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No 34

SAINT ANDREWS NEW BRUNSWICK, AUGUST 20, 1873.

Vol 40

Poetry.

A SURMISE.

BY LOUISA BURNELL.

Our mortal day breaks from the great unseen,
Whither once more it darkly vanished;
Two shadowy goals with faltering steps between—
O, tell me, which is life, and which is death?
Nor is this but an idle questioning;
For every step must cross some dark surprise,
Since life and death are what the moments bring,
And we would know them through their strange disguise.

Joys we shall have that blossomed in the shade,
And griefs that out of sweetest dreams awake;
Doubts that grow clear, and certainties that fade;
A weary crown, a light and easy yoke.

Wrongs we shall see made servants of the right;
The noblest victories won by those that fail;
Great hearts that triumph, falling in the fight;
Death hand to hand with life, behind the veil!

Thus evermore we must our pathway tread,
Mid lights that beckon, shadows that dismay;
Till the bewildered heart, so strangely led,
Wonders if life or death shall win the day.

As one might wonder, waking from a swoon,
And seeing the far horizon half alight,—
Is it the morning broadening to the noon?
Or is it evening sinking into night?

Or as one standing on the silent shore
If it be ebb or flow can scarcely guess;
Whether the lesser flowing to the more,
Or but the greater lapsing to the less.

O shrouded mystery! the baffled soul,
Long casting round thy solemn boundaries,
Divines the rounded brightness of the whole,
That first must waste upon these mortal skies.

The tide, when it lays bare the lonely stand,
But lifts more high the great mid deeps of sea;
Does death work life? Does losing fill the hand?
Does darkness feed the light that is to be?

O, then it is no longer life and death,
But life and life, in ever circling light!
Then ebb and flow of fortune or of breath,
Are equal tides that lift us to our height!

Romance in Real Life.

A foreign correspondent of an American paper relates the following story:—"Paul Starns, the late clerk of the Alabama Reconstruction Convention, has been sojourning in Europe. At Rome he made the acquaintance of Iscippi Geza, one of the wealthiest and most influential Hungarian noblemen, who was about to depart for Naples where his family was passing the summer. The handsome American had made the most favorable impression upon the Royalist, and was invited to accompany him to Naples. Iscippi Geza, the Count of Temesvar, found his lady in very feeble health, and the physician had given up all hope. A few weeks after the Countess died, and Paul Starns had meanwhile so endeared himself to the aristocratic friend, that another invitation was tendered and accepted to accompany the Count to his castles in Hungary. Only a short drive from the city of Temesvar lies the beautiful castle Kulowitz, the ancestral seat of the Gezas. It was presided over by the young Countess Paula, a young lady of the pure Hungarian type, the only child and heir of Iscippi Geza. The young American was quite stricken by the intense beauty of the lady, and before three weeks had elapsed the two were as friendly as if they had grown up together. During the hunting season distinguished guests arrived at the castle, among whom Prince Esterhazy, of Movaria, was the most prominent. The Prince was about thirty years of age, and had lately been promoted to a captaincy of the guards. Major General Prince Esterhazy, the captain's father, and Count Geza had been most intimate friends for almost a life time, and both desired to still stronger tie the bonds of friendship by uniting their children. This was the main object of the Prince's visit, for the necessary preliminary arrangements had long ago been agreed upon by the two parents. Paul Starns had meanwhile carved nothing at all for the distinguished guest, but had mainly passed his time in studying modern languages. To his utter surprise Count Geza insisted upon his joining the dinner party one certain day; and the old gentleman got quite enthusiastic while he continued, "We have a great surprise for our guests today, and you must witness the proudest event of my life." But the surprise was different from that expected. Captain Esterhazy proposed, and was flatteringly refused. A bursting bombshell could not have created a more profound sensation than the Countess Paula's declaration that she would never marry the captain. Some angry words followed, and Captain Ester-

hazy alluded to American intruders and beggars. Some bluster about a duel followed. Finally Paul Starns left for Italy. Over a year has since elapsed, and the Countess was in such feeble health that a journey to Italy had been strongly advised. She had persistently refused to see any of the Esterhazy family again, and the Count Geza was inconsolable when he witnessed the sufferings of his only child. At Rome a sudden change overcame the Countess; she regained her health. And Count Geza was not a little surprised when he was one day told that she had seen Paul Starns at the theatre, and she would marry him or not marry at all. On the 12th of May the wedding took place.

The Synod of the Church of Scotland's ADDRESS TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AT HALIFAX.

The Synod appointed a Committee to draw up an address to the Governor General, and knowing that His Excellency would be in Halifax this summer—appointed the members of the Presbyterian resident in the city to present it to him. They invited a few friends of the Church to accompany them, including the Chief Justice, the Custos, the President of the Legislative Council, The Recorder, James McDonald, M.P., Dr. Avery, Hon. W. A. Henry, James Thompson, G. P. Mitchell, John Dault, &c., &c., and presented it to His Excellency on the 5th inst., in the Province Building.

We have much pleasure in giving both the Address and the Reply:

ADDRESS:

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE EARL OF DUFFERIN, K. P., GOVERNOR GENERAL OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA, &c., &c., &c.

May it please Your Excellency:

We, the Ministers and Elders of the Presbyterian Church of the Maritime Provinces in connection with the Church of Scotland, in Synod assembled, beg respectfully to welcome your Excellency, as the Representative in this Dominion of Her Majesty the Queen.

The warm and considerate interest which your Excellency manifests for all that concerns the welfare of this Dominion, secures the increasing regard of our people.

We congratulate your Excellency upon the rapid progress already made under your Excellency's Administration in the work undertaken by your predecessors; and upon the prospect that, ere long, all Her Majesty's North American possessions shall be united under one Government.

Convinced, however, both from the sacred word of God, and from human experience, that Righteousness exalteth a nation, and that no mere material greatness can secure permanent prosperity, we will ever strive to promote the cause of enlightened Christianity throughout the land, mainly for its own sake, but also for its connection with the social well-being of the people. Grateful to the Giver of all good, for the national peace and just government, which we enjoy, we pray that God, in His mercy may long preserve to this land its present civil and religious privileges; and that His abundant blessings may rest upon your Excellency's person, family, and administration.

Signed, in name and by appointment of Synod, at Pictou, this Thirtieth day of June, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy Three, by
D. MACRAE, A. M., Moderator.
PETER KEAY, Clerk of Synod.
St. Andrews, N. B.

REPLY.

To the Ministers and Elders of the Presbyterian Church of the Maritime Provinces, in connection with the Church of Scotland.

GENTLEMEN:—

It has been my fortune on many previous occasions to have the honor of receiving deputations from the Presbyterian Churches in this country. From all these deputations I have heard with deep satisfaction expressions of loyalty to the Crown, and contentment with the political constitution under which they live.

Owing to the fortunate circumstances of my life, I have passed many years in the midst of a Presbyterian population, and I can only repeat what I have said on other occasions, that I have had frequent opportunities of observing the beneficial influences which the Presbyterian Church exercises on its congregations, and of remembering to how great an extent industry, Christian charity, and other virtues which adorn high civilization flourish under the effects of its teaching. I feel certain that similar good influences will be found to exist in the Churches of Halifax and the Maritime Provinces generally.

I thank you, as Her Majesty's Representative, for your expressions of attachment to the Crown, with which I feel that all sections of religious denominations will cordially concur with you, although I may, without any prejudice to other communities, repeat that among none do loyal sentiments show themselves in a more satisfactory manner than among those who have had the benefit of belonging to the Presbyterian Church.

In conclusion I beg to return to my sincere acknowledgments on behalf of Lady Dufferin and myself for the cordial welcome you have accorded us, and to assure you of the pleasure we both feel in visiting so important a city as Halifax, and of becoming acquainted with the people of Nova Scotia.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 6, 1873.

MANDY MIDGE.

BY MARY KYLE DALLAS.

Mandy Midge is coming up to-morrow, said my hostess, lifting her eyes from a letter she had found beside her plate at the breakfast-table. Dear me! How glad I am!

Oh, aunt! I shrieked pretty Lena Brooks from the opposite seat, oh, aunt, what a name! Mandy Midge! Gracious me! did you ever hear anything like it, Mr. Grant?

Mandy! cried her brother. Oh, dear, dear! Midge!

I, as a stranger, kept silence, while the old lady took off her glasses and looked rather reprovingly down the table.

I don't see anything so curious in the name, she said. We always called her Mandy for short. She was christened Amanda; and the Midges are first-rate people—good family; and she's a nice little thing—a very nice little thing, indeed.

Little Miss Midge! laughed Lena. Oh, how funny!

Young folks see fun in a good many things, it seems to me, said Aunt Morris; but I hope you've done laughing about Mandy.

Then there was silence on the subject, but down on the river bank after a while the girls began it over again.

Mr. Grant—think of it, Mandy Midge—I can imagine her. Mandy. Oh!

It was Belle who said that—Belle who was always laughing and giggling over everything. And then Lena began with a little squeal of laughter, peculiar to her.

I do wonder what she looks like.

I, a young fellow of five and twenty, sat between the two girls. I had my portfolio and pencils with me, and a volume of "Little Women," which Belle was pretending to read, principally because some one had told her that she looked well with her eyelids cast down. What idiotic things we said to each other as we sat under the trees upon the grass!

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I ever saw. She was altogether the loveliest creature, the most bewitching, the most charming little angel. In a word, I was head over heels in love with Mandy Midge before I had said a word to her.

A visit in the country; a kind old hostess, who has known me in his school days, and delights in setting the dainties of her larder before him; two jolly girls, who laugh from morning to night and another girl so charming that no words can describe her, with whom one is delightfully in love; who can picture anything more pleasant?

Sure of my welcome, I prolonged the visit to a length only warranted by a lifelong friendship; but I presume that had I even felt less certain that I was not trespassing, I could scarcely have persuaded myself to leave Dinglewood while Miss Midge graced it with her presence. Who would voluntarily turn his back on Paradise?

But at last the time came when Miss Midge found it necessary to return home. In twenty-four hours we must part, and before they were over I had resolved to tell her how I loved her. I felt assured that she did not dislike me, and I hoped everything.

How I followed her about that morning! How I watched for an opportunity to speak to her alone!

At last it came. The moonlight train brought to Dinglewood two young men, who were gleefully hailed as Harry and Sam by the Misses Brooks, and who greeted the young ladies so warmly that I should have felt a very jealous had I set my heart upon either Belle or Lena.

Miss Midge, having true feminine instincts, slipped away by herself. Belle and Sam, were seen to-a-tete on a garden seat hard by. Harry and Lena rambled down a green lane.

Mrs. Morris was heard in the kitchen, probably awakening the cook to a proper sense of the importance of dinner, and now or never was my chance.

I found Lena in the library, and I took a seat at her side. Then, I found it impossible to speak. What to do, I knew; but how to do it—I hesitated; I looked at her, I saw the color rise to her cheeks.

Then she took up Belle's work basket, which stood near.

There was a book hidden under its overflow of zephyr worsted. She drew it forth. I saw she was confused. I could not be sure that the confusion was pleasurable.

Did she fear to have me speak lest she should be obliged to refuse me, or was it that she felt all that I felt for her? To gain time, I asked forth:

"What book are you reading Miss Midge?"

She opened it, and turned to the title page.

"Little Women," said she.

A sudden recollection of the day of her arrival flashed upon me; an awful knowledge of the absurdities that book contained turned my whole face crimson. With my heart beating furiously, I stretched forth my hand and tried to snatch the volume from her.

"Please—give me the book," I gasped. "I have something to say to you."

It was too late. I saw her splendid eyes dilate—I saw her cheek grow pale. She grew strangely still as she turned the pages.

"Pardon, Mr. Grant," she said. "I desire to examine the illustrations. They do you credit; so do the marginal notes. You are quite a genius in the comic line. A second Ginkbank or L'ech. Charming! Would you like to see?"

She handed me the book; between us it dropped to the floor. I sat staring at her in speechless agony as she quietly glided from the room.

I did not see her again before she left. No one could discover me at the dinner hour, and she took the half past three o'clock train that afternoon.

"What is the matter, Mr. Grant?" said Belle, with a very serious face, as she came to the corner of the veranda, where I sat alone that evening. "I know you feel awful about something, and I can't take any comfort. I sort of guess, you know."

What do you guess? I asked.

I found "Little Women" on the floor wide open, said the girl with a quivering voice, and I saw you rush out of the library and go into the woods. And I saw Mandy's face, dear girl, when she went away; and I see yours now, and it's my fault for leaving the book about, and I'm so sorry.

He was a jolly little soul, and I pined for some comfort and I told her all. When I ceased she put her hands before me and said: "Don't feel so bad. It will all come right yet. I'm sure of that."

But as for me, I thought of cold lead and poison and the river all night long.

But this is not a tragedy. Belle was a strict prophet. She wrote a letter to Miss Midge, and it was ungrammatical and full of school-girl's slang, and not so well spelt as it might have been; but it said what I did not think of saying. It told the whole truth about that absurd scribbling, and it wound up thus:

"If you know me did not think what we were doing. And we all liked you the minute

we saw you. And a funny name don't matter. And he is so awfully in love and so ashamed I think he'll die. And he's ever so nice. And I did it all—asked him to draw the pictures, and made the verses myself, and it was before ever we saw you, and please, please, please forgive him and me, for you know you like him. There now."

And when the answer came back, Belle came to me radiant, holding the letter in her little fat hands, and saying:

I can't let you read one word of it! but I think I would go down to New York, if I were you, and see Mandy Midge myself.

I went.

TOO PARTICULAR BY HALF.—There was a good deal of fun in the British House of Commons the other night when Mr. Hunt asked if it was true that at a recent examination of a school in Wiltshire, the Government Inspector refused to allow the children to sing "God Save the Queen," considering the National Anthem to be a piece of "religious instruction," and so contrary to the principles of the Elementary Education Act. The laughter grew greater when Mr. Foster, Vice-President of the Educational Council, announced that such was the case. The Inspector has had a hint from headquarters not to be too particular.

THE CROPS.—According to the New York Post, which journal has made great efforts to ascertain the condition and prospects of the crops throughout the country, the present season is to be a good one. Contrary to all expectations a month ago, the cotton crop is very promising. Good judges estimate that it will exceed four millions of bales. The grain crop, too, all over the country, except a few remote points affected by local causes, will be large. Hay and vegetables are generally good. The only failures are in fruit.

The "smartness" of a little Detroit boy, manifested in connection with that inspiring article, the family umbrella, deserves to be chronicled. He painted in large letters upon it, "Stolen from No. A—A—street," and walked about with it, chuckling with the consciousness of having invented an infallible preservative for that ancient and sacred institution. But life is all a flitting show—at the moment he was happiest, an unreasonable policeman arrested him for stealing it.

A Portland fruit dealer was several days since bitten on the fore finger by a young tarantula which had come over in a bunch of bananas from Cuba. The gentleman suffered severely, and was unable to sleep for several days and nights. It is said the bite from a full grown tarantula sometimes causes sufficient pain to throw the strongest man into convulsions, and oftentimes is attended with fatal results.

It is easy to live in the world after the world's opinion; it is easy in solitude to live after your own; but the great man is he who in the midst of the crowd keeps with perfect sweetness as the independence of solitude.

No man is born into the world whose work is not borne with him; there is always work and toil to work with for all those who will, and blessed are the heavy hands of all toil.

—Lowell

An Illinois magistrate has fined a man \$10 for cutting off his wife's back hair. Under what statute such an offence is ranked, we are not informed. Perhaps the general head of barbarous treatment and sheer brutality.

"Pretty bad under foot," said one citizen to another, as they met in the street. "Yes, but it's fine overhead," responded the other. "True enough," said the first, "but then very few are going that way."

The commanders of the German naval force have received fresh instructions from Berlin to prevent the surrender of the Insurgent man-of-war captured by them.

Some people say that a dark-haired woman is a first. We differ; it's the light-headed ones.

A Kokuk damsel entered a store recently and asked for "a deck of their postal keards."

The average Kentuckian "winks when he calls for soda water," and in Rochester, N. Y., they say they will have "a little John B. Gough."

"What's the date of your battle?" was what an anxious papa of Cobleskill asked his well-dressed daughter, after searching for the latest copy of his paper.

Knowledge is not power. The old proverb is all as true. Wisdom is power.

He that blows the coals in quarrels has nothing to do with, has no right to complain if the sparks fly in his face.

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T. J. MILLER.

E. PROVINCE
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on, Aug. 11, 1873.
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D. HATHWAY,
Auctioneer.

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McMILLAN,
P.O. Inspector.

Customs Department, Ottawa, 27th June, 1873.

SIR.—I have in command to call your attention to the following sections of the Act, respecting the admission of the Colony of Prince Edward Island, as a Province of the Dominion.—Section 3.—At the admission of Prince Edward Island into the Dominion, there be brought from it into any other Province of Canada, any article of commerce not being the produce of the Island or of Canada, and liable to any duty of Customs when imported into Canada, from any foreign country, or any such article produced in the Island and liable to a duty of Excise if produced in Canada for consumption therein, then such Canadian duty of Customs or Excise shall be greater than the duty of Customs or Excise paid on such article in the Island, the difference between the Canadian duty and the duty paid in the Island, shall be payable on such article when brought from the Island into any other Province of Canada, and such difference shall be collected under such regulations as the Governor in Council may from time to time make in that behalf, and any such difference of duty payable under this Section, shall be a duty of Customs within the meaning of the Act respecting the Customs hereby extended to the said Island and the provisions thereof (including those respecting warehousing) and the penalties for contravention of such provisions, shall apply to such difference of duty.

Section 4 limits the operation of the above Section, to "the end of the now next Session of the Parliament of Canada, and no longer." As an Order in Council has yet passed for regulating the procedure of the Customs in collecting the difference of duty in the cases mentioned, I have to request you to refer to examine such dutiable goods as may be brought to your port from the Island, and to inform yourself of the actual rate of duty paid thereon, and collect the difference between the rate so paid, and the rate per Dominion Tariff, and upon the face of each entry, to show the full original value of the goods, the rate and amount of duty paid, the rate and amount of duty under the Dominion Tariff, and the difference to be collected, and all such transactions are to be accounted for in your statistical books and returns, separately from the general specifications of imports.

If the goods brought to your port are the produce of the Island, and subject to the duty of Excise, the difference to be collected will be between the exact duty paid, and the exact duty of the Dominion Tariff in all cases the amount collected is to be treated by you as an import duty of Customs.

The Act, and these instructions are enforced from and after the date when they may be assigned for the admission of the Island to the Dominion by proclamation of Her Majesty the Queen.

Your obedient servant,
J. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs,
To the Collector of Customs Port of Charlottetown
July 7, 1873.

NOTICE.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 4th June, 1873.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date 30th of May last, has been pleased to order and direct that while Felt, for the manufacture of Hats and Boots, should be admitted free of duty under the Tariff, duty must be charged on all Felted cloth of every description.

By Command,
J. JOHNSON,
June 18—31 Asst. Commissioner of Customs

Government House, Ottawa, Friday, 6th day of June, 1873.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the provisions of the Act 33rd Victoria, Chapter 8, intituled: "An Act to explain and amend the Act respecting the Collection and Management of the Revenue, the Auditing of Public Accounts and the liability of Public Accountants." His Excellency has been pleased to Order, And it is hereby ordered, that the privilege accorded by the Order in Council of the 19th March, 1863, to goods, wares and merchandise, the growth, produce or manufacture of Canada which had been exported beyond the limits of Canada of being reimported free of duty of Customs on certain conditions named in such order, be and the same is hereby extended and declared to apply to goods subject to duties of Excise, which goods may hereafter in like manner be reimported into Canada free of duty subject to the said several conditions mentioned in the said order and on the further condition that such goods on reimportation shall be warehoused subject to the Excise duties to which they would have been liable had they not been exported from Canada.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council
June 1873

Government House, Ottawa, Friday, 6th day of June, 1873.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Act 33rd Victoria, chapter 3 section 29, intituled: "An Act to amend and reinforce the Act 32 and 33rd Victoria, chapter 3, and to establish and provide for the Government of the Province of Manitoba" it is provided that "such provisions of the Laws of Canada respecting the Inland Revenue, including those fixing the amount of duties, as may be from time to time declared by the Governor General in Council applicable to the said Province shall apply thereto, and be in force therein accordingly."

His Excellency the Governor General in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority aforesaid has been pleased to order, and it is hereby Ordered, that all the Inland Revenue Laws of Canada in so far as they relate to the issuing of Licenses and the imposition of fines, penalties and duties on distillers, maltsters and brewers and spirits, malt and malt Liqueur, and all laws respecting the collection and management of Revenue derived therefrom be, and the same hereby declared to apply to and be in force in the Province of Manitoba.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.
June 18

\$5 TO \$20 per day. Agents wanted! All classes of work, such as painting, papering, etc., young men, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at any other place. Address: Messrs. P. TITSON & CO., Portland Maine. ly may 14

Government House, Ottawa, Monday, 7th day of July, 1873.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic, Cap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Port Williams, in the County of Cornwallis, Nova Scotia, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs with Warehousing privileges, and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of Cornwallis.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.
aug 7

GEO. F. STICKNEY,

Has just received a supply of

Watches,
Jewelry,
Cutlery.

EDGE TOOLS, HARDWARE, TOYS

SOAPS, PERFUMERY,

and Fancy Goods, &c.

Agent for Lazarus & Morris' Perfected Spectacles. Also.

Carboline Glass Oil and Lamps.
July 2 um

Government House, Ottawa, Saturday, 23rd day of May, 1873.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 8th and 34th section of the Act 31st Vic, Chap. 6 intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that forth and after the 1st of May instant, the Out Port of Guysborough, in the Province of Nova Scotia, shall be, and the same is hereby constituted and erected into a Port of Entry and Warehousing Port, and thenceforth and after the same day Port Mulgrave, in the same Province, hereofore a Port of Entry be, and the same is hereby constituted an Out Port of Entry, and placed under the survey of the Port of Guysborough.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Clerk Privy Council.
June 11 31

Assessors Notice.

THE undersigned having been appointed Assessors of Rates for the Parish of St. Andrews, hereby give public notice thereof, and that persons intending to furnish statements of their property and income, in writing under oath, in pursuance of the provisions of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided, must leave them at the Post Office, Saint Andrews, within thirty days from the publication of this notice.

B. L. CUNNINGHAM, Assessors of
DAVID JOHNSON, Rates.
St. Andrews, April 30, 1873.

Drugs, Chemicals.

PATENT MEDICINES,

DYE STUFFS,

&c., &c.

JUST RECEIVED:

175 Dozen

Cleaver's Toilet soaps.

5 Doz QUININE WINE.

1 Gross Fellows' Hypophosphites.

1 Gross Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

1 Gross Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

1 Doz. SHOSHENLS REMEDY.

1 Gross Snowflake Potash.

3 doz. Dr. BAKER'S CHALKYATE.

1 Gross Adams' Botanic Cough Balsam.

with a large variety of

DRUGS, PERFUMERY, &c. IN STOCK

A select stock of

ENGLISH NOTE PAPERS

with envelopes to match.

The Prescription Department is under the special supervision of Mr. L. S. STREET.

St. Andrews March 8, 1872.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the

Under signed to

August 26th for the erection of a

MARINE HOSPITAL

in this Town, to be completed December 1st

proximo. The contractor to have the advantage

of the present stone wall.

Also.

Separate Sealed Tenders will be received at

the same time for the

Building of a Pest House,

on St. Andrews Island, to be completed by No-

vember 1st proximo.

The contractor in each case to furnish materials &c., and good and sufficient security for the faithful performance of the works.

Plans, specifications &c., may be seen at the

store of Messrs. Robinson & Glenn

for Department of Public Works.

St. Andrews, July 19, 1873.

INTEREST IN TUG BOAT FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will receive offers for the purchase of one EIGHT interest in the tug boat "Utopia," plying now to and from the port of St. George.

JAS. S. CARNEGIE,
St. Andrews, May 28, 1873.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons are hereby notified not to negotiate a Note purporting to be made by me in favor of the "Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company" for \$45 76 dated the 9th inst, as I was entrapped into signing the same, and received no value.

EDWARD GIBSON.
St. Patrick, Charlotte Co., June 11, 1873.

ODELL & TURNER

HAVE RECEIVED FROM THE MANU-
FACTORY OF

Robert Heywood, Kippinbottom, Smith & Co.

LONDON.

Per Steamship

"CASTALIA,"

12 BALES

CONTAINING

8,000 ROOLS

NEW STYLE

PAPER HANGINGS

FOR SALE

Wholesale & Retail.

May 1873.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, July 18, 1873.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN IS-
VOICES until further notice: 14 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

July 25

Notice.

At the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders

of the Bay of Pundy

HED GRANITE COMPANY,

held at St. George, N. B., on Tuesday, the 8th

July, 1873; the following persons were elected

Officers for the year 1873-4:

President.

JACOB S. BROWN.

Vice-President.

DOUGLAS WETMORE.

Treasurer.

THOMAS BARRY.

Secretary.

CHARLES C. WARD.

Superintendent of Quarries.

GEORGE G. MCGLASHAN.

Agent for the Company in the United States.

JOB T. MOFFITT.

Directors.

JACOB S. BROWN.

JOHN M. MOFFITT.

JOHN G. GREEN.

THOMAS BARRY.

GEORGE G. MCGLASHAN.

DOUGLAS WETMORE.

CHARLES C. WARD.

Bankers.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

St. George, N. B., 9th July 1873.—ci

Intercolonial Railway!

18 Summer Arrangement. 73.

COMMENCING ON

Monday, 26th May 1873.

No. 1.—(Through Passenger Express) will leave

Halifax at 7.30 a. m., and be due in St.

John at 8.30 p. m. This train will stop (be-

tween Halifax and Truro) only at Windsor

Junction and Shubenacadie; and (between

Painsec and St. John) only at Booking Sta-

tions, except where it may be necessary to

cross other trains or to put down passen-

gers who may have got on board at Pain-

sec and stations east and south of that place.

No. 2.—(Through Passenger Express) will leave

St. John at 8 a. m., and be due in Halifax at

8.50 p. m. This train will stop (between

St. John and Painsec) only at Hampton,

Buxton, Petitediac and Moncton; and (be-

tween Truro and Halifax) at Shubenacadie

and Windsor Junction, except where it may

be necessary to cross trains or to put down

passengers who may have got on board at

stations north and west of Truro.

No. 3 & 4.—(Freight and Passenger Accommodation)

will leave Halifax at 8.15 a. m., and be due

at Pictou at 12.15 p. m.

No. 4 & 6.—(Freight and Passenger Accommodation)

will leave St. John at 7 a. m., and be due

at Point du Chene at 12.45 p. m.

No. 7 & 9.—(Freight and Passenger Accommodation)

will leave Pictou at 11.30 a. m., and be due

at Pictou at 8.15 p. m.

No. 8 & 10.—(Freight and Passenger Accommodation)

will leave St. John at 10.50 a. m., and be due

at Point du Chene at 7.25

p. m.

No. 11.—(Freight) will leave Halifax at

3.30 p. m., and be due at Truro at 9.10

p. m.

No. 12.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave

Painsec at 4.20 p. m., and be due at

Point du Chene at 5.00 p. m.

No. 13.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave

Halifax at 5.5 p. m., and be due at Truro

at 6.15 p. m.

No. 14.—(Passenger Accommodation) will leave

St. John at 2.00 p. m., and be due at Ham-

pton at 3.00 p. m.

No. 15, 17, & 19.—W. & A. R. will leave Hal-

ifax for Windsor Junction at 8.00 and 8.45

a. m., and 3.00 p. m.

No. 16.—(Petitediac Freight) will leave St. John

at 2.45 p. m., and be due at Petitediac

at 8.00 p. m.

No. 18.—(Sussex Passenger Accommodation)

will leave St. John at 4.40 p. m., and be

due at Sussex at 6.40 p. m.

No. 20.—(Truro Passenger Accommodation) will

leave Truro at 6.00 a. m., and be due in

Halifax at 9.15 a. m.

No. 21.—(Sussex Passenger Accommodation) will

leave Sussex at 7.00 a. m., and be due at

St. John at 9.00 a. m.

No. 22.—(Truro Freight) will leave Truro at 6.45

a. m., and be due in Halifax at 1.20 p. m.

No. 23 & 25.—(Shubenacadie Accommodation)

will leave Point du Chene at 5.00 a. m.,

and be due in St. John at 12.00 noon.

No. 24 & 26.—(Freight and Passenger Accom-

modation) will leave Pictou at 6 a. m., and

be due in Halifax at 2.35 p. m.

No. 27.—(Petitediac Freight) will leave Petitediac

at 1.00 a. m., and be due in St. John at

1.30 p. m.

No. 28 & 30.—(Pictou Passenger Accommodation)

will leave Pictou at 1.40 p. m., and be due

in Halifax at 7.30 p. m.

Scatter the ger
By the way
That the rose
And the rose
Cover the ro
With a val
And mark wi
The march
Scatter the g
In the holy
Let the pure
there,
In their lov
Leave not a t
In the temp
But gather at
Of Nature i

The Comte de Cl
children, his legiti
Albert d'Orleans,
scions of the house
counts very far ren
lamous Henri IV, I
the Grande Monar
Philippe was creat
the ancestor of the
bon family. He w
wife, the daughter
left no male issue;
is therefore sprung
Elizabeth Charlotte
wife, and was great
of England. Thu
nearer to the Crow
rect line than ever
being descended fr
Elizabeth, Queen of
Sophia, on whom a
tombstone, the Crow
The second Duke
poterity under the
he was, disfigured
vices and shameles
Orleans, was in eve
his father; at an
world, retired to a
well to classical and
science was unbound
ous hospitals and ch
at the early age of f
by his son Louis Phi
from his corpulent
mind. A very diffi
successor, Louis Phi
was born in 1747.
would be to write a
lution, in which he
grateful a part; he
very worst of the re
the name of Philip
tion of his cousin Lo
himself on the guill
Philippe Egalite w
morale, his atheism i
ions, and his heartle
less of his family.
the greatest courage
His son Louis Phi
to his father; he spe
in poverty. When
in 1815, he returned
lution of 1830 was c
Philippe I, King of
dent, sagacious, and
was never thorough
jess; his eldest son,
was, for his frank, of
his supposed liberal
the nation. He had
of Mecklenburg Str
beauty as by her pi
1819 the amiable Pe
py accident, being i
was driving near the
not have been a grea
the Royal Family:
The Duke left tw
Paris and the Duke
Duchess of Orleans,
Protestant, was very
noted herself solely i
rich. Six years after
new calamity fell up

BABY.
His sceptre is a rattle,
His throne is mother's arms;
He reigns a tiny tyrant,
In all his dimpled charms!
Yet round his royal presence
Our loving hearts awhile;
Drooping the cradle,
And king by rite divine!

Whatever be his mandates,
No courtiers dare rebel;
His mother's chief of the household,
Prime minister as well!
In yon perambulator,
His downy car of state,
Exact, rosy monarch,
What triumphs on him wait!

In purple ease and splendor,
Long, long he seeks to reign;
Alas! that royal greatness
Should ever be dethroned!
Here comes a tiny stranger—
King B. by is dethroned.

DURING a tour through Scotland I saw the following startling announcement:—"The 'Duchess of Athole' leaves the 'Duke's Arms' punctually at six every morning, except Sunday." This seeming comical irregularity (explains the correspondent in whose diary the above entry occurs) has reference to a coach that carries the mails.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union

Harper's Weekly.
Splendidly Illustrated.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.
The WEEKLY is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,000, the "Weekly" is read by at least half a million of persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The "Weekly" maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—(Louisville Courier Journal.)

SUBSCRIPTIONS—1873.

TERMS:
HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year \$4.00
An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at \$4.00 each, in one remittance; or Six Copies for \$20.00, without extra copy.
Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, \$10.00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, \$7.00.
Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.
The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for \$7.00 each. A complete set, comprising Sixteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of \$5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.
The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office address.
HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

READ THIS!
All persons having leisure and wishing to increase their income, please send a address, prepaid to undersigned, who will send you a copy of a new and especially to Ladies. \$2.50 per copy without this expense.
L. BOSTON, Montreal.

TEA POTS.

JUST RECEIVED per steamer Millbank.—A large assortment of
Tea-Pots and other Ware.
CHINESE TEA-POTS.
EGYPTIAN BLACK TEA-POTS.
ROCKINGHAM TEA-POTS.
For sale low by
F. & J. A. WHITE,
No. 10 Charlotte Street, St. John.

Government House Ottawa

Monday, 17th Feb., 1873.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 6th section of the Act 21 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the town of Stratroy, in the County of Middlesex, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of London.

W. A. HIMS WORTH,
Clerk, Privy Council.

MILLINERY

Fancy Goods.

MISS E. O'NEILL respectfully intimates to the ladies of St. Andrews and vicinity that she has opened a
MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT
in Miss Swift's building, where she has a Stock of Fancy Goods, of the latest styles and will be happy to execute all orders in her line with neatness and despatch.

CONGOU TEA.

Ex "Trojan" from London.
60 Chests & Half Chests good Congou Tea.
J. W. STREET

MANCHESTER HOUSE,

1873.

ODELL & TURNER

Have received per Steamships

"POLYNESIAN," "MORAVIAN" and "SARMA-THIAN."

60 Bales and Cases

NEW

SPRING GOODS,

PERSONALLY SELECTED

DRESS MATERIALS,

SHAWLS.

Back Alpaccas,

CLOTHS,

COTTONS AND LINENS,

Prints, Muslins, Hosiery.

HATS, RIBBONS,

FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.

CARPETS & RUGS,

Damask & Lace Curtains.

A WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

HATS & CAPS.

Wholesale and Retail.

Tenders Wanted.

\$5,000 Debentures issued on the credit of the

TOWN OF ST. ANDREWS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until the 19th day of October, instant, for the purchase of the \$5,000 Debentures issued on the credit of the Town of Saint Andrews, pursuant to the Act of Assembly 34 Victoria, chap. 59, intituled "An Act to authorize the Town of Saint Andrews to aid the Saint Andrews Hotel Company." These Debentures are—10 of them for \$100 each, 4 of them for \$200, 3 of them for \$100, and 4 of them for \$500; are dated 19th of Sept. 1871, bear interest from that date at six per cent. payable 1st July and 1st January; are payable in twenty years, and are a first class investment.
NEVILLE G. D. PARKER, Co.
Hon. Secy. St. Andrews Hotel
St. Andrews, 2nd Oct. 1872. oc 2 3i

RAILROAD HOTEL,

ST. ANDREWS.

THE Subscriber returns his thanks to the public for the patronage extended to him since opening the Railroad Hotel. Having purchased the property from Mr. Edward Phessant, he will

CONTINUE THE BUSINESS,

and trusts by attention and efforts to please, to receive a continuance of that patronage so liberally extended to the establishment.
TRANSIENT and PERMANENT boarders provided with comfortable rooms on reasonable terms.
GOOD STAYING.—Experienced and reliable hostlers always on hand. Horses and Carriages to let.
COACHES in attendance on the arrival of Trains and Steamers.
M. CLARKE,
Proprietor.

St. Andrews, April 17, 1872

ROYAL HOTEL,

(FORMERLY STUBBS.)

Opposite Custom House and Public Offices, PRINCE WILLIAM ST., ST. JOHN, N.B.
During the past winter this house has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished. It will be reopened on 1st of May next.
Having secured the services of Mr. Charles Watts as Manager, the proprietor trusts that their united efforts for the comfort of their guests will give entire satisfaction.
THOMAS F. RAYMOND,
Proprietor.
June 12

Why the Valve Jar is Superior to all Others for Preserving Fruit.

1. Because it is the only one in which the contents can be securely fastened, and cooked while thus fastened, without risk of an explosion.
2. It is the only one that is automatically sealed, therefore, the only Seal-Sealing Jar in the market.
3. It is so simple that no skill is required to use it successfully.
4. It is securely fastened when placed in the kettle, and being immersed, the fragrance of the contents is confined in the Jar, a more perfect vacuum produced and the handling of the hot jars entirely avoided.
5. It is well known that fruit jars which are closed with rubber fastenings trust to fermentation, and the effect upon the color and surrounding well understood by many housekeepers.
The Cover of the Valve Jar being a perfect airtight valve makes an explosion impossible, and entirely eliminates every difficulty that exists in other fastenings.
For sale by
F. & J. A. WHITE,
10 Charlotte St., St. John
sep 10

REMOVAL.

W. H. WILLIAMSON, ever grateful for the kind support and patronage he has hitherto received, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his establishment to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irwin, corner of Water and Edward streets; where he will keep as usual

DRUGS, CHEMICALS

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Groceries, Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the et ceteras commonly found in a Druggist Shop.
St. Andrews.

MADAM JUNCTION

EATING HOUSE,
S. W. DAVIS, PROPRIETOR.
Meals always ready on Arrival of Trains.
Jan. 16, 1872.

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of Moses Parks, an Insolvent. NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Creditors of the above named Insolvent, will be held at the office of Geo. McSorley, Esquire, a Barrister at Law, St. George, Charlotte County, on Thursday the seventh day of November next, at the hour of ten of the clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of the removal of the present Assignee of said estate, and appointing another Assignee, and for the purpose of ordering of the affairs of the said Estate generally, pursuant to an order of James G. Stevens, J. C. C.
The Insolvent is hereby summoned to attend said meeting.
Dated at St. George, Province of New Brunswick, this 16th day of October, A. D. 1872.
JAMES MORAN, Ass. geoe.

GEO. STEWART, Jr.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Chemist and Druggist,
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES,
DYE GOODS AND STUFFS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,
Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c.,
24 King Street, Saint John, N. B.
ORDERS from the Country promptly executed.
Ships' Medicine Chests Fitted and Re-fitted
Particular attention given to the Preparation of Physicians' Prescriptions.
api 12 7i—ly

Plans of School Houses.

Education Office, Province of New Brunswick.
FREDERICTON, December 27th, 1872.
THE TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS are hereby notified that the Plans of School Houses prepared by the Board of Education, will be furnished free of expense to Districts needing them, on application to the Inspector of Schools for the county.
Also, that when the Trustees have selected one of the said Plans, a complete set of working drawings of the same may be procured without charge on application to the Chief Superintendent.
THEODORE H. RAND,
Chief Superintendent of Education
jan 1i

STREET & STEVENSON,

Barristers and Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors &c.

OFFICES—WATER STREET,
ST. ANDREWS

G. F. STICKNEY,

WATCH MAKER & JEWELLER.

Has received a further supply of
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
Chains, Rings, Brooches,
Lockets, Studs, Solitaires, Keys, &c.
Electroplated Britannia Metal and British Plate Wares,
Papier Maché, Parian, Spa, Wedgewood and Bohemian Goods

JET AND RUBBER GOODS.

CUTLERY, HARDWARE, EDGETOOLS
TOYS, FANCY SOAP AND PERFUMERY,
Together with a general assortment of
House Furnishing & Fancy Goods
WEDDING RINGS made to order.
July 19 4i

St. Andrews Hotel Company.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Hotel Company, held on the 16th instant, W. B. MORAN was appointed Secretary.
R. ROBINSON,
St. Andrews, Oct 24 1872. President.

Copartnership.

The Subscribers have this day entered into Professional Copartnership, under the style and firm of
Street & Stevenson.
GEO. D. STREET.
B. R. STEVENSON.
St. Andrews, June 1, 1872.

RAISINS.

100 Boxes Layer Raisins.
25 Bbls. Dried Apples, very nice. For sale.

GRANULATED SUGAR.

35 Bbls. Boston Granulated Sugar. In Bond or Duty paid.

Vacuum Pan Sugars.

53 Bbls. Demerara Vacuum Pan Sugar, choice quality, just received and for sale at lowest market rates, in Bond or Duty paid.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,

St. Stephen.

JOHN MCCOULL,

GENERAL AGENT.

Commission Merchant,

AND AUCTIONEER.

St. George, N. B.

REFERENCES: Hon. B. H. Stevenson, Sur General, W. Whitlock, Esq., St. Andrews; Jas. A. Moran, and Abm. Young, Esqs. St. George; Chas. F. Finch, Esq., St. John; J. Morchie, and David Main, Esqs., St. Stephen.

MOLASSES.

Ex Schr. "Emma" from Cienfuegos direct.
21 Hhds. } BRIGHT CIE-FUEGOS MOLASSES.
19 Tivecs }
16 Bbls. }
The above is a very choice Cargo and will be sold at lowest market rates, in bond or duty paid.
TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
April 1871. St. Stephen.

GIN, WINE, TEA, &c.

Ex "Choice" from London.
40 Hhds } Best Pale Geneva.
30 qr Casks }
200 Cases }
30 Chests } Congou Tea.
20 Half }
10 Bbls Refined Crushed Sugar
5 do London Brown Stout & Pale Ale.
20 qr Casks } Pale Sherry.
73 Hhds }
31 Ton "Brandram Bros" Best White Lead
4 Hhds } do Boiled and Raw
4 qr Casks } Lined Oil.
J. W. STREET.

The Standard.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY
J. W. P. Smith.
At his Office, Water Street Saint Andrews, N. B.
TERMS
\$2.50 per Annum—if paid in advance.
\$3. If not paid till the end of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Inserted according to written orders or continued till forbid, if no written directions.
First insertion of twelve lines and under, 80 cts
Each repetition of do 20 cts
First insertion of over 12 lines 8 cents per line
Each repetition of do 2 cts per line
Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.
All letters addressed to this office must be post paid.

HATS & CAPS

IN LARGE VARIETY,

Comprising—the Oxford, Dolly Varden, Duke Alexis and many other styles to numerous to mention. Also—the Monarch Shagreen Paper Collar, unrivalled for its perfect fit and durability, together with a full line of Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Chignons, Curls, Switches in Jute and Linen, Bustles, Hoop Skirts and small wares. Ladies' Gents, and childrens BOOTS & SHOES, worked SLIPPERS and OBTAMANS.

FLANNERS in White and colored, plain, striped and checked. Cottons—in bleached and unbleached. Harrack & Miller's White Cottons, Brown ditto, Ticks, &c.

As my motto is "Small Profits and quick Sales," the above stock shall be sold at the lowest living advance on cost.

Remember the store on the corner of Water and King Streets, and opposite H. O'Neill's Market House.

N. B.—Orders taken for the elegant "Davis Sewing Machine," which has been so celebrated in the United States, a sample of which can be seen at the store. For price and conditions enquire of the subscriber.

JAMES BRADLEY,
St. Andrews.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of a serious accident occurring by persons leaving obstructions on the streets and side walks; the public are hereby notified, that all or any person leaving rubbish or other material on the streets or side walks in this town, will be prosecuted on the penalty according to law.
Dated Saint Andrews 20th Nov. 1872.
THOMAS HIPWELL,
Commissioner District No. 1.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby Given, that the following Non-Resident Property in the Parish of St. George, has been assessed as under for the year 1872, and unless the amount, together with the cost of advertising &c., is paid within three months from this date, the same will be sold according to law.
Benjamin Hanson Property \$8.50
RONALD CAMPBELL,
St. George, Sept; 28, 1872. Collector.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHAT EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE
One of the original Weed Sewing Machines.

These celebrated Machines are now on sale by the Subscribers, where the public are invited to examine and test for themselves.
JAMES STOOP,
Agent.
Jan 16.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale his Property at Boctee, which commands a splendid view of Passamaquoddy Bay, the Islands and surrounding country. The place is pleasantly situated, bounded by the shore of the Bay, the St. John Road runs through it, rendering it a most desirable country residence and a farm, in a pleasant neighborhood, within five miles of the town of St. Andrews. The farm contains 100 Acres, forty of which are under cultivation; cuts 25 tons of hay, has good pasturage, is well watered and thoroughly fenced on the premises are a comfortable dwelling House, with two large barns and outhouses.
The property will be sold with or without the crop. For further particulars, apply at the STANDARD OFFICE, or to
Bocabee, July 3.
JAMES ORR, Jr.,
on the premises.

BLACK TEA.

Ex Schr. "Pointer" from New York.
182 Hl. Chests } SOUCHONG TEA.
31 Chests }
For Sale in bond or duty paid at lowest rates
TODD CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

King Street.

Saint Stephen N.B.

J. NEILL, Proprietor.

Canada Ale.

6 Hhds } Canada Bitter Ale.
6 qr. Casks }
Nov. 2, 1872. J. W. STREET

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Excellency, the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 26th instant, and under the authority vested in him, by the 2nd Section of the 34th Victoria Cap. 10, has been pleased to order, and direct that the following articles be transferred to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, viz:
Felt, Cotton and Wollen Netting and Flax used in the manufacture of Gloves and Mitts.
By Command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
jan 8 3i

NEW IMPORTATION.

20 Cases "Bridges & Son's" best Stout Porter,
30 cases "Guinness" Dublin Porter, quarts and pints.
J. W. STREET.