etc., left for binding, and uncalled for. Selling for price of binding, or less.

CHAPMAN'S BINDERY

91 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 370. tx

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

MISS STRACHAN'S LAUNDRY, REMOVED to 475 King, corner Maitland. Family washings solicited.

BALED SHAVINGS.

Put up in convenient, space-saving packages, for easy handling. Suitable for horse bedding, etc. Let's show you the goods.

GEORGE H. BELTON,

"LUMBERMAN,"

Rectory St., North Grand Trunk Ry. tx

E. McCANN & SONS, DORCHESTER, have just received shipment of posts and shingles. ywt

SOUTHCOTT & KETTLE—HARD AND soft coal and wood dealers. Phone 299. Corner Maitland and G. T. R. Prompt delivery. ywt

CEMENT BLOCKS FOR SALE

ALL SIZES

R. H. SMITH

15 BRIGHTON STREET. ywt

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS AT reasonable prices for cash or on installments. Stoves, beds, dressers, hallracks, rugs, etc. Barnes & Co., 364 Hamilton road.

GOOD WOOD, $2 PER LOAD, PROMPTLY attended to; well satisfied. Dominion Coal and Wood Company. Phone 1788.

You have tried all the rest, now try the best

KING SHOE POLISH

Makes a shine in half the time.

PRICE 10 CENTS WORTH $10.00 ywt

STANDARD

See our white-enamelled bedsteads, with brass knobs, for $2 25.

STANDARD HOUSE FURNISHING COMPANY,

656 Dundas Street. We trust you.

THE OLD UMBRELLA MENDER

will repair but not recover your umbrella during August. Orders for re-covers should be in not later than July 28. Keys fitted, locks repaired. Work amounting to 50 cents and over called for and delivered.

PERRY DAVID

251 Dundas Street. Phone 2958 ywt

PERFECTION SLIDING FLY SCREENS and Chamberlain's weather strip, sold by C. McDonald, 43 Byron avenue. Phone 2356. wty

Iron Stable Fittings

Oat Mangers, Hay Racks, Stall Guards, Drainage System, Harness Hooks.

DENNIS WIRE AND IRON WORKS COMPANY, LIMITED.

ywt

CEMENT—We carry only the Best Brands. Get our prices.

HARD WALL PLASTER—We have Anchor Brand—the plaster that sticks. Try it.

WM. COPP

93 YORK STREET. PHONE 1044. ywt

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD AT GOLDBERG'S—$25 worth of furniture and household goods, $1 a week. Also complete line of ladies' and men's clothing. Goldberg's, 251 Wellington street. 68tf

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—F. S. Onn, Fish Market. Phone 1296.

TENT AND HIGH WALNUT GLASS cupboard, at F. Keene's, 15 Masonic Temple, Market Square.

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

ON HAND—SALE OF UNPAID CORSETS. Canadian Lady Corset Company, 265 Clarence street. Agents wanted.

MEETINGS.

ANCIENT ORDER UNITED WORKMEN—Excursion to Sarnia and Detroit, Saturday, Aug. 7, good for three days. Fare to Sarnia, $1 10; to Detroit, $1 60. Special stops at all stations to Sarnia; thence boat to Detroit. For information apply W. R. Van Tassell, 608 King street. Phone 2109. 27g-24,27,29,30,A3,5,6

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM, ST. GEORGE'S Hall, Richmond street, Sunday evening, 7:15. Subject, "Compulsory Vaccination a Crime." All parents should attend and hear this discussion. b

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. Apply 376 Ridout street. 27n

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM TO LET. 486 Adelaide street. 22n

SWALLOWED POISON.

Steubenville, O., July 23.—A strange tale of the cause of the suicide of Nicholas M. Crane, a bridegroom of a few months, by swallowing a mixture of carbolic acid and washing fluid, has been uncovered.

Crane's wife, formerly Miss Sophia Grafton, was engaged to John Beefstake previous to her marriage to Crane. The engaged couple even went as far as to arrange a marriage ceremony, but the bride, when her intended husband refused at the last moment to change his name, refused to become Mrs. Beefstake and the wedding was called off. After Crane married the Grafton girl, Beefstake, unworried, still boasted among his friends that Mrs. Crane would yet become Mrs. Beefstake and declared that he would surely take her away from Crane, one of those who "kidded" her on changing her name to Beefstake, and in this way stopped the intended wedding.

These threats on the part of Beefstake, according to the story that Crane told relatives before he swallowed the poison, unhinged his mind and were the cause of his act.

Crane swallowed the poison in the presence of his father-in-law, John Grafton, who did not have time to interfere.

"Sophia can become Mrs. Beefstake," he cried just before he swallowed the poison.

CONNAUGHT RESIGNS AS INSPECTOR GENERAL

London, July 24.—According to the Daily Express the Duke of Connaught has resigned the inspector-generalship of the Mediterranean forces on the ground of "the ineffective nature of the work and the useless expenses to the nation involved therein."

The Duke of Connaught was appointed in January, 1908, to a command comprising the garrisons at Malta Gibraltar, and all the British troops in Egypt, the Soudan, Crete and Cypress.

GIRLS SAY THEY WERE SOLD INTO SLAVERY

Two Little Chinese Lassies Tell Story of Abuse to New York Police.

New York, July 24.—Two round-checked little Chinese maids, their almond eyes very wide, their straight bangs brushed flat across their foreheads, their black braids, laced with scarlet silk, hanging precisely down the middle of their backs, stood demurely before Justice Wyatt in children's court yesterday, and swore to a story which left little sympathy in those who heard for the two elderly celestial merchants who reported their "children" missing to the police last Wednesday night.

For both little girls swore that they had been held against their will as household slaves, harshly treated, and forced to work long hours. They were accompanied by an agent of the Children's Society, who had found them on the day following their disappearance from Chinatown at an east side parish house. The two made sworn statements which were read in court. They said they had been sold in China. Their story has aroused talk of another rigid investigation in Chinatown.

JUICE LIGHTS GAS AND WRECKS A MILL

A Plant at St. Malo, Quebec, Destroyed by an Explosion.

Quebec, July 24.—An explosion occurred yesterday morning in the plant of the Frontenac Gas Company at St. Malo, demolishing a portion of the building, damaging much valuable machinery and seriously injuring Garvis Hamilton, an engineer in the employ of the company.

The explosion occurred about 10 o'clock and was due to a gas leak, which was ignited by an electric current, causing the explosion.

The noise of the explosion alarmed the whole district in which the plant is situated and brought crowds to the scene of the disaster. The mill which was demolished was about 75 feet in length, but very fortunately none of the employees happened within its reach when it fell, except Mr. Hamilton, whose escape from instant death was miraculous.

The loss suffered by the company will reach several thousand of dollars.

CAUGHT BY UNDERTOW

Prominent American Attorney Drowns Before Eyes of Bride.

La Jolla, Cal., July 24.—The honeymoon of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Orr, of Atchison, Kan., came to a sad end here when Mrs. Orr, a bride of a month, stood on the beach and watched her young husband washed away to death by a treacherous breaker. Orr was attorney for the Santa Fe Railroad.

The couple were the guests of the family of Samuel Cline, of San Diego. With Mr. Cline, Mr. Orr went swimming here. Orr was warned that it was dangerous to trifle with the breakers at this point, but laughed, as he was a strong swimmer, and plunged into the surf. After a short swim he came ashore and lay on the sand talking with his wife and Mrs. Cline.

The young women moved back a little as the tide was coming in. Orr said he would lie there until the waves carried him out for another swim. A few minutes later the biggest breaker of the afternoon broke and covered him, and the receding waters carried him out.

He was caught by the undertow and disappeared. The bride laughed gayly as her husband was carried out to sea, but an instant later, seeing him disappear, she became hysterical. Today she was prostrated at the home of her friends, the Clines, and physicians say her nervous system is so shocked that she may die.

The marriage of the Orrs was a society event in Atchison. The bridegroom's father is James W. Orr, for years a prominent physician and lawyer of Atchison.

WILL INSPECT THE G. T. P.

The Grand Trunk Directors Coming From England.

Montreal, July 23. — President Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, of the Grand Trunk, with directors of that road, and of the G. T. P., sailed from Liverpool yesterday by the Megantic, for Canada. Mr. C. M. Hays, the general manager of the Grand Trunk, and president of the G. T. P., is expected here on Sunday. He will have a clear week to catch up his work in Montreal before the arrival of the official party, and will then accompany them on a tour of the Grand Trunk and its subsidiary lines. By the time this trip is ended it is hoped that the line tween Winnipeg and Superior Junction will be completed. If this is done, Sir Charles Rivers Wilson and the other directors, with the Montreal officers, will take the Hamonic to Port Arthur, and then board a special train there to make an official inspecion trip over the G. T. P. clear through from Port Arthur to Edmonton. If the line east of Winnipeg is not ready for trains they will go to Winnipeg by the Canadian Northern and proceed thence over the G. T. P. to the end of the completed tracks.

Winnipeg, July 22. — Plans are fast maturing for the commencement of the Grand Trunk Pacific service of passenger trains from Winnipeg to Edmonton, and it is announced that the service will start on Aug. 15. The latest word from the west is to the effect that the steel will reach the Pembina River by the end of September, and the line will be opened this fall right through to that point, carrying passengers seventy miles west of Edmonton. M. E. J. Chamberlain, vice-president and general manager, left last evening for Fort William and the east, and on his return will make a trip of inspection over the work at Prince Rupert.

Safety From Sunburn

"Old Sol" makes havoc with fair faces these days, and spoils the pleasures of outdoor life. Our Balm-Zoin insures a soft, clear, velvety skin in all sorts of weather. Applied before going out of doors, it prevents tan, sunburn and freckles. Price, 25 cents.

Strong's Drug Store

184 DUNDAS STREET.

A CROSS BABY will upset an entire household. Strong's Carminative will keep the baby good-natured. A mild medicine, which regulates the system —prevents peevishness, restlessness and the disorders of the teething period. Price, 25 cents.

WORLD STILL LIKES TO BE BAMBOOZLED

Parisians Who Make Their Fortune by Trading on Childish Credulity.

Paris, July 20. — The world still wants to be deceived, but it is difficult to believe that there are any people left whose childish credulity makes the fortunes of persons such as M. and Mme. Talazac, who are being tried by the Paris courts. They style themselves "professors of hypnotism, astrology, sorcery and other occult sciences." The couple also trafficked in talismans and "fatal magnetized water," which was credited with remarkable properties. They asserted that the sprinkling of a few drops of it on a Friday night while the subject murmured certain invocations was certain to be followed by the realization of one's wishes. A "magic ring" enabling the possessor to find hidden treasure was sold for $4, and four ounces of perspiration from the body of a man who hanged himself was said to produce magical results and could be had for $5. A wolf's tooth, which preserved the owner from slander, only cost $1; four nails from the coffin of a still-born child could be had for $15. The "veil of love," which exercised an irresistible attraction on indifferent persons cost only $2. But the most valuable weapon in the sorcerer's armory was the skin of an infant covered with magical characters, which was able to "prolong life indefinitely," and cost $20. For $3 clients of the Talazacs might obtain the head of a black cat which for five days had fed on human flesh. The sinister talisman conferred dominion over all lesser powers of darkness. The accused received a large mass of correspondence, and their customers must have been very numerous. The male prisoner admitted that the "fatal water" was ordinary water boiled over a fire made with olive wood. The wolves' teeth he procured from the Paris zoo. The examination of this extraordinary case is still proceeding.

THE "ANTHER SNEAK"

Insubordination Brings Release for Six of the Suffragettes.

London, July 21. — Six out of fourteen suffragettes, who were recently imprisoned in the Holloway jail for breaking windows, have been released on account of insubordination, and Herbert Gladstone, secretary of state for home affairs, intimated in the House of Commons this afternoon that it was only a question of a few days until all of the women would be turned out, as the "hunger strike" had become general. Since the women were sentenced to close confinement they have been defying all the prison rules, and now Mr. Gladstone said they have taken to kicking and biting the female wardens. The home secretary denounced James J. Keir Hardie's suggestion that the cells were insanitary.

Attempts made by the supporters of the suffragettes to adjourn the House in ordper to discuss the "infliction of punishment that was dangerous to the health of the ladies" was defeated by the Speaker, who refused to put the motion.

TILLSONBURG.

Tillsonburg, July 23.—Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Scott left on Wednesday for a trip to Spokane and Seattle.

Miss N. McKenzie is spending a few weeks with friends in Toronto.

Mrs. Charles Burkholder was called to Lynnville to attend her mother who is ill.

Cecil Haney left this week for Manitoba where he expects to reside in the future.

Roy Pettet is spending his holidays in Muskoka.

Mrs. J. M. Taylor is the guest of friends at Calumet, Mich.

Mrs. M. Tisdale is spending a few days at Toronto this week.

Miss Hadcock, of Woodstock, is the guest of Mrs. G. Caverhill.

Miss Gertrude Davis, of Mitchell, is the guest of her brother, E. F. Davis.

Nurse Moulton, of Ingersoll, was the guest of Mrs. L. Oatman this week.

Dr. and Mrs. Joy have returned from a visit to Minneapolis.

Chief Chilton, of Ingersoll, spent a few days here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Cunningham and son, of Waterford, are the guests of relatives here.

Mrs. J. H. Rinch and family, of St. Thomas, are the guests of Mr. W. Cartwright.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Snyder, of Woodstock, spent a few days with Tillsonburg friends this week.

Mrs. W. J. Shearing has returned from a pleasant visit with friends at Dutton.

WASHINGTON'S WEATHER REPORT.

Washington, July 24.—Forecast—Eastern States and Northern New York, fair and somewhat cooler tonight. Fair Sunday; moderate to brisk west winds.

Western New York—Fair tonight and Sunday; rising temperature.

Lakes Erie and Ontario, moderate to brisk northwest winds, fair weather tonight and Sunday.

YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT

MAY BE SMALL at first, but the noticeable feature of Bank of Toronto Savings Accounts is that they grow.

We are constantly opening accounts for small sums, but these usually increase to amounts that are very satisfactory to both Depositor and Banker.

The first deposit acts as a magnet for the odd amounts that are so apt to be wasted.

THE BANK OF TORONTO

THREE OFFICES IN LONDON.

GYPSY CHILDREN WEDDED AT TWELVE

Mother Got Lonely for the Little Girl and Tribal Row Followed.

Ottawa, July 24.—At Hull yesterday the marriage story was told of Katrina Miguel, aged 12, and Spero Sterrio, also aged 12, of the Ottawa and Hull gypsy camps respectively.

It came out in the evidence in the case of the kidnapping of little Katrina Miguel, at Hull magistrate court, when her alleged kidnappers, Eli Stokes and John Stokes, of the Ottawa camp, were tried before Magistrate Goyette, that the matter was arranged as a matter of convenience between the parents without consulting the children.

The two Stokes were ultimately committed for trial, later asking for a speedy trial. From the evidence the kidnapping itself proved a very mild affair.

Verbal evidence made out a strong case on behalf of the prosecution undertaken by the Hull gypsies that there was a wedding contracted at the camp in Peterboro on June 20, with gypsy rites between Katrina Miguel, a Bulgarian and Spero Sterrio, son of Christo Sterrio.

The parents being greatly attached to Katrina felt lonely at her going and on Sunday last went wailing to Magistrate Goyette and claimed they had more right to the girl than her husband, who was really too young to protect her. Also they had a suspicion there might be a flaw in the marriage deal. Mr. Goyette gave an order for the girl to be delivered to P. C. Lefontaine, and Katrina was to be held until the case was proved one way or the other.

Queen Rosa on the witness-stand told with great volubility how Lafontaine came on Sunday whilst she was in bed. She hurried with her dressing and was just in time to snatch a valuable gold necklace from the child before Lafontaine ran off with her in an automobile.

PERSIAN REVOLT NOT YET CLOSED

Uncle of the Deposed Sultan May Make a Bid for Throne.

Teheran, July 23. — The disturbances in Persia are not necessarily ended with the accession of Ahmed Mirza to the throne.

The revolution has been long in progress. In fact, there has been fighting throughout the two years during which his father, Mohammed Ali, was on the throne.

Now a new figure has appeared—Zil-es-Sultan, the great-uncle of the present shah. Zil-es-Sultan was the brother of the dead shah, and during his reign he held positions of trust in the Government. He was feared as a possible aspirant to the throne. The late shah was always afraid that one of his dear relations would try to take the throne away from him, and he once disbanded a force of soldiers organized by one of his brothers who was governor of a distant province because he feared it would become a revolutionary force to be directed against him.

The Shah of Persia names his own successor, and as the shah is the head of the church and the Persians are a fanatical people, the head of the Government would seem to have a pretty strong hold on his job. But actually there is no more difficulty getting rid of a little obstacle of this kind than in evading the terms of a Government contract in the United States. If a revolutionary force should bring sufficient pressure to bear on the mushteid, or religious head of the church, he could excommunicate the shah, just as the Sultan of Turkey was condemned and excommunicated by the Sheik-ul-Islam. Being excommunicated, the shah can be put off the throne with ease.

Zil-es-Sultan has been for some time at Vienna. He thought that a safer place than Teheran when the new shah came to the throne, two years ago. Within a few days he had a conference with the British and Russian ambassadors at Vienna and started for Teheran.

It is possible he will be made regent during the minority of the shah. It is quite possible he himself will have the ambition to become shah.

In any case, his conference with the British and Russian representatives is significant. These countries have interests in Persia paramount to those of any other country. They are restrained in their control of Persia by an implied threat of interference by Germany, which is supposed to have commercial designs on the Persian empire.

GREY AT QUEBEC.

Quebec, July 23. — His Excellency the Governor-General reached here at 10 o'clock this morning on board the royal mail steamer Empress of Ireland, from Liverpool. He was met at the landing by Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Lieutenant-Governor Sir Alphonse Pelletier. His excellency is the picture of health, and stated he had a very fine trip. He left at 2 p.m. for Ottawa.

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Your order will receive prompt and careful attention, and we guarantee the quality of all our coal.

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WARM WEATHER HARDWARE REDUCED

English Charcoal Irons, $1 00, now	75c
English Charcoal Irons, 90c, now	65c
English Charcoal Irons, 75c, now	50c
Screen Doors, complete, $1 25, now	90c
Food Cutters, $1 50, now	$1 00
Bissell Carpet Sweepers	$2 75
Binder Twine, pure manila, 650 feet to the pound, per pound	10c

COWAN'S Hardware

127 DUNDAS STREET. ywt

Cleaning Outing Suits

The holidays are here and you will want to keep your tennis, cricket, boating and outing suits clean and ready. It is our business to do this for you. We give satisfaction.

R. PARKER & CO.

Dyers and Cleaners.

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For my Baking Powder. Lady told me that just the other day Reason for that, too.

There's no better Baking Powder made than mine—could not be. Ask me for a sample, or—better still—a pound for 20 cents. OMOND.

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Call and we'll talk it over. Free booklets and instruction. KODAKS FROM $1 UP.

J. H. BACK & CO.

4 MASONIC TEMPLE.

ROBBERS GOT $5,000

It Was in Notes, But Some of Them Are Redeemable.

Windsor, July 23. — Besides the $46 in stamps and money orders taken by the Merlin postoffice robbers last Tuesday night, when the safe was blown open, it has been found that more than $5,000 in notes was secured by the men. Many of these were payable at distant dates, and can readily be cancelled, but a few, valuable ones can be redeemed at once by the thieves.

Detective Fred Campeau, of Windsor, is working on the case. It is thought the men will attempt to get over the border.

FATHER MONK DEAD.

Montreal, Que., July 23. — Rev. Father Monk died today at the age of 61 years. He was a brother of Messrs. F. D. Monk, M. P., and C. D. Monk, and is the second brother to die. James G. Monk, a younger brother, having died on Saturday last. He has been in poor health for some time.

Sixty-six students at Lebannon, Tenn., have been expelled for going to a circus. That doesn't seem to be giving the students a show.

MINARD'S LINIMENT RELIEVES NEURALGIA.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

BERRY DAY ON LONDON MARKET

Raspberries Offered in Large Quantities and Sold Briskly at 10c to 15c a Quart.

POULTRY WAS PLENTIFUL

And Found a Ready Sale—Live Hogs for Monday Will Bring $8 Cwt.

There was a regular oldtime market on the local square this morning. Everywhere space was at a premium. It is the largest market that has been held in several months, and the prices were unusually brisk.

Today was a great day for fruit, and a very great number of housekeepers took this opportunity to purchase their raspberries for preserving. The result was that there was a very brisk sale, and the berries disappeared rapidly. The quality of fruit offered today was remarkably good, several growers showing whole loads of very fine stock. The ebst variety retailed at 15c, and wholesaled about 12½c, while some sold as low as 10c. Black raspberries were somewhat cheaper, selling from 10c to 13c.

Other Fruits.

Red currants sold for 5c to 7c, though there were a few consignments of extra fine cherry currants that sold at 10c. White currants sold for 5c to 6c. Cherries are beginning to become somewhat scarce, but the prices remain about the same.

Mulberries were offered this morning for the first time, and sold quite readily at two boxes for 25c. Even a few small apples were offered by a few progressive farmers, while some white raspberries were offered at 15c.

Vegetables.

In vegetables there was very little change. Tomatoes were somewhat easier, selling from 10 to 12½c a pound New potatoes, too, were somewhat easier, bringing $1 to $1 25 a bushel. Onions sold at 30c a peck.

Dressed poultry was offered in large quantities, and found a very ready sale.

Butchers' meat still continued unchanged, nor did the situation regarding it very much, and sales were very slow.

Live hogs for Monday will still be at the record rate of $8.

Other prices on this morning's market were as follows:

Grain.

Wheat, per bu	$1 25	to	$1 25
Oats, per cwt	1 71	to	1 75
Barley, per cwt	1 30	to	1 30
Corn, per cwt	1 35	to	1 40
Peas, per bu	75	to	80
Buckwheat, per cwt	1 25	to	1 30
Beans, per bu	1 15	to	1 50
Rye, per bu	1 05	to	1 10

Hay and Straw.

Hay, per ton	11 00	to	11 50
New hay, per ton	10 00	to	11 00
Straw, per load	3 75	to	5 00
Straw, per ton	7 00	to	7 00

Dairy Produce.

Butter, creamery, lb	24	to	25
Butter, rolls, lb	20	to	21
Butter, crock, lb	18	to	19
Eggs, crate, per dozen	19	to	20
Eggs, fresh-laid, dozen	19	to	21
Honey, strained, lb	10	to	12
Honey, in comb	12	to	15

Poultry, Alive

Turkeys, per lb	11	to	11
Old ducks, per lb	8	to	9
Young ducks, per lb	9	to	11
Spring chickens, pair	50	to	60

Poultry, Dressed.

Turkeys, per lb	12	to	14
Old fowl, per lb	9	to	10
Ducks, dressed, pair	1 00	to	1 50
Spring chickens, pair	60	to	75

Millfeed.

Shorts, wholesale, ton	23 00	to	23 00
Shorts, retail, ton	25 00	to	25 00
Bran, wholesale, ton	23 00	to	23 00
Bran, retail, ton	25 00	to	25 00

Seeds.

Alsike, per bu	10 00	to	10 00
Lucerne or alfalfa, bu	12 00	to	12 00
Clover, per bu	6 50	to	9 00
Timothy, per bu	2 75	to	3 75
Blue grass, per bu	1 50	to	2 00
Millet, per bu	1 25	to	1 75
Japanese millet, per bu	7 50	to	7 50

Butchers' Meats.

Beef, by the carcase	6 50	to	7 00
Beef, hindquarters, cwt	6 00	to	7 00
Mutton, per cwt	6 00	to	9 00
Veal, per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
Spring lamb, per lb	14	to	15
Spring lamb, by the piece	5 50	to	6 50
Dressed hogs, per cwt	10 00	to	10 75

Hides and Wool.

Wool, washed, per lb	17	to	18
Wool, unwashed, per lb	10	to	11¼
Hides, No. 1, per lb	10	to	10
Hides, No. 2, per lb	9	to	9
Hides, No. 3, per lb	7	to	7
Tallow, rendered, lb	5½	to	6
Tallow, rough, lb	2½	to	3
Sheepskins, each	75	to	1 40
Calfskins, No. 1, lb	15	to	15
Calfskins, No. 2, lb	14	to	14

Live Stock.

Select hogs, per cwt	8 00	to	8 00
Fat sows, cwt	5 00	to	5 50
Stags, per cwt	2 00	to	2 00
Export cattle, cwt	4 50	to	5 00
Milch cows, each	30 00	to	55 00

Vegetables.

Potatoes, per bag	80	to	90
New potatoes, per bu	1 00	to	1 25
Sage, per dozen	20	to	20
Lettuce, per dozen	20	to	20
Savory, per dozen	20	to	20
Rhubarb, per dozen	20	to	20
Green onions, per dozen	20	to	20
Radishes, per dozen	20	to	20
Cabbage, according to size	40	to	50
Spinach, per bu	40	to	40
Cucumbers, per dozen	40	to	50
Peas, per quart, shelled	10	to	12
Beets, per dozen	20	to	20
Carots, per peck	20	to	25
Beans, per peck	30	to	40
Tomatoes, per lb	10	to	12½

Berries.

Gooseberries, retail	6	to	7
Cherries, per quart	8	to	9
Cherries, black, basket	1 00	to	1 25
Cherries, red, basket	90	to	1 00
Raspberries, per quart	12½	to	15
Black currants, quart	10	to	12
White currants	5	to	6
Red currants, per box	5	to	7
Raspberries, cultivated	10	to	15
Black raspberries	10	to	13
Mulberries	8	to	9

BONDS STOCKS GRAIN

Bought and sold for cash or on margin. Private wires of Harris, Winthrop & Co., members of the New York Exchange, etc.

H. C. Becher

432 Richmond St. Phone 231

Missouri Pacific	73	73	72⅞	72¼
New York Central	135½	135⅝	134⅜	134⅝
Northern Pacific	152½	152⅞	152½	152⅞
Norfolk & Western	94	..	..	..
Ontario & Western	53	53	52¾	53
Pennsylvania	137⅝	137⅝	137½	137¼
People's Gas	115½	115½	115⅜	115⅝
Pressed Steel Car	46⅞	..	..	..
Reading	154⅝	155¼	154⅜	154⅜
Republic Steel	33¼	33⅜	33¼	33⅜
Rock Island	36⅝	37½	36⅜	37⅛
Southern Railway	31⅜	31⅜	31½	31⅜
Southern Pacific	133½	133½	132½	132⅝
St. Paul	155⅞	156	155¼	155½
Texas Pacific	34	..	..	..
Union Pacific	198½	198½	197⅝	197⅞
U. S. Steel	70¾	71	70¼	70⅝
U. S. Steel, pfd	126½	..	..	..
Wabash, com.	21	..	..	..
Wabash, pfd.	55½	55½	55¼	55¾
Western Union Tel.	72	..	..	..

GRAIN.

TORONTO.

Toronto, July 24.—Good week-end reports from the country tended to increase the softness in grain prices today.

Ontario Wheat—New No. 2 winter is quoted at $1 10 to $1 12, first half of August shipments, old wheat nominal, at $1 20.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, $1 36; No. 2 northern, $1 33½; No. 3 northern, $1 32½, on track at lake ports.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 81c to 81½c, Toronto freights; Canadian, 75c to 76c, Toronto freights.

Oats—No. 2 white, 57c to 58c, on track at Toronto; No. 2 white, 53c to 54c; No. 3 white, 53c outside; Canada western, No. 2, 55½c; No. 1 extra feed, 54¾c; No. 3, 54½c.

Rye—No. 2 nominal, 75c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 70c to 75c.

Barley—No. 2 nominal, 62c to 63c; No. 3 extra, 60c to 61c.

Manitoba Flour—Quotations at Toronto: First patents, $6 20; second patents, $5 70; strong bakers, $5 50; for export of 90 per cent patents, 34s, Glasgow freights.

Ontario Flour—Ninety per cent winter wheat patents, $5 40 to $5 50, in buyers' bags, on track at Toronto, and $5 25 to $5 35 outside.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, $22 to $23 per ton; shorts, $23 to $24, on track at Toronto; Ontario bran, $22 50; shorts, $24, on track at Toronto.

DAIRY.

PERTH.

Perth, July 23.—There were 1,800 boxes of cheese boarded today, 1,600 white and 200 colored; all were sold; ruling price, 11¾c for white and 11¾c for colored.

IROQUOIS.

Iroquos, July 23.—At the meeting of the cheese board today 766 colored and 110 white were boarded; none sold on the board, but all sold on the street afterward at 11 7-16c.

BRANTFORD.

Brantford, July 23.—Offered, 1,470; sold, 1,305, viz., 125 at 11 5-16c, 1,085 at 11¾c, and 95 twins at 11 7-16c.

ALEXANDRIA.

Alexandria, July 23.—At the meeting of the cheese board 302 boxes sold at 11⅜c.

PICTON.

Picton, July 23.—At the cheese board today 17 factories boarded 1,835 boxes, all colored 11 9-16c bid; 1,540 sold.

OTTAWA.

Ottawa, July 23.—On the cheese board 1,380 boxes were offered, 482 white and 898 colored; 11¾c was offered for white and 11¾c for colored; only half sold at these prices.

CORNWALL.

Cornwall, July 23.—The cheese board met today and sold 1,351 boxes; there were 795 boxes colored sold at 11 1-3c and 536 white at 11⅜c.

HUNTINGDON.

Huntingdon, July 23.—At the cheese board today 305 boxes white at 11¾c, 492 boxes colored at 11¾c and 50 boxes of butter at 22c.

VANKLEEK HILL.

Vankleek Hill, July 23.—There were 1,428 boxes white and 384 boxes colored cheese boarded and sold on the market today; white sold at 11¾c and colored at 11 7-16c.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Ill., July 23.—Butter—Steady; creameries, 22½c to 26c; dairies, 20c to 23½c per lb.

Cheese—Strong; daisies, 15c; twins, 14½c; Young Americans, 15c to 15¼c; longhorns, 15c to 15¼c.

NEW YORK.

New York, July 23.—Butter—Barely steady; receipts, 10,874 packages; creamery specials, 27½c; official, 27c; common to special, 19c to 24½c; western factory, first to finest, 21c to 22c.

Cheese—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 1,848 boxes.

SUGAR.

NEW YORK.

New York, July 23.—Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining, 3.45c to 3.48c; centrifugal, 96° test, 3.95c to 3.98c; molasses sugar, 3.17c to 3.20c; refined steady. Molasses—Steady.

COFFEE.

NEW YORK.

New York, July 23.—Coffee—Futures opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points, and ruled generally steady on covering by near month shorts, a little support from near month bulls, and smaller offerings from trade sources, although the primary receipts continued very heavy. There was nothing in the foreign markets to have much effect on sentiment, with Havre closing unchanged to one-quarter franc higher. The local market closed steady and unchanged to 15 points higher.

Sales were reported of 24,250 bags, including July, $7 05 to $7 10; September, $6 70 to $6 75; December, $6 30 to $6 40; March, $6 35 to $6 45; May, $6 50.

Spot quiet; No. 7 Rio, 7¾c; No. 4 Santos, 9c; mild quiet; Cordova, 9½c to 12½c.

OIL.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 23.—Oil opened and closed at $1 58.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa., July 23.—Credit balances, $1 58.

COTTON.

NEW YORK.

New York, July 23.—Cotton—Futures closed steady; July, 11.97c; August, 11.93c; September, 11.89c; November, 11.93c; December, 11.96c; January, 11.93c; March, 11.94c; May, 11.95c.

Spot closed quiet, 15 points higher; middling uplands, 12.35c; middling gulf, 12.60c; sales, 1,821 bales.

HAY.

TORONTO.

Toronto, July 24.—Baled Hay—No. 1 timothy, $12 50 to $13 50; inferior, $8 50 to $9 per ton, in car lots on track here.

Baled Straw—The range is from $7 50 to $8, according to quality.

CANADIAN MARCONI

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BEANS.

DETROIT.

Detroit, July 23.—Beans—Spot, $2 40; October, $2 bid.

TODAY'S STOCKS.

TORONTO.

	Toronto, Ont., July 24 Asked.	Bid
Packers A	..	92
Packers B	92	..
Bell Telephone	146	145
Canadian General Electric	125	..
C. N. W. Land	105	..
Prairie Lands	..	220
Canadian Salt	..	110
Canadian Pacific Ry	..	158
City Dairy, com	23	..
City Dairy, pref	..	92
Consumers Gas	..	204
Crow's Nest	100	..
Dominion Coal, com	..	77½
Dominion Steel com	46	45¾
Dominion Steel, pfd	129¼	..
Dominion Telegraph	..	105¾
Duluth, com	..	10
Electric Development	50	..
International Coal	60	..
Illinois Traction, pref	97	96½
Lake of the Woods	123	..
Laurentide Paper, com	125	..
Laurentide Paper pref	..	124
McKay, com	81¾	81¼
McKay, pref	74	73½
Niagara Navigation	135	..
Northern Navigation	114	110
N. S. Steel, com	59	..
Ogilvie Milling	128	..
Penman, pref	90	..
Porto Rico	..	42
Rio de Janerio	86⅛	..
Rogers, com	..	121
Rogers, pref	..	103½
Sao Paulo	145¾	145
Shredded Wheat	36	35⅜
Shredded Wheat, pref	..	97
St. L. & C. Navigation	..	115
Tronto Electric Light	..	120
Toronto Railway	..	126
Twin City	103¾	103½
Crown Reserve	845	875
La Rose	840	840
Nipissing	11.00	..
Trethewey	140	133
Bank of Commerce	135	..
Dominion Bank	240	239
Bank of Hamilton	209	..
Imperial Bank	233½	227
Merchants Bank	163	160
Molsons Bank	..	200
Bank of Montreal	..	252½
Bank of Nova Scotia	254	..
Bank of Ottawa	..	269¾
Standard Bank	..	226½
Bank of Toronto	220	..
Traders Bank	140	139¾
Union Bank	..	133
Agricultural Loan	..	100
Canada Landed	156	154
Canada Permanent	160	..
Central Canada	100	..
Colonial Investment	68	..
Dominion Savings	..	71¾
Hamilton Provident	..	125
Huron & Erie	..	195
Huron & Erie, 20%	..	181
Imperial Loan	..	75
Landed Banking	..	125
London & Canadian	113	112
National Trust	..	203
Ontario Loan	..	140
Toronto General Trusts	..	160
Toronto Mortgage	..	125
Commercial Cable bonds	..	90
Dominion Steel Bonds	96¾	56⅜
Electric Development	..	90
Keewatin Milling Bonds	..	105
Laurentide Paper	..	110
Mexican Electric Bonds	87½	..
Ogilvie Milling bonds	..	112

Closing Sales: Shredded Wheat, 50, 25, 25 and 25 at 35¾; Soo, 50 at 144½; Rogers, preferred, 5 and 5 at 104; Toronto Electric, 25 at 120, 20 at 120½; Dominion Steel, 50 at 45½, 50 and 50 at 45¾, 20 at 45⅝, 5 at 46, 25 at 45¾; Crown Reserve, 100 and 100 at 3.75, 500, 300 and 200 at 3.72, 200 and 100 at 3.75; La Rose, 75 at 8.45, 100, 500, 400, 100, 200 and 100 at 8.44; Canadian Pacific, 25 at 186½; Rio, 2 at 87, 50 at 86½; Twin City, xd., 25, 5, 50, 25, 25 and 25 at 103¾; Ogilvie, preferred, 8 at 125¾; Dominion Coal, 10 at 77¾, 25 and 25 at 77⅝, 10 at 77½; Detroit, 50 at 67½; Electrical Development, preferred, 25 at 55; Dominion Bank, 9 and 21 at 239; Imperial Bank, xd., 1 and 50 at 228; Traders' Bank, 10 at 140; Standard Bank, 5 at 226⅞; Bank of Montreal, 2 at 253; Mackay, 25 at 81½, 25, 25 and 50 at 81¾, 25 at 81⅞; Niagara Navigation, 29 at 134.

MONTREAL

Montreal July 24, 1909

	Asked.	Bid
Bell Telephone	148	146
Packers B	95	93¾
Packers A	94	..
Can. Converters	44	42
Canadian Pacific	186¾	186½
Detroit Electric	67½	67¾
Dominion Coal, com	78	77¾
Dominion Iron & Steel	45¾	45¾
Dominion Iron & Steel, pref	129½	128¾
Halifax Electric	120	114¾
Illinois Traction, pref	98¼	96
Lake of the Woods, com	127¾	125
Mackay, com	82	81⅝
Mackay, pref	75	73¼
Mexican L. & P., com	68½	..
Minneapolis & St. Paul	145¾	145
Montreal L. H. & P.	128	127⅞
Montreal Street Railway	216½	215¾
Montreal Steel Works	87¼	84½
Nor. Ohio T. & L.	28	25¾
Nova Scotia Steel & Coal	69	68
Ogilvie Milling, com	128	127
Ogilvie Milling, pref	127	126¾
R. & O. Navigation	83¼	83
Rio de Janeiro	85	85½
Sao PauloTramway	..	144⅞
Toledo	19	..
Toronto Railway	126	125⅞
Tri City, pref	..	88
Twin City	104	103
Winnipeg Electric	187½	..
Shawinigan	93¼	..
Penman, com	56¼	55¾
Textile, com	74½	74½
Windsor Hotel	99	..
Bank Commerce	..	184¾
Eastern Townships Bank	165	..
Hochelaga Bank	145	..
Merchants Bank	164	163
Molsons Bank	201	200
Bank of Montreal	254	253
Quebec Bank	124	..
Royal Bank	229½	..
Bank of Toronto	220	..
Union Bank	135	132½
Cement	160	..
Rubber, com	97	95
Rubber, pfd	123	123
Canada Colored Cotton	54	53¼
Dominion Textile, pref	109	108¼
Montreal Cotton	129¾	127
Reserve	..	377
Porto Rico	..	49
Col. Cotton Bonds	100	..
Dominion Coal bonds	97½	97
Dominion Cotton Bonds	100¾	100
Dominion Iron & Steel Bonds	97	96½
Halifax Tramway	..	100
Keewatin bonds	..	105
Lake of the Woods	..	110
Mexican Electric Bonds	85	..
Mexican L., & P. Bonds	87	..
Montreal L., H. and P. bonds	100	..
Montreal Street Railway Bonds	100¾	99¾
Ogilvie Bonds	116	..
Textile Ser. A	100	96
Textile Ser. B	98	97
Textile Ser. C	97	95¾
Textile, Ser D	102	96
Winnipeg Electric	105	104¾
Rubber bonds	98½	93
Quebec Railway bonds	..	100

Closing Sales: Canadian Pacific, 100 and 50 at 186⅝, 100 and 25 at 186½, 100 at 186¾; Quebec Railway, 25 and 25 at 57½, 50 at 58, 25 at 58¼, 25 at 58½, 50 at 68¼; Montreal Railway, 25 at 216; Power, 27, 50, 40 and 15 at 127¾, 5 and 9 at 128, 25 at 127⅞; Detroit, 25 at 65¾, 55 and 10 at 66, 50 and 30 at 67, 25 at 67¼; Telephone, 13 at 154; Rio, 25 at 85½; Soo, preferred, new, 6 at 138; Twin City, 25 at 104; Illinois, 5 at 96, 25 at 96½; Soo, common, 375 at 144, 100 at 144⅛, 100, 50 and 10 at 144½, 100 at 144⅜, 10 at 144, 50 at 144¾, 250 and 50 at 145, 125 at 145¼; Mackay, 50 at 81½; Richelieu and Ontario, 50 at 82¾, 85 at 83; Iron, common, 75 at 45½, 25 at 45¾, 50 at 45½, 25 and 175 at 45¾, 15 at 46, 25 at 45⅞; Scotia, 100 at 68; Ogilvie, preferred, 16 at 126; Textile, 150 at 74¾, 25 at 74½; do. preferred, 25 at 108½, 25 at 108; Montreal Cotton, 1 at 127½; Reserve, 800 at 3.75, 600 at 3.77, 100 at 3.78; Coal, common, 150 at 77½, 75 at 78; Bank of Montreal, 3 at 253; Cable, bonds, 7,500 at 88¼ and interest; Iron, bonds, 8,000 at 96½.

NEW YORK.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

New York, July 24.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	84¼	84⅝	84	84
Amer. Locomotive	62¾	62⅝	62½	62½
American Foundry	62⅜	..	..	..
American Refining	95	95½	94⅞	94⅞
Atchison, com	116½	116⅝	116½	116½
Baltimore & Ohio	120⅝	120⅝	120⅝	120⅝
Brooklyn Transit	78	78½	78	78⅛
Canadian Pacific	186½	186½	186⅜	186⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	73½	..	..	..
Chicago & G. W.	⅞	1	⅞	1
Col. Fuel & Iron	44⅜	44½	44⅜	44½
Chicago & N. W.	184	185	184	185
Erie, com.	36⅝	37	36¼	36¼
Erie, pfd.	54⅜	..	..	..
G. Northern, pfd.	151½	151½	150¾	150¾
Illinois Central	155	155½	155	155½
Inter-Metropolitan	14½	14⅜	14¼	14⅜
Inter-Met., pfd.	46	46¼	45	45
Kansas & Texas	41⅝	42	41⅝	42
Missouri Pacific	73	73	72⅝	72¾
New York Central	135⅜	136¼	135⅞	135¾
Northern Pacific	153½	153⅜	153	153⅜
Norfolk & Western	94½	94½	94	94
National Lead	86	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	137½	..	..	..
Reading	155¼	155¾	155	155
Republic Steel	34	34	33¾	33¾
Rock Island	37⅞	38⅛	37⅝	37⅝
Southern Railway	31½	..	..	..
Southern, Ry., pfd.	69½	..	..	..
Southern Pacific	133¾	133⅞	132½	132¾
St. Paul	155⅞	156⅜	155⅝	155⅝
Union Pacific	198½	199½	198⅜	198⅜
U. S. Rubber	38¼	..	..	..
U. S. Steel	38¼	..	..	..
U. S. Steel, pfd.	127	127⅛	127	127
Wabash, pfd.	55¾	..	..	..
Western Union Tel.	72½	72½	72	72

WALL STREET NOTES.

[Special from Harris, Winthrop & Co., to H. C. Becher.]

New York, Wall Street, July 24. — Cuba trynig to borrow $16,000,000.

Dun's Review says trade situation maintains the favorable conditions.

Bradsrteet's says in some lines high cost of all products is causing some uncertainty and may eventually affect business.

Steel prices expected to advance through orders approaching old high level before end of year.

Better demand for copper.

Paul M. Warburg, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., says coming prosperity discounted by present and recent high prices of stock.

Signs of weakening in the tin plate strike.

Northwest officials say facilities for moving crop are adequate.

Twelve industrials advanced .20.

Twenty active roads advanced .20.

By private wire to H. C. Becher, London, from Harris, Winthrop & Co.

New York, July 24. — Noon. — During the first hour of today's short session prices were firm. U. P. and N. Y. C. gained a point, and the general list followed these leaders, but in a lesser degree, when U. P. failed to surpass its highest record at 199½; some realizing caused a partial reaction, but on light transactions. Toward closing trading increased slightly, which brought the list above yesterday's closing. In the event of no unfavorable news we look for higher prices next week.

COBALT STOCKS.

Noon quotations on Cobalt mining stocks, telegraphed The Advertiser by Edward Cronyn & Co., members of the Toronto Stock Exchange.

Toronto, July 24.—Beaver 37½, Rochester 16, Chambers 49½, Kerr Lake 80½, Scotia 72, Reserve 375, LaRose 84½, Leaf 13, Cobalt Lake 16, Little Nipissing 26, Queen 35, Coniagas 6, Nippissing 1083, Temiskaming 87, Foster 25, Otisse 42, Trethewey 138, Petersen Lake 28.

Toronto, July 23.—Mining exchange prices today:

	High.	Close.
Beaver Consolidated	38½	38
Chambers-Ferland	51	51
Cobalt Central	41	40½
Cobalt Lake	15¾	15½
Crown Reserve	3.71	3.68
Foster	25	24¾
Gifford	25½	25
Great Northern	16	16
Green-Meehan	15	16
Kerr Lake	8.00	8.00
La Rose	8.44	8.40
Little Nipissing	26	26
McKinley-Darragh	87	87
Nancy Helen	21	21
Nipissing	10.95	10.96
Peterson Lake	28	28
Right of Way	2.25	2.25
Rochester	16½	16
Silver Leaf	13	13
Silver Bar	33	35
Temiskaming	87¾	87
Trethewey	1.37½	1.37½

LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 24.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 300; market steady; beeves, $4 50 to $7 60; Texas steers, $4 to $5 75; western steers, $4 to $5 75; stockers and feeders, $3 to $5 10; cows and heifers, $2 25 to $5 10; calves, $5 50 to $8 50.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 7,000; market strong to 5c higher; light, $7 65 to $8 20; mixed, $7 50 to $8 25; heavy, $7 45 to $8 30; rough, $7 45 to $7 65; good to choice heavy, $7 65 to $8 30; pigs, $7 to $8; bulk f sales at $7 70 to $8 15.

Sheep—Receipts estimated at 3,000; market steady; natives, $3 to $5 35; western, $3 to $5 50; yearlings, $4 60 to $6 10; lambs, native, $4 75 to $8 15; western, $4 75 to $8 10.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, July 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 150 head; slow and unchanged. Veals—Receipts, 350 head; fairly active and steady, $6 to $8 50.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,500 head; best grades steady to 5c lower; others slow; heavy and mixed, $8 50 to $8 60; Yorkers, $8 25 to $8 50; pigs, $8 20 to $8 25; roughs, $7 20 to $7 40; stags, $6 to $6 25; dairies, $8 25 to $8 35.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 1,000 head; lambs fairly active and 10c lower, yearlings 25c lower, sheep slow and steady; lambs, $4 50 to $7 40; yearlings, $6 to $6 25; wethers, $5 to $5 50; ewes, $4 25 to $4 75; sheep, mixed, $2 to $5.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, July 23.—Cattle—Firm, at 12¾c to 13¾c per lb for Canadian steers, dressed weight; refrigerator beef is quoted at 9½c to 10c per lb.

PRODUCE.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

	Chicago, July 24, 1909			
Wheat, July	1 10¾	1 10¾	1 07¾	1 07⅞
Sept	1 06¾	1 07⅛	1 05¾	1 05⅞
Dec	1 05⅞	1 05⅞	1 04¾	1 04¾
Corn, July	72⅜	72½	71¾	71⅞
Sept	68⅝	68⅝	67⅝	68⅛
Dec	57⅜	57⅜	57½	57½
Oats, July	45¾	45⅞	44⅝	44¾
Sept	40⅜	41	40¾	40⅝
Dec	40⅜	41¼	40¾	40¾
Pork, July	20 00	....	....	....
Sept	21 00	21 10	21 00	21 00
Lard, July	11 72	....	....	....
Sept	11 72	11 72	11 70	11 72
Ribs, July	11 40	....	....	....
Sept	11 37	11 37	11 35	11 37

SPRINGBANK PICNIC

Sunday School of Southern Congregational Church Visited Park on Friday.

The annual picnic of the members of the Sunday school of the Southern Congregational Church was held at Springbank on Wednesday, and was thoroughly enjoyed by a large crowd. A fine programme of races and games was carried out. A football match and a tug-of-war betwen the married and single ladies were features of the programme. In both cases the married ladies carried off the prize. Both dinner and supper were served, and the party arrived home early in the evening.

GOING TO PORT?

If so, have The Advertiser delivered at your summer home or cottage. Send a card, phone 107, or notify W. H. Smith, Port Stanley.

Doing Well.

At the present time there are five cases of scarlet fever and four cases of diphtheria in Victoria Hospital. All the patients are doing well, and it is expected will soon be discharged.

SOUTH LONDON MAN PLACED UNDER ARREST

Manville Newans Charged With Defrauding the G. T. R.

Manville Newans was arrested at his home in South London by Detective Egelton on a charge of defrauding the Grand Trunk baggage department in Hamilton.

Newans, it is alleged, obtained a sum of money and left the city. It is understood that he was leaving London for the west shortly. He was arrested on Tecumseh avenue this morning as a result of a telegram received from Hamilton on Thursday. Newans was in trouble once before for stealing a wheel.

HAT PIN PENETRATED LONDON BOY'S FOOT

Serious Mishap to Young Wilfred Keene at Port Stanley.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Port Stanley, July 24.—Wilfred Keene, son of Mr. Henry Keene, of London, met with a very serious accident at Willow Beach, where the family are summering. The boy was running about last night when he stepped on a rusty hatpin, which penetrated his foot, and went clean through it, coming out in the instep. The doctor is fearful of bloodpoisoning, and every precaution is being taken to avoid it.

TRAVELLER READ OF OF DAUGHTER'S ESCAPE

J. W. Brown of Grand Valley Startled by an Article in a Paper Concerning Child.

Mr. J. W. Brown, of Grand Valley, Ont., was sitting at the table at the Savoy at noon today, and while reading a paper from that district was greatly startled to find an article about a very close call his little daughter had had from death by strychnine poisoning.

Mr. Brown left on the first train for his home. He is a traveller, and having been away from home for some days his family had been unable to find him.

The little girl took the poison by some mistake.

COURT HOUSE LETTER HAD ITS TROUBLES

Was Knocked Around in Many Places Before It Reached Its Destination

A letter reached the court house the other day, after a series of travels that was almost a record. It was posted in Alemeda, Sask., on Oct. 13 last, by Joseph Ward, who is now in jail charged with homicide, and registered by him to an address in Detroit. The letter contained $5. As the person to whom it was addressed could not be found it was sent to the dead letter office in Washington, where it was opened, and the address of the sender disclosed. From there it was sent to Ottawa, St. Paul, Winnipeg and several other place in the Northwest, in an effort to locate the owner. Wherever there was a man named Ward, there the letter travelled. On Jan. 19 it is postmarked "Frobisher," and indorsed "Not for me, John H. Ward." Shortly after it reached Douglaston, where it was again sent on its way with the additional inscription, "Not for me, either, Henry Ward." Failing to find the owner the letter was eventually returned to Ottawa, where it bears the date July 5. Thence

SCRAPING THE STOMACH

DANGEROUS AND PAINFUL OPERATION AVOIDED BY TAKING "FRUIT-A-TIVES."

Guelph, Ont., Aug. 6, 1908.

I suffered for many months with dreadful stomach trouble, with vomiting and constant pain, and I could retain practically nothing.

My doctor stated that I must go to the hospital and undergo an operation of scraping the stomach and be fed by the bowels for weeks. All the medicine the doctor gave me I vomited at once. I was dreadfully alarmed, but I dreaded an operation and had refused.



I had heard of "Fruit-a-tives" and the great success they were having in all stomach troubles, and I decided to try them. To my surprise, the "Fruit-a-tives" not only remained on the stomach, but they also checked the vomiting. I immediately began to improve, and in three days the pain was easier and I was decidedly better. I continued to take "Fruit-a-tives" and they completely cured me.

Mrs. Austin Hainstock.

"Fruit-a-tives are 50c a box, 6 boxes for $2.50, trial box 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

NEW USES OF RAILWAY TERMINALS.

The proposed opening of a permanent merchants' and manufacturers' exposition and exchange in connection with the Grand Central station points to new uses of railway terminals. On a site north of the station and immediately adjacent to it, the New York Central and New Haven railroads plan to erect twin twelve-story office buildings covering two entire blocks and designed to serve as a central salesroom. A floor space of 30 acres will be provided for the display of goods, and clubrooms and reading-rooms will be maintained for buyers, along with a restaurant and a roof garden. A large assembly hall will be available for automobile, electrical, textile and other shows.

The effect on the wholesale trade of this concentration of manufacturing interests under one roof remains to be seen. Railway terminals have included hotel facilities in England, and there has long been an example of a terminal hotel in St. Louis. The Grand Central station in this city has become a hotel centre, and a theatre was under consideration in connection with the unfinished Pennsylvania station. But the idea of terminals as trade centres is a novelty. Signs have not been wanting that with their growth in size and acquisition of architectural features they were destined to take on new functions. They are no longer civic eyesores, as they too frequently were in a recent stage of railway evolution.—New York World.

THE FUNCTION OF IMAGINATION.

Imagination is nothing more or less than the faculty for realization — the faculty by which the mind makes real unto itself such materials as are presented to it. The full significance of this definition may be made clear by a simple illustration.

Suppose that some morning at breakfast you pick up a newspaper and read that a great earthquake has overwhelmed Messina, killing countless thousands and rendering an entire province desolate. You say, "How very terrible!" — after which you go blithely about your business, untroubled, undisturbed. But suppose that your little girl's pet pussy cat happens to fall out of the fourth-story window. If you chance to be an author and have an article to write that morning you will find the task of composition heavy. Now, the reason why the death of a single pussy cat affects you more than the death of a hundred thousand human beings is merely that you realize the one and do not realize the other. You do not, by the action of imagination, make real unto yourself the disaster at Messina; but when you see your little daughter's face you at once and easily imagine woe. Similarly, on the largest scale, we go through life realizing only a very little part of all that is presented to our minds. Yet, finally, we know of life only so much as we have realized. To use the other word for the same idea —we know of life only so much as we have imagined.—The Forum.

A GUARANTEED CURE

FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA

There is no hesitation or quibbling about the claims which the Coleman Medicine Company make for their wonderful "Little Digesters." They come out straight with the statement that "Little Digesters" will positively cure even chronic indigestion or dyspepsia, as well as heartburn and sour stomach.

They GUARANTEE "Little Digesters" to cure. If they fail, you get your money back, promptly and without question.

Of course they would not make such positive statements, or give such a guarantee, if they had not proved, beyond the shadow of a doubt, that "Little Digesters" WILL CURE.

"Little Digesters" do it simply and naturally, too, by helping out the weakened stomach — supplying just what it needs in the process of digestion, and enabling it to assimilate the food. Soon the whole system regains its vigor, and the stomach needs no further help.

"Little Digesters" are put up in little red boxes, sold for 25c by your druggist, or mailed by the Coleman Medicine Company of Toronto.

MILITARY GOSSIP

The members of the Canadian Bisley team are this year, with one exception, using the new long-barrel Ross rifle, known as the Mark II., two-star rifle, and the remarkable shooting which they are doing seems to prove that Canada now has a military rifle which compares favorably with any other military rifle in the world, at least, as far as target-shooting goes. The Ross rifle has met with an immense amount of criticism and opposition, and a great many changes have been made since the Mark II. rifle was first adopted, but it now seems to be an accepted fact that the latest pattern is a most excellent rifle, in fact, the best military rifle now in use. It should be, at any rate, as it is the most expensive one made.

There is one test, however, through which this rifle must pass before it can be safely said that it is now a perfect military rifle, and that is the test of active service, which is, after all, the most important of all tests by far. These seems to be considerable doubt as to whether it would be able to withstand the consequent rough usage. The stock, which is made of one piece, appears to be a weak point, for if the grain runs off near the small of the butt or in the fore part of the stock, very little pressure sometimes is sufficient to break it. The old Lee-Enfield stock seems much more substantial. Then, again, many consider the back sight too deligate for service, but these appear to be difficulties easily remedied. Whatever the defects, the latest pattern of the Ross rifle appears to be doing busines on the Bisley range.

The American Government has been considering the widening of parts of the Panama Canal. If the size of battleships continues to increase it may be necessary to make the canal square

It will not be very long before fall drills will be commencing in the various city regiments, and the struggle to get the men to turn out on drill nights will begin again. That it is a struggle to get good turnouts is beyond doubt, and for this there must, of course, be a reason, which, to my mind, is most apparent.

Let us take the case of the Seventh Regiment as an example. The officers have a beautifully furnished mess open the year around, where they can drop in at any time, to read the latest magazines, etc., enjoy a little music or a game of cards, or spend a pleasant evening. The sergeants have the same. But what about the rank and file? There is absolutely nothing for them, no reading-room, no card-room, no gymnasium; in fact, they are overlooked entirely, until drills commence. Then they receive notices to attend parades until further orders. They do so, at least some of them do. After parade the officers and sergeants retire to their comfortable messes, and the men, if they wish to take chances on a broken rib, arm or leg, can have a little game of ball on the highly-polished floor; that is, until the lights are turned off on them. They are then practically shown the door. Is it any wonder they are not anxious to turn out for drill?

But it may be said that they have a bowling alley. True, enough, but how many made use of it in the past two years? It is safe to say that not a single ball has been rolled down the alleys in two years. The alley exists in name only. It is in the basement, and between the extremes of heat and cold and the dampness, has been entirely unfit for use for a number of years.

They also have a shooting gallery, but how long does a man's allowance of gallery ammunition, about twelve rounds, last?

The men, instead of the officers and sergeants, are the ones who should be provided for in the armories. The latter, particularly the officers, are as a rule, men of some means, who do not have to look to the armories for amusement, who can provide amusement in other ways. The rank and file are in a majority of cases not so fortunately situated. And what a lot could be done for them if someone would only take hold of it. That useless bowling alley could be torn up and sold, and a swimming pool installed. Those three useless shower-baths could be made a source of much good by providing them with hot water, by simply putting a coil in the furnaces; that large room called a lecture room could be turned into a gymnasium, and fitted with apparatus, where the men could enjoy themselves every night. Physical culture classes could be established, and what would be more interesting to the men ,and more beneficial? Next to musketry training should come the physical training of the men; yet what is done in this line? The ground behind the armories could be levelled and used for outdoor sports, such as putting the shot, throwing the hammer, jumping, pole-vaulting, and short sprints. A couple of electric lights would make it possible to practice these games at night.

Track athletics, in which every regiment should be proficient, could be encouraged; meets arranged with other corps, and that most useful art of swimming, which every soldier should know, could be taught as well as boxing, fencing and numerous other useful and beneficial exercises.

And can anyone say the results of these changes would not justify the expenditure. The physique of the men would be greatly improved, and it can stand improvement. The very best classes of young men would be anxious to enlist, recruiting would be much easier, and attendance at parades much better.

I recommend this matter to the officers of the Seventh Regiment for serious consideration. A city of 50,000 population should have two regiments up to full strength all the time. London could have them, if the rank and file were properly looked after and something done to encourage and interest them and show them that they were something more than units in parades for officers and sergeants to command.

When the American fleet of 16 battleships assembled at Hampton Roads last year for its cruise around the world (attended by British colliers and coaled at British coaling stations), acres of newspaper space were used in proclaiming it to the world as the greatest assemblage of fighting ships ever. We are now watching with interest the attention paid by American papers to the assemblage in the Thames this week of 148 of Britain's fighting ships. To date the space used can be best measured in square inches.

Major J. H. Wynne, Canadian Ordinance Corps, returned to Kingston this week after spending two weeks' leave of absence in the city.

The special course of instruction which was to have commenced at the Canadian School of Musketry, Ottawa, on the 20th inst., has been cancelled owing to lack of applicants. This course was specially for officers and N. C. O.'s of the militia desirous of qualifying as regimental musketry instructors. It is unfortunate that it was not taken advantage of.

While speaking of regimental musketry instructors I am reminded of a rather remarkable incident which took place some time ago. Officers, in order to be eligible for appointment as musketry instructors, must be in possession of a musketry certificate. An officer in a certain city regiment was recommended for appointment as such, but as he did not hold the necessary certificate, his appointment was not allowed, although he had on several occasions been a member of the Bisley team. This year he is again a member of this team and on last Saturday was personally congratulated by His Majesty the King on his excellent shooting. Yet he is not eligible for appointment as musketry instructor to his regiment. Surely this is a case where regulations could be waived with good results.

It is very seldom, indeed, that you see a sergeant of the active militia dining in the officers' mess at a royal school of instruction during a course, but this is the phenomenon which is now occurring at Wolseley Barracks. Of course, the sergeant is also a school teacher, and is attending the course for teachers to qualify as cadet corps instructors.

Those who got a "look in" on the at home given by the camp commandant at Niagara camp this year must have been convinced of one fact, and that is that the Canadian uniform, as a hot weather outfit is just about as absurd as the American uniform is sensible. The Canadian officers sweltering in their thick, tight-fitting, high-collared tunics and the Americans enjoying themselves in their white uniforms, presented a most striking contrast, and an object lesson in the necessity for a radical change in the clothing of the militia.

The establishments for the Canadian militia for 1909 provide for one lieutenant-colonel, one major and two captains as command signallers. Every thing seems to be running to high ranks in the militia lately. Some few years ago it was our boast that the highest rank in the militia was that of colonel. Now we have a steadily increasing list of brigadier-generals and major-generals.

Why a command signaller needs to be a lieutenant-colonel, we cannot see, unless it be for purposes of pay and allowances. From what we have seen of the signalling corps, especially the permanent corps, the sergeant instructors seem to do the work. Why lieutenants and captains would not do as signalling officers is more than we can make out.

The inspector-general says that the principal duty of the permanent force is the instruction of the active militia. The warrant officers and N. C. O. instructors give almost all the instruction. Therefore, the warrant officers and N. C. O. instructors are the principal part of the permanent force. This seems to us to be a most logical conclusion.

Colonel Sam Hughes has been appointed commandant of the Rockcliffe rifle range during the period of the annual meeting of the Dominion Rifle Association. If the colonel "shoots off" as much on this job as he does on the floor of the House of Commons, the markers will have a busy time.

The new French equipment which has been under trial in the manoeuvres, is of much lighter pattern than its predecessor. The great coat, which has a single row of buttons and a small hood attached to the collar, is much less heavy. The water bottle is of aluminum, and the mess tin and kettle have a capacity of one litre or three litres. The covering serves the soldier as a plate, and the new drinking cup of aluminum is screwed to the waterbottle. The pack is without framework, and contains only a shirt, a fatigue cap, a mess tin, six biscuits, and a pair of light shoes, the latter being for night use, with canvas tops and a thick sole. The pack and valise are not fastened by heavy straps pressing upon the chest. The cartridesg are eighty-eight in number, distributed in three pouches, but as soon as the soldier enters the zone of fire, he receives a further supply. The general principle of the new equipment seems to be approved.

The total weight of equipment now carried by a French soldier on active service is now reduced to 35 pounds, this including rifle, cartridges and spade.

The second part of the inspector-general's report on the training of the active militia for 1908 deals with the cavalry of the active militia. His report is in part as follows:

The cavalry of the active militia were, on the whole, with one or two exceptions, better mounted this year than usual. But the horses are not yet what they ought to be. The best mounted corps were those of Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

In training and manoeuvre power, generally, the western cavalry corps are ahead of those in the east. There are but few of the latter which could be at all compared with the bulk of the western corps in efficiency. The principal reason for this is, no doubt, that the western men are better riders and on the whole, better horsed.

It is difficult to state with accuracy the positive stage of efficiency reached by the cavalry of the Dominion, but some of the western corps have reached a stage of drill and manoeuvre highly creditable, considering the short period available for training. They have still much to learn in reconnaissance and advanced cavalry duties, and in the use of the rifle, although in this latter respect they more than hold their own with most of the eastern corps.

Of the cavalry of Eastern Canada, while one or two corps show creditable results, the majority of the cavalry of Ontario and Quebec have not yet reached a satisfactory stage of efficiency. The cavalry of the Maritime Provinces ranks distinctly higher.

In the case of military districts 3 and 4, it was pleaded that the camps were held at an inconvenient period of the year for the farmers, and that the cavalry suffered thereby.

The weak point, with but few exceptions, of the great bulk of the cavalry inspected was inferior troop and squadron drill. If these have been well practiced good regimental and brigade drill, or manoeuvre, follow almost as a matter of course. It is noticeable that all the best regiments pay especial attention to this. And the good showing made by individual squadrons in the majority of corps is a proof of what can be done by keen officers who know their work.

According to this report, the cavalry of this part of the country is the most inefficient in the Dominion. It is far behind the western cavalry corps in training and manoeuvre. And why? The inspector-general gives one reason. We venture to suggest another, which is that these corps are not provided with proper training grounds.

Take the case of the First Hussars for instance. This excellent corps is brought to London for annual training. In the same camp is also a battery of field artillery, five or six regiments of infantry and two or three smaller units. The whole space available for camp and parade grounds is more suitable for a lawn social than a training ground for the militia, especially mounted corps. Is it any wonder that a cavalry corps which has to train in such a place is not up to the mark in manoeuvre? The First Hussars deserve great credit for attaining their present state of efficiency in the face of such an obstacle.

The inspector-general makes some very interesting and lengthy remarks upon the arms, clothing and equipment of the cavalry. They will be published next week.

Some people think that cell prisoners in the service are put on a bread and water diet. But such is not the case. In fact, the scale of rations for cell prisoners undergoing sentences of over 168 hours duration is almost enough to tempt lovers of jam and bacon to get themselves into trouble. The allowance of these articles for cell prisoners is 3 ounces of each. The ordinary ration allows 2 ounces only, so in some ways at least a man is fed better in cells than out.

One day an officer came on to the railway station, and Pat had to label his luggage for him. Noticing the letters "K.C.M.G." after his name, he was puzzled as to their meaning and decided to ask the officer.

"Excuse me, sorr," he said, "but could you tell me what 'K.C.M.G.' means afther your name?" on which the officer laughed and said:

"It means 'Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George.'"

The Irishman looked up into his face and said: "Oh, I thought it meant 'Kindly call me governor!'"

They say that the German war scare in Great Britain is over. To read Lord Ellenborough's notice in the House of Lords seems to contradict this. He is very much afraid that while the 150 fighting ships are in the Thames they will be bottled up by the sinking of ships or the laying of mines across the mouth of the river. He doesn't say who's going to do the trick, but we think he's hinting at the Germans.

A successful revolution in Turkey, a promising one in Persia, a typical South American rebellion, a good-sized war in Morocco and a threatened one in South America make a rather complete bill-of-fare for the past few months. All that is lacking is a Central American scrap, which by the way is considerably overdue.

Australia is to have an American-built and equipped small arms factory. If it turns out rifles as good as the Springfield, the American army rifle, at as low a cost, which is about $13, Australia will have made a good bargain.

The Twenty-First Regiment, Windsor, will go to Leamington on August 18, to take part in the civic holiday celebration at that place.

Lieut. P. H. Anderson, senior ordnance officer at this station, is spending a week's leave of absence in Ottawa.

C. B. DeFAULTER,
Corporal.

SUMMER COMPLAINTS DEADLY TO LITTLE ONES

At the first sign of illness during the hot weather months give the little ones Baby's Own Tablets, or in a few hours the child may be beyond cure. These Tablets will prevent summer complaints if given occasionally to the well child, and will promptly cure these troubles if they come unexpectedly. For this reason Baby's Own Tablets should always be kept in every home where there are young children. Mrs. P. Laroche, Les Fonds, Que., says: "Last summer my baby suffered severely from stomach and bowel troubles, but the prompt administration of Baby's Own Tablets brought him through splendidly." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

MEN The Way Dr. Rhodes Company Cure Rupture, Blood and Private Diseases

HAVE YOU BEEN TAKING MEDICINE FOR MONTHS AND YEARS BECAUSE YOU HAVE DEALT WITH PHYSICIANS WHO FAILED TO EFFECT A CURE ON ACCOUNT OF TREATING YOU FOR SYMPTOMS INSTEAD OF MAKING AN EXHAUSTIVE DIAGNOSIS AND COMBATING THE MAIN MALADY? I MAKE A CAREFUL EXAMINATION AND THEREBY OPEN THE WAY FOR SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT.

My examinations are made by finding the origin—the cause—the first starting place and actual seat from which symptoms and complications arise, enabling me to delve into the bottom of the trouble, and giving me the advantage of striking at the seat of the disease, thus forcing the symptom to disappear entirely, thereby removing the final existence of same.

I claim that the majority of the uncured, disappointed, who go from one physcian to another, would at least receive benefit from ordinary treatment if their trouble were properly diagnosed and understood in the beginning by the specialist, so that the root of the disease might be gotten at, and not merely try to smother the symptoms for a time, in order to have the patient believe he is being benefited. Some physicians, as is known to the afflicted, do not make a careful examination in starting a patient under treament, and rely on the information they get from asking a few questions. Others are so hasty as to make it impossible for them to ascertain the exact conditions, and the endless symptom treating" is bound to be all that is done for the patient. It should be plain to any afflicted person that it is as important to know what to do as to know how to do it, and that no conscientious, successful specialist will accept a case for treatment without knowing the most minute details, which cannot be learned except by exercising great care in making an examination.

Finest Institute in America Devoted Exclusively to Curing Diseases of Men

I MAKE NO CHARGE—I GUARANTEE EVERY CASE I ACCEPT. MY VERY LARGE PRACTICE ENABLES ME TO CURE YOU CHEAPER THAN YOU EVER HOPE.

And in doing this I do not depend on medicines alone, but bring to my aid, both in treatment and diagosis, the very latest and best, light, electrical, chemical and mechanical auxiliary known. I have lights whose rays penetrate the tissues, enabling me to distinguisch the nature and extent of certain diseases, and other lights whose rays are soothing and healing to the most stubborn skin diseases. I have compressed air aparatus that forces the medicine or its vapors into the tissues. The wonderful Thermic that aids in the elimination of poisons from the system, by opening up the pores of the skin, stimulating peripheral circulation. Massage, electrical and vibratory, that develop muscles and increase circulation of blood. Galvanic, Faradic and Electro-Chemic, Violet Ray, X-Ray and Leucodescent lights, alone or combined with suitable medicines—private formula—result of years of study and practice in my chosen field.

I have had many years of successful practice, and today have as large a practice as any one physician or specialist in the world. Why is this so? Simply because I treat my patients honestly and cure them to stay cured. Practice limited to diseases of men only.

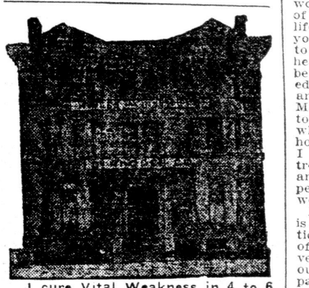
Blood Poison

is the name sometimes given to what is generally known as the BAD DISEASE. It is not confined to dens of vice or the lower classes. The purest and best people are sometimes infected with this awful malady through handling the clothing, drinking from the same vessel, using the same toilet articles, or otherwise coming in contact with persons who have contracted it.

It begins usually with a little blister or sore, then swelling in the groins, a red eruption breaks out on the body, sores and ulcers appear in the mouth, the throat becomes ulcerated, the hair, eyebrows and lashes fall out, and, as the blood becomes more contaminated, copper-colored splotches and pustular eruptions and sores appear upon different parts of the body, and the poison even destroys the bones.

If properly treated this disease is easily curable. My methods never fail in this loathsome disease, and cures it even in the worst forms. It is a perfect antidote for the powerful virus that pollutes the blood and penetrates to all parts of the system. Unless you get this poison out of your blood it will ruin you and bring disgrace and disease upon your children, for it can be transmitted from parent to child.

MY CHARGES—Many patients tell me after I have cured them that they hesitated to come to me, because they thought on account of the great reputation I have made that they could not afford to pay me to take my treatment. I wish to assure every sufferer that my charges are so reasonable that any workingman can come to me and receive a cure. Remember, the BEST will cost you no more than some inferior treatment, and you will have the satisfaction of KNOWING that you will not be disappointed, but will receive the CURE you crave.



I cure Vital Weakness in 4 to 6 weeks.
I cure Rupture in one treatment.
I cure Piles in one treatment.
I cure Varicocele in one treatment.
I cure Hydrocele in one treatment.
I cure Blood Poison in 30 to 90 days.
I cure other diseases of men in the shortest possible time known to medical science.

Don't Give Up

I am restoring suffering humanity every day to robust health. Many of them, no doubt, were in much worse condition than you.

You may have been unfortunate in selecting a doctor to treat you, or you may not have given yourself the attention which your disease demands; you know that every day you put the matter off you are getting worse and worse; you are mortified and ashamed of your position among your friends; life does not possess the pleasures for you it did. Would you not give much to possess that robust manhood, health, vim and vigor that were yours before the ravages of disease attacked your system? Then if you do really and truly have this desire to be a MAN in the true sense of the word, to feel the strength that was yours when you were first budding into manhood, call at my offices at once and I will take pleasure in explaining a treatment that has restored hundreds and hundreds, many of whom were perhaps much weaker and in a much worse condition than you are.

In a short time after the treatment is begun, decided improvement is noticed, and the patients feel the return of vitality or health tingling in their veins, and when I dismiss them, go out from under my care with every part, every function of their physical make-up restored to the health Nature intended. This is easy to do, if the specialist only KNOWS what to do and DOES IT.

I say you cannot afford to continue to float down the stream which so surely and certainly will carry you into the much dreaded, awful gulf from which few travellers ever return to robust vigor, health and manhood, when for so small an amount I CAN CURE YOU SOUND AND WELL. Come to my institution and let us talk the matter over. It will cost you nothing for consultation.

27tf-t

VACUUM AIRSHIP IS THE LATEST

Proposal to Build a Dirigible Balloon on Old Plans Revived.

In the light of the revived interest in dirigible balloons, due to Count Zeppelin's remarkable performance, it is interesting to recall the proposition of Dr. Arthur de Bausset. It is somewhat surprising that de Bausset's remarkable invention of 20 years ago has not been heard from before; but, according to C. A. McCready, of the Produce Exchange of New York, who became the executor of Dr. de Bausset's effects and the custodian of his inventions four years ago, the vacuum airship came very near being adopted by physician and scientist is now under investigation by representatives of one of the European governments. The vacuum airship came very near being adopted by the United States in 1888, for in that year a bill was favorably reported in the 51st Congress authorizing the appropriation of $150,000 to build an airship according to Dr. de Bausset's methods. Dr. de Bausset was a resident of this country during the last forty years of his life, and he died in Boston in 1905.

Dr. de Bausset's plan for aerial travel, startling as it may seem at first, won the approval not only of Congress but of many eminent engineers who were at first disposed to ridicule the plan. His idea was to build a huge steel cylinder over 700 feet long, and by means of deflating it by pumping out most of the air, creating a partial vacuum, obtain sufficient buoyancy to raise not only the mammoth cylinder in the air, but to carry several tons, either as freight or passengers.

"The method of constructing the cylinder so as to resist the tremendous atmospheric pressure has never been made public," continued Mr. McCready. "Dr. de Bausset bequeathed to me the work of carrying out his ideas. Hence, while the foreign patents on the general principle have expired, the secret of construction was never made public by the inventor. Whether the plan will attain any greater success than it did when first brought before the public twenty years ago I cannot tell. All I can say now is that the plan of aerial flight as worked out by Dr. de Bausset is being carefully studied by one of the foreign governments, and if it is decided to build a ship on the vacuum principle, the secret of construction and other rights will probably be sold. The revival of the interest in the vacuum system is due chiefly to the great success of the Zeppelin airship, with the practical possibilities it has brought so prominently to the front. The vacuum airship, however, should it do all that the inventor asserted, would not only revolutionize all system of aerial locomotion, but would make the commercial utility of the airship a thing of the immediate future."

In view of the heavy material to be used, Dr. de Bausset realized that his airship, to be successful, must have vast proportions. He determined that something over 700 feet would give the best results. He worked out his plan for a ship 774 feet long, having a diameter of 144 feet, the cylinder displacing 10,000,000 cubic feet of air, equal to a weight of 400 tons. To this great tube the car, with all machinery, provisions and complete equipment for a long voyage would weigh, according to the Frenchman's calculations, 276 tons, having a lifting power of 124 tons. But Dr. de Bausset did not intend to exhaust all of the air within the cylinder. With three-fourths of the air pumped out he judged he would still have enough ascensional force to raise several tons. His plan was to run his big ship with electricity. Many detailed improvements are possibly now, Mr. McCready pointed out, not only in the motive power, but in the construction itself, as steel of greater tensile strength and yet lighter in weight, can be obtained now than was possible nearly twenty years ago.

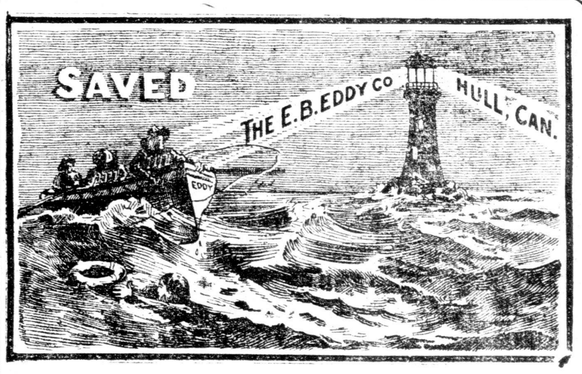
In Philadelphia more than 50 per cent of the large manufacturing plants producing railway equipment, agricultural implements, building materials and hardware have contracts enough to keep them occupied all summer.

WIRE WOUNDS.

My mare, a very valuable one, was badly bruised and cut by being caught in a wire fence. Some of the wounds would not heal, although I tried many different medicines. Dr. Bell advised me to use MINARD'S LINIMENT, diluted at first, then stronger as the sores began to look better, until after three weeks the sores have healed, and best of all the hair is growing well, and is NOT WHITE, as is most always the case in horse wounds.

F. M. DOUCET.

Weymouth.



LIVES AND PROPERTY ARE SAVED BY USING

Eddy's Silent SAFETY Parlor Matches

R. R. R.



RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

should always be in the house of every family. Its use will prove beneficial on all occasions of pain or sickness. There is nothing in the world that will stop pain or arrest the progress of disease as quick as the Ready Relief. It is unrivalled as a preventive and cure for all

SUMMER COMPLAINTS,

Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea, Nausea, Cramps, Colic.

Tourists, Camping Parties, Summer Visitors to the country, will find RADWAY'S READY RELIEF a valuable accession to their outfits. It takes up but little room—is not expensive—and saves often a world of trouble.

Use Radway's Ready Relief for a Rub Down.

For over 50 Years an Unfailing Remedy for Sore Muscles, Sprains, Strains and Bruises.

At all druggists, 25c & 50c per bottle.

RADWAY & CO., Montreal, Can.

Ask your druggist for a free copy of "Hope For the Sick," a list of the principal ailments of mankind, with directions for their treatment. Compiled after very exhaustive research by two eminent physicians, Dr. J. S. Radway and Dr. P. C. Van Wyck. Valuable as a medical work in any home.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhœa and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

"The Prospective Patentee" —Full information to inventors— sent free on application

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A GLANCE AT LIFE IN GREAT BRITAIN---HAPPENINGS IN ENGLAND, IRELAND AND SCOTLAND BRIEFLY CHRONICLED

RELICS OF PHAROAH

Burial Equipment of Lady Who Lived 1700 B. C.

An exhibition is now being held at Univefsity College, Gower street, of ancient Egyptian articles, unearthed by Prof. Petrie at the palace of King Apries—the Pharaoh Hophra of the Bible—who was contemporary with Jeremiah. One exhibit is the entire burial equipment of a lady who lived and died in 1700 B.C.

On Richard Curren, an American sailor, being charged with drunkenness at Goole, it was stated that a few days ago he arrived in the town from South America in an Italian barque. He was paid off, receiving £15. This he proceeded to spend in riotous living, and when locked up by the police he had only 2½d remaining. In addition he had bought a new suit and pawned it.

The committee of the Church of England Liberal and Progressive Union, a body which has Lord Aberdare as president, intends shortly to organize a plebiscite in order to ascertain the trend of opinion of the members with regard to suggestive reforms in the poor law.

Sir William Richmond, at the annual meeting of the Coal Smoke Abatement Society in London, declared that Westminster Abbey had suffered more rapid decay in the last 100 years than had occurred in all the years of its previous history.

The value of New Zealand's exports for June amounted to £1,377,000, compared with £1,121,000 last year. There were decreases in the exports of butter, wool, timber and gold.

At the Rashleigh coin sale held recently, a royal of the reign of Henry VII., only three of which are known to be in existence, was sold for £152, while a sovereign of Queen Mary, 1554, fetched £50. The collection was expected to realize between £7,000 and £9,000.

At Carlisle race course during the progress of the race, five men were arrested for picking pockets. Welshing, etc., and temporarily lodged in premises set apart for police purposes. By some means all the prisoners to the consternation of the police, succeeded in escaping. Re-arrests were almost impossible among such a crowd.

A Bristol child named Florence Evelyn Sparrow, aged 2 years and 4 months, was put to bed on Friday week, and despite the attempts of the parents and a medical man to wake her, she slept soundly until Monday morning, a period of about 62 hours. She seemed none the worse for the long sleep and fast, but was still drowsy.

TELL-TALE SHADOW

Woman's Struggle for Life Depicted on Window-blind.

A shadow on a blind—the shadow of a woman struggling for life—was described at Leeds assizes, when Mark Green was sentenced to ten years' penal servitude for the murder of his wife. A policeman who saw the shadow forced his way into the house, but was too late to save the woman's life.

A wedding took place on Monday, at St. Mary's Parish Church, Bury St. Edmunds, in which the bridegroom was 70 years of age and the bride 78.

Seven of Mr. G. Smith-Bosanquet's hounds, of Broxbourne, Herts, have died of strychnine poisoning. The poison had been mixed with small pieces of sheep's liver and kidney, which were placed in a field.

There are now 27,281 midwives on the roll of the central midwives' board, according to a white paper just issued. During the past year 92 charges of malpractice, negligence, or misconduct have received attention.

The second ascent ever made of the central gully of the Lliwedd, Snowdon, has been accomplished by Messrs. E. H. Ashforth (Rotherham), and R. Greaves, and T. J. Denton (Nottingham). The climb is the most formidable in Wales.

An outbreak of disease, believed to be identical with the Isle of Wight bee disease, has occurred in several hives in Buckinghamshire. This disease, which has destroyed almost all the bees in the island from which it takes its name, is due to a bacillus closely resembling the bacillus of plauge, and no remedy for it is known.

While engaged in salvage operations on the wreck of the French fishing vessel L'Argle, off Prawle Point, Captain Sandover, of Falmouth, discovered the remains of a second wreck. Eventually a large brass cannon was brought to the surface, bearing the name of H.M.S. Ramillies, a vessel of 90 guns, which went down off Bolt Tail in 1760. The admiralty authorities have been asked what steps they wish taken with a view to further salving of this historic wreck.

SUMMONED BY KING

Two Men to be Rewarded for Life-Saving Work.

Mr. G. K. Chapman, works manager at the Mercantile Dry Docks, Jarrow-on-Tyne, and Mr. Thomas McCormack, a workman at the docks, are to attend at Buckingham Palace to receive awards from the King for heroic attempts to save the lives of workmen who had been overcome by fumes.

The receipts of the exchequer from the death duties for the quarter ended June 30 was £6,464,000, or $30,320,000.

The war office has issued instructions that members of the Territorial force competing at the National Rifle Club's jubilee meeting at Bisley, may be excused their annual training with their regiments.

Sarah Elizabeth Visick, a servant girl aged 23, was sentenced to death at the Cornwall assizes, at Bodmin, for the murder of her infant child at Redruth in April by throwing it down a mine shaft.

George Morley, a farmer, of Little Horkesley, Essex, was fined £2 and £21 costs at Colchester on Saturday for closing a public footpath.

"I want to go to prison, because it will straighten me up, and all I want is work," said Benjamin Wright (41), who the Surrey quarterly sessions was sentenced to four months' hard labor for burglary at Egham.

A man named Nolan, a native of Wexford, who had been an inmate of Celbridge Union (County Kildare), recently has got a legacy of £20,000. The guardians have applied for the cost of his maintenance and accepted £60.

A number of passengers in a scenic railway at the White City, London, were more or less seriously injured by the cars refusing to make the succeeding ascent after a dip, and running backward into the following car.

At the winding up of the affairs of a Newcastle firm, Nelson & Co., Limited, which promises pensions to widows who used their tea, it was found that those who were entitled to pensions of ten shillings weekly, got £1,128 for their claim.

A woman named Commiskey, whose husband is said to be in the United States, was recently evicted with her children by George Elliott, Arva, County Longford, and applied for outdoor relief to Granard guardians, but the guardians could not grant the request.

Mr. George Leyton, a variety artiste, who has taken a prominent part in bringing cases of unrewarded military veterans before the notice of the authorities, has been presented with the gold and enamelled badge of the Northumberland Veterans' Association.

STRAWBERRY FEAST

Ton of the Luscious Fruit Given to Children.

Gathered early in the morning in Kent, a ton of strawberries arrived at Canon Allen Edwards' Institute, South Lambeth, and the fruit was distributed among 3,500 children attending the Sunday schools.

Professor Henry, of Cambridge University, is to be summoned to Norfolk to investigate a mysterious disease which is destroying the foliage of many oak trees in the county.

The Shakespeare festival performances at His Majesty's Theatre were marked by scenes of extraordinary enthusiasm in honor of the newest actor-knight, Sir H. Beerbohm Tree.

Lord Roseberry has written an interesting preface to the volume of "Recollections of a Long Life," by John Canon Hobhouse, afterwards Lord Broughton, which Mr. Murray is publishing.

Mr. Charles Butler Fitzroy, who fought in the Crimea and the Indian Mutiny, witnessed Garibaldi's campaign in Italy, and once enlisted in the United States army, has died at Brighton.

The Thirty-Seventh Company of the Royal Garrison Artillery stationed at Portsmouth, scored 21 hits in 21 rounds while shooting with 12-pounders at night at moving targets 1,800 yards distant.

While John Roberts was shearing a sheep near Oswestry, the animal kicked the shears from his hand. The shears struck him under the left shoulder, severing an artery and causing his death.

Miss Morrison, of Basildon Park, who benefits under the will of the late Mr. Charles Morrison, the city financier, has sent a check for £1,000 towards the extension building fund of the Royal Berks Hospital.

While men of the Royal Engineers were crossing a temporary suspension bridge which they had erected at Chatham, a rope broke down and they were thrown into a ditch 22 feet below, nine of them being injured.

An interesting exhibition to celebrate the centenary of Tennyson has been held at the Fine Art Society's Galleries, in Bond street, London. It included letters written by the poet, first editions of his works, and numerous paintings by famous artists.

PICNIC FOR PAUPERS

Workhouse Inmates to Have Midsummer Treat.

Sunderland guardians have decided to give picnics to the workhouse inmates on July 26 and 27 by way of a midsummer treat.

During his visit to Berwick Lieut. General Baden-Powell put to sea in the lifeboat.

The Rev. Lancelot Lewis, vicar of St. Martin's, Cardiff, shot himself in his vicarage.

The Bishop of Mombassa helped to put out a fire at Layston Vicarage, Herts, where he is staying.

William Payne, the professional who played cricket for Sussex from 1877 to 1883, died at East Grinstead.

The King has sent £265 to the building fund of St. Barnabas Church, in the working class district of Epsom.

Intending holiday-makers withdrew £16,000 recently from savings banks at Nelson, where the annual holidays began.

One hundred pounds sterling a day was asked at Erith for a tug to see the fleet during its visit to the Thames.

The London education committee have decided to establish a tailoring school for boys at the Regent Street Polytechnic.

Ten guineas has been realized by the sale of 360 pounds of green almonds gathered from trees in Bishop's Park, Fulham.

A children's festival held in Bournemouth included a procession two miles long, a fancy dress competition, and a tea to 8,000 children.

Almshouses erected at Farnham, Hants, under the provisions of the will of the late Sir Randal Cremer, M.P., were opened recently.

Mrs. Erma Louise Wright, of Harley Gardens, Kensington, who obtained a divorce, was deserted by her husband twenty days after her marriage.

After operations extending over three months, the quest for sunken treasure at Dollar Cave, in Mounts Bay, Cornwall, has been abandoned.

A collection of coins of the first colnage of King Edward VII. has been stolen from the Borough of Bermondsey Museum in Lower road, Rotherhithe.

Sussex policemen are searching for a cyclist who, disguised as a clergyman, broke into St. Saviour's Church, Uskfield, and attempted to steal the money-boxes.

Historical spectacles have been presented at Aldwinckle, the Northhamptonshire village which gave birth to John Dryden, the poet, and Dr. Fuller, the divine and historian.

Dr. L. H. Burrows, of Croydon, who has been appointed Suffragan Bishop of Lewes, is a vicar, rector, canon, and prebendary, as well as chaplain to the high sheriff of Surrey.

LOST IRISH ESTATE

Imbecile Cruelly Wronged—Court Intervenes.

The extraordinary action in which Edward St. John Brenon, now living at Airedale avenue, Chiswick, is alleged to have deprived an imbecile, John Boyce, of all his property and to have left him in utter destitution at Naples, was concluded in the Dublin rolls court, when the master of the rolls set aside the deed by which Boyce 44 years ago conveyed all his property in Government stocks and Irish land to Mr. Brenon. Boyce, who is now in a Dublin institution, is said to be hopelessly imbecile.

The labor strike in Cork has unfortunately become general. The goods porters on the Great Southern and Western Railway have joined the steam packet dockets, while carters and laborers in the employment of many public companies and private firms refuse to load or deliver goods. During the week 80 extra dockers supplied by the Shipping Federation reached Cork from London and Liverpool, and the police experienced considerable difficulty in preventing the picketing from attacking them. There seems a general disposition to fight to a finish, and at a general meeting of Cork merchants this attitude was supported.

Serious disturbances have taken place in Cork, owing to the strike of dockers and railwaymen, and the police used their batons. A merchant's lorry carrying goods from Patrick Quay was interfered with by the strikers, and the driver was struck with lumps of coal. The police at once intervened, and the strikers, offering resistance, a baton charge was ordered. Several people were injured and conveyed to the hospital. More trouble occurred at Victoria, on the opposite side of the River Lee. Here the Workers' Union men were attacked by a crowd of Irish Transport Union men. A severe conflict ensued, and another baton charge was ordered. Several people were conveyed to infirmaries suffering from scalp wounds.

During the operations in connection with the foundation of the New Convent Schools at Belturbet, County Caven, Hugh Reilly (a workman employed there) found an Elizabeth coin bearing date 1593. The coin is in a good state of preservation.

The Derry chamber of commerce, county of Derry, have passed a resolution protesting against the increased over-taxation of Ireland caused by the budget proposals, and stating that the proposed new taxes will have the effect of crushing Irish industries.

The prize offered by a London paper for the best photograph of a garden, has lately been awarded to Miss Sophia M. Wallace, of Ardnamona, Lough Eske, County Donegal, the garden in question being prettily bordered with Canterbury bells, double sneezewort, montbretia and scabious.

Mr. Thomas Collen, a County Armagh magistrate, also a contractor, was charged at the Dungannon session with an alleged attempt to bribe the inspector of a public building he, Collen, was erecting.

IRISH CENTENARIAN

Roscommon Old Lady Lived to Age of 105 Years.

Mrs. Ellen Toner has died at the residence of her son-in-law at Strokestown, County Roscommon, at the age of 105. Until recently she could sew and knit without the aid of spectacles.

In Ireland, where the potato crop often sustains damage by disease, much attention has been given to spraying with sulphate of copper solution, and upon the whole the results have been decidedly favorable.

A young man, David George Fulton, was killed by a horse at Ballylaw, near Strabane.

Andrew Kerr, a tailor residing at Connor, near Ballymena, shot himself while despondent.

The Rev. David Lewis, a clergyman of Belfast, committed suicide. Ill-health led to the act.

The annual ambulance inspection in connection with the Belfast fire brigade took place June 7.

A mass meeting of protest against the budget as affecting Ireland was held June 6, in Dublin.

The first sitting of the departmental committee on the Irish butter question, was held at Dublin, June 7.

The Belfast liner Lord Londonderry was abandoned on fire off the Portuguese coast. The crew was saved.

A joy-riding Donegal doctor was sued by a postman of Clody, to recover $100 for a terrier the doctor's auto had killed.

Mrs. Ann Roberts, a native of Llanymyneck, died in Oswestry workhouse, aged 100 years. She remembered Waterloo.

The land of Tiskah, Kilnaboy, County Clare, were recently cleared by cattle drivers. Twenty head of cattle were driven for four miles.

Miss Bridget Carl has been refused the position of collector of rents of laborers' cottages by the Donegal council because of her sex.

Donegal county council has procured a grant of £1,500 to extend the pier at Buncrona, as a means of developing the herring fishery there.

While Mr. John McCann, a Dublin stockbroker, was playing polo on the grounds of the County Dublin Club, he was thrown from his pony and sustained serious concussion.

An exciting man hunt took place in Holt, near Cookstown, on Tyrone. One of the hunted man's victims was found to have been killed by blows from a heavy instrument and the house was afterwards set on fire. Information was given that the supposed murderer was in hiding in a plantation, and over fifty police and a large crowd surrounded the woods. The search was continued throughout the night, but without success.

At several recent meetings of the board of Trinity College, Dublin, has discussed the advisability of making arrangements for the practical affiliation of Magee College, Londonderry. It is rumored that proposals have been made to Magee College under which certain classes would be recognized by the University of Dublin in connection with its arts courses. It is understood that negotiations are making satisfactory progress.

A DANGEROUS WAKE

The Subject Had Died From Typhoid Fever.

A remarkable case took place at Derry, when a woman named Duffy was prosecuted by the public health authorities for allowing a wake to be held on her husband's body, who had died from typhoid fever, and although notified not to do so a wake was held for two nights.

The dead body of a farmer named John Brown, residing between Market Hill and Keady, was found in his home on its knees, with hands clasped, as if praying.

In a Donegal breach of promise case for $2,500 damages, the lady plaintiff said she had been courted for ten years by the defendant, and then "thrown down."

The Belfast asylum committee has received an order from the office of lunatic asylums, Dublin Castle, approving the expenditure of $80,000 on additional building at Purdysburn.

In an out office on a farmstead not far from Ballytrain, County Monaghan, a cat had kittens, and in the same nest is a brood of young mice, which have not been interfered with by pussy.

At Fintona, County Tyrone, petty sessions, held on June 8, before Captain Gesselin, R.M., there were no police cases, as a result of which Captain Gosselin was presented with a pair of white gloves.

Robert Kelly, of Dublin, is suing Lloyd's newspaper for publishing in some reminiscences of Fenian Day in Ireland, an article which charges Kelly with the murder of a constable, for which he had been tried and acquitted.

The death has occurred at her residence, Graigucagarron, Galmoy, County Kilkenny, of Mrs. Elizabeth Dillon, at the age of 101 years. Deceased belonged to the farming class, and was in full possession of her faculties up to the last.

Patrick Doran, a fowl dealer of Clonmough, near Carbury, County Kildare, was taken before Mr. A. Moore O'Farrell, J.P., on a charge of having stolen and taken away three cattle, the property of a neighbor named Mrs. Flanagan, and remanded. The cattle were found on the premises of Mr. Gavin Low, salesmaster, Dublin.

On a Sunday morning lately the police in Cashel County, Tipperary, were busily engaged in removing from boardings, doors and windows, leaflets "Warning any person not to join the English army, navy or R. I. C., as whoever did so would be a traitor to his country."

James S. McCrundle, employed by Lord Rossmore as head keeper of the mountains at Esineaglough, County Monaghan, met with a fatal accident. McCrindle went out in the morning to look after some sheep. On his way across the mountains he had to pass across a barbed wire fence, and it is surmised that in crossing he got caught in the wires. In any event his gun went off, and the discharge entered McCrindle's breast, killing him instantly.

FORTH-CLYDE CANAL

For Battleships Would Cost About $1,250,000.

Advocating the construction of a Forth and Clyde Canal deep enough for battleships, Admiral Sir C. Campbell, at the United Service Institution on Wednesday, said it would be invaluable as a means of moving a fleet from one sea to the other. The cost would be about £25,000,000, and there would be no need of Rosyth.

The home secretary has reprieved Mrs. Elizabeth Perry, a widow, lying under sentence of death, passed at Warwick assizes, for causing the death of a woman at Aston by an illegal operation.

Someone has started a movement in Edinburgh for the opening on Sunday of the public libraries for the purpose of providing accommodation for those who have not sufficient quiet in their homes for study and meditation.

General Booth, the veteran leader of the Salvation Army, paid a visit to Edinburgh and opened a new social institution in connection with the army's work at the corner of the Pleasance and Cowgate.

A pet dog belonging to the caretaker of the Normanton Town Club was the means of saving the caretaker and his family from being burned. The dog's barks attracted a policeman to the scene and the family was rescued.

Dundee school board discussed a motion providing that in future all teachers engaged by the board should be total abstainers, but on a division the previous question was carried. A proposal to abolish home lessons was negatived.

A return has been issued by the home office presenting results of municipal trading in Edinburgh, Glasgow, Dundee and Aberdeen. Edinburgh's trams have yielded an annual sum of £5,500 to the relief of rates for the past four years; her electricity undertaking contributed to the same object £9,800 in 1904, and £4,000 in 1905 and 1906; and her markets have produced annual windfalls for the "common good revenues" in 1905-6, £5,900. There were deficits of £8,500 and £6,000 respectively on the water and working class dwellings undertakings in 1905-6. Glasgow "common good" fund benefits considerably every year by the municipal trams—in 1906-7 by £35,000. The electricity yielded a surplus of £41,700. Dundee in 1905-6 showed surpluses up to £6,600 (trams) on all her municipal undertakings except baths and washhouses; while Aberdeen enjoyed surpluses of £11,400 on electricity and £14,700 on trams, with smaller credit on gas, water and markets.

HANGED ON A WALL

Queer Suicide of a Dyer in Paisley.

John Gray, a dyer, aged 62, was found hanging from a piece of cloth attached to a wall bracket in the house occupied by him in Paisley. No reason can be found for the suicide.

There are said to be still several places in Scotland that are not roller skating crazy.

William Metcalf, who composed the famous hunting song, "John Peel," is dead in Glasgow, aged 80 years.

The proposed internal alterations on the municipal buildings at Glasgow, are estimated to cost from £3,000 to £4,200.

A monster demonstration of the unemployed took place in Glasgow. The presence of a large body of police kept things quiet.

A 10-year-old girl in Glasgow was badly burned by her dress catching fire while she was sitting on the fender beside an otherwise unguarded fire.

A Glasgow man who had the pluck to place a blackmailing letter in the hands of the police had the comfort of knowing that the clever writer got twelve months' imprisonment.

The governers of the west of Scotland Agricultural College have appointed a special committee to consider as to the application of a grant by the Carnegie trustees for research work.

Lady Jacoby, of Glasgow, has just conveyed the intelligence to the kitchen committee of the House of Commons, in replying to a letter of condolence, that Sir James Jacoby has bequeathed £100 as the nucleus of a fund out of which those who are attached to the kitchen staff of the House of Commons may be relieved in necessitous circumstances.

A lady cyclist had a narrow escape at Kirkintilloch. She was coming down from Townhead, and had reached the canal bridge as it was about to be raised to let a boat past. The bridge is raised in two halves, and the lady had cycled upon one of the halves when the other half was raised. She threw herself from the bicycle, which fell through the gap into the canal, but was afterwards recovered. The cyclist was unable to proceed for some time as the result of the shock.

A widow named Mary Ann Adams and her two little children were found dead in Glasgow with their throats cut.

BURG OF ARBROATH

Its History Traced to the Early Scottish Kings.

The history of the royal burgh of Arbroath, or Aberbrothock, which goes back to the days of the early Scottish kings, was traced in a paper read by Mr. P. C. Smith at a Scottish district meeting of the Incorporated Association of Municipal and County Engineers. Mr. Smith, who is the burgh engineer of Arbroath, said that the date when the original inhabitants of Lower Angus first settled themselves as a community by the bands of the Brothock was unknown, but a village of considerable size existed at the date of the founding of the abbey. The abbey, one of the largest of its kind in Scotland, was founded in 1178 by William the Lion, King of Scotland, and was dedicated by him in 1233 to Thomas a Becket, archbishop of Canterbury, his school companion and "sharer of his tribulations in England." The building suffered from fire in 1272, and again in 1380, and was despoiled in 1570.

West Lothian Unionist Association adopted Mr. W. C. Smith, K.C., as prospective party candidate for the country at next general election.

Hamilton Town Council propose erecting at Low Waters, a public library, recreation room and public baths at a cost of $30,000.

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SIDELIGHTS ON NOTABLE PEOPLE

BY THE MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Sir Charles Rose, who has just been created a baronet, on the occasion of the official celebration of King Edward's birthday, in England, is half an American, his mother, a beauty in her day, having been the daughter of Robert Emmet Temple, of Rutland, Vt., and a descendant of the brother of the Irish patriot, Robert Emmet. Besides this, he has other American affiliations, among them that of having been for many years the partner of Levi P. Morton, ex-governor of New York, and former vice-president of the United States in the Anglo-American banking house of Morton, Rose & Co. Sir Charles was in days gone by prominently identified with the turf, having been for more than a decade the racing partner of King Edward when the latter was Prince of Wales. Yacht racing has likewise engaged a good deal of his attention. He has owned the Emerald, the Satanita, and the Aurora, and in 1896 issued a challenge for the America's cup, which was afterwards withdrawn at the instance of the Royal yacht squadron, of which he is one of the most influential members.

Today Sir Charles is enthusiastic on the subject of motoring, and has been president of the Royal Automobile Club of England. His father was the late Sir John Rose, of Montreal, who, after being finance minister of Canada, represented the Dominion as its high commissioner in London, became there the principal financial adviser of the then Prince of Wales. Charles Rose had four sons, all of whom took part in the Boer war, where two lost their lives.

This is the second baronetcy in the Rose family. Sir Charles is also heir to the baronetcy of his nephew, Sir Cyril Rose, whose marriage has remained childless. One of Charles' sisters is Mrs. Stanley Clarke, whose husband, the general of that name, is senior equerry to the King. A brother, Capt. Edward Rose, spent a considerable time in the United States with his wife, Cecilia, after leaving the army, and sustaining heavy financial reverses.

To the many women who are entitled to describe themselves as "Lady Paget," there must be now added another, in the person of Gen. Arthur and Mrs. Paget's daughter Lelia, The latter's husband, Ralph Paget, who was recently promoted from minister resident in Bangkok to be envoy in Munich, has just been created a knight commander of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, which entitles him to the prefix of "Sir" to his Christian name. The new Lady Paget, is, like Sir Charles Rose, half an American. Her mother is the daughter and heiress of old Mrs. Paran Stevens, of New York, whose husband acquired a fortune through his lease of the old Fifth Avenue Hotel, and who for many years was one of the most picturesque figures in New York society.

Lelia Paget was a particular favorite of her American grandmother, and spent much time with her in New York. Indeed, she has a very large number of friends and acquaintances in the United States. She is the antithesis in every respect of her mother, and is as quiet, intellectual and reserved in her demeanor as the former Minnie Stevens is worldly and flamboyant.

For a naval veteran such as Earl Ellenborough, who moreover, has a clever American wife, in the person of Hermoine Schenley, of Pittsburg, Pa., his recent speech in the House of Lords, on the subject of the visit of the British fleet to the Thames, can scarcely be described as creditable to his professional antecedents, or to his common sense. The other day the admiralty arranged that the finest vessels of the fleet in home waters should visit the Thames, so as to afford the people of London an opportunity of forming some idea of the naval strength of the empire; the stay of the fleet in the Thames being further signalized by a state visit on board the principal battleships by the lord mayor and sheriffs of London. Ellenborough, who seems to have been badly bitten with the all-prevailing feverish scare of a German invasion, actually rose in his place in parliament to protest against the visit on the ground that if the Germans availed themselves of the opportunity to close the mouth of the river by either sinking ships or placing mines there, the main body of England's fleet would be bottled up in the stream unable to emerge, the entire British coast being, in consequence thereof, left open to invasions. It shows a return to a healthier state of feeling that neither parliament, nor even the English press, consented to treat Ellenborough's alarm seriously.

Ellenborough went through the Crimean war, serving in the Baltic under Sir Charles Napier, subsequently taking part in the Chinese war of 1857, and is close on 70 years of age. The Ellenborough peerage was originally created in favor of Sir Edward Law, lord chief justice of England, and the family may be said to have a sort of American connection, through the marriage of Thomas Law, one of its members, to the eldest daughter of John Parke Curtis, stepson of George Washington.

It was the daughter of Admiral Digby, the wife of the second Earl Ellenborough, viceroy of India, and first lord of the admiralty, who was famous for her beauty, and for her eccentricity, the latter of which compelled her husband to divorce her by act of parliament. Among her admirers, with whom she lived openly, was the late King Leopold, who had not at the time been elected to the throne of Belgium, but who was residing in England as the widower of Charlotte, daughter of George IV. But it was the countess' elopement with Prince Schwartzenburg, at that time secretary of the Austrian embassy in London, that led to her divorce by Ellenborough. She married the prince in Paris, and then went on with him to Munich, where she became one of the favorites of Louis I. of Bavaria. Her portrait figures in that unique collection of paintings on exhibition in the so-called "Beauty Salon" of the old palace of the reigning family in Munich. The walls of this room, which adjoins the great state ballroom on the first floor, are adorned with 38 portraits of the handsomest women who lived in Munich during the first half of the nineteenth century. They were painted by Baron Stieler, to the order of Louis I., and include the portrait of his other favorite, Lola Montez.

Prince Schwartzenburger having been compelled by his wife's conduct to divorce her, she contracted a marriage with a Baron Vennigen, warning him at the time of the wedding that she would only live with him as long as it did not bore her. She remained with him just three years, giving him two children, one of whom, Herbert, distinguished himself in the Franco-German war, while the other, a daughter, is an inmate of a lunatic asylum. Then she eloped with a Greek student of the name of Theodoki, whom she met in Heidelberg, remained in Athens long enough to pose to Parepolus for a lovely statue of Venus, which may be seen in the public museum there today, and deserting Theodoki, who blew his brains out, she proceeded to Palestine, where she took up her residence with an Arab Sheikh, who managed to retain her love by thrashing her violently. This was, as she subsequently said, the best time of her life, as there was no room for ennui.

After a brief visit to England, where she contracted a marriage with a young fellow of the name of Anstruther, she returned to the orient to the Ante-Lebanon. There she died and lies buried.

While opinions differ in Austria-Hungary as to the value of the political services of old Baron Fejervary as a statesman, and as cabinet minister and premier of Hungary at various times, there is but one voice in praise of his record as a soldier. Just 50 years have elapsed since, as a young captain, he won the order of Maria Therese, of which he is today the only remaining Austrian knight, the sole member of the chapter. He earned it on the battlefield of Solferino, and in remembrance Emperor Francis Joseph singled him out the other day, on the anniversary of that battle, for the most exceptional and signal honors. He invited the old general to be his guest in the Hofburg, in Vienna, where apartments usually reserved for foreign rulers were placed at his disposal. At noon he was received alone in audience by the aged monarch, who bestowed on him anew the cross of Marie Therese; but this time studded with brilliants, and in the evening the Emperor gave a grand banquet, at which all the princes of the imperial house, and the commanding generals and dignitaries of the army and navy were present, and at the close of which he, after a speech in which he extolled the heroism displayed by Fejervary at Solferino, and the services which he had rendered since, as a soldier and as a statesman, called on all present to drink to the health of the gallant old veteran.

The baron, who is nearly 80 years of age, but still straight as a dart, is a typical old soldier; he is wonderfully good tempered, and genial, possessed of a ready wit, and only loses his equanimity when he thinks that anyone is impugning in the slightest degree his word, and his honor as a soldier. This has rendered his terms of office as cabinet minister and as premier extremely eventful. Indeed, his touchiness on this score has involved him in several duels with members of the Hungarian parliament, the most notable of which was fought after he had attained the age of 70, with the Deputy Ugron, in Budapest. In the cavalry barracks, and before the general had put his adversary out of business much blood had been shed, the duel having taken place with cavalry sabers. Just before the duel he sent his resignation as minister of war to the emperor, since duelling is, strictly speaking, contrary to the law of the land. But the sovereign insisted on his resuming his portfolio immediately afterwards.

The cross of Maria Therese, which he is now alone in the Austrian army to wear, is only bestowed for the performance of some feat of conspicuous gallantry, over and above one's ordinary duty. In most of the cases it has been conferred for feats of daring which, in the event of failure, would have entailed court martial, and possibly a sentence of death for disobedience, and which have only won commendation because they happened to be successful.

Thus, at the battle of Solferino, young Fejervary, a mere captain of the general staff at the time, took on himself early in the day the command of several brigades on the heights of San Martino, the generals at the head of the brigades assuming that the directions and instructions which he imparted to them were either from the emperor, or from the generalissimo, Benedek. Fejervary had devoted the two previous days to reconnoitering the ground, and to investigating the positions of the enemy. The main body of the Austrian army suffered defeat. But the extreme right wing of the army, on the heights of San Martino, was victorious throughout the day, thanks to Fejervary; and although Austria was compelled to sue for peace on the following day, and Solferino has passed down in history as a defeat of the Austrians, yet the splendid showing of the right wing of their army always remains as a silver lining to the cloud. It was only when the day was over, and both the emperor, and Gen. Benedek congratulated the young captain for his resourcefulness and his courage, that the generals who had commanded the brigades on the heights of San Martino discovered that Fejervary, whose orders they had been obeying throughout the day, had been acting on his own initiative, instead of in behalf of Benedek himself, or of the sovereign. Of course if the right wing had not made so fine a showing, and had it met with the same disaster that overtook the remainder of the Austrian army, he would have been probably court-martialed and shot.

The Empress Marie Therese founded the order at the end of June in 1757, in honor of the victory of Kolin, over Frederick the Great, and its first knight was her successful field marshal, Count Daun. She endowed it with a capital of $1,000,000, which since then has increased tenfold, and its revenues are so great as to admit of a large annuity being paid to its only surviving Austrian knight, who is likewise its chancellor.

The only two other possessors of the order received it as foreigners. One of them is the Duke of Cumberland and of Brunswick, who received it for his gallantry at the battle of Langenzalza, on which occasion the duke's father, the blind king of Hanover, sacrificed his throne for the sake of Austria, whose cause he had espoused against Prussia in 1866. The other foreign knight is Prince Alphonse of Bourbon, Count of Caserta, claimant to the throne of Naples, younger son of Ferdinand II., of the two Sicilies, and who owes his cross to the part which he played in the defense of Gaeta, the last stronghold of the Bourbons, when their dominions were incorporated into the kingdom of Italy in 1862.

The sovereign is, ex officio, the grand master of the order. But save in this instance, mere lustre of birth, political influence and loftiness of rank in the service of the crown, count for nothing. The award of the cross is determined by means of ballot on the part of the chapter. Since 1815 only 56 knights have been admitted, and old Archduke Albert, who died several years ago, was its last grand cross. Many of the knights of the order have been non-commissioned officers, nay, even privates when they won the distinction; and no matter how plebeian their origin, they were all ennobled, and all received commissions in the army, while each one of them was treated to the same picturesque and imposing military obsequies on his death; a feature of the ceremony being the appearance in front of the hearse of a knight, mounted on a large black charger, arrayed from head to foot in a suit of medieval armor. His visor is lowered over his face, the pennon of his lance, his shields and his mace are shrouded with crape, and the sombre character of his aspect is enhanced by the fact that his own armor, and that of his charger, are almost black, exquisitely damascend with gold. This iron-clad warrior only appears on the scene at the funerals of the members of the order of St. Maria Therese; and when he next rides through the streets of Vienna the people will know that the last of their heroes has gone to his eternal rest.

Prince Albert of Belgium has safely completed his long march from the rail head of the Cape to Cairo line at Broken Hill, beyond the Zambesi, to Congoland, and has not only reached Belgian territory, but is already on his way down the Congo, and may be looked for in Europe by the end of August or beginning of September. Not only the Belgian people, but also the United States and other governments, are placing considerable hopes on his tour. He is known to be a man of such sterling principle that he will not stand for any abuses, and people are convicted that on his return he will insist on a radical reform of everything that has appeared to him to be wrong. The object of his tour was to ascertain for himself by actual observation whether there were any grounds for the shocking charges which have for years been brought against the administration of that Congo Free State that has now become a Belgian colony. He is too clever to have permitted the wool to have been pulled over his eyes during the journey; and while the Belgians will be content to abide by his judgment, the foreign governments are delaying action in connection with the Congo problem until he has returned, and they have ascertained what the Btlgian Government proposes to do about the affair.

Archduke Francis Ferdinand has been accompanied on the occasion of his state visit to the court of Bucharest by his morganatic consort, Princess Sophia of Hohenberg, who was received with royal honors by the King and Queen of Roumania, as well as by the crown prince and crown princess. She figured as the guest of honor. On the occasion of the state banquet she was escorted to table by King Charles, thus taking the "pas" of Queen Carmen Sylva, who followed with the archduke, while the crown prince and crown princess came still further in the rear. The Austrian heir apparent is keenly sensible of the compliment thus paid to his clever wife, and there is no doubt that the reigning family of Roumania has, by honoring Princess Hohenberg, won the lasting friendship and even gratitude of Austria's future emperor. At one time barred from the court of Vienna, she has today become its most influential figure, and exercises through her husband, who is devoted to her, and through the old emperor, who reposes the utmost confidence in her judgment, and has become fond of her, more power than anyone else in the dual empire. Both the German emperor and empress are aware of this, and when they were in Vienna a couple of months ago they went out of their way to lavish on her every token of regard and admiration. The marvellous success which she has achieved, in the face of difficulties that appeared insuperable, is entirely due to her tact, to her judgment, and to her cleverness.

It is probable that during the course of Emperor Francis Joseph's present stay in Ischl formal announcement will be made of the engagement that has been arranged between Archduke Charles Francis, eldest son of the late Archduke Otto, and Archduchess Elizabeth Francesca Salvator, the eldest girl of Archduchess Valerie, who is the emperor's younger and favorite daughter. Elizabeth is now 17 years of age, and has spent the greater portion of her childhood and girlhood in the society of her grandfather, the emperor, with whom her mother, Archduchess Valerie, has virtually made her home since the murder of the empress, over ten years ago. The emperor is fond of this grandchild of his, and doubtless likes the idea that she will one day become empress of Austria.

Young Archduke Charles Francis is now 23 years of age, is much liked by the emperor, who is his grand-uncle, and was his guardian during his minority. The young fellow was the first member of the family of Hapsburg to receive his primary education in the ordinary public schools of Vienna, taking a seat on the benches beside the sons of petty shopkeepers, artisans, mechanics, etc., and thus got into intimate touch with his future subjects. For, owing to the exclusion of the morganatic children of Archduke Francis Ferdinand from the throne, young Charles Francis is the second heir to the crown. The union will be a popular one in every respect, though there are some who will naturally object to the blood relationship between the young couple, who are second cousins.

Some weeks ago there was announced in these letters the debut of the younger daughter of the late Comte de Becheyet, as a professional cantatrice, at the Casino of Nice, under the name of Gisele de Ravenel, and it was intimated that she was in negotiation with American impresarios for a professional tour in the United States, in the latter part of the autumn. Circumstances have arisen, however, which render her visit to America improbable. For she has, by the action of the English courts, just been placed in possession of a third of the fortune of her grandmother; that fortune amounting to close on $1,000,000.

Her grandmother was Elizabeth Hargett, who on her debut on the stage of London assumed the name of Elizabeth Howard, and afterwards played an important role in the life of Napoleon III., both prior and subsequent to his accession to the throne of France; in fact, up to the moment when he married Eugenie de Montijo. She was then, through the agency of his half-brother, the late Duc de Morny, pensioned off, with a large sum of money, and the title of Countess de Beauregard, while, by decree rendered by the emperor in 1864, the title of Comte de Bechevet was bestowed upon her son. After being discarded by the emperor, she married Clarence Trelawney, of the famous Cornish family of that name, who had been serving in the Austrian army, and who was obliged to resign his commission in consequence of the union. They parted within a year, never to meet again, and there were no children.

The late Count Martin de Bechevet was Miss Howard's only son. It was generally believed that he was the son of the emperor, and his name figures as such in many works of reference and contemporary memoirs. The fact of the matter is, however, that he was born some years before Miss Howard ever met the emperor, and it is far more probable that he was the son either of Comte d'Orsay, or of Major Mountjoy Martin, of the Second Life Guards.

Of the various payments of money made to Elizabeth Howard by Napoleon III., partly in restoration of sums which she had advanced to him during his exile in England, and partly as a reward for her return of all his letters and papers in her possession, and which are known to have totaled up to over $4,000,000, she left at her death a comparatively small estate in France, and property to the tune of $1,000,000 in England.

Earl Darnely is advertising the sale by auction of a whole town, Athboy, in county Meath, Ireland. The main object of the sale is to enable the tenants to purchase their holdings; but failng this, the fee simple will go to the highest bidder. Darnley's landed property is considerable. But in view of the new budget, which, as stated by Earl Onslow the other day, virtually wipes out the profits of agriculture, he is endeavoring to reduce all his holdings, urban as well as rural, to a minimum, converting them into cash.

Darnley has been one of the most famous cricketers in the United Kingdom, under the name of Ivo Bligh. He is tall, standing six feet four, but is half a head shorter than his eldest son and heir, Baron Clifton of Rathmore, who came of age two years ago, and who has attained the extraordinary stature of six feet seven.

The first Darnley of the present creation was an Irishman, Bligh, who was raised to the peerage during the reign of Queen Anne, and who was descended from one of the officers who accompanied Cromwell to Ireland. In the female line, however, the earl is descended from the last Stuart, Duke of Lennox, who died in 1672, when, there being no male heir of the duke, the king appropriated the peerage and conferred it, along with the dukedom of Richmond, on his son by Louise de Querouailles, Duchess of Portsmouth, from whom the present Duke of Richmond, of Gordon, and of Lennox, is descended. The Stuart dukedom of Lennox was a Scotch one, and nearly all of the peerages of Scotland are transmissible through the female line. There is a doubt as to whether the Stuart dukedom belong to this category of peerage or not. But if it does come under that head, assuredly Darnley's claim thereto is just. Though the last Duke of Lennox of the Stuart line left no son, yet he was survived by a daughter, Catherine Stuart, one of whose descendants married John Bligh, whom Queen Anne created Earl Darnley.

The present Darnley was at one time on the London stock exchange, and was also connected with a firm of port wine shippers. He was for many years president of Marylebone Cricket Club, and it was while in Australia, at the head of a cricketing team, that he met Florence Morphy, who became his wife. His country seat, Cobham Hall, near Gravesend, built in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, frequently visited by her, and occupied by Charles I. during his honeymoon, takes its name from Earl Cobham who was compromised in the conspiracy of Walter Raleigh against King James I. It was confiscated by that monarch, presented by him to the Stuart Duke of Lennox of the day, passed on the death of the last Stuart, Duke of Lennox, to his daughter, Catherine Stuart, and through her to her descendant, the first Earl Darnley. Nearby is Gad's Hill, where Dickens made his home.

It is a mistake to imagine that all French nobles are impoverished, and that if they happen to be in affluent circumstances, owe their wealth to marriage either with some American heiress, or to the daughter of some Hebrew multi-millionaire. Thus, the late Duke de la Rochefoucauld-Doudeauville, who died about a year ago, as president of the French Jockey Club, is now shown by the probating of his will, to have left $10,000,000 or more.

Part of this money the duke inherited, but the greater portion he made by his own industry. He had inherited through his mother, who was a daughter of the ducal family of Montmorency, extensive estates in the then kingdom of Naples. In 1845 she intrusted the administration to him, he being then 20 years of age. Finding that they were non-productive, and that everything had been left to go to rack and ruin during the two centuries that they had been in the possession of the princely family of Pipnatelli, he set to work to reorganize, repair and develop everything; with so much success, that what had been abandoned pasture land, destitute villages and moribund towns, were in the course of a decade transformed into one of the busiest and most prosperous districts of southern Italy. The large sums of money which he spent in developing the property proved a valuable investment. The Italian estates became one of the most profitable sources of the duke's revenue, and it is thanks to them, or rather to his enterprise in developing them, that he was able to leave so large a fortune. This, too, despite the fact that he had lived to an advanced life in splendor, everything, both in his mansion in Paris and in his chateau in Bonnetable, being conducted on the most regal scale.

His successor, the present and fifth Duke of Doudeauville, is still richer. Not only has he inherited most of his father's money and estates, but he is married to an heiress, Princess Louise Radziwill, who, through her mother, is a granddaughter of old Blanc, founder of the great public gambling establishment of Monte Carlo. The title of Duke of Bisaccia, bestowed by the crown of Naples on the late Duke de la Rochefoucauld-Doudeauville, in recognition of the work which he had accomplished on his Neapolitan estates, is now borne by his youngest son, Edouard de la Rochefoucauld, married to Marie de Colbert.

Seldom has a foreign envoy been received with more royal honors and with more elaborate ceremony, than old Chazi Ahmet Mukhta Pasha, when he came to London the other day for the purpose of notifying Edward VII. of the accession of the new sultan to the throne of Turkey. A representative of the English foreign office, and one of the king's officers, were sent in full uniform to greet him on landing at Dover; while on alighting from the train at the railroad terminus in London, he found a guard of honor of the Coldstream Guards, with the band of the regiment, as well as a number of court officials and other dignitaries, assembled to greet him in the name of the king. Yet three years ago this same old Turkish field marshal was held up to obloquy throughout England as the principal author of the trouble between Turkey and Britain, in connection with the Sinial peninsula and desert frontier of Egypt, which so nearly precipitated a war between the two countries.

This has been the second visit of the old pasha to England. The last occasion when he was there was in 1867, when he came in the train of Sultan Abdul Aziz, in special attendance on the latter's favorite son, the then 12-year-old Prince Yussuff Eddino, now crown prince of Turkey. Mukhta greatly distinguished himself in the war of 1877, whe he won his baton of field marshal, and personally led his troops into battle at Kizil Tepe, amid a rain of bullets.

Old Marquis Ripon's death last week in England serves to recall the narrow escape which he had of being kidnapped, while viceroy of India. It was in connection with the so-called Gilbert bill, a measure providing that native district magistrates and session judges should enjoy the same jurisdiction over Europeans as exercised by the English members of the judiciary and civil service. No measure proposed can ever be said to have aroused the European community in India to such an extent. The viceroy was personally insulted, and all the non-official portion of the English community in India, inaugurated against him a severe boycott, going even to the length of "cutting" Marquise Ripon when they met her out driving.

The most extraordinary feature of the agitation, however, was the formation of a conspiracy, by which a number of leading Anglo-Indians bound themselves in the event of the Government adhering to the bill (the real author of which was not Ripon, but Ashley Eden) to overpower the sentries in Government House, Calcutta, to kidnap the viceroy and to ship him off to England by way of the Cape of Good Hope, a tramp steamship having been chartered for the purpose. As the measure did not become law, and as the project to kidnap the viceroy was not put into execution, the Government preferred to ignore the entire affair, and to take no steps toward the punishment of the conspirators, though records of the plot exist in the official archives in Calcutta and in the India office in London.

Ripon's vice-royalty in India will be remembered in connection with his queer dispute with Gen. "Chinese" Gordon, whom he had taken out to India as his private secretary. Even before they reached Calcutta they fell out with one another. Ripon had directed Gordon to write to one of the native dignitaries of Bombay to acknowledge his receipt of a pamphlet, and to say that he (Ripon) had perused it with interest. Gordon, who was aware that Lord Ripon had not even cut the pages of the pamphlet, much less read it, declined to write anything of the kind. Gordon declared that he could never accustom himself to white lies and threw up his lucrative and important private secretaryship at a moment's notice.

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MRS. JOSEPH MATCHETT, Huntsville, Ont., writes: "It gives me much pleasure to write you of the wonderful benefit I have found in your medicine. Last summer it saved the lives of my three little ones. They all took the summer complaint and were very sick with it. The baby would take fits, and after trying many remedies, which were of no use, I suggested we should try Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. After giving them one bottle I found a great change, and now my little ones are as well as ever. We have never been without it since, and I have recommended it to my friends."

MRS. S. A. HARRISON, Napanee, Ont., writes: "I take great pleasure to send you this testimonial of what Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has done in our family. My daughter's little girl, three years old, took summer complaint and was nearly dead. After all other remedies failed I thought of your remedy. The first dose gave relief and the third cured her. My son had diarrhoea and a few doses stopped it right away. I advise all mothers to have a bottle of 'Dr. Fowler's' on hand all the time. It is a grand medicine for young and old, and I cannot recommend it too highly in all trouble where the bowels become too loose. A few doses will check the trouble at once."

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"Silver Plate that Wears"

The Barefooted Laddie Who Became a Peer

The Fascinating Life Story of Lord Strathcona.

One day in the thirties of last century, not long after Scott had laid down his busy pen for the last time, two Scottish lads, bareheaded and barefooted, were fishing in a little stream on the border of the Highlands when the clatter of hoofs caused them to turn their heads in time to see a gay cavalcade sweep past at a gallop along the road at their back. It was the proud Lord Moray with his retinue on the way from Darnaway Castle to distant Westminster, and the sight of these splendid horsemen emphasized the lowliness of their own condition.

One of the two lads was George Stephen, a herd boy; the other was Donald Smith, a saddler's son, who was about to fare forth to the far west in search of fortune. "Ye'll see no lairds in Canada, Donald," said the herd boy as he watched the cavalcade dwindle to a dark spect in the distance; "nor any Darnaway Castles, nor," he added, "any such drove of Highland cattle as you see yonder." "Maybe not, George, answered the elder boy with a confident smile, "but there'll be Indians and buffaloes and fur trading. And you know the motto of our Grants, 'Stand fast, Craigellachie!' Maybe I'll win enough money to come back and see auld Scotland again—and at the worst, have a snug little place out there of my own."

A few weeks later Donald was crossing the Atlantic in the steerage of an ocean tramp, little dreaming that 60 years later he would make the return voyage on the finest and swiftest ship in the world, with a staff of secretaries and servants, no longer as plain Donald Smith, but as the Right Honorable Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal of Glencoe, G. C. M. G., high commissioner for Canada, and a millionaire several times over.

It took Donald 36 days to reach New York, and another month had passed before he put foot in Montreal and presented himself before George Simpson, the "king of the fur trade," to put his fate to the test. In grim silence, Mr. Simpson looked the gaunt, shock-headed, freckled Scots laddie up and down, mentally debating what use he could make of him in the enormous territory which he ruled as head of the Hudson Bay Company—a territory four thousand miles wide, stretching from the Atlantic to the Pacific. "Send him to Labrador," came at last the gruff verdict, and without another word the lad was led out of the governor's presence.

The sentence was one to strike terror to the stoutest heart, for Labrador is one of the most desolate lands on earth, a vast and terrible wilderness. In this primeval solitude even the wild animals droop and die. The trapper marches through illimitable solitudes of rocky hills and marshy swamps; gropes through dense fogs, across forbidding headlands, and along a precipitous granite coast, the silence broken only by the crash of the Atlantic waves. The climate is worse even than that of Siberia, and the inhabitants are a few scattered Indians and Eskimo.

Brave of Heart.

But it was with a brave and buoyant heart that young Donald faced this dismal exile, to which he had to travel a thousand miles on snowshoes,and he attacked his work with amazing energy, and a stout determination to succeed. He travelled thousands of miles every year by snowshoes and canoe, braving untold hardships and dangers. He bartered for furs with the wandering aborigines; counted, trimmed, pressed and packed them into bales, and superintended their dispatch to Montreal.

Once when in charge of a station in the most desolate and distant part of Labrador he was smitten with snow-blindness, and was in imminent danger of losing his eyesight. The nearest doctor was hundreds of miles away; but at any cost David must reach him. With two half-breed guides as companions he accomplished the terrible journey, groping along blindly over the snowy wastes and fighting an almost everwhelming temptation to lie down and end it all. On his return journey, after procuring the required medical aid, the cold was so terrible that his two guides succumbed, and the young Scotsman was left to struggle on to his destination as best he could, reaching it more dead than alive.

But such incidents as this were "all in the day's work" for Donald. He set himself doggedly to work to learn all that could be learned. The long winter nights he spent in self-improvement. There were few books available, but these—the Bible, Shakespeare, Boswell's "Johnson," and Pitt's Speeches—he read and re-read until he could almost have repeated them from memory.

Nor were his labors wasted. His industry and his skill at driving a bargain and keeping accounts were all noted at headquarters, little though he knew it. Long years after one of the company's directors said, "We knew we had a remarkable servant out there in the backwoods, and that, sooner or later, he would fill a big place in the world." Promotion was long in coming, but when it came it was swift. Step by step the patient, plodding, capable Scotsman rose in the company's service, until after 30 years of toil such as few men have lived through he found himself recalled to fill the highest post of all—that of governor.

It seemed, however, that promotion had tarried too long, for the Hudson Bay Company was now nearing its end. Its enemies were clamoring for its extinction; its monopoly was to be taken from it, and its vast territory was to pass to the crown. Servants and governors alike were to be dismissed, and Donald Smith had barely grasped the prize of his long years of endeavor before it was snatched from his hand.

It was at this crucial point in the Scotsman's career that his opportunity came. The French and Indian half-breeds who lived in the Red River territory had risen in mutiny at the abrogation of the company's charter and the sale of Rupert's Land. They defied the Government, flew to arms, and, under the lead of the fanatic, Louis Riel, proclaimed a republic. The Canadian Government was in despair, for all its efforts at pacification were rejected, and its emissaries either driven back or made prisoners.

It was the time for the strong man, and that man was Donald Smith. For half a lifetime he had lived among the Indians and half-breeds, and he knew them as no other white man did. He offered his services to the Government, and though it was the depth of a cruel winter he set out on his thousand-mile journey to the scene of the rebellion as light-heartedly as a boy. "If I have to crawl on my hands and feet all the way, I'll get there," he declared to his friends, who tried to dissuade him from the mad enterprise, and, true to his word, he reached Fort Garry, on Christmas Day, 1869.

His reception, however, was by no means what he had expected. Riel distrusted the ambassador of peace, and threw him into prison. But Donald was not disheartened. He demanded a meeting face to face with the rebels, had his way (as he always had in the long run), and the result of his persuasive eloquence was to win the rebels completely over and to send Riel away a crushed and discredited fugitive. When Col. Wolseley arrived on the scene with his troops it was the victor of peace, Donald Smith, the Morayshire lad, who received him as host in Fort Garry.

A Marked Man.

Donald was now a marked man, destined to achieve big things in the land of his exile. A strong, capable governor was wanted for the new colony, and to Donald the high office fell by right. Offices and honors began to pour on him; he was made a member of the first executive council of the Northwest Territory, was elected to represent Winnipeg and St. Johns in the Manitoba Legislature, and at the same time was made M. P. for Selkirk in the Dominion House of Commons. There was no honor now to which Donald might not aspire.

But for the honors he cared little. He became fired with a greater ambition, that of linking the Atlantic with the Pacific coast by a steel highway which should open to the world the riches of the great Northwest, and to this enterprise he bent all his colossal energies. Never did task seem more hopeless, for he found few to share his enthusiasm, and fewer still to stake their money on his "hair-brained scheme." He was called "visionary" and "fool," but Donald only smiled and went his way. His cousin, George Stephen, the ex-herd boy, now a prosperous man, was with him heart and soul, and together they fought the thing through with grim Scots determination.

Again and again money failed, and the scheme seemed doomed to an ignominious end, but again and again pluck triumphed over every obstacle. Once in despair Donald went to England to raise capital at a very crucial stage, leaving George Stephen in Canada awaiting the result of the journey with feverish anxiety. When hope had almost died in Stephen's breast there came a longed-for cablegram. It consisted of but one word, "Craigellachie," but that was enough. Donald had triumphed, and it was not long before he drove the last spike of the world's greatest railway at a spot which is known today as Craigellachie. Donald's fortune was now in full flood, and each year added to his honors and his riches. He was made president of the Bank of Montral and director of railways; great universities, such as Glasgow, Aberdeen, Yale and Cambridge, vied with each other in offering him their chief academic laurels, and McGill University made him her chancellor.

And these honors only paved the way to still greater ones. When Queen Victoria celebrated her diamond jubilee eleven years ago one of the subjects she singled out for special honors was Donald Smith. Donald was made a peer of the realm, and was invited to choose a title. As a little earlier he had purchased an estate which included the historic valley of Glencoe, where he now has a fine county seat, he not unnaturally decided to be known to posterity as "Lord Glencoe." The patent was about to be made out when a great hubbub was raised at Donald's appropriating such a historic designation, and he chose in its place the title of Baron Strathcona and Mount Royal.

The crowning moment of his arduous and successful life came when "Donald Smith" rose in his place in the House of Lords, and, surrounded by all the great nobles of the land, smiled on by peeresses in all the splendor of robes and jewels, and with three royal princes (including our present King) as his most intent auditors, held the most brilliant assembly in Europe spellbound by his earnest oratory for two hours. When he sat down amid murmurs of applause and the fluttering of dainty handkerchiefs and fans it was noticed that a figure in ermine leaned forward and clasped his hands. There were tears in the eyes of both. The figure in ermine was Lord Mount-Stephen, who thus clasped in heartfelt congratulation the hand of the "Cousin Donald" with whom he had fished, sixty years earlier, and enviously watched the proud Lord Moray sweep past on his way to Westminster.—The People's Friend.

Unfit to Live—Must Die.

The verdict rendered a thousand times when corns get sore. Do them to death by Putnam's Corn Extractor; it cures painlessly in twenty-four hours. Use "Putnam's," the only vegetable remedy known.

CARLYLE ON THE PRESS.

Lord Morley's contrast between Carlyle's recognition of the "able editor" as "the ruler of the world" and his scoff on another occasion at journalism as "ditch water" might have been extended by many other parallel quotations. But in one passage of "Sartor Resartus" the sage brought compliment and the other thing into deliberate conjunction. He makes his Teufelsdroeckh say: "The journalists are now the true kings and clergy; henceforth historians, unless they are fools, must write not, of Bourbon dynasties and Tudors and Hapsburgs; but of stamped broad-sheet dynasties and quite new successive names, according as this or the other able editor or combinations of able editors gains the world's ear. Of the British newspaper press, perhaps the most important of all, and wonderful enough in its secret constitution and procedure, a valuable descriptive history already exists in that language under the title of 'Satan's Invisible World Displayed.'"

HOW BILLIARDS ORIGINATED.

It is a fact not generally known that the game of billiards was invented by a pawnbroker, William Kew by name, who flourished in London some time in the sixteenth century.

This inventive avuncular relative of the needy used to employ his leisure hours in wet weather when trade was dull by taking down the three balls which were the insignia of his profession and pushing them about the counter of his shop with a yard stick, after the manner of the game as at present played, and using boxes fastened to the side of his counter for pockets.

Out of this was developed a table with a fence of slight elevation about it to keep the ballsf rom rolling on the floor and to enable the player to make what have since become known as cushion shots.—New World of Billiards.

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THE SWEET SONGS OF OTHER DAYS

Do You Remember When They Used to Warble "In the Gloaming"?

When the gambling Lambs appeared at Ford's Opera House not long ago, one of their number stepped out from the minstrel half-circle and, lifting up a bleating tenor voice, warbled "Sweet Genevieve." The singer sang badly, but his song was rewarded with more applause than any other number brought forth during the evening, says the Baltimore Sun. There were youngsters in that huge audience who then heard "Sweet Genevieve," for the first time, and there were oldsters beside them, perhaps, who heard it for the 500th, with an interval of twenty years since the 499th. One and all, they were charmed by its homely sentiment, its exquisite melody and its rich, simple harmony. It was old-fashioned, but it was perfect.

There are scores of other old songs that deserve to be rescued from the musical mortuaries. One hears them, at rare times, when some gathering of baldheads grows mushy—at a class reunion, maybe, or at the fag end of a particularly liquorish banquet. There is that ancient of the ancients, "Juanita," for instance. Say that it is banal and oversweet and you will be within your rights as a critic. But say that it has no charm—that, in the broad sense, it is not beautiful—and you will be saying that you have no ears.

What has become of "In the Gloaming"? Who sings it today? Perhaps a few doddering "lifers" in the penitentiary, immersed there since 1880. No one else. But is the charm of "In the Gloaming" really dead? Not at all. The song writers have been trying to go it one better for 30 years, but they have not succeeded. It remains the one best song to sing to your Angeline on a moonlight night. Your father, no doubt, sang it to you when you squalled. It is at once a love song and a lullaby. Its sighing measures melt the heart, improve the digestion and calm the mind. It is bathos, but it soothes—as bathos always does.

And where is that dear old silurian, "Silver Threads Among the Gold"? Do the song writers of today write songs like that? Of course they don't. They are more learned than the old-timers and have progressed far beyond the simple, ever-reliable chords of the tonic and dominant, but they have made no progress in the invention of luscious melodies. When they are at their happiest they are garbling and "adapting" the "ancient" tunes. Thus, when we wept over "Wait Till the Sun Shines, Nellie," we were paying unconscious tribute to a far older song, "How Can It Ever Be?"—the immigrant form, it may be observed, of a German tune of almost appalling antiquity.

The old songs had a certain unblushing sincerity about them that the songs of today seem to lack. Such songs please the girls and make for happy homes. If they are sung today, instead of the artificial, anarchistic compositions of the ragtime kings, there would be fewer divorces, less scandal in the newspapers and less sorrow at the domestic hearth.

LONDON'S NEW SHOW PLACE

A Mile of Galleries in the New Museum Just Opened.

Another great pageant was provided for London on June 26, when all the members of the royal family in that part of the world attended the opening of the Victoria and Albert Museum. There were present two of Queen Victoria's sons, two of her daughters, five of her granchildren, and one great-grand-daughter. After a graceful speech declaring the museum opened, the King walked about the building and conferred the order of knighthood on Cecil H. Smith, the director.

Just 50 years ago on a site of twelve acres the permanent buildings which were to constitute the Victoria and Albert Museum were begun. They have a frontage of 720 feet on Cromwell road and a frontage of 275 feet on Exhibition road. The frontage is occupied by three stories of side-lighted galleries, the fourth floor galleries being top lighted; the remainder of the site is covered with top lighted courts.

The total length of these galleries is three-quarters of a mile, and including the long gallery of two floors that runs down the centre of the building the galleries in the new building are just one mile in length, while the top lighted courts occupy an area of nearly an acre and a half.

The picture galleries, the schools of art, the Italian and lord president's courts, the ceramic gallery and the lecture theatre were erected long ago. The science school, the library, the two great architectural courts—one used as a science library and the other as a tapestry court—and all the other rooms are of later origin.

The free use of marble in all the halls and courts gives them an appearance of richness and dignity. The walls of the galleries themselves are for the most part perfectly plain and free from architectural features of any kind. On the other hand, an attempt has been made to avoid galleries of undue length by providing vistas and glimpses through the building and by varying sizes, proportions and designs of the various courts and galleries.

The front entrance has a great portal finished with the outline of an imperial crown to mark its character as a great national building, and the scheme of sculptural decoration on the front includes statues of 32 British artists and statesmen. The statues of Queen Victoria, with her supporters, St. Michael and St. George; the statue of the Prince Consort and the figures of Knowledge and Inspiration decorate the entrance.

FRENCH CHILDREN ARE VERY POLITE

Lends an Indescribable Charm to the Home, Says a Writer.

The demonstration of the French royalists a few days ago calls to mind the little tale a witty Frenchman wrote after one of these pleasing entertainments. It was much to this effect:

The count and countess were in their sitting-room. The lady was knitting, but it was hard for her to conceal the trembling of her fingers. Her husband made no effort to hide his restlessness. He walked to and fro and from time to time nervously drew aside the curtain to look out into the dusk. Both their faces showed the strain. The clock struck 10.

"It is late," said the countess, letting fall her knitting. "The demonstration was to begin at dusk. Do you suppose the dear boy—?"

"It is foolish to be too hopeful," returned the count, but the bright gleam of his eye showed that he did, indeed, hope.

"O! I am not unreasonable. There is the young son of the de Hauterace. He is younger than Louis and yet twice—"

"My dear," remarked her husband gently, "I know, but it is useless to disguise the fact that he is much more gifted than our Louis."

"Yes, yes," murmured the poor lady, "but, after all, there is no better blood in France than ours. It should come out some time. Race tells."

The door opened. A boy entered, pale and haggard. A cry of dismay broke from the count and countess.

"What, boy, back here? How is this?"

The young man made no reply.

"You did not demonstrate?"

"Oh! I demonstrated," he returned sulkily.

"And nothing happened!" cried his mother. "In our pride and affection your father and I saw you in jail, and here you are at home—merely at home"

"Young de Hauterace has been already twice in prison," said the count, his face set. "Could you not manage to get there once, boy?"

The son, ashamed and apologetic, attempted his feeble defence.

"I broke a window. I smashed all the hats I saw. I tried hard. They would not arrest me; they would not even turn the fire hose on me. Nothing, nothing!"

The countess' lip trembled.

"A conspiracy," she cried, "a conspiracy against the noblest blood in France."

"Go to your room," said the father, hiding his anguish beneath an icy exterior. But as the boy went, he crossed over to his wife and made no effort to conceal his bitter shame.

"It is useless, my dear," he said. "A son who is 20 and has never yet been in jail will bring our gray hairs with sorrow to the grave."

Almost True to Life.

The Frenchman's satire is not so very exaggerated, declares the New York Times. Demonstrations are "chic' and arrest is even more "chic." Nothing ever happened in the French royalist party, nothing ever will happen, but it is the proper thing to demonstrate, so they demonstrated again last week. "Fifteen arrests were made," says the news dispatch, and it is quite certain that fifteen noble families were highly gratified thereby.

This attitude toward a cause as thoroughly dead and buried as any cause can be is one of the oddest things in the French character. They don't want a king. They won't have a king on any consideration. It is just a little fiction they keep up to amuse their leisure moments. For it is not only the nobility who enjoy the demonstration. The queer part of it is that the good, staid, common-sense bourgeoise, the steadiest, most level-headed people in the world, also think it very fine of a young man to get himself arrested for crying "Vive le Roi!" It is the French love of all things done with a dash and a "fine gesture." If it is a chivalrous thing to champion a losing cause, it follows, in their eyes, that the more hopelessly lost the cause is the more chivarous is its champion. There is not, for the most of them, a moment when it becomes absurdity.

They give practical proof of this. One young royalist who has "demonstrated" frequently and dashingly, actually lives on his reputation. He has no money, he never pays his bills, and every tradesman knows it; but he always finds credit. At the critical moment his creditor always says:

"Well, poor chap, he was leading the demonstration when the soldiers fired on them. It was rather well done. Decidedly it was chic. Let us give him time."

In any other country he would "get time" in a very different way, but in France they invariably forgive him. Truly, French politics, when it comes to the royalists, are past finding out.

SOME VIEWS ON DAYLIGHT-SAVING

Two Hundred Millions a Year Saved to United States If Adopted.

In the current number of the Century Magazine, Commodore William H. Beehler, United States navy, declares it as his belief that at least $200,000,000 a year could be saved to the people of the United States by the adoption of a rational system of "daylight saving." Commodore Beehler, who is in command of the United States naval station at Key West, tells of the effect of action taken by the state of Florida making 19th meridian or "Central" time the standard time for the entire state, instead of 75th meridian or "Eastern" time, although most of the state lies within the bounds of "Eastern" time. On taking command at Key West, Commodore Beehler says he found that the use of central time brought the close of the working day, 5 o'clock, after sunset in the winter. Seeking for a means of remedying this state of affairs, he asked the navy department for permission to run the affairs of the naval station on "Eastern" time. The permission was granted, and now the naval station employees get through their days' work at all seasons of the year before the sun has gone down, although the business of the city generally is run on "Central" time.

Commodore Beehler speaks of his effort to get the city of Key West to adopt Eastern time. He points out that the mere changing of the clock would give an hour earlier start to the day's work and save on an average an hour of artificial light for every inhabitant daily. Artificial light, he estimates, costs about a cent an hour for each person, so that the saving in this one city of 25,000 population would amount to $250 a day, or about $100,000 a year.

Arguing on the same lines, Commodore Beehler demonstrates that if Eastern time were generally adopted throughout the United States, the clocks now on Central time would be set ahead one hour; those on mountain time two hours andd those on Pacific time three hours. With the growing tendency towards a later time of starting work in the morning, and of beginning evening entertainments and social affairs, the writer declares the saving of artificial light by this simple method would be immense. He estimates that there are 60,000,000 people who would be affected by it, and that the daily saving of an average of one cent each for that number would reach the enormous total of $219,000,000 a year, or enough to build and equip 48 battleships and maintain their naval bases and accessories.

In the same number of the magazine, William F. Allen, who is referred to as the "proposer and promoter of the present Standard time," comments unfavorably on Commodore Beehler's proposal. He quotes Sir David Gill, of England, who asks: "Are the people to be cheated into getting up earlier in the morning, or are they to get up honestly earlier?" And the royal astronomer, Sir W. H. M. Christie, calls the proposition for "daylight saving" a "tampering with the fundamental principle of time-reckoning." He asks why, if the American people could save $219,000,000 a year by getting up earlier, they should not do it "honestly," without tampering with the clocks. He does not agree, however, that there would be any such saving. He points out that the women who have to get up early to cook breakfast would have to burn artificial light in the early morning to an extent that would offset much of the saving in light in the evening.

Mr. Allen cites the recent referendum in Detroit, where sun time prevailed in general uses, except for railroad purposes, up to the fall of 1908. At that time an election was held to determine whether sun time, Eastern time or Central time should be adopted, and the people voted by an overwhelming majority for Central time, which is an hour later than eastern time, and about half an hour later than sun time. Mr. Allen also declares that the railway companies, which are in close touch with the practical wants of business, have no desire to depart from the present system of time-keeping.

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London and District

—Miss Grace Grigg, of New York, daughter of Evangelist Samuel Grigg, formerly of London, will preach at the York Street Mission Hall Sunday evening.

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ST. LUKE'S SUNDAY SCHOOL HOLD PICNIC

Enjoyable Time Spent at the River Park Yesterday.

Over 100 persons were present at the St. Luke's Sunday school, Broughdale, picnic at Springbank yesterday afternoon. A special car started at 1:30 from Brough's Bridge with the picnic party on board and all along the line others were added so ther, was a very respectable carload when the journey was once well under way. The committee in charge of the arrangements for the picnic were Ven. Archdeacon Richardson, Mr. W. A. Guest, Mrs. Wyatt and the Misses Mills, Brodrick, Emily Stockwell and Irene Stockwell.

The Sports.

Shortly after reaching the grounds the series of sports were run off, and resulted as follows:

Girls, under 5 years—Ruth Berryhill, Enid Berry.

Girls, under 11 years—Lettie, Hales, Mabel Cox, Kate Dicker.

Boys, under 8 years—Theodore Chittle, Thomas Cittle, Richard Bowen.

Potato race—Nina Crittle, Irene Gardiner, Levice Guest.

Girls, under 14 years—Edna Nagle, Annabel Blackall, Gertrude Ward and Emma Hales.

Boys, under 11 years—Ross Blackall, Hilton Clare, Willie Crittle.

Young ladies' race—Mrs. W. Wyatt, Miss Alice Burwell, Miss Ada Nagle.

Boot race—Ross Blackall, Cliff Mills, Willie Critte.

Needle and thread—Miss Nagle, Miss Hexter, Miss Spicer.

Three-legged race—Ross Blackall and Willie Hale, George Wilsie and Arthur Jones.

Throwing baseball—Miss Alice Burwell, Miss Spicer, Miss Nagle.

Long jump—Milton Clare, Arthur Jones, J. Shoebottom.

Throwing ball, boys—Milton Clare, Ross Mills.

CITIZEN'S MEETING INDORSES

Continued From Page One.

mate outcome of that scheme was river water—something distasteful to them, and they had turned it down. It was submitted to the people in January last, and it was distasteful to the people, and they voted it down also. When this bylaw was under consideration, Mr. Beck drilled a well, which yielded a fair flow of water, and he promised the electors to drill wells until he had 1,500,000 gallons of water, some hundreds of thousands of gallons more than the other scheme promised. He did drill the wells, and for some months during the winter and spring he did pump 1,300,000 gallons of water each day. He consulted his experts, and they told him that he could rely on the continuity of the supply. Mr. Peat, of Petrolea, with many years of experience, informed him that the wells would last. So did Mr. Harvey, an expert driller and conservative man. So did Mr. Oliphant, an American expert. They based their opinions on the strata, the conformation of the ground, the neighborhood, and they risked their reputations on the statement that there was to eb found practically an inexhaustible supply of water. The wells have been pumped since then under somewhat disadvantageous circumstances, and have not failed.

WATER IS BEING USED.

"I promised to have a million three hundred thousand gallons ready by June," said Mr. Beck. "I had it. I kept my promise. It was a great responsibility, and I can assure you that the anxiety was much greater than the money consideration.

"At the time I also promised a pumping plant at less than $75,000. I had the advice of competent engineers to the effect that this could eb done. I was convinced that I must make a concrete proposition to the city. I did not desire to pass by the commissioners, but I came to the conclusion that a definite, concrete proposition was much to be preferred. I consulted my citizens' committee, who stood behind me in the project, and to whom the credit must be given, and they concurred in my views.

THE COST.

"I made a definite proposition to the city. My first plan was for a million and a half gallon plant, and I could have installed it for less than $75,000, but I considered it advisable to put in three million gallons of water with a plant suitable to handle it, and a million gallons reservoir, so that the cost is now as you find it—$98,700. I think the increased capacity and increased supply advisable. Engineer Moore could not find any fault with the construction or equipment of the building, nor could he criticise my estimates of the cost of pumping the water."

Mr. Beck stated that Springbank springs do not show 4,500,000 gallons of water in the summer time. For the sake of argument, however, he would allow that figure to stand. With a million and a half from his wells, there would be 6,000,000 gallons available. Winnipeg with over twice the population, uses only five million gallons of water. In London the Grand Trunk does not use the city supply, and many other large manufacturers have their own wells. In Winnipeg, however, meters are installed, and a man pays only for what he uses. The wasteful man must pay for what he wastes. With six millions of gallons and meters, the supply would last London for many years to come. Mr. Beck was convinced there was a great waste in this city, and it should be corrected. He praised the water commissioners for installing the meters, and if they continued the good work, the city would soon be metered. Today the city of London was using more water than in Winnipeg, a situation that needed explaining.

PLANT DESCRIBED.

Mr. Beck then gave some details of his plant. There were to be fifteen wells, with a capacity of 1,500,000 gallons per day, with the same quantity in reserve, an electric pump, capacity 1,500,000 gallons and a gas pump, capacity a million and a half gallons, with a million-gallon reservoir. This would be of the best, second to none in America. His offer was based on actual tenders, from England, Germany, Canada and the United States. The firms tendering were among the most noted in the world, a guarantee that nothing but the very best equipment would be used.

In addition, the city would receive 12 acres of land, the Gerry flats, and would retain this park forever as a breathing spot for their children and themselves for all time to come. This, he thought, was worthy of some consideration.

UNDERWRITERS SCORED.

Mr. Beck scored the underwriters for demanding a 20,000,000-gallon reservoir. It was ridiculous, he stated. The amount of water used annually to fight fires in London amounted only to a million gallons of water, and were it not for evaporation, the reservoir proposed by the underwriters would last for 20 years. In Philadelphia, the amount of water used annually for fires was 16,000,000. He thought the request of the underwriters absurd.

"I think it absolutely ridiculous to make such a demand of a city that has cost them but little for fire losses," said Mr. Beck, amid cheers.

MR. LUSCOMBE AGAIN.

Mr. Luscombe, at this juncture, asked his question as to the continued purity of the water.

"I thought Dr. Amyot had answered that question," said Mr. Beck. "He informed us that he had made ten tests of the water, and in every instance he had found it pure. If there had been any possibility of contamination it would likely have manifested itself before this. Every test from January to July has shown pure water. You know what it is like. You have used it. I have had it on my table exclusively for three weeks, and I am not afraid to risk the health of my family by using it. Our apparatus has been crude so far, and yet we have had no difficulty with the purity of the supply. The finished plant will absolutely prevent any possibility of contamination. There are from 40 to 100 feet of impervious clay above the supply. If the river was feeding the wells how was it that the water in the wells stood 12 feet above the level of the river, and when pumped many feet below it. If the wells were connected with the river this would not happen.

"I told Dr. Amyot to condemn the water immediately if he thought it unsafe, so that I would not expend any more money on it. He is an honest man, and when he says the water is pure, you can rely upon it.

NOT RIVER WATER.

"Some capital has been made of the statement charged to Mr. Oliphant that the wells had the same source of supply as the river. There is no doubt about that, as all water comes from rain. The wells, however, have the same watershed. The surface water flows over the rock, and down into the depression, becoming the river. Other water flows through the gravel strata and becomes the springs.

"There can be no insinuation of impurity in that. It is pure and has been pure, so it is reasonable to expect that it will continue to be pure.

CONTINUITY OF SUPPLY.

"As to the continuity of the supply, I have only the opinion of the experts. As I stated before, Mr. Peat, Mr. Harvey and Mr. Oliphant stated that a 24-hour test will show the capacity of the well, and if the flow continues constant for that length of time, we could rest assured that it would continue so. These men stake their reputation on that. I placed the work of supervising and pumping into the hands of Mr. Lyons and Mr. Norris. These citizens worked without reward, or hope of reward, giving their time and experience for this work without stint. They looked after the pumping end of it, and they, too, are confident that the well supply wil lendure.

"They pumped these wells in the winter, and they have pumped them in the dry spell in summer, and still the flow is constant. It varies little, and the quality is the same."

Mr. Beck thought he might have made a mistake in drilling some of the wells too close together, but he had extended the field, and when he was through drilling there would be 3,000,000 gallons of water available at normal pressure, and this could easily be increased by forcing if the need was felt.

ENGINEER MOORE CRITICISED.

He paid his compliments to Engineer Moore, of the water commission, whose tactics, to say the least, were unprofessional, Mr. Beck declared. If an engineer of the hydro-electric commission had entered into a controversy with the council of London or any other body without the consent of his superior officers, he would know about it in short order.

In contradiction of Mr. Moore's statement, they had the affidavit of Mr. Norris, who declared that the average flow of the wells was four inches over the weir. If, on the particular occasion when Mr. Moore did measure the flow, it fell to three and five-eighth inches, it was the only occasion since the wells began pumping. The average of the day would certainly be more than that figure. Mr. Moore's representative gave figures of the flow, and these did not show any falling off in the supply, save once, when a defect in a valve prevented the quantity being up to the standard. This was remedied, and at no other time did it show any falling off.

A COMPLETE CONTRADICTION.

"Even on the day that the wells measured only three and five-eighth inches at the weir, there was plenty of water in the wells, showing that the trouble was not with the supply, but with the pump," declared Mr. Beck.

The speaker then explained the air lift, and stated that it was no new invention, but had been used in England and Germany for many years. They have proved to be the best and most economical method of pumping, and were used in all modern plants. He had made inquiries as to whether the lift caused water to flow to the pumps faster than it was being filtered naturally, and in every case he was informed that the air lift did not draw water faster than an ordinary pump. There was absolutely no danger of forcing the supply. The water in the well was lowered, but it did not affect the purity of the supply.

THE PRICE OF WATER.

Mr. Beck criticised the statement of Engineer Moore, that the price of water would be increased to the consumer.

"If Mr. Moore thought that the method of pumping would raise the cost to the consumer, why did he not so report to the commissioners, and have experts come and look over the figures I submitted?" asked Mr. Beck. "Since I submitted the figures he has offered no objection to them, nor has he criticised them. My figures showed then that I could pump one and a half million gallons of water for 3.6 cents per 1,000 gallons, and three million gallons at the rate of 2.9 cents per 1,000 gallons. Mr. Moore did not tell you that it would cost 6.5 cents per 1,000 gallons to get the Kilworth water to Springbank to say nothing of the pumping it to the city, and eventually a second main. He did not tell you that it would cost much more to pump the north branch springs. He did not tell you that Mr. Titus offered to give you water at 7.5 per 1,000 gallons, and for a much larger quantity 5.5 cents per 1,000 gallons. And now my engineers stake their reputations that it will not cost more than 3.6 cents per 1,000 gallons to pump this water.

STORY EASILY ENDED.

"Mr. Moore also makes some capital out of the fact that it costs me $18 a day to pump the water. It does cost me that, and I am glad to get off so easy. The reason for this is obvious. The London street railway must run their whole plant after hours, and on Sundays to run one little pumping rig for me. No wonder it costs $18 a day! If Mr. Moore wanted to be fair, why did he not base the cost of pumping on my estimates, and not on the cost of a makeshift plant that was bound by the nature of things to be excessive?

"Why do they not criticise the statement that I will furnish water for 3.6 cents per 1,000 gallons? I hope he did not intend to mislead the public, but the effect was such.

"In conclusion, I must say that if the scheme does not appeal to you, do not come out and vote for it, but snow it under. I make no personal appeal to you. I am willing to abide by the results. I have been supplying water for three weeks. For 14 hours out of the 24 they have not been able to use it all. The reservoir at Springbank is overflowing. You are convinced that there is an abundant supply or you would not use it so lavishly on your lawns."

MR. JOHN LABATT.

Mr. John Labatt then read the report of the citizens' committee indorsing the scheme in toto. He gave his experience with the wells and enthusiastically supported them. He declared that he had plenty of water left in his well, regardless of the statement that it had gone dry. He was installing apparatus that would make him independent of the city supply altogether.

MR. FRED DARCH.

Mr. F. J. Darch followed with a short speech, in which he explained his attitude to the wells. He declared that he did not oppose the scheme, but he did stand for a more thorough test of the wells than had been given them so far. He would support anything adequate to solve the problem for the city. He stated that at one time Mr. Beck had favored Kilworth, Cronyn and White's and high pressure, but had changed his opinion recently.

He asked Mr. Beck why he had shut off one of the wells, suggesting that it might have been impure, but Mr. Beck stated that it was because there was no need of it.

Mr. Darch favored taking the vote in January, because the wells should be tested during the dry weather of September and October. As for the quality of the water, it was for the people to decide. It might be all right in its present proportions, but how would it be if the amount of well water was increased?

THE McNAMARA WELL.

The drying up of the McNamara well was for the board of health to decide. The question had been brought up, and he thought the water commissioners had acted wisely in asking the board of health to investigate and report.

He did not consider that the question of Mr. Luscombe had been satisfactorily answered, as he thought there was still a danger that the water might be contaminated. A longer test would satisfactorily settle this matter.

It was the duty of the commissioners to make all possible inquiries into the scheme, and he thought they had done so without fear or favor. It was an important matter, and the efficiency of the wells should be thoroughly tested.

MR. F. E. LEONARD.

Mr. F. E. Leonard followed, and favored the scheme. Professor Saunders many years ago stated that there was plenty of water underneath the city, and he was more than ever convinced of that fact.

"The more I look at the well proposition, the more I am convinced that the solution lies there," said Mr Leonard.

He expressed the hope that all would do their duty in getting out the vote on Monday.

ENGINEER NORRIS.

Mr. R. Norris, who was in charge of the pumping arrangements, made a short speech. He explained the McNamara well, and stated that the well did not go dry until the temporary reservoir was sunk. They had pumped four wells right around it during the winter and spring, but there was no diminution of the well supply. However, when the tank was placed in position, it tapped the gravel strata supplying the well, and it was at the present time running into the river. Any person could see it.

Mr. W. H. Winnett then moved that the meeting indorse the well scheme, and Mr. S. Frank Glass seconded it. The audience stood up almost to a man.

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered the chairman.

Red Rose Tea
"Is Good Tea"
Notice the bright amber color in the cup.

Chapman's
Special Bargains for TONIGHT

The following are good reasons why you should shop here tonight between 7 and 10 o'clock.

Gingham Sale Tonight

500 yards Stripe and Check Ginghams, in pink, red and green colors; guaranteed fast color. Every yard worth 10c and 12½c. On sale tonight between the hours of 7 and 10 o'clock. A yard **5c**

Guaranteed fast color Standard Prints. The best 10c Prints we sold this year, in Indigo blue, black and white, reds, lilacs and light grounds. Positively for Saturday night from 7 until 10 o'clock, at, per yard **6½c**

Ladies' Full-Front Corset Covers, of good quality Cambric; lace trimmed, with ribbon run through. Regular 19c each, tonight ..... **2 for 25¢**

Curtain Madras, beautiful conventional, floral and leaded glass effects. Many color combinations: green, green and red, pink, cream, yellow and black. 36, 48, and 52 inches wide. Suitable for drapes, inside curtains, arches, doors, etc. regular 45c, 50c and 60c a yard, on sale tonight from 7 to 10 o'clock only, at, a yard ..... **29¢**

Balance of Women's Wash Suits, in striped linen. Long-length coats and skirts trimmed with cloth fold and buttons. Sizes 32, 34 and 36. Worth $6.00 to $8.50. Clearing at **$3.95**

Ladies' White Cambric Petticoats, with embroidery trimmed flounce and cluster tucks. Worth $1.50. Tonight **$1.19**

1,000 yards Embroidery Edgings and Insertions. On sale tonight, a yard..... **3¢**

Hair Brushes — Genuine solid ebony back, real bristle brushes. One-quarter off, tonight only.

Ladies' Long Pure Silk Gloves, in cream and mode shades. One box full of our best $1.25 Gloves on sale Saturday night only at, pair ..... **50¢**

Boys' Wash Suits, splendid washing materials, all most desirable colors.
Regular 75c for... **59¢**
Regular $1.00 for.. **79¢**
Regular $1.50 for **$1.19**
Regular $1.75 for **$1.19**

A big table of Boys' 2-piece Norfolk Suits, made of good strong tweeds, nice dark and light grounds, well made and trimmed, sizes 6 to 14 years. Worth $3.50 and $4.00. Reduced to **$2.75**

6 dozen pretty Dressing Sacques, fitting backs, sailor collar, trimmed with embroidery. Worth up to $1.25. Tonight ..... **69¢**

Choice of Axminster, Velvet and reversible Smyrna Hearth Rugs. Regular price $2.25, $2.75 and $3.50. On sale tonight only ... **$1.78**

Music Rolls, real leather music rolls. $1.00 for **50¢**
$1.50 for ..... **75¢**
$2.00 for **$1.00**

First of the Week Specials

Odd pieces of Fancy Linens, including sideboard drapes, lunch cloths, trays, centre pieces, etc. Worth from 40c to $1.00. On sale Monday, choice..... **25¢**

Parlor Lace Curtains, very fine Nottingham lace in beautiful patterns. On sale Monday at the following cut prices:

$3.00 Curtains for **$1.98** pair. $4.50 a pair for **$3.18**
ALL LACE CURTAINS $5.00 and over at Half Price.

ROSS'

You want merchandise that you can depend upon for Style, Fit and Value.

Our line is supreme in these qualities. Come and see for yourself.

Wash Suits

In striped and plain effects. All the newest styles and colors. Price to clear **$6.75**

Style and Price combined at "The Store for Women."

196 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONT.

$11 Atlantic City and Return.

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A Cooper's new photo parlors now open, about 390½ Richmond street. Finest work.

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.