

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SEERS

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 11, 1907

Vol. XXXVI, No. 36

Beautiful Japanese China

Exclusive Designs.

Only one piece of each decoration. Special importation. Most suitable for

Wedding Presents

Goods you cannot duplicate in any other store in Prince Edward Island.

Prices Low Quality High

A pleasure to show this ware, whether you purchase or not.

CARTER & CO., Limited.

HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Fennel and Chandler

READY-MADE CLOTHING

Gents' Furnishing

HATS and CAPS

Don't forget to give me a call first day you are in town.

When you buy your

SUMMER SUIT

I will save you a dollar.

When you want a HAT or CAP or anything in the Furnishing line I can show you by far the largest assortment of up-to-date goods in the city.

If you have any wool for exchange bring it along with you.

H. H. BROWN,

The Young Men's Man.
Queen Street, just around Hughes' Corner.

This Bedroom SUITE



3 pieces as shown. \$12.50, at any station on the P. E. Island Railway.

We are headquarters for everything in Furniture and Carpets!

And we guarantee you

Better Goods for Less Money Than you'll find anywhere else.

MARK WRIGHT Fur. Co.

OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddy, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

McKenna's Grocery,

Box 576, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddy of tea as advertised in this paper.

(Sign full name)
(And Address)

Spring & Summer Weather

Spring and Summer weather calls for prompt attention to the

Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We are still at the old stand,

PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN

Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

H. McMILLAN.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,

Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames, Interior and Exterior finish etc., etc

Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters Newel Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors, Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage home Industry.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.
CHARLOTTETOWN.

Father Phelan on the New Syllabus.

The Montreal Star remarks:

The most caustic comments on the decree have come from the pen of Rev. Dr. D. S. Phelan, editor of the Western Watchman. Father Phelan is the dean of Catholic Editors in America, and his editorials have been famous for the past forty years. Under the heading: "Read And Rub Your Eyes," he comments as follows on the decree: We publish on the first page of this paper the full text of the new syllabus on modern exegesis, just issued by order of the Holy Father. In it will be found an explicit condemnation of all the errors into which the modern school of Catholic interpretation has unfortunately fallen, and over which there has been so much said and written in the last few years. We can trace these errors to Loisy, in the first place, and to the proud, restless spirits in universities who think that their light has been too long hidden under a bushel, and who would make the whole world the beneficiaries of their sensational discoveries in scriptural exegesis, in the second place.

We read Loisy's articles before they appeared in book form, and we really think he did not at the outset intend to break with Catholic traditional faith. He wrote a thesis to show how far a Catholic could go without rejecting any dogma of faith. To do that he had to reduce the dogmas to the minimum of liberal interpretation. It was a hazardous theme, but as an exercise in dialectics it might be allowed to pass. The fierce storm of opposition aroused by his anonymous articles spurred him on to a chivalrous defence of what he became more and more convinced were tenable positions. Those arguing for argument's sake sometimes get to believe what in the beginning they threw out as feelers. It was the case with Loisy. After two years of fierce conflict, he convinced himself that not only were his advanced positions tenable, but that they were nearer the truth than the dogmas they were supposed to controvert. Heresy is nine parts stubbornness and one part ignorance. We do not believe that Loisy believed in his heart that Our Lord was for the greater part of his life ignorant of his divine sonship and his Messianic mission. This would make him out little more than a forerunner of Dowie, and his religion a spawn of ignorant fanaticism. But he said so and when attacked he defended his position. And this he, and the little tribe of imitators who have neither his piety nor his capacity, and who echo the statement, call science. He said that the divinity of Our Lord was not in the beginning of the Church a dogma or even a superstitious belief. It was one of the exaggerations of the perverted and ill formed Christian brain, swayed by the habit of ages and the disposition of the time first to make heroes of great men and then to raise them to the rank of divinities. We do not think Loisy believed this, but he said it; and he and his little noisy band of disciples now call it science. He said the sacraments are the petrification of early faith, and they were made to do service in the Christian community when the gifts of the Holy Ghost were no longer discernible. When the spirit of God refused longer to act, formulas and ceremonies took the place of the vanished spirit. Loisy did not believe this statement in its entirety, but he defended it, and his buzzing clientele accepted it as science. Loisy said that what is called revelation is only the language of the soul in a state of abnormal elation; is, in fact, only a humor of the body. This nasty statement Loisy threw out in answer to some very cheap criticisms of his bolder assertions. It was not intended for general consumption. But it is in his book, and the foremost tribe of eloquencers about their approbation and cry "Bravo!"

The first proposition condemned by the Pope is the one that asserts that the Bible, although inspired, contains many and grave errors of history and science. We cannot admit error of any kind in the inspired volume, or we shall have to give up all kinds of inspiration, the lowest being that which safeguards the inspired writer from error. This does not mean that there may not be errors in the Bible of today; but all such errors are those of interpreters and copyists. Against such errors of carelessness and ignorance no measure of original inspiration will avail.

One of the most startling propositions of the modern Catholic school of exegesis is that which declares the resurrection of Our Lord unprovable. With the greatest sang froid the little professors of Scripture in our Catholic colleges and seminaries tell us that the Resurrection is not and can never be a fact of science. It is at best supernatural, and therefore wholly beyond the sphere of scientific inquiry. They permit us to believe as they would permit us to believe the miracles of Lourdes, or any other pious fables; but their condescending science shows only too plainly that they do not believe in their hearts our Resurrection. Now if there is no Resurrection there is no Christianity. Paul says that "if Christ did not rise from the dead, then is our preaching vain." It was the subject of his first and only discourse to the Areopagus in Athens. Strange that the only scientific member of the Apostolic body should have selected such a subject when addressing Greek scientists.

What gives the little fellows "strongholds" in the obstacles they encounter in their historical and scientific inquiries. They are in despair; and throwing up their hands, they ask if Rome will permit the presence of scientists within her pale. We should say not. Science stops at the gate of the sanctuary. After that faith must rule supreme. This is an elementary proposition, and one that the earliest fathers insisted on. The trouble with many young Catholic exegesis is, they do not say their prayers. Their Masses are notoriously deadifying. Many young men studying Scripture under them declare that they have to watch their deportment before the Blessed Sacraments to convince themselves that they have any faith. The trouble with these men is, they do not make retreats; and there is no supervision of their morals. A Catholic scientist who complains of the draw backs of the Church's dogmatic decisions is a little mind, who should be sent out to a country parish to learn the elements of faith from simple Catholics.

These men denounce all system. They say that the effort of theologians to systematize theology has been the cause of all the trouble. But they are themselves the authors of the finest kinds of systems. For instance, they explain the present state of Latin Christianity by regarding it, first as a Judaic teaching; then Pauline; then Hellenic, and lastly Roman. It is wonderful how these young men can go over the whole field of Catholic archeology and no where find the slightest trace of God's immediate action in the history of His Church. They open the Tabernacle door with as little reverence as Hamlet handled Yorick's skull.

It would take too long to go over a tenth part of the ground covered by the syllabus; but a cursory perusal will convince our readers that we have not been too hasty or too intemperate in our strictures of this noisy pest. These little fellows will now take to the tall timber. We shall hear from them after a while, but it will be to the effect that it was too much of a storm after all. We do not want mere submission on the part of the cowardly little heretics; we demand an explicit acceptance of the letter and spirit of the decree. The bishops should now do a little weeding. They have a sharp hog and there need be no fear of injuring wholesome plants. All these "moderns" in our seminaries and universities are tarred with the same stick. Give them a long retreat, and then employ them in lines for which their limited abilities better fit them.

"They declare that they will not be driven out of the Church, no matter what Rome decides. They will continue to defend their theses in their chairs. We shall see about that. We should not be surprised if the Scripture professors in three of our leading theological schools would be given long vacations next October. The Pope has acted; it is now time for the Bishops to act."

Morgan Wanted to Buy.

Miss O'Hare, associate editor of The Catholic Universe, writes as follows of her visit to the Apostolic Basilica of St. Francis, which is the Seraph's tomb.

"After we had looked at every fresco, our guide supplemented the feeble sunshine by the light of an enormous candle, and knelt over the tomb, we were led to the dim old sacristy and with much unlooked-for doors and many impressive explanations were shown the treasures preserved by the Sons of St. Francis, who had dwelt in the adjoining monastery since his death.

There is the hair-shirt worn by the saint, the habit in which he died, his cap and the cloth shoes made for him by St. Clare. There are other shoes, too, great clumsy things of wood, worn to hide the stigmata, and the little stained piece of skin used to staunch the wound in his side. There is the little silver chalice from which he received the Holy Eucharist and the horn given him by the Sultan when he

was in Egypt to call his disciples to prayer. The original rule of the Franciscan Order, as approved by Pope Honorius III, is preserved under glass, and most intimate moving of all, the little square of ragged and yellow parchment on which St. Francis wrote in his own hand his blessing to Brother Leo.

"May the Lord bless thee and take care of thee," the stiff old characters read. "May He show His face to thee and have mercy on thee. My He turn His countenance toward thee and give thee peace." And again, over the signature, God bless thee, Brother Leo.

"All day we had heard the footsteps of St. Francis echoing up and down the hilly streets, and now we heard his voice, clear and sweet, across the centuries. God bless thee, Brother Leo."

"Our Franciscan guide was telling us about Mr. Morgan, your very rich man, and how he had spent a whole day the week before in the church, examining everything with the greatest interest. 'I was the whole day with him,' the good Father boasted with native simplicity, 'and I asked him if he liked to give something out of his so great money to restore St. Francis' church. 'How much would it take Father?' said he. 'Oh, about half a million lire.' He laughed a big laugh and then he pointed to this crucifix. It was a large glass crucifix given by St. Louis IX., of France, to Brother Bonaventura, one of the companions of St. Francis. 'If you will give me this crucifix,' he said, 'I will give you the half million.'"

"The Franciscan sighed as he locked his treasure away. 'Of course it was impossible,' he remarked as he led us back to the church, 'but your very rich man, he meant it.' 'Remember, Father,' he said again as he left, 'whenever you want your half million send me the crucifix and it is yours.'"

"We sympathized with our guide in his candid disappointment at the bargaining spirit of Mr. Morgan, but all through his talk, through the deep chanting of the monks in the choir and the Benediction that followed at the blazing high altar in the upper church, we heard the echo of that blessing, the same best wish in all ages, and in every tongue, 'God bless thee, Brother Leo.'"

In the Shadow of St. Peter's.

On account of its age and because it shelters the burial place of the Apostle for whom it was named, St. Peter's at Rome has been called the parent church of Christendom. When Nero's executioners led the old fisherman away to his death, he was so infirm that he could not carry his cross, and they crucified him where he fell beneath its weight.

The old chronicles state that a few weeping Christians knelt there in the yellow sand that same night to pray, and men have been going there to worship ever since. First a little chapel marked the spot, then a larger structure covered it for 1,100 years, finally to give way to the present towering pile which was commenced 450 years ago. Great toil and great wealth were expended in rearing this mighty Cathedral, and many on the earth's great dead are asleep in its friendly shelter. It is hallowed by such sacred associations that all who enter instantly feel the spirit of its majestic solemnity. The titanic proportions of everything and the age long story that is woven in the very roof of it, appeals to the senses in a way that can neither be sensed nor explained.

St. Peter's not only dwarfs all the other churches of Rome, but ranks as the giant edifice of the world. A famous author likened the surprise occasioned by the first view of its towering proportions to the feeling one would have if he met a man forty feet tall. Figures and compassions can only partially portray the real magnitude of this colossus. It covers six acres. Its main aisle is an eighth of a mile long and its dome is a twelfth of a mile high. If St. Peter's were flooded the largest ship that sails the ocean could steam up the center aisle and its masts would scarcely reach above the top of the high altar. If its capacity were taxed to the utmost a congregation of 80,000 people might assemble within its walls, and 200,000 more could wait outside within the inclosure of the colonnades. In the lofty dome there is a mosaic of St. Luke with a pen in his hand. From the great height the pen seems of ordinary size, but in reality it is eight feet long.

You can save from 20 to 30 dollars on an organ if you buy it from us. No middle-men's profits to pay. Write to-day.—Miller Bros., the P.

"WHAT IS DYSPEPSIA?"

There is no form of disease more prevalent than dyspepsia, and none so peculiar to the high living and rapid eating of the present day mode of life. Among the many symptoms are: Variable appetite, faint, grating feeling at the pit of the stomach; with unatisfied craving for food; heartburn, feeling of weight and wind in the stomach, bad breath, bad taste in the mouth, low spirits, headache and constipation.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

will cure the worst cases of dyspepsia, by regulating the bowels, and toning up the digestive organs.
Mrs. Geo. H. Riley, West Lacombe, N.S., writes: "I suffered for years from dyspepsia and could get no relief until I started to use Burdock Blood Bitters. After 71 had taken three bottles I was completely cured and was eating anything now."

MISCELLANEOUS.

"So the grand jury has indicted your father for violating the anti-bate law? I hope they won't send him to jail."

"Oh," the beautiful heiress replied, with splendid confidence, "there isn't any danger of that. Papa is no fool. He has made all arrangements to prove that the rebates were obtained by the office boy while he was suffering with a brain storm."—Judge.

Mrs. Fred Laine, St. George, Ont., writes:—"My little girl would cough, so at night that neither she nor I could get any rest. I gave her Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and am thankful to say it cured her cough quickly."

Customer—What on earth is this broth made of, waiter? Surely it isn't chicken broth? Waiter—Well, sir, it's chicken broth in its infancy. It's made out of the water that the eggs are boiled in.

Muscular Rheumatism.

Mr. H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills." Price 50c a box.

Mrs. Benham—You used to say that you would give your life for me. Benham—That was when I was sick and expected to die anyway.—Baltimore World.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powder gives prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 20 and 25 cents, all dealers.

"You say a modest woman. Just what do you mean by that?"
"Well, a woman who costs her husband less than \$2,500 a year is modest as prices go."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

If you know how to speed less than you get you have the philosopher's stone. Franklin.

Sprained Arm.

Mary Oviation, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hayward's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

"Is Flapdoodle truthful?"

"Well, he confessed that he covered his head the other night and didn't dare get out of bed when he thought he heard a burglar in the house."

Minard's Liniment cures colds, etc.

SUFFERED FROM HEART and NERVE TROUBLES FOR the LAST TEN YEARS.

If there be nerve derangement of any kind, it is bound to produce all the various phenomena of heart derangement. In

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

is combined treatment that will cure all forms of nervous disorders, as well as act upon the heart itself.
Mrs. John Riley, Douro, Ont., writes: "I have been a great sufferer from heart and nerve troubles for the past ten years. After trying many remedies, and doctoring for two years without the least benefit, I decided to give Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills a trial. I am thankful to say that, after using nine boxes I am entirely cured and would recommend them to all sufferers."
Price 20 cents per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1907

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR, PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY JAMES McISAAC Editor & Proprietor

Please don't delay your subscriptions for 1907. We shall esteem it a great favor if you remit now.

The vice-president of the telephone company in San Francisco has been sentenced to five years in the penitentiary for bribing a city representative.

The Statement has been made that the call money the banks of the country have out is not always easily available and that in consequence, the banks have to make large loans in New York.

It is reported from Ottawa that an English immigrant, only two months in Canada, has been arrested for vagrancy because he frankly refused to work.

Members of the Campbell-Bannerman Government gave considerable time lately to speaking against the House of Lords, and the other day in a bye-election, Bury St. Edmunds returned a Unionist opponent to Parliament by an increased majority compared with the result at the general election.

The Vancouver Liberal Association has passed a resolution demanding that the Dominion Government shall immediately take steps to restrict Japanese immigration, and in support of its position has quoted Sir Wilfrid Laurier's reported phrase that every community knows best what does for itself.

Mr. Oliver, minister of the interior, is quoted as saying that the Chinamen in Canada, since the head tax was put on, have doubled their demand for wages, and got it, and lessened their efficiency.

Some critics of Mr. Borden say he is not fit to be the leader of a political party because he resembles the late Sir John Thompson. Sir John Thompson, it may be remembered, was hard on the grafters.

The Borden platform is a policy for the common people. He is not opposed to the all red line with its provision for the rapid transit of passengers, but does not hesitate to say that it is more important to give rapid, safe and cheap transport to the products of the farm, the orchard and the fisheries, and especially to perishable articles from the place of origin to the market.

favor day by day and that Mr. Borden himself is to have an enthusiastic reception in the eight Provinces which he shall visit in the next few weeks.

Very few political speeches in Canadian history, says our Ottawa correspondent, have attracted more attention in the press than Mr. Borden's address at Halifax at the opening of his Canadian tour.

Yesterday's advices from British Columbia seem to indicate that cleavage between the white and yellow races in that Province has reached an acute stage.

The deceased, John Alexander Somerled McDonald, was born in Bermuda, May 11, 1840. He was the son of Roderick Charles McDonald, lieutenant colonel of the Castle of Tioram Regiment of Highlanders, P. E. I., chief of the Highland society of Nova Scotia.

Let the people send to our aid at the next election a reinforcement of sixty men, the best that Canada can produce, pledged to stand for a progressive policy, to maintain the rights of the people to uphold honest government, and no other, and to enforce decency in public life.

In these words Mr. R. L. Borden, in the inaugural of a series of addresses to the people of Canada, in express terms pledged his honor to the electors of Halifax and of the Dominion to give them what is today most desiderated by the vast majority of Canadians—"honest government and no other, and to enforce decency in public life."

Has it been of design that the Liberal press, great and small, has sought to obscure this outstanding covenant with the people to give the country what it so greatly needs, and of which it has been so shamefully deprived? With Hon. Messrs. Emmerson and Hyman in forced retirement, for reasons which need not be mentioned, and a third minister freely indicated for a similar fate, it is perhaps only natural that Liberal writers should ignore Mr. Borden's pledge, and content themselves with finding fault with certain planks in his platform.

The memories of Canadians are not so short that they should have forgotten that a party platform is not all. A party with a platform but lacking principle is not to be depended on to secure good honest government. Did not the Liberals go to the country

in 1896 on the platform constructed by the party's leaders in 1893, when the people had not discovered their lack of principle, and were entrusted with power? And later did not the Liberals wake up to the fact that those leaders either would not or dare not live up to the platform?

Mr. Borden has a platform that will commend itself to the people of this country. But Mr. Borden has more: he has honorable instincts and a blameless record which would make it unthinkable that he could be a party to a betrayal of the people's rights, while added thereto is his formal engagement "to maintain the rights of the people, to uphold honesty government, and no other, and to enforce decency in public life."

Death of Rev. John A. McDonald S. J.

The sad intelligence of the death of Rev. John A. McDonald, S. J. which occurred in Montreal on Sunday the 1st inst., will be learned with regret by our readers. The deceased clergyman had many friends and relations in this Province, and about a year ago spent several weeks here. The following account is taken from the Montreal Star of the 3rd inst.

The Rev. Father McDonald, S. J. pastor of the English speaking section of the parish of the Immaculate Conception, Papineau avenue, who died Sunday morning at 9 o'clock, had been indisposed for some weeks. His sudden end is attributed to heart failure.

The deceased, John Alexander Somerled McDonald, was born in Bermuda, May 11, 1840. He was the son of Roderick Charles McDonald, lieutenant colonel of the Castle of Tioram Regiment of Highlanders, P. E. I., chief of the Highland society of Nova Scotia.

At the age of eight he was sent to England and began his studies at St. Mary's Academy, Richmond on the Thames. He spent the years 1861-2 in Edinburgh and London qualifying for the civil service, for which his family had destined him. But he returned subsequently to Canada and began the study of medicine at McGill. At the close of his university course he entered the Jesuit Order, and taught and studied successively at Fordham, N. Y., St. Mary's College, Montreal, and Woodstock, Maryland.

The Quebec Bridge Disaster.

Commenting on Engineer Hoar's report, submitted to the Bridge Company's meeting concerning the deflection in one of the bridge's supports, two days before the collapse, the Quebec Chronicle of the 4th says:—"We are reluctant to say anything that may add to the gravity of the situation, already more than sufficient grave, but we are compelled to say that the statement is a revelation to the public. It shows that those entrusted with the work were aware of to say the least of it, the very question of absolute security of the state of the bridge and through no immediate danger was apprehended, took no precaution, at measures to safeguard the precious lives that were dependent on them for protection. The rapid completion of the bridge was not so urgently called for, that the delay of a couple of days or even a week was of any importance, but instead of ordering the men off the bridge until the question of its security or insecurity was definitely decided, they were suffered to remain on it while McClure went to New York and Phoenixville to discuss the matter. That the deflection reported by Hoar was considered a more serious matter by Cooper, is evident from his despatch to Phoenixville to place no more load on the Quebec bridge and to look after it at once. If it was so menacing as to justify Cooper's urgent telegram, it surely should have been

sufficiently so to justify the suspension of the work pending further developments."

Standard Oil Again.

The taking of testimony in New York city in the suit brought by the federal government at St. Louis last December to dissolve the Standard Oil Company under the provisions of the Sherman anti trust law will begin tomorrow before former Judge Franklin Ferris, of St. Louis, the special examiner appointed by the federal court. The case was called Tuesday and postponed until Thursday at the request of counsel for the defendant company. Aside from the seventy alleged Standard Oil corporations named by the government, the individual defendants are: John D. Rockefeller, Wm. G. Rockefeller, H. H. Rogers, John D. Archibald, Henry H. Flagler, John D. Archibald, Henry H. Flagler and Charles M. Pratt. There will be a notable array of lawyers present. It is expected that practically all of the prominent Standard Oil attorneys will be on hand, including John G. Milburn of Buffalo, H. S. Priest of St. Louis, John G. Johnson of Philadelphia, and M. J. Elliott of New York. The government's interest will be looked after by Frank B. Kellogg of St. Paul, who is also special counsel for the interstate commerce commission in its inquiry into the Harmon lines; Chas. B. Morrison and J. H. Graves of the department of justice at Washington.

Prince Edward Island Cheese.

(Montreal Trade Bulletin, August 30.)

Your article in the Bulletin of the 9th inst., "Prince Edward Island Cheese," was read at our Cheese Board to-day and considered unjust. Your opinion that the quality of our make is below that of Ontario, cannot be a well-informed judgment. The most of our entire output goes to Liverpool and takes its place among the best from Canada. See enclosed extracts from letters of last season, etc.

We have every condition here for producing really fine cheese: abundance of pure water, cool nights, sweet succulent pasturage, a rolling country affording good drainage at every factory, and the patronage now accorded to the proper handling of milk.

True, our cheese is not the same as that of Ontario and never can be owing to difference in climatic conditions, etc. Ours is more like the cheese of England, Scotland and Holland as our cool moist summer is similar to theirs. Hence if we take the English article as the ideal we may justly claim to be nearer that standard than the Ontario make is, and as a matter of fact since passing the initial difficulties of the business our article is steadily gaining in favor wherever introduced in British markets.

LAUGHLIN McDONALD, President, P. E. Island.

The article contained of appeared in the "Trade Bulletin" of August 9th and 10th as follows:—"We have been asked how the quality of Prince Edward Island cheese compares with that of Ontario and Quebec, and in reply would say that it is below that of Ontario and a trifle above that of Quebec. One great drawback to the P. E. I. Cheese is that it is put up in too small boxes, namely 89 to 70 lbs., which is not suitable for the British trade which requires 85 lb. boxes. We understand that cheese is put up into 89 to 70 lb. boxes for the Newfoundland trade, which prefers the smaller boxes, but the oldest colony cannot begin to absorb all the P. E. I. make of cheese and consequently would it not be well to give more attention to the requirements of the British trade?"

The above information was obtained from a party who has bought considerable P. E. I. cheese for the English market, and whose object for answering the enquiries made upon us, was to impart as correct a reply as possible. But of course, "comparisons are odious," in cheese, as well as in personalities. For instance, when the above letter and our article was read on Change a buyer of Quebec cheese was indignant at the statement made by us that the quality of P. E. I. cheese, "was a trifle above that of Quebec." Although our article as reproduced above is considered by parties here who have bought P. E. I. cheese, as by no means unjust, and we are pleased to say that some of the best firms in Great Britain speak of the splendid condition in which shipments of P. E. I. Cheese arrived, and also of their satisfactory quality. Professor Riddick has also given his opinion on the quality of P. E. I. Island cheese, and pronounced them first class. There is no disputing the fact that Newfoundland is taking quite a lot of P. E. I. cheese, as the 70 lb. cheese is preferred there to that of 85 lbs., and the opinion of the trade here is that the larger sized cheese is most desirable for the largest portion of the English trade."

Hindus Driven Out.

Six badly beaten Hindus are in the hospital, four hundred frightened and half naked Sikhs are in jail and the corridors of the city hall guarded by policemen, and somewhere between Bellingham and British Columbia are 750 natives of India, beaten, hungry,

and half clothed making their way along the Great Northern Railway to Canadian territory and the protection of the British flag. The expected cry "drive out the Hindus" was heard through the city and along the waterfront at Bellingham, Washington, last Saturday night. The police were helpless. All authority was paralyzed and for five hours a mob of five hundred white men raided the mills where foreigners were working, battered down the doors of lodging houses dragging the Asiatics from their beds, escorting them from the city limits with orders to keep going. The trouble started at Canal Holly street, a lodge house district. The houses were cleared and the mob then swept down to the waterfront and mill after mill was visited the white employees joined the mob. Every Hindu was hustled outside.

Here the police suggested that the mob victims be taken to jail. This was hailed with delight and the Hindus were hustled along. The mob kept up its work along the waterfront until early Sunday morning when Larsons' mill at Whitcomb Lake was visited and a hundred Hindus brought in from there. Monday the city is quiet. Four women were found among the crowd in the city building. There is considerable sympathy with the mob, and it may be found impossible to prosecute the leaders. Racial feeling has reached a high pitch. Every day Whites are being replaced in the mills by Asiatics. Many instances of women being pushed into the gutters or insulted on street cars by the foreigners were also reported. The Hindus are being placed under and their cases in being placed before the British authorities.

The Story of a Telegram.

The truth in connection with the warning regarding the dangerous state of the Quebec bridge is gradually being unravelled between the statements given out at the meeting of the Quebec Bridge company in that city, by the consulting engineer at New York and the Phoenix company in Pennsylvania. What occurred was this: Those in charge of the construction of the bridge came to the conclusion that it was in a serious condition, but, not wishing the information to get out, instead of telegraphing, they sent a Mr. McClure, to New York, to make a verbal report to Mr. Cooper, consulting engineer. Mr. McClure arrived in New York early in the morning of the day of the disaster. As a result of the information which reached the consulting engineer by this verbal report he immediately telegraphed to the Phoenix company not to place any more load on the bridge as presently and added the significant words "better lock into that once." He also sent Mr. McClure on to Phoenix to report to the head office. Owing, it is alleged, to the telegraphic strike, the message did not reach Phoenix from New York until shortly before Mr. McClure arrived himself by train at 5-15. Mr. Dennis, the chief consulting engineer at Phoenix, was out when the telegram arrived, but had returned and opened it a few minutes before McClure got there. While they were discussing the matter the disaster occurred. The consulting engineer at New York stated that he had no authority to give orders as to the work on the bridge, and it is fair to presume that in telegraphing on Thursday morning as well as sending McClure on to Phoenix his intention was that immediate action should have been taken from the company's headquarters. Had the telegram received reasonable despatch it is more than likely that it would have arrived before noon that day and had it been acted on the injunction not to place any more load on the bridge would have prevented the train being run out on it at 5:35 p. m.

No doubt there will be an exhaustive enquiry as to the exact time at which the telegram was filed in New York and delivered in Phoenix, and if it is shown that the accident might in all human probability have been averted, a dreadful moral responsibility will be created. In any event the circumstances illustrate what disastrous consequences to life and property may result from interference with the operation of the telegraph lines.—Ottawa Citizen.

Great Barns Burned.

The barns of the new McDonald Agricultural College at St. Anne de Bellevue being erected by Sir William McDonald at a cost of three million dollars, were struck by lightning during a big storm at four o'clock last Thursday afternoon and burned. The main buildings of the college were not touched, and as they are streep they were never in any danger. Professor Robertson, principal of the college, says that the destruction of the barns will not interfere with the work of the college, which opens its doors for the first time this month. The loss is placed at \$25,000, fully covered by insurance. The burned barns were among the largest in Canada and were built by Robert Bedford, from whom Sir William McDonald purchased the farm which forms the site of the college. They were thoroughly modern and up to date. The lightning struck the high-gable gable and in a moment the whole place was a mass of flame. In the buildings at the time were forty head of blooded cattle, fourteen horses and twenty pigs. Three hundred men working on the finishing touches of the college building rushed to the scene. There was no hope whatever of saving the buildings, but all the live stock was safely gotten out. One hundred tons of hay, one hundred acres of oats, and forty acres of barley were burned, as well as about five thousand dollars worth of agricultural machinery. A hundred ton silo just completed also went up in smoke. The burned buildings will be immediately replaced.

A dollar pays your subscription for 1907. Please send it along.

Overalls and working shirts.—At this season of the year every man wants a fitting out in this line. There is no place in town where you can get better value for your money than at II. H. BROWN'S The young Men's Man.

PROWSE BROS. LTD. Bankrupt Stock Sale Commences Wednesday, Sept. 11

Through unfortunate and unforeseen circumstances, the old established firm of D. G. Cameron & Co., Montague, recently became insolvent. Their stock being offered for tender, we tendered, and our offer was accepted. The goods are now in our store and the sale commences Wednesday, Sept. 11th, at nine o'clock a. m. \$13,000 Worth at Retail. We Want to Make a Quick Sale. Country Merchants Should Come.

DIED. In this city, on the 7th inst., John McKinnon aged 72 years. R.I.P. At West St. Peter's, on August 12th, Angus McEachern, aged 79 years. R.I.P. At Wesley's Corner on the 4th inst., Mrs. Jane McDonald, widow of the late Alexander McDonald, Head of Hillsboro, aged 74 years. May her soul rest in peace. At Head St. Peter's Bay, on Wednesday, 4th inst., John G. McInnis, aged 49 years. Deceased returned from British Columbia in the early part of this summer in failing health, and gradually sank from that time till his death. The best medical attendance, good nursing and loving care were unavailingly bestowed to restore him to health and strength. He bore his long illness patiently and uncomplainingly, even cheerfully, no murmur ever escaping his lips. He devotedly received the Sacraments for the dying and departed this life strengthened and consoled by all the last rites of holy church. His funeral to St. Peter's Church on Friday morning was largely attended. The members of the local branch of the O.M.A. of which deceased was a member, were present in a body. A high Mass of Requiem was sung and the funeral service was performed by Rev. R. J. Gillis, P.P. After the service and absolution, the procession moved solemnly to the adjoining cemetery, where the final rites were performed. He leaves to mourn a disconsolate widow, and a young family of five daughters and three sons. May his soul rest in peace.

The Messenger, \$2.00 a Year Issued Monthly—128 Pages. A high-class, illustrated periodical, embracing everything in history, literature and art that can be of interest to Catholics—timely and popular expositions of Catholic doctrine; Christian ethics; modern questions of sociology and political economy; religious movements and actual events; struggles and progress of the Church; education, science, music and drama. Ask for a sample copy. Manager THE MESSENGER, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York. WITH your co-operation THE Messenger will endeavor to double the number of its readers. WE will send free a copy of THE Messenger to each person whose name and address you may send us. WE have a special offer, covering both new subscriptions and renewals—a permanent business can be established. ADDRESS: 500 Fifth Avenue New York. The Messenger, E I Music House.

Meet Me at the Always Busy Store.

Stanley Bros.



The Opening of THE NEW Fall Coats

This week we are showing you the first instalment of the New Coats.

They are the very latest direct from the markets, and are perfection in

Quality,

Style,

Assortment,

Fit, Finish,

And Workmanship.

All sizes from

32 to 44 inch.

All prices from

\$4.00 each and up.

Stanley Bros.

Our Make

Of Coats have the

Perfect Fitting

Lapels, Shoulders and Collars that all Tasty Dressers require.

Maclellan Bros.,

Where all Good Garments are made.

\$50 Scholarships Free
To the Student making the Highest Marks during next term.
Will YOU win it?
An up-to-date modern business training with no waste time. Write to-day for new prospectus, terms, etc.

Union Commercial College,
WM. MORAN, Prin.

A. A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon
Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law.

JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A., J. L. B.
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.
Office—London House Building.
Collecting, conveyancing, and all kinds of legal business promptly attended to. Rev. ments made on best security. Money to Loan.

COAL!

We would advise customers to order their Coal and have it delivered before the season gets too late, as

The Strike now on at the Springhill Mines may cause a scarcity and be the means of advancing the prices.

G. Lyons & Co.

Sept. 4, 1907—3i

You cannot possibly have a better Cocoa than **EPPS'S** A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

Sold by Grocers and Storekeepers in 1-lb. and 2-lb. Tins.

John Mathieson, —Eneas A McDonald, K. C.

Mathieson & MacDonald
Barristers, Solicitors
Notaries Public, etc.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

A Branch Office, Georgetown, P. E. May 10, 1906—yly.

LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

Auction—The sale of Peter Pratt's farm and stock taken place at Albany Plains, P. M. on Thursday 10th inst., and closed at 10 o'clock P. M.

It is said that the Bank of Montreal have in contemplation the opening of a branch in Charlottetown.

Geo. Duval, and W. L. Walker, farmers near St. Thomas Ont., were fined for putting water in milk taken to Cheese factories the former was fined \$30 and the latter \$100.

That the intention of the judges to deal severely with men convicted of attacks upon women and children was evidenced in New York on Thursday last when Fred Schotzland was sent to prison by Judge Crane for not less than sixteen years. He had been convicted of assaulting fifteen year old Jenny Tollberg.

Halifax advices of the 6th, say:—Although this part of the Province has had tremendous rainfalls twelve million feet of lumber are held up on the St. Mary's and Liscomb rivers on account of the lowness of the water. There has not been a driving head on these waters since the snow melted in the Spring.

Fifty persons were buried alive by an avalanche of snow which rushed down the mountain side and obliterated the Cliff House at Junco Chillon Friday. This station is on the Argentine frontier, high up in the Andes.

In a collision, late last Friday night between a freight train and a passenger train near Boisfort Conn. George Chambers the fireman of the freight train was killed and several persons on the passenger train were injured.

Peter Cole who resided in Hull near Ottawa fell from a tree from which he was picking butternuts on the 4th inst. and was killed. Mathias Fortier, aged eighteen while fishing over Big Kettle at Chaudiere Falls, slipped and was carried to the whirlpool below. His body has not been recovered.

For the first time the power of Niagara was last Wednesday night turned back to illuminate the Falls themselves. A light aggregating 115 million of candle power was thrown from 36 great incandescent reflectors. The changing, tumbling mass of water made the sparkling cascade iridescent with beauty. A startling tragedy occurred on the Upper Steel Arch bridge from which an unknown man suddenly jumped into the chasm.

The largest fire that happened in New Glasgow N. S. for years took place last Friday night when the magnificent buildings plant and machinery of the Standard Brick & Tile Co. were burned to the ground, and this great industrial establishment which was a busy hive yesterday is today nothing but smoking ruins. The loss is estimated at \$300,000. One hundred men are out of employment.

Three men picked the pockets of a number of Rock Island passengers at Station Lincoln Nebraska on Friday and attempted to continue their thieving on the train. They fought Conductor Duval on the Rocky Mountain Limited near Alton Station. After standing off the Conductor with a knife the men leaped from the train and escaped in the darkness. The Conductor discovered the robbers attempting to rob men who were asleep in their berths.

J. N. Attenborough, of the Manchester Guardian, one of the leading British Journalists, died on Saturday Aug. 31st, in the Gengery Hospital Montreal after a few days illness. Dr. A. D. Stewart had been called in a week before and on Friday he saw that his patient's condition was critical and asked if there were any messages he wished to send. "It is hard to die here," said Mr. Attenborough, "away from all my friends. Cable my brother to come at once." Later he said "I am not going to die now." But he got gradually weaker and towards noon passed peacefully away. He had been troubled with heart weakness since he was a lad of 15.

Missing his footing as he jumped from the barge on which he had been working Cornelius J. Ryan, of Argyle St. Halifax struck against Pickford & Black's wharf last Wednesday afternoon breaking his neck and dying instantly. With other spectators he attempted to jump ashore when work was over at six o'clock. He fell back into the water and a fellow workman, tying a line around his waist jumped over after him. When the two men were pulled ashore willing hands applied first aid treatment to Ryan, but he was past all aid, and Dr. Reid pronounced him dead.

The sad news was received by Mr Edward Paquet of Souris last week that his son Malcolm Paquet, a young man about twenty three years of age. While engaged in telegraph line work in Boston met with a terrible accident. He was working at the top of a pole stringing wires and it is supposed that while doing so he must have received an electrical shock. The unfortunate young man fell to the ground striking the hard pavement with terrible force, breaking his back. His brother started for Boston on receipt of the unfortunate news. The doctors have expressed an opinion that the injured man might at most live for three weeks after the accident.

Another labor riot broke out in San Francisco on Thursday last; but it was quelled by the police after several arrests. A large number of the Structural Iron Works Union, were returning from the funeral of one of their associates, J. J. Peterson, who was fatally shot during the Labor Day attacks on the Union. The employees had reached the corner of Geary and 16th streets, when the disturbances began. Stones and other missiles were fired. In a few minutes the windows of the cars were broken. The car employees then drew their revolvers and fired in the air to intimidate the crowd. This caused the arrest of McGorman Delphi for carrying concealed weapons. Five of the attackers were also arrested.

Two exhibition visitors Mrs. John Shannon and her daughter, Mrs. Alex. McEwing, lost their lives through suffocation by gas in their room last Wednesday night at the Osgood Hotel, Toronto. The women were sleeping together in room No. 8 on the first floor of the hotel. The husband of the younger woman and his uncle had accompanied the women to the city and were sleeping in a room near by. The party all came from Huron county, some ten or twelve miles north of Seargorth.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

Four persons are known to have perished and eight or nine are still unaccounted for in a hotel fire at Tacoma, Washington on Thursday last.

Six men were blown to pieces at Roseton-The-Dos, Russia on the 5th by the accidental discharge of two bombs which they were carrying through the streets.

Nova Scotia is importing eighteen Clydesdale horses two Ayrshire cattle and eighteen black faced Highland sheep for the hilly districts of Cape Breton. All this is done, it is said, at the request of Earl Grey.

Yesterday was cheese day. The board met at the usual place and there was a large quantity of cheese boarded. Montreal prices quoted were 12 3-16 to 12 1-2 per lb. Brockville 12 1-2 cts. The highest price offered was 12 1-16 and only a few factories sold.

Two men and two girls, aged 20 and 25 years were drowned in Saginaw River Michigan last Monday night when a gasoline tank exploded in the power launch in which they were taking an evening ride. It is thought that the tank caught fire from one of the boat's signal lights.

The new St. Dunstan's Cathedral will be solemnly dedicated to the service of God tomorrow. The dedication ceremony will begin at 10 o'clock and will be followed by Solemn Pontifical Mass. His Lordship Bishop McDonald will perform the dedication ceremony and will also be celebrant of the Mass. The sermon will be preached by Rev. J. M. Reardon.

Two more deaths of bubonic plague occurred in San Francisco yesterday and three additional cases bring the number to twenty one cases in San Francisco to date. Two have died. These are exclusive of fatalities in Berkeley. Attention is called to the fact that thus far the death percentage is less than one half the standard death rate for plague, which is 30 per cent.

Florence Marolas and Bernada Marolas who were on June sixth convicted and sentenced to death for the assassination of former President Barillas of Guatemala, were executed in prison in Mexico city on Monday. This ends an international episode which at one time threatened to bring war between Mexico and Guatemala.

The tea party held at St. Columba, East Point, on Saturday last, by Rev. James Eneas McDonald P.P. was quite successful. Although the day was cloudy and slight rain showers fell in the afternoon, there was a very good attendance and every thing went well. The gross receipts amounted to almost \$200. Father James and the committee in charge of the arrangements are to be congratulated on the success of the undertaking.

One person was killed and four injured in a carriage accident near Bridgewater N. S. on Saturday afternoon when a horse owned by Philip Moore, manager of the Minas gold mines ran away, galloping down a steep hill, and crashed into an excavator. Mrs. Nutting, Mr. Moore's mother in law was instantly killed. Mrs. Moore's two year old daughter, also the nurse and driver are all seriously injured. The dead woman was wife of Colonel Nutting of New York.

A riot occurred at Vancouver Saturday in which 2,000 Chinese were driven from homes and \$5,000 worth of property destroyed. Lieut. Governor Dunsmuir was burned in effigy by 10,000 laboring men at the close of the parade, and anti Oriental demonstrations. The police were unable to quell the rioters or make arrests till a late hour, when they finally got control and prevented a raid on the Japanese quarters.

The Cliff House, San Francisco's first attraction for tourists was burned to the ground Saturday night. Only a pile of charred ruins is left. Fanned by a lively ocean breeze, the flames made such headway that the firemen devoted themselves to saving adjoining property. The Cliff House had been closed for some time for repairs. Workmen left the place at noon and how the fire started is not known. This is the second Cliff House to be destroyed by fire. The building which was burned now was built a dozen years ago by Adolph Sutor of Sutor Tunnel fame. The hotel was owned by the Sutor estate, and was valued at \$50,000. John Tai the lessee, estimated his loss at \$50,000, minus \$35,000 insurance. The Cliff House was built on a rocky promontory overlooking the Pacific ocean, and its broad verandas afforded a clear view of the seals sporting on seal rock near shore. From this point also, one could watch ships entering and leaving San Francisco through the Golden Gate to the right, and see the endless waters of the Pacific ocean to the left. The magnificent baths nearby were not damaged.

The little coasting steamer Mahone, Capt. Steven white, while entering Halifax harbor Monday evening, ran into a gasoline launch owned by Dauphine Bros., of St. Margarets Bay, cutting it in two and the three occupants of the launch had a narrow escape from drowning. Isaac and Oswald Dauphine accompanied by an engineer, had been up to the city with a load of fish, and started for home at 7 o'clock in the evening, with the boat well stocked with provisions. When opposite DeBurg's Head, the Mahone, coming at full speed, crashed into them cutting the launch in two and throwing the three occupants into the water. It was then dark and with the greatest difficulty the men were located, a boat lowered and after rowing about for half an hour they were rescued and brought to port.

We deeply regret the demise of Mr. John G. Melnis, Head St. Peter's Bay. Melnis was a very old and true man; a true friend, a kind husband, an indulgent father and as good and obliging a neighbor as could be found anywhere. He was held in the highest esteem by everyone in the community in which he lived and by all his acquaintances, and his death, in his young manhood, is mourned by all. He recently received the last Sacraments and died a most edifying death. To his widow and family we tender our sympathy in their sore bereavement.

Attend the Union Commercial College for a thorough business training with no waste time, no nonsense. College re-opens Sept. 3rd. send for new prospectus—W. Moran, Prin.



Cut Prices

Parlor Suites & Odd Chairs

We are showing a large assortment of Parlor Suites and Odd Chairs
3 piece Wire back Suite upholstered in Silk, \$120.00 for \$85.00
5 piece Mahogany finish Suite, upholstered in Silk, \$66.00 for \$44.00
5 piece Mahogany finish Suite, upholstered in Velour, \$50.00 for \$35.00
5 piece Walnut finish Suite, upholstered in Tapestry, \$23.00 for \$18.00
3 piece Mahogany finish Suite, upholstered in Silk, \$75.00 for \$39.00
3 piece Mahogany finish Suite, hand carved, upholstered in Silk, \$121.00 for \$86.00
Only one each of the above Suites in stock
Odd Rocker, Mahogany finish, upholstered in Silk, \$21.00 for \$12.00
Odd Rocker, Melton Rug, \$1.00 for \$3.00
Leather Couch, Mahogany frame, \$55.00 for \$35.00
Special attention given to mail orders. Freight paid to any railway station or steamboat landing

JAMES PATON & CO.

Purchase some of your Jewelry needs from

E. W. TAYLOR,

South Side Queen Square, Charlottetown.



Do You Want New Records?

All the latest are here.

Do You Want An Organ?

We sell the best at low figures. No fancy profits.

Do You Want a Sewing Machine?

Our \$22 Machine has no superior at the price.

We sell low as our expenses are small.

We can save you money.

Write to-day for full particulars.

MILLER BROS.
The P. E. I. Music House, Sunnyside.

Snappy Styles Solid Footwear

Ladies! Here is your chance, one week only. Box Calf Boots, neat, up-to-date. Cheap any time at \$2.25, now \$1.50, all sizes.

These Boots arrived a few days ago a little late of course, but they are yours at the above price. See them anyway.

A. E. McEACHEN,
THE SHOE MAN
QUEEN STREET

Fine Timekeeping Regina Watches, \$8.00 and upwards.	Souvenir Spoons, and Jewelry, in silver and gold enamelled.	Ladies' Chains and Bracelets.
High grade and real stone set Rings.	Solid Gold Scarf Pins; also Collar, Dress and Baby Pins	Locketts, in solid gold; also in plate that will stand engraving.
Links, Buttons, Studs, 50 cents up.	Eyeglasses, tested for and fitted to suit both eye and feature.	Knives, Forks, Spoons—best of plate.

Provincial EXHIBITION! OAK BRAND TEA.

The Horse, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry and Dairy-men; also the Farmer and his Wife, are asked to note the dates of the great

Inter-Provincial Exhibition
—AT—
Charlottetown,
October 8th to 11th, 1907

Open to the Maritime Provinces
Over \$6,000 in EXHIBITION PRIZES.

Two Days Horse Racing, Three Classes Each Day.
Over \$1,700 in Race Purse.

If you have not received the Prize List or Race Programme write the Secretary.
Lowest Rates on Railways and Steamboats.
For full particulars write the Secretary.

F. L. Haszard,
President.
C. R. Smallwood,
Secretary.
Sept. 4, 1907—5i

Morson & Duffy
Barristers & Attorneys
Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
MONEY TO LOAN.
Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada

Spring & Summer Weather
Spring and Summer weather calls for prompt attention to the
Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.
We are still at the old stand,
PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN
Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.
H. McMILLAN.

Calendar for Sept., 1907.

MOON'S PHASES. New Moon 7d. 5h. 4m. p. m. First Quarter 14d. 11h. 40m. p. m. Full moon 21d. 5h. 34m. p. m. Last Quarter 28d. 7h. 37m. a. m.

Table with columns: Day of Week, Sun Rises, Sun Sets, Moon Rises, Moon Sets, High Water, Low Water. Rows for days of the month.

How Unsaluted French Priests Earn Livelihood.

All Sorts of Work, From Bee Raising to Tailoring, Done By Them.

When the Church and State in France finally parted company many country priests found themselves suddenly faced with actual destitution. The immediate question was how to live until some arrangement could be made by the disturbed Church to take their aid.

SEPARATING WHEAT FROM CHAFF.

Such are the motives of the alliance. It was not suggested by the authorities of the Church and would never have been asked from the priests. It is a willing offering from the country clergy, an effort to help the Church through its time of trouble.

Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning of an extremely hazardous neglect, so important is a healthy action of these organs.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures kidney and liver troubles, relieves the back, and builds up the whole system.

Mr. Ballu pointed out further that tradition was all on the side of manual labor among priests. He followed the course of the idea through the centuries and produced a long list of venerated names of those who did not "eat bread for naught at any man's hand, but in labor and travail, working, day and night."

During the French revolution when, far more than now, the people had turned from the religion of their fathers, the priests were forced to earn their bread, and among them were many of the noblest names in France.

The cure of Paray did not stop with theory only. His little book was eminently practical, not to say sociological. After the argument as to the dignity of manual labor for the successors of the apostles he set to work to analyze carefully the needs that country priests might supply.

So, with a view to the hundreds of cases like his own, the author of the notable little book outlined the agricultural situation, dwelling on the tendency, universal but nowhere more marked than in France, for the ambitious to forsake the country to seek a "liberal" career elsewhere.

The French peasant is under any circumstances the most essentially conservative mortal in the world, and with the progressive element thus removed from the land, there is less and less likelihood of his accepting new ways until they have been demonstrated to be good.

URGING PRIESTS TO EARN MONEY.

So, with a view to the hundreds of cases like his own, the author of the notable little book outlined the agricultural situation, dwelling on the tendency, universal but nowhere more marked than in France, for the ambitious to forsake the country to seek a "liberal" career elsewhere.

Going yet further into details, an array of facts was presented to show the needs of special districts, to point out the advantage of certain crops, to impress on every country priest that there was a way for him to earn his livelihood if he would only study the conditions in his neighborhood.

The Shrine of Martyr's Hill.

On Thursday, August 15th, a new shrine was opened in Canada which promises to be the Mecca of pilgrims. The shrine is called Martyr's Hill, the scene of the martyrdom of Fathers Brebeuf and Lalemant, who suffered a most cruel death at the hands of the Iroquois on the 16th and 17th of March, 1649.

himself as a successful pastry-maker, partly supporting the needs of a fashionable partiser of a neighboring town, where materials were not as cheap as in the cure's quiet village!

In addition to cultivating the earth and using the products of the country in one way or another, there was a field in mechanics, too. Many priests were not in a position to become successful market gardeners, and many might have so much mechanical skill that it would be a waste of time not to follow their natural bent.

SUCCESS OF M. BALLU'S BOOK.

The cure of Paray did not send out his book until there were priests enough at work to give him an opportunity to point out what was being done in a practical way. When it did appear it created no little stir. It was so spiritual and so practical at the same time that not even the sternest anti-clericals would say anything against it.

Our mail order department gives immediate and careful attention to all orders received by mail or telephone. There is no reason why you should not enjoy all the advantages of a large and carefully selected stock.

There is nothing barish about Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells, without griping, purging or sickening. Price 25c.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES BURNS, ETC.

She—I hope, dear, that you are not going to worry about my exceeding my allowance this time. He (brightening up)—You don't mean to tell me, dearest that there isn't any necessity for it?

DR. FOWLER'S WILD STRAWBERRY CURES

Summer Complaint, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Oedema and Cramps, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum AND All Fluxes of the Bowels.

It is without doubt the safest and most reliable remedy in existence. It has been a household remedy for sixty-two years. Its effects are instantaneous and it does not leave the bowels in a constipated condition.

Do not be humbugged into taking something the unscrupulous druggist says is just as good. Mrs. Ed. Stringer, Henningford, Que., says: "I have used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry with excellent results. I always keep it in the house as it is the best cure for diarrhoea that can be had."

THE EFFECT OF SCOT'S EMULSION ON THIN, PALE CHILDREN IS MAGICAL.

It makes them plump, rosy, active, happy. It contains Cod Liver Oil, Hypophosphites and Glycerine, to make fat, blood and bone, and so put together that it is easily digested by little folk.

river, and midway between Vasey and Coldwater. The memory of those brave men, who, in the early days of New France, left home and kindred to found the Canadian Church, will henceforth be kept green.

Too long has this ground, crimsoned with the blood of martyrs, been neglected. But steps have at last been taken to atone for the indifference of the past. The heroism of the lives of those early missionaries will now become matters of common knowledge and the spot whereon they suffered will be sacred to all who value self and self-sacrifice.—Montreal Star.

"A commentary on the Catechism," edited by a Redemptorist Father and published by Herder in St. Louis, contains, says the Casket, something which our Sunday School teachers have long been wishing for, namely, a number of stories suitable for illustrating the lessons.

Stephen Girard, the infidel millionaire, one Saturday evening ordered all his employees to come back Sunday to finish unloading one of his ships. All agreed except one young man, who said to him: "Sir, I am willing to work for you any time, but not on Sundays, for it is against my conscience." "Go," said Girard to him, "get what is owing to you, for now I discharge you."

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LIMITED. DEAR SIR, I had a Bleeding Tumor on my face for a long time and tried a number of remedies without any good results. I was advised to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, and after using several bottles it made a complete cure, and it healed all up and disappeared altogether.

Beware Of Worms.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

STANLEY BROS.

Hats and Caps.—It is considered by all who know that I have the most up to date hat and cap department in the city. My prices are dead right, that's the reason I'm getting the business.

H. H. BROWN

Men and Boy's suits.—I will pay you to give me a call for your spring suit for yourself or your boy, as I have an elegant range to choose from and my prices are lower than the lowest.

H. H. BROWN

Our mail order department is growing rapidly—every mail brings us orders from different parts of the country, and we have invariably given the utmost satisfaction. If anything by any possibility might be wrong, we are always here to make it right.

SHOP BY MAIL.

Hundreds of people are saving money by buying musical instruments and sewing machines from Miller Bros. You save all middlemen's profits. It is worth thinking about. Write to day if you are thinking of buying.—Miller Bros., the P. E. I. Music House.

IF YOU WANT ANYTHING AT ANY TIME, AND CANNOT COME YOURSELF, JUST DROP US A POSTAL, AND WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO SEND YOU SAMPLES AND GIVE YOU ANY INFORMATION OF ANY LINE OF GOODS OFFERED IN A FIRST CLASS STORE LIKE OURS.

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The kidneys form a very important channel for the carrying of disease from the system, carrying off anything that is poisonous.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

will cure you. Mrs. Frank Fox, Woodside, N.B., writes: "I was a great sufferer with backache for over a year, and could get nothing to relieve me until I took two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, and now I do not feel any pain whatever and can eat and sleep well; something I could not do before."

MISCELLANEOUS.

The class in geography in one of the Brooklyn schools was asked by the teacher, "What are some of the natural peculiarities of Long Island?" "The pupils tried to think, and, after a while, a boy raised his hand. "I know," said he. "Well, what are they?" asked the teacher.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES BURNS, ETC.

She—I hope, dear, that you are not going to worry about my exceeding my allowance this time. He (brightening up)—You don't mean to tell me, dearest that there isn't any necessity for it?

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There is nothing barish about Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells, without griping, purging or sickening. Price 25c.

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DR. FOWLER'S WILD STRAWBERRY CURES

Summer Complaint, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Oedema and Cramps, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum AND All Fluxes of the Bowels.

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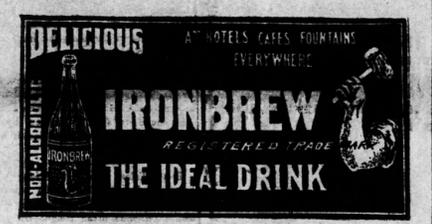
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We have bought out the Aerated Water Business formerly conducted by Ferris & Frederickson, and we are now in a position to supply the trade with a full line of

SODA DRINKS,



Such as Ginger Ale, Raspberry Soda, Lemon Soda, Iron Brew and a variety of other flavors. We will also be in a better position than ever to contract for the supplying of Picnics and Tea Parties.

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If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase.

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Aug. 15, 1906—3m

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June 12, 1907.

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Box Calf Boots, neat, up-to-date. Cheap any time at \$2.25, now \$1.50, all sizes.

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