

APARTMENT HOUSE SITE FOR SALE
Sherbourne Street, between College and Wellesley. Lot 95' x 165'. Apply
M. H. WILLIAMS & CO.
38 King St. East. Main 5450

PROPS A few light showers, but generally fair and cooler; local frosts at night.

The Toronto World

MONDAY MORNING OCTOBER 8 1917—FOURTEEN PAGES

VOL. XXXVII.—No. 13,480

TWO CENTS.

FOR RENT

Fourth floor, Nordheimer Bldg. Immediately opposite Eaton's. 3225 square feet; excellent light. Elevator service. Apply
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.
38 King St. East. Main 5450

GALES AND RAIN RETARD OPERATIONS ON WESTERN FRONT

BRITISH WAR MACHINE HAS ESTABLISHED DEFINITE ASCENDANCY IN WEST

Borden Likely to Announce Momentous Cabinet Changes Today

CONGESTION OF WHEAT FORCES DRASIC STEPS

Government Appoints Leslie Boyd, K.C., Director of Grain Elevators.

POWERS OF DICTATOR

Labor Difficulties in Twin Cities Have Resulted in Grave Situation.

Ottawa, Oct. 7.—Hon. T. W. Crothers, minister of labor, made the important announcement to the Canadian Press this morning that in order to bring about a settlement of the labor difficulties which have tied up the grain elevators at Port Arthur and Fort William, the government has taken over temporary direction of the elevators. An order-in-council was passed appointing Leslie Boyd, K.C., chairman of the board of grain commissioners, director of elevators.

Padge on the part of the elevator operators to comply with and directions issued by Mr. Boyd will make them subject to a maximum wage of \$1.50 exceeding five thousand dollars. The action taken by the government is similar to that taken when Mr. Armstrong of Vancouver was appointed director of mining operations in the Cariboo and Pacific districts.

The cabinet-in-council by which the government takes over temporarily the grain elevators in Fort William and Port Arthur, appointing Leslie H. Boyd, chairman of the grain commissioners, director of grain elevators, continues to govern the operation of the elevators. By its provisions, to be made with the approval of the governor-in-council, take possession of all the elevators in Fort William and Port Arthur and operate them, and such

(Concluded on Page 4, Column 7).

ALL QUIET WITH FRENCH INFANTRY

No Operations of Note Carried Out Sunday, Says Paris Statement.

REPULSE ATTACKS

Enemy Suffers in Saturday's Fighting—Intense Artillery Action.

Paris, Oct. 7.—All is quiet among the infantry on the French front and no operations of note were carried out Sunday, but artillery action was violent at times in Belgium and at various points on the Aisne and on the right bank of the Meuse, according to the official statement issued by the War office tonight. The statement reads:

"There was no infantry action. The artillery action was violent at times in Belgium, at various points on the Aisne front and on the right bank of the Meuse."

On the other hand, Oct. 7, the activity of the artillery was quite marked on the Vardar front, north of Monastir and in the region of the lakes.

Surprise Attacks.

A strong surprise attack was delivered by the Germans upon French troops near Nancy. In the Champagne region last night, the assault was repulsed, says the afternoon statement, the Germans suffering considerable casualties and leaving prisoners in the hands of the French. The statement reads:

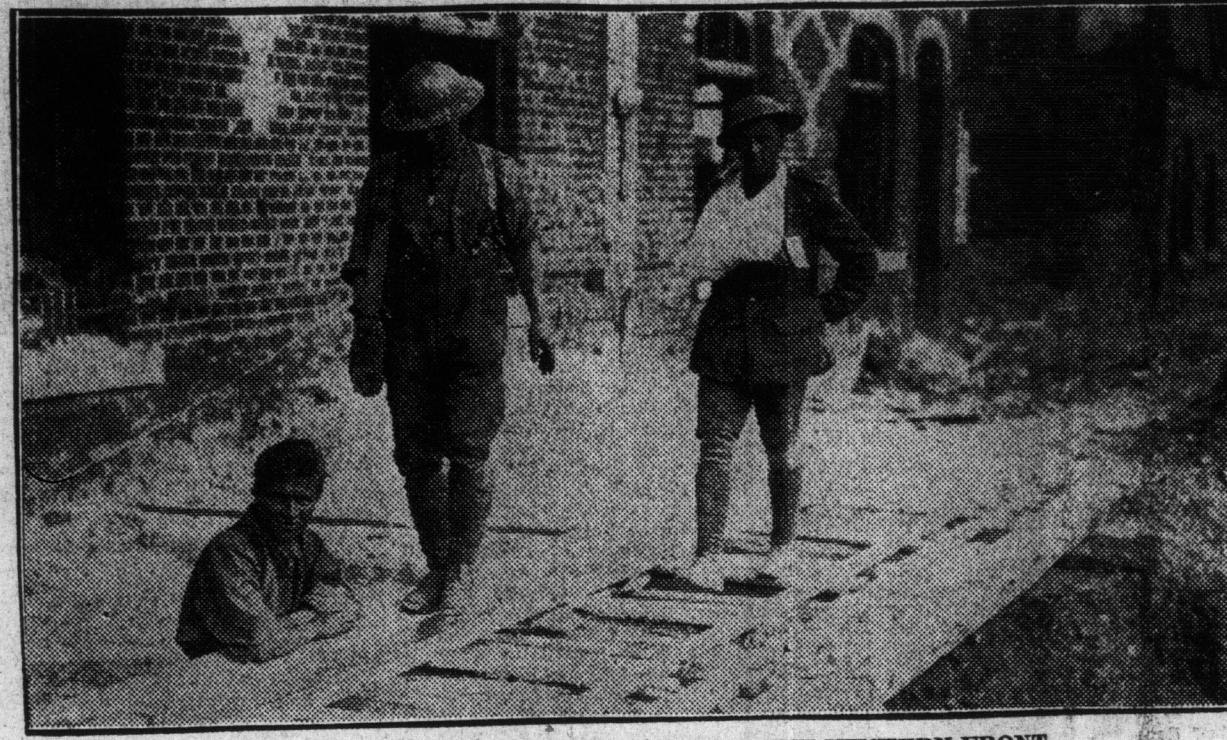
"The German attacks failed. It is focused on the titanic struggle now going on in Flanders. The battle raging there is proving an engagement of wholly unprecedented scope and potentialities.

"At the beginning of the week, owing to bad weather, the Germans were unable to launch counter-attacks against the positions recently gained by the British. Notwithstanding the fact that the Germans made use of smoke screens, liquid fire, and brought into action an imposing array of artillery, the British held their ground in the Tower Hamlets and Polywood Wood, as well as along the system of canals leading out of Brussels to the sea."

Slow But Irresistible.

"Saturday's Statement." Last night's official statement said: "The German attacks were quite active in the region of Braine-en-Laonnois and on the right bank of the Meuse, north of the Bois de Chambon. In the Vosges we carried out a surprise attack in the neighborhood of Bézannes."

In the theater. Calm prevailed along the whole front. Enemy patrols were repulsed west of Lake Ochrida. Allied aeroplanes bombarded enemy establishments north of Gievill and near Resna."



CANADIAN OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPH FROM THE WESTERN FRONT.
Wounded Canadian on his way to aid post. He was wounded at Lens.

THANKSGIVING

By ROBERT PARTRIDGE.

The gleaners' work is done, and, gathered in,
The golden fruit lies plentiful and deep;
The spoils that toil the recompense of sin.
By His great mercy man shall sow and reap.

In every clime, abused the world and torn,
Still pile His gifts, the year's fair golden hoard,

And hearts, the bough'd with anguish, wan and worn,
Still praise Thee, Lord.

The tollers rest awhile, and view with pride
The harvest of Thy love, divine and pure.

From ocean unto ocean, far and wide,
Through the broad domain it will endure.

Not by our deeds dost Thou our wage decree,
But each shall share with each unto Thy word.

Heal us today, as on our bended knee,
We thank Thee, Lord.

We thank Thee for these riches of the earth,
So we by labor may enrich our store,
And toiling know Thy goodness and Thy worth
And understand Thy mercies evermore.

All undeserving we, Thy servants, take
These noble gifts, to us Thy great reward.

And bow our heads submissive for Thy sake
And thank Thee, Lord.

SUPREME TEST FINDS ALLIES IN ASCENDANCY

Victories of Past Two Weeks Conclusively Prove That British War Machine is Getting Into Position to Overwhelm Enemy.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Decisive ascendancy for the allies in the supreme test of battle strength now taking place on the bloody fields of Flanders is claimed by Secretary of War Baker, in the weekly review of war operations issued tonight by the war department.

"It is premature to assert that the British war machine has forced a decision over the Germans," Mr. Baker says, "the victories of the past fortnight, threatening the German submarine bases on the Belgian coast, are conclusive indications of allied superiority." With favorable weather, he thinks, these victories will be repeated and extended.

The review, which is for the week ended last night, makes no reference to the American forces in France or to the great preparations for war going forward at home.

German Attacks Fail. "The attempt to break the world," it is said, "is focused on the titanic struggle now going on in Flanders. The battle raging there is proving an engagement of wholly unprecedented scope and potentialities.

"In the Vauxhall, Lilleau and Hurtebeise sectors and on the right bank of the Meuse, particularly to the north of Hill 344 and in the direction of Bezons.

In the Champagne at the close of the day was repulsed a strong surprise attack against the Northern French trenches. The enemy suffered appreciable losses and left prisoners in our hands without attaining any success.

There is nothing to report from the other portions of the front."

Saturday's Statement.

Last night's official statement said: "The German attacks were quite active in the region of Braine-en-Laonnois and on the right bank of the Meuse, north of the Bois de Chambon. In the Vosges we carried out a surprise attack in the neighborhood of Bézannes."

In the theater. Calm prevailed along the whole front. Enemy patrols were repulsed west of Lake Ochrida. Allied aeroplanes bombarded enemy establishments north of Gievill and near Resna."

PETROGRAD'S FATAL FIRE

Many Russian Soldiers Lose Lives in the Theatre Used as Hospital.

Petrograd, Oct. 6.—A fire today in the Panayeff Theatre, which was used as a field postoffice and hospital, in which some 25 to 100 persons lost their lives is supposed to have been ignited from a dropped cigarette. Most of the victims were soldiers in the hospital on the fifth floor of the building and servants occupying quarters above.

AUSTRIAN ATTACKS STRONGLY RESISTED

Enemy Completely Fails to Penetrate Italian Positions By Surprise.

SUCCESSFUL IN RAID

Allied Troops Carry Out Operations on Monte San Gabriele Slopes.

Rome, Oct. 7.—A series of surprise attacks launched by the Austrians at various points on the Italian front met with effective resistance, according to today's war office report. Italian forces carried out a successful raid on the northern slopes of Monte San Gabriele taking prisoners. The text of the statement reads:

"On Friday night, favored by bad weather, the enemy made a surprise attack on an advanced post in the Costabona ridge in the San Velletri valley and attempted by a heavy barrage to prevent us bringing up reinforcements. The arrival of reinforcements and the efforts of the garrison drove the enemy back to his starting point. Other parties attempting similar raids at Crociade, Longolini and Fibola-Vidreola. They were dispersed by our fire.

On Saturday morning, adding still more to the discomfiture of the men lying out in the mud and water in this inhospitable zone. At some places along the new battlefield during the night both sides were taking a breathing spell after the arduous work of the past two days. The artillery, of course, maintained its ceaseless firing at various points.

The continuous rain was falling this morning, adding still more to the discomforts of the men lying out in the mud and water in this inhospitable zone. At some places along the line the Germans found themselves in a difficult position as a result of Thursday's drive that they are reported to have pulled their defenses back a short distance more favorable grounds. British patrols, which pushed out into enemy territory, found the forward shell holes in one section abandoned. These troops included a division of

the guards and another division of picked men from the flower of the German army. Not only were thousands of men wiped out, but the well-defined plan of the German high command for an attack was utterly disrupted.

The collapse of this scheme, the extensive defeat inflicted by the British

(Concluded on Page 7, Column 6).

PACIFIST MINISTER OF LONDON MOBBED

Soldiers and Women Pull Him From Pulpit and Burn Church.

Ralph Connor Says Solution Lies With People of Montreal.

London, Oct. 7.—A large crowd of soldiers and women broke up a meeting which pacifists attempted to hold.

Brotherhood Church at Kingsland today by lighting a bonfire on the floor in front of the pulpit. The flames were extinguished by the police after considerable damage had been done to the carpets, the pews and the pulpit.

This church was the scene of several similar disturbances last July. There was a cordon of police around the building when the meeting opened this afternoon, but the crowd soon succeeded in pushing through to the organ and in drowning out the organ and the singers with war songs and cheers for the soldiers. Then the crowd rushed to the pulpit, pulled the pastor down by his coat-tails, and threw him bodily across the aisle.

Meanwhile other demonstrators were lighting a bonfire from which flames suddenly shot up to a height of five or six feet, while cries of "Burn down the church" were heard. The police then cleared the house and beat out the flames with their coats.

STRONG ENEMY POINTS SHELLED BY BELGIANS

Official Communication States Batteries Shelled in German First Lines.

Paris, Oct. 7.—The Belgian official communication tonight reads:

"In the last two days our artillery has taken up positions on the heights of the enemy's positions in the neighborhood of Clerken, Eben and Woumen in order to bombard the fortifications of Bapaume. We have advanced posts and first line trenches in this sector, and also new Dixmudes, Avocourt, Avesnes, La Bassée and Neuville. We were subjected to the fire of several batteries and small guns organized by the Germans.

"Slowly, but surely, the Germans are advancing on the front. On the night of Oct. 6-7 a German patrol was dispersed by our infantry fire at close range."

SIFTON, CALDER, CRERAR ON VERGE OF DECISION

Borden Expects to Make Momentous Announcement of Cabinet Reconstruction Today—If Western Liberals Balk, Alternative Program is Ready.

Special to The Toronto World.

Ottawa, Oct. 7.—Sunday has been a rather quiet day politically with the prospect of rather portentous things tomorrow. Sir Robert Borden as much as told inquirers tonight that something might happen tomorrow to justify his taking the public further into his confidence. Some of the following western Liberals are at the Chateau Laurier: Premier Arthur Sifton of Alberta, Hon. James Calder of Saskatchewan, Hon. B. A. Hudson, attorney-general of Manitoba, and Premier Martin of Saskatchewan, with the certainty of T. C. Williams. When he is told of the grain growers' strike in the morning, once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr. Borden is not favorable. He is in consultation with the western men who will be present at the meeting in the morning, and he is waiting to hear from them. Once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr. Borden is not favorable. He is in consultation with the western men who will be present at the meeting in the morning, and he is waiting to hear from them. Once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr. Borden is not favorable. He is in consultation with the western men who will be present at the meeting in the morning, and he is waiting to hear from them. Once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr. Borden is not favorable. He is in consultation with the western men who will be present at the meeting in the morning, and he is waiting to hear from them. Once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr. Borden is not favorable. He is in consultation with the western men who will be present at the meeting in the morning, and he is waiting to hear from them. Once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr. Borden is not favorable. He is in consultation with the western men who will be present at the meeting in the morning, and he is waiting to hear from them. Once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr. Borden is not favorable. He is in consultation with the western men who will be present at the meeting in the morning, and he is waiting to hear from them. Once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr. Borden is not favorable. He is in consultation with the western men who will be present at the meeting in the morning, and he is waiting to hear from them. Once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr. Borden is not favorable. He is in consultation with the western men who will be present at the meeting in the morning, and he is waiting to hear from them. Once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr. Borden is not favorable. He is in consultation with the western men who will be present at the meeting in the morning, and he is waiting to hear from them. Once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr. Borden is not favorable. He is in consultation with the western men who will be present at the meeting in the morning, and he is waiting to hear from them. Once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr. Borden is not favorable. He is in consultation with the western men who will be present at the meeting in the morning, and he is waiting to hear from them. Once he hears from them if favorable, he will make an announcement and go on with the rest of reorganization, including probably two new names from Ontario, perhaps Mr. Rossell or Mr. B. B. Bishop. If the news from the government is not favorable, then he will go ahead with his reconstruction in rather quick order, as it is believed that he has a program more or less completed to suit that situation. He can get other Liberals in the west and east and those here were mentioned as possible win-the-war government. In contrast, Mr.

RAILWAY STRIKE MENACES RUSSIA

Other Labor Troubles Emphasize Gravity of Present Crisis.

APPEAL BY KERENSKY

Government Hopes That a Solution of Difficulties Is in Sight.

Petrograd, Oct. 7.—The workmen in all the paper factories of Petrograd have gone on strike. The strike threatens, if prolonged, to seriously embarrass the early convocation of the constituent assembly owing to the demand for paper for the electrical bulletins which had been ordered from the factories affected.

After a day of conferences between the Moscow industrial workers and the representatives of the workmen's and soldiers' delegations on the subject of the coalition government plan the Moscow delegates left for home Saturday night to put the situation before the Moscow industrial leaders. They will go to Petrograd and resume the conference Monday.

The government expressed confidence today that the crisis had been passed, an the agreement on all points had not yet been reached.

The government also hopeful of avoiding the general railway strike which has been called for midnight Sunday. The parliament called by the democratic congress held its first meeting yesterday for the purpose of organizing.

Eight thousand soldiers at Gomel, in the Province of Minsk, following a meeting refused to go to the front, says a telegram from Gomel. The soldiers afterwards became disorderly, and upon repeated messages they were prompted to Cossacks, when they promptly surrendered.

The semi-official news agency today announced that the employees of the important Valkavysk railway system (Cis-Siberian) as well as a number of other lines have decided not to join in the strike.

"This news," says the statement, "gives ground for hope that the efforts of the government and soldiers' and workmen's council to avert the strike will be successful."

Kerensky's Appeal

When a committee of the democratic congress visited Premier Kerensky Saturday, he addressed the committee as follows:

"The growth of anarchy, the condition of political ruin which confronts the country, the extravagance demanded of the public and the armaments in certain quarters to restore the former regime, fear a recognition of the necessity of union and coalition. Only the union of the bourgeoisie and democratic elements can save us."

Minister of War Affairs Tseretelashvili pleaded for a reconstruction of the nation's forces so that "the delegates who will participate in the Paris conference on October 16, may point out to the allied powers that fighting force has been organized and that our boat strength is no myth."

Korniloff to Escape Trial.

General Korniloff, who probably will escape trial by court-martial, because of technicalities, and be judged instead by civil court for treason and insubordination, says the Novaya Zhizn.

It is pointed out that General Korniloff's march to Petrograd was an order of the government, which, three days after the "rebellion," continues the newspaper, commands that all orders issued by General Korniloff to the front be carried out. Therefore, it is argued, he can only be considered pliable from the start and destined to re-sign as commander-in-chief and this do-

mand only emanated from Premier Korniloff, whereas General Korniloff had been appointed by the provisional government.

It is further pointed out that M. Lvoff, who acted as messenger between Korniloff and the premier, adds that he garbled General Korniloff's message, transmitting it in the form of an ultimatum without having received instructions to do so.

CHARGED WITH GAMBLING.

Hamilton, Oct. 8.—Rooms over the Royal Bank, 10 King street, were searched by police late last night, and two men taken into custody charged with gambling. They will appear in police court tomorrow morning. The men are George Ramsay, 428 North James street, and James McKay, 249 North James street. A number of other well known citizens are also charged, but as they were not engaged in a game when the police appeared no more charges will be preferred.

REVIEW PROBLEMS OF STEEL USERS

Difficulties Which Confront Canadian Firms, Receive Attention.

Ottawa, Oct. 7.—Additional details of the United States priority plan in regard to iron and steel have been received by the department of trade and commerce. The announcement received by the department is signed by Judge Robert S. Lovett, chairman of the United States priorities committee of the war industries board or council of national defense, and is approved by the secretaries of war and navy.

Under regulations of the committee, the announcement states, all orders and work are divided into three classes:

Class A comprises war work—that is to say, orders and work urgently necessary in carrying on the war, such as arms, ammunition, ships, etc.

Class B comprises orders and work which while not primarily designed for the prosecution of the war, yet are of public interest and essential to the national welfare, otherwise of exceptional importance.

Class C comprises all orders not embraced in Class A or Class B. The two first classes are again divided into four sub-divisions.

Difficulties encountered by Canadian importers and users of steel, since the adoption of the United States system of licensing iron and steel exports, is under review by a committee. The committee, which is expected to report in a week or so, includes F. T. O'Hara, deputy minister of trade and commerce; P. L. Miller of Canadian Vickers Company; R. M. Hamlin, Sawyer-Massey Company, and the following merchants handling plate for the general trade: Drummond, McCall & Company, F. R. Humpage, Wilkes Drill Company, and C. A. Waterous.

Electric Fixture Display.

The Electric Wiring and Fixture Co. and the Hydroelectric Power and Wire Co. have combined their Electric wiring departments and have one of the finest Electric Fixture showrooms in the city at 261 College street, southeast corner of Yonge street, showing the fixtures at wholesale prices to the public, and making no charge for installing them. See their special offer for wiring and fixtures elsewhere on this page. Photo College 1878.

RETURNS FROM FRONT.

Special to The Toronto World.

Chatham, Oct. 6.—Pte. Dalton M. Bassett, a Chatham soldier who served for two years with the imperial army, returned home yesterday and surprised his parents. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bassett, who reside at 148 Wellington street.

GENERAL MEWBURN AT HAMILTON CLUB

Large Gathering Learns About

Conscription From Those

Enforcing It.

NO CALL TO CABINET

Not Asked to Enter Govern-

ment as Minister of

Militia.

BY A STAFF REPORTER.

Hamilton, Oct. 7.—The Military Service Act is now in effect, according to Brigadier Gen. C. M. Mewburn, C.M.G., and Colonel J. J. Lyons Biggar of the military service council, Ottawa, before a large gathering of the Canadian Club of Hamilton in the Royal Connaught Saturday evening.

"Our own and the enemy's artillery were active in the Vauxhall, Lafontaine and Hurstville sectors, and on the right bank of the Meuse, particularly to the north of Hill 344 and in the direction of Bezonvaux."

In the Champagne at the close of the day we repelled a strong surprise attack against our Navarin Farm trenches at Navarin Farm.

The enemy suffered appreciable losses and left prisoners in our hands without attaining any success.

"There is nothing to report from the other portions of the front," said the Staff Reporter.

Eastern theatre: Calm prevailed along the whole front. Enemy patrols were repulsed west of Lake Ochrida. Allied aeroplanes bombed enemy establishments north of Glevig and near Resna."

FEDERAL OPERATION OF PAPER INDUSTRY

Committee of United States

Senate Calls for Drastic

Action.

MUST PROTECT PRESS

Excessive Profiteering By the

Paper and Pulp Industries

Pointed Out.

Washington, Oct. 7.—A report recommending government operation of the print paper and pulp industries during the war, and arraigning what it calls the defiant attitude of print paper producers, was filed today by the senate printing committee. It will await action at the December session.

The report, in the general sense, accepts the commission's findings.

"In the last two days our artillery has taken to task enemy organizations and has imposed a most unjust burden on the American press, which faces a serious disaster if relief cannot speedily be had from the oppressive price now exacted for print paper."

It added that the commission in its recent investigation exhausted every measure at its command for the relief of the press, but had only succeeded in gaining a small measure of relief for them.

ASK FULL CONTROL.

Under a resolution introduced by Senator Smith of Arizona and reported by the Senate resolution committee, the trade commission would be empowered to control the production and distribution of print paper and mechanical and chemical pulp in the United States. All print paper and pulp mills and agencies would be operated on government account and their products pooled in the commission's hands during the war emergency, and distributed at a price based on production and distribution cost, allowing a fair profit.

Provision is made in the resolution for co-operating with the Canadian Government and limiting imports into the United States during the war to supplies for government account.

The resolution points out that as a result of the commission's investigation seven leading print publishers have been convicted for violations of the Sherman Anti-trust law.

Free Press at Stake.

Most of the newspapers of the country, the report says, are now up to the mark, willing to publish news and contracts, and if adequate relief is to be had it must be without waiting for the prosecution of the indictments and complaint against the news print companies which are now pending.

"The committee," it concludes, "submits to the senate whether it is better to safeguard the continuance of a free press in the country by assuring it an adequate supply of print paper at a reasonable price, or whether to permit a further increase in the excessive profits of the paper industry, which the federal trade commission declares is about to exceed \$17,500,000 more in excessive profits."

"We are really curious that you answer at that idea, yet it is evident that if Germany had thought she would have the nerve to attack her she would have hesitated to declare war."

APPONTS RETURNED MEN.

Special to The Toronto World.

Chatham, Oct. 6.—Pte. Clifford Morris, the first Chatham soldier to return from the front, has been appointed to the customs office staff, together with Pte. Carl Baxter, who returned recently after many months of service in France.

Diamonds on Credit

\$1-\$3 Weekly

Write for Catalogue.

JACOBS BROS.,

15 Toronto Arcade,

Opp. Temperance.

SMOKERS BE CAREFUL.

Orillia, Oct. 7.—An order-in-council has been passed providing heavy penalties for any person who attempts to take matches or has matches in his possession in the open air or in a public place. Anyone guilty of infraction in Orillia to pay a fine exceeding \$100, or six months' imprisonment, or both.

STERILIZED WIPING CLOTHS

E.PULLAN, TORONTO

MADE IN CANADA

FREE TRIAL ANYWHERE

TORONTO OFFICE IS ADELAIDE \$1.00

IT COSTS LESS BECAUSE IT'S

THE ONLY WIPER

MADE IN CANADA

NO. 60

MADE IN CANADA

MONDAY MORNING OCTOBER 8 1917

THE TORONTO WORLD

PAGE THREE

TOLLS
ORD ROAD

Highway to
Repairs
Made.

CANDIDATES

Ent Labor Can-
Be-Cornered
Probable.

The collection of
and Paris toll road
suspended by the On-
tario Parks until
has been paid in full.
This is the road
for the hundreds of
the Oak Park
and the park. At
time is much
to be made to get
road over elimination
at there will be a
in Bradford for the
by the Ontario. All
entive of the Inde-
held last night, the
to present the
etting the name of
candidate for the
Good and Rev. W.
of the Conservative
honor. Nothing
the Conservatives
gossip has it
being offered as
and W. F. Cox
member, W. S.
rical Conservative
interests. Lloyd Har-
number previous to
but now on that
board of trade has
government repre-
sented by a few
certificates. It will
cipitate on the L.
on Tuesday, Oct. 16.
action was taken to
resolved: "That in-
controller has already
done his duty in
to interfere with
ers, and that action
red until such time
as campaign is an-
roller
rise in the price of
week. Lambs have
the increase in the
alo and New York
consequent rise of
market. Half-cut steak
higher. Half-cut
full supply of vege-
ay, but bidding was
little lower than
crown is poor. One
baskets off 15
vered to \$2.10, while
a 15 cent. per
cycle meet.
cycle and motorcycle
arrived at the port
which is being stated
of the Canadian
is creating wide-
awake interest. The
bicycle racing men
and there will
Hamilton. Long
one big racing en-
from Montreal and
of the best horses
out. The latter is a
has been flying in
base of the men who
mining board last
class A. In all 58
and of this number
shipped overseas. The
will be closed on
up were placed in
A. 23; B. 37; C.
one held for further
represented himself for
board did not pass
Paris and said his
but refused to
OFFICERS.

to World.
Officers of the
society have been
Honorary pres-
mill; president, Dr.
R. Farquharson;
Saxsmith, B.A.;
sun; curator, J. H.

ICAL BOARD.
to World.
-Nine men of
passed the medi-
19 being found fit
and 17 rejected.
commenced exam-
245 men, none
of whom were
A2, 86 reject-
ory B, 16 under
16.

PARLOR
CELLAR
HALL-KITCHEN-
House
ing all wires, and
ations, and supply
the government
dollars.

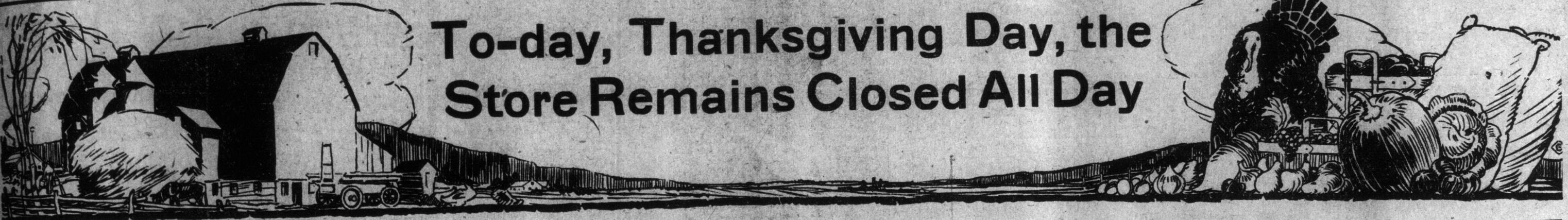
Company
Spadina Ave.)

EATON'S develop films at 5c
per roll. Mail them or bring
them to Camera Section, Main
Floor.

EATON'S DAILY STORE NEWS

C.D.V. small postcard size photos,
full figure or head and shoulders, 4
for 25c. Camera Counter, Main
Floor, James St.

To-day, Thanksgiving Day, the Store Remains Closed All Day



Some of the Early Morning Specials for Tuesday

Two Specials From the Linen Department

Fine White Nainsook, Yard, 10c; Pillow Cotton,
Yard, 18c.

To the thrifty housewife these two specials will be of keen
interest, for they are decided possibilities for saving on each
item. With the Fall and Winter sewing in progress, both
values are most timely. Come early.

34-inch Nainsook, in soft finish, suitable for women's and
children's underclothes. This is a quality which we could not
not purchase from the mills to-day at the price for which we are
offering it on Tuesday. Special, per yard, 10c.

Plain Pillow Cotton, well made and durable, 44 and 46
inches wide. An odd lot which we have marked down for a
special clearance Tuesday. For this item we cannot take phone
or mail orders, the quantity being limited. Tuesday, per yard,
18c.

—Second Floor, James St.

Prints and Ginghams Price-reduced for a Special Clearance, Tuesday, Yard, 9½c

For this item we cannot take phone or mail orders, the quantity
being limited.

Prints and Ginghams, those ever-popular materials for
men's and children's wear, price-reduced, many to half price,
for Tuesday's selling. Surely a special which merits an early
trip. There's an excellent range of patterns and colors, in
stripe, check, spot and figured designs on light and dark
grounds; 24 to 30 inches wide. Special, Tuesday, 9½c.

—Second Floor, Albert St.

Boys' Jerseys in Sweeping Clearance at 69c Each

Come and get a supply, for it may be some time before
such an opportunity is again presented. And these are just the
kind most boys like—easy to slip off and on, cling comfortably
to the body, and possess plenty of elasticity to allow free and
easy action. They're made of fine ribbed worsted, with stand-
up collar and ribbed cuffs. Some have buttoned shoulders.
Navy, brown, cardinal and Copenhagen. Sizes 22 to 28. Extra
special, Tuesday, each, 69c.

—Main Floor, Centre.

A Clearance of Girls' Wool Dresses, Tuesday, \$4.95

Mothers will be interested in this big special, for such re-
markable value is unusual. The dresses are made from warm
wool serge. In several smart styles. There are high-waisted
models, with large, pointed collar and turned-back cuff of con-
trasting colors, trimmed with silk stitching. The full-gathered
skirts have patch pockets. Another jaunty style has collar,
cuffs and belt of velvet, with rows of colored stitching, gathered
pockets on either side, and fancy button trimmings. Colors
navy, brown, green and Copenhagen. Sizes 6 to 14 years. Special,
Tuesday, \$4.95.

—Third Floor, Yonge St.

25 Odd Bicycles Offered for Clearance at \$25.00 Each

Some of our best grade Bicycles are represented in this
collection, so if you want to get a really good machine at dollars
less than usual, come Tuesday. They have coaster brakes,
heavy steel mud-guards, roller chains, extended handle bars,
motorcycle style saddle and good double tube tires. Sizes 20,
22 and 24 inch frames. Extra special, Tuesday, each, \$25.00.

—Fifth Floor.

Pretty New Edgings, Laces and In- sertions, Some in Sets

Particularly Attractive for Those
Who Are Planning the Making of
Dainty and Personal Christmas Gifts

Armenian Edgings, Seaming, also Val. Laces and Insertions
in attractive patterns. Laces from 3/4 to 1 1/2 inches, insertions,
1-inch wide, put up 12 yards on card, for 25c.

Val. Lace Sets, 3/4 to 2 inches wide, with insertion to match,
1-inch wide; includes 3 widths of lace and 1 insertion to match.
Priced at, yard, 2c, 3c, 4c, 5c and 6c.

Guipure Laces, so much in demand for trimming waists,
neckwear, etc., in white and ecru, 1/2 to 1 1/4 inches wide. Priced
from yard, 10c to 35c.

Yokes for night dresses and corset cover tops, made of cot-
ton eluny and torchon laces and insertions combined. Made in
various sizes. Special value, each, 50c.

Splendid values in Cotton Nets in white, cream and ecru,
so much in demand for foundations, linings, waists, etc. 36
inches wide, in white, 30c, 50c, 65c and 75c yard; cream, 20c,
25c, 35c, 50c and 65c yard; ecru, 35c and 50c yard.

72 inches wide, in white, 35c and 50c yard; cream, 35c, 50c
and 75c yard.

A wide assortment of fine, dainty patterns in Cambric Edg-
ings, ranging from 1 to 2 1/2 inches wide; good, firm, durable
quality. Priced, per yard, 5c.

—Main Floor, Yonge St.

A Clearance of Women's Fashionable Suits, Tuesday, \$14.75

Including a Collection of Manufacturers' Samples, Together
With Odd and Broken Lines Taken From Our Fall Stock

ARE you in search of a modish suit for fall and winter
wearing? Or, perhaps, you need an inexpensive
suit to supplement your higher-priced model? At
any rate, here is your golden opportunity on Tuesday of
procuring a smart suit at an extremely low price, many of
them, in fact, being offered at a mere fraction of their
usual value.



In materials there are gabardines,
poplins and serges, and the styles are
as distinctive as they are diverse. The coats
are fashioned in Russian blouse and semi-
tailored styles, showing models belted and
without belts, hugely collared in close-fitting
effect, and ornamented with braid
or buttons.

Many have smart
pockets on the
skirt as well as
on the coat, and
the skirts are cut
on long, straight
lines, and many
of them are gathered
and belted. Available in
navy, green,
brown, taupe, and
black. Clearing
Tuesday, \$14.75.

The Shopping Service Will Help You!

It is time to be planning how
to make your room inviting for
the long winter months. Time
also to be making plans for that
new Autumn wardrobe. If you
are in any perplexity as to how
to set about either, write to the
Shopping Service, and a Shopper,
experienced in that particular
branch concerning which you are
making inquiry, will give you full
information regarding what is to
be found in the Store, and will, if
you so desire, make the purchase
for you.

Vests and Hug-Me-Tights

Comfortable Wool Garments at

\$1.25 to \$2.25

Women's Smart, Cosy Little Vests
to wear under suit coats, are knitted in
wool and are not only very smart, but
very comfortable. Brown and tan, royal
and green, navy and brown, and black
and grey. \$2.00.

Women's Hand-crochet Hug-me-
tights—lovely little wool coats, sleeve-
less and with short sleeves. Colors,
white, white and black, white and
mauve, white and pink, pink and sky,
grey and pink, and white and sky.
\$1.85, \$2.00 and \$2.25.

—Third Floor, Centre.

A Pretty Silk Poplin Frock for Women, Tuesday, \$13.00

A smart style, made of fine quality
silk poplin, is one with plain bodice
having self-button trimming and deep
hemstitched Georgette crepe collar; the
skirt is gathered under self belt and
finished with two embroidered pockets.
Colors sage, rose, green and black.
Price, \$13.00.

Delightful Silk Frocks, Special, \$14.50.
Crepe de Chine and Messaline Silk Dresses,
made in various styles, some with long, straight
bodices extending to hip, to which the skirt is
fully gathered; deep collars of Georgette crepe
in white or pale pink add a dainty touch. Colors
include navy, brown, coral, grey, green, Holland,
and pink. Sizes 34 to 44. Special, \$14.50.

New York Tailored Hats Specially Priced Tuesday, \$4.50

They feature that diversity of design which is distinctive of New York Milliner-
y, and comprise hats of every fashionable shape and size, ranging from the
"chic" small draped turban to the picturesque and ever-popular sailor in wide as
well as narrow brimmed effects. Made of good quality velvet, with trimmings of
wings, quills, mounts, ornaments and ribbons. Special value, \$4.50.

Misses' Tailored and Dress Hats at \$4.75—The price is special, and they com-
prise the ever-popular sailor, chin-chin, tricorn, mushroom, and "flop" effects, all
trimmed according to new vogue. Special value, \$4.75.

Modish New York
Dress Street
Hats at \$6.75.

A new import-
ation to hand of
hats fashioned from soft silk vel-
vet and hatter's
plush. There are large and small hats in all the
modish lines, in both black and colors, with trim-
mings of mounts, wings, ornaments, quills and
ribbon arrangements. Special value, \$6.75.

Untrimmed Silk Velvet Hats.

Showing wonderfully good lines. They are copies of
some of New York and Paris shapes, hats which are
seldom copied in low-priced models. There are 20 styles.
Colors wine, brown, navy, green and black. Special
value, \$3.25.

—Second Floor, Yonge St.

THE T. EATON CO. LTD.

More of the Early Morning Specials for Tuesday

Great Clearance of Framed Pictures at 25c Each

1,000 Pictures in 1" gilt or 1" mission oak frames. In
some cases the glass alone is worth the total price. Colored
and sepia pictures; some are framed close, others are matted,
showing 2" white, brown or cream margins. A hundred or
more subjects—Figures, landscapes, children, cattle, sheep,
and oblong shapes. Sizes 8 x 10 to 11 x 14. Special, Tues-
day, each, 25c.

Three Extra Good Specials in Footwear

Women's New Fall Boots, \$3.45; Men's Goodyear
Welted Boots, \$2.95; Girls' Boots, \$2.45.

Women's Stylish Fall Boots, new 1917 models, in high-cut
styles, in Vicie kid, button or laced, also in patent leather, button
or laced; cloth tops, Cuban heels, all smart and dressy shapes.
Sizes 2 1/2 to 7. Tuesday, special, \$3.45.

Men's Goodyear Welt Gunmetal Calf Blucher Boots, heavy
soles, popular fall style, medium toes. Sizes 5 1/2 to 11. Tues-
day, special, \$2.95.

Girls' Fine Gunmetal Calf Goodyear Welted Boots, neat,
serviceable fall style. Mrs. A. R. King's make. Sizes 11 1/2 to
2. Tuesday, \$2.45.

Writing Pads in Remarkable Clearance, Tuesday, 10c Each

There is a limited quantity of these Writing Pads, so we
advise early selection, as pads such as these at 10c are very
unusual. They are 10" x 8" in size, fine white paper, with a
lined surface. Tuesday, each, 10c. —Main Floor, Albert St.

Brussels Squares at Clearing Prices, Tues- day, \$13.75 and \$21.50

A hard-wearing, easily cleaned Rug for a dining-room, liv-
ing-room or bedroom; conventional and Oriental designs, in
rich combinations.

Size 5.9 9.0. Special.. \$13.75 Size 9.0 x 10.6. Special.. \$21.50

Close Pile Seamless Wilton Rugs at remarkably low prices.
Small Oriental and unique Chinese designs, in rich combina-
tions.

Size 8.3 x 10.6. Special.. \$5.50 Size 9.0 x 12.0. Special.. \$6.00

Heavy Saxony Wilton Hearth Rugs clearing at fractional
prices, brown, green and blue plain centres, with narrow Oriental
borders; serviceable for a hall, den or sitting-room.

Size 27 x 54..... \$4.75 Size 36 x 63..... \$7.75

"Felton" Floor Covering, waterproof and sanitary, for
kitchens, dining-rooms and bathrooms. Block, floral, tile and
hardwood patterns, in light, clean colors. Two yards wide.
Per square yard, 40c.

English Tapestry Carpet, 27 inches wide, some with stairs
to match, browns, green, red, tan and dark blue, in strong,
serviceable combinations for halls or rooms. Per yard, \$1.00.

Borlou Oriental Rugs—8.3 x 11.11, special price, \$90.00;
8.1 x 11.4, special price, \$90.00; 6.8 x 9.11, special price, \$65.00;
9.11 x 13.6, special price, \$165.00; 10.1 x 13.5, special price,
\$150.00.

—Fourth Floor.

Wall Paper Clearing, Tuesday, at Half-price, Single Roll, 7 1-2c

PAGE FOUR

Y. M. C. A. WORK AT FRONT DESCRIBED

Major John Brown Returns to Take Up Important Post in Canada.

SAW FIGHT AT VIMY

Tells Large Audience of His Experiences Among Men in the Trenches.

The newly-arrived associate general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. for Canada, Major John Brown, who will have entire charge of the military work of the "Y" in Canada, delivered an impressive address to a large audience Sunday afternoon at the Central Y. M. C. A. Major Brown is an old West End Y. M. C. A. boy, a former popular assistant physical director of the "Y" in this city, and a graduate of the University of Collège where he gained his A.B. Until last March he was Canadian associate general secretary was assistant physical director of the association at New York, leaving in March for the front in France, whence he returned last Tuesday.

In the course of his address the speaker dwelt upon three main thoughts: (1) His general impressions of the men at the front; and (2) the work of the Y. M. C. A. "We had scarcely left New York on our trip," said Major Brown, "when we became conscious of a really definite sense of war itself," said the speaker. "Encountered by two American destroyers, we noted the peculiar course which our boat took on its journey eastward. It stopped once every 12 minutes and must have added at least 20 per cent to the natural distance of the voyage."

"When we arrived in London, uniforms confronted us on every side," he continued. "What more interesting than that was the cosmopolitan aspect of the military metropolis. Other colonials, French, Belgians, Serbians, many fighting races, rubbed shoulders, as it were, in friendly camaraderie."

War Very Near.

Major Brown touched upon many other noteworthy evidences of the real consciousness of war which greets one in England and America. It never can in either Canada or the United States continue swooping upon London of the Boche murderer-planes, the incessant traveling of transport trains and transports of the hillarious tramp, tramp of the new-trained troops on their first visit to the front, the sad scenes to be met on the arrivals of the hospital ships at the ports, the many injured and maimed soldiers on the streets and the numberless camps around the country, all these stirred the heart and gave rise to serious thought. And in London so at Paris, perhaps to an even more pronounced degree, the consciousness of WAR gripped the soul.

At Vimy Ridge Major Brown was enabled to study firsthand the men themselves from many aspects. "I question," said he, "if we here can realize the transformation that overcomes the man after enlistment. He becomes a member of a team organized, cruder, but eats, sleeps, and tucks with the crowd; outwardly he is never alone. But his companions are always the same, always men like himself, and the comradeship of true women is not to be found in the camp. Hence one notes the affection for the little ones of the villages, and the hunger of the heart for the finer side of life." It is this hunger which gives a sense of isolation to many who may be surrounded by pals. When they go over to London or Paris to enjoy their ten days' leave, they are forced to fight their way thru crowds of visiting women with but one aim in view.

"Men," continued Major Brown, "have to be state of affairs at the front, wherein all masses the soldiers press forward to defend the honor of their country, while individually they are at the same time running the terrible risk of undermining their health, and the safety of their loved ones. That many of them by degrees come to look within for their armor, and to draw heavily upon the influences of the Unseen. It is here that our work begins."

Work's Many Phases.

Major Brown dwelt briefly upon the many phases of the Y. M. C. A. work in England and France, noteworthy among which was the organization of educational classes—these classes being everywhere given specific subjects and governed by properly qualified instructors. The general enthusiasm of the men in these classes was pronounced, and the speaker emphasized the fact that there would prove of immense help to the men in their mobilization work. The work of the Y. M. C. A. would be much heavier than it now is due to the fact that the men will be turning homeward, with their hands full toward the training of everyday life.

The speaker referred enthusiastically to the work and fine comradeship of Major Fred Smith, now in France, and a former well-known Y. M. C. A. worker; to Captain Martin, now in charge of the recruiting department of the "Y" in Paris, to "Tommy" Miller, Lieutenant Patten, Captain W. A. Cameron, and many other notable workers in the cause. In conclusion, he dwelt upon the great importance of the workers today, that is, all that is best in the men, and to the strong influence of environment, urging upon those present the great need of doing their utmost to make this environment such as to give the men a splendid, same view of life.

AGREEMENTS SATISFIED BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

Minerals Separation North American Corporation Denies Any German Control of Business or Interests.

The Toronto World has received a copy of the following letter addressed to Ridout & Maybee, Toronto, by Henry D. Williams, counsel for Minerals Separation North American Corporation:

"Your telegram received. Since writing you I have seen and have shown to our client Minerals Separation North American Corporation, copies in the Toronto World of September 23 and 29 and October 1, charging that our clients are controlled by German interests and are unwilling to grant leases for the use of their property in Canada. These charges are wholly false."

"On their behalf, I make the following statement for the information of the Canadian public:

"When the present war broke out in 1914, Minerals Separation (1914) Ltd., a British corporation, the predecessor of our company, was represented in America by one of its directors, Dr. S. Gregory, assisted by the American branch of the German firm of Borsig & Ballot, the chairman of our predecessor as well as of the parent British company, and the president of the present company, immediately and personally submitted to the British Government in London a statement of all the facts among which the agreement imposed upon the American branch of Beer, Sontheimer & Co., that their work as agents of the British company should be carried on entirely separate and apart from and independent of the activities of the relevant agreements with the relevant associations imposed by the British Government, and permission was granted to continue the relationships during the war."

"About that time, i.e., early in 1915, the American branch of Beer, Sontheimer & Co. incorporated its business under the laws of the State of New York as Beer, Sontheimer & Co. Inc. With this incorporation Minerals Separation (1914) Ltd. was incorporated under the laws of Canada, and it was insisted that the special agency contract as approved by the British authorities be kept separate. And Messrs. Elikan and Froehnert, both American citizens residing in Canada, were given authority to have friendly relations with the United States Government at all times since the United States entered the war."

"The agency contract between Beer, Sontheimer & Co., American branch, and the Canadian branch, was terminated in 1916. Minerals Separation North American Corporation has directly managed and controlled all of its business in North America under its own name, and it is estimated that a bond of some \$100,000,000 is held by the local canvasser, who lives in your district. Between the two lies a real wonderland organization."

This is the skeleton of the organization: next to the minister of finance will be the Dominion victory loan executive, included in the list of the British loan allotted funds in the Dominion. Under them come the nine provincial committees, consisting of experienced financial men, each committee having a chief committee which will split up its province into districts (eight in Ontario) and place an executive in each. The head of each district will be the manager of each district. Under each district manager or captain will be five six members. Each of these committees will have charge of, say, one county, aided by a local chairman and secretary. Each of these committees will be divided into towns or townships, and placed in charge of local committees composed of the men who live in the townships. The man who sees to the people they call on. Thus, in Ontario, for example, the man who will canvass John Jones of Ingoldwill will report to the Ingoldwill committee, who in turn, report to the county committee, who carry on back to the provincial committee, and so on clear through to the Dominion executive."

"To Get After Big Men." This is the bring of the men to the work of the Y. M. C. A. would be much heavier than it now is due to the fact that the men will be turning homeward, with their hands full toward the training of everyday life.

The speaker referred enthusiastically to the work and fine comradeship of Major Fred Smith, now in France, and a former well-known Y. M. C. A. worker; to Captain Martin, now in charge of the recruiting department of the "Y" in Paris, to "Tommy" Miller, Lieutenant Patten, Captain W. A. Cameron, and many other notable workers in the cause. In conclusion, he dwelt upon the great importance of the workers today, that is, all that is best in the men, and to the strong influence of environment, urging upon those present the great need of doing their utmost to make this environment such as to give the men a splendid, same view of life.

PREPARED FOR CHRISTMAS

Toronto Regiment Commander Thanks Friends for Handsome Sum to This End.

The following letter has been received by Walter J. Barr of 50 Yonge street from Lieut.-Col. J. B. Rogers, commanding the 3rd Canadian Battalion, Royal Canadian Regiment. The man of my battalion I want to thank the ladies and gentlemen of the Wawa Hotel sports committee for the very large sum of \$273.40 (\$131.84) forwarded to me by Mr. F. M. Gregg, Brown Bros. Limited. It will be of great assistance to me in giving the men a "baing up" Christmas dinner which we have started to work on already. I am very grateful to you all for your kind and thoughtful help in remembering us. I recognize a number of the names of Toronto people that I know quite well."

JACK CANUCK ASKS EVERY SPARE CENT

New Victory Loan Offers Opportunity for All Patriotic Canadians.

FOR SMALL INVESTORS

Special Canvass Being Arranged to Reach Men of Limited Means.

The largest single piece of business machinery ever created in Canada, larger than any of its kind ever organized in any country, with many more ramifications than all the banks, railways and telegraph companies in Canada combined—all to be used and then broken up in the next forty days—was destroyed Saturday by the minister of finance, Sir Thomas White. It consists of a gigantic selling organization with thousands of agents, scattered throughout every country hamlet, village, camp, mining camp, town and crowded city from the edges of the sea to the heights of the Rockies. All will be under one supreme command, seeking a single patriotic end—the salvation of the nation. Wherever a dollar bill is held in the air, there will be a mobile detective on its trail to possibly "arrest" the attention of its owner—and lay before him the attractive proposition of Jack Canuck.

Jack Canuck has cut out a new deal for himself, and the world is being refined in the crucible of new ideals," he declared, "and social conditions are better as arising which would have been delayed for perhaps a hundred years. The very life of the world is being menaced, and stricter enforcement of social laws is the only remedy."

Private interests, Dr. Ribour, pointed out, are being forced to yield to greater national needs, and a higher sense of national duty is being imposed upon the governments of the world. In short, the whole political atmosphere is being purified.

The letter ends as follows: "Just a line to thank you for that nice box. It was down like a mole in the earth 30 feet deep in a dugout, one that was captured from Britz, when someone called it 'Mole' to a ace. It was about two o'clock in the morning and raining and the rain was running down the steps like a small waterfall, which did not make it any more comfortable for us trying to get out. Just a line to thank you for that nice box. It was down like a mole in the earth 30 feet deep in a dugout, one that was captured from Britz, when someone called it 'Mole' to a ace. It was about two o'clock in the morning and raining and the rain was running down the steps like a small waterfall, which did not make it any more comfortable for us trying to get out. The coffee went down fine. We cannot make fires on the firing line as any amount of smoke would give away our position. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of justice and freedom. The men who ignores the rights of his fellowmen is deservedly denounced a traitor. Dr. Ribour emphasized the fact that the people have to be thankful for the continued thwarting of the enemy's foul plans; that after two years of patient endurance and ripe opportunities, they have been forced to play their immeasurable resources in wealth, men and material at the full disposal of the enemy, and have ranged themselves unequivocally on the side of right and democracy; that gratitude is due for the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the men who have offered their services to the cause of

YORK COUNTY — AND — SUBURBS

ROSDALE SECTION OPEN IN TEN DAYS

Workers Complete One Side of Viaduct Roadway Saturday Before Leaving.

OTHER SECTION WAITS

No Word Concerning Connection With Bloor and Sherbourne Streets is Heard.

A gang of fourteen men were busy Saturday on the paving of the north side of the Rosedale section of the Bloor street viaduct, and which they completed Saturday night. The wooden blocks on the south side of the roadway, provided the weather is favorable, will be completed in about ten days' time, according to the city's foreman on the job, when this section may be opened to the public. With the completion of this section a new thru roadway will be opened to Parliament and Howard streets at the west end of the bridge, and to Castle Frank road at the east end. At Rosedale there is at present a rough road that leads down from the end of the viaduct to the Rosedale Valley road below. At the west end of the bridge, Howard street, there will be a road that will cut down under the viaduct to the road below. This will be a grade of about one foot in twelve, but this does not come under the present contract, and according to T. C. Black, the engineer in charge of the construction, it is probable that the work will be done by the city, and it has not been decided whether or not it will be done by the contractor who has been awarded the contract.

Rev. Geo. R. Turk, Belgrave Avenue Methodist Church, officiated at the morning service, and Rev. W. V. Smith, Yonge Street Methodist Church, was invited by Rev. E. Crossley Hunter, B.A., officiated in the evening. The offering realized the large amount of \$350.

TON OF VEGETABLES.

Generous Offering at Earls Court Central Methodist Church Thanks-giving Services.

Thanksgiving services were held yesterday in Earls Court Central Methodist Church, Asco avenue. The large building was crowded at both morning and evening services. Over one ton of vegetables and dried produce were collected and sent to the interior war hospitals, which have been paid for by Mrs. Moir by the insurance company.

TO FURNISH CLUBROOMS.

In order to raise funds for the furnishing of their new clubrooms recently secured over the Belmont Theatre, West St. Clair avenue, the Earls Court branch of the Great War Veterans Association of Canada will have a social entertainment on Friday evening next in the clubrooms, with a splendid program of vocal and instrumental music will be given.

FORMER COUNTESS DEAD IN STATE HOSPITAL

Anna Robinson, Once Famous Beauty and Countess of Rosslyn, Dies in Poverty.

New York, Oct. 6.—Anna Robinson, formerly Countess of Rosslyn, died yesterday in the Manhattan State Hospital on Ward's Island. She came to this country from England two years ago after she had lost the remnants of her once large fortune as the result of the war, and lived here in comparative poverty until the winter of 1915, when she entered the Bellevue Hospital and from there to the institution on Ward's Island.

Born in Minneapolis in 1874, she went on the stage in an amateur production at the Shubert Theatre, and soon became famous for her beauty. She appeared later in other popular productions.

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Miss Robinson was married to the Earl of Rosslyn in London in 1896, but divorced him and went to the U.S. to compete as quickly as possible, but declined to make any statement as to when the whole of the work will be finished. A small gang is busy working on the slopes above Rosedale, grading the slopes, etc., no doubt in preparation for the opening of the valley road.

One of the most exciting numbers on the program was the tent-pulling race, in which the contestants were required to pull a heavy weight across the floor of the hall.

The most exciting event of the afternoon happened in the officers' whistling race. Each officer is given the name of a tune. He then has to gallop down dismount and whistle it to another standing at the end of the course. As soon as the tune can be recognized he turns it down and the rider carried back by the rider.

Capt. Harris of the C. O. R. was given the tune "Annie Laurie," and the result of his musical efforts was a slip bearing the words "There'll be a Hot

Autumn Millinery

Great display of Autumn styles, presenting the latest models in fashion. Millinery in demand as well as creative work by our own designers, every model displayed being an expression of the latest ideas in style, smartness and good taste. Our prices are moderate.

Dressmaking Department

Our Dressmaking and Tailoring Departments are prepared at all times to execute orders on shortest notice in style and workmanship guaranteed. By securing appointments now you may save disappointment later. Special attention given to out-of-town customers, whom we send samples, estimates and measurement forms on request.

Automobile Rugs

Great assortment of fine wool Rennolds Rugs. In great variety of British and Family Tartans, as well as plain colors with Tarten on reverse side, at assured prices.

Viyella Flannels

Viyella Flannels represent the utmost for durability and are guaranteed to be washable, and will retain the same softness. Shown in great variety of plain colors as well as in beautiful range in fancy designs in every imaginable color. Very suitable for all kinds of ladies' and gentlemen's day and night wear. Samples sent on request.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

JOHN CATTO & SON
65 TO 61 KING STREET EAST
TORONTO

Ladies and Gentlemen's HATS

of all kinds cleaned, dyed and remodeled. Work excellent. Prices reasonable.
NEW YORK HAT WORKS,
Phone N. 5165, 566 Yonge St.

STREET CAR DELAYS

Saturday, Oct. 6, 1917. Parliament cars eastbound at 9:11 a.m. on Queen street, east of York, delayed 37 minutes, by wagon stuck on track. Harbord and Wimberley cars at 9:21 a.m. on Adelaide street, between Toronto and Church, delayed 34 minutes by an I.O.W. wagon broken down on track.

Winchester cars, both ways, delayed 15 minutes at 11:00 a.m. at Front and Victoria and Shuter, by train.

Bathurst cars delayed 5 minutes at 8:35 p.m. at Front and John, by train.

Bathurst cars delayed 5 minutes at 8:45 p.m. at Front and John, by train.

Sunday King cars delayed 5 minutes at 10:35 a.m. at G.T.R. crossing, by train.

King cars delayed 5 minutes at 7:49 p.m. at G.T.R. crossing, by train.

King cars delayed 5 minutes at 8:37 p.m. at G.T.R. crossing, by train.

BELGIAN AVIATORS RAID ENEMY POINTS

Bomb Caskets in Re-prisal for Attacks Behind Fighting Lines.

Washington, Oct. 7.—The first bombing for soldiers has been sent over Red Cross Society filled with chocolates and other good

out of cheese.

Oct. 7.—The first bombing for soldiers has been sent over Red Cross Society filled with chocolates and other good

out of cheese.

Oct. 7.—G. G. Pugh, instructor for easterners from a trip over says the output will be larger than last, in a most successful

Bomb Fighting.

"Vigorous bomb fighting and a bombardment north of Dixmude ended in our favor."

"In the region of Woumen, our artillery have cooperated with the British in fighting during the offensive of our allies on October 4. Several enemy patrols attempted to approach our lines in the sector of Ramscappelle and Dixmude, but were repelled."

"Our aviators made over 250 flights during the week. Our scouting patrols were very busy and brought down two enemy planes. During these offensive operations, various aeroplanes were sent to land within their lines completely out of control."

"German cannoneers have been subjected to heavy bombardment from our aviators as a reprisal against numerous bombs thrown at different points in our rear zone."

OFFICERS IN HOSPITAL

London, Oct. 6.—The following officers of the Canadian army are reported as casualties: At Etaples, Lieut. G. MacLean, wounded in leg; at Le Touquet, Lieut. T. A. Williams, head, arm and back slightly wounded; at Cambrai, Lieut. R. R. Murray, leg slightly wounded; at Ypres, Capt. E. J. White, shell shock; J. D. Ponton, head wound; J. M. Morphy, Quebec, wounded back and legs.

The following officers of the Canadian army are reported discharged from hospital: From London, Major E. L. Simpson and J. T. Lynott, Ontario; J. Mack Munro, Manitoba; E. L. Abbott and S. Colman, B.C.; from Brighton, Capt. M. S. Hamilton, Lieutenant; G. S. Reed, from Plymouth, Lieut. W. E. Welch.

NORTHLIFFE ON LINKS

Ottawa, Oct. 7.—Lord Northcliffe had a game of golf on the Rivermeade links yesterday. Lord Northcliffe left Ottawa to-night.

THE WEATHER

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Oct. 7.—(8 p.m.)—A depression is situated to-night to the northward of the Georgian Bay region, and pressure is very high in the western portion of the continent. A few scattered showers have occurred in Ontario. Elsewhere in Canada the weather has been fine. Heavy snowfall has been experienced in the western provinces and frost has also been general in Ontario and Quebec. The highest temperatures recorded were: Calgary, 54°; Edmonton, 26°; Medicine Hat, 40°-56°; Moose Jaw, 20°-50°; Saskatoon, 24°-49°; Winnipeg, 26°-36°; Portage la Prairie, 21°-38°; Brandon, 24°-30°; Toronto, 31°-56°; Kingston, 24°-32°; Ottawa, 28°-45°; Montreal, 24°-32°; Quebec, 48°-52°.

Lower Lake and Georgian Bay—Fresh to strong westward to northwardly winds; a few scattered showers, but for the most part fair and cooling cooler.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf and North Shore—Fresh to strong southerly to westerly winds; partly fair with some light showers.

Maritime—Winds, becoming fresh, southerly fair today; local showers throughout the night.

Superior—Strong northwest and west winds; generally fair and cold.

Manitoba—Fine; little higher temperature.

Saskatchewan and Alberta—Fair and milder.

The Sunday Observer commenting on these figures says:

"The generous prominence given to the communiques to the exploits of the soldiers of the British Empire, as well as the Spanish, Welsh and Irish, is England's response to the keen pride of nationality which is part of the historic birthright of her neighbors in the United Kingdom. The English do not grudge or misunderstand the buggy overturned and was completely demolished. The young lady was pinned under the cover of the buggy and sustained a serious spinal injury. She was taken to Beaverton, the town officials and in Dr. Galloway's care. She was unconscious for some hours and is still in a very critical condition."

"German propagandists in Russia and in America having spread the assertion that England thrusts the main burden of the war on other parts of the empire, it was natural that the official agencies grappled firmly with a falsehood so poisonous. Nothing is more vital to the enemy's purpose than to disparage the credit and weaken the authority of England in the ranks of the grand alliance."

FOE'S RAID ON DUNKIRK

Berlin says Bombing Attacks Resulted in Great Damage.

Berlin, Oct. 7.—(Via London)—An official statement announces that serious damage was done to the harbor and railway works at Dunkirk by the recent German air attack, with the result that the British will be hampered in handling reinforcements for that area.

The report says: "Photographs taken by our aviators confirm the conclusion that our bomb attacks on the fortress of Dunkirk caused great destruction in several quarters of the town, especially among the houses, warehouse and railway works. Considerable hindrance will be caused thereby to British reinforcements."

TO HANDLE WAR LOAN.

Montreal, Oct. 7.—J. W. McConnell is chairman of the committee which will handle the new war loan.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 7.—Some dealers have raised the price of milk again to ten cents per quart, and it is stated that this price will become general on Nov. 1.

Harper, customs broker, 39 West Wellington st., corner Bay st.

PRICE ALFRED CODD DIES.

Special to The Toronto World.

Kingston, Oct. 7.—Some of the dealers have raised the price of milk again to ten cents per quart, and it is stated that this price will become general on Nov. 1.

TO GET FLYING PAY.

London, Oct. 6.—A new army order has been issued relating to flying officers.

"On the 1st instant, the weather prevailed and there was nothing of importance. In the east local engagements occurred near the Sereth."

A communication issued earlier today follows:

"Western theatre, front of Crown Prince Battalion, 58th Battalion, France, formerly of 37th Battalion, G.E.F. killed in action at Courteuil, Oct. 8, 1916. Buried in Varennes British Cemetery, N.W. of Albert. His late wife, Mrs. G. N. Murphy, died; E. J. White, shell shock; J. D. Ponton, head wound; J. M. Morphy, Quebec, wounded back and legs.

Notice of funeral later.

LAWSON—On Sunday evening, Oct. 7, 1917, after a lingering illness, at his late residence, 255 Crawford street, David Lawson, beloved husband of Margaret McPhee, in his 55th year.

Funeral from above address Monday, at 2 p.m. Interment Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

DARLING—At her late residence, 153 First avenue, on Friday, Oct. 5, Thressie Darling, aged 24 years.

Funeral from above address Monday, at 2:30 p.m. Interment Mt. Pleasant Cemetery.

CLARK—In this city, Saturday, Oct. 6, 1917, William Clark, aged 84 years.

Funeral service at chapel of Hopkins-Burkess, 529 Yonge street, today, at 2:30 p.m. Interment Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

DARLING—At her late residence, 153 First avenue, on Friday, Oct. 5, Thressie Darling, aged 24 years.

Funeral from above address Monday, at 2 p.m. Interment Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

JOHNSON—At Highland Park, Los Angeles, Cal. Dr. Sidney Harold Johnson, aged 32, grandson of Mr. John Clarke, Brampton, Ont.

Notice of funeral later.

LAWSON—On Sunday evening, Oct. 7, 1917, after a lingering illness, at his late residence, 255 Crawford street, David Lawson, beloved husband of Margaret McPhee, in his 55th year.

Funeral from above address Monday, at 2 p.m. Interment Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

LUKE—In Vancouver, B.C., on Sept. 28, from James McFarquhar's undertaking parlors, 2173 Gerrard St. East, Toronto. Interment in St. John's Cemetery, Norway. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

IN MEMORIAM.

BELL—In loving memory of C. Arthur Bell, Lieutenant 58th Battalion, France, formerly of 37th Battalion, G.E.F. killed in action at Courteuil, Oct. 8, 1916. Buried in Varennes British Cemetery, N.W. of Albert. His late wife, Mrs. G. N. Murphy, died; E. J. White, shell shock; J. D. Ponton, head wound; J. M. Morphy, Quebec, wounded back and legs.

The following officers of the Canadian army are reported discharged from hospital: From London, Major L. H. Simpson and J. T. Lynott, Ontario; J. Mack Munro, Manitoba; E. L. Abbott and S. Colman, B.C.; from Brighton, Capt. M. S. Hamilton, Lieutenant; G. S. Reed, from Plymouth, Lieut. W. E. Welch.

NORTHLIFFE ON LINKS.

Ottawa, Oct. 7.—Lord Northcliffe had a game of golf on the Rivermeade links yesterday. Lord Northcliffe left Ottawa to-night.

ENGLISH TROOPS BEAR THE BURDEN

Foul Slander Answered By the Figures on Recent Fighting.

THEIR BIRTHRIGHT

Prominence Given Other Nationalities Response to Pride of Country.

STORMONT TEACHERS TO HOLD CONVENTION

Attractive Program Has Been Planned and Several Outside Speakers Will Be Heard.

Special to The Toronto World.

Cornwall, Ont., Oct. 7.—The annual meeting of the Stormont Teachers' Institute will be held in the high school on Oct. 10 and 11. The usual program will be presented, bearing upon subjects of interest to the teaching profession.

Besides local speakers, addresses will be given by H. G. Palmer of the Peterborough Normal School, J. H. Putnam, chief inspector, Ottawa, and Trinity Hall, during the day, evening a session will be held in Trinity Hall, when a lecture on the human brain, illustrated with lantern slides, will be given by Mr. Park.

STRUCK BY TRAIN GIRL IS INJURED

Gladys Nix of Thorah Township, Victim of Railway Crossing.

Quiet to The Toronto World.

Beaverton, Oct. 6.—About 1 o'clock noon today a serious accident occurred at the G. T. R. crossing just east of Beaverton, Miss Gladys Nix, 17-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Nix, of Thorah Township, when driving alone to Beaverton, it is presumed, to go to a friend's house. She was riding in a horse-drawn buggy and was overtaken by a truck. The buggy overturned and was completely demolished. The young lady was pinned under the cover of the buggy and sustained a serious spinal injury. She was taken to Beaverton, the town officials and in Dr. Galloway's care. She was unconscious for some hours and is still in a very critical condition.

Russian Success on Rumanian Front

Enemy Loses Seven Machine Guns and Seven Hundred Prisoners.

VILLAGE CAPTURED

New Position of Russians Is Abandoned Owing to Terrific Fire.

SAVE, Because ---

Patriotism finds an outlet through careful saving.

THE TORONTO WORLD

STORMONT TEACHERS TO HOLD CONVENTION

Attractive Program Has Been Planned and Several Outside Speakers Will Be Heard.

Special to The Toronto World.

Cornwall, Ont., Oct. 7.—The annual meeting of the Stormont Teachers' Institute will be held in the high school on Oct. 10 and 11. The usual program will be presented, bearing upon subjects of interest to the teaching profession.

Besides local speakers, addresses will be given by H. G. Palmer of the Peterborough Normal School, J. H. Putnam, chief inspector, Ottawa, and Trinity Hall, during the day, evening a session will be held in Trinity Hall, when a lecture on the human brain, illustrated with lantern slides, will be given by Mr. Park.

STRUCK BY TRAIN GIRL IS INJURED

Gladys Nix of Thorah Township, Victim of Railway Crossing.

Quiet to The Toronto World.

Beaverton, Oct. 6.—About 1 o'clock noon today a serious accident occurred at the G. T. R. crossing just east of Beaverton, Miss Gladys Nix, 17-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Nix, of Thorah Township, when driving alone to Beaverton, it is presumed, to go to a friend's house. She was riding in a horse-drawn buggy and was overtaken by a truck. The buggy overturned and was completely demolished. The young lady was pinned under the cover of the buggy and sustained a serious spinal injury. She was taken to Beaverton, the town officials and in Dr. Galloway's care. She was unconscious for some hours and is still in a very critical condition.

Russian Success on Rumanian Front

Enemy Loses Seven Machine Guns and Seven Hundred Prisoners.

VILLAGE CAPTURED

New Position of Russians Is Abandoned Owing to Terrific Fire.

SAVE, Because ---

Patriotism finds an outlet through careful saving.

THE STERLING BANK OF CANADA

SAVE, Because ---

Patriotism finds an outlet through careful saving.

Amusements

PAGE TEN

EPWORTH LEAGUE WAR CONVENTION

Three Hundred Delegates
Registered Saturday for Big
Toronto Conference.

The war convention of the Toronto conference Epworth Leagues opened Saturday afternoon in Victoria College. Up to date about three hundred delegates have registered and secured their billets. Part of the afternoon session was taken up with the registration of the delegates and the placing of them. Later all present assembled in the chapel of the college for the afternoon program. A song service was held, conducted by W. K. Ledrew, president of the Toronto Epworth League Union.

W. E. Braden, president, took charge of the meeting. He spoke on the work of the leagues. "A Review and a Pre-view." He expressed his appreciation of the moral support he received from the delegates. "I was delighted," he said, "to see the existence of progressive spiritual activity, which was undoubtedly the outcome of prayer." This activity, he continued, had spread as was evidenced by the ripples at Windsor and Elgin House.

Lauded Not Active Enough.

"But what about the future?" He said to those who were not engaged in Christian work. "We should be the leaders not the followers. The females were not active enough spiritually, which fact had been deplored by the men who were returning to our leagues from the battle front."

"Or may we realize the possibilities and responsibilities which lie before us and the responsibilities that rest upon us?"

It paid Mr. Braden, said to work the junior league. Boys and girls were the adults in the making, and every boy and girl deserved individual attention, while every adult deserved a soul. The boys and girls supplied were one of the great problems of today's leagues.

Our aim, he said, should be to use every opportunity and make the church a force for good in the community in which we live. God would bless us as individuals in proportion as we used our talents for His sake. Each one of us can do our part when directly grieved the Holy Spirit.

Our equipment for this was the Holy Spirit. No one could be a successful leader if it did not need of the supreme need of the day. He closed by expressing a hope that at this convention each one would take home a live coal to kindle their own league.

Chown Speaks.

Dr. Chown spoke on "The Call of the Nation to Its Young People." Dr. Chown, who has just returned from England, feels that the time is ripe that the urge to serve all over the empire is for more earnest, steadfast Christianity among its young people.

Mr. G. W. Robinson spoke on "The Call of the Convention to Its Young People." He discussed the forward outlook for the winter and more especially along evangelistic lines, for he said they were realizing more and more that the hope of the church lies in the aggressive activity of its young people.

The convention will last until Monday night. Sessions begin Monday day morning, and continue throughout the day with morning, afternoon and evening meetings.

THE CREAM OF THE OPERA.

The cream of the entire opera, "The Bohemian Girl," is given by Victor Record 3500. This is one of the finest and most popular operas and contains many good solos for all voices, as well as trio quartettes and choruses. Hear this record at the Victoria's Parlour, 100 Yonge Street. Firm of Heintzman & Co., Ltd., Heintzman Hall, 193-195-197 Yonge street.

BEGGED DOCTORS FOR DOPE.

George Fairbanks Was Found by Policeman Going From One Office to Another.

George Fairbanks appeared to take little interest in what was said about him in yesterday morning's paper, according to what was reported before Magistrate Kingsford on a charge of vagrancy. It seems that Fairbanks was discovered by Acting-Detective George George, who was going from office to office to entice the medical men to make him a present of morphine. When Young met him he had come to the conclusion that Toronto doctors were very hard-hearted. Friends of the committee were Mrs. F. R. Hart, Mrs. George Heintzman, Mrs. G. H. Wood, Mrs. Findley, Mrs. G. H. Northway. Those on the golf committee were Mrs. G. A. Adams, Mrs. John

There are plenty of ways to save meat; here's a favorite.

Society---Conducted by Mrs. Edmund Phillips

The military tournament and horse show takes place today at Ennismore Oakville, the beautiful country house of Lieut.-Col. H. C. Cox and Mrs. Cox. The military events will be arranged by the Mississauga Horse, when the fine band of the regiment will play, and also in the evening for the competition. The school has had a door laid and will be transformed into a garden for the event. The ladies of the Oakville Red Cross will serve refreshments during the afternoon and evening, the latter following the show at 8 o'clock. The gross received will be given to the fund, the generosity of Lieut.-Col. Cox, whose horses are taking part in the entertainment. The Dundas road will now open for motor traffic so that will be a good road all the way to Oakville. The women of the Red Cross will run jitneys to and from the station to Ennismore. The train leaving town at 11:45 o'clock stops at Oakville and returns at 12:15 p.m. and 2:30 p.m., and for those who stay later motors will convey them to the Port Credit car.

The Toronto Hunt will meet at Sunnybrook farm today at 2:30 o'clock, returning to the club house, tea and refreshment custom for the members of Major and Mrs. Kilgour entertaining the members of the hunt on Thanksgiving Day. This year the hunt committee and workers of the hunt show a new spirit, as the hunt was organized by Mr. George Beardmore.

Major Bishop was in Kingston on Saturday for the sports at the Royal Military College. He was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

Miss Ottile Fellowes has returned to Ottawa after spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Fellowes, in Calgary.

Miss Frieda Alexander, London, Ont. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alwyn Danks, in Calgary.

During her stay in Regina, Mrs. Plumbton, the newest of Mrs. Lake at Government House.

The Misses Laird carried off the golf championship in Winnipeg from Major Bishop, who was given a civic reception and paid from 100 to 200 guests a peaches a day. The camp and commissariat was in charge of Mrs. Dodley of the Y.W.C.A.

THE FIRE
BY USING
DY'S

MICALLY
INGUISHING
500'S
nes With "No
glow."

Canadian matches, every stick
has been treated
chemical solution
evely ensures the
ing dead wood
been lighted and

or the words
SELF-EX-
ING" on the box.

Y COMPANY
LIMITED
CANADA

ncements

character relating to
points of interest are inserted at
25 cents an agate
for churches, societies,
organizations, etc., future
articles may be inserted in this
word, with a minimum
for each insertion.

CHAPTER, I.O.D.E.
Tuesday, Oct. 9, 3 p.m.
Speaker, Mrs. John

EW FIREPLACE.

gatherings for Returned
Stephen's Church.

ceremony was performed

new fireplaces
garrett, Bill, St.

Stephens' Church,
four of whom have
on, while twelve have
for the third time,
ceremony, the Rev.

the duty that the men
the land, and the sacri-
cally upon to make at
boys overseas to the
address was given
told of the manner
ness. But, we have
ded to the call. Sev-
his own, the pastor
which, owing
er of the members en-
completely reor-
dered, the organiza-
in which the fire-
ected will in future be
gatherings for the re-

OM PETERBORO.

brought John Dun-
and Robert Blue back
from Peterboro
them with
ira from J. J. Mc-

INDEED.

is \$5 more than the
out of the chasing
doing! You won't
I'm going to pay cash.

ng of Socks
nderwear
charge, is
re of our
Service
ery patron
ates.

know how

od Laundry
ne Main 7486

Sterrett

13

2?

2?

2?

2?

2?

2?

2?

2?

2?

2?

2?

2?

2?

2?

2?

ITEMS FOR AND ABOUT THE FARMER.



THE MARKET PROBLEM

SEND IN YOUR OPINIONS.

The editor will welcome any suggestions you may have to offer in regard to the market problem. This is a public matter of the most pressing importance. Do not neglect your opportunity for service. There are many vital questions to be answered concerning the market problem. What are your purposes and desires in regard to the food problem? Does the producer secure full value for produce sold? Are there methods of transportation good? Transportation is a very important factor; does it interest you? Do the railways co-operate with the producer in all respects? Is the location of the market place adequate to meet the demands of the exhibitor? What is the best method for grading and packing products for the market? These are a few questions to meditate over. Let us hear the voice of the producer.

Editor's note.—The following is an extract from a resolution presented recently to the United States secretary of agriculture and Herbert C. Hoover, food administrator, by a committee representing the live stock breeders. In referring to markets and the dairy industry the words are so well chosen that we reproduce them for the benefit of the Ontario farmer: We recommend central retail markets under effective government control and regulation, be established in the larger cities of the country, where meat and meat products may be sold to the consumer at cost from the packing house plus reasonable percentage of profit.

We earnestly recommend the saving, as far as practicable, of helling sows, ewes, and sows suitable for breeding purposes.

We urge that every possible effort be made by the government to stabilize costs on the range, and the lumberman, the carier, the midwife, and dove protect himself from loss by insurance. If fire or accident overtake them, their losses are made good to them; but if drought, or frost, or hail, or fire destroys growing crops, these are the only insurance against such losses.

The present unsatisfactory condition of the dairy industry have been brought about by circumstances of which the dairymen have no control.

The advance in price of cattle has greatly increased, due both to the increased cost of raising all kinds and the advance in the cost of labor, as well as the difficulty of securing competent help even at the advanced wage. Dairy men all over the United States have been forced to meet these conditions by reducing their less profitable cows, and this has resulted in a decrease in the total production of milk in proportion to the population.

The necessary advance in the price of milk has been accompanied by a corresponding increase in the cost of production, which are not informed as to the legitimate causes for such advance. It is desirable that there shall be instituted a campaign of education to make plain to the general public the application of no class of producers can be found who labor more intelligently, more carefully, more earnestly, more closely (insofar as hours of labor are concerned) than the farmers, and who get less for their investment and produce products than the much-maligned farmer—the bulwark of the nation!

Why should he be maligned because he asks an advancement of 25 per cent for milk, when his labor is over 70 per cent?

Why not attack the middleman who buys the farmer's milk at 7½ cents per quart, has the nerve or brazen effrontry to ask 13 and 15 cents per quart? Is it reasonable that the man who makes his feeds should get 25 cents or more per quart for quart, and the children, and the value of cottage cheese, the greater manufacturer of which would save as food, large quantities of skimmed milk which is now wasted?

The trouble is the city producer—the middleman—wants to buy, and is trying to "get rich quick." It is "shameful to be damned" "get the profits," "get the money," "get it while the going's good," but "get it." The farmer on the one end and the consumer on the other, are the suckers that "pay the piper," par the other, for their fun. The remedy? Well, God only knows. Since commissions fall in their purpose and since "findings" are usually against the suffering public—against the honest farmer—it looks as if there is no remedy. It appears to be that the farmer and the consumer must come to terms to bear the burdens that breed and graft place upon them—and that there is little hope for relief.

The letter printed above has definitely bearing on the market problem, but it also places the finger squarely upon the fundamental cause of that problem—excessive taxation which deviates "busines."

And by the term "business" we mean any transaction in which the object is gain. Any individual or corporation or association, whether of the class or of the business, male or female, whose motive is the gaining of any object at the expense of the other fellow is proving by just that act that the terms "get rich quick," "get the profits," "get it while the going's money," "get it while the going's" mentioned by the writer are not mere statements with out foundation.

The farmer and the consumer both feel that they have a grievance. They also feel that the cause of this grievance has not been sufficiently understood and defined. Many, like the writer of this letter, half despair of a remedy to the situation. The very fact, however, that the one affected by "shame" is in direct defiance of the command "Thou shalt not demand" is the assurance of a remedy. The remedy of course will be found when men and women learn that they cannot profit themselves at the other's expense, but that the only profit comes thru giving a square deal.

STORE YOUR VEGETABLES.

Keep Onions, Squash and Pumpkins in the Attic.

Anyone with vegetables and fruit to store, can or dry, should secure a copy of pamphlet 2, issued by the food controller, address Toronto. Pages 10, 11, 12 and 13 will be found specially instructive, treating in detail the various kinds of vegetables and fruits.

TWEED.

The local potato market is much easier to tone this week, the aristocratic turnip, the last winter and early spring retarding at 6¢ per peck, has somewhat descended from its lofty perch, \$1.25 per bag is the present price. Butter is falling at 4¢ eggs at 4¢, farmer's lard at 2¢ and drippings at 2¢.

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of four thousand a year, as the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, on a stock broker?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a profit of some thousand a year as the average manufacturer does from a similar investment?

How many of them can show a profit of even two thousand dollars from the result of a year's labor and crop? Too many of the city folk, even the average wholesaler or middleman, even with a ten thousand dollar investment, can show a

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING
Help Wanted

BUSHMEN—Fifty to fifty-five dollars a month with board. Free fares. All best camps. Thomas & Co., 66 Church.

BOOKKEEPER (ineligible for military service), good chance with rapid advancement. Good record. Reliable person can produce bond. State references. Last employment, age 28, salary \$1500 by letter. "Advertiser," care Norris-Patterson, Ltd., Mall Building, Toronto.

CITY SALESMAN—With connection with factories selling supplies and metals (ineligible for military service), exceptions on credit with reliable references. Good record. Bright man with keen perception, state salary, age and last employment. Apply by letter to "Advertiser," care Norris-Patterson, Ltd., Mall Building, Toronto.

LIVE MEN AS AGENTS to sell the fastest-selling article in the market. Good gift proposition. Large profits. Domestic Specialty Co., Toronto.

Help Wanted—Female

WANTED—Experienced parlor maid where two are kept. Apply Mrs. R. J. Smith, 222 Yonge Street, Toronto.

WOULD YOU LIKE \$1 or \$2 daily at home, knitting was socks on Auto Knitters? Experienced. Send 15-cent stamp. Dept. 151-G, Auto Knitter Company, College street, Toronto.

Articles For Sale

ELIMINATE DUST AND WORK—You need a Burrows Rocker Ash Sifter. Nothing better. Ask your hardware dealer.

"RED HOT" ELECTRIC HEATERS and cookers, surplus, very useful. Price \$12.00. Send double stockings. Divers supplied. Goods sent on approval. Distributors, 155 Victoria street, Mail Order.

SCALES—Scales, Cashier and Account Register, slightly used; a snap. They can be seen at 426 Spadina avenue, Toronto.

THREE-PIECE BELTING, endless, any length; also 2½ inch canvas covered suction hose at 55 cents per foot. N. Smith, 138 Yonge street, Toronto.

BOOKS, LIBRARIES, large and small, books, 664 Yonge, below Isabella. Open evenings.

Articles Wanted

ALL KINDS of furniture bought for cash. Old Country Furniture Store, 1521 Dundas, West Toronto, and 95 Queen street, Mount Dennis. Junction 3723.

ATTENTION—Cottagers buys furniture, carpets at all kinds for cash. 575 Queen West. Address 2051.

STOVES AND FURNACES exchanged. Westwood Bros., 635 Queen West, Phone: Plate.

Building Material

LIME—Lump and hydrated for plasterers and masons. Lime O'Neil.

BEST LIME HYDRATE is the best finishing lime manufactured in Canada and equal to any imported. The Contractors' Supply Co., Limited, 182 Van Horne street, Telephone Junct. 4906, and 411 Yonge street.

SECOND-HAND brick, lumber, doors, sash, and all material from houses, 445 Wellington street and Spadina and Grange, 100 King Street, Toronto, stop at yard. Dominion Salvage and Wracking Co., Ltd., 20 St. Lawrence street. M. 6706.

Bicycles and Motorcycles

ALL KINDS OF MOTORCYCLE PARTS and accessories. Write H. M. Kipp Co., 411 Yonge street.

BICYCLES WANTED for cash. McLeod, 181 King West.

Cleaning.

STORM WINDOWS cleaned and put up by experienced men. Leave your orders early. 5854, City & Suburban Cleaning Co.

G. H. MARSHALL & CO. pay highest cash prices for contents of houses. Phone Coolege 8609. Broadway Hall, 450 Spadina Avenue.

ALUMEROL OINTMENT positively cures blind protruding, bleeding and bleeding piles. Apply druggist, 84 Queen St. West, or Alver 501 Sherbourne St., Toronto.

Disinfectants

ROSEALENE kills all odors. Nothing better for sunburn, prickly heat, poison ivy, eczema, all skin abrasions.

Dentistry

Dr. Knight, Endodontist Specialist, practice limited to painless tooth extraction. Nurse, 167 Yonge, opposite Simpson's.

Dancing

APPLICATIONS for individual or class instruction. Telephone 3537. St. James' Mrs. Smith, 4 Pritchard Boulevard. Private studio, Rivendale Masonic Temple. Private assemblies Saturdays. Special Thanksgiving night.

Fuel

STANDARD FUEL CO. of Toronto, Limited, 58 King street east. Noel Marshall, president.

Foot Specialists

AN EAST INDIAN corn specialist, and also a West Indian electrical massuer 394 Yonge street care Thompson's Drug Store.

Hotels

HOTEL VUSCO—Toronto's Best Residence hotel; splendidly appointed, central location, 238 Yonge street.

WINCHESTER HOTEL—Winchester and Parliament; rooms, European, day or week.

House Moving

HOUSE MOVING and Raising Done. J. Nelson, 115 Jarvis street.

Lost.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, an Airedale puppy, with white mark on breast, 79 South drive, North 4331. Reward.

Loans

MONEY TO LOAN—First, second mortgages. The R. J. Christie Co., Confederation Life, 100 Yonge street.

\$1,000 \$500 LOANED ON PERSONAL GOODS McTavish Co., 129 Church.

Lumber

BEAVER BOARD, Storm Sash, British Columbia Shingles, Kiln Dried Hardwood, Garage, Rathbone, Limited, Northcote avenue.

Live Birds

HOPE'S—Canada's Leader and Greatest Bird Store, 109 Queen Street West, Phone Adelaide 2573.

Typewriters

American Rebuilt Underwoods, rented or sold; lowest prices. Dominion Type-writer Co., 65 Victoria street.

President Wilson Praises The Work Done by Congress

Washington, Oct. 6.—The work of the congressional session now adjourning today was praised today by President Wilson in a statement saying:

"The needs of the army and navy have been met in a way which assures the effect of the war against Germany."

The war-making branch of the government has been abundantly equipped with the powers that were necessary to make the action of the nation effective."

Calgary Oct. 7.— The work of the congressional session now adjourning today was praised today by President Wilson in a statement saying:

"The needs of the army and navy have been met in a way which assures the effect of the war against Germany."

TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CORPORATION, 85 Bay St., Toronto, Executor.

By G. T. TULL & ARMOUR, 43 King St. West, Toronto, its Solicitors Herein.

THE TORONTO WORLD
THE TORONTO WORLD
HERO'S RECEPTION IN LIMESTONE CITY

Thousands of Kingston Citizens Cheer Major Bishop, V.C., D.S.O., M.C.

GRADUATE OF COLLEGE

Great Airman Well Known in City, Where He Studied.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Negotiations

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applications made to Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion lands office, but no fee is necessary.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homesteader must live on the land, and the homesteader must be a citizen of Canada.

During six months' residence upon the land, the homeste

