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THIRTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 28 1892. ONE CENT

COVENANTS.

Should They Be Struck Out of Mortgages?

THE MONEY LENDERS SAY NO

But Most of the Borrowers Think Yes.

Interviews With Real Estate Men, Lawyers and Covenantors—Central Property Not Affected—Men Who Are on Covenants For $2,000,000—If Covenants Were Abolished Loan Companies Would Lend Less.

There is something akin to consternation in the camp of land speculators and real estate men. The forcing of the covenant clause in mortgages is the cause.

Away back when the land boom was at its zenith men subscribed to covenants, guaranteeing that they would see that principal and interest on mortgages were paid, never dreaming that many of them were signing their financial death warrants. As the boom subsided and the value of suburban property depreciated, the difficulty of keeping up the interest, much more paying the principal, increased. Now notices and writs are falling about the covenantors like leaves upon the head of the pedestrian who strolls through the woods to enjoy the grandeur of their autumnal tints.

Many of those who in times past had subscribed to covenants in mortgages on lands which had passed out of their hands and almost out of their memories are waking up to the fact that their responsibility has not yet ceased. They have got either to pay interest and principal on property which has depreciated perhaps 50 per cent. and take it back or else let the loan company foreclose the mortgage, sell the land at whatever it will fetch at auction and bill the covenantors for the difference between the amount obtained and the amount of the mortgage. Where there is a man who has not the financial strength to grasp either horn of the dilemma a writ is issued against him, and as long as that hangs over him he is practically prohibited from engaging in further ventures, even were it possible for him to recover sufficiently to do so.

Covenantors for $2,000,000.

There are men to-day in the city of Toronto whose names are on covenants for $2,000,000. There are even to-day in this city driving about in carriages men who live in palatial residences who do not know the moment they may be left carriageless, homeless, yea and friendless; for when riches disappear friends too often follow on their heels. There are men who five years ago went into real estate speculation with $50 in their pockets who soon boasted of being worth as many thousands, and talked of owning this or that piece of property or of having made a $50,000 deal here and a $25,000 one there. But where are they to-day? Some of them are even worse off than they were when they began speculating, others have left the city, while but comparatively few have been able to keep their riches from fleeing away. The forcing of covenants was the lancet that pricked their balloon of inflated riches and let them down among the ordinary people again. Struggling workingmen and ambitious school marms have and are suffering, and many a harrowing tale could be told about these classes whose all has been swallowed up.

Want the Covenant Clause Eliminated.

As a result of the wide swathe that is being cut in the ranks of real estate men and speculators by the forcing of covenants, a movement has been inaugurated to secure legislation at the next session of the Ontario Legislature with a view to eliminating the covenant clause from mortgages on land.

A World reporter went forth the other day to gather the opinions of the different interests concerned. The radical change suggested by the reformers was found to have but few favorites; but the general opinion was that the present life of a covenant, twenty years, was too long and should be curtailed.

A Legal View.

"You cannot make people infants by legislation," remarked Mr. J. N. Blake when The World told him of the movement on foot to eliminate the covenant clause. "The only agreements that the law will not recognize are those in restraint of trade or for immoral purposes. You cannot prohibit by law the making of covenants, but at the same time legislation is necessary to shorten the life of a covenant. At one time twenty years' occupancy gave a man a title to property; now it is ten years. But in the matter of covenants the law has remained unchanged, and the executor of a mortgage does not know for 20 long years what hour he may be called upon to pay interest and costs that may be left unpaid after a sale. For instance, I myself recovered interest and costs for a client of mine nineteen years and ten months after the covenant was made."

"Can you suggest a remedy?" queried The World.

"The usual provision in mortgages is that if the interest is in arrears the principal becomes due. What I would suggest is that the right of the mortgagee to bring an action on the covenant for recovery should be limited to six years from the time the interest or principal became in arrear. And the acceptance of interest in arrear from the mortgagor should operate as a bar to any such action. Some people maintain that it does now; but I am of opinion that it does not."

Throws the Onus on the Margin Men.

Pearson Bros., real estate dealers: "Decidedly the covenant clause should remain as it is. Every man who gives a mortgage obtains in return money, and his mortgage is merely a promise to pay his debts and the covenant is collateral security. If you borrow $2000 from us on a house, giving a mortgage as security, and that house depreciates in value owing to decay or otherwise, is any reason that we should not get our money back? We have not been the cause of the depreciation. Why, therefore, should we share in the loss? It is the same thing in regard to mortgages on land. Then, again, if a retail drygoods merchant gives his note to a wholesaler for goods received, would he get a rebate if he did not make as much money on the investment as he anticipated?

"Anyhow, this whole kick is on the part of the margin men and the wealthy money lender who has made his pile on the land, but wants to shift the responsibility on to the shoulders of someone else, now that the property has depreciated in value. It is the same old thing: The rich men trying

Continued on fourth page.

AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL.

Names of the Gentlemen Who Will Compose the Board Which Will Fix the Flour Standards for 1892-93.

OTTAWA, Oct. 27.—An order-in-council has been passed appointing the following gentlemen a board for the selection of samples for the flour standards of 1892-93: O. M. Gould (chairman), A. E. Gagnon, David Robertson, E. F. Craig, James S. Morrison, W. W. Ogilvie and Robert Meighen, Montreal; J. S. Spink and Thomas McLaughlin, Toronto; C. H. Hunt, London; C. R. Smith, Hamilton, and Gaspard Lemoine, Quebec. The board will meet in Montreal at the call of the chairman on or before Nov. 15.

Hon. J. W. Longley and Hon. Thomas Johnson, members of the Nova Scotia Government, arrived here to-day and had an interview with Sir John Thompson and Hon. Mr. Huggart with reference to matters in dispute between the Dominion and the Provincial Government in connection with east extension and Western Counties railway.

An order in council has been passed retiring from service H. James, chief architect of the Militia Department, who has been incapacitated from work for some time past on account of mental trouble. As Mr. James has only been a permanent clerk a comparatively short time he was not superannuated, but a special gratuity was made him, as provided by the act. It is understood that Mr. Fred W. White, who has been performing the duties of chief architect for over two years past, and who is a graduate of the Royal Military College, Kingston, has been appointed chief architect of the department.

A meeting between Premier Davie of British Columbia and the committee of the council to discuss the question of the land in the railway belt and other matters has been fixed for Monday.

It is said the will of the late Judge Ritchie is wholly in favor of Lady Ritchie. The entire property is bequeathed for her benefit during life, except a few thousand dollars given the children now. At Lady Ritchie's death the property will be divided among the children.

Hon. Mr. Dewdney entertained Premier Davie, Sir John Thompson, Hon. Mr. Haggart, Hon. Mr Tupper and Mr. Sedgewick, Deputy Minister of Justice, at luncheon at the Rideau Club to-day.

Canadian Flour in the West Indies.

OTTAWA, Oct. 27.—Mr. Adam Brown arrived in town yesterday from Hamilton on business with the Postoffice Department. Speaking of the beneficial results of the Jamaica Exhibition upon Canada's export trade, Mr. Brown mentioned the fact, as related in a letter recently received from Halifax, that this summer 25,000 barrels of Canadian flour were carried to the West Indies by the Pickford and Black line of steamers alone. Canadian flour was first introduced to the West Indies through Mr. Brown's agency at the Jamaica Exhibition.

THE UPRISING IN HAYTI.

Three Frenchmen Banished by Hippolyte as Conspirators.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The steamer Orange Nassau, which arrived to-day from West Indian ports, brings a confirmation of the threatened revolution in the Republic of Hayti. The Orange Nassau left Port-au-Prince, Oct. 20. Capt. Vanderest brought three Frenchmen, who were ordered out of the country by President Hippolyte, on the charge of inciting insurrection. It was alleged that the men were equipped with money, and had been preaching revolution against Hippolyte in the northern sections, where the people were less loyal to the present president. It was said that the revolutionary agitation had secured a large following, and that Gen. Manangat, another conspirator living at Kingston, Jamaica, was getting ready to cross over to Hayti with a number of supporters as soon as the people had been worked up to a proper pitch.

President Hippolyte is preparing to go north, his friends say, on a visit of pleasure. Others say the object of his visit there is to be on the scene of disturbance and crush it with his soldiers. The three French conspirators left the steamer to-day to go to the French consulate to lodge their complaint against the Haytian Government.

Another Gunning Accident.

RIDGETOWN, Ont., Oct. 27.—While at the Eau early this morning shooting duck Mr. Freeman Harding, barrister, a popular young man of this place, was accidentally shot through the left wrist. He was in the act of stepping from the boat when his foot slipped and the movement discharged the contents of his gun into the left arm just above the wrist. He was taken to Morpeth, where Dr. Stevens was summoned and amputated his arm between the elbow and the wrist. Mr. Harding's many friends regret to learn of his sad misfortune.

Dominion Grocers' Guild.

HAMILTON, Oct. 27.—The Dominion Wholesale Grocers' Guild met in the Board of Trade rooms this afternoon, and will be in session to-morrow. About 15 outside members are expected to be present, and these with the representatives of the local firms will make the attendance about 25. This evening the Hamilton wholesalers will entertain the visitors at dinner at the Hamilton Club.

Resignation of An M.P.

MONTREAL, Oct. 27.—Mr. Hugh McMillan is no longer member of Parliament for Vaudreuil. He resigned yesterday.

This result will involve another election in Vaudreuil county—the third within two years. Mr. H. S. Harwood, who was returned at the general election, will again most probably be the Liberal candidate.

No more indigestion or dyspepsia. Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti is an absolute cure. Sold by all druggists and confectioners. 5 cents.

Refused Arbitration.

CONCORD, N.H., Oct. 27.—The Concord branch of the Granite Cutters' National Union has rejected the offer of arbitration from the manufacturers. The cutters say there are no agreements between the cutters and manufacturers upon which arbitration can be based.

Hamilton or Toronto! Championship Football match at Rosedale Saturday.

Sues For $10,000 Damages.

WINDSOR, Ont., Oct. 27.—Last fall George W. Fox of Leamington was appointed one of a delegation to go to England to look up a fortune of which it was alleged the Fox people were heirs. On the eve of his departure William Ward of London, who was Fox's creditor to the amount of $100, had him arrested. The case was settled, and now Fox sues Ward for $20,000 damages.

Toronto trounced Ottawa College, 34-5. What's their score to-morrow against Hamilton?

Struck Oil.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 27.—Great excitement prevails at Catawissa, a small town 40 miles from here, over the discovery of oil at a depth of 200 feet. It is said to be a No. 1 product.

Dropped Dead On 'Change.

BOSTON, Oct. 27.—Ralph Ahl, a broker, dropped dead on the floor of the Stock Exchange to-day.

SENSATIONAL MURDER TRIAL

A MAN IN CUSTODY AT BRUSSELS FOR KILLING HIS MISTRESS.

He Effected an Insurance on Her Life for a Large Sum and Then Suffocated Her with Charcoal Fumes—The Crime Cunningly Devised and Carried Out—Great Interest in the Case.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 27.—A sensational trial has begun in this city, and is likely to last for several days. A Frenchman named Schmidt is accused of murdering, under peculiar circumstances. Schmidt, according to the evidence for the prosecution, paid devoted attention to a Belgian girl named Lucie Sossum, who lived in this city. He succeeded in winning the girl's affections and they lived together on terms of the closest intimacy. While they were thus living together Schmidt devised a plan both to get rid of the girl, of whom he had grown tired, and to obtain a fortune of 40,000 francs. Under some pretext he induced Lucie, who appears to have had entire confidence in him, to allow him to insure her life for 40,000 francs, he being the beneficiary named in the policies.

The next development in the case was the finding of the girl dead in a room, where she had been suffocated by charcoal fumes from the stove. The circumstances of her death were evidently intended, on the part of Schmidt, to convey the impression, not of suicide, but of accident. He so represented the case and hastened to apply for the insurance money. Suspicion was, however, aroused by the fact of Schmidt being the beneficiary, whereas it was evident that he had nothing to lose by the death of the girl. The authorities made an investigation and came to the conclusion that Schmidt had himself deliberately plotted to murder Lucie and had laid his plans with fiendish cunning, but not with sufficient cunning to prevent the plot from being unravelled by the police. He had induced the unsuspecting girl to retire and then deliberately started the fatal fumes, closing the apartment so as to make sure of the deadly effect. Schmidt was arrested.

His crime was committed in December last and the authorities have spared no effort meantime to strengthen the case against him, which has aroused an interest never before surpassed in this city by a merely criminal law.

THE NEW CHOLERA CURE.

The Death Rate in Hamburg Greatly Reduced by It.

HAMBURG, Oct. 27.—The marked abatement in the deaths from cholera here during the past few weeks is due to the use of permodate, a new remedy introduced by Dr. Richard Weaver, E.E.P.C.S., under the direction of Drs. Lauenztein and Scoecker, and others in the Seamen's Hospital. The remedy was previously tested in London on animals, and was backed up by the recommendations of Sir Edward Clarke and other eminent physicians, who held that peridonate crystals dissolved and the solution injected under the patient's skin is quite harmless to human life. It is claimed that in the first stages of the disease 95 out of 100 persons can be saved. In the malignant form 75 per cent. of the patients can be saved. This remedy is said to be generally used here now for all maladies of microbic origin.

The Paris Fund.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—The difference between the two sections of the Irish Parliamentary party over the Paris fund is at last on the verge of settlement. On Wednesday last Archbishop Croke sent £50 to the fund for the relief of evicted tenants, and in a letter accompanying his donation declared that the fund should be taken from the hands of the Paris bankers and confided to three honest men who are not connected with either side of the Irish controversy until an agreement as to its disposal should be concluded.

Timothy Harrington has signified that he unconditionally agrees to the Archbishop's suggestion and adds that he desires that Archbishop Croke be one of the three new trustees. If the McCarthyites agree to this proposition there will be little further trouble regarding the fund.

Storm in the Channel.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—A heavy gale swept over the Channel all day yesterday and during the night. The storm was particularly severe on the southeast coast of Ireland. The Channel steamers are greatly delayed. The steamer Jessie of Dundalk was driven on the Cleopatra rocks and several other vessels went ashore. To-day a severe wind and rainstorm prevails off the mouth of the Tyne. The schooner Resolute, while attempting to enter the harbor, was driven ashore. A tremendous sea was running and the schooner soon pounded her bottom out. The schooner Annie of Liverpool was wrecked in Strangford Lough, Ireland, and her crew of six men were drowned.

Owing to the gale and the dense fog prevailing in the Irish Channel the steamer City of New York, which sailed from Liverpool yesterday, was unable to call at Queenstown. She simply signalled Roche's Point and proceeded without stopping to take aboard passengers and mails. There were 16 saloon and 30 second-class passengers and 17 mail bags waiting for her. The gale in the Irish Channel is blowing with unabated violence and the Irish steamers are several hours late. Many minor casualties have been reported.

A Liverpool pilot who took out the City of New York remains aboard the steamer, having been unable to land on account of the rough weather. The passengers remaining at Queenstown are complaining loudly of the City of New York's failure to take them, some being separated from relatives who embarked at Liverpool. These passengers will be obliged to wait for the Cunard steamer Aurania, which will leave Queenstown on Sunday next.

The Teutonic's Stormy Passage.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The Teutonic left quarantine this morning and passed up to her dock, after one of the stormiest voyages from Liverpool she ever encountered. It was reported this morning that two of the cabin passengers had become insane as a result of the stormy weather.

Renegade Whites.

PARIS, Oct 27.—A despatch from Sagos says: Several Europeans have been observed in the Dahomeyan army. Col. Dodds, the French commander, offers a reward of 2000 francs for each one captured.

Execution Against William O'Brien.

DUBLIN, Oct. 27.—The Court of Queen's Bench has issued a writ of execution against William O'Brien for £3000, the amount of a judgment given against him in a libel suit.

Disease Among Canadian Cattle.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—Alarming reports are current to-day regarding further discoveries of pleuro-pneumonia among Canadian cattle landed at Dundee. No official statement has been made.

The German Parliament.

BERLIN, Oct. 27.—The Reichstag will meet on Nov. 22.

Varsity Games at Rosedale on Friday. 34.

CAUGHT IN THE CURTAIN.

"Good-Night, Mamma," Said Baby Pearson, and a Minute Later a Huge Missile Crashed by Her Head.

Somebody made a cowardly attempt last night to injure the inmates of No. 501 Ontario-street.

About 9.30 o'clock while Mrs. James Pearson, who occupies the house, was sitting at a secretary in a back room a five-ounce iron nut came crashing through the window in a direct line for her head. Fortunately the missile became tangled in the window curtains and was thrown to the ground before it reached its intended mark.

Mrs. Pearson's little daughter was standing at the window a moment before and had only remarked, "Good-night, mamma," as she jumped into bed when the crash came.

Mrs. Pearson was in the house alone at the time, but she quickly summoned Lawyer Neville, who lives two doors south. He made a search of the premises, but failed to find anyone. The force with which the missile was thrown cut a clean hole about the size and shape of a goose egg. It must have been thrown by someone standing in the back yard, as the lane is too far away to allow of its being flung from there.

A number of suspicious characters have been noticed lounging in that neighborhood, and complaints are heard about the insufficiency of police protection.

THE JAMES CASE IN COURT.

Col. Hawkins, Lieut.-Col. Streator and Surgeon Grim Indicted.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 27.—The case of the Commonwealth against Col. Hawkins, Lieut.-Col. Streator and Surgeon Grim of the Tenth Regiment National Guard of Pennsylvania was called in the criminal court to-day. Judge Porter presided and Judges McClung and Ewing sat on the bench with him. This is the famous James case. Attorney Sprowls, for the defence, made a motion to quash the indictments, claiming that under the act of April 13, 1887, providing for a tribunal of the National Guard, the court had no jurisdiction.

The court overruled the motion to quash the indictments, with leave to raise the question during the trial, and an adjournment was taken. Of the jury selected three are farmers, one a clerk, one a gentleman and seven workmen.

SUICIDE AT THE ROYAL CITY.

Mr. Donald Manson, a Retired Merchant of Hamilton, Kills Himself in a Retreat at Guelph.

HAMILTON, Oct. 27.—One of the most melancholy cases of suicide that has been reported here in years is that of Donald Manson, a well-known retired merchant of Hamilton, who killed himself at the Homewood Retreat at Guelph last evening. Mr. Manson had been in the grocery business in Hamilton for a number of years and retired about three years ago. He was comparatively wealthy, and was fortunate in the possession of many friends, an affectionate wife and family and all that would naturally be supposed to constitute the requisites of happiness in this world. It apparently did not have that effect on Mr. Manson. He became a prey to melancholia about a year ago, and suffered great mental distress, constantly imagining that something was going to happen to him. Latterly this mental trouble became worse, and all that his friends could do failed to cheer him up. He could not sleep and became very despondent. About four months ago he consented to go to the Homewood Retreat at Guelph, where it was hoped that a course of treatment would improve his health.

On Tuesday S. S. Ryckman, M.P., a former partner of Mr. Manson, went up to visit him and spent the day up there. It is surmissed that after Mr. Ryckman left, the deceased suffered from another of his despondent attacks, and last night about 9.30 he put an end to his life by cutting his throat with a razor. Before leaving this city he had frequently expressed the fear that he would be driven to suicide by the mental torment he endured.

Donald Manson was about 45 years of age. He was born in this city, being the son of William Manson, who lived for many years in Walnut-street. The deceased was a member of the firm of Manson & Hill, grocers, John-street, for eight or ten years, and after that firm was dissolved he went into partnership with S. S. Ryckman, with whom he continued in business for five years. In 1890 that firm was dissolved and Mr. Manson retired from business, having amassed a fortune of $40,000 or $50,000. The deceased leaves a widow and four children; also a sister, Mrs. John Milne of this city, and a brother, William Manson, manager of the Bank of Commerce at Peterboro.

Mr. Ryckman, M.P., left for Guelph this morning to bring home the body. The funeral will probably take place on Saturday. The deceased was a member of the A.O.U.W.

Christmas Beef for England.

PARIS, Ky., Oct. 27.—Charlton Alexander, the millionaire banker of this city, and cattle king of Bourbon County, has just sold 700 fine Durham cattle to T. C. Eastman of New York for $65,000. The cattle were shipped to New York to-day. It will require 60 cattle cars to transport them. The cattle will average 1300 pounds in weight and are the finest Kentucky ever sent out. They will be shipped to London for Christmas beef, part of them going to Queen Victoria.

Fire at Petrolia.

PETROLIA, Ont., Oct. 27.—About 2 o'clock this morning fire broke out in Bowen & Gordon's carriage works, known as the Dominion Carriage Works. The building is burned to the ground and nothing saved excepting one top-buggy and two or three lumber wagons. Loss $2500, insurance $1600. Cause unknown.

For a U.S. Coaling Station.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—The Navy Department will soon turn its attention to the purchase of pearl harbor in the Hawaiian Islands. The Hawaiians are willing to dispose of this harbor to this country, and the property, suitable for the establishment of a coaling station, can be had for $25,000.

Liquor at the World's Fair.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Liquors will be sold in Jackson Park during the Worlds' Fair. After a long discussion the National Commission decided that it would not interfere with contracts made by the Chicago directors for the sale of light beverages and stimulants.

A new insurance, Digestion absolutely insured by using Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti. Recommended by the eminent Dr. Guernsey of New York. Sold by all druggists and confectioners. 5 cents.

A Hamiltonian Accidentally Shot.

HAMILTON, Oct. 27.—A despatch from Chicago was received to-day that David Henry, formerly of Hamilton, was accident ally shot by a companion while hunting in Minnetoka. His relatives live here.

The Misses Henry, school teachers, are sisters of deceased.

Everybody takes in the Football matches. To-morrow at Rosedale, Toronto v. Hamilton.

THE "OLD MAN" IN BRONZE

Hamilton Macarthy's Model Accepted by the Memorial Committee—A Credit-Piece of Work.

The Macdonald Memorial Fund Committee met yesterday in Sir Casimir Gzowski's office, Bay-street, to decide upon the style of bronze statue they would have executed. Three models had been made and sent to the committee for their approval: an imitation marble figure by Hamilton MacCarthy, another of red plaster by P. Heber of Paris, France, and a third of plaster bronzed over by F. A. Dunbar.

Another model was before the committee from the hand of the well-known English sculptor, Onslow, but as the value of the original when complete would be £40,000, and as the greater part of the expense seemed to arise from the elaborate base of the statue, that one was not considered. Heber's statue would be worth $4000, MacCarthy's $10,000 and Dunbar's $15,000. MacCarthy's was finally settled upon as the one most suitable. Heber will be paid $200 for his model and Dunbar $100. There can be no doubt that the model selected best represents the stature of the departed statesman. The two rejected models may be said to be indifferent: the face fairly suggests the features of Sir John, but no more can be said of them. The position of either of the models is not peculiar to Sir John, nor are they attitudes that anyone might not assume while standing.

But MacCarthy's is different. The pose is that of the great leader when he was engaged in earnest debate. The head is erect, the right hand, grasping a parchment, is thrown behind the Prince Albert coat. The right foot is advanced, and the left hand with the index finger extending as if pointing to a desk in front of him. Behind the statue is a pedestal, on which lie an overcoat, with fur collar and cuffs, a fur cap, a walking stick and a pair of gloves.

Ex-Mayor Clarke, T. C. Patteson, Barlow Cumberland and J. C. Hopkins were appointed a committee to decide upon the best means of raising the balance of the money required. About $5000 has already been subscribed.

THE A. AND A. RITE.

Meeting of the Council of Grand Inspector-General at New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The Supreme Council of Sovereign Grand Inspectors-General of the 33rd and last degree, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, for the United States of America, their territories and dependencies, have been in session at the German Masonic Temple in this city for two days. The meeting was a very large one. The first day's session was devoted principally to discussing the proposed uniting of all Scottish Rite bodies under one Grand Supreme Council, there now being three in the United States. At the final session John J. Gorman of New York was elected Sovereign Grand Commander.

THAT DOUBTFUL CASE.

Was It Pleuro-Pneumonia With Which That Cow Died?

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Secretary Rusk says in regard to the alleged discovery of pleuro-pneumonia by the British inspectors among American cattle landed in London that the lungs of one animal had evidently been produced which was affected with some lung disease. The English inspectors claimed that this disease was pleuro-pneumonia, while the American inspector said it was catarrhal pneumonia. The secretary is confident that no pleuro-pneumonia has been found affecting American cattle.

A Badly Provisioned Ship.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Four of the sailors of the Nova Scotian bark H. B. Cann have a complaint to make against her skipper, Capt. Durkee, who brought her into Hampton Roads from Iloilo after a gallant struggle against peril and hunger two weeks ago. They say the bark was leaking when her cargo was stowed at Iloilo and that the skipper did not take enough provisions along to last him during the voyage. He ran short when six weeks out and spoke a British bark to get supplies, but the bark had nothing to spare. He declared, the sailors say, that the men were lazy, when they were sick. They offered the skipper $500 if he would use it to pay for a tow from a passing steamship, but he refused.

An Appointment Which Gives Satisfaction.

WINNIPEG, Man., Oct. 27.—The appointment of T. A. Bernier to succeed the late Hon. A. Girard in the Dominion Senate is a very happy one. Mr. Bernier represents, as no man in Manitoba does better, exactly the same people and sentiment as did his lamented predecessor. Besides the gentleman thus honored is in every way qualified by high natural character, fine attainments and experience as a publicist. The appointment gives entire satisfaction to the people of Manitoba.

Murdered by Thieves.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—E. Kennard, 65 years old and very wealthy, was found to-day sitting at a desk in his library with his head split open. The tragedy occurred at a place called Milrose. Robbery was the apparent motive. The carpets in the house had been pulled up in places as if the robbers were searching for hidden treasure.

Affairs in Hawaii.

HONOLULU, Oct. 27.—The Hawaiian cabinet was ousted Oct. 17 on a vote of want of confidence by the Legislature.

The editor of The Bulletin has been arrested on a charge of criminal libel preferred by United States Minister Stevens. The Bulletin charged the minister with being tardy in sending the cruiser Boston on a search for sailors from the wreck of the ship William A. Campbell.

Fighting in the Argentine Republic.

BUENOS AYRES, Oct. 27.—The revolt in Santiago Del Estero has assumed such proportions that the Federal Government has decided to intervene. A battle which lasted two days has taken place between the rebels and the Government supporters at the capital. It resulted in a victory for the rebels, who drove the Government force out of the city.

Board of Bishops of the Methodist Church

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The bi-annual conference of the board of bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church was convened here to-day. Daily sessions will be held for a week. The most important business before the board is the assignment of conferences to the various bishops for the next six months.

The Maybrick Case.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—In the Old Bailey to-day Alexander Robertson applied to Justice Hawkins for a writ of habeas corpus, demanding that Sir Charles Russell, the Attorney-General, show cause for the detention of Mrs. Florence Maybrick. Justice Hawkins, in reply, said: "Go to Mr. Asquith, the Home Secretary."

Toothache—When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache Gum.

A Judge Charged With Murder.

VIENNA, Oct. 27.—A district judge has been arrested at Gratz, charged with the murder of his wife, who died Sunday.

See the gay colors galore to-morrow at the Rosedale Football fight!! Kick-off at 3 p.m.

THE PAPAL LEGATES' VISIT.

THE MAIN OBJECT OF THEIR MISSION IN AMERICA.

They Will Establish a Consistory Court to Settle Disputes Between Bishops and Priests—The Court Will Hold Its Sittings at the Catholic University at Washington.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 27.—It is announced that one of the principal reasons for the visit to this country of the Papal legate, Archbishop Satolli, and Mgr. O'Connell, president of the American College at Rome, is the establishment here of a consistory court to try and settle disputes arising between bishops and priests without their appealing to Rome, as is now done in such cases. The legate is vested with ample authority by the Pope as to the manner in which the court shall be established and Monsig. O'Connell is to be its secretary. The consistory, when established, will hold its sittings at the Catholic University at Washington, and it is expected that the first case to come before it will be the matter now under dispute between Bishop Brennan of Texas and a number of the priests of his diocese.

RAID BY MEXICAN INDIANS.

A Murderous Band Take a Run Through Arizona.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Capt. Johnson, U.S.A., acting Indian agent at San Carlos agency, Arizona Territory, has telegraphed the Indian Office, under date of Oct. 26, as follows: "Kid and several Chiracahua Indians from Mexico have just raided the reservation; on the 22nd they stole a White Mountain Indian girl from camp near Salt River; yesterday they killed a Ionto Indian 15 miles northwest of here. They stole a small San Carlos girl from the same place and are now going south, closely pursued by Indian police, employes, troops and Indians. The latter yesterday afternoon fired on the Cheracahuas, loyally aiding in the efforts to destroy the hostiles."

A copy of this message has been sent to the Secretary of War for his information.

MRS. HARRISON'S FUNERAL.

The Remains Leave Washington for Indianapolis.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Harrison were conducted at the White House at 10 o'clock this morning in the east room in the presence of the family, immediate friends and many notable persons. Rev. Drs. Hamlin and Bartlett officiated, and the services lasted about three-quarters of an hour. The remains have been taken to the Pennsylvania Railroad station, and will be conveyed to Indianapolis on a special train leaving about 11.30.

The Funeral Train.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio., Oct. 27.—The special train bearing the remains of Mrs. Harrison passed through here at 11.10 o'clock to-night, with every indication of reaching Indianapolis to-morrow on schedule time.

CONSIDERING TWO CENTS A MILE.

W. B. Jeffries, a Leading G.T.R. Shareholder, Thinks There Are Possibilities In a Low Rate as a Remedy.

Mr. W. B. Jeffries, one of the leading shareholders of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, is staying at the Queen's. The object of his visit to the country is to ascertain, if possible, the reasons why the Grand Trunk stock is not a profitable investment, and decide on what measures are necessary to remedy present matters.

"I come here solely on my own responsibility," said Mr. Jeffries to a World reporter. "I am heavily interested in the company. Of course I shall communicate my ideas to the other large shareholders."

"What do you think of two cents a mile as a remedy, Mr. Jeffries?"

"That is one of the leading matters I came to Canada to investigate. The additional business that a two-cent rate would bring might possibly be a remedy for the present situation. I shall talk to men who have studied the subject and survey matters generally. I cannot come to a definite opinion for some three or four weeks yet."

"You are far from being an unbeliever, then?"

"Yes, indeed; I cannot reject the idea for some time yet."

Mr. Jeffries will remain in the city for a day or two longer. He is a pleasant gentleman of an English heartiness of bearing.

SAD NEWS FOR A WIFE.

Walter Cromarty of Toronto Dead in a Buffalo Morgue.

A telegram was received at Headquarters yesterday afternoon from the Chief of Police at Buffalo, stating that Walter Cromarty, a Torontonian, had died in that city, that his body was in the morgue, and that he had a wife in Toronto.

An Outbreak in Old Servia.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Vienna says that it is reported there that an armed conflict has occurred in the Diakons district of Old Servia and that two battalions have been sent to the scene to suppress the disturbances.

Nancy Hanks Again Tries.

SEDALIA, Mo., Oct. 27.—Ten thousand people assembled at the new kite-shaped track to see Nancy Hanks go against the world's record of 2.04. She made the mile in 2.05¼.

J. B. Stetson's Philadelphia Hats

W. & D. Dineen, the hatters, on corner King and Yonge-streets, have just received four cases of the above maker's hats. Stetson hats are known from ocean to ocean, and next to Dunlap's stand very high with the American people. The style is very new, being the latest out. Those requiring a really nobby hat should ask to see Stetson's Derbys, for sale at Dineens'.

John Bull and Kitchen Witch cooking ranges. Wheeler & Bain, King-street east. 135

In Favor of Prohibition.

WINNIPEG, Oct. 27.—Lieut.-Governor Schultz has sent to the Dominion Liquor Commission a long statement very strongly advocating the enforcement of the total prohibition law.

Gold From the Antipodes.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 27.—The steamer Mariposa arrived from Sydney via Auckland, Apia and Honolulu to-day. Among the cargo was 100,000 sovereigns for the Anglo-Californian Bank and 100,000 more for London, Paris and American banks.

Rugby Football, Toronto v. Hamilton, Rosedale, to-morrow. Kick-off at 3. Admission, 25c.

Death of Rev. Mr. Curts of Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, Oct. 27. — Rev. James Curts, financial agent of Albert College, died here last night, aged 63. Deceased was the first president of the Bay of Quinte conference after the union.

A PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER.

[From The Winnipeg Daily Tribune.]

The two electros published herewith tell their own story of the growth of Winnipeg, for there is no better index to the worth and progress of a city than is to be found in the press. If you have a good live press you may be quite sure there is behind it a good live go-ahead city, for after all the press is exactly what the people make it. Nothing, therefore, that we could do so effectually emphasizes the progress and position of Winnipeg than the publication of the two accompanying electros. One represents the Winnipeg of the past, it illustrates what this place was like 22 years ago, the other shows what the city is to-day. It represents The Tribune building, establishment thoroughly equipped for the production of a first-class daily and weekly paper. The public will be able to judge by a glimpse over this edition that the office is fitted out in the most thorough and complete manner. The best dress that money could buy has been secured and to-day The Tribune makes its bow, togged out in the freshest and most attractive apparel that could be bought. The trousseau was purchased from Miller & Richard of Toronto and Edinburgh, probably the largest type founders in the world. The body type was specially cast in Edinburgh for The Tribune. Much of the display type was manufactured on this side of the Atlantic and has been selected by experts with the greatest care and with the object of giving the paper the brightest and most attractive appearance of any journal published in the Dominion. Equipped as it now is, most thoroughly in every department, The Tribune is in better position to render greater satisfaction to its patrons.

THE DIPHTHERIA SCARE.

The East End Property Owners Bestir Themselves in the Matter.

An important meeting of property owners was held last night east of the Don and the following resolution was proposed by Mr. J. C. Brackenridge and seconded by ex-Alderman James Mitchell and unanimously carried:

"Whereas it was reported that last week 55 cases of diphtheria existed in the city, as against 30 cases for the first seven days of the present month, and it may be expected that much graver results may be looked for from the foul condition of Ashbridge's Bay;

And whereas there appears to be great and unreasonable delay in the commencement of the work of purification of Ashbridge's Bay by the city;

Be it resolved by this meeting that His Worship the Mayor be hereby petitioned to have the question of the purification of Ashbridge's Bay settled upon at the very earliest moment, in view of the necessity of having the work done during the cold weather; and that he be requested to furnish the secretary of the Ashbridge's Bay Property Owners' Association, as soon as possible, with a copy of the report of the Engineer requested by the Local Board of Health.

And this meeting would further urge upon the Mayor and council the absolute necessity of having a clean north shore line provided for Ashbridge's Bay in the plan of purification adopted; and that the said north shore shall not be left with a fringe of weeds and rushes to exist as a favorable breeding ground for the germs of diphtheria, typhoid, cholera or any other diseases which may be prevalent in the city; and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to His Worship the Mayor, with the request that he will give it his earnest and earliest consideration, and that he will lay it before the City Council.

A TRAVELER'S WILES.

A Toronto Tobacconist Alleged to Have Committed Bigamy.

Thomas Henry Snider, alias Henry Moore, late of Toronto, is wanted on a charge of bigamy. Snider at one time kept a cigar store in Toronto, but latterly has been traveling for a cigar house. About two years ago Sarah Ceaser, a good-looking young woman, came from Chatsworth to Toronto to live and made the acquaintance of Snider under the name of Henry Moore. The acquaintance ripened into love, and as the young girl didn't know that Moore was Snider and already had a wife and two children living in the city she became his victim and on Monday, Aug. 15, they were married by the Rev. J. W. Churchill at the parsonage in Chatsworth. It is understood they are at present living in or near Marquette.

Mr. Davis, a brother of wife No. 1, was in the city and last week visited the second wife's relatives, where he his family given his made a promise to that effect to M. Vietta.

The strikers have telegraphed to all the miners' unions in France begging them to send coats for the use of the strikers. The Strike Committee, replying to a deputation of non-unionists, who asked how long the strike was going to last, said that they did not know when the strike would end.

GLADSTONE'S HEALTH.

He Will Limit His Attendance in the House Next Session.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—Under the insistent monition of his physician

The Toronto World.

NO. 83 YONGE-STREET, TORONTO.

A One Cent Morning Paper.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Daily (without Sundays) by the year.....$3 00
" " " by the month..... 25
Sunday Edition, by the year..... 2 00
" " by the month..... 20
Daily (Sundays included) by the year..... 3 00
" " " by the month..... 25

Canadians and Their Lumber.

Whoever enters upon a discussion of the lumber question without a guiding principle is like one who passes into a bush where the sound of ax was never heard. The chances for such a wayfarer getting along are exceedingly slim.

A sound principle in this question is like a cleared path in a road upon which light falls all the way. That principle is one that every Canadian will support; it is simply this, that as the lumber standing in our forests belongs to the people of this country, whatever policy is adopted in the treatment of such treasures should be inspired solely by the interests of the people, and not, either directly or indirectly, by the interests of any section.

It follows from this that, whenever the time comes for disposing of our forest wealth, of our raw material, such measures ought to be taken as will give the largest amount of employment to Canadian labor, utilize most extensively Canadian capital, and so extract from our woods all the possible profits they can be made to yield, for the benefit of this country.

We cannot accept the theory that the extra prices realized by any Provincial Government for our native lumber because of American bidders competing for it is any adequate compensation for the enormous loss to the country involved by the sacrifice of the business of manufacturing such lumber on our own soil when the logs are shipped direct from our woods to American saw mills.

In the first place, such advance in prices is not a certainty, and, if it were certain, the total extra amount realized by sale of limits to United States buyers is only a small percentage of what those limits would realize for the people, were the lumber manufactured in Canada, by large expenditures in wages and in the supplies for an army of workers.

Every dollar spent by those who purchase our lumber for transport across Lake Michigan would have to be spent were all such lumber sent to our own saw mills. The Americans cannot do without supplies from our forests. Their woods are rapidly disappearing.

There are not enough trees left in the northern belt of the United States to keep their mills going for over two years, as the Census Bulletin on Lumber demonstrates. If we placed an embargo on the export of the raw material of logs there would be a paralysis of the Michigan saw mill industry. The demand is imperative, it is not a matter of choice between several markets of supply; Canada alone owns the goods that the States must have.

The removal of the export duty was hailed throughout Michigan as "a triumph for the consumers of lumber and Michigan lumbermen, Michigan mill owners and Michigan mill hands." The ownership of over 3,000,000,000 feet of standing pine by Michiganders has been again and again boasted of as furnishing activity to the mills of Saginaw, Tawas, Alpena, Cheboygan and other Michigan cities. The ablest journal of that state said a few months ago: "In this way," that is by the supply of Canadian logs, "American labor and capital are kept employed, instead of relying on Canadian labor and capital to cut our timber."

In that one sentence is the pith and marrow of the lumber question. The Americans are smart enough to see the enormous advantage of securing our raw materials for keeping their men, machinery and capital actively employed in industries that stimulate and find markets for trades that find an active demand in manufacturing centres.

We seem to lack this quickness of sight. We are satisfied to see our vast forests disappear to enrich more enterprising people. We, by selling only raw materials, have become mere "hewers of wood" to advance the prosperity of Americans, who openly smile at our economical simplicity, as they pocket millions of dollars, which, if we played their game, would be earned in our own country by and spent amongst our own Canadian people.

Across Lake Michigan, too, are thousands of men who have been driven to seek employment in a foreign land, because the riches of which they are part inheritors are being sent there as raw material, instead of being, as the true interests of Canada demand, used to give employment to our own industrial forces and to meet our economic needs as a nation.

The Grand Trunk.

Mr. Jeffries, a prominent Grand Trunk shareholder, residing at Ipswich, the county town of Suffolk, is here to look into the affairs of that vast corporation. He has already discovered that it is hard for one Canadian corporation, controlled if not managed in England, to compete with another and a rival, both managed and controlled in Montreal. He could have found that out without crossing the Atlantic. It has been the talk of people in Canada for the best part of half a century, even long before the rival came into existence. Mr. Jeffries could also have discovered in England that it is not to the benefit of a great railway company that its ordinary stock, quoted at a discount of over 90 per cent., should be well recognized in London as of no intrinsic value all all. It is listed simply as a medium of gambling and speculation. It has no real worth. The traffic receipts in Canada are the marble, and the company's office in Broad-street is the roulette board. The first thing to be done to rehabilitate the Grand Trunk is to overhaul its list of securities, now as long as a printed washing list, and make some move towards consolidation and adjustment of capital account. If Mr. Jeffries inherited his stock he has a right to pose as the victim of bygone errors in Grand Trunk management, which savored largely of fraud and which were at all events characterized by gross extravagance and misappropriation of funds. If he is but one of the army of English speculators who bought stock costing 100 for a tenth of that sum, he is not in a position to find fault with what has been done. He must look to the present and he will find himself between the Devil (with a big D) and the deep sea. If he would economize it will be at the cost of superior equipment to be advertised by Mr. Van Horne. If he could work Canada for all she is worth and wring dollars out of way freight and local passenger traffic, and for that purpose join hands with the C.P.R., he may be told at once that that strain is already at breaking point, and that no such combine, amounting practically to fusion of the rival lines, will be allowed by the people of this country. The fact is that both companies have been striving so hard for through freight and through passengers, both carried at a loss, that local traffic has been sweated to pay the bill, and it has come to a pass when the good old teaming days of forty years ago may be found re-established. A three cent local passenger rate, and a prohibitive tariff on freight or live stock going anything short of a hundred miles, are two evils that we have had almost enough of. The companies themselves would thrive on a reversal of the present system, and if Mr. Jeffries wishes to pose as a reformer, it is to this end that he had better devote himself. It will profit him nothing to look at rails or engines, or water tanks, or stations, or cars, or trucks, or offices; let him look into the system of sweating the people who live along the line for the furtherance of an insane ambition to carry people and merchandise over long distances at a loss. He will find that the object, of course, is to swell the volume of earnings returned for the consideration of the professional manipulators of Canadian railway stocks in London. Quidquid delirant reges, plectuntur Achivi.

The Waste Products of Toronto.

The pious belief in the utility of all created things, that, when just bitten by a mosquito we are apt to question, is being buttressed by science, which in this work is the handmaid of religion.

In view of recent chemical discoveries it would be rash to deny the possible usefulness of any form of dead or living matter. Those who ever lit a match by a tinder box spark cannot realize the enormous saving of time and temper caused by the familiar "lucifer." It is a moderate estimate that in olden days fully five minutes per day, or 72 days each year, were spent in every house in lighting matches.

Yet all the material for the modern match was regarded as a useless nuisance. Carcasses and refuse then buried are now so treated by chemistry that the tips of our matches were once portions of horses, cattle and human beings. We can get an electric spark from the back of a cat when living, and a light for our cigars from her back bone when dead.

Dr. Lyon Playfair affirms that "every pound of the liquid effete matter of human beings, if properly applied in agriculture, is capable of producing a pound of wheat." Such a statement from one of the most eminent scientists of the day is a startling exposure of the vast waste of which this city is guilty, in pouring thousands of tons of wheat-producing material into that cesspool, the bay.

The wheat growing capacity of what is thus worse than wasted every year by Toronto equals at least three or four million bushels of wheat, which represents a gross money value of not less than two to three million dollars, which we cast out as worthless, cast out to pollute our atmosphere and to poison our water.

Even allowing a 75 per cent. discount on Dr. Playfair's figures, for costs of transforming what we waste into a usable product and placing it on sale, there is a sum left of five to seven hundred thousand dollars of valuable material wasted by this city every year by not utilizing those waste products that our farms are needing.

To the east of Toronto is a belt of many square miles of sandy land that would be trebled in value were what we waste used for its fertilization. Chinese wheat is said to yield one hundred and fifty-fold owing to their utilizing what we, who boast over them, only use to defile the water at our front door.

Besides the value of these waste products for farm use, they are "largely employed in making ammonia and its salts, which are largely used," says Dr. Playfair, "in the industrial arts, in agriculture and in medicine. Sal ammoniac, named from its first being made out of the burnt sacrifices at the Temple of Jupiter Ammon, is now made out of the 2200 tons of refuse daily taken from the cesspools of Paris for the manufacture of ammonia. Phosphate beds are largely deposits of this material, which have lain for thousands of years.

Possibly in that time Toronto will awake to the enormity of its folly in casting such a source of wealth away as a waste, useless product.

A Reply to Mr. Enoch Thompson.

Editor World: I was very much surprised to see in to-day's issue a letter from Mr. J. Enoch Thompson containing a gross misstatement, to the effect that "the Rosedale people paid the whole cost of the Sherbourne-street bridge;" whereas, the fact is, that the city paid $30,000 out of the cost, which was a little over $90,000. Of the cost of the Huntley-street bridge the city paid $22,000 out of $35,000.

As Mr. Thompson's name is occasionally seen under communications to the press people might imagine that his statements are to be relied on, but judging from this specimen, such is not the case.

As to his foolish remark that "no one west of the Don wants either a high or a low-level bridge," I would ask, where would the city's markets be without the supplies coming in from the east?

I may state that there has been no boom here, so that none has exploded; property has not depreciated here 10 per cent., whereas it has declined 40 per cent. in other sections of the city. There is not a tenth of the percentage of buildings empty here that there is west of the Don; but a man who thinks that gates will do for traffic over a river as well as for a level crossing can hardly be expected to realize such obvious facts.

T. C. CLARKE,
783 Queen-street east.

Toronto, Oct. 27, 1892.

Free and easy expectoration immediately relieves and frees the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm, and a medicine that promotes this is the best medicine to use for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. This is precisely what Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is a specific for, and wherever used it has given unbounded satisfaction. Children like it because it is pleasant, adults like it because it relieves and cures the disease.

The Only Through Vestibule Pullman Sleeper Toronto to New York is via Erie Railway.

Nothing can surpass the magnificent new sleepers which have been built for this run. Leave Toronto at 4.55 p.m. daily except Sundays. Apply to G.T.R. agents for berths and for further particulars to S. J. Sharp, 19 Wellington-street east, Toronto.

The Brightest Flowers must fade, but young lives endangered by severe coughs and colds may be preserved by Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, in short all affections of the throat and lungs, are relieved by this sterling preparation, which also remedies rheumatic pains, sores, bruises, piles, kidney difficulty, and is most economic.

THE LAST OF THE AZTECS.

THE INHABITANTS OF A MEXICAN VILLAGE SLAUGHTERED.

They Had Long Resisted Oppressive Taxation and President Diaz Sent a Force Against Them Which Killed the People and Laid the Place Waste—The Natives Made a Strong Fight.

EL PASO, Tex., Oct. 27.—News of the annihilation of the Tomocnieas, a people who inhabit the village of Tomocnie and who are nearly pure Aztecs, was received here last night. Tomocnie is situated on the direct road to Guererro and Jesus Maria, in the mountains of Southwestern Chihuahua, Mexico, and has been in open rebellion against the state and federal Governments for more than a year on account of excessive taxation, extortion by Government officials and Government interference in their religious belief.

Two months ago the Government sent the 11th Battalion, in command of Gen. Ranjel, to make the people pay the tax required of them and accept Government officials appointed to take charge or to kill every one of them. This alternative was openly boasted of by officers in Chihuahua before the troops started for this town, and when the Tomocnieas heard of it they decided to fight it out, as they knew that even should they receive the soldiers peaceably they would be shot on the slightest provocation.

When the soldiers made their descent on the village they were met and driven off with 22 officers and 14 men killed, and two officers and 45 men taken prisoners. The prisoners are confined on the top of the adobe church. Gen. Ranjel was the only officer who escaped.

When the news of this affair reached the ears of President Diaz he decided to annihilate the village, and when the people were notified they answered: "God is with us and we will not be taken."

Soldiers left Chihuahua two weeks ago and formed a junction with others from Pinos Altos and Guererro to the number of 1200, and last Monday the attack was made on all sides. The Tomocnieas, who only numbered 38 with their families, took refuge in the church and awaited the attack, which took place at about 1 o'clock. The attack was made on all sides and the slaughter was terrible. At dusk the soldiers gained an entrance to the church and a terrible hand-to-hand fight took place and the soldiers completed the massacre, with 368 of their number killed and many wounded.

The village the next day presented a terrible aspect. The streets of the little village leading to the church were filled with the bodies of the soldiers, and blood seemed to have flowed in torrents. Not a man of the Tomocnieas was left, except those who happened to be out in the mountains, but the Government has paid dearly for its victory.

The Tomocnieas were some time ago a very wealthy people in cattle and farms, but the lack of rain and failure of their crops had brought them to poverty, and they were unable to exist under the extortion of the Government and its petty officials, and were nearly brought to starvation.

YEIGH-WESTLAKE.

Marriage of Two Well-Known Torontonians Last Evening.

At the residence of Mr. Robert Wilkie, 605 Spadina-avenue, last evening Mr. Frank Yeigh, private secretary to Hon. A. S. Hardy, was married to Miss Kate Eva Westlake, the well-known authoress. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Elmore Harris, pastor of Walmer-road Baptist Church. Miss Eva Dunn officiated as bridesmaid and Mr. Neil McCrimmon, barrister, was the groomsman.

There were about 50 guests present, including Mrs. Eva Moore and Dr. F. Moore of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Alf Denison, Mrs. E. E. Sheppard, Dr. G. B. Smith, J. H. Grant, W. Macdonald, William Noxon, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Noxon. A sumptuous dejeuner was served, after which the newly-wedded couple left on a month's trip to the Southern States. On their return they will take up their residence in Spadina-avenue.

Nationalist Association.

At the regular meeting of the Nationalist Association last evening a resolution was adopted that the secretary write to the City Council requesting that the question be submitted to the electors at the next municipal election whether the Legislature should grant power to the municipal councils to reduce taxation, not merely on machinery, but also on buildings, merchandise and other products of industry. The address of the evening was delivered by Mr. Sam Jones on the subject, "What I Saw in New York," giving an interesting account of the recent Columbian celebration and many other objects of interest witnessed during a recent visit to that city. Next week Mr. F. E. Titus will speak on the subject of "Legal Reform."

The Orpheus Society.

The adjourned meeting was held in the Y.W.C.A. Hall, Elm-street, when the constitution and bylaws were adopted and much useful business looking to the completion of the work of organization transacted. The regular rehearsals will not commence for probably a fortnight. The first opera to be produced will probably be "William Tell," by Rossini. The promoters feel much encouraged that Sir Casimir Gzowski has consented to act as patron, with His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Kirkpatrick. In accepting the office Sir Casimir assured the delegation of his interest in the society's work and prospects and gave a number of valuable hints as to its management and policy.

Mrs. H. Hall, Navarino, N.Y., writes: "For years I have been troubled with liver complaint. The doctors said my liver was hardened and enlarged. I was troubled with dizziness, pain in my shoulder, constipation, and gradually losing flesh all the time. I was under the care of three physicians, but did not get any relief. A friend sent me a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, and the benefit I have received from it is far beyond my expectation. I feel better now than I have done for years."

Excursion to City of Mexico.

On Nov. 19 to 26 inclusive, the Wabash Railway will sell tickets to the City of Mexico at lowest first-class fare for the round trip. Tickets good going via Detroit and St. Louis and returning via Chicago, or vice versa, valid up to Dec. 31. This will be the grandest opportunity ever given to see this ancient land of the Aztecs. Words fail in describing the majestic and beautiful scenery on this trip, admitted to be without equal on the American continent and not surpassed in the world. Full particulars at the Wabash new office, northeast corner of King and Yonge-streets, Toronto.

Fagged Out.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength is gone and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there is nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills.

Through Wagner Vestibule Buffet Sleeping Car Toronto to New York via West Shore Route.

The West shore through sleeping car leaves Union Station, Toronto, at 4.55 p.m. daily except Sunday, arriving in New York at 10.10 a.m. Returning this car leaves New York at 5 p.m., arriving in Toronto at 10.25 a.m. Sunday leaves Toronto at 12.50 p.m.

Infants' Food.

Volumes have been written upon this important subject, but volumes of testimonials can be shown to prove that Dyer's Improved Food for Infants is the very best in use. 25c per package. Druggists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

AMUSEMENTS.

Now is Toronto's Opportunity.

The finest orchestra in America and one which is not excelled in Europe is the one directed by Herr Anton Seidl, conductor of the New York Metropolitan Opera. Anton Seidl was a personal friend and aid to the late Wagner, and it was with his assistance that many of the great composer's operas were produced in Germany. It was for this reason that Herr Seidl was brought from that country to New York to conduct the splendid performances which have lately placed New York in such high musical esteem in late years. The Messrs. Sucklings' enterprise and energy in bringing to us here such a grand organization and giving us the opportunity of seeing and hearing these 55 artists in Toronto should be readily and substantially supported. The concert will take place in the Pavilion on Wednesday evening, Nov. 23, and will without doubt be the great musical event of this year. The subscribers will have first choice of seats and in order of subscription. The list is at the Messrs. Sucklings' music rooms.

Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House.

Edwin Arden will appear at Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House on Monday, Oct. 31, and will remain there all the week. Mr. Arden is an emotional actor. "Eagle's Nest" affords him numerous opportunities for the display of his genius. The piece is a melodrama, and it abounds in exciting incidents. The scenic part of the production is elaborate and realistic. There will be an electrical effect in a snowstorm, a rainstorm of real water, a snowstorm, a scene among the clouds and a fire scene. The usual matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday will be given.

Downing At the Academy.

The Academy of Music was crowned last night at the performance of Shakespeare's well-known tragedy, "Julius Cæsar." Mr. Downing was at his best in the part of Marc Antony, and his funeral oration over Cæsar's body was eagerly awaited. When, at last, the time came and Marc Antony had spoken, the applause of the audience knew no bounds. As on previous evenings he was called before the curtain and responded with a short speech. Of Mr. Downing's support mention should be made of Mr. Mosley as Cassius and Mark Price as Brutus. Both were at their best and greatly contributed to the general success. To-night Mr. Downing and company present "Othello," to-morrow matinee "Ingomar" and on Saturday evening "The Gladiator."

Concert at East Toronto Village.

Last evening a benefit concert was given at the Y.M.C.A. Hall under the auspices of the local lodge S.O. Scotland on behalf of a sick brother. There was a crowded house, and the efforts of the artists were much appreciated. J. M. Wingfield, J.P., Past Grand Chief, occupied the chair. Miss Mortimer and Messrs. Grant, Sharp, Prof. Davidson, Smith and Bertie Alexander rendered an excellent program. Mr. P. McLuckie also volunteered a good song. "I'm a Scotchman Born." Among those present were Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Gammack, Rev. J. R. Johnson and Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Ruttan and party, Dr. and Mrs. Shaw (the latter of whom made an excellent accompanist), ex-Ald. Lobb, R. Fountain, F. Boston and party, Dr. Britton, G. French, Dewar, R. Hunter, J. L. McCullough. "Auld Lang Syne" and "God Save the Queen" closed a very successful evening's entertainment.

Academy of Music Next Week.

Commencing next Monday evening George Peck's Company will present the reigning arenic success, "Under the Lion's Paw." It is a play of the melodramatic, spectacular order. The plot of the piece is the oft-told romantic love story in which the conventional villain plays an important part and is at last unmasked and the wronged hero and heroine are reunited in the final scene. Interspersed are specialities, the most interesting being the introduction of the trained lions by Colonel Boone and Mlle. Carlotta.

A Successful Debut.

Association Hall was filled to the doors last night on the occasion of the first appearance of Miss Laura M. MacGillivray before a Toronto audience. Miss Gaylord, soprano, whose cultivated voice has often delighted the ears of the concert-loving public, also took part in the program. Her accompaniments were played by Miss Henrietta Shipe, who has made a specialty of this particular line of musical accomplishment.

Miss MacGillivray during the evening proved herself equally accomplished in both light comedy and the heavier work of tragedy. In the curse scene of Daly's "Leah the Forsaken" this talented young elocutionist held the audience spellbound with the rare personal magnetism she possesses, in combination with a voice of rich culture. Her figure is one of unstudied grace and her movements and gestures those of a finished exponent of the Delsartean school.

These young ladies propose spending the winter in Toronto, and starting, as they are, under the auspices of a brilliant debut, a most successful season's work can be predicted for them.

Mr. S. H. Clark's Farewell Recital.

The popular elocutionist, Mr. S. H. Clark, will give a farewell recital in Association Hall on Thursday evening, Nov. 3, prior to his departure for Chicago. In addition to several entirely new readings by Mr. Clark, the following well-known artists will contribute to the program: Mrs. Mackelcan, contralto; Miss Hortense Jones, soprano; Mr. Harold Jarvis, tenor, and Mr. W. H. Hewlett, organist and accompanist.

"Superba."

Next week the Hanlons will produce their great spectacular production entitled "Superba" at the Grand Opera House. The Hanlons are noted for their gorgeous spectacles, and "Superba" is said to be their crowning effort.

Orange Concert in the East End.

Dingman's Hall was about two-thirds filled with an appreciative audience last night. The occasion was the second annual entertainment of Maple Leaf L.O.L. No. 455. The program was choice. Prof. S. H. Clark was elocutionist and Mrs. Coutts-Bain vocal soloist. The Orient Quartet gave a number of choruses, and Richardson's orchestra dispensed instrumental music. All the numbers were liberally applauded.

Souvenir Day.

The first lady to purchase a ticket at the Musee to-day will receive one of the elegant bronze vases that are to be given away. Every fiftieth person thereafter will also receive a vase. But every one of the first 100 in attendance will get a handsome souvenir of another description.

Notes.

As the lithographed pictures and posters appear in the windows and on the bill-boards announcing the approaching engagement of the Hanlon Brothers' spectacular pantomime, "Superba," contemporaneously does the average small boy begin to save his small change, hoping to have enough laid by in time to attend the opening performance on the announced date, for the a.s.b. is as full-fledged a first-nighter when he has the opportunity as the veteran theatre habitue.

'Tis Forty-five Years Old.

The forty-fifth anniversary of the consecration of Holy Trinity Church was celebrated last night by a choral evensong. A short sermon was given by Rev. Dr. Mockridge. The choir in good style, under the direction of Mr. A. R. Blackburn, sang Spohr's cantata, "God, Thou Art Great."

Kingston and Return for $2.50.

The semi-final Rugby football match between Queen's College and Osgoode Hall takes place at Kingston on Saturday. The C.P.R. will sell tickets at $2.50 for the round trip, special sleepers and coaches being attached to the express at 9 p.m. Friday.

Burgundies.

Chablis and Macon, our own bottling, $7 per dozen qts. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street, third door north of King.

IN PRAISE OF OLD TRINITY.

CONVOCATION PROCEEDINGS AT THE UNIVERSITY.

Degrees Conferred—Officers Nominated—Gratifying Reports—Around the Festive Board—A Brilliant Gathering—Comprehensive Toasts—Speeches in a Very Happy Vein Last Night.

Yesterday was Trinity's great day. The graduates were assembled to do honor to their alma mater.

Among those present at the annual business meeting were the Chancellor, Hon. G. W. Allan, who was chairman of convocation, Rev. Prof. Jones, Prof. Clark, Dean Rigby, Prof. Huntingford, Prof. Cayley, Rev. J. S. Broughall, Rev. Dr. Langtry, Rev. Dr. Mockridge, Rev. Dr. Davies, Revs. A. J. Broughall, W. H. Clark, J. Carswall, C. M. Harris, A. C. Watt, W. B. Carey, H. O. Tremayne, C. E. Thomson, Otto B. Croft, H. V. Thompson, Canon Tremayne, Canon Worrell, Mr. J. A. Worrell, Q.C., J. Scott, C. B. Kenrick, Dr. Spilsbury, Kirwin Martin, H. H. Bedford-Jones, G. A. MacKenzie, C. B. Kenrick, W. F. Burton, Dr. Pepler, J. T. Carter Troop, A. H. Dingman, J. E. Matheson.

Those who sent letters of regret were the Lord Bishop of Toronto, the Lord Bishop of Niagara, Dr. Walkem of Kingston, Edward Martin, Q. C., Judge Kingsmill, Rev. J. C. Davidson, Barlow Cumberland, A. J. Matheson.

Nominated For Office.

The nominations of candidates as members of the College Council were as follows: Law representatives, Mr. Justice Osler, Mr. Justice Kingsmill; graduates in medicine, Drs. Sheard and Millman; arts, Barlow Cumberland, Rev. Dr. Mockridge, Rev. W. B. Carey, J. A. Houston; to represent associate members of convocation, W. F. Burton, W. H. Perran, Rev. W. J. Micklestone, G. S. C. Bethune, A. G. Ramsay and Dr. Montizambert.

Officers of convocation for the ensuing year were elected as follows: J. A. Worrell, chairman, and Rev. H. Symons, clerk, were re-elected; Executive Committee, Prof. Cayley, Rev. J. C. Roper, J. R. Cartwright, Dr. Nevett, A. F. Matheson, N. F. Davidson.

Degrees Conferred.

The following degrees were conferred: B.A., L. E. Chilcott, J. G. Carter Troop; M.A., E. K. E. Martin, C. R. W. Biggar, Q.C.; M.D.C.M., B. A. Brown, H. D. Thomason.

THE DINNER.

The Convocation Disports Itself in the Annual Feast of Good Things.

"Let us eat, drink and be merry, for to-morrow we die," said the foolish man of the Scriptures, but there are times when even those who are to reform the world feel constrained to gather and enjoy the good things of this earth.

The assembly in the splendid Convocation Hall of Trinity University was a jovial one indeed. The distinguished wearers of the cloth who had labored in convocation business all day relaxed themselves to enjoy with the young aspirants for honors in divinity and arts a royal feast which ye goodly Caterer Webb and ye jovial Tapster Mara had provided.

Under Episcopal Patronage.

The Bishop of Toronto was able to be present and sat on the right of the Chancellor, Canon DuMoulin was on the left—not among the goats on this occasion.

As the quail on toast was under discussion the ladies of St. Hilda's filed into the gallery, and but half a minute had elapsed when Mr. J. Carter Troop, blushing with the consciousness of his new degree, was up among them to give them welcome. The students sang "Dandy Pat," which is Mr. Troop's other name in the college.

Drank the Queen's Health Twice.

After the viands had been disposed of the Chancellor rose to say grace, but this act was taken by the students as having reference to the toast to the Queen. Perhaps they thought Her Majesty needed grace, for they sang "God Save the Queen" when the Chancellor got through. Of course it was the duty of Mr. Allan to apprise the students of their mistake, so Victoria's health was drunk twice and her praises again sung.

The toast of "The Ladies" was proposed by Mr. W. F. Burton of Hamilton, and when Mr. Troop rose to reply he said that, with Victor Hugo, he could be eloquent about ladies because he loved them. Somebody started "For they are jolly good fellows" after this.

"Our Noble Selves."

Chancellor Allan, in proposing "Trinity," spoke of the steadily growing influence of their univresity and how she had lived through all the carpings of the past.

The Lord Bishop in replying spoke of the love for his alma mater which is characteristic only of the English-speaking student.

The Witty Canon.

Canon Dumoulin in rising said that it would be presumption for him to think he could add anything to what His Lordship had said, but as a good presbyter he might uphold his Bishop. His speech was frequently punctuated with applause. He paid a tribute to the registrar, Prof. Jones, and eulogized Provost Body. When he spoke of the veratitly and kindliness of Prof. Clark the hand-clapping was earsplitting.

"The Faculty" was proposed by Mr. Burton and replied to by Prof. Clark and by Dean Rigby with charming speeches.

Merrily the Time Sped By.

Mr. J. A. Worrell proposed "College Institutions," and the replies by Mr. G. A. Mackenzie for "Trinity Review" and Mr. F. Dumoulin for "Sports" overflowed with sententious sentences.

Dean Geikie for the medicals and Provost Body for St. Hilda's spoke on behalf of "Affiliated Colleges." The references on the menu card to the "Freshmen" as "strong in arms and thick in head," "Come off your man, you are too fresh and green," had not put the speakers, Messrs. Huntingford and Osborne, in a bad humor.

They Were All Canucks.

The songs of Prof. Huntingford, Prof. Cayley and Messrs. Smith, Troop and Gwyn were chorused and applauded and appreciated to the utmost.

The pleasantest part of it was the claim of all to be Canadians, not Englishmen. Prof. Clark, in evidence of his emancipation, said that while years ago he had been content to say he lived "in Queen-street" he was now so Canadian that he "lived on Queen."

On the whole 'twas a pleasant and a tragrant time.

Removal.

The offices of the Star Life Assurance Society and law offices of Mr. A. D. Perry have been removed to more central and commodious quarters, at Nos. 51, 52 and 53 Freehold Buildings, corner Adelaide and Victoria-streets.

Off For the Woods.

Lord Lambert, Sir Charles Lackie, Capt. Lane (G.G.), Mr. Golden of Glasgow, H. P. Davies, under charge of C. E. Robinson (old pilot), leave to-day on a deer hunt.

GRASSHOPPER TRACKLAYING.

How the Metropolitan Electric Railway Is Extending Its Line.

This week the Metropolitan Electric Railway Company has been making preparations to extend its line from the present terminus at Glen Grove Park to York Mills Hill, a distance of about a mile. The charter of the railway company will expire in June of next year if the extension is not completed.

The directors of the Metropolitan have, however, pursued a very peculiar course in laying their tracks. They have skipped the space of a third of a mile and laid 25 feet of track across the juncture of sideline No. 2, and again made a further skip of 200 yards and laid track in front of the residence of Mr. P. W. Ellis and the two avenues of Bedford Park. The general reason assigned by the residents of the locality is that the Metropolian people are anxious to block the New Toronto and Richmond Hill Electric Railway, whose charter gives it the right to cross Yonge-street at either of the points at which track has been laid.

Mr. Ellis of the latter company stated yesterday that he believed that the action of the Metropolitan Company was taken in silly fright lest the Richmond Hill Company should block their road by crossing Yonge-street, which it is neither in their power or desire to do. He said that if, on the contrary, it was the intention of the Metropolitan Railway to block his company, their present course was a foolish and ineffective one.

It seems to be a case of diamond cut diamond.

LOCAL LEGAL.

They Would Like Some Particulars as to the Ill-Usage.

Mr. Winchester yesterday made an order in the alimony action of Blondin v. Blondin for the delivery of particulars of the acts of assault and ill-usage set up in the statement of claim.

The Foreman Retains His Liberty.

Chief Justice Galt delivered judgment in the action of Webster v. Toronto, refusing to send Foreman Robert Gray to jail and dismissing the motion with costs. Mr. Gray, it will be remembered, refused to submit to examination for discovery on the ground that he was not an officer of the corporation, but merely an employe, and this position His Lordship sustained.

Not a Corporation Officer.

The same learned Chief Justice gave judgment in the action of Coleman v. Toronto, reversing the order of the master for the examination of Dr. Allen, Health Officer, for discovery. His Lordship holds that the doctor is not an officer who can be examined. The decision is an important one and will in all probability be appealed from.

Another Nickel Mining Company.

Mr. Thomas Coombs, a manufacturer of Bedford, England, has been in the city for the past few days, and so greatly taken is he with the future prospects of our nickel mines that he has invested largely in the purchase of some properties, and together with certain Toronto capitalists have decided to form a company under the name of the Anglo-American Nickel Mining Company, with a capitalization of $400,000. What is wanted is British capital with Canadian enterprise, and our nickel mines, the best in the world, will soon be developed.

Teething.

During the period of dentition the suffering of infants is something terrible, and mothers are put to their wits' end to devise some means of alleviating the agony of their children. Dyer's Improved Food for Infants is eagerly taken by sick or healthy children—25c per package. Druggists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

Business Failures.

Isaac Coolidge, hat and cap dealer, Brockville, has assigned to James Smart.

James Parkhill, shoe dealer of Guelph, is unable to pay 100 cents on the dollar and has placed his affairs in the hands of W. S. Jackson.

An Ottawa planing mill man named Hodgson has assigned to P. Larmouth.

Office to Rent.

The World will rent the northern window and a portion of its business office for a telegraph, ticket or other office.

It is only necessary to read the testimonials to be convinced that Holloway's Corn Cure is unequalled for the removal of corns, warts, etc. It is a complete extinguisher.

Clarets.

Club Medoc $4.50 and Bassons $5.50 per dozen qts., our own bottling. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street, third door north of King.

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It is an effective and harmless means of removing blemishes of the skin by external application. It draws out discoloration or impurity, clears the pores and gently dissolves the dead callous surface of the outer skin, producing a clear, soft and beautiful complexion, where existed a gray, dull pasty or liver-spotted appearance. Not a powder paste or cosmetic and its application, cannot be noticed.

THE SEVEN AGES
—OF—
MAN:
(Slightly revised.)

1 {When he gets his little pink feet into a pair of Guinane Bros.' soft moccasins and wraps them up in a pinning blanket.}
2 {When he walks the earth in Guinane Bros.' pink, blue, red, bronze, grey or black Kids—25c.}
3 {When he strides to school proud in his first real biz shoes that mother bought him at Guinane Bros.'—55c.}
4 {Substantially shod in Guinane Bros.' heavy double soles—$1—he bravely starts out to make his fortune or do somebody.}
5 {With the polished fine shoes that betoken good taste and wealth, purchased from Guinane Bros. for $1.95 he walks King-st.}
6 {Exquisitely shod in Guinane Bros.' $1.50 French patent leathers he kneels before Amanda and declares his love.}
7 {Amanda! Easy chair! Pair Guinane Bros.' 25c German Felt Sole Slippers.}

The largest dream of a progressive shoe man never pictured a stock nearer to perfection than the collection now held subject to your approval. It is more than an ideal stock.

Remember we sell retail at wholesale prices.

Men's Fine Dongola Lace or Congress, any style of last, including new Piccadilly toe, only $2; sold retail at $3.50.

New Fall Styles in Grey Bros.' Shoes.

Ladies' Finest Dongola Kid Button or Lace Opera Common Sense, or the new square toe last in ½ widths, $2.

Ladies' Dongola Kid Button, dull dongola kid tops, patent leather tips, the new Piccadilly last, $1.75. 135

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"Monster" Shoe House,
214 YONGE-STREET.

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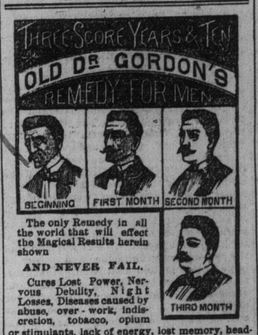

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GOLD

ON THE DIAMOND IN AUTUMN

TORONTO AND TRINITY MEDS PLAY BASEBALL.

Victory for the Blue and White by 6 Runs to 4—Interesting Sport on Bennings' Race Track—Jackson After Champion Corbett—General Gossip.

The last week in October is somewhat late for baseball in Toronto. But then the medical gentlemen of Toronto and Trinity had their annual decision to arrive at as to superiority on the diamond, and yesterday was named as the date. It proved a glorious afternoon and Old Sol favored the hilarious students with his rays while they engaged in their one hour's battle.

Supporters of both schools were out in full force with horns and lungs, and right royally were they used as base hits were banged out, grass-cutters scooped or sky-scrapers pulled down to their liking.

By agreement of Captains McIntosh and Andrus only five inuings were played, and during that time several pretty pieces of diamond craft were exhibited. The ability of the medicos in the field and at the bat showed their aptitude for the game. Both pitchers did good work, the Toronto twirler being perhaps the most effective at critical moments. The backstops of both nines also did clean work. In fact the two teams did credit to the institutions to which they belong. The score:

TORONTO.	B	R	H	O	A	E	TRINITY.	B	R	H	O	A	E
Knox, lf.	2	2	0	1	0	0	Andrus, 2b.	2	2	1	2	2	0
Down'g, cf	2	2	0	1	0	0	McKee, p.	2	0	1	0	3	0
M'Intosh, ss	3	2	2	1	2	1	Ross, 2b.	2	0	0	3	2	1
M'Cosh, 1b.	3	0	1	6	0	1	Marks, 1b.	2	1	1	7	0	0
Wells, c.	2	0	1	5	1	0	Warb'ck, ss	2	1	0	0	1	2
Rolls, rf.	2	0	0	0	0	0	Milligan, rf	2	0	0	0	0	0
M'Cle'hn, 2b	2	0	1	0	2	1	McKay, cf.	2	0	0	0	0	0
Westman, p	1	0	2	1	3	1	Martin, c.	2	0	1	6	2	1
M'Lean, rf.	2	0	0	1	0	0	Th'mps'n, lf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Total	21	6	7	15	8	4	Total	22	4	5	15	8	4

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	2 0 2 0 2—	6	7	4
Trinity	1 0 2 1 0—	4	5	4

Earned runs—Toronto 1, Trinity 1. Bases on ball—By McKee 2, by Westman 2. Struck out—By McKee 2, by Westman 4. Left on bases—Toronto 3, Trinity 5.

THE FOOTBALL FIELD.

Kicks From Everywhere—Another Victory For Varsity's Second Team.

Varsity's junior Rugby team had another practice match yesterday afternoon on the Lawn. Their opponents were a Trinity fifteen composed of their junior and senior players. Varsity had their team out that will face Hamilton's juniors in the championship match on the Lawn to-morrow. They were: Back, Crane; halves, Moore, McLean and Hargraft; quarter back, Bond; wings, Barr, Eby, T. McCrae, J. McCrae, Smith, Robinson, Boyd; scrimmage, Cronyn, McKenzie, MacDonald. One hour's play was indulged in, and in that time Varsity tallied 25 points from tries, rouges and touches-in-goal and didn't attempt to place the goals. Trinity scored a quartet from a penalty kick and couldn't get another point. The Varsity boys are pretty confident of winning on Saturday and expect to capture the final from Osgoode's second team next week.

Queen's v. Osgoode Hall.

The following members of the Osgoode Hall Rugby Football Club leave for Kingston to-night by C.P.R. from the Union Station at 9 o'clock, to play their semi-final with Queen's College on the latter's grounds to-morrow: J. G. McKay, Casey Wood, J. H. Senkler, W. A. H. Kerr, J. F. Smellie, E. C. Senkler, G. W. Peterson, W. J. Moran, H. Pope, C. Webster, G. A. M. Young, W. A. Smith, G. T. Copeland, J. R. Blake, E. G. Rykert, J. M. Farrel, J. F. Patterson, R. G. Sweeney. A special excursion, without any change of cars has been arranged by the C.P. R. at $2.50 return rate. Tickets good till Tuesday can be had from W. J. Moran, the club's secretary, at the office of Blake, Lash & Cassels, Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, and at the railway's offices.

Hamilton Will Cut a Figure.

There will be 200 or 300 Rugby Football enthusiasts from this city in Toronto on Saturday. Every lover of sport is talking about the match, and speculation is keen, though not much money has been put up. The wearers of yellow and black have been practising steadily and are in good shape. The Torontos have the great advantage of playing all their games on the home grounds, but the Hamiltons will cut a figure in the match just the same.—Hamilton Times.

Those Pleasant Bluffers.

[From The N. Y. Press.]

What pleasant bluffers those collegians are! Harvard sends word that she is not strong in team work, Yale is singing a doleful song and Princeton lugubriously rounds off with the old cry that she isn't up to much. It is a copper mine to a brass farthing that all three great football teams are in the finest kind of shape and may be depended upon to put up a faultless game. There is no sport, from a spectacular standpoint, that can compare with football as it is played by the representatives of our great American colleges. Our only regret is that we have not the Yale-Harvard game as well as the Yale-Princeton game in this city. We only mourn that we have not more football. This city could stand a lot of it.

Cyclists Will Kick the Leather.

The Wanderers and Toronto Bicycle Clubs have abandoned the silent steed as a means of their regular exercise and will kick the Association leather the remainder of the season.

Crack elevens of the two big cycle organizations will engage in their annual match on Thanksgiving day. The Wanderers will hold regular practice next Saturday at Weston, when all candidates for the eleven are expected to be in the field. They will leave the club house at 3 p.m. Saturday.

Meanwhile Toronto cyclists are not idle, and have even been seen kicking the pigskin on the asphalt pavement in front of their Jarvis-street club house.

Between the Touchlines.

The Toronto football colors can be had from Harcourt & Son, 57 King-street west.

The Scots and Willows will play their scheduled match on the baseball grounds Saturday, kick-off at 3 p.m.

The Canadian Rovers Football Club will hold a meeting on Friday night in the West End Y.M.C.A. Hall.

St. Michael's College Association club would like to arrange matches with junior clubs for Wednesday or Saturday afternoons.

The All-Chicago Eleven with good old "Pudge" Heffelfinger, "Sport" Donnelly, Bert Alward, Rafferty and plenty of other stars met the Rochester University team in the Flowery City this week in 30-minute halves and ran up a score of 84 to 0.

Twenty members of the Toronto Rugby Football Club will go up to the match to-morrow in Bob Bond's tally-ho, which their team used all week. A Hamilton party was after it, too; their message was just too late.

A local bookmaker quoted the following odds yesterday against each of the four clubs for the cup left in the Ontario Rugby Football Union competition: Even Osgoode Hall, 2—1 Toronto, 5—2 Hamilton, 5—1 Queen's.

Hamilton's Rugby team for to-morrow will likely be: Turner, back; Gordon Watson, R. Southam, R. Watson, half-backs; Briggs, quarter-back; Logie, C. Smart, Glassco, Stewart, Marshall, Ambery, Ripley, wings; B. P. Dewar, Harvey, Irvine, forwards. In company with their friends they will leave for Toronto on a special train, arriving here about 2.30 p.m.

THE RACES AT WASHINGTON.

Hendrie's Versatile Ran Second—The Crooked Chase—A Big Dump.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—The hurdle race to-day created considerable excitement. Yesterday the second big dump of the meeting occurred in the five furlong race. With Oaric, Void, Alcalde and Lemon Blossom in it, Grand Prix, belonging to the Margaret Meadow Stable and carrying 117 pounds, was neglected, his price going from 15 up to 25 to 1 at the post. Rogers kept his mount, running easily in second place until the turn was made, when he gave him his head and came along, winning nicely. He carried little money. The horse was entered at $1000 and was bid up by J. H. Lewis, jr., to $1450 before bought in. To-day's results were:

First race, ⅝ mile—May Lose 1, Ingot 2, Fancy colt 3. Time 1.03.

Second race, ¾ mile—Lake View 1, Helen Rose 2, Bordeaux 3. Time 1.15.

Third race, ⅝ mile—Lizzetta 1, Kinglet 2, Walcott 3. Time 1.15.

Fourth race, 1 mile—Count 1, Versatile 2, Nochbarren 3. Time 1.43¾.

Fifth race, 1½ miles, 5 hurdles—Mary T 1, Spendall 2. Time 2.29. Ecarte came in first, but the judges disqualified Lewis' Stable, Ecarte and Tattler, as Ecarte's rider fouled Mary T at the last jump.

Meddler a Great 2-Year-Old.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—This was the second day of the Newmarket Houghton meeting.

Col. North's 3-year-old colt El Diablo won the Free Handicap Sweepstakes, with the Duke of Westminster's Orme second and William Copper's The Lover third.

The race of the day was for the Dewhurst Plate of 300 sovs., added to a sweep of 25 sovs. each for 2-year-old colts and fillies, distance 7 furlongs. The race was won by Mr. Abington's Meddler, the Duke of Portland's Raeburn second and Lord Calthorpe's Buckingham third. The Duke of Westminster's great colt Orme captured the event last October.

England's Crack Jocks.

Following is a list of the winning English jockeys on the flat. Compiled up to and including Oct. 14; dead heats and walkover are counted as wins:

Jockey.	Firsts.	Secs.	Thds.	Unp.	Tot.
1. M. Cannon	153	130	102	232	617
2. G. Barrett	139	124	78	256	592
3. J. Watts	90	87	60	135	372
4. G. Chalonet	71	53	56	195	375
5. C. Loates	66	57	48	137	308
6. J. Woodburn	52	43	51	145	293
7. W. Bradford	51	48	33	136	268
8. F. Rickaby	51	47	43	203	344
9. S. Chandley	51	39	32	147	269
10. F. Allsopp	49	63	52	327	491
11. R. Chaloner	46	47	38	248	379
12. T. Mullen	44	29	25	106	204
13. R. Colling	34	43	36	79	192
14. F. Webb	33	33	28	96	189
15. J. Fagan	30	24	25	163	242
16. T. Weldon	30	30	27	118	205
17. W. Platt	22	27	32	107	188
18. F. Finlay	21	30	31	127	209
19. J. Liddiard	21	22	20	77	140
20. A. Watts	18	22	21	175	236

The Round at Guttenberg.

GUTTENBERG, Oct. 27.—First race, 3-4 mile, selling—Alma T. 1, Bolivar 2, Radiant 3. Time 1.16 1-2.

Second race, 6 1-2 furlongs, selling—Miss Belle 1, Anne Elizabeth 2, Foxroad 3. Time 1.22.

Third race, 1 1-8 miles, selling—Jack Rose 1, Rico 2, Addie B. 3. Time 1.57 1-2.

Fourth race, 7-8 mile, selling—Mackintosh 1, Seven 2, Bell Demonio 3. Time 1.29 1-2.

Fifth race, 3-4 mile—One 1, False Aherns 2, Postmaster 3. Time 1.14.

Sixth race, 7-8 mile, selling—Vocalize 1, Daniel 2, Violet S. 3. Time 1.31.

A New Winter Track.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—There is a rumor that a new winter race track is shortly to be opened at Harrison, N.J., just beyond Newark. The officers are announced as being: J. B. Collins, president; Mitchfred Buell, vice-president, and J. E. Callahan, secretary and treasurer. The club is said to have secured ground for a mile track, and the intention is to construct the course as soon as possible and give a race meeting, which will continue through the winter and well into the summer.

The Prince's Filly Beaten.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—A match race of 6 furlongs for 200 sovereigns between Col. O. Montague's 2-year-old colt Sault and the Prince of Wales' 2-year-old filly The Vigil was won by the former.

SCHOLARS AS ATHLETES.

Toronto Church Boys Compete on the Green Sward—Brooke the Champion.

The annual games of the Toronto Church School took place yesterday on the Rosedale grounds. The complete results are as follows:

High jump, open—H. J. Brooke 1, C. Burns 2. Distance 4 ft. 6 in.

Throwing cricket ball, open—R. Wright 1, C. Walker. Distance 76 yards.

200 yards, 15 and under—C. Burns 1, H. Smith 2. Time 11¾ sec.

100 yards, 12 and under—I. Coulson 1, A. Massey 2. Time 13¾ sec.

100 yards, open—H. J. Brooke 1, C. Burns 2. Time 11 sec.

100 yards, 13 and under—D. Burns 1, J. Coulson 2. Time 13⅛ sec.

220 yards, 11 and under—D. Armour 1, F. Biggar 2. Time 34 sec.

220 yards, open—H. J. Brooke 1, C. Burns 2. Time 25¾ sec.

75 yds, 10 and under—M. Plummer 1, F. Bigear 2. Time 14½ sec.

220 yards, 14 and under—S. Holmsted 1, C. Scarth 2. Time 28½ sec.

½-mile, open—H. J. Brooke 1, C. Walker 2. Time 64 sec.

150 yards, 10 and under—M. Plummer 1, A. Ellis 2. No time.

Sack race, 12 and under—R. Ardagh 1, A. Massey 2.

Hurdle race, open—H. J. Brooke 1, C. Walker 2. No time.

¼-mile, 14 and under—S. Holmsted 1, C. Scarth. 2.

100 yards, 11 and under—D. Armour 1, M. Plummer 2.

¼-mile, open, prize presented by Mr. Windrum—H. J. Brooke 1, C. Walker 2. Time 2.40.

¼-mile, 13 and under—A. Wright 1, D. Burns 2.

½-mile, 15 and under—S. Holmsted 1, H. Smith 2. Time 2.48.

One mile, bicycle race—George Gooch 1, R. Proctor 2.

One mile, open—H. J. Brooke 1, C. Walker 2. No time.

The Championship Cup, for the highest number of points, was won by H. J. Brooke, who scored 21, C. Walker coming second with 11; R. Wright 3rd, with 9.

The officers of the day were: Starters, Rev. R. Ashcroft and Capt. George Brooke; judges, the Principal, Mr. Freer, and Mr. Brock; timekeepers, Mr. Pratt, Mr. Osborne Brooke and Mr. Strath; clerk of course, Mr. J. B. Caulfield.

Upper Canada's Cross-Country Race.

Upper Canada College's annual cross-country race has been postponed from to-day until Tuesday, Nov. 1. The event is for the cup presented by Mr. A. A. Macdonald. The change of date was necessary owing to Varsity's games to-day.

JACKSON IN NEW YORK.

He Will Challenge the Champion And Says He'll Force Him to Fight.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Peter Jackson arrived here to-day.

In an interview as to his plans in regard to Corbett the colored fighter said:

"I intend to challenge him immediately. I shall be right after him, I promise you, for he owes me a match."

Jackson said he had seen Mitchell, but did not believe that the latter's talk about fighting Corbett amounted to anything.

"Were you surprised at the result of the big fight at New Orleans?"

"Not much. I will admit, though, that I expected Sullivan to put up a better fight."

Sporting Miscellany.

Members of the Toronto Lacrosse Club attending dinner Hallowe'en night are requested to secure their tickets at once from the treasurer.

The Pittsburg club has already signed two players for next season, Donovan and Cargo. The last name will furnish food for many a baseball writer's joke.

Hugh Duffy made 12 hits in the six games constituting the world's championship series. McKean was second with 11 hits. McCarthy, Childs and Burkett made eight each. McCarthy made eight runs. Boston stole 11 bases to Cleveland's two, which is the secret of the Beaneaters' success.

A remarkably small colt was foaled at Bunker Hill, Ill., recently. It stood only 26 inches in height, being so small that it had to be lifted up in order to suckle its dam, and was perfectly formed in every way. It was a natural pacer, and showed a gait that made its owner think he had a future wonder. After living six days, during which time its height increased to 30 inches, it accidentally broke its leg and had to be killed.

A challenge has been issued by Yucca, the strong woman, who, it will be remembered, appeared here at the Exhibition. Yucca's challenge is to Minerva, another alleged champion strong woman. Minerva had previously stated a desire to meet Yucca for the championship of the world. The contest must take place before Nov. 7.

A quoiting tournament is being arranged under the auspices of the Queen City Quoiting Club to be played at the Tecumseh House, corner of King and Tecumseh-streets, on Wednesday, Nov. 2. All those wishing to enter are requested to notify T. O'Neill, Tecumseh House. Entrance fee $1, to go towards prizes.

THE DIPHTHERIA EPIDEMIC.

Preparations to Subjugate It Actively Going On.

A number of teachers who are idle owing to their schools being closed yesterday started out as inspectors to assist the Health Department in house-to-house visitation. They are under the charge of Drs. McKeown and Britton, and their duties are to impart instruction as to methods of preventing and combating diphtheria.

Only a couple of new cases were admitted to the Isolation Hospital yesterday. Prof. Carpenter was last night reported to be doing nicely.

Dr. Allen, Medical Health Officer, yesterday drafted his circular of instructions for distribution among the citizens:

It now being admitted that direct contagion is the chief source by which diphtheria is spread the board advises the following measures for general adoption:

1. Sore throats favor diphtheria, therefore examine the throat for white spots, or better, have them examined by the family physician.

2. While diphtheria exists in the city find out whether your children's seat-mates are absent from school and, if so, from what cause.

3. Have children's throats, teeth and gums washed daily with good disinfectant solution such as permanganate or potash (drachm to eight-ounce bottle).

4. Have clothing of all children that have been attending infected schools at once well boiled and washed.

5. If diphtheria is in the house the sick must in every case be kept away from other children for at least one month; and mothers and nurses must not go from the infected room to other rooms except after change of clothes and disinfection of hands, face, etc. In no case must the nurse be cook or engaged otherwise in household duties.

6. Where local unsanitary conditions of premises exist or are suspected, notify the health office.

7. In no case rent a vacant house until sanitary conditions have been certified to by the Health Department.

8. Notify Health Department as soon as patient has sufficiently recovered, when an officer of the department will call and attend to disinfection.

9. In no case will a child from an infected house be allowed to return to school until a certificate of disinfection of the same has been issued by Health Department.

Dr. John B. Hall has written to Dr. Allen, Medical Health Officer, giving his opinion that diphtheria is caused by dead ends of water mains, of which there are many in North Toronto.

THE ROYAL GRENS.

Inspection by Col. Otter—Sunday Parade to the Pavilion.

Companies K, A, B, D and E of the Royal Grenadiers were inspected last night by Col. Otter, assisted by Major Buchan, while the rest of the brigade were up at the old Upper Canada grounds practising company drill under the eye of Major Mason.

There will be a Sunday parade to service at the Pavilion on the morning of the 6th, when Bishop Sweatman will address the red-coats.

Muster parade will be held on the 8th.

Last night 40 recruits were passed and will parade on Tuesday night; 60 more will be passed next week.

On Saturday the annual rifle matches will be held at the new Lake Shore ranges. Trains will leave Union Station at 12.50 and 1.30 p.m. Firing commences at 1.30, so all who wish to participate should take advantage of the earlier train.

But He Avoids the Horse Question.

Editor World: I notice what you say in reference to my letter to The Globe, and would very respectfully suggest that calling free trade arguments silly rubbish is no answer to what was stated in my letter. Further, I only quoted the editor of The Monetary Times when I said: "As a seller the Canadian farmer has to meet the world's competition; and as a buyer he has to pay prices enhanced by protection." What is silly in this?—certainly not the fact stated. In my opinion it certainly is silly for farmers, who are the majority in this country, being content to permit this fact to remain any longer possible.

As to the question you put to me for an answer: "The Yankees are a protectionist nation, protectionist for protection sake; that being the case, how can Mr. Caldecott or the Canadian Government or all the Canadian people throw down the tariff wall that the Americans have deliberately put up against Canadian produce?"

Sir John Lubbock points out a way: remove our present trade fetters; let young Canada be free to sell where she can and free to buy where she is able to buy cheapest; then, with all the advantage this will give her, she can successfully compete for the world's market in those products which are the real source of the wealth of Canada, and which to-day need the utmost consideration, or we shall kill the hen that lays the golden egg. And further, if we were to go straight and clear for free trade we should find our stores in Toronto and elsewhere too small to attend to the vast influx of American trade that would follow—for it would be utterly impossible for custom house officers to prevent the immense business that would take place in consequence.

STAPLETON CALDECOTT.

Removal.

Beaty, Hamilton & Snow, barristers, etc., have removed their offices from 15 Toronto-street to the Confederation Life Chambers, corner of Richmond and Victoria-streets, over the offices of the Confederation Life Association.

NO HIGH LEVEL BRIDGE.

The Proposition Withdrawn From the Railway Committee—Other News From the City Hall.

The question of a high level bridge over the Don River at King-street has assumed another phase.

Wednesday night Solicitor Clark of the Canadian Pacific Railway and Mayor Fleming had a conference, when the former announced that his company would refuse to pay a large amount towards the building of any bridge.

Then rumor has it that Collingwood Schreiber, Government bridge engineer, has reported that gates at the Canadian Pacific and Belt Line crossings are quite sufficient to ensure safety to the public at King-street.

At a conference of the Mayor, City Solicitor and several aldermen it was decided that the city's application to the Railway Committee of the Privy Council in the matter of the high level bridge should be withdrawn, and a despatch to this effect was forwarded to Mr. T. Trudeau, secretary of the Railway Committee.

THEY'LL GET AN ISLAND SITE.

The Corinthian Canoe Club to Get a Site at the Island.

The Corinthian Canoe Club recently applied for a lease of 100 feet of the strip at the west point of the Island, north of the Turner Baths. The desired site is 420 feet across from the lake side.

Yesterday Commissioner Coatsworth reported to the Property Committee in favor of the request.

The recommendation was concurred in, the canoe club being granted a lease for five years at $100 per annum.

Island Constable Ward applied for a new overcoat at a cost of $25.

"That is a pretty big price," chimed in Ald. Crawford. "He ought to be an alderman."

Mr. Ward will get the coat nevertheless.

It was decided that the city should pay the entire salary of Mr. Hunter, clerk of the works at the new civic buildings, charging back to the account of Architect Lennox one-half the amount paid. Mr. Hunter's salary is $2400 per annum.

Accounts to the amount of $866 for material at the new civic buildings were passed.

Another Writ Against the City.

Lucy Rankin and John Brewer are owners of land at the western limits of Seaforth-avenue, entrance to which, they allege, is obstructed by the boulevards and sidewalks. Yesterday they issued a writ against the city claiming $1000 damages and demanding the removal of the alleged obstruction.

THE POLLUTED BAY.

Liquid Refuse to Be Disposed of By Sub-Soil Irrigation.

The stream of filth which has been for years pouring from the cattle byres into Ashbridge's Bay, polluting its waters and making it a disseminator of disease and death, is to be cut off at the fountain head.

Some three months ago the local health authorities notified Gooderham & Worts that not a cow would be allowed entrance to the byres under existing conditions. This seems to have stirred the distillery firm up. At any rate initiatory steps were soon taken to remedy the evil. John H. Ranch, M.D., of New York, Mr. E. B. Shuttleworth of Toronto and Prof. Stomburg of Johns Hopkins, Baltimore, Md., were consulted. The result was the formulation of a scheme to prevent further pollution of the bay.

The scheme was to dispose of all liquid by sub-soil irrigation and to ship all solid manure into the country by train. The work of irrigation was begun forthwith and to-day it is nearly finished.

Yesterday afternoon Medical Health Officer Allen received a communication from Gooderham & Worts informing him of what they had done.

"Gooderham," remarked Dr. Allen to The World, "has adopted the most thorough and scientific method for preventing a further nuisance from the cow byres, and has set an example that I think ought well be followed by the city in dealing with its own sewage. Irrigation is, I consider, the best method of dealing with sewage, it being simply returning to the soil what was taken from it."

"That is one good thing the Board of Health has done this year," said a prominent citizen to The World, "and it shows what can be done when backbone is displayed."

The Board of Health will consider Gooderham & Worts' communication Saturday.

Not Much Vivisection Practised.

The Humane Society had delegated Constable Chapman to make a tour of investigation among the different medical colleges of the city to ascertain if vivisection were practised. Yesterday he presented his report. He said he was convinced that there was very little vivisection done in the city. Some of the professors, he said, assured him that it was absolutely necessary for them to experiment on animals with nerves similar to man's in order to know the effects of accidents on human beings. While they did this they were humane enough to administer narcotics to the animal.

The Suit Is Off.

The intricacies of the Greely-Large breach of promise case will not be probed and sifted in the Assize Court, as the two principally interested have compromised matters, Large having yesterday paid $50 and costs as a settlement.

Personal.

Captain Holmes, Winnipeg, is at the Walker.

A. Heath, Huntsville, is registered at the Walker.

A. H. Heath, Shanghai, is staying at the Queen's.

G. A. Knowles, Ridgetown, is at the Palmer.

Rev. S. Sexton, Dunkirk, N.Y., is staying at the Walker.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Knowles, Guelph, are at the Palmer.

Rev. W. McCann and wife, Omemee, are at the Queen's.

E. B. Eddy, Hull, was one of the arrivals at the Queen's yesterday.

James Hendry, mayor of Peterboro, is registered at the Rossin.

A. M. La Moyne, Penetanguishene, is registered at the Palmer House.

James Grant, G.T.R. Inspector of Bridges, is among the newly registered at the Rossin.

Mrs. S. Nordheimer has been elected a life member of the Children's Aid Society. She is a good friend of the poor little unfortunates.

Dr. Hamilton of 211 Bathurst-street, who has been for several weeks confined to his residence through a severe attack of typhoid fever, is slowly recovering.

Mrs. and the Misses Muldrew have arrived in Toronto from a six months' tour in Europe.

The City in Brief.

Varsity annual games Friday, 2.30 p.m., on Rosedale grounds.

The boulevard around the Normal School grounds is being neatly sodded.

Varsity and Pharmacy students attend the Grand Monday night, after which the professors of the College of Pharmacy will be serenaded.

Thomas Stafford was yesterday committed to the Central for three months for larceny from the Massey-Harris Company.

Surrogate Court proceedings took place yesterday in these estates: James Irving Keating, $750 in the Chancery Court; Miss Mary Jane McCally, $617.

Thomas Reynolds' wife complained that he kicked her on the head, and so last night P. C. Ross placed him undr arerest.

A BILLIONAIRE ON LABOR.

Baron Rothschild Expresses Himself Upon the Social Question.

A Figaro reporter has had an interview with Baron Alphonse de Rothschild, in which the millionaire, or billionaire, as the case may be, spoke freely upon the social question. On being requested to give his views upon the causes and the importance of the socialistic movement in France, he said:

"We are by no means in the presence of a crisis at the present time. There have been momentary crises produced by unfortunate failures, like that of the Baring Bank of London, but the general situation of Europe has not changed, and it is not unsatisfactory."

Reporter—There are reports of a certain uneasiness among the working classes which is displayed in a socialistic current that is becoming more and more threatening.

M. de Rothschild—For my part, I have no faith in this workingmen's movement. I am sure that the workmen—I speak in general—are satisfied with their condition; that they do not complain, and that they don't trouble themselves with the thing which is called socialism. Certainly there are agitators who try to make all the noise possible around themselves, but they have no hold upon the honest, reasonable, and industrious laborers, and no influence over them. But we must make a distinction between good and bad workmen. Now, for example, it is absolutely false to state that the good workmen want eight hours only for a day's labor. The fellows who make the demand are the lazy and the incapable. They reason in this way: "It is tiresome to work ten or twelve hours a day, and moreover there are men among us who are less lazy and more expert than we are. They produce more in the same space of time, and consequently they earn more. Let us endeavor to make them work less. Our interest and our laziness will be protected thereby." That's about the amount of it.

Reporter—Theorists argue that the accumulation of fortunes in the hands of a few, the haute banque, for example, will be the cause of a social revolution in short order, which will mark the end of the regime of the capitalists.

M. de Rothschild—In the first place, I have never been able to understand what is meant by the haute banque. What is it? There are people who are rich, some more rich than others, and that's all. The rich of to-day will be the poor of to-morrow. Riches follow the variations in all things. Everybody is exposed to these variations, everybody without exception, and nobody can hope to escape them. And these agglomerations of capital are the circulation of money which moves and fructifies. It is the fortune of the people. It circulates with the same risks for each one. It is the money that is loaned with confidence for speculations that are believed to be good, but which are not always good, and this is true for the great as well as for the small. If you terrify and threaten capital it will disappear; and when that happens all is lost. I have always made this comparison; Capital is like water. If you do violence to it, and attempt to grasp a handful of it, it will escape through your fingers. But take it gently, dig a canal, and it will go wherever you wish to lead it, docilely and without resistance. Capital is the same. If you attempt to drive it it will fly and hide, and then the prosperity of the country comes to an end. Capital is the fortune of a country. It represents the energy, the intelligence, the economy, and the industry of a people. Capital is labor.

Reporter—The labor of others, according to the Socialists.

M. de Rothschild—How so? With a few unfortunate exceptions, inevitable accidents, each one in general has that portion of capital which he merits by his intelligence, his energy, and his work. Certainly chance and luck meddle sometimes with the fate of individuals. Unworthy people are often favored by chance, while men of merit are sorely tried, but the same law exists for all, and it is the same at all the steps of the social ladder; and the only just law is the law of labor for all.

Reporter—The present social organization is criticised because it makes thousands of men work all their lives to enrich a single one. The division is, perhaps, not equitable.

M. de Rothschild—If it is not equitable, if the workmen consider that they are underpaid, they can strike. They have the right to strike. It is legitimate and nobody dreams of taking it away from them. Let them exercise it, and, indeed, they don't deprive themselves of it. But it is not natural that the man who puts in the first indispensable force, and in addition gives his intelligence his powers, of organization, of invention, and all the force of his intellect should be better recompensed and have more luxuries than the coarse and brutal workman who brings merely the intelligent help of his arms! Was it not the Socialist Saint Simon who said. "To each one according to his capacity; to each one according to his works?" I am absolutely of that opinion. It is a principle of wisdom which is applicable to all, and in a free country it is verified every day.

Reporter—Do you think that there will always be rich and poor in the world?

M. de Rothchild—Do you believe that we can abolish diseases? Will we not always have sick men and robust men?

Reporter—Now, Monsieur le Baron, your opinion in regard to happiness would interest a great many people. You are believed to be the happiest man in the world with your milliards.

M. de Rothschild (shrugging his shoulders)—My milliards! Sure enough, they showed me a journal the other pay which stated that M. de Rothschild had a fortune of three milliards! The statement is absurd.

Reporter—Well, never mind the amount. Do you believe that riches can make a man happy?

M. de Rothschild! Oh, no; that would be too much of a good thing. Happiness is quite another affair.

Reporter—At the present time the power of riches is enormous. It ought to give infinite enjoyment.

M. de Rothschild (slowly and as if talking to himself)—Certainly if there were not some advantage attached to a fortune people would not give themselves so much trouble to acquire it. But happiness, the only true happiness, lies in labor.

Reporter—There are men who enjoy all the advantages of fortune and who have never labored to get it. Don't you consider that the attacks that are made upon the law of inheritance are just?

M. de Rothschild—Are you married?

Reporter—Not yet.

M. de Rothschild—Well, when you are married and have children you will have no attack to be made upon inheritance.

After the publication of the above interview Baron de Rothschild wrote to the Figaro to correct an error which the reporter accidentally fell into. Referring to the passage which made him say that he regarded the condition of the working classes as satisfactory, the Baron said: "That is certainly not my opinion, since among the working classes there exists so much suffering that we should neglect no opportunity of relieving."

All About the Small Boy.

A very successful lecture was given by Mr. Thomas McGillicuddy to a large and appreciative audience in the Tecumseth-street Baptist Church last last. His subject was "The Small Boy," and judging from the hearty and frequent applause in which the irrepressible small boy, who was well to the fore, joined Mr. McGillicuddy gave his hearers a talk worth listening to. Mr. McGillicuddy possesses the art of holding the attention of his hearers throughout, either evoking laughter by bright stories and amusing illustrations or becoming serious, pressing home the great lessons he sets out to teach.

WANTED TO MARRY A PRIEST.

An Affair in Indianapolis Which Caused a Sensation.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 27.—Dressed in cream-colored satin, wearing a long bridal veil, and carrying a beautiful bouquet, Miss Anna Griffin appeared at St. Joseph's Church yesterday, at which Rev. Father Gavisk officiates, and announced that she had come in obedience to divine command to be united in marriage to the reverend father. She had notified some of her friends that she was to be married and asked them to be present, and quite a number of ladies and gentlemen were present, but had not been informed who the bridegroom was. Her announcement created a sensation in the company, part of which had assembled for a funeral, and Father Gavisk was so dumfounded that he could scarcely utter a word. It soon became apparent that Miss Griffin was deranged, and a telephone message brought an officer quickly to the scene. When he arrived the young lady readily agreed to accompany him, saying that the Holy Spirit placed her in charge of Father Gavisk four years ago and granted him a special dispensation to marry her and that if he chose to disobey the command the sin was his, not hers.

Death From Suffocation.

ALTON, Ill., Oct. 27.—Three colored men, names unknown, went into a caisson of the Bellefontaine Bridge last evening, and not understanding the air-tight door were smothered to death.

AMUSEMENTS.

JACOBS & SPARROW'S OPERA House. Popular with the people. Week commencing Monday, Oct. 24th.

N. S. WOOD in OUT IN THE STREETS.

Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Next attraction, Edwin Arden in "Eagle's Nest."

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Every Evening This Week. Matinee Saturday. The Celebrated English Actor

E. S. WILLARD, In Henry Arthur Jones' New Play, THE MIDDLEMAN

Next Week—HANLON'S SUPERBA.

ACADEMY LAST THREE PERFORMANCES

ROBERT DOWNING TO-NIGHT "OTHELLO"

Saturday Matinee—"Ingomar." Saturday Night—"The Gladiator."

Next Week—"Under the Lion's Paw."

THERE IS NOTHING NEW IN LETting the deck load go in a storm to save the inside cargo, as well as the ship. Every competent and experienced sailor will do this rather than there should be a total wreck. The recent "boom" in distant outside lots has left a stormy feeling in real estate that will soon pass away, but in the meantime it is best to meet the market liberally and unload rather than hang on to boom prices.

R. J. GRIFFITH & CO., 10 King-street east.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

YE OLDE ENGLYSHE FAYRE

Under the immediate patronage of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Kirkpatrick, in the Pavilion, beginning Tuesday evening, Nov. 1, and continuing afternoon and evening during the week.

Tickets 50c, 25c and 15c each; for sale at Messrs. A. & S. Nordheimers' King-street; Messrs. I. Suckling & Sons', Yonge-street, and elsewhere. 35

TENDERS WANTED.

BRYCE & CO., No. 1 Toronto-street, want prices for some Plastering to be done in rear of No. 381 Ontario-street. Must be completed at once.

HOUSES TO RENT.

ONLY $10 A MONTH—FINE SEVEN-ROOMED dwelling, bath, etc., concreted cellar, furnace, hot and cold water, newly papered. 186 Marguerette-street. dtf

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NELSON R. BUTCHER & CO., STENOgraphers, Canada Life Building, Toronto. Agents celebrated Smith Premier Typewriter. Second-hand machines, all kinds, to rent.

DENTISTRY.

IN ADDITION TO MY SPECIAL OFFERS FOR plates I am now doing gold and silver filling and root crowning at special rates. Best work guaranteed. C. H. Riggs, cor. King and Yonge-streets.

LUMBER FOR SALE.

BY THE CARLOAD OR IN SMALLER quantities if required, as we have a large stock in the city for immediate delivery. All kinds of pine lumber, cedar, shingles, etc. We will also purchase a large quantity of bill timber for next season's delivery. Our terms are cash. We will arrange to furnish money at a cheap rate to good men to take out logs and cedar posts. Bryce & Co., No. 1 Toronto-street. Telephone 1346.

MEDICAL.

AHI MASSAGE RECOMMENDED FOR rheumatism, paralysis, insomnia, poor circulation, nervous troubles, stiff joints, etc. Endorsed by leading physicians. Thomas Cook, 204 King W.

MAR

COVENANTS.

Should They Be Struck Out of Mortgages?

THE MONEY-LENDERS SAY NO:

Continued from First Page.

to get out of paying their debts. We see it nearly every day. The man who is not rich is, we find, as a rule honest, and will meet his obligations if he can."

The Man With the Big Head.

"The fact of the matter is, there is something radically wrong in the law relating to covenants as it now exists," remarked a disinterested gentleman who is well posted in real estate matters. "And here to my mind is one of its defects: A is a covenantor on a mortgage. He sells his land to B. B gets an attack of big head and refuses to entertain reasonable offers, and offers that would have left him a reasonable margin of profit. Eventually land values fall off and B is no longer able to carry the property. As a result the loan company throws back the responsibility upon A, who perhaps happens to be a man with some means. Now I say that it is not just that A should have to suffer for the big head and hogginshness of B. It is all a case of trying to deprive the man who has a little of his all."

The Doctor Has Need of It.

"Well, I guess, if anybody needs such an amendment it is me," remarked Dr. Gilmour, M.L.A., whom The World found in King-street.

"But, do you intend introducing a measure at the next session of the Ontario Legislature dealing with the matter?"

"Well, I can't exactly say. Probably I may," he remarked as he hurried away.

"It is my opinion," replied Mr. Thomas G. Elgie, real estate dealer, "that the covenant clause should be done away with on all loans on real estate, and that when the owner loses his property, through not being able to keep up the interest, the lender of the money should be bound to take the property and release the covenantor from further liability. The loan company sends out its valuator to value the property on which a loan has been applied for. The average amount advanced is, I should say, 60 per cent. The borrower of the money is often guided by the value thus placed on the property in making further purchases, upon which he sometimes fails to realize."

"Have you any idea of a remedy?"

The Property Sufficient Security.

"Well, the remedy that I would suggest is that the property should be taken as security entirely. The loan is advanced on the property. If the man fails to pay interest the mortgage is foreclosed, and that ought to be ample re-payment to the loan company for principal and interest."

"It is not intended in the proposed legislation to deal with existing mortgages, is it?" ventured the reporter.

"Oh, no; we couldn't do that. What we want is that in future covenant clauses shall be eliminated from mortgages. Of course it we succeed there will naturally be a tendency on the part of the loan companies to reduce the proportion of the loan to the value of the property. But I fancy that the quality of the land upon which loans will be made will so improve that the reduction will be only temporary. At all events I think a healthier business would be done."

The County Crown Attorney Speaks.

County-Crown Attorney Dewart: "One thing is sure, the Ontario Legislature could not pass any retroactive measures, although I think an act prohibiting the insertion of the covenant clause in future mortgages would not be altogether out of place. But the probable result would be a decrease in the proportion of money loaned."

"Should the suggestions you speak of become law," remarked Mr. Edward Galley, a director of the Land Security Company, "in a good many instances the loan companies would refuse to advance money unless the maker of the mortgage gave a covenant or sold his land to a man equally as good or better than himself financially.

"Then you must remember that the value of land in this city has depreciated a good deal. I know of property that has recently sold at less than one-half what it did two years ago. There is another thing: There are hundreds of lots in the city to-day that would not sell for the amount of the mortgage. If such a law had been passed five years ago there would have been no boom in vacant lands, and for this reason it might have been a good thing.

Central Property All Right.

"With regard to land centrally situated such a law would be all right. Central property is productive. And as long as land is productive there is little need of covenants. It is only where there is a possibility of depreciation that they are necessary. It is only within the last year or two that this question of covenants has been raised. It was the hard times that brought it up; and I suppose that it would occur again should a boom spring up. There is now a land boom in Jerusalem, and were it not for the cholera scare I suppose we might ship a number of our real estate agents off there," added Mr. Galley with an audible smile.

"But do you think it fair that the lenders should not share in the loss?" ventured the newsman.

"Well, the mortgagor got the full amount of the mortgage in cash, did he not? There was no shrinkage in that, and consequently the company will look to the maker of the mortgage for the amount loaned him whether the land is worth it or not. This is, of course, the money lender's way of putting it. There is another, however, and in the light of which the arguments of those who want the covenant clause removed are correct. For instance: I have a piece of land, for which I only paid $5 a foot. I subsequently sell the land to you for $10, getting $4 in cash and a mortgage for $6. When the mortgage comes due the land is not worth over $5. You have lost all you put into it, while I have not lost much. Under such circumstances it does seem too bad that I should press you on your covenant. Then there is another phase: I sell a piece of land to an agent at $10 a foot. He pays $1 down and gives a mortgage for $9. He subsequently sells the land to you for $12, you assuming the $9 mortgage. By this transaction the agent makes $2 a foot. Then we'll suppose he sells the land for you to Smith at $15, you getting part cash and a second mortgage. Here the agent makes his commission. By and bye the first mortgage matures and you are unable to retire it, and the value of the land has depreciated. I then come upon the agent who made the covenant. What I want is my money back. I have not shared in any of the profits which accrued while the boom was on, while the agent on the other hand has cleared $2 a foot besides his commission. I tell you," added Mr. Galley, "it is going to be pretty tight before they get things settled again."

"Do you not think that the life of a covenant should be at least made shorter than it is at present?" queried the reporter.

"Well, I think it should," he replied. "The life of a mortgage on vacant land is five years, and I think the covenant ought to end them."

How They do In New York State.

"I think the law should remain as it is," remarked Mr. S. James with emphasis. "A mortgage is a note of hand, the security of which is the land. If the security is sold, why what is there to do but to hold the maker of it responsible? The question resolves down to this: What is the security? Is it the land or the individual? I hold that it is both. In New York State there is no personal liability attaching to the mortgage, and therefore they require a personal bond, which accomplishes the same thing as we have here with a covenant, only in a much more disagreeable manner."

A Case in Point.

To covenants can clearly be traced the failure of Joseph Patterson, the Yonge-street dealer in men's furnishings who assigned the other day, remarked a well-known financier to The World. "He was doing a good business and was able to show an apparently large surplus, but unfortunately he had subscribed to a number of covenants. When these were forced he had to assign, and for this very same reason when the creditors met he was unable to make an offer. So he loses his business, his real estate; in fact, his all."

THE BLUE AND WHITE.

Notes Picked Up Around Varsity—The Freshmen to Be Disciplined.

The Varsity annual sports take place this afternoon at Rosedale, and lectures have been declared off. The minor events will be contested on the lawn at 11 o'clock, and the entries bespeak strong competition. The committee has been laboring hard the last two weeks to make the games a success, and it only needs the favor of Dame Nature to ensure a splendid day's sport. Orton, of course, will be the great card, as this is his first appearance before a Toronto public since his recent defeat of the cracks of the New York Amateur Athletic Clubs. Tommy Conneff, whom he so easily defeated, predicts a brilliant future for him and says he can beat the world's record any time he feels so disposed.

The class of '94 has issued a neat little Year Book in blue and white covers containing an exceedingly life-like portrait of the late president, Sir Daniel Wilson. The Year Book contains the proceedings of the society at their class meetings during the past year, and the contributions reflect credit on the ladies and gentlemen who are the authors of the same.

The annual reception tendered to the freshman class by the senior years has taken an unusually interesting turn this year. Some fifteen prominent "hustlers" were summoned before the council for "interfering with the liberty of the students." These were cross-examined very ominously by the council and dark whispers of rustication were flying around the corridors The undergraduates of the different years memorialized the council, stating that they were all equally to blame and asked that whatever penalty was inflicted on those apprehended should also be laid on them. The council, however, took a lenient view of the matter and yesterday morning posted up a bulletin saying that in future anyone found so doing would place himself liable to suspension or expulsion. Mysterious forecasts indicate that the freshmen would do well to look out in the near future, as "the mills of the gods grind slow," but justice will be meted out. The law must be satisfied.

Victoria Literary Society has elected the following officers: Hon.-president, Dr. L. E. Horning, M.A.; president, J. G. Bowles; vice-president, E. M. Burwash; critic, T. E. Shore; corresponding secretary, H. E. Ford; recording secretary, G. E. Hermiston; treasurer, J. F. Boice.

Mr. A. M. Stewart, B.A., is at present teaching in Bishop Ridley College, St. Catharines. His well-known colleague, Mr. C. A. Stuart, B.A., LL.B. is studying in a legal firm in this city. These gentlemen were two of the best known of the Varsity students during their course.

It is agreeable to see the success of Canadians in that "land of milk and honey" the United States. Chicago University has claimed two of our brilliant sons in the persons of R. K. Duncan, B.A., who is holding a position there in chemistry, and Frank R. Lillie, B.A., also, who is fellow n natural sciences.

TURPENTINE DEARER.

It Advances 3c a Gallon—Further Strictures on Small Lots.

The Dominion turpentine combine has advanced the price of turpentine 3c a gallon.

"Stocks are getting lower," remarked a member in explanation, "and it is strange that prices have not been advanced ere this, for you know they usually go up during the winter. We have also decided to charge 10c a gallon more for broken lots instead of 5c, as formerly. You see there is considerable loss from leakage and evaporation, and 5c a gallon has not been sufficient remuneration for breaking bulk."

THE CREDIT SYSTEM.

A Marked Decrease in the Retail Trade Is Avowed.

"There is little or no credit business being done by the retail trade," remarked the head of one of the largest drygoods houses in the city yesterday." Such transactions as they have are almost invariably for cash. Since the credit system was inaugurated at the commencement of business in this country there never was so little credit being done. This is a very pleasing side to the present business situation and is doing more than even the National Policy for the drygoods retailer of this country."

HOLT LOSES HIS SUIT.

The Action Dismissed With Costs—Censured By the Judge.

Judge MacMahon gave his decision yesterday morning in the case of J. Abner Holt against Aikenhead & Crombie, the action being dismissed with costs, the defendants being allowed a judgment for $85 against Holt on a note he gave for rent.

The judge was quite severe in speaking of Holt's conduct throughout. He concluded by saying that it was very evident that the reason Holt refused to give up his apartments was merely because he wished to extort the sum of $250 from the defendants.

As the case is going to a higher court the judge allowed Holt $25 for loss of possession and $20 for a suit of clothes which he claimed were soiled during the conflict

The Estate of the Late I. McNeely.

In reporting the sale of the stocks of the late I. McNeely, which took place at Sucklings on Wednesday, a mistake was made. The late Mr. McNeely was spoken of as "the insolvent Omemee merchant," instead of "the deceased Omemee merchant." As a matter of fact the estate was a valuable one, consisting of stocks of drygoods and hardware, real estate and money invested in securities of various kinds, and on the entire estate there was no encumbrance or liability of any kind. The stocks of drygoods and hardware were sold in the ordinary process of closing up the estate.

Another To ronto Missionary for Japan.

Arrangements have been completed by Wycliffe College under which the Rev. H. J. Hamilton enters upon missionary work in Japan. He leaves Toronto next Tuesday evening by the Canadian Pacific en route for Tokyo. A farewell meeting will be held at the college on that evening to bid him Godspeed and to invoke the divine blessing upon the work.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has the largest sale of any similar preparation sold in Canada. It always gives satisfaction by restoring health to the little folks.

IRATE RATEPAYERS

Vent Their Grievances Before the Court of Revision—The Result of Some Appeals.

The Court of Revision, composed of Ald. William Carlyle (chairman), Maloney, Jolliffe, Verral and Hallam, sat in the executive chambers, City Hall, yesterday.

Divisions 1 and 2 of Ward 2 were taken in hand and the appeals disposed of, a number of amusing incidents occurring during the day.

Mr. Benj. Brick was out very short when expressing his righteous indignation that some property owned by him was assessed away up beyond its value. Unfortunately, Mr. Brick had failed to acquaint himself thoroughly with the facts of the case, and when asked what he considered the properties worth replied about $2800 each. "Well," said Mr. Carlyle, "I guess we will have to raise this assessment, as they are only valued at $2733 each. Mr. Brick was indeed taken aback, as he had been under the impression that $3000 was the amount. He knew not how to hide his confusion, but as a small shed on a back lot had been assessed a little over value his amount was not raised, though the chairman was much inclined to do so.

Mr. Henry Mara made quite a heavy bluff anent the valuing of the old Rosedale grounds at $46,000. It was indeed preposterous, according to the eloquent real estate dealer's notion, but when asked what price was paid for the property his statement to the effect that $50,000 was the consideration ruined his cause. Mr. Mara was quite wrath at this decision and condemned the whole assessment system, Court of Revision and all, in good round terms. He got over his fit of ill-temper, however, and went off laughing with the Mayor, who twitted him relative to his discomfiture.

Much complaint was made regarding the incomplete manner in which the assessment slips were made out, the separate values of the land and property not being entered. The commissioner explained that the assessor has only about 3½ minutes in which to make out the slips.

Another Flow of Gas.

People interested in New Toronto were set talking again yesterday afternoon by the rumor that another large flow of gas had been struck at the third well of the New Toronto Gas Company. A World reporter visited the office of the company in Adelaide-street yesterday evening, where he found several members of the company in conclave. He was referred to Mr. Harris, the secretary, for information. Mr. Harris made the following statement: "We are not particularly anxious to say what we have got or what we have not got. We have been developing this gas field and spending our money on it without receiving the assistance of a number of men who are very largely interested in neighboring property, and who would like to profit by our enterprise. Our company has not offered a dollar's worth of its stock to the public, and our business, therefore, is entirely private. You may say that, however, if you like, that we are satisfied with the results we have got and are preparing to go on at once with sinking several more wells. We will prosecute the work night and day."

"German Syrup"

A Farmer at Edom, Texas, Says: "We are six in family. We live in a place where we are subject to violent Colds and Lung Troubles. I have used German Syrup for six years successfully for Sore Throat, Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Pains in the Chest and Lungs, and spitting-up of Blood. I have tried many different kinds of cough Syrups in my time, but let me say to anyone wanting such a medicine—German Syrup is the best. That has been my experience. If you use it once, you will go back to it whenever you need it. It gives total relief and is a quick cure. My advice to everyone suffering with Lung Troubles is—Try it. You will soon be convinced. In all the families where your German Syrup is used we have no trouble with the Lungs at all. It is the medicine for this country.

John Franklin Jones.

G. G. GREEN, Sole Man'fr, Woodbury, N.J.

DR FOWLER'S EXT OF WILD STRAWBERRY CURES COLIC CHOLERA CHOLERA-MORBUS DIARRHOEA DYSENTERY AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS OF CHILDREN or ADULTS Price 35 CTS BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

TENDERS.

SALE OF BOOK DEBTS, ETC., BY TENDER.

Tenders at a rate on the dollar will be received by the undersigned up to Saturday, the 12th November next, for the purchase of the book debts, promissory notes, etc., belonging to the estate of H. Evison of Collingwood, as follows, viz.: Book debts $1869.84, promissory notes $694.16, judgments $-77.00—$3441.09. Terms cash. List can be seen at our office and at the office of Messrs. Fair & Hooey, barristers, Collingwood. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

CAMPBELL & MAY, Assignees,
32 Front-street west, Toronto.

PATENT ACT

The undersigned are prepared to furnish at a reasonable price to any one desiring to use it, Rehnstrom's Composition for Food and Method for preparing the same, as described in Canadian Patent No. 3546). They are also prepared to receive propositions for the purchase of the said Patent or for licenses to manufacture under the same.

(Signed) AKTIEBOLAGET LACTOSERIN CO.,
Care of Donald C. Ridout & Co., Patent Attorneys, Canada Life Building, Toronto.

Canadian Mutual Loan and Investment Co.

HEAD OFFICE - 51 Yonge-st., Toronto

Money to loan in sums of $100 to $5000 on first mortgage security. 246

A KEG OF OUR PORTER —IS BETTER THAN— A BARREL of DRUGS

$1.50 A KEG

SPADINA BREWERY, Tel. 1363. Kensington-Ave

WHEAT GOES DOWN BELOW 73

LARGE RECEIPTS AND LIGHT CLEARANCES MAKE PRICES HEAVY.

Toronto Stocks in Better Demand—Money Rates Stiffer in Toronto—New York Stocks Active—Local Provision and Produce—Foreign Grain Markets—The Car Question.

THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 27.

Consols are quoted at 96⅝ for money and account.

C.P.R. is quoted at 88¼ in London, at 86 in Montreal and at 86 bid in Toronto.

Grand Trunks are higher at 59 for 1st preference and 39 2nd preference.

The scarcity of cars is still a vital question with grain men. On 'Change to-day it was the subject of a good deal of talk. One broker had a list of 36 cars that he wanted, and couldn't get one. The matter is so serious that the grain trade is to a large extent in a state of suspension in the northern and northwestern parts of the province. One effect of the want of cars is a lower price for grain. Dealers are compelled to pay storage, insurance and other charges on the grain and have to deduct that much from the price.

Buying of local stocks was more active today and fairly distributed through the list. Transactions totaled 1302 shares. The increased buying seems to indicate that business has adapted itself to the new conditions as to money, and that there is a better feeling. Prices to-day were irregular. Montreal was 1¼ higher at the close as compared with bidding at yesterday's close; British America 1 higher, Western Assurance ½ higher, Northwest Land ½ higher, Commercial Cable 1 higher. Declines were noted in Bell Telephone, C.P.R., Standard, Imperial and Dominion. Quotations are:

STOCKS.	12 M. Ask'd.	12 M. Bid	4 P.M. Ask'd.	4 P.M. Bid
Montreal	233½	231	233	231¾
Ontario	119	112	123	118
Molsons				
Toronto	256	252	257	252
Merchants'	163¼	161	162½	160½
Commerce	143	141¾	144¼	141⅝
Imperial	183½	182½	139	187
Dominion	293	290	292	290
Standard	168¾	166	169¼	167¾
Hamilton	176½	175¾	177	175¾
British America	105½	104	107	104
Western Assurance	155	154	155	154¼
Confederation Life				
Consumers' Gas	192	190	192	190
Dominion Telegraph	101	100		100
Montreal		149½		
Can. Northwest Land Co.	85½	83¾	85¾	85⅝
Can. Pacific Railway Stock	88¾	88	88⅝	88
Toronto Electric Light	175	175		175
Incandescent Light Co.	129	126	129	128
Com. Cable Co.	165¾	165	166¼	165¼
Bell Tel.	161	160	161	159
Duluth, pref.		30¼		30
British Canadian L. & Invest.	116¾	116¼	118	
B. & Loan Association	112	110		
Can. Landed Nat. Invest. Co.	134½	133½		
Canada Permanent		201		
" " 20 per cent.	194	192		193
Canadian S. & Loan		124½		
Central Canada Loan	95			
Consol. Land & Invest. Co.		143		
Dom. Savings & Loan	100	98		
Farmers' L. & Savings		107		
Freehold L. & S.		143		
" 20 per cent.		135		
Huron & Erie		167		
" 20 per cent.		150		
Imperial L. & Inv.		129		
The Land Security Co.	230			
Lon. & Can. L. & A.	152	151		
London Loan		107		
London & Ontario		119		
Manitoba Loan		114		
North of Scotl. Can. Mort. Co.		155		
Ont. Loan & Deb.		150		
People's Loan	118½	117¾		
Real Estate Loan & Deb. Co.	74			
Toronto Land & Inv. Co.	102			
Toronto Savings & Loan		114¾		
Union Loan & Savings		128		
Western Canada L. & S.		174		
" 25 per cent.		165		

JOHN J. DIXON & CO
STOCK BROKERS
Canada Life Assurance Building.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin.
Private wires to New York and Chicago. Telephone 2212.

MONTREAL STOCKS.

MONTREAL, Oct. 27.—Bank of Montreal, 232½ and 232, sales 3 at 231½, 25 at 232½; Ontario Bank, sales 15 at 118; Banque du Peuple, 110 and 108½; Molsons Bank, 180 and 160; Banque Jacques Cartier, offered 119; Merchants' Bank, 162½ and 161½, sales 16 at 161½, 1 at 162; Union Bank, offered 101¾; Bank of Commerce, 145½ and 143¾; Mont. Tel. Co., 150½ and 150¼, sales 50 at 149½, 50 at 149¾, 115 at 150, 550 at 159½; N. W. Land Co., 87½ and 85, sales 25 at 85; Rich. and Ont. Nav. Co., 69 and 66; City Passenger R.R., 243 and 242, sales 25 at 242; Montreal Gas Company, 220 and 219¾, sales 16 at 219¾, 10 at 220; Can. Pacific R.R., 86½ and 86, sales 50 at 86; Canada Cotton Co., 105 and 104; Montreal Cotton Co., 140 and 133; Dominion Cotton Co., 140 and 136, sales 18 at 136; Com. Cable Co., 166 and 165¾, sales 25 at 165¾; Bell Telephone Co., 161½ and 159, sales 25 at 160; Duluth com., 13 and 12½; Duluth preferred, 31¼ and 30.

FENWICK & CO.
Commission Brokers, Jordan-st.
Canadian Bank of Commerce Building.
Stocks, Bonds, Cotton, Petroleum, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Private wires to New York and Chicago. Telephone 982. 136

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Fluctuations in New York stock market, as reported by John J. Dixon & Co., were as follows:

DESCRIPTION.	Op'g	H'gh	Low	Clo'g
Atchison	39¼	39¾	39⅝	39¾
Chicago, Burlington & Q.	99⅝	99¾	98¾	98
Canada Southern	57⅝			
Chicago Gas Trust	36⅝	37¼	37¼	37¼
Chesa. & Ohio	64⅝	65¼	64⅝	64⅝
Col. Coal & Iron Co.	40⅝	41⅝	40⅝	40⅝
Del. Lac. and W.	152⅝	153⅝	152⅝	153⅝
Del. & Hudson	134			
Erie	26¼	26⅝	26¼	26¼
Jersey Central	128⅝	129⅝	128½	129⅝
Louisville & Nash	69¾	69⅝	68⅝	68¾
Lake Shore	132			
Mo. Pacific	62¾	63⅝	61¾	61¾
N. Y. and New England	45¼	45⅝	44½	44⅝
Northern Pacific preferred	50¾	51⅝	50⅝	50⅝
Northwestern	116	116⅝	115¾	115¾
Pacific Mail	34			
Phila. & Reading	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33¼
Rock Island	89¾	89⅝	89¼	89⅝
Richmond Term'l	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	8¼
St. Paul	80¾	80¾	79⅝	80
Am. Sugar Ref.	119⅝	111⅝	110¾	110⅝
Texas Pacific	11	11⅝	11	11⅝
Tenn. Coal & Iron	38	38¼	38	38
Union Pacific	40⅝	40¾	40	40⅝
Western Union	93⅝	93⅝	93¼	93¾
Wheeling & L. E.	24	24⅝	23⅝	24
Wabash Preferred	27¼	27¾	26½	26¾

MONEY INVESTED
Estates Managed and Rents Collected.
JOHN STARK & CO
26 TORONTO-STREET

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Local rates reported by H. F. Wyatt, stock broker:

BETWEEN BANKS.	Counter.	Buyers.	Sellers.
New York funds	¼	5-64 pr	7-64 pr
Sterling, 60 days	8⅝ to 9¼	8 11-16	9⅛
do demand	9⅝ to 9¾	9 5-16	9⅝

RATES IN NEW YORK.	Posted.	Actual.
Sterling, 60 days	4.84	4.82¾
do demand	4.86½	4.85⅝ to 4.85¾

Bank of England rate—3 per cent.

THE MONEY MARKET.

Rates are as follows: Bank of England rate, 3 per cent.; open rate for discount, 2¼ per cent.; call loans in New York, 6 per cent.; call loans in Toronto, 4½ to 5 per cent., most of the transactions being made at 5.

GUFF FROM GOTHAM.

John J. Dixon & Co. received the following despatch over their private wire from Henry Allen & Co. to-day:

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—There has been activity, but not much of a sensational character in the market to-day. New England has fluctuated over a range of a couple of points, closing about a point lower than last night. Distillers and cattle-feeders rather took the palm for fluctuation away from New England after selling above 68, dropping quickly two or three points, from which, however, it recovered speedily only to drop back to 65, where it closed. The trouble is, whisky is about the same as has been in New England—too many tailers on after the big pool. Much bear talk is heard about New England, sugar and the other industrials have been sacrificed somewhat to-day to the exigencies of the people who have suffered severe losses on account of the sudden slump in other stocks. Generally, however, the leaders in industrials speculation profess confidence in further important advances. The grangers stocks have sympathized with the rest of the market. It seems to us, however, that on reactions good stocks are still a purchase.

IRON AND BRASS BEDSTEADS.
RICE LEWIS & SON (Limited)
Cor. King and Victoria-streets, TORONTO.

Grain and Produce.

On call at the Board of Trade to-day 93c was bid for No. 1 Manitoba hard wheat, spot, North Bay—one car sold. For same 93c was bid for 5 cars more—no offerings. No. 2 hard was wanted at 84c, spot, North Bay; offered to arrive at 84c, and to arrive, lake or rail, 83c. No. 3 hard was wanted at 76c, all rail.

White wheat, north and west, is quoted at 67c to 68c, according to freights, and red 66c to 67c. Peas—Rather easier at 58½c west and 59c east. Oats—Quieter, at 28c west, and 29c east for white and ⅜c to 1c lower for mixed. Barley—Slow, at 35c to 37c for No. 3 extra by sample. Rye—54 cto 55c, and buckwheat 40c to 41c.

5½%
Money to lend at 5½ per cent. in sums of $1500 and over, on improved city and farm property. A. E. OSLER & Co., Room 5, 35 Adelaide-street east.

THE STREET MARKET.

Receipts to-day were as follows: Wheat, 500 bush; barley, 7000 bush; peas, 100 bush.; oats, 600 bushels. Quotations are as follows: Wheat 70c to 71c; spring wheat, 60c to 62c; red wheat, 68c to 69c; goose wheat, 58c to 61c; barley, 40c to 48½c; oats, 31c to 33c; peas, 60c to 63½c; rye, 55c; hay, $8 to $10; straw, per ton, $10 to $12; eggs, 18c to 20c; butter, 18c; spring chickens, 50c to 65c; turkeys per lb, 10c to 11c; ducks, 60c to 75c; dressed hogs, $6 to $6.25 for rough and $6.50 to $6.60 for select weights; potatoes, 45c to 50c; beef, fore, $5.50 to $6; hind, $8.50 to $9; mutton, $6 to $7; lamb, 9c to 10c per lb; veal, $7 to $8.50.

OFFICES TO LET.
Lately Occupied by Undersigned, Bank of Commerce Building.
King-street west.
For particulars apply
ALEXANDER & FERGUSSON,
23 Toronto-street.
Telephone 1352.

PROVISIONS.

Eggs are in good demand. The receipts of fresh eggs are light and prices are firm. Limed eggs are being sold now at 15c to 16c. Butter is coming in freely, and if of good quality meets ready sale. Quotations are: Eggs, 17c; butter, choice dairy rolls, 18c to 20c, choice dairy in tubs, 17c to 19c; medium in tubs, 14c to 16c, inferior 12c to 14c; long clear bacon, 8c for large lots and 8 c for small lots; spiced rolls, 9c; hams, 11½c to 12c; Canadian mess pork at $15.50 per bbl., short cuts, $17; lard, 9½c tubs and 9¾c in pails; evaporated apples, 7c to 8c; dried apples, 5c to 5½c; onions, $2 to $2.50 per barrel.

ROBERT COCHRAN
Member of Toronto Stock Exchange.)
PRIVATE WIRES
Direct to Chicago Board of Trade and New York Stock Exchange.
23 COLBORNE-STREET and Rotunda Board of Trade

POULTRY.

Commission men quote as follows: Turkeys, 9½c to 10c per lb; chickens, 30c to 40c per pair; ducks, 50c to 60c per pair; geese, 6c to 7c per lb.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVUCE.

Fluctuations in the Chicago grain and produce markets, as received by John J. Dixon & Co., were as follows:

	Op'n'g	H'g'st	L'w'st	Clo'ng
Wheat—Dec.	73¼	73¾	72⅝	72¾
" —May	79¾	79⅝	79⅛	79⅝
Corn—Dec.	42	42	41⅝	41⅝
" —May	46¾	46¾	45¾	45¾
Oats—Dec	31	31	30⅝	30¾
" —May	34⅝	35	34⅝	34¾
Pork—Oct.	12 17	12 20	12 05	12 05
" —Jan.	13 50	13 57	13 40	13 42
Lard—Oct.	6 60	6 60	6 35	6 35
" —Jan.	7 60	7 62	7 47	7 47
S. Ribs—Oct.	10 25			
" —Jan.	6 75	6 95	6 87	6 87

STORAGE
A. E. WEBB & CO. Advances made on merchandise. Rates very low.
54-56 Wellington East. Tel. 583.

GOSSIP FROM CHICAGO.

John J. Dixon & Co. received the following despatch over their private wire from Walker & Co. to-day:

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Receipts of hogs were 5000 under the estimates and late closing at the yards 5 cents higher. Provisions opened firm, with packers and scalpers buying, but when it developed that the bull party were not inclined to do anything the early buyers turned sellers and by raiding the market caused the little break. The decline is simply in the way of a fluctuation, as we cannot discover any change in the situation. Some of the best posted men in the trade estimate a decrease of 600,000 hogs during the months of October, November and December as compared with the same time last year. October shows 160,000 decrease now. Wheat lower again to-day. The news, what there was of it, favored the bear side. The Ohio state report came out as giving 5,000,000 more wheat than the Government did the first of the month. Cables were depressed and lower; receipts not so big, but still fairly large. Clearances were very light. The liquidation in December has been the feature again, but some of the bigger held lines are still intact. Most all the bulls are discouraged, and well may be. The outlook is not encouraging for them even at these low prices.

R. Cochran received the following dispatch from Kennett, Hopkins & Co. to-day:

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Corn and oats—A better tone has developed in spite of big stocks, and some favorable reports as to better yields of corn than expected. It is thought by conservative traders that considerably better prices will be seen by and by. Provisions—It is expected the market will be kept strong until October deal is terminated. No features to-day.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 27.—Wheat dull, demand poor, holders offering moderately. Corn steady; demand fair. Spring wheat, 6s 3d; No. 2 red, 5s 11½d; No. 1 Cal., 6s 10½d; peas, 5s 10d; pork, 75s; lard, 47s 6d; bacon, heavy, 44s; bacon, light, 44s 6d; cheese, white and colored, 51s 6d.

BEERBOHM'S REPORT.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—Floating cargoes—Wheat slow; corn, nil. Cargoes on passage —Wheat slow; corn slow. Weather in England milder. Liverpool—Spot wheat, reds depressed; corn steady, fair demand; No. 1 Cal. 6s 10d, red winter 5s 11d, Indian 6s 6½d, spring 6s 2½d, all ½d cheaper.

Later—4.30—Liverpool futures—Wheat depressed, corn steady, red winter Jan. 6s 3¾d, Feb. 6s 1½d, Nov. 5s 11d, Dec. 6s; corn 4s 4d new, Feb. 4s 4d. Paris—Wheat quiet, flour steady; wheat 30c lower Oct., 10c lower Nov.; flour 10c higher Oct. and Nov. Weather in England very wet. Antwerp—Spot wheat unchanged.

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AUCTION SALES.

THE MART
ESTABLISHED 1834

Auction Sale of Lands
ON
College-street, Margueretta-street, Brock-avenue and McConnell-avenue, Toronto.

Pursuant to the powers of sale contained in mortgages (which will be produced at the time of sale) there will be sold by public auction at The Mart, 77 King-street east, in the City of Toronto, by Oliver, Coate & Co., auctioneers, on Saturday, the 29th day of October, 1892, at 12 o'clock noon, in two parcels the following properties:

1. Lot No. 8 on the south side of College-street in the City of Toronto, according to registered plan No. 1008, and lots Nos. 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24 on the south side of College-street, aforesaid, according to registered plan No. 673. These lots form one block of land and are adjoining and just west of Margueretta-street and have a frontage on College-street of 152 feet more or less by a depth of 105 feet more or less, and upon the same is a two-story roughcast brick-fronted dwelling house.

2. Lots 1 to 9, both inclusive, on the west side of Brock-avenue. Lots 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 on the south side of College-street according to said plan 1008, and lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 fronting on Margueretta-street, and lot No. 7 fronting on College-street, according to said plan 1008. The lots 1 to 8 on Brock-avenue are each 25 feet more or less by 105 feet in depth. Lot 9 on Brock-avenue is 20 feet by 105 feet. Lots 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 on College-street are each 25 feet more or less by 105 feet more or less. Lots 1, 2, 4 and 5 on Margueretta-street are each 35 feet more or less by 105 feet more or less, and lots 3 and 6 on Margueretta-street are each 35 feet more or less by a depth of 147 feet more or less. Lot 7 on College-street is 27 feet more or less by 105 feet more or less. Upon this property there is an old roughcast cottage.

Terms—Ten per cent. on each parcel on the day of sale. On parcel No. 1 the balance of the purchase money within 30 days from the day of sale. On parcel No. 2 40 per cent. more within 15 days from the day of sale. The balance to remain on mortgage payable on Nov. 29, 1897, with interest in the meantime half yearly at 6 per cent.

Other terms and conditions of sale will be made known at time of sale and in the meantime can be ascertained from the vendors' solicitors.

HOSKIN & OGDEN,
Vendors' Solicitors,
6065 Dated Toronto, Oct. 8, 1892. 14 King-street west.

ESTATE NOTICES.

IN THE ESTATE OF SAMUEL D. SHACKELFORD, late of the County of Macon, in the State of Illinois, one of the United States of America, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the statutes in that behalf that the creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above named Samuel D. Shackelford, who died on or about the 14th day of February, 1892, are required on or before the 15th day of June, 1892, to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned at their office, 65 King-street west, Toronto, full particulars of their claims duly verified and the n