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VOL. 18.

Looks Like Mutiny

The Washingtons Object to Further Fighting and Reluctantly Obey Orders.

Captain Otis Placed Under Arrest—Soldiers Are Sick and Unfit for Duty.

(Associated Press.)
Manila, Aug. 2, via Hongkong, Aug. 8.—The gunboat Napidan last week shell-shot the lake near Santa Cruz. The town was full of people, who had been encouraged to return after General Lawton's expedition, having been assured they would not be molested if they peacefully attended their business.

Lieutenant Copp, who was in command of the Napidan, heard the insurgents had re-occupied the town, and, assuming close in, opened fire with six-pounders without warning. The people, seeing the boat approaching, fled to the hills in a terrified condition, and with barely time to escape. One child was killed and many buildings damaged. The authorities express great regret on account of the incident. After the taking of Calamba by the Americans, Gen. Lawton ordered Captain Otis, of the Washington regiment, to be relieved of his command, and placed under arrest, on account of the slowness and seeming reluctance of the companies under his command in obeying the order to disembark from the vessel and wage war through the marshes under fire. The men say the majority of them have been sick and were unfit for duty, and were given to understand they would not be asked to do any more fighting.

Is It For Aguinaldo?
San Francisco, Aug. 8.—The Examiner to-day says:

"The City of Peking, which sailed on Saturday for Hongkong by way of Honolulu and Yokohama, took among her cargo 321,440 pounds of shot, the first shipment of the kind ever made to Japan. In addition there were 107,650 pounds of pig lead and 54,768 pounds of sheet lead. Just to what use this rather unusual shipment is going to put is not known, but suggestions have been made that it may be intended to smelt in Manila for use of Aguinaldo and the army."

Aguinaldo's Appeal to the Powers.
Manila, Aug. 8.—Aguinaldo has appealed to the powers for recognition of "Filipino independence." In a document, dated from Tarlac, July 27th, and signed by his lieutenant, it has been received by all foreign consuls in Manila with the request they forward it to their respective governments.

The Filipinos hold to the argument that they have the sovereignty of these islands by treaty of Spain before the signing of the treaty of Paris, and therefore Spain was in no position to cede them to the United States. They argue that the possession of 7,000 Spanish prisoners, headquarters of the revolutionists, and the Filipinos "is eloquent proof of the nullity of Spanish sovereignty, as when they surrendered Spain's hold was practically lost."

THEY COULDN'T FIGHT.

Ambassador Choate Thinks It Would Be Impossible for Britain and the States to Go to War.

(Associated Press.)
London, Aug. 8.—Mr. Joseph H. Choate, United States ambassador to Great Britain, interviewed today by a representative of the Associated Press in regard to the recent "war or arbitration" speech delivered by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier, said: "There will be no war. It is safe to say no amount of political or political in either country could occasion war in this connection."

The ambassador, continuing, said, "The London parliament was on the eve of dissolution and leaders of both parties had to speak." Mr. Choate seemed to think the latter circumstance explained Premier Laurier's position, and was inclined to attach small importance to the premier's remarks.

Mr. Choate added that negotiations were progressing, "but," he explained, "they are always slow, and I can say nothing at present as to their status."

MOLSON BANK ROBBERY.

A Clerk Is Charged With Having Stolen Money Which Has Been Found Intact.

Winnipeg, Aug. 8.—John W. Anderson, who was employed in the Molson's bank at the time of the recent robbery, and who acted as accountant with the McClary Manufacturing Company, has been arrested. His arrest was effected through a detective, who came there at the instance of the bank. The detective employed as clerk in a leading dry goods store, and obtained board at the same place, and Anderson finally confessed to his friend that he was in possession of a sum of money. Investigation followed, and Anderson was taken into custody to-day. It is understood that the entire amount of money stolen was recovered, having been hidden by Anderson in a valise and buried near the river bank. The robbery occurred be-

tween the 28th of September and the 4th of October of last year.

Governor McCallum's Narrow Escape

(Associated Press.)
New York, Aug. 8.—A despatch to the Herald from Placenta, Nfld., says Secretary Chamberlain has cabled Governor McCallum, who has arrived here from St. John's, that representatives sent by the Finns will meet him to discuss the project of 3,000 Finlanders settling in Newfoundland.

While steaming from St. Mary's toward Placenta in the fog this morning the vessel had a narrow escape from being run down by the steamship Grand Lake. The vessel reached Placenta at 1 p. m., and the governor was joined later by Lady and Miss McCallum, who came by railway.

The ancient capital was in a picturesque and the weather delightful. The governor ascertained the views of the residents on the closing of lobster factories in the fall. Most of the fishermen are opposed to the project, and at the close was heartily cheered.

It is said Governor Liou leaves the French colony of St. Pierre because of friction with the consul-general. The dispute is over the internal administration of affairs, and not an international subject.

(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, Aug. 8.—In the House again this morning Mr. Davin brought up the question of the Fitzpatrick interview. The Premier, he said, had declined to give any information on the subject, but a paragraph in the Toronto Globe seemed to him to confirm the statement in the interview that the Premier refused to accept the invitation. Mr. Davin also read from the Chicago Record to the effect that Mr. Fitzpatrick had never been authorized to invite the Premier, but that they expected to have the pleasure of Sir Wilfrid's presence on the occasion of the laying of the cornerstone of a public building in Chicago.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said: "Let me say one word, not because the hon. gentleman has brought the matter to the attention of the House, but because several newspapers have taken hold of it. There has been an interview published in a Washington paper attributing words to me of a certain character, which the hon. gentleman has just mentioned. I did not take any notice of that interview, and I do not propose to do so. This interview was not published by me. It was an interview which a Washington paper had with a Mr. Fitzpatrick, and Mr. Fitzpatrick has put words into my mouth for which I do not hold myself at all responsible. If I wished to say anything to the public I will say it myself, and in my own way, and not through another party. I have received no invitation so far from the Chicago authorities to the demonstration proposed to be held in the month of October. I understand that one of the hon. gentlemen has been informed unofficially this morning that one is coming, and whenever it comes I shall certainly treat it with the courtesy that is due to it, not only because of the position I hold, but on account of our relations with our neighbors."

Mr. Davin appeared to be greatly interested in the reflection on his conduct which the hon. gentleman has just declared with considerable heat of temper that it would take a stronger man than the present Prime Minister to snub him. Mr. Sutherland, the Liberal whip, said that the session had been prolonged by the reading of such extracts from newspaper articles as Mr. Davin had done and demanding explanations.

The Fishery Seizures

There Is no Law to Prevent Canadian Boats Fishing in American Waters

British Embassy at Washington Demands Restitution of the Seized Vessels

(Associated Press.)
Port Townsend, Wash., Aug. 8.—The recent seizure of several Canadian fishing vessels by the United States revenue launch Guard in the vicinity of Point Roberts and Blaine, has raised some intricate points of international law. It is claimed that there is no law which prohibits foreign vessels from fishing in American waters, and under this claim, the British embassy at Washington has made a demand on the United States government for the immediate release of the vessels.

This matter was referred here for investigation and the revenue officers say the vessels were seized for landing nets in American waters without complying with the customs laws by entering their certificates. This explanation was not satisfactory and advices received to-day from the treasury department at Washington say United States Consul Smith, of Victoria, B. C., has been ordered to proceed to Point Roberts and Blaine immediately for the purpose of making a thorough investigation and reporting without delay to the department.

Consul Smith left for Point Roberts and Blaine on Friday via Vancouver. He is not expected back here till Friday.

ELECTRIC CAR BLOWN UP.

Motorman Hurt, but the Passengers Escape Uninjured.

(Associated Press.)
Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 8.—A Wade Park avenue electric car was blown up near Euclid avenue this morning. The motorman was badly hurt, but the passengers were unhurt. The perpetrators of the outrage escaped.

MARCHING AGAINST YAQUIS.

The Rebellious Indians Are Trying to Draw Mexican Soldiers into an Ambush—Series of Outrages.

(Associated Press.)
Austin, Tex., Aug. 8.—A despatch last night from Casa Grande, State of Chihuahua, saying one regiment of Mexican cavalry has just left there on its way to the upper waters of the Yaqui river, in the state of Sonora, and that it is the evident intention of these troops to enter the Yaqui Indian country from the north, and endeavor to drive the rebellious bands out of their strongholds in the Subaripa mountains, where they are rapidly gathering large forces.

Rebellious Indians have fortified themselves in the Bacatete mountains between the Yaqui and Matapor rivers, and an effort is to be made to keep the two forces of warriors apart. It is known, however, that the two divisions are in constant communication by means of couriers, and it is feared the Indians are planning to draw the Mexican soldiers into an ambush.

Two more parties of prospectors have just arrived at Casa Grande. They abandoned their claims upon hearing alarming reports of murders and other terrible outrages committed by bands of Yaquis at points below them.

A SAD END.

(Associated Press.)
Peoria, Ill., Aug. 8.—Mrs. Betsy Griffin, whose grandfather was the Earl of Charnock, died in a hut near Farmington to-day. Papers found in the house where she lived in a miserable manner for several years, show her to be of noble blood, and had she pushed a claim at the proper time would have received the third of an estate valued at \$1,000,000. Up to her last days she refused all favors. Friends of the woman will sell her hut to defray expenses.

More cases of sick headache, biliousness, constipation, can be cured. Use this with less medicine, and for less money, by using Carter's Little Liver Pills, than by any other means.

Sir Wilfred's Statement

Denies Having Used the Words Attributed to Him by Mr. Fitzpatrick.

The Premier Has Not Been Officially Invited to Chicago.

(Special to the Times.)
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The Yukon Bill.

When the Yukon bill came before the House this afternoon Mr. Foster moved to provide for the manufacture of spirituous liquors in the Yukon.

Mr. Sifton stated that was not done now, and he did not see the necessity of liquor being manufactured there. The amendment therefore passed.

An amendment by Mr. Taylor that the importation of liquor be prohibited except for medical and manufacturing purposes, was also defeated.

Liquor will be permitted to enter as at present, under permits.

DOMINICAN REVOLT

Government Soldiers Evacuate the Town of Dajabon—Jaminex May Land in Hayti.

(Associated Press.)
Port Au Prince, Hayti, Aug. 8.—The revolutionary Dominican troops, who assembled at Ouanaminthe, have crossed the frontier and taken possession of Dajabon. The garrison at that place retired to Port Seair, a strategic position commanding the town.

The foreign population and the Haytian consul have left the place. It is considered probable Jaminex, the leader of the revolution, will attempt to make a landing on the island shortly in order to join the revolutionary troops at Dajabon, and direct the movement. The Haytian government is taking measures to prevent him from landing in its territory.

Havana, Aug. 8.—General Isidore Jaminex who was interviewed to-day, said he had in his possession about 25 cartridges from Santo Domingo, where all was going well. He remarked that he counted on a majority of four fourths, and talked in a very confident strain, expressing himself as hopeful of complete success. He was also receiving offers of assistance from many Cubans.

London, Aug. 9.—Parliament was prorogued at 2 o'clock this afternoon by royal commission. The House of Lords met and summoned the Commons to the bar and the proceedings terminated with the reading of the Queen's speech.

The speech contained the following statements: "My Lords and Gentlemen: My relations with other powers continue friendly."

"The conference summoned by the Emperor of Russia to consider measures for the promotion and maintenance of peace, has completed its sittings. Although the result of its deliberations may not fully correspond with the lofty aim which it was summoned to accomplish, it has met with a considerable measure of success. The institution of a permanent tribunal of arbitration cannot fail to diminish the frequency of war, while the extension of Geneva convention will mitigate its horrors."

After a reference to the conclusion of the Anglo-French convention on the subject of the Nile Valley and the Anglo-Russian convention in regard to railway enterprise in China, the speech continued: "We have received a petition from a considerable number of my subjects residing in the South African Republic praying my assistance to obtain the removal of grievances and disabilities of which they complain. The position of subjects in South Africa is inconsistent with the promise of equal treatment, whereupon my grant of internal independence to that Republic was founded, and the unrest caused thereby is a constant source of danger to the peace and prosperity of my dominions in South Africa. Negotiations on the subject with the government of the South African Republic have been entered into, and are still proceeding."

Another paragraph deals with the satisfactory reports of the recovery of agriculture and trade of India from the depression caused by famine, "but," it adds, "fears are now entertained of the prospects of the harvests in western and central India, owing to insufficient rainfall, though officials are taking timely precautions to meet any scarcity."

"The speech then proceeds: 'I regret to add that the plague, though still confined to the town of Bombay, shows no sign of abatement.'"

"The speech thanks the Commons for the liberality with which they provided for the naval and military defence of the empire, and concludes with a reference to the benefits of domestic legislation passed."

President McKinley's secretary, Mr. John Addison Porter, and Solicitor General John K. Richards, visited the United States Embassy to-day and were afterwards introduced to Speaker Gully, who witnessed the prorogation of parliament.

Regiments For Natal

A Large Body of Men To Be Sent to South Africa.

Preparations Being Made For All Contingencies in That Quarter.

(Associated Press.)
London, Aug. 9.—Replying to various questions in the House of Commons to-day Mr. Joseph Chamberlain said no official confirmation had been received of the report that the Transvaal had declined to agree to a joint inquiry into the effect which the franchise reforms may have on the position of the natives, he added, were about to be despatched to South Africa for the defence of Natal, in response to the request of the Natal government, and preparations were being made for contingencies.

Later, replying to Mr. T. P. O'Connor, Irish Nationalist member for the Scotland division of Liverpool, Mr. Chamberlain deprecated a resumption of the debate on the Transvaal situation, which, he pointed out, while serious, still remains doubtful. The Colonial Secretary added he sincerely hoped the report that the enquiry proposal had been rejected was untrue.

While he regretted the necessity of answering Mr. O'Connor, it would be a false mistake to allow the latter's view that that was entirely needless, and that the government ought to express a willingness to wait maybe 25 years for the redress of the grievances of which they complained, to be considered.

He added: "We recognize the grievances of the Uitlanders, and have said these grievances are not merely to be redressed for medical and manufacturing purposes, but are a source of danger to the whole of South Africa. We say our predominance is menaced by the action of the Transvaal in refusing to redress the grievances or give consideration to requests hitherto put in the most moderate language of a suzerain power. We say this state of things can not be tolerated. We have put our hands to the plow and won't draw back. With that statement I propose to rest content."

Guards and Artillery.

London, Aug. 9.—The additional troops ordered to be in readiness for transportation to South Africa include a battalion of the Grenadier Guards and three batteries of artillery.

Grave Situation.

London, Aug. 9.—The gravity of the Transvaal situation, it is generally regarded, has been increased by the latest news, and the tone of Mr. Chamberlain's statement on the eve of the prorogation of parliament has adversely affected the prices on the stock exchange, where, however, the prices of South African securities are now about the worst. Consols were bid, partly owing to politics and partly because of the monetary situation.

STRIKE AT VANCOUVER.

(Special to the Times.)
Vancouver, Aug. 8.—All the freight handlers, stevedores and dockmen employed on the C.P.R. wharves, to the number of 500 or 600, struck this morning, but were back at work at quarter to eleven.

The cause of the trouble was the proposal by the company to abolish the old rate of twenty cents per hour for day work and thirty for night work for handling freight, substituting therefor monthly wages of \$85 and \$90. On June 1st the men notified the company they would not accept the new proposal, and again in July. On August 1st the company notified the men that new wages would go into force. The men again refused to accept and gave the company until Saturday to alter the proposal and afterwards extended the time until next Tuesday. They went out this morning on the arrival of the Empress, and the clerks in the wharf office refused to work until the matter was settled. A compromise was effected, Superintendent Marpole agreeing to an all-round rate of 25 cents per hour.

The Queen's Speech

Read in the House of Lords at the Prorogation of Parliament.

The Grievances of the Uitlanders—Situation in India—The Plague.

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Another Secret Session.

General Chanoino To Day Explains the Position to Dreyfus's Judges—Public Session on Saturday.

(Associated Press.)
Rennes, Aug. 9.—The secret session of the Dreyfus court martial to-day lasted from 6:30 a.m. until 11:45 a.m. General Chanoino nearly completed his part of the explanation of the dossier. He will finish to-morrow about a couple of hours, then M. Paleologue, of the foreign office, will take up the task, which, it is understood, will be completed on Friday next. A public session, therefore, will take place on Saturday morning.

Several documents, written in German, were examined during the proceedings to-day. A German dictionary was sent for, and the correspondent here of the Associated Press learns that, when certain words and expressions could not be exactly understood even with the aid of a dictionary, Dreyfus, who is a perfect German scholar, volunteered a translation, and was allowed to give explanations of the words of value assistance to the members of the court.

BAR HARBOR DISASTER.

A Weak Ferry Slip Caused the Loss of Twenty Lives.

(Associated Press.)
Bar Harbor, Me., Aug. 8.—The coroner's jury, empaneled to hold an inquest into the disaster at Mount Desert on Sunday, by which twenty persons lost their lives by the breaking of the ferry slip, completed its sittings to-day, finding "these people came to their death by drowning, caused by the insufficient construction of the slip."

MANY VESSELS SUNK.

Port de France, Island of Martinique, Aug. 8.—A cyclone struck La Pointe a Pitre, Island of Guadeloupe yesterday at 11 a.m. The storm lasted until 2:30 p.m.

To Be Burned in Public.

W. O. Waggoner, Formerly an Agnostic, Will Consign His Library to the Flames.

(Associated Press.)
Toledo, Ohio, Aug. 8.—On the evening of August 15th, in the middle of the street in front of the Memorial United Brethren Church, in this city, the elegantly bound volumes which compose the library of Marshal O. Waggoner, formerly one of the most pronounced agnostics in the world, will be burned. He was recently converted to Christianity and made a public declaration of faith a few weeks ago and became a member of the United Brethren church. The library in question is valued at several thousand dollars. Nearly every author of any note, who wrote in defence of infidelity and agnosticism, found a place for his works in Mr. Waggoner's library.

The Czar's Scheme

Russia's Foreign Minister Urges a Franco-German Reconciliation

(Associated Press.)
London, Aug. 9.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing regarding the mission of M. Delcasse, French minister of foreign affairs, who now is in Russia, says: "I learn from a good source M. Delcasse, in his conference with the Russian foreign minister, failed in his endeavor to strengthen the Franco-Russian alliance by pleading Russia's colonial policy on a basis of absolute solidarity with that of France. Count Muraviev approves, and even urges, a Franco-German rapprochement."

"Nothing was arranged about the Czar's visit to Paris during the exposition."

M. Delcasse will not stop at Berlin on his way home."

TROOPS DESERT THEIR LEADER.

And Join the Revolutionists in Santo Domingo—Jimenez's Army Reinforced.

(Associated Press.)
Cape Haytien, Aug. 9.—General Francisco Liriano, sent from Monte Christi by the Dominican government, to attack General Ramon Pacheco at Dajabon, headquarters of the revolutionists, was abandoned when he arrived in front of the army, by his troops, who, without firing a shot, deserted and entered the camp of General Pacheco.

The advance posts of the latter are at Lasagus, and the revolutionists are masters of fords across the river Yaque, thus cutting off communication between Monte Christi and the interior.

The forces of Don Juan Isidore Jimenez, leader of the revolution, are being argument every day, and news from all parts of the Dominican republic is favorable to him.

SMALLPOX ON A LINER.

(Associated Press.)
New York, Aug. 8.—The Red Star line steamer Kensington, which arrived this morning from Antwerp with 114 cabin and 263 steerage passengers, is detained in quarantine by a case of smallpox in the steerage. The patient is a boy 14 years of age.

MINISTER'S REWARD.

(Associated Press.)
Paris, Aug. 8.—Emperor William has conferred upon Count von Munster, German ambassador here, the title of prince, in recognition of his service as head of the German delegation to the Peace Conference at the Hague.

STARVING PEASANTS KILLED.

Vienna, Aug. 8.—According to the Neue Presse the peasants of portions of Bessarabia (a government of Russia bounded on the south by the Danube and the Black Sea) have revolted, being driven desperate by famine. Troops, it is added, have been sent there, and several encounters have taken place. A score of peasants have already been killed, and many more have been wounded.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune says the Georgia melon growers have crossed the fruit with the ground, to make the rind harder for shipping purposes, but have thus greatly injured the flavor.

NOT THE TREE.

When disease has become chronic and deep seated it is often difficult to cure it. That is the reason why it is best to take Hood's Sassafras when disease first shows itself—in pimples, badsores, indigestion, or other troubles which tell of liver or kidney. This great medicine regulates the whole system. It never disappoints.

HOOD'S PILLS are the favorite family cathartic.

Still Booming.

Trade of the Dominion Has Exceeded Last Year by \$15,000,000.

Duty From Preferential Tariff Amounted to \$5,884,861-Prorogation.

(Special to the Times.) Ottawa, August 9.—The Privileges and Elections Committee presented its report to parliament to-day. It merely submitted evidence.

Prorogation will take place to-morrow night or Friday. The statement prepared by the Customs Department shows that the aggregate trade of the Dominion this year has exceeded that of last year by \$15,000,000. The duty collected was \$25,217,286, and of this amount \$5,884,861 was from preferential tariff.

THE TRIAL OF DREYFUS.

Colonel Jouauste, President of the Court Martial, Examines the Prisoner Regarding the Bordereau.

Rennes, Aug. 7.—After the list of witnesses in the Dreyfus court martial had been called this afternoon the president of the court read M. D'Ormoscheville's bill of indictment of 1894, which he did in a loud voice, Dreyfus, in the meantime, listening unmoved as the old charges against him were read.

Col. Jouauste, president of the court, read the bordereau, and afterward asked: "In 1890 you were at Bourges?" "Yes, my Colonel," Dreyfus replied.

Jouauste.—The 120 break was then being made, and you were in a position to know the construction of the break?" Dreyfus—I knew the principle of it.

Jouauste.—Had you any information respecting its working? Dreyfus—No, I did not know the details, never having worked it.

Jouauste.—The second document of the bordereau relates to mobilization. Had you any knowledge thereof? Dreyfus—I was not in that part of the bureau dealing with mobilization.

Jouauste.—You had to do with transportation. Now, when the regulations concerning the conveying of troops in 1894 were modified there were difficulties in ensuring the transport of troops, and provisions were made which were changed in the following spring. Did you know of these difficulties?

Dreyfus—I had no knowledge of this question in 1894. I had certain documents concerning the provisioning and conveying of troops.

Jouauste.—You had papers in your possession intended for print? Dreyfus—Yes, I sometimes made a mistake in the bureau to which they should be sent.

Jouauste.—You had these papers twice? Dreyfus—I did not have any confidential document.

Jouauste.—You must have known the contents of these documents. Dreyfus—I never asked for them from any one.

Jouauste.—The third document relating to artillery formations. You ought to be acquainted with this matter. Dreyfus—No.

Jouauste.—Major Morin Milon sent you special documents from the 15th to the 26th July, 1894, a month before the date of the bordereau. Dreyfus—I only had incomplete information.

Jouauste.—At the end of 1894 had you knowledge of information sent to Lieut. Bac by the third bureau on the effectiveness of the batteries of the 120 gun? Dreyfus—No.

Jouauste.—What I say is correct. Dreyfus—I turn to the fourth document, a note referring to Madagascar. There are two papers. A corporal, who copied them, saw you pass through his office going to the colonel's room. Dreyfus—I went through occasionally.

Jouauste.—You could have obtained this document from the corporal's desk. Dreyfus—This is not usual.

Jouauste.—No, but it could be done. The copying was finished on the 20th, and the bordereau dates from several days later. Now for the fifth document, the proposed firing manual field artillery. Did you know the contents of the manual? Dreyfus—(Emphatically)—No, never.

Jouauste.—A witness says you communicated it to him. Dreyfus—(vehemently)—No, no.

of broken monologue on my part. I felt that everyone knew of the criminal. I wished to say that I was not the guilty party. I hoped to make it clear that the criminal was not he whom they had before their eyes, and I said: "Lebrun, I will cry aloud my innocence in the face of the people."

Jouauste.—Did you not say: "The minister knows I handed over documents?" Dreyfus—No; if I spoke of a minister who knew I was innocent, I referred to a conversation I previously had with Du Paty de Clam.

Here occurred one of the most dramatic scenes in the examination. Dreyfus, tearfully excited, swayed to and fro for a minute, and then all his pent-up emotion and indignation burst forth, and he cried in a piercing voice, heard throughout the court and even by those standing outside: "It is iniquitous to condemn an innocent man. I never confessed anything, never."

Dreyfus as he uttered these words, raised his right white-gloved hand and vindicated it aloft as if appealing to Heaven to vindicate him.

Rennes, Aug. 8.—The police arrangements in the vicinity of the Lycee were exactly the same as those of yesterday, but not more than a hundred persons gathered for the early hour, 8:30 o'clock, fixed for the opening of the day's proceedings in the trial of Captain Dreyfus.

The prisoner was conducted to the Lycee at 6:15, and exactly the same precautions were observed as yesterday. As soon as Dreyfus was inside the Lycee, however, the police cordons were removed, and the few spectators were allowed to circulate freely around the buildings.

No demonstration was made upon the arrival, on foot, of Maitre Labori or Maitre Demange, counsel for Dreyfus, or of the members of the court martial or of General Chanoiné, formerly minister of justice, who attended the court to give the necessary explanations as to the secret dossier.

The general was accompanied by an officer carrying a leather wallet, in which were M. Chanoiné's papers referring to the dossier, which itself remains in a strong box in a room contiguous to the court room. This strong box is guarded day and night by an officer specially detailed for this duty.

The secret sitting lasted until 11:45, when the court adjourned until to-morrow. The day thus far passed quietly. A much bigger crowd than yesterday assembled in the hope of obtaining a glimpse of Dreyfus during the progress of the trial, which itself remains in a strong box in a room contiguous to the court room.

Paris, Aug. 8.—The Jour to-day says there are grave contradictions in the evidence of General Mercier and former President Cassimir Perier, before the court of general council, and it has massed counsel proposes, when the respective depositions are presented to the court martial, to charge either General Mercier or M. Cassimir Perier with perjury, under articles 122 and 123 of the penal code. Perjury would then occur instantly while the accused was still in the witness box.

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Paris, Aug. 9.—The Politique Coloniale says: "Owing to the Chinese attacks upon the French consulate at Mong Tse, Governor-General Doumer has massed 2,000 European troops in readiness to occupy the whole town. One thousand two hundred men have landed on account of similar trouble at Kwang Chau."

"It is said General Doumer intends to resign unless the government acts decisively."

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that state, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once."

For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

A Montreal dispatch says: G. F. Bell, whose sworn confession that he stole the famous Carranza letter, was published in the Montreal Star, was yesterday acquitted on the charge. He refused to plead either guilty or not guilty, and the magistrate held the evidence adduced did not prove legally that the letter in question had been stolen at all.

"No Eye Like the Master's Eye." You are master of your health, and if you do not attend to duty, the blame is easily located. If your blood is out of order, Hood's Sarsaparilla will purify it.

It is the specific remedy for troubles of the blood, kidneys, bowels or liver. Heart Trouble.—"I had heart trouble for a number of years and different medicines failed to benefit me. I tried Hood's Sarsaparilla and three bottles completely cured me." Maa. C. A. FLEMING, Wash. D. C.

A Safeguard.—"As I had lost five children with diphtheria I gave my remaining two children Hood's Sarsaparilla as they were subject to throat trouble and were not very strong. They are now better and stronger and have not since had a cold." Wm. H. FLOCKER, Pembroke, Ont.

Hood's Pills cure liver ill; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A Series of Surprises

What Montreal Business Men Have to Say About Boundary Country.

They Predict a Bright Future for the Province—Some Mining Notes.

Grand Forks, B. C., Aug. 5.—Frank J. Hart, who has Chas. F. Smith, president of the Montreal Board of Trade, for a travelling companion, has been here for several days. Both are interested in Boundary mining properties, including the Knob Hill, Old Ironsides and Oro Denoro.

Mr. Hart is the senior member of the firm of Hart & Tuckwell, wholesale fruit importers. The Montrealers have expressed themselves as simply amazed at the marvelous development of the country west of Winnipeg and predict a bright future for the Boundary country, especially.

"We left Montreal on the 20th of July," said Mr. Hart, "and came west over the C. P. R. What we saw after leaving Winnipeg proved a perfect revelation. The signs of prosperity are in evidence all along the line. We found a 'va' country."

Undergoing Rapid Development by a contented and happy people. "Yancouver greatly impressed us, and is an eye opener to every new comer from the east. We also found Victoria to be a beautiful city, and greatly admired its public structures, including the parliament buildings.

"We thoroughly enjoyed the sail down the Arrow Lakes to Robson. The rapid growth of Rossland is due exclusively to its mines, several of which we visited. Rossland is a great camp. The natural park in the world. We saw over steep hills alternating with a rolling country proved both novel and agreeable. Between Russell and Cascade we traversed a region that forms the finest natural park in the world. We came expecting surprises, but

Were Simply Astonished to find so large a town, considering its few years existence and its hitherto comparative remoteness from railway transportation. The city is delightfully situated in a valley whose equal I never visited. There is no question about the future. Builders and the progress made at the smelter site. The grading is about completed, and the work has been started on the smelter stack.

"Restless activity," Mr. Hart seems to be the dominant characteristic of the people of the Boundary country. "I cannot find words to describe the beauty of our beautiful Kettle river valley. I could scarcely credit that the soil yielded 60 bushels of oats to the acre, while the growth of hay certainly exceeds the crop in the east. I know something about

Fruit and Vegetables, and was not quite prepared for such prolific yields obtained by the ranchers. I am quite familiar with the Ontario fruit belt, but I never saw anything to equal the Kettle river valley. The orchards look well. I have arranged to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once."

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of the shaft is all in ore. The values range from 20 to 30 per cent. in copper. A local syndicate, composed of H. N. Galer, of the Granby smelter; Alex. Miller, manager of the Merchant's Bank of Halifax; G. M. Frigg and J. W. Jones, has secured a sixty-day option on six adjoining claims situated near the Winnipeg mine in Wellington camp. The property was never under option before, and though little developed, shows up six promising leads. One of them has four feet of shipping ore near the surface. Ten men are at work.

The management of the Rathmillen mine in Summit camp has given E. M. Aldrich, the well known mechanical engineer, an order for

A Five-Drill Compressor Plant. A contract will be let next week for sinking the main shaft on the Maple Leaf one hundred feet. At a depth of 68 feet the ledge in the 80 ft. tunnel is 20 feet wide. About 6 feet of this is shipping ore. Recent assays ranged from \$28 to \$41.88 in gold per ton.

The grading of the smelter site was completed this week, and the grading of the site for the mill flume will be finished in a few days. Carpenters have completed the work of framing the material for the carpenter shop and planing mill, and are now getting out the framing for the machine shop. The heavy timbers for the smelter proper are now being sawed. The Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, of Pittsburg, Pa., has been awarded the contract for supplying the electric plant. It will comprise two alternating current generators of 150 K. W., equivalent to 231 h.p. capacity each. This will furnish

The Main Power. The generators will connect direct with 250 h. p. turbine water wheels. A thirty h. p. direct current generator forming a lighting plant has also been purchased. It will be connected with a water wheel.

The power to operate the pumps, which will have a capacity of several million gallons a day, will be taken from a water wheel drive.

Supt. A. B. W. Hodges says that the electric plant will be of the most improved type.

Rossland is becoming more enthusiastic every day over the rapid progress in tapping the ore body in Volcanic mountain, on the north fork of Kettle river, eleven miles from Grand Forks. The shaft is now at a point 1,300 feet below the summit, is now in 540 feet, and the two shafts are making three feet every twenty-four hours. Mr. Brown is greatly encouraged by the constant improving condition of the formation encountered in the tunnel.

ASSOCIATED BOARDS Work of the Convention at Rossland Accomplished—Successful Meeting—Some of the Resolutions.

(Rossland Miner, Aug. 6.) The Associated Boards of Trade of Eastern British Columbia has concluded its labors, and the delegates have all left for their respective homes very well satisfied with the results of the first convention. Yesterday morning the visitors were taken over the Centre Star mine, and at 1 o'clock Mr. Aldridge drove the party to Trail to inspect the Canadian smelter, and afterwards the visitors, with one or two exceptions, went off on the afternoon train. Mr. Duncan Ross returned, as he came over the Dewdney trail, and Mr. J. G. Bevanstoke, has been visiting friends in town.

The convention has admittedly been very successful. Many important questions affecting the mining and business interests of the community have been discussed, and aptly-worded resolutions have been passed. It is worthy of note that with one exception, all the resolutions passed were unanimously agreed to, and the delegates were keenly entered into, all of the proceedings were of a most harmonious character.

The separate Boards of Trade throughout southeastern British Columbia came all to the convention, and the results of the convention's action on many of the matters passed on.

During the Friday evening session the special committee composed of Messrs. Dalrymple, Fletcher, Hain and Hickey, reported the following resolutions, and in each case they were endorsed by the association.

"Whereas, owing to the rapid development of the mineral resources, towns and cities have sprung into prominence in Kootenay and Yale districts, and whereas the provincial government has failed to afford these towns and cities such facilities as the transaction of public and court business as well as their mining, legal and general business demands. Be it resolved that in the opinion of this association special effort should be made by the provincial government in providing such government offices and officers and sittings of the supreme and county courts as are required to expedite the mining and legal business of the cities referred to, and the mineral regions tributary thereto.

"Whereas the population and wealth of the districts of Yale and Kootenay have been advancing by leaps and bounds in the past few years, and whereas several towns have in that time developed into important residential centres, and others are constantly being added to the list, and whereas the lack of such educational facilities as is to be obtained in places of similar size in the older settled sections of the Dominion, or in the adjoining state of Washington, greatly militate against securing or retaining the better class of residents for such towns. Therefore, be it resolved, that at least one high school should be provided for the district, to be located at the point which can show the most qualified pupils; and

"Be it further resolved that the provincial government should hereafter provide appropriations for the maintenance of the common schools of these districts commensurate with the constantly increasing school population.

"Whereas, great inconvenience is experienced in determining the location of unoccupied lands in the outlying districts of the province; Be it resolved that the government be requested to furnish a map of each district showing the position of such lands. A copy of said map to be on exhibition in the government office of each district, and to be kept correct and up to date.

"Whereas, the provincial government aids in the construction and maintenance

of roads to mines whenever such roads are situated outside the incorporated limits of any city or town; Therefore be it resolved, that whenever mines paying royalty on output are situated within the incorporated limits of any city, 20 per cent. of said royalty should be paid over to such municipality by the provincial government to aid in the construction and maintenance of roads to mines within the limits of such municipality. Whereas, this association is desirous of recording its appreciation of the government's action in locating and erecting a land registry office at Nelson, this association would at the same time urge upon the government the necessity of extending this system of erecting local registry offices to other districts in order to facilitate the large increase of transfers of property. The want of such facilities at present greatly retarding the transaction of business in the outlying districts of Kootenay and Yale.

"That it is the opinion of this association that the government establish a school of mines at some central point in the districts of Kootenay or Yale.

"Whereas, it having been brought to the notice of this association that owners of mineral claims have of late been compelled on the demand of the government inspector to pay a royalty upon all timber cut upon crown-granted mineral claims, whether such timber has been used for mining purposes or otherwise; Be it resolved, that in the opinion of this association, such action upon the part of the government is an infringement upon the rights granted to owners of mineral claims under the provisions of the mineral act, and is calculated to work a hardship upon companies or individuals developing mineral claims, and the same should be discontinued.

"Whereas, the question has lately been raised as to the absolute rights of holders of mineral claims to purchase the surface rights of such claims; Be it resolved, that the right of the holder of a mineral claim to purchase the surface rights thereof shall become absolute upon his obtaining a crown grant therefor.

"Whereas, it is the opinion of this board that very serious harm has resulted in the past from the frequency with which at short notice the mining laws of this province have been subjected to far-reaching changes by the provincial legislature; Be it therefore resolved that this board respectfully suggest to the government whenever any changes in the mineral laws are contemplated to give early notice of their intention to do so, in such manner that these portions of the province vitally interested in mining, may have time to consider and make due representations concerning the proposed changes before the same are brought before the local legislature.

"Whereas, this association regrets that the minister of railways has been unable to secure the passage of such legislation in reference to the location of stations along the lines of government owned railways in course of construction; Be it therefore resolved, that in the opinion of this association, the subject of the location of stations by railway companies should receive the immediate and earnest attention of the minister of railways and calls for early legislation.

"Whereas, it is extremely desirable that this province should be properly represented in London, and whereas the grant for this purpose is inadequate; Therefore, be it resolved that this convention respectfully suggest that the provincial government should immediately appoint a representative to the London agency in London on a more satisfactory footing, by appropriating not less than \$25,000 annually for this purpose, by appointing a properly paid agent-general and by securing an office in the business heart of London."

A special committee was appointed to memorialize the government upon the eight hour law.

A short session of the executive committee was held yesterday.

The minutes of the convention will be printed and distributed at once.

TO THE DEAF.—A rich lady, cured of her Deafness and Noise in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, which she used to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Apply to Department N. N., The Institute, "Longcott," Gunpowery, London, W., England.

Reports from all sections of Pennsylvania show that snakes are more plentiful than they have been for many years, and quite a number of persons have been attacked by the serpents.

One of a healthy woman's principal charms is her vivacity of carriage—the dainty, lively, sprightly steps with which she walks. The woman who suffers from weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organization, who is troubled with back-aches, stitches in the sides, dragging down or burning sensations, sick headaches and the multitude of other ills that accompany these disorders, cannot have the dainty, bounding carriage of a healthy woman. She will show in every movement that she is a sufferer.

There is a wonderful medicine for troubles of this description, that has stood the test for thirty years, and has been used successfully by many thousands of women. It is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned and makes them strong, healthy and vigorous. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. It tones and builds up the nerves. It is the skillful specialist for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. This is one of the greatest medical institutions in the world. During the thirty years that Dr. Pierce has been at its head he has gained the unbounded respect of his fellow citizens at Buffalo, and they showed it by making him their representative in the National Congress, from which he has resigned to give the remainder of his life to the practice of his chosen profession. He will cheerfully answer, free of charge, any letters written to him by suffering women. Address, as above.

"A few years ago," writes Mrs. W. K. Bates, of Delaware, Ohio, "I took Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which has been a great benefit to me. I am in excellent health now. I hope that every woman, who is troubled with 'women's ills,' will try the 'Prescription' and be benefited as I have been."

Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

An Informal Meeting

Board of Works Discusses Minor Matters Regarding the Croft Scheme.

An Option To Be Granted to Mr. Henry Croft Until January 1st.

Sitting at the board of works this morning and board of aldermen last evening had a very informal discussion of several points affecting the Croft scheme for the reclamation of the James Bay flats, as a preliminary to granting Mr. Croft, who was in attendance, an option upon the lease until January 1st. These seemed but few matters upon which Mr. Croft desired further information, and these were speedily disposed of, the meeting ending before nine o'clock, even after some time had been taken up in the discussion of other matters of interest only to the council.

Ald. Williams, Cameron and Beckwith were the absentees, City Solicitor Burn and City Clerk Dowler being in attendance and the Mayor presiding.

The first subject brought up was suggested by a letter received from Major Williams regarding the sending of a rifle team to Ottawa, and although the board could not dispose of it, his worship wished to obtain an expression of opinion in regard to it. The letter contained a request that the city subscribe \$10,000 towards defraying the cost of transportation of the fourth man, Sergeant M. Dougall, it is intended to send to represent the city in the Canadian competition for the rifle team. An unanimous desire was expressed to have the rifle sent, and the aldermen individually said they would favor the money being found. This was laid over until another more convenient season.

Ald. Brydon again sprung the question of street sprinkling, complaining that the North Ward is being neglected by the sprinkling carts. He also complained of the sprinkler being an annoyance to those who attended St. Andrew's Presbyterian church on Sunday evening when it is filled up at the hydrant the same as on week days. The driver will be instructed to commence watering on Sunday night at 10 o'clock, so as to remove the annoyance complained of. As to the neglect of North Ward roads, considerable talk ensued, but nothing was done.

Mr. Croft was then called upon, and he prefaced his few remarks with the joke of the evening, expressing the hope that the aldermen would not throw as much cold water on the scheme he is interested in as they have been throwing even on the streets, whereupon the aldermen smiled broadly and settled down in good humor to hear what Mr. Croft had to say. If he expected much they were disappointed, as he transpired had only a few unimportant matters to mention, and they were soon satisfactorily dealt with.

The first was whether the city owned a portion of the land at the southeast corner of the bridge, which is practically a huge rock, and Mr. Croft was informed that if the city has not the title to it, all that is required is the proclamation of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to that effect.

Then there was the matter of the hotel license held by the property on the corner. It will be an inducement to those who are asked to invest in the undertaking to have a license, but no assurance could be given by the board to this effect, it being a matter to be dealt with by the license commissioners.

Then Mr. Croft asked whether it would be necessary to obtain an act from the legislature enabling the council to grant a lease for fifty years. The mayor said he thought there would be no difficulty about that, and of course the lease would be granted unless the council has the definite right to grant it.

Then came a suggestion from Mr. Croft to the effect that it might have been better to have left the option of the purchase of a permanent causeway with the bridge. Some of the aldermen agreed in this, it being said that the ratepayers would prefer to see the more substantial permanent way.

Some discussion ensued as to the possible cost of expropriating the property along Humboldt street, and figures were quoted, but not published, at the request of Mr. Croft.

Permission was given by the Dominion government for the dredging of the harbor; the disposal of a stream coming past St. Ann's convent and flowing into the harbor; the possession of a strip of land to the west of the present bridge; and some other matters were discussed, but were not of sufficient interest for publication.

Incidentally Mr. Croft mentioned a nuisance created by the sewage from the barracks flowing into the harbor and offending residents within the city limits, and the promise was made that the council will refer the matter to the provincial board of health.

Finally it was agreed that the board will recommend to the council at the next meeting to instruct the city solicitor to prepare an option in favor of Mr. Croft, and the meeting ended.

NO SUFFERING IN CAMP. From DREAD CATARRH.—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Kills the Disease Germ and Cures the Distressed Parts—Relieves in Ten Minutes.

Aif. Leblant, of St. Jerome, Quebec, says he used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder for an acute case of catarrh in the head and it cured him. He has 125 men working under him in the lumbering camp, and what it has done for him it has done for many of them. He buys it for camp use and pins his faith to it as the quickest reliever for colds in the head, and surest cure for catarrh. Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

War Is Not

The Transvaal Is All Absorbing London

Feeling Is That H. not Be Much Avoided

Shipping Companies Have Transport Carry Troops

Uitlanders Are Fleeing Johannesburg—Boat Front

(Associated Press.) Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 10.—The Transvaal situation is not so serious as it was reported to be. The one absorbing Transvaal situation at coming daily more firm war can settle the question of this settlement is not so serious as it was reported to be.

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The steamer Dunera to be in readiness on a detachment of horse Africa.

Excitement in London, Aug. 10.—The Government has prorogued Parliament and Mr. Chamberlain's resignation is expected to be announced to-day.

Some little talk took place regarding the sidewalks, the laying of which some time ago had been referred to the city engineer, who now asks instructions. This was laid over until another more convenient season.

Ald. Brydon again sprung the question of street sprinkling, complaining that the North Ward is being neglected by the sprinkling carts. He also complained of the sprinkler being an annoyance to those who attended St. Andrew's Presbyterian church on Sunday evening when it is filled up at the hydrant the same as on week days.

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Formal Meeting

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Cameron and Beckwith sees. City Solicitor Brad- Clerk Dowling being in at- mayor presiding. er brought up was sug- gered the sending of the tawa, and although the dispose of it, his worship expression of opin- it. The letter contained the city subscribe \$100 the cost of transporta- th man, Sergeant Mc- intended to send to re- in the Canadian competi- \$50 being found in the tion. An unanimous de- to have the rifle shot- dermen individually said the money being found, rnal settled at Mon-

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War Is Not Far Off

The Transvaal Situation the All Absorbing Topic in London.

Feeling Is That Hostilities Can- not Be Much Longer Avoided.

Shipping Companies Ordered to Have Transports Ready to Carry Troops.

Uitlanders Are Fleeing From Johannesburg-Boers on Na- tal Frontier.

(Associated Press.) Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 10.-A special dispatch to the Evening News from London says: "The one absorbing topic to-day is the Transvaal situation, and the belief becoming daily more firm that nothing but war can settle the question, and that this settlement is not far off."

Ready to Sail. London, Aug. 10.-The St. James Gazette this afternoon says all the shipping companies under charter to the British Admiralty for transport purposes have been notified to hold their transports in reserve for the immediate despatch of troops.

The steamer Dunera has been ordered to be in readiness on Saturday to take a detachment of horse artillery to South Africa. Excitement in London. London, Aug. 10.-It is recognized that the Government has a free hand now. Parliament is prorogued and that Lord Salisbury and Mr. Chamberlain are only waiting for the fiducian of parliamentary restraint before launching into a warlike policy.

This was foreseen by public men, hence the House of Commons was not surprised at the moment Mr. Chamberlain's frank suggestion yesterday that the Government was ready for an appeal to arms if the Transvaal should remain stubborn in its refusal to accept the proposal as to a joint inquiry into the franchise question.

In the lobby, after the session closed, the balance of opinion was that the Boers were courting a conflict and Kruger need not be expected to back down at this moment. This conclusion heightened the spirit of Unbusiness and Excitement which has since been communicated to newspapers and the public, so that London is in a flutter with the expectation of war.

What points more than anything else to the conclusion that the Boers are in deadly earnest is the passage by the House of Commons of the bill for the amendment to the constitution whereby, in the event of war, the President is empowered to make conscripts of all inhabitants, irrespective of race. This is interpreted as a note of sheet defiance.

Cablegrams from Johannesburg bring news that Uitlanders are fleeing from the Transvaal in such numbers that yesterday the railway could not cope with the exodus from the town. Many fugitives have taken to the plains with wagons and oxen, and are travelling towards the frontier of Rhodesia, while others are making for the Orange Free State. They feel all is ripe for war, and the one wish is to escape.

The Alternative of Fighting for the Boers of being shot down as traitors for refusing. The fighting force of the Boers is estimated at 17,000 men, mostly infantry and splendidly equipped artillery. There are no better soldiers in the world, and no better marksmen.

At this time a strong force is known to be stationed along the Vaal river and opposite Newcastle on the Natal frontier. There are only five battalions of British troops in Natal and these are gradually being moved up to Newcastle. It is not thought, however, the Boers will attempt to invade the colony. The great numbers of British Indian transport service would enable her to pour 2,000 soldiers into the enemy's country within three weeks.

For the protection of the Natal frontier there is already a strong garrison at Ladysmith, which is near Mafjuba hill, about six hours by rail from the Transvaal frontier. In addition to the regu- lars there are 3,000 available fighting men of the mounted police and volunteer corps.

Mr. Chamberlain has gone home to Highbury, where he is in constant tele- phonic communication with the rest of the official world.

FIGHTING RESUMED. McArthur's Force Defeats a Large Number of Filipinos Near San Fernando-American Losses-Twenty Killed and Wounded.

SAD ACCIDENT AT NANAIMO. Mrs. Galloway Thrown From a Buggy and Expires a Few Hours Later. (Special to the Times.) Nanaimo, Aug. 10.-While driving in a buggy to Alexandria mines yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Galloway and her son were thrown over a large bluff. The boy's injuries are slight, but Mrs. Galloway, who had just recovered from a long illness and was on a visit to her sons at Alexan- dria, died from her injuries in a few hours.

The deceased was about 54 years of age and had been a resident of Nanaimo for nearly thirty-five years. She leaves a family of eight children. John Dick, the manager of the Alexandria mines, and Archie Dick, late inspector of mines for British Columbia, are brothers of deceased. Mrs. Samuel Price is a sister. The funeral takes place from the family residence, Nanaimo, on Friday.

THE RAILWAY WRECK. One of the Injured Expires in the Hospi- tal To-Day-Deaths Number Eight. (Special to the Times.) Ottawa, Aug. 10.-Another name has been added to the list of deaths in the Canada Atlantic railway wreck. Con- tract Rocheleau, a boy 8 years of age, died in the Water Street Hospital to-day. This makes 8 deaths.

Hundreds Drowned. West Indies Visited by a Terrible Cyclone-Great Loss of Life. Towns and Villages Destroyed-Many Persons Homeless Dis- tress Among Survivors.

(Associated Press.) Ponce, Aug. 10.-A hurricane struck here at 8 o'clock on Tuesday morning and lasted until 3 p.m. The rivers overflowed, flooding the town. It is estimated 200 persons were drowned. The port is a total wreck. It is be- lieved the damage done will amount to over \$50,000.

No news has been received from the interior since the storm broke. Kingston, Jamaica, Aug. 10.-A Turk's Island report states the cyclone passed away during the night after doing trif- ling damage. The centre of the distur- bance is apparently proceeding northwest towards the American coast.

St. Thomas, W.I., Aug. 10.-The island of Montserrat (British West Indies) was completely devastated by a hurricane on Monday. Churches and villages were de- stroyed, and nearly a hundred persons were killed. In addition many were in- jured and rendered homeless, and there is terrible distress.

SAT AGAIN IN SECRET. M. M. Chanoin and Palcouge Give Testi- mony Before the Dreyfus Court War- riant at Rennes.

(Associated Press.) Rennes, Aug. 10.-The members of the Dreyfus court martial to-day took the testimony of M. M. Chanoin and Pal- couge. The former was examined from 6:30 to 9:30, and the latter was on the stand from 9:30 to 11:45 a.m. when the court adjourned until to-morrow, when it will conclude the examination of the se- cret dossier. Colonel Jouhaux, president of the court martial, on leaving the court to-day said a public session would take place on Saturday.

FRANCO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE. The Two Countries Will Follow an Identical Policy on Arbitral Ques- tions. (Associated Press.) London, Aug. 10.-The Paris corres- pondent of the Daily News, says M. Delescaux's visit to St. Petersburg will result in the addition of certain stipu- lations to the treaty alliance, the object of which is to enable France and Rus- sia to follow an identical policy on arbi- tral questions which may arise.

THE CAROLINE ISLANDS. Madrid, Aug. 10.-A despatch from Manila reports that the despatch boat Alava has sailed to take possession of the Caroline Islands.

CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH. (Associated Press.) Jackson, La., Aug. 10.-Five negro chil- dren were burned to death on McCowan's plantation near this place last night. The parents locked them up in their house and attended church, and on their re- turn the charred remains of the little ones were found.

REVOLT SPREADING. (Associated Press.) Port Au Prince, Hayti, Aug. 10.-The latest news from Santo Domingo says the revolutionary movement is extending and the province of Vega is in arms. It is impossible to obtain any details here. This city is calm.

AGAIN REMANDED. (Associated Press.) London, Aug. 10.-Mrs. Wm. V. Perot, of Baltimore, charged with abducting her daughter Gladys, was again remanded at Bow street police court to-day until Tues- day, ball being allowed as previously.

THE KAISER'S VISIT. (Associated Press.) London, Aug. 10.-The Emperor William will visit the Queen at Windsor Castle in November, remaining a week.

Captured By Indians

White Woman Taken Prisoner and Flogged, but Afterwards Released

Mexican Soldiers Defeat the Ya- quis With the Loss of Sev- eral Killed.

(Associated Press.) Chicago, Aug. 10.-A special to the Tribune from the City of Mexico says: "The state troops had another en- counter with the Yaquis near Medano, defeating them with the loss of several killed. The state troops did not lose a man, but Lieutenant Francisco Galles died from sunstroke during a forced march to overtake the Indians.

"Further details have been received of the attack on the sloop Alondra and Luisa near Medano, when young Aurelio Parades was killed. The Indians captured the wife of the captain of the Alondra and two boys, and took them away. At the first camp they tied up and flogged the woman to try and get information of the forces and num- ber of men at Medano, and then turned all three loose in the brush. The woman says the insurgents have in- fantry and cavalry, but she could not say what their number was.

"The Indians have retired from Bacun and are supposed to be in the neighbourhood of the coast near Toluca, or Totabiate, but has been confirmed. "The Indians will shortly be attacked near Vicam."

Raids By Yaquis. City of Mexico, Aug. 10.-The Eighth Battalion of Infantry has left here for Sonora to join the troops engaged in the Yaqui campaign. No apprehension is felt here of the revolt spreading to the Indians outside the campaign in the mountains, and in fact, the whole af- fair has reduced itself to mere raids by the Yaquis, who are armed with Remington repeating rifles. There are probably not over 600 Indians in re- volt, and the campaign against them will be sharply pushed. The main body of Yaquis appear contained.

There is some apprehension lest the Americans engaged ranching near the scene of the Indian raids may be at- tacked. Troops will be employed to protect them.

News From the North

Steamer Alpha Reaches Port- She Brings \$200,000. in Gold. Many People Leaving Dawson -Rich Finds in the Forty Mile District.

Steamer Alpha, Capt. Warren, reached port last evening from the north with 135 passengers, most of whom were from Dawson, and \$200,000 in gold. Pursuer Gray has \$40,000 in his safe. The principal owners were Owen Batseloff, George Kenny and O. Lendell. The first named is the owner of 26 below on Bonanza. George Kenny claims is the second below that of the Count. The Anderson brothers of Seattle were also among the rich ones. They have spent four years in the northland and were among the first to locate in the Klondike district.

The Alpha left Skagway on Friday last. On her way down the boat had a trying time in Seymour narrows. She caught the tide when it was high, and it was all her engines could do for some time to give her headway.

The Dawsonians left the Klondike capital on the steamer Gold Star on the 20th July. They report a great exodus from the mining country. The Dawson Miner of July 21st, telling of the closing of the Novelty theatre, says: "In several thousand people who have left for the outside, all with bags of various sizes, are beginning to be missed. Of course there are enough people left-to many, in fact-but the majority of those miss- ing in the country are people who have been without employment during the past winter, consequently they have no money to spend in pleasure resorts, and there were too many places of this kind for those who had money to support.

Quite a number of Dawson people, ac- cording to one of the late arrivals, are fishing for salmon for the Dawson mar- ket. Quite a fleet of salmon fishers are now seen nightly dragging the Yukon. The fish, while not equal to those of the British Columbia Inlets, are of a fine red fleshed variety, and in good con- dition, weighing from ten to forty pounds each. They were at first sold for 75 cents per pound, but so many are now being offered that the price has gone down to five cents per pound.

Many good reports have been reaching Dawson of late from the Forty Mile dis- trict, says the Yukon Sun of June 25th. Wade creek is showing up to expecta- tions, and Porter is now giving much promise for the future. Wade is exhib- iting \$300 in coarse gold and nuggets from that creek. He says there are nineteen paying creeks in the district and that other new creeks are being prospected and new pay struck continually. The greater part of the diggings there are summer propositions, although muca work was done last winter. It is con- fidently expected by many that the great- est bonanza will be made on what is called Wad- ley creek, some 35 miles back of that place. No particulars have been re-

ceived as yet. The creek is supposed to be a tributary of Selwyn river. Joe Kinney, an engineer on No. 27 above Bonanza, was severely injured on Saturday, July 22nd, when a beam broke and his head cut and lacerated. Mr. Kinney was cleaning his engine with a piece of waste and this caught in the belt, drawing in his arm and hurling him into the machinery, with sufficient force to cut and bruise his head. Dr. Rogers was called from Grand Forks and dressed the injured man's wounds, and he was now getting along nicely. The Gold Star left Dawson.

Five of the Yukoner's crew held for trial at the next term of the Territorial Court are still in jail at Dawson for want of bail in the sum of \$2,000 each. They are: Captain Larson, First Mate Franc, Second Mate Hickey, Purser Cunningham and Jackson. The charge is piracy, or some equally heinous of- fence.

The Dawson Miner of July 25, re- ceived by the Alpha, says: "There is one band of 150 pack animals now en route to Dawson, besides several smaller bunches. Many claims that have been giving employment to large crews of men have shut down for want of water, cut- ting off a share of the work. Horses that would have readily sold for \$250 five weeks ago are now only worth a weak market at half that price.

Telegraph offices have been opened at the following stations for the reception and transmission of telegrams: Bennett, B. C.; Caribou, N. C.; Crow, N. C.; Tagish, N. W. T.; White Horse, N. W. T.; Lower Lebarge, N. W. T.; Hoota- lina, N. W. T.

There are now about 1,000 head of sheep being pastured near Dawson. A money order department has been opened at the Dawson post office. From some of the passengers of the Alpha it is learned that a man named S. S. Yvencen, lying in hospital at A. L. Taylor's, with a rifle bullet in his right lung as the result of an accident on July 27th.

From Dawson comes the news that Colonel Steele has given a distinct con- fession of the statement that work on the claims on Sundays will be forbid- den. The following, taken in conjunction with the statements made by Mr. Hans Hegeisen, M. P. P., in another column of this issue of the Times, will be of interest. It is clipped from a Dawson paper: "The reported copper strike near White Horse rapids is creating no little excitement here. One or two claims have been bonded for large sums, and if this vein of copper shows up as re- ported, there will be a railroad in op- eration before snow flies. The distance through from Bennett is but 38 miles according to a late survey made, and the promoters feel very confident that on a proper showing being made in Ot- tawa, a charter would be granted with- out delay."

SCURVY SUFFERERS. Some Recent Deaths at Glenora-The Story of a Traveller by the Edmon- ton Trail.

Among those who landed in Victoria from the Queen last night is O. Reid, of Calgary, who is at the Victoria. Mr. Reid attempted to make Dawson, in company with his brother, over the Edmonton trail. They started first in August, 1897, but upset their canoe on Athabasca lake, and returned to Edmon- ton in the spring of last year.

The brothers, although they were 18 months on the road, do not complain of the hardships experienced, although they subsisted for six weeks on beans and rice. They were never ill, and they, however, and were obliged to give away a great deal of their supply of food and blankets.

They prospected on Mnd and Highland rivers, but without success, and reached Glenora in time to catch a boat down to Waganal. Mr. Reid says that sufferers from the Edmonton trail are arriving every week, and are being cared for by the Hudson's Bay Company. There were about 12 sufferers from scurvy and frozen feet there.

He reports a number of deaths there recently. A man named Ford died at Glenora from scurvy two days before he left. He had come in from Francis lake, and was a former resident of Kansas City.

A man named Ford died on the Dease trail in July. A German named Valde- mar Winterlake was found in his cabin on Hay mountain in April, while in June a man, whose name was not ascertained, was drowned by the capsizing of his canoe on Francis river. In April a loaded toboggan was found on Dease lake, and a hole in the ice immediately in front of it told only too surely the fate of some unknown traveller. Mr. Reid says he can spend his money at home without wasting it on any more trips on that interminable trail.

DOUBLE MURDER AND SUICIDE. Canton, Ohio, August 9.-The bodies of Edward Eckinger, his wife and their three-year-old daughter, were to-day found lying on a bed in the Eckinger dwelling, three miles from here. Mrs. Eckinger seemingly had shot her husband and daughter with a shotgun and committed suicide. They had quarrelled frequently, and had agreed to a separation that was to have been su- per to-day.

Steamship Connection

The Council of the Board of Trade Discuss Improvements in Transportation Services.

Many Other Subjects of Import- ance to Merchants Under Discussion.

A meeting of the council of the Board of Trade was held last evening. Pres- ident McQuade was in the chair and Messrs. Renouf, F. C. Davidge, G. A. Kirk, J. J. Shallcross, D. R. Ker, Simon Leiser, C. A. Holland and T. W. Pat- terson were present.

After discussing the issuance of the annual report and deciding to call for tenders for the printing of 3,000 copies, a letter was received from Lieut.-Col. Errol referring to the housing of perishable goods, which are now held as untable at Skagway. The letter follows:

Ottawa, Aug. 10, 1899. To the President and Members B. C. Board of Trade, Victoria, B. C. Gentlemen,-I beg to say that I again want to use customary department to-day to see if I could get any further informa- tion in regard to what the government are doing about the complaint you sent in re the U. S. charging duty on perish- able goods going into the Yukon.

I find that the customs are now in correspondence with the American au- thorities, and from what I am told I do not charge duty on these shipments. They (the U. S.) are now allowing fruit and other perishable goods to be shipped to Montreal and Toronto from Bermuda and other ports via New York, and they do not charge duty on them either.

Neither does Montreal charge duty on fruit, etc., going into the United States. It is impossible for me to get any other forces to work than I have already done, and I am afraid our merchants in Vic- toria and Vancouver will have to put up with the duty till the government comes to some terms with the U. S.

I am afraid, however, the U. S. are holding this over our heads as a threat. I have the honor to be, sir, Your obedient servant, EDW. GAWLOR PRIOR.

Simon Leiser, in discussing the letter, said the railway company was compelling shippers to pay the freight and duty in advance. When E. C. Hawkins, the general manager of the railway, was here, Mr. Leiser spoke to him on this point, and Mr. Hawkins said the only thing he could do was to give the mer- chants here the privilege of shipping on guaranteeing the payment of freight and duty. A duty is being paid on all perish- able goods going in, and Mr. Leiser said it is an outrage. The American officials are doing this and all else they can to endeavor to force the trade to the Sound customs office, and Mr. Leiser said he will not allow anyone to carry goods from San Francisco for shipment into Alaska from here in a British boat.

Speaking of the American steamers running to Alaska, Mr. Leiser said that after passing Mary Island the bar is kept closed in American waters. On the way down it is also kept closed until Mary Island is passed, and then the bar be- gins to do business, selling in Canadian waters the liquor which never pays any Canadian duties. As to the troubles at Skagway, the railway people were not causing the trouble, it is the American officials, who, in their bitterness against Canada, are doing all they can to cause trouble.

The customs house charges there are high are due to the way they pile up the bills. Mr. Simon Leiser gave an in- stance of this, where on a small shipment of potatoes and onions he was called upon to pay \$27. There were ware stamps, invoice fees, custom house fees and many other things to pay for. Many merchants find that the only way to get freight through quickly is to "grease" the officials.

A committee of Simon Leiser and J. R. Ker was chosen to draw up representa- tions to Ottawa, showing the difficul- ties thrown in the way of Canadian trade, and asking the establishment of some remedial course.

The C.P.N. Co. wrote in regard to a complaint about their vessels on the northern route, saying the complainant who had written to the Board of Trade had been misinformed. Their steamers were giving good service. The letter was referred to the navigation committee of the board.

Mr. Shallcross, taking the letter for his text, said many things about steamboat connections. He said he was not hos- tile to the C.P.N. Co., but they, in his opinion, did not adopt a sufficiently en- ergetic policy. "Victoria, as a city, de- pends a great deal on her transportation facilities, and improvements in connec- tion with the Mainland, the north and the West Coast should be made. On the Vancouver route, the steamer lands one day in five at the outer wharf. Why should the street cars not run right into the wharf, and the steamer land her pas- sengers there every day. Another propo- sition is put forward by another mem- ber of the board, that of erecting a wharf at Oak Bay. By landing there about half an hour would be saved.

their rails on to the wharf. He said the Mainland boat could save even more time by landing her passengers at Sidney and transferring them to the train.

Mr. Renouf said the committee appointed to look into the ferry between Sidney and Point Roberts would be able to report shortly, and this report would probably be considered by them.

After some further discussion on the northern steamers of the C.P.N. Co., a special committee consisting of Messrs. Shallcross, Davidge, Leiser and Ker was selected to discuss transportation mat- ters with the C.P.N. Co. and report to the board.

A letter was received from the secretary of the Vancouver Board of Trade in re- gard to the business men's excursion to Atlin, saying the matter had been laid on the table until it was ascertained how many members would take part.

The following resolution by the Van- couver Board of Trade was enclosed with the request that it be endorsed: "Whereas on account of the develop- ment which has taken place in the 83- milkmeane mining district, it is desirable that the road from Hope to Princeton should be completed at once, in order to afford better and cheaper communication with the district than at present. The part of the road requiring to be built is about 30 miles, and this board would urge upon the government the desira- bility of affording this assistance to the development of the country."

The resolution was endorsed. The destruction of fish and game in the Cowichan district was considered. The general opinion was that the laws were all right, but they were not enforced.

A committee consisting of Messrs. Da- vidge, Kirk and Renouf was appointed to wait upon Mr. Stumbles, the fishery in- spector, who will shortly return to Vic- toria and ask him to see that the laws relative to the protection of fish and game in the Cowichan and Koksilah dis- tricts are carried out.

The next matter discussed was the poor telephone service. Mr. Leiser said the company were paying the biggest kind of dividends and paying the girls Chinamen's wages. He moved that a letter be addressed to the management complaining of the poor treatment sub- scribers received. This was carried and the council adjourned.

DEATH OF MR. J. H. TODD.

Pioneer of 1862 and One of British Columbia's Merchant Princes Dies at an Ad- vanced Age. Mr. Jacob H. Todd, one of Victoria's best known and most highly esteemed business men, died this morning at his residence, upper Johnson street, the im- mediate cause of death being a cancer. Mr. Todd has been falling for some time, but has not been seriously ill more than a month, during which time the dis- ease made rapid inroads, which his constitu- tion, enfeebled by age, was unable to withstand. The funeral will take place on Saturday afternoon at 2:30, from the residence, and at 3 o'clock from St. John's Church to Ross Bay cemetery.

Mr. Todd was a native of Brampton, Ontario, where he was born in 1827, so that he was in his seventy-second year in 1862 he came out to British Columbia and engaged in business in Victoria, en- tering into partnership with Mr. J. H. Turner in the feed business. He did not continue in that enterprise very long, for in 1865 the business opportunities in Cariboo tempted him to go to Barkers- creek, where he remained ten years, and where he laid the foundation of the large business he was connected with at the time of his death. Returning to Victoria in 1873 he established the wholesale grocery business on Wharf street, now known as J. H. Todd & Son, and which has achieved a very high standing in commercial circles in the province.

A thorough business man, Mr. Todd was prominent in all those things which tended to advance and develop the com- mercial possibilities of British Columbia and of Victoria. In the Board of Trade he took a great interest, and held the position of president for several years. He was also at one time, some years ago, identified with civic affairs, and was alderman of the city for two years. In religion Mr. Todd was a member of the Episcopal Church, and has been a member of the congregation of St. John's ever since the church was found- ed.

He leaves a widow and family, with whom sincere sympathy will be felt. The flags in the city are to-day at half mast in respect to the deceased gentleman, than whom no one enjoyed a more en- viable reputation.

THE TURF. KEMPTON PARK RACES. (Associated Press.) London, Aug. 9.-At Kempton Park to- day the Sudbury handicap plate was won by "Skeets" Martin, the American jockey, on Landrail. Ultimatum was second and Barnbourie third. Four horses ran.

Disorders of Digestion Are Cured by Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets 35c. a box-60 Tablets. Small Size 10c.

They are delightful to the taste.

CHAPTER XVII.

1. A sound stomach is the life of the flesh.

2. The sparkling eye and the ruddy glow of health on the cheek are signs of a good digestion.

3. And a good digestion may be pre- served through all the years of your life.

4. Eat anything you like and when- ever you feel oppressed after a too heavily enjoyed meal take one of Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets.

5. The delicate and most of its magi- cal relief is felt in an instant. The fruit-pulp of the pineapple in each Tablet neutralizes any excess acids and dissolves any excess of fats in the swollen foot, and the tonic prop- erties of the Tablets strengthen the ac- tion of the liver.

6. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets preserve the digestion of those who en- joy their meals, and cure dyspepsia, who have lost all relish for food. Only 35c. a box; 60 tablets in a box. Small size, 10c. a box.

Simon Leiser here interpolated that the street railway company will shortly run

ATTORNEY-GENERAL HENDERSON.

Mr. Alexander Henderson, M.P.P. for New Westminster, in accepting the offer of the attorney-generalship has done a wise thing, which will meet with the approval of the constituency he represents in the House, and of the province at large. It has been alleged by oppositionists that Mr. Henderson, in the event of his acceptance of the portfolio would not have the support of the New Westminster people, but this is a great mistake, for it is admitted even by the bitterest opponents of the government in that constituency that his appointment will be heartily endorsed by the people.

Mr. Henderson is a young man of ability, he is popular in the lower mainland districts, and he enjoys the confidence and esteem of his colleagues at the bar. In the new field to which he has been called we do not doubt that the same qualities which have won him that good opinion will stand him in good stead, and that the duties of this most important department will, under his management, be well attended to. We congratulate Mr. Henderson and hope that he will achieve great success in his new position.

OPENING UP ATLIN.

If the general public were aware of how much depends upon the outcome of Mrs. Roswell D. Hitchcock's interview with the leading mining engineers and financiers of the eastern provinces and States they would feel that it is no exaggeration to say that the departure of that lady for Montreal last night is an event of more than ordinary importance.

As already announced Mrs. Hitchcock will try to get in a complete quartz mining outfit to Atlin this fall, so that operations may be carried on without the loss of a day. When that machinery begins crushing a new era will have dawned for British Columbia and the prospects for its development along the lines which have made the South African republic so rich a producer will be excellent. Many of the quartz-claim holders in Atlin are coming out on the same mission as the lady mentioned, amongst them a number of Australians, experienced in quartz mining, and who were amongst the last to admit that the Atlin country was exceedingly rich.

Mr. A. F. Deachman, the manager of Mrs. Hitchcock's interests in Atlin, an experienced miner who has located most of the richest properties in the district, declares that if he were to state plainly what his estimate of that country's richness really is he would not be believed. Ores running to very high values have been found in bulk so large that only the reefs of the Rand can compare with them. This autumn will, however, prove much as to the true value of Atlin.

CHINESE IN MINES.

During the last session of the Provincial Legislature the government took steps to safeguard the interests of the working classes by amending the acts in such a manner as to leave no chance for miscarriages of justice.

The recent decision of the Privy Council in the case of Bryden vs. the Union Colliery Company does not, as many seem to think, settle the question as to whether Chinese may or may not work in the coal mines of this province. The government, as will be seen from the statements published in the local news columns of the Times, have taken prompt action in notifying the inspector to enforce strictly the provisions of section 69 of the Coal Mines Regulation Act. They will next frame new special rules, under the power given by section 92 of the same act. For the information of the public it will be as well to give subsection (2) of section 69 in its entirety, so that they may judge for themselves the various points in what promises to be a most interesting case. This is subsection (2) of section 69 of the Coal Mines Regulation Act, as it appears in the Consolidated Statutes:

"The powers and duties of the inspector under this section shall also extend to the case of there being employed in a mine any person who by want of understanding, knowledge or skill, or owing to mental or physical incapacity or incompetency for the performance of the particular task or duty upon which he is engaged, or from any cause is unable to understand instructions conveyed to him, or is or may be a source of danger to any other person in the mine in which such person is for the time employed, or whose presence or employment in such mine exposes or may expose any person to the risk of bodily injury; and it shall be the duty of the inspector of mines on the application in writing of any three miners employed in such mine to examine any person or persons employed in such mine for the purpose of ascertaining whether any such want of understanding, knowledge or skill, or any such mental, physical, or other incapacity or incompetency or inability to understand instructions exists on the part of any person or persons employed; and the employment in any mine of any person or persons in whom such want of understanding, knowledge, or skill, or such mental, physical or other incapacity or incompetency exists, or is found by the inspector of mines to exist, shall be deemed to be a matter, thing or practice in or connected with such mine and to be dangerous and defective within the meaning of this act."

On the 27th of February, 1899, this section was amended as follows:

"Sub-section (2) of section 69 of said act is hereby amended by striking out the words 'in said mine' in the twelfth line thereof, and substituting the words 'within the district under the inspection of the said inspector or on his own initiative if the presence of such incompetent or incapable person is apparent to him.'"

anxious to see the workmen properly protected, it, as the saying goes, "fills the bill." The new special regulations to be issued at once by the government are provided for in this section (92) of the act:

"The Minister of Mines may from time to time propose in writing to the owner, agent or manager of the mine any new special rules or any amendment to the special rules, and the provisions of this act with respect to a proposal of the Minister of Mines for modifying the special rules transmitted by the owner, agent or manager of a mine, shall apply to all such new special rules and amendments in like manner as nearly as may be, as they apply to such proposal."

The new special rule to be promulgated by the government, and to take effect from the first of the present month is to the effect that all persons employed in mines must be able to read and understand the Coal Mines Regulations Act. It will thus be seen that the government thoroughly appreciates the value and is determined to make full use of the amendments wisely inserted during last session.

THE SESSION.

Notwithstanding the obstructive tactics of verbose members of the Conservative party, such as the Tappers, Davin and Clarke Wallace, and the determination of the wing of the Senate led by Sir Mackenzie Bowell, who has been aptly described as one who considers himself the Great Joss of Canada, to prevent if possible all useful legislation from going on the statute books of the Dominion, the session of Parliament about to close has been productive of many measures which will redound to the permanent benefit of Canada. Much has been said and more written about the increasing expenditure, but the fact must be borne in mind that the necessities of the case and the peculiar circumstances in which the country is placed at the present time have forced the government to open up new markets to take the place of the old ones which were closed by the operations of the Dingley tariff. It must be a source of unbounded gratification to every Canadian and every Imperialist to know that from every point of view the efforts of the government have been so unqualifiedly successful. The preferential tariff of the Laurier government has not only provided profitable markets for the products of Canada, but has proved a great revenue raiser, so that the necessarily increased expenditure has been more than provided for by a largely increased revenue. Sir Charles Tupper raised his old protest against Canada giving something for nothing to the Mother Country through the operations of the preferential tariff and reiterated his charge that Sir Wilfrid Laurier had refused a preference for Canadian goods in the British markets which was alleged to have been made by the Duke of Devonshire at the time of the Premier's visit to England in the Jubilee year. Mr. McNeill, Mr. Clarke Wallace, Mr. Davin and all the garrulous small fry of course had to follow their leader into such a line opening to air their eloquence and waste the time of the House, notwithstanding that Mr. Mulock, the Postmaster-General, read a letter from the Duke of Devonshire saying he had never made such an offer, had not the power to offer any preference, and that any such scheme in the present temper of the British people was entirely out of the question. That the Duke correctly diagnoses the situation in England is proved by the fact that the success of the Liberals in recent bye-elections is attributed to the alleged intention of the Conservatives to put a small duty on breadstuffs. The British Conservative leaders do not doubt understood thoroughly that the slightest evidence of a disposition to clap even a moiety of taxation on the food of the people would mean practical annihilation at the polls at the election which cannot be very far off. Probably, now that the alleged offer of the Duke of Devonshire has been disposed of, Sir Charles and his followers will fall back on the old story of Mr. Chamberlain's offer of a preference which the leader of the Canadian government is alleged to have rejected also. Mr. Chamberlain would not even discuss any proposition which did not involve the abolition of duties on all goods coming from Britain, and we all know what would be the fate of Sir Charles or any other leader who went to the Canadian people on any such platform as that. The time has not yet arrived for the discussion, not to mention the adoption, of any of the schemes above mentioned. When the federation of Australia and other portions of the empire is effected the subject may be open for discussion, but in the meantime the preferential treatment which the Laurier government has accorded the Mother Land has proved of great benefit to Canada and has appealed to the feelings of British-ness, and the sentiments which have been aroused by the patriotic actions of Liberal statesmen will be strengthened by the announcement that it is quite probable the present preference may be increased as soon as circumstances will permit.

The administration of the Yukon has added greatly to the expenditure of the government, but as under the system adopted by Mr. Sifton this expenditure will be more than met by the revenue derived from royalties, etc., there is really no additional taxation put upon the people of the country. Sir Hibbert Tupper made Yukon matters his special object of attack, but after a culpable waste of valuable time he failed utterly to show that the Minister of the Interior had not

taken every precaution to secure honest administration of the territory, having appointed men whose integrity was above suspicion and whom the press from one end of the Dominion to the other conceded to be the best possible choice for the efficient preservation of law and order.

The present session has also shown that in Mr. Mulock the postoffice department has probably the most efficient head that ever guided the affairs of that important post. Imperial penny postage was one of the important links in the preferential scheme, but that this great reduction could be made and the department at the same time show one of the smallest deficits on record was something few would have credited a year ago. The Tories were preparing for a great onslaught on the strength of an enormous deficit in this department, and we must make an allowance for their chagrin and perhaps forgive them for some of their furious attacks in directions where there was no warrant for fault-finding.

In the matter of railway subsidies a new policy has been inaugurated by the government. Henceforth there will be no more straight gifts of large sums of money to prospective railways, but all subsidies will take the form of loans, bearing interest at 3 per cent. per annum, which on the completion of the roads may be worked out in the carriage of mails, etc., the government reserving the right of fixing the rates at which such service shall be performed. In making the announcement of the sums voted to railways this session Conservative journals carefully refrained from mentioning this provision, leaving their readers to infer that the money was a straight gift, as in the old days. It would almost be worth while to calculate how much the country would be saving to-day if the Conservatives had inaugurated such a policy when they first attained to power in Canada.

The success of the Minister of Railways, Hon. Mr. Blair, in converting the Intercolonial railway from a burden on the people of the country into a paying concern, has aroused the bitterest opposition of the Tories, who, in concert with the C.P.R. and the Senate, did all in their power to thwart the purpose of the minister in his efforts to place the government railway in an advantageous position to secure traffic and make a proper return to its owners, the people of the country. The conspiracy between the C.P.R. and a section of the Senate to wreck Mr. Blair's plans was fully exposed at the time and the action of the railway company in sending free dispatches to the press of the country, which certain papers published as emanating from the Associated Press, commented upon. But public opinion was too strong for the opposition, and the Intercolonial will be given a chance to become what it was originally intended to be, a paying concern, instead of what it is under Mr. Haggart and his predecessors in the railway department, one of the numerous institutions which were manipulated for the purpose of keeping the Tories in office.

It is not necessary to say anything about the rejection of the bill to unerringly-mander Ontario. Anyone who knows anything about the present condition of the constituencies in that great province will admit that the action of Sir Mackenzie Bowell and his followers in the Senate was prompted entirely by political motives, and a desire to prevent a fair contest in Ontario. This piece of political handiwork is said to have tickled the party senses of the two old warhorses, Sir Mackenzie and Sir Charles, that they have buried the hatchet, smoked the pipe of peace, and from implacable enemies have become warm friends. However, it is satisfactory to note that it is claimed it will only be about three years till the Liberals will have a majority in the Senate.

Kootenay Board of Trade

Associated Boards of Trade of Eastern British Columbia Organized.

First Day's Proceedings at Rossland-Important Subjects Under Discussion.

(From Nelson Miner, Aug. 4.) When the joint convention of the Boards of Trade of Kootenay and the Boundary country met in Mr. J. S. G. Fraser's rooms, over the Bank of Montreal, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, it was decided to adjourn until noon. At 12 o'clock, Mr. Fraser, president of the Rossland board, took the chair, and after a short address of welcome the regular business of the meeting was taken up.

The delegates present at the opening of the proceedings were as follows: Moyie, J. P. Farrell; Grand Forks, W. B. Cochrane and Smith; Curtis, J. A. Harvey; Cascade, Stanley Mayall; Revelstoke, T. L. Haig and J. T. Brewster; Trail, Colonel E. S. Topping and W. H. Aldridge; Greenwood, A. J. McMillan and Duncan Ross; and Rossland, Hon. T. Mayne Daly and J. S. G. Fraser. Subsequently, during the afternoon session, Messrs. Roderick Robertson and Frank Fletcher and Messrs. G. O. Buchanan and H. Geringer, representing Nelson and Kaslo respectively, arrived and took part in the proceedings.

Mr. Duncan Ross was appointed vice chairman of the meeting, Mr. H. W. C. Jackson was appointed secretary of the organization, and Mr. Fred C. Moffatt was requested to act as assistant secretary. After some discussion as to procedure, a committee composed of Messrs. Daly, McMillan, Haig and Harvey was selected to prepare a report on procedure and organization and to submit same at the next meeting. After a number of valuable suggestions had been made for the consideration of the committee the convention adjourned until 3:30 to allow the special committee to prepare its report.

On the reassembling of the convention in the afternoon, Hon. Mr. Daly presented the report of the committee referred to and, seconded by Mr. McMillan, moved its adoption. The report recommended that an association be formed to be known as the Associated Boards of Trade of Eastern British Columbia, the membership to be composed of two delegates from each of the boards of trade now existing or hereafter organized in the mining districts of Yale, East and West Kootenay and Cariboo. That the annual meeting be held on the first Thursday in August in the place of next meeting to be decided by a majority vote at each annual meeting, emergency meetings to be called by the executive committee, who will decide time and place.

The purpose of this organization shall be to discuss and take action upon all questions affecting the general welfare of the people residing within the jurisdiction of the association, and more especially all matters affecting the mining industry, the officers of the board to consist of a president, two vice-presidents, secretary and an executive committee of six members representing the various mining districts, each board to pay an annual fee of \$15 for general expenses, each delegate present to have a vote.

The order of business and regulations for the meeting were as follows: 1. The silver-lead question. 2. Railway matters. 3. The relation of the public to railways. 4. The postal service in the province. 5. Dominion and provincial parliamentary representation. 7. The eight-hour law. 8. The appointment of district officials. 9. New districts and the sittings of courts. 10. Educational facilities. 11. Contribution by provincial government to municipalities of a percentage of royalty on mineral output to assist in maintenance and construction of roads to mines within city limits. 12. The question of royalty on timber cut on mineral claims and the rights of mining purposes, surface rights of mineral claims and hasty changes in mining legislation. 13. Concerned action by parliamentary representatives in securing appropriations from provincial and federal legislatures. 14. Official recognition of the term Boundary district. 15. Proper representation of the province in London. 16. Quarterly provincial government bulletins on mineral industry. 17. Technical training in mining to be provided for by the government. 18. The establishment of a department of mines by the Dominion government. The report was read clause by clause and adopted without amendment after some discussion.

Mr. A. J. McMillan then brought up question No. 16 and urged that the annual report of the minister of mines come too late to be of much practical use. If the government were to issue quarterly bulletins containing the output of the mines and the latest information concerning the mining industry of the province, it would be of the greatest service. This was widely read and copied. This was done in other countries with good results. He moved the following resolution, seconded by Mr. Daly:

Resolved, That the Associated Boards of Trade of Eastern British Columbia hereby urge upon the provincial government the desirability of issuing quarterly bulletins, giving information with respect to the output of the mines of the province and such other general information on mining matters as may be of public interest.

Mr. Daly warmly supported the motion with reference to such official bulletins which would be of the greatest service. The mining sections of the province now covered such a large territory that it was impossible to keep track of all the developments and special means of obtaining the necessary information asked for. Mr. Robertson said that the govern-

Bridge River Mines

Lorne Group of Mines-Working an Arrastra and Paying Dividends.

The Economy of the Government Not Appreciated in Lillooet District.

(Special Times Correspondence.) Lillooet, Aug. 3.-Mr. William Young, one of the fortunate owners of the Lorne group of claims, came to town last Monday evening, and from the beaming expression on his face it became soon evident to the boys that the Lorne group had struck it, and struck it they have without question of a doubt. Mr. Young informs his friends that since returning from Lillooet some three weeks ago the men have been stripping the ledge at a new strike and were successful in uncovering a very rich body of gold-bearing quartz, richer than any previously discovered. At present they have uncovered the ledge some 300 feet, averaging about two and a half to three feet in width. Young with four other men made a run of their arrastra for eight days with rock from that new ledge and they cleared 4 1/4 ounces of gold, equal to six and a half dollars. This is considered very satisfactory and goes to prove the opinion of all those who know Bridge River and Capture creek, that the Lorne group of claims will prove to be one of the richest free gold milling propositions in British Columbia. The Lorne group of claims are situated on the South Fork of Bridge River and consists of three claims of full size, the Lorne, Marquis, and Golden King. Some four thousand dollars have been spent on proving and developing the property, and four ledges have now been uncovered. Surface croppings of two of the ledges went \$10 per ton; off the two richest ledges the lowest average was \$100 to the ton. These properties lie on the trail to the Bendor mines, which lie two miles above them. There is an admirable mill site and ample water power has been secured by the owners, and there would be no objection in getting in all the requisite machinery for working these claims.

Last August the owners started to build an arrastra and completed it and started working on the 1st of October. The arrastra has a fourteen-foot bed and is about forty-three feet in circumference. The water had to be brought down in a ditch about one mile long and then carried by flume on to the twenty-two-foot over-shot wheel. They use four to five drags weighing from one hundred to one hundred pounds each. The bed of the arrastra is made from large flat rocks. A partial clean-up was made once every week and a general clean up once a month. Considerable difficulties had to be overcome. All the lumber had to be whipsawed on the ground and the iron work and belting necessary had to be packed some seventy miles over miserable trails from Lillooet. They started crushing rock on the 1st of October and on the 15th of November they cleaned up over one thousand dollars. During the month of June this year, they ran the arrastra on float rock only, and it resulted in a cleanup of forty-eight ounces of gold valued at seven hundred and twenty dollars. The owners intend to continue running the arrastra and developing the property by sinking and tunnelling. So far as we know this is the only free milling quartz proposition worked by an arrastra paying dividends in British Columbia.

Messrs. Gooderham and Blackstock, of Toronto, bonded these claims this fall, but as the owners refused to grant an extension of time the bond lapsed. We understand that the owners are in correspondence with a rich English syndicate, who are making overtures for the purchase of the property and intend visiting the claims shortly.

The so-called economy of the present government is receiving at the hands of their supporters here a large amount of criticism. The appointment of a provincial engineer at a good salary and a liberal daily allowance for expenses to ride over the roads of this district at this time of the year is considered by the miners here in the light of a picnic. They would have a larger amount of respect for the gentleman who would visit the trails to Bridge River, over which these men risk their lives and wear the toe nails from their feet. It is true that a miserable sum of money is being devoted to improving them, but it is totally inadequate. The revenue of this district is largely dependent on the miners. Are they to receive help or encouragement from the hands of the government?

Mr. Ross and Colonel Topping asked where the proposed municipalities would obtain their revenue. Hon. Mr. Daly warmly congratulated Mr. Buchanan upon his excellent presentation of the question. He thought a scheme of taxation for revenue purposes could readily be worked out, and the municipalities could fairly ask the government for a fair share of the large amount contributed every year by them, and for which they got so little in return. He condemned the present system as most unfair and inadequate, and instanced the grant of \$16,000 for Trail Creek and Boundary combined. Mr. Harvey, Mr. Haig and other speakers all agreed that a great injustice was perpetrated by the present system, and the development of the province seriously retarded, but expressed some doubts as to the working out of the scheme in detail.

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The convention adjourned at 6:30 until 10 o'clock the following morning.

The Feasibility of the First Banquet Society of British Columbia

An Occasion of Interest and Wagered at

They change their skies but not their hearts. We learned from our British Columbia Society of British Columbia that we were to have a banquet on the 11th of August.

They passed with their own factious hold of power. But we by the right of our hearts where they are. Our love where we spent. Our our faith and our hope. We charge you our native.

I charge you, charge you I charge you, drink with you. To the men of the Four. And the Island of the West. To the last least hump of the spine in the land. But we secured with us. As we rode on the dusky.

It any doubt existed in the capability for the Native Sons of B. C., last night, when the free gold organization, Victoria hotel. Far into fun was prolonged, and the capabilities of the means been exhausted. But we in one respect gathering. About one Native Sons sat about yet of the whole company not more than half a dozen. The lowest average was \$100 to the ton. These properties lie on the trail to the Bendor mines, which lie two miles above them.

J. Stuart Yates, the sides, and succeeded in no chairman ever directed introduced with a few and with a brevity which enticed by all of this or twice, when you threatened to transgress propriety, a timely aid from the chair brought back into order.

The Queen was here which showed that had not lost any of the union of the crown Dominion. Then came "Past Chatters," proposed in an S. D. Schultz. The tribute of respect to the zucken and Yates, who of why they were in storm of applause was room when Mr. Schultz fact that only under the the Stars and Stripes of the one equality with the In responding, Dr. J. referred to the fact that infant society had attained a ship of over 200. Actual value of the property was valued at seven hundred and twenty dollars. The owners intend to continue running the arrastra and developing the property by sinking and tunnelling. So far as we know this is the only free milling quartz proposition worked by an arrastra paying dividends in British Columbia.

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HEAT RASHES.

In the warm weather, many suffer from various forms of eruptions, known as "heat rashes," which often cause considerable discomfort on account of their intolerable burning and itching. These skin diseases are simply an outward manifestation of the impure, perhaps over heated blood and can easily and permanently be cured by

Burdock Blood Bitters

It keeps the bowels regular, the kidneys free, and stimulates the liver to healthy action. In this way, through the natural excretory channels of the body, it removes all poisons and impurities from the blood, and in consequence the skin becomes clear and smooth and free from spot or blotch.

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Headache Hood's Pills While they rouse the liver, restore full, regular action of the bowels, they do not grip or pain, do not irritate or inflame the internal organs, but have a positive tonic effect. 25c. at all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

An Old Miner in New Fields

Hans Helgesen, M. P. P. Talks to the Times About the Atlin Country.

Where King Copper Makes His Home—A Wise and Honored Judge.

Looking as hale and hearty as ever, browned by exposure to the sun and wearing a happy smile born of contentment, Hans Helgesen, M.P.P., one of the mining pioneers of old Cariboo, came down from the new goldfields in Northern Cassiar last night.

Mr. Helgesen took up his old quarters at the new Dominion hotel and there he was seen this morning by a Times reporter, smoking an-aid-to-digestion cigar and brimming over with interesting news about the Atlin goldfields.

Mr. Helgesen's opinion is valuable, and he very wisely places a high value upon it, determined not to allow any "fair" tales of fabulous riches to be fathered upon him.

It is difficult to obtain reliable estimates of the output, there being three classes of men to be dealt with, three of which, for diverse reasons refuse to make facts public.

As a hydraulic country Mr. Helgesen has the best opinion of the district, and incidentally it may be mentioned that he notes with satisfaction the fact that the government acted upon his suggestions when he came as a representative of the miners and proceeded immediately to the issuing of hydraulic leases which are now being granted and under which the preliminary work of prospecting and organization is being speedily carried out in many directions.

Another subject of sincere congratulation in connection with which Mr. Helgesen pays the highest measure of praise to Mr. Justice Irving, is the universal satisfaction which exists from Skagway to Atlin with the decisions given by the Atlin commissioner sent by the government to straighten out the unfortunate tangle which had been created.

There is no longer any grumbling. The capable manner in which the government proceeded with the work of clearing up the matters in dispute resulted in a speedy establishment of confidence and this has been strengthened by the able manner in which Judge Irving has done his work.

Of business generally Mr. Helgesen says Atlin may be considered firmly established. Discovery town is booming everywhere there is that feeling of confidence which is the sure harbinger, as it also is the evidence of good times.

But it is when one begins to talk of copper that Mr. Helgesen has something to say and to show that opens the eyes of the unsophisticated. Native copper in slabs as big as a barn door, copper which goes 90 per cent. in value leaving out the possible alloy of gold, is something which in the present state of the copper market is calculated to make glad the heart of man, and Mr. Helgesen has a sample of the very prettiest copper ever brought from Atlin or anywhere else.

From Atlin also comes stories of rich copper finds made by J. H. Russell, assays of the quartz going \$12 in copper and \$2.30 in gold. And the same story is repeated from the White Horse rapids, where vast quantities are to be found and covering which mineral leases have been granted.

"Yes," said Mr. Helgesen contemptively watching the blue smoke curling upwards from his cigar, "Atlin will be a good camp, a good camp next year, when he had broken the bush on the back and seriously wounded the animal. One of the keepers, in rescuing the deer, ventured too near and received a blow from the bear's paw, which tore the left sleeve of his coat, and he was obliged to quit the place."

He should accept it, will long be treasured by him as the sincerest compliment he ever was paid.

The gentlemen interested in the promotion of the proposed ferry connection between Victoria and Port Angeles, desire to make as widely public as possible the fact that a meeting of citizens was held on Friday evening in the City Hall, at which addresses will be delivered by the president and general manager of the Port Angeles Eastern Railway, and by prominent citizens of Victoria.

The pet bear at the park almost had a feed of venison at the city's expense this morning. Bruin was enjoying his morning meal of venison when one of the smaller deer, which persist in pilfering from bruin's breakfast, ventured too near. The bear seized the deer by the thigh and threw it to the ground, and before the keepers could reach him he had broken the bush on the back and seriously wounded the animal.

That lawlessness among the Saanich Indians is not altogether unappreciated, statements to the contrary notwithstanding, was demonstrated in the provincial police court this morning, when Magistrate Langley arrested the Indian, Jack, last night and the magistrate inflicted a fine of \$25. Octave de la Back, who supplied the liquor, boldly informed the magistrate that he had been making a business of this catering to the thrift of the Indians and he was fined \$100 with the alternative of three months hard labor.

The Victoria-Yukon Trading Company are quoting a rate of three cents a pound on freight in lots of 15 tons or over from Bennett to Dawson. The company have air concert in the Sound and freight through without delay, and if desired, will insure it while in transit. The company have been most successful in taking loaded scows down the Yukon.

Mr. Stephen Jones, proprietor of the Dominion Hotel, this morning received a letter from Wellington informing him that an excursion will come to Victoria from that town on Saturday Day, in which it is expected 1500 will take part. The City of Nanaimo has been chartered, the Nanaimo people having secured the railway accommodation, 1000 people being expected to attend the mentioned place. Hotel accommodation will be at a premium on the 19th.

A quiet wedding occurred at St. Joseph's church, Esquimalt, yesterday. Rev. Father Nicola officiating. The contracting parties were Mr. William E. Ahern, night clerk on the steamer Islander, and Miss Martha Baines, eldest daughter of Mr. W. E. Ahern. The bride was given away by her father and attended by her sister Miss Ethel Baines, while Mr. W. W. Baines supported the groom. Mr. and Mrs. Ahern left last evening for the Sound to spend their honeymoon.

Mr. W. H. Hayward, of Metochon, had an unpleasant encounter with an English bulldog yesterday. Hayward went out with the intention of fastening the animal up. He took hold of the ring which is in the bull's nose, and no sooner had he done so than the beast drew back and with a tremendous roar, leapt forward high in the air. Fortunately another man appeared on the scene and struck the bull over the head with a lantern. This extinguished the light and Mr. Hayward was able to escape. Crawling on hands and knees out of the way. The bull is a thoroughbred Jersey and very vicious. Had he been able to follow up his attack Mr. Hayward would in all probability have been very seriously injured.

More buildings are being erected in the naval yard at Esquimalt. The store for a substantial oil storehouse for the department.

At the Queen's Hotel this morning a quiet wedding was celebrated by Rev. G. F. Swinerton. Clarence James Alexander and Minnie McIntyre, of Blaine, were the happy couple, and they will leave shortly for their home in Washington state.

Frederic J. Bitancourt, of Salt Spring Island, who has been undergoing treatment for lung disease in the Nanaimo General Hospital, has been advised by Hon. Dr. McKechnie to seek a change of climate, and has gone to Kamloops to remain until the fall, when he will proceed to California for the winter.

The Logan case was continued in the police court this morning before Magistrate Hall, Mr. P. E. Peters appearing for the prosecutors, Messrs. Robert Ward & Co., and Mr. A. E. McPhillips for the defence. Further evidence was given by Mr. Smith, and considerable legal argument took place. The further hearing was adjourned until the 18th inst. Another offender against the bicycle law was fined \$3.

The success of England's finest military band, "The British Grenadiers," in the United States is unprecedented. No such crowd as congregated in the immense drill hall of the 7th armory, New York, was ever brought together for any like musical event in the history of that great city. Chairs for 7500 were placed, these all being bought up a week in advance of the date of performance.

One mile amateur championship of the world—Somers-Gill, England, won; Peabody, America, 2nd; Caidon, Scotland, 3rd. Time, 5:43 2/5.

Half mile professional—C. R. McCarthy, St. Louis, won; Major Taylor, 2nd; Nat Butler 3rd. Time, 1:00 1/5.

Half mile amateur—Wilson won; Drury 2nd; Goodson 3rd. Time, 1:08.

Two mile professional tandem—Butler Brothers won; McCarthy and Bowler 2nd; Taylor and Casey 3rd. Time, 3:47 3/5.

It would appear from late intelligence received from Dawson that "Big Alex," McDonald, King of the Klondike, the envy of all the north, and the spoiled child of fortune, has at last had his day and reverted to the position of a common miner, such as he was before the goddess of fortune rolled the golden ball to his feet.

McDonald buried back from his honeymoon to Dawson to find that in his absence his business had gone to pieces. Litigation followed, and one partner sued him for \$70,000. Misfortune, as usual, came in jumps, and the embarrassment of the erstwhile monarch of the north became patent to everyone.

The news which reached the outside hitherto, while indicating that McDonald was in serious financial straits, also held out the hope that he would be able to free himself from all encumbrance and retain at least a portion of his wealth. But even this hope, in which all who knew the generous hearted fellow shared, seems to have been a delusion.

The intelligence that the blow has at last fallen and that the quondam millionaire is now no better than an ordinary bankrupt, was brought to this city by Mr. Thos. Kilkenny, who reached here on the Alpha, and is now a guest at the Occidental Hotel.

Mr. Kilkenny left Dawson on July 28th, and it was while walking down to the boat to take passage for the outside business man of Dawson, who stopped and told him he had but then returned from the court house, and that Alex. McDonald had just filed a notice of assignment.

The immediate cause of the crisis is said to be the action already mentioned, entered in the court by a former partner of McDonald's for \$70,000, and which is said to be the result of shady work on the part of McDonald's representatives during his absence in London.

Although Mr. Kilkenny came out immediately and was therefore unable to verify the report, he has no doubt of its correctness, for his informant was a gentleman who he knows well, and whose veracity is unquestioned.

control himself and walks into the wall. He is being kept at the police station until his friends claim him.

A despatch from Whatecom, dated yesterday, says that "Fifth Regiment" Eugene Brooks is there holding a series of meetings. He says he is the man wanted and that he will return here on Saturday. He admits that he treated the child and that it died, but lays the result to lack of faith on its mother's part. He says that the doctor's aid had been dispensed with before the little one was brought to him, and that he is not afraid to return.

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Two mile professional tandem—Butler Brothers won; McCarthy and Bowler 2nd; Taylor and Casey 3rd. Time, 3:47 3/5.

It was a batsman's day at the cricket grounds yesterday, when the eleven representing the Victoria cricket club, captained by Mr. F. Ward, Lieutenant Cayley with 127, topped the scores, but Mr. R. Harvey with 80, not out, made a good second. The result was an easy win for the Naval men, as the following scores indicate:

Table with 2 columns: Player Name and Score. Includes W. P. Gooch, b Rowe, 40; H. Mayo, c Metcalfe, b Cayley, 35; R. Harvey, not out, 80; B. Drake, b Cayley, 10; J. Drake, c and b Oxlade, 16; C. G. Prior, b Oxlade, 9; Van de Gucht, b Oxlade, 5; E. Bull, c Rowe, b Oxlade, 2; B. Worthington, not out, 2; F. Ward, did not bat, 8; Byes, 12.

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other men from across the water Cherry, of England, was frozen out in the first trial heat, finishing second to a local rider named Bolever. The same fate befel George, of South Africa, in the second heat. Goodson, the Australian champion, perished in the second semi-final, and was beaten out by Peabody, Tallantjer, the Frenchman, also being left in the same heat. The three men in the final made a long race of it, no one desiring to cur out the pace. Peabody was in the front, with Somers-Gill in second place, and Caidon trailing. They kept this position until the back-stretch of the last round, when Caidon moved up and the three men came in to the stretch practically abreast. Then it was that Somers-Gill let himself loose. He got a lead of half a length and succeeded in holding it from Peabody, who had about the same best of Caidon.

McCarthy, of the Tenbyrk string. Nat Butler, Canadian, the Canadian rider, McCarthy, of Toronto, Major Taylor, and Angus McLeod, of Toronto, were the six men who led to the final of the half-mile professional. There was a close finish between McCarthy, of St. Louis, and Major Taylor. The latter got into a pocket in rounding into the stretch, and though he made a great hustle he was beaten out by McCarthy. It was only a matter of inches. The time was 1:00 1/5.

In the two mile tandem professional a new world's competition mark of 3:47 3/5 was made by the Butlers, the previous record being 4:01 3/5, made by McDuffee and Tyrell in Boston. The men were paced by a tripler.

Lester Wilson, of Pittsburg, won the half-mile amateur. Cherry, the English champion, ran into the fence, and fell in the semi-final. Results: One mile amateur—Dennison won; More, 2nd; Brown 3rd.

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The Writ Issued

Election in New Westminster Will Be Brought on Immediately.

To-Day's Issue of the Gazette. Chinese in Coal Mines—Appointments.

The official Gazette, published tonight, contains the announcement of the issuance of a writ for the return of a member to represent the constituency of New Westminster, vacated by the appointment of Hon. Alex. Henderson, Q.C., to the position of Attorney-General for the province; the writ being returnable before August 31st.

The details of new appointments follow: His Honor the Lieut.-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments: Kenneth A. S. Schofield, to be a clerk in the office of the Queen's Printer, vice W. W. Wolfenden, resigned.

Joseph De Graham, of Atlin, government agent, to be a stipendiary magistrate for the county of Vancouver; such appointment to date from February 28, 1899.

John S. Clute, Jr., and W. F. McNeil, of Rossland, to be members of the board of licensing commissioners, and commissioners of police of that city.

His Honor the Lieut.-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments: Alex. Henderson, Q.C., of New Westminster, to be a member of the executive council of British Columbia.

The following companies are incorporated: Cannon Ball Gold Mines, Limited, of Rossland, capital \$100,000; California Wine Company, Limited, of Nelson, capital \$50,000; Victoria Gold and Copper Mining Company, Limited, of English Point, capital \$1,000,000; New Deer Park Gold Mining Company, Limited, of Rossland, capital \$1,400,000; Arlington Mines, Limited, of Slovan City, capital \$1,000,000; Galena Farm Mining Co., Limited, of Vancouver, capital \$100,000; Kootenay Land and Exploration Company, Limited, of Rossland, capital \$50,000.

The following extra-provincial companies are licensed: Excelsior Gold Mines of British Columbia, head office London, Eng., capital £200,000, local office at Kaslo, B. C.; Plant, and torney.

D. D. Birk and James Cowan, of Rossland, bankers and confectioners, have dissolved partnership.

C. Scott Galloway, A. S. Black and J. H. McFarlane, of Greenwood, apply for the incorporation of Greenwood Lodge, No. 28, A. F. and A. M.

The following new special rule has been proposed under the provisions of the Coal Mines Regulation Act: No miner who has not been employed before the 5th day of August, 1899, shall be employed on work underground unless he is able to satisfy the inspector that he can read and understand the meaning of the special rules as printed in the English language.

Among the arrivals on the Queen from the north last night were "Jack" Black and Charles Martin, both well-known residents of Nanaimo and Kingston. They have been in the Klondike country since 1897, and when seen this morning at the Dominion hotel expressed themselves well pleased with what they have accomplished during their stay in the golden northland. Just before they left Dawson they sold out their claim, No. 22 above on Hunker, for \$20,000, and in addition to that sum are the happy possessors of a quantity of gold and some negotiable paper worth considerable, the result of the season's work. They are out now to enjoy themselves, and on the passage down on the Queen they provided lots of fun for the passengers, both of them being gifted with excellent voices and musical ability. They will remain in Victoria for a day or two, returning then to Nanaimo. They intend to go back to Dawson next spring.

A Shuffle of Tea

The School Board Assignment of Agogues

Superintendent's Recommendations to the Council

Chairman McMillan's regular meeting of the school board last night, the other members being Messrs. Macdonald and Messrs. McCausland.

Bulletins of the Royal Society, containing directions for the suspension of the apparatus were received from Mr. Scott, and ordered to be with thanks.

The city clerk also came to the board stating that the sidewalk on the south side of the street, between Victoria and West, had been laid by a contractor.

Applications for positions were received from Tingley and Christina A. In connection with the effect that the arch of the different items with the improvement of the school before being chairman.

Under the heading of recommendation referred to in the report of the committee, it was very greatly injured in suitable direction and repair of the council of public health. There is no authorized behavior the scope of the given, limiting the choice of the selection of their students up to an appropriate rate. The consequence is the loss of classes to meet the hands of the school and the loss of aim and consistency and instruction imposed.

In particular, separate forms for pupils carrying their certificates, because it does not recognize its own of the high school as of determining the scholarship for such certificates. In order that no authorized high school pupils' examinations thereon constitute basis on which to refer to a committee which was shown by the board who announced himself in order with the suggestion.

The training at the high school ought to be made a result of the provincial required for those studying their professions, and the out at present graduation school gave the pupil no better. Referring the matter to a committee of the provincial might be obtained.

Mrs. M. Grant also has high school pupils should be given which would be of the province. Mrs. Grant, expressing her sympathy, said that at present nothing definite for pupils standing being given at the school was being given. The regular course of study is granted at its completion.

The motion was carried and referred to the committee. Trustee McCausland reported to the superintendent arrangements for the schools on Kings Street, and that the school of wood was being prepared. The board then went into the whole with Trustee chair to consider the application of teachers and to state those teachers who are second-class to third-class summer examinations, but that class 4, section 5, regulations provides that a second-class certificate arrangement was also made. Two male teachers going to Park school. The rearrangement follows:

- NORTH WARD: Division 1, Mr. McNeill; Division 2, Miss Dowler; Division 3, Mr. Galbraith; Division 4, Mr. Campbell; Division 5, Miss Sprague; Division 6, Miss Minton; Division 7, Miss King; Division 8, Miss Grant; Division 9, Miss Marchant.

- HILLSIDE AVENUE: Division 1, Miss Blackwe; Division 2, Miss Harpur; Division 3, Miss Lucas.
- BOYS' CENTRAL: Division 1, Mr. Gillis; Division 2, Mr. Salloway; Division 3, Mr. Currie; Division 4, Mr. Strydom; Division 5, Mr. Clark; Division 6, Miss Stephens; Division 7, Miss Jesse; Division 8, Miss Nason.
- VICTORIA WEST: Division 1, Mr. Tait; Division 2, Mr. Giblin; Division 3, Miss Powell; Division 4, Miss Barron; Division 5, Miss Christie; Division 6, Miss Nisbet.

Local News

CLEANINGS OF CITY AND PROVINCIAL NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM. (From Tuesday's Daily.)

During the visit of the Canadian Mining Institute to the province a meeting will be held at some point in the province, and cheap rates are being arranged by the railway companies connecting with that district.

It is said that efforts are being made to have Rev. John Dowie, head of the Zionite movement, dealt with in another column, come from Chicago in September to conduct a revival of the sect here, provided enough sign are on hand to be prayed over.

Mrs. James Easton died yesterday after a short illness at the residence of Mr. Tyler, No. 51 Hillside. Deceased was the youngest daughter of Mr. William and Elizabeth Badford; she was 28 years of age, and a native of Little Rock, Arkansas. The funeral takes place on Wednesday afternoon from the residence.

Interest in the fall bench show of the Victoria Kennel Club is increasing, and everything indicates that it will be a success. Already about a dozen special prizes, some of them of more than ordinary value, have been donated, the steepest being a silver cup offered by the Victoria members of the legislature. The show will take place about the end of next month.

President Dallin, of the S. P. C. A., has informed the promoters of the live bird shoot, announced to take place on Sunday, that steps will be taken to prevent the same from being carried out. The letter containing objectionable remarks was received this morning by the officers of the gun club, but they decline to make it public. Mr. Dallin will probably be on hand on Sunday to carry into effect the society's decision.

A meeting of the committee appointed to inquire into the Sorby scheme of harbor improvement met in the City Council Chamber this morning. Mr. Sorby made a verbal report to that body regarding the results of his recent visit to Ottawa. He gave the results of his interview with Sir Lewis Davies, Col. Anderson, Mr. Kennedy, Montreal, and others, and it was finally decided to ask Mr. Sorby to submit a written report.

The C.P.R. announce a specially low excursion rate to Philadelphia and return the tickets being on sale August 20 and 30, and good for return trip until October 31st, the ordinary rate being \$145. The G.A.R. excursion is made the special reason for this extraordinary reduction, but doubtless many who wish to visit the Eastern States on pleasure will avail themselves of this exceptional opportunity of doing so at much less than the usual cost.

Writing from Wrangel Mr. John Hyland says: "Upon my arrival here from Dawson a few days ago, I noticed an account in the Times of a drowning accident supposed to have taken place on Windy or Tagish Arm, in which Harry Howard's name was mentioned as a possible victim. I had the pleasure of meeting Harry Howard in Dawson on several occasions, as late as July 18. He mentioned something of his trip from Atlin to Dawson, and would not say anything about a serious accident."

Sporting News

CRICKET. CANADA V. THE STATES. Toronto, Aug. 7.—The match between the United States and Canada started at Rosedale to-day. The Americans won the toss and chose to go to bat. The visitors made 155 runs for the loss of five wickets.

SOME TALL SCORING. It was a batsman's day at the cricket grounds yesterday, when the eleven representing the Victoria cricket club, captained by Mr. F. Ward, Lieutenant Cayley with 127, topped the scores, but Mr. R. Harvey with 80, not out, made a good second. The result was an easy win for the Naval men, as the following scores indicate:

Table with 2 columns: Player Name and Score. Includes W. P. Gooch, b Rowe, 40; H. Mayo, c Metcalfe, b Cayley, 35; R. Harvey, not out, 80; B. Drake, b Cayley, 10; J. Drake, c and b Oxlade, 16; C. G. Prior, b Oxlade, 9; Van de Gucht, b Oxlade, 5; E. Bull, c Rowe, b Oxlade, 2; B. Worthington, not out, 2; F. Ward, did not bat, 8; Byes, 12.

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Writ Issued A Shuffle of Teachers

New Westminster Brought on Immediately. The School Board Make a Fresh Assignment of City Pedagogues.

Superintendent Eaton's Recommendations to be forwarded to the Council.

Chairman McMicking presided at the regular meeting of the school board held last night, the other members present being Messrs. Macaria and Gordon Grant and Messrs. McCandless, Hall and Murdoch.

Billings of the Royal Humane Society, containing directions for the resuscitation of the apparently drowned, were received from Mr. W. W. Northcote and ordered to be acknowledged with thanks.

The city clerk also communicated with the board stating that his request for a sidewalk on the south side of Yates street and a culvert on the grounds at Victoria West, had been referred to the city engineer.

Applications for positions as pupil teachers were received from Misses Laura Timney and Christina Anderson. Both are graduates of the high school this year and holders of First B certificates, the former holding the list in the province.

The finance committee recommended the payment of bills to the amount of \$12,777. In connection with the payment of these, a motion was carried to the effect that the architect furnish details of the different items in connection with the improvements to the different streets before being certified by the chairman.

Under the heading of new business the chairman referred to the following recommendation in the report of the superintendent: "That the efficiency of the high school is very greatly injured by the lack of suitable direction and recognition on the part of the council of public instruction."

There is no authorized course of study defining the scope of the instruction to be given, limiting the choice of pupils in the selection of their studies, and leading up to an appropriate leaving certificate. The consequence is a multiplication of classes to meet the diverse demands of aim and consistency of organization and instruction impossible.

In particular, separate classes must be formed for pupils qualifying for teachers' certificates, because the department does not recognize its own examinations of the high school as of any service in determining the scholarship of candidates for such certificates. In other provinces, I have previously pointed out, the high school is recognized and the examinations thereon constitute the scholastic basis on which teachers' certificates are awarded."

The chairman thought the matter might be brought to the attention of the council of public instruction. The Trustee Hall thought it would be wise to refer it to a committee first, a view which was shared by Trustee Marchant, who announced himself heartily in accord with the suggestion.

The training at the high school, he thought, ought to be made to count for something. Scholarship certificates were required for those studying law and in other professions, and it was felt that the present graduation at the high school gave the pupil no better status. By referring the matter to a committee of the provincial school boards might be obtained.

Mr. M. Grant also was anxious that high school pupils should receive certificates which would be of some use in other businesses. Mrs. Captain Grant, in expressing her sympathy with the motion, said that at present there were no definite plans to work for, no standing being given them as a result of their work. There should be a regular course of study and a certificate granted at its completion.

The motion was carried and the subject was referred to the school management committee.

Trustee McCandless reported that together with the superintendent he had made arrangements for additional seating in the classrooms on the street and Spring Ridge, and that the season's supply of wood was being procured.

The board then went into committee of the whole with Trustee Hall in the chair to consider the applications for positions as teachers and pupil teachers. The committee the board decided to re-assign those teachers who dropped from second-class to third-class rating, at the summer examinations, notwithstanding that these sections of the new regulations provide that teachers must possess second-class certificates. A re-arrangement was also made of the teaching staff, two male teachers going to the South West school. The re-arrangement was as follows:

- NORTH WARD. Division 1. Miss McNeill. Division 2. Miss Dowler. Division 3. Mr. Galbraith. Division 4. Mr. Campbell. Division 5. Miss Sprague. Division 6. Miss Murtin. Division 7. Miss King. Division 8. Miss Grant. Division 9. Miss Marchant.

- HILLSIDE AVENUE. Division 1. Miss Blackwell. Division 2. Miss Harpur. Division 3. Miss Lucas.

- BOYS' CENTRAL. Division 1. Mr. Gillis. Division 2. Mr. Salloway. Division 3. Mr. Currie. Division 4. Miss Sutherland. Division 5. Mr. Clark. Division 6. Miss Stephenson. Division 7. Miss Jesse. Division 8. Miss Nason.

- VICTORIA WEST. Division 1. Mr. Tait. Division 2. Miss Gardner. Division 3. Miss Barrett. Division 4. Miss Barron. Division 5. Miss Christie. Division 6. Miss Nisbet.

- SOUTH PARK. Division 1. Miss Cameron. Division 2. Miss Speers. Division 3. Mr. Winsby. Division 4. Mr. D. S. Tait. Division 5. Miss Frank. Division 6. Miss Lorimer. Division 7. Miss A. E. Fraser. Division 8. Miss McLean.

- KINGSTON STREET. Division 1. Miss F. Fraser. Division 2. Miss E. Lawson. Division 3. Miss Brown. Division 4. Miss Keast. Division 5. Miss Robinson. Division 6. Miss M. Lawson. Division 7. Miss Shrapnell. Division 8. Miss Brown. Division 9. Miss Russell.

- SPRING RIDGE. Division 1. Mrs. F. E. Taylor. Division 2. Miss Blackbourne. Division 3. Miss Gaudin. Division 4. Miss Arthur.

The committee then rose, the board resumed, and adjourned.

Life and Health Fully Protected in August

Paine's Celery Compound

Makes Sick People Well.

If you are still enduring the tortures and agonies of disease in this almost unbearably hot weather, your position is one of extreme danger. The enervating effects of the heated term, that test even the strength and endurance of the robust and healthy, must bring you to the very brink of the grave, unless you take the care and precaution that thousands are now exercising.

At this time your safety and life depend upon the use of Paine's Celery Compound, a medicine that is giving new life and vigor to the weakly, nervous and broken down, and that is rescuing from death rheumatic sufferers and those afflicted with blood diseases and liver and kidney complaints.

The testimonial sent in weekly by happy and grateful people saved from suffering and disease are the strongest proofs of the marvellous health-giving virtues of the great medicine. A trial of one bottle in this season of danger will convince the sick that there is life and health in each drop of Paine's Celery Compound.

THE NANAIMO ACCIDENT.

Further Particulars of the Death of Benjamin Greenwood Yesterday.

We have to record in this issue the first fatal accident in the coal mines of this vicinity this year, says yesterday's Nanaimo Free Press. Benjamin Greenwood, a miner working No. 5 shaft, of the Nelson Coal Co., was almost instantly killed this morning by a fall of rock. It appears that the deceased and partner had just started "breaking away" a shaft from the level. The rock was sounded and gave every appearance of being secure, but a few feet came down, striking Greenwood on the head, inflicting fatal injuries. His fellow workmen at once proceeded to bring him to the surface, but he died just as they reached the bottom of the shaft. Mr. Smith, agent of the Miners' Union, went down and examined the place, and states the fall was evidently caused by a slip in the rock, but which gave no indication when the roof was sounded.

The deceased was 48 years of age, and a native of Staffordshire, England, and leaves a family of seven to mourn his untimely death. Two of whom are married, viz: Mrs. L. Keast and Mrs. R. Jones. The funeral will take place on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, at the residence of the deceased, 447 Commercial street, under the auspices of Nanaimo Lodge No. 4, Knights of Pythias, and will be attended by the members of the Miners and Mine Laborers' Protective Association, of which society the deceased was a prominent member.

HONEST ADVICE FREE TO MEN.

The Times is requested to publish the following: All men who are nervous and debilitated or who are suffering from any of the various troubles resulting from overwork, excess or youthful errors, are aware that medical firms advertising to cure these conditions cannot be relied upon. Mr. Graham, a resident of London, Ont., living at 437 1/2 Richmond street, was for a long time a sufferer from above troubles, and after trying in vain many advertised remedies, electric belts, etc., became almost entirely discouraged and hopeless. Finally he confided in an old Clergyman who directed him to an eminent skillful physician, through whose skillful treatment a speedy and perfect cure was obtained.

Knowing to his own sorrow that so many poor sufferers are being imposed upon by unscrupulous quacks, Mr. Graham considers it his duty to give, his fellow-men the benefit of his experience and assist them to a cure by informing anyone who will write to him in strict confidence where to be cured. No attention can be given to those writing out of mere curiosity but any one who really needs a cure is advised to address Mr. Graham as above.

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhoea accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief, we sent for a physician and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about and it is now perfectly healthy. C. L. Boggs, Stumptown, Gilmer Co., W. Va. For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Miss M. Spencer, of Leeds, has broken her engagement with George A. Randall, a young engineer, and secured \$250 damages in a breach of promise suit, because her lover returned her letters, with the errors in spelling and grammar corrected in ink.

Provincial News.

REVELSTOCKE.

The city council has appointed Mr. S. L. Saunders chief of the fire brigade at a salary of \$80 per month for the balance of 1899. The council will establish an electric fire alarm system at an estimated cost of \$200.

FERNIE.

Mr. W. J. Bolton, who was one of the pioneers of Fernie and put up the first lumber building on the new townsite, has resigned his position of foreman carpenter for the Coal Company, and has gone east to rejoin his family in Toronto.

CASCADE CITY.

The other Sunday a boy while fishing in Kettle river near Gilpin's ranch, discovered the skeleton of May Drake, who jumped into Kettle river on May 7th last at Grand Forks. An inquest was held. The woman's real name was Alice Callahan. She was about 21 years of age and prepossessing. Her parents are said to reside in Wenatchee, Washington.

KASLO.

The figures of the Kaslo customs office for July were: Total value of goods imported, \$12,740; duty collected at the port of Kaslo, \$2,835; sub-port of Nakusp, \$55.32; free goods, \$2,286.

An unknown woman attempted suicide in Kaslo last Thursday night by taking laudanum, but as she took an overdose the attempt proved ineffectual. Her husband arrived in town next day and took her home, but effectually covered up identity by assuming a false name and address.

ALBERNI.

Owing to the summer showers the farmers of this district have difficulty in curing their hay. Mining is looking up in Alberni. There is great excitement over the recent discovery of black sand in the vicinity of Granite creek and many claims are being located.

The new Episcopal church will soon be ready for occupation.

Mr. Bishop and family have moved into town. They are about to open a bakery and restaurant.

A large number of people took advantage of the excursion on Friday last on Alberni Canal, arranged by the Episcopal church, parish council. The steamer "Willapa" left the wharf at New Alberni at 8:30 a.m. for Anderson's camp. After spending a pleasant time there the excursionists started for home, which was reached at 6 o'clock.

ROSSLAND.

The Odd Fellows lodge of Rossland are making propositions to erect a hall on their two lots east of the Presbyterian church, on Lincoln street, and expect to commence work in about three weeks.

The first message to Rossland over the new telephone line of the Columbia Telegraph and Telephone Company was received on Wednesday from Camp McKinney.

The contract has been let for the section of the A. & K. railway between the foot of Trout lake and the head of Kootenay lake. Over 5,000 men are now engaged on the line and it is the expressed intention of the contractors to "put on a man for every stump" between Selkirk City and Lard. The wages has been raised from \$1.75 to \$2.50 and \$3, and it is expected that the road will be completed to the southern extremity of the lake by the 1st of October. At Selkirk City, situated at the foot of Trout lake, six new hotels will be built during the next 30 days.

GREENWOOD.

Robt. Wood has leased the building in which public school has heretofore been carried on, and it cannot hereafter be used for school purposes.

The foundation of the Baptist church is now ready for the frame work to go up. The contract for the building has been let to Smith Bros. & Travis, and will be for its completion on or before the 15th of September.

Two important buildings have been commenced. One, a four and a half story frame building on the corner of Copper and Deadwood, is being built by W. S. Fletcher at a cost of \$14,000. Mr. Fletcher will also erect a variety theatre building on the corner of the corner of Government and Deadwood streets, to cost \$5,000.

Three local lumber companies have entered into an arrangement to manage their business from one head office, with uniform prices, etc. The firms are A. Fisher, the Greenwood Lumber Co. and R. Tillman.

NELSON.

Superintendent Beasley has returned from the coast where, together with Manager Whyte and General Superintendent Marpole, they were in conference with A. E. Stevens, assistant grand chairman of the Order of Railway Telegraphs, and A. C. McArthur, of Sandon, local chairman. The subjects which were up for discussion were: The wages of the agents of the company in Kootenay who are also operators, and the claims of the Kootenay men for position and promotions on the new line to be operated by the company in Southern Kootenay and Yale.

The result of the conference was quite satisfactory to the men. One result will be that the agents, who are also operators, at Nelson, Rossland, Trail, Robson, Nakusp, Sandon and Greenwood and Grand Forks, when the road reaches them, will receive an advance of 25 per cent. in their salaries. Another result will be that the claims of the Kootenay men will be considered for new positions which will be created upon the opening of the Robson-Penticton road.

At the meeting in Vancouver the railway officials also made arrangements for the dispatching of all trains over the Kootenay and Southern Yale branches from Nelson.

the town should be the central starting point from which the work of the gospel would be spread throughout the district. Dr. Robertson paid many compliments to the citizens of Nelson. Dr. Robertson then proceeded to give a short description of his missions. He had been in Canada 45 years, 25 of which were spent in the West. There were in all 204 missionaries under him, and 800 mission stations were served. Sectarian fusion in Canada was complete, the Free, Established and U. P. churches being all united. The revenues of his diocese for the last year was two and a half million dollars. As much as \$400,000 was raised only last year by subscription for the mission. Dr. Robertson's missionaries were the pioneers of religious denominations in Nelson, Rossland, Trail, Greenwood, Grand Forks and Columbia. Again they were first in all the different points on the Crow's Nest Pass and Robson-Penticton lines. The Klondike was a special field for Presbyterian missionary enterprise. Atlin (where nurses had also been sent), Cariboo, Quesnel, Horse Fly, Barkerville and Lillooet had their missions. The present annual expenditure on missions in British Columbia was \$17,000 and in the Klondike \$5,000. Services in eight different languages were held in some of Dr. Robertson's mission chapels. He has Gallician, Swedish, Gaelic, Hungarian, Finn, German, Czech and Icelandic students at his mission college. The form of service adopted is entirely unsectarian. It is not matter what the creed of the listener may be, he may derive spiritual comfort from it.

D. McArthur & Company's pile driver has been taken to Howser lake, where the firm has a contract to drive 50,000 feet of pile. It will be away about hereafter for a bridge one mile long across the lake.

F. M. Chadbourn has started for the Windermere district on an ore-buying expedition in the interests of the Hall Mines. He is looking for some of the best prospects and will visit all the mines in that section.

The city has leased the building on the Mines road, formerly used as a dry kiln by the Nelson Sawmill Company as a stable for the city's newly purchased horses.

Alderman H. B. Thomson, who is leaving Nelson for Cariboo, was entertained to dinner on Saturday evening, when he was presented with an address and a gold watch.

W. D. Scott, of Ottawa, commissioner in charge of the mineral exhibit for the Paris exhibition for Western Canada, was in Nelson on Saturday evening. While here he will look into the mineral exhibit, which has been collected for this part of the country.

The government wharf has been formally turned over to the city authorities. Notice of the provincial government's action in vesting the title to the wharf in the city was received by City Clerk Strachan on Saturday in a letter from Hon. C. A. Scobie.

Mr. P. Tierney & Co. will probably finish their contract for straightening out the Columbia and Kootenay branch between Nelson and Robson by the end of the present month. As was expected, the new telephone exchange work has been completed, but insufficient, and although the work done will greatly improve the line there remains a great deal to be done. It is just possible that a further appropriation for the work may be made, but it will probably go over till next season. Before Tierney & Co. commenced work this summer there were no less than 82 bridges between Nelson and Robson. The work done and the reduction in number to two pieces of work to finish in order to complete their contract, and their force has been cut down to about 40 men.—Nelson Tribune.

VANCOUVER. Vancouver, Aug. 8.—The treasure found last week in North Vancouver by two Japs is now claimed by an old Indian woman. She says her husband, many years ago, buried the money. Afterward he became paralyzed and was never able to articulate, or by sign indicate where he had hidden the treasure.

The city council last night on the sewer question passed the following motion: "That application be made to the Legislature by the late Assembly of British Columbia at the next session for an amendment to the city charter empowering the city to charge persons who own or occupy property drained into a common sewer, with reasonable rent for the use of such sewer, and to provide that all future sewers be constructed on the local improvement plan." The proposal to have the city lights turned on every night in the year was shelved.

A notice has been issued by the Vancouver Lawn Tennis Club that its tournament has been postponed until the 28th, when many players from Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster, Seattle and elsewhere are expected.

The Board of Trade to-night will discuss the conditions of the Canadian mint, and also a congress of the chambers of commerce of the empire.

There was an exciting runaway on Hastings street on Monday. A horse belonging to Messrs. Forin & Grogan was, skinned the telephone pole near Mackenzie Urquhart's office and finally got itself jammed by the wagon against the advertisement boarding at the corner of Hastings and Granville streets.

Rev. J. Reid, Jr., pastor of the First Presbyterian church, while bathing at English bay in the early part of last week, stepped on a shell which inflicted a slight cut. Blood poisoning set in a day or two after. Remedies were applied which seemed to take effect, and the patient set in. At one time Mr. Reid's condition was regarded as critical, but he is now improving. He is still far from well, and unable to wear a boot on the sore foot.

The city council granted the Trades and Labor Council \$500 towards the Labor Day celebrations.

The funeral of the late Archibald McNeil took place on Monday from the family residence of the deceased, 418 Cordova street east, and was very largely attended. Rev. Mr. McKay read the burial service at the grave. The remains were followed to the city cemetery by many citizens, the cortege of carriages being one of unusual length.

Who threatens to become a mania amongst Vancouver cyclists is the habit too many riders have of letting go of their handle-bars and allowing the bike to guide itself, which is a pretty enough spectacle on the vaudeville stage, but which, on crowded thoroughfares, can only be indulged in with risk to the wheel

and rider. A case in point was furnished on Sunday on Hastings street, between the cable and Abbott street. A young man, but old enough to know better, allowed in to give an exhibition before the eyes of some young women. Had he foreseen the exhibition that he was destined to make of himself he might have looked before he leaped. While travelling at a lively pace, he dropped his handle-bars and with the confidence of a born concert sat erect and studiously looked on to the arrangement of his cuffs, taking care that the eyes of the ladies were fixed on him. The bicycle, unable to manage itself, went screw-gee, the youth went to the asphalt, and the ladies went into fits of laughter, simultaneously. When the rider picked himself up his countenance showed evidences of the velocity of the contact with the pavement, and shamefacedly he took himself and his damaged machine out of sight.—News-Advertiser.

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The total salmon pack of British Columbia for 1898 amounted to 422,525 cases, as against 1,025,477 cases for the previous year. This great falling-off was principally due to the failure on the Fraser river, the northern rivers yielding an average catch.

The figures given of the work of the Vancouver customs house, show that for the year ending December 31st, 1898, the imports to Vancouver increased by \$1,487,554. The exports show a slight decrease while the revenue for the year, \$83,004.53, is almost double that of the previous twelve months.

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A Tragedy of Superstition

The Zion Faith Healers and Their Doings in This City.

The Story of Capt. McCoskrie Who Blames Them for His Son's Death.

"Come from the four winds O breath and breathe upon these slain that they may live."

That is the superscription on the stationery of "The Christian Catholic Church and Zion's Seventies," a local branch of which, headed by "Rev." Eugene Brooks, Capt. McCoskrie says, is responsible for the death of his son. A strange motto it is indeed, for these slain include many who have found death, but never breath, because of the lack of medical attention, kept from them by the faith healers, Harold Frederic, the great author, being a notable case.

The so-called "Zion Divine Healing Mission, Christian Catholics, or Zion's Seventies," as they sometimes term themselves, have been the subject of much discussion since the publication of the interview with Capt. McCoskrie, of the steamer Princess Louise, in yesterday's Times, in which the captain charges the faith healers with responsibility for the death of his son.

It is about three months, perhaps more, since the cult first began to make itself felt in Victoria. "Rev." Eugene Brooks, the present leader of the faith healers, came here from somewhere "on the other side of the line," secured the old Methodist Church on the corner of Broad street and Pandora streets, and gathering a number of people around him, the new sect was born.

Faith healing seems to be one of the features of the Zionites, when the investment agencies are not considered. The disciples of "Rev." Brooks are in the habit of going from door to door seeking sick to pray over and heal by faith. The usual procedure is to knock at the door, and when the lady of the house comes, the faith healing apostle waves his arms like a Mussulman at a doorway, and says "Peace be unto this house."

The next thing is to enquire if there be sick there, and if so, permission is asked to pray over the sick one. Provided permission be granted, there is much praying at the bedside and efforts are made to get the patient to disperse with his doctors and medicines. Strange to say there are many houses in Victoria at which the faith healers may often be seen.

In the case of Captain McCoskrie, whose wrongs at the hands of the Zionites were briefly told in the interview given by him to the Times yesterday, they invaded his house at Cedar Hill, despite the fact that he ordered the "Rev." Eugene Brooks not to cross his threshold. When the captain took his steamers to the north the Zionites, his wife, who was in poor health, for she had just left the hospital where an operation had been performed, and her medicines were thrown away, doctors were told their services were no longer required and she went to the meetings in the Pandora street church.

Captain McCoskrie learnt of these things on his return, for as it happened, when he came ashore after tying up his vessel on the trip before last he found that his wife was at the meeting. Because of this, Captain McCoskrie went to the Zionites meeting, but he was no converser with them, and paying no heed to the outcries from the pulpit or the efforts of the leaders to stir him, took his wife from the building by force.

He then learned that she had applied for membership in the Zion Divine Healing Church, and had been admitted, the following being her letter of admission from the leader of the cult at Chicago: July 21, 1899.

Mrs. Emma Winsor McCoskrie, Cedar Hill, B. C.

Dear Sister in Christ—Your application for membership in the Christian Catholic Church has been received.

I am glad to receive your application, and to receive you into the church. You may consider yourself a member, and your name will be enrolled on the church records at once.

As a member of this church, you will be, with all other members, in my daily prayers; and, if you are faithful to God, He will abundantly bless you in all good things.

Faithfully your friend and fellow-servant in Jesus,

JOHN ALEX. DOWIE, General Overseer of the Christian Catholic Church.

With the letter of admission came other printed statements, the one asking her to deposit money in the Zion City Bank and the other "A Zion Message," asking her to invest in the Zion Land & Investment Co. These are gams, and as they will probably interest the readers of the Times they are produced in full.

That sent by the bank cashier asking for funds is as follows:

Office of Zion City Bank.

It may be you are one of the many persons who have been blessed through Zion. You may have been sick and received healing. You may have come to Zion unsaved and found salvation for body, soul and spirit.

Now you are rejoicing. You know you are saved, but what are you doing to help along Zion's onward movement? Do you pray for the success of every department and then follow up your prayers by helping?

Some are doing this. Are you?

Let us suggest one way in which you can help not only one branch of Zion, but also yourself. Zion City Bank accepts amounts from \$1.00 upward, on which we pay three per cent. interest. We give a bank book, in which each deposit is entered and an account is opened on our books. We want you to become one of our customers now. Do not put it off, but send us at least one dollar, and more if you can. If you have money anywhere that you are saving, is it not your duty to send it to this bank rather than to keep it here? Is it not? We can handle it for God. Perhaps the world and the Devil are re-

Another Short Session

City Council Disposes of the Week's Business in an Hour.

James Bay Bridge To Be Replanned—Electric Light Works Extension.

There were two absentees at last night's meeting of the city council, Ald. Beckwith, still in the north, and Ald. Cameron. His worship the mayor presided and City Solicitor Bradburn and City Clerk Dowler were in their places. There was not much business of importance, and an adjournment was reached shortly after nine o'clock.

The minutes read and duly adopted, the mayor said he could inform the aldermen that Captain Johnston had been out to Darcey Island for the purpose of having a look at the works there which were being threatened by the lazar, and reported that although there were fires around there was no immediate danger, and he would confine to keep a look out until the fires were either burned out or extinguished.

Then communications were taken up, the first of which came from A. W. Jones, an agent for the Finlayson estate, who complained of

An Unsanitary Nuisance

in Queen's avenue, between Government and Douglas, adjoining the home of Mrs. Finlayson and where it seems to be the custom of some people to dump all kinds of refuse, tin cans, bottles, etc., etc., the consequence being a very unhealthy and unpleasant odor, which Mr. Jones said he had at once to have put a stop to. The property is assessed at \$4,000 by the city, and under the present condition of affairs it is impossible to have the windows open when the breeze is in certain direction on account of the nuisance.

Ald. Humphrey moved to refer the matter to the city engineer, but the mayor recommended that the sanitary officer should be instructed to attend to it after the adjournment.

It would be necessary for some men to be sent to remove the debris, the motion carried and the engineer will take action.

Societies' Day.

Two letters were received from Phil R. Smith, secretary of the committee having in charge the arrangements for the societies' reunion on August 19th. The first was the request for the use of the park in the evening of that day, the sprinkling of the route of procession, and the use of the market hall for the purpose of assembling. The second was a cordial invitation to the mayor and aldermen to participate in the proceedings.

The requests contained in the former were granted and the invitation was accepted with thanks.

By-Law Voting.

Returning Officer W. W. Northcott informed the council of the result of the vote on the resolution for the reclamation of James Bay flats by-law, which he declared carried. The figures were the same as those published in the Times on Thursday last and the communication was on file.

Routine Matters.

City Clerk Dowler reported having received and read the city engineer's communications relative to a sidewalk on the south side of upper Pandora street, needed improvements on Chambers street and a sidewalk on Fairfield road to E. B. Howard.

Received and filed.

Engineer's Report.

The weekly report of Engineer Topp contained little of general interest, the only clause calling for discussion being that referring to the oft-talked of drainage on Cadboro' Bay road and Stanley and Stadacona avenues. It was finally referred back to the engineer for further report as to the cost of making a complete job of the work, by connecting from the pipe now recommended, by box drain with the main drain in the hospital grounds. Ald. Humphrey first moved that the closets and cesspools be disconnected, believing if this were done the nuisance would be abated until such time as the necessary sewerage works were completed, the mayor having explained there are not sufficient funds at present. This met with some favor, but ultimately the clause was disposed of as stated.

The city engineer also reported upon the necessary replanning of James Bay bridge at an estimated cost of \$625. This was also adopted, Ald. Hayward mentioning that it would be advisable for due care to be exercised in the selection of suitable lumber. If "twice grain" lumber be used it will last much longer and cost but \$3 or \$4 a thousand feet more. The mayor also stated that the city engineer does not favor laying the planks diagonally, believing they will last longer if laid straight across.

A further recommendation from the same official that hammer and drill men be paid 25 cents a day more was also adopted.

Some sidewalks had also been reported as necessary by the carpenter, but the engineer had struck them out of the report as the mayor had said there was not sufficient money available to do the work. This was certainly seemed anomalous that it could not be got for the sidewalk work, especially as the council might have to pay \$500 for a broken leg on account of the condition of the walks, in some holes of which he could put his heel. The matter was laid over for the present.

Dynamo Satisfactory.

Electrician Hutchison reported that the dynamo supplied had fulfilled the con-

Another Short Session

City Council Disposes of the Week's Business in an Hour.

James Bay Bridge To Be Replanned—Electric Light Works Extension.

tractor's undertaking and recommended payment of the account. Adopted.

Market Collections.

Market Superintendent Robinson reported the receipt of \$112.05 during the month, \$88.20 from market and gardeners' fees, and \$23.85 from the weighing scales.

Adopted.

Money Matters.

The standing committee on finance recommended the appropriation and payment out of current revenue of accounts aggregating \$1,202.70 and the report was adopted.

Electric Light Works Extension.

The electric light committee recommended that the city engineer be instructed to prepare plans and specifications for the addition to the electric light works and that tenders be called for the construction of the same. It could not be decided how the work should be done, but it was decided to have the work done by day labor and the latter portion of the recommendation consequently eliminated. Ald. Hayward insisted upon this, believing it would be time enough to decide how the work shall be done after the plans and specifications have been considered.

This met with the views of the majority and it was so decided.

Assistant Caretaker for Waterworks.

The mayor's motion to the effect that application for the position of assistant caretaker at the waterworks be called for by advertisement in the Victoria Daily Times was moved by Ald. Hayward and carried, Ald. Williams raising the question of the cost of the advertisement. It was explained by the mayor that there was any necessity for an assistant caretaker. His worship said that as one filter bed will always be undergoing cleaning, and as it is quite impossible for one man to do that work, the additional man would be needed. Ald. Stewart was a little surprised there should be this want of knowledge on the subject, and the motion carried with only Ald. Williams voting negatively.

Finally Passed.

The James Bay flats reclamation by-law came up for its reconsideration and final passage, and was thus disposed of.

His worship said that Mr. Croft was desirous of meeting the aldermen at as early a date as possible to come to an arrangement in the matter, intimating that he believed Mr. Croft wished to secure an option on January 1st, and it was decided to hold a special meeting as the board of works on Wednesday evening, Ald. Williams being the only one who objected to the time as inconvenient.

The council rose at 9:10.

Government Acts Promptly

Men Employed Underground in Coal Mines Will Have to Undergo an Educational Test.

Ralph Smith, M. P. P. for South Nainimo, waited upon by the Executive Council yesterday afternoon to urge the desirability of action being taken by the government to continue the protection hitherto enjoyed by the coal miners underground by the prohibition of the employment of Chinese.

It will be interesting in this connection to note that the decision of the Privy Council in the friendly suit of Bryden vs. the E. & N. Railway Company, dealt only with the constitutionality of the legislation, the question of whether the safety of other miners was jeopardized by the employment of Chinese not having been entered upon.

Mr. Smith's interview with the government was a long one, lasting over two hours, and all the members of the Executive being present the whole of the questions involved were very carefully and thoroughly discussed.

In view of the action of the Dominion government re-enactment of the legislation was not contemplated, but Mr. Smith received the most ample assurances that the government is desirous of doing everything possible to protect the miners by prohibiting the employment of Mongolian labor underground.

To accomplish this, the government will immediately frame new rules to make a compulsory educational test operative, as from the 1st of August, by which the mine inspector shall be authorized to prohibit any person being employed underground who is not able to read and understand the coal mine regulations. Such a procedure will work no hardship on the miners employed underground previous to the date mentioned, and will apply to all who seek employment or who have been set to work since the 1st instant.

In addition to this the government will immediately instruct the mine inspector to strictly enforce every existing regulation calculated to deter the employment of objectionable labor in the mines, with special reference to section 69 of the Coal Mines Regulation Act, which gives the inspector the discretion of forbidding the employment of those whose employment he considers dangerous to the other miners.

STARVED NERVES.

When the blood is thin and watery, the nerves are actually starved and nervous exhaustion and prostration soon follow. Feed the nerves with Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food and you will impart to them the new and vigor of perfect health. Face cut and facsimile signature of Dr. A. W. Chase on every box of the genuine.

It is announced that the authorities of the Ville Marie bank, Montreal, have offered \$500 for the capture of James J. Herbert, the teller.

One hundred members of the Canadian Press Association left Toronto for the Coast yesterday.

If you are nervous or dyspeptic try Carter's Little Liver Pills. Dyspepsia, nervousness, and nervousness makes you sympathetic either one renders you miserable, and these little pills cure both.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd

WHISKIES: SEAGRAM'S - THORN'S O.H.M.S. THISTLE BLEND.

BRANDIES: BONNOIT'S *** AND STANDARD BRANDS, ZYMKARA, A perfect preventative against Cholera and Pitting in Marine Bottles.

COLUMBIA FLOURING MILLS CO. ENDERBY AND VERNON VICTORIA AGENTS, WHARF ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

McCORMICK MOWERS.



Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd. COR. OF YATES AND BROAD STREETS, VICTORIA, B. C.

Filtered Water.

Pure and wholesome; our stock is the same; no old or stale goods, because we have a roof to cover them. The Tea in the water. Try Our Golden Blend at 40c, and Our Blend at 20c.

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

Snowflake Flour, - - \$1.00 sack
Three Star Flour, - - \$1.05 sack
H. B. Hungarian Flour \$1.15 sack

Dixie H. Ross & Co

J. Pierrey & Co.

Wholesale Dry Goods VICTORIA, B.C.

No Gold at Cape Nome

Bank of Commerce and others. Staff-Sergeant Cornell, Constable Barnes and Staff-Sergeant Bates were also in charge of consignments of gold dust on the river steamers to St. Michael. At that port it was handed over to the Roanoke, and in charge of Staff-Sergeant Bates went on to Puget Sound ports.

The principal sickness of the lower river country is dysentery, which is very common around St. Michael.

FREE ART CLASSES.

Those desiring free instruction in art should apply to The Canadian Royal Art Union, Limited, 238 and 240 St. James street, Montreal, Canada.

The Art School is maintained in the Mechanics' Institute. Most of the work is absolutely free. Monthly drawings, on the last day of each month, are held at the St. James street office for the distribution of Works of Art.

Mormonism is gaining ground in England to such an extent that the advisability of introducing a prohibitive measure in parliament is being seriously considered.

Exciting Scene

Exciting scene. General Mercier had spent hours, ruthlessly denounced Mercier concluded by saying had not been convinced of Dreyfus, and if the convicts had been fortified since 1894, he had been mistaken.

Dreyfus jumped to his feet and shouted in a voice we could hear in the next room "You ought to say so now. Whereupon the ushers called Dreyfus was innocent if you doubt, the prisoner shouted 'God' you then."

At this there was another applause.

M. Casimir Perier then immediately demanded to be called General Mercier, in order of his statements.

Colonel Jouauste ordered

CURE SICK HEAD

Headache, get Carter's Little Liver Pills etc equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, improve the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure one.

They are the best and most reliable of all the pills ever made. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please "if you use them, it is like a warm blanket." But after all sick heads "regulate every where, or send by mail."

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

NO CURE FOR BRIGHT'S DISEASE

In its Advanced Stages—Why? The Only Hope is Early Treatment with Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

To understand Bright's Disease is to know that in its advanced stages it is the most treacherous of human ailments, which leaves the patient dead so far as performing their functions is concerned. What a terrible death! Just think of having to die with the kidneys dead.

It would be difficult to conceive of anything more dreadful, and yet this is the goal to which every case of neglected kidney disease must lead.

It is difficult to believe, when urinating is difficult or too frequent; when there are deposits in the urine after standing for 24 hours; when the urine is not at all clear; when Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will cure Bright's Disease in its last stages. They are an absolute cure for kidney disease, and no longer do the kidneys are not entirely wasted away they will give new strength and vigor and enable them to resume their duties of filtering the blood.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will stop backache and headachiness in short order, removing the cause, and will positively prevent Bright's Disease. One pill a dose; take a box at all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Toronto.

YELLOW JACK AT HAVANA.

Washington, D.C., Aug. 8.—The first case of yellow fever reported among the troops at Havana was announced to-day.

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\$1.50 per Annum

VOL. 19.

The Real

Henry Furnished Information Re French A

Several European Were Informed of Last Year

Dramatic Scenes at the Reopening of the Paris Exhibition

The Prisoner Calls Mercier to Account

Innocent

(Associated Press)

London, Aug. 11.—The "We are in a position to add to the communication value enumerated in the 100 documents of those documents were furnished at various times by the late Lieutenant-Colonel Dreyfus, and the late Lieutenant-Colonel Mercier, and the information relative to the proceeds of this transaction was furnished to the Parisian diplomat.

The whole trial, and several months before, suicide, and besides the rectly concerned, more than one European received information to the 1898."

A Field Day at Rennes, Aug. 11.—The session will be a veritable addition to the communication value enumerated in the 100 documents of those documents were furnished at various times by the late Lieutenant-Colonel Dreyfus, and the late Lieutenant-Colonel Mercier, and the information relative to the proceeds of this transaction was furnished to the Parisian diplomat.

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