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Volume 50 --No. 26

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Nine-room brick house with basement; good repair; stable; good water and one acre of garden and orchard. Apply to George Scott, 814 Bethune Ave. W., Detroit, Mich.

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Pupil of Prof. M. A. Francis, Windsor, and Prof. Clyde Nicholas, Detroit, is open to solo singing engagements at garden parties, entertainments, etc. He will also take a limited number of pupils during the summer. For terms, etc., apply The Rectory, Glencoe, or phone 142.

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Cream received, tested and paid for daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory. Phone 73 if you want our delivery truck to call.

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Choice registered Shorthorn Bull, Rosewood Farm, 12448, road.
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GLENCOE LODGE, No. 133
meets every Tuesday evening at eight o'clock sharp in the lodge room, opposite Royal Bank building, Main street. All brethren of the Order cordially invited to attend.—J. A. Jones, N.G.; H. J. Jamieson, R.S.

Great War Veterans' Association of Canada
(Incorporated).

Glencoe Branch meets 1st Friday each month at 7 p.m. in I. O. O. F. rooms, Main St. All Veterans Welcome.—W. B. Mulligan, President; J. Tait, Sec.-Treas.

INSURANCE
The Ontario Farmers' Weather Insurance Mutual Co., Grand Valley, and the Great-West Life Assurance Co.—Mac, M. McAlpine, Agent, Glencoe, Ont.; Box 41.

INSURANCE
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District Manager of DOMINION LIFE ASSURANCE CO. at GLENCOE

Also the leading Companies in Fire and Automobile at low rates.
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Get our proposition re cream; highest prices paid. Wagon always on the road. We pay cash. Phone us if you want us to call.

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Purveyor of all kinds of FRESH AND SALT MEATS
Deliveries from 8 to 10 Saturdays all day

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Fowl, live or dressed.
Cash for Eggs, Butter, Hides, Wool. On sale—all kinds of Canned Goods.

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The Glencoe Transcript.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1921.

A COMMUNITY NEWSPAPER
INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING
NEUTRAL IN NOTHING

Whole No. 2577

GIRLS AND BOYS

Don't forget the girls and boys who pass their examinations at school with a gift.

Waterman Fountain Pen \$1.25 to \$5.00
Gold Ring 10k. \$1.50 up
Tie Pin 75c to \$6.00
Boy's Watch \$2.50 to \$25.00
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C. E. Davidson, Jeweler

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED OPTICIAN

Remember Glencoe Chautauqua—July 18, 19, 20, 21

Best Values

In all lines of Staple Merchandise, including Millinery, Dry Goods and Groceries.

You will find our goods dependable, and prices right.

Summer Millinery at greatly reduced prices.

The Keith Cash Store

CAPITAL \$20,299,140 RESERVES \$20,763,503

THE EDUCATION OF YOUR CHILDREN!

Have you the money with which to do it? Start to save while they are young. Let them commence life knowing you are at the back of them. Savings Accounts are a specialty with

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

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EFFECTIVE JUNE 7th, 1921

TOURING CAR	\$625
RUNABOUT	560
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TRUCK CHASSIS	670
Starter and Electric Lighting on above models, \$85 extra.	
SEDAN	\$1,090
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Above prices include Starter and Electric Lighting. All prices are F.O.B. Ford, Ont., and do not include Federal Sales Tax.

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We have a full stock at present and can fill your requirements. It will pay to buy now.

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Homemade Cream Candy, Nut Fudge, Peanut Crisp, and other lines, made by an expert. Always fresh in stock. Close prices.

SUGARS, RICE, SOAPS and many other lines now selling at very much reduced prices.

Fresh Eggs, good table Butter and all marketable produce taken at highest price in cash or trade.

IMMEDIATE FREE DELIVERY.

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CENTRAL GROCER

TELEPHONE 25

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

For having a quart of hard cider in his auto a citizen of Langford was fined \$300 and costs.

A Brantford man was married on the eve of leaving to serve three years in penitentiary.

The proceeds of the recent lawn social held at Lee's church, near Chatham, amounted to over \$900.

The Dominion Department of Agriculture has issued a warning to farmers to light the corn-borer.

Word has been received at Highgate of the death at Vancouver of Mrs. John Gillies, who was formerly Miss Fannie Reycraft, in her 40th year.

The death occurred on June 22nd at the residence of her son-in-law, Wm. Hawken, Strathroy, of Mary Cave, widow of the late Wm. Taylor, in her 91st year.

A Newton, Kan., woman was awarded \$8,000 for injuries received in a railway accident. The railroad claimed they were not liable because she was travelling on a pass.

In 1916 a North Chicago woman gave a tramp breakfast, drink of whiskey and 50 cents. He became prosperous and last week she received \$1,500 from his estate.

Train-crews out of Cheyenne, Wyoming, have been indicted to permit hoboes to ride unmolested as they are becoming so dangerous it was thought better to avoid trouble.

Two 13-year-old boys at Newark, N. J., found guilty of turning in a false fire alarm, must write out a statement every day for 30 days telling why it is wrong to do such a thing.

The village of Kenilworth, Ill., a suburb of Chicago, has purchased \$4,500 worth of police whistles in an effort to reduce the number of burglaries. Every home will be equipped with one.

Malcolm B. McCol, a well-known resident of Back Street, Dunwich, died in St. Joseph's Hospital, London, after an operation for appendicitis. He was fifty years of age and was born in Dunwich.

A Bothwell lady received from Wardsville recently twenty dollars' conscience money. The envelope was sealed and contained the words: "This is conscience money, and if you forgive, God will forgive."

A memorial tablet in honor of two soldiers of the 13th Battalion—Pte. Joseph Magley and Sapper Alex. Neah—who fell in the Great War, was unveiled in the Colborne Methodist church, Murray, on Sunday.

The farmers of West Oxford have decided to organize a company to handle their milk supply in the future. The concern will be capitalized at \$40,000. At present the milk is disposed of to a Toronto dairy company.

It is expected that as a result of the reorganization of the Post Office and Customs Departments at Ottawa, between some of the civil servants will be let out and an approximate saving made in each department of \$1,000,000.

There was a pretty wedding at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dugald J. McPhail, Wm. Lorne, on Wednesday afternoon of last week when their eldest daughter, Miss Mabel, was united in marriage to Harold James Sharratt of West Lorne.

A Port Burwell citizen says it is easy to keep the robins out of the tree attached to a string, on the end of which is a cob of corn. His chicks go after the corn and keep the birds ringing all day.

Before leaving the Crinan school, which she has taught for the last three years, Miss Hattie Johnston was given a pleasant "send-off" by her pupils, who gathered for a social time, and presented her with a unique silver get and several toilet articles.

It is announced by John M. Donahue, counsel for the Murrell brothers and "Slim" Williams, who are to be tried on a charge of the murder of Russell Campbell, of Melbourne, in April, that a mistake was made in the date of the hearing, and that the prisoners will appear on September 26th, and not on the 2nd, as formerly stated.

Trafalgar township has decided to be up-to-date in the matter of posting up the names of the roads, which will greatly assist motoring parties. Work has already commenced in the erection of steel signs. The lettering is in two colors, and each sign shows the name of the township as well as the road. Other townships in Halton will likely follow Trafalgar's example.

A pleasant reunion was held last week at the home of John C. Campbell, ex-reeve of Dunwich, when all his brothers and sisters met together for the first time in twenty-four years. The family comprises four brothers and four sisters, and with the exception of Rev. N. A. Campbell of Ilderton and Rev. R. J. Campbell of Wartime, Man., all reside in Dunwich. The gathering included also their children, numbering thirty.

A movement to combat the high school teachers' union has been started by the Simcoe board of education, following the refusal of four teachers to go back on the board's scale of wages. The secretary was instructed to try and get other boards in line to fight the "wage hold-up" which teachers in the province are attempting.

As a result, Simcoe high school will have one teacher at the close of the term, he having declined to join the federation.

PAVING CONTRACT LET

Glencoe council met on Monday evening and awarded the contract for paving two business blocks on Main street north of the G. T. R. to the Archibald Construction Company of Toronto. The whole cost of the work, including curbs, catch basins and extras, will be between \$15,000 and \$16,000, of which the county and the province bears a part proportionately, the balance being paid by frontage assessment and general levy of the municipality, figures for which are not available at present. The contractors, it is understood, have just completed a paving contract at Hildesheim and will begin the work here immediately.

WEDDINGS

Giles-Stewart

The Algonac, Mich., Courier says: A very pretty June wedding took place at noon Wednesday at the home of Capt. and Mrs. H. W. Stewart when their daughter, Thelma May, was united in marriage to Fred Giles of Glencoe, Ont. The ceremony was solemnized by Rev. G. W. Sowers of the Algonac Methodist church.

The bridal party marched to the strains of "Hearts and Flowers," rendered by Mrs. A. J. LaCroix, and met amid a bank of white June blossoms. The bride was attended by her sister, Rommie, and the groom by his brother, Ernest, of Detroit. The bride wore a beautiful, embroidered gown of gray georgette with blue and white stripes, and carried white bride roses. She wore orange blossoms, and her grandmother, in Florida, in her hair. The bride-maid wore blue-organza and carried pink roses.

A beautifully appointed dinner was served to the guests. The bride and groom were escorted by Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Stewart from where they will leave for an extended trip to Grand Bend and other points in Canada. They will spend their home in Detroit after August first.

Jamieson-Sutherland

Among the pretty June weddings was that at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur E. Sutherland, Glencoe, on Thursday, the 23rd, when their eldest daughter, Jean Elliot, was united in marriage to Herbert James Jamieson, eldest son of Mrs. Martha Jamieson of Crinan.

The vows were made before Rev. D. G. Paton, B.A., at three o'clock under an arch of myrtle and marguerites, banked with ferns and roses. Miss Frances Sutherland, the youngest daughter of the bride, played the wedding music. The bride wore a dress of white satin, and the groom a suit of gray. The bride carried a bouquet of pink and white sweet peas containing the wedding ring. After the ceremony, the bride's younger sister, Miss Eleanor, played "O, Perfect Love" on the violin.

The groom's gift to the bride was a platinum and diamond dinner ring, to the pianist, and a mignonette bar pin, to the bridesmaid. A snooker club, to the ring-bearer, a bracelet and to the violinist a pearl ring. Lunch was served at beautifully decorated tables by four intimate friends of the bride—Miss Nellie Farrell, Miss Phemia Graham, Miss Ada Reycraft and Miss Helen Sutherland.

At six o'clock the wedding guests escorted the happy bridegroom and bride to the Grand Trunk depot to see them off for two weeks' honeymoon to be spent in Muskoka, the bride travelling in a navy tricot suit, with silver and navy hat. On their return they will make their home in Glencoe, where Mr. Jamieson has his headquarters in the insurance business.

Guests were present at the wedding from Detroit, Windsor, West Lorne, Dutton, Rodney, Talbotville and Crinan.

BUSINESS CHANGE

Having disposed of my garage business to Mr. W. B. Mulligan, I take this opportunity to thank my many customers for the liberal patronage they have extended to me. I trust you may continue the same with my successor.

All accounts on my books must be settled by either cash or note on or before July 5th or will be placed in the hands of a collector.—Wm. McCallum.

NEW G.T.R. TIME-TABLE

A new time-table came into operation on the Grand Trunk Railway on Sunday. Passenger trains are now due at Glencoe as follows:—East-bound—Toronto express, 3.30 a.m.; accommodation, 5.37 a.m.; express for Toronto and local points, 3.00 p.m.; eastern flyer, 6.05 p.m.; accommodation, 10.40 p.m. West-bound—Detroit express, 4.43 a.m.; accommodation, 7.25 p.m.; accommodation, 12.35 p.m.; accommodation, 6.37 p.m.; international limited, 9.52 p.m. Trains leave for St. Thomas via Air Line at 9.37 a.m. and 4.10 p.m., and arrive from St. Thomas at 9.10 a.m. and 2.50 p.m.

GATHERING OF THE GRAHAMS

Big Reunion of the Clan Held at Springbank Park

London, June 24.—On Thursday some 300 members of the Graham clan with 200 of their friends gathered at Springbank Park in the first reunion of the family in this hemisphere. The celebration had a distinctly Scottish flavor. By that it is not to be taken that the flavor came from a general pot pourri of different tartans, for excepting those worn by entertainers, nothing but the green, blue, black and white plaids from Argyleshire on the west coast of Scotland was to be seen.

Rev. Dr. Angus A. Graham, principal of the Presbyterian College at Moose Jaw, formerly of Glencoe and Petrolia, was the orator of the day, and speaking to his fellow clansmen he traced the clan history from the first known Graham, down to the migration to Canada and the establishment of the Grahams and collateral branches of the family in this country. Professor Graham through the exhaustive study he has made of the family was able to give a stirring account of past achievements and a minute explanation of the origin of the local families.

Graham Colors Worn

Every man, woman and child connected with the old family wore the colors of the clan, for as each person registered on arrival in the park he was supplied with a bit of silk plaid on which was suspended a picture of the Graham coat-of-arms. To add to this picture the tables upon which a chicken dinner was spread at noon were decorated with spiny Scotch thistles picturesque with purple tufted crests.

At intervals throughout the day and during two splendid concerts, one early in the afternoon and one in the evening, the skill of the bagpipers was heard while the Highland fling and the Scotch reel time and again thrilled all true Scotsmen. Besides all this, Scotch songs were sung and Scotch stories were told, keeping merry spirits bubbling away.

Eulogized Pioneers

In replying to the toast to "The Graham Clan," proposed by the toastmaster, Douglass Graham of this city, who was also general chairman of the picnic, Rev. Dr. Graham first eulogized the Graham pioneers in this country and expressed gratitude for the work they had done. He then reverted to the more ancient days. When the name of the clan first graced the pages of history.

In 429, he said, the name of Graham was first recorded in the annals of Scotland. At this time, according to traditions, a mighty Graham broke down the great Roman wall, which had been built from the Firth to the Clyde to keep the warlike tribes of the highlands from the southern country. History, he said, did not record what the chiefs had accomplished after he had scaled the walls, but ever after that the ramparts had always been known as the "Graham Dyke." Although Mr. Graham could not say just what part of the north had played in the tradition, he knew for a fact that parts of the wall had been found comparatively recently, and that its location was clearly defined.

The first authentic record of the family dated back to 1142, when the name of William de Graham, possibly spelled Grahame at that time, was affixed to a charter granted by the King of Scotland to the monks of Holyrood. This charter still bore the name. This man, who no doubt was an ancestor of the present family, apparently was an Anglo-Norman knight.

The Great Marquis

Although each century thereafter was marked with the name of Graham, the next outstanding members of the family recorded was James Graham, the fifth Duke of Montrose, a stirring figure, often referred to as the "Great Marquis." James Graham, being an intense Royalist and believing in the Divine Right of Kings, espoused the cause of the Stuarts. He won practically the whole of Scotland for Charles, but when that king was beheaded in England the mighty Montrose was forced to flee to the continent. Later he returned, and on being captured he was beheaded. Eleven years later his remains were given a public burial with eighteen landed Graham gentlemen in attendance.

Montrose Leads Clan

Since before his time and even yet the Duke of Montrose was the recognized head of the Graham clan.

Out of the House of Montrose several branches of the family have sprung up, chief among which are the "Grahams of Gartmore," the "Border Grahams," the "Grahams of Finty," the "Monteths," and the "Claverhouse." It is of the Grahams of Gartmore that the families in Western Ontario have sprung.

Drove Out Duke of Athol

Four hundred years ago Hugh Graham of Gartmore left his native estate in Stirlingshire and proceeded with his warriors to Argyleshire, where he met and drove out the Duke of Athol, the highland raider. He married a native girl and settled down in his conquered lands. Gradually the family dropped its southern dialect and adopted the Gaelic tongue. Thusly the ancestors of the local Grahams became transplanted to the highlands and Gaelic became the dialect of their forefathers.

The modern Grahams in Canada, and especially in Ontario, are descended from Alexander Graham of Kilberry, on the west coast of Scot-

land, who had three sons, John, Alexander and Duncan. John, at the age of 74, settled with his family in Glencoe, and from this family the Grahams of Etkind are descended.

Settled in Dunwich

Alexander died in Scotland but his son Archie settled near Old Iona in 1828. With this pioneer the Dunwich Grahams, the Blues and the Crawford were originated.

Duncan Graham settled in Lobo in 1828 and from him one branch of the Lobo Grahams, the Caradoc and Lobo McGugans and Campbells have descended.

In conclusion, Rev. Dr. Graham urged that the Grahams should always retain their pride in their clan, should emulate the noble principles of their great ancestors and should ever stand shoulder to shoulder with all other Canadians for the preservation and development of all that is best in this grand country.

This speech was given during a program of Scotch music and dancing given by the Brunswick Trio and McDonald's Pipe Band, held immediately after the whole clan had eaten of a sumptuous dinner served on long tables in the open.

A Huge Cake Cut

A five-storey cake, beautifully iced in white, pink and silver and bearing the name of the family and the year, was presented to the clan by Mrs. (Dr.) J. H. Wilson of this city. The cake was cut first by Douglass Graham, the chairman, and then it was served to all members of the family.

Immediately following the afternoon program a long list of sports was run and an exciting ball game was played between two picked teams, captained by James Campbell and N. Peter Campbell respectively, both of Lobo. The team with James Campbell at the helm won by the score of 3 to 2, according to the official scorer, although he would not swear to it. The batteries for the respective teams were: J. McGugan and F. McLachlan for the winners, and Dolphin, Campbell and Dobie for the losers.

Oldest Lady on Grounds

In the evening prizes were awarded for many special features. Mrs. Archibald Graham of Glencoe, 92 years of age, was the oldest member of the clan on the grounds, and she was presented with a beautiful umbrella. The oldest man, Archie Duncan, 90 years of age, was also honored.

Wilma Irene, the infant daughter of Mrs. A. J. McLachlan of London, was the youngest member of the clan present, and so she too was given a prize.

The proud owner of the largest family on the grounds was Mrs. G. McGugan of Strathroy, who was present with eight grown children. They were: J. A. A. B. and Harris McGugan, Strathroy; Mrs. W. Hodgins, Ilderton; Mrs. J. McSwiney, Montreal; Mrs. P. Mitchell, London, and Miss Pearl and Miss Agnes McGugan, Strathroy.

Iona Baby Won Prize

A baby show was the feature. Dr. H. A. Stevenson, M.P.P., was selected as the judge of this event, but with much wisdom and foresight he decided that the pickers themselves should select the winners. The baby receiving the greatest amount of applause being adjudged the best. Alexander James Graham, 11 months old, son of Mrs. J. B. Graham, Iona Station, won first prize. Marion Turner, daughter of Mrs. H. J. Turner, 119 Oxford street, was second, and Betty Frede, daughter of Mrs. (Dr.) Frede of Glencoe, was third.

The day concluded with an interesting program of sports and guessing contests for the young.

Members were present from all parts of Ontario, the West and many points in the United States. During the afternoon a large number of telegrams from as far west as Vancouver, east to Maine and south to California were received. They brought greetings from absent members of the clan.

FREIGHT CARS WRECKED

Thursday evening six or seven cars of a westbound Grand Trunk freight train were derailed at the east end of the Glencoe yard, blocking traffic for several hours. The international limited and several other passenger trains were detained via the Glencoe-Kingscourt loop-line. Auxiliaries from London and St. Thomas and the local section gangs were engaged all night and the greater part of next day clearing away the wreck.

The accident was the result of one of the trucks of a car leaving the rails when the train was approaching Glencoe. For a mile or more the trucks ran along on the ties. On reaching the first switch in the yard they turned at right angles, throwing several of the cars following into a jumble of wreckage. Two of the cars were loaded with lemons and hundreds of the fruit were scattered over the roadbed and banks of the right-of-way. A car loaded with coal was overturned on its side and other cars were set almost on end. The wreck would have been even worse had not the speed of the train been considerably reduced on entering the yard. No one of the train crew was injured, as the wrecked cars were near the middle of the train.

Many a man who is going to set the world on fire finds that someone has suddenly turned the hose on him.

As another possible effect of dryness it is stated that men's clothing next fall will be along sober lines.

SINN FEINERS BOMB BRITISH TROOP TRAIN WITH KING'S ESCORT

Three Soldiers Killed and Score Injured When Tenth Hussars Journey from Belfast to Dublin After Serving as Guard to Their Majesties at Inauguration of Northern Parliament.

A despatch from Dundalk says:—A train containing a squadron of the 10th Hussars, who acted as the King's escort at Belfast on Wednesday, was derailed by a mine set by Irish Republicans at Advoyle, near Dundalk, Friday morning. Two soldiers and a guard were killed and 20 other soldiers were wounded. Two rebels in the act of running away, were shot dead.

The spot selected for the outrage is situated along the rugged hills a mile from Advoyle station, where the railway runs along a high embankment. The train, which left Belfast at 9 a.m. for Carragh, was the last of three containing 133 Hussars with more than 100 horses, under command of Captain Lord Montagu Douglas Scott, brother of the Duke of Buccleuch. Both the first two trains passed safely over the place only a short time before the third. Fortunately, the first part of the train in which most of the troops were seated, passed over a gap which had been cut in the rails before the mine exploded. These carriages came to a standstill on the track, but the rear four or five trucks, full of horses, and the guards van left the permanent way. They toppled over the embankment and crashed a distance of 30 feet into the field below.

Coaches containing men and horses were piled on top of one another and soon a few injured men and many more wounded animals crawled or leaped from the wreckage. Between sixty and seventy horses were trapped in the smash.

The Hussars who escaped at once went to the assistance of their comrades and horses, while other men

searched the vicinity for the rebel gang. Several men were seen running away from the scene and two of them were shot dead. Meanwhile the work of rescuing continued and about thirty horses were so badly injured they had to be shot.

As soon as the disaster occurred efforts were made to summon help, but for a time this was impossible because the Sinn Feiners had cut the telephone and telegraph wires. During the afternoon a hospital train came from Advoyle station, with surgeons, doctors and nurses aboard was sent.

Police and military were also sent in motors. Their investigations showed that shortly before the three troop trains were due at Advoyle a band of armed rebels held up a number of men working on the line. They were marched away. The gang then seized some tools, with which they loosened the line and removed a portion of the permanent way in preparation for laying the mine. Then, after the second train passed, bombs were placed in the gap and the men went a distance away to await the train.

The district where the outrage occurred is on the borders of Ulster, where rival loyalists and Sinn Feiners have often come into conflict.

General Macready, Commander-in-Chief of the troops in Ireland, had another narrow escape on Friday. He left Belfast Friday morning for Dublin by train. At Howth Junction the train was stopped and the General was escorted cityward by motor car. The train proceeded, and when it reached a deep cutting near Dublin bombs were thrown into the last carriage. The woodwork was damaged but the occupants escaped.



His Majesty King George V who inaugurated the Northern Parliament on June 22. This is the first Irish Parliament to sit in 121 years.

Lord of the Lands.

Lord of the lands, beneath Thy bending skies,
On field and flood, where'er our banner flies,
Thy people lift their hearts to Thee,
Thy grateful voices raise;
May our Dominion ever be
A temple to Thy praise.

Thy will alone let all enthroned;
Lord of the lands, make Canada Thine own!
Almighty Love, by Thy mysterious power,
In wisdom guide, with faith and freedom dower;
Be ours a nation evermore
That no oppression blights,
Where justice rules from shore to shore,
From Lakes to Northern Lights.

May love have won for wrong atone;
Lord of the lands, make Canada Thine own!

Lord of the worlds, with strong eternal hand,
Hold us in honor, truth and self-command;
The loyal heart, the constant mind,
The courage to be true,
Our wide-extending empire bind,
And all the earth renew.
Thy name be known through every zone;
Lord of the worlds, make all the lands Thine own.

—Albert Durant Watson.

University Education.

There are a few people (there really are), but fortunately they are very few, who are opposed to university education because, they say, "too many people are being educated and there will soon be none left to do the manual labor." Such a position is at once absolutely untenable and absolutely ridiculous. Through such people it is not democracy, but bureaucracy, that speaks. Do these people think that education is the privilege of the few? Do they forget that, in a democratic country, education is the inalienable right of every citizen? All the more surprising it is that some of the men who express the opinion quoted above hold rather prominent positions. Apparently they are hoping that there will not be too many men and women fitted by education to hold similar positions. But they miss the point. It has been said that "a little knowledge is a dangerous thing"; no authority has mentioned any disadvantages involved in securing a thorough education. Higher education brings many advantages. One is that it enables its

COST OF LIVING IS STILL 72 PER CENT. ABOVE 1913

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Except in those commodities which can be purchased directly from the farmer or producer, and which can be sold to the consumer in the same state as grown, the cost of living has not dropped so greatly in the past year as most seem to think.

Prices of first products are low in most cases, according to statistics of the Department of Labor, but retail and wholesale houses have not yet disposed of old stocks purchased at high prices, and it takes some time for the low costs to reach the consumer.

In perishable products, like eggs, butter, seasonable fruits and vegetables, and most meats, the process has been quicker. But the drop in hides from a war-time height of 60 cents to something over one cent a pound has not had any noticeable effect on the price of boots and shoes.

Wool and cotton have to be obtained from the war maximums, but suits of clothes and cotton fabrics have not declined in proportion. However, the figures gathered by the Labor Department show a goodly decrease since the highest point in

December, 1920. The latest figures of the department show that all foods, as compared with December, 1913, had increased by 102 per cent. by December last, but on May the increase was only 65 per cent. above the 1913 figure.

In 1914 and 1915 fuel was lower than in 1913, but its price rapidly mounted after that to 118 per cent. higher in 1920, and even now it is double the 1913 figure. Rent to the end of 1917 showed decreases, but in December it was 39 per cent. above 1913 levels, and now is 40 per cent. higher. Clothing had its high level in July, 1920, at 160 per cent. above 1913 levels, dropping in December to 135 per cent. more, and standing now at 127 per cent. above the pre-war figure.

Taking all items under consideration, the Labor Department figures show that the cost of living generally advanced to 101 per cent. above 1913 in July, 1920, dropping to 92 per cent. above in December and 72 per cent. above now. That is, the cost of living is still 72 per cent. above the 1913 figure, and just midway between the 1918 and 1919 figures.

League Awards Aland Islands to Finland

A despatch from Geneva says:—The Council of the League of Nations to-day awarded the Aland Islands in the Baltic Sea to Finland. The Council decided that the islands should be neutralized from the military standpoint and the population given the guarantees recommended in the report of the Commission, of which Alvar I. Elkus, of the United States, was a member. Hjalmar Branting, of Sweden, protested against the decision of the Council, but agreed to recognize it.

The University of Toronto, the Provincial University of Ontario, is one of the greatest assets of the people of the province. It needs the support of its owners so that it may serve them even more largely than it now can.

Lord Byng is Canada's 12th Governor-General, 1924-1929.

Arctic Canada has 440 species of flowering plants and three times as many non-flowering species, per Stefansson.

The Guard of the Eastern Gate.

Halifax sits on her throne by the sea
In the night of her pride—
Invincible, terrible, beautiful is she
With a sword at her side.

To right and left of her, battlements
rest
And fortresses frown.
While she sits on her throne without
favor or fear,
With her cannon as crown.

Coast guard and sentinel, watch of the weal
Of a nation she keeps;
But her hand is encased in a gauntlet
of steel
And her thunder but sleeps.

Canada ranks seventh among maritime nations.



Her Majesty Queen Mary took part in the notable ceremonies in Belfast at the opening of Parliament.

Dominion Day.

Canada, Canada, land of the maple,
Queen of the forest and river and lake,
Open thy soul to the voice of thy people,
Close not thy heart to the music they make.
Bells, chime out merrily,
Trumpets, call cheerily,
Silence is vocal and sleep is awake.

Canada, Canada, land of the beaver,
Labor and skill have their triumph to-day;
Oh! may the joy of it flow like a river,
Wider and wider as time flies away.
Bells, chime out merrily,
Trumpets, call cheerily,
Science and industry laugh and are gay.

Canada, Canada, land of the snow-bird,
Emblem of constancy change cannot kill,
Faith, that no strange cup has ever unsevered,
Drinketh to-day from love's chalice.

Bells, chime out merrily,
Trumpets, call cheerily,
Loyalty, strength and reason is still.

Canada, Canada, land of the bravest,
Sons of the war-path, and sons of the sea,
Land of no slave-lash to-day thou enslavest:
Millions of hearts with affection for thee.

Bells, chime out merrily,
Trumpets, call cheerily,
Let the sky ring with the shout of the free.

Canada, Canada, land of the fairest,
Daughters of snow that is kissed by the sun,
Binding the charms of all lands that are rarest,
Like the bright cestus of Venus in one!

Bells, chime out merrily,
Trumpets, call cheerily,
A new reign of beauty on earth is begun.

—John Reade.

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The Bond of Empire.

The call went forth o'er all the land,
Men heard it far on foreign strand;
They came from alley, hill and plain,
From deepest mine and vast domain,
From dreary East, from bustling West,

Each came to give and do his best,
From sunny South, from coldest North,
They came to show and prove their worth.

Around the flag the thousands came
To keep unsoiled the Empire's name;
Her plighted word to others given
Must be upheld, though hearts be riven.

They gathered round from the British Isles,
Though hearts may ache, the face still smiles,
And women laugh, the children cheer,
The men march off without a fear,
And foes shall learn that hearts like this

Shall ne'er be ruled by mailed fists.

They came from India's far-off shore
To fight for their King-Empire;
And surely they have nobly done—
Deeds many theirs where valor shone.

The call went far across the sea
To the land the home of the brave
and free;

Her sons they came from far and near
To help the cause they hold most dear,
To fight for freedom, honor, truth,
Of loyalty to give the proof.

At Ypres, on sodden Belgium's plain,
The lads held firm, though hundreds slain,
And made the Hun to rue the day
He met the men from Canada.

The call was heard 'neath the Southern Cross,
Straightway there gathered a mighty host;

Men true as steel with eager hand,
To help uphold the Motherland;
They faced the fire, a thousand halls,
The Anzacs brave, at the Danialles.

Our navy, too, has nobly done,
Has honor gained and glory won;
Their ceaseless watch, both night and day,
Has kept unchecked Britannia's sway.

They chased all Hun boats off the seas
And made our foes to feel the seas' "squeeze";
They met the Hun in bloody fray,
Proving to all who "won the day."

And left our boys to brave and free,
To still blockade and rule the sea.

Many a brave heart beats no more,
Laid to rest on an alien shore;
Their lives they gave, most nobly died,
Our hearts are filled with honest pride

To know that, though we see them dead,
Their courage ne'er shall be forgot.

Then let their memory ever live,
To those who died all honor give,
Let them not see from up above
That we neglect the ones they love;

But let us heed their kindly dream,
Their loved ones left to mourn the dream.

The nation thus has stronger grown;
We reap the good by others sown,
By others bought with crimson blood,
(O, may their spirits rest above).

For by their deeds they kindled fire
That drew the bonds of our Empire.

—Edwin J. Grant.
France, June, 1916.

Canadian Born.

We first saw light in Canada, the land
beloved of God;
We are the pulse of Canada, its marrow
and its blood;
And we, the men of Canada, can face
the world and brag
That we were born in Canada, beneath
the British flag.

Few of us have the blood of kings,
few are of courtly birth.
But few are vagabonds or rogues of
doubtful name and worth;
And all have one credential that entitles
us to brag—
That we were born in Canada, beneath
the British flag.

We've yet to make our money, we've
yet to make our fame,
But we have gold and glory in our
clean colonial name;
And every man's a millionaire if only
he can brag
That he was born in Canada, beneath
the British flag.

No title and no coronet is half so
proudly worn,
As that which we inherited as men
Canadian born.

We count no man so noble as the one
who makes the brag
That he was born in Canada, beneath
the British flag.

The Dutch may have their Holland,
the Spaniard have his Spain,
The Yankee to the south of us must
south of us remain;
For not a man dare lift a hand
against the men who brag
That they were born in Canada, beneath
the British flag.

—Pauline Johnson.

The Bargain.
Marriage often means the selling of
one's liberty for a mess of affection.

One of the longest submarine cables
in the world is to be laid between Aden
and Hong Kong at a cost of \$3,000,000.

The Leading Markets.

Toronto.
Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.85; No. 2 Northern, \$1.84; No. 3 Northern, \$1.80; No. 4 wheat, \$1.08.
Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 48¢; No. 3 CW, 43½¢; extra No. 1, 43½¢; No. 2 feed, 41½¢; No. 2 feed, 40½¢.
Manitoba barley—No. 3 CW, 78½¢; No. 1 CW, 74¢; rejected, 69¢; feed, 69¢.

All above in store, Fort William.
Ontario wheat—F.o.b. shipping points, according to freights outside.
No. 2 Spring, \$1.43 to \$1.45; No. 2 Winter, \$1.50 to \$1.57; No. 2, choice wheat, nominal.

American corn—Prompt shipment, No. 2 yellow, c.i.f. bay ports, 77¢, nominal.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 40¢ to 42¢, according to freights outside.
Barley—Malting, 65¢ to 70¢, according to freights outside.

Ontario flour—Winter, prompt shipment, straight run bulk, seaboard, \$7.40.
Pearl—No. 1, nominal.

Manitoba flour—Track, Toronto: First rate, \$10.50; second rate, \$10. Buckwheat—Nominal.

Rye—No. 2, 1.15.
Milfeed—Carlots, delivered Toronto freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$29; shorts, per ton, \$31; white middlings, \$36 to \$38; feed flour, \$1.70 to \$2.10.

Cheese—New, large, 17½ to 18½¢; twins, 18 to 19¢; triplets, 18½ to 19½¢; old, large, 33 to 34¢; do, twins, 33½ to 34½¢; triplets, 34½ to 35¢; new Stilton, 20 to 21¢.

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 25 to 26¢; creamery prints, fresh, No. 1, 35¢; cooking, 22 to 24¢.
Margarine—22 to 24¢.

Eggs—No. 1, 38¢; select, 39¢; cartons, 42 to 43¢.
Beans—Can., hand-picked, bushel, \$2.85 to \$3; primes, \$2.40 to \$2.50.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5 imp. gals., \$2.35.
Maple sugar, lbs., 19 to 22¢.

Honey—60-30-lb. tins, 19 to 20¢ per lb.; 5-2½-lb. tins, 21 to 22¢ per lb.; Ontario comb honey, at \$7 per 15-section case.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 36 to 38¢; heavy, 30 to 31¢; cooked, 48 to 52¢; rolls, 27 to 28¢; cottage rolls, 28 to 29¢; breakfast bacon, 33 to 38¢; special brand breakfast bacon, 45 to 47¢; boneless, 41 to 46¢.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 17 to 18¢; clear bellies, 15 to 16¢.
Lard—Pure, tierces, 13 to 13½¢; tubs, 13½ to 14¢; pails, 13½ to 14½¢; prints, 14½ to 15¢. Shortening, tierces, 11 to 11½¢; tubs, 11½ to 12¢; pails, 12 to 12½¢; prints, 14 to 14½¢.

Choice heavy steers, \$8.50 to \$9; good heavy steers, \$8 to \$8.50; butchers' cattle, choice, \$8 to \$9; do, good, \$7.50 to \$8; do, med., \$7 to \$7.50; do, com., \$6.50 to \$7; butchers' cows, \$6.50 to \$7; do, good, \$6 to \$6.50; do, com., \$5 to \$6; butchers' bulls, good, \$5.50 to \$6.50; do, com., \$4 to \$5; feeders, best, \$7.50 to \$8; do, 900 lbs., \$7 to \$7.50; do, 800 lbs., \$6.75 to \$7.75; do, com., \$5 to \$6; culls and cubs, \$1.50 to \$4; milkers, good to choice, \$6 to \$7.50; do, com. and med., \$3 to \$5; choice springers, \$60 to \$80; lambs yearlings, \$8 to \$9; do, spring, \$12.50 to \$13.50; sheep, choice, \$9.50 to \$10; do, com., \$2 to \$4.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$13 to \$13.25; do, weighed off cars, \$13.25 to \$13.50; do, f.o.b., \$12.25 to \$12.50; do, country points, \$12 to \$12.25.

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CHAUTAUQUA SPECIALS

We cannot guide the weather but we can do a great deal towards keeping cool by wearing comfortable apparel. Not necessary to pay extravagant prices to be nicely dressed. Come to this store and see how well we can serve you with just what you want.

Big Demand for Organdie

In fine quality; dainty colors, also white; wide widths; cut to advantage. Attractive Laces for trimmings.

Make Your Next Frock by the Belrobe Method Pattern

Save material, time and worry, and be your own dressmaker, cutting down cost of dress one-half.

"Fleet Foot" Footwear

A step ahead in style, quality and comfort. A step back in price, as you will see by close comparison.

To Keep Cool Wear Cool Underwear

Avoid buying ill-fitting garments by insisting on getting "Watson's Celebrated Makes." Combination and separate garments, in silk, lisle and mercerized. This underwear is designed to suit the most exacting tastes. They are made to fit as well as wear.

Slashing the Prices in Many Lines, Regardless of Cost, Making a Quick Get-back Price.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

All Work Shirts Now \$1.25

Commencing today all Work Shirts in the store, selling regularly at \$1.90, \$2.00 and \$2.25, NOW \$1.25.

Peabody and Walker's Overalls, \$1.90

Highest standard materials, \$1.90. Second grade, \$1.75. Special lines at \$1.50.

Men's Worsted Trousers—Prices Cut in Half; Men's Tweed Trousers Greatly Reduced; Boys Tweed Bloomers at Special Prices.

This store is getting prices down as fast as any store in Canada and a good deal faster than most others, increased sales and new customers being the result.

All Straw Hats Clearing

Keep date in your hat of Glencoe's Four Big Chautauqua Days—a wonderful four days you will enjoy—July 18, 19, 20, 21.

MOSA COUNCIL

A meeting of Mosca council was held at Newbury on June 18. Members all present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Moved by E. Hurdle, seconded by J. T. Armstrong, that the petition presented by J. T. Lethbridge to have the Lethbridge drain extended be accepted, and the clerk is hereby instructed to request James M. McGregor, C.E., to make an examination of the area described in the petition and if in his opinion an extension of the said drain is required to go on and lay out the work necessary to be done and report to the council. Carried.

Moved by E. Hurdle, seconded by J. T. Armstrong, that Wm. Kelly and Wm. Ellis be paid \$500 for work done on the McRae drain; Chas. Fennell \$2 for valuating sheep killed by dogs. Carried.

Moved by J. T. Armstrong, seconded by J. T. Watterworth, that the petition signed by Archie McCallum and others, requesting the council to take the action necessary to cause the area described in the petition to be drained, be accepted and the clerk is hereby instructed to request Jas. M. McGregor, C.E., to make an examination of the area described in the said petition and if in his opinion the land requires to be drained, to go on and lay out the work necessary to be done and report to this council. Carried.

Moved by E. Hurdle, seconded by J. D. McNaughton, that the engineer's report on the repair and extension of the Wm. Stinson drain be adopted and the clerk is hereby instructed to prepare a by-law in accordance with the said report. Carried.

Moved by J. D. McNaughton, seconded by J. T. Armstrong, that Commissioner Hurdle be hereby instructed to have the township portion of the Currie award drain repaired. Carried.

A notice was received from Ekfrid council to have that part of the H. McLachlan drain in the township of Mosca repaired.

Moved by J. D. McNaughton, seconded by J. T. Watterworth, that the clerk be hereby instructed to request Jas. M. McGregor to make an examination of the H. McLachlan drain and report to the council. Carried.

Moved by E. Hurdle, seconded by J. T. Watterworth, that the application of Marshall Moore to have a reconstruction of the Deacon-Winslip drain be accepted and the clerk is hereby instructed to request Jas. M. McGregor to make an examination of the said drain and if in his opinion the drain requires to be improved to go on and lay out the work necessary to be done and make a new assessment on the lands and roads benefited by the said drain. Carried.

The council adjourned to meet at Glencoe on July 16 at 10 a.m. C. C. McNaughton, clerk.

PARKDALE

Miss Mae Everitt has returned home after having spent a week with friends in Detroit.

Mrs. Campbell, sr., Mr. Campbell and Miss Flossie motored from Komoka and spent Sunday with the former's daughter, Mrs. Wm. Thompson.

Mrs. Robert Campbell is visiting her daughter, Mrs. V. Watterworth, Glencoe.

Mr. McCracken is moving into the vacant house on the Misses Smith farm.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Blaine, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hagith and Mr. and Mrs. A. Campbell spent Sunday afternoon at the home of Chas. Blaine, Newbury.

Mrs. Chas. Teifer and kiddies are holidaying with relatives near Dutton.

DAVISVILLE

Nelson June of Windsor visited at the home of Fred Armstrong on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Leitch of Dutton spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Dick Durfee.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Armstrong and son Ernest and wife and family spent Sunday at the home of William McKee, Glencoe.

Mrs. Robert Armstrong and son Ed. spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Archie Regis.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Durfee took a trip to London on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hammett and son Thos. spent a couple of days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Smith.

Plewies Hillman is on the sick-list. Mrs. McNaughton is not improving in health.

CAIRO

Mrs. Stuart Smith and daughter Muriel of Walkerville visited friends here the past few days.

Miss Olive Prangley of Toronto is spending her vacation at her home here.

Mrs. W. R. Macaulay is visiting friends in this community at present. Mrs. E. Forman has returned to the McCready boys on Friday evening, defeating them 23 to 3.

J. Bird had the front wheels replaced on his auto on Saturday, and is again ready for the roadway.

Rev. J. M. Bell made several calls during the week among his flock in this vicinity.

G. L. Sinclair, our merchant, made a business trip to London on Friday.

Mrs. E. Forman has returned to her home again somewhat improved in health.

Strenuous efforts are being put forth by the committee in charge of the program for the social to be held here Thursday evening under the auspices of the Willing Workers of the Presbyterian church.

Tell Them So

When the cares of life are many And its burdens heavy grow For the ones who walk beside you— If you love them, tell them so. What you count of little value Has an almost magic power. And beneath that cheering sunshine Hearts will blossom like a flower. —Selected.

FEEDING OF NEW GRAIN

Is Apt to Cause Trouble to Live Stock.

Horses More Susceptible Than Cattle. —Pigs Do Better on It Than the Other Stock—Best Methods in Preservation of Hay.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Each year brings a certain amount of trouble through the feeding of new grain to live stock, and consequently greater care should be exercised to avoid digestive derangements.

The horse is generally considered a little more susceptible to digestive troubles following changes in feeding practice than are other classes of farm live stock. It is always well to make changes very gradually and carefully. The main grain feed of the horse in this country is oats, and new oats should always be fed with great care. Hard-worked horses should, if it is at all possible, be fed old oats and the new grain left to dry and cure for a few weeks after threshing. At any rate to avoid colic, acute indigestion and inflammation new oats should at first form only a part of the grain ration, being mixed with old oats and possibly a little corn and the percentage of the new grain gradually increased until the horses are on full feed. Sudden changes from old to new grain are especially dangerous with the horse and particularly with the horse at heavy work and on a heavy concentrate ration. There is, of course, a difference due to the time of threshing. Grain which remains in stack or mow for several weeks and thus becomes dry and cured is not so dangerous as that threshed directly from the field or immediately after harvesting.

As a rule heavy feeding of grain is not practiced with cattle and sheep on pasture. Where such is the case, however, changing from old to new grain should be done with care and the substitution should be, if possible, gradual. If the ration must, of necessity, be composed entirely of newly-threshed grain, it should at first be comparatively light and increased very gradually.

Pigs usually handle newly-threshed grain without much trouble, although if on very heavy rations when switching from old to new grain care should be taken that they be not thrown off their feed. Newly-threshed grain is difficult to grind fine and is not easily stored and large quantities of the ground grain may not be stored in bulk as heating and musty will result, lowering the feeding value of the grain by rendering it unpalatable and less digestible. Musty grain is more dangerous than clean, new grain.

These points should be kept in mind. First make all changes from old to new grain gradually. Secondly, if no old grain is fed as part of the ration start the new grain in small quantities, gradually increasing until the desired quantity is reached. Feed no heated or musty grain. —Wade Toole, O. A. College, Guelph.

APPIN

A very enjoyable afternoon was spent by the pupils and some of the parents of S. S. No. 13 last Saturday when a picnic was held on the grounds of Elmer Gast, about half a mile from the school. A fine game of golf was played by the boys, also one by the girls, after which races of all sorts were engaged in. A booth was on the grounds and was well patronized. After the sports an excellent picnic supper was spread, to which over eighty sat down. After supper a very hearty vote of thanks was given to the teachers, Miss M. Coulthard and Miss A. Farrell, who arranged this enjoyable outing so well, also to Mr. and Mrs. Gast for their kind hospitality.

Glad to hear that Peter McArthur is recovering after his recent illness with mumps.

A large number from this village and vicinity attended the garden party at Melbourne last Friday evening and report a good time.

A goodly number of the congregation of the Methodist church gathered at the parsonage here last Wednesday to spend a social evening with Mr. and Mrs. Whaley and family before leaving for their new home in Cornhill. During the evening a nice program of music, recitations and addresses was given, after which a tasty lunch was served by the ladies, and all joined in wishing Mr. Whaley the best of success in his new field.

Mrs. and Miss Harris of Aymer spent the week-end with Mrs. Harris' sister, Mrs. Dan McDonald. Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Pope and children of London are visiting at Will Pole's.

Mrs. Colbert of Kenora is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Macfie.

Several of the children in the community are suffering from a mild form of mumps.

SHIELDS SIDING

The U. F. O. shipped a carload of cattle and hogs from this siding on Saturday.

A large crowd attended the U. F. O. picnic in McAlpine's grove on Wednesday of last week.

Watch for posters of our annual lawn social on July 6th on the school grounds.

Much sympathy is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Archie McIntyre of Brooke in the sudden death of their only daughter, Mrs. Brayne.

Willie McCallum of Alvinston is spending some time at Hugh A. McAlpine's.

Sorry to say John F. McTavish is not much improved in health at time of writing.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

WEST MIDDLESEX

U. F. O. Picnic

STRATHROY, JULY 1st

All Roads Will Lead to Strathroy on Dominion Day

Great Program Prepared — Races Already Well Filled



Reduce the Cost of Selling

—Use Long Distance

THINK of Long Distance in terms of time and money saved. "Use the Bell to Sell." It is today the most effective form of approach to customers. Your personality, the convincing tones of your voice, will bring results when everything else fails.

"Many of our Long Distance calls are now Station-to-Station calls," writes a subscriber. "We notified our customers that two of our most capable men had been designated to look after Long Distance business. As soon as Long Distance calls, our Private Branch Exchange operator switches the call instantly to one of these men, which gives our client the advantage of Station-to-Station rates."

"Increasing the efficiency of a sales force ten percent is well worth while. Our Sales Manager calls upon travellers by Long Distance, or they call him. He encourages them, advises them, helps them to secure orders. If competition has arisen he learns of it in time to meet it."



Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station

GALL STONES

"MARLATT'S SPECIFIC"

A never failing remedy for Appendicitis. Indigestion, Stomach Disorders, Appendicitis and Kidney Stones are often caused by Gall Stones, and mislead people until those bad attacks of Gall Stone Colic appear. Not one in ten Gall Stone Sufferers knows what is the trouble. Marlatt's Specific will relieve without pain or operation. For sale at all Drug Stores or

H. I. Johnston, Druggist, Glencoe, Ont.

J. W. MARLATT & CO., 211 Gerrard St. E., Toronto, Ont.

EAT MORE BREAD

BUT BE SURE YOU GET

REITH'S

APPETIZING NOURISHING JUST A LITTLE BETTER

GLENCOE BAKERY



'Exquisite,'

WOMEN SAY.

THAT'S the general verdict pronounced when women see our new display for Summer. It's most gratifying to us to be talked about in that fashion. And we believe you'll hold the same opinion once you have seen the new Hats. Every desirable shape, material and color in turbans, toques, tams, sailors, sport effects and elaborate picture Hats is now shown.

MRS. W. A. CURRIE
GLENCOE

MONSTER Garden Party

FAIR GROUNDS WALLACETOWN WEDNESDAY, JULY 6

Auspices: Women's Institute and Farmers' Club

Program:—Hudson Male Quartette, Detroit; Wm. Hollingshead, Entertainer; Arthur Yule, Toronto, Comedian; Guy C. Pitkins, Detroit, Pianist; Kendall Orchestra, London. Addresses by P. G. Cameron, M.L.A., and M. McVicar, M.L.A. Peter McArthur, Chairman.

Electric lighted grounds. Refreshment booth on grounds. Cars admitted free and parked.

Proceeds in aid of new community hall. Admission—Adults, 50c; children under twelve, 25c.

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—in Canada, \$2.00 per year; in the United States and other foreign countries, \$2.50 per year.

Advertising.—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application.

Job Printing.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programs, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc.

A. E. Sutherland, Publisher.

THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1921

In a game of baseball both teams cannot win. To lose gracefully is, therefore, almost as important as to win generously. If the sport is good it is a minor matter whether "our" team or the other one wins. The big thing in that game should be played fairly, squarely, and in good temper. There is a gratifying spirit of good fellowship among the various baseball teams that are contesting in this district this season. Let the public do their part by encouraging this feeling and turning out, not just to see "our" team win, but to witness a good game of ball.

A financial writer says: The adjustment process at present is marked by a good many inconsistencies, inevitable, perhaps, but nevertheless requiring careful consideration. There is nothing suggestive of normality about cotton at 10c a pound and coal at \$15 a ton, or labor at \$1 an hour in the building trades, and \$1 a day on the farms. Farm products are being sold on the basis of \$1 labor, and while that holds, the farmer cannot be expected to buy automobiles, household furnishings and countless other products turned out by industrial labor in receipt of so much higher wages than the farmer is paid.

Deflation of farm produce prices is not confined to Canada by any means, agriculture in the United States being even harder to hit so far than here. There, according to The New York Journal of Commerce, farmers are facing what has been aptly called "the greatest agricultural panic in the history of the country." The prices of farm products have dropped during every month since May of last year, and so large a share of last season's crops is still on the farms that no man can tell whether or not prices have reached bottom.

Hangman Ellis, in an interview, says that when a man is convicted of murder he ought immediately to be removed to the central provincial prison, which in Ontario is at Kingston. The precise hour and day of his death should not

be specified, but he should be executed within a specified week, and the mere announcement of the event given to the public. In one Western State the means of death is a suffocating gas. It is turned on in a specially prepared cell some night when the murderer is asleep and he is thus saved the horror of the walk to the electric chair or to the scaffold. He is also saved any publicity except that which is inevitable. He is spared the horror of the night before his execution and the awakening on his last day on earth. No right-minded person can wish to torture a murderer upon whom the law is about to take vengeance. On the contrary, the natural desire is to avoid inflicting upon him any unnecessary punishment. Death itself wipes out scores between the man and the State.

If American union men work seven hours a day for six dollars, and the Germans work ten hours a day for two dollars, it will not be long before the trade of the world will be in the hands of Germany.—The Sentinel, Toronto.

Canada was established by freemen for freemen. There is no room here for the ancient feuds of the old land. Canada will not permit the transplanting of Irish woes to Canadian soil. Canada may be a refuge for the oppressed, but she can never be a stamping ground for seditious propagandists. This is Canada, where workers are welcome, and where drones with axes to grind are in the way. —Vancouver Sun.

England is striving by legislation and other means to keep her cities from growing. As a last resort she is sending them overseas as emigrants. In Ontario we are doing what England is trying to undo. We give cheap power to our large cities which attracts industries and workers there and thus build up overcrowded centres of population. Why not reverse the process before it's too late and take the cheap power to farm homes and country villages? —Farmer's Sun.

SOME LARGE FUNERALS

Nathaniel Currie, Stratthburn, who supplies cement sepulchres for Western Ontario, says that Dr. Martyn's funeral at Alvinston was the second largest he has seen in ten years. Mr. Englehart's, at Petrolia, was the largest. Dr. Martyn's the second, and the murdered Robert Campbell's, at Melbourne, the third.

Miller's Worm Powders will drive worms from the system without injury to the child. The powders are so easy to take that the most delicate stomach can assimilate them and stomach them as speedily as they remove the worms that cause the pain, and thus the suffering of the child is relieved. With so sterling a remedy at hand no child should suffer an hour from worms.

Let the Bank Help You



The Merchants Bank is a successful Bank because it helps its customers to achieve success. Some of the most prosperous Farmers in this community have won their way with the help of assistance and sound advice of this Bank. They realize that The Merchants Bank is ready to advise its customers on all financial matters.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.
GLENCOE BRANCH: R. M. McPHERSON, Manager.
ROTHWELL BRANCH: J. R. BEATON, Manager.
NEWBURY BRANCH: N. R. HENDERSON, Manager.
Safety Deposit Boxes to rent at Glencoe Branch.

Opera House - Glencoe

Saturday, July 2nd—starting 8.30 sharp

The Darling of the Screen

MARY PICKFORD

— IN —

"A Poor Little Rich Girl"

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

in "Easy Street"

A RIOT OF FUN

DON'T MISS THIS DOUBLE PROGRAMME

Adults 37 cents

Children 27 cents

Wardsville Garden Party

(Toujours le meilleur)

JULY FIRST

PROGRAMME:

Harmony Boys, presenting Jock Ballantyne
Kiltie Saxophone Trio
Brunswick Orchestra

Grounds well lighted by Murphy Bros. Electricians

THE DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

between
MONTREAL
TORONTO
DETROIT
and
CHICAGO

Unexcelled Dining-car Service.
Sleeping Cars on night trains and Parlor Cars on principal day trains.
Full information from any Grand Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Hornung, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.
C. O. Smith, Agent, Glencoe; telephone No. 5.

We Carry A Full Line

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.
Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eave-troughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson
GLENCOE Plumber

FARM FOR SALE
Old Canadian homestead for sale; 119 acres; lot 1, range 2 south of Longwoods road, township of Mosa; 5 miles from Glencoe; fairly good buildings; 40 acres of hardwood bush; best of soil; lots of spring water; mile and a half from church and school. Apply to Neil McKellar, Glencoe.

Some people seem to be worrying more over what a girl wears than they do over how she behaves.—Detroit Free Press.

Born
McKELLAR—In Ekfrid, on Saturday, June 25, 1921, to Mr. and Mrs. Hector McKellar, a son—William James.

TOWN AND VICINITY

Public schools closed yesterday for the summer holidays.
Business places will be closed tomorrow—Dominion Day.

Gasoline has taken another drop and coal oil is expected to follow soon.

Glencoe and surrounding district had splendid rains during the last few days.

Miss Lillian King, Newbury, is able to be around again, after an attack of measles.

Strathroy ball team is expected to play the Glencoe team here next Wednesday.

Wallacetown garden party July 6. Big doings. See advertisement in another column.

Sunday was the hottest day of the summer, when the thermometer registered 95 in the shade.

Tomorrow's chief attraction for the people of Glencoe and vicinity will be the big U. F. O. picnic at Strathroy.

A woman down Simcoe way is said to have used a telephone for the first time in eighty-three years. She must be on a party line.

"Zimble" says: "I have took notice that the men who drive fastest are usually the ones whose time is the least worth saving."

The school children are lugging their burden of books with light hearts these days—homeward bound for the long summer vacation.

Sometimes we are led to suspect the greatest horror of prohibition is the brand of dry humor that has been inflicted on a defenseless public.

A thief or thieves sneaked into the home of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Cowan a few days ago while they were at home and took a few articles of value.

The Daughters of the Empire held a quilting bee at the home of Mrs. John Hick last Wednesday. During the afternoon the tickets for a quilt were drawn and the lucky number, which was 47, was held by Mrs. Bert Cavalier.

The pupils of third form of Glencoe high school, with the teachers and a few friends, motored to Springbank on Saturday and held an enjoyable picnic.

A man who attended a recent entertainment went to the box office and demanded refund of the amusement tax with the explanation that he "wasn't amused."

When the public schools of Ontario open next fall the scholars will be brought face to face with three new textbooks, the geography, history of Canada and history of England.

Miss Hattie Johnston, Pingal, who has been teacher of the Crinan public school for the past three years, has resigned to accept a similar position at Theford, at a salary of \$1,200.

Dr. W. E. Weekes, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Weekes, Woodgreen, who has been practicing at Vancouver Hospital for a year, has recently been appointed senior interne in surgery for that hospital.

The marriage took place on Wednesday in Lawrence at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Fred Miller, of Lillian McFarlane and John Alex. McCallum of Glencoe. Mr. and Mrs. McCallum will reside here.

Principal York of the high school and Principal Colquhoun of the school are presiding at the entrance examinations at the high school this week, which began on Tuesday. Sixty-one candidates are writing.

Wednesday evening about forty friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Tait, it being the 25th anniversary of their marriage, and presented them with a silver teapot and silver cake plate. Refreshments were served.

A large number of cities and towns in Ontario have been notified by the Hydro-Electric Commission of a reduction of from 10 to 30 per cent. in the power rate. Glencoe is not in the list, as the power has been in use here but a few months.

The tobacco growers of Essex county are selling their last year's crop at six cents a pound. When they want a smoke they have to pay fifteen cents for old-fourteenth of a pound or at the rate of \$2.10 a pound. The cost of preparation for use must be great or the manufacturer's profit enormous. Why?

An afternoon special held on Thursday evening under the auspices of St. John's Junior W. A. proved very successful. A program, consisting of solos by Miss Ruth Owen of Tyrone, W. J. Sheppard of Wardville, Miss Margaret Dickson, H. K. Charlton and Stanley Humphries, and piano duet by Misses Margaret Morrison and Muriel Precious, was much appreciated. Proceeds were about \$60.

A sectional division of the W.M.S. of the London Presbytery held a very interesting conference in the Presbyterian church on Wednesday. The afternoon meeting was addressed by Miss Shipley from Boston, China, and others. A dainty tea was served by the ladies to the delegates and their friends. An open meeting was held in the evening and was addressed by Rev. Mr. Melvin of Waverly, which proved very interesting and instructive. Music was furnished by the choir.

A new edition of Appleton's road guide for motorists has just been issued by the Musson Book Co., Limited, Toronto. The guide is issued in two parts—one part covering Western Ontario and the other Eastern Ontario. The maps are compiled from recent government surveys, showing every road, the main travelled roads being indicated in red. These guides also contain small maps of important cities and give other information that is invaluable to motorists. The price is 50 cents at all book stores.

The death occurred at his home in Wallaceburg on Monday of Harry C. Taylor, after a lengthy illness. Mr. Taylor was in the carriage business in Glencoe about forty years ago, when he moved to Wallaceburg where for the past 26 years he has been the superintendent of the box factory in connection with the Dominion Glass Works. He was married twice, his first wife being a daughter of the late Donald Graham of Glencoe. He is survived by his second wife one son, Dr. Harry A. Taylor of Wallaceburg, and one daughter, Mrs. W. W. Turner of Chatham.

Called to Virden, Manitoba

The Rosetown, Sask. Eagle says:—

Rev. G. A. Lloyd, M.A., the popular and capable minister of the Rosetown Presbyterian church, has been tendered a call by the congregation of the church in Virden, Man.

The invitation offers a salary of \$2,000 per year, free light, manse and four weeks' holidays. When interviewed Mr. Lloyd informed us that he had not as yet accepted the call, but has it under consideration.

When on a visit to the Virden district he was asked to take a service in supply. The congregation had been open to make a call up to the end of June, but on hearing Mr. Lloyd they promptly tendered him a call.

Mr. Lloyd came to Rosetown about a year ago from Glencoe, Ont., and by his faithful and energetic service to the cause of his church, his able and thoughtful sermons and his strong and pleasing personality has endeared himself to his congregation and has won high admiration and esteem among all who know him.

He has stirred the spiritual life of his church and has built up a good congregation, and to them and the community an announcement of his removal would be received with widespread regret.

For Scalds and Burns.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is a standard remedy for the prompt treatment of scalds and burns. Its healing power quickly soothes the pain and aids a speedy recovery from the injury. It is also an excellent remedy for all manner of cuts, bruises and sprains, as well as for relieving the pains arising from inflammation of various kinds.

A bottle in the house and stable saves many a doctor's and veterinary's fee. Every word of profanity is a prayer to his satanic majesty.

THE WONDERFUL FRUIT MEDICINE

Every Home In Canada Needs "FRUIT-A-LIVES"

To those suffering with Indigestion, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Sick or Nervous Headaches, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble, Rheumatism, Pain in the Back, Eczema and other skin affections, "Fruit-a-lives" gives prompt relief and assures a speedy recovery when the treatment is faithfully followed.

"Fruit-a-lives" is the only medicine made from Fruit—containing the medicinal principles of apples, oranges, figs and prunes, combined with valuable tonics and antiseptics. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

Miss Florence Hurley of London spent the week-end at her home here.

R. M. Hansen of Detroit spent the week-end at W. C. King's, Newbury.

Miss Annie Aldred visited for a few days with Miss Verna Ponsford, St. Thomas.

Mr. and Mrs. William Leonard have returned after spending several days in Toronto.

Dr. Froude and A. Jones of Detroit were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cowan on Tuesday.

Dr. and Mrs. J. Rutherford of Chatham spent Sunday at the home of James Curry, Ekfrid.

Dr. Colon Smith and family of London were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cowan on Sunday.

Dan Treftain left on Tuesday for a motor trip through Hamilton district and around Orillia.

Miss O'Doherty, who is on a two months' vacation, is spending a week with Miss Estelle Smith.

Miss Thelma Taggart of Listowel spent the week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hurley.

Misses Pearl Newby, Ann McIntyre and Marion Rosewall of Chicago are the guests of Miss Kathleen Simpson.

Miss Verna Ponsford returned on Monday to her home in St. Thomas after spending a few days the guest of Miss Annie Aldred.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Squire have returned from a six weeks' holiday trip to Western Alberta, visiting at Calgary and Edmonton.

Nathaniel Lamont of Lindsay is visiting his brother, David Lamont, Glencoe. The two will leave today to visit their brothers in Chatham and Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Herb Weekes, Mr. and Mrs. Whit Goff and Misses Gwendoline Goff and Lillian Henderson returned last week from a visit to Niagara Falls and Hamilton.

Mrs. A. P. Roberts (nee Bessie Cowan) of Toronto spent a couple of days last week with her parents here. Her sister, Genevieve, accompanied her home for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bryson and family and Mr. and Mrs. Colin McLaughlin and family of Wishaw, Lanarkshire, Scotland, are visiting Mr. Bryson's sister, Mrs. J. D. McKellar.

Dr. and Mrs. A. D. McAlpine of Detroit are leaving this week on a trip to Paris, France, and will be accompanied by the doctor's mother, Mrs. Mary McAlpine, who will visit her daughter in Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Reycraft announce the engagement of their youngest daughter, Elena Irene, to Donald Lorne Mitchell, son of Mrs. Duncan P. Mitchell of Glencoe, the marriage to take place the middle of July.

Dr. W. Cowan of Detroit spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cowan. Dr. Cowan is leaving shortly to take a post-graduate course in Lakeside Hospital, Cleveland, before taking up the practice of his profession.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Anderson and Dr. and Mrs. Donald Anderson, daughter Jane of Windsor attended the Jamieson-Sutherland wedding here last week and spent a few days afterwards the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Sutherland.

Mrs. Catharine Andrews of Denver, Colorado, is on a visit to relatives in Ekfrid and Dunwich and attended the quarterly meeting of the Covenantal Baptists at Mayfair, Mrs. Andrews, who is 84 years of age, is accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. T. E. McCarl, and the latter's son, Charles.

Hector C. McLarty of Franklin, Manitoba, leaves from the home of his niece, Mrs. M. L. Parrell, today to visit friends in London and St. Catharines, en route home.

Mr. McLarty came as a commissioner for the Portage la Prairie Presbytery from Franklin to the general assembly in Toronto. From Toronto he came to Glencoe and surrounding district to renew acquaintance with the tried old friends he parted from some fifteen years ago. As Mr. McLarty's home interests demand his attention he has had to do a lot of visiting in two short weeks but reports a very enjoyable time.

His many friends are hoping that before long he may be able to come back and continue his visits which have been all too short for everyone concerned.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Mitchell

SPECIAL NOTICES

Young pigs for sale.—W. A. McCutcheon.

I still have some fertilizer on hand.—J. D. McKellar, Glencoe.

Bruce McAlpine, dealer in flour, feed, coal, wood, salt, cement, etc.

Am still buying wheat at North Glencoe.—J. D. McKellar; phone 623 ring 23.

For sale—lot and barn on Symes street, next to post office. Apply to Mrs. Keith.

Lost—on Appin road or No. 12 side-road, electric blue scarf. Finder please leave at Transcript office.

Next week the Belrothe system of patterns for dressmaking will be demonstrated at J. N. Currie & Co.'s store by an expert from Toronto.

I am selling the favorably known twine manufactured by the Brautford Cordage Co., Gilt Edge and Gold Cord; 55 lb., 21c lb.; 600 ft., 20c.

Every pound guaranteed. Buy goods made in Canada.—Bruce McAlpine.

A lawn social under the auspices of Ferguson Crossing Needle Club will be held on the school grounds in S. S. No. 12, Mosa, on Wednesday, July 6. Good program by the following: Joe Williams, celebrated comedian, of Toronto; Imperial Orchestra, of London; B. J. Sedman, celebrated baritone, of London. Supper served on the grounds from 7 to 9 o'clock. Grounds lighted with electric lights. Chairman, Rev. D. Robertson. Admission, 50 and 25 cents.

One new and one slightly-used buggy at cost price to clear; one new hay loader, one combined side rake and tedder, one new mower, will be sold at cost to make room for warehouse is sold; I have four horses left—no reasonable offer refused; one nearly new clothes wringer, c. cap; three nearly new gasoline engines, at their own prices; three new hay cars, one hay fork and pulleys, at cost. Here is where you get the worth of your money. I still have several high new and used cars at greatly reduced prices.—Wm. McCallum.

MASONIC INSTALLATION

The annual installation of officers, in Lorne Lodge No. 252, A. F. & A. M., Glencoe, was held on St. John's night, June 24th. Rt. Wor. Bro. French of Blenheim conducted the ceremonies.

The following were installed:—W. M., C. E. Davidson;—I. P. M., J. T. Lethbridge; S. W., P. Gough; J. W., Dr. Mumford; treasurer, E. T. Huston; secretary, R. M. McPherson; J. G. D. R. Hagerty; S. D., Lee Digson; J. D. W. J. Brown; D. of C., G. A. Parrott; chaplain, Rev. T. J. Charlton; S. S., Dr. Freezie; J. S. J. A. Jones; auditors, Dr. McIntyre and G. Dickson.

After the business of the evening the master elect invited the brethren to be his guests at a banquet at McLachlan's, where an enjoyable social time was had.

Maud Adams, the actress, has been made an M. A. Lots of other ladies, not actresses, have doubted that and become mama, which is an even higher decoration.—Toronto Star.

Irwin's Novelty Store

Phone 24

Cheapest and Most Satisfactory Place in Town to Get

STATIONERY, SMALL WARES, FANCY GOODS, CROCKERY, ETC.

Agency for Parker's Dye Works and Pictorial Review Patterns

Be good to your pipe

feed it

ORINOCO

Don't pass our door if you need anything in our line. We take as much care in serving our customers as we do in selecting the goods we sell.

ROY SIDDALL GLENCOE

A FULL LINE OF

HAYING MACHINERY

Beatty Hay Cars and Track, Mowers, Rakes & Loaders.

Also a few second-hand Binders, in good shape.

1 Buggy, 1 Side Rake.

Terms to suit on second-hand goods.

D. M. McKELLAR

MASSEY-HARRIS AGENT GLENCOE

BINDER TWINE

COLD MEDAL, SILVER SHEAF, GREEN SHEAF, PLYMOUTH SPECIAL

We have in stock all the well known brands of Plymouth Twine; quality the best, prices the lowest for quality of twine. "PURE MANILA" does not always mean "GOOD ROPE."

There are many grades of Manila fiber. Plymouth Rope is Pure Manila—more than that it is GOOD ROPE. It is the Rope you can trust. We have it, and at prices right.

JAS. WRIGHT & SON

HAY TOOLS

OF ALL KINDS

SHERWIN WILLIAMS

PAINTS

CHAUTAUQUA AT GLENCOE JULY 18, 19, 20 AND 21

SOUND INVESTMENTS

Gold Bonds

Victory Bonds, due 1922 to 1937, 51 p.c., at market.

Province of Ontario, due Jan. 24, 1941, 6 p.c., to yield 6.25 p.c.

Province of British Columbia, due June 15, 1941, 6 p.c., to yield 6.40 p.c.

City of Toronto, due 1925 to 31, 6 p.c., to yield 6.25 p.c.

City of Toronto, due 1932 to 38, 6 p.c., to yield 6.20 p.c.

City of Niagara Falls, due Nov. 15, 1925, 5 p.c., to yield 6.40 p.c.

Town of Oshawa, due 1927 to 35, 6 p.c., to yield 6.50 p.c.

City of Port Arthur, due Aug. 1, 1928, 51 p.c., to yield 6.75 p.c.

City of Fort William, due Aug. 1, 1927, 5 p.c., to yield 6.75 p.c.

City of Edmonton, due June 1, 1941, 7 p.c., to yield 7.10 p.c.

Issued by Hydro-Electric Power Commission and unconditionally guaranteed by the Province of Ontario.

Any of the above bonds delivered free of expense to your local bank subject to inspection.

T. R. Harrison

303 Royal Bank Chambers, London, Ont.; Phone 1063

THE NEW STORE

NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS

Some exceptional bargains in Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes. All goods bought at greatly reduced prices and marked at very close margins. Groceries fresh and clean. Hardware lines will be added to stock later.

Call and see us. We will do you good.

J. H. McIntyre, Wardsville

Get Your

Pictures Framed

Before they get Soiled and Broken

Up to July 15th we will allow 25 per cent. off all Picture Moulding. A few odd ends as low as half price.

We carry a full line of first-class Mouldings, also Framed Pictures and Mirrors.

J. B. GOUGH & SON

CHAUTAUQUA AT GLENCOE JULY 18, 19, 20 AND 21

DOMINION TIRES

Electric Supplies—Irons, Toasters, Grills, Washing Machines, etc.

Muresco, Floglaze and Sherwin-Williams Paints.

Beatty Bros. Hay Cars and supplies.

Barrett's Slate Surface and Eucalyptus Roofing.

Perfection Oil Stoves, Lawn Mowers, Ham-mocks, Harvest Tools, Auto Accessories, Buggy and Auto Rugs—in fact, just about anything you need in hardware, at prices that are "exactly right."

C. T. DOBBYN, NEWBURY

GOODYEAR TIRES

Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

Treatment of Torn Tests.

When a cow tears a test upon barbed wire or a sharp object of any kind, the attendant should not smear the wound with axle grease or any sort of salve; neither should he attempt to sew up the wound with a sack needle and string, or any sort of needle and thread. Sewing up, if done at all, should be correctly done by the trained surgeon. Stitches tend to tear out and cause additional wounds and they enhance the danger of infection. For these reasons they are rarely inserted. Other better methods of treatment have been devised.

The attendant should take fresh-boiled water at blood-heat temperature and, after cleansing his hands, dissolve in the water all the boric acid it will take up, or add hypochlorite of soda, or coal tar disinfectant to make a one per cent. solution; that is, one part of the disinfectant to ninety-nine parts of water, and in cases that have been untreated for some hours and have become foul, a two per cent. solution should be used. In this the test must be soaked and cleaned. At the same time all shreds of skin or tissue are cut away and every possible source of foreign material, such as sand, straw, manure or chaff, is removed.

When the wound has been cleaned and the test has been soaked with very hot water, the wound should be lightly painted with the tincture of iodine and dusted with iodoform. The next procedure is to coat the test with plaster from tip to tip and at once put on a two-inch-wide strip of antiseptic gauze as a bandage. When one layer of gauze has been applied, spray from below upward to dry the water it is to be coated with tar and each layer, in turn, is to be coated until seven or eight layers have been applied. The last one is attached to the one below and a final coat of tar is put on. The gauze is drawn snug, but not so tight that it will interfere with circulation of blood. If the cow is giving milk it will have to be drawn from the wounded test with a sterilized milking tube until the gauze is removed in from ten to fourteen days. In some instances it is possible to milk by hand with the gauze in place, but this should not be attempted if the wound has opened into the milk duct. Saturating the gauze with alcohol facilitates removal.

A chronic fistula or false opening through the test wall is also treated in the above way, with the exception that the wound must be made fresh right down to the sterilized milking tube, by cutting its edges with a clean, sharp scalpel or curette. In old-standing cases the bandage may have to be kept in place for three weeks or even more, at the discretion of the veterinarian. Such work should always be left to the hands of the trained surgeon, if one is available.

Pasture for the Breeding Herd.

On many farms there are areas used as permanent pasture. This type of pasture can be made fairly productive if well handled. The trouble usually is that it contains a comparatively few kinds of grasses and consequently does not carry over the whole season. Another fault is that, being unutilized land it receives little consideration, the stock being allowed to overrun it early and late in the season, with the result that it never gets enough growth to keep it from drying out in the dry season, and it does not get sufficiently advanced to seed itself. This year plans should be laid to touch up any poor spots in the permanent pastures by sowing by hand a light seeding of a mixture of such grasses and clovers as timothy, orchard grass, meadow fescue, red clover, alfalfa clover and white or Dutch clover. The best time to do this is early in the morning when the ground is covered up by the frost of a spring frost. When the frost goes out the seeds will be covered up and will start to germinate as soon as the ground warms up. A mixture of the above grasses and clovers in equal parts by weight, seeded down with a light seeding of barley or oats at the rate of 15 pounds per acre, will make a fairly productive permanent pasture where it is desired to establish one.

In most cases, however, the pasture is obtained from the tillable acres; that is, from that part of the farm which comes under a definite rotation, if no definite rotation is followed, one should be outlined and followed this season if best results are to be obtained. The quality of the pasture retained from rotation of crops depends largely on the length of the rotation.

God pasture cannot be expected after two or three years of hay, for by that time the clovers are all killed out and even the hardy grasses are becoming thin, hence a light growth of grass is all that can be looked for. The best pasture is obtained from a four-year rotation in which, instead of taking two successive crops of hay, the second year is devoted to pasture. In such a pasture one may expect to find a certain amount of clover and a good thick bottom of the grasses. This makes a pasture which will not dry out so readily. Only under special circumstances, such as the failure of a seeding, should the same area in the rotation be used for pasture two years in succession.

Whether permanent or tillable pasture land is used, considerable judgment must be exercised in the use of the same. One cause of the ruin of many good pastures is making use of them too early in the season. This is not good for either the cattle or the pasture. In the first place, the grass is soft and watery early in the season, consequently there is not much nutriment in it, and if the cattle are allowed their fill, scouring may result, and give the pasture a chance. It is usually soft and the cattle, in their exuberance of spirits, will do a lot of running and thus destroy more than they will eat. The cattle should be kept off the pastures until the grass has made a good start and the land becomes firm; then they should only be allowed in for an hour or two each day—after having a feed of roughage in the stable. The length of time they are allowed in the pasture can be increased each day, thus making the change gradually. Subsequently, the pasture should not be grazed too closely if drying out is to be avoided.

The objection may be raised that there is not always the necessary supply of feed, particularly roughage, to enable the farmer to carry over his stock and give the pasture a chance. The answer to this is "proper rotation." Where a four-year rotation is followed, the necessary roughage in the form of silage and clover hay is usually at hand. However, where there has been a shortage in the roughage crop one season, plans can be laid to offset this shortage the following spring. For instance, a crop which will make pasture before the regular pasture is ready, and thus save the latter, is fall rye or a mixture of rye and wheat, sown at the rate of two and a half bushels per acre. A few acres of this crop sown between August 15 and September 15 will provide pasture or silage crop for fifteen to twenty cows for a couple of weeks the following spring before the regular pasture is fit to use. The area thus used can then be ploughed up and sown to any of the regular spring crops or be used for silage.

Shallow sowing, which does not open into the milk duct, should be cleaned and treated as we have suggested, but need not be bandaged with tar and gauze. After cleansing, the disinfected wound may be covered with a thin layer of absorbent cotton which is kept in place with a strip of surgeons' tape or plaster, or a strip of porous plaster, or pine tar. In many instances the wounded test or the one surgically treated for fistula has successfully been bandaged with tape or plaster, instead of gauze and tar. In all cases the wound must be made germ-free.

There is always a period varying from the latter part of June to the middle of July when even the best pastures will begin to dry up more or less. This, combined with an occasional shortage in area, makes provision for some form of supplementary feeding during this period advisable, if not absolutely necessary. If the cows are allowed to decline in milk flow at this time for want of a little extra feeding, it will take three or four times the amount of feed later on to get them back to anywhere near their former production.

There are three ways in which supplementary feed of a palatable and nutritious nature may be supplied. First, by carrying over a quantity of ensilage in the bottom of the silo; second, by growing silage crops; and third, by sowing an annual pasture crop. The first method is the most satisfactory, but where it cannot be practiced possibly the annual pasture crop is its closest competitor. This mixture of pasture is produced by sowing a mixture of equal parts, by weight, of wheat, oats, barley and spring rye. If other grains than oats are not easily obtainable, the proportion of oats can be increased without spoiling the mixture, as oats are the most desirable of the grains mentioned. This mixture should be sown at the rate of three bushels per acre, not too early, or it will be ready before needed, and not too late, or it will not get well started before the drought sets in. This crop can be used for pasture as soon as it reaches a height of six inches. It should not be pastured too closely, and thus stop all growth, nor yet be allowed to head out, or it will then cease sending out new growth at the bottom. If the area to be used for this purpose is near the regular pasture, so much the better, for then it will be convenient to let the cows in for a few hours daily, and they will then eat and haul their own silage crop. If a light seeding of clover, 7 pounds per acre, is sown along with the grain, it will make additional feeding in the fall. It has been found that one acre of annual pasture such as this is more than sufficient in itself to carry an animal over the season; therefore, if used in conjunction with the regular pasture, one acre for every four cows should be sufficient.

Poultry

Meat scraps, tankage, or skim-milk must be available in sufficient quantities to insure summer production. Too many hens have ceased laying and are ready to be culled because their owners won't help them to lay, and thus mottling is put off until fall.

The mottling fowl is not, necessarily, sick, but it is out of condition. Taken from the flock and placed on a good grass plot for a few days will often do better work than dosing with medicine.

Green feed should be fed in liberal quantities. Kale, grass, cabbage leaves are some of the commonly used green feeds. Green feed has a medicinal effect on fowls. When no green feed is available, sprouted oats are equally as good.

Doors swung on hinges are always slamming one way or the other. When hung on rollers, the same as used on barn doors, they stay shut or open as one wants them to be. The cost is little more and the convenience very much greater.

Turning eggs frequently to prevent the yolk from sinking and adhering to the shell, is the advice often given. Try it. Lay an egg on one side for three or four days, mark the side that was up, put it in water and boil it hard, peel off the shell and see where the yolk is.

Electricity for lighting is popular among poultry men. In sections where electric lights are not available it is still possible to illuminate the poultry houses, for some of the gasoline lanterns offered for sale are large enough to light a small house satisfactorily. With a larger house it is only necessary to increase the number of lanterns.

Grit may be of some use to a hen, but it is by no means a prime necessity. Some writers say a hen would starve to death with her crop full of corn, if she did not have plenty of grit to grind her food. Try this experiment: Put the hen on a board floor where she can not get grit, feed her any grain, and keep her there for a week with no grit. Compare her droppings with that of a cow, horse or hog with the normal number of teeth, and see which has done the best job of digesting the grain. Poultry scientists are responsible for many errors taught to the people for facts.

That old roof which seems almost gone might be saved by laying prepared roofing on it.

When painting is being done in a house special attention should be paid to ventilation. Fresh air from the outside will deodorize paint more quickly than anything else. Pails of water placed in rooms which have been newly painted will clear the air quickly of the offensive smell. If hay can be obtained this is a splendid thing for removing the paint odor. A handful put into a basin of warm water will clear away the smell with astonishing rapidity.

The Typewriter on the Farm

The Greatest Adjunct to Farm Correspondence is the Typewriter—By Ralph Jameson.

In these days when farming is regarded as a business, and a big business at that, it stands every farmer in hand to be businesslike in the method of handling his affairs. Numerous matters of ordinary routine, but of important consequence, must be taken care of by mail, and the greatest adjunct to orderly and properly conducted correspondence is the typewriter.

Not long ago, a farmer with large interests in stock and real estate, came to me to inquire about a typewriter. "I have begun to realize," he explained, "that a typewriter is necessary to the business of farming. An incident just occurred which made me determine to get a typewriter without delay. "About a year ago I rented a twenty-acre piece of land, which I own in another section of the province, to a man who lives near where my land is situated. The arrangement was concluded by correspondence, and I am positive that I told him in the letter which I wrote him that the rent would be \$150; but I foolishly kept no copy of the letter. Now, when the last payment is to be made on the rent, he insists that the rent which we agreed on was \$125. It was a small matter and I did not think it worth while to bother with a lease; but I see now that if I had used a typewriter, and kept a carbon copy of the letter which I wrote him, the net savings to me would have made a good big first payment on a machine."

Always Make a Carbon Copy. This man now has a typewriter and he saves a carbon copy of every business letter he writes. The copies are filed away with the letters they answer, and thus a complete record of every transaction is on hand for easy reference.

At first thought, it may appear that the typewriter involves a rather large investment; but this need not be so unless a high-priced new machine is desired. There are many excellent rebuilt machines on the market at prices ranging all the way from one-fourth to one-half of the original cost. The writer has had experience with several such typewriters of different makes, and though they have been subjected, for the most part, to hard

Horses

The rations for the little pig for a few weeks subsequent and prior to weaning may be responsible in a large measure for the later development of the animal. Improper feeding at this time frequently causes irreparable harm, and the feeding ability of the caretaker may be most accurately judged by his success in bringing the weaner through this critical time.

A successful ration might be described as follows: 1. Easily Digested.—Containing in large part a food as little changed as possible from the mother's milk, and therefore of animal origin. Milk is unsurpassed and generally speaking may be considered as an essential in feeding the small pig during the weaning period at least.

2. Of Low Fibre Content.—Experiments have repeatedly proven that other things being equal, success in feeding weaning pigs is in direct proportion to the fibre content of the ration.

3. Calculated to Grow Bone, Muscle and Sinew.—The little pig must not be made fat and pudgy, but rather be made to lengthen out and build a frame upon which finish and fat may later be further built up. Thus, oats and middlings are much preferable to corn or barley. Exercise, too, must not be forgotten in this connection.

4. Contain a Small Proportion of Easily Digestible Fatty or Oily Food.—While a nitrogenous ration is largely desired, small quantities of ground flax or linseed oil meal may be used advantageously to replace the fat removed from the whole milk.

1. Start the little pig to eat in a creep or separate pen as soon as he shows any interest in food from other sources than the mother.

2. Provide the pig with skim-milk, the addition of small quantities of other animal foods do not seem to benefit the ration at this stage. Generally speaking, ground flax or linseed meal, starting with 5 per cent, is an improvement to the middlings and oats ration.

3. Oats in one of the best of foods for the weaning pig. Excess linseed should be sifted out for the first month. At the present time feeding oat meal, practically a flour, is procurable, and contains the minimum of fibre. It is to be highly recommended at this stage.

4. Commercial weaning mixtures are to be recommended where it is impossible to grow or buy the component parts of a home-mixed ration.

Bore a small hole in the handle of a hammer, fill with oil and cork the hole up. This will keep the head of the hammer on.

The Welfare of the Home

Weight As An Index of Child's Health.

Watch your child's weight.

The Provincial Board of Health says it is a matter of utmost importance. Mothers have learned to weigh their babies; they must learn that it is just as important to weigh their older boys and girls.

When children do not grow or gain regularly in weight, something is wrong. There is lack of proper nutrition, which may be due to one or more of a number of causes.

Careful investigations have proved that fully 20 per cent. of the children in our schools are suffering from malnutrition. Is your child one of this number?

Unless the condition is recognized early and measures taken to correct it, the effects of malnutrition are likely to last into adult life. It may show itself in prolonged ill-health and feeble resistance to disease. The boy or girl may grow up undersized and underweight, unable to do the average work of a man or woman.

Thousands of young men were rejected as unfit for war service because they were poor physical specimens, deficient in height, weight, chest measurement or muscular development. They were products of malnutrition in their early years.

Parents are learning to take alarm when their offspring, especially in infancy, are underweight. They do well under such circumstances to consult a physician. Older children can best be observed in school, where monthly weights of all pupils should be regularly taken and recorded. Every youngster of school age should receive a full medical examination once a year.

A child who is underweight for age or who is not gaining at a normal rate should at once be taken to a physician and examined to see if any disease is developing. The child's whole daily life should be carefully gone into to find out what rules of health he is violating, whether in regard to his food, his hours of play or school work or his sleep.

The Children's Hour.

Old Man was hungry and when he came to the lake and noticed the big flock of birds he made up his mind to have roast duck.

He built a fire and made himself a little funny drum, which he began to beat. When he sang the ducks heard him and they swam close in to watch and to listen.

"Swim closer, little brothers," he shouted. "Come ashore and have a dance!"

"Say! It's Old Man," cried a Wise Duck. "Keep away from him!"

The Young Little Ducks couldn't take that advice. Such a queer, singsongy, funny Old Man!

Old Man sang louder than ever. The Little Young Ducks squeaked up against the bank to listen. Some-birds wanted out on the land. "A few Geese and a big Loon came skimming down and landed in the water with great splashes. "Say, fellows, what's it all about?"

The Ducks couldn't talk. They all looked very pretty, nodding their heads in time to the music.

The Loon stood a little way off, sneering. He said, "I'll bet there is a trick in it!"

Suddenly Old Man stopped beating his drum. "Brothers, I welcome you. Now, I am willing to teach the fine dances that I have learned during my travels. Whoever wants to dance come forward and I will paint you."

"Really! He will paint us! How wonderful!" uttered the Ducks. They were Wild Ducks, but in those days they were all dull gray white.

A very brave young Duck waddled up. "I wish to be painted, sir," he said. "I am the Wood Duck."

Old Man painted him most beautifully. "Now send up your wife," said he.

"You needn't paint her at all, sir," said the Wood Duck softly.

"Ah! How wonderful the colors are," sighed the Loon, pensively. "Paint me now, Old Man!"

All the Young Ducks crowded up and Old Man painted them. Only he did not paint the women ducks.

"Fine!" exclaimed Old Man. "From now on all you men ducks will be gorgeous forever!"

He took up his drumsticks and began to beat time. "Who will learn the Blind Dance?" he shouted.

A brave young Duck came up shyly. "Ah! cried Old Man. "Here's a good brave Duck. Close your eyes when you dance. Every one of you there close your eyes. If you peek I'll give you sore eyes forever!"

In fear every bird closed his eyes. Old Man drummed and the brave young Duck waddled around the fire. "Keep it up. Great!" shouted the Old Man. "I am dancing!" cried the Duck with joy.

When the Duck passed in front of him Old Man struck him on the head and he died. Old Man put him behind. "Now the next!" he cried. He did the same a second and a third and a fourth Duck.

Malnutrition is a condition of under-nourishment. Children suffering from it are not only much below normal weight for height, but gain weight much more slowly than they should. At six to ten years, when a healthy youngster gains four or five pounds per annum, they may gain only one or two pounds. From twelve to sixteen years, when healthy children should gain six to ten pounds a year, they may gain only two or three pounds.

To grow in height and gain regularly in weight is just as much a sign of health in a boy or girl of nine or ten as in a baby. Whatever the age of the young individual, the cause or causes of malnutrition are not ordinarily difficult to discover.

It may be that the child does not get enough food; that he does not get the right kind of food; that he spoils his appetite with candy or pastry; that he eats irregularly between meals; that he bolts his food; that he drinks tea and coffee instead of milk and water; that he does not get enough sleep; that he plays too hard; that he gets too much emotional excitement; that he is overworked in school or out; that his teeth are decayed or his throat in need of attention.

A diet composed only of meat, potatoes, bread and cereals does not promote the best growth and development of children. Such a diet should be supplemented by an abundance of milk, butter and green, leafy vegetables. These are rich in growth-stimulating "vitamines."

A boy from five to eight years old should gain six ounces per month. From eight to twelve years eight ounces per month. From twelve to sixteen years he should gain sixteen ounces monthly. A girl should gain six ounces monthly from five to eight years, eight ounces a month from eight to eleven years, twelve ounces from eleven to fourteen years, and eight ounces from fourteen to sixteen years.

A child who is underweight for age or who is not gaining at a normal rate should at once be taken to a physician and examined to see if any disease is developing. The child's whole daily life should be carefully gone into to find out what rules of health he is violating, whether in regard to his food, his hours of play or school work or his sleep.

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While the fifth Duck was dancing Loon peeked and saw. "Old Man is killing you. Run!" he shouted, and fled down the lake himself, closely

HOUSING FARM TOOLS

At the present price of farm tools farmers who have not given them good care have greatly increased their cost of producing farm crops. If a certain implement lasts ten years, its cost can be divided up among ten crops. If it only lasts five years, the charge against each crop for the use of that tool must be twice as great. Nothing saves tools more than a dry storage place. The fence corners of the province undoubtedly harbor many thousands of dollars' worth of tools that are rusting out and rapidly becoming fit subjects for the junk dealer.

A suitable shed for farm tools is both a machine saver and a time saver. It is worth money to always know where the tools are located. It is worth money to have them in a protected shed so that they can be oiled and repaired in bad weather when other work may be impossible.

A place in the tool shed for the scythe and the garden tools comes in handy. Then they can always be found when needed. The power sprayer which is only used a few days each year can be protected from the weather and it is an expensive outfit which needs the best of care.

On the modern farm there is a good chance to invest a large amount of money in equipment and it is dangerous business not to protect that investment so that it will yield the maximum of service. City consumers who think of modern farming as easily done with up-to-date tools do not realize the large amount of capital that is necessary to properly equip a large farm with the modern machinery. Farmers do know what it costs and how much money can be tied up in implements which are only needed a few days each year. It pays to have a tool shed whenever it is possible. It surely pays a wonderful rate of interest on the investment and not only saves the tools but helps to keep them in condition so that they will always be ready for use with a minimum amount of repairing.

Notes By The Way.

A man is known by the company he keeps out of.

It's all the more to the hen whether we say "sit" or "set."

The best time to catch soft water is when it is raining hard.

It is easy for a man in health to preach patience to the sick.

We're never too old to wish we could go wading in the creek again.

Leave growling to the dogs; they do it better no matter how hard you try.

Who ever heard of a picnic without somebody biting the pie?

Beware of excesses of any kind. Learn, like the horse, to say "neigh."

A barking dog may never bite, but death by fright lasts just as long.

Girls nowadays must be ashamed of their ears; they never show them.

Daylight saving appears to be the only saving a good many folks can make.

Speaking of useful inventions, doesn't the strawberry shortcake just about head the list?

Fredricka may have their place, but it does seem too bad to cluster them on a pretty girl's nose.

In the spring a young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love; but in the fall coal is the burning question.

A child's questions often seem silly, but on the way we answer them may depend success or failure all through life.

Farmers having unmarriedable daughters on their hands should use plenty of phosphorus. Matches are made of it.

Exploration For New Plants.

A new line of work, officially begun in Canada recently, is the systematic search for promising forms of wild native fruits, flowers, trees and shrubs. Great Britain and the United States in recent years have been especially active in this respect, and a number of valuable new plants have been discovered. The United States has even made Canada its field of endeavor in the search for wild fruits that might be useful in breeding and crossing, it being believed that the native material offers a rich field for obtaining new characters in cultivated plants, particularly as to hardness.

Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta were traversed in 1920 by Canadian experts, and a large amount of promising material was collected. This line of research is being continued this year with promise of valuable results.

Now Is the Time To

Screen your house. Mosquitoes and flies are germ carriers.

Pick out your layers. Note the shape of pelvic bones, the head and body.

Can all you can. Canned fruits and vegetables are winter delights.

Cut timothy. Do this when it is in blossom and your hay will be improved.

Market early lambs and cull ewes. Do not sell light-weight lambs until winter.

Provide shade for your livestock. It's poor economy to have your stock exposed to the hot sun.

House machinery that is not in use. Do not leave it exposed to sun and rain. Grease polished surfaces.

Kill weeds. Other times to do this are August, September, October, November, April, May and June.

FLOWER GARDEN OF BRITISH EMPIRE

NOW OWNED BY PRINCE OF WALES.

Islands of Romance, Pirate Tales and Midwinter Roses Lying Off Cornish Coast.

The Prince of Wales now owns the flower garden of the British Empire, the Scilly Islands, newspaper despatches say, and soon they will welcome him to their shores.

Like Scylla of classic fame, after whom it has been said the islands were named, the rocky shores of these islands have proved hungry monsters of the deep for mariners who dared to guide ships through their treacherous waters.

In 1707 Sir Cloudesley Shovel's fleet was thrown upon the rocks and 2,000 men perished. His flagship was lost and two men-of-war sank beneath the waves, while two fire-ships of his squadron ran aground and the remainder barely escaped. There is an old saying that nine out of every ten natives of Scilly perish in the sea, but this is no longer true since the building of the lonely Bishop light on an outlying rock to the southwest and numerous other lighthouses and lightships in the islands.

Famous in Olden Days.

The history of the islands has always been tinged with fascinating romance. Though the theory that they are the Cassiterides or "Tin Islands," of Herodotus, has been abandoned, they might well have been the trading centre where the Phoenicians met the early Britons and bartered for tin from the mines of Cornwall. At any rate they were inhabited in prehistoric times, for the inhabitants have left numerous barrows and kistvaens, or sepulchral chambers of stone, to tell of their existence on the islands.

The Scillies are generally accorded to be the legendary country of Lyonesse, the scene of many incidents which figure in the Arthurian romances and the Cornish folk-lore, as well as the land of the ferd and tragic Tristan and Isolt. Alcestan made a vow before the shrine of St. Luran that he would go to the islands and conquer them, and the scene of the romance of Sir Walter Ransome's novel "Armored of Lyonesse," is said. There is an account in an early English chronicle describing the flourishing state of Lyonesse and how it suddenly subsided beneath the sea.

As a matter of geologic knowledge the islands are merely the ragged summits of the same granite ridge that forms the backbone of Cornwall. One old family bears on its coat-of-arms a horse escaping from the sea, commemorating the fleetness of the charger which saved one of its ancestors from being swallowed up by the waves when this part of the coast sank. In ancient times the Scillies are supposed to have been the haunts of pirates and smugglers, and the forty-mile trip from Penzance makes the traveller feel that no one less hardy than the Gilbert and Sullivan product of pirate at least should attempt it.

Hedges of Flowering Plants.

Today the Scillies have some of the finest gardens in England. They furnish the London market with early vegetables, but even more important than these products are the flowers grown on the islands. The air is warm and laden with moisture, and from December to June most of the inhabitants are occupied in picking, packing and sending away the flowers. Great fields of narcissuses are grown, the fuchsias, geraniums and myrtles are said to become immense in size, and roses bloom in mid-winter. Even the hedges are made of flowering plants. Fishing, the occupation of the early inhabitants, still remains an important one, however, for lobsters must be furnished the London epicure.

Only five of the one hundred and forty islands are inhabited—St. Mary's, Treco, St. Martin's, St. Agnes and Bryher—and Hugh Town on St. Mary's is the capital. Above this city towers Star Castle in Elizabethan days.

Until the acquisition of the island by the Prince of Wales they have been governed by a lord proprietor since the time of Elizabeth. Though the inhabitants of the islands have been greatly benefited under the system inaugurated by the last family of proprietors, some peculiar incidents of their tenure have been told. It seems that at one time there were people living on the island of Samson, but in order that the Scillies would not have to furnish sustenance for many people, he transported all the Samsonites as well as the poor of the other islands to the mainland, and it is said that his tenants were allowed to keep only one son with them. Consequently many of the children had to be sent to sea or to the shipyards, but those who were left behind grew in wealth and the islands generally prospered as a result of the intelligent despotism.

Banknotes Bear Virgin's Picture. Coins and Banknotes issued by the new Hungarian government bear the picture of the Virgin Mary.

For removing rusted screws from metal a screwdriver has been invented that is operated by a ratchet in a handle extending to one side at an angle to afford leverage.

ALMOST HELPLESS FROM ST. VITUS DANCE

The Muscles of the Hands, Face and Body Affected.

St. Vitus dance is a disease of the nerves, brought on by a morbid condition of the blood. It is common with children, and attacks girls more frequently than boys. Irritability is frequently one of the first signs noted. The child frets, is quarrelsome and does not sleep well. The jerky movements that characterize the disease come a little later. The limbs and sometimes the whole body jerks spasmodically, and in severe cases the power of speech is affected. Such a child should not be allowed to study, but should be kept quiet, given a nutritious diet, remain out of doors as much as possible. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will help the blood restore the shattered nerves. The value of these pills in cases of this kind is shown by the following statement from Mrs. Frank Reynolds, Windsor, N.S., who says: "When a young girl I suffered very severely from St. Vitus dance. I could not keep still for a moment. If I tried to handle dishes I broke them, and could not safely attempt to hold anything in my hands. No matter what was done for me I could not control the twitching in my face and body. My parents gave me several remedies, but they did not help me. Then one day my father brought home a half dozen boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After two boxes had been taken there was an improvement in my condition. By the time the last box was gone, to my own great joy and relief to our family, my condition was normal, and I have since enjoyed good health. I never lose an opportunity to say a good word for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

That's Funny.

Charles L. Dodgson, Professor of Higher Mathematics at Christ Church, Oxford, known to most people as "Lewis Carroll," and the author of "Alice in Wonderland," is responsible for the following peculiar calculation: Write down the number of your brothers that are living. Multiply this number by two. Add three. Multiply the result by five. To this add the number of your living sisters. Multiply the result by ten. Add to this the number of your dead brothers and sisters. From the total subtract 150.

The right-hand figure gives the number of deaths, the middle figure gives the number of living sisters, and the left-hand figure gives the number of living brothers.

Proud Mother—"Claude has learned to play the piano in no time." Musician—"Yes, he's playing just like that now!"

True politeness consists in treating others as you would like others to treat you.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

KING GEORGE V. IS A BORN SPORTSMAN

SHOOTING AND FISHING FAVORITE PASTIMES.

His Majesty Spends His Hap-piest Holidays on Scottish Moors and Windsor Forest.

"A holiday at home is good enough for me," King George once declared to a friend who asked him if a Continent at holiday did not attract him, as it attracted his father. "I can find all the pleasure and recreation I want," he added, "without crossing the sea."

As a sovereign was a born sportsman it is surely King George; and nowhere can he enjoy the sports he loves as freely as in his own kingdom. He was a child of seven when he landed his first fish in Scottish waters; and there was little he didn't know about a horse by the time he donned his middle's uniform. And ever since those early days he has been perfecting himself in his favorite pastimes, until to-day he has few superiors in fishing and shooting, and he can more than hold his own with the men at a wide range of sports, from horsemanship and hunting to tennis and billiards.

Shooting Big Game.

Time was, too, when he was a cyclist of such exceptional speed that Mr. E. M. Mayes, his teacher, once declared, "If he had cared to compete, he might have had a good look-in at the English championship."

His Majesty's ideal holiday, however, is one spent with a gun or a fishing-rod. In his younger days he astonished the world by his skill and daring as a big-game hunter. He shot many a tiger in Nepal, when a false aim meant almost certain death; and once he brought down a charging elephant in Ceylon within a dozen paces of his smoking rifle. But his supreme feat of marksmanship was when once he killed five magnificent stags with half a dozen shots in the Forest of Mar.

Today he spends many of his happiest holiday-hours with his guns on the moors of Scotland or in the Royal preserves at Windsor and Sandringham, where he has performed some truly amazing feats. Thus on one occasion, when shooting with Lord Iveagh, he brought down three widely-scattered and high-flying pheasants and a hare with four successive shots. On another occasion he accounted for 32 grouse in less than four hours.

Some Huge Bags.

But it is perhaps at Sandringham that his Majesty is most in his element with a gun. Here, in company with a few friends, he loves to spend long, busy days among the birds, rising at five in the morning, and shooting until dusk. He is a master of woodcraft, arranges his field with consummate skill, and always chooses the most difficult station for himself. How great the slaughter is may be gauged by the fact that in a single day ten grouse once killed 2,835 head, including 1,275 pheasants.

But King George's guns have very formidable rivals in his fishing-rod.

Of his skill and of his wonderful catches, indeed, remarkable stories are told; while his patience is phenomenal. Once, for example, he fished for a whole week without catching a solitary salmon; but his temper and patience remained unruined.

He declared he was "enjoying himself immensely"; and when on the eighth day he landed four beauties, scaling together over sixty pounds, he was as delighted as a boy.

As a castle he has few if any superiors, and his enthusiasm is such that once, when a new form of tackle was brought to St. James' Palace for inspection, he immediately left the Levee which was in progress to test and admire it.

His Majesty as an Angler.

Nearly fifty years have gone since he felt the thrill of drawing his first fish (with John Brown's assistance) from the waters of Aberfeldie. Ever since then, he declares, many of his happiest holiday hours have been spent, rod in hand, by the pools of the Dea. Here he loves to escape from the ceremonial of Court life for a delightful week or two, with some favorite companion, usually an equestrian, with whom he leads the simple life in an unpretentious cottage.

At about ten o'clock the two fishermen sally forth with their rods, tackle, and baskets for a long, happy day in the Royal preserves of Aberfeldie or Balmoral, during which his Majesty smokes cigarettes incessantly. At noon a carriage brings luncheon to the pools, after which fishing is resumed until seven o'clock in the evening, when the anglers return for dinner, a final smoke, and early to bed. Torrents of rain and howling gales are powerless to damp the King's enthusiasm. He has come to fish, and fish he will, whenever it is possible to get a line on the waters.

IS THERE A BABY IN YOUR HOME?

Is there a baby or young children in your home? If there is you should not be without a box of Baby's Own Tablets. Childhood ailments come quickly and means should always be at hand to promptly fight them. Baby's Own Tablets are the ideal home remedy. They regulate the bowels; soothe the stomach; banish constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers—in fact they relieve all the minor ills of little ones. Concerning them Mrs. Mose Cadotte, Kamik, Que., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets are the best remedy in the world for little ones. My baby suffered terribly from indigestion and vomiting, but the Tablets soon set her right and now she is in perfect health." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Out of Doors With the Boy Scout.

The education of the Boy Scout today has been greatly broadened out from the methods of training first planned for their outdoor life. Every idea has been taken up by men who are experts in planning for making the young Canadian rugged and healthy, intelligent, patriotic, courageous, and skilled to protect men, women and children from accidents, and to give aid in case of injury. Athletic sports are only one method of making the Boy Scout strong and supple. All manner of athletic exercises are part of their curriculum, and in many cases they excel. Life-saving drills and swimming are parts of the training, but self-defense is by no means ignored.

The camp is perhaps the nearest approach to military discipline made by the Scout movement. The absolute necessity of discipline is evidenced at no other point in the whole work as it is in the summer camp, where the lives and limbs of a large number of boys are more or less dependent upon prompt obedience to order.

While the Scout movement recognized the need of enforcing discipline and teaching boys the habit of obedience to those in command, the point is kept in mind by the camp director and the Scoutmasters that the boys are there mainly to learn Scouting and not for undergoing harsh discipline. The day is spent in the most useful way by the boys, who have once been to camp eagerly made preparation for returning is an indication that the lines of conduct are not so stringent as to prohibit the enjoyment of all normal boyish desires.

A typical day's programme at a camp is on this order: At half-past six o'clock the bugler's sound reveille. Tumbling out of their tents, the Scouts immerse themselves up for the day by the setting up exercises. Then they stand at salute as the flag is raised upon the high pole. As the flag breaks out at the top the ranks are dismissed, and with a shout the lads dash for the morning swim. "First in" is the cry of the swiftest, and soon they are diving in.

After breakfast comes a little work. Squads are formed for bringing in the wood and water. Others are set off for camp patrol, and squads taking turns at the various tasks on different days. Many hands make light work, and it isn't long before the chores are done and everything is ready for scout games.

The morning games are restricted to those of scouting and instruction, such as tracking and making friction fires. Then there is instruction in woodcraft, after which it is time for the noon meal, which is dinner, not lunch. After dinner the boys roll

A Woman puts on Spectacles

(This was written by a woman in answer to our inquiry: "Do you read newspaper advertisements?")

Newspaper advertisements have an irresistible fascination for me. Sometimes I know I shouldn't take the time to read them—but I always do. Of course, I don't mean that I always read them ALL, but I certainly read some every day. I even read the men's ads. There is a certain satisfaction in surprising one's husband with up-to-date information on things only men are supposed to be interested in.

I used to have a prejudice against Life Insurance until I read the advertisements. I thought the premiums were too much for my husband to pay, but an advertisement I read changed my opinion about that at once. And I got my husband to make a will and appoint a Trust Company as his executor because of an advertisement I read about it, which set me thinking.

But, of course, the advertisements that interest me most are those of domestic things. Whenever I order groceries for instance, I find myself asking for the things whose names are familiar to me through reading the advertisements in the newspapers. They may not be better than others, but as I don't know the names of others how can I tell? Goods that are attractively and regularly advertised always strike me as prosperous, and prosperous things must be good, otherwise they wouldn't be prosperous, would they?

And when I am buying things for my toilet I always buy the well-known things, although salesgirls try to sell me others sometimes. I never let them, though. Why buy the unknown when you can be sure of the quality of the known?

And I find my friends like to talk about the well-known things that they eat or use or wear—like foods, canned soups, cheese, washing machines, corsets, gloves and things like that. So there must be something in a name after all. The way I feel about it is that no business man would spend a lot of money to advertise a poor article; therefore, those things that are advertised must have superior qualities about them. And I have found that advertised articles, far from costing more than unadvertised goods, can very often be bought for less. At least you know what you should pay for them—the makers tell you generally in their advertisements.

As for the advertisements of the stores, some of them are not as attractive as many of the more general advertisements, but I just couldn't shop without them. You see, I am like many other women. I have a young family, and I cannot get out too often during the day. But I read the store advertisements regularly, and by doing so know just what is being sold, and I can always telephone my order if I can't go out conveniently that day. That, I think, is the great value of advertisements to women in the home. They do keep one well informed. Don't you think so?

around on the grass until two o'clock. Just absorbing the healthful air and thanking the stars that their parents had enough common sense to allow them to become Boy Scouts. Then comes the daily baseball games, as many teams being chosen as there are nines. Sometimes there are track meets and sports to vary the program. Perhaps Tent No. 3 thinks it can run around the island faster than Tent No. 4, which says it can beat it. Boy nature can't stand the insult, and before long they are scouting around the island like young head hunters of the South Sea who espy a new scalp in the distance.

The Return.

They went to seek the Summer in lands where she had flown; I bided with the Winter in our stern north alone. But now the haughty Summer Comes back a-seeking me, And only I who waited know How sweet her smile can be.

No Handicap.

Superstition never keeps people from accepting thirteen eggs for a dozen.

Watching Your Step.

Too often the error of a minute becomes the sorrow of a lifetime. Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

BITS OF HUMOR FROM HERE & THERE

What He's There For. "07—"You are always behind in your studies."

"23—"Well, you see, sir, it gives me a chance to pursue them."

Groundwork. "Why did you sell your car?" "Cost too much for repairs."

"Wasn't it a good machine?" "First-rate. Never got out of order. But I had to pay for repairing the people it ran over."

Not Much Left. A man purchased some red flannel shirts guaranteed not to shrink. He reminded the salesman forebodingly of the guarantee some weeks later.

"Have you had any difficulty with them?" the latter asked. "No," replied the customer, "only the other morning when I was dressing my wife said to me, 'John, when did you buy that coral necklace?'"

Always There. "What is your name, little boy?" inquired the teacher of her new pupil.

"I don't know," replied the little boy, bashfully. "Well, what does your father call you?" "I don't know"—still more bashful.

"What does your mother call you when dinner's ready?" "She doesn't have to call me," beamed the new pupil. "I'm always there."

Too Cheap. A Sunday-school class had been reading the story of Joseph, and the minister had come to examine the scholars. The replies to all his questions had been quick, intelligent, and correct.

"What crime did those sons of Jacob commit?"

"They sold their brother Joseph."

"Quite correct. And for how much?"

"Twenty pieces of silver."

"And what added to the cruelty and wickedness of these bad brothers?"

There was no answer.

"What made their treachery even more detestable?"

Then a bright little fellow stretched out an eager hand.

"Well, my little man?"

"Please, sir, they sold him too cheap."

Wanted the "Jigger."

"Don't be surprised at the faith cures you hear about. Even in legitimate medicine faith plays a large part," said a local physician, the other day.

"A friend of mine treated an old woman for typhoid fever. At each visit he put his thermometer in her mouth to take her temperature. She improved, and finally a day came when my friend could dispense with his temperature taking. That day he merely prescribed and departed."

"But he hadn't got far from the house when the old woman's daughter ran after him and called him back."

"Mother's much worse," she said.

"My friend went back to the old woman. She looked at him reproachfully from her pillow and moaned:

"Doctor, why didn't ye gimme the jigger under me tongue to-day? That does me more good than all the rest of yer trash."

MONEY ORDERS. The safe way to send money by mail is by Dominion Express Money Order.

A Little Wisdom. A cheerful heart means an unlined face.

He who is doing nothing can always find helpers.

You should think all you say, but say not all you think.

Asperision is the gossip's trade; to listen is to lend him aid.

The lesson of pain is that we should take care of ourselves.

The most troublesome load to carry is a bundle of bad habits.

Those who make the best use of their time have most time to spare.

A little each day is much in a year—either in money or in minutes.

Never despise a small cut, a poor relation, or a humble enemy.

The grasshopper menace in the Province of Manitoba is well under control by the effective use of poison supplied by the Department of Agriculture.

Yarmouth, N.S., March 24, 1921. Mr. Joseph LeBlanc, Secretary of the Athletic Association, who were the Champions for 1920 of the South Shore League and Western Nova Scotia Base Ball, states that during the summer the boys used MINARD'S LINIMENT with very beneficial results, for sore muscles, bruises and sprains. It is considered by the players the best white liniment on the market. Every team should be supplied with this celebrated remedy.

(Signed) JOSEPH L. LEBLANC, Sec'y A. A.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies Book on DOG DISEASES and How to Feed Matted Fleece to any Address by the Author, Dr. Clay Glover Co., Inc., 113 West 21st Street, New York, U.S.A.

MRS. DOYLE LIVED ON MILK AND BREAD

CAN NOW EAT ANYTHING SINCE TAKING TANLAC.

Hamilton Woman Says It Not Only Restored Her Health But Also Helped Her Daughter.

"I think it is enough to make any one happy to enjoy the splendid health I do now," said Mrs. John Doyle, 123 John Street North, Hamilton, Ont. "Last winter I had the 'flu' and, as I had been in a badly run-down condition for several years, it just seemed to wreck my whole system. All through the winter I was down in bed half the time and instead of getting better, I seemed to get worse. My stomach was so badly upset that I had to live entirely on bread and milk. If I ventured to eat anything else at all I would simply suffer agony."

"I would have terrible pains in my stomach and would blast up so bad that I often felt as if I was suffocating. My nerves were worn to a frazzle and I had frequent headaches. I went to bed tired, got up feeling tired and all through the day hardly had the strength to do a thing."

"But I'm so glad I tried Tanlac, because my suffering is all over now. I just feel splendid, eat whatever I wish and never have a touch of indigestion. My nerves are steady and I am free from headaches. I sleep perfectly sound and just feel so much stronger that the housework seems easier than ever. My daughter has taken Tanlac since it restored my health and it has helped her just like it did me. Tanlac has certainly been a blessing in our home."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere. Adv.

Speed Comes With Age.

One of the most interesting of recent discoveries in connection with astronomy is that the older a star grows, the faster does it move.

A star, like an express train, takes time to get up speed.

In the course of the train, however, it is a matter of a few minutes only; with a star it is millions of years. The speed of the fastest star is about three hundred miles per second. This celestial racer is invisible with the naked eye, but has a number of other means of identification for the convenience of astronomers.

It has been found that the average velocity of faint stars is much greater than that of brighter ones. Twenty-eight faint ones have been found to have an average velocity of 133 miles per second, whilst the speed of nine very bright ones averaged only eighty miles per second.

Judged from the standard of speed, our own sun—which would appear as a star if it was far enough away from us—is a comparative infant. Its speed is only about twelve miles per second.

A pessimist is like a blind man in a dark room looking for a black hat that isn't there.

ASPIRIN

Only "Bayer" is Genuine



Warning! Take no chances with substitutes for genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting Aspirin at all. In every Bayer package are directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacturing of Monacalcicacidester of Salicylicacid.

RED PIMPLES ITCHED TERRIBLY

On Chest, Face, Arms, Burned Badly. Cuticura Heals.

"Ever since I can remember, my chest, face, and arms were filled with dry, red pimples. They were scattered all over me, and itched terribly at times, and I scratched them, causing them to fester and get sore. Sometimes they would dry away and form scales which burned badly."

"Then I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I had used them two or three times when I felt better and I was healed with one box of Cuticura Ointment together with the Cuticura Soap." (Signed) Miss Bertha Kass, Russell, Manitoba, February 10, 1919.

Use Cuticura Soap and Ointment for all toilet purposes. Soap to cleanse, Ointment to heal.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c. Sold throughout the Dominion, Canada, except by mail. Cuticura Soap and Ointment together with the Cuticura Soap." (Signed) Miss Bertha Kass, Russell, Manitoba, February 10, 1919.

ISSUE NO. 27-21

Thrifty People are Taking Advantage of Our Exceptional Values

We are determined to stand "head and shoulders" above all in value-giving. Each succeeding day finds our values more interesting. Thrifty men and women by the hundreds intent on securing high grade goods have fairly swarmed our store since beginning of our remarkable price-reducing sale. We challenge all competition.

Men's Overalls at Still Lower Prices.
\$1.68. Regular value \$3.00.

Men's Balbriggan Undershirts and Drawers at Very Low Prices.
50c garment.

Ladies' White Voile Blouses.
Regular \$4.00 and \$4.50, now \$2.50. All beautifully trimmed and splendid style.

Men, You Haven't Seen Such Clothing Values in Years.

All Men's \$25.00 Suits now \$14.95
All Men's \$35.00 Suits now \$18.95
All Men's \$40.00 Suits now \$21.95
All Men's \$45.00 Suits now \$23.95
All Men's \$50.00 Suits now \$26.95
All Men's \$65.00 Suits now \$33.95

Ladies' White Outing Skirts.
Regular \$3.00, now \$1.29
Regular \$6.50, now \$3.75

Children's White Voile and Gingham Dresses.
Regular price \$3.00 and \$4.00.
Now \$1.50 and \$1.95.

July Prices in June.
Men's English Smart Straw Sailors, all prices, \$1.89 up.

Boys' Suit Department.
Mothers, are you aware of the wonderful bargains we are offering you in this sale? Just imagine suits that were sold as high as \$16.50 and will cost for fall \$11.50 are going at \$7.85 and \$9.95. All new styles.

Shoe Department.
We are stirring up the economical buyers by our low shoe prices. Goodness knows, if you need shoes of any kind, here's your chance. Come in and see our sale tables.

E. A. MAYHEW & COMPANY

The store that gives you what you want, when you want it, at the price you want to pay

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1921.

NEWBURY

Norman McCallum and wife of Burford and Stuart McCallum, wife and children of Walkers visited at A. McCready's Sunday.

J. E. Burgess and wife of Dresden and Eddie Leech and family spent Sunday at E. Leech's.

Miss Bertha Crimmon of Detroit is visiting her mother here.

Rev. J. W. Hammett and wife and son Tom of Walkerton have been visiting in town on their way from Detroit where they attended the wedding of their niece, Bertha Miller, and Fred Mann. Rev. Mr. Hammett performed the ceremony.

Sheriff Johnston and son Norman of Sarnia visited his brother-in-law, G. D. Dobbyn, last Monday. The many friends here were sorry to hear that his brother, Joseph F., is ill in hospital at Spirit River, Alberta, with typhoid fever and pleurisy. His recovery is hoped for.

James Brennan, wife and son Joe motored to Dundas for the week-end with their sons, Orville, John and Milton.

Miss Mamie G. Bayne is home from Hagersville.

Miss Sadie Stuart of Toronto is visiting at J. G. Bayne's.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Taylor of Owen Sound, who are on a motor trip, spent a few days with her son, Charles A. King.

While walking to church on Sunday afternoon Mrs. Farquharson and Mrs. J. A. Smith were knocked down by an automobile driven by Mrs. Alpheus King of Aldborough. Mrs. King and her husband were coming to the G. T. R. station and she drove almost by the gate and in turning quickly to go through struck the ladies. Both were thrown down and received several scratches and bruises.

Mrs. Farquharson's clothing was badly torn. It was a wonderful escape from serious accident to the ladies walking and was a great shock to Mrs. King's nerves.

Church of England garden party, July 12th.

A special service was held in Christ church on Sunday at 3 o'clock when Rev. R. J. Murphy gave a splendid sermon to the Masses. The church was nearly filled. About 40 Masses marched from the G. T. R. yards where their cars were parked. Noble Hurdie has purchased from C. A. Blain the building he has been using for taking cream and eggs.

EKFRID STATION

Prof. James McLean of Manitoba University visited among friends at Mayfair recently.

The annual big meeting of the Old School Baptists was held on Sunday. Misses Alma and Annie McCallum visited their aunt, Mrs. Rebecca McAlpine, Kilmartin, recently.

Harry Cornell has gone to London for treatment on his ear.

Mr. and Mrs. Neil McLean have arrived home from their honeymoon.

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Eaton and Anna spent Sunday with friends at Glencoe.

Mr. and Mrs. Dunc. Graham of Strathroy were recent visitors at Annie Galbraith's.

Eskfrid and Riverside baseball teams played a game at Eskfrid; the result being 15-6 in Eskfrid's favor.

W. R. McDonald has been engaged to plow 200 acres of the Elgin Gardens in Dunwich with his tractor.

Mrs. A. D. McCallum and son George and Mrs. May Howie and son Beverly of London and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence McCallum of the West visited friends here last week.

A party motoring from Florida to Detroit stopped a night on the Baptist church grounds last week. They were equipped with everything necessary, including kitchen cabinet, folding table, tent and victrola.

WARDSVILLE

A concert under the auspices of the W. M. S. of the Methodist church was held last Tuesday evening here in the town hall. A very large number from the surrounding towns were present. The main feature was the presence of Miss Frances Niekawa, who delighted the audience with her songs and recitations.

At a meeting of Hammond Lodge, No. 327, A. F. & A. M., held in the Masonic hall here on Friday evening last, the following officers were installed for the ensuing year:—W. M., Robert Moore; S. W., Mark G. McMaster; J. W., Charles Mimma; treasurer, Wilson Turk; secretary, Geo. A. Love; S. D., J. Robinson; J. D., John H. Miller; stewards, M. McMaster and M. J. Willson; Tyler, J. F. Heath; I. G., Wm. McMaster. Bro. A. Petrick of McCall Lodge, West Lorne, presided as installing officer and put on the work in a very creditable manner. The evening's proceedings were brought to a close by an excellent luncheon which was enjoyed by all present.

A large number from Wardsville attended the garden party in Glencoe on Thursday and the one in Melbourne on Friday.

A much needed rain shower came on Monday afternoon. The farmers especially were very much pleased and it is thought that the shower will save the berry crop.

Third form have finished their examinations and are patiently waiting for their reports. The junior fourth class have also finished their examinations.

The members of Hammond Lodge attended divine service at Christ church, Newbury, on Sunday afternoon last. A large gathering was present, including a number from Bothwell and Rodney. Rev. Bro. R. J. Murphy delivered a very impressive sermon.

Miss Voce of Detroit is visiting in Wardsville.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Stewart and daughters Nora and Ruby spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Thos. H. Weer. Remember Friday is July 1st, and that's the night of the English church garden party here.

Only the uninformed endure the agony of corns. The knowing ones apply Holloway's Corn Remover and get relief.

WOODGREEN

A number from here attended the concert in Wardsville last Tuesday night and lawn social at Lee's on Wednesday night.

Thos. Simpson and daughter Florence spent a few days with friends at Florence, Mrs. Simpson returning with them.

A number from here attended the lawn social at Melbourne on Friday evening.

A large number from here spent Sunday at Government Park, Rondeau.

Final exams were tried on Tuesday and Wednesday, and now the kiddies have holidays until September.

Farmers around here are haying at present.

STRATHBURN

Chas. Kelly, Willow Hill, was taken quite ill last week with an attack of hiccoughs from which he is still suffering.

Miss Sadie Coulthard, nurse, of St. Thomas, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Coulthard.

Miss Jackson has resigned as teacher of the school in S. S. No. 1, Mosa, and has been engaged to teach at Wardsville.

David Webster of California is here on a visit to his niece and nephews.

Rev. Mr. Farquhar, Mrs. Stinson and Mrs. Dan Campbell and son John of Rodney spent Sunday at D. H. McRae's.

Wedding cake boxes at The Transcript office.

MIDDLEMISS

The crops in this district are greatly in need of rain.

Strawberries were quite scarce here owing to the dry weather. A number from here attended the garden party at Mount Brydges on June 22nd.

David and Will Graham have purchased a new Ford car.

Mrs. Will Lucas and Gordon, Kenneth and Florence and Mr. and Mrs. Norman Fletcher and baby returned on Thursday after spending a week in Windsor. Their auto was struck by a street car in Windsor and badly damaged.

H. B. McArthur has been appointed a justice of the peace for the county of Middlesex. Bootleggers, beware!

Kenneth Stevenson of Toronto is visiting his relatives here.

Mitchell McArthur has arrived home after spending a few months in Windsor.

The people of the village here are very sorry that the teacher of their school is leaving this year.

Mrs. Harry Lilley is spending a few weeks in Detroit with her sisters. A number from here spent Wednesday evening at Springbank.

Hugh McArthur is having his house painted.

Miss McDonald, dressmaker, of Melbourne, is in the village sewing.

Alex. McDonald and Bernice Graham spent Friday evening at Port Stanley.

The farmers around these parts started haying last week.

Recognized as a leading specific for the destruction of worms, **Mother's Worm Exterminator** has proved a boon to suffering children everywhere. It seldom fails.

NORTH EKFRID

A large number from this vicinity attended the lawn social at Melbourne last Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ketchum of Dearborn, Mich., are visiting at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. Wm. Foster.

Rev. Mr. Ballantyne of London will preach in the Presbyterian church next Sunday, July 3rd.

Mr. and Mrs. Volley Case spent Sunday at Inwood.

Emerson Ramsey is sporting a Ford car.

Russell Roemmele is remodeling his house.

Mrs. Roy Abram of Windsor is spending her holidays in this neighborhood.

Mrs. Graham entertained a number of friends on Monday evening on her lawn, "Sunnyside," to instrumental and vocal music.

A number from here attended the picnic at Cairngorm Saturday.

A large number from this neighborhood are expecting to attend the U. F. O. picnic at Strathroy July 1st.

Ern. Roemmele has a Gray-Dort car.

Archie Campbell is beautifying his house with a new veranda.

Miss Pearl Pettit spent a few days near Alvinston.

Whooping cough is the order of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Patterson spent Sunday at Kerwood.

Miss Lizzie Down is visiting friends in Woodstock.

James Pettit has a Maxwell car.

A number from this vicinity attended the big Baptist meeting on the Longwoods road Sunday.

MELBOURNE

The agricultural society have spent a great deal of time and effort in improving the fair grounds recently.

The hall has been moved from the old site and is now facing the town line (or Union street), situated near the bowling green. A cement foundation has been put under it, which adds to the appearance of the building. They have also improved the race track, which was not quite half a mile, making it larger and doing away with a curve that was too



When you require a roof, the measurement will be in squares (100 square feet). A basis for analysis of the costs of Brantford Asphalt Slates is given below:

- 1-INITIAL COSTS OF MATERIALS—Brantford Asphalt Slates are sometimes higher in initial cost for the material.
- 2-NAILS REQUIRED—Brantford Asphalt Slates require ONLY 684 nails to lay a square. Brantford Asphalt Slab Slates require ONLY 450 nails.
- 3-COST OF LAYING—Brantford Asphalt Slab Slates are four on one strip—require only one operation in handling, one operation in spacing—Individual slates are 8 x 12 3/4 inches—Cut easily, fit easily, fit on angles and bend over round surfaces. You save 30 to 50 per cent. in laying.
- 4-NO PAINT OR STAIN REQUIRED—The surface of Brantford Asphalt Slates is in nature's permanent colors, green and red, unfadeable, always attractive, requiring no stain to produce artistic effects, no liquid costs to make them fire-resistant.
- 5-MAINTENANCE OF INSURANCE—Brantford Asphalt Slates are classed as non-combustible by fire insurance Companies—a direct saving of from 10 to 20 per cent. on premiums is effected. In certain localities fire regulations demand asbestos paper under some roof materials, but Brantford Asphalt Slates are fire-resistant and are immune from special regulations.
- 6-COST OF REPAIRS—From the day they are laid Brantford Asphalt Slates roofs show almost 100 per cent. of the original roof untouched. Brantford Asphalt Slates do not curl, split, crack or rot. Complete protection and permanent protection are built into Brantford Asphalt Slates.

Compare these roof costs with those of any other roofing material; it is your money you are spending and you want value for it—then buy

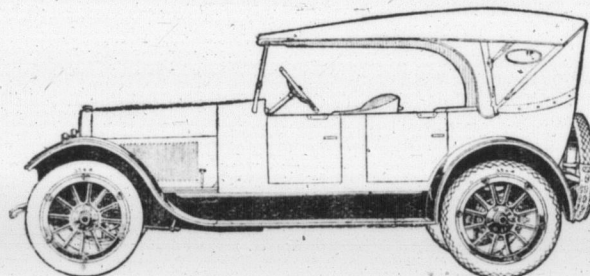
Brantford Asphalt Slates

Distributed under Brantford Roofing Trade Marks, through Brantford Roofing Dealers. Stock carried, information furnished, service rendered by our dealer in your district.

Brantford Roofing Co. Limited

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Branches at Toronto, Montreal, Halifax and Winnipeg.

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McLAUGHLIN

"Canada's Standard Car"

Present Lines of new Master Six and Light Six series will be continued in the 1922 season.

Beginning June 1st, the new series and prices will be as follows: F.O.B. Oshawa, Ont.

Master Sixes:

	Old Price	New Price
Model 22-44 Three Passenger Roadster, Cord Tires	\$2550.00	\$2215.00
Model 22-45 Five Passenger Touring, Cord Tires	2550.00	2245.00
Model 22-46 Three Passenger Coupe, Cord Tires	3405.00	2995.00
Model 22-47 Five Passenger Sedan, Cord Tires	3920.00	3445.00
Model 22-48 Four Passenger Coupe, Cord Tires	4000.00	3345.00
Model 22-49 Seven Passenger Touring, Cord Tires	2895.00	2595.00
Model 22-50 Seven Passenger Sedan, Cord Tires	4350.00	3795.00

Light Sixes:

	Old Price	New Price
Model 22-62 Roadster	1895.00	1615.00
Model 22-63 Five Passenger Touring	1895.00	1650.00
Model 22-62 Coupe, Three Passenger	2640.00	2390.00
Model 22-63 Sedan, Five Passenger	2685.00	2435.00

SALES TAX EXTRA

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