

# The Star

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TEN PAGES

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 20, 1918.

UNSETTLED.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## REPRESENTATIVES OF ALL CANADIAN PROVINCES ARE NOW IN SESSION AT OTTAWA ON IMPORTANT BUSINESS

### BRITAIN'S DEAD NUMBER 559,612

Cost of the War in Human Life to One Nation Alone is Staggering.

WOUNDED WERE OVER TWO MILLIONS

Prisoners and Missing Amounted to Three Hundred and Twenty-Five Thousand.

THESE FIGURES INCLUDE OVERSEAS DOMINIONS

Heavy Losses Were Sustained in Mesopotamia and Egypt—Officers' Casualties Are High.

London, Nov. 19.—British casualties during the war including all the theatres of activities totalled 3,049,991, it was announced in the House of Commons today by James Ian MacPherson, parliamentary secretary for the war office. Of this number the officers killed, wounded or missing aggregated 144,894 and the men 3,007,097. The total losses in the fighting on the Franco-Belgian front were 2,719,652. The total British wounded in the war was more than two million, the parliamentary secretary's figures showing the aggregate to be 2,032,122. The losses in missing, including prisoners, totalled 359,146. Of the wounded 92,644 were officers and 1,939,478 were men. Of the missing, including prisoners, 12,094 were officers and 347,051 were men. The losses in Mesopotamia, including those from India and the dominions, were approximately 58,000. Mr. MacPherson added, on the aggregate of 57,933, those killed and died of wounds were 15,892, comprising 1,098 officers and 14,794 men. The wounded totalled 4,073, comprising 2,311 officers and 35,762 men. The missing and prisoners totalled 3,888, comprising 132 officers and 3,756 men. The aggregate British losses in the Mesopotamian campaigns were nearly 100,000, according to Mr. MacPherson's figures, the total being 87,579. Of these the fatalities were 31,109, comprising 1,340 officers and 29,769 men. The wounded totalled 51,115, comprising 2,429 officers and 48,686 men. The missing and prisoners totalled 10,356, comprising 566 officers and 14,790 men. The total casualties were 2,719,652. Of this total 32,769 officers were killed and died of wounds or other causes and 536,843 men. The wounded totalled 1,833,845, comprising 83,142 officers and 1,750,703 men. The missing, including prisoners totalled 326,695.

### Food For Europe

Washington, Nov. 19.—One of the last acts of Mr. Hoover before sailing last Saturday for Europe, was to appoint a special shipping commission headed by Thomas Wainwright of the food administration to co-operate with the shipping board and the commission for relief in Belgium, in facilitating the shipment of food. Neither the number of ships involved in the present movement, nor the proportion that would be diverted to Gibraltar for relief of South Europe and the Near East, could be learned. Plans for arrangements for feeding the people freed from the yoke of German militarism is awaiting the arrival of Mr. Hoover in Europe, and the result of his survey of the situation there. The purpose of sending some of the ships now going to Gibraltar and others to the Bristol Channel ports, was to have immediately available at convenient ports supplies to ship quickly where Mr. Hoover finds the need to be the most urgent. Officials here for relief in Belgium believe that the destination of the ships on their way to Gibraltar is Trieste. The ships now on their way are the first that have left with food, for countries other than Northern France and Belgium. More than 200,000 tons of food monthly will be required to relieve distress in Central Europe and the Near East. Increased shipments from American ports and the Argentine for the peoples of liberated Northern France and Belgium, were begun several weeks ago.

comprising 10,846 officers and 915,849 men. In Italy the British losses totalled 6,738. Of these 86 officers and 941 men were killed; 334 officers and 4,612 men were wounded. Of these 765 missing 38 were officers, 127 men. In the East African campaign the total casualties were 17,825. Of these 8,193 were killed or died, comprising 280 officers and 6,913 men. A total of 7,754 were wounded, comprising 478 officers and 7,276 men. The missing and prisoners totalled 967, comprising 38 officers and 929 men. In other theatres the total casualties were 3,297. Of this number 133 officers and 690 men were killed; 142 officers and 1,373 men were wounded and 51 officers and 908 men were missing or prisoners.

In addition to the grand total of deaths there were 19,000 deaths from various causes among troops not forming any part of the expeditionary forces.

### MINE SWEEPER SUNK ON NOVEMBER TENTH

London, Nov. 19.—A British Admiralty official statement issued this evening says the "British mine sweeper" was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine on November 10, off the northeast coast of England. Fifty-three members of the crew were drowned.

### FORMER ROUMANIAN PREMIER TALKS ON ORIGIN OF THE WAR

Admits That King Carl Told Him in 1914 That Austria Would Certainly Try to Provoke Europe and That Emperor William Had Decided on a General War Which Would Not Occur for Another Three Years—Unexpected Events Brought the Crisis About Sooner Than Anticipated.

(By Hampton Hunt) Special cable to The N. Y. Tribune and St. John Standard.

Paris, Nov. 18.—I had the good fortune to meet the Roumanian former premier Take Jonescu last night shortly after he had received the news of the abdication of the Kaiser. He decided that the moment had come to make an interesting revelation which adds a new mystery to the circumstances which led to the outbreak of the war in 1914. "The abdication of the Kaiser, who has already inflicted upon himself his own chastisement for the invasions of 1914, for which he is responsible, is a relief to me. I am glad to see that a Roumanian statesman said to me in the course of an interview which I had with the late King Carol's sister, July 9th, 1914, on the eve of my departure for England, Carl told me I might reckon on enjoying my holiday tranquilly as he had no decision in regard to the assassination of Francis Ferdinand, and I told the King that I was afraid Austria would use the tragedy as an excuse for launching the preventive war which the Marquis Belloni had told me a few months before

would be absolutely indispensable to Austria-Hungary. "Austria-Hungary will certainly try to provoke Europe, the King replied, as she tried to provoke it during August, 1914, and throughout the whole of 1913, but Germany will prevent it. Austria will bark but Germany will muzzle her. I repeated that I could not share the confidence the King felt in this belief, whereupon he said, "Then I will tell you a great secret. Emperor William has decided on a general war, but it will not occur for another three years. By that time we will have completed our constitutional reforms and will be ready to have offered to the Allies, the so-called Jonescu, "I tried to solve this mystery. King Carl knew at the beginning of July, 1914, that William had decided to launch the war, but he did not know that it was for that year. Was William still hesitating as to whom he would plunge Europe into conflict, or was he afraid to tell Carl the whole truth. Personally I am inclined to believe that William wished to prepare his cousin, King Carl, for what was coming, but did not want to let him know the whole of his plans. What is certain is that at the beginning of July, 1914, before Austria sent the ultimatum to Serbia, William had decided to provoke a general European war."

## Delegates to Conference Were Warmly Welcomed By Minister of Finance

Sir Thomas White Expressed the Gratitude of the Federal Government to the People of All Provinces Who Had so Heartily Entered into Canada's War Work and Made Her Great Achievements Possible—Many Questions of the Utmost Importance Which Are to be Discussed Will Have the Sympathetic Assistance of Union Cabinet—A List of Those Who Are Present.

Ottawa, Nov. 19.—No final conclusions were reached as the result of the first day's deliberations of the dominion and provincial ministers, called together by Sir Robert Borden, previous to his departure for England to consider reconstruction and other problems affecting the dominion. None of the provincial premiers were missing from the gathering when the conference convened and all were attended by from one to four colleagues. Quebec, Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan had the largest delegations present. It was announced when the conference adjourned until Wednesday morning that the subject under discussion had been that of the transfer of the natural resources to the three prairie provinces, a matter that had been the subject of consideration and debate at all previous provincial conferences. After the views of the representatives of the prairie provinces had been heard and some discussion had taken place, it was decided to adjourn until Wednesday morning in order to allow the provincial members of the conference to consider the natural resources question by themselves. Hon. F. B. Carvell, minister of public works, presided over the deliberations today and Sir Thomas White, acting prime minister, welcomed the provincial ministers. Sir Thomas in his speech emphasized the importance of the reconstruction problems facing the dominion as the result of the sudden termination of the war and asked the closest cooperation with the dominion government on the part of the provinces. He declared that the provinces, by their efforts in the past had materially assisted the dominion in doing its part and indicated a willingness on the part of the dominion government to financially assist the provinces in the carrying out of their reconstruction programs.

(Continued on Page Two.)

### LONDON DAILY EXPRESS SAYS EX-EMPEROR MUST BE TAKEN FOREE IN HIS SUPPORT OF THE PRESENT GERMAN GOVERNMENT A SCHEME TO REORGANIZE ANOTHER GROUP OF NATIONS WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF ANOTHER STRUGGLE.

London, Nov. 19.—The Daily Express declares, The facts appear to indicate, it adds, the existence of a plan to foment social revolutions in Holland and Switzerland and possibly in Sweden through pro-German agitators. It is also desired, according to these indications, the newspaper declares, to foment social revolution in Allied countries, provide for the eventual return of the former emperor to Germany, the restoration of the old regime and the formation of a greatly extended German federation.

Such a federation, with William Hohenzollern at its head, the Express argues, would carry the seed of another world war. It insists that the former emperor must be seized and his activities prevented. The Daily Chronicle in an editorial makes a similar demand. A number of leading Allied diplomats and statesmen, including Lord Robert Cecil, under-secretary of state for foreign affairs, believe that something is brewing in Germany in the direction of a plot to trap the Allies.

### SENDING MILK TO SAVE BELGIAN BABIES

Chicago, Nov. 19.—Five hundred thousand cans of condensed milk have been sent from Chicago within the last few days to save Belgian babies. The milk was purchased from the Queen Elizabeth Fund. It is estimated there are 1,250,000 children who were left helpless in Belgium when their parents were deported by the Germans.

### GOOD MEN WILL BE KEPT IN THE ARMY

Washington, Nov. 19.—Steps to retain permanently in the army officers commissioned from civil life who have displayed marked ability in the service, are being considered by the general staff. Plans for the demobilization of officers, it was learned today, are being shaped with this end in view.

**FLASH BULLETIN—3.30 A.M.**  
Ottawa, Nov. 19.—Order-in-council transfers management and operation of Canadian Government Railways to Canadian Northern Board of Directors. C. A. Hayes appointed general traffic manager whole government railway system, with offices changed from Moncton to Toronto.

### Army of Occupation

Paris, Nov. 19.—The war office tonight describes the operations along the French front as follows: "Our advance continued today without incident other than manifestations of joy by the civilian population. In numerous localities the inhabitants displayed touching thoughts in bringing forth, notwithstanding the difficulties, food for our soldiers. "The material abandoned by the enemy is accumulating, as well as the number of liberated prisoners who have rejoined our lines. "In Belgium we have reached the line of Bourgeois-Vieljeux. "In Lorraine, in the meantime, a detachment has pushed forward on our left as far as Sarrel; our advanced guards established their front along Kierberg, Hemmerling, Saverne, Allenvillers and Wangen. "The entry of our troops in the Saarn under command of General Gerard was made amidst great enthusiasm at 3.30 o'clock in the afternoon. Marshal Pethin made solemn entry into Metz at the head of the troops of the Tenth Army, commanded in the absence of General Mangin, who had suffered an accident through a fall from his horse, by General Leconte. The entire population went out to meet our troops loudly acclaiming them. The old city of Lorraine, captive for forty-seven years and finally reunited to France, has manifested in a never to be forgotten way its love for the mother country. "In Alsace our soldiers received yesterday the same moving welcome in the loyal town of Colmar."

### Laurier Still Seeing Things

Announces His Intention of Calling Dominion Liberal Convention and, of Course, Scores Union Government.

London, Ont., Nov. 19.—Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, at a banquet tendered in his honor here tonight by Western Ontario Liberals, announced his intention of calling a national convention of all Liberals in the Dominion at a "not far distant date" to consider problems confronting the country now that peace seems assured. The opposition leader declared that any statement of the policies the party intends to pursue would be premature at this date, and intimated that such a pronouncement cannot be expected until the peace terms have been signed. The banquet tonight came somewhat in the nature of a climax to the formation of the Western Ontario Liberal Association this afternoon, when it was quite apparent that the framework of national convention was established by the adoption of the constitution. Sir Wilfrid was accorded a remarkable ovation by two hundred guests present, and the banquet was in the nature of a celebration of the leader's 77th birthday.

### Quebec Again Swept by Tide

Higher Than Ever Last Night Along the St. Lawrence and a Great Deal of Additional Damage Done. Quebec, Nov. 19.—Additional damage which will increase that already done by thousands of dollars was caused tonight when the flood tide rose much higher than any day this week and swept over the streets in the lower section of the city again flooding the cellars and ground floors of large warehouses and wholesale firms. The northeasterly gale which raged with such fury last night had somewhat abated tonight, and but for this the havoc caused would have been much more extensive. On Dalhousie, St. Andrew and St. Peter streets, row-boats were used to remove employees who had remained late at their offices. It is estimated that the water rose four feet over the wharves and in the business streets there were two feet of water when the tide was its highest. Wooden sidewalks were raised and swept away while the streets were strewn with timbers which were torn from the wharves as the waves roared in. In Limoilou Ward which fronts on St. Charles' River the flood swept over 2nd and 3rd streets, a lot of livestock comprising chiefly hogs and poultry were drowned. In one home where a young man was suffering from influenza the patient in his bed before it began to recede. The water flooded the power house of the public service corporation and as a result the transformers which are used to light the city streets could not be operated. A number of the streets were in darkness while the street car service in Limoilou and in Lower Town was forcibly interrupted for several hours.

### TO STANDARDIZE LABOR EFFORT

Ottawa Conference is Arranging to Care for Returning Soldiers.

DUPLICATION AND DELAY AVOIDED

Labor Agencies and Provincial Governments to Adopt the Same Plan.

TRADES CLASSIFIED THE SAME EVERYWHERE

Meetings Will be Continued for Several Days More Until All Arrangements are Completed.

Ottawa, Nov. 19.—The co-ordination of the work of the Dominion and provincial employment agencies with that of the department of soldiers' civil re-establishment was considered with representatives of that department at the first of a series of conferences on unemployment here today. As a result it is probable that plans will be perfected which will permit the employment agencies to render the maximum service to returned soldiers when the time comes for their return to civil occupations. The conference today was of somewhat an informal nature but questions of policy were discussed and some progress made in this direction. With the exception of the Maritime Provinces, which sent no direct representatives but will nevertheless be represented by their premiers attending the conference of prime ministers, all the provinces sent delegates; British Columbia is represented by J. D. McEwen, deputy minister of labor, Alberta by C. B. Mitchell, provincial superintendent of employment offices, Saskatchewan by Thomas Mulloy, secretary of the labor bureau, Manitoba by Premier Norris and Attorney General Johnson, who are also attending the premier's conference, Ontario by Dr. W. A. Riddell, trades and labor superintendent, and Quebec by Ex-Controller Ainey, of Montreal, general superintendent of the employment offices for Quebec and F. Payette, superintendent of the Montreal employment offices. The adoption of standard forms and routine in the various employment agencies of the provinces so as to obviate any difficulty in communication, and the adoption of similar terminology by the provinces was discussed at the afternoon sitting. It is necessary that the different provinces classify different trades in exactly the same way and apply to them similar names if the employment agencies are to cooperate successfully on a Dominion-wide basis. Another question which received consideration at the afternoon conference was that of offices of moderators and arrangement of those present discussed the best arrangement for offices in the large cities and also the small towns. The conference will probably continue for two or possibly three more days.

(Special cable to The N. Y. Tribune and the St. John Standard.) Copyright, 1918, by the New York Tribune.

Paris, Nov. 18.—Paris has no faith whatever in the apparent changes in the methods of government which have taken place in Germany. It is recalled that Ebert always has been a member of the Kaiser's brigade of tame socialists of the Scheidegg party and always has been an ardent supporter of the Prussian military party in their conduct of the war. Kurt Eisener, the self-appointed head of the new Bavarian republic, looked upon here as a man of the same kind as Ebert. Both men are believed to have for their immediate objective the convincing of Wilson that the change in the form of government of Germany implies a change of heart of the German people. Eisener is his first speech on taking office, it is pointed out, emphasized this factor when he said, "We may have confidence that the new government will make a very favorable impression with President Wilson," and that "Wilson will be more sympathetic to us than to the authorities who







UNRESTRAINED JOY OF FRANCE OFFERS A REVELATION TO ALL

Deferred Cable Message Describes Spontaneous Outburst on the Part of All the People—Joyous Celebrants of All Classes Sang and Danced Through the Streets and Did Every Foush Thing Conceivable, Finding in This Way Outlet for the Feelings so Long Restrained.

By Sampson Hunt. (Special to N. Y. Tribune and St. John Standard, Copyright, 1918, N. Y. Tribune Inc.)

Paris, Nov. 12. (Delayed)—The wholehearted joy of Paris in the hour of triumphant victory is a revelation to those of us who have lived here for several years. The wonderful spontaneous manifestation which began at ten minutes of twelve yesterday morning when the news of the signing of the armistice was first made public, reached its climax at 9 o'clock last night when Marthe Chenal appeared on the balcony of the opera house and sang the Marseillaise before the crowd of twenty thousand which filled the great square in front.

Mlle. Chenal is the most famous singer of the French national hymn in the world. She portrays in herself the imposing figure of French womanhood under which the republic is usually typified. The whole of triumphant France stood before us last night in the person of this noble formed woman while from her golden throat rang out the music which inspired millions of the children of the republic to fight and die or conquer for la France.

Then the whole enormous crowd took up the refrain. Men, women and children, sang like one colossal, victorious soul and with an individual fervor that was almost religious, nay, that was religious in the truest sense of the word for the highest aspirations of France breathed in it.

People sang with the tears rolling down their cheeks. A widow standing next to me sobbed out "Le jour de gloire est arrive" with both hands clasped, tightly clasped, round the arm of a tall, young soldier son, a black band around whose sleeve told what the war had cost this one French mother and what the coming of peace had saved to her.

When all was ended the huge gathering dispersed in silence into the darkened streets. It was a spontaneous outburst of the full heart of France. No one who witnessed it will ever forget.

BY H. W. SMITH. (Special Cable to the N.Y. Tribune and the St. John Standard) (Copyright, 1918, N. Y. Tribune, Inc.)

Amsterdam, Nov. 15.—Contrary to earlier reports, the fallen German Emperor apparently is looking very well, so well indeed, that an English lady who witnessed the arrival at Maarn, is said to have expressed her surprise aloud.

The Kaiser has a considerable court and eleven officers staying at the castle, including General von Moltke and General von Hirschfeld.

Another notable German personage, Prince von Groy von Dalmir, of Westphalia has crossed the Dutch frontier, at Winterswyck, and is staying at a hotel there. He made the journey in a peasant's cart.

As to the Emperor Karl of Austria, who has left Vienna for Eckartsau, in lower Austria, the "Vossische Zeitung" says he will take up his residence at that place for the time being with the concurrence of the council of the state, but that it is thought that he will later leave for Switzerland.

It is reported that during the discussions in the state council it was proposed that the imperial manifesto should include the sentence, "I wish to live among you as a free citizen." The Emperor, however, refused to agree.

LOTS OF TALK BUT NO DISORDER

Vienna is Still Exuding Hot Air—Emperor Charles and His Family May Be Starving—People Refuse Them Food.

Vienna, via Geneva, Monday, Nov. 12.—The situation in Vienna, where the first American correspondent, that of the Associated Press, arrived last week, appears to be that there is more talk than disorder, with urgent need for bread, especially for the poor of Austria. The correspondent was accompanied to Vienna by one French and one British army officer.

Former Emperor Charles, who has retired for the present to his castle at Eckartsau, it is asserted by the Socialist Arbeiter Zeitung, is living on the shortest rations, and possibly may be starving with his wife and family. The former royal family has been unable to secure meat, milk and bread in the neighboring village or even to have its washing done. They have been obliged to send away almost all of their fifty servants.

WILL GIVE HIM A FRESH START.

London, Nov. 19.—The Belgian cabinet will resign after King Albert meets the parliament this week, according to a despatch to the Daily Telegraph from Brussels. M. Delacroix, a Brussels lawyer, will be asked to form a coalition government, the measure.

This morning Paris began soon after 5 o'clock to insist on observing the day as an unofficial but indisputable public festival. No official plans of any kind were announced but little independent processions began to form themselves in every square and railroad station as lines brought hundreds of thousands of people to their work.

By 9 o'clock the problem had to be faced how to make the shops close. The solution was delightfully simple. Whatever the procession of joyous strikers came to an open shop door they headed for it, marched in with closely locked steps, singing as they went, permeated to every part of the premises, upstairs and down, and regained the street, carrying most of the shop staff with them.

Tradesmen and managers of workrooms protested with a good humor that belied their words and then pulled down the shutters with a smile and hastened off themselves to join in the day's joy-making.

Not a shop is open today in the main streets of Paris except restaurants and cafes. All have been closed by order of Her Majesty, La France Victorious. All the pent up joy, held back for four years of anxiety with no Mardi Gras, no Fourteenth of July, no pleasure-making of any kind—nothing but a terse, bitter determination to beat the Boche,—had to find an outlet with these joy-loving people and it has.

The public authorities are now joining in the manifestation. Military bands have begun to be heard and airplanes are flying over the city this afternoon. A notable thing is that there is no sign of the people celebrating the end of the war or even the signing of an armistice. The word armistice has, in fact, been transformed into capitulation. What Paris is celebrating today is neither the cessation of fighting nor the surrender of the enemy but a victory, complete, final, and indisputable, that has wiped out the stain of 1870 and has placed France back in her old proud position in the front rank of the great free nations of the earth.

When all was ended the huge gathering dispersed in silence into the darkened streets. It was a spontaneous outburst of the full heart of France. No one who witnessed it will ever forget.

WILLIAM HOHENZOLLERN HAS COURT AND STAFF

Still Keeping up the Bluff of Royalty in His Residence in Holland—Emperor Charles Has Not Yet Definitely Decided as to His Future Home.

BY H. W. SMITH. (Special Cable to the N.Y. Tribune and the St. John Standard) (Copyright, 1918, N. Y. Tribune, Inc.)

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Hunt's Winter Sale of Clothing and Furnishings STARTS FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22

AND WILL CONTINUE FOR TWO WEEKS

A RECORD-BREAKING EVENT FOR VALUE - GIVING THAT WILL CARRY OUR NAME AND OUR VALUES INTO HUNDREDS OF HOMES.

Most of the offerings are really wonderful considering prices today—It will be well worth your while to come in for a look around, even if you have no intention of buying.

Store open Friday and Saturday Evenings till eleven o'clock.

MEN'S OVERCOATS

Every overcoat is fresh and crisp with style. They are good worthy garments, right up to our regular standard, but away below our regular prices.

Table listing men's overcoats with regular and sale prices. Regular \$18.00 Overcoats Sale price \$13.75, Regular 20.00 Overcoats Sale price 16.50, Regular 22.50 Overcoats Sale price 18.50, Regular 25.00 Overcoats Sale price 20.50, Regular 28.00 Overcoats Sale price 22.50, Regular 30.00 and \$32.00 Overcoats Sale price 26.50

If you are a "Big Fellow" and wear size 42 or 44 we have some very nice Tweed Coats, also some Black Melton Coats on sale at two prices:

Table listing men's coats with regular and sale prices. Regular \$18.00 Coats Sale price \$13.25, Regular 20.00 and \$22.00 Coats Sale price 15.50

A BARGAIN IN RAINCOATS

We have a limited quantity of Wool Paramatta Coats in a nice shade of Fawn, "Inverness" or Military Cape Style. Regular price \$22.00.

Table listing raincoats with half price \$12.50

Regular \$2.50 Black Overalls and Jumpers

All Sizes. Sale Price \$1.78

MEN'S SUITS

If You Need a Suit Buy It Now.

Table listing men's suits with regular and now prices. Regular \$18.00 Suits Now \$13.50, Regular 20.00 Suits Now 16.00, Regular 22.50 Suits Now 18.00, Regular 25.00 Suits Now 20.00, Regular 28.00 Suits Now 22.00, Regular 30.00 Suits Now 25.00

SHIRTS

Table listing shirts with regular and sale prices. Regular \$1.50 Colored Negligee Shirts, mostly soft cuffs. Great value, Sale price \$1.15, Regular \$1.75 and \$2.00 Colored Shirts, soft and stiff cuffs. Sale price \$1.38, Regular \$1.65 Grey Working Shirts. Sale price \$1.38

SWEATERS

Table listing sweaters with regular and sale prices. Men's Reg. \$1.50 Sweaters, Sale price \$1.28, Men's Reg. 2.25 Sweaters, Sale price 1.78, Men's Reg. 3.50 Sweaters, Sale price 1.98, Men's Reg. 1.50 Sweaters, Sale price 4.95, Men's Reg. 8.00 Sweaters, Sale price 6.19, Boys' Reg. 1.50 Sweaters and Jerseys Sale price 1.15

WINTER GLOVES

Table listing winter gloves with regular and sale prices. Reg. 75c. Khaki Wool Gloves, Sale price 49c., Reg. \$1 Wool and Fabric Gloves, Sale price 69c., Reg. \$1.25 Wool Gloves, Sale price 98c., Reg. \$1.50 Wool Gloves, Sale price \$1.15

MEN'S PANTS

The Usual Hunt Values.

Table listing men's pants with regular and now prices. Regular \$3.50 Pants Now \$2.89, Regular 4.00 Pants Now 3.29, Regular 4.50 Pants Now 3.89, Regular 5.00 Pants Now 4.29, Regular 6.00 Pants Now 4.89

HOSIERY

Table listing hosiery with regular and sale prices. Reg. 30c. Khaki Socks, Sale price 23c., Reg. 40c. Fawn Socks, Sale price 29c., Reg. 50c. Black Ribbed Socks, Sale price 33c., Reg. 50c. Black Cashmere Socks Sale price 35c., Reg. \$1.00 Black and Grey Worsted Socks, Sale price 73c., Reg. 50c. White Cashmere Socks, Sale price 37c., Boys' Heavy Black Ribbed Stocking, Reg. \$1.00 Sale price 79c.

UNDERWEAR

Table listing underwear with regular and sale prices. Regular \$1.75 Wool Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, Sale price \$1.33, Reg. \$1.25 Heavy Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, Sale price 89c., Reg. \$2.75 Fine Ribbed Union Suits, Sale price \$2.18, Reg. \$3.25 Fine Ribbed Union Suits, Sale price \$2.69

NECKTIES

Table listing neckties with regular and sale prices. Reg. 75c. and \$1 Ties, Sale price 43c., Reg. 75c. Silk 1.00 Silk Ties, Sale price 59c.

WORKING GLOVES AND MITTS

Table listing working gloves and mitts with regular and sale prices. Reg. 75c. Leather Gloves and Mitts, Sale price 49c., Reg. \$1.00 Leather Gloves and Mitts, Sale price 73c.

HATS AND CAPS

Table listing hats and caps with regular and sale prices. Reg. \$4.00 and \$5.00 Soft Felt Hats, Latest styles, Sale price \$2.89, Reg. \$1.00 Winter Caps, Sale price 68c., Reg. \$1.25 and \$1.50 Winter Caps, Sale price 98c., Reg. \$1.75 and \$2.00 Winter Caps, Sale price \$1.29, Boys' \$1.00 and \$1.25 Winter Caps, Sale price 73c.

BRACES AND MUFFLERS

Table listing braces and mufflers with regular and sale prices. Reg. 35c. Braces, Sale price 23c., Reg. \$1.25 Mufflers, Sale price 95c.

BOYS, READ THIS!

BOYS' STYLISH TWEED WINTER OVERCOATS

Table listing boys' overcoats with regular and sale prices. For boys nine years and upwards. Regular \$10.00 Overcoats Sale price \$7.69, Regular \$12.50 Overcoats Sale price \$8.29, Regular \$13.50 and \$15.00 Overcoats Sale price \$10.50

OVERCOATS FOR SMALL BOYS

Table listing overcoats for small boys with regular and sale prices. Two and a half to eight years. Regular \$6.00 and \$6.50 Overcoats, Sale price \$4.89, Regular \$7.00 and \$7.50 Overcoats, Sale price 5.29, Regular \$8.00 Overcoats Sale price 5.89, Regular \$8.50 Overcoats Sale price 6.29, A lot of Boys' "Khaki" Overcoats that sold at \$5.00 to \$6.50. While they last Sale price \$2.29



Make Your Stomach Your Best Friend

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets Digest the Food, Prevent Sourness and Make You Feel Fine All Over.

If you feel any distress after eating take a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet. You will then have a good, steady friend in your stomach. For no matter what you eat, there will be no gas, no sour risings, no lump in your throat, no biliousness, no dark brown taste in the morning. And should you now be troubled, eat a tablet as soon as possible and relief will come promptly. These tablets correct all the faults of a weak or over-worked stomach, they do the work while the stomach rests and recovers itself. Particularly effective are they for banquets and those whose environment brings them in contact with the rich food most apt to cause stomach derangement. Relief in these cases always brings the glad smile. Get a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, 50 cents in any drug store. Be good to your stomach.

At present we must refuse to send goods out on approbation or make exchanges. Sale goods will be on display in our show windows after Thursday.

Hunt's Clothing Store, 17-19 Charlotte St.

Money Buying Res Now!

probably have to hes soon; you can y some of the money pend. You can get suit you'll want at below the present sturer's price. 20 to \$28 suits can- bought today for ices. We bought inadvance; we're hem in advance.

ur's, 68 King St. ged Soldiers: Ten t. cash discount off t civilian outfit.

ER-PHASES OF THE MOON.

Table showing moon phases for various dates and times.

THE WEATHER.

Nov. 19.—The disturbance over the Great Lakes last w moving slowly eastwards tng up. Snow has fallen n Ontario and the Ottawa n Quebec and rain all other localities from n to the Maritims. Province the weather has been nderately cool.

Table showing weather conditions for various locations like Rupert, etc.

ASTERS - Fresh

Nov. 19.—The disturbance over the Great Lakes last w moving slowly eastwards tng up. Snow has fallen n Ontario and the Ottawa n Quebec and rain all other localities from n to the Maritims. Province the weather has been nderately cool.

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# The St. John Standard

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ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1918.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King.  
TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

### FEEDING THE BRUTES.

Just another word or two on this question of feeding Germany. The New York Herald, which corresponds to the St. John Globe in this respect, that every person who has anything to say writes a letter to the publisher, has a full page of letters from people all over America touching on the food proposals. With one exception every correspondent is bitterly opposed to the thought of shipping good food from Allied countries for the benefit of those who have so cruelly treated our people. The one who differs from all the rest is evidently of a religious turn of mind, and quotes "I will repay," advising that America leave to the Almighty the question of further punishment for Germany.

All the other correspondents make further reference to the manner in which the German people without exception have treated our men. That it is insulting to our soldiers and unjust to ourselves, the proposal that food shall be sent. Here are some of the expressions:  
"Have we forgotten when our boys asked for water how those women hold the pail within reach of their lips, and then either spit in it or dashed the contents on the ground?"

"I will gladly deny myself all my accurs, my sawdust, my turnip water, horse flesh and goat flesh to aid the poor Germans who so willingly spat in the water of the wounded prisoners."  
"We have scrimped and saved and denied ourselves to feed our soldier boys, and are willing to continue as long as they need it, but we are not willing to feed those filthy vermin who have starved, tortured, debauched and defiled the inhabitants of every town and village they have set their feet in."

"Feed them? Why? Those women who had the impertinence to appeal to Mrs. Wilson are not only cowards, they are criminals inasmuch as they never protested against the killing of women and children. What did they do about Edith Cavell? Truly the German is an unwholesome thing."  
"Germany is laughing at us in regard to our internment camps, where their friends are better fed than our own boys. They live on the fat of the land and have nothing to worry over. I have two sons in France, and will not tolerate any insult towards them."  
"Do you mean to tell me that there is anyone thick enough to feed those brutes who mutilated little children? Surely we have swallowed enough bitter pills."

"I know of a frantic Belgian mother screaming for her lost child. A German officer found it, and before the mother's eyes, knocked it senseless, called for kérosene which he poured over the child and set fire to it. He laughed. The mother went insane. And these are the people we are asked to feed."

"I would give my life to aid the Allied cause, but not even the contents of my garbage can for the German beasts. Let all interned Germans here go back and starve with the rest of the vile breed."

"Let them be exterminated by slow starvation. The world will be well rid of such beasts and their offspring, born with murder, lust and robbery in their minds."

"Let the five million Germans living in luxury in America make the sacrifice and feed their brother Germans. Was it not the women and children of Germany who celebrated the sinking of the Lusitania?"

"There is a duty of hatred as well as a duty of love—above all there is a duty of memory."

"If a burglar tried to kill you, and you caught him red-handed, and he then immediately asked you to treat him to dinner, would he get it?"

"I have done without everything to feed the Allies, but after I have had my fill of sugar I will eat a little more of it, and of white bread, of butter, of meat and of all food stuffs, and the nearer I see these pitiful German women to starvation the more ravenously I shall eat."

### NEW RAILWAY DIRECTORS.

There will be a great deal of interest throughout the Maritime Provinces in the announcement made today that Dr. A. P. Barnhill, of this city, and Thomas Cantley of New Glasgow, Nova Scotia, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Nova Scotia Steel Company, are being appointed to the Board of Directors of the Canadian Government Railways. This is a part of the policy of the Government in co-ordinating the operation of the existing Canadian Government Railway systems, the Canadian Northern, and possibly in the near future imper-

ant divisions of other railways, as well as some other small branch lines. It is not yet intimated what the particular duties of these new directors will be in respect to Maritime Province representation, but an intimation, which no doubt will be found true, is that hereafter St. John is to receive from the Canadian Government Railway a measure of regard which so far it has been denied and that direct connection from St. John to Montreal, via McGivney Junction, and thence by Transcontinental, will be a development of the near future. It is also reported that important railway construction work is in prospect, the intention being to carry through the port of St. John much of the traffic of the Canadian Government Railways, and the Canadian Northern, which, in the past, has been diverted to other ports.

### THE VERDICT.

The Winnipeg Telegram has been obtaining opinions from people all over Canada as to the proper disposition of the deposed Kaiser. Among those who have been questioned along this line there are some who are evidently unwilling to express their own personal opinion in the matter, perhaps for fear that such expression might be used to influence the jury. But the consensus of opinion as to the proper disposition of the man who started the world war may be summed up in two words, and those words are "Hang him."

Stories persist of hardship and apparently unnecessary suffering that victims of the influenza epidemic are compelled to undergo. Perhaps at times there has been unduly harsh criticism of arrangements that have been made for caring for these people who have no adequate accommodation or facilities in their own homes. But where there are so many complaints and criticisms there must certainly be something to justify them. Exaggeration cannot be blamed for it all. And without desiring to give the affair any more publicity than is really advisable in the best interests of all concerned, The Standard cannot help expressing the wish that our various health departments, whether Provincial or municipal would exercise the utmost care and see that grounds for complaint, such as have existed, are removed.

To realize what merely one feature of this war has meant it is only necessary to say that if every man, woman and child in New Brunswick were killed, the death list would be much less than one-half Britain's death list in the war, and if every man, woman and child in the Dominion of Canada were killed or wounded, the casualty list would be not much more than double the British casualty list in the past four years.

What do New Brunswickers think about it? Are we in favor of feeding the Germans? The Standard will be glad to publish any brief letters sent in to this office. It will be interesting to know the opinions of our people.

### Can Whistle a Bit.

From the London Chronicle.  
We have just heard of a man who had been for eighty years a church chorister. Wonderful. But was it wise? Few things are more distressing than age assaying the songs of youth. We know one former member of the Chapel Royal choir who is no longer like eighty, and still has an occasional turn somewhere, as an alto. "How is the voice, now?" we asked him recently. "None so grand," he answered. "You see, I've got a set of new teeth, and they whistle a bit when I sing."

### The Day of Glory.

Boston Globe.  
On the threshold of peace, France displays the same sublime spirit which characterized her in the war. In the deadly earnest business of lying in terms of surrender to the invader, there is no vainglory of timetold triumph. France has bled too much to make tawdry show of her deep emotions. She cannot forget the awful cost of victory, precious though it be. With solemn dignity her fighting men offer to sheath "the sword only when their fair 'and menaced so long by this evil nightmare of Prussianism shall be free."

### Gratitude.

From the London Chronicle.  
A fly insect on his neck was annoying him considerably, so when he could spare a moment from his hand to the spot, he made a capture. It came instant a bullet struck his helmet. But for having ducked forward. He held up the captive between thumb and finger, and shook his head. "Don't like to kill you. Saved your life, I guess; what shall I do with you?" Then, with inspiration, "I know!"—clapped it on his neck again. "Put you back on full rations."

### An Exploded Myth.

From the London Daily Mail.  
The last four years have been hard on supermen. The carefully cultivated myth of German superiority, which gained adherents easily when nobody was particularly interested in examining and exposing it, has been blown sky high through the efforts of men who were compelled by necessity to exert all their power. It can never be restored.

### Not a Bit of It.

From London Opinion.  
The days of humor in Whitehall! Was talking to a temporary in one of the Ministries, and surmised that, if the war continued to go so well, he would soon be out of a job. "Not a bit of it," he replied cheerfully. "You should just see the mess we've got things into. It'll take years to wind up the business!"

### No Balm in Gilead.

Washington Star.  
The German people might feel a little better if one of the Hohenzollerns had gotten near enough to the fighting to know what was going on.

### A BIT OF VERSE

#### AN APPLE TREE IN FRANCE.

An apple tree beside the way,  
Drinking the sunshine day by day,  
According to the Master's plan  
Had been a faithful friend to man  
It had been kind to all who came  
Nor asked the traveler's race or name,  
But with the peasant boy or king  
Had shared its blossoms in the spring  
And from the summer's dreary heat  
To all had offered sweet retreat.

When Autumn brought the harvest time,  
Its branches all who wished might climb  
And take from many a tender shoot  
Its rosy-cheeked, delicious fruit,  
Good men, by careless speech or deed,  
Have caused a neighbor's heart to bleed.  
Wrong has been done by high intent,  
Hate has been born where love was meant,  
Yet apple trees of field or farm  
Have never done one mortal harm.

Then came the Germans into France  
And found this apple tree by chance.  
They shared its blossoms in the spring  
They heard the songs the thrushes sing.  
They rested in the cooling shade  
And in the fall its fruit they ate,  
And then they turned on it in hate.  
Like beasts, on blood and passion drunk,  
They heaved great gasps in its trunk.

Beneath its roots, with hell's delight,  
They placed destruction's dynamite,  
And blew it to death with impish glee  
A gentle, friendly apple tree.  
Men may rebuild their homes in time,  
Swiftly cathedral towers may climb  
And hearts forget their weight of woe  
As over them life's currents flow,  
But this their fasting shame shall visable in the best interests of all concerned.

They put to death an apple tree!  
RICHMOND TO HIS SOLDIERS.  
Then, if you fight against God's enemy,  
God will in justice ward you as his soldiers;  
If you do sweat to put a tyrant down,  
You sleep in peace, the tyrant being slain;  
If you do fight against your country's foes,  
Your country's fat shall pay your pains;  
If you do fight in safeguard of your wives,  
Your wives shall welcome home the conqueror;  
If you free your children from the sword,  
Your children's children quit it in your age.

### A BIT OF FUN

Poor Mama.  
Mrs. Stately Street—Are you able to manage your husband?  
Mrs. Doering Place—I don't have to; my mother lives with us.

Heavy.  
"My daughter is going to Professor Wombat, the eminent pianist."  
"How's his touch?"  
"Pretty strong. Four dollars a lesson."

Doctor—What you need is more exercise. What is your occupation?  
Patient—I'm a piano lifter.  
Doctor (recovering quickly)—Well—er—hereafter lift two at a time.

A Martyr Next.  
Chicago Tribune headline: "New Yorker who Wed Chicago Girl Cite as a Hero!" The chances are he will be claiming to be a martyr next.

Drastic Treatment.  
"What did you read while you were convalescing?"  
"The German invasion of Belgium."  
"Did you think that an appropriate book for a person in your condition?"  
"Sure. The madder I got the stronger I felt."

Discouragement.  
"How did your war garden turn out?"  
"Fine," answered Mr. Crossbott. "I raised enough weeds to prove that the soil would be simply wonderful for something else if I could make it grow."

Our Unguarded Moments.  
He—I've got to take you in to dinner, Miss Travers, and I'm rather afraid of you. Everyone tells me you are very clever.  
She—How absurd! I'm not a bit clever.  
He—Well, do you know, I thought you weren't!

## Little Benny's Note Book.

BY LEE PAPE.  
This afternoon I was on my way home to lunch from school and I saw a sign in a store window saying, Boy Wanted. Apply Within. Meaning inside the store, and I walked in, being a front store with a red heddled lady standing in the middle waiting for somebody to come in and buy frock, me going up to her and saying, I saw the sign in the window.  
Thank goodness, a boy at last, and the lady, you must be the only boy left, said you?  
No man, I know some more, I said, and she said, Well, that times bin there for 3 days and you're the first boy that came in, well you're as welcome as the flowers in May, how does 6 dollars a week sound to you?  
Good, I said. Well it did, and the red heddled lady said, 6 dollars a week for a meek boy, its dreadful, its too much, how would 5 strike you?  
Fine, I said. With it would, and the lady said, This nice, you're a good, intelligent little boy, I suppose you would want for 4 and a half a week, would you?  
Yes man, I would if I could, I said, and she said, Wat do you mean, if you could? You don't belong to a union at your age, I hope.  
No man, I said, I go to school and I don't believe I'd be allowed to stop going.  
Well wat on erth did you come in here for, said the red heddled lady.  
I saw the sign in the window, I said, and she said, Are you all there?  
How do you mean? I said, and she said, I mean have you got the cents you was born with?  
Yes man, I said. And I waked out agen, thinking, G. I awt to of told her I didn't remember. And I kept on wawking, and she was still standing in the door looking after me as if she didn't think I had.

### A CALL TO LIBERALS.

Hon. W. S. Fielding has written a letter, printed in the Halifax Chronicle, in which he outlines his ideas of the course political events may take in Canada in the not distant future. In 1896 Mr. Fielding stepped out of the premiership of Nova Scotia into the Ministry of Finance in the Government formed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier. In spite of some limitations, the result probably of his early training in provincial politics, he was throughout the fifteen years he held office one of the leaders in the Liberal Cabinet, influential in shaping the policy of his party, and what it meant to the country in the way of expenditure; and he accepted, if he did not aid in originating the scheme of reciprocity with the United States, which in 1911 brought about the overthrow of the Laurier Government and deprived him of a seat in Parliament which he had held since 1896. In the general election last year he was returned by acclamation by his old constituency, in the Parliamentary Companion he describes himself as a Liberal. At the session of Parliament this year he was an observer rather than an active participant in the debates. His letter probably gives currency to the thoughts running through his mind when the recent events have decided him to make known. There is not much doubt that what he says will affect the views of many old members of his party. He does not now assail the Government. He suggests that Liberals should cooperate with it in finishing the work of the war. He holds, however, that it is an observer rather than an active participant in the debates. His letter probably gives currency to the thoughts running through his mind when the recent events have decided him to make known. There is not much doubt that what he says will affect the views of many old members of his party. He does not now assail the Government. 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CANADIAN GOVERNMENT AND MUNICIPAL BONDS Bought and Sold Correspondence Invited Eastern Securities Company, Ltd. James MacMurray, Managing Director. 92 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

N. Y. QUOTATIONS. (McDougall and Cowans.) Open High Low Close. Am Car Fy 85 85 85 85. Am Loco 45 45 45 45. Am Smeat 87 88 88 87. Am Stl Fy 82 82 82 82. Am Woolen 50 50 50 50. Am Tele 105 105 105 105. Alameda 68 68 68 68. Am Can 46 46 46 46. Atchison 95 95 95 95. Bait and Ohio 58 58 58 58. Bail Loco 78 78 78 78. Beth Steel 63 63 63 63. Brook Rap Tr 41 41 41 41. Butte and Sup 27 27 27 27. Clinco 41 41 41 41. Cent Leather 61 61 61 61. Can Pac 162 162 162 162. Distillers 47 47 47 47. Erie Com 29 29 29 29. Erie Stl Com 32 32 32 32. Gr Nor Pfd 100 100 100 100. Gen Elect 153 153 153 153. Gen Nor Ore 29 29 29 29. Indus Alcohol 104 104 104 104. Gen Motors 126 126 126 126. Inspira Cop 52 52 52 52. Kans City Sou 29 29 29 29. Kennecott 28 28 28 28. Lehigh Val 62 62 62 62. Mer Mar Pfd 116 116 116 116. Mex Petrol 164 164 164 164. Midvale Steel 43 43 43 43. Miss Pac 28 28 28 28. NY NH and H 39 39 39 39. N Y Cent 80 80 80 80. Nor Pac 28 28 28 28. Penn 48 48 48 48. Reading Com 89 89 89 89. Repub Steel 77 77 77 77. St Paul 49 49 49 49. Union Pac 104 104 104 104. U S Rail 31 31 31 31. Studebaker 65 65 65 65. Union Pac 101 101 101 101. U S Stl Com 101 101 101 101. U S Rub 71 71 71 71. Utah Cop 83 83 83 83. Westinghouse 44 44 44 44. U S Steel Pfd 111 111 111 111.

MONTREAL SALES. Montreal, Tuesday, Nov. 19. Morning. Can. Loco—10 @ 66 1/2. Steamships Com—75 @ 45 1/2. Brazilian—105 @ 55 1/2, 50 @ 55 1/2. Can. Com. Pfd.—1 @ 93 1/2. Steel Can. Com.—45 @ 60, 140 @ 60 1/2. Dom. Iron Com.—250 @ 60 1/2, 50 @ 61, 100 @ 61 1/2. Shawinigan—10 @ 116 1/2. Civic Power—35 @ 82. 1931 War Loan—4,000 @ 96 1/2. 1931 War Loan—1,000 @ 95 5/8, 25,000 @ 95 1/2. Quebec Bonds—1,000 @ 60 1/2. Span. River Com.—5 @ 15 1/2, 100 @ 15. Brompton—35 @ 58. Merchants' Bank—4 @ 167. Afternoon. Cedar Bonds—2,000 @ 87 1/2. Brazilian—200 @ 55 1/2, 35 @ 55 1/2. Dom. Textile—5 @ 96 1/2, 10 @ 96 1/2. Can. Com. Pfd.—2 @ 93 1/2, 2 @ 93 1/2. Steel Can. Com.—25 @ 60. Dom. Iron Com.—25 @ 61 1/2, 90 @ 61 1/2, 100 @ 61 1/2. Shawinigan—15 @ 116 1/2, 25 @ 117. Civic Power—10 @ 82 1/2, 10 @ 82 1/2. 1931 War Loan—4,000 @ 96. 1931 War Loan—1,000 @ 95 5/8, 25,000 @ 95 1/2. Quebec Bonds—1,000 @ 60 1/2. Royal Bank—2 @ 208. (McDougall and Cowans.) Ames Holden Com 26. Ames Holden Pfd 68. Brazilian L. H. and P. 55 1/2. Canada Car 32. Canada Car Pfd 34. Canada Cement 60 1/2. Canada Cement Pfd 93. Can. Cotton 68. m. Iron Com 61 1/2. Dom. Tex. Com 96. Lauriatide Paper Co. 180. Lake of Woods 152. MacDonald Com 19. Mt. L. H. and Power 83. N. Scotia Steel and C. 66. Ogilvie 195. Penman's Limited 80 1/2. Quebec Railway 19. Shaw W. and P. Co. 117. Spanish River Com 14 1/2. Spanish River Pfd 55. Steel Co. Can. Pfd 60. Steel Co. Can. Pfd 94 1/2. Toronto Rails 60.

NOTHING DOING ON WALL STREET

Dullness During the Whole Day With the Smallest Trading for a Week—Not Much Change in Values. New York, Nov. 19.—Dullness was the outstanding feature of today's stock market, trading dwindling to the smallest total since the signing of the armistice. The tone was steady to firm during the forenoon, but practically all gains were dissipated in the general selling of the final hour. Monetary conditions which so long have militated against speculative excesses lost none of their force and resultant restraints, brokers experiencing further difficulty in securing banking accommodations for an extension of business. Quotations for call and time loans were unaltered, but the local money market has temporarily ceased to be regarded as a barometer of actual conditions with time funds almost unobtainable, except for moderate re- newals. Four stocks contributed almost one third to the day's output, United States Steel, Marine preferred, Mexican Petroleum and Southern Pacific leading more or less in the order named. Steel started off at a moderately strong pace, but replaced its extreme advance of 1 1/4 points with a net fractional loss. Marine substituted a slight advance with a subsequent set-back of 2 points, Mexican Petroleum reversed its initial advance of 1 1/2 with an extreme set-back of 9 points and Southern Pacific forfeited nearly all its gain of a point. These movements were typical of changes elsewhere in the list, other rallies, industrials and specialties falling 1 to 3 points from maximums in the broader reaction at the end. Sales amounted to 450,000 shares. Bonds made a better showing than stocks, Liberty issues holding steady, with marked strength in the international division especially French government 5 1/2's and French Municipals. Total sales, par value, aggregated \$8,450,000. Old U. S. Bonds were unchanged on call.

BOOSTING LIVESTOCK IN THE DOMINION

Ottawa, Nov. 19.—Hon. T. A. Crerar, Minister of Agriculture, is in conference today with representative packers, livestock men and officials of the Canadian Food Board with the objective of adopting the most effective measures to promote the importance of the livestock industry in the Dominion. The proceedings of the conference are being held in camera, but at the conclusion of the deliberations a statement will be given out covering the result of the deliberations.

N. Y. COTTON MARKET.

(McDougall and Cowans.) High Low Close. Jan. 27.25 26.40 26.50. Feb. 26.25 26.98 26.92. May 26.73 25.80 25.82. July 26.48 25.62 25.62. Dec. 27.36 27.96 27.10.

CHICAGO PRODUCE.

(McDougall and Cowans.) Corn. High Low Close. Jan. 134 137 138 1/2. Nov. 133 129 132 1/2. Dec. 132 126 130 1/2. Oats. Jan. 75 72 73 1/2. Nov. 76 74 76. Dec. 75 73 75. Pork. Jan. 46.30. Chicago, Nov. 19.—Corn, No. 2 yellow nominal; No. 3 yellow old, 1.45; No. 4 yellow old 1.37 to 1.41; No. 4 yellow, new 1.30; oats No. 3 white, 75 1/2 to 75 3/4; Standard, 74 to 75 1/2; Rye, No. 2, 1.68; Barley, 95 to 1.07; Timothy 7.00 to 1.25; clover nominal. Pork nominal; lard 25.00. Ribs nominal.

MONTREAL PRODUCE.

Montreal, Nov. 19.—OATS, extra No. 1 feed, 1.00. FLOUR, Man. spring wheat, new standard, 11.25 to 11.35. BRAN, 87.25. SHORTS, 42.25; Moulie, 68 to 70. HAY, No. 2, per ton, car lots, 25.00 to 26.00. POTATOES, per bag, car lots, 1.70 to 1.75. CLOSING STOCK LETTER. (McDougall and Cowans.) New York, Nov. 19.—The market eased off in the early afternoon except for a few specialties like Tobacco Products and Kelly Springfield. Southern Pacific was well taken around 104, and many persons think this stock is still to become leader of the peace boom when money and other conditions are more favorable. The Motors carry off fractionally with the rest of the market. The conference of the motor trade leaders with the war board, expected to take place today, will probably be held tomorrow or Thursday. It came out that Admiral Barle had told the House Naval Affairs Committee that contracts for navy ordnance totalling over four hundred million dollars had been cancelled since the signing of the armistice. The market did not clearly reflect this news, but it was still soft at the close. Trading was light all day. Sales 455,000 shares. E. & C. RANDOLPH. WEDDINGS. McDonald-Chisholm. A wedding of much interest took place at the Cathedral yesterday morning, when Rev. William Duke united in marriage Miss Margaret A. Chisholm and Edward J. McDonald. The newlyweds are both in the military service and were present at the ceremony. The bride is a well known social figure in the city and the groom is a well known business man. The ceremony was held at 11 o'clock and was attended by a large number of guests. The bride wore a gown of white tulle and the groom wore a tuxedo. The reception was held at the home of the bride's parents. The wedding was a most successful one and all enjoyed it very much.

SELL FINISHED PRODUCTS INSTEAD OF RAW MATERIALS

Canada Suffers Great Financial Loss When Other Nations Tap Our Natural Resources and Take Manufacturing Profits. In Great Britain manufacturers are creating a gigantic corporation which will have an annual income of \$1,000,000 for the development of export trade. It will have agents in all the great cities of the world and will extend financial facilities to members. A federation of British industries, representing over \$12,000,000 of capital, and likely to represent two or three times that amount, has been created to stimulate exports. The British Empire Producers' Organization proposes the establishment of an Imperial Bank of Industry with a capital of \$200,000,000 with the object of furthering production and industrial development throughout the British Empire. A British trade corporation has been established with a capital of \$50,000,000 to assist in development of British trade and industries. Amazing bank amalgamations have placed the United Kingdom in a remarkable financial position to meet the trade struggles which will follow the war. Home industries are being organized under the Whitley plan of industrial councils which gives employers and employees which gives promise of more efficient industrial machinery and largely increased production. In the United States a Commission of Reconstruction is now proposed with an appropriation of half a million dollars to meet initial expenses. Among the questions which the commission are to consider are: expansion of foreign trade, development of the merchant marine, readjustment of war industries to a normal production, conservation and development of national resources and supply and distribution of raw materials. A war finance corporation has been established by Congress with a capital of \$200,000,000, with power to issue bonds up to six times that amount. It is to provide credit for industrial enterprises necessary or contributory to the prosecution of the war. At the same time the American Bankers' Association decided to support by every means in their power the development of export trade, to encourage manufacturing and to provide as rapidly as possible adequate facilities for financing export operations that the nation's merchant marine and manufacturing industries should be developed after the war. In the great steel industries, the Standard Oil plants in New Jersey and in the packing industries there are significant indications of a program change in the relations between employers and workers. Marketing Raw Materials. There are vital lessons in all this for Canada. It is essential that there should be organization and co-operation between financial industries and business interests in the Dominion if we are to secure a fair measure of the world's trade, but the main problem of the reconstruction period is here is danger that might be lost of the necessity for wise and adequate expansion and development of our own raw materials. First steps in reconstruction should be carried to final production in the Dominion. It has been said that: "An average dollar's worth of Canadian produce sold abroad there was, before the munition trade sprang up, probably 80 cents worth of raw material and 20 cents worth of labor, skill and art. In a dollar's worth of American produce there is probably 10 cents worth of raw material and 90 cents worth of the others. Canada sells rough stone for grindstones at \$5 a ton and buys back foreign-made grindstones at \$10 a ton, sells wheat at 1.8 cents a pound when she could get 2.5 cents a pound for it as wheat flour, sells a cartload of pulpwood for a six gross carton of American tooth paste, sells a trainload of nickel matte from Sudbury for two cars of medium priced automobiles." Ships the Finished Goods. Surely our raw materials can be turned into finished products on a much greater scale than at present, thus giving employment to thousands of workers and materially strengthening our industrial position! Great Britain is making a remarkable effort to establish and maintain the fullest possible utilization of raw material to the fullest possible extent. We have pulp areas which give us a powerful position in the manufacture of paper. We have extensive but not inexhaustible timber resources. The British Reconstruction Committee advises an expenditure of \$75,000,000 over 40 years to improve forests and plant new ones. It is essential to our pulp industry, lumbering and associated industries that there should be a comprehensive and adequate reforestation policy for the Dominion. What

HOLD CONFERENCES ON UNEMPLOYMENT

Ottawa, Nov. 19.—The first of a number of conferences on unemployment which will be held throughout the week, was opened this morning at the labor department. It is attended by officers of the various employment exchanges in each province, and by officers of the two federal employment exchanges now being formed. It is understood that the efforts of the delegates gathered here will be devoted to arriving at some scheme for systematizing employment throughout the Dominion.

BURGOMASTER OF BRUSSELS RETURNS FROM CAPTIVITY

Brussels, Nov. 19.—Adolphe Max, the burgomaster of Brussels, returned from captivity today, and was given an enthusiastic ovation by the population. Burgomaster Max was arrested while performing his duties in Brussels in the month of July, 1917, after disquisitions with the German Government or General von der Goltz. He was taken to Germany and refused offers of the German government to be returned to Belgium if he would change his attitude towards the Germans.

U. S. TROOPS RETURNING.

London, Nov. 18.—The first American troops to depart home ward as a result of the signing of the armistice will be 18,000 men stationed in England. The American army expects to start the first shipment of these soldiers home ward within a week and to have all the men on their way back to the United States ten days later.

BANK OF MONTREAL

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND OF TWO AND ONE HALF PER CENT, upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution, has been declared for the current quarter, also a BONUS OF ONE PER CENT, both payable on and after Monday, the SECOND DAY OF DECEMBER next, to the holders of record of 31st October, 1918. The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House of the Institution on Monday, the Second day of December next. The Chair to be taken at Noon. By order of the Board. FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR, General Manager. Montreal, 22nd October, 1918.

TRAVELLING?

Passage Tickets By All Ocean Steamship Lines. W.M. THOMSON & CO. LIMITED. Royal Bank Bldg., St. John.

PRINTING

We have facilities equal to any printing office in Eastern Canada for the production of high-grade work. Job Printing of all kinds promptly attended to. Phone Today Main 1910. STANDARD JOB PRINTING CO., ST. JOHN, N. B.

VICTORY LOAN GREATEST EVER

A Comparison of All Previous Issues — Canadians Have Subscribed in All \$700,000,000. Ottawa, Nov. 19.—The success which has attended Canada's final Victory Loan is received here with the greatest satisfaction. Although no definite action in this regard has yet been taken, it is not unlikely that a further domestic loan for reconstruction work will be floated eventually. Without counting the present loan, \$746,000,000 has been raised in domestic war issues since December 1st, 1915. Of this amount \$700,000,000 was subscribed by Canadians. Following are full particulars of all Canadian war loans: Total amount subscribed (including conversions) Amount allotted Number of subscribers. First \$50,000,000 \$100,000,000 24,362. Second \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 34,536. Third \$150,000,000 \$150,000,000 47,800. Fourth \$150,000,000 \$400,000,000 820,255. Fifth \$300,000,000 \$676,000,000 Unknown yet. Note.—Fourth and fifth are Victory Loans.

SUPREME COURT.

Ottawa, Nov. 18.—The supreme court today gave judgment in the following cases: Maritime appeals: C. P. Railway Company vs. Cheesman. Appeal allowed. Judgment reduced to \$2,000 under Workmen's Compensation Act with costs in this court and in the appeal division to the appellant defendants. Costs down to judgment of the trial court to the plaintiff. Irvington and Broder, J.J. dissenting. Davie vs. N. S. Tramways Company. Appeal dismissed with costs. Anglin J. dissenting. McKay vs. Douglas. Appeal allowed with costs in this court, and in the courts below and action dismissed. Judge vs. Liverpool. Appeal dismissed with costs. Irvington, J. dissenting.

CANADA PERMANENT MORTGAGE CORPORATION.

Prudent Investors look first to SECURITY. We combine a security that is ABSOLUTE with a 4 p.c. rate, compounded half-yearly, to our depositors. \$31,557,661.82—Carefully Invested Assets. 6,000,000.00—Paid-up Capital. 5,250,000.00—Reserve Fund. Trustees are empowered by Order-in-Council to invest in the Departments of this Corporation. Maritime Provinces Branch, Corner Prince William Street and Market Square, St. John, N. B. H. N. M. STANBURY, Manager.

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Member, Montreal Stock Exchange. 58 Prince William Street, - St. John, N. B. OFFICES: Quebec, Ottawa, Montreal, Winnipeg, Halifax. Connected by Private Wire. INSURE WITH THE Guardian Accident and Guarantee Company. Accident, Sickness, Employers' Liability, Guarantee Bonds, Burglary and Plate Glass Insurance. KNOWLTON & GILCHRIST, General Agents, St. John, N. B.

GRAVEL ROOFING

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF SHEET METAL WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. COPPER AND GALVANIZED IRON WORK FOR BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY. J. E. WILSON, LTD., 17-19 Sydney St. 'Phone M. 356.

The Union Foundry and Machine Works, Ltd.

Engineers and Machinists IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS West St. John. 'Phone West 15. G. H. WARING, Manager. NEW ENGLISH CLOTHS Just Received Direct. For Fall and Winter Overcoats and Suits EDGECOMBE & CHAISSON. Electric Grills for Light Housekeeping. Come in and Let Us Show You. HIRAM WEBB & SON, Electrical Contractors 91 Germain Street, St. John, N. B. 'Phones M. 1695-11 M. 2570-11.

GRIP NECESSITIES—Hot Water Bottles

Fountain Syringes Nasal Syringes At The Royal Pharmacy, 47 King Street. ESTABLISHED 1870. GILBERT G. MURDOCH. Civil Engineer and Crown Land Surveyor. Surveys, Plans, Estimates, Superintendence, Blue Prints, Black Line Prints, Maps of St. John and Surroundings, 74 Carmarthen St., St. John.

COAL

BEST QUALITY REASONABLE PRICE Wholesale and Retail. R. P. & W. F. STARR, LTD., 49 Smythe Street - 108 Union Street. LANDING SYDNEY SOFT COAL. JAMES S. MCGIVERN. TEL. 42. 4 MILL STREET.

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Between Canada and the WEST INDIES. The Most Attractive Tourist Route Available to Canadian Travellers Today. Fare Sent on Request. THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO., Halifax, N. S.

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PASSENGER AND Cargo Services MONTREAL, HALIFAX, NEW YORK, BOSTON via LONDON LIVERPOOL BRISTOL. Money sent by MAIL or CABLE to Great Britain, Ireland, Scandinavia, Italy, France, Portugal, Spain, Switzerland. For further information apply to Local Agents or THE ROBERT REPOFF CO., Limited, (General Agents, Canadian Service.) 182 Prince William St., St. John, N. B.

STEAM BOILERS

We offer "Matheson" steam boilers for immediate shipment from stock as follows: NEW One—Vertical 60 H.P. 54" dia. 19'0" high. Two—Vertical 35 H.P. 48" dia. 9'0" high, 125 pounds working pressure. USED One—Horizontal Return Tubular, 60 H.P. 54" dia. 14'0" long. Complete with all fittings. 100 lbs. working pressure. One—Vertical 12" H.P. 34" dia. 6'8" high, 125 lbs. working pressure. One Loco. Type 40 H.P. on wheels. I. MATHESON & CO., LTD. Boilermakers, NEW GLASGOW, NOVA SCOTIA.

The Maritime Steamship Co. Limited. TIME TABLE

On and after Nov. 19, 1918, a steamer of this company leaves St. John every Saturday, 7.30 a.m., for Digby Harbor, calling at Dipper Harbor and Beaver Harbor. Leaves Digby Harbor Monday, two hours of high water, for St. Andrews, calling at Lord's Cove, Ricardson, L'Etete or Back Bay. Leaves St. Andrews Monday evening or Tuesday morning, according to tide, for St. George, Back Bay and Black Harbor. Leaves Black Harbor Wednesday on the tide for Dipper Harbor, calling at Beaver Harbor, Eastport. Leaves Dipper Harbor for St. John 8 a.m. Thursday. Agent—Thorne Wharf and Warehousing Co., Ltd., "Phone 2001. Manager Lewis Connors. This company will not be responsible for any debts contracted after this date without a written order from the company or captain of the steamer.

GRAND MANAN S.S. CO.

CHANGE OF TIME. Commencing October 1st and until further notice, steamer will sail as follows: Leave Grand Manan Mondays, 7.30 a.m. for St. John via Eastport, Campbellville and Wilson's Beach. Returning, leave Turnbull's Wharf, St. John, Wednesday, 7.30 a.m., for Grand Manan via Wilson's Beach, Campbellville and Eastport. Leave Grand Manan Thursdays at 7.30 a.m. for St. Stephen, via Campbellville, Eastport, Cumming's Cove and St. Andrews. Returning leave St. Stephen Fridays at 7.00 a.m. (tide and ice permitting), for Grand Manan, via St. Andrews, Cumming's Cove, Eastport and Campbellville. Leave Grand Manan Saturdays at 7.30 a.m. for St. Andrews, via Campbellville, Eastport and Cumming's Cove, returning same day at 1.00 p.m. for Grand Manan via same ports. SCOTT D. GUPTELL, Manager.

EXTORTING MONEY FROM THE

Germans Still up Old Game as War Before the Was Signed. Brussels, Nov. 18.—The acting Burgomaster of Brussels has written the Belgian government giving twelve instances where officers extorted sums of money from the inhabitants of Brussels on November 11th (the day of the armistice). The sums taken varied from 10 to 100,000 marks. The pretense was made that they were acting for the authorities; in others they were fired from houses. These calumnious acts which preceded the signing of the armistice.

SLOWER PRODUCTION OF AN

Philadelph., Pa., Nov. 19.—The shipping in October 6,286,368 tons, indicating figures issued today by Bureau of Information, 824,584 tons, compared with 1,000,000 tons for the same time last year. The shrinkage was due to the influenza epidemic, which was especially severe in the West. Shipments since the beginning of the year, which is in April, 4,907,787 tons, against 5,000,000 tons for the same time last year. The figures are not final.

GERMAN S... QU... Tell Their Former Friends, Not... ary and Polit...

Money sent by MAIL or CABLE to Great Britain, Ireland, Scandinavia, Italy, France, Portugal, Spain, Switzerland. For further information apply to Local Agents or THE ROBERT REPOFF CO., Limited, (General Agents, Canadian Service.) 182 Prince William St., St. John, N. B.

IRON CROSSES A Paris, Nov. 19.—The which the former German lavishly bestowed during the war, are now being sold in Germany at a price of about 100 francs, or about 20 cents, a telegram from Berlin says.



### GERMAN SOLDIERS IN BELGIUM QUICK TO HOIST RED FLAG

Tell Their Former Enemies They Desire to be Regarded as Friends, Not Oppressors—Jails Were Opened and Military and Political Prisoners Freed.

BY H. W. SMITH. (Special Cable from The Tribune Bureau) Amsterdam, Nov. 16.—(Delayed)—Sweeping through the German army in Belgium the revolution has been proceeding since Monday for its character, as, for instance, the spectacle of a few German soldiers left in Brussels dancing with the first of the Belgian troops to arrive with the red flag, now flying both over Brussels and Antwerp.

The news of the Kaiser's abdication was known on Saturday. The following days the soldiers and workmen's council was formed and a great meeting was held that afternoon in the square before the station and was attended by sailors, soldiers and Belgian burghers. Speakers in behalf of the soldiers declared that the latter desired to be regarded no longer as oppressors, but as brothers, and that they wished to put everything in order so their departure might be regarded as the departure of friends. At the close of the meeting a procession of soldiers and citizens marched through the town. Most of the German officers at their club or the Hotel Weber surrendered their arms to the military governor and placed themselves at the disposal of the council.

The red flag was flown with the German colors on one side of it, and the Belgian on the other. The soldiers wore red armlets and carried flowers in their rifle barrels. After a slight resistance by the guards the prison was opened and military and political prisoners were liberated. Among them was a British soldier and the Germans hoisted him on their shoulders and carried him out in triumph to Brussels.

Nothing seems to have happened until Sunday afternoon, when a great crowd of German troops gathered before Gare D'Anvers. Forming a procession and without arms, ten abreast,

they began to march through the city with red flags flying. Here and there even the French tricolor suddenly appeared from the ranks. After a period of bewilderment it was realized that this meant, and the Belgian civilians along the pavements began to cheer and there were cries of "Long Live Belgium, Long Live France."

From the balconies and windows handkerchiefs waved and a tremendous outburst of joy and pent up feelings found expression. The procession, consisting of some 5,000 soldiers, marched to the Bourse square, which were black with people cheering and waving the Belgian flag. At this place Deleart, a German soldier, made a speech from a motorcar. "Comrades," he cried, "a republic has been proclaimed. Let us fight no more, let there be no more shooting. His words were greeted with waving of flags. A great roar of cheering and a colossal 'hoor' from the men at the Memmandantur Building announced that the Governor General had been placed under guard.

The Belgian population made the first trial of the new liberty before the royal palace, where they assembled and cheered for the king and queen. At the theatre and matinees the "Marseillaise" and "God Save the King" were sung amid great emotion. Meantime revolutionary troops occupied the important points as well as the post and telegraph offices. At one of the squares was a gun carriage decorated with Belgian flags and around this the people danced in enthusiasm. An air fight over the city about 5 p.m. attracted only the smallest notice. Everything passed without the least disorder before the eyes of the astonished but rejoicing people.

In the evening there was a little more excitement in the streets. Some sheds on the Place de la Monnaie were set on fire, but apart from this there was nothing in the way of disorder.

### PERFECT PEACE NOW REIGNS IN BERLIN

Masses of Machine Guns and Tanks Were Ready to Check Any Violence Arising from Revolution, but Were Not Needed.

BY H. W. SMITH. (Special Cable to the N.Y. Tribune and the St. John Standard.) London, Nov. 15.—(Delayed)—Berlin correspondent of the "Nieuwe Rotterdamse Courant" remarks that it is wonderful to see how well the new regulations are working in the capital, and with what quiet politeness the thousands of soldiers continue to do their duty as before.

They give, he says, the idea of good organization and discipline. A noticeable feature of the happenings of the last few days has been the disappearance of Prussian stiffness, but the correspondent admits that it took him a back to see a sentry wearing a French helmet. As showing the precautions which were taken with a view to overcoming any resistance to the revolution, the correspondent states that while machine guns were mainly depended upon, guns and even tanks stood ready.

### EXTORTING MONEY FROM THE BELGIANS

Germans Still up to the Same Old Game as Was so Popular Before the Armistice Was Signed.

Brussels, Nov. 18.—M. Lemoenier, the acting Burgomaster of Brussels, has written the delegates of the German government giving details of twelve instances where German soldiers extorted sums of money from the inhabitants of Brussels on November 12 and 13. (The armistice signed on November 11 expressly prohibited such action.) The sums taken varied from 500 francs to 110,000 marks which were taken from a bank. In some cases the pretense was made that the soldiers were acting for the German authorities; in others that shots had been fired from houses by civilians. "These calumnious imputations," adds the letter, "recall the pretenses which preceded the destruction of Louvain."

### SLOWER PRODUCTION OF ANTHRACITE

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 19.—Anthracite shipments in October totaled 6,288,366 tons, indicating, according to figures issued today by the Anthracite Bureau of information, a decrease of 824,584 tons, compared with the same month last year. The shrinkage was directly traceable to the influenza epidemic, which was especially severe in the hard coal region. Shipments since the coal year set in which is in April, have reached 46,909,757 tons, against 46,780,815 tons for the same time last year. This month's figures are not included.

IRON CROSSES A CENT EACH. Paris, Nov. 19.—The iron crosses which the former German emperor so lavishly bestowed during the war are now being sold in Germany for five pennings, or about one American cent apiece, a telegram from Amsterdam says.

### BOMB THROWN AT CROWN PRINCE

Aeroplane Flew Over the Castle Where He Was Staying and Gave Him a Scare, but Caused no Damage.

BY H. W. SMITH. (Special cable to the N. Y. Tribune and The St. John Standard.) (Copyright, 1918, N. Y. Tribune, Inc.) Amsterdam, Nov. 18.—According to a rumor said to be current in Holland an attempt has been made to assassinate the German Crown Prince. An airplane of unidentified nationality, presumably German, flew over the castle where the Crown Prince is staying and dropped a bomb, which, however, caused no casualties or damage.

No confirmation of the rumor is obtainable here where it is thought the report, if untrue, originated from the fact that a number of German airplanes, according to credible information, have been landing in Holland in the last few days.

### HINDENBURG IS UNDER PROTECTION

London Says Soldiers' and Sailors' Council at Cassel is Looking After Him.

London, Nov. 19.—The principalities of Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt and Schaumburg-Lippe have been declared republics, according to a German wireless message. The Diet of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha advocates the joining of the Duchy to Bavaria. The soldiers' and workmen's council at Cassel, to where German main headquarters has been transferred, says that Field Marshal von Hindenburg is under the protection of the council. Confidence is expressed that he will be secure from molestation, but it is added that he and others at headquarters carry arms.

### HOLLAND SEEMS TO HOLD KAISER IS ENTITLED TO REFUGE

Lord Robert Cecil Says Dutch Position Seems to be That He is Unarmed German Subject—Enemy Territory May be Held as Security for Indemnity.

By Arthur S. Draper. (Special Cable, Copyright, 1918, New York Tribune Inc.)

London, Nov. 18.—In conversation with the Tribune correspondent Lord Robert Cecil said:

"The Dutch position towards the Kaiser appears to be that he is an unarmed German subject, who came into Holland and is entitled to remain there. "The form of the abdication of the Kaiser and the other rulers seems to me not to matter much, for history has shown that monarchs, despite their abdication, never hesitate to return if they get the chance. "The curious thing about the situation in Germany is that although the revolution was supposedly accompanied by the pressure of extremists there are no extremists in the government. "It is difficult to tell what is real in Germany and what is not. Possibly the present government has been instituted because it was thought that it was the best way to get peace. Even Hindenburg recognizes the government while still considering himself in command of the army. "The Bavarian government is quite orderly and moderate. Berlin is moderate, too, but whether the government can impose its authority on the whole country is still doubtful. "The German Spartacus group is substantially Bolshevik and undoubtedly a strong revolutionary movement exists. There are disorders in the German army and the situation in Belgium is said to be very bad. According to reports the German troops in Brussels are fighting among themselves. "Discussing Bolshevism, Lord Robert

said he believed the movement was world wide. He continued: "The greatest political issue of the day is whether the country is to remain united or separate into warring classes. The only remedy for Bolshevism is to find some means of uniting the community. All solutions, such as higher wages and better conditions, fail to touch the root of the matter. The only cure seems to me to be a co-partnership. The workers will not be content to receive a share in the profits, they must be given a share in the management and a share of the capital as well. "The Bolsheviks want everything to go to the laborer, but I think management and capital should also have a fair share. If co-partnership does not lead to a solution I fail to see what is to be done. "Lord Robert said he was not a financial expert, but it seemed to him that there was no reason to fear that the transfer of valuables and securities from Germany to neutrals will hurt the Allies for in any case the Allies would not seize private property. Any demands made upon Germany would be made upon the government whose business it will be to find the money to pay. The usual method, he concluded, has been to occupy territory until the sums demanded are found. "Have you read Hunt's Sale News on page 3? "ON THEIR WAY. "London, Nov. 19.—German submarines to be handed over to the Allies have passed through the Kaiser Wilhelm Canal on their way to England, according to advices received in Copenhagen from Kiel, and transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph Company.

### Rescued from Huns to Die of Starvation!

Hideous Plight of Belgians Demands Immediate Help. Peace does not mean Plenty in Stricken Belgium! Germany's bellicious policy has been too thoroughly administered for Belgium to be able to feed and clothe herself again—at least, until the Government has been thoroughly organized on a permanent basis. Little children, thousands of them, are hungry for a slice of bread, shivering in their worn-out rags. YOU can help to feed and clothe them. They haven't a cent to buy even what supplies are available. The destitute Belgians need your help about as badly as a human creature could need it.

HOW TO HELP! All the machinery of the Belgian Relief Fund is at your service to convert your contribution in money HERE into food and clothing THERE. A dollar here and now means LIFE to one of the starving subjects of King Albert, but look here . . . . NO ONE will come to you and ASK you for your contribution. If you do not voluntarily send it to the Belgian Relief Fund, Local Committee, or Headquarters, the opportunity is gone, and the Belgian you MIGHT have saved, dies of starvation or perishes for lack of clothing or proper protection. Make cheques payable and send contributions to

### Belgian Relief Fund

(Registered under the War Charities Act) to your Local Committee, or to Headquarters: 59 St. Peter St., Montreal. 125

### Carter's Little Liver Pills

You Cannot be Constipated and Happy. A Remedy That Makes Life Worth Living. Genuine bears signature. *Dr. J. C. Carter*

### SMOKE Master Mason

ITS GOOD TOBACCO. Take a plug of fragrant Master Mason, cut a pipe-load of it, fill your pipe and light it and enjoy the best, coolest, sweetest smoke of your life. 20 CTS

### MARITIME DENTAL PARLORS

Enjoy life while it lasts. If you must wear a plate, do not be content with one that is a continual source of annoyance to you, but come to us and your mouth will experience all the comforts of childhood and your face will have the charm of youth. PEERLESS VULCO DENTURE. FULL SET \$8.00. PAINLESS EXTRACTION ONLY 25 CENTS. Guaranteed Crown and Bridge Work \$4.00 and \$5.00. BROKEN PLATES REPAIRED IN 3 HOURS. Fillings of all kinds. Free consultation. Trained Nurse in attendance. DR. A. J. MCKNIGHT, Proprietor, 278-21, 28 Charlotte Street, ST. JOHN, N. B. Home 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

### Maple Leaf TIRES

MADE IN CANADA. WORTHY OF THE NAME. TEST a Maple Leaf Non-Skid on your rear wheel, right hand side? That is about the hardest test you can make, and when you find out how this thoroughly dependable tire stands up under severe strain you will be even more surprised that Maple Leaf Non-Skids cost no more than Plain Treads! Ask your Dealer for Maple Leaf Tires. DEALERS: Get particulars from leading jobbers. JOBBERS: Write to us for prices and terms. THE MAPLE LEAF RUBBER CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL.

### ROYAL MAIL AM PACKET CO.

Halifax, N. S.

### JEANARD ANCHOR

FOR-DONALDSON

### TEAM BOILERS

Matheson & Co., Ltd. Boilermakers, Glasgow, Nova Scotia.

### Maritime Steamship Co. Limited.

TIME TABLE

### AND MANAN S.S. CO.

CHANGE OF TIME

### DOMINION COAL COMPANY

### COAL

ST QUALITY REASONABLE PRICE Wholesale and Retail. W. F. STARR, LTD. 100 Union Street. LANDING DNEY SOFT COAL. JAMES S. MCGIVERN 4 MILL STREET



# NEWS OF SPECIAL INTEREST

## W. C. T. U. TAKES UP WINTER WORK

Meeting Held Yesterday Afternoon in Orange Hall.

The first meeting of the W. C. T. U. since the ban on public gatherings was held yesterday afternoon in Orange Hall. Mrs. David Hipwell, the president, who was able to be present after her recent illness, was in the chair.

The prayer service, which consisted of thanksgivings for victory and peace, was led by Mrs. Humphrey. A letter of appreciation from Miss Kathleen Sturdee, secretary of the W. C. T. U., was read, thanking the W. C. T. U. for \$2 donated towards the work of the Diet Kitchen. Some years ago a ship's captain died at this port, and the Women's Christian Temperance Union sent flowers and wrote a letter of sympathy to the wife in far-off New Zealand. Ever since that time the wife in gratitude for this thoughtfulness sends a donation to the flower fund of the Union. A letter to Mrs. Morton Smith, accompanying the donation, was read at yesterday's meeting. Mrs. Smith, who has not been able to be at the meetings for some time, sent greetings to all.

## THE STONE CHURCH RED CROSS SOCIETY

The Stone Church Red Cross Society held its first regular meeting since the ban yesterday afternoon in the School Room of Stone Church. There was a good attendance at the meeting considering the rainy day, and work was taken up with renewed vigor. Mrs. G. Fred Fisher presided.

## SPEAKERS FOR CANADIAN CLUB

Among the speakers which the Women's Canadian Club hope to have during the coming season are Ambassador Gerard, author of "My Four Years in Germany," who has written Mrs. Kubring that he hopes to be able to come to St. John after the New Year; Harry Lauter, Capt. F. A. Mackenzie, Canadian author of several books on the war, and newspaper correspondent, and A. G. Racey, the cartoonist of the Montreal Star.

## DELEGATES TELL OF W. A. TRIENNIAL

Board Meeting of Woman's Auxiliary Held Yesterday Afternoon—Address by Canon Armstrong.

A feature of the Diocesan Board meeting of the Women's Auxiliary which was held yesterday afternoon at Trinity Church, was the reports given by Mrs. Alfred Morrissey and Mrs. Heber Vroom of the Triennial at Winnipeg. Mrs. Vroom's report treated of the wonders of the journey out West and the proceedings of the first three days of the ten-day conference. The subjects discussed at the sessions were of vital interest to the members of the Auxiliary. Mrs. Vroom spoke of a point made by Canon Gould in a missionary address, when he said that the work of all missionaries would be made easier in the future on account of the honorable courtesy and kindness of the common British Tommy towards all women and children. Mrs. Morrissey gave a summary of the rest of the conference, speaking particularly of the Sanctuary of Missions a service held for the consecutive days at the end of the other meetings. At these services three countries were chosen and a missionary described in graphic language the customs and conditions of these foreign lands. The three places thus told of were Kanra, Honan and Japan. Every missionary at work in these lands was spoken of by name and prayers offered up for their missionary efforts.

An interesting member of the conference, Mrs. Morrissey said, was a native Japanese girl, who is a missionary among the women and children of Vancouver and Victoria. One of the most important measures adopted at this conference was the resolution passed by the W. A., by which they pledged themselves to raise \$25,000 towards the \$250,000 to be raised by the Canadian church. This is to make up for the loss of the English grants which will be withdrawn from the Canadian churches in 1920. Mrs. Thos. Walker presided at yesterday's meeting. An excellent report of the financial state of the W. A. was given by the secretary, Mrs. Cortlandt Robinson. Canon Armstrong, Rector of Trinity, delivered an address at the opening of the meeting. His subject was "Thankfulness," and he said that thankfulness should be manifested at the present time for victory, for the plentiful harvest and for deliverance from pestilence.

## Y. W. C. A. HUTS FOR SOLDIERS' WIVES

War Work Secretary Arrived Today to Arrange for Shelters for Soldiers' Wives Coming to Canada.

Miss Lean, of Toronto, is expected to arrive today from Quebec and will be the guest while in St. John of Mrs. John A. McAvity. Miss Lean is the War Work Secretary of the Y. W. C. A., and while in the city will arrange for the establishment of Y. W. C. A. huts for soldiers' wives arriving at this port. The wives of soldiers may be allowed to come on the same ship with their husbands, or they may come in separate transports. In any case they will be looked after by the National Service branch of Y. W. C. A. work. Many of these women are from the British Isles or from France and Belgium.

## Had Hacking Cough Couldn't Sleep Nights.

Hacking coughs are very wearing on the system. The constant coughing disturbs the rest, and keeps the lungs and bronchial tubes in an irritated and inflamed condition.

Don't neglect the hacking cough. You can get rid of it with a few doses of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; the most prompt, pleasant and perfect cough remedy known. Miss Catherine M. McLean, Craik, Sask., writes: "Last winter I caught a heavy cold and was laid up for some time. I had such a hacking cough I couldn't sleep at night. I didn't think I would get over it. One day a friend dropped in to see me and was surprised to see how bad my cough was. She advised me to try Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. The next day I sent for a bottle, and I soon got relief, and by the time I had taken two bottles, my cough was all gone, and now I am able to do my work again. I don't think there is anything to equal it. There are plenty of 'pine' preparations on the market trying to live on the reputation of 'Dr. Wood's.' The genuine pine trees the trade mark, price 25c. and 50c. a bottle. Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## Have you read Hunt's Sale News on page 3?

Greater Importance of the "Odd Cent"

Emphasizing the growing importance of the "odd cent" W. S. Devanport in an article in the Annalist points out that under our present system it is too easy to pay 5 cents and not easy enough to pay 4 or 6 cents. In fact he says that if we are to have one, two and three cent coins and eliminate the "nickel" altogether. The coinage of all countries, except England is based on the decimal system. The Continental European nations also have their weights and measures based on this system. In America our weights and measures, like the English, are divisible by the more natural factors of 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8, but our small coins are not divisible by 2 only. This result in both friction and waste. A price of 25 cents for a pound, quart, or a dozen of anything makes it impossible to buy a half, third, or a quarter at the same rates. We need, for a thorough reform, to add two more cents to the present ten, so that moving a digit up one place to the left would multiply both weights and coins divisible by 5 and to learn to think in fifths instead of fourths.

In America we have a second serious friction in our custom of leaping from 5 cents to 10 and 15. This jump of 5 cents is twenty times the German pfenning and five times the French sou and equals in value the 5-cent difference. The contempt for the odd cent insecurity which makes us fear the scorn of shopkeepers and restaurant waiters. The leap of 5 cents falls especially hard on the family with a small income, because a larger part goes for small outlays. If, for instance the dishcloth the housewife has been buying for 5 cents goes up 20 per cent, or 40 per cent, the 5-cent stores do not charge 6 or 7 cents, but 10 cents each, two for 15 cents, an increase of 100 per cent and 200 per cent in cash outlay. Our small coins make it too easy to pay 5 cents and too hard to pay

## NEXT WEEK BEFORE WIRE SERVICE READY

C. P. R. and Western Union Lines Still Out of Order, Caused by Storms—Small Army of Linemen Working.

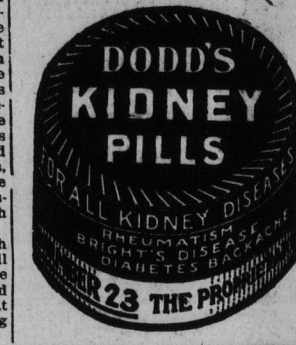
From reports obtainable last night from the C. P. R. and Western Union telegraph-companies it will likely be next week before the wire service between St. John, Halifax and Sydney will be restored to normal. Each company has succeeded in setting out through wire to Halifax and the Western Union has four to Sydney. A small army of men are working in the district between Moncton and Amherst. The Western Union have brought in a lot of men from Bangor and Boston and are working night and main to restore the damage done by the storm. The C. P. R. also have a large crew of men out in the same section. The Western Union hope to set one line through to P. Inc. Edward Island some time today.

## THE WINTER PORT WILL OPEN TODAY

Three Steamers Now Due in St. John—First Mail Boat Comes Friday—Will be the Tunisian.

It is expected the winter port trade for the season of 1918-19 will open today as three C. P. R. steamers are due this morning. The first mail steamer is due on Friday. The steamers due today are the Montcalm, the Holbrook and the Dunbridge. The two latter are now steamers making their maiden trips and will be warmly welcomed to St. John. The first mail steamer this year will be the Tunisian and she should dock Friday morning. From present indications the port will be taxed to the utmost to care for the business coming this way. The C. P. R. staff are expected in the city now any day from Montreal and in a few days things will be going full blast on the West Side.

3, 4 and 6 cents. We need a change of coins to make it convenient to pay all sums from 1 to 3 cents. The 1-cent coin should be dropped and 1, 2, and 3 cent coins be issued, possibly also a 6-cent piece. The three coins would take a total of 18 against 25 at present to make all sums from 1 to 3, and 4, 5, and 6 cents would be equally easy to pay with two coins there would be grumbling at first because prices would continue to be fixed at 5 cents, but gradually this habit would be dropped and 5 would take its proper place among numbers, instead of being elevated above the others through the mathematical misfortune of having five fingers with which to count. The respect the odd cent which must come because of war taxes will be especially useful in reducing the quantity of perishable goods offered by grocers, in saving money at the 5-cent stores, and in introducing a zone tariff on train cars.



# Only \$8,000 More!

REQUIRED BY THE YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION

To Make the Sears Building, King Street, Cozy and Homelike for the Unhomed Girls of St. John—Industrious Business Girls.

ST. JOHN IS THE ONLY CITY of importance in Canada that cannot boast a commodious Boarding Home for its working women, the girls and older ones who come from outside places to earn an honest livelihood in our midst. The present quarters have long since been outgrown and now that the Sears Building, 23 King Street, has been leased, a new era dawns for the Y. W. C. A. and the worthy objects of its ministrations. To make this building a home in every sense of the word—well furnished, attractive, inviting and never dull and uninteresting—will take some money. Not much money, if not a little more. So within the next few days ladies whose hearts are in this grand work will call upon some whom they think will be glad to help along the project. Already the handsome donations of \$2,000 come from:

- JAMES F. ROBERTSON..... \$1,000
- GEORGE McAVITY..... 1,000

There will doubtless be a few more such splendid contributions but the majority will of course be in keeping with their smaller means although their hearts would make it a million. The canvass is on, with a consciousness that every dollar spent in this direction is a wise investment for the good of this progressive city.

A QUIET HEART-TO-HEART CAMPAIGN TO RAISE \$10,000 to put the recently acquired Sears Building at 23 King Street in comfortable shape, with Gymnasium and Cafeteria, so that the urgencies of Y. W. C. A. work will be met this winter with characteristic St. John efficiency and hospitality.

Let It Be Our Y. W. C. A. Slogan in This Little Drive

"OVER THE TOP" IS OUR WAR SLOGAN AND OUR BOND SLOGAN

Sherwood-Hassan. The wedding took place last evening at the residence of Rev. J. A. MacKellan, Linnister street, of Miss Enlish Pearl Hassan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Hassan of Chipman, N. B., to Fred Clyde Sherwood of the 56th Battalion, afterwards of the 18th, now of the C. G. R. service, in Moncton. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. A. MacKellan. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Viola Hassan of Chipman, while J. M. Thom, N. B., to Fred Clyde Sherwood of the son of Moncton supported the groom.

# IMPERIA

STATUESQUE AND TEMPERAMENTAL

## PRISCILLA DEAN

In the Great First Prize Dramatic Triumph

### "THE TWO-SOUL WOMAN"

THE MOST SENSATIONAL SURPRISE OF THE EARLY WINTER SEASON.

A FEMALE VERSION OF "DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE" with handsome leading man, a strange love affair and a termination that sets every watcher a-tingle.

British Official Cinematograph Weekly—re our final victories Plenty of Sprightly Comedy.

FRI.—Vivian Martin in "Viviette"

# OPERA HOUSE VAUDEVILLE

ALMA AND REGGIE In Character Songs.	MAURICE PRINCE The Talkative Juggler.
JEROME AND AL BRIGHT Vocal and Instrumental Novelty.	ALLMAN AND NEVINS Comedy Musical Skit.
HILL AND BERTINA Acrobatic Novelty.	Final Chapter "THE LION'S CLAWS" Serial Drama.

## CORNET BAND FAIR

EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK ST. ANDREW'S RINK  
A HOST OF ATTRACTIONS Ten Cents Admission

Hear the Junior Band in rich vocal programmes on the ship Victory.

Patronize the Booths. Your money's worth and more.

Help the Band Fund along and also the Navy League.

### SPEND A DOLLAR and GET FIVE HUNDRED

There are 188 prizes from \$1 to \$500 in the Round-the-World drawing. Who knows? The ticket you buy tonight may win capital prize. You can get full ticket, half or quarter.

<h3>LYRIC</h3> <p>MON.—TUES.—WED. Matinee at 3; Evening 7.30 and 9</p> <h4>THE JEW DETECTIVE</h4> <p>Going Over with a BANG!</p> <p>A Musical Comedy Farce Laughs! Specialties! Songs! Girls!</p>	<h3>UNIQUE</h3> <p>MON.—TUES.—WED. Mat. 2 and 3.30; Evg. 7 and 8.30</p> <h4>"ONE DOLLAR BID"</h4> <p>A White Man sold to the highest bidder for \$1.00.</p> <p>Featuring the Late J. Warren Kerrigan A typical Kerrigan story with romantic moments and climactic situations.</p> <p>Also the Screen Comedian BILLY WEST AS "CUPID'S RIVAL"</p>
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## Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over thirty years, has borne the signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

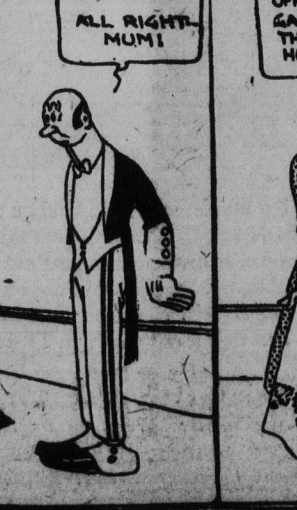
### What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## BRINGING UP FATHER.



—By GEORGE McMANUS.

# A RE...

AUTOMOBILE  
WILLARD STORAGE SERVICE ST. JOHN  
Winter Storage 50 Sydney St. Phone M. 1000  
O. S. McINTYRE

# BINDERS AND PR...

Modern Artistic Work  
Blanket Operators  
ORDERS PROMPTLY FULFILLED  
THE McMILLAN  
28 Prince Wm. St. Phone M. 1000

# CONTRACTORS

KANE & RIN  
General Contractors  
25-27 Prince William  
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W. H. KOWL  
Carpenter and Joiner  
AND MOVING & SPECIALTY  
Jobbing promptly attended  
102-104 Commercial and  
Hodney Street, West

ROBERT M. TH  
Carpenter and Joiner  
Estimates cheerfully  
Made a specialty of  
Metal Weathering, gutters  
keep out all wind and rain  
windows and doors.  
Office, 86 Prince St. Phone M. 1000

ISAAC MERC  
Carpenter and Joiner  
197 Carmarthen Street  
Telephone, Main 17

Engineers & Contractors  
2 R. Reid, President  
E. M. ARCHIBALD, Esq.  
102 Prince William  
Phone Main 17

W. A. MUN  
Carpenter-Contractor  
134 Paradise Street  
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EDWARD BA  
Carpenter, Contractor, and  
Special attention given to  
and repairs to houses  
100 Luke Street, Phone  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

# CANDY MANUFACTURE

"G. B."  
CHOCOLAT  
The Standard of  
in Canada.

Our Name a Guarantee  
Finest Materials  
GANON BROS.  
St. Stephen, N. B.  
FOOD HOUSE LUCASIAN

# CUSTOM TAILORING

A. E. TRAINOR, Custom  
successor to E. A. Aitken  
Clothes Cleaned, Pressed and  
Goods called for and  
delivered at satisfaction  
Telephone main 10

# COAL AND WOOD

COLWELL FUEL CO.  
Coal and Wood  
UNION STREET  
Phone W. 1

H. A. DOHER  
Successor to  
F. C. MESSING  
COAL AND WOOD  
375 Haymarket  
Phone 303

# DENTISTS

DR. H. P. TRAYLOR  
Dental Surgeon  
50 Waterloo Street  
Office Hours: 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

# ELEVATOR

We manufacture Electric  
Passenger, Hand Power,  
etc., etc.

E. S. STEPHENSON  
ST. JOHN, N. B.







Around the City

UNSETTLED.

COURT MARTIAL. A general court martial will be held in Fredericton tomorrow.

THE COAL HANDLERS. A meeting of the Coal Handlers' Union was held last night in the Old Fellows' building and routine business was transacted.

THE WAR FUNDY. The steamer War Fundy, which has been docked in West St. John, will be removed to Reed's Point, where work of fitting her up will be continued.

CONGRATULATIONS. Captain Wm. G. Hurley of the steam tug Neptune is receiving congratulations on the arrival of a bouncing baby boy at his home yesterday.

REPAIRS COMPLETED. The repairs to the McLeod and Pettigill wharves have been about completed and it is expected the relaying of the tracks will be begun by the C. G. R. in a short time.

REQUEST FOR DATA. Mayne Hayes has received from Hon. J. A. Sullivan, counsel for the city in the New Brunswick Power Co. investigation, a request for some engineering data which will be forwarded at once.

AMENDED RECALL PAPERS. The amended recall papers on Commissioners McLellan and Hilyard were filed yesterday afternoon by Fred Campbell, chairman of the committee in charge. Mr. Campbell stated that their candidates would be named just as soon as the petition was certified to by the common clerk.

A LARGE CLASS. That the Y. M. C. A. boys evidently missed their "gym" classes during the recent epidemic was evidenced yesterday when the classes under the direction of Jack Maughen numbered over a hundred boys, an unusual condition for the opening seasons.

VESSELS BOUND HERE. J. T. Knight and Co. report that the following vessels are bound here and due shortly from Australia, viz.: The bark Inverness, Birksdale, Westmorland, Westfield and Kirkcubright; the bark Miriam is due from Nova Scotia. The bark Incenseholm, Schenabhe, schooners Samson, Courtney and Truro Queen are in port, consignees J. T. Knight and Co.

THE PROBATE COURT. H. O. McInerney, Judge of Probates, presiding. In the estate of Walter Laskey, blacksmith, deceased, letters testamentary were granted to George Danford, executor. L. A. Colgan, executor.

PLENTY OF MUD. The recent heavy rain caused serious troubles to the pedestrian who was forced to travel under serious handicaps (not excepting the canopy of the bothersome umbrella) but was even forced to travel in the mud which was most plentiful on the streets. One crossing in particular caused much annoyance especially to the gentler sex—the crossing at the corner of Pitt and Mecklenburg streets which was the source of untold comment among the citizens.

AT THE HOSPITAL. Mrs. Ethel St. John, now confined to the General Public Hospital, as a result of burns received at her home last Monday evening, was reported to be resting somewhat more comfortably at this early hour this morning. She was quite restless it was added but such a circumstance was to be expected in her case. No serious outcome is forecasted on account of her injuries. Miss Kathleen Mooney, Orange street who was badly burned at her home Monday evening, is stated to be seriously injured.

THE RIVER STEAMERS. That the winter is soon setting in is forecasted by the river steamers, which will in the very near future cease operations for this season. The steamer Premier, plying between this city and Grand Lake, makes its last trip today and on its return will be placed in the dock for renovation for the next season's operations. The other steamers will, it is learned, remain on their routes until the height of navigation, which is forecasted to be in very near future.

DEPOT BAND AT T. FAIR TO-NIGHT; DANCING, TOO. This will be another banner night at the City Cornet Band Fair in St. Andrew's rink. There will be an entire new program on the ship Victory; the Depot Battalion Band, through the kindness of Lieut. Col. McAvoy, will play during the evening and there will be a good list of dance numbers for all who wish to dance. The Temple Band will play tomorrow night.

NINE NEW CASES OF INFLUENZA. Eighteen Houses Were Released from Quarantine Yesterday—Out of Town Reports. Nine new cases of influenza were reported to the board of health yesterday, and eighteen houses were released from quarantine. Inspector McConnell reports that at the height of the epidemic about three hundred houses were placarded but at present this number has dropped to about seventy-five.

Dr. Melvin has received the following reports: Grand Manan, 40 cases during the past week, no deaths. Campbellton, reports that the situation is practically all cleared up.

PROVINCIAL TOTAL MAY BE \$17,000,000

Few Days Before All Victory Loan Returns Are Received—Sixteen and Three-Quarter Million in Sight.

Secretary Thomas announced last night that it would be a few days yet before the returns from the province would be all in. At the present time there was in sight sixteen and three quarter million dollars, and the total might possibly reach seventeen million dollars. The wire trouble, he stated, was largely responsible for the difficulty in getting the returns in. York County reported that it would be next week before full returns would be available. Charlotte County expected to be able to have a full report by today. Westmorland and Kings thought it would be two or three days before they had everything all cleared up. Other counties had not been heard from.

S. E. Elkin, M.P., chairman of the Central Committee for St. John district, last night received the following telegram from Hon. F. B. Carvell: Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 19, 1918.

"Accept hearty congratulations on wonderful success of Victory Loan campaign. Please convey my thanks to your various committees."

F. B. CARVELL. The Provincial and Central Committees started work on this campaign last July, and they will be at it for at least two weeks longer, possibly more, before everything is wound up. Secretary Thomas has been especially busy during the active campaign and had to carry practically the entire burden of the province as the chairman. T. H. Estabrooks, was taken ill at the beginning, and was not able to devote much time to it.

STIRRING SPEECH BEFORE TUXIS BOYS

L. A. Buckley, Maritime Boys' Work Secretary, Spoke in Y. M. C. A. Building Last Night.

"The older boys of the province of New Brunswick have played a right noble part in the war against auto-crazy and world domination as conceived in the German mind, and now you boys, your younger brothers, have the opportunity of making Canada a great nation by being great in character as were those who went before you," stated L. A. Buckley, Maritime Boys' Work Secretary, in a stirring speech before the Tuxis Boys in the Y. M. C. A. building last night.

The meeting was the first community convocation of the C.S.E.T. Tuxis Boys of St. John for the season, and a large number of boys were present to take part in the comprehensive programme that had been arranged. The evening started off with an appetizing supper at 6.30 in one of the rooms, and the ladies of St. David's Church, assisted by a committee of ladies from the Y.M.C.A. auxiliary took entire charge.

After the repast had been done justice to, the boys pulled back their chairs and joined heartily in a singing, after which L. A. Buckley spoke on the meaning of the word "Tuxis." He referred to the notable part that the older boys had played in the war and urged the younger boys to make themselves ready to take their part in the reconstruction period.

He stated that the boys in the city formed one company of ten battalions of the older Canadian boys who are standing for the new Canadian ideal under the Tuxis banner. In explaining the symbolical meaning of the word Tuxis, Mr. Buckley stated that its meaning was very significant. The first letter, T, stood for training, and S, the last letter for service, showing that the Tuxis programme begins with training and ends with service. The letters U and I, in the word signifies fellowship, but notice that U (you) comes before I, which is the law of sacrifice followed by the Tuxis Boys. The X in the centre of the word is the Greek letter symbol for Christ, symbolizing that Christ is the centre of the Tuxis programme. Mr. Buckley, in closing, made an appeal for the boys to live for Canada in the Jesus way.

At the conclusion of the address the boys adjourned to various of the rooms in groups for Bible study. Later they met in the gymnasium for a few minutes' physical activities, ending up the evening's programme by a shower and swim.

These meetings will be continued every Tuesday evening throughout the winter.

HAVE YOU READ HUNT'S SALE NEWS ON PAGE THREE?

Hunt's Winter Sale is an annual bargain-giving event that is looked forward to by hundreds of men in St. John. Our stocks this season are bigger than ever, mostly due to the falling off of business during October on account of the epidemic. You will find an immense display of clothing and furnishings at really wonderful prices, considering present day conditions, and we are warned not to look for a drop in prices for months, in fact clothing will be much higher in 1919, so buy to your utmost, and supply your needs for months to come. The store will be closed all day Thursday to enable us to prepare the stock. Sale starts on Friday morning at 9 o'clock. For the convenience of our customers we will keep the store open on Friday evening of this week, as well as Saturday evening, until 11 o'clock. "Let the Big Blue Sign Guide You."

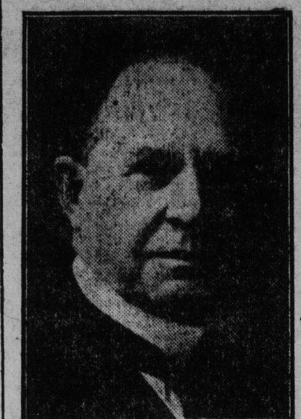
Hunt's Clothing Store, 17-19 Charlotte street.

Mrs. J. P. McBay will be at home, 81 Adelaide Street, to receive her friends, Wednesday afternoon, November 20, and Thursday afternoon and evening, November 21.

DR. A. P. BARNHILL AND THOMAS CANTLEY

New Directors for the Canadian Railways—Means Better Things for This Province

Two new directors of the Canadian Government Railways are to be appointed this week coincident with an order-in-council placing the Intercolonial and the Transcontinental Railways under the jurisdiction of the same board as manages the Canadian Northern. The prospective directors, both from the Maritime Provinces, are Alexander P. Barnhill, E. C. of St. John, and Thomas Cantley, of New Glasgow, head of the board of directors of the Nova Scotia Steel Company. Nominally they will be elected by the Canadian Northern Railway Board, but it will be on the recommendation of the government.



THOMAS CANTLEY.

S. E. Elkin, M.P., when asked about the appointment of Mr. Barnhill on the directorate, said this was only the beginning of better things for St. John in the way of railway connections. He said that the appointment of public works, had been endeavoring to obtain more recent appointment of St. John and this appointment was the result of his endeavor.

Mr. Elkin said he was not in a position last night to say just what increase in train service the new order of things would mean, but it is understood it will be considerable, both in the way of freight and passenger trains.

The board of directors will be in the city within the next two weeks and it is expected a definite announcement in this regard will be made at that time.

Mr. Barnhill when asked about the matter said he understood the appointment was not made but until it was officially announced he had nothing to say for publication.

FLU PATIENTS MUST WALK TO AMBULANCE

Only One Man Sent With Old Ambulance for Influenza Sufferers—Family of Seven Taken to Hospital Yesterday.

"A perfect disgrace to any city that calls itself a city," is the way a volunteer worker assisting in the V.A.D. work of nursing influenza patients characterized the manner in which sick persons are taken to the hospital. According to her description, the old ambulance with one man to drive it, is sent for the patients. There is a stretcher, but unless some kind neighbor comes to the rescue, the sick people must walk into the ambulance and out of it into the hospital. To add to the comfort of this mode of conveyance the driver charges \$1.00 a trip.

On Monday a volunteer nurse went to look after a family which the father and mother, four children, and a nurse were all ill. Yesterday it became necessary to send them to the hospital, and the driver called at the house of the baby very ill. There was no one to look after them and it was thought best that they should go to the hospital. The old ambulance was sent for when the patient called at the door he expected the patients to walk out to the conveyance. The nurse who was looking after the cases objected, as she said that the mother was delirious and too sick to walk, and she found a neighbor who helped carry the sick woman on a stretcher. According to this nurse's description an old feather bed was found somewhere and laid on the floor of the ambulance for the three children. The driver stated that the cost would be \$3.50 for the whole family. Then he said that it would take him an hour before he could return for the rest of the family.

Owing to the necessity of making room for this family of seven, three families of four, seven and two respectively were allowed out of the hospital. These released patients immediately came back on the Diet Kitchen lists as they are able to eat, but are not strong enough to cook for themselves. These patients, with nine new families, were added to the number cooked for by the V.A.D.

The matron of the hospital telephoned to the Diet Kitchen, and so the convalescents are cared for until they are able to look after themselves. Some of the cases of yesterday were from new districts, Long Wharf and Jackson Street, so it looks as if the epidemic is breaking out in new quarters.

GENEROUS SUBSCRIPTIONS. James F. Robertson and George McAvity have been the first to respond to a quiet little campaign being carried on for a few days in the interests of the new Bearing Home for the Young Women's Christian Association in the Sears building, 23 King Street, which was acquired yesterday. The object is \$10,000, which will be utilized in furnishing the four hotel floors, establishing a cafeteria and gymnasium and leaving a little with which to make a start. The gentlemen referred to above have contributed \$1,000 each.

DEPOT BATTALION WILL DEMOBILIZE

Work of Demobilization to Commence at Once—Those on Harvest Leave Granted Further Time—Inspection of Sections Today.

Military Headquarters announced yesterday that further word had been received regarding demobilization, however the information is somewhat of a review of that already at hand. It is pointed out that demobilization will affect those men, as mentioned in yesterday's issue in the Depot Battalion, and the overseas section of the artillery units. Work of demobilization is to begin at once, or as soon as more explicit information has been received from Ottawa.

The appearance now has the aspect of a very early action, as the several units will be discharged from the service at a very early date.

Whether or not the Siberian Contingent, at present mobilized at Westminister, B. C., will be demobilized, as the other units is a source of comment, as no definite information regarding this unit has been, it is understood, received in this centre. Word to the effect that this unit is authorized to proceed overseas at an early date has been sanctioned by Military Headquarters here.

Those out on harvest leave at the present time are being granted further leave, it is understood, with the proviso that they report when called upon to receive their discharge from the service, as their comrades now stationed in the city.

Today an inspection of the Ordnance quarters and artillery sections is being held on Partridge Island, the quarters of the 9th Siege Battery. This inspection is being held by two officers from the sister city, who will arrive in the city this morning.

A general court martial is being held at Fredericton tomorrow to investigate the case of a soldier who is charged with desertion. Colonel Good, of the city, will preside at the sitting and will leave for the capital this evening.

DOMINION L. O. L. ANNUAL MEETING

Visit from District Lodge Officers Last Evening—The Officers Were Elected.

The annual meeting of the Dominion L. O. L. No. 141 was held last night in the Orange Hall on Simpson street. Members of the District Lodge, Hon. Anderson, D. C. M.; H. C. Lawton, District Master; Sam Holder, Deputy Master; William McDonald, R. S. Spencer, D. of C.; C. T. Purdy, chaplain; and William Johnson, inside Tyler, paid a visit to the lodge. The following officers were elected for the year: Richard B. Stackhouse, W. M. J. A. McAtee, D. M. E. H. Morrell, Chaplain. C. S. Dykes, R. S. C. L. Hamilton, E. S. G. E. Chase, Treasurer. George Saunders, Lecturer. J. B. Howe, D. of C. Samuel Johnston, Foreman of Committees. C. G. Kierstead, First Committee. J. M. Howe, Second Committee. S. Logan, Third Committee. J. R. Clark, Fourth Committee. S. Logan, Inside Tyler. M. Howe, Outside Tyler. J. R. Rogers, Trustee.

GOOD REPORTS WERE RECEIVED

West St. John Field Comforts Circle Met Last Evening—Christmas Comforts Valued at \$1,550 Sent Overseas.

The West St. John Field Comforts Circle met last night for the first time since the ban was put on. Mrs. E. A. Young, president on the circle in the chair. The convener of the packing committee reported that Christmas comforts to the value of \$1,550 had been packed, and shipped to the boys overseas, the goods having left Montreal about a week ago. Included in the shipment was a parcel for every member of the first contingent whose address the committee had been able to obtain.

It was reported that 200 packages of stationery, post cards and lead pencils had been received over the ladies of Douglas Avenue, per Mrs. R. B. Trapp, and 40 pairs of fine hand knit socks had been received from the ladies of Penfield, Charlotte County. The sum of \$25 was voted to Mrs. E. Atherton Smith for the Christmas dinner fund for the 25th.

The work of this circle will be continued as long as the Canadian Field Comforts Commission, of which it is a branch, continues its work.

MISSSES AND WOMEN CHOOSING COATS OF SEAL PLUSH

Are Showing Rare Discrimination.

Much the same advantages in choosing one of these handsome garments as in choosing a luxurious fur wrap. The soft loveliness has much the same appeal, the styles are of the same distinctive character, they are hardly to be excelled for warmth, ing comfort, or for extended service in wear. Prices are the only material difference and they're all in favor of the same distinctive character, they are hardly to be excelled for warmth, ing comfort, or for extended service in wear. Beautiful models of finest quality. Six Esquimatee Furshes \$29.50 to \$75.00.

Beautiful coats some of them with collar and trimming of real peltries, others just plain lines of the highest priced coats of beautiful bright colored Satins, -others lined with Skinner's Bath.

REBORN—FIRST FLOOR DYKEMAN'S.

Dreadnaught Tire Chains advertisement with image of a tire chain and text: 'although they cost you less than some other kinds, they are made to a quality standard that is unexcelled, without regard to price. IMPERIAL GRIPS, are excellent value, and are highly recommended for light cars. AVOID FROZEN RADIATORS. Johnson's Freeze-Proof positively prevents frozen radiators. It won't evaporate, is harmless to radiators, and won't corrode metal. ONE APPLICATION DOES THE TRICK. Motor Car Supply Dept., First Floor. W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD.'

A Special Wednesday Sale of TRIMMED HATS advertisement with prices: '\$3.00 \$5.00 \$7.00'. Text: 'A collection which portrays every smart millinery idea of the season. BETTER BUY ONE OF OUR Tailored Felt Hats On Sale at 75c. For Rain or Shine Marr Millinery Co., Limited'

Safety Razors advertisement with image of a razor and text: 'For a smooth, safe shave use a Safety Razor. You can enjoy the comforts of self shaving without a possible chance of even scratching yourself. Gillette Safety Razors. Auto Stop Safety Razors. Star Safety Razors. Extra Blades, Automatic Stoppers, Razors, Shaving Soap, Shaving Brushes. Emerson & Fisher Ltd.'

Annual Sale of Travellers' Samples and Odd Lines of Women's, Misses and Children's Fall and Winter Underwear advertisement with text: 'This collection consists of many Styles. High and Low Necks, Closed or Buttoned Fronts, Ribbed and Plain, in Cream, White and Natural. A splendid opportunity to buy for Winter. WOMEN'S VESTS AND DRAWERS in a great variety of weights and qualities, at 20c., 25c., 35c., 50c., 65c., 90c., \$1.10, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00 per garment. CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' VESTS AND DRAWERS at 20c., 25c., 30c., 50c. and 75c. No Appropriation. No Exchange. Sale Wednesday Morning in Whitewear Section. Plenty of Beautiful New Ribbons For Christmas Handbags, Camisoles and Many Other Uses. Ribbons for Camisoles in White, Pink and Sky. 7 to 10 in. wide. From 90c. to \$2.65 per yard. DOROTHY DAINTY HAIR BOWS and Sashes to match, in White, Pink, Sky and Maize Brocades, 5 and 7 in. wide, 70c. and \$1.10 yard. WAR MEDAL RIBBONS and SCHOOL or CLUB COLORS in many different combinations. SPECIALS IN TAFFETA HAIR RIBBONS—all colors, 3 and 4 1/2 in. wide, 20c. and 25c. yard. SPECIAL LINE OF FANCY WORK RIBBON in Stripes Checks and Handsome Moires, 5 and 6 in. wide, 35c. yard. Ask to see the RIBBON HAND BAGS and DAINTY CAMISOLES, made up of the Ribbons we have now in stock. RIBBON DEPT.—ANNEX. EXCLUSIVE NOVELTIES IN BLOUSES ARE NOW READY FOR CHRISTMAS SHOPPERS. We are now showing the biggest assortment ever of Novel Blouses in Georgette Crepe and Crepe de Chine, in beautiful shades of Maize, Flesh, Ivory, Rose, Burgundy, Navy and Black. Slip-on Waists in variety are among the assortment in many Embroidered, Beaded and dainty tucked designs. You can find among them just the right blouse to wear with your Winter Costume, or to use later as a practical Christmas Gift. SILK DEPT.—2ND FLOOR. "Copies Serge," an unshrinkable cotton fabric for House Dresses, Children's Dresses, Houses and Nightwear. It is dainty and durable and comes in white ground with Pink, Sky, Lavender or Black Stripes. 31 in. wide, 80c. yard. WASH GOODS DEPT.—GROUND FLOOR. Manchester Robertson Allison Limited KING STREET GERMAIN STREET MARKET SQUARE

THREE HANDY THINGS TO HAVE ABOUT THE HOUSE THESE DAYS advertisement with sections: 'A CAP: Your cap purchases need not be flavored with caution here. Good Caps from \$1.00 to \$4.50. GLOVES: Everything in gloves. Capes, Suedes, Mochas, Woolen, Pigskin, Buckskin. From \$1.25 to \$8.00. AN UMBRELLA: You surely can buy Umbrellas here for every price mostly. \$3.00 up—or down. YOU'LL BE GLAD WE REMINDED YOU LATER. D. MAGEE'S SONS LTD. EVER SINCE 1850. 63 King Street, St. John, N.B.'