

CHAULNES CAPTURED BY FRENCH

Stronghold is Occupied and Further Progress Recorded

French Capture Thirty Villages Since Yesterday

FRENCH CONTINUE PROGRESS TOWARD SOMME; TAKE ALL TOWNS IN LINE OF ADVANCE

British Forces Fighting East of Arras Have Reached Outskirts of Haucourt and Other Towns North of Cambrai Wood; Line in Flanders Battle Area Advanced on Four Mile Front

By the Associated Press. PARIS, Aug. 28.—1.30 p.m.—(Bulletin).—The German retreat on the Somme battlefield has become precipitate. The French first and third armies are at no point losing contact with the enemy. The French are inflicting heavy losses on the retreating Germans.

PARIS, Aug. 28.—(Bulletin).—Chaulnes has been occupied by French troops, according to the official statement issued today by the War Office. Progress toward the Somme was continued this morning by the French, the statement says. Since yesterday thirty villages have been taken by them.

Among the larger villages taken by the French are Omiecourt, about two miles east of Chaulnes; Balatre, three miles northeast of Roye; Reiglise, a mile and three quarters southeast of Roye, toward Noyon, and Verpilleres, south of Roig-lise.

The text of the statement reads: "During the night the French maintained contact with the rear guards of the enemy, and have continued their advance. "North and south of the Avre we have occupied Chaulnes, Omiecourt, Balatre, Roiglise and Verpilleres. "Further south we have penetrated into the wood of Crapeau Mesnil, and have taken Dives. "This morning we have continued our advance towards the Somme, and north of the Avre have reached the general line of Licourt, Potte and Mesnil-le-Petit (just west of the Somme river) and Nesle. "Since yesterday we have taken thirty villages, and have realized at the same time an advance of twelve kilometres at certain points."

BRITISH PROGRESS. LONDON, Aug. 28.—(Bulletin).—British forces fighting east of Arras have reached the outskirts of Haucourt, Remy and Beiry Notre Dame, north of the Arras-Cambrai road, according to the official statement issued by the War Office today. The British line in the Flanders battle area has been advanced on a front of four miles astride the Neuf Berquin-Estaires road. South of the Somme the British have taken Foucaucourt, while north of the Somme they have attacked and taken the greater part of Trones wood.

Our troops took Foucaucourt, south of the Somme, yesterday. The town had been strongly held by the enemy with machine guns. North of the Somme we attacked and captured the greater part of Trones wood, taking a number of prisoners from a Prussian Guard division. South of the Scarpe troops of the First army have improved their positions astride the Arras-Douai railway, forcing our troops back a few hundred yards to the old German trench-

es on Greenland Hill, where the enemy attack broke down under our fire. SERGT. HOLDSWORTH KILLED IN ACTION A Former School Principal Gives Life—Lieut. Orr Believed Killed OTHER CASUALTIES KILLED IN ACTION Sergt. J. A. Holdsworth. Flight Lieut. Edgar Simpson. Flight Lt. Jack Orr (believed killed). WOUNDED Lieut. H. M. Bell (shell shock) Pte. Wm. Stuart. Sergt. Holdsworth. Sergt. J. A. Holdsworth, member of the 215th Battalion, and formerly principal of the King Edward school, Eagle Place, is to-day officially reported killed in action. Sergt. Holdsworth came to the city from Woodstock, succeeding Mr. Dixon at King Edward school, and, though his stay here was brief, he won the hearts of his pupils and a host of older friends. A large percentage of Brantford's teachers have answered the call of King and country, but Sergt. Holdsworth is the first to pay the supreme price. LIEUT. JACK ORR Flight Lieut. Jack Orr, yesterday reported as having been wounded, has been missing since August 9th. (Continued on page two)

British troops carried out a successful local operation yesterday astride the Neuf Berquin-Estaires road, advancing our line on a front of about four miles, and taking a number of prisoners. ACTIVITY INCREASES With the French Army in France, Aug. 27.—Evening.—Activity behind the German lines on the Aisne and the Avre fronts has increased greatly since the French successes around Roye, and on the plateau north of Soissons. In the region east of Roye the Germans seem to be preparing for an eventual retirement. The French pushed on today and reached the edge of Chaulnes, after taking Chaulnes wood by assault. On the south they reached Amy, two miles southeast of Roye. Most noticeable are the enemy movements west of the Somme canal, which joins the Canal Du Nord at Peronne, and runs southward through Ham. The bulk of the German troops on the Chaulnes-Roye line have quickened their retreat since the fall of Roye at 9 o'clock this morning. They are

DESPERATE EFFORT BY THE ENEMY USED LAST RESERVES With the British army in France, Aug. 22.—(By the Associated Press).—The Germans have gone to the greatest length to hold their line in the north bank of the Somme to the rear of Guillemont and then north-east through Guichy. It is believed the enemy intends to make a desperate stand on this line. Once driven from this line the next logical place for a strong stand would be in the rear of the canal Du Nord which runs in a northeasterly direction from Peronne to west of Cambrai. In the south the Germans have preparations for strong resistance on the east bank of this canal. South of the Somme the Germans are also in some force at Foucaucourt, which sticks forward in a salient that has gradually become most dangerous for the enemy. Counter Attacks. There were vicious counter-attacks early this evening in some places as must be expected, the British also gave up their foothold on Maltzorn Farm, near Guillemont, east of Albert. South of the Scarpe the British and the Russians gained possession of Fontaine les Croisilles.

BOLSHEVIK FORCES ARE RETREATING Have Retired Six Miles Before General Advance of Allies SEMENOFF ADVANCES By Courier Leased Wire. London, Aug. 28.—(By the Associated Press).—The anti-Bolshevik leader, has crossed the Siberian frontier and retaken Matishevsk station, west of Manchuli, capturing prisoners. The Japanese troops are engaged with the Bolsheviks near Dauria. It is reported that the Allies have taken over the operation of the railways. Supplementary Treaties. Copenhagen, Aug. 28.—German and Russian plenipotentiaries Tuesday, according to an official telegram from Berlin, signed three treaties, supplementary to the Brest-Litovsk treaty. The new treaties include a treaty supplementing the treaty of peace as well as a financial agreement and one dealing with the civil law. The treaties are the result of negotiations which have been going on in Berlin for several weeks between the Germans and the Russians. The treaties were signed at the German ministry of foreign affairs.

BATTLE IN PICARDY AND ARTOIS CONTINUES WITH UNDIMINISHED VIOLENCE— ALLIES PROGRESS KAISER AT EMPRESS' BEDSIDE Her Condition is Worse— People Do Not Know the Truth By Courier Leased Wire. London, Aug. 28.—The German Emperor, who has been ill for several days, has taken a turn for the worse, according to a message received in Amsterdam from Dusseldorf and forwarded to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The message adds that her heart displays increased weakness. Emperor William has not been able to leave the bedside of his wife, who is at the castle at Wilhelmshohe. It is declared that no bulletin on the Empress' condition will be published in order not to alarm the people.

Press Foe Hard on North and South Wings of Line STILL ADVANCE New York, Aug. 28.—The Associated Press this morning issued the following: The great battle in Picardy and Artois continues with undiminished violence. Allied troops, particularly on the northern and southern wings of the 57 mile line, from north of the Scarpe to south of Roye, are pressing the Germans steadily eastward. Every means known to modern warfare are being used by the enemy to stay the on-rush of the British and French, but the Allied machine moves on. Heavy reinforcements have been thrown into the fray by the Germans, mostly in the centre around Bapaume. The one desire of the enemy appears to be to find a line where he can stand long enough to make an orderly retirement. Marshal Foch, however, is giving the enemy no rest. There is no let-up in the allied pressure, and each day the active fighting front is being extended on the north and south. Each extension is marked by further gains, adding to the peril of the enemy center, which fights desperately to prevent the British from breaking through. On the north, astride the Scarpe, the British have broken through the Hindenburg line on a front of ten miles or more and continue their push after an advance of three miles Tuesday. They have reached Vis-en-Artois, in the rear of the Hindenburg line and have broken through, or almost reached, the reserve line known as the Quant-Drocourt switch line. The British here are advancing on the main roads to Douai and Cambrai and before them is terrain untouched by previous battle of the war. Gavrelle on the main road from Arras to Douai, is only eight miles from Douai. Among the ruins and shell craters of the old Somme battlefield about Bapaume the Germans are putting up a stiff resistance. Bapaume itself is now part of No Man's Land, but the Germans are clinging to every foot as long as possible. North and south of Bapaume the British have made only slight progress against the enemy defense. Great confusion is reported behind the German lines on this sector and the enemy is digging a trench line to the east of Bapaume. North and south of the Somme the British press onward toward Peronne. They are approaching Comblès after overpowering the Germans around Montauban and in the woods of the neighborhood and are east of Maricourt, which gives them possession of the high ground north of the river. Reuppre, south of the river and six miles west of Peronne, has fallen to General Rawlinson's men. The intervening terrain to Peronne is fairly level and open, but the Germans are struggling to hold the British to check. French troops have moved eastward in the Roye sector, an average of nearly two miles on a front of twelve and a half miles. Roye, one of the principal points of the German defense south of the Somme, Continued on Page Six

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Hard Fighting is reported around Croisilles, north of Bapaume. The possession by the British of the highest ground north of Croisilles places the German in a very uncomfortable position.

U.S. SENATE VOTES ON MAN POWER BILL

Washington, Aug. 27.—The final vote in the Senate on the Man-Power Bill was recorded amid uncheered applause from the gallery filled with spectators, who attended the session to witness final congressional action of the measure that will add approximately thirteen million men to the potential military strength of the nation and provide in the opinion of War Department officials the army that will enable the Allies to defeat Germany next year. In conference the differences in the drafts of the bill, as passed by the Senate and as enacted Saturday by the House by a vote of 336 to 2 are expected to be compromised speedily, and the bill in its final form transmitted to President Wilson for his signature late this week. Preparations being made by Provost Marshal General Crowder to carry out the provisions of the measure was expected to insure the registration of all men within the ages of 18 and 21 and 31 and 45, within a week or ten days after the President attaches his signature.

KAISER AT EMPRESS' BEDSIDE Her Condition is Worse— People Do Not Know the Truth By Courier Leased Wire. London, Aug. 28.—The German Emperor, who has been ill for several days, has taken a turn for the worse, according to a message received in Amsterdam from Dusseldorf and forwarded to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The message adds that her heart displays increased weakness. Emperor William has not been able to leave the bedside of his wife, who is at the castle at Wilhelmshohe. It is declared that no bulletin on the Empress' condition will be published in order not to alarm the people.

LUDENDORFF'S PLAN HAS BEEN FORESTALLED

British and French Gains Place Foe in Precarious Position DANGER ON ALL SIDES Germans Fighting to Stay Bapaume By Courier Leased Wire. Paris, Aug. 28.—The British and French gains are placed the Germans in a precarious position and, it is believed here, have forestalled the plan of Ludendorff to fall back on the old Hindenburg line. The fall of Roye to the troops of General De Beney undoubtedly will hasten the German retirement between the Somme and the Oise. Equally menacing to the Germans are the British gains toward Comblès and along the Scarpe. The German command apparently planned to pivot the retiring movement on the line east of Arras with the divisions south of it marching back to the old German line. Such a plan would be difficult to carry out under the most favorable circumstances. The British onslaught on Bapaume added to the difficulties of carrying out this plan, and the extension of the battle line to the Scarpe made things very much worse. This is because the British struck at the hinge by taking and breaking through from Cavrelle and Croisilles. To Stay British Attacks By the Associated Press. With the British Army in France, Tuesday, Aug. 27.—(midnight).—Driven from the high ground protecting Peronne on the west, and forced beyond the Hindenburg line in the region of Arras, the German Continued on Page Two

WEATHER BULLETIN Toronto, Aug. 28.—Pressure is high over the eastern and western portions of the continent, while a trough of low extends from Hudson's Bay to the southwest states. Except for some showers in the southwestern counties of Ontario, the weather has been fair throughout the Dominion to-night and on Thursday. Forecasts. Moderate to fresh southeast to south winds, unsettled with local showers and thunderstorms, chiefly to-night and on Thursday.

Zimmie advertisement featuring a cartoon character.

Vertical advertisements on the left margin including 'SALE', 'ER & SON', 'Railway', and 'Hamilton Railway'.

NORFOLK NEWS

SIMCOE SOLDIER DEAD OF WOUNDS

Pte. Bert Hammond First of Four Brothers in Service to Fall

SPLENDID YOUNG MAN

(From our own Correspondent) Simcoe, Aug. 28.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hammond, of 248 Talbot St., south, have the sympathy of all Simcoe in their loss of their son, Pte. Bert Hammond, No. 408,791, of the 37th Batt. C.E.F., who was wounded on the 19th inst., and died of wounds on the 22nd. The cable with the final sad news was delivered yesterday.

Bert was only 21 years of age. He quit work at the Wool Stock Company's mills on January 16th, 1915, to enlist, and accompanying his brother Walter who attested on the 12th of the same month. They left here with Major (then Lieut.) Robert Louis Dugit, the following November. He had been four times wounded, and four times returned to the trenches. Subsequently a third brother, William, donned the khaki, and the babe of the family, a strapping 16 year old lad, put off his short trousers, looked manly and signed up in the 13th Battalion. Stanley has been severely wounded and returned to Canada last June for treatment. And more, the father joined the same unit with his youngest son and was returned from Camp Borden, not for lack of grit, or inefficiency, except that he had rolled up too many years of age. Many Norfolk families have made splendid contributions to the fighting line, but all unite in according due recognition to this outstanding family. "Bert" as he was popularly known, was a splendid young man, and he must, as one of the pioneer soldiers, have given exceptional service. There must have been enough of his kith and kin over in France to make a fairly good sized battalion. Peace to his spirit and balm to those who mourn.

SPLENDID WAR SPIRIT

President of Ontario Dental Surgeons to Help West Save Wheat

NEWS FROM SIMCOE

(From Our Own Correspondent) Simcoe, Aug. 28.—To-morrow Dr. W. M. McQuire, Registrar of Norfolk County and his brother, Dr. George McQuire, of Dunnville, will leave Toronto for Goodwater, Sask. Word has come down that a relative of the latter gentleman, has 1200 acres of wheat turning golden and help is not in sight to take care of it, and the two gentlemen have decided to turn in to work. They farmed when boys and the trade is not easily forgotten as many will agree.

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Courier Press

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If the college wants a meeting of the sort they had better go west and hold it in the wheat fields for Dr. William will not leave off work to attend as President. Dunnville citizens had better look up some chairs for tooth ache for the "Macks" are off.

No More Hazing. J. D. Christin has announced that he has determined to stamp out the awkward attempt that has been in vogue for a few years, to "initiate" the beginners' class at the high school a la mode university.

Last year the new comers were swarmed, not by the students of the year above them but by the whole body of former students. In a most one sided fashion and were subjected to a handling which was quite destructive of clothing, dangerous to health, and not at all calculated to engender a good esprit-de-corps or spirit of comradeship.

Complaint was made at the time and the subject was discussed at the next meeting, when the chairman of the management committee gave his word that the practice would be stopped even if some of the leaders had to be expelled.

The boys were evidently endeavoring to play a game without knowing the rules.

Community Suffers From One Man's Error.

In the heat of the summer of 1917 the residents of the affected ward beseeched the council for a by-law prohibiting car-loads of manure from being delivered to sidings within the corporation during the summer months.

They had reason to complain. The consignment was of the most revolting quality and it was by general consent poorly handled.

The by-law was passed. More mature considerations would appear to indicate that the ban should be lifted, except for "paunch" manure, and for these reasons.

Each successive year there is a greater demand for large crops of vegetables, fruit and corn within easy hauling reach of Simcoe, and within easy reach of the women, boys and girls who are so indispensable in taking care of and picking the crop. No other fertilizer seems to give such results; the demand is unlimited, the material is collected in cities and has to go somewhere. There is nothing seriously objectionable about ordinary commercial fertilizer promptly and properly handled.

The by-law could be again put in force if conditions required it. The jam factory will require acres and acres of small fruit and an increasing amount year after year for we are told that the entire product of this industry is sold yearly before it is manufactured. The cucumber industry alone, at present in its infancy will require much fertilizer, and there is none other so economical as that at present banned from delivery in Simcoe during the late spring and summer. The matter

then might properly be re-considered at an early date. Old Ends of News. Mr. John Anguish reached home from Hamilton a few days ago. Mayor Shier and Deputy-Reeve Langford were in Toronto yesterday and conferred with Mr. D. McIntyre, Chairman of the Railway and Municipal Board regarding the gas situation in Norfolk.

A bevy of those young Presbyterians were down to Dover last night for a cold roast with the Jamiesons. It was some one's birthday—turning 16 or 17 or something—doesn't matter. No great pretext is necessary for a corn roast. They had a staid and sober elder along, perhaps two or three and the autos and trucks got back to town possibly before two or three. We do not wait for corroboration to say they had a good time.

HARVESTERS URGENTLY NEEDED IN WESTERN CANADA.

When travelling to Western Harvest fields go by the Canadian Northern Railway and thereby give support to the People's line.

Information of value to harvest hands is given in a leaflet entitled "Harvesters Work and Wages" to be had from any C.N.R. Agent.

LUDENDORFF

(Continued from Page One.)

are fighting desperately, but apparently with much confusion, to stay British attacks in the region of Bapaume. Since noon to-day heavy reinforcements have been put into the enemy line in the Bapaume region, and his resistance there has stiffened. Apparently the use of these reinforcements is for the purpose of giving the enemy time to dig in on a line parallel to the Canal Du Nord on the west. Whether he will be able to hold this line is very doubtful. His next defence line east would be behind the Canal Du Nord, about six miles east of Bapaume.

Along the Somme, in spite of stubborn resistance, the British have pushed the Germans off the high ground between Maricourt and the river. South of the river they have reached Dompiere, 6 miles west of Peronne. North of Maricourt, the Germans made vicious counter attacks this evening, and the British had to give up some of the ground they had gained during the day.

THE GREATEST BRITISH ADVANCE OF THE DAY WAS MADE SOUTH OF THE SCARPE.

General Byng's men are reported working east of Vis-en-Artois and at last reports had gained Fontaine-les-Croisilles, south of Vis-en-Artois.

Between Fontaine and Bapaume the British took ground near Vraucourt. Heavy enemy counter attacks developed, and as the position was a little in advance of the rest of the line at this point, the British fell back temporarily. They brought with them, however, five officers and 150 men as prisoners.

The same thing happened in the neighborhood of Fiers, south of Bapaume, where 70 prisoners were brought back by patrols which retired when the enemy threw in a heavy counter attack. The German attack sufficed severely from British artillery and machine gun fire. Delved (Devil wood) was taken by the British and then lost. It is reported that it has been captured again. Elements of sixteen enemy battalions have been found mixed up on a front of less than four miles near Bapaume.

Elements of the Scarpe considerable progress has been made, and the British are reported driving eastward from Oppy and Cavrelle, which they hold.

SERG. HOLDSWORTH

(Continued from Page One.)

and is believed dead, according to official notification received by relatives near the city. The young aviator, who was formerly in the Bank of Commerce here, went overseas with the 17th battalion.

Lt. Edgar Simpson, Dalhousie St. Flight Lieut. Edgar Simpson, is missing. The young man was educated at the Collegiate here, and became attached to the R.A.F. a year ago. A brother is also overseas. By a strange coincidence, when the matter of a patriotic celebration was broached at the city council on Monday night, Ald. Simpson commented that families who had suffered from the recent fighting would be more disposed to mourn than to cheer.

Lieut. Hugh M. Bell, formerly city editor of The Courier, suffered severe shell shock recently, and is now convalescing at Wisley Camp, according to word received in the city yesterday. Lt. Bell went overseas with the 11th battalion in 1916, and was a

member of the Courier staff for some time prior to that.

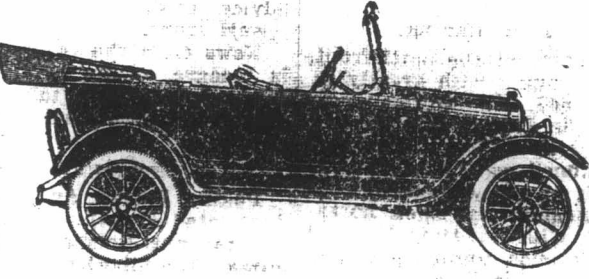
Pte. William Stuart Mr. T. H. Stuart, 181 Sheridan street, has received official word that his son, Pte. William Stuart, has been wounded in the left leg and arm. Pte. Stuart went overseas with the 36th battalion in 1915.

OVER 112,000 PRISONERS By Courier Leased Wire Washington, Aug. 28.—The number of prisoners taken by the Allies since July 1 has passed the 112,000 mark, General March, United States chief of staff, said to-day. In the same time the Allies have taken from the Germans 1,300 cannon of the field gun calibre and larger.

ROOSEVELT WINS CROSS By Courier Leased Wire London, Aug. 28.—The award to Captain Kermit Roosevelt, son of Col. Roosevelt of the Military Cross for services in Mesopotamia, is announced in the Official Gazette. Until joined the American forces in France, Captain Roosevelt was attached to the British army in Mesopotamia on special duty.

Two barns were burned in a severe storm which passed over Stratford, during which 1.1 inches of rain fell.

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You want comfort to the point of luxury in riding qualities. You demand a car that in outward appearance is one you, and your family can be proud to be seen in.

You insist on artistic lines in a body that is in accord with the prevailing fashions. Upholstery that feels as easy as it looks—that is as durable as the best. And with a finish in details and in the ensemble that looks the part your car is to play in your daily life.

Speed, you desire, equal to any occasion and power equal to any emergency. All these you may obtain in a motor car and at a price well within your reach—if you but select right.

There's the rub—how to decide, between those who claim everything, which car will fulfill the claims.

For makers are not over-modest. There's no patent on adjectives nor restriction on the use of words.

Every maker claims everything. How is one to decide? After all, it isn't so difficult. Just observe one rule—accept no claim that hasn't been proven.

You can see and test for yourself most of the qualities you desire in a motor car. You can compare body lines. You can feel the upholstery. You can determine the quality of finish.

By riding in it you can verify or disprove all claims as to spring suspension, balance and riding qualities.

If you know how to drive any car you can drive it yourself and thereby test the handling and control—steering gear, shift, clutch, brakes, etc.—and responsiveness of motor.

All these are an open book to the man who will read and can interpret. So after all, you need only accept the word of the salesman for—well, for the most important facts.

These are, the reliability of the car and its gasoline consumption. And there's where the claims come in—for makers being human, and business being competitive, there is a tendency to claim reliability unlimited—and fuel economy to the vanishing point.

Since this is so, what is the formula for accurate selection of a motor car? Proofs—that is the only certain way.

"Claims are all right, but only proofs count"—that is the Maxwell slogan. Believing that every claim should be susceptible of incontrovertible proof—and believing it to be good business to claim only what we can prove—

We have proven in official test, and before the whole world, those two most elusive but most important qualities—reliability and gasoline economy. In 44 days and nights running, during which the motor never stopped—the car every minute under the supervision of A. A. A. Officials—the Maxwell proved its wonderful reliability.

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More than 3000 Maxwell owners entered—and the average of all those Maxwells was 29.4 miles per gallon of gasoline. (That was for a U. S. standard gallon. Add 20 per cent mileage and you have 35.3 for a Canadian "Imperial Gallon.")

That also stands a world's record for gasoline economy.

And remember, it wasn't the performance of one especially adjusted car, but an average made by more than 3000 Maxwells—1915, 16 and 17 models.

Nor were they driven by factory employees or dealers—the rules specified that only actual owners or members of their families could compete.

So there's one car, in the selection of which you can be sure—absolutely sure. For what you cannot yourself see and examine and test, has been proven beyond question.

You are invited to see and to ride in and to drive yourself, a Maxwell. And, having done that—having seen and tested all that can be confirmed in a short time—the official figures of those long-time, long-distance, reliability and economy tests are also available to you.

Then, if you are willing to accept mere verbal assertions in the selection of your car—that is your privilege, of course.

But if you want a car that in official test has proven every claim made for it—that car must be a Maxwell.

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5 Passenger	\$4,175
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AUCTION

S. P. Pitcher, received instruction Keil to sell at 150 Market Street DAY, AUG. 29th. Following goods: K table; chairs; paring room; side table; sewing machine; oak leather-seated; cushions; curtains; rug; side and table; Gerrard-Heintzma wicker rocker; cushions and blinds; Dresser and sprays bureau; Bedroom bed; hall carpet. Terms, Cash. MR. GEORGE K. S. P. PIT

NEW TRIAL FOR I.W.

Application of Indicted Judge Chicago, Aug. 28.—The court room under a heavy Chief Counsel, year, for the defining the opening motions, attacked of the indictment fact that the jury votes. This, he lent time to present evidence presented decisions were in support of his defendants' were trial.

After hearing counsel, Judge motions under would announce day. It is expected imposed immediately. In the motions, it is a defence will appeal United States of peals.

GOMPERS I By Courier Leased London, Aug. 28, president of of Labor, arrived at an En

KENTUCKY S By Courier Leased Washington, Ollie M. James of morning at a ho where he had been

DR. DEVAN'S FE medicine for all Femal or Hires for \$10, at dr address on receipt of Co. St. Catherine's Ont

PHOSPHONOL for Nerve and Brain a tonic—will build you at drug stores. Can Secoma, Price 25

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112 CONROE ST., ST. JOHN, N.B. I feel I must tell you of the great benefit I have received from your wonderful medicine, "Fruit-a-tives". I have been a sufferer for many years from Violent Headaches, and could get no permanent relief. A friend advised me to take "Fruit-a-tives" and I did so with great success; and now I am entirely free of Headaches, thanks to your splendid medicine.



MRS. ALEXANDER SHAW, 50e. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price, postpaid, by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

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AUCTION SALE S. P. Pitcher, auctioneer, has received instructions from Mr. George Keirl to sell at his residence, No. 150 Marlborough St. on THURSDAY, AUG. 29th, at 1.30, the following goods: Kitchen—Gas range, table; chairs; pans and dishes; Dining-room—Sofa; extension table; sewing machine; six fumed oak leather-seated chairs; clock; linoleum; curtains; pictures; Hall—Rug stand and stair carpet; Parlor—Gerrard-Heintzman upright piano; wicker rocker; chair; couch; table; curtains and blinds; Bedroom No. 1.—Dresser and commode; bed; mattress and springs; mirror; table; bureau. Bedroom No. 2.—Dresser; bed; hall carpet and camp bed. Terms, Cash. MR. GEORGE KEIRL, Proprietor. S. P. FITCHER, Auctioneer

NEW TRIAL ASKED FOR I.W.W. LEADERS Application on Behalf of 100 Indicted Men Heard by Judge Landis

Chicago, Aug. 27.—Federal Judge Landis today heard argument of counsel on a motion for a new trial and arrest of judgement in the case of 100 leaders of the I. W. W. recently found guilty of conspiracy in violating the espionage law. The prisoners, who have been in jail for a week, were brought into the court room handcuffed in pairs under a heavy armed guard. Chief Counsel, George F. Vanderveer, for the defendants, in presenting the opening arguments on the motions, attacked the constitutionality of the indictment. He pointed to the fact that the jury was out forty minutes. This, he said, was insufficient time to properly deliberate on evidence presented. Numerous court decisions were cited by the attorney in support of his contention that the defendants were entitled to a new trial.

COMPERS IN ENGLAND. London, Aug. 28.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and his party have arrived at an English port.

KENTUCKY SENATOR DEAD. Washington, Aug. 28.—Senator Ollie M. James of Kentucky died this morning at a hospital in Baltimore, where he had been ill for some time.

DR. DEVAN'S FEMALE PILLS. Relieves all Female Complaints. 25c. a box or three for \$1.00, at drug stores. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. The Scotts' Emulsion Co., St. Catharines, Ontario.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN. Restores Vitality for Nerve and Brain. Increases "grey matter". "Phos" will build you up. 35c. a box, or two for \$1.00, at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. The Scotts' Emulsion Co., St. Catharines, Ontario.

ATTEMPT TO DRIVE FRENCH FROM GREY HEIGHTS FAILED

Heavy German Forces Made Desperate Attack, But in Vain

ALL GAINS ARE HELD

By Courier Leased Wire With the French Armies in France, Monday, Aug. 26.—(Reuter's Limited).—Heavy German forces made a desperate attempt to drive the French from the heights between Juvisy and Crecy-au-Mont yesterday. The attack was carried out by the First Guards division, which has been brought from the region of Charleville.

The French at first yielded a little ground between Font St. Mard and Orme de Montcouve. They then brilliantly counter-attacked the enemy and not only managed to re-establish their former positions, but made a slight advance, occupying a line to the east and moving into Domaine wood.

Later in the evening the enemy made a number of attacks on the new French line, but they were repulsed in fighting of the severest character. The battlefield was covered with German dead.

London, Aug. 27.—The text of the official statement reads: With the French fighting took place on the field of the old Somme battle between Marcourt and Bapaume, and also north of the latter town yesterday afternoon and evening. The enemy counter-attacked repeatedly in strength, incurring great losses from the fire of our troops, but being unable to arrest our progress.

"English and Welsh troops pushed through Montauban and advanced along the crest of the ridge, capturing high wood and reaching Longueval. In the latter village we were heavily counter-attacked and forced back toward Banzantin-le-Grand and High wood. On this line we broke the enemy's attack and, again advancing, established ourselves well to the east of High wood.

"Early in the night a second enemy counter-attack was driven off by rifle fire before the Germans reached our position. "North of High wood the enemy twice counter-attacked in the neighborhood of Ligny and Thillois, pressing back our advanced troops some 400 or 500 yards. There his infantry was stopped and driven back."

"North of the Scarps River, Scottish troops renewed their attacks against the Germans last night and have advanced towards Plovaux, the statement says.

"At Bapaume the New Zealanders after fierce fighting, established themselves in the northern outskirts of the town. Further north English troops progressed toward Bapaume. We have had hard fighting about Croisilles.

"On the right of the battle front, the Austrians continued their advance astride the Somme and made substantial progress towards Dompreire and to the east of Suzanne.

"On the left of the battle front the Canadians yesterday captured the ridge to the east of Cancourt and established themselves to the east of Guemeppee.

"North of the River Scarpe, Scottish troops renewed their attack last night and they have made substantial progress towards Plovaux.

"Prisoners taken since the morning of August 21, exceed 21,000. PAY TRIBUTE TO BRITISH. Canadian Press dispatch from Reuter's Limited.

Paris, Aug. 27.—French military critics all pay a tribute to the great value of the present British operations, especially in clearing down huge enemy forces. They point out that Bapaume could have been taken two days ago, but that the British prefer to manoeuvre the Germans out of it.

The well known writer, Col. Fabray, shows why it is essential for the enemy to desperately defend the way to Douai and Cambrai. "If the Allies could seize the triangle formed by these towns and Valenciennes and the cross roads of Longwy, Longuyon and Mortmeyer, then practically the whole network of railways which feeds the enemy is present from will be cut, which means the strangulation of his armies in France.

POLICE COURT A family squabble that ended in the Police Court this morning took the best part of an hour to receive a hearing. After a great deal of discussion the quarrel was settled by John Butler, the defendant, agreeing to make restoration of furniture he had removed from the home. During this case J. W. Bowby was asked to take the witness stand, but he refused, ruling that his statements were always taken as reliable. The charges against the youthful burglars who broke into McCann's Grocery were adjourned in order to let the prisoners make restitution. Etta Camp, who has been in the custody of the police for some weeks, was arraigned on a charge of receiving the stolen property, namely, some bread tickets belonging to the Whitaker Baking Co. This charge was dismissed, while the one of keeping a home unfit for children, was laid over for a week.

Strikes at the five collieries of the Scotia Coal Company at Sydney have been settled by the general superintendent stating that if the four deputies who were the cause of the strike wished to they could remain in the union.



AUSTRIAN FORCES IN ITALIAN TERRITORY An Italian Church which has been fitted up as a provision store by the Austrians. Sacks of provisions are seen piled up within the sanctuary.

DESTROYER OF LUSITANIA IN FRENCH HANDS

U-Boat Commander Captured by Patrol Boat in Mediterranean

By Courier Leased Wire Paris, Aug. 28.—Lieut. Schwelger, the man who sank the Lusitania has been captured by a French patrol boat in the Mediterranean, according to La Journal. A large submarine of which he was second in command, had just torpedoed a British steamer between Malta and Sicily. The German was waiting to see the vessel sink when two French patrol boats emerged from the fog and sank the U-boat. Of the crew of 75 only one officer and four men were rescued by the patrol boats.

While being taken to Toulon the officer appeared ill at ease. When he thought no one was looking, he tried to throw some papers overboard, but a sailor seized his arm. He refused to answer questions, but an examination of the papers explained his uneasiness.

La Journal asks if the man who committed "the most vile, the most barbarous and the most cowardly act in the annals of war," is merely to be sent to a prison camp.

A dispatch from Toulon last Friday, which described the sinking of a German submarine in the Mediterranean by patrol boats, added that the mate of the submarine attempted to commit suicide when he boarded a rescue ship. The man appeared to be insane and was reported to have declared that the lost U-boat had torpedoed a captured ship.

The German Admiralty, according to advices from London on August 10, had admitted that Lieut. Schwelger was killed when a U-boat he commanded struck a mine in the north sea. The dispatch said that his death occurred in September, 1917.

STARK NAKED; HALF FROZEN. English Merchant Skipper Tells of Hun Brutality. With what callous brutality the Germans treat British prisoners is evident from the story told by a merchant captain, just released from internment in a German prison camp. After his ship was torpedoed he was locked up for twenty-four hours in the U-boat for refusing to answer questions. On the following day he was searched, and for still refusing to answer was sentenced to be shot on reaching port. He said he should cause any annoyance. One of the principal officers called him a liar and an English swine.

Some days later the submarine put overboard the bodies of the crew, transferred to an underground cell ashore. Later, after scanty and bad food had made him ill, he was marched with other prisoners from merchant ships to a camp. Kept naked in intense cold for three hours while his clothes were being searched, German officers stood about laughing. His garments were returned to him wet, and he was put in barracks, where his only covering was verminous blankets.

In compound the conditions were better, but the food unobtainable. The prisoners were skeletons in rags. If they fell down from weakness they were kicked and clubbed, beaten with the flat of a sword, and kept standing at attention in freezing weather. They had to fight like wild beasts for food that a dog would refuse. Funerals were a daily occurrence.

Transferred to Brandenburg, where he lived 5 1/2 months, the fare was such that, by the time his own parcels of food arrived, he had lost 28 pounds in weight. Twenty degrees of frost have been registered on the inside wall of the barracks in the morning, and in summer the heat was intolerable, and the flies and mosquitoes very trying. Sanitation was almost nil. Eighty hundred and fifty Russians died at that camp earlier in the war, and several were brought to death there shortly before the captain arrived.—London Chronicle.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

BRANTFORD MARKET

Table with market prices for Butter, Eggs, Grain, Hay, Oats, Rye, Straw, Wheat, Barley, Beans, Cabbage, Carrots, Onions, Celery, Potatoes, Lettuce, Tomatoes, Cucumbers, Pumpkins, Corn, Green peppers, Cauliflower, Apples, Plums, Dry salt, Fresh pork, Bacon, Beef, Beefsteak, Chickens, etc.

EAST BUFFALO By the Courier Leased Wire Buffalo, Aug. 28.—Cattle, receipts 625; steady. Calves, receipts 75; steady, \$7 to \$20.00. Hogs, receipts 1,200; strong. Heavy, \$20.25 to \$20.80; mixed, \$20.80 to \$21; yorkers \$20.85 to \$21; light yorkers, \$20.50 to \$20.75; pigs \$20.25 to \$20.50; roughs \$15 to \$17.75; stags, \$12.00 to \$15.00. Sheep and lambs, receipts 6,000; steady to strong; lambs \$10.00 to \$17.85; others unchanged.

UNION STOCK YARDS. By Courier Leased Wire Toronto, Aug. 28.—The cattle trade at the Union Stock Yards here this morning was only moderately active although there was a good run of cattle and prices were about steady. Sheep and lambs easier; calves steady. Hogs active with prices steady with yesterday's. Receipts—541 cattle, 147 calves, 650 hogs and 858 sheep.

TORONTO CATTLE MARKET. By Courier Leased Wire Toronto, Aug. 28.—Export cattle, choice, \$14 to \$15.50; Export cattle, medium, \$12.75 to \$14; Export bulls, \$9.75 to \$10.75; Butcher cattle, choice, \$10.50 to \$11.50; medium, \$9.50 to \$10.50; common, \$7.25 to \$8; Butcher cows, choice, \$8.75 to \$10; medium, \$7.75 to \$8.75; canners, \$5.50 to \$6, bulls, \$7.75 to \$8.75; Feeding steers, \$8.50 to \$9; Stockers, choice, \$5.25 to \$6.50; Stockers, light, \$4.50 to \$7.00; Makers, choice, \$65 to \$110; Springers, choice, \$75 to \$120; Sheep, ewes \$13 to \$14; Bucks and culls \$6 to \$10; Lambs, \$18 to \$18.50; Hogs, fed and watered, \$19.50; Hogs, f.o.b., \$18.50; Calves, \$16.25 to \$17.60.

CAVALRY HARASSING FOE. By Courier Leased Wire Paris, Aug. 28.—French cavalry is harassing the retreating Germans in the Chaulnes region, hampering the withdrawal of the enemy forces. There is a report that General Mangin's army is crossing the Ailette River.

No difficulty has been experienced in procuring teachers for Manitoba schools, which opened on August 20.

One paper says: "It was a sign of the tragedy, ending finally in the utter defeat of the enemy."

protected by rear-guards who are making a stout resistance, evidently for the purpose of preventing the retiring forces from being crowded too violently toward the canal, over which all the men and material are obliged to cross.

The main roads leading from Roye to Noyon, and to Nesle, are now under the fire of the French guns over their entire distance. There is now no other outlet for the German troops, but a retirement due east.

The French at the time this dispatch is filed are only six miles from the canal, and pressing forward in spite of vigorous opposition.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM HARVEST HELP EXCURSIONS \$12.00 TO WINNIPEG Plus 12c. per mile beyond. AUGUST 29th

From all stations between Lyn, Ont., and Toronto, Weston, Meaford and Palgrave, inclusive, also from stations north of Toronto to and including Huntsville.

For further particulars apply to any Grand Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

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Five Place, Robinson Park—50 choice building lots for sale. This property is situated immediately East of the B. and H. Radial, on the Hamilton road, and is the nicest suburban building sight adjacent to the city. Will be sold enblock or single lots from \$250 to \$450. \$12,000—Buff Brick, 2 1-2 storey, on Brant avenue, containing 14 rooms, 3-piece bath, furnace and fine electric, nice side verandah. Lot 66 x 132. Would make a splendid apartment house. Small barn in the rear.

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Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

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THE COURIER

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WEDNESDAY, AUG. 28, 1918

THE SITUATION.

The tide of Allied success continues to run strong. Following the capture yesterday by French troops of the important town of Roye, word comes to-day that they have also taken Chaules.

The British have made equally marked progress. They are now in entire possession of the high ground overlooking the course of the Somme right into Peronne.

PREVENTING BARN FIRES.

From January 1 to September 30, 1917, there were 788 barn fires in Ontario, entailing a loss of \$791,247.90. The question again arises, "Do lightning rods protect from fire by lightning?" a question upon which opinion is sharply divided.

Between June 1st, 1917, and the day on which this is written (October 22nd, 1917), we have investigated or have had special reports made upon no less than 211 barn fires, and we can therefore speak with some degree of authority on some phases of the cause of such fires.

Of the total of 211 investigated fires, 13 of the barns affected were equipped with lightning rods, but only two of the fires in such barns were caused by lightning. We gave particular care to a full examination of these two cases because of the apparent failure of the rods, and we have determined that in one case the whole equipment was out of order and it was well known to the farmer that two of the conductors had been completely severed where they entered the ground; the equipment in the case was therefore not only completely useless, but it would have been better had it been altogether removed.

In the second case which occurred in Hastings County on the 19th of September, 1917, we have a much more interesting case. Prof. W. H. Day, our recognized lightning rod authority, who had all the reports sent to him, sums up this case in the following words:

"It brings out very forcibly the value of our instructions that the ground rods should not run from the peak but from the eaves. It appears that this stroke hit the building part way down between the peak and the eaves, and in such cases there is absolutely no chance of the current going upward to the peak to get on the ground rod. Rodding men who have been adhering to the old method of ground from the peak have argued with us time and again that there was no possibility of a stroke occurring part way down the roof as we claim. This example is a concrete answer, and is another case that demonstrates very clearly the importance of our recommendation that buildings should be grounded from the eaves and all water spouts grounded."

The answer to the question, "Do lightning rods protect from fires by lightning?" is unmistakably answered in the affirmative by our records and investigations of this year as also in the work we commenced last year.

The question now is what is to be done to profit by the conclusion we must reach? Much could be accomplished by differential rating of farm properties when standard lightning rods are erected and maintained.

Claiming \$10,000 damages for false arrest, Arthur Harding has begun an action against J. W. McKinney, a Windsor merchant, alleging that the latter, by whom he had been employed, caused his arrest on a theft charge.

TEN MONTHS OF UNION GOVERNMENT.

In his recent address before his constituents on the above subject, Hon. Mr. Rowell was able to point to an excellent record. In the first place he pointed out that at the time of Union party feeling was running very high. There was the threatening possibility of a division on racial lines and voluntary enlistment after accomplishing good work had reached the point of failure. With regard to these things Mr. Rowell did not in any sense take an exaggerative view. There are quite a few Conservatives to-day who believe that Sir Robert Borden took a wrong step when he persistently sought a coalition and they contend that his Government would have been sustained at the polls on a straight political fight.

This would undoubtedly have been the case, but there were steps to be taken in connection with the war which rendered it vitally essential that there should be cohesion with party differences obliterated. Just what has been harmoniously accomplished on the basis Mr. Rowell was able to tell his hearers and incidentally the country. The Military Service Act has been introduced and carried through with some friction, but nothing of a material nature. Since it came into force 19,514 men have voluntarily enlisted and 59,496 men have been enrolled under its provisions, or a grand total of 79,010. This has enabled Canadian troops to be kept up to strength. It has been arranged with Great Britain that they shall, except for purposes of actual military operation, be kept under the direct control of the Government of the Dominion, an important advance in the full recognition of the status of Canada as a nation.

Then we have been supplying probably one-third of the total of pilots in the Royal Air Force and it is expected to secure them separate recognition as Canadians. This country is now mobilizing a small expeditionary force to help in Siberia and the answer as to why we should take part in that far distant field is that the re-establishment of an Eastern front will serve to hasten Germany's defeat and accelerate the return of Canada's gallant sons. The Union Government has increased pension allowances have been substantially advanced and a soldiers' civil re-establishment takes care of wounded men. The munitions industry has been fostered so that the Dominion has been one of the largest producers among the Allies and food production has been enhanced in every possible way. A splendid start has also been made on a Canadian merchant marine and there has been recognition of labor and of women's part in the great struggle. Civil service reform, tackling the transportation problem, business profits tax, taxation of luxuries, prohibition of certain non-essential products, the Victory Loan, Canada's part in the Imperial War Cabinet—these are a number of vitally important matters that were also dealt upon. And with regard to all of them it may be safely affirmed that the mainspring of achievement has been the undivided political front which happily exists.

NOTES AND COMMENTS. Rain to-day, what! Must have been a mistake somewhere. It is getting to be the Hindenburg line. Pluck and Johnny Canuck mean one and the same thing. The present position of the Huns on the Western front brings to mind the story of the Irishman who was underneath in a fight with the blows of his adversary raining on all portions of his anatomy. "Why don't you stop 'em," yelled a friend who was holding the coats. "Well, you don't see me missing any of 'em, do you," gasped the victim as another wallop landed on his bruised frame.

GRAND CIRCUIT RACES. By Courier Leased Wire. Roadville, Mass., Aug. 28.—Five events were on the program to-day for the second of Grand Circuit racing at the Roadville track. The feature was the 2.06 pace, the Napoleon, with a purse of \$3000. Other events were the 2.15 pace, the Edwards, open only to those that had never competed on the Grand Circuit, a three-year-old pace, a 2.20 trot and three-year-old trot for colts valued at \$1,500. The weather was clear and cool and the track in prima condition.

FAVOR GENERAL STRIKE. Ottawa, Aug. 27.—At an enthusiastic meeting of the Ottawa branch of the Federated Lumber Carriers of Canada, the delegate who will attend Dominion convention in Hamilton next week was instructed to vote for a general strike if the consent is obtained of the other branches of the service, namely, the railway mail clerks and the postal clerks.

The cause for this drastic action is that the carriers believe that they should receive the same salary as the men employed in Western Canada.



"GRADUALLY SOAKING IN." —Philadelphia Ledger.

SITUATION TO-DAY

By Courier Leased Wire.

New York, Aug. 28.—The Associated Press today issues the following:

German forces in southern Picardy are retreating over a wide front. After the capture of Roye by the French yesterday, the German front has crumbled. The lines which have held back the French and British for the past two weeks are giving way, and today's official reports show the French on a line less than three miles west of the Somme river and canal.

Thirty villages have been captured by the French in the advance which was started early Tuesday morning. Chaules, the centre of the German line between Roye and the Somme river as it flows west through the battlefield, has been captured, and many other vital points

have been taken from the retreating enemy.

While the French have been smashing the enemy's front along the Chaules-Roye line, the British have swung forward in the sector east of Arras. North of the Arras-Cambrai road they have reached the outskirts of the villages of Hautcourt, Remy and Beiry Notre Dame, about a mile east of positions where they were known to be yesterday, and well east of the Hindenburg line. South of the Somme the British have taken Foucaucourt, while north of the river they have gained nearly all of Trones wood.

In the Flanders area the British have advanced their lines over a front of about four miles astride the Neuf Berquin road. This is the area from which the Germans have been retiring for the past three weeks.

BIG OIL TANKER IS DESTROYED

The Lake Manitoba Burned in Montreal Harbor—Loss \$1,500,000

Montreal, Aug. 28.—With a flourish of the Montreal fire brigade's fire-fighters from the Imperial Oil Company and two fire-boats of the harbor, throwing tons of water into the oil tanker, the big oil tanker of the Canadian Pacific Railway Ocean Services Line from noon until late in the afternoon, the big oil tanker, thousands of tons of oil and other, thousands of tons of damage to-day by the fire that destroyed the tanker at the wharf of the Imperial Oil Company, Longue Pointe, Montreal.

The cause of the fire is said to be a leakage of crude oil into the hold, where it caught fire and in a short while the whole vessel was in flames.

The whole river was lit up for miles and the oil floated in flames on the river, making a curious spectacle. The flaming oil splashed from the burning vessel's side in torrents, immense quantities of chemicals were used in fighting the flames.

The ship carried 1,500 tons of crude oil, 500 tons of copper and 500 tons of coal and a quantity of other cargo. She had a capacity of 8,000 tons and was one of the biggest ships of the kind calling at this port. She was totally destroyed and sank at last in an upright position.

The Lake Manitoba was a steel steamship which had been the combined passenger and freight service of the C.P.R. between Liverpool and Montreal for some years. Before the war she brought many immigrants as well as cabin passengers, to Canada.

FIREARMS AND FIREWATER. Toronto, Aug. 28.—Liquor came to the fore, this morning, under the protection of loaded drivers and box of ammunition. Two officers saw a party of foreigners at Don station with suit cases full of alcohol, flasks of whiskey and bottles of brandy and drums of menthe. The men had firearms. They seized the whole outfit. Accused were remanded until September 4.

MOON FOR DEAD SENATOR. Washington, Aug. 28.—Both houses of congress adjourned immediately upon announcement of the death in Baltimore of Senator James of Kentucky. The flag of the Capitol were ordered at half mast for thirty days.

THE WIFE

BY JANE PHELPS, AUTHOR OF "MARGARET GARRETT'S HUSBAND," AND OTHER NOTABLE STORIES.

CHAPTER X

With Unsuccessfully Attempts Keeping House

Ruth repeated her little speech about changing the papers as they walked slowly back to the hotel. Brian flushed, looked uneasy, then finally said:

"Well do it after a while. But we can stand it for a little bit. Anything is better than living in that hotel spending all I can earn, and getting nothing for it."

It flashed across Ruth's mind that Brian had the same answer for everything. He would do it—something in the future. She wondered when, then dismissed the thought as unloyal.

They spent the next day buying the necessary furniture, so that they could move right in. With unerring taste, Ruth obstinately refused to have anything but the simplest, the most unpretentious furniture.

"We will either have to give it away or sell it pretty soon," she said to Brian, looking at the ornate pieces when the price was the same, and then too, it will be more appropriate to the rooms."

"All right! I told you you should fix them as you liked," Brian returned with condescension. His face, as she liked! Ruth could have screamed with laughter. Why she could not have had one single thing she liked! Brian had looked at Brian. Tall, virile, handsome. He was worth more than everything else."

She ought to be ashamed to feel that she had taken several things from her loneliness and the desire for her old mammy. But finally they had all the absolutely necessary things with which to begin housekeeping. So on Wednesday morning, they set up their Lared and Penates in the five-room flat, and proceeded to take up the serious business of home-making.

How Ruth struggled and toiled, to make the place what she considered livable. She knew nothing of cooking, and the first few days she spoiled the food and burned her hands. Brian, worried over expenses, badly fed, developed a spirit of fault-finding which finally got on Ruth's nerves to such a degree that she went to bed and sent for the janitress.

"I can't cook a decent thing! I don't blame my husband. No one could eat the things I have offered him," she wailed.

"It's sorry I am, I ain't got the time to learn you. But they has them fine cook-books now, that tells you everything to do."

Ruth had not thought of a cook-book. Her aunt's cooks, experts, had not depended upon cook books to prepare their meals. But she would get one at once. She at least could read, and had common sense enough to follow directions. So she jumped up and dressed for the street before she remembered she had but 50 cents in her pocket book.

"Oh, I forgot to ask for some money!" she exclaimed.

"I can let you have a dollar," she said to Mrs. Murphy if she would come up and wash her dinner things. "I'll give it back as soon as my husband comes home," and tucking the dollar bill in her purse with her fifty-cent piece, she started out.

When she returned, she carried a book under her arm. It was nearly dinner time and she was tired. But she hurriedly slipped out of her street clothes into one of her simplest negligees—which, simple as it was, looked terribly out of place in

the small kitchen—and started her dinner.

At half past six when Brian came in, Ruth was almost exhausted, but an establie dinner was on the table. She had selected some simple way of cooking her meat and vegetables, a rice pudding for dessert. As she had followed the directions faithfully, they were all well cooked, and really deserved the praise Brian bestowed.

"You will be a famous cook in no time," he told her as he kissed her flushed face. He had noticed that she ate nothing, and that when they rose from the table she halted as she carried the dishes to the kitchen to be washed.

"Perhaps, but I doubt it," she had returned. "I have a notion, Brian, that to do anything really well—to become famous, as you say—one must like their job. And I hate housework. I hate cooking! I hate every single thing about it!"

"You'll feel different after you have learned how. No one likes to do things they are unfamiliar with." He had been surprised at her vehemence, but was interested in something he was reading, so paid no further attention.

Ruth carried the dishes out, then stood a moment looking at him reading his paper so comfortably. Without a word, she went down stairs and asked Mrs. Murphy if she would come up and wash her dinner things. "I just can't do it! I am so tired," she told her, and Mrs. Murphy agreed to come up in a few minutes, although she didn't know how she was to spare the time.

"Brian, give me a dollar," Mrs. Murphy let me have one to-day to buy a cook book. She is coming up to clear away for me, and I want to return it."

Continued To-morrow

Saskatchewan's Crop Damage Reports Greatly Magnified—Want 10,000 Harvesters at Once.

Reports previously published regarding the damage by frost to the crops in Saskatchewan were unduly pessimistic. Frequent showers and favorable weather have changed the outlook, and it is apparent that the great province of Saskatchewan will have a normal crop. This is evidenced by the fact that Farm Laborers, as not less than 10,000 are required there immediately for harvesting.

Final excursions are—By Canadian Northern railway, Winnipeg train, leaving Toronto 10:00 p.m. August 28th, and 30th. Harvesters from outside points to use connecting trains to Toronto.

Fate of False Gods.

Pandirathan is a deserted and crumbling temple in the pleasant Kashmir valley in India. Its fate is an example of the oblivion that comes to those who worship false gods; another proof of the fleeting story of things that build unwisely.

Long ago Pandirathan stood in the heart of a splendid city, the Srinagar of history and story. A great king, building his temple, had planted the willow trees on the shores of the lake. It was the court of Naga, the snake god. Thousands of dark and slender willows crossed the tiny bit of water to lay their offerings and worship at the shrine.

But the great king died 1,000 years ago and gradually his city has crumbled into dust. Its magnificence has gone. The tottering temple and the willow trees are the only reminders of the glory of the past.

The scene is eloquent of 1,000 years of neglect. The waters of the holy lake are stagnant and thick with floating refuse. The temple is eaten with decay. The murmur of the wind among the aged willows suggest the echo of the chant the priests used to grand before their altars. The stillness and desolation remind one of the admonition: "There be no other gods before Me."

BE "ON TIME"

This is the order given to every scholar in attendance at our schools.

HAVE YOU EQUIPPED YOUR BOY OR GIRL WITH A WATCH?

So that they may be in a position to know just what time it is. If they are not provided, we recommend our watches for boys and girls.

Whist or Pocket Watches for boys. Bracelet Watches for the girls.

116-118 Colborne Street

Advertisement for Dominion Victory Bonds! The Royal Loan and Savings Co'y. Will procure for its clients, Victory Bonds at Market Price. Enquire at the office of the Company. 38-40 Market Street Brantford

Advertisement for Russells BAKERS & CONFECTIONERS. CANADA FOOD BOARD LICENSE NO. 5-1320. Our Ice-Cream is the standard by which all other grades are measured. MUSIC IN THE PARLOR EVERY EVENING. BAKERS & CONFECTIONERS 110 COLBORNE ST. BOTH PHONES 179

Advertisement for GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM. ALGONQUIN PARK. 2000 ft. above Sea Level. THE HIGHLAND INN, situated at Algonquin Park Station, offers fine accommodation. NOMINICAN and MINNESING Log Cabin Camps offer novel and comfortable accommodation at reasonable rates. W. J. REISBURY, Depot Agent. 153 Colborne St. Phone 240. T. J. NELSON, City Passenger Agent.

Various small advertisements on the right margin, including 'Lo...', 'ATTENDING CONVENT...', 'NEW POLICE COURT...', 'AFTER DRIVERS...', 'PASTEURIZING PLANT...', 'AVIATOR-RACER COM...', 'TO RACE HERE...', 'TROOPS LAND SAFELY...', 'CORRECT and fit be a surprise are no ordinary fla The increased range of vision from our Toric L are compared to the range of a bay window ordinary flat window shades, our Toric L efficient to the v light and become JARVIS OPTIC CONSULTANTS 112 Colborne Street Phone 179' and 'Trunk Special P ON AL Travel Good On Trunks, Suit Cases Travelling NEI SHOE 158 Colborne'.

Local News

ATTENDING CONVENTION.

Lieut.-Col. H. F. Leonard, city clerk, left for Toronto to-day to attend the Municipal Association's convention.

NEW POLICE COURT CLERK.

There is a future police court clerk on probation at the Queen street hall of justice.

AFTER DRIVERS.

The local police have started a crusade on all persons who are driving trucks and cars without the necessary license.

PASTEURIZING PLANTS.

At present there are only two milk dealers in the city who own pasteurization plants and the question arises, if the municipal plant is established, whether these dealers will be allowed to continue on their routes.

AVIATOR-RACER COMING.

A communication has been received by Mr. Geo. Mosley from Corporal Price of the Imperial Flying Corps, asking for particulars of the races to be held here on Labor Day.

TO RACE HERE.

A telegram received by Mr. Geo. Mosley from Toronto this morning announced the definite decision of Arnett O'Donnell to compete in the races here on August 31st.

TROOPS LAND SAFELY.

It is officially announced through the chief press censor's office, that the following troops have arrived in the United Kingdom: Infantry drafts No. 8 and 105, Vancouver, B.C. second No. 89 first Alberta regiment, Calgary; section C. No. 69, first Alberta regiment, Calgary; part of No. 80, second battalion, Ottawa; part of No. 100, first battalion, Kingston; balance draft No. 88, first battalion, first Quebec regiment; balance draft No. 80, second battalion, second Quebec regiment; part of No. 112, first battalion, second Quebec regiment; Lord Strathcona Horse, Calgary; Engineers, part of draft 114 from St. Johns, Que.; Army Service Corps, Petawawa; railway operating troops, Niagara; Imperial recruits, veterinarians for imperial service; Lieut. G. R. Stevens, returning; Assistant Paymaster H. H. Bowen.

WATER RATES DUE.

Payment of water rates becomes due on Sept. 1 and the discount will be allowed up to the fifteenth of the month.

TENTS HERE.

Special tents to be used at the Labor Day celebration are arriving in the city, and are at present at the Y. M. C. A. They are to be used for part of the performance in the evening of Labor Day.

SINGING PRACTICE.

Singing practice was in progress in the Gymnasium of the Y. M. C. A. this morning, and will be continued during the week.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Brantford friends were grieved to hear of the sudden death of Lt.-Col. John White of Woodstock, the pioneer merchant of that place. He was on his way to business when suddenly stricken with paralysis of the heart and passed away in a few minutes. Mr. White was in his 73th year.

BUILDING PERMITS.

There were two building permits issued at the city engineer's office this morning as follows: A. E. Scott for a frame addition to a kitchen to be erected at 219 Wellington St. to cost \$35. One was also issued to John Callis, 53 Church street, for the erection of a porch estimated to cost \$50.

USING MUCH WATER.

With the hot weather during the past few weeks the use of water on the lawns has become very popular with the result that in the evenings between five and eight water was pumped at the pumping station at the rate of seven and one-half million gallons. One of the electric motors at the waterworks has more to do than was meant for it. The secretary is negotiating for the purchase of a motor more adequate than the one in use at present.

LEPER MISSION.

The Mission to Lepers met on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Sanderson, Dufferin avenue. After the opening exercises, conducted by Mrs. W. H. Whitaker and Mrs. Sanderson, a helpful Bible reading "Abiding in Christ" was given by Mrs. (Rev.) White. A solo by Mrs. Lambert, readings by Mrs. Norris and Miss Elsie Sanderson, and a duet by the Misses Mildred and Gladys Sanderson, were much appreciated. Prayer was offered by Mrs. Peters and Mrs. Haddow. Interest in the monthly meetings is steadily growing, the attendance being 49 and the collection \$110.

B. M. E. FINANCES.

At the annual meeting of the B. M. E. church, in this city, which will be held on Saturday next, the financial statement for the year will be presented as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Total amount raised by church \$934.31, Received from Ministerial Alliance 80.00, Expenditures: Pastor's salary including grant \$552.49, Current expenses 439.82, Balance in treasury \$292.31.

Whitaker's Bread Like the British Navy Always in the Lead Union Made Canada Food Board License No. 45-1124.

Trunks and Suit Cases Special Prices ON ALL Travelling Goods On Trunks, Valises, Suit Cases and all Travelling Goods NEILL SHOE CO'Y 158 Colborne Street

ARRIVED IN ENGLAND. A cable received by Doherty, Cockburn announces the safe arrival in England of Pte. J. G. Doherty of the 2nd Batt., 2nd C.O.R.

BUILDING FENCE. The Board of Works department has begun work on a fence along the west side of Greenwood cemetery. The old one was torn down some years ago and there has never been a permanent one since.

BASEBALL FRIDAY. The management of the local stimp-ro team have made arrangements to have the team engage the W.O.R. team of London, Ont. The soldiers defeated them on their last visit to the city, and a good game is promised.

GOOD WORK. Special Officer C. W. Hays, the motorcycle speed cop has been doing good work in protecting the public from casual messages with telephons who are endangering the public safety by disobeying traffic laws.

TRACTOR FOR TRUCK. There is a feeling at the central firehall that it would be advisable to purchase a front drive tractor to supersede the horses on the hook and ladder truck. The truck is really too heavy for one team, and a second tractor would make it possible for the hook and ladder truck to reach a fire as soon as the horse trucks, which would be a great asset, as it is often necessary to use the ladders in order to get at the fire.

SEND COURIER WORD. Relatives of soldiers overseas who receive casual messages with telephons them to The Courier they will be published, and thus the news will be made known to all relatives and friends quickly. The general lists are not issued from Ottawa for publication until two or three days after the private messages are sent to the next of kin, and newspapers have no means of getting such information earlier except through the next of kin.

AUTOS CRASH. A car belonging to J. L. Sutherland has his fenders bent, and the bumper on a Dodge was broken in a motor accident in front of the Chevrolet garage this morning. A car coming down Dalhousie St. toward King, turned around in the middle of the block and collided with the car belonging to Mr. Sutherland, coming in the opposite direction. A third car that was standing beside the curb although by with the others, emerged with no injuries.

Secretary of Y.W.C.A. Resigns

Miss Lillian Knowles, for the past year general secretary of the Y. W. C. A. here, this afternoon tendered her resignation to the board of directors. She is returning to Buffalo, where she formerly resided, to take up a particular branch of Y. W. C. A. work in which she is interested. It is understood that the resignation will be accepted, at her own request.

OBITUARY

MRS. HORACE CHISHOLM. Word reached the city to-day of the death in Turtleford, Saskatchewan, yesterday morning of Mrs. Horace Chisholm of this city, who was in the West on a visit. Mr. and Mrs. Chisholm formerly occupied a farm at Paris, Plaine, but for the past twenty had made their home in the city. They were visiting Mr. Chisholm's brother, Malcolm, when Mrs. Chisholm passed away. The body will be brought East and interred at Paris. Mrs. Chisholm leaves one brother, Malcolm, in addition to her sorrowing husband.

TROUBLE ON BORDER

By Courier Leased Wire Nogales, Ariz., Aug. 28.—An agreement by which further trouble would be avoided, was expected to result to-day from conferences between American and Mexican officials who were summoned here following fighting at the International line yesterday between American soldiers and Mexicans, in which three Americans were killed and 28 wounded. The Mexican casualties in the fighting were variously estimated at from 150 to 200.

Investigation has developed that the fighting started when a Mexican who had been passed across the line by the Mexican customs guards, was halted by an American immigration officer. The American, it was said, drew his pistol, but did not fire. The Mexican, it was asserted, opened fire at once, and immediately the shooting became general.

A Mean German Air Trick

A recent copy of the Petit Parisien records with indignation a new manifestation of German treachery. In the Domremy region recently a British airplane was brought down by a Spad machine carrying the French ace, who was flying at a range (two lengths) and the elevation at which this happened, the journal declares, make it impossible to doubt that it was a case of German airmen securing a cheap victory by using unaltered, the emblems of a machine which had been captured—a method of warfare calculated to evoke disgust.

Disapproval. "Wouldn't you call a man who laughs at his troubles a philosopher?" "No," replied Miss Cayenne, "only a man with a poor sense of humor." Hon. Dr. Beland was given a great welcome at Sherbrooke, where he gave three addresses at the Exhibition.

U-BOAT CREW DELIBERATELY MURDERED 38

Sinking of French Steamer Lydiana Another Crime Against Civilization EIGHT SURVIVORS

By Courier Leased Wire London, Aug. 28.—Details of the sinking of the French steamer Lydiana, off the north coast of Spain on July 16 show that the crew of the German submarine deliberately murdered most of the 38 persons lost. There were only eight survivors out of the forty-six of the crew and passengers on board. The U-boat torpedoed the vessel without warning, killing several of the crew. While a boat was being lowered from the Lydiana, a second torpedo struck the vessel. The boat was torn from its davits, but she kept her keel. Seeing this, the submarine rammed her and cut her in two. The enemy then turned and rammed a second boat which had been launched successfully. A young woman of 23, one of the passengers, was thrown high in the air by the impact and instantly killed. The captain of the Lydiana was killed in the same crash. The Germans then endeavored to sink a raft carrying the remaining survivors. At first their efforts were without success. When one of the ship's officers left the raft to swim back to the sinking Lydiana, the submarine turned, and the officer was killed by its propellers. After finishing the sinking of the Lydiana by shell fire, the U-boat made a sixth and successful attempt to ram the raft and laughter from the U-boat's captain and disappeared toward the east. The eight survivors were picked up from the sea by patrol boats.

PEASANTS FIGHTING GERMAN-UKRAINIANS

Bolshevism Growing in Kiev—People Kept Down Only by German Troops. CRISIS IN AUSTRIA.

Internal Chaos and Conditions in Army Like Russia Before Revolution. With Arthur Ransome Stockholm, Aug. 28.—It is reported in the Petrograd Pravda that a peasant army of nearly 40,000 is fighting a force of combined German and Ukrainian national troops near Syra. The railway strike continues. A Russian Bolshevik returned from Kiev reports Bolshevism growing. The moment German troops leave any district the workmen leave the factories, and the railways are stopped. He laments the unfortunate fate of the Ukrainian Bourgeoisie, who, he says, are between the fire of the Germans and know that if the Russians are to be restored, the Germans succeeded in getting only one-eighth of the corn promised by the Brest-Litovsk peace.

LAI D AT REST

MR. JAMES B. WILSON The funeral of the late Mr. James B. Wilson, chief engineer at the Ontario School for the Blind, took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock at Mount Hope cemetery. The services at the house and at the grave were conducted by Rev. J. W. Gordon, of St. Andrew's church, of which the deceased was a member, and Rev. L. Brown, an old friend of the family. There was a large attendance of Mr. Wilson's many friends who had come to bear testimony to the respect and affection in which he was held.

The deceased had been chief engineer at the School for the Blind for seventeen years, and during that time had seen many changes and great development in the size of the institution. He was a most efficient, trust worthy and faithful official, and who himself no pains to fulfill as well as possible the responsibilities of his position, which latterly increased very greatly with the growing of the buildings and the staff.

He was a member of Camp Scotia, Sons of Scotland, holding all the offices in the gift of the Camp. As a charter member of the Dufferin Bowling club, he always took the keenest interest in its affairs, and in all matters having to do with bowling affairs in the city. But his chief interest was centered in his church, for which he counted a pleasure if by doing he could advance its interests. He had been for years a member of the board of management, and for some years had been a member of the session, where his services were of the most useful and faithful nature which characterized all his life work. What ever he did, he did it with his whole heart, and in every sphere in which he moved he will be sorely missed.

He leaves behind him to mourn his loss, his wife and three children, a daughter and two sons. The pall bearers were Mr. W. B. Race, Mr. Alex. Graham, Mr. George Brown, Mr. Geo. McDonald, Mr. S. Isbister and Mr. Will Sloan. The Sons of Scotland conducted their burial service ritual at the grave, led by the chief and chaplain. Most of the members of the Dufferin Bowling Club participated in the last sad tribute to their revered colleague.

MRS. BLAKLEY. Yesterday afternoon there was laid to rest the mortal remains of the late Mrs. Sarah M. Blakley, who deceased was a widow and is sur-

vived by her three sons and three daughters. James of Saskatoon, John Ramsdell H. C., Audrey of Cleveland, Mrs. Clement of Cleveland, Mrs. U. Ostrander, Brantford, Mrs. Poddie, Molawik Road, from whose home the funeral took place. A large number of friends and neighbors assembled to pay their last respects to an old native of Brant county who was much loved and respected by all who knew her. Rev. David Alexander delivered a consolatory message from Matt. 5: 35 "Who shall separate us from the love of Christ?" Miss Campion sang tenderly a solo, "The City Four Square." The interment was made at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. The pall bearers were Messrs. John Poddie, A. Stevenson, C. Campion, E. Smith, T. Dinsmore, W. C. Culver. The wreaths were many and beautiful.

Pillow family. Sprays—Mr. and Mrs. J. Cockrane, Mr. and Mrs. C. Campion, Mr. and Mrs. Slaght, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Race, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Crandall, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Tanner, Mr. and Mrs. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. H. Mastin, Mr. and Mrs. J. Havershaw, Mr. and Mrs. W. Deaken, Mr. R. Mulhean and family.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Preston have returned from a holiday trip. Mrs. Edward Lee and children of Ingersoll and Mrs. F. P. Lee, city, were visitors in Toronto this week.

Mrs. Boney and Miss Schell have left for Woodstock to visit Mrs. Schell's sister, Mrs. McKay.

Mr. D. Wilson Moore has left on a two weeks' vacation to visit his son in Port William. Mr. Moore is taking his first holiday in thirty years.

Mr. A. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Kieley, Mr. John Poddie, Mr. and Mrs. R. Atwell and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Baker, Pto. and Mrs. Alf. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Lane, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dinsmore, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Richards, Ida and Bob Logan, Mr. James Braund, Mr. and Mrs. Ted Davis, Mrs. C. J. Sprinkle and family, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Minsnah, Mrs. Boney and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. Long, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Robb, Mrs. E. Slaght.

PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Preston have returned from a holiday trip. Mrs. Edward Lee and children of Ingersoll and Mrs. F. P. Lee, city, were visitors in Toronto this week. Mrs. Boney and Miss Schell have left for Woodstock to visit Mrs. Schell's sister, Mrs. McKay. Mr. D. Wilson Moore has left on a two weeks' vacation to visit his son in Port William. Mr. Moore is taking his first holiday in thirty years.

See the Cycle and Motorcycle PRIZES! Wednesday at F. H. GOTT'S Thursday at E. T. McCUBBIN'S Friday at C. J. MITCHELL'S Saturday at HAWTHORNE'S

AUGUST SALE OF FURS Dempster's 8 MARKET STREET ESTABLISHED 1876. HOUSE OF QUALITY

Authoritative Fashions High-Grade Goods We are holding the August Fur Sale at usual in spite of the fact that we cannot duplicate a solitary garment without having to pay from 35 to 65 per cent. advance. Every garment displayed during this sale will be introductory of the latest modes for winter wear. Coats-Coatees Capes-Scarfs

An Unusual August FUR SALE! As is customary, this establishment is showing exclusive models in Furs, made by expert furriers, from the finest pelts, and having the air of grace and elegance only to be found in furs skillfully fashioned. Your selection will be as authentically correct as if you had purchased the furs at the immediate wearing season, and the substantial reductions will well repay you for anticipating your needs at this time. DEMPSTER'S

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY
WANTED - Carpenter, also one handy man. Apply Slingsby Mfg. Co. M52

WANTED - Steady man for shipping department. Apply Slingsby Mfg. Co. M52

WANTED - Young man to help in stove, one accustomed to grocery or fresh meats preferred. For smart lad good chance. Wm. Davies Co. Ltd. M52

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE - Full top wagon, suitable for grocery or fruit wagon; also nearly new lorry. Apply Geo. Hext Carriage Works, 62 Water St. A 52

ENGAGEMENTS
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Waldron announce the marriage of their only daughter, Eva Gertrude, to Cory Charles Haines. Marriage to take place quietly at an early date.

H. B. BECKETT, Funeral Director and Embalmer, 158 DALHOUSIE STREET, Phone 167-2 & 4 Darling St.

REID & BROWN, Funeral Directors and Embalmers, 814-816 Colborne St., Phone 459, Residence 441

H. S. PEIRCE & CO., Funeral Directors and Embalmers, successor to H. S. Petroo, 75 Colborne Street, Prompt and courteous service, day and night. Both phones 200 W. A. THORPE. O. J. THORPE

UPHOLSTERING, All kinds of Upholstering, William & Hollinrake, Phone 167-2 & 4 Darling St., Opera House Block, 814-816 Colborne Street

Olympia Ice Cream, ALWAYS FRESH AND VELVETY, TRY IT ONCE - PHONE 517

W-A-N-T-E-D, People that have been pronounced incurable to know that we are curing the worst diseases after all other methods fail. No drugs, no knife used. Let us prove it for you. Dr. E. L. Hanselman, Chiropractor, 222 Dalhousie street, Phone 1318.

T-E-N-D-E-R-S, Tenders will be received up till 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, Aug. 31, 1918, for installing a new furnace at the City Hall. Furnace to have a 24 inch fire pot. For further particulars apply to W. J. Bragg, Chairman Buildings and Grounds Committee, tenders to be addressed to W. J. Bragg, in care of the City Clerk.

H. F. LEONARD, City Clerk, Brantford, Aug. 28, 1918.

For Sale, Some good lots near the Motor Trucks, cheap, and houses in all parts of city. Prices from \$500 to \$18,000. C. COULSON, Phone Appointments 1779, Office Hours 2 to 4.

Don't Suffer, DR. BANTA'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS, Prevent Acid Fermentation and Catarrh of the Stomach. They give sure, quick relief to sufferers of indigestion or the more advanced state - Dyspepsia. For Sale Only by Buller Bros. CUT RATE STORE

Electric Wiring, Get your order in now for your Fall Work, as indications point to a busy season, and someone may have to wait. Don't let it be you. T. J. MINNES, Phone 301, 9 King Street, 'The Men Who Know How'

WAR EXPERTS AT ODDS TRYING TO INVENT ALIBIS

Teutons Losing Daily Despite Ludendorff's "Victorious Repulses" EFFORTS ARE VAIN

By Courier Leased Wire. Amsterdam, Aug. 27.—German war experts are hopelessly at odds in trying to explain the present situation on the west front. Twice each day General Ludendorff's communiqués announce "victorious repulses" but a glance at the map shows each successive locality mentioned as the scene of fighting lies a few miles further eastward.

This, says the Hamburg Nachrichten's military expert, darkly is a bad sign for the enemy because it shows that his attempts to pierce the German front have failed and that he seeks to substitute width for depth. He further argues "that the earlier German thrust towards Amiens forestalled the enemy and now even if the Germans are retreating, it is not an absolute gain for the enemy, but merely the recovery of earlier losses."

These sophistries are not wholly shared by the German press, which frankly admits that it is the German scheme which has gone wrong inasmuch as "the enemy has successfully evaded battle on both sides of Rheims and therefore the German plan to tie up and split the enemy reserves has failed." He says incidentally that American aid "has happened to flow somewhat more freely than anticipated and Marshal Foch is thereby able to deliver his blow."

It is no longer a fight for lines, but for deep zones, this critic says, and the task of the German army is to destroy the enemy's forces within these zones. He insists that strategic success will be denied Marshal Foch because the preliminary conditions for success "are lacking" but the battle, he thinks, will continue for a long time.

The German Tages Zeitung's writer follows another line of thought and believes that "the next few days must show that Marshal Foch needs breathing space as strategically he has already lost the battle and the enemy's losses are enormous. Heil Schuermann, writing for the Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, explains why the Franco-British gain of territory is really a loss and shakes his head "over the poor deluded Americans who in their pride came over to dictate peace in a few weeks and now, instead of a brief adventure, find themselves involved in battles which will be hard and long." This, he imagines must be a terrible disappointment to them.

The Rheinische Westfalian Gazette's correspondent, Baron von Der Osten, fills a column with "justifiable hope" that the German army will be unbeatable, although he is not very comfortable about it. He says "the battle is very hard and the enemy's superiority in men and material is very great."

Mc CAFFREY IS BACKING THE LEAGUE

By Courier Leased Wire. Toronto, Aug. 28.—President McCaffrey of the Toronto Baseball Club is backing a movement to re-establish the only Canadian League next season if the International League goes out. Montreal and Ottawa in the east and Toronto, Brantford, Hamilton and London, it is thought, would make a compact organization.

Boy Faced An Arson Charge

George Wilson, a lad of seventeen, faced a charge of arson, that of being responsible for the fire which destroyed the plant of the Waddell Pressing Co. in the Police Court this morning. Accused pleaded not guilty. Mr. W. S. Brewster, K.C., appearing for him. The case was laid over after a hearing. Mr. Waddell, managing director of the plant, told how, as the building was in the course of construction, conditions were favorable to a fire. The witness had visited the plant on the night in question at six o'clock and that there were no signs of fire at that time. An hour and three-quarters later he had been called by a man living close to the plant and after turning in an alarm he rushed to the fire and found that the fire had started beside an open window. Witness thought that if he had had flames at that period the fire could have been put out immediately.

Detective Schuler, the next witness called, said that when he had arrested the lad the lad admitted that he had, in company with two other boys, passed by the building, and that he had thrown a cigarette stub in the window. Wilson had rushed in and tried to extinguish the fire, but being unable to do so he ran up to the subway and watched the fire from there. This concluded the evidence and the magistrate thought that it must have been unintentional or he would not have tried to extinguish it. The case was laid for sentence until tomorrow.



LORD SHAUGHNESSY Who opened the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto on Monday, playing golf at St. Andrew's links, Montreal.

British Sweep Eastward On Forty Five Mile Front

Haig's Troops Capture High Ground Overlooking Country Occupied by Enemy—Many More Towns Are Taken.

With the British Army in France, Aug. 27.—Having been still further extended by attacks launched north of the River Scarpe, the battle to-day was raging along a field almost 45 miles long, and the British with renewed vigor were rolling up the Boche before them and sweeping constantly eastward. Nearly in the centre of the battle field hard fighting has been in progress along the old Hindenburg line in the neighborhood of Croisilles, Fontaineles-Croisilles and Bullecourt, and once through these German strong defences in this locality open fresh ground remains beyond. The Hindenburg line has actually been pierced at one place, east of Henin, and the weaker portion of it, north west of Fontaineles-Croisilles, has been captured and mopped up. During yesterday's fighting the British captured high grounds from which they can overlook the country occupied by the enemy for miles around, and have thus obtained a great advantage. The Bois-du-Sart, one of these places, lies south of the Scarpe, and north-east of Monchy-lez-Preaux, and it was feared that here the enemy might hold up the advance for a time. It was captured, however after a short but fierce struggle, in which the Germans lost heavily. Another similarly valuable point is Montauban, northwest of Mamez, which fell yesterday after the Germans had been given strict orders to hold at all costs. These orders were suddenly changed, and the enemy retired in retreat. Dompreux, south east of Cappury-Somme, was reached in the forenoon. From this point there is low rolling country all the way back to Peronne, incidentally the position at this place are now only six miles from Peronne, where the Somme bends to the south.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

By Courier Leased Wire. Ottawa, Aug. 28.—There were 428 casualties in the first list issued to-day, 45 killed in action, 30 died of wounds, two died, nine seriously ill, 343 wounded, 60 gassed, one reported, four admitted to hospital, one missing, believed killed, three discharged from hospital. The list for western Ontario: Infantry: Killed in action: A. Osmann, Goderich; H. G. MacGregor, Paisley; N. C. Maxwell, Hamilton; B. G. Miller, Walkerton. Gassed: J. Massier, Penstang; W. Stallwood Slack, Hagersville; W. Chamberlain, London; E. Sauvageau, Hamilton; C. Arthur, London. Engineers: III—2011541 B. L. Pew, Niagara Falls. Wounded—541830 H. G. Ollivier, Mount Brydges. Artillery: Killed in action—1250599 G. McCulloch, Woodstock. Died of wounds—204674 C. G. Webster, Stratford. Wounded—273733 W. S. Brooks, Alliston. Railway Troops: Wounded—751400 D. Hughes, Kitchener. Admitted to hospital—2504052 E. B. Macdonald, Ridgeway. Machine Guns: Wounded—175041 A. Smith, Hamilton; 231498 S. A. Perry, Mount Forest. Forestry: III—590915 T. W. McWhinnie, Hamilton. Services: Gassed—797162 W. J. Franklin, Clear Creek. Medical Services: Killed in action—73888 J. Mitchell, Guelph; 59606 K. F. Kennedy, London. Wounded—757650 W. J. Vaneleaf, Hamilton. Discharged from hospital—528950 R. Fring, 737 Princess avenue, London. Gassed—213855 O. Campbell, Leamington. Infantry: Wounded—527847 P. O. Chandler, Hamilton; 257888 R. Whitehead, Stratford; 126212 A. Kunder, Stratford; 844372 L. J. Esson, Petrolia; 860078 E. J. Burke, Kenilworth; 81431 J. Martin, Chipewaga Hill; 126017 W. Cooke, Stratford; 730866 C. T. Parent, Galt.

SHIP CAPTURED AND SUNK

By Courier Leased Wire. Canadian Atlantic Port, Aug. 28.—The Newfoundland three-masted schooner Bianca was captured and sunk by a German submarine on Saturday night, her crew, which landed to-day, report. The schooner was bound from Brazil to a Canadian port with a cargo of tobacco. The crew of the submarine told Captain Burke of the Bianca that they had sunk an oil tanker and that they intended to sink eight steamers now bound for this port.

CROSSING AILETTE

By Courier Leased Wire. Paris, Aug. 28.—4.40 p.m.—Bulletin.—General Mangin's troops began crossing the Ailette river today; it was announced here this afternoon. French troops have re-occupied Mount Renaud, two miles southwest of Noyon, which is probably in their possession.

J. M. Young & Co. "Quality First" New Goods Arriving Daily New Fall Suits and Coats

School Again Next Week!

AND MOTHERS WILL BE BUSY GETTING THAT GIRL AND BOY FIXED UP. THEY'LL NEED NEW HOSE, NEW MIDDIES, NEW DRESSES OR SKIRTS AND MANY OTHER NEW ARTICLES TO COMPLETE THEIR OUTFIT.

Middy Waists Middy Ties Middy Skirts, made with pleated effect. Made on waist; many sizes. Sale Price 98c

Good Strong Hose FOR SCHOOL WEAR Boys' 1-1 and 2-1 Rib Cotton Hose; all sizes. Special Sale Price 40c per pair

Girls' Silket Lisle Hose, in black; 1-1 rib; full range of sizes. Special Sale Price, per pair 50c

Tweeds For Boy's Wear Five Pieces Tweed Suiting; good strong material for school wear. Selling at \$1.25, \$1.00 and 75c

Middy Ties, Windsor Ties and Crepe Ties, many styles and big assortment of coloring. Special Sale Price 19c 65c, 50c to

Remnants Dress Goods One lot of Remnants of Dress Goods—Velvets and Corduroy; 1-2 to 4 yard lengths. Special Sale Price per yard 50c

Dresses Children's Gingham and Print Dresses. Sizes up to 12. All good smart styles for school wear. Special Sale Price \$1.49

Prints Best Canadian Prints, light and dark colors. Special Sale Price per yard 24c

Remnants of Prints, Etc., all to clear

J. M. Young & Co'y

CANADA TO HELP U.S. IN WAR WORK

Plans For Industrial Co-operation Discussed With Ministers by Mr. Harris Ottawa, Aug. 27.—Lines along which Canadian industrial organizations can be utilized in co-operation with those of the United States in the production of war material required by the United States were discussed by members of the government with Lloyd Harris, chairman of the Canadian War Mission at Washington, at today's meeting of the cabinet council. The United States government has decided to enroll an army of 500,000 men to fight Germany and her allies, and is consequently faced with the problem of rapidly producing enormous quantities of arms, munitions, uniforms, equipment and supplies needed for such a host. Government factories have been established and contracts are being awarded daily for the thousand and one articles needed to carry out the Republic's war program. The United States government has also adopted a policy whereby industries engaged in the production of articles essential for the prosecution of the war will be given priority over other industries in respect to power, supply, raw materials and labor. Such is the demand for war materials, however, it is said, that Canadian industries might be utilized to meet it. The conditions under which they could be employed and the extent to which they would be available between Mr. Harris, the War Trade Board of Canada, and a committee of the cabinet which was appointed to-day. Already war orders to the value of more than \$100,000,000 have been placed by the United States in Canada. If further large contracts were placed in the Dominion they would have a very desirable effect. They would help to redress the balance against Canada in trade with the United States and consequently would tend to equalize exchange rates between the two countries, which have for some months been unfavorable to Canada.

CURIOUS POSITION

By Courier Leased Wire. London, Aug. 28.—Canadian Press dispatch from Reuters' Limited. This morning's British headquarters report shows the curious position that exists at Bapaume, where the New Zealanders are strung out in a half moon well around the northern side of the town, while we command the place astride the Albert road. The Germans, however, have brought considerable reinforcements, and are evidently prepared to heavily defend their occupation. The Germans are massing on the Bapaume-Guedecourt-Guillaume line, but remain conspicuously weak in guns, having lost so many and withdrawn others to the far rear.

TANKS SUPPORTED INFANTRY By Courier Leased Wire. British Headquarters, Aug. 27.—The advance of the Canadians yesterday was supported by the tanks and was a most dazzling performance. Chertsey was entered amidst fierce fighting.

In All T Big Le NEW LEA Toronto Binghamton Baltimore Rochester Newark Buffalo Hamilton Jersey City Yesterday's Binghamton 4 To Newark 5 Ro Buffalo 4 Jersey City 22 Ha Games to-day—Jer ronto, Binghamton Newark at Buffalo, Hamilton.

AMERICAN I Boston 7 Cleveland 6 Washington 6 New York 7 Chicago 5 St. Louis 5 Detroit 5 Philadelphia 5 Yesterday's Cleveland 8 Phi Detroit 2 Bo New York 4 St. New York 7 St. Others not sched Games to-day—Chl ington, St. Louis at trot at Boston, Cleve delphia.

NATIONAL Y Chicago 7 New York 6 Pittsburgh 6 Cincinnati 5 Philadelphia 5 Brooklyn 5 Boston 4 St. Louis 4 Yesterday's Philadelphia 7 Phi Philadelphia 3 Phi Others not sched Games to-day—Chl case, Philadelphia Others not scheduled.

Stedn Sch Boys a school re Books us legiate us Pens for tec. STEDM 160 Colborne

Lots of Govern Food is M WHITE FISH SALMON TR LAKE ERIE We Sell Receive a WHITE FISH, S RING, PERCH, CISCOES, FI

BATTLE IN PICARDY

(Continued from Page One.) apparently fell to the French because of the pressure north and south of it. General DeBony now is moving toward Neve which is but five miles east of this line as it stood late Tuesday. The French occupation of Hallu and the British capture of Vermandovillers outflank Chaulnes on the north and south. Allied artillery, tanks and airplanes are giving the infantry valiant help and are inflicting heavy losses on the Germans, particularly when the enemy counter-attacks. The number of prisoners has been increased still further and great quantities of war material have been taken. Around Bapaume the British have recaptured ammunition dumps left behind in the March retreat. The supplies were found fit for use and the Germans suffered accordingly.

It is a week since the British attacked north of the Amers. The Germans have struggled every hour of that time on a continuously lengthening front to stabilize the situation, but have failed. It may be significant that the enemy command has not seen fit to launch a counter-offensive on another part of the front. From Roye to the Oise and thence to the Aisne after heavy duels are in progress. Along the Vesle the situation has quieted down again after the successful American thrust at Basoches and the German repulsed north of Fismes.

That Son- Law of Pa By Wellington Cedric wasn't g ing to let Pa's gars remain id

BENV License No. 8 We Cl

In All The Big Leagues

Table with columns: Team, Won, Lost, P.C. for NEW LEAGUE and Yesterday's Results.

Table with columns: Team, Won, Lost, P.C. for AMERICAN LEAGUE and Yesterday's Results.

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FORD RUNNING DOUBLE RACE

Seeking Double Candidacy for Nomination to U. S. Senate

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 27.—With the double race of Henry Ford for the Republican and Democratic senatorial nominations, the outstanding feature, Michigan polls opened this morning for the primary at which are to be chosen candidates for the November state, congressional and senatorial elements.

Indications of fair, cool weather promised a large vote on most sections of the lower and upper peninsula.

Unique in the annals of Michigan political history because one of the most prominent men of the state is seeking a double candidacy, another touch of the unusual is added by the refusal of Ford, and former Governor Charles, Osborn, William G. Simpson, and Truman, Newberry, his Republican opponents to conduct any appreciable active campaign for the nomination.

Aside from the race for senator William Alden Smith's seat, interest is the primary issue, Governor Sleeper, Republican, has no opposition for re-nomination, Edward Frensdorff and John W. Bailey are gubernatorial candidates on the Democratic ticket.

CUBS PLAY SAILORS By Courier Leased Wire Chicago, Aug. 23.—The Chicago Cubs, who have just won the National League championship, left yesterday for the Great Lakes Naval Training Station, where they are scheduled for a game with the sailors crack ball team. The receipts will go to the station athletic fund. Several of the sailor players are former big league stars.



UNITED STATES P. O. DEPARTMENT GETS SIX SPECIALLY-BUILT MAIL PLANES. This photo shows the six airplanes specially constructed to carry mail pouches over the Washington-Philadelphia-New York airport route line up before flight. The planes, built by the Standard Aircraft Corporation, were formally delivered to the Post Office Department of the United States Government.

Verity's Victorious In Baseball Burlesque

Walked Away With Farce Game From Cordage Last Night. SCORE WAS 18-7.

Plowmakers Now Tied With Malleables For First Place.

Verity's tied things up with Pratt and Letchworth's last night, when they took a six-inning baseball burlesque from the Cordage by a score more like that of a tight cricket match, 18-7. That the Plowmakers would defeat their opponents was a foregone conclusion since Saturday last; only the severity of the defeat was uncertain, and there was no uncertainty about that after the first inning had been played.

Sporting Comment It is understood that the major league club owners will get together in the near future to consider what will be done with long-term contracts held by players who are not amenable to the "work or fight" order until the new draft law goes into effect.

General Vidal on Tuesday sent Capt. G. Forbes, an American officer attached to his staff, to the headquarters of the Knights of Columbus with a request that Johnny Evers, the former baseball star, be sent to his corps to instruct the soldiers in the game. The request was granted, and Evers will go to the French camp, with two assistants, and equipment provided by the Knights of Columbus. He will remain a fortnight, after which his assistants will continue the instruction.

Even if There's No Baseball, The Rent Must be Paid

Giants, Phillies and Other Big League Clubs Must Pay for Their Grounds.

CLYMER IS SIGNED UP He Will Replace McGraw if John Takes a Ball Team to France.

No attempt will be made to reopen the American league parks next year. Even if it should be possible to use players exempt in the next draft, President Johnson would be sustained in his determination to keep the gates closed until the war is over.

It is pointed out that baseball was attracting the usual patronage until Secretary Baker declared the sport "non-essential" whereupon the attendance figures began to decrease until at present many of the ball parks are practically empty.

So many players have jumped to the shipyards or steel plants to avoid military service, thus casting a star upon the baseball game, that the fans have the deepest respect for men like Kauff, who willingly answered the call to the colors.

Baseball playing is to become a regular part of the physical training of the French army, as a result of reports made by French officers on what they had seen of the effects of baseball on the American army. The reports led the ministry of war to issue an order recom-

A Positive Luxury in Infusion

Pure Tea, without admixture... of Any Kind, foreign to its growth. "SALADA" has the reputation of nearly a quarter of a century behind every packet sold.

Gowdy, "Johnny" Evers, who recently arrived in Paris, has come to an agreement on the subject with Collier. The game will be played for the entertainment of American wounded. Like many other men in baseball McGraw has felt the smallness of ball playing during war times and has had a desire to put his hand to something that would be useful to the men abroad.

CORPORAL CAPTURED 700 GERMAN TROOPS A Colonel and Fourteen Other Officers Among Those Taken

When your kidneys are weak and torpid they do not properly perform their functions; your back aches and you do not feel like doing much of anything. You are likely to be despondent and to borrow trouble, just as if you hadn't enough already. Don't be a victim any longer. The old reliable medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, gives strength and tone to the kidneys and builds up the whole system. Get it today.

Canadian Pacific Final Farm Laborers' Excursion Thursday, Aug. 29th, 1918 \$12.00 to Winnipeg Further Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents W. B. HOWARD, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

SMOKE Master Mason IT'S GOOD TOBACCO Take a plug of fragrant Master Mason, cut a pipe-load of it, fill your pipe and light it and enjoy the best, coolest, sweetest smoke of your life.

Stedman's for School Books Boys and Girls, we are ready for the school reopening. We have all the Text Books used in Public Schools and for Collegiate use. Also inexpensive Fountain Pens for school use, that we can guarantee.

STEDMAN'S BOOKSTORE LIMITED 160 Colborne Street. Phone 569. Lots of Government Fish are Now in Stock. No Other Food is More Healthful, and None is Cheaper.

BENWELL FISH CO. License No. 9-7735-48 Dalhousie Street Both 'Phones, 204. We Close Every Wednesday Afternoon.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson

That Son-in-Law of Pa's (By Wellington.) Cedric wasn't going to let Pa's cigars remain idle. WHY- WHY GOSH-HANG IT THERE AIN'T BUT THREE LEFT! AN' I KNOW TH' BOX WAS FULL YESTERDY! WHY, YES, OLD TOP I USED A NUBMAYN OF THOSE CIGARS. IF YOU INTEND SMOKING ONLY ONE A WEEK, I KNEW YOU COULDN'T KEEP THEM FROM DRYING UP LONG BEFOAH YOU COULD SMOKE THEM, SO - I USED THEM IN PACKING SOME WEARING APPAREL THAT I WANTED TO PROTECT FROM THE BALLY MOTHS. GRR-R!

CANADIANS DRIVE EASTWARD; THEIR GREATEST BLEED OF WAR

Enemy Positions Between Senece and Scarpe Rivers Deeply Penetrated, and Many Villages Taken—Notable Gains As Battle Continues

London, Aug. 28.—Canadian troops made notable advances south of the Scarpe river yesterday, according to Field Marshal Haig's report, occupying Cherisy, Vis-en-Artois and the Bois du Sart, and taking many prisoners.

The statement reads: "This morning our troops, operating astride the Scarpe, again attacked. Overcoming the resisting enemy in his old front line defenses held prior to his offensive of March 21, the Canadians penetrated deeply into the German positions between the Senece and Scarpe rivers, and captured Cherisy, Vis-en-Artois and Bois du Sart, with many prisoners."

"On the right of the Canadians, Scottish troops crossed the Senece and seized Fontaine-les-Croisilles, establishing themselves on the slopes of the spur south of the village, and taking several hundred prisoners."

British Make Gains "North of the Scarpe other Scottish battalions carried Rouex, Greenland Hill and Gavrelle, and English battalions gained possession of Arleux-en-Gohelle and the other German line south of this."

"Between Croisilles and Bapaume and to the south, English and New Zealanders, again in heavy fighting, repulsed numbers of determined counter attacks delivered by German divisions recently brought up to reinforce the battlefield. Heavy losses were inflicted on these divisions in their unsuccessful attacks."

"Despite their efforts to prevent our advance, our troops stormed the village of Beaugnatre and progressed at several points between Beaugnatre and Croisilles."

"South of Bapaume also English and Welsh troops gained ground in the face of strong opposition. We reached the western outskirts of Elers and have driven the enemy from Longueval, Delville Wood and Bernafay Wood. Counter attacks by the Prussian Guard in this area were repulsed."

"Astide the Somme Australian, English and Scottish battalions forced the enemy back on the whole front of our attack. Our troops gained the high ground east of Maricourt."

"Fontaine-les-Cappy and the woods between there and the Somme have been taken."

Prisoners taken since the morning of August 21 exceed 21,000."

cent per square. A little tablet machine in which a few dollars worth of stuff is inserted pours out perfect pellets which the public consumes at a price that appals when compared with the price of a newspaper. All this can be done in a hall room with a \$50.00 machine.

How many readers of newspapers ever stop to think the infinite labor and enormous cost involved in their production? Or of the great army that works while they sleep?

A staff organization of over 1,500 men is employed in the production of a newspaper is nothing wonderful. Many daily papers have over 1,000 men on the regular payroll.

This is in addition to the vast army extending from the front line trenches, dodging shrapnel, to the less dangerous work of digging into the findings of the learned judges of the higher courts, which are covered by news associations.

Huge presses, involving in their production the best effort of the best mechanical engineers and worth a king's ransom, are pushed to their utmost by the subterranean rewards that coax them to even greater efforts.

In hot, hot rooms, scores of men, like so many gnomes in the bowels of the earth, while the rest of the world sleeps, are pouring molten metal from huge cauldrons, into moulds and casting duplicate after duplicate of the same page type to satisfy the public's demand which reluctantly rises from its downy bed to find out what happened while it was unconscious.

Then the fellows in their undershirts, profuse in perspiration, feeding huge rolls of paper into the insatiable maw of the eager presses, and the finished paper, the unequalled product of America's best brains and mechanical skill—all for two cents. The raw material, the blank paper, is worth the price.

A bar of steel that cost say a dollar or so, when worked into watch springs, is worth about \$500 on the open market. Publishers are making watch springs out of blank paper every day, and selling them as blank paper.

The tourist in Florida, or California never objected when he exchanged his nickel for a paper. He wanted the paper.

Publishers themselves have educated him that a nickel was too much! The publisher is rapidly becoming a business man as well as a philanthropist and the time is not far distant when the publisher's business is going to yield the profit which such an intricate nerve-racking and life-consuming profession should yield to all concerned, from the devil and cub reporter to the business manager and editor in chief.

Three cents per copy is a step in that direction.

A LEAGUE OF NATIONS HENRY OF NAVARRE FORMULATED GREAT SCHEME.

The Romantic and Humanitarian Monarch of France Suggested Many Years Ago a Plan to Secure the Establishment of Universal Peace in Europe—He Was Aided by Sully, a Noted Statesman.

"ETERNITY," says one of the proverbs of hell, "is in love with the productions of time," and is perhaps more inclined to the spiral than the perpendicular theory of human evolution.

"The life of a people," wrote a modern satirist, who will certainly have a home in our hearts in eternal memory, "is but a succession of miseries, crimes and follies." And, likewise, visions of human welfare were not born yesterday, and our consolation, yet they persist. At any rate, if modern Hubris can boast of inventing a weapon which can kill at 75 miles distance, it is not so original when it comes to the surprising notion that there is no particular reason why men should go on killing each other at all.

That notion struck one man 300 years ago, and as he was, what is truly extraordinary, a king, he set about making it a matter of practical politics, says H. J. M. in the London Nation.

Henry IV, the "Bearnais," as the Catholics called him, the Henry of Navarre, "who comes as a boon and a blessing" to the romantic novelist, is really like a king of fairy-land. Not because of his good looks, his feats of battle, his gallantries, his mistresses, or the incredible story of how he became king of France, but because he genuinely loved his people.

Other men before him had dreamed of a universal peace, and Erasmus, in the "Complaint of Peace," a century before, had tried to enlist the predatory potentates of Europe in a general scheme of disarmament and reconciliation. But Henry IV was, immediately after the last of the religious wars and the last of the mountain Valais, at a time so corrupt that even an impassive chronicler like L'Estolle cried out: "There is no more truth, no justice, no morality left."

Sully elaborated the precise tactics and constitution of a league of European nations to the final point when the knife of Rancas, which had a great man and a greater hope at a blow.

The authority for Henry's "great design" is the 20th book of Sully's Memoirs. The Preface of the Duke d'Epemont, the contemporary annalist De Thou, Perexie and Marshal Bossompierre, all refer in terms of praise to the scheme. The "Discours" of l'Abbe de Saint Pierre declare categorically that, had Henry lived to execute his plan, "he would have procured a better peace than would have been the source of all these sweets which usually flow from an uninterrupted and universal tranquility."

Henry himself been "the greatest man the world has ever known or probably ever will produce." But these are mere outlookers. It was Sully, with his conviction that "the happiness of mankind can only be secured from war," and that wars are the occasion and result "of a general corruption of manners," who knew Henry's mind and gave his expression to his purpose. At first he was sceptical, owing, as he says, delightfully, "to that cold, cautious and unimpassioned temper which makes so considerable a part of his character."

But once converted to the principle "that all Europe might be regularly and governed as one great family," he set to work with patience and aptitude. For detail which soon sent chimeras packing. It is pleasant to think, too, that Queen Elizabeth was a party to the "great design." It was only after her death and the failure of Sully's embassy to the indolent and vacillating James (in spite of the efforts of his charming son, Prince Henry) that the two men were left to their own resources.

The plan was part religious and part political. The acute religious differences, not only between Catholic and reformer, but Lutheran and Calvinist, were to be settled by toleration upon the existing basis of distribution. The Protestants, Low Countries, that is to say, were to allow liberty of conscience and worship to their Catholics, and the Catholics of France to their Huguenots.

Sully was not, indeed, so enlightened as William the Silent, who ordered the citizens of Middleburg to desist from persecuting the Anabaptists and to permit them to go their ways and trade, in spite of their refusal to serve in the army. For Sully would have no fourth sect in Europe at all. But Henry, who considered that "Paris was worth a mass," was no religious stickler. If Russia or rather, Muscovy, refused to enter the association, she was to be stripped of her European dominions and confined to Asia. The Pope was to become a temporal prince and be constituted the mediator between the powers. Politically, Henry's design had been called a mere alliance against the House of Hapsburg. Its was to confuse its means with its end, "to save the European powers from the maintenance of so many thousand soldiers, so many fortified places, and so many military expenses; to free them forever from the fear of those bloody catastrophes so common in Europe; to procure them an uninterrupted repose; and, finally, to unite them all in an indissoluble bond of secrecy and friendship, after which they might live together like brethren. For "peace," wrote Sully, "is the great and common interest of Europe. What is the consequence of that profound policy of which she is so vain, other than her own continental laceration and ruin? What must we always impose on ourselves the necessity of passing through war to arrive at peace, the attainment of which is the end of all wars and plain

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 28.—The supreme army command in Finland has been dissolved by Premier Stenroos. The King's Zetting of Berlin says it learns from Helsingfors and General Wilkman has been appointed to command the Finnish army. It is added that the change does not affect Colonel Thesloff, the command-in-chief of the sea and land forces.

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GET SET FOR NEXT SEASON

Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, Hamilton, Brantford, London in Canadian League

(Toronto Globe). Major league magnates in the United States are agreed that no attempt will be made to carry on the season unless Kaiser Bill's old dream has been crumpled before that time, but Canada will not be without baseball if present plans materialize.

Arrangements are already under way to have a six-club league on this side of the border, with teams in Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford and London.

In Canadian League days the teams found the jump to Ottawa an expensive one, but with Montreal on the Eastern end also, the jump would prove more profitable. It is the belief that with the proper people behind it, Montreal will prove as good a baseball city as there is in Canada, but in the past the club there appeared to be in wrong hands. Ottawa is ready for baseball, and there is no doubt about the other cities mentioned.

Tom Nelson, the Brantford magnate, is of the opinion that there will be a Canadian league next year. He is ready to do his bit, and will place a team in Brantford and see no reason why it should not be as popular in the "Telephone City" as it ever was, as Brantford has an even larger population now than it had in peace times.

J. J. McCaffrey of the Toronto club says that such a league will be formed, providing, of course, the "work or fight" law in the United States makes it impossible for the New League to do business. With the big leagues and all the minors out of business across the border, there should be no trouble in securing

proof that recourse is had to war only for want of a better expedient? "Nevertheless, we have so effectively confounded this truth that we seem to make peace only that we may again be able to make war."

Spain then, upon the principle of self-determination, was to divest of all her dominions in Europe except Spain. Her extra-European possessions she was to keep, with the condition that commerce with them was to be "free and open to every one." Since Charles V. and Philip II. did undoubtedly aim at universal monarchy, it was not unreasonable that Germany, Italy and the Netherlands should be henceforward free of the military and clerical attentions of the Spaniards.

But Sully expressly declares that Spain was to be a member of the confederacy, and that only upon her refusal of all negotiations was force to be used against her. Henry himself was "voluntarily and forever to relinquish all power of augmenting his dominions, not only by conquest, but by all other means, lastly, he means," Switzerland by the addition of Franche Comte, Alsace and Tyrol, was to become a sovereign republic; the seventeen provinces of the Low Countries to be united in the "Belgic republic"; Italy to be a kind of dual federation, and so on.

To maintain harmony between the powers, to bind them to their reciprocal oaths and agreements, and so on, a general council on the Amphictroic model was to be founded, "representing all the states of Europe," who would send their plenipotentiaries to it, would pool their military resources under its command and would fix a city in mid-Europe for its permanent sitting. Anybody can build sand-castles, but the point is that the "great design" was conceived by a Renaissance king, and that Henry was actually setting forth from Paris to put it into commission and himself at the head of the Allied forces when Spain got him at last. The flaws of the scheme are irrelevant, and, if nobody else was, Henry himself was certainly disinterested. His large and genial soul, for the time being, absorbed the needs of humanity, and from that point of view exclusively history will always repeat itself."

DON'T WORRY ABOUT THAT RUPTURE We fit trusses and know how. Trusses priced from \$1.50 to \$10.00. Satisfaction guaranteed. Brantford's Drug Store, Corner Market and Dalhousie streets.

Do You Need Any of These?

Boilers \$2.25 up

Washing Machines \$7 up

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Folding Clothes Bars 60c up

Clothes Baskets \$1.35 up

Folding Tub Stands, Ironing Tables, Irons, Wash Boards, Etc., Etc.

W. S. STERNE Hardware

120 Market St.

15,000 Merchant Marine Men Make the Supreme Sacrifice

Germany and her dastardly submarine campaign never have prevented, and never will prevent, our brave seamen from "carrying on." Transports sail the seas unceasingly; merchant vessels carry the food vital to the success of our cause.

Many of our seamen have been on torpedoed ships, not once only, but several times. Death lurks in the way of every ship. The submarine and loathsome mine have claimed over 15,000 men of our Merchant Marine. They died for us!

What of their dependents—the widows and orphans? Governments make no provision for them because the Merchant Marine is not a recognized arm of the service, like the Army and Navy. That is why we hold

SAILORS' WEEK

SEPTEMBER 1st TO 7th INCLUSIVE

That is why you are asked to give—and give liberally. The soldier goes into battle knowing his dependents are provided for and will be cared for if anything happens. Our 300,000 merchant seamen face peril just as great, in a service just as vital. A grateful public must look after their families, and keep their dependents from want.

Think of the crime of the Lusitania! Shall the dependents of her lost crew live in poverty? Think of Captain Fryatt, "Murdered by Wilhelm the Damned," on July 30th, 1916! Think of the 176 merchant ships of which all trace has been lost, since war began!

Then— Remember by Giving Ontario's objective \$1,000,000. Ontario has never failed!

CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE Sir John Eaton, Chairman

THE NAVY LEAGUE OF CANADA Commodore Amellus Jarvis, President (Ontario Division) 34 King St. West, Toronto

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

players, even if the ranks of the veterans had to be invaded, as has been the case this year with major league clubs.

IMMIGRATION VERY LOW. Washington, Aug. 27.—Immigration to the United States during the year ending June 30, placed at 110,618 by a bulletin of the immigration service issued to-day, was less than in any year since the Civil War. It is also recorded that 24,585 aliens were deported from the

United States during the year ending June 30. Mexico furnished the largest number of the immigrants, the total admitted from that country being 17,602, while England, which furnished 12,980 was second, and Japan, with 10,168 was third.

Sleeplessness. You can't sleep in the stillest night if your digestion is bad. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla—it strengthens the stomach and establishes that condition in which sleep regularly comes, and it is sweet and refreshing.

How V Fro

First Terril But S

By Sergt I have never spent in the army. True, one does a Pullman, and content myself with Scotch collie and his nose at. I commend me to War shatters stions, and I can sleep as soundly as in the sleeping Newfoundlan; forced fast of a beef with a sa from a muddy stacked up well compared with a per with trimm With these tri ed, and the arm of pleasant vari and thankful. Books thought a soldier need his return to of In August, 15 tribes of Euro war-paint. It w that a few day written to a fr had mentioned "Dunc," old (of course it w not really as bl "Dunc, old soo warriors hit along to grab a tous to know h piece of cutlery rif. "But you see I tribal war throo letter and a cr Adventure— had correctly a sibility—I for a Gen There was, f fun-loving an countryman fr of a smel, red joined us at very first he w He could sing wood-sympho and telling Joh was Harry Lau lin rolled into At night, in and a old pie and regale as the terrible fo

The beauty of lies in its utter broodery bounding chosen for maki No. 6812. The kimono style, w the front. Th sleeves flare all and they are len the embroidery, straight at the eered to the sligh wide grids of dress. The lady's dr cut in four six measure. Width is two yards. inch also requir ing, with 3 1/2 yard and 1 1/2 yards b

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How War Changes a Man From Rookie to Veteran

First Terrible Experiences Cause Fear and Nauseau But Shells and Death Soon Become Daily Occurrences.

By Sergt. A. Nelson.

I have never regretted the years I spent in the army.

"True, one doesn't travel around in a Pullman, and on occasions I've had to content myself with grub my Scotch collic would have wrinkled his nose at. For a real aristocrat, command me to a collic dog.

War shatters all kinds of illusions, and I can truthfully say I've stepped as soundly on a heap of bricks as in the sleeping cars of that dinky little thing they call a railway in Newfoundland; and after an enforced fast of a couple of days bulled with a salad of clover heads from a muddy roadside has always stacked up well in my estimation, compared with an after-theatre supper with trimmings at Churchill's.

With these two lessons well learned, and the army command, by way of pleasant variation to its bloody and thankless job of picking the Boche, thoughtfully looks after that a soldier need not feel dismayed on his return to civilization.

In August, 1914, when the savage tribes of Europe slammed on the war-paint, it was most unfortunate that a few days previously I had written to a friend in Chicago and had mentioned this possibility.

"Dunc," old scout, "I had said (of course it was only fun, for I'm not really as bloodthirsty as I look). "Dunc, old scout, if these painted warriors hit the trail, I'm going along to grab a cow scalp. I'm curious to know how it feels to prod a piece of cutlery in somebody's midriff."

So you see I got mixed in this trial war through an injudicious letter and a crazy love of adventure.

Adventures—my natural stupidity had correctly appraised such a possibility—I found all kinds of them.

A General Favorite.

There was, for instance, the droll, fun-loving and boisterous north-countryman from Lancashire, one of a small reinforcing draft which joined us at St. Jean. From the very first he was a general favorite. He could sing, he danced like a wood-nymph, making rook speeches and telling jokes was his hobby—he was Harry Lauder and Charlie Chaplin rolled into one.

At night in billets he'd get up on any old piece of broken furniture and regale us with comic ditties of the terrible fate in store for the

THE WHOLE BODY NEEDS PURE BLOOD

The bones, the muscles, and all the organs of the body depend for their strength and tone and healthy action on pure blood.

If the blood is very impure, the bones become diseased; the muscles become enfeebled; the step loses its elasticity, and there is inability to perform the usual amount of labor.

The skin loses its clearness, and pimples, blotches and other eruptions appear.

Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood. It is positively unequalled in the treatment of scrofula and other humors, catarrhs, rheumatism, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, that tired feeling. Be sure to get Hood's and get it today. All druggists.

Von Hintze Is Diplomatic Thug

WE have never believed that the character of the man who happened at the moment to be imperial Chancellor or Foreign Minister in Germany was a matter of any importance to the Allies, for the simple reason that German Ministers are the servants not of the state, but of the Kaiser, holding office at his will, and liable to be discharged at a moment's notice when they do anything that the War Lord does not approve. Yet there has been a considerable difference in the types of man that the Kaiser has entrusted with the Foreign Office since the war began. The most respectable of them undoubtedly was von Jagow; his successor, Zimmerman, was the most unprincipled; Kuehnloew, lately recalled, was a man of no account, and that he unwittingly did some of the chores of the Kaiser. At any rate he now speaks with keen pleasure of the prospect of getting out of Germany, and leaving his little regretted job to von Hintze. Of the latter it may be said that he is probably the most unscrupulous, and the most unprincipled official who has been called to high office in Germany or anywhere else in modern times. If there is any significance in his appointment, it must mean that Germany contemplates new intrigues, new outrages, and has brought her favorite gunman to the Foreign Office to plan and direct them.

Von Hintze's name appears in the famous Willy-Nicky correspondence. He was in Petrograd as naval attaché at the German Embassy, and was regarded as the confidential man of the Kaiser. He was on intimate terms with the Czar, and no doubt carried many messages back and forth which could not be committed to paper nor entrusted to the ordinary officials of the Embassy.

After his work in Petrograd was completed he was sent to Mexico. There he engaged upon the task of bedeviling Mexican affairs, lining up the Germans in the country, in preparation for whatever might come, and especially trying to get the United States by the ears. It is said that he assisted Japan to induce Mexico to grant her a naval base, in the hope that this would be a prelude to the United States and Japan; and later on frustrated the move with the idea of bringing the United States into collision with her southern neighbors. It is said that he more than suspected that a German agent stole a copy of the provisional agreement and communicated it to Washington, which led to the withdrawal of American troops on the Mexican border in the Tuff regime.

In the various Mexican revolutions von Hintze played a very active part, and was instrumental in driving the Hun's agents to the North supported Orozco. Subsequently he upheld Huerta, whom he provided money from Germany. He finished his task in Mexico shortly after the beginning of the war, and then went to San Francisco bound for China. Hearing that he was being arrested by British agents, he disguised himself as a stoker and worked his passage across the Pacific. Great was the amazement of diplomats and statesmen in Peking when a dirty man in seaman's garb turned up and presented credentials as German Minister to China. China at this time was neutral, and of course von Hintze was properly received. He at once set about his plot to keep China neutral, and for this purpose stirred up several revolts against the Government, levying a large sum of money among the Chinese bandits for this purpose.

He also did solid service for the Kaiser by arranging for the shipment of supplies from China to Germany by way of the Amur river and Russia, and had some success in getting under way propaganda campaigns which were intended to blow down the war in the East. He was the chief work, and in this he failed. When relations were broken off, von Hintze went to the German bomb-planters in that country. Ships destined for Allied ports were mysteriously blown up at sea, the same method being used in neutral Norway by German agents as were used in neutral America. Contention for little Norway caused the bomb-planters to become reckless, and eventually one of the plots was discovered. More important still, the connection of von Hintze with the plot was also brought home to him, and he was eventually sent to Germany instead of being interned, as were his subordinates.

According to the Brooklyn Eagle which has furnished an excellent dossier of von Hintze, the man is not only an able director of spies, but a very competent spy himself. He boasts that he has been in Paris since the war began, and he certainly was in Switzerland, where he was suspected of being a French agent. It is even said that before going from Mexico to China he passed through England. It is natural that the Kaiser should not permit so faithful a servant to spend his time in idleness with the German navy, and he had von Hintze made Foreign Minister, though from the time of Frederick the Great the inviolable rule is that a civilian should be appointed to this office. There will be great curiosity on the part of the Allies, and no doubt even greater curiosity in Germany, as to what particular task is to be entrusted to this diplomat. One thing is certain, and that is that von Hintze is not the sort of Foreign Secretary who would be chosen to negotiate with the Allies. The German peace secretary is not yet in sight.

"Triplets," the nurse said, grinning. "After the manner of the Kaiser, St. Andrew's, his poor head spinning."

Cried: "Oh, this is too much!"

FEELS IT HER DUTY TO TELL ABOUT IT

Mrs. Campbell Was on Verge of Breakdown—Tanlac Restores Her

"Since Tanlac has done so much for me I feel that I ought to tell others about it," said Mrs. Margaret Campbell, who resides on Barker avenue in East Toronto, recently.

"There may be other medicines as good as Tanlac," she continued, "but I have never been able to find them and I have been trying for three years to get relief from stomach trouble and indigestion. I had no appetite at all and I suffered so from indigestion that I was actually afraid to eat. Gas would form on my stomach almost as soon as I had eaten and almost cut off my breath. There was an awful pressure and severe pains about my heart and sometimes I felt like I would smother. No matter what I would eat I suffered the same way and my nerves got in such a bad fix I could hardly get a good night's sleep. I was falling off in weight, was very badly looking and if I walked any distance I would get so weak I could hardly stand up. I seemed to be right on the verge of a nervous breakdown."

"Tanlac just seemed to be suited to my case exactly as I have been gradually improving ever since I began taking it. My appetite is simply fine now and I can eat good meals without suffering at all from indigestion. And it certainly is a blessing to be able to eat without suffering afterwards. My nerves have improved until I can sleep splendidly, my color is better and I feel stronger and better in every way than I have since my troubles began. All my friends tell me I am looking much better and I must be so for I surely do feel a thousand times better."

Tanlac is sold in Brantford by Robertson Drug Store, in Paris by Apps Ltd., in Mt. Vernon by A. Yegmans, in Middleport by W. H. Peddie, in Onondaga by Neil McPhadden.

BRANT Theatre

The Coolest Spot in Town

Monday Tuesday Wednesday
JACK PICKFORD and LOUISE LUFF
—IN—
SUNDY
A Thrilling, Horrific Story of Kentucky

Closing Episode:
THE EAGLE'S EYE

FRANK AND MILT BRITON
THE JAZZ MUSICIANS

Coming Thursday, Friday and Saturday
WALLACE REID
The Firefly of France
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The Most Notable Photoplay This Season

REX Theatre

Vaudeville Pictures

Monday Tuesday Wednesday
SPECIAL
THE LONE WOLF
—WITH—
HAZEL DAWN and BERT LYTELL
A Remarkable Production, bristling with Tense Moments, strong action, human incidents and powerful drama.
First Time Shown at the Regular Prices

LADIES FIRST
Mack-Sennett Comedy, with
CHESTER CONKLIN and MARY THURMAN

THE BULL'S EYE
Coming Thursday
MADGE KENNEDY
—IN—
Friend Husband

CHARLIE CHAPLIN
in WORK

CHASER, MISTAKEN FOR U-BOAT, SUNK

U.S. War Vessel Sent to the Bottom by Merchant Steamer

By Courier Leased Wire

Washington, Aug. 27.—American submarine chaser No. 29 operating out of Philadelphia, was mistaken for a submarine by a merchant steamer off Fire Island, N.Y., early this morning and sent to the bottom. Seventeen members of her crew, including the commander and the

executive officer are missing. The chaser was manned by naval reserves. Eight of the survivors, some of them wounded, have been landed at New York and one has been landed at Leves, Del.

The merchant ship was the American steamer Felix Taussig. In the darkness her captain mistook the chaser for an enemy submarine and opened fire, destroying the little craft.

NIAGARA BRAND Unfermented Grape Juice

Concord—Red
Catawba—White
IN CASES

1 Dozen Quarts
We have taken the Brantford Agency for this choice Grape Juice. Ask your Grocer or Restaurant for it.

J. S. HAMILTON & Company
44-46 Dalhousie St. BRANTFORD.

GET READY FOR WINTER Wood Heating Stoves!

We have secured a line of these Sheet Steel Heaters and are offering them at very reasonable prices. They are very durable, easily moved and good heaters.

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Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over thirty years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA?
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Purge, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Nervousness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of
Dr. J. C. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought

tes during the year end-
urnished the largest num-
-lancers, the total ad-
-that country being 17-
-England, which furnished
-second, and Japan, with
-third.

es. You can't sleep in the
-if your digestion is bad. Take
-apartilla—it strengthens the
-establishes that condition in
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Hardware.

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ADA
Division)

LADY'S DRESS.

The beauty of this dainty lingerie dress lies in its utter simplicity. Deep embroidery flossing in an eyelet design was chosen for making the dress pictured in No. 8812. The waist is in one piece, kimono style, with a surplice closing at the front. The three-quarter length sleeves flare slightly at the lower edge and they are lengthened by deep cuffs of the embroidery. The one piece skirt is straight at the lower edge and it is gathered to the slightly raised waistline. A wide girde of ribbon is worn with the dress.

The lady's dress pattern No. 8812 is cut in four sizes, 32 to 42 inches bust measure. Width at lower edge of skirt is two yards. As on the figure, the 36 inch size requires 3 yards 42 inch founcing, with 1 1/2 yards 36 inch plain material and 1 1/2 yards edging.



To Obtain This Pattern Send 15c to The Courier Office, or two for 25c

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We carry everything required for use in the Collegiate Institute, Public Schools and Separate Schools

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"ATHLETIC GOODS"

THOUSANDS OF MEN REQUIRED FOR HARVESTING IN WESTERN CANADA

Thousands of men are required to help in the work of harvesting the Western crop. The C. P. R. has complete arrangements to transport to the West this great army of workmen.

For those going from points in Ontario to Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta extra trains will be operated through to Winnipeg (the distributing point) without charge. Going trip West \$12 to Winnipeg. Returning trip East, \$18 from Winnipeg.

Consult C. P. R. Agents regarding transportation arrangements west of Winnipeg.

Going Dates—
August 29th.
All stations in Ont. west of Smiths Falls, up to and including Toronto on Lake Ontario Shore Line, and Havelock, Leithville, and the high school station, Lineville to Kenner Junction, inclusive, and from stations on Toronto-Sudbury line. From stations on Saint Ste. Marie branch. From stations on the line between St. Catharines, Niagara Falls, and St. Catharines, inclusive. From stations between Yorkton and Port McNeill and Burketon-Bobcaygeon.

Returning Dates—
From stations west and south of Toronto, up to and including Hamou, and Wausau, Ont., to Owen Sound, Walkerton, Teeswater, Vinson, St. Catharines, Leithville, St. Marys, Port Huron, and St. Catharines, and stations Toronto and north to Bolton, inclusive.

Further particulars from any C. P. R. Ticket Agent, or W. W. Howland, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

SI HORSES BURNED

By Courier Leased Wire

Montreal, Aug. 27.—Thirty-one horses were burned to death and damages estimated at \$125,000 were caused in a fire believed to have been of incendiary origin, which destroyed the bakery of J. A. Brouseau, Boyer street, this morning.

The outbreak in the Brouseau Bakery was the sixth fire of suspicious origin, which has occurred here in the past 74 hours in establishments connected with the production of food.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

