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MARITIME PROVINCES.
Moderate to Fresh Southwesterly Winds;
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CANADIANS PROTEST INCREASED DRAINAGE

Larger Flow Through Chicago Canal Would Be Ruinous WOULD INJURE PORTS

Daniel Mullen Sets Forth Contention of Dominion That Shipping Would Suffer if Greater Volume is Diverted.

Washington, D. C., Mar. 27.—A notable body of Canadian legal talent with a fair sprinkling of large business interests, harbor commissions, boards of trade, mercantile marine organizations, spent two hours before Secretary Stimson today in vigorous protest against the application of the sanitary district of Chicago for permission to more than double the amount of water now being withdrawn from Lake Michigan through the Chicago drainage canal.

Secretary Stimson was flanked by Gen. Bixbee, chief of the engineers, and Major Jadin, of the same corps, who have already gone on record as deprecating any increase in the flow of water through the canal and with whom he at times consulted on technical points developed in the hearing.

The Canadians found much to encourage them at the outset in the secretary's ready recognition of their status as protestants, a point on which they had apparently been in some doubt.

Their arguments covered a wide range, but the basic on which an assertion supported by figures, many of them from reports of the joint waterways commission, and such as that of the special American engineer board, headed by General Bixbee last summer to show that the drainage canal had seriously damaged the lake navigation, and that it was possible to allow the application of the increased flow of water through the canal would greatly increase the damage to the lake and St. Lawrence River ports.

One significant statement in the argument was that the Canadian members of the joint waterways commission, who, while objecting to a proposition to allow a flow of 14,000 feet per second through the canal, and tacitly admitting Chicago's right to take 10,000 feet had exceeded their powers in recognizing the American right to take any water at all for any purpose except that of navigation.

While expressing appreciation of the hearing by the Secretary of War, several of the Canadians reserved the right to appeal to the International Boundary Commission under the terms of the last treaty in the event that the decision should be against their claim. The road faith of the sanitary district application was called in question, the hearing being given in studiously polite, but unmistakable terms that the actual purpose was to secure more power for the great electric plant instead of to improve the sanitation of the country drained by the canal. The hearing today was purely ex-parte, the representatives of Chicago, John C. Williams and L. E. Cooley, contenting themselves with listening to the arguments of the Canadians and arranging for the presentation of printed briefs hereafter.

The only other American attorney present was E. G. Cahill, of Chicago, but he threw his strength to the Canadian side by presenting large maps in colors showing the disastrous effects upon river channels and harbors expected from an allowance of the Chicago application.

The Canadian contention was outlined by Daniel Mullen, K. C., counsel for the Canadian government, and details of the various points of objection made by him to the application of the sanitary district were elaborated and amplified by the speakers who followed.

Mr. Mullen declared the increased flow of water through the drainage canal would seriously injure the navigation of the lakes, in which Canada has a vested interest, recognized by treaties involving even Lake Michigan, which though not a boundary lake was a contributory source. He denied the authority of the Canadian members of the joint commission to bind their government by consenting even tacitly to the abstraction from Michigan of any waters for the Chicago drainage canal, even the present 4,000 foot allowance.

GETS THREE YEARS IN PENITENTIARY FOR THEFT OFFENCE

Special to The Standard.
Dulles, March 27.—The Rettig county court opened yesterday, and Judge McLatchy presided. The first case was that of King vs. Herbert Mayo, of Campbellton for theft. The verdict was guilty and the accused was given three years in the penitentiary. Mayo is a young man about twenty years of age. R. Richard prosecuted and A. E. G. McKenzie defended.

LEPROUS CASE IN HOSPITAL IN TORONTO

Chinese Lad in Public Ward Suffers from Dread Malady.

Patients, Students and Physicians Constantly in Vicinity—Disease Discovered and Patient Placed in Seclusion.

Toronto, Mar. 27.—For six weeks Sing Poo, a bright little Chinese boy of 13 years, has lain in the public ward of the general hospital smitten with leprosy. Hundreds of patients in that time have passed the little figure in the cot without dreaming that the skin disease which disfigured him was the most dreaded scourge of the far East. Today he occupies a small room in isolation, waiting until the summons comes for deportation to the leper colony of Tracadie on the New Brunswick coast.

Since his arrival some two months ago, suffering with a peculiar skin disease, his ailment has been a puzzle to the authorities and not until late last week did the diagnosis bring forth the startling fact that he was suffering from an advanced stage of leprosy.

For the last two weeks doctors and students who had been freely admitted to examine him would after coming resort to the most rigid system of disinfection, for in conjunction with the spreading of the rash the lad had begun to lose the use of his limbs. At the present time the left arm is powerless and he has lost all strength in his fingers.

Steps were taken for his immediate removal and since last Tuesday he has been in seclusion.

The boy was brought here by his uncle two years ago and for a time attended Lansdowne Ave. school.

BETTER TIMES ON THE ISLAND

Increased Federal Grants and Other Concessions Mentioned in Speech from Throne at Opening of Legislature.

Charlottetown, Mar. 27.—The provincial legislature opened today with the first Conservative government in power since 1891. Premier Matheson having 27 followers, whilst the opposition members led by John Richards, number only 2. J. E. Wyatt, Summer side was elected Speaker. The speech from the throne was of unusual length. Reference was made to the rapid growth of fox ranching, to the falling off in the island's population, to the prospect of stopping the exodus by the inauguration of more favorable conditions, to the additional \$100,000 subsidy recently granted to the province, a grant which will put a stop to the deficits which have continued for over 25 years. The measure recently passed by the federal government whereby the province can give leases of ground for oyster cultivation, the proposed ferry service with the mainland, the federal grants towards roads and agriculture, were also touched upon. Among legislation foreshadowed, were bills re immigration, amendments to school acts, whereby teachers' salaries will be increased, improvement of public roads, vote by ballot, and consolidation of statutes.

RAILWAYS MUST BUY IN DOMINION TO GET SUBSIDY

Understanding that Materials for Construction Government Aided Lines Must Be Bought Here to be Enforced.

Special to The Standard.
Ottawa, Mar. 27.—The government intends to see that hereafter materials required for railways subsidized by the federal parliament shall be bought in Canada. There is some such understanding at present, but complaints are made of persistent violations, especially in the west. A specific clause will be inserted in all future subsidy contracts to provide for the purchase of all materials in Canada.

COUNTRY PAYS DEARLY FOR OLD GOVERNMENT'S MISMANAGEMENT

Misrepresentations of Opposition Speakers Exposed By Dr. Bourque and Hon. Robert Maxwell—Latter Fixes Blame for Increased Interest Charges

Leger Displays Deplorable Lack of Familiarity With Subjects He Seeks to Discuss and Tries to Kill Dairy Business of New Brunswick Which, However, Proves Very Much Alive.

Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, Mar. 27.—From early morning until near midnight the legislators at Fredericton were kept busy. In the morning the corporations committee took up for consideration the Hartland Electric Power Company. This company is seeking authority to dam the Beagumic stream and it is to that portion of their bill and appropriation clauses therein contained, that the chief objection is made. Opponents of the bill are P. E. Sayre who has a mill at the mouth of the Beagumic; the Canadian Pacific Ry. and the New Brunswick Railway Co., whose lands are affected. After wrestling with the bill until the session closed, the bill was again considered in the evening when an agreement between the interested parties was reported to the committee. Alterations in the New Brunswick Hydro Electric bill are so numerous that the bill is to be reprinted before it is again considered by the committee.

A delegation consisting of the sheriffs of the different counties of the province is here for the purpose of securing a rearrangement of the fees or salary attached to their offices. For some reason or other the office of sheriff is not now a very profitable one, many of the holders contending that the dignity attached to the position does not offset the smallness of the compensation they received.

Dr. Landry at the session of the House this afternoon, introduced a bill to provide for the expenditure of the subsidy for the Grand Trunk Pacific, the culture which is to be granted by the Dominion government. Under the terms of this bill the commissioner of agriculture with the authority of the lieutenant governor in council, may enter into an agreement with the minister of agriculture for Canada regarding the terms upon which the subsidy is accepted and prescribing the conditions under which it shall be expended. The subsidy is not to form a part of the ordinary revenue of the province and its expenditure is to be entirely in the hands of the executive council, but all monies are to be paid out in the same manner as if appropriated by the legislature.

Three bills were introduced relating to the city of Moncton. One was to extend the boundary of the city so as to include the new shops of the Intercolonial Railway and the proposed terminal of the Grand Trunk Pacific. The bill is a very modest one so far as territorial extension is concerned. Another bill gives the city power to transfer \$25,785 with accrued interest from the water department of the city treasury. The income from the departments being sufficient to pay the interest on debentures issued on their account and to furnish a sinking fund as well. Another section of the bill gives the city power to issue debentures to five per cent, debentures payable in forty years for the purpose of constructing permanent sidewalks. A third bill authorized the city to sell certain lands situated within the city and other lands owned by the city in the parish of Moncton.

In collecting stampage all the operators, he said, were treated alike and although they paid more, the lumbermen were better satisfied than under the present arrangement. He made a strong plea that some provision be made for small operators on expiry of present leases. This, he knew, was a difficult problem to work out, but he thought it might be done.

Dr. Bourque's remarks on agriculture showed that he had given the subject considerable thought. His suggestions were mainly along the line of giving the farmer increased information of a federal character, making the home life on the farm more attractive. Dr. Bourque said that the French

Within the past few days the number of bills coming up for consideration has been considerably added to. There are now before the House for its consideration 26 bills, the larger number of which have been considered in committee of the whole. Nearly every afternoon session of the House this week has been occupied in considering routine business while the evenings have been devoted to the budget debate. The business of the House is well advanced, but prorogation is unlikely before the middle of next month.

Strenuous effort was made in the early days of the session to finish the business before Easter, but as this was found impossible and the Governor has decided to give a ball on Easter Tuesday, it is probable that when the House adjourns on Thursday of next week it will possibly stand adjourned until after the Governor's ball. This will of course depend upon how far the business of the session has advanced.

Dr. Bourque's Speech.
Dr. Bourque, who moved the adjournment of the debate last evening delivered an excellent speech this afternoon. Coming from an agricultural county, Dr. Bourque, naturally devoted a larger part of his time to a discussion of this important industry. While denouncing the general policy of the government, he scored Mr. Copp for his misstatement concerning the financial condition of the province in a newspaper interview last December.

Regarding the over-expenditure of the government for bridge repairs, he pointed out the deplorable condition bridges were in when the change of government took place and said that the expenditure for the past four years had been fully justified by results. Instead of the tumbled down, rotten bridges which the present administration found when they came into power, the bridges throughout the country were safe for traffic and roads greatly improved. The enormous increase in territorial revenue which has been brought about by the present administration was conclusive evidence of an honest intention on the part of the government to rectify the province its due from crown lands.

Continued on page two.

MONCTON PEOPLE DISCUSS SINGLE TAX LEGISLATION

Old-fashioned Town Meeting Considers Bill Sent to Legislature—Braydo Case in Court.

Moncton, March 27.—Ratepayers tonight discussed the single tax bill sent to the legislature in an old-fashioned town meeting. The W. C. T. Union Hall was crowded, and there was some confusion, but a motion asking for the elimination of the main feature of the bill was declared carried.

The object of the bill is to reduce the tax on buildings and improvements until they shall be free in four years as advocated, principally by members of the Trades and Labor Council.

Under the bill personal property and income are to be taxed as at present.

GERMANY TO OPPOSE ANY ATTEMPT FOR THE PARTITION OF CHINA

German Budget Committee Approves Appropriation for Reinforcement of Troops in Kiaochow.

Berlin, Mar. 27.—Alfred Zimmermann, under secretary at the foreign office, during the discussion of the budget for the German colony in China in committee, said that President Yuan Shi Kai was worthy of confidence, but that he had shown himself to be not fully equal to the emergency during the recent disturbances in Peking and elsewhere. The government would have complete control of the situation if it were quickly furnished with money.

Germany, he said, would oppose every attempt at the partition of China and would follow with the other powers a policy of non-intervention, or eventually a joint action. The dispatchers in China, he declared, were not ended and the strengthening of the German forces in Kiaochow by another 500 men was urgently required.

The budget committee approved the declarations of the Under-Secretary of State and appropriations for the sending of reinforcements to Kiaochow several socialist deputies voting in the affirmative.

WELL LIKELY SOON TO RETURN TO THE MINES

INFECTED OF POTATOES THREATENED

Diseased Tubers Being Imported to Canada from Europe.

Dominion Botanist Warns Consumer to Examine Potatoes for Traces of Canker Before Using.

Ottawa, Mar. 27.—The scarcity of potatoes in Canada this year and the consequent importation of tubers may have a serious effect on the health of the consumers and also on the future of potato growing in Canada. The trouble is the disease which exists in potatoes from Great Britain, Ireland and other European countries.

A bulletin issued by H. T. Gussow, Dominion botanist, at the experimental farm, explains how potato canker has found its way across the Atlantic into Newfoundland with potatoes imported from Europe. Potato canker, he points out, is a disease at present unknown in Canada. It is one of the most serious diseases affecting not only the farm lands on which potatoes are grown, but the disease is also decidedly injurious to the health of the consumer of affected potatoes. Boiling does not destroy the injurious properties.

The disease is characterized by nodular excrescences which may often be larger than the tuber itself. These cankers affect the eyes of the potatoes and are very small in the early stages. Any tubers found with smaller or larger outgrowths, rising from where the eyes are situated, should under no consideration be used for seed or for planting. Farmers and consumers should be especially careful in using potatoes that may have been imported from Great Britain or the continent of Europe. Suspicious looking tubers should be destroyed by fire and not be thrown on the ground or the disease, if present will establish itself permanently in the soil.

DELEGATES IN THE CAPITAL

West Indies Will Discuss Reciprocal Trade With the Dominion—To Be Entertained By Duke.

Special to The Standard.
Ottawa, March 27.—The delegates of the West Indian governments who will discuss with the Canadian government a reciprocal trade arrangement, arrived in Ottawa from Montreal tonight, and will have their first conference tomorrow morning with representatives of the cabinet, Hon. Messrs. Foster, White and Reid.

The conferences, which will take place in one of the House of Commons committee rooms, will likely extend over several days, and strong hopes are entertained that a substantial reciprocal arrangement will result.

Canada will probably offer to admit free or at reduced rates the staple products of the islands in return for similar treatment to Canadian lumber, fish and certain manufactured products. The delegates have brought along trunks full of papers and statistics. For the expenses of the conference \$5,000 has been appropriated. The entertainment includes a dinner at Government House by the Duke of Connaught.

CHANGE IN ROUTE OF THE RAILWAY SEEMS PROBABLE

Special to The Standard.
Ottawa, Mar. 27.—As a result of the discussion of the bill to grant a subsidy for a railway from Moncton to Albert Mines will likely be amended on its third reading, it is now proposed to construct the new line from Moncton to Rosedale to serve the development of the shale industry at that place.

Ballot Will Probably End The British Coal Strike

RESUME AT EASTER

Believe Men Will Not Continue Struggle Thereafter—Government Will Take Immediate Steps to Act Upon Legislation

London, Mar. 27.—The event of the day in connection with the coal strike was the prompt decision of the Miners' Federation to take a ballot on the question of terminating the strike. The ballot papers reads: "Are you in favor of resuming work pending the settlement of the minimum wage? The wages in the various grades by the district boards to be appointed under the coal mines minimum wage act?" When it is remembered that 115,000 men voted against commencing the strike, little doubt is that that majority will now vote in favor of its termination, especially as the view is gathering force among the miners that the mine owners are trying to prolong the strike in order to bleed the men's unions, which will render them powerless to renew the struggle for a long time to come.

The prospect tonight therefore, is that the strike may end in a week, although there will be no general resumption until after Easter.

Regret is now generally expressed that Premier Asquith, at the inspiration, as alleged, of Sir Edward Grey, wasted valuable time in vainly seeking independent settlement instead of pushing the wage bill. The coal owners having agreed to reopen the mines, no further delay will be incurred on that score.

The government will take immediate steps to organize the district boards under the bill, so that everything will be in readiness when the men are willing to resume. A meeting of the Liberal members of the House of Commons representing the minimum constituencies has been arranged by the government whips for tomorrow, at which the Prime Minister will make an important statement on the attitude of the government. This meeting is expected to have an ameliorating effect on the situation, but no labor men have been invited to attend.

The House of Lords tonight passed the second reading of the minimum wage bill without division. During the course of the debate Lord Lansdowne said that the opposition would not amend the bill or delay its passage, but the minister must accept full responsibility for the bill and the government and their supporters be added, had a good word for the bill, which failed to satisfy either of the disputants. Other opposition speakers denounced the bill in a similar strain.

Owing to some hitch in the wording of a government amendment and its failure to suit both sides of the House, the Marquis of Crewe announced that the committee stage would be postponed until Thursday. This will result in delaying the royal assent until Friday.

Reports from the mining centres tonight point to the probability of a large majority in the taking of the ballot of the men in favor of resumption, but it is doubtful if much work is done until after the Easter holidays, in Derbyshire a majority for the resumption of work is considered certain. The same may be predicted for Cumberland, Durham, Nottingham, Yorkshire, Staffordshire, North Wales and possibly Scotland. But though in Scotland as in South Wales there are large sections in favor of maintaining the fight they may, in view of the distress from the unexpected prolonged struggle be outnumbered by those who wish to resume and make the best of the government bill. The Warwickshire miners are expected to start tomorrow.

THIRTY SAILORS MAROONED ON WASHINGTON IS

Government Despatches Mail Steamer Makura to Relief of Seamen Stranded on Pacific Island.

Ottawa, March 27.—The government in compliance with a request has ordered the steamship Makura, of the South Sea Island Postal Service, to proceed to Washington Island and take off 30 ship-wrecked sailors who are marooned there.

A NUMBER OF SUFFRAGISTS IMPRISONED

Further Installment Sentenced On Window Breaking Charges.

One Woman Left Husband, Children and Home and Will Not Return Till Fight is Won.

London, Mar. 27.—Another batch of suffragists was sent to prison today by Judge Robert Wallace, chairman of the London sessions, at the resumption of the trial of the women charged with window smashing. During the women were sentenced to four months imprisonment, but some of them who had been previously convicted were given six months while one of them, who had been twice previously convicted had the distinction of getting eight months.

Mrs. Alice Green, who refused to be bound over to keep the peace, and was sentenced to four months' imprisonment, said with a catch in her voice: "Since Thursday I have given up my home, husband and children in order to go into this movement, and I will not go back until women get the vote."

Mrs. Pankhurst, and Mrs. F. Thick Lawrence, joint editors of Votes for Women and Mrs. Tuke, were brought up again in the Bow Street police court today at the resumption of the hearing of the charge of conspiracy and inciting to commit malicious damage to property. The hearing lasted throughout the day.

The court was filled with well-dressed women at an early hour. The evidence given today dealt with big sums paid by the Women's Social and Political Union for the hire of halls, in one case alone \$4,500 was paid. A banker called as a witness testified that checks had been drawn by the four prisoners on behalf of the Women's Social and Political Union whose credit balance in December was \$115,000. After the arrest of the accused the sum of \$35,000 was withdrawn on a check and the credit balance now amounted to only \$1,500.

A human touch was introduced into the case by the production of a letter written by Mrs. Pankhurst to Dr. Ethel Smyth, who was sentenced on March 9 to two months' imprisonment at hard labor for participating in a window breaking expedition in the shopping district of London in March. The letter commenced: "My darling Ethel," and in it appeared the sentence: "On Friday there will be a skirmish in which some of our bad bold ones will take part."

HOUSE TRANSACTS ROUTINE BUSINESS WITH MUCH ENERGY

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Mar. 27.—The House today dispatched government business with much energy, a number of measures being advanced. The bill adding part of Keewatin to Ontario, got a third reading. Mr. Monk's bill to increase the subsidy to dry docks was passed and so were several other bills.

Mr. Foster advanced his bill to amend the inspection and sale act. The clauses which render more stringent the provisions as to the marketing of barrels, packages, with the full name of the manufacturer or packer, were passed. The minister, however, dropped the clauses prescribing the weights of various vegetables including potatoes with regard to the bushel, bag or barrel. The House spent the latter part of the afternoon in committee on the subsidies bill.

Discussion arose over two New Brunswick roads; the to Beersville line and the new line from Albert to Moncton.

In the evening Col. Hughes' bill to grant \$100 to the Fenian Raid Veterans was passed. After explaining the bill, Col. Hughes announced his willingness to accept an amendment extending the grant to the survivors who may be living outside of Canada. Mr. Crothers supported this suggestion that the grant be given to veterans "living" instead of to veterans "now in Canada." Later he suggested that the grant be extended to widows. There was further discussion as to whether the militia called out for drill during the raid, but not sent to the front, were entitled to the grant.

Our Forced Removal Sale is Meeting With Great Success

The following is a Partial List of The Exceptional Bargains Offered.

Table listing various goods and their prices, including boots and shoes, men's overcoats, suits, and children's clothing.

THE ASEPTO STORE

Cor. Mill and Union Sts.

COUNTRY PAYS DEARLY FOR OLD GOVERNMENT'S MISMANAGEMENT

Continued from page one.

Acadian people throughout the province appreciated to the fullest extent the good work that had been done on their behalf by the Hazen government as well as that which the Flemington government was now doing.

Emmerson's policy was not inaugurated until 1898 and in the previous year 205,407 bushels of wheat were grown in New Brunswick. Two years later after the erection of a number of mills in different sections of the province, the highest record attained was 504,301 bushels.

butler is now made in the farm houses of the country than ever before. Mr. Leger's deductions regarding the expenditures of the province in other directions were about as reliable as his figures on agriculture.

Mr. Maxwell who followed the member for Westmorland made a splendid defence of the policy of the government, contrasting the expenditures of the present administration with those of the previous administration for the important public services.

farmer, was not yet fully supplied. He alluded to the successful efforts for the success agricultural products of the province. Mr. Burchill's allusions to the increased interest charges paid by the present government were shown to be due to the extravagance and misgovernment of their predecessors.

The House met at three o'clock. Mr. Munro introduced a bill to amend Chap. 54, 11th Victoria, 1848. Mr. Robinson introduced a bill to amend an act to authorize the Board of School Trustees of Moncton to issue debentures.

Mr. Slipp presented a petition in favor of a bill to amend an act incorporating Fraser's Ltd. Hon. Dr. Landry introduced a bill relating to the agricultural act of Canada 1911-12.

Mr. Bourque on the order of the day, being called resumed the debate on the budget. While he had not taken up much of the time of the House in the way of speech making, he had made the hope of representing Kent county in this House, he had nevertheless spent some time in making a careful study of the finances of the province and an impartial comparison between the methods of the government and the old administration.

He had been amused at the zeal of his honorable friend, the leader of the opposition on the day following his (Copp's) appointment, when he had launched into a criticism of the financial statement, which criticism was probably the most reckless ever given by a public man.

Not only was he dissatisfied with the figures, but he had done so in a manner that left the impression among those not acquainted with the facts that the province was in a helpless financial condition.

Mr. Maxwell pointed out that the home market was not yet supplied, and that between four and five million dollars worth of agricultural products are annually imported into New Brunswick, showing that the home market, most profitable of all to the

previous year it had to pay them last year, which would balance the 1906 bill and leave the province with held from the financial statement.

The great question, however, was if the over expenditure was absolutely necessary in the public interests. If there was a demand on the government for extended necessary repairs to important bridges would the government be doing its duty if it hesitated to make these repairs, even if thereby the estimate was over-expended.

Stumpage Collection. The Surveyor-General's Department showed satisfactory results since the overthrow of the old government. Mr. Hazen had promised an honest collection of stumpage, and the increase in territorial revenue gave ample evidence that that promise was faithfully carried out.

He would suggest that the government should at an early date as possible announce their policy with respect to the twenty-five year leases which would be expiring in the next five or six years.

Mr. Plinder introduced a bill relating to Agricultural Society No. 24. Mr. Jones presented a petition in favor of a bill to incorporate the Sussex, Studholm and Havelock Railway Co.

Mr. Robinson introduced bills to enable the city council of Moncton to acquire certain lands and to amend an act relating to the assessment rates and taxes in Moncton also to fix the valuation on certain properties for taxation purposes.

He regretted that although New Brunswick had thousands and thousands of acres of the best farming lands that large sums of money were sent out of the province annually to purchase food supplies.

The French were living on terms of good friendship with their English, Irish, Scotch and Canadian neighbors, and he felt that all races and creeds were imbued with a spirit of optimism so prevalent in every part of the province and were looking forward to the greater New Brunswick which all hoped to see during the early years of the Flemington administration.

Mr. Leger (Westmorland) said he endorsed the sentiments of loyalty expressed by previous speakers and prayed that the King and Queen might long be spared to govern the glorious

What they should have done was to have told the government that it more farm producing in this province, and that was just exactly what the government had been doing.

The honorable member for Westmorland (Mr. Sweeney) had spent three hours some days ago in addressing the House, and when he got through no intelligent man could see where there had been any criticism of the budget delivered by his esteemed friend the honorable the Provincial Secretary.

The honorable gentlemen opposite had said that this government was not deserving of credit for having collected the amounts due to the Provincial Hospital. But why did not the honorable gentlemen opposite, when they were in power, collect the revenue from this source?

The honorable gentlemen opposite seemed to take pleasure in saying that this government was only following the course that they had adopted, and that they had blazed the trail. If this government had followed the trail that they blazed, the province

TODAY OPERA HOUSE. Also Friday and Saturday Afternoons and Evenings. The Pleasure is All Yours! SARAH BERNHARDT WITH REJANE In Wonderful Motion Picture "CAMILLE"

\$15.00 A SEAT. Would be the admission fee to see the Great Sarah Bernhardt OR THE WONDERFUL Rejane. ST. JOHN WILL SEE SARAH BERNHARDT IN HER PORTRAYAL OF "CAMILLE"

GRITZ 25c. For a 5 lb. Bag. CORRECTLY FITTED GLASSES will give you better or more comfortable vision and often prevent eyestrain that results in headache, nervousness, dizziness, etc.

DIED. ROBINSON—At the home of M. J. Watson, Manawagonish Road, on the 27th inst., Mrs. James Robinson, widow of James Robinson. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CAMPBELL—On the 26th inst. Gertrude, wife of A. H. Campbell, in her 35th year, leaving her husband, one daughter, another, three brothers, two sisters to mourn their sad loss.

Duties Neglected. When this government came into office it was found that not only the crown lands department but other departments were in a state of bankruptcy, for that trail had been a stretch in the nostrils of this province for the past four years.

The honorable gentlemen opposite had referred to an expenditure occurring in the Auditor General's report amounting to \$2,672 for "extension of markets." While the question should not enter into this discussion at all, nevertheless it had been referred to and he could say that the members on the government side of the House would be glad to know that reciprocity had been defeated on the 21st of September last.

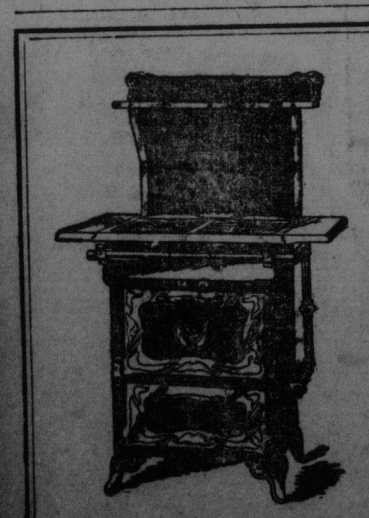
The honorable member for Carleton had referred to this expenditure of \$2,672 as useless expenditure, and had said, with some gusto, that his great bugbear, the C. P. R., had got \$95 of the amount, but he did not have the common honesty to read to the House that that payment to the C. P. R. had been tolls for the storage of potatoes in the warehouse at St. John, and that the money had not come out of the province at all, but had been paid by shippers.

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Ever Eat Bread Baked With One Dollar Gas?

You'd be surprised at how much better it is than bread baked by the ordinary, old-time fuel; you'd be simply delighted with the great, wholesome loaves, with their beautiful, golden brown crusts and soft, even texture, retaining every bit of the nutritious part of the flour; the kind of bread you have often longed for.

If you will come on Friday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, to the Free Cooking Demonstration in our showroom; Mr. W. J. Thompson, the expert demonstrator will, with the assistance of Vincent the Caterer, show you just why One Dollar Gas gives the best results in bread baking, and at the same time effects a tremendous saving in time, labor and fuel, all of which, in fact, it reduces to the minimum.

Friday's Menu

- Vegetable Soup, Broiled Fish, Parsley Sauce, Roast Leg of Lamb, Roast Potatoes, Carolina Pudding, Baked Apples, Bread Pastry, Tea Coffee Cocoa

Complaints

receive prompt, careful attention. Phone Main 2430

Demonstration Begins at 3 o'clock sharp THE SAINT JOHN RAILWAY COMPANY Showrooms . . . Cor. Dock and Union Streets

MY FUNNIEST STORY
When Reuben Sought Knowledge

BY JANE GREY.



JANE GREY.

My best story isn't a story at all, it's an actual occurrence. I was getting a manure on the other day, when the door of the establishment opened very slowly, and in came a real comic supplement type of "Rube"...

HYDRO-ELECTRIC
BILL IN COMMITTEE

Proposal is Considerably Amended and Discuss on Is Sprited-Sayre Company Objects to Hartland Power Bill

Fredericton, March 26.—All other committees suspended business this morning for the meeting of the hydro-electric bill committee...

DANGEROUS MALADY
ATTACKS THE HORSES

Cases of Glanders Discovered at Waterborough, First in Province - Curious Coin Passed in Change.

Waterborough, Mar. 26.—The farmers in this section are very much alarmed about two valuable horses belonging to Wm. Kelley, developed glanders and were ordered shot by Dr. McWade...

THE SACKVILLE NEWS LETTER

Sackville, Mar. 25.—Dr. E. M. Copp, B. C. Raworth and P. T. Tingley, left last week on a trip to Winnipeg.

Duncan Smith, of St. John, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Reid this week.

Walter Wood, of Edmonton, Alberta, is visiting his mother, Mrs. R. D. Wood, Baie Verte, after an absence of seven years.

A pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Goodwin, Baie Verte, when their daughter, Edith was united in marriage to Alton Atkinson, of Fort Lawrence.

Among those attending the Association of Farmers and Dairyman at Fredericton, were I. C. Harper, B. M. Pawcett, A. H. McCready, P. G. Mahoney, Ashley George, A. C. Pawcett.

The annual meeting of the Port Elgin Gun Club was held recently with officers elected as follows: Pres., C. H. Reid; vice-pres., Dr. H. R. Carter; treas., P. C. Robinson; secretary, C. B. Copp; members of field com., W. S. Chapman, W. M. Spence, T. J. Allen; field captain, E. B. Allen.

A dramatic recital under the auspices of the Women's Civic Council was given in the Assembly Hall of the High School on Friday evening.

Interesting evangelistic services have been in progress at Main Street Baptist church the past three weeks.

On Sunday evening nine candidates were baptized and received into membership by the pastor Rev. H. C. Campbell.

A dramatic recital under the auspices of the Women's Civic Council was given in the Assembly Hall of the High School on Friday evening.

George Rankine, Chipman, Q. Co., had two horses shot on Saturday in order of the Dominion veterinary surgeon who being summoned to examine the horses found them infected with glanders.

When Slocum is moving the contents of his store which he recently sold to Dr. C. Mott to Jemeg, Q. Co., where he will start a larger general store which he will open for trade at an early date.

Your correspondent has in his possession a counterfeit American dime, and the strange feature about it is that it is brass and was at one time silver plated so as to resemble the genuine American coin.

Mrs. Prescott, wife of William Prescott, collector of customs at Baie Verte, died very suddenly on Sunday evening, after an attack of apoplexy.

Mrs. Read, widow of Cyrus Read, passed away at Point de Bute on Wednesday, aged 68 years.

Mrs. Brown—Did you see that talking doll that they wind up at the store? Acts almost like a human being, doesn't it?

No, it doesn't! You never heard a woman stop talking because you didn't wind her up!—Yonkers Statesman.

Nowadays, Pa, what's a playwright? A man who writes stuff to go with the scenery, my son.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

MADE IN CANADA CONTAINS NO ALUM CONFORMS TO THE HIGH STANDARD OF GILLETT'S GOODS.

ELECTION CARDS

A Vote for John McGoldrick

means the placing of a man in charge of Public Works who has had the confidence of the People for Twenty-Five Years.

ELECTION CARD

Ladies and Gentlemen, Electors of the city of St. John:

In response to the request of a large number of citizens, I offer myself as a candidate for the commission, and respectfully solicit your support.

I beg to appeal to all classes for support, pledging myself to give the best service I possibly can, in co-operation with the other commissioners whom you may elect.

Yours respectfully T. H. SOMMERVILLE.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

Any person who is the sole head of a family or any male over 18 years of age, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 40 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$50 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.

Deputy of the Minister, CORY, N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Exhibition Tenders

Individual tenders will be received up to noon, Monday, April 15th, for the various concessions in connection with the 1912 Exhibition—such as the Pike privileges, Amusement Hall, Confectionery, Cigars, Mineral Water, Dining Rooms, etc.

WINTER OVERCOATING

Latest Styles and Newest Cloths. J. S. MacLENNAN, 73 Union St., W. E.

ROBT. MAXWELL

Mason and Builder, Valuator and Appraiser. General Jobbing Promptly done. Office 16 Sydney Street. Tel. 823. Res. 385 Union Street.

WATERPROOF

NOW'S THE TIME for Rubber Boots (we have the "tough soles"), Tweed and Rubber Surface Coats for Men and Boys, Fremen, Seamen and Drivers' Coats, Automobile Garments, Knee Rugs, Horse Covers, Oiled Clothing for all purposes. ESTEY & CO., Selling Agents for Manufacturers. 49 Dock Street.

Valuable Freehold Building Lots

Also Two Storey House on freehold lot 33 by 120 feet, more or less, on Pleasant and Summit streets, West St. John.

BY AUCTION. At Chubb's Corner on Saturday morning, March 30th, at 12 o'clock noon, I am instructed to sell one block of freehold property consisting of 4 lots on Summer street, 25 by 100 ft., more or less; 2 in rear, 31 by 100 ft., more or less, making a block of 200 by 100 feet. This is a fine chance for investment as lots will be much higher in this section.

F. L. POTTS, Auctioneer.

TENDERS

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned at Ottawa, and endorsed "Tender for Fog Alarm Stations in New Brunswick," will be received up to noon of the TWENTIETH DAY OF APRIL, 1912, for supplying and delivering the steam coal required for the fog alarm stations in the New Brunswick Agency, during a period of one, two or three years at the option of the Department.

Specifications and tender forms can be obtained from the Marine Department at Ottawa, and from the Agent of this Department at St. John, N. B.

All tenders must be accompanied by an accepted cheque, equal to 5 per cent. of the total amount of the offer for one season, which cheque will be forfeited if the successful tenderer declines to enter into the contract prepared by the Department or fails to deliver the coal in accordance with the contract and specification. Cheques will be returned to unsuccessful tenderers. The Department reserves the right to accept the whole or any part of a tender. Newspapers copying this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be held responsible.

ALEXANDER JOHNSTON, Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa, Canada. 14th March, 1912.

TENDERS FOR FERRY SERVICE

Perry's Point, King's County SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Department of Public Works, Fredericton, N. B., up to Thursday, the fourth day of April, 1912, for supplying a suitable ferry service at Perry's Point, King's County, from the opening to the closing of navigation, each day, from daylight to dark. A lump sum tender is requested.

JOHN MORRISSEY, Chief Commissioner, Department of Public Works, Fredericton, N. B. March 26th, 1912.

NOTICE

Application will be made at the present session of the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick for an Act to authorize The Saint John Railway Company to increase its capital stock and respecting an issue of the Bonds of the said Company.

Dated this first day of March, A. D. 1912. WELDON & McLEAN, Solicitors.

PROFESSIONAL

INCHES & HAZEN C. F. INCHES. D. KING HAZEN, Barristers, etc. 108 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET. Phone Main 380.

S. A. M. SKINNER, BARRISTER,

17 Pugsley's Building, St. John, N. B.

HORSE CLIPPING

ELECTRIC CLIPPING—Horses clipped and groomed while you wait at Short's Stable, Union Street. Only electric clipper in the city.

ENGRAVERS.

F. C. WESLEY & CO., Artists, Engravers and Electrotypers, 59 Water Street, St. John, N. B. Telephone 982.

S. Z. DICKSON,

Produce Commission Merchant Western Beef, Pork, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Potatoes, Lamb, Poultry, Game in Season. Phone Main 252. 8-11 City Market.

A Pure Hard Soap. Peculiar and Remarkable Qualities for Washing Clothes. SURPRISE Good for all Uses. Makes "Child's Play of Wash Day"

Classified Advertising. One cent per word each insertion. Discount of 33 1-3 per cent. on advertisements running one week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum charge 25 cents.

If You Wish to Sell Your Property List it With Us. We make a specialty of selling Warehouses, Stores, Office Buildings, Hotels, Tenement Houses, Residences and Farms. If you are in the market to buy, Call and See Us, we have a large well assorted list of desirable properties. No Sale, No Commission. Rental Properties—Moving day is near at hand. If your property is not rented, place it on our rental list. We have the best facilities for finding a tenant for you. People are inquiring about properties at our office every day. ALLISON & THOMAS, 68 Prince Wm. St. Phone M1202

FOR SALE. New Domestic and New Home, and cheap sewing machines, \$5 up. See them in my shop. Genuine needles, all kinds and oil. Edison improved phonographs, \$16.50. Phonographs and sewing machines repaired. William Crawford, 105 Princess street, opposite White store.

For Sale Sch. ROMEO IN TONS Apply Peter McIntyre

FOR SALE—At a bargain, a Pitner gasoline lighting plant. Complete in every detail. Apply P. M. O'Neill, 15 North Wharf.

FOR SALE—Freehold property, 3 storey brick building with 2 1-2 storey wooden tenement adjoining. Situated corner Middle and Brussels street. Apply J. A. Barry, Robinson Bldg.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Store No. 27 and 28 South Wharf, now occupied by Messrs. Killam Bros. Apply to A. A. Wilson, Esq., Barrister, Prince Wm. street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—200 acres fronting on St. John river and Tenants' Cove, opposite Evandale, contains new house, wood house and barn, other buildings in good repair. This is a grand opportunity for a man to purchase a farm. The Valley railway station will be within a quarter of a mile. Apply Vanwart Bros., St. John, N. B.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, 100 acre farm 35 miles from St. John, on the C. P. R. Good house (11 rooms) and barn, water to both by pipes. Also farm near Oak Point and other farms at bargain. Public warehouses for storing light and heavy goods. J. H. Poole and Son, Realty and Business Brokers, 18 to 28 Nelson street. Phone M. 935-11.

FOR SALE—Second Hand National Cash Register. Apply at once, Box 68.

JUST ARRIVED—Two carloads of choice HORSES, weighing from 1000 to 1500 lbs. For sale at EDWARD HOGAN'S Stables, Waterloo St. Phone 1557.

WANTED. WANTED—Painters wanted, call at 142 Princess street between 12 and 1 o'clock noon, or 7 and 8, evening.

WANTED—Young man for general office work with knowledge of stenography. Apply "Clerk," P. O. Box 38.

WANTED—Would like to hear from persons having good smart Portable Rotary Saw Mill complete, with a view of saving by the thousand. Steady work guaranteed to right party. Address, P. O. Box 128, Perth, Victoria county, N. B.

WANTED—Two tenement freehold property in any good locality, east or west side. Please drop post card with price to "Purchaser," P. O. Box 42, city.

WANTED—Coat, vest and pant makers, at Gilmour's, 68 King street. A desirable opportunity for those who wish to get steady employment at fine tailoring exclusively.

WANTED—A barber; good wages. Apply to M. G. Gibbs, Sackville.

SITUATIONS VACANT. SALESMEN—\$50 per week selling one hand Egg Beater. Sample and terms 25c. Money refunded if unsatisfactory. Collette Mfg. Co., Coltingwood, Ont.

Machinery Bulletin FOR STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS. Rock Drills, Concrete, Iron Working, Wood Working, Saw Mill Machinery. Belting, Babbit, Shafting, Tool Steel, Mill and Factory Supplies. Write, Call or Phone 1485.

The A. R. Williams Machinery Co. Of St. John, Ltd. 15 Dock St.

TO LET. TO LET—Bright upper flat, corner Vail and Canon streets, Can be seen Tuesday and Friday afternoons. Inquire 37 Wright street. Phone 1292-21.

TO LET—Rooms to let for summer or all year, close to station. For particulars write or phone D. W. McKenzie, Neptune Station, C. P. R.

SHOP TO LET—Shop situated No. 227 Union street, inquire on premises for MacRae, Sinclair and MacRae, Pugsley Building.

FLATS TO RENT—One situated 123 King St. East. Seen any time. All up upper and middle flats 23 Dorchester street. Seen Tuesday and Friday afternoons. Each flat has all latest improvements, heating, electric lighting, etc. Apply Amon A. Wilson, Main, 526.

OFFICES TO LET—Heated. Apply The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd., Cor. North Wharf and Dock street.

LARGE STORE TO LET—Store No. 15 Mill street, steam heating; vault; hardwood floor; shipping vault on Drury Lane; freight elevator; well lighted front, and rear could be converted into an excellent suite of offices. Also part of fourth flat. Apply to John O'Regan, 17 Mill St., city.

TO LET—From 1st May, a commodious dwelling house 118 Pitt street, now occupied by W. H. DeVeber Esq., Seen Mondays. Apply E. T. C. Knowles, 62 Princess street.

TO LET—Stores in new building corner Union and Brussels streets. Heated. Apply H. McCullough, 71 Dock street. Phone 500.

LOST. LOST—Saturday afternoon in Opera House, or vicinity, lady's gold topaz brooch. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning to W. E. Raymond, Royal Hotel.

HELP WANTED. Fifteen dollars and expenses weekly for trustworthy man or woman to act as our travelling representative. Previous experience not required. Expense money advanced. Commence in home territory, write for particulars to Winston, Limited, Toronto.

FOUND. RUBBER STAMPS of all descriptions, Stencils, Stencil Ink, Brushes, Automatic Numbering Machines, High-Class Brass Sign Work. We buy and sell Second-Hand and Almost New National Cash Registers. We can save you agent's big commission. Merchants who intend buying high-grade Cash Registers, write us. We can save you money. R. J. Logan, 73 Germain street.

POSITION WANTED. POSITION WANTED—Traveller wants position with grocery or tobacco company. Good references. H. Earle Wiggins, Young's Cove Road, N. B.

The Standard

Published by The Standard Limited, 22 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B., Canada.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1912.

MR. BURCHILL'S LUMBER FIGURES.

Mr. Burchill, who was elected as an independent member of the House, from Northumberland at a bye-election in 1908, has proved himself to be the star orator of the Opposition, particularly on the lumber question. During the budget debate of last year he made a speech which was remarkable for considerable bitterness regarding the treatment accorded the lumbermen of the Province by the Government. On Monday night he repeated this speech with some additions. Mr. Burchill is considerable of a pester and would have the House believe that he is perfectly candid in all that he says and that all the statements he makes are made solely in the public interest; that he is more deeply interested in the preservation of the forests and the future of New Brunswick than he is in making money out of the lumber he cuts on the public domain.

The unselfish character of Mr. Burchill was demonstrated a few years ago by the deep interest he took in the Northumberland deal, one of the most scandalous transactions that ever took place in the history of New Brunswick politics and out of which he secured the Speakership of the House of Assembly.

Mr. Burchill has also displayed his interest in the preservation of the forests of New Brunswick by attending those gatherings of lumbermen and others known as "Forestry Conventions," wherever they are held. Mr. Burchill is not a silent member at these gatherings, and his voice has been frequently heard in support of resolutions favoring greater protection for the forests.

From all appearances Mr. Burchill is as great a pester at these conventions as he is in the Legislature, for, according to official reports, his operations in the woods have been carried on in the most destructive manner possible and without any regard to the future preservation of the forests or even the public revenue.

During the course of his speech last year on the budget Surveyor General Grimmer read a letter from the superintendent of scalers regarding the operations of Mr. Burchill on the Crown land leases held by him. Here is the letter in full:

March 20th, 1911.
Hon. W. C. H. Grimmer, Surveyor General.

Dear Sir.—I beg leave to state that it is reported by our scalers that in the operation of J. P. Burchill this winter, he has neglected to take out his tops and it is estimated that there are fully twenty-five per cent. of the lumber which he should have taken out left in the woods. His operators have made it a practice of only taking one butt log out of a tree. Of course there are exceptions, but generally this has been the case. Anywhere through his works, so it is reported, can be found top logs twelve and fourteen feet long which would top off six and seven inches.

Yours truly,
(Sgd.) W. H. BERRY.

From this it would seem that Mr. Burchill holds only a few of lumbering and forest protection for his convention speeches and another for his practical operations in the woods.

The figures which Mr. Burchill produced to prove that the increased stumpage returns were due to an increased cut were somewhat unusual and very incomplete. Mr. Burchill has had a good deal to say on this question because it affects him personally. Notwithstanding his assertion that he has not cut a single stick of lumber more than he formerly did, he is now paying about double the stumpage he previously paid and it is a somewhat remarkable thing that just about double the stumpage is now being collected than was collected by the old Government. Mr. Burchill's own statement therefore, regarding his own business is about as good evidence as any yet produced by the Government that the lumber cut in the Province has not been increased though the Government is collecting about twice as much from stumpage as its predecessors got.

Just where Mr. Burchill got the figures he read in the House on Monday night, no one seems to know, but there is a strong presumption that at least some of them are incorrect. In 1903 Hon. Mr. Morrissey, then in Opposition, made the charge that the old Government were not collecting the full stumpage from the lumber operators and during the course of the session Surveyor General Dunn trotted out some figures that bear a very strong resemblance to those furnished by Mr. Burchill. Mr. Dunn's figures were not correct but had been made up with great care for the purpose of deceiving the people into the belief that the Government was collecting all the stumpage that was their due. One of the principal features of these figures was the amount of lumber held over on the Miramichi, at Campbellton and Bathurst. Hitherto this has been a jealously guarded secret, as exact knowledge concerning the quantity of lumber in stock, particularly if the quantity was large, was supposed to affect the spring market. But in 1903 and again in 1912 there is no hesitancy in making this secret public, be the effect on the market what it may.

Mr. Burchill in a most matter of fact tone informed the House that this year there are sixty millions of lumber awaiting shipment. This is about half of an average year's output on the Miramichi. Unfortunately he gave no particulars as to who was holding this immense quantity of lumber but dealt in generalities only. Mr. Burchill will have to be more specific in his statements before anyone will take them as a serious answer to the facts and figures which Hon. Mr. Grimmer laid before the Legislature last year concerning the lumber operations on the North Shore, facts and figures which neither Mr. Burchill or any member of the Opposition has ever touched upon since they were made.

THE RIGHTS OF THE PEOPLE.

The determination of the Borden Government to make the Grand Trunk Railway Company live up to its agreements is an encouraging sign of the times. The company has a bill before Parliament for the purpose of increasing its financial powers. In the Railway Committee of the House last week Hon. T. W. Crothers, Minister of Labor, referring to the failure of the company to restate its employees who went on strike in 1910, intimated that the Government was prepared to refuse the company's requests for special legislation unless the agreement which had been made with the men was carried out.

Mr. Crothers stated before the committee that the company should be made to implement its undertakings. He had so desired, he said, to hold up the bill and did not wish to place any unjust burden on any railway company. He had the original letter in which Mr. C. M. Hays pro-

posed to restate all the men not guilty of a violation of the law during the strike. That agreement had not been lived up to by the company and the only recourse now was to refuse the company's requests when they came before Parliament for legislation.

This specific statement by a member of the Government will prove somewhat embarrassing to Liberal organs. The Telegraph, for instance, was loudly declaring recently that "there is one thing that Mr. Borden will stand for through all varieties of political weather, that is for special privileges for the interests." The attitude of the Government in the case of the Grand Trunk is a clear indication that Mr. Borden stands for the rights of the common people.

A POLITICAL ACROBAT.

The antics of the Scott Government in Saskatchewan are worth watching. A provincial election is approaching and on the question of the Province controlling her natural resources Mr. Walter Scott, the Premier, has found himself between the devil and the deep sea. In 1903 when Mr. Scott was one of the supporters of Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the House of Commons he approved of the contention that the Western Provinces should control their own natural resources. In 1905 he capitulated to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, consented to Saskatchewan and Alberta being deprived of their natural assets, assisted in incorporating the surrender in the so-called Autonomy Act and accepted as his reward the Premiership of one of the new Provinces.

From that time right up to last year, as the Toronto News points out, Mr. Scott defended the land terms of the Autonomy Act as being wholly satisfactory to the Province and as absolutely meeting the constitutional and legal requirements of the situation. As late as October, 1910, he told a public meeting that anyone who wanted the land terms altered was a fit candidate for a lunatic asylum.

Last year the Alberta Government having demanded control of its own natural resources, Mr. Scott had to get partly into line, but, perhaps for consistency's sake, he still held out against provincial control of agricultural lands. But in this winter's session of the Saskatchewan Legislature the Premier has had to go all the way and adopt as his own policy that which Mr. Haultain has steadily advocated. The Opposition leader has a complete triumph, as have all advocates of provincial rights who for years carried on the struggle against the Laurier and Scott Governments.

In fear of the approaching provincial election the Scott Ministry has been forced to reverse its own policy and to seize the platform of the Opposition. It is probably the more ready to do this because there is no longer a Laurier Government to be embarrassed by a Saskatchewan in search of its rights. Both in Opposition and recently as Prime Minister, Mr. Borden has promised to lift Saskatchewan and Alberta to the political level of the rest of Confederation so far as that may be done by vesting in them the control of their own natural resources.

In the words of The Winnipeg Telegram, "the Government of Saskatchewan cannot have changed its opinion in twelve months on this subject. It may be a chameleon which is red when Ottawa is red, and blue when Ottawa is blue, but it seems more likely that it thinks it has discovered in this self-declared repudiation of its self-imposed statement of policy an opportunity to embarrass the present Ottawa Government. Its chief aim is, however, no doubt to save its own neck."

A BLOW TO FREE TRADE.

It is significant to note that tariff reform was a prominent question in the recent by-election in South Manchester, England, which resulted in the overwhelming defeat of the candidate of the free trade Liberal Government. In his election address Mr. Glazebrook, the Unionist candidate, said he believed that by a sound measure of tariff reform the greatest of all social reforms can be achieved—an increase of employment and of wages. In his first message to the electors forwarded before his return to England he further pointed out that the Insurance Act "renders tariff reform more urgently necessary to protect our trade and provide more employment." On the other hand Sir A. A. Haworth, who asked re-election on his appointment to office, laid special stress on the fact that he was a staunch and whole-hearted free trader, and appealed to the electors to give the tariff reformers "no chance of saying that the country is weakening upon that question." The Tariff Reform League took an active part in the contest, about twenty meetings being held daily, and addressed by forty-eight speakers. It is significant that Mr. Glazebrook boldly avowed his intention to support duties on food, yet the Unionist vote increased by 1322 as against a decrease of 1469 in the free trade vote.

The tariff reform movement will certainly be aided by declarations such as that made by Dr. Dalbrück, German secretary of state for the interior. Speaking in the Reichstag on March 4 he said: "There is no occasion for a change in our economic policy. The customs tariff has worked well on the whole. The necessary technical improvements are to be undertaken before the expiry of the commercial treaties. During the last thirty years the industry of foreign countries has grown stronger. We must go out to fight both for the home market and also for foreign markets. Tariffs do not help us against foreign countries that protect themselves. Owing to 'Free Trade' England has to put up with anything foreign countries think fit to do."

Nothing would more effectually aid the tariff reform campaign, says the Toronto World in commenting on this statement, than the development of the commercial treaty system among protected nations and their refusal to extend reductions arranged by reciprocal concessions to countries that have nothing to offer in return. That course is already followed by the United States and its adoption by continental nations, particularly Germany, would unquestionably stimulate the call for provision of the means of compelling the entrance of British products on equal terms.

Current Comment

(Montreal Gazette.)
Signor Santoro took fifteen days to sum up the evidence for the prosecution in the trial of the Cammorristi at Viterbo, Italy. Perhaps this was not long, considering that the case has been before the court for a year and four days. The law in Italy has the common weakness of being liable to move with leaden feet. If in this case it has moved surely, however, much may be forgiven. Some one deserves the most severe of punishments for the crimes the trial disclosed.

(Montreal Herald.)
The most significant item in the news of the day is that which tells of how a Lachute doctor perished in the effort to answer the call of a sick man, to reach whom he had to go twenty-five miles over mountain roads in a snowstorm. He kept on going afoot when the horses failed, and died on the way. And what is most significant about such a relation is that nobody is surprised by it.

(Kingston Standard.)
The price of anthracite coal has been going up for some years. Every time there is a strike of coal miners, it goes the price of coal; but when the strike is over it does not come down again. No matter whether the miners or the coal barons win, the public is bound to lose.

GREAT BOOTS

FOR...
Boy's Spring Wear

Plenty of Style.
Plenty of Room.
The greatest possible value for the money.
Solid Leather Innersoles.
Solid Leather Counters.
No Cut Off Vamps.
Will Stand Repairing.

Sizes 1 to 5; \$1.60, 1.70, 1.75, 1.90, 2.00, 2.25, 2.35, 2.50 and 3.00.
Sizes 11 to 13; \$1.40, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25 and 2.50

Francis & Vaughan
19 King Street

SILVER PLATED KNIVES AND FORKS

This offers you an opportunity of replenishing your Silver Knives and Forks at a great saving.
1847 Rogers Bros. 12 Dwt. knives and forks plain handles. Regular price, \$14. Special \$12.
Best quality silver plated knives and forks, in a variety of fancy patterns. Regular price \$13.50. Special \$11.75.
Table spoons, best quality silver-plated, plain and fancy patterns. Regular price, \$6 a doz. Special \$4.80.

W. Tremaine Gard
77 Charlotte Street.

A POSITION IN AN OFFICE

We can Prepare you and place you in the position—Stenographer or Bookkeeper.

FOR \$15.00

The J. R. CURRIE Commercial Institute,
85 and 87 Union Street. Phones: Office, 959; Res., 2233.



Established 1867

Our classes are much larger than ever before in our long history. We are grateful that our efforts to do good work are appreciated, and are striving to not only maintain, but to increase our reputation. Catalogue to any address.

S. KERR, Principal.

FOR EASTER Scenic Window Back Grounds,
250 a Square Foot
ST. JOHN SIGN CO.
143 1-2 Princess St., St. John, N. B.
Phone, Main 576.

POWERS SEEKING TO END THE TURCO-ITALIAN TROUBLE

Paris, Mar. 27.—The powers are again trying to bring the Turco-Italian war to an end. They are now engaged in exchanging notes relative to the proposed concerted action at Constantinople to induce the Porte to negotiate an agreement. The powers are especially desirous of terminating the conflict, as they believe that the Jingo public opinion of Italy will force the Italian government to make new naval demonstrations which would be liable to bring about international complications.

Death Follows The Surgeon's Knife

Surgery is the fad in medical treatment, and many doctors still recommend a surgical operation for piles. Too often the results are fatal to the patient and even when the operation is a success there is not always a cure.

There is a safer way to cure piles, a less risky and less expensive way. You are certain of obtaining relief by using Dr. Chase's Ointment, and if you persist in this treatment you can also be fully cured.

It is worth while to try Dr. Chase's Ointment, even if you have been told that an operation is necessary. Many have escaped the knife by using this ointment, others have been cured by its use after operations had failed.

REV. H. A. CODY WRITES ON THE NEW CHARTER

To the Editor of The Standard.
Sir—Every responsible person must acknowledge the splendid work which has been done by the framers of our new city charter. They have spared neither time or thought in carrying out their difficult and exacting task. To them we owe a sincere debt of gratitude. Nevertheless, as the coat of mail may have a point of weakness or the polished Damascus blade, a flaw, so it is true with any work of man. Achilles was invulnerable except in his heel, and that weak spot proved his undoing.

Some time ago I mentioned from the pulpit what I believed to be a weakness in our new city charter, and I have not changed my opinion since. When I considered the most wonderful charter ever given to man, viz: The Ten Commandments, I find that the recognition of the Creator is not only mentioned at the beginning, but is woven like a golden thread throughout the entire warp and woof. Those Ten Commandments have been the basis of the best charters ever formed by the mind of man. They were written with "the finger of God" and can we do better than follow the "patterns" which was given on the Mount?

The chairman of the charter committee was reported as saying that "the framing of the charter was a matter of politics, law and business and not religion." According to this statement, then, religion should have nothing to do with such subjects. But do we not find that the greatest and most beneficent nations have always considered the Divine strength as a very vital and integral part of their well-being? Is not British justice what it is today because of its marvellous religious fibre? Is not business raised to a higher level when it is conducted upon true religious principles? And politics—the science of government—becomes weak and nerveless, as history abundantly shows, when the creature is considered above the Creator. When the Queen of England was asked for the secret of England's greatness, did she point to her army, navy and industries? No. She pointed to the Bible, the Word of God as the explanation of it all.

It seems but natural and right in a Christian community when drafting an important charter, when so much is at stake, and when human minds are so liable to err, to recognize the need of Divine aid. Some years ago when an effort was made to erase the words "In God we trust," from the coins of the United States of America, a great protesting and successful outcry ensued. The motto "Dei Gratia." By the Grace of God, has recently been omitted from our own coins, but will, it is believed, be replaced in the future. If people desire to have it expressed in the currency of their country that material prosperity is by the Grace of God, a higher power, should they not be willing to do the same in reference to the government of a city?

We are a young nation and growing. Our city is on the eve of vast developments. Many complicated difficulties will confront us. Shall we follow the example of the builders of ancient Babel, leave God out of the question, and ignominiously fall, or shall we like young David, go forth to the battle in the name of the Lord Jehovah? A speaker at the citizens' meeting last night reminded me that the Bible says that we are to "Render unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's," but "And unto God the things that are God's."

Yours truly,
H. A. CODY.

Most Anything

Did You Know—

The term "Mossback" was originally applied to the Democrats of the United States after the American Civil War, the word being taken from that mud turtle which lies in stagnant water and accumulates a green mossy growth on its shell.

The man who jugged to a jig with a jug, got a jag.

Spring.
I'm languid; please pass The lassifarras.

Ponce de Leon found no cherries in the fountain of youth.

Don't recline over your lot. Let the kids play ball on it.

Johnny says:— Yesterday I played ball On the street;

I was to bat and I Happened to meet The ball on the nose; It rose in the air And busted a window.

My paw made a swear, But mamma said: "Dearie, Don't punish your pet. He's acting just like A real sufragee."

His Savings.
How much you got in the savings bank?

I asked Hi Hicks one day— "Well, now," says Hi, "my pile's so big I can't exactly say."

"I got a wife and three fine lads That thinks the world of me, A little outgate that was home, And one good apple tree.

"A garden grows beside my door To cheer the summer sun, And I can sit at evening And watch the shadows run.

"I have a little road to walk With flowers on each side, There's rivers here, and forests there, And stars at eventide.

"I have a lovely wad of spring, The dandelion's gold, The heavenly orchestra of birds, The sun-kissed hills unrolled.

"I have the splendors of the dawn— The splendors of night— I have a cat, I have a pipe And I've my appetite."

"Some politicians rely on the sovereign people because they can buy two votes for a sovereign. (English joke)

When old Jim Jones sees fishing, he always comes home late; the fishes are so hungry for Jim he drinks the bait.

WRIST WATCHES

A new lot just opened up in 14k. flexible Bracelets. Good reliable movements from \$50.00 up. Similar lines in 10k. from \$35.00 up—also Wrist Watches in

Gold with suede straps from	\$15.00 up
Silver " " " "	5.00 "
Gun Metal " " " "	3.75 "

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Kolloid-Wolfram Drawn Wire Filament. Average life 1,000 hours. Burn at any angle. Sizes carried in stock: 25, 40, 60 and 100 watts. Clear and half frosted bulbs.

We also carry the "Brilliant" and "Eureka" Carbon Lamps

No better Carbon Lamps on the market at the price we quote. Sizes carried in stock: 8, 16 and 32 c. p.

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The Best for Laundries, Dye-houses and Exposed Situations.

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The greatest advance in Food-Invention since man began to eat and women learned to cook!
4 CUBES - 10c. 10 CUBES - 25c.

15,000 Feet of Birch Flooring DOORS

Kiln Dry, End Matched and Fumigated for Nails, No. 1 Grade lengths from 2 ft. to 4 ft. to be sold at a Special Low Price

—No Order Too Small—
For rooms where a border of hardwood is required this flooring is just lengths and costs much less.

Write for Particulars and Prices.
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Everything in Wood and Glass for Buildings.

THE CHRISTIE WOODWORKING COMPANY, LTD.
TWO FACTORIES:
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RAILWAYS.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

AFTER OCTOBER 30TH. Maritime Express Will Leave St. John 18.30

daily except Sunday for Quebec and Montreal making connection Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal, With Grand Trunk Train for Ottawa, Toronto, Detroit, Chicago and points, west and northwest

TRAVEL BY YOUR OWN LINE

THE INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY

Uniting CAMPBELLTON, at head of navigation on St. Charles with the ST. JOHN RIVER VALLEY at ST. LEONARDS. At St. Leonard's, connection is made with the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY for EDMUNDSBURG and points on the EASTERN STATES. At CAMPBELLTON connection is made with trains of the INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY. An Express train, with superior accommodation for passengers, is now being operated daily each way between CAMPBELLTON and ST. LEONARDS, and, in addition to the ordinary freight trains, there is also a regular accommodation train carrying passengers and freight, running each way on alternate days.

DOMINION ATLANTIC RAILWAY

S. S. Yarmouth leaves Reed's Point Wharf daily at 7.45 a. m., connecting at Digby with trains East and West, returning arrives at 5.30 p. m., Sundays excepted.

WINTER TOURS TO NASSAU, CUBA AND MEXICO.

ELDER-DEMPSTER LINE From St. John the 6th of Each Month, 42 days round trip—\$80 and up WILLIAM THOMSON & CO., Agents.

PICKFORD & BLACK LINE

ST. JOHN, N. B., TO DEMERARA. S. S. Rhodesian sails Mar. 28 for Bermuda, St. Kitts, Antigua, Barbados, Trinidad, Demerara.

FURNESS LINE

From London. St. John. Feb. 18 Kanawha Mar. 9 Feb. 28 Annapolis Mar. 14 and fortnightly thereafter, dates subject to change.

HAVANA DIRECT

A steamer April 20 and monthly thereafter. For space, etc., apply to WILLIAM THOMSON & CO., Agents, St. John, N. B.

HEAD LINE

SAILINGS FROM ST. JOHN: TO DUBLIN. S. S. Bray Head Mar. 13 S. S. Bengore Head Apr. 10

CANADIAN PACIFIC

From ST. JOHN, N. B. TO VANCOUVER, B. C. VICTORIA, B. C. PORTLAND, ORE. SEATTLE, WASH. NELSON, B. C. TRAIL, B. C. ROSBLAND, B. C., etc. SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES.

Local Agent, or write W. B. HOWARD, D.P.A., C.P.R., ST. JOHN, N.B.

STEAMSHIPS.

ROYAL MAIL LINE

WINTER SERVICE. From Halifax. Royal George April 17 Royal Edward May 1

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COAL AND WOOD A TON OF COAL IN YOUR BIN IS WORTH TWO IN THE MINE. If the Coal Strikes Become World-Wide. Yes, its worth more than that!

TRUST FUNDS Trustees and Executors in the Province of New Brunswick are bound by law to invest in one of the following securities: 1. Dominion or Provincial Stocks, Bonds or Debentures.

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GIBBON & CO., 1 Union St. 6-1-2 Charlotte St. Telephone Main 676. CANNEL COAL For Grates and Cooking Stoves. KINDLES EASILY. Makes a Bright and Lasting Fire.

LANDING Ex. Schr. "Laura C. Hall," American Nut and Chestnut. 46-50 Britain St. Geo. Dick. Foot of Germain St. Phone 1118.

COAL! I am now landing some good Soft Coal at \$5.00 a ton delivered in your bins, try it. JAMES S. MCGIVERN. Telephone 42. 5 Mill Street.

Dry Kindling in Bundles. It is the best value on the market and absolutely dry. Phone us your order direct or ask J. S. Gibbon and Co., George Dick, Cosman and Whippley, or Jas. S. McGivern for the Kindling put up in bundles by WILSON BOX COMPANY, LTD.

WINE AND LIQUORS. Medicated Wines. In Stock—A Constant of Jerez-Quina Medicated Wines. Prepared with choice and select wines from the Jerez District, Quina Chinensis and other bitters which contribute towards its effect as a tonic and appetizer.

M. & T. MCGUIRE. Direct Importers and Dealers in all the leading brands of Wines and Liquors; we also carry in stock from the most famous in Canada very Old Scotch Whisky, Also and Sherry, Imported and Domestic Cigars.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS. William L. Williams, Successor to H. A. Finn, Wholesale and Retail Wine and Spirit Merchant, 12 Water St., St. John, N.B. Established 1874. Write for family price list.

CURRENT PRICES OF NEW YORK MARKET. By direct private wire to J. C. Mackintosh and Co. Previous High Low Close. Am Cop. 80 1/2 81 1/2 79 1/2 80 1/2

LARGE ISSUE OF BONDS WAS SOLD. New York, N.Y., Mar. 27.—The United States Steel Corporation announced today that it had sold to J. P. Morgan and Company, an issue of \$20,000,000 in bonds bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKETS. Range of Prices. March 27th. Wheat. High. Low. Close. May 104 103 103 1/2

THE STING OF CORNS Relieved in a Night. Never slit your foot—that doesn't cure the corn. Just apply that old standby, Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor. It acts like magic, kills the pain, removes the corn, does it without burn or scar.

NEW YORK COTTON RANGE. By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh and Co. March 27th. High. Low. Close. May 17.52 16.85 17.00

THE BOSTON CURB. By direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh and Co. March 27th. Bid. Ask. Zinc 27 27 1/2

NEW BRUNSWICK TELEPHONE STOCK. We have a limited quantity of this stock which we offer subject to previous sale. This stock sells ex-dividend March 31st and has now an accrued dividend of about 3 per cent.

CYCLONE CAUSE OF COLLAPSE OF OLD BUILDINGS. Buenos Ayres, Mar. 27.—Eight persons were killed and thirty injured in this city last evening during a cyclone which caused the collapse of a number of old residences.

DAY'S SALES ON MONTREAL MARKET

Morning Sales. Cement, 100 @ 25. Cement Pfd., 2 @ 55. Illinois 3 @ 90. Soo, 15 @ 136 1/2, 20 @ 137, 50 @ 136 3/4, 100 @ 137.

"A TRUSTEE THAT NEVER DIES" The Eastern Trust Company

Mont. Street 350 Mass Gas Cos 93 1/2 93 1/2 N. S. Steel 94 93 1/2

MARITIME PROVINCE SECURITIES.

Acadia Fire 100 98 Acadia Sugar Pfd. 104 100 Acadia Sugar Ord. 68 68

BOSTON CLOSE.

Adventure 5 1/2 6 Bid. Algonquin 4 1/2 4

MONTREAL STOCKS.

Can. Cement 28 1/2 28 Bid. Can. Cement Pfd. 89 88

CURED SIX YEARS.

health and improve my blood. I used Peruvian one tablet with each meal. I continued this treatment for four months and was cured. I have used all kinds of liniments and can truthfully say that Nerviline is far stronger, more penetrating, and infinitely better than anything else for relieving pain. I urge everyone with lumbago, neuritis, rheumatism or sciatica to use Nerviline. I know it will cure them.

REAL ESTATE THE BEST INVESTMENT IN CANADA

ANOTHER HALT IN UPWARD RISE OF PRICES

New York, March 27.—Another halt in the upward movement of stocks came today as a result of some unexpected financing by the United States Steel Corporation. The market gave every evidence of continuing its rise of last week until it became known that the "billion dollar trust" had sold some \$30,000,000 of bonds for working capital and necessary improvements to its more important plants. As a matter of fact, the sale of these bonds should not have been a surprise to those conversant with the Steel Corporation's financial condition, as disclosed in the annual report recently published. Reduced earnings and surplus last year made appropriations for depreciation and new construction practically impossible, assuming that the five per cent. dividend rate on the common stock was to be maintained. Last year's surplus net income was only \$4,666,900 against \$36,772,000 in 1910, when the corporation charged up no less than \$25,000,000 for various expenditures, including new plants and construction, \$10,000,000 of which

went to the Garry plant alone. Today's bond sale, in its broad aspect, simply represents the difference in earnings of the corporation in the years 1911 and 1910, a decrease for the former of virtually \$27,000,000.

There were two other developments over night from which the speculative public chose to derive some encouragement. These were the outcome of the presidential primaries in this and other states, and the acquittal of the Chicago beef packers. Regarding the latter, Wall Street's sole interest lay in the fact that a broader and more conservative view of the anti-trust laws seem to be taken now than was the case a year or two.

Reading, the Harrimans and Amalgamated Copper were the stocks which supplied the greater part of the bull ammunition in the early trading. Buying of the first named seemed to be of an accumulative character, and the movement was credited to the same influential faction supposed to be responsible for the recent advances in Lethbridge, Rock Island and American Can. The strength of Union Pacific and Southern Pacific was predicated on the belief that February earnings would prove more favorable than in the months preceding. As for the copper, those issues were held in check because of a feeling in conservative quarters that the repeated advances in the metal were based more upon prospective than actual conditions.

Many secondary railway and industrial stocks took part in the rise of the morning, the Goulds being especially conspicuous. The electrical and a few of the equipment shares added to their recent gains, but all fell back with the balance of the list on announcement of the steel bond issue.

The market evinced some disposition to throw off its heaviness in the early afternoon when Southern Pacific and consolidated gas rose to the best prices for many months, but the movement was retarded by ill-concealed attempts to manipulate unimportant copper shares in which there has never been more than an inconsiderable interest. Lowest prices were made in this last hour, more particularly in the final thirty minutes, when heavy selling of the leaders, undoubtedly accelerated by the shorts, more than wiped out all previous gains and sent some stocks under yesterday's low level. The movement was the more noteworthy from the fact that for the first time in some weeks activity increased as quotations yielded. Final prices were a trifle above the lowest, but the market was heavy. Total transactions, aggregating 95,000 shares, were the largest of any day this year with the exception of last Monday.

London was a seller in this market for the third consecutive day, but her own markets improved later on acceptance by the British mine owners of the wage bill. Heaviness prevailed on the Paris Bourse, with improvement in Berlin, where Americans were in some demand.

Bonds here were strong at the outset, but fell back later in sympathy with stocks. Total sales, par value, were \$2,283,000.

United States government bonds were unchanged on call.

COUNTRY PAYS HEAVILY FOR OLD GOVT.'S MISMANAGEMENT

Continued from page two.

Redemption of 6 per cent. debentures.....	\$377,000
Permanent bridges.....	853,450
N. E. Coal and Railway.....	361,431
Public works expenditure, 1906-1907.....	197,965
Provincial hospital over-expenditure 1908.....	22,502
Wharves and grain elevator to Oct. 31, 1909.....	5,000
International Railway subsidy to Oct. 31, 1909.....	120,000
Funded debt 1908.....	215,781
Late deputy surveyor general deficit.....	9,362
Total.....	\$2,190,000

The old government were paying an average of \$22,000 a year on bank overdrafts on current account. In the past four years the present government had averaged only between \$500 and \$1,000 a year. Everybody knew that the public expenditure must go on and at certain seasons there must necessarily be overdrafts until receipts came in and the present government congratulated itself and the country was to be congratulated upon the way in which that branch of the finances had been handled under the present administration.

An hon. member stated that when the government came to the people it would not be upon the record of the former administration but to be judged by its own actions. He (Maxwell) agreed to that and nothing would give the government greater pleasure or satisfaction than to go before the country upon its record, a record of which any government might be proud.

In four years it had brought order out of chaos. It had restored the financial credit of the province which had sunk so low that the government had to discount notes of the province at five per cent. collection.

The government would be pleased to go to the country on its record of honest collection of revenue, honest expenditure in the public interests, not a single dollar placed in the suspense account and not one dollar spent that had not passed under view and been subject to the approval of the Auditor General.

The hon. gentleman had found fault because the government had guaranteed the bonds of the short line railway to assist in creating a vast industry in the northern part of the province. It was true that the royalties collected had not been as large as was anticipated but the company at the head of that enterprise was one of the most responsible in the whole Dominion and he had no doubt that full royalties would be paid. The enterprise built up there which would be of great benefit to the whole province. He had attempted to make it appear that the statement of the Surveyor General regarding the cut on the Crown lands was not a correct one and that the cut was greater than stated to the House. The government was prepared to stand by the statements submitted to the House a year ago by the Hon. the Surveyor General, a statement prepared from the actual returns of mills and not mere estimate, and which statement included the amount of roused pulp wood exported to the United States.

There was no more reliable criticism of the lumber cut than the trans-Atlantic shipment. It was true that a considerable quantity of lumber upon which stumpage was paid last year was still piled up on the wharves but that would only reduce the cut and stumpage this present year. Statistics show that exports of lumber to the United States and also pulpwood had remained at about the same average for several years past.

Not increased.

His honorable friend from Westmorland (Mr. Lester) had referred to increases in taxation under the operation of the road act. If his honorable friend had wanted to be fair he would have told the house that the tax on municipalities had been vastly decreased. Under the provisions of the present highway act, the government was repairing and constructing bridges as small as twenty feet. This entailed an enormous increase in expenditure by the government, but by building these bridges the government had reduced the tax on municipalities. It was useless on the part of his honorable friend to say that the government had added a greater tax on the people than they had formerly paid.

A great deal of criticism had been levelled against this administration over the fact that there had been an over expenditure on ordinary revenue this year of \$50,000. The whole of the criticism of his honorable friend and the whole text of the enquiries made by members of the opposition since the opening of the legislature had apparently been to make it appear that the over-expenditure had been caused by carelessness on the part of the chief commissioner in the conduct of the department of public works. But he would challenge his honorable friend to point his finger at one single bridge where the expenditure that had been made was not justified.

The honorable gentleman opposite had attempted to saddle the charge upon this government that its members when in opposition were as responsible as the old government for money that was then expended but he would tell his honorable friends that that charge was another fiction. When in opposition the government members did not criticize the ordinary expenditure on bridge work, but had criticized year in and year out the over expenditure in every department of the government which had not been part of the current revenue, but by the issuance of bonds and saddling the debt for all time on the people of New Brunswick. This government was prepared to receive the same criticism that they had made when in opposition. Would his honorable friends point to a single dollar of suspense account which this government had carried?

His honorable friends seemed to think that because the department of Public Works was spending a much larger amount on needed works that something was wrong with the department and that effort was being perverted. He would tell his honorable friends that there never was a Chief Commissioner who had given more

CONTRACT SIGNED

By the Federal Government WITH

NORTON-GRIFFITH COMPANY To Spend \$12,000,000. in Courtenay Bay

Making St. John one of the greatest Ocean Ports in the World. This was the best news which ever came to a Canadian City.

It means that every dollar invested in Bay View property at Courtenay Bay is not a speculation, but a wonderfully profitable investment. Our lots are situated within a stone's throw of the Dry Dock site, which involves a \$5,000,000. expenditure.

They are the lowest priced lots at Courtenay Bay ranging in price from \$150. up

Terms: 10% down, balance in 23 equal monthly instalments, they will double in value before you have half paid for them.

EASTERN TERMINAL REALTY CO.

45 PRINCESS STREET Phone 974 D. F. PIDGEON, Manager
P. O. Box 39

SUB-AGENTS: Lockhart & Ritchie, 114 Prince Wm. St. W. G. Jones,
Moncton. F. G. Rainnie, Sackville. Peter M. Shannon, Campbellton.
A. D. McKinnon, Chatham.

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AT 5 PER CENT.

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LESS THAN THREE WEEKS AGO WE COMMENCED SELLING

TISDALE PLACE

Note How Our Claims Have Materialized:

THREE WEEKS AGO we promised you the Courtenay Bay contract would be signed within a month. This has materialized.

THREE WEEKS AGO we promised you the Street Railway was to be extended to Tisdale Place. This is going to be done.

THREE WEEKS AGO we promised you there would be industrial activity on the Marsh Road. The Lennox Automobile Factory will be commenced late in April.

AND THESE ARE ONLY STARTERS

Prices on All Lots Will Be Raised in a Few Days
Prices, Plans and all information on Request at

ARMSTRONG & BRUCE, 86 Prince Wm. St.

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Assets, \$3,213,438.28

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FIRE, MOTOR CAR AND MOTOR BOAT INSURANCE

JARVIS & WHITTAKER, General Agents, 74 Prince Wm. St.



GRAHAM AND EMERSON—"IT WAS NOT LIKE THIS WHEN I WENT OVER IT IN MY OFFICIAL CAR"
—From the Toronto News.

the public works department than the Hon. John Morrissey. In every case he made the statement that this government had an increased revenue they were telling what the country knew and that despite the over-expenditure that revenue the government had not expended more than his hon. friends had. The old government had carried their over-expenditures in suspense accounts and then had charged them to the public debt of the country. But this government could honestly tell the people that not one single dollar of ordinary expenditure had been borrowed.

It was necessary and only fair to make comparisons between this government and the old in the administration of public works. The record of mismanagement of the department under the old government was appalling. Almost every dollar of the accounts of the department had been paid out by personal cheques and from the personal accounts of the secretary of the department. Not one dollar of any account had been audited until after the account had been paid.

No more reckless system could be conceived than that practised by the old government. That deception of the old government resulted in the placing by them of the enormous sum of \$653,378 properly chargeable to ordinary revenue, to the permanent debt of the province. These over-expenditures with the exception of less than \$100,000 all took place in eight years from 1900 to 1907 inclusive, an average of about \$82,000 a year. During these years the average grant for roads and bridges was near \$185,000, and for permanent bridges the over-expenditure had reached nearly \$100,000 a portion of which had been for repairs on bridges already constructed, how much, no one knows, and the details of the expenditure for permanent bridges had been withheld in most

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of the years referred to or accounted for in the most meagre manner in others.

While the old government had expended a considerable sum for permanent bridges much of the money obtained for this service had been spent for the purpose of paying amounts which should have been provided for out of the ordinary revenue. If that were not so where did the money come from that wiped out the annual deficits from 1896 to 1900 amounting in all to \$102,227. No mention had been made of where the money came from in the consolidated revenue account. There had been no issue of bonds to pay this debt or if there had been the sum obtained must have appeared in the consolidated revenue account. The amount appeared in the balance sheet for 1900 and disappeared from 1901 with no explanation whatever except credit among the receipts of the Public Works Department. This was but one instance of how the people had been deceived by the published reports of the old government. There was another instance in 1904 when nearly \$40,000 received from the sale of bonds for permanent bridges was not in any way accounted for.

Doan's Kidney Pills

Are the Best Remedy in The World FOR BACKACHE.

Many people fail to understand the significance of a lame, weak, sore or aching back.

You overtax the kidneys—give them more work than they can possibly do—then they cry out in protest through the pain in the back.

Backache is simply kidneyache and the best remedy for the world's backache and all kidney troubles is Doan's Kidney Pills.

I have thousands of testimonials from all quarters of the globe to prove this. Here is one from a party who used them in England, but who is now a resident of Canada.

Mr. P. R. Glanville, Wycliffe, B.C. writes:—"When living in the 'Old Country,' three years ago, I suffered severely from pains in the back, and had to give up work. The pain was so bad that when I stopped down to pick anything up, I felt my back must break. I tried all sorts of remedies and several doctors, but all to no purpose. One day I read of Doan's Kidney Pills, and thought I might as well try them, and to my surprise, before I was half through one box the backache had entirely disappeared, and it has not caused me any trouble since. I always keep 'Doan's' in the house and shall always recommend them to all sufferers."

Price 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mail direct our receipt of price by The T. M. Mearns Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When ordering direct specify "Doan's"

Perhaps the worst instance of deception had been in connection with the bond issue for \$197,000 in 1906 to cover over-expenditures for 1904 to 1906 inclusive. The report of the Chief Commissioner made no reference whatever to the amount of these large over-expenditures and no one had dreamed that the department had been going behind at such a pace. Had anyone thought that such a condition of affairs existed there would have been an investigation and the whole mat-

BOWLING TOURNAMENT LOCAL TEAMS LEADING

The Brunswick Balke-Collander Bowling Tournament, which opened on Black's alleys Tuesday with continued all day yesterday with six teams rolling. The Sackville team did not put in an appearance and the teams competing are: Blacks, Victorias, Y. M. C. A., Institutes and Uniques of Sussex, and the team from Halifax. The tournament opened at ten o'clock in the morning when Halifax won from the Uniques of Sussex by a score of 1,257 to 1,187. At two o'clock in the afternoon Halifax defeated the Y. M. C. A. by a score of 1,257 to 1,240. At five o'clock Blacks defeated the Uniques of Sussex, score 1,356 to 1,210. In the game at 7 o'clock Blacks won from Institutes, 1,409 to 1,315. At nine o'clock Victorias defeated Halifax, 1,352 to 1,188. At 9:30 o'clock Uniques defeated Institutes, 1,219 to 1,111. On Tuesday afternoon Victorias defeated Y. M. C. A., 1,359 to 1,284, and Tuesday night Blacks won from Y. M. C. A., 1,347 to 1,280.

The following is the score made yesterday:

Table with bowling scores for various teams like Harrison, Smith, R. Stockton, Brannen, Lepine, Spence, Ekersley, Fitzgerald, Hennessey, Y. M. C. A., and Uniques. Columns include team names and scores.

Table with bowling scores for Blacks, Institutes (Sussex), and Halifax. Columns include team names and scores.

Table with bowling scores for Spence, Lepine, Ekersley, Fitzgerald, and Hennessey. Columns include team names and scores.

Table with bowling scores for Harrison, Smith, R. Stockton, and Brannen. Columns include team names and scores.

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Table with bowling scores for Blacks, Victorias, Y. M. C. A., and Institutes. Columns include team names and scores.

Table with bowling scores for Uniques, Y. M. C. A., and Institutes. Columns include team names and scores.

KING OF THE SPITBALL! CAN JACK CHESBRO, GREATEST OF THEM ALL, COME BACK? HE'S AT HOT SPRINGS PUTTING IN HIS BEST LICKS!



Jack Chesbro at Hot Springs, Showing the Spit-Ball Delivery, Which Made Him Famous.

By George R. Purford. Hot Springs, Ark., March 27.—It was Elmer Stricklett who invented, or discovered the spit ball, say the historians of baseball, but Jack Chesbro was the first spit ball king. It was at Hot Springs, Ark., that Stricklett revealed to Chesbro, then a member of the New York Americans, the possibilities of the damp delivery, and Chesbro, a giant in strength, became the leading exponent of the delivery that same year. No one has heard much of Chesbro for the past couple of three years until utterance that he expected to pitch as good ball this season as he did in 1904, and this was taken with a grain of salt by the wisecracks. The public has little faith in come-backs since Battling Nelson and Jim Jeffries blew up. When any one predicts a come-back now, Mr. G. P. hails from Missouri, solidly.

But, let's look at this proposition from the angle Chesbro views it. The man who pitched 53 games, of which 41 were victories, for the Highlanders in 1904 has his reasons to believe he can be as good this year and it sounds logical. To begin with, Chesbro has given his arm a long rest. He believes the muscles which gave way under the strain of continued pitching have recovered their strength and elasticity and that by working slowly he can toss his conks into the ring and dare big league batters to kick it around with impunity. Billy Hamilton, manager of the Highlanders gave Chesbro an unconditional release. Fred Clarke, Pittsburgh, told Chesbro that if he could show him anything he would sign him. Chesbro is working out at his own expense at Hot Springs, determined to prove Hamilton was wrong and that Clarke knew a good thing when he saw it. Chesbro has been here two weeks.

Like other old timers, he realizes that here in the Ozarks the nearest approach to the fountain of youth is to be found and that if he can ever get into shape to shine in fast company, he will do so here. He is taking a full course of 21 baths. When he arrived Jack sported a mid-section like a scow boat. Today he is as trim as a 70-foot racing machine. Instead of being corpulent he is powerful looking, athletic. There is a spring in his walk that betokens good health. The waters and the sun, which finally consented to shine, have given him a complexion a society bud would envy. As far as looks go Chesbro is "the man." He says his body feels all right and that he is running over with pepper. Chesbro always was lion-hearted. His baseball future depends upon his right arm. It is worth \$5,000 a year to him, or nothing. Not many players believe Chesbro can again be a major league star, but he has an amount of confidence in himself. If he does return it will be as a spit ball pitcher pure and simple. He has tricks with the wet wanderer such as no other pitcher ever dreamed of, let alone pitched and the things he does with the ball smack of wizardry. With Chesbro capable of going the route, the outlook for Pittsburgh will be brighter than it is now. Manager Clarke will have plenty of time to decide before the Pirates leave here for the north to open the season, and those who know the thoroughness with which the Pirate leader does things, predict that if Jack has anything left in him, Clarke will discover it if he has to use a fine comb and X-ray. Chesbro told me that his right arm feels as strong as it ever did, stronger in fact. Ever since he retired from the spotlight Jack has labored to get his arm in shape. He worked steadily in a gymnasium, following a course of exercises prescribed by a specialist, to bring to life and strengthen the muscles and fibres that lost their strength when Chesbro, like a willow, was blown down by the wind of his baseball death.

THE RIFLE

GUN CLUB'S OPENING. The official opening of the St. John Gun Club will take place Saturday afternoon. The first event will be the club shoot for the season's high average, which will take place between 2:30 and 3:30. The next event will be a contest for a trophy presented by Emerson and Fisher.

Emerson and Fisher. A small entrance fee will be charged contestants in this event, who will fill in the time between 3:30 and 4:00. After this there will be a sweepstake shoot, and a miss-and-out contest will probably be run off at the end of the day. In addition to the trophy presented by Emerson and Fisher, the club has received offers of trophies from the Dominion Cartridge Company and from the Dupont Powder Company. They will no doubt be accepted, and the conditions of the contests for these trophies made known later.

Day & Martin's Shoe Polish advertisement featuring an illustration of a hand holding a brush and a tin of shoe polish. Text includes 'Guaranteed Waterproof Black and Tan, loc. at Shoe Stores. CHAS. GYBE, Agent, Montreal.'

Chew King Navy Plug advertisement with large stylized text 'CHEW KING' and 'GEORGE'S'. Text includes 'For Sale Everywhere' and 'THE ROCK CITY TOBACCO CO. LTD. QUEBEC'.

BOAT CLUB'S SMOKE TALK LAST NIGHT

The last smoker of the season given by the St. John Power Boat Club was held last night in the club house and proved to be one of the most successful yet given there. The large club room was crowded and the programme was thoroughly enjoyed by all present. In the absence of Commodore S. P. Gerow, Vice-commodore Adam P. McIntyre presided. The club's orchestra was present in full force and rendered the following programme with Wm. Conway as leader: March, "Alexander's Rag Time Band"; waltz, "Girls of Baden"; overture, "Lustspiel"; selection, "Chocolate Soldier." Other numbers on the programme were as follows: Instrumental solo, Mr. Parker; monologue, Geo. Duplais; dancing, Mr. McFadden; reading, Roy Harding; sketch, Thos. Stack; solo, R. Garnett; song, Robt. Carson; musical sketch, Bond and Company monologue, H. Martin; reading, A. W. Baird; monologue, Johnson and McCluskey. Leo Gallagher, accompanist.

BASKET BALL

CHAMPIONSHIP GAME TONIGHT. A fast and interesting game of basketball will be seen in the Y. M. C. A. this evening when the intermediate teams of the Portland/Y. M. A. and the Y. M. C. A. will play off for the intermediate city championship. The teams will line up as follows: Portland-Y. M. A. ... Y. M. C. A. Forwards: Kirk (Capt.) ... Roberts; McKiel ... Robertson (Capt.) Centre: Steen ... McQuire Guards: Harshorn ... McCoy; Cunningham ... Harding; Sandy Thorne will referee.

RAMSEY GETS OFFER FROM MACON, GA.

Eddie Ramsey, the fast second baseman and Captain of last year's St. Johns, in the Maine and New Brunswick league, received a letter yesterday from Macon, Ga., from the manager of that team asking him for his best pitcher. Ramsey has been recommended to the Southern team by George Winters, who was captain of last year's Marathons. The St. John player has sent his terms to the Macon manager but is not sure yet if they will be accepted.

The Ring by Referee advertisement featuring a circular logo with 'The Ring by Referee' text.

BOXING NOTES. Nine times out of ten the fighter will beat the boxer in a 20-round contest. And this seems to be the case especially in the result of the Klaus-Dillon contest. On the coast, Klaus is known to be one of the greatest muggers known to the fight game, and it evidently was these boxing tactics that won the Dillon contest for him. According to the reports of the mill, neither Klaus nor Dillon showed any of the Billy Papke or Stanley Ketchel class when these two fighters were in their prime. But Klaus will have to be given the credit just the same as one of the most logical middleweight title claimants. Eddie McGorty will now be given a chance at Eagle's bear-skin; but Klaus' tactics look to be too much for McGorty to stand. Mrs. Abe Attell says that Johnny Kilbane and the Tommy Murphy

Cornell has lost its best hammer thrower in Bannister, while Harvard loses Keays, the shotputter. Both men have left college. Neither man scored in the intercollegiate but each won one or more trials in dual meets. Bannister against Penn and Princeton and Keays against Dartmouth and were considered as coming. Keays is probably a greater loss in football than in track.

Chicago's Olympic fund has reached \$3000 and they are talking out there of making it \$12,000. One of the great records that may be erased in the eastern tryouts in Harvard's stadium, is H. A. Wilson's meters. Wilson made this mark before the London Olympics in 1908 and it made him the favorite over Melvin Sheppard in the Olympics, but Sheppard beat him in a wonderful race in 4m 2.5s, which is the Olympic record. Given a good track and day and John Paul Jones, Mel Sheppard, Oscar Hedlund and Abel Kiviat in the competition, not to speak of some others, and the mark may go.

There are reports that Russia is to be represented at Stockholm by a team of 200 athletes. Aside from a few prominent athletes from Finland like H. Kolehmainen, who won the English mile championship last summer, and some javelin throwers and shotputters, little is known of the talent that may be uncovered in the Russian team.

Mike Murphy, the Penn trainer, received a stimulating tonic Friday when 200 men reported to try out for the track team. This is the largest squad that Penn has ever turned out, and it is attributed to the efforts of the Inter-fraternity track committee. The fraternities held a very successful meet last fall and propose to hold another in the early spring.

Eddie Hanavan, the Michigan miler who ran second to John Paul Jones in that wonderful race out in the stadium last May, was out of the dual meet with Syracuse Saturday on account of an attack of grippe. Hanavan is reported to have done all his training out of doors this winter. He has a long route in Ann Arbor, which is a training stunt in itself to cover, but his theory is that the indoor work is less beneficial and evidently Coach Kraenzlein agrees with him.

An unusual feature of the recent varsity games at Oxford and Cambridge was the number of double winners in good performance. At Cambridge, for instance, MacMillan won the 100 in 10.15 and the quarter in 50.35, and P. J. Baker was first in the half mile in 1m 57.35s and also in the mile in 4m 24.5s. Baker beat R. S. Clarke. Clarke went into the three mile and won in good time, 15m 84.5s. At Oxford G. L. Anderson won a double, doing the quarter in 50.35s and the half in 1m 58s. Anderson has also been a good hurdler and high jumper.

A. B. George has been so impressed with recent performances in the varsity games that he predicts, contrary to other expert opinion that England will have a better record at Stockholm than she had in her own Olympics in 1908.

At last Johnny Bull looks to have a sprinter of championship class in Donald McMillan, the Britisher who has been putting up some crackerjack performances in the dashes of late. From reports McMillan ran 100 yards in 10 seconds at the Oxford-Cambridge dual games, and such a performance should give him a splendid chance in the Olympic sprint. Incidentally, it is well to state that when a sprinter in England does do even time for the century it can just be put down that he really accomplishes this time. They have no "me too" timers in the British athletic game. Again, even time for 100 yards in England is equal to about 9.45 seconds in this or any other country, so McMillan has a chance against any of the world's best.

New Haven, Mar. 27.—Walter Camp in an interview in the Yale News, makes a plea for the retention of the hammer throw in collegiate athletics. He says the danger argument that has been advanced by some colleges for its abolishment is not a sound one. Mr. Camp suggests making this department of track sports more interesting to spectators by placing flags to mark past records.

Horse Talk advertisement featuring an illustration of a horse and rider. Text includes 'Horse Talk by Roadster'.

Master and Masterpiece, two bantam hackney high steppers in the stable of Mrs. Elizabeth C. Bowen, easily head the list of winning harness ponies for 1911, according to the records of awards just published in the show ring on both sides of the Atlantic is perhaps unparalleled in this respect. Brought out by William Foster of Moseley, England, at the London International Horse Show of 1909, they defeated all comers, Master, or Melville's Master, as he was then called, finally winning the championship. Mr. Foster then brought them over the North Atlantic to the show, where they swept everything before them, but Joseph E. Widener, who judged them here, reversed the English ruling by awarding the championship to Masterpiece. This was in 1910. Mr. Foster sold them and two others to Mrs. Bowen during the show for \$20,000. At last year's show in the Garden Mr. Widener reversed his first award by placing Master ahead of Masterpiece and giving the championship to the pony that had won it in London.

The crack ponies are brown geldings 13.2 hands high. Master was got by Sir Horace, out of Lady Poma, by Pomfret Performer, and Masterpiece was by Fire Boy out of Berkeley Primula by Recruit IV.

Just two weeks from today the Red Sox will be at home for the opening of the Fenway Park with the Harvard College also.

Joe Page left Saturday for St. John N. B., where he has been engaged to again manage the St. John team in the New Brunswick League. Joe will devote some time to the organization of the league between now and April 15.

Joe Page is authority for the statement that young Callahan, who played with St. John last year, will secure a regular berth with Jersey city this season. The youngster is a natural hitter. The Montreal Star South End grounds are practically ready for the opening except for springing round the diamond. The entire plant has been painted green, with crimson trimmings, and altogether presents a very attractive appearance.

Jack Knight, the Senators' first baseman, will report to Clarke Griffith Thursday, when the home team will start an exhibition series on the home grounds.

Larry McLean of Cincinnati is working hard for O'Day, and is 20 pounds lighter than he was last season. He says he intends to catch every game this season. Billy Lush, who will manage the Montreal team this year, will get his players together today. He has had five pitchers and a catcher in the South for a week.

The Atlanta Southern League Club was not slow to pick up Joe Delahanty, a member of that famous family of ball players, who recently was released unconditionally by Toronto. Cecil Ferguson has not signed his contract with the Memphis Club yet. "Fergy" had it pretty soft here in Boston, pulling down nearly \$12,000 in four years and winning only a few games for the old Doves. Eddie O'Brien figures that Charley Herzog will be due for another banquet when he comes to Boston with that \$375 just awarded him by the National Commission for securing pitcher Horsey for the Reading, Penn., Club back in 1911.

Jack Coffey, a former Boston National League infielder, will probably be with Denver this year, although he has been offered the management of the Cincinnati Club in the Columbian League.

Bill London from Newark who is trying to oust George Moriarty from his position at third base with the Tigers, was in the Highlanders' squad with Moriarty back in 1907, but George had the better of the going. Hughey Jennings intends to keep his infielders on his string this spring. They are Bush, Gainer, Delhr, Vite, Loudon and Moriarty, although three other men, O'Leary, Bauman and Westerville, have not yet been dropped.

Hugh Duffy has just signed a new pitcher for his Milwaukee American Association team. He is Home, who pitched in Wisconsin last season and whose principal recommendation is that he held the Fond du Lac team to one base hit.

Joe Jackson hopes to take down an honor this year that has gone but once to a big league player. He wants to be the second man who has batted 400 in two consecutive seasons, and in 1913 he hopes to beat the record. Jesse Burkett of the Cleveland National league club, batted in 1895 and 1896 batted .423 and .410. Since that time no big leaguer has ever batted over .400 in two consecutive campaigns. As Jackson and Burke were the only two to beat the 400 mark last year they are the only ones who have a chance to tie Burkett's record this season.

My Early Experience as a Ball Player, was the subject of a talk which Ty Cobb delivered at a baseball banquet a short time ago. "I spent a lot of money for postage and wasted a lot of stationary trying to get my first real job as a ball player," said Ty, "and finally got a \$60 contract with the Augusta team—which looked some big."

"The first day I played I got a home run and a two bagger, and began to feel I was quite a ball player."

WAS A GREAT SUFFERER FOR FIVE YEARS FROM DYSPEPSIA.

Dyspepsia is one of the most prevalent troubles of civilized life, and thousands of people suffer untold agony after every meal, for nearly everything that enters a weak dyspeptic stomach acts as a irritant. The long train of distressing symptoms, which render life a burden to the victim of dyspepsia, may be promptly cured by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters. Mrs. Wm. J. Boyne, Laganan, N.B., writes: "I thought I would write and tell you of the good Burdock Blood Bitters has done me and also tell you how thankful I am."

"For five years I had been a great sufferer from dyspepsia, and tried different doctors and proprietary medicines, but could get no relief. One day a friend told me to try Burdock Blood Bitters. I did not have much faith in it, but I thought I would give it a trial. To-day I am completely cured, and I will always recommend it."

Burdock Blood Bitters has been on the market for about thirty-five years and is manufactured only by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Every Woman advertisement featuring an illustration of a woman. Text includes 'Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MAASVEE BIKER'S Beauty Cream'.

Dodd's Kidney Pills advertisement featuring a circular logo with 'DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS' text.

POLL WAGON

THE IRON COW - BILLY'S ADVENTURE - A FIGHT WITH MONKEYS IN JAVA



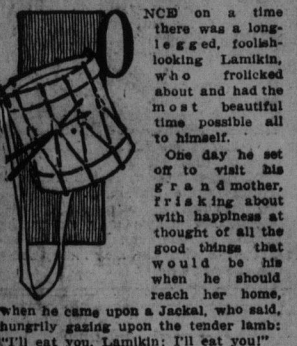
WHEN I was little as some of you now, that stood 'most as tall as myself—
The most beautiful thing that you could desire—
The most lovable thing ever known.
It was silver, with streaks that came off on my cheeks
When I slept on it long in warm weather.
Its eyes were bright red, and 'twas very well bred,
And happy we lived all together.

And you must know now, 'twas a great Iron Cow,
That stood 'most as tall as myself,
At night she did sleep on a chair by my bed,
Though sometimes she slept on the shelf.
How sad was the day when the high shelf gave way,
And she tumbled right over and died.
I swept up the pieces, and for a whole week
And for more than a week I just cried.

It was just ages ago, as no doubt you know;
But I trust that some time or other,
When my time allows, I'll go search for such cows,
And just possibly find me another.
Out of all those I've seen, there's a pitiful lack—
They never seem right, to my mind;
For either their eyes are not red, but plain black,
Or the tails put on crooked behind!

And if eyes and tail are just right (which they're not),
It is only too sure to be found
That the feet are too big, or the ears all wrong,
Or the beast is too fat all around!
KATHERINE FAITH.

THE LAMINKIN



NOB on a time there was a long-legged, foolish-looking Laminkin, who troicked about and had the most beautiful nose possible all to himself.

One day he set off to visit his grandfather and mother. It is a long way, but he thought of all the good things that would be his when he should reach her home.

When he came upon a Jackal, who said, hungrily gazing upon the tender lamb: "I'll eat you, Laminkin; I'll eat you!"

But Laminkin only danced along the road and said: "Off to Granny's house I go, where I know I'll fatter grow, so that you can eat me so!"

"That is reasonable enough," thought the Jackal; "let the Laminkin pass." After a time he met a Vulture, who, sitting hungrily at the tender morsel before him, said: "Laminkin, I believe I'll eat you!"

But Laminkin danced some more and said, lightly: "Off to Granny's house I go, where I know I'll fatter grow, so that you can eat me so!"

The Vulture thought this rather reasonable and let Laminkin pass. In turn, he met a Tiger, a Wolf, a Dog and an Eagle, who all said: "Laminkin, I'll eat you!"

But to each the Laminkin replied the same thing: "Off to Granny's house I go, where I know I'll fatter grow, so that you can eat me so!"

At last he reached his Granny's house, and said, in a great hurry: "Granny, dearest Granny, I've promised ever so many people to get fat; so I ask you to put me into the cornbin at once."

Granny smiled him mightily, and put him into the cornbin at once so that he might lose no time in getting fat. For seven days the greedy little Laminkin ate and ate and ate, until he could scarcely totter about, and his Granny declared that he could not well be any fatter and milder start for home.

Laminkin thought, for a long time; then he said: "I'll tell you, Granny, that the only way to accomplish my getting home safely is to make a drum out of the skin of my little dead brother, and to fill it with great pieces of fat, and to trundle along beautifully, especially as the light of a drum makes a nice little drum out of the skin of my little brother."



kin's little dead brother, leaving the wool on the inside, and Laminkin dodged down in the middle, and trundled away joyfully. It was not very long before he met the Eagle, who cried: "Drumkin, Drumkin! Have you seen Laminkin?"

And Mr. Laminkin giggled inside the drum and replied: "Fallen into the fire, and so will you; Roll, little Drumkin! Tum-too, Tum-too!"

"Gracious, but that's annoying," sighed the Eagle, thinking of what he had missed. All this time Laminkin rolled along, laughing and chuckling to himself. Every bird and animal he met asked him the same question, and to each Laminkin made the same answer: "Fallen into the fire, and so will you; Roll, little Drumkin! Tum-too, Tum-too!"

All of them sighed profoundly, thinking of the tempting morsel they had let slip. Finally the Jackal came hopping along, looking stupid enough, but inwardly alert, and he, too, cried out: "Drumkin, Drumkin! Have you seen Laminkin?"

And Laminkin, crouching softly down in his soft little nest, cried exultantly: "Fallen into the fire, and so will you; Roll, little Drumkin! Tum-too, Tum-too!"

But he got no further, for sly Mr. Jackal knew his voice at once and cried: "Turned inside out, Mr. Laminkin! Come out at once!" And he tore open the drum and robbed up the Laminkin at once.

go through the world making every life with which he came in contact more happy. Many wondered how he could be so wise and helpful when his life seemed to be made up of strolling from place to place, playing on his magic lyre and being happy with the bees and flowers. When any of these earth people, whom he loved, were sick, he prescribed just what roots and plants would make them well again. He never seemed to grow older, and with his passing time seemed brighter and more worth living than before his coming.

Poor Apollo chanced to fall in love with a beautiful lady whose name was Corona. They lived very happily together in the Vale of Tempe, until at length Apollo felt an overpowering desire to see Olympus and made ready for the journey. When he was about to start out, he said to his wife: "I shall hear about you every day. My crow will bring me tidings."

Now Corona blushed, somewhat tearfully, for she did not know whether Apollo was bound, and she could not help wondering how she could hear from him. Of course, the crow could not talk to her. Now, and so relate, Apollo grew was a bit grieved and did not always tell the truth. Often he would just see the beginnings of things

NOB upon a time a two small gray mice. These with their mother in a nest in the walls of an old, yellow house. They stayed at home very quietly all the daytime, because Mrs. Mouse had told them to do so on account of great green-eyed bees called cats, which monsters being fond of tender young mice and very expert in catching them.

"You see, children," said Mrs. Mouse, wishing to impress the matter upon their minds very strongly, "cats are sly, prowling, sneaking creatures, always lurking behind furniture or in dark corners when you have no idea they are near; and they can smell you, too, a long distance; I really often wish mice didn't have such a sweet odor; of course, we should be less attractive, but our lives would be safer."

Billy and Tommy were obedient mouselets, as a rule; they played around the home nest all day or made short excursions through the walls, scrambling along the ridges of plaster between the laths. In this way they got up good appetites and were ready at night to go out in search of food.

One night Billy went out by himself. Mrs. Mouse was busy washing Tommy's face and paws, which he had somehow got very dirty, and Billy was too impatient to wait. He kept going up until he reached a room on the top floor, where, to his great delight, he found, standing on a trunk, a bowl of goodies: little cakes with butter and sugar in them. They were delicious. Billy wished that Tommy had come, too.

"I'll eat all I can," thought he, "and then I'll carry some home." So he nibbled away until his stomach was so full it ached. Then taking a piece of cake in his mouth, he slipped out of the hole back of the wardrobe, and perched out for signs of cats; seeing none, he was out, up the stairs and on the trunk before you could say Jack Robinson.

It is very disappointing, but it must be told; the box of cakes had been taken away. Billy remembered his mother's reproof just in time; he shut his mouth tightly, choking back a big word, and sat up and looked around. It was moonlight, and he could see things in the room quite plainly. On a tall desk near the trunk were some dishes of different shapes. He was very anxious to take home something to prove to his mother how much wiser he was than she, and he thought there might be food in those dishes; so he jumped for the desk, just caught the edge and scrambled up.

"Nothing here," he said to himself, as he smelt around; "it's very provoking just in time; I guess I can jump it." And he did.

"He, he, he!" squeaked Tommy, who was sitting up holding a piece of cheese in his paws. "How sly he looks! Ah! he's the funniest ever!" He dropped his cheese, put his paws on his sides and doubled himself up with merriment.

"You ought to be ashamed of yourself," said Billy to Tommy, "your brother might have been drowned." She turned the scolding she had just begun to utter over to Tommy and sent him off to bed. Billy looked so miserable it made her little heart ache, and when he had told her all about it and said how sorry he was, she gave him some cheese and cuddled him and smoothed his pretty fur coat until it was dry.

"New," said she, as she tucked him up beside Tommy, who was snoring lustily by this time, "just remember that your mother is older than you and knows the ways of the world better; and when she tells you about danger, you are likely to meet and give you advice for your own good, you'd better listen to her, and she'll be glad to see you safe."

Billy shivered a little as he thought of his icy plunge, snuggled down close to Tommy, and squeaked, meekly: "Yes'm." ELIZABETH HERMANS.

and, without waiting to find how they would develop, hurry off and tell a story to suit himself. So you can readily understand that he was not the most trustworthy bird of the woods, and strangely enough, Apollo did not think of his perhaps because he always trusted his friends implicitly.

For a time all went well. Every day the great white bird (for in those days all birds were white) would fly over the fields and forests and hills to Mount Parnassus to meet Apollo. Here it would light upon his shoulder, croaking, "Coronis is well!"

At last a day came when he croaked a different story. He came flying to Apollo so short of breath that he could hardly speak.

"Cor-Cor—" it gasped, and could say no more.

"What is wrong with my Corona?" cried Apollo, much alarmed. "Speak!" With a great effort the crow managed to croak: "She loves you no longer! She loves you no longer! A man—!" He could say no further, and flapped away toward his home.

there; and if ever there was a sorry mouse, he was one. Fortunately, the water reached nearly to the top of the pitcher, and after he had recovered a little from the shock of the cold bath and had sneezed some of the water out of his nose, he succeeded in catching hold of the edge with his paws and pulling himself up. But laws! His fur coat and trousers were so soaked and heavy they seemed like lead. He tumbled over and fell clear to the floor—pop!

Tommy hadn't found anything to eat that night; everything in the cellar was closely covered, he said. He was so hungry that he ate nearly the whole of Billy's cake without thinking of anybody else, just as some children will, and then they all went to bed.

The next night Billy told his mother he was going up to the cake box in the top room again.

"You'd better not, William," said Mrs. Mouse, "it isn't safe to go two nights in succession to the same place. They'll set some sort of a trap for you, mark my words."

But Billy wouldn't listen; he scampered off through a little private passage in the wall, up until he reached the hole back of the wardrobe, and perched out for signs of cats; seeing none, he was out, up the stairs and on the trunk before you could say Jack Robinson.

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HE company of travelers seated about the smoking room looked up with interest as a tall, well-tanned, pleasant-looking young fellow came into the room and sat down unobtrusively near the doorway, lighting a cigar.

"Come now, Parker," said one, "we've never heard the outcome of that tiger hunt down in Java. You and Long bag many?"

Parker smiled pleasantly, and settled into his chair.

"As far as tigers are concerned, the trip was a dismal failure," said he. "But our adventures along other lines were, if anything, more interesting. We landed at the very beginning of the rainy season and consequently had little chance to bag tigers."

He tipped the ashes from his cigar and smiled again. "It took a week to complete our preparations, and as soon as the preliminaries were over we pushed up into the interior some 300 miles, where we at last struck a little kampong or village called Kress. Here we learned that the nearest white man had not been in Dutch occupation for a couple of centuries. Luckily both Long and myself knew enough Javanese for all practical purposes and within a week were fairly well established.

"The poor creatures besought us to come to their rescue with our firearms. Accordingly we left our rifles behind, and seizing our double ten-bore breech-loaders, followed by many of the natives, each of us had fifty rounds of brass cartridges in his bandoliers, and five drums of powder, and a point of vantage we soon saw a huge horned monkey walking about with some ripe coconuts in his hand. The monkey beat hurried not in the least when he caught sight of us.

"When we were about seventy yards from the animal I could stand it no longer, and although I was not sure that we were too far away and I let drive. The shot must have missed, for he merely staggered, then, turning himself toward the scrub.

"We had expected the sound of the horns to scare the animal away, but he never heard the sound of our firearms, for they certainly showed not the least fear.

"Instead, they gathered into the semblance of a line at the point where their comrades had entered the brush and began a steady advance. We were astounded. Hearing the noise of flying feet behind us, we glanced back only to realize that every native had taken to the bushes as best we knew how, leaving us to cope with the beasts as best we were able.

"They had made such a brave showing with their two-edged weapons, that the movement was completely new to us. The noise of the monkeys' chattering became louder and louder, until it grew almost deafening. One huge gorilla-like fellow seemed to be in charge, and stepping forward, he moved the horned monkey along, moving them down with the other barrel. Long stood in front of me as I reloaded, killing many with his ten-bore.

"When a leader fell the line invariably parted to appoint another. Long and I repeated our tactics with like results. A very little of this, we concluded, would be enough to do them, but we were mistaken. Time after time with a bravery and endurance which were amazing they advanced nearer and nearer every time, and our charges, heavy though they were, much more often wounded than killed. Very soon the only thing that saved us was the halting of the animals at the approach of a new leader every time a commander fell. Had they adopted the tactics of rushing us, we should have had no chance whatever. It was not long before we realized the disastrous fact.

VERY long time ago a certain star, looking down on the earth, saw that it was very fair and longed to come down, and live with the Red Children, who were so happy in their sports and pleasures. Each day she came nearer and nearer to earth, until she swung just over the treetops. The people watched her anxiously, not knowing whether she was an omen of evil or good. At last the star was near enough to speak to them.

"Red Children," said she, "I wish to dwell near you always, so that I may gaze into the clear surface of your rippling lake-mirror, dance with your swaying sweet-smelling flowers, listen to the music of your singing birds, and the laughter of your little ones.

Appoint a place where I may make my home."

The Red Children were overjoyed, and suggested the cool, dark forest beside the lofty mountain top, the gold heart of the wide, rose blowing on the hillside. But the star said that these were all far away. She preferred rather to live where the Red Children feel the tiny brown hands of the toddling Indian children touching her, where they might continually play about her and be always where she might hear them at their happy play.

"Together we leveled our broadside. Some half dozen of the intrepid animals went down together in a dying condition, and at least the survivors turned and fled with piercing screams. Those of the wounded who could dragged themselves into the brush, while we went about ending the sufferings of the rest.

"This finished, we examined our hands. Here, to find them nearly empty. There must have been fifty or sixty monkeys lying dead on the field. As soon as we returned to the kampong we remonstrated with the warriors for running away; but their heads, when he had got over his surprise at finding us alive, explained that his men had only killed, and that the little men of the forest knew no fear. Needless to say, our firearms were the only things that saved us.

"We rose enormously in the estimation of the natives after this, they seeming to think that never before had been seen such bravery and heroic conduct."

Parker paused and surveyed the cigar which had gone out, thoughtfully. "We were told that the natives had concluded that the natives would much rather face tigers than a drove of monkeys, and that we had an uncommonly close call."

"A bully adventure," said an experienced traveler. "I'll see that the next person I know going to Java goes after monkeys instead of tigers if he desires real sport."

"So say we all," chorused the group, as they rose and followed Parker leisurely out of the smoke-filled room to enjoy the starlight night on the wide veranda.

All Fool's Day
THE custom of making April fools is said to have originated with Noah when he sent the dove out the ark before the deluge had abated on the first day of the first month among the Hebrews, which answers to the first day of the first month among the Arabs. It was thought proper to create this day it was thought proper to punish whoever forgot the occasion by sending them some foolishness, similar to the unseasonable misadventure which the bird of old was sent. Many tales are told of April Fools day, among them the following:

prince of the hours of Corona was confined in the wing of the king's castle; disguised as peasant, he and his wife headed in the early morning, he announced to the king that he had stolen a certain wood a certain maid-servant, to the nearby town and hastened to the guardhouse where were awaiting the morning. He forgot that it was All Fool's Day, but they had not, and decided to be made game of the king, and the royal fugitives were making good their escape.

In many European countries it seems to be a common custom to send people on fruitless errands and expeditions that are sure to end in disappointment on this day.

A LEGEND OF THE MIRROR
VERY long time ago a certain star, looking down on the earth, saw that it was very fair and longed to come down, and live with the Red Children, who were so happy in their sports and pleasures. Each day she came nearer and nearer to earth, until she swung just over the treetops. The people watched her anxiously, not knowing whether she was an omen of evil or good. At last the star was near enough to speak to them.

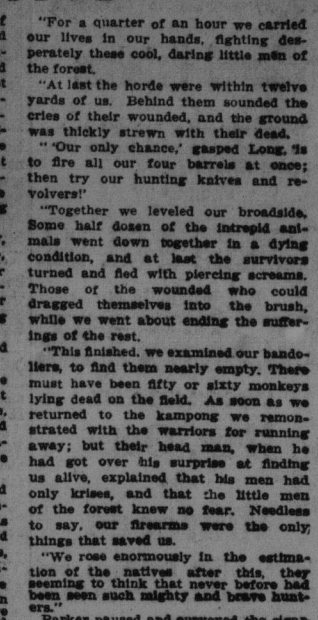
"Red Children," said she, "I wish to dwell near you always, so that I may gaze into the clear surface of your rippling lake-mirror, dance with your swaying sweet-smelling flowers, listen to the music of your singing birds, and the laughter of your little ones.

Appoint a place where I may make my home."

The Red Children were overjoyed, and suggested the cool, dark forest beside the lofty mountain top, the gold heart of the wide, rose blowing on the hillside. But the star said that these were all far away. She preferred rather to live where the Red Children feel the tiny brown hands of the toddling Indian children touching her, where they might continually play about her and be always where she might hear them at their happy play.

At last a brave young chief thought that perhaps the like might do some good. Here we send you a certain wood a certain maid-servant, to the nearby town and hastened to the guardhouse where were awaiting the morning. He forgot that it was All Fool's Day, but they had not, and decided to be made game of the king, and the royal fugitives were making good their escape.

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hunt down in Java. You and Long bag many?"

Parker smiled pleasantly, and settled into his chair.

"As far as tigers are concerned, the trip was a dismal failure," said he. "But our adventures along other lines were, if anything, more interesting. We landed at the very beginning of the rainy season and consequently had little chance to bag tigers."

He tipped the ashes from his cigar and smiled again. "It took a week to complete our preparations, and as soon as the preliminaries were over we pushed up into the interior some 300 miles, where we at last struck a little kampong or village called Kress. Here we learned that the nearest white man had not been in Dutch occupation for a couple of centuries. Luckily both Long and myself knew enough Javanese for all practical purposes and within a week were fairly well established.

"The poor creatures besought us to come to their rescue with our firearms. Accordingly we left our rifles behind, and seizing our double ten-bore breech-loaders, followed by many of the natives, each of us had fifty rounds of brass cartridges in his bandoliers, and five drums of powder, and a point of vantage we soon saw a huge horned monkey walking about with some ripe coconuts in his hand. The monkey beat hurried not in the least when he caught sight of us.

"When we were about seventy yards from the animal I could stand it no longer, and although I was not sure that we were too far away and I let drive. The shot must have missed, for he merely staggered, then, turning himself toward the scrub.

"We had expected the sound of the horns to scare the animal away, but he never heard the sound of our firearms, for they certainly showed not the least fear.

"Instead, they gathered into the semblance of a line at the point where their comrades had entered the brush and began a steady advance. We were astounded. Hearing the noise of flying feet behind us, we glanced back only to realize that every native had taken to the bushes as best we knew how, leaving us to cope with the beasts as best we were able.

"They had made such a brave showing with their two-edged weapons, that the movement was completely new to us. The noise of the monkeys' chattering became louder and louder, until it grew almost deafening. One huge gorilla-like fellow seemed to be in charge, and stepping forward, he moved the horned monkey along, moving them down with the other barrel. Long stood in front of me as I reloaded, killing many with his ten-bore.

"When a leader fell the line invariably parted to appoint another. Long and I repeated our tactics with like results. A very little of this, we concluded, would be enough to do them, but we were mistaken. Time after time with a bravery and endurance which were amazing they advanced nearer and nearer every time, and our charges, heavy though they were, much more often wounded than killed. Very soon the only thing that saved us was the halting of the animals at the approach of a new leader every time a commander fell. Had they adopted the tactics of rushing us, we should have had no chance whatever. It was not long before we realized the disastrous fact.

VERY long time ago a certain star, looking down on the earth, saw that it was very fair and longed to come down, and live with the Red Children, who were so happy in their sports and pleasures. Each day she came nearer and nearer to earth, until she swung just over the treetops. The people watched her anxiously, not knowing whether she was an omen of evil or good. At last the star was near enough to speak to them.

"Red Children," said she, "I wish to dwell near you always, so that I may gaze into the clear surface of your rippling lake-mirror, dance with your swaying sweet-smelling flowers, listen to the music of your singing birds, and the laughter of your little ones.

Appoint a place where I may make my home."

The Red Children were overjoyed, and suggested the cool, dark forest beside the lofty mountain top, the gold heart of the wide, rose blowing on the hillside. But the star said that these were all far away. She preferred rather to live where the Red Children feel the tiny brown hands of the toddling Indian children touching her, where they might continually play about her and be always where she might hear them at their happy play.

WORK for the WOMANLY BRAIN and HAND

The Festive Touch of the Easter Table



AN INDIVIDUAL NEST

MORE and more are we giving appropriate touches for special occasions. The plan that need not entail expense nor occupy a great deal of time in the following is always acceptable. Surely holidays, when there is a special effort to gather the members of the family around the festive board, should be made red-letter days in the decorative idea as well as in the genial spirit that characterizes a feast.

Suggestions are here offered that will appeal to children and to adults. The effectiveness is undeniable, the means so the decorative and easy.

There's a centerpiece that shows a

paper strip into the slender part of the flower. Over this is another pointed strip of green paper cut to represent the calyx. Lines are painted on the petals to hint of veins, and a large bow of ribbon tied at the top. Asparagus fern trails down over the petals. From each petal white ribbon runs out to the places. Under the focal ball are grouped little ducks or chicks, quite content with the novel application.

The same pattern, made more slender at the top and cut from white crepe paper, will give an Easter lily. Any flower that hints of spring can be suggested. The whole piece can be easily fitted over the dome of a lampshade or



DUCKS ON A MIRROR POND



A Joyous Easter.

large, flat wicker basket filled with grass on a bed of moss or cotton. The mother hen is placed in the center and the little chicks around in natural positions. At one end of the basket the handle is wound with ribbon, and at the other end a high bunch of wheat and poppies (from the millinery box, if you will) is attached. White ribbons radiate from the basket to each plate. On the sides are the place cards, that are timely souvenirs to be treasured by the diners.

The focal ball is most effective and costs next to nothing. Any flower can be used, the one corresponding with the fresh flowers used on the table being a sensible choice.

The tulip here shown is nothing more than yellow paper cut in long petals and pinned at the top to narrow the



suspended from the fixture above the table. Flowers, either in paper or natural form, can be tied to each ribbon. Place cards in flower shape can be drawn or colored to echo the note

sounded in the centerpiece. Exclamations of delight will follow the view of the simple center decoration that suggests a clear pond with ambitious ducks. This is nothing more

than a round mirror similar to the one used under fern dishes or cut-glass pieces. Leaves or asparagus ferns are twined around the margin of the miniature lake, and the ducks (at 10 cents each) are placed on the surface of the mirror. The result is before you.

For the individual piece there are countless hints.

On the serving plate can be placed a paper mache nest, with its filling of grass, wheat or paper straw. The duck, or chicken, can be hiding any little Easter gift that may be in order; the little card with an appropriate verse or wish is just as fully appreciated. Surround the plate with green leaves, amylax or fern. Give the springlike touch for which Easter in its resurrection lies stands.

No table decoration is complete without the place cards. There are some

For the Gardener

THERE are just a few of us who have an undying affection for the old-fashioned flowers.

There is something so appealing and lovable about these fragrant blossoms which bloomed in our grandmother's garden.

Rich with association through the long years, they have won their way into our hearts to remain cherished there.

If you have enough ground to devote to the culture of these quaint old-time

favorites, consider yourself lucky indeed.

Mark out the beds the desired size and border them with some pretty little foliage plant.

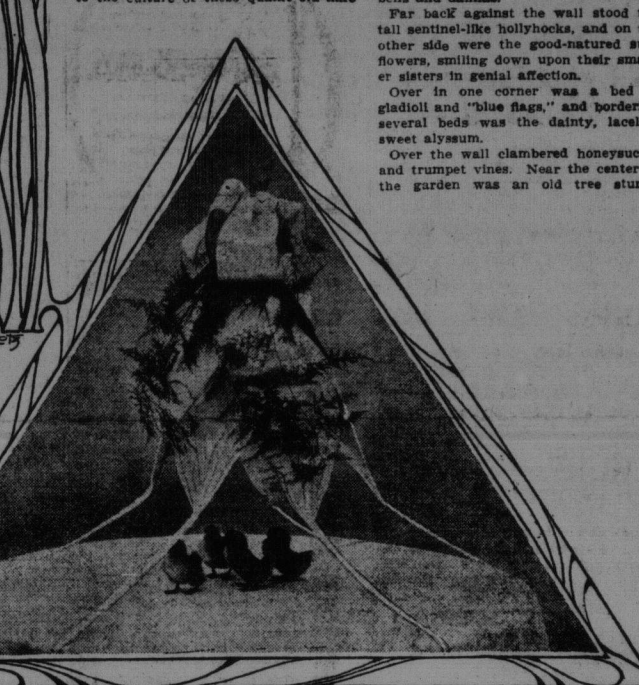
Now close your eyes and see that lovely old garden of grandmother's—a riot of color and delicate odors.

There were beds of roses, phlox, pansies, nasturtium, asters, candytuft, mignonette, sweet peas, poppies, balsam, stock, foxglove, ageratum, Canterbury-bells and dahlias.

Far back against the wall stood the tall sentinel-like hollyhocks, and on the other side were the good-natured sunflowers, smiling down upon their smaller sisters in genial affection.

Over in one corner was a bed of gladiol and "blue flags," and bordering several beds was the dainty, lacelike sweet alyssum.

Over the wall clambered honeysuckle and trumpet vines. Near the center of the garden was an old tree stump,



THE PAPER TULIP ABOVE THE TABLE

whose unsightly state of decay was completely hidden by wistaria.

Here and there an arch of climbing roses spanned the walk.

"Ragged robins" raised their lovely blue eyes to the sky and drank in the warmth and rain; gold-colored marigolds fed upon the bright sunlight. Of course there were lilies, pure and white, with the jeweled dewdrops sparkling in each cup; flame-colored lilies and tiger lilies.

The iris and bleeding-heart must not be forgotten; grandmother loved these dearly.

Over the gateposts graceful morning-glories entwined their loving tendrils.

Take a deep breath and thoroughly enjoy the refined scent of the lavender. The linen closet always profited most by these flowers.

In each corner were clumps of shrubbery in early spring the lilacs presented their wealth of beauty and fragrance to the newly awakened world. Do you remember how their delicate odor permeated the house and garden after a shower? How lovely they looked, caressed by the sun, with the raindrops still sparkling on their leaves!

The syringa bushes appeared like a huge bouquet when the wealth of blossoms burst forth in May. The Japan quince, spirea and altheas all had their welcome place in the garden.

Think of this garden as almost a necessity. Nothing is so much admired as a "mosey" of old-fashioned posies.

There is an atmosphere of calm peacefulness ever hovering about a garden of this variety—a certain protected seclusion from the outside world. The sweetest memories ever known are associated with grandmother's garden.

If sentiment still exists to any extent—and I believe it does—father and mother is grown among the flowers most loved.

The modern woman finds little time to devote to gardening; more attention would be given to the culture of flowers if she realized what an unending source of pleasure it is. Ask our English sisters, or watch grandmother as a young maiden, wearing a large sunhat beneath her chin. Armed with a pair of scissors and a trowel, she tenderly coaxed each plant to flaunt its hidden treasure in the face of the sun. Not a flower could refuse her.

There is something inexpressibly sweet and lovable about an old-fashioned garden. Have one and prove this statement for yourself!

Through the open door.

A drowsy army of flowers—gray bell-trops.

And white sweet clover and shy mignonette—in and about chorus leads to the pervading sympathy of peace.

APPROPRIATE GIFTS at EASTERTIDE



SOMEHOW we do not fully realize that "winter is past" until the Easter tide, with its attendant joys, returns to remind us of the fact.

Then we observe, with senses keen to the awakening of nature, that "the southern slopes are tinged with tender green"; that the birds, after their long sojourn in the southland, are again filling the air with their cheerful bursts of song.

In the woodlands the early spring flowers are casting their sweet fragrance to the wanton breeze. The earth, gradually garbing herself with radiant splendor, opens her storehouse of treasures and scatters the priceless gifts with generous impartiality.

At this season we delight in giving appropriate gifts of flowers, books or candy, grown, written or made especially for Easter giving.

Half the pleasure afforded to the

recipient of a gift is the manner in which it is given.

Such small matters as the tying up of the package, or the brief note accompanying it, sometimes mean more than we can possibly realize.

It is the thoughtfulness back of the gift which really counts, and not the intrinsic value. The simplest trifle becomes a priceless treasure, to be cherished until the end of time, when love and sincere friendship accompany it.

Flowers are always most acceptable. Every one loves them and they are the living children of spring.

One of the first blossoms to brave the

chilly winds left by departing winter is the tulip.

A large pot of these flowers with their varied coloring makes a pretty gift. They live several weeks and are not much affected by the change of temperature when removed from the florist's shop.

One of the special beauties of the Easter season is the azalea. This flower-laden tree resembles a huge bouquet and is sure to dispense pleasure wherever it goes.

The unattractive flower pot should be covered with crepe paper. This may be had in any tint or shade to match the flower—yellow or red for tulips, pink or white for azaleas, and white for lilies-of-the-valley.

Books written by nature poets, attractive bookmarks, prayer or hymn books, pretty trivets fashioned of ribbon, all are in good taste for the Easter gift.

The suggestion given here shows the gift box decorated with a large bow of yellow ribbon. Nestling among its loops and sprays of asparagus fern is a tiny yellow duckling.

Suspended from its neck is the note of Easter greeting.

There are extracts from many poems which are suitable for this season and which may be written upon a card to accompany the gift. Here are a few:

When daisies pied, and violets blue,
And lady-smocks all silver white,
Do point the meadows with delight,
Spring hangs her infant blossoms on the
Rock's in the cradle of the western breeze,
Sweet is the air with budding lawn, and
The valley stretching for miles be-
low.

Is white with blossoming cherry trees, as
if just covered with lightest snow.

Original poetry is always appreciated, so write a little stanza yourself. Your friends will forever bless you for your consideration.

An April Fool Party

ALL Fools' day, in ancient times, was an annual event enjoyed to the fullest extent by the reigning lord and his court. The court jester had supreme power to rule from sunrise to sunrise.

The fool's bauble was the emblem of power and he ruled alike prince and peasant. At the same time, he and his motley crew afforded much amusement to the pleasure-loving court.

During the day all kinds of pranks and tricks were indulged in, and the night was spent in feasting and dancing.

Every one donned fancy costumes and masks, that they might have greater freedom in "making merry."

If you desire to give an April Fool party, write your invitations upon cards shaped like a fool's cap and decorated with sketches of a court jester. Each guest should be requested to relate the most "fool" experience" he ever had.

Have the house entirely darkened when it comes time for the guests to arrive, and when they start to depart after having repeatedly rung the bell, open the door and invite them to enter.

Spend the evening telling jokes, playing clever tricks with cards or working out puzzles.

When it is time to serve refreshments sound a dinner gong and when the guests assemble in the dining

Cleaning Silk

GREASE stains may be removed with French chalk, magnesia or ether.

Use breadcrumbs to clean white broadcloth.

To remove grease stains from black silk rub vigorously with a piece of brown paper.

Silk never should be brushed. Remove the loose dust with a piece of velvet.



room calmly announce that "supper is not served." Afterward invite them for refreshments in the proper manner.

Have the table decorated with colored ribbons and for a centerpiece have a doll dressed as a jester surmounting a bank of spring flowers.

From the chandelier suspend a number of bells by delicately tinted ribbons.

Serve several April Fool dishes: cakes stuffed with cotton, candy flavored with pepper and any other original joke along this line you happen to know.

After this serve light refreshments of sandwiches, olives, salad of any variety, iced molded into a jester's cap and decorated with a bell and ribbon, cake and coffee.

For the cleverest story told a prize should be awarded. When the package is opened it should contain nothing. The real prize will be found in a mysterious manner later on.

April Fool day permits great scope for originality, olives, salad of any variety, iced molded into a jester's cap and decorated with a bell and ribbon, cake and coffee.

Lovers of fun welcome this day for open arms, for no "good fellow" would take offense at any joke at his expense upon the first of April.

LOCAL ADVERTISING.

Hereafter the following charges will be made on reading notices inserted in The Standard: Church Notices, Sunday Services, 5c. per line of six words. Church Concerts, Church Festivals, Lodge Concerts and Notices, and all other notices of meetings, 10c. per line of six words. Double rates for back page. NO MORE FREE LOCALS.

AROUND THE CITY

Trades and Labor Council. Special meeting of the trades and labor council in Longshoremen's hall this evening. All delegates are requested to attend. Business of importance.

Brisk Day in Real Estate. Armstrong and Bruce sold 55 lots in the Tisdale subdivision yesterday. A parcel of 40 lots was sold to an outside investor who has been looking over the situation here, and is greatly impressed with the chances of development. Allison and Thomas who have acquired the McIntosh property in Lancaster, intend to construct streets through it, and sub-divide it into lots which will be offered for sale. They expect to be able to get water and sewerage services through the subdivision this summer. It is reported that a portion of the Turnbull property on the Adelaide road will be sub-divided and put on the market.

Public Utilities Commission. The monthly meeting of the Public Utilities Commission was held here yesterday afternoon. Col. D. McL. Vence presided and Commissioners O. M. Melanson, G. O. D. Otty and Secretary Fred P. Robinson were present. No new business came before the commission. The members of the commission left last evening for Moncton where they will meet today to hear the application of the Moncton Tramways, Electric and Gas Company for permission to issue a new schedule of rates. Secretary Robinson said that he understood the Moncton City Council as well as a number of citizens interested will appear before the commission in connection with the new schedule.

Engineers Want More Money. At a meeting of the stationary engineers held last evening it was decided to ask their employers for an advance of 25 per cent. in wages this spring. It was said by speakers at the meeting that some of the engineers in charge of smaller engines are very poorly paid, considering the high cost of living, some of them getting as low as \$8 or \$10 a week. Since the act went into force requiring stationary engineers to take out a certificate of competency quite a number of employers have voluntarily raised the wages of their engineers. The engineers claim that they have received no advances in wages commensurate with the increase in the cost of living. Another consideration which they say entitles them to an advance is the higher qualifications now required of them and the fact that the engines are growing more complicated and increasing the responsibility of those in charge of them.

Pass the Exams for Engineers. Forty-One Applicants of which Some Have Had Experience while Others will be Further Examined. The examination of stationary engineers was conducted in the government rooms, Church street last evening when John Kenney, Jr., assisted by Archibald Alcorn, of Blackville, and J. A. Y. Smith, of this city, examined and passed 41 applicants from all parts of the province. Some of these men received service certificates as they have had charge of steam plants for two years or more while others had to undergo a competency examination before they received their certificates. Those who passed are as follows: Azor S. Nason, Nasonworth; Robinson C. Fiesl, South Nelson; John Trevis, St. Martins; Robert Beckwith; Newcastle; Edmund Wallace, Blacks Harbor; Thomas D. Goan, Upper Bertou; W. del. Carr, Fredericton; Fred A. Nason, Nasonworth; Frank E. Carr, Geary; J. Edward Connors, Blacks Harbor; Robert M. Smith, Alcorn, Sunbury Co.; J. Gordon Hawkhurst, Newcastle Creek; John A. Thompson, Beaver Harbor; Albert McHark, Prince of Wales; Cameron Wright, Beaver Harbor; Harria J. Davidson, St. John; Samuel Toban, Newcastle; Hugh Wilson, Chipman; J. Joseph Kinsella, St. John; Herbert Jackson, St. Martins; Blair G. Batty, Newcastle Creek; Elmer J. Stoker, Bath, Carleton Co.; John F. Paul, Beaver Harbor; Harry H. Jones, Fredericton; Minard Fletcher, St. Marys; Howard Jacques, Bristol; Allan S. Nason, Nasonworth; John Ellis, Doskittown; Frank J. Allan, St. Anthony; Kent Co.; John E. B. Herd, St. John; Chas. E. Elwell, St. John; Stanislas Landry, Pokemouche; Fred C. Smith, Fredericton; Michael Kinsell, St. John; D. McLennan, St. John W.; John Sinclair, St. John; J. A. Tagley, Hopewell Cape; Percy Saunders, Passages; Stephen Goldworthy, St. John; James E. Dever, St. John; Wm. Nixon, St. John.

Flowers For Easter. W. and K. Pederson, the florists, 49 Charlotte street, are now booking orders for all kinds of potted and cut flowers especially for the Easter season. They have in abundance and special rates and attention are given for church decorations. All orders in the city or any part of the Maritime Provinces are promptly attended to and intending purchasers would do well to place their orders early.

LABORITES OBJECT TO HIS CANDIDACY

And will Ask Walter Allingham to Quit Citizens Ticket or Trades and Labor Council.

A meeting of the members of the citizens' committee was held in the Board of Trade rooms last evening, at which arrangements were made for the organization of the campaign on behalf of the slate of the committee. There was a good attendance and much enthusiasm was manifested. Committees were appointed to arrange for public meetings all over the city, and convenors of ward committees were named and instructed to get to work at once.

While the citizens' committee feels confident of the outcome, they are determined to put up a vigorous fight. Ald. McLeod announced yesterday that he would be a candidate for the commission. Ald. Scully is also in the field, and as Walter Allingham, one of the citizens' committee slate, is a Carleton man, this means that there will be three candidates from the West Side.

Ald. J. B. Jones is also expected to run. Ald. Elkin, whose friends have been urging him to run, announced yesterday that he had decided not to enter the fight. Among other candidates in the field are Ald. Wigmore, Potts, McGoldrick, Green, ex-Ald. Sproul, John Thornton, Dr. Manning, H. R. McLellan and T. H. Somerville. It appears that some of the trade union officials are not pleased with Walter Allingham's acceptance of a nomination from the Board of Trade element. The labor men have called a special meeting of the trade council for this evening and intend to ask Mr. Allingham to resign from the presidency of the trades council or from the business men's ticket. It was said that the labor party would probably have selected Mr. Allingham as a candidate and that the labor party would probably have agreed to endorse three candidates for commissioners put up by the business men, if the business men had agreed to endorse the labor candidate.

GAME ASSOCIATION OPPOSES THE BILL

Believe Hydro-Electric Proposal Means Death to Fisheries in Lepreaux and Magaguadavic Streams.

A special meeting of the New Brunswick Forest, Fish and Game Protective Association has been called for Monday evening in the Oddfellows' hall, Chipman Hill, for the purpose of discussing the question of opposing the bill of the New Brunswick Hydro Electric Company now before the legislature. It is claimed by the officers of the association that the company is asking for privileges on the Magaguadavic and Lepreaux rivers which should not be granted to any private corporation, as they would if exercised, tend to ruin the fisheries of these rivers, and perhaps affect the bay fisheries.

It is proposed to appoint a delegation to proceed to Fredericton and oppose the bill, or at least certain features of it. The committee which has been considering a number of amendments to the fish and game laws will submit a report to the meeting, and the committee which is preparing regulations to govern the fishing on the South Grand Lake will also report. All those interested in the fisheries of the province will be welcomed at the meeting and permitted to take part in the discussions.

DEMONSTRATION IN BAKING OF BREAD

Expert will Give Housewives Opportunity to Learn Advantages of Use of Dollar Gas as Fuel.

Bread baking will come in for a large share of attention at Friday's free cooking demonstration with One Dollar Gas, at the showrooms of the St. John Railway Company, at the corner of Dock and Union streets. In the course of his extensive studies of gas as a culinary fuel, Mr. W. J. Thompson, the expert demonstrator has acquired an intimate knowledge of the difficulties encountered in baking bread with the fuels most commonly in use, such as coal, wood and coke, and the Friday demonstration will show how much more successfully this important item of the daily menu can be cooked with One Dollar Gas. Besides the baking of bread and pastry, two meals and the greater part of a third one, will be cooked by Vincent the Caterer—using the same gas for the entire operation—in forty minutes from the moment the gas is lighted. The menu will be found in the large advertisement for One Dollar Gas. Friday's demonstration will start at three o'clock sharp, and continue until five. Mr. Thompson will be at the showrooms of the above mentioned company from 10 o'clock this morning until midday, and this afternoon from 3 until 5 o'clock, and will be very glad to explain gas cooking appliances.

Here's Help in Your Spring House Cleaning. There are curtains, carpets, squares, rugs, portieres, draperies, sofa, table and stand cloths, etc. to be cleaned. If you want these articles restored to their original freshness and beauty try Ungar's, 23 Waterloo street, St. John, N. B.

CONTRACTORS LOOK OVER THE GROUND

No Word of Change in Plans for Breakwater Yet, Says P. R. Warren.

W. Burton Stewart, general manager and P. R. Warren, chief engineer of the Norton-Griffiths & Company arrived in the city yesterday at noon in connection with the Courtenay Bay work. During the afternoon they drove around the site of the proposed developments. To a Standard reporter last evening Mr. Warren said that nothing definite could be said as yet as to what will eventually be the location of the dry dock. A conference between Messrs. Stewart, Warren and Norton-Griffiths, who will arrive here on the Empress of Britain tomorrow, will be held on Saturday, after which some announcement is expected regarding a final decision.

Regarding the breakwater, Mr. Warren said that he had no intimation regarding a change in the location, and that they are going ahead to carry out the original plan in this respect, unless ordered to make a change. Mr. Stewart and Mr. Warren left last night for Halifax to meet Mr. Norton-Griffiths, and will come with him on the Empress.

CENTENARY WANTS PASTOR TO REMAIN

Quarterly Board Extends Invitation to Rev. Dr. Flanders to Continue in Charge of Congregation.

At a meeting of the quarterly board of Centenary church held last evening, an invitation was extended to Rev. Dr. Flanders to continue in the pastorate of the church for another year. As Rev. Dr. Flanders has already been in Centenary church for four years, a special dispensation will have to be procured from the New Brunswick Methodist conference to allow him to remain. Some time ago Rev. Dr. Flanders accepted a call from the First Methodist church of Charlottetown, replacing Rev. Jacob Heany, formerly of Carleton, who had accepted a call to the Second Methodist church of the same city. Both of these calls were for June of this year. In the meantime, however, the quarterly board invited Rev. Mr. Heany to continue in the pastorate for another period of four years, an invitation which the Prince Edward Island conference allowed him to accept, and Rev. Dr. Flanders received a call to the First Methodist church of London, Ontario, to go into effect in June of next year, when the present pastor, Rev. Richard Whiting will remove to Winnipeg.

When Rev. Dr. Flanders announced that he had accepted the Charlottetown call, the quarterly board of the Centenary church extended an invitation to Rev. H. D. Marr, of the Port and street Methodist church, which he accepted. But a short time ago Rev. H. D. Marr was appointed to the secretaryship of the Bible Societies of the west, and as this would have left Centenary church without a pastor during the next year, and as Rev. Dr. Flanders will not go to London until June, 1913, the quarterly board of that church decided to invite their present pastor to remain for another year.

New Waists.

Waists with a newness and distinctness in their attractive style are what most people are most anxious of securing. In addition to these two great features the price is generally taken into consideration and when this is low, one feels they must secure a waist of these qualities. F. A. Dykeman and Co., have received a lot of waists having these special qualities. The newness and distinctness of their style can be seen by their window display and as the price of \$1 has been placed on all these waists that are the regular \$1.50 quality, it affords a great opportunity of securing waists that you will be pleased in every way with.

Speaking about commission, you should see the crowd that have been commissioned to make purchases at the big sale at Fraser, Fraser and Co.'s where all their stock of dry goods and ready to wear goods have got to be disposed of by May 1. Prices have been all cut to pieces. All the goods are new, fresh stock. Ladies' costumes are going very fast, they are selling so low you will have to hurry to get your street raincoats at special low prices, with ladies' umbrellas, \$1 quality at 79c.

Sydney and Dukes Ward Electors Attention. All electors of Sydney and Dukes wards are requested to meet this evening at 8 o'clock in St. Andrew's rink, Charlotte street, to organize for ward work in the interests of the citizens' committee candidates at the coming election. Enter by the main door.

Queens Ward Electors Attention! All electors of Queens ward are requested to meet this evening at 8 o'clock in J. M. Robinson and Sons' offices, Market Square, to organize for ward work in the interests of the citizens' committee candidates at the coming election.

Dutch Tea and Sale. A Dutch tea and sale will be given by the young ladies of St. Stephen's church on Friday afternoon, at four o'clock. Tea will be served at 6. A musical programme will be rendered during the afternoon and evening.

WANTED—Two tenement freehold property in any good locality, east or west side. Please drop post card with prices to "Purchaser," P. O. Box 42, city.

Labor Party To Meet. Labor executive meeting, Saturday night. Usual place. Important business.

FREE TRIP TO NEW YORK

Consider that you now use or should use a tooth paste. Consider that there is no better one on the market than Dr. Maher's Ribbon Tooth Paste. Consider that in addition to getting your money's worth you likewise get a chance for the above trip. Try our paste next time you need one. It will be of reciprocal advantage to yourself, your dentist and to us. For general conditions of the mouth or for a soothing and healing remedy after the extracting of a tooth use "Dr. Maher Sweet Wash," handsomely put up in diamond shaped bottles. A free ticket for trip with this also. BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS 527 Main Street. Telephone 663 DR. J. D. MAHER, Prop.

NEW BRUNSWICK'S GREATEST SHOE HOUSE

MEN'S NEW SPRING SHOES ... AT ... \$3.50 and \$4.

The kind that pleases the particular man—the man who is just as particular about how he dresses his feet as he is about how he dresses his head—are now ready at our stores.

If You Appreciate

style as well as comfort and good service in footwear you'll like our new spring styles. We would like to fit your feet soon.

Waterbury & Rising, Ltd. Three Stores King St. Union St. Mill St.

The Best Quality at a Reasonable Price

Eyesight and Efficiency

The value of an engine depends on its ability to work at the maximum of efficiency for which it is built. Similarly your success depends on your efficiency. If there is a slight defect in your eyesight, it means that the nerves which may be followed by serious disturbances with the result that you cannot work up to your full capacity of efficiency. If you suspect any trouble in your eyes come in and let us examine them. We will tell you whether or not glasses are likely to be of service.

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Reduced Price Sale Starting Saturday For Two Weeks

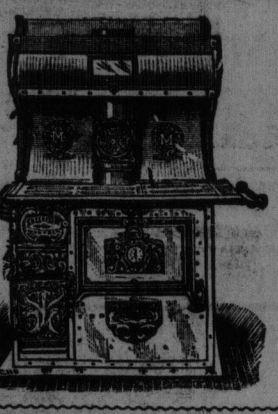
We are offering bargains in many lines of Household Goods, including: WRINGERS, ENAMELED WARE, ALUMINUM WARE, POLISHES, BRUSHES, WASH BOARDS, STEP LADDERS, VACUUM CLEANERS, ALARM CLOCKS, WOODENWARE. These are regular goods at reduced prices, and by buying now you can save money.

W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd. Market Square and King Street

Bargains in Pianos and Organs

- 1 SLIGHTLY USED UPRIGHT PIANO by Ennis & Co., Mahogany Case, 7 13 octaves, as good as new. Former price, \$375.00, now \$255.00; terms, \$10.00 down and \$7.00 per month.
1 SLIGHTLY USED NEW SCALE WILLIAMS UPRIGHT PIANO Mahogany Case, 7 1-3 octaves, practically as good as new. Former price \$350.00, now \$225.00; terms \$10.00 down and \$7.00 per month.
1 SQUARE PIANO by Wm. Bourne, 7 13 octaves, excellent tone, splendid piano for a child to practice on. Original price \$450.00, now \$300.00; terms \$5.00 down and \$5.00 per month.
1 GODERICH PIANO CASE ORGAN, 5 octave, 4 sets reeds and couplers, beautiful tone. Original price \$130.00, now \$47.00; terms \$5.00 down, \$3.00 per month.
1 BELL ORGAN, 5 octave, fine tone, \$40.00; terms \$5.00 down and \$3.00 per month.
1 BELL ORGAN, 5 octave, beautiful tone, \$35.00; terms \$4.00 down, and \$3.00 per month.

The C. H. Townshend Piano Co. 53 Germain Street, St. John, N. B.



TAKE IT EASY This is Quite Possible With Enterprise Monarch Steel Range

In your kitchen. In the manufacture of this Range, everything that is modern and is a help to easy and perfect baking and cooking has been worked out. It has many helps to easy operation and perfection, baking and cooking. Below are six: THE ENTERPRISE HEAT ECONOMIZER, MRS. RORER'S THERMOMETER GUIDE, THE ENTERPRISE OVEN THERMOMETER, THE ANTI-SOORCH COVER, THE HINGED TOP, THE CONTROLLER DAMPER. Remember the MONARCH, as well as all other ENTERPRISE STOVES has two guarantees—our own, and that of the ENTERPRISE FOUNDRY COMPANY.

Emerson & Fisher, Ltd. 25 Germain St.

EASTER APPAREL For Men and Boys

A Noteworthy Presentation of Quality Clothes—Models Possessing Every Attribute That Makes the Garments You Wear Desirable and Above All Durable.

- MEN'S SUITS—A representative display of Spring's leading styles featuring models produced by Canada's best makers. There is a certain mark of exclusiveness about M. R. A. Suits appreciated by smart dressers and the man who is particular should be able to find the clothes to exactly please in this extensive showing. The coats are a trifle shorter than last season, some of them have semi-fitting backs, with the new narrow shoulder effect. There is a great variety of lapel treatment. The materials are Tweeds, Worsted, and Saxony; many shades of greys and browns in patterns entirely new this Spring. Sizes range from 34 to 46. Prices from ... \$7.25 to \$25.00.
MEN'S OVERCOATS—Tweeds and Worsted are the principal cloths, in diagonal, herringbone effects and fancy mixtures. In greater favor will doubtless be the fancy color effects as shown in medium and light shades of grey, fawn and brown. Prices from ... \$10.00 to \$21.00.
OVERCOATS—in plain grey and black chevrons for the more conservative tastes. A large variety in fly front and plain lapels. Prices from ... \$10.00 to \$21.00.
OVERCOATS, with silk facings, plain grey and black chevrons. Prices from ... \$13.50 to \$21.00.
BOYS' TWO-PIECE SUITS—The assortment of styles and fabrics was never greater than is shown here this season. Double breasted coats in many new lapel effects, some coats with centre vents, others have side vents. Bloomer or straight pants. Worsted, Saxony and Tweeds, stripes, pin checks, diagonals and fancy weaves in natty browns and greys. A number of the suits have two pairs of pants. Ages 7 to 12 years. Prices ... \$2.25 to \$9.00.
BOYS' YOKE NORFOLK SUITS—One of the new things this season, made with yoke back and front, inverted pleats and belt. Bloomer pants. Chevrons, Tweeds and Worsted in many shades of brown and grey. Ages 7 to 12 years. Prices ... \$5.00 to \$7.50.
BOYS' THREE-PIECE SUITS—These suits for larger boys are following the lines of the men's styles closely. The double breasted coat is still in favor made in many cases with narrow shoulders, semi-fitting back, long roll lapels in many new shapes. Bloomer or straight pants. The cloths are Saxony, Tweeds, Worsted; pin checks, diagonal weaves, stripes and mixtures in all the new shades of grey and brown. Ages 13 to 18 years. Prices ... \$3.60 to \$13.00.
BOYS' SAILOR SUITS—Serges, Tweeds and Worsted in nobby greys, browns and blues, Russian style buttoning to neck; also in Dutch collar style. Many suits have collar of a different color from blouses. Ages 5 to 10 years. Prices from ... \$2.75 to \$7.25.
RUSSIAN SUITS—Serges, Tweeds Saxony in blues, greys, browns; black and white checks, diagonal weaves and fancy stripes. Suits with sailor collar, military collar and with Dutch neck. Ages 2 1-2 to 6 years. Prices ... \$2.75 to \$6.75.
BOYS' SPRING OVERCOATS—In plain blue and red Serge, and greys, browns, blues, reds and black in Worsted, Tweeds, Coverts, and Saxony. All overcoats are made with emblems on sleeve; some have velvet collars. Ages up to 10 years. Prices from ... \$3.25 to \$7.50.
OVERCOATS FOR LARGER BOYS—Fine Wale, diagonal and bias stripe Tweeds in greys and browns. Prices from ... \$5.75 to \$9.00.
BOYS' WASH SUITS—A wonderful assortment of these suits which mothers find so desirable for warm weather. They are trimmed in the most fetching of the new effects and are offered in Prints, Gingham, Repp, Chambrays; a great variety of colors and handsome patterns. Russian style, for boys from 2 1-2 to 6 years. Sailor style for ages 5 to 10 years. Prices ... 80 cents to \$3.25.

SEE THE WINDOW DISPLAYS Manchester Robertson Allison, Ltd.