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TWICE-A-WEEK EDITION

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1905

NO. 20

RELATIONS AMONG EUROPEAN POWERS

EMPERORS' MEETING AROUSES INTEREST

All Kinds of Rumors are Afloat in Diplomatic Circles as to Prospective Alliances.

St. Petersburg, July 24.—The meeting between the Czar and the Kaiser, which took place on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern in the Gulf of Finland, has caused even more of a sensation than did the news that the Kaiser had consented to consider President Roosevelt's peace offer.

Incidentally there are grave feelings that this action on the part of the Czar will be followed by unpleasant results in France, which is not likely to approve of the head of the Russian nation conferring with her ancient enemy.

Inasmuch as French bankers have, in this phase of the situation, considered, to say the least, very unfortunate by leading Russian politicians.

The picturesque meeting of the German and Russian emperors in the Fin-land gulf, according to private advices, ended this afternoon with a gala luncheon on board the German imperial yacht Hohenzollern after which Emperor William's yacht steamed seaward, escorted for a short distance by the Russian imperial yacht Polar Star.

Interest Arises.

Berlin, July 24.—A flotilla of torpedo boats and small cruisers hovered about the imperial yachts from the time they met until they parted.

Beyond the additional fact that Emperor William paid a visit to the Polar Star last night and that subsequently Emperor Nicholas went on board the Hohenzollern and remained until long after midnight in the German Emperor's cabin, no further details of the meeting are yet available.

The meeting of the two monarchs naturally created great interest in diplomatic circles. In some quarters there is a disposition to attach the deepest political significance to it, and all sorts of theories are advanced.

It is officially announced that the visit was only a visit of courtesy made by Emperor William to his brother monarch, and that the circumstances of the meeting cannot be taken as a world's political chess board.

No matter how the result may be, however, the diplomats agree that its first effect would make for peace, as Emperor William is known to be strongly of the opinion that the Emperor Nicholas should conclude peace and set his house in order.

In diplomatic quarters, not exactly friendly to Germany, there is a disposition to suspect the German Emperor of trying to bring about an alliance between Germany and Russia, not only to block any attempt which it is believed is being made to isolate Germany through her understanding with France and the latter, perhaps through the understanding with Russia.

Emperor William is said to be fully alive to the fact that the revolution in Russia can easily be communicated to Germany, and it is believed that he is anxious for that reason to see that reforms are granted which will restore tranquility in the territory of his eastern neighbor.

France and Russia.

An afternoon newspaper quotes a significant editorial in the semi-official Berlin Post, hinting that France has grown cold towards Russia, that the Russo-French alliance is on the eve of dissolution and that there is an increasing feeling in Russia in favor of concluding an alliance with Germany even at cost of great sacrifices.

But the idea of a Russo-German alliance is distinctly rejected at the foreign office, where, however, it is intimated that the officials have no specific information on the subject of the Emperor's meeting. Foreign Minister Lamsdorff not being consulted and no representatives of the foreign office being present.

It is known, however, by a report that Chancellor Von Buolow was on board the Hohenzollern. Count Lamsdorff's spokesmen pointed out that the emperors were personal friends, but he expressed the opinion that the exchange of views would have a more important bearing on the internal affairs of the two empires than its external affairs.

"The Socialistic movement," the representative of Count Lamsdorff added, "has assumed big proportions in both countries, and it is a matter of serious consideration of both monarchs."

Norway's Crown.

In another quarter it was suggested that the German Emperor may have asked Emperor Nicholas to support a German prince for the throne of Norway, King Oscar having announced that he would not permit a member of his house and an entire company was at work repairing breaks in the dams and keeping the swollen Valdez river from overflowing the business section of the city.

On Sunday night there was a noticeable improvement in the water still exists, and an entire company was at work repairing breaks in the dams and keeping the swollen Valdez river from overflowing the business section of the city.

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A HEAVY WHEAT CROP INDICATED

PROSPECTS GOOD IN PRAIRIE PROVINCE

Dr. Drummond, the Author, Had Narrow Escape From Death—Canadian News.

Winnipeg, Man., July 24.—Vice-President Mr. McNeill of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company arrived in the city from the West to-day. Accompanied by his family Mr. McNeill covered the lines of the company in Western Canada quite thoroughly. Brief stops were made at all points of interest.

While in the West the vice-president went carefully over the Nanaimo & Esquimalt railway, recently acquired by the company, and also made personal inquiry regarding the possibilities of the development of the business on Vancouver Island.

It is stated that the line on the island will be extended in the near future and extensive new interests will be developed.

"We will not go over any of the branch lines in Manitoba," said Mr. McNeill. "I am told there is nothing to be seen anywhere but wheat, of which there is every indication of an unequalled yield. I have taken careful notes of all portions of the line which I have covered, and find every department of the railway in excellent condition. All the extension work of the system is going on steadily and the mileage added this year will be as well equipped as a railway can be made under the conditions under which we do our work."

Judicial Enquiry.

Judge Myers opens the script enquiry at Killarney tomorrow. An important array of counsel will be present.

C. P. R. Extension.

The C. P. R. awarded the contract for building the Teulon extension north of Winnipeg towards Gimli on Lake Winnipeg to the McArthur.

Indicate Good Crop.

R. G. O'Malley, government works inspector, returned to-day from a trip over the prairie, where he characterized the best in years, and if the present favorable conditions continue the output of wheat will be unprecedented.

Dr. Drummond's Escape.

Toronto, July 24.—A special from Halifax, N.S., says Dr. Drummond, the well known author of "The Habitués," and Editor Farr of the "Halifax," narrowly escaped death from lightning. A bolt struck the corner of Farr's house. Both Drummond and Farr were stunned.

Hotel Burned.

The Windsor hotel, Mimico, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday morning. There were sixteen guests in the hotel. All escaped without accident except Michel McBride, who was injured in the back by jumping from the window. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin, and the loss \$7,000; insurance, \$5,000.

Drowned in Bath.

Edwin Anderson, an Englishman 30 years old, was found drowned in the bath tub at his boarding house at Beaconsfield avenue yesterday. He had been ascribed with an apoplectic fit, to which he was subject, while taking a bath.

Fatally Burned.

Tommy Adams, four years old, was fatally burned while playing with matches at his home yesterday.

Seismic Disturbance.

The seismic disturbance reported in Vienna was felt at the observatory here at 10.12 last night, lasting three hours and 18 minutes.

LEFT FOR CONFERENCE.

M. Witte Made Final Call on Premier Rouvier at Paris.

Paris, July 25.—M. Witte to-day made his parting call on Premier Rouvier, other government officials and the diplomatic corps preparatory to sailing from Cherbourg for New York on the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse to-morrow. A semi-official statement given out to-day says that throughout his stay in Paris, Witte has not had any negotiations either with officials or financiers, his talks being strictly in the nature of a general conversation. The callers on M. Witte included Prince Von Radolin, the German ambassador, who was at St. Petersburg, and Baron Lamonde De Rothschild.

BRUTAL MURDER.

Williamsport, Pa., July 25.—James Salerni, an Italian, who is already under \$1,000 bail to answer several serious charges, early to-day set the throat of his 15-year-old step-daughter, Elizabeth Carney. The girl was a few hours later in a hospital. Salerni was captured later in the South Williamsport. A few days ago the girl had Salerni arrested on a serious charge, but he was released on bail.

NATIVE SONS' GRAND POST.

Officers Elected and Victoria Named as Next Meeting Place.

Nanaimo, July 25.—The grand post of 25 Native Sons last night selected Victoria as the next place for meeting, July 1906. The new officers elected were: Grand factor, J. W. Watson, Victoria; deputy factor, H. W. Walsh, Vancouver; treasurer, G. T. Fox, Victoria; grand secretary, A. E. Haines, Victoria; district deputies, Vancouver, W. J. Jeffrey, Victoria; T. Watson, Nanaimo, E. J. Stannard.

Clergyman Resigns.

Rev. James A. Banton, organizer of the Baptist church here, has resigned after several years' pastorate.

GREENE AND GAYNOR CASE.

United States Government Representatives leaving London for Canada.

London, July 25.—Owing to the withdrawal of the petition of Greene and Gaynor to appeal to the Privy Council, Donald McMaster, who represents the United States government in the case, will leave here to-morrow on his return to Canada.

PENAL SERVITUDE.

Sentence Passed on Woman for Stealing Valuable Necklace.

London, July 25.—Annie M. Grant (or Annie Gleason) of Chicago, who was committed for trial July 6th on a charge of stealing a necklace valued at \$10,000 from Christy's, was found guilty in the Old Bailey to-day and sentenced to three years' penal servitude.

A PROPOSED BASIS FOR THE SEPARATION

Terms Upon Which It is Suggested Norway and Sweden Might Dissolve Union.

Stockholm, Sweden, July 25.—A special committee appointed by the Riksdag to deal with the crisis which created the resolution in favor of separation by Norway, has today reported to the Riksdag. The committee declares unanimously that the government bill cannot be adopted in the form in which it was presented to the Riksdag, and proposes that the Riksdag should refer the bill to a committee for negotiation with Norway for a dissolution of the union.

The committee recommends that in the event of a dissolution of the union, Sweden should insist on the following terms: First, the establishment of a zone on each side of the frontier separating the kingdoms, within which the existing fortifications shall be raised and new fortifications may not be erected; second, the right of pasturing reindeer belonging to Swedish Laplanders in North Norway; and third, that Sweden should guarantee the right of Sweden to secure against unjustifiable obstructions; fourth, that the status of Sweden in respect to foreign affairs, including the free trade, shall be clearly defined so that Sweden shall be completely freed from responsibility for Norway to other states.

The committee also regards an arbitration convention as desirable, although it does not consider it an essential condition for the dissolution of the union. The committee further proposes to authorize the government to raise a loan of \$2,000,000 which can be by a resolution of the Riksdag be made available for such readjustment and arrangements as may be necessitated by the new conditions.

Regarding eventual negotiations with Norway, the committee declares that "Whatever be demanded for the welfare and dignity of Sweden as a condition of the repeal of the act of the union on the part of Sweden and of the recognition of Norway, must be claimed and adhered to with rigor and determination."

The preamble of the committee report is a long recitation of the events leading up to the appointment of the committee, and claims that Sweden made all possible concessions in order to maintain the union. Despite these efforts the differences grew until they reached a climax in the revolution. "It is evident," declares the committee, "that the union was not dissolved by the strothing of the act, and the contract cannot be broken by one parliament, therefore the strothing of the act can only be considered as Norway's declaration that she does not desire any longer to maintain it. It is for Sweden to decide what action is necessary. According to the laws she would be fully justified in using the necessary force to re-establish the union. This would seem to be the natural course in the first excitement, but reflection shows that it would be against the true interests of Sweden. There was great natural advantage in the union, but its maintenance by force would make the union a source of weakness instead of strength. Sweden should not, therefore, employ force, but must insist that its permission is necessary to its dissolution. Sweden must agree to the cancellation of the tie of union on certain conditions, consisting as a preliminary to a satisfactory settlement of all affairs mutually affecting the two countries.

The cabinet has resigned.

JAPAN WILL MAKE MODERATE DEMANDS

THE SENTIMENT IS IN FAVOR OF PEACE

Aimar Sato Thinks That an Armistice Will Be Arranged Early in Conference.

New York, July 25.—That Japan will demand an indemnity from Russia in the negotiations for peace, and that war will be declared at an end at the conclusion of the negotiations at Portsmouth, N.H., next month, is the belief of Baron Komura, head of the Japanese peace mission, as voiced by Aimar Sato, official spokesman for the baron.

The party arrived here to-day, and Mr. Sato, in an interview to-night, said: "I am confident that peace will be successfully negotiated by the appointed delegates. The Japanese will be guided by moderation, and no excessive demands will be made, but the sentiment in Japan is for peace, and in the interests of humanity and propriety there must be peace."

Asked as to the probability of an armistice, Mr. Sato said that probably it would be among the first questions the plenipotentiaries would consider. Based on previous treaty negotiations, Japan will make the demands or Russia's consideration. He said the peace terms were formulated by the Japanese government and his council. Mr. Sato, asked if in the flush of victory the Japanese people would not feel entitled to more than a treaty would allow, said: "The Japanese are not so greedy as to abide by any decision we may make, but they pay great respect to the offices of President Roosevelt, and his acts have done a great deal to emphasize the need of peace."

Mr. Sato further said that Japan would prefer to have the negotiations in the English language, as neither Baron Komura nor himself spoke French. The matter, however, would be settled after President Roosevelt had met the two commissions. Of the attitude of the Japanese plenipotentiaries toward the Russian delegates, Mr. Sato said: "We admire M. Witte and Baron Rosen. The announcement of M. Witte's appointment was more welcome to us than that of any other person could have been. We recognize him as a great statesman."

China's Position.

Of the future of China, Mr. Sato said: "If the central government could work in harmony with the district of provincial governments China would become a great power, but at present that seems to be impossible."

Japan's attitude toward China, was most friendly, said Mr. Sato, and she felt that it was more or less under Japanese protection. This protection by way of illustration, Mr. Sato said, was "not so strong over China as that of the United States over South America."

Mr. Sato emphasized the announcement frequently before, that Japan does not seek territorial aggrandizement, saying: "We want in Manchuria equal opportunity, or what Mr. Hay called the 'open door.'" In response to further questions, Mr. Sato said Japan is over-populated, and that in the opening up of Manchuria and Korea an attractive field for immigration would be nearer home than those offered in Hawaii at this continent.

As to Japan's attitude towards America, Mr. Sato laughingly asked: "You mean the yellow peril?" and then continued enthusiastically: "We are almost boyish in our enthusiasm and friendship for America. While we are friendly with China as Orientals, our greatest friends are England and America. Why, the first monument ever erected to any foreigner in Japan was that to Commodore Perry, and the policy of the American people for the last fifty years has been one of help to us. We regard America as an ally without a treaty."

Do Not Want Philippines.

Questioned as to the possibility of a conflict with the United States in the future, as suggested at the outbreak of the war, Mr. Sato asked what could bring such a conflict. When it was suggested that Japan might covet the Philippines, he laughed heartily, and replied that Japan would not have the Philippines as a gift, even though a bonus accompanied the gift.

Baron Komura and his party arrived at Jersey City early to-day from Chicago and went to the Waldorf Astoria, where they will be quartered until the baron's departure for Portsmouth. There was no demonstration beyond the presence of a few Japanese merchants and members of the Nippon club, who shook hands with the members of the party.

When the party arrived in New York about a hundred Japanese cheered the baron as he entered his carriage and was driven away. The baron, in his official league on the commission, Kogoro Takahira, minister at Washington, and they lunched quietly in the baron's apartments. The balance of the day was spent in resting to-morrow President Roosevelt will be officially notified of Baron Komura's arrival, and the latter part of the week the baron will make an informal visit to Oyster Bay. There is no stated programme mapped out for the

GEORGE HAM HAS BEEN OPERATED ON

HE IS PROGRESSING VERY SATISFACTORILY

Day Labor Discussed at Municipal Convention—C. P. R. Conductor Fined For Appropriating Funds.

Montreal, July 25.—An operation was performed on George Ham of the C. P. R. this morning for appendicitis, and at noon the doctors said he had come through the ordeal all right. His condition this afternoon is reported satisfactory.

Died From Heart Failure.

Brookville, July 25.—The death of Major J. Walsh, first governor of the Yukon, who passed away shortly before noon to-day, was due to heart trouble. About a week ago the extreme heat brought on a sudden attack of heart failure. Yesterday he made a splendid rally, but towards evening was seized with another bad spell, from which he never rallied. He was 62 years of age.

Discussed Day Labor.

Winnipeg, July 25.—The session of the municipal convention opened this afternoon. The attendance of delegates is most representative of both East and West. The address of welcome was delivered by Mayor Sharpe of Winnipeg, and was replied to by Acting Mayor Couture of Montreal, both of whom outlined high ideals for civic good in their remarks. Mayor Urquhart of Toronto also spoke at length. After an informal reception, the business session opened, and when the secretary-treasurer's report was read, Mayor Sharpe presented an able paper on day labor, dealing with the subject in all its phases. A protracted discussion followed, in which opinions differed greatly. The convention promises to be most beneficial.

Crop Reports Good.

Never in the history of the country have the crop reports from all sections been so uniformly favorable.

Auto Race at Industrial.

J. C. Eaton, in his great Packard racer, won the five-mile auto race at Industrial, handily covering the distance in a fraction over eight minutes. No competitor ever challenged him for place.

Conductors Fined.

Wm. Clougher, a pioneer hotel man of this city and province, died at German this morning after an operation.

BANQUETTED VISITORS.

American Tennis Players Entertained in London Before Leaving For Home.

London, July 25.—The all-England lawn tennis club gave a dinner last night in honor of the international tennis. The guests included all the Americans, with the exception of Holcomb Ward. The club, and announced that it was the intention of the Americans to come again and make an effort to secure the Davis trophy.

Death of Hotel Man.

Wm. Clougher, a pioneer hotel man of this city and province, died at German this morning after an operation.

BANKERS' FAILURE.

Liabilities of Frank G. Bigelow Are Nearly Three Millions.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 25.—The appraisers of the estate of the former banker, Frank G. Bigelow, to-day issued a supplemental report detailing additional assets amounting to \$153,372, consisting of stocks, bonds, life insurance, mortgages, etc. The former report showed assets to the value of \$285,149, making a total to date of \$440,521. The report states that the schedule is practically complete. The total liabilities of Bigelow figure close to \$3,000,000.

INTERNATIONAL CRICKET.

Progress of To-day's Match Between English and United States Teams.

Philadelphia, July 25.—The cricket match between the Gentlemen of Philadelphia and the Marylebone club of London was resumed to-day with the local eleven at the bat. When stumps were drawn yesterday, the home players in their second innings had scored 83 runs for the loss of three wickets. In their first innings the locals were all out for 108 runs and the Englishmen were retired for a total of 151.

EXPLANATION IS SOUGHT FOR MEETING OF THE EMPERORS OF RUSSIA AND GERMANY.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—Gossip and conjecture are busy with the reasons for the meeting between the Emperor Nicholas and Emperor William at the Hohenzollern in the Gulf of Finland, under certain safeguards, the return of the Russian imperial party to Peterhof having produced nothing definite regarding the subjects discussed or the conclusions reached. The only information vouchsafed is that the conversations were extremely cordial and friendly. The belief that the meeting will make for peace is reflected on the Bourse today, Imperial Bonds rising a full point to 6 1/2 in a firm market. The importance of the meeting is recognized in the press comments of all shades of opinion. Various conjectures are advanced as to its real meaning, but they are all admittedly guess work.

Interests in China.

There is a growing belief here that the attitude Germany has assumed in connection with the meeting between Far East and the meeting between Emperor Nicholas and Emperor William on the part of the German government to safeguard her own interests in China and to secure herself in the possession of Kinchoon.

China's attitude recently, insofar as Germany is concerned, has not been of the friendliest, and her demand that she be consulted in connection with peace negotiations is thought to indicate that she hopes to reacquire territory. Inasmuch as Japan has signified her willingness to have China resume the control of Manchuria, under certain safeguards, the Mikado's government is believed to favor a demand by China that the territory now held by other powers under treaty obligations be ceded back to China, and that all powers in the Celestial empire be made open ports, subject to no onerous trade regulations, and all commerce having equal rights.

France, despite her proverbial hatred of Germany, could be swung into line for concerted action in the Far East, as her possessions would be endangered should a United China be possible. With Russia, Germany and France acting in unity, they would be a factor to reckon with. Russia would be in a position to benefit greatly thereby.

Announcement Expected.

It is considered likely that an official announcement regarding the conference between the two rulers will be issued shortly by the Russian foreign office.

Nicholas' departure on his yacht to meet the Kaiser was exceedingly mysterious. He took special care to steal through Kronstadt, although the sailors of the fleet were ashore and the Cossacks were occupying the town.

"Patriots are afraid," said Prince Shakhovskoy to-day, "that the consequences of the yacht meeting will be indefinitely more grave than the results of Witte's mission."

"We distrust Witte's honesty and patriotism, and fear that he is anxious to have to pay a heavy price for peace. Witte's power, however, is limited

PRIVY COUNCIL DISMISSED APPEAL

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S TRIP WAS FRUITLESS

The Wellington Colliery Case Disposed of by Highest Court in the Realm.

London, July 26.—Before the judicial committee of the Privy Council in the case of Attorney-General of British Columbia vs. Wellington Colliery Company, the appeal was dismissed.

In Henwick vs. Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway Company, leave to appeal was not rescinded but appellant pays costs.

In Burdall vs. Earle the appeal was allowed in part. The judgment allowing interest was varied by allowing interest from November, 1900, at the rate of five per cent.

The appellants in getting the appeal to appeal the Lord's Day case was refused. It was urged to be a matter of great public interest in the Dominion.

These first two cases were those upon which the Attorney-General spent so much work in getting an appeal.

Following the axiom that if you would have a thing well done you must do it yourself, Hon. Charles Wilson went to London with his chief clerk and had the appeals filed.

In the case of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway assessment appeal it is understood that negotiations are in progress between the government and the company looking to a mutual settlement of it out of court.

This doubtful accounts for the appeal standing over at the present time.

TO EXTEND TRADE. Steamer Fitted Up With Display From Factories Will Be Sent Around the World.

New York, July 26.—Plans have been completed for an effort by an exporting company of this city to extend American commerce to foreign countries.

The American floating exposition, as it will be called, will start from New York in January, 1906.

It will carry a limited number of samples of various merchandise of American manufacture, the samples to be displayed at each of the ports, where stops will be made.

Space will be allotted to the exhibitors' men on this ship. The trip will require fifteen months, and over 60,000 miles will be covered.

It will include Europe, Asia, Australia, South America, the United States, Central America and the West Indies.

The steamer will carry a surgeon and competent interpreters of German, French and Spanish.

RECKLESS SHOOTING. Two Americans Charged With Carelessness in Discharging Firearms in Scotland.

London, July 26.—The shooting case involving J. S. and H. C. Phillips, sons of Henry Phillips, Pittsburg, was mentioned in the House of Commons this afternoon.

The Lord Advocate, however, said he had every reason to believe that the Phillips would be ready to meet any charges brought against them.

STORM SWEPT ISLANDS. News Brought by Missionary of Havoc Wrought Among Carolines.

San Francisco, July 26.—Rev. M. J. Shannon, who for 15 years has labored as a missionary among the natives of the Caroline Islands, was a passenger on the steamer Alameda from Honolulu.

He brings news of a frightful storm which swept over the Carolines in April last. Nearly all the islands in the eastern group were devastated.

TO REPAIR GUNBOAT. Bennington Will Be Taken to Navy Yard—Cause of Explosion Still Mystery.

San Diego, Cal., July 26.—The gunboat Bennington will be towed to the Mare Island navy yard to be thoroughly examined and repaired.

Admiral Goodrich is expected to arrive on his flagship to-night or early tomorrow, when an official investigation of the disaster will be begun.

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Allen's Lung Balm. The best Cough Medicine. ABSOLUTE SAFETY should be rigorously insisted upon when buying medicine, for upon that depends one's life.

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PAINTINGS FOR AMERICA. Important Purchases Made in Paris for Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York.

London, July 26.—The director of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, has returned here from Paris, where, accompanied by his wife, he spent several days.

It is announced that twelve Brannanite pencils, recently sold at auction at Christie's, were bought in for the Metropolitan museum.

THE SURE CATARRH TREATMENT. It isn't a snuff nor a wash, neither is it a stomach sickening medicine—it's just antiseptic, balsamic vapor.

YELLOW FEVER RAVAGES. Indications That Many Cases Have Developed—Eight Deaths Reported.

Port Morgan, Ala., July 25.—It was announced to-day that four cases of yellow fever have developed on the steamer Columbia via Boca del Toro.

PAPER COMPANY'S AFFAIRS. Investigation Into the Methods of Organization Charged With Increasing Prices to Publishers.

St. Paul, July 26.—In the hearing of the investigation of the business methods of the General Paper Company before Special Examiner Taylor, appointed by the United States court yesterday, A. C. Weiss, general manager of the Duluth Evening Herald, Conde Hamlin, of the St. Paul Pioneer Press, and W. J. Murphy, publisher of the Minneapolis Tribune, were called to the stand.

SWIMMING THE CHANNEL. Attempt is Being Made to Cross From England to France.

Dover, Eng., July 26.—Edward Heaton, of Liverpool, started from here this morning in an attempt to swim the channel, his intention being to land at Calais.

BETTER PREVENT DIARRHOEA. Prepare the system with occasional small doses of "Nerriline."

M. WHITE IS DELAYED. A Dense Fog Prevents Sailing of the Steamer From Cherbourg.

Cherbourg, July 27.—Although it was announced that the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse left the Needles at 5.30 this morning, the vessel is still here.

REPORT DISCUSSED. Regret Expressed That Swedish Government Resigned Before Dealing With It.

Stockholm, July 26.—Both houses of the riksdag have held secret sessions to discuss the report presented yesterday of the special committee appointed to deal with the crisis between Norway and Sweden.

KOREAN INDEPENDENCE. Delegate Representing the Country at Peace Conference Says That is Ultimate Object.

San Francisco, July 26.—P. K. Yoon, who is on his way to Washington for the purpose of acting as an official delegate, appointed to look after the interests of Korea during the peace negotiations, arrived here on the steamer Alameda from Honolulu yesterday.

Foot Flm. It is very seldom that you are annoyed with that old "stomach" ailment of indigestion.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE. Washington, D. C., July 27.—Assistant Secretary Pierce of the state department, and Assistant Darling, of the navy department to-day completed arrangements for the meeting of the Japanese and Russian peace envoys with President Roosevelt.

NO SATISFACTION IN EATING. Food does you no good. You can't digest—consequently you're afraid to eat; tongue is coated, mouth tastes bad, stomach is bloated.

PRISONER SENT BACK. He Left Toronto Last Evening For Vancouver.

Toronto, July 27.—Alfred Hall, wanted for forgery, went back to Vancouver last night in charge of Detective Preston.

WOOD'S PHOSPHORINE. The Great English Remedy for all ailments of the lungs, throat, and chest.

INSPECTION FOR FEVER. Vessels From New Orleans Carefully Watched—No Danger in Northern Climates.

New York, July 26.—Health Officer Dohy gave out the following statement this afternoon regarding the yellow fever situation at Colon and New Orleans.

"If this disease is found on board when the vessel referred to reaches the New York quarantine station, the patient or patients will be removed to the Swinburne Island hospital and all persons on board whose temperatures are above the normal register will be removed to Hoffman Island for observation.

"All vessels arriving from New Orleans and now subject to inspection at this station, and will be for the present treated in the same manner as vessels arriving from Colon.

"The only ministers outside of the members of the tariff commission who will be able to get to British Columbia this summer will be Hon. Sir Fred Borden, Hon. R. Prefontaine expected to go, W. S. Fielding, Hon. Wm. Paterson and Hon. L. P. Brodeur.

CHINA'S ATTITUDE ON THE EXCLUSION LAW. She Will Not Become Party to Treaty to Prevent Emigration to the United States.

Washington, D. C., July 27.—Some doubt is expressed in official circles whether it will be possible to obtain China's consent to another treaty with the United States which would provide for the exclusion even of Chinese laborers from this country.

CRUISE IN BALTIC SEA. The British Channel Fleet is Leaving For Those Waters Next Month.

London, July 27.—The British channel fleet sails for the Baltic Sea, August 20th, and will remain there through September.

TRUE BILL RETURNED. In Case of Rex vs. Gibbons by Grand Jury in Special Assize This Morning.

Mr. Justice Morrison presided over the special sitting of the court of assize, which was opened this morning.

SELF PRESERVATION. Members of Imperial House Will Not Consent to Shortening Life of Parliament.

London, July 26.—The Commons to-day refused to permit Winston Churchill to introduce a bill limiting the life of parliament to five instead of seven years.

ALTERS TACTICS. Nationalist Leader in Imperial House Will Cease Obstructing Private Bills.

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JAPANESE NEAR THE TUMEN RIVER. THEY ARE MARCHING UPON VLADIVOSTOCK

Another Force Has Crossed From Sakhalin Island and Taken Possession of Russian Towns.

Khanchangtsun, Manchuria, July 27.—According to reports from Korea the Japanese continue to advance along a forty-mile front.

Approaching Vladivostok. Tokio, July 27.—Local military authorities, discussing the situation in North Korea, predict that the Russians will vigorously defend Kyong Cheung to the south of the Tumen river.

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DISASTROUS FIRE VISITED FERNIE

LOSS ESTIMATED AT FIFTY THOUSAND

Conflagration Under Control—World's Record Beaten at Montreal—News From Canadian Points.

Fernie, July 27.—A disastrous fire visited Fernie last night, wiping out the Fernie Free Press office, Carruther's tailor shop, Sheppard & Elliot's hardware store, B. C. furniture store, Waltham hotel, Grand Northern city office, Henry & McLeod's tailor shop, C. C. Wright's jewellery store.

ATHLETIC RECORD MADE. Montreal, July 27.—At the annual games of the Montreal Police Amateur Athletic Association yesterday, Constable E. Desmarquest, of Montreal, won the gold medal for the highest number of points for weight throwing, beating the world's record of 15 feet 3 3/4 inches, made by John S. Mitchell, New York, for the 56 lb. high throw by raising the mark to 15 feet 9 inches.

KILLED BY TRAIN. Oakville, Ont., July 27.—Two daughters of J. E. Ingelhart, of Palermo, were struck and instantly killed by the International Limited while crossing the Grand Trunk tracks here last night.

FATAL ACCIDENT. Owen Sound, Ont., July 27.—William Miner, of Kincardine, a young man, was killed at the Grey and Bruce cement works yesterday while oiling machinery.

WINNIPEG MAN, JULY 27.—The sawmill of the Saskatchewan Lumber Company at Crooked river was destroyed by fire yesterday.

ATTENDANCE AT FAIR. Winnipeg, Man., July 27.—The attendance at the Winnipeg fair for the last two days broke all records.

PREPARING FOR THE FLOATING OF A LOAN. Financial Houses Making Arrangements to Prevent Peace Indemnity Disturbing Money Markets.

Berlin, July 27.—In view of the probability of an early peace between Russia and Japan the terms of which will involve the payment of a very heavy indemnity by Russia, the financiers of Europe have been holding conferences to the end that the peace indemnity may be paid without seriously disturbing the finances of the world.

THE MENDLSOHNs, the Berlin bankers, who have been for many years the representatives of the Continent of the Russian government, and who have negotiated many of the Russian loans, have formed an alliance with the Rothschilds in respect to the matter, and have held communication with all the leading financial institutions, both on the Continent and in England.

They are about to send their representatives to New York with a view to enlisting the co-operation of the larger financiers of the United States.

It is likely that a Russian loan for the purpose of paying the indemnity will be scattered.

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CHARGE OF FORGERY AGAINST E. J. WEBER

Young Man Accused of Signing H. P. Mellish's Name to Bill of Sale.

Two cases of more than ordinary interest came before Magistrate Hall in the police court this morning.

Edward John Weber was charged with forging the name of H. P. Mellish to a bill of sale covering all the furniture of Mr. Mellish's house, 352 Douglas street, while the second was that of Roland Bell, who is accused of assaulting and threatening to kill his wife.

On application of the Crown the trial of Weber was remanded until Saturday, he having elected to be tried before the magistrate rather than wait for the assizes in order to go before a jury.

Bell's case was disposed of, the latter being bound over to keep the peace to the extent of \$1,000 in two sureties of \$500 each.

When this announcement was made the prisoner complained that he was a stranger here it was impossible for him to secure such bonds. He intended applying to a judge of the Supreme or county court for a judgment.

Quite a crowd thronged the court room when Weber's name was called. He is a young man, about 22 years of age, and said to be a deserter from the United States army at Fort Warden station.

His arrest took place yesterday. Detective Perdue taking him in custody upon the charge of obtaining money through forgery and false pretences.

Weber, it seems, came to Victoria about four or five months ago under an assumed name, Gus Austrig. Since then he has assiduously avoided work and about two weeks ago was given a home by H. P. Mellish, of 352 Douglas street, who had lived alone until then.

About 5 o'clock yesterday Mellish, who is employed at the factory of Lemon, Gonnason & Co., went home and found J. W. Goss, a furniture dealer, in possession. An explanation followed, Mr. Goss telling of a deal entered into by him with Weber, as a result of which all the furnishings of the house, including a hand organ, a piano and a Victrola, became his property.

The accused, from what has been gathered, called on Goss shortly after Mellish left in the morning and announced his desire to dispose of "his" furniture as it stood, as he intended leaving the city. After a little bargaining Weber received a cheque for \$225 and Goss was surveying his purchase when the forgery was discovered.

When the cheque had been cashed and Weber had found time to dispose of \$100 before taken into custody.

It is said that Weber was engaged to be married to a young girl and adopted this means of obtaining the funds necessary to hasten the nuptials.

Among the purchases made with the missing \$100 was a portion of a bride's trousseau and it is wedding cake. Arrangements had been made for the ceremony to take place to-day.

When Weber answered to his name this morning he was not represented by counsel. Magistrate Hall, after reading the charge laid against him, explained that whether he elected for trial before a jury or to be tried by the magistrate was optional.

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SECRET CONTRACT WAS CONSIDERED

BY CITY COUNCIL YESTERDAY EVENING The Discussion Was Finally Adjourned For One Week - Tenders For Different Supplies.

What has commonly been known as the secret contract which the city council of last year entered into with the Tramway Company respecting the Goldstream water supply appeared to be now deemed to be a closed book.

At the meeting of the council last evening, the agreement is modified at least five members of the council will oppose it, namely, Alds. Hanna, Douglas, Fullerton, Stewart, and Hall.

Mr. J. Cameron drew attention to the dangerous condition of the sidewalk on Wilkeson alley. It was referred to the city engineer for report.

The city assessor reported as follows: Gentlemen—have the honor to report as follows re ten schedules of proposed permanent sidewalks, which have lain on the counter in my office for the time prescribed by the by-law, viz:

1. East side of Dallas road from Eric to St. Lawrence streets. This is petitioned against by (nominally) 9 persons, representing an assessment of \$15,400.

2. East side of St. Lawrence street, between Kingston street and Eric street. This is petitioned against by 2 persons, representing an assessment of \$2,000.

3. South side of Eric street from St. Lawrence street to Dallas road. This is petitioned against by 11 persons, representing an assessment of \$13,650.

buildings on Broad street were next received as follows: Julius West, \$20 for one building for 30 and 40 Broad street, \$40; John Scott, \$24 and \$48 for other buildings; James Keon, \$40 and \$100 for other two buildings; W. E. Douglas, \$1845 for three buildings.

Ald. Fullerton said that it should be stipulated that the particular clause stipulating that the city could not go into the selling business for 25 years would never be received by the citizens.

It was referred to Mr. Northcott for a fuller report. The streets, bridges and sewers committee reported recommending that certain tenders for furnishing the Carnegie library be accepted.

Whereas Mr. J. M. Buntzen, general manager of the B. C. Electric Railway Company, Ltd. (foreign), d'd in February last published in the Daily Times a letter asking the city council to purchase the right to draw from the agreement entered into with the said company and the council of 1904, which agreement would give the said company the right to use of all water for power purposes, and also exclusive rights to sell power; and whereas the said letter has not been answered.

Ald. Fullerton moved an amendment, seconded by Ald. Oddy, to strike out all the words after 1904 and insert in lieu thereof the following: Resolved, that this council is of the opinion that as the council of 1904 entered into the said contract believing it to be a good business proposition, and one in the interests of the city, the ratification of the said contract should be withdrawn or approved.

Ald. Fullerton rose to a point of order. He wanted to know what right the aldermen had to make a resolution addressed to the public press? If the letter was addressed to the council then he for one would be prepared to give it consideration.

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Received and filed, and solicitor instructed to frame the necessary by-law. Wallace West applied for the position of janitor and porter for the Carnegie library. The application was received and filed.

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coal involved in using old-fashioned machinery. Ald. Douglas considered that the council should be free to act on its own initiative.

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TESTIMONY GIVEN BY THE WITNESSES

EXTRADITION CASE IS CONTINUED TO-DAY Two People Swore They Attended the Marriage of Defendant and Carlotta E. Newman.

The Collins case continues to absorb the attention of the public. As fore- shadowed at the time when it was first presented in the local court it has developed into one of the most spirited, interesting and important legal conflicts in British Columbia court annals.

The defence lost the first round yesterday afternoon when His Honor Judge Lammam gave decisions adverse to Mr. Collins on the two points raised by him, His Honor held that perjury was extraditable, and that the facts as alleged would constitute perjury under the law of Canada.

The debate was adjourned until Monday evening. The Sewer Loan By-Law, 1905, was recommended and finally adopted. The electric by-law was also put through its final stages, the council then adjourned.

RIOH QUARTZ STRIKE C. W. D. Clifford Brings News of Discovery on Copper River Near Hazelton. Among those who recently arrived from the north by the Union Steamship Company's steamer Camosun last evening is C. W. D. Clifford, M. P., who has been on a visit to his constituency in the north.

INACTIVITY IN FIELD. Fusun, July 25.—The past three months with both armies have been the quietest period of the entire war. There has been no engagements at all. The only encounters being those of reconnoitering expeditions sent out by both armies with small total losses.

Russian Reinforcements. St. Petersburg, July 25.—Reinforcements for General Litzke's steadily being forwarded. The thirteenth army corps, the headquarters of which are at Smolensk, will leave for the front next week.

JAPAN'S POSITION. Chicago, July 24.—Baron Komura authorized this statement: "At New York Canada could, therefore, not make a treaty, but it had exceeded its power. The defendant's contention went to the root of the question of jurisdiction. Canada could not put its application which was sanctioned by the treaty. In regard to the habeas corpus, any one who thought himself illegally imprisoned had the right to apply for a writ. The point was, was this an opportunity to discuss the question of Judge Lammam's jurisdiction."

Continuing, Mr. Helmecken said that the defendant's contention went to the root of the question of jurisdiction. Canada could not put its application which was sanctioned by the treaty. In regard to the habeas corpus, any one who thought himself illegally imprisoned had the right to apply for a writ. The point was, was this an opportunity to discuss the question of Judge Lammam's jurisdiction."

ed that perjury was an extraditable offence, and had been so held. He quoted authorities to prove that His Honor would not be justified in interfering in the case at this stage. It was impossible, he said, for a judge to adjudicate a matter pending before an extradition commissioner without the evidence being all at his disposal.

His Honor sustained Mr. Higgins' plea, and said that in view of the authorities cited it was clear that it would be an unwarranted interference with the administration of justice were he to deal with the matter at this stage.

The decision of Mr. Justice Martin sent the principals back to the court presided over by Judge Lammam for a continuation of the proceedings, or in other words for the production of testimony. This occupied the remainder of the morning, several witnesses being examined. George Groom, deputy clerk of the County court and court clerk of the Superior court of San Francisco, was the first. He produced all the original filings in the action of Carlotta Collins vs. George D. Collins for alimony. These were read by Mr. Higgins and identified by the witness. They were put in as exhibits for the time being, to be returned to Mr. Groom whenever possible, as they were the original record, they cannot leave his custody.

Mr. Collins objected to the greater part of this documentary evidence, and also to the admission of any testimony from this witness as to whether the documents were the original filings. This he said was a conclusion of law on which the witness was not competent to testify. The latter said: "There is no dispute about that, Your Honor. He could as well identify the integrity of the writing it would be more to the purpose."

Mr. Higgins explained that the defendant's first answer to the complaint was presented to the court by the plaintiff's attorney, his verification by affidavit, and the decision was given by Judge Grahame of the Superior court. Mr. Higgins explained that the defendant's first answer to the complaint was presented to the court by the plaintiff's attorney, his verification by affidavit, and the decision was given by Judge Grahame of the Superior court.

Mr. Collins—"Yes, I think I did." Continuing, he said that three weeks ago he had a conversation with Carlotta E. Newman in the hall of justice in San Francisco. Witness knew nothing of a marriage between the defendant and Agnes M. Newman. He never knew that Agnes M. Newman was the wife of the defendant.

Mr. Collins—"What is the jurisdiction of the Superior court?" Mr. Higgins replied that the objection raised by the defendant didn't touch the manner in which the foreign law was to be proved. He was an expert on law of that state. California law, he said, was not law there. Clearly his evidence was admissible.

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Deputy Clerk Mahan in the presence of witnesses. The order was entered in open court, but the judge was not present. His presence wasn't necessary. Judge Grahame had not indicated his approval of the minute.

He did not see Mr. Collins fill in the blank form application for the marriage license. It was not filed in the handwriting of Mr. Collins. It was signed by him, although witness did not see him attach his signature. The handwriting in the blank was that of Deputy Clerk Danforth. He did not see the marriage license or certificate signed by anybody.

Those E. Curran, attorney at law, San Francisco, was the next witness. He said he had known the defendant twenty three years. He was a witness at the marriage of Geo. D. Collins and one Carlotta E. Newman. Mr. Collins came to his office on the day the marriage took place, and asked him to act as witness. He (witness) protested at first, but after some persuasion, consented. He met Carlotta E. Newman and Agnes Newman at the house on Octavia street. He was introduced by Mr. Collins, and they then proceeded to St. John's Catholic church on Edgely street, where, in the presence of Rev. Father Connolly officiated. Witness was groomsmen, and Agnes E. Newman, sister of the bride, was also present. After the ceremony they returned to the house on Octavia street, and Mr. Collins having business down town went out with witness. That evening they had a wedding dinner, when some 25 or 30 people were present, among whom were the witness and his wife.

Five or six months after the marriage, one evening, he saw Mr. Collins and his wife. After the ceremony the party went to the home of the witness. He, the witness, who congratulated and presented the newly married couple with a nicely bound prayer book each, and wished them good luck. Cross-examined by Mr. Collins, witness said that prior to May 15th, 1888, he had never met Carlotta E. Newman and Agnes Newman. Previous to the ceremony he had met them on the day of the marriage, but never met Agnes M. Newman subsequent to the marriage.

Mr. Collins—"Didn't you meet her on that evening?" Witness—"Oh, yes, of course." Question—"And after the ceremony?" Answer—"That follows Mr. Collins." Mr. Collins—"We want the facts, not the inferences. Witness said he never saw Agnes Newman again, but he met witness and Carlotta E. Newman in the street about six months after the marriage. He had an impression that he met them and one of the children in the defendant's offices." Mr. Collins—"Will you testify to that?" Witness—"Yes, I think I did."

Continuing, he said that three weeks ago he had a conversation with Carlotta E. Newman in the hall of justice in San Francisco. Witness knew nothing of a marriage between the defendant and Agnes M. Newman. He never knew that Agnes M. Newman was the wife of the defendant. Previous to the ceremony he had met them on the day of the marriage, but never met Agnes M. Newman subsequent to the marriage.

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TRAPS IN STRAITS SAID TO BE FULL

FORTY THOUSAND FISH ARE REPORTED IN ONE Salmon Set In With High Tides and Westerly Winds - The Catch Elsewhere.

Best yet in the news which comes today from the traps in the Straits. The big salmon run which it was thought had come along last week, but which proved disappointing for a time, has now set in towards the Island shore and it is probable that before evening news will be received that the traps are all full. The Todd & Munzie traps, of which there are four, are full. This was the pleasant tidings which came over the wires this morning. Of course only an estimate of the fish can be given, these traps not having been lifted when the word was sent to Victoria. Of one trap was definite knowledge. This trap contained 40,000 fish, which is the record catch in the Straits to date.

These fish have all been caught since yesterday, for, as reported yesterday, 26,000 fish were lifted from the same company's traps on Tuesday. There was also lifted yesterday 26,000 out of the Capital City Canning & Packing Company's traps and 15,000 out of the Finlay, Durham & Brodie trap. Other traps could not be located, but some of writing, nor could it be ascertained what success was being met with today in other than those traps belonging to Messrs. Munzie & Todd. All the steamers attending on the traps from the Straits and one is not expected to reach the harbor until late in the afternoon.

Arrival from the Straits yesterday reports that the fish came with the high tides and with strong westerly winds. Near the entrance to the Straits the water was quite rough and this may have prevented the boats from getting near the sea from lifting. Private advices from the north are to the effect that the record of four years ago will be reached on River's Inlet; that Great Bear, which has been put up, and that on the Skeena there will be a little over a half pack.

The big run down the Straits has not yet reached the Fraser, according to today's advices from there, but on the Sound the traps are doing well. The Fraser River Cannery's Association received the following information from the river yesterday morning: Scotch-Canadian—Yesterday afternoon averaged 80; high, 240. Few boats in this morning; high, 190. Imperial—Yesterday afternoon averaged 150; high, 441. Few boats in this morning; averaged 60. Phoenix—Yesterday afternoon averaged 115; high, 345. English Bay—No boats in this morning.

Fraser River and Vancouver—Yesterday afternoon averaged 44; high, 241. No boats in this morning; low tide and no wind. Ewen's—Yesterday afternoon boats did not do well; average, 60; high, 87. This morning's boats averaged 40. No particular high boat. Brunwick—Yesterday afternoon averaged 70; high, 522. Very few boats in this morning; average, 50; high, 121. Puget Sound—There was 150,000 fish shipped yesterday, five thousand from Point Roberts, 20,000 from Boundary bay, 52,000 from one trap at Cherry point, 24,000 from Lummi Island, 34,000 from two traps, Sandy Point, 16,000 from Salmon Bank; 8,000 from Lopez Island.

Reports from Anacortes show that everybody is fairly well filled up with fish and traps are reported to have large quantities of fish this morning. A special dispatch from Bellingham of yesterday's date says: The sockeye run taxed the capacity of all canneries on the American side to-day and many will run to the night. The trays are reported loaded from Salmon Bank to Point Roberts. Seiners are anxious to assist in detecting violations of the Sunday closing law by the trap men. News of the fishing on the Skeena, at River's Inlet, and other points in the north was received through the return of the steamer Tees yesterday evening. The day the Tees was River's Inlet the R. L. C. cannery had 40,000 fish on the floor which had been just brought in. Wadhams were taking off some boats, having almost filled up, and the Good Hope expected to pack 15,000 of them. On the Skeena a Jap schooner was awaiting a cargo of dog fish salmon, which a number of Japanese were putting up for shipment to Japan.

SENIATOR SENTENCED. He Was Convicted of Using His Office to Further Private Practice. Portland, July 25.—U. S. Senator Mitchell, convicted of using his office of Senator Mitchell to further the law practice of the firm of age & T. Miller, of this city, was today sentenced to pay a fine of \$1,000 and to six months' penal servitude. Pending a review of the case by the Supreme court of the United States execution of the sentence was stayed and Mr. Mitchell will be under bail.

IRON MOULDERS' DEMANDS. They Threaten to Go on Strike if Wages Are Not Increased. Pittsburgh, July 25.—The ultimatum of the iron moulders of the Allegheny Company was presented to the manufacturers to-day, giving them until Thursday night to sign the wage scale. If the scale is refused a strike will be called Friday morning. The men demand a minimum rate of \$3.20 per day, an increase of 20 cents a day over the scale now in force.

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NEW GORGE PARK FORMALLY OPENED

A VERY LARGE CROWD WAS IN ATTENDANCE

Illuminations, Inspiring Music and Presence of Many Pleasure Boats Features of Event.

The march of events looking to a new era of things in Victoria which have come in rapid succession during the last few months, have had no more important feature than the opening of the beautiful park at the Gorge last evening.

The opening ceremonies last night were quite in keeping with the importance of the event, and the results must have been most gratifying to the local manager, A. T. Goward.

BULKLEY VALLEY AS A FARMING SECTION

Arrivals from the North Bring Report That Are Not Very Encouraging.

"No part of the Bulkley valley is favorable for general farming," was the rather sweeping statement made this afternoon by Joseph McClay, a member of an exploring party which set out from Montana early this spring to make a selection of the best land for settling purposes.

When called upon by a Times representative this morning, Mr. McClay told of the hardships of his trip into the interior. His party had chosen the overland route, via Ashcroft, and the Cariboo road to Fort Quesselle, thence by way of Fraser lake to their destination.

Sunlight Soap will not burn the nap off woollens nor the surface off linens.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

They had experienced the greatest difficulty in keeping the horses alive owing to the scantiness of the growth. In fact several had to be turned loose before the trip was completed.

On reaching the valley he and those with him had started a systematic exploration, and their discoveries were, to say the least, most unsatisfactory. One of the first things noticed was that it was located between two mountain ranges, the tops of which were covered with glaciers of about 300 feet thick.

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A BRILLIANT PLAYER.

J. D. A. Tripp, of Toronto Conservatory, Created Much Enthusiasm at Concert Tuesday Night.

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ONLY TWO WEEKS UNTIL HARVEST

GREATEST CROP ON RECORD IS PROMISED

The Weather Conditions Are Being Anxiously Watched in Northwest—Items of Canadian News.

Winnipeg, July 26.—The crops look excellent. The wheat is headed out nicely and well filled. The weather is perfect, and if present conditions continue for a couple of weeks the greatest yield in the history of western Canada is assured.

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THE THIN MAN'S DANGER.

He can't resist disease germs—that's why he's such a mark for consumption.

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RIOTS IN RUSSIA.

Opposing Bands of Roughs Are Carrying on an Incessant Row.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—The disorders at Nizhni Novgorod have now continued for four days with daily collisions between the rival gangs into which the workmen and the rioting roughs have divided, but there has been no general rioting since Sunday's five hours' affair.

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COMMISSIONERS ACCEPT.

Ottawa, July 26.—The cabinet is in session to-day, and the appointment of S. N. Parent as chairman of the transcontinental railway commission is expected to be put through.

DIVORCE PROCEEDINGS.

Hearing in Paris of Suit Brought by Maud Gonne Against Major McBride.

CANNOT ENTER THE STATE.

Armed Canadian Forces Debarred From Visiting Boston Next Month.

AGAINST GAMBLING.

New Chief of Chicago Begins a Crusade Against Practices in That City.

PEOPLE'S REMONSTRANCE.

Misrule in Russia Detailed in the Conclusions Reached at Zemtsov Congress.

PROVIDING A KING.

Emperors Are Said to Have Had Norway's Crown Under Consideration.

NATURAL REMEDIES.

Some Gifts of Dame Nature.

Strange how often Nature provides an appropriate remedy for a local or general disease. The inside bark of the willow trees, which grow in damp and rheumatic places, gives Salicine, the great cure for acute rheumatism.

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ART BY THE SQUARE YARD.

J. Pierpont Morgan Has Purchased a Valuable Collection of Paintings.

DELEGATES APPOINTED.

To Attend Next Convention of Dominion Labor Congress.

BODY RECOVERED.

Child's Remains Found in Nine Feet of Water at Nanaimo.

ADDING FUEL TO FLAMES.

Russian Governor at Odessa Denounces Jews in Proclamation.

EDUCATIONAL CAMPAIGN.

Every Effort Being Made to Stamp Out Yellow Fever in the South.

ADDITIONAL MORTALITY.

New Orleans, La., July 26.—The additional deaths from yellow fever which were unofficially reported to the city board of health to-day, made 36 in all since July 13th.

The Dress Makers Favorite Spool Silk

Every stitch is a stitch of strength when you sew with BELDING'S SILK.



is best for machine, plain sewing, embroidery and all fancy work because it is the strongest.

NERVOUS DEBILITY CURED

Excesses and indiscretions are the cause of more sorrow and suffering than all other diseases combined. We see the victims of vicious habits on every hand; form, stunted development, bashful, reticent countenance and timid bearing proclaim to all the world his folly and tend to blot his existence.

Try The Old Store. Phone 28.

local self-government throughout Russia, and puts the question of a change in these conditions squarely up to the Czar himself.

Washington, July 26.—Official notices reaching Washington fail to show any relief in the acute situation which has been developing for some time between the British and Uruguayan governments over the imprisonment in Uruguay of the captain and crew of the Canadian sealing vessel Agnes Donahue for alleged poaching.

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Advertisement for DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS, featuring a circular logo and text describing the medicine's benefits for kidney ailments.

Advertisement for POND'S EXTRACT, 'The Old Family Doctor', listing various ailments it treats such as burns, sores, and skin conditions.

Advertisement for Belding's Spool Silk, highlighting its strength and suitability for machine sewing.

