

THE MIRROR

AND COLCHESTER COUNTY ADVERTISER.

VOL. I.

TRURO, N. S., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1867.

No. 12.

Select Poetry.

ORIGINAL.

For the Mirror.

WHEN I MEAN TO MARRY.

When do I mean to marry?—well—
'Tis idle to dispute with fate,
But if you choose to hear me tell,
Pray listen while I fix the date.

When sons shall haste with eager feet
A mother's daily toil to spare,
And not complain of what they eat,
And always hang up what they wear.

When youths shall learn in bright attire
To clothe their faces when at home;
Learn to respect their aged sire,
Nor feel too muchly overgrown.

And when the time has come that men
Who for the girl they want to marry,
Will feel that they with pleasure can
Give up tobacco, rum and sherry.

When men in short shall freely give
Their hearts and hands to aid their spouses;
And not expect their wives to live
Like slaves within their husband's houses.

Then dear sir—if not too old—
Rejoiced to quit this lonely life;
I'll brush my mantle, cease to scold,
Consent to be some good man's wife.

Now should you like to know my ideal
Of what that individual should be in personal appearance—

I want not features fine and rare
Nor yet complexions smooth and fair;
These don't attract my eye.

Nor eyes expressionless and flat
That look as tho' they'd like to nap,
Of dull and rayless hue.

Nor yet the eye of blazing red
That seem as tho' they'd kill you dead
With looks that make you scinge.

Oh! give me eyes of mildest hue,
Where noble souls seem peeping through,
Inviting confidence.

An eye that's beaming o'er with love,
That shows a canopy above,
Well filled with plenty brain.

A good-sized nose, with mouth to match,
Free from those beards that always catch
Provisions passing by.

A face, preva'd with a smile,
Yet grave and courteous all the while;
A face—a perfect face.

Now if you'll find me such a face
Suspended on a form of grace,
That's not too tall or short.

Yes, if you'll find me such a head,
And send him here, I'll not say—No!
That is, of course, providing

He meets my ideas as above;
He's just the one that I could love;
That man could make me happy.

Colchester, Nov. 23rd.

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

How to have hot water always in the house.—
Let your wife find out that you visit another
woman, and you will never afterwards be out of
hot water. This is infallible.

How to hone-turkeys—Get up at two o'clock,
a. m. The darker it is the better. Climb over
your neighbour's fence, and bone the first gob-
bler you can. You had better bone two or three
while you are at it, as it saves trouble. You
will find this plan very economical.

How to obtain Calves-head jelly—Consult one
of the outside butchers, and question his veracity
on the subject of mutton, incidentally accompany-
ing the eruff with an insinuation that he is of
canine extraction. You will have calves head
jelly pretty soon.

Pickles—Always be disputing with your re-
latives. A pretty pickle will be the consequence.
These pickles are usually put up in family jars.

The foregoing invaluable hints are merely
specimens of an elaborate work in preparation.
No family should be without a copy.

A man boasting in the company of young
ladies that he had a luxuriant head of hair, a
lady present said that it was owing to the mellow-
ness of the soil.

TO PERSONS ABOUT TO BE PHOTO- GRAPHED.

As men, women and children are thinking of
being photographed daily, hourly, and, we may
add, minutely, the following hints and helps as
regards costume, attire, deportment, and facial
expression may prove of service:

1. Be sure to put on your best clothes; this

will not only give you a better appearance, but
will prevent your bad habits being made known
to the world.

2. Black and other dark colours are the most
favourable for photographing purposes. Some
persons are done brown, and others appear to
have a fit of the blues.

3. If you are neither in the army nor navy
you will be scarcely justified in appearing in
naval or military uniform. A sheriff's officer
may, however, be taken in what costume he
pleases—his numerous services entitle him to
this privilege.

4. If you were never known to look into a
book in your life it will be as well to be drawn
with one in your hand, for this will serve to
remind your friends that you can read if you don't.

5. Persons about to be photographed should be
prepared to go any length, for there is the full
length, the half length, and the quarter length.
If you adopt the first named, put your best foot
foremost, so that you may stand well with
society.

6. If you are inclined to be nervous call philo-
sophy to your aid by remembering that all
mortals should prepare themselves to be taken
off suddenly.

7. It will be as well, perhaps, not to be pho-
tographed during what may be termed the
"simply season." This would be decidedly
rash, and cause the photograph to turn out a
bad spec.

8. If you are taken in a sitting position sit
bolt erect, so that critics may exclaim, "There
is an upright individual."

9. There are what are termed striking atti-
tudes, and attitudes of repose; these do not ne-
cessarily relate either to pugilism or sleep, but
are intended to convey an idea of the position
you customarily take up in the affairs of life.

10. Endeavour to put on a lively expression of
countenance, and to accomplish this conjure up
pleasant images. Ladies should think of gentle-
men, gentlemen of ladies, girls of wax dolls, and
boys of bread and treacle.

11. If these hints are attended to nothing
more need be said, the likeness will speak for
itself.

INNOCENT AMUSEMENT IN TEXAS.—The
scene is in a town in the interior of Texas.
The actors are two planters of the old re-
gime. They sit under a veranda, smoking
and spitting.

Jones—Come, Smith, let's ride home.
Smith—I'm not ready yet. I have not
shot a nigger to-day. I won't go home
without shooting a nigger.

Jones—Well, it's late now—too late to
shoot niggers to-day.
Smith—No, it's not; I'm not going home
without shooting a nigger.

Jones—Shoot that boy walking over
there.
Smith (looking at him critically)—No,
I won't shoot him; he's rather a good fel-
low; I'll shoot another.

Jones—Well, come, mount; we'll see
one on the road.
They mount and ride away. Presently
they ride by a hut, in the doorway of which
sits a negro man. Smith reins up:
'There, I guess I'll shoot him; he's a
good mark there.'

Pulls out his pistol, fires, kills the negro.
Smith—Now we'll go home; I made up
my mind to shoot a nigger before I went
home this night.

Jones and Smith were arrested; being
"gentlemen," they demanded to be handed
over to the civil authorities. They were at
once let out on easy bail. Thereupon the
military authorities re-arrested them, and
we hear they are to be tried by military
authority, and will probably be hanged—
unless somebody bails them again.

This is supposed to be an actual and re-
cent occurrence in Texas.

OPINIONS OF THE TIMES.

The Cobbler declares the times want
mending—that his "little awl" is insuffi-
cient to support him, although he is the
"last" to complain.

The Watchmaker says their watches
don't go, and they shall be "wound up"
if the "spring" does not produce a "move-
ment."

Even the Undertakers complain that their
trade is "dead," and the ale brewers that
everything in their line is "flat, stale, and
unprofitable." Cabinet-makers are com-
pelled to return their bills to their "draw-
ers;" and chair manufacturers vow they
have not a "leg to stand on."

The hackney-coachman says that the
omnibuses have run away with his custom-
ers, and that his vocation is all at a stand.

The Philosophers say that there is no
such thing as "colour;" yet the times cer-
tainly look "Black," and everybody looks
"blue."

OLD FUDGE OF AN UNCLE.

CHAPTER I.

"But there is certainly some mistake. Your
master did not intend to send a message of this
purport to me," said Mrs. Burchstead to an or-
rand boy at the door.

"He told me to go to Mrs. Burchstead's,
marm."

"What were you to say?"

"Leave the shoes with her," he said, "and
tell her to bind them as soon as she can, for I
want them; tell her when she cross-backs to be
careful of her stitch, for the morocco is tender."

"It is a mistake! Run home and tell Mr.
Goodrich I will call and see what he means!"
and, mortified and angry, she rudely closed the
door.

"Will it be always so? Must I live on to be
insulted daily? Will people never learn what
belongs to common politeness?" said Mrs. Burch-
stead to herself, as she sank upon the sofa and
cried like a child. "Of what use," she contin-
ued, "is the possession of the handsomest house
in town, or the most elegant furniture, and of
my expensive parties, if I am eternally to have
shoe-binding flung into my teeth! I wish I had
been deserted in infancy, wrapped in flannels,
and laid in a basket at some rich man's door.
Then I should have no contemptible uncle ven-
turing upon his relationship to insult me!"

Conscience, in its still small voice, asked her
where, but for this contemptible uncle, she would
now have been? Too old, certainly, for roman-
tic adventures in a basket, but not too old for a
tonant of the poor house.

Pride had banished, not destroyed, her good
feelings, and as her thoughts reverted to the hour
when an impoverished orphan she was left to the
charities of a cold world the vision of a kind un-
cle rose in her mind. This kind uncle took her
by the hand, wept with her and for her, led her
to his own fireside, kindly watched over her and
provided for her, and taught her how to know
what was once her happiest feeling by learning
her how to maintain herself.

Could the remembrance of that redeeming
friend ever be lost? Were he and this ogre that
now embittered her happiness one and the same?
She asked herself why this alteration, and by
what brought about? This mental appeal was
ashamed in spite of herself.

"But," she argued, "if a captain's wife
bound shoes, what would people think! How
would they express their sentiments, and what
be her feelings when the emissaries of the false
court, established by Mrs. Grundy, reported
the result of their observations?"

With all her false reasoning, there was one
thing she had to admit—one truth she felt. The
girl that in former days sat in the plain furnished
room with her workbasket before her, binding
shoes, wore a smile on her face, had a song on
her lips, and it mattered not how much she was
hurried, had time to be happy, and was seldom
otherwise. How was it now? That answering
sigh was no indicator of happiness. Her eye
strayed around the room. Elegance met the
glance everywhere save in the massive glass;
there the reflected face said that discontent had
marred beauty.

"Mercy!" cried Mrs. Burchstead, "I look
like a fright. I shall be nervous all day after
this; but I must dress and call on Uncle Good-
rich and expostulate, or he will be sending me a
bundle of cowhide brogans next. I do wish that
the old gentleman could know a little of gentle-
try, or what belongs to it."

"Good morning, Uncle Goodrich!" in a kind
voice, and with cheerful look, said Mrs. Burch-
stead, as in a short time afterwards she entered
the building which served for saleroom, manu-
factory and dwelling place for his worthy prop-
rietary. The remembrance of her kind uncle was
predominant, and had converted the genteel
fright to a pretty woman.

"Good morning, Mrs. Burchstead; please to
walk through into the house; my wife will be
glad to see you, and so am I—look so well, too—
I am pleased to think you have called, for I want
to talk to you, if you can wait a few minutes till
I have finished off this boot."

Her kind reception imparted a pang, for she
felt she had, in her prosperity, slighted those to
whom she could not express too much gratitude.
But the demon, whose vulgar name is gentility,
whispered: "You could not be expected to visit
here." Her grandfather's portrait hung over the
mantel-piece, where, when a child, she had
gazed upon it, wishing that it would speak, as it
seemed then to smile approval on her infant gam-
bols. The tear trembled on her eyelid, and upon
the heartfelt embrace of her aunt was the first of
many to flow from a mingled feeling of joy and
contrition; nor could the good old dame restrain
her tears either.

"I believe women can cry when they see fit,"
said Mr. Goodrich, who had entered unnoticed,
and witnessed the meeting; and he averted his
face and hurriedly betrayed the fact that men too
are weak at times.

"Now, Mary—for you look so much now like
the same Mary that has made both your aunt and
myself happy many is the time, that I must call
you Mary—I want to talk to you. You don't

know how much confidence the way you met us
this morning has imparted to me. I will not
upbraid you for forgetting your old uncle and
aunt, for I know I have offended you deeply al-
ready this morning."

"Indeed, uncle, don't think of it. Aunt has
forgiven me, and I am sure you will." Oh!
how fortunate that she was unobserved. She
had forgotten herself and her station in society,
and—very indiscreetly, I must say—kissed the
good old shoemaker.

"There—there, Mary, I never will think again
what I had been led to believe—that you were
becoming heartless. I only wish I knew how to
say what I want to."

"Certainly, nothing has happened to my hus-
band?"

"No, no; it is not that."

"I know, then," she said, dismissing her anx-
ious look; "you want to read me a good lecture.
Well, do—for I deserve it; and after it's once
over I shall not be afraid to drop in and see my
aunt at any time."

"Oh, Mary, I wish this gentility was never
heard off! it is a sad stumbling-block now-a-
days."

"But, uncle, there is no earthly reason now
why I should bind shoes."

"More, Mary, a great deal more, than when
you were under this roof."

"I can't see it; then I was dependent upon
your bounty for all that I enjoyed. Now, the
house I live in—everything around me—is mine,
inasmuch as a wife may claim a husband's prop-
erty. Is it not?"

"Your husband, Mary, is a good man, but
has been imprudent. For instance, there was
the old house; it was not good enough—it must
be modernized. Now between Gothic windows
and Doric columns, porticoes and piazzas, I don't
know what to compare it to. Next thing, there
was the old furniture. It stood to reason it
would not answer in the new house; tables, pier
glasses, sofas and ottomans. Well, all this was
to be paid for, and to enable him to do it, he
mortgaged the estate. Your husband has sailed
on a long voyage; the universal depression of
trade must affect his interests, and I fear he will
not be able to meet his demands, and must be-
come a bankrupt!"

This was passed. Mrs. Burchstead buried her
face in her handkerchief.

"Mary don't grieve so," said her aunt; "why,
bless you, my child, you nor yours shall never
know want while we have a cent. We talked
the matter over before sending the shoes to you,
and that was only done to make you call and re-
monstrate, so that we could break the news to
you."

"I don't care for myself; but to think of my
husband as a beggar—to feel that I made him
such. I persuaded him to alter the house; it
was to please me he extravagantly furnished it.
But, thank heaven, I can work, and I will work,
too; to show him that he has not spoiled his wife,
though he has let her ruin him. Now, uncle,
give me the shoes; I will take them home and
begin at once."

"Then, Mary, set your heart at rest; if your
husband cannot command the means to save his
property, I know who will lend him the money
for his wife's sake. I gave out the shoes I had
this morning; but if you don't alter your mind
you shall have plenty of work."

Taking an affectionate leave of her kind re-
latives, she hurried home an altered and a better
woman.

CHAPTER II.

The afternoon of the same day that Mrs. Burch-
stead called upon her uncle she was honored by
a visit from the Misses Murray. They, in their
own estimation, were ladies—not of a mushroom
growth, but born so—or, as they expressed it,
they came of a very old family. Now, only yester-
day, the honor of a visit from them would
have delighted the captain's wife—they were so
genteel—so very select in their choice of society.
But with Mrs. Burchstead of to-day their call
was of no moment, and though politely received,
it was without any ceremony. They were inter-
rupted by another caller.

"Mrs. Burchstead, I thought I would just run
in," exclaimed Mrs. Morton, suiting the action
to the word; "but la! I did not think you had
company!" This was a whopper!

"I am happy to see you. Mrs. Morton—the
Misses Murray. Went you take off your hat
and spend the afternoon?"

"Oh, I could not stop for the world! I
wanted to ask you if you could show me how to
fix this shoe I am binding. Mr. Goodrich is
so particular, and I have heard you were a capi-
tal hand at it."

"Let me have it, if you please. I think I can
show you how; I used to know, certainly."

"Was you brought up to bind shoes?" asked
Mrs. Morton.

"Yes, and am going to take up my old trade
again," laughingly rejoined Mrs. Burchstead.
"So take care how you do your work, or I shall
supplant you."

"Well, there now. Our girl said there was a
boy brought some here this morn'g, but I did
not believe it."

"Good afternoon, ladies," said the Misses
Murray; "we must go."

Mrs. Burchstead did not urge them to stay,
neither did she feel hurt by their neglecting to
ask her to return their call.

Mrs. Morton resided next door to Mrs. Burch-
stead. She was of a prying disagreeable nature,
and delighted in making people unhappy. She
had heard what passed between Mrs. Burchstead
and the boy in the morning, and resolved at the
time to ask for the shoes herself, and use them
as a means of annoyance to her neighbor. Al-
ways upon the alert, she saw the Misses Murray
enter the house, and she considered it as a favor-
able moment for her persecution.

Failing in her purpose, she returned home, as
much vexed herself as she had hoped to vex her
neighbor.

Mrs. Burchstead remained firm to her pur-
pose. Her expenses were reduced every way
possible, and the shoemaker's boy called daily.
She was seated one afternoon by the open win-
dow with the blind closed, plying her needle,
when she noticed the stopping of a vehicle
containing a gentleman and lady. They had
been struck by the appearance of the cottage,
and had stopped to have a better view.

At this juncture Mrs. Morton found it neces-
sary for her to run out to prop a drooping
flower that stood in front of her dwelling, and
she proceeded to perform her task. She suc-
ceeded in her race, for the next moment found
her gossiping with the travellers; as a slight
palling only separated her plant from the street.
From speaking of the cottage, she alluded to
the proprietors; and concluded by saying that
she had not the least doubt but that "the lady
who occupied it, would be glad to let it."

Now she thought no such thing—and regard-
ed the romancing she was guilty of as nothing,
if she could only tease her neighbor. Mrs.
Burchstead who had heard the conversation,
proceeded to her door; quietly nodded to Mrs.
Morton, and politely asked the strangers to
alight and look at the interior, as they appear-
ed to fancy the external appearance of the
dwelling.

The proposal was embraced with pleasure,
Mrs. Morton was so delighted, as she now
would have an opportunity, as she said, to
"see everything" by following the strangers
over the house. She was disappointed, how-
ever, for Mrs. Burchstead, upon receiving her
guests, before Mrs. Morton could run in slipped
the bolt, and led the way to the upper part of
the house.

The lady admired everything, it was all in
such good taste, and the gentleman coincided
in opinion; while in the meantime, Mrs. Mor-
ton, to use her own phraseology, "was as mad
as a hornet!" Mrs. Burchstead was given to
understand that they were a newly married
couple, that they admired the house, and would
be glad to hire it, and still more gratified if
they could purchase the furniture and take im-
mediate possession. To this proposition the
proprietor asked a few days consideration—and
the gentleman leaving his address and refer-
ences the couple took their leave.

Uncle and niece held a consultation, which
made the uncle prouder than ever of his niece.
He became her agent, sold the furniture for a
fair price, and let the house for a good rent;
while Mrs. Burchstead removed to his dwell-
ing. Her face was again wreathed with smiles,
and her merry carol, as formerly, gladdened
the hearts of those about her.

Captain Burchstead returned home from sea,
and upon meeting his owners was assured of
the welfare of his wife, as the "Co." and the
younger member of the firm resided in the
same village and saw her daily. He heard the
discomfiting intelligence of the general distress
in the business community, saw himself beg-
gared in the perspective, and actually dreaded
meeting a wife he loved. However, he pro-
ceeded to complete his business, that he might
hurry home, while he had a home. As he en-
tered the counting-room to report progress be-
fore going out of town, he met the junior
partner.

"Come, Burchstead," he exclaimed, "I have
been waiting for you to ride out home with
me."

"While Captain Burchstead did not yet know
the state of affairs, the gig drew up before the
cottage and the captain met his wife there;
for she had been invited to spend the day at
her former residence. Captain Burchstead
supposing himself at home, made himself so,
and played the host admirably, much to the
discomfiture of his wife, who presuming that
he must know all his business to think he was partly
deranged.

"Why!" she at last exclaimed, "any one
would think you were at home!"

"At home—well, am I not?"
His wife then whispered to him "that they
were but visitors, and that she had been asked
there to spend the afternoon, little expecting
the pleasure of meeting him."

"Come Burchstead, don't look so blank,
man," said his employer. "I hired the house
and bought the furniture of your wife without
knowing her; had an object in view which she
has accomplished, my dear fellow—clearing
your debt! and now, though I am tenant here,
the house is still your own. I sent to my wife,
notifying her of your arrival early in the day,
so we coaxed your wife here without letting

her know who she was to meet. I thought I would amuse myself by punishing you a little. Now, you may congratulate yourself not only for being in good circumstances, but for having a wife who has dared to sacrifice herself, as I may say—for she defied gentility by binding shoes! The decided stand she took has turned the tables; and my wife in love with her example, is about to learn the trade, commencing with a pair of slippers for her husband."

Correspondence.

For the Mirror. WEARINESS. I am weary—oh, how weary! Are you weary, hoary ocean? Never weary of the heart-break sobbing out beyond the main? Thought itself is ghastly weary in the sick world's mad commotion; Thought, in sorrow-tides eternal, beating, throbbing on the brain.

For the Mirror. SKETCHES OF LIFE. One lovely summer's afternoon, As o'er the fields I strayed, I spied a group of children fair Beneath a willow's shade.

FENIAN PREPARATIONS. The sensational Ottawa correspondent of the Globe thus alludes to certain alleged Fenian preparations for another invasion of Canada. "I have special information confirming my statement of the shipment of Fenian arms at Potsdam, thirty-six miles from Ogdensburg. The arms are those seized by the Government in 1866 and taken to Sacket's harbor. They were lately restored to Fenian agents there. The process of removal from that place to Watertown, by waggons, has lately been going on.

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The Mirror AND Colchester County Advertiser.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30 1867.

LEAVING the subject of Agriculture in the hands of those whose duty it is, as well-wishers of the community, to try at least and improve the science and reduce it into such practice as will soon entitle Colchester to the name of even "a garden" of Nova Scotia, we would next ask the attention of those whose interests are more immediately connected with the town of Truro, to the subject of Gas.

We are fully convinced that the idea only wants to be taken into consideration to be carried into effect, and why not? We can half imagine the arguments which might be brought against the project, still we are very far from imagining that such would not deserve the name of "sophistry."

Perhaps the first reason would be that there might not be sufficient consumption to warrant a company speculating. As for that we can for the asking obtain returns from Gas Works, only supplying five hundred burners, yet they pay. Another objection might be that coal would be too expensive, we are so far away from the mines. This cannot be an objection, because half the gas companies in existence have twice the distance to bring their coal.

We have heard it said that the place being so much scattered the length of main pipes required would be very expensive, and this is the only plausible objection which can be possibly brought up; still when looked at in its true bearing, there is nothing insurmountable about it, instead, the "mountain melts into a very little hill." Suppose even a half mile of extra mains should be required—and we are quite sure this would be enough—why the cost would be only, at the most, a few extra shares; and no doubt but in a very few years, as the place fills up, every year will be made to do service.

The trouble now is to form a company who would take charge, and a limited number of shares, and offer the rest to the public for sale, and we fear not but soon funds enough would be found to establish the works on a firm basis.

We are not quite sure what amount of capital would be required but could easily find out; however, the sum could not be very large, because, allowing on an average two burners to every family in Truro, at the very outside three retorts, with medium-sized purifiers, would, if properly attended to, once every twenty-four hours, fill a gashometer capable of supplying the entire village.

be as cheap as parafine oil at fifty cents per gallon; but we know that in the old country in large cities it is supplied at three shillings, and in smaller places at four shillings sterling per thousand by private companies. Then why should the matter not be taken into consideration by those who, besides making money, would desire to benefit the community.

Agreeably to the proclamation of His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor, Thursday last was very generally observed in the village as a public holiday—a day of rejoicing and giving thanks. The places of business were all closed, we believe, without a single exception. Services were held in all the places of worship, and it was truly pleasant and gratifying to see the people dressed in their holiday attire, with smiling countenances and, we believe, thankful hearts, wending their way to their various places of worship, to offer thanksgiving to the Author of all good for the many blessings received during the past year; for a season of peace and plenty, a bountiful harvest, and generally, for blessings not enjoyed to so large an extent by many other countries. We are at times disposed to prove our descent from the true Briton by exercising the prerogative of Englishmen by grumbling at the scarcity of money, the hard times, &c. But we are pleased to be able to record that all this was forgotten on Thursday last, and that the universal feeling was one of true thankfulness, and that this people truly appreciate the untold blessings they have been permitted to enjoy.

No foreign or civil war has carried desolation and death to happy families or smiling homesteads; no famine or pestilence has stalked over our fair land; no hurricanes have swept with a besom of destruction across the face of the country, spreading death and destruction in their train, as has been the case with some of our unfortunate fellowmen: on the contrary, we have enjoyed an immunity from these things, and all has been peace and comparative plenty. No dark cloud of danger or distress hangs over our heads, threatening to burst in our midst, scattering sorrow and dismay throughout our beloved country. The future is full of encouragement—bright with the glowing promise of an increased prosperity—and we may look forward with good prospects of success, confidently trusting that at the next annual return of our thanksgiving we may have increased cause to hail its return. And we would here take occasion to observe that although we are not in the habit of advocating many of the customs of our neighbors in the United States as worthy of imitation, we must confess that many of their peculiarities in reference to keeping their annual thanksgiving are, in our opinion, worthy of imitation. The practice of setting apart a day of thanksgiving, we presume, has been handed down from the Puritans. Be this as it may, the way our republican neighbors observe the day is certainly praiseworthy. In the first place, every family is sure that day of a good substantial dinner. No matter how poor or lowly they may be, some person will see that they are provided with the needful for the occasion. And another beautiful feature is the re-union of families. No matter how far the inclination or necessities of its members may have sundered them, they always endeavor, if within the bounds of possibility, to come back and cluster around the parent stem on that day; thus making it, in every sense, a day of rejoicing and thanksgiving. With an abundance of the good things of this life spread in profusion before them, it naturally brings out and quickens all the good and benevolent feelings of our natures, and warms up our hearts towards our fellowmen, and makes us better men and women, more fit to encounter the trials of every day life; after reveling for a season in the tender associations of our childhood's home. This is something near what we would like our thanksgiving day to be—a day held in the same esteem as Englishmen hold Christmas; but owing to the opinions of certain classes

we infer that Christmas can never be observed in this country as it is in some others. Consequently we would like to see one day in the year set apart on which all classes and creeds could join to celebrate without any check on their conscience; and we know of no other way than that the Government should appoint a day for that purpose, as in the present instance; and as it is only recommended, not commanded, we see no reason for our clergymen keeping it under protest, as they sometimes do, so afraid are they of the state interfering with the church. We should be delighted to see next year the same day appointed throughout the new Dominion, so that all may participate at the same time in this joyful occasion.

To-day, about 9.10 o'clock, as the up-train was passing the Truro road crossing, the top broke from the piston in one of the cylinders of the engine, causing a detention of several hours. Of course the detention gave some uneasiness to both the passengers and their friends; but through the kindness of the Railway Telegraph officers, communications were speedily conveyed to the parties in waiting through our friend and talented townsman, Master Luther Archibald.

In the train we observed Mr Hyde, Mr Miller, Mr Beck, and a few others, without an indication of uneasiness on their faces, altho' they arrived too late for dinner.

Local and Other Items.

We direct the attention of our readers to the advertisement of J. L. Sutherland in another column. Give him a call and examine for yourselves.

Miss Katzman has our thanks for files of late American papers. The latest English and American papers can always be had at the Provincial Book Store, Halifax.

Thanksgiving day was very generally observed in this town. There was divine service in all the churches.

Two brothers named Carr, left Fredericton, N. B. one night last week for their home in Geary, somewhat under the influence of liquor. On reaching home one of the brothers was found on the sled dead, and the other brother was badly frozen.

The Annual meeting of the various Agricultural Societies throughout the Province are required to be held on Tuesday next, the 3rd December. It is to be hoped that at these meetings the various Societies will make such arrangements as may be necessary for taking an active part in carrying out the scheme of the proposed Provincial Exhibition of next autumn.

A large trade sale of teas took place in Montreal a few days ago, but scarcely one-tenth of the quantity offered was sold. The market is described as being very dull. Sugars, fish, &c., are as cheap there as at the ports of production. One house lost \$10,000 on teas bought for sixty cents in the spring, and was forced to realize a few days ago, getting only fifty cents.

An Irishman was summoned for refusing to pay a doctor's bill, when he was asked why he refused to pay. "What for should I pay?" said Mike; "sure he didn't give me anything but emetics, and the river one could I keep in my stomach at all, at all!"

EAST WIND.

Rev. John Todd, D. D., thus hits off those farmers who are perpetually dissatisfied:

Why should the wind coming from the east over an ocean of water depress the human body, while that which comes from the west across a continent enlivens the spirits and gives courage and vigor? Be this as it may, it seems as if some people never felt any wind that was not east. They are always "out of sorts." The weather is always just what they don't want. I met one of these men a while ago—a farmer who raised all manner of crops. It was a wet day, and I said:

"Mr. Nayling, this rain will be fine for your grass crop."

"Yes, perhaps; but it's bad for the corn, and will keep it back. I don't believe we shall have a crop."

A few days after this, when the sun was shining hot, I said:

"Fine sun for your corn, sir."

"Yes, pretty fair; but it's awful for the rye. Rye wants cold weather."

Again, on a cold morning, I met my neighbor, and said:

"This must be capital for your rye, Mr. Naaling."

"Yes; but it is the very worst weather for the corn and grass. They want heat to bring them forward."

So the man lives in a perpetual east wind. Nothing suits him, and it would be impossible for Providence to give him weather about which they would not grumble.

BY TELEGRAPH.

News, by the Atlantic Cable.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—Despatches containing the gratifying intelligence of the safety of Dr. Livingstone, the celebrated traveller and explorer, have been received.

In House of Commons an effort was made to save the lives of the Manchester rioters. Mr. Maguire, member for Cork, moved that the House interfere for a stay in the execution of the sentences, and meanwhile the points of law upon which he based his resolution be carried to the twelve highest judicial authorities in the realm. The motion gave rise to a strong discussion, but was finally withdrawn. An orderly demonstration against the execution of Fenians took place here last night. A number of persons assembled in a public hall, and passed resolutions urging the government to stay proceedings. A committee was appointed to draw up a petition for mercy to the Queen, which was presented to Her Majesty to-day at Windsor, but their prayer was denied in the most direct manner. The most extraordinary precautions are being taken by the government at Manchester. Barricades have been erected in the streets for the protection of the troops, and the city has the appearance of being in a state of siege. Shore, one of the Fenians, has been granted a respite. Preparations are being made in this city to observe in a peculiar manner the obsequies of the Fenians who are to suffer the death penalty to-morrow. On Sunday a funeral procession will be organized, and march to Hyde Park, where a solemn meeting will be held.

LONDON, Nov. 23, even.—Despatches received from Florence state that the Italian Parliament will convene Dec'r. 5th. Baron Rattazzi, formerly Prime Minister, is to be certainly made President of the popular branch of the Parliament. It is said that Gen. Menabrea, the present Prime Minister, has issued another note, wherein the action of France in invading the Papal States is severely denounced.

Reports that propositions have been received from the United States for the purchase of the Hudson's Bay property has caused a rise in shares of the company.

LONDON, Sunday 24.—The condemned Fenians Allen, Larkin and Gould, suffered the extreme penalty of the law in Manchester at ten o'clock Saturday forenoon. The precautions taken by the Government to guard against outbreaks, were efficient. Notwithstanding the prevalence of a dense fog and rain, the crowd that witnessed the execution was very large.

The city is now very quiet. His Holiness the Pope who was at first strictly averse to any conference whatever for the settlement of the Roman question has at length withdrawn his objection, and is now in full accordance with the proposition of Napoleon. The Gov. of Bavaria, which was asserted would not join the conference has signified its acceptance of the French plan. Many of the details of the conference have already been agreed upon. Munich in Bavaria has been chosen as the place of meeting, and the 11th December as the time. Since the last despatches the Governments of Italy and Wurtemberg have signified their intention of accepting places in the conference.

A prominent Fenian leader named Colburne, was arrested here to-day. It was reported that he was the organizer of the recent expedition which threatened the taking of the Chester Castle in February last.

Last despatch from Rome announces that the Holy Father in accordance with advice of French, has ordered the release of the Garibaldians who were taken prisoners by the Pontifical forces during the late campaign.—Transports have been ordered to sail on Monday from Toulon for Civita Vecchia, where they will take on board one battalion of the French expedition in Italy and return to France.

It reported that Garibaldi is sick at Vanganda and that his sons have hurried to his bedside with medical aid.—The Florence journals deny the truth of the report that the Italian Government is about to raise a new loan.

LONDON, Nov. 25th evg.—The Pairs Patrie of this morning, on the subject denies the report that General Dix has expressed any desire for representation of the United States in the conference. It is reported that concession applied for by the France. American Telegraph Company and which was refused, has at length been granted by the French Government for a term of year.

The Fenian demonstration of sympathy for the fate of those executed took place to-day, noon. A funeral procession consisting of about 2000 persons, formed and slowly marched to Hyde Park. One of the most conspicuous objects in procession, was a banner on which was inscribed the motto—"Man's inhumanity to man makes countless thousands mourn."

On the arrival of the mourners at Hyde Park, a solemn meeting was held according to programme previously announced. Three stands had been erected on the ground, from which, during the afternoon, the people were addressed by various speakers. Strong appeals were made for sympathy for the condemned prisoners.

The hurried executions at Manchester, were denounced in bitter terms.

PETITION FOR THE PARDON OF THE REV FATHER McMAHON.

A petition six thousand signatures—including those of the Catholic and Protestant Bishops of Kingston, and numerous clergymen, has been presented to Governor Monck by James O'Reilly, Q.C. of Kingston, praying for the pardon of the Rev. J. McMahon, convicted of being engaged in the Fenian raid at Fort Erie, in June, 1866.—His Excellency promised to give the petition his serious consideration. It is probable the question of pardon will have to be referred to the Imperial Government. Mr. O'Reilly, it is said feels sanguine of success.

Married.

At Truro, on the 29th inst., by the Rev R. Morton, Mr. John McCarron, of Halifax, to Ellen, daughter of Mr. Alexander Murray of River John.

Died.

At Halifax, after a long and tedious illness George McKenzie, Esq., aged 60 years, a native of the Parish of Fordyce, Banffshire, Scotland.

ARRIVALS AT THE PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.

Saturday, Nov 23.—E H Keating, International Survey; W McCarthy, do; A W Simpson, do; John Black, do; Thos Moore, do; F Sterm, Hants, Montreal; A Michel, do.

New Advertisements.

Groceries!

The Subscriber begs leave to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has received his CHRISTMAS and WINTER SUPPLY OF GROCERIES, of all kinds.

PIANOS! PIANOS!

M. R. E. C. SAFFERY, professor of Music, offers his services professionally, in the purchase and selection of new and second-hand instruments.

TUNING! TUNING!

M. R. E. C. SAFFERY, Professor of Music, at the request of several Ladies, will make periodical visits to Truro, for the purpose of tuning and repairing Piano Fortes.

New Advertisements

Wanted!

8000 Feet Good Merchantable Hemlock Boards 11,525 feet Good Spruce Scantling, to be delivered here in the village by the first of March.

ROUND COAL,

Team and Coach Horses, kept always on hand and will be sold low for cash.

Notice!

THE Subscriber respectfully requests all persons indebted to him by note of hand, book account, or otherwise, to make payment before the first day of January, 1868, as all accounts unpaid after that date will be placed in the hands of his Attorney for collection.

Farm For Sale.

THE Subscriber is authorized to sell the farm at North River Bridge, Onslow, owned by Charles L. Marsh.

W. C. SMITH,

Carriage and Sleigh Maker, Opposite the residence of H. Hyde, Esq. TRURO, N. S.

THE Subscriber begs leave to tender his thanks to the public for the patronage bestowed on him since commencing business in Truro; and is prepared to build all kinds of work in his line.

Flour! Flour!

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a superior quality of FLOUR which will sell remarkably low for cash, call and see.

John Lewis,

MANUFACTURER OF Lasts, Boot Trees and Pegs, BEGS leave to return thanks to his numerous customers throughout the Province for the liberal patronage he has received from them for the last 25 years.

NEW BOOKS.

Provincial Book Store, GRANVILLE STREET, Upper side of the Province Building.

Store To Let.

LATELY occupied by the Subscriber, and immediate possession given. The premises are roomy and well adapted for an extensive business.

AT THE BEE-HIVE,

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING, COLLARS, UNDER CLOTHING, FANCY SHIRTS, TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.

Tuning!

M. R. E. C. SAFFERY, Professor of Music, at the request of several Ladies, will make periodical visits to Truro, for the purpose of tuning and repairing Piano Fortes.

JUST RECEIVED.

ARM CHAIRS.—Wood seat and cane seat, some of light and dark colors, Swivel seat Office Chairs, at Variety Hall.

ARM CHAIRS.

WALNUT AND CHESTNUT, different lengths, at Variety Hall.

New Advertisements

W. F. McNUTT, M. D.,

AND GRADUATE OF ROYAL COLLEGE PHYSICIANS; also Graduate of Royal College Surgeons, Edinburgh, Scotland.

Dr. McNutt while in Paris gave considerable attention to the study of Diseases of the Eye and Throat.

G. A. LAYTON,

CARRIAGE AND SLEIGH PAINTER, WILLOW ST. TRURO, N. S. GOOD CARRIAGES FOR SALE AND MADE TO ORDER ON THE PREMISES.

PETROLEUM,

Apples, Cheese. All of Canadian growth and Manufacture.

NEW FALL

WINTER GOODS. THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he has received direct from England his Fall and Winter supply of

Dry Goods,

LAND, known and described as follows:—Part of grant of land at Lower Stewiacke, originally taken out by Anthony Marshall.

DAVID CREIGHTON,

West River Station, Pictou County, WISHES most respectfully to inform the public generally, that on the 29th inst. he will be prepared to receive a first-class Express to and from the Truro Station.

W. C. DELANEY,

SURGEON DENTIST, TRURO, Inserts Artificial Teeth on Gold, Silver, and Vulcanized Rubber.

TRURO DISPENSARY

THE Subscriber begs leave respectfully to call the attention of a public of Truro and vicinity to the varied Stock of Goods in his line of business, comprising PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS of best English Manufacture.

Store To Let.

LATELY occupied by the Subscriber, and immediate possession given. The premises are roomy and well adapted for an extensive business.

George Todd,

Watch and Clock-Maker, PROVOST ST., NEW GLASGOW.

L. B. McELHENNY,

CARRIAGE, SLEIGH, AND SIGN PAINTER, TRURO, N. S.

JOSEPH F. ELLIS,

Flow and General Commission Merchant, PICTOU, N. S.

ROBERT McG. MOFFAT,

BARRISTER & ATTORNEY AT LAW, Conveyancer, &c., TRURO, N. S.

Real Estate.

In the Supreme Court.

COLCHESTER, SS. June Term, 1867. Robert Noble Berry McLELLAN, Plaintiff,

TO be Sold at Public Auction, by the Sheriff of the County of Colchester, in front of the Court House at Truro, on Monday the Twenty-third day of December, A. D. 1867.

In the Supreme Court 1867.

HALIFAX, SS. S. S. B. SMITH, Plaintiff, vs. A. B. McNUTT, Defendant.

In the Supreme Court.

ALL the estate, right, title, interest, claim and demand at law, and in equity of the above named Defendants, or either of them, of, in, and to, the following Lot of LAND, situate, lying, and being in Highland Village, so called, in the Township of Londonderry, and County of Colchester, and bounded as follows.

In the Supreme Court 1867.

HALIFAX, SS. S. S. B. SMITH, Plaintiff, vs. A. B. McNUTT, Defendant.

BUILDING LOTS!

THE Subscriber offers for Sale Eight FINE BUILDING LOTS fronting

TRURO DISPENSARY

THE Subscriber begs leave respectfully to call the attention of a public of Truro and vicinity to the varied Stock of Goods in his line of business, comprising PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS of best English Manufacture.

Henry Dravis,

WATCH-MAKER AND JEWELLER, (Successor to Myer Moss.)

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.

THE Subscriber having fitted up his Rooms with an enlarged Sky Light, is prepared to take PEBBLETYPES, AMBROTYPES, and PHOTOGRAPHS equal to any other Operator in this Province.

JOSEPH F. ELLIS,

Flow and General Commission Merchant, PICTOU, N. S.

ROBERT McG. MOFFAT,

BARRISTER & ATTORNEY AT LAW, Conveyancer, &c., TRURO, N. S.

Dickson & M'Leans'

CELEBRATED MAGNETIC LINIMENT,

For the Cure of Rheumatic Pains, Sprains and Bruises, Weakness in the Back, Pains in the Sides or Chest, Burns, Frost Bites, Chilblains, Rheumatic Pains in the Joints or Limbs, Stings of Insects or Bites of Venomous Reptiles.

ONSLow, Sept. 12, 1867. years. I have tried several remedies, but received no benefit from them, and hearing of your Magnetic Liniment I resolved to try a bottle of it, and I am happy to say it has made a perfect cure of me.

GREAT VILLAGE, Sept. 10, 1867. MESSRS. DICKSON & M'LEAN, Dear Sirs,—I was afflicted with a sprained leg, about four weeks. I could get nothing that would relieve the pain, until I got a bottle of your Magnetic Liniment, which gave relief immediately, and made a perfect cure.

TRURO, Sept. 8, 1867. MESSRS. M'LEAN & DICKSON, Dear Sirs,—I have been subject to pains in my chest for nearly three years, and could get nothing to help me. I procured a bottle of your Liniment, which gave almost instant relief.

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THE MIRROR.

Miscellaneous.

OLD STYLE HYMNS.—The following verses are correct specimens of the hymns sung in Congregational churches before the days of Dr. Watts, and which were gradually made to give place to the hymns now in use, as the taste now for harmony and beauty increased in our churches. The following verse should be decanted off and sung one line at a time:—" 'Tis like the precious ointment Down Aaron's beard did go; Down Aaron's beard it downward went, His garment skirts unto."

Another—a sort of address to whales, and other big fish, as well as to tom-cods, hounders, sculpins, eels and other small fry:—" Ye monsters of the bul'ing deep, Your Maker's praises shout; Up from the sands ye cooling peep, And wag your tails about." There is much truth if not poetry in the following:—" The race is not for ever got By him who fastest runs; Nor the battle for those people Who shoots with the longest guns." The following address to the Sun, chimes very well with the preceding, although of more modern origin:—" All hail thou glorious Sun! Bright as the new tin-pan! Thou roudest, fairest, purest source— Of bread and cheese to man!" A New York editor says he don't like knock down argument, because they are no-fist-ical.

DISASTERS TO OCTOBER.—The number of vessels belonging to, or bound to or from other ports in the United States, reported totally lost and missing during the past month is 46, of which 30 were wrecked, 2 abandoned, 2 burnt, 6 foundered, 1 capsized, 2 sunk by collision, and 3 are missing. They are classed as follows:—4 steamers, 2 ships, 3 barkes, 8 briggs, and 27 schooners. Their total estimated value, exclusive of cargoes, is \$870,000.—Boston Post.

TRURO HOTEL, OPPOSITE THE RAILWAY DEPOT, Robt. Fisher - Proprietor. OF the above-mentioned House, legs leave to intimate to the Travelling GENT and TRANSPORT BOARDERS at reasonable terms; and in connection with the above establishment he begs most respectfully to inform the public that he will keep a Stable for the special benefit of his customers. By strict attention to business he hopes to merit a share of public patronage August 24, 1867.

GORDON'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY! WARRANTED TO REMOVE THE MOST SEVERE ATTACK OF RHEUMATISM; a sure remedy for Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Cramp in the Stomach, Diarrhoea, Acute, Tooth Ache, Scalds, Burns, Fresh Cuts, Sprains, Chills, &c. Directions for use.—For Rheumatism—A tea-spoonful of the Remedy in warm water, sweetened, one hour before, or two after meals, and rub the part affected night and morning. If the pain is seated, the part should be well rubbed with the Liniment outwardly, once with sweet oil and flannel wet with the same worn on the part till the pain is removed. Sore Throat—Take inwardly, and mix with water making an excellent gargle. Cramp in the Stomach—A tea-spoonful in warm water and sugar. Diarrhoea—Ten-spoonful on refined sugar; increase the dose if required. Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis—Take on lippusgar, and outwardly, Burns, Scalds, Fresh Cuts, &c.—Apply a piece of flannel moistened with the Liniment to the part affected.

MEDICINAL ROOT PILLS! (Purely Vegetable), for the cure of bilious and other Fevers; Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Costiveness, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Chills, Headache, Giddiness, &c. Directions for use.—For an Adult—From two to five Pills. Very delicate persons may begin with one Pill, and increase it if they find necessary. Those of a costive habit, and more robust and strong, can commence with four, and increase to seven or eight. For children—From quarter of a Pill to two Pills. If the child is too young to swallow a pill, it may be broken into a powder and given in a little syrup.

GREAT INDIAN HEALING SALVE! Warranted to heal Burns, Scalds, Ulcers, Cuts, Bruises, Fros: Bite, Broken Breasts, Felons, Chills, Sore Eyes, Sore Lips, &c. Also—an excellent remedy for Piles, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Chapped Hands, or any roughness of the skin. Directions.—Spread the Salve thin, on old linen well dried by the fire. If the complaint is very severe the plaster should be changed every four to six hours. N.B.—While using this salve for any cutaneous disease, it is recommended to take the Medicinal-Root Pills, as their prompt but gentle and safe action in cleansing the system, greatly aids the effects.

SEER-CLOTH PLASTER! For Drawing, Healing and Strengthening, warranted a sure remedy for Rheumatic and other pains, Cuts, Cracked Joints, &c. Directions.—Spread on this Leather for pain or as a Strengthening Plaster, and on Linen for Sores. Sold in Halifax by Brown Brothers & Co., Ordnance Square, Cogswell & Forsyth 199, Woodill Brothers 141, Hollis-street; H. A. Taylor, corner of Hollis and Sackville-sts.; by Druggists and Dealers in the City and throughout the Province. H. L. Atkins, agent, and for sale by P. J. Chisholm, S. S. Nelson & Sons, and Edwin McNutt. nov 16

WANTED

IMMEDIATELY, a MALE TEACHER for School Section, No. 69. Apply at Brookfield to J. K. ANDREWS, SAMUEL CARTER, Trustees. oct 20

TRURO MARBLE WORKS, Situate on Prince St., abreast the Depot. The Subscriber has constantly on hand a large assortment of best Italian and Vermont Marbles for Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, Hall and Centre Table Tops, &c., &c. N.B.—The subscriber would take this opportunity of thanking the public for their liberal patronage, and would say that he has the largest stock on hand at present. He is prepared to receive orders for all the above mentioned articles, and would invite them to call and examine specimens, sold on reasonable terms and delivered free of charge. A. J. WALKER.

RIVER PHILIP Freestone Quarry. M. & P. McDONALD, Pugwash, Nova Scotia, beg to inform the public generally, that they have their Quarry known as "The River Philip Freestone Quarry." It is situated on the banks of the River Philip, and is one of the best in the Province. It is prepared to receive orders for all the above mentioned articles, and would invite them to call and examine specimens, sold on reasonable terms and delivered free of charge. A. J. WALKER.

RENFREW HOUSE. THE Subscriber having taken this well known and popular Hotel on Water Street, is now prepared to accommodate Transient and Permanent Boarders, in a style that cannot fail to give satisfaction. The undersigned has for so many years been before the public in the capacity of an Inn-keeper, that he feels his ability is sufficiently well known. A Carriage will be ready for attendance at the Boats at all times. JOHN MARSHALL. Woodstock, Oct. 17, 1867.

UNION HOUSE, TOWN DOCK, OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE, Windsor, By Mrs. H. G. Hoyt. oct 31

WALLACE HOTEL, Fronting the Gulf of St. Lawrence, WALLACE, N. S. THE Proprietor begs leave to inform his friends and the travelling public generally that his House being commodious and in a healthy location, he is prepared to render it worthy of the patronage of all those who may favor him with their patronage. And having his Table supplied with the very best that the country can afford, he flatters himself he can give universal satisfaction to his customers. His Stable is of the first order, and his charges are moderate. THOMAS PAGE, Proprietor. oct 31

CUNNINGHAM & ANDREWS, Importers and Retailers of British and Foreign Merchandise, GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTING, TRURO, N. S. A valuable stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c. A Branch Establishment in New Glasgow, N. S. CUNNINGHAM, ANDREWS AND ROSS

Uncle John's Vegetable PILLS. INDIGESTION, COSTIVENESS, Biliousness, Dimness of Sight, JAUNDICE, FLEATULENCY. THESE PILLS are purely a vegetable compound carefully selected by medical skill and experience. Although mild in their operation, yet they will be found to be a most reliable and powerful remedy for Indigestion, whether arising from indolence, sedentary occupation, or long continued residence in a hot or unwholesome atmosphere. Also, for those innumerable diseases consequent on repeated indulgence in voluptuous living, excessive use of malt and spirituous liquors, and the like. These Pills will also not only cure, but prevent, and completely correct, that unpleasant and feverish taste of the stomach, producing frequent eructations of sour, nauseating, flatulent, and unwholesome vapors, which, if continued, will result in the formation of a too active or torpid state of the liver; they remove every unhealthy accumulation from the blood; purify the whole system, and renovate, and all the functions act according to nature. Prepared only by J. H. WOOLRICH, At the English Pharmacy, Halifax, N. S. Sold in boxes at 25 cents. A large discount to Wholesale buyers. sept 8

J. M. VIETS, BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c., LIVERPOOL, Same building with the Telegraph Office. april 29

EXCHANGE, 17 Church St., St. John, N. B. Meals and Lunches at all Hours. Lamb Tongues, Pig's Feet, Oysters, &c., sold Wholesale and Retail, or served up in any style to suit customers. Clubs supplied with Dinners or Suppers at the shortest notice. Druggists and Dealers in the city are invited to call and try for themselves. THOMAS MCGOLGAN, Proprietor. nov 18

Parish & Co's THE best place in the city to get a Photograph taken, a PICTURE FRAME, or to buy an Album—Finest assortment in the city.

COUNTRY ARTISTS Supplied with Photographic Materials of all kinds, at low prices. RECEPTION ROOMS SHOW ROOMS On ground floor of this Establishment. 122 & 124 Hollis Street, may 2

Provincial Drug Store. Ex "Celeste" from Liverpool, G. B. THE Subscriber is now receiving by the above vessel from Liverpool, G. B., and other arrivals: 2 cases Cream Tartar, 40 cases Cassia, 1 do Gum Shellac, 50 do Brown Candy, 1 do do Camphor, 50 do Confectionery, 20 do Epsom Salts, 2 do Crown Blue, 10 do Washing Soda, 2 do Magnesia, 10 lbs Jamaica Ginger, 6 do Nuxes's E. Lead, 4 do Black Ginger, 2 do Licorice, 3 do Bluestone, 80 do Starch, 4 do Refined Borax, 50 kegs Mustard, 6 do Paris Whiting, 50 do Carb. Soda, 2 do Brimstone, 30 do Coppers, 4 do Sulphur, 1 do Lytharge. ALSO—IN STORE—Medicine Chests, &c., all for sale low by COGSWELL & FORSYTH, 193 HOLLIS STREET, sept 15

VARIETY HALL, No. 129 Hollis Street. IS situated at the corner of Hollis and Sackville Streets, and contains the largest Stock of American and Halifax manufactured common Furniture to be found in the City, and the Proprietors offer superior inducements to purchasers; either to cash buyers by a liberal discount, or to credit buyers by accommodation in time. Goods purchased at this establishment are always warranted as in good order, are sent to any part of the city free of expense. American paper money taken at its Gold value in exchange for goods. A Premium allowed on American Gold in exchange for goods. Canadian and New Brunswick bank paper taken in exchange for goods. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock of goods in the hours of Furniture line, are they decide in purchasing elsewhere. J. D. NASH & CO. KITCHEN CHAIRS!—Double and single back, light and dark Woodens Chairs, American and English manufacture, at Variety Hall. J. D. NASH & CO. SPRING BOTTOMS FOR BEDS!—An American article can be fitted to any Bedstead, single and double, at Variety Hall. J. D. NASH & CO. CANE SEAT CHAIRS.—20 doz Cane Seat Chairs, light and dark colors; eight different patterns and press at Variety Hall. J. D. NASH & CO. ARM CHAIRS.—Wood seat and Cane seat, some of light and dark colors. Swivel seat Office Chairs, at Variety Hall. J. D. NASH & CO. EXTENSION DINING TABLES.—In Walnut and Chestnut, different lengths, at Variety Hall. J. D. NASH & CO.

SAMUEL CALDWELL, VICTUALLER, No. 177 UPPER WATER ST. HEAD of the second wharf south of Messrs Cunard & Co's. Warehouse, Halifax, N. S. Fresh Beef, Mutton, Veal, Corned Beef, Tongues, &c., of the best kinds. H. M. Ships, Merchants Vessels, Families, Hotel keepers and others; supplied at the shortest notice.

GREAT ATTRACTION AT THE "BEE HIVE." Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, (Scott and Canadian) Beavers and Pilots, all of which we are making up in first class style, and at extremely low prices.—Fits guaranteed. JAMES K. MUNNIS, 118 Upper Water Street. Halifax, Oct 9

NOTICE. WHEREAS, my wife, Harriett Bartlett has left my bed and board, I hereby warn all persons from trusting her, now or hereafter, any goods or paying her money on my account, as I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her, or acknowledge any money paid to her. SAMUEL BARTLETT, Onalow, Oct 24

NOTICE TO MARINERS. HALIFAX, August 28, 1867. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the FOG TRUMPET On Cranberry Island, off Cape Canso, recently out of order, but now repaired will be in operation as usual from this date, until further notice. sep 5

CHELSEA HOUSE! Sebastopol Road, Bridgewater. THE Subscribers beg leave to call attention to their Stock of GROCERIES; and expect, in a few days, to receive a splendid assortment of DRY GOODS, Having a thorough knowledge of the business, we hope by strict attention to the wants of our customers, to merit a large share of public patronage. ALSO—A large supply of JEWELRY, Cheap for Cash. POTTS, WARD & CO, Bridgewater, Aug. 24, 1867.

WOODILL'S WORM LOZENGES ARE THE ONLY CERTAIN, SAFE, and EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR WORMS. THEY never fail to act when properly used, and are certain to exterminate any of the different species of Worms which inhabit the different parts of the intestinal canal. They do not contain Calomel, or any other mineral substance, but are purely VEGETABLE and therefore SAFE. They act on the WORMS only, producing no other constitutional effect than that which would follow a dose of SENNA, CASTOR OIL, or SALTS. In the treatment of WORMS the principal indication is the EXPULSION of the Worms from the Bowels. This may be fulfilled in some instances by active Purgatives, which expel by increasing the peristaltic action of the bowels, or by Anthelmintics, which favor their expulsion through the ordinary contraction of the bowels by destroying them, or rendering them less able or less disposed to resist this contraction. Other preparations, and to a feeble extent, for to produce it, it is necessary to give large and nauseous doses, and on the following day some purgative to carry off the effects of the previous day's medicine. The combination of these two modes constitutes Woodill's Worm Lozenges, thus not only destroying by their anthelmintic, but removing immediately by their purgative properties. It is upon this union that we claim the SUPERIORITY AND ORIGINALITY of Woodill's Worm Lozenges, as they are the only preparations combining these essential qualities. The ingredients both ANTHELMINTIC and PURGATIVE, composing them are eminently calculated to produce the best results, in accordance with the object of their combination, while they are both pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Be particularly to ask for WOODILL'S. They are the only kind free from danger, and there are none more efficacious. They can be had of all Druggists and Medicine Dealers throughout the Province. The price is only 25 cents per box. Be careful to take notice that Woodill's are of a pink color. Prepared only by WOODILL BROTHERS, City Drug Store, 131 Hollis Street, Halifax aug 9

WOODILL'S WORM LOZENGES. The best and CHEAPEST place to buy READY MADE CLOTHING OR GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS IS AT THE WOOLLEN HALL, 25 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N.B. JAMES McNICHOL & SON. A large stock of Fashionable Fall and Winter Cloths just received. Clothing made or order in the most Fashionable styles. WELDON HOUSE, OPPOSITE THE RAILWAY STATION, SHEDIAC, N. B. DAVID KIRK, Proprietor.

Stubb's Hotel, (OPPOSITE THE CLUB HOUSE,) 146 Prince William St. ST. JOHN, N. B. JAMES MCINTOSH, Proprietor.

Belfast House! 125, GOTTINGEN STREET, 125. AFTER you look elsewhere, and before you buy, see my Dresses, Prints, Flannels, Hosies, Cobourgs, HOOP-SKIRTS, MANTLES, SHAWLS, BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, AND SHIRTS; BOOTS, SHOES, and JEWELRY of all kinds. CASH BUYERS SHOULD GET THEIR GOODS AT CASH PRICES! Those who sell part for Cash and part for Credit, are obliged to make the one cover the losses of the other. No man should be obliged to pay another's debts. I credit nobody, consequently I have no risks to cover, and can save you at least ten cents on the dollar. Beware of imitations of my house as you may be misled. My only place of business is Belfast House, 125 GOTTINGEN STREET. June 6, 1867. S. CUNNINGHAM.

TOOTHACHE. INSTANT CURE. BUNTER'S NERVINE. IMMEDIATELY on its application gives permanent relief by painless destruction of the nerve in decayed teeth, forms a complete stopping, and renders extraction unnecessary. sept 6

DOMINION HOUSE! WILLIAM SMITH, TAILOR, BEGS leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has lately opened up the above establishment near the Railway Depot, where he has on hand a good assortment of ENGLISH AND DOMINION TWEEDS, &c. And hopes by strict attention to business receive a share of patronage. sep. 14, 1867.

RICHARD ABBOTT, BLOCK & PUMP MAKER, Bentley's Spar Dock, LOWER WATER ST., HALIFAX, Patent & Iron Bush Blocks, Dead Eyes, Belaying Pins, Mast Hoops, &c., all ways on hand. Orders thankfully received and promptly attended to, and work warranted to give satisfaction. mar 17

DR. STREET. DR. STREET, OF BRIDGEWATER, takes the opportunity of informing the public that he may be professionally consulted at his residence, opposite the Post Office, and being much flattered with his past success in his practice in the town, and surrounding country, he is enabled by diligent attention to business, to secure the confidence of those who may favor him with their patronage. may 6

ASAPH G. BLAKSLIEE, HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE PAINTER, NO. 78 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B. Transparent Window Blinds manufactured to order. dec 1

REMOVAL! OPHIR HOUSE! E. L. & T. SPIKE, MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, Have removed from No. 135 Granville Street, to their New Establishment, No. 161 Hollis Street, Opposite the "Club House," and two doors south of Z. S. Hall's Army and Navy Book Store. June 27, 1867

1866—New Importations—1866 CLEVERDON & CO. Has received per ships Egenio, Fearless, Glasgow and Mozart, a large supply, consisting of: 243 Cases of CRYSTAL WARE, 50 lbs of TEA, 28 cases of GLASSWARE, 3 crates of Best Stone Filters, ass. sizes 1 case of From 12 gallon to 5 gallon Bottles, Crates, Jars, &c. Also from Glasgow, ex Rosebath and Britannia, 170 boxes Tobacco Pipes. For sale low for Cash or approved credit. Staffordshire House, Wm. T. BOOME, Proprietor. July 7

MRS. WINSLOW, An experienced Nurse and Female Physician presents to the attention of mothers, her Soothing Syrup, FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation, will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is Sure to Regulate the Bowels Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and Relief and Health to your Infants. We have put up and sold this article for over 30 years and can say in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine.—NEVER HAS IT FAILED IN A SINGLE INSTANCE TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medicinal virtues. We speak in years experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfillment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and SKILLFUL SURGEONS in New England, and has been used with never failing success in THOUSANDS OF CASES. It not only alleviates the child from pain but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve Gripping in the Bowels, and Wind Colic, and overcome convulsion, which, if not speedily remedied end in death. We believe in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhoea in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—do not let your prejudices nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the name of CUNNINGHAM & PERKINS, New York, on the outside wrapper. Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Principal Office, No. 28 Dey Street, N. Y. Price only 35 Cents per bottle. sept 15

PHOTOGRAPH AND AMBROTYPE GALLERY, 67 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B. ALL kinds of pictures taken, at this establishment, warranted of the very best quality, and at the most moderate rates. The public are respectfully invited to attend and examine samples. Parties sending Carte Visites or any other kind of pictures to be copied, will get them thoroughly finished and returned by post or otherwise for \$1.00 per dozen. Just only think—\$1.00 per dozen for copying pictures to Carte Visites. Please send along your orders with a remittance. Satisfaction guaranteed. A. A. WATSON, Photograph Artist. Opposite St. John Hotel. May 30, 6ms.

CHAIR FACTORY, Bridgewater. THE Undersigned begs leave to inform the public, that he is prepared to fill orders for Wood Seated Chairs, of every description, on the shortest notice. And, having every facility to further him in this line of business, and having engaged the services of the best and most experienced workmen the Province can afford, he flatters himself he can give general satisfaction, and that he will be able successfully to compete with any similar establishment in Nova Scotia. School Furniture of the latest style made to order. A quantity of Chairs will always be on hand.—The public are respectfully requested to give him a call and examine his work. ZERAH WILE, Bridgewater, N. S. June 27

THE Greatest Success of the Day —18— DR. RIDGES PATENT FOOD. THIS delicious diet has now been before the public for several years, during which time the sale has increased from hundreds to tens of thousands of this annually throughout Great Britain, and it has met with a like success in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, P. E. Island and the Canadas. Those who have not tried it are respectfully invited to purchase a single tin. J. H. WOOLRICH, HALIFAX, Appointed Agent for B. N. A.

Ask for Uncle John's Pills! WOOLRICH'S PATENT PICK-ME-UP BITTERS For affection of the liver, stomach and head. Try this wonderful efficacy, they create appetite, pro-indigestion, purify the blood, and strengthen the whole nervous system. J. H. WOOLRICH, Proprietor and Patentee.

HENRY C. TULLY, 180 Upper Water St HALIFAX, Opposite George H. Starr & Co's Wharf, —IMPORTER AND DEALER IN— American and West India Produce, Flour, Meal, Pork, Beef, Leather, Lard, Tobacco, Buckets, Brooms, MOLASSES, SUGARS, TEAS, and GROCERIES of all kinds,—at lowest market prices. may

M. N. POWERS, UNDERTAKER, NO. 86 CHARLOTTE ST., ST. JOHN, N. B. —IMPORTER OF— Coffin Mountings of all kinds, Manufacturer of Coffins in Mahogany, Walnut, and Covered. Orders in town or country executed with promptness by day or night. Residence over Wareroom. nov 4

MANSION HOUSE, Bridgewater, N. S. WILLIAM MERRY, Proprietor of the above mentioned House, begs leave to intimate to the travelling public that he has refitted and furnished it in good and comfortable style, and he hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage. Permanent and Transient Boarders can be accommodated in this establishment on reasonable terms; and in connection with the above he has a most spacious and airy LIVERY STABLE, where he keeps a variety of good and reliable horses for hire. sep 15

A COUGH, COLD, —OR— SORE THROAT. REQUIRES immediate attention, and should be checked, if allowed to continue Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an incurable Lung Disease, is often the result. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success. SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS will find TROCHES useful in clearing the voice when taken before singing or speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The Troches are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy in new localities in various parts of the world and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles. Obtain only 'Brown's Bronchial Troches,' and do not take any of the worthless imitations that may be offered. Sold everywhere. sept 15

WATERLEY HOUSE, FREDERICTON, N. B. Wm. GRIEVES, Proprietor. Good accommodation for man and beast, and on moderate terms. jan 28 1y

BUNTER'S NERVINE For Toothache—never fails. WOOLRICH, Halifax Agent. DR. RIDGES COOKED FOOD For Infants and Invalids, is satisfying, strengthening, soothing, agreeable, digestible, nourishing. WOOLRICH, Halifax Agent. dec 9 1y