The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES | CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND WEDNESDAY, MAY 17, 1893. | VOL XXII. NO 28

The Charlottetown Herald

—IS PUBLISHED—

Every Wednesday

—BY—

J. McIsaac & Co., Editors and Proprietors,

FROM THE "HERALD" OFFICE,

CONNOLLY'S BUILDING,

Queen Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Subscription: One Year, in Advance, $1.00

ADVERTISING RATES.—50 cents per inch for first insertion, and 20 cents for each continuation. Special notices 10 cents per line for each insertion. Marriage notices 50 cts.; deaths free.

Contracts made for Monthly, Quarterly, Half-yearly, or Yearly Advertisements, on application.

Remittances may be made by Draft, P. O. Order, or Registered Letter.

☞ Correspondence should be addressed to the proprietors as above or to the HERALD.

J. McISAAC, R. E. MORAN,
J. M. SULLIVAN.

Calendar for April, 1893

MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon, 1st day, 3h, 5.28m a. m. S.
Last Quarter, 9th day, 7h. 22.9m.a. m., S.W
New Moon, 16th day, 10h. 22.0m.a.m., S.E.
First Quarter, 22nd day, 1h. 13.6m, a.m. W
Full Moon, 30th day, 7h. 10.6m., p. m. E.

D M	Day of Week	Sun rises	Sun Sets	THE MOON. Rises	Sets	High Water Ch'town
		h m	h m	after'n	morn.	morn
1	Sat	5 43	24	7 8	6 2	10 46
2	Sun	42	25	8 15	6 18	11 17
3	Mon	40	27	9 23	6 34	11 47
4	Tues	39	28	10 30	6 53	aft 18
5	Wed	38	29	11 35	7 18	0 52
6	Thur	36	31	morn	7 48	1 31
7	Fri	35	32	0 29	8 33	2 18
8	Sat	33	33	1 29	9 18	3 10
9	Sun	32	35	2 17	10 14	4 20
10	Mon	30	36	2 55	11 20	5 40
11	Tues	29	37	3 19	aft 32	6 59
12	Wed	28	38	3 48	1 47	8 0
13	Thur	27	40	4 9	3 2	8 48
14	Fri	19	41	4 28	4 21	9 30
15	Sat	17	42	4 46	5 41	10 10
16	Sun	15	44	5 5	7 4	10 48
17	Mon	14	45	5 28	8 20	11 28
18	Tues	12	46	5 53	10 1	morn
19	Wed	10	48	6 39	11 19	0 11
20	Thur	8	49	7 26	morn	0 57
21	Fri	7	50	8 58	0 39	1 50
22	Sat	5	52	9 48	1 33	2 55
23	Sun	3	53	11 6	2 24	4 6
24	Mon	2	54	aft 22	2 55	5 20
25	Tues	0	56	1 36	3 19	6 47
26	Wed	4 58	57	2 45	3 37	7 40
27	Thur	57	58	3 52	3 54	8 32
28	Fri	55	59	4 59	4 9	9 11
29	Sat	54	7 1	6 4	4 22	9 44
30	Sun	4 52	2	7 11	4 41	10 17

A SIMPLE WAY TO HELP POOR CATHOLIC MISSIONS.

Save all cancelled postage stamps of every kind and country and send them to Rev. P. M. Barral, Hammonton, New Jersey, U. S. Give at once your address, and you will receive with the necessary explanations a nice Souvenir of Hammonton Missions.

mar 15,1893—1yr.

To the Public.

JAMES MACLEOD & SON

[Late of the Firm of McLeod & McKenzie]

Gentlemen's Tailors & Outfitters,

Have leased the Shop in the

Cameron Block, Victoria Row,

Lately occupied by Mr. Horace Hazzard

And will open a Large and Select stock of the most Stylish and Fashionable Goods in

Scotch, English & Canadian Tweeds & Worsteds.

The public are guaranteed to receive in the future the same satisfaction that the members of the new Firm have always given in the past.

James McLeod & Son,

ap5 Cameron Block

NOTICE.

Public Dairy Meetings.

PROF. Jas. W. Robertson, Dominion Dairy Commissioner will address public meetings at the following times and places on the subject of co-operative dairying, and will also make final arrangements with the different corporations intending to prosecute the dairying industry during the coming season;

Thursday, May 11th	Vernon River Bridge,	1 p. m.
Thursday, "	" Eden	7 p. m.
Friday, "	12th Murray Harbor North,	7 p. m.
Saturday, "	13th New Perth,	7 p. m.
Monday, "	15th Mount Stewart,	1 "
" "	15th St. Peters Bay,	7 "
Tuesday, "	16th Morell	1 "
" "	16th Sellers Hope,	7 "
Wednesday "	17th Bourie,	1 "
Thursday "	18th Cornwall,	1 "
" "	18th Crapaud,	7 "
Friday, "	19th Stanley Bridge	1 "
" "	19th Kensington,	7 "

Sealed tenders for drawing milk by the lb, on the different routes as planned and approved by the Director of the above mentioned companies will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Saturday May 20th, except at New Perth, where the milk drawing will be let by Auction at the close of the meeting on the 12th. Address all tenders to the secretary of the company intended for.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOS. J. DILLON,
Superintendent.

may 3, 1893—

Blank books, bill heads and receip

Borns in the best style, printed at th

The Office

JAMES H. REDDIN,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW

Solicitor, Notary Public, &c.,

Office, Cameron Block,

(Head of Stairway,)

Charlottetown, P. E. Island

☞ Collections carefully attended to. Money to loan at lowest rate of interest.

Aug. 12, 1890.—1y.

THE POPULAR DRUG STORE

1881, Reddin Bros. 1893

Happy and Prosperous New Year to all.

WE ARE NOT in the presumed dispute. Doctors versus Druggists, Twelve years of honest dealing have made both Doctor and Patient our customers, and has earned for us the name of

THE POPULAR DRUG STORE

Our Stock of DRUGS is as large and well selected as any in the city, and our prices are always right. WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

REDDIN BROS.

THE POPULAR DRUG STORE

FURNITURE.

THE CHEAPEST YET.

Call and Inspect and Get Bargains at Auction Prices for Cash

THE CHEAPEST PLACE ON P. E. ISLAND.

DRAWING ROOM PARLOR SUITES, best value.

BEDROOM SUITES at low prices,

All kinds of UPHOLSTERED GOODS at Bargains,

PICTURE FRAMING, 125 varieties, very cheap and Lobby LOOKING GLASSES,

The latest in WINDOW BLINDS, and all kinds of WINDOW FURNITURE and Fixings at cost.

No trouble to show goods. Can suit all tastes at NEWSON'S FURNITURE WAREROOMS, opposite the Post Office.

JOHN NEWSON

Charlottetown, Feb. 20, 1892.

Consumption

is oftentimes absolutely cured in its earliest stages by the use of that wonderful

Food Medicine,

Scott's Emulsion

which is now in high repute the world over.

"CAUTION."—Beware of substitutes. Genuine prepared by Scott & Bowne, Belleville. Sold by all druggists. 50c. and $1.00.

Local and Special News

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

K. D. C. restores the stomach to healthy action.

Two hogs stolen from a farmer near Fairbury, Ills., were recovered in a bed at the home of the thief.

AS OLD AS ANTIQUITY.

Either by acquired taint or heredity, those old foes, Scrofula and Consumption, must beglaced generation after generation; but you may meet them with the odds in your favor by the help of Scott's Emulsion.

Kendrick Outhouse, of Tiverton, N. S., is a thoroughly intelligent and conscientious man. He says that Hawker's Tonic and Liver Pills saved his life. Read his testimony in another column.

"Did Miss Goldcoin look upon your suit with favor?" "Oh, yes; she thought the clothes were all right, but she objected to the wearer."

Minard's Liniment, Lumberman's Friend.

On several occasions, writes Rev. Wm. Lawson, formerly of Carmarthen Street Methodist Church, St. John, I have suffered from severe nervous exhaustion and general debility. I was advised to use Hawker's justly celebrated Nerve and Stomach Tonic, and have great pleasure in testifying to its restoring, toning, invigorating and building up properties.

IT HAS BEEN PROVED.

It has been proved over and over again that Burdock Blood Bitters cures dyspepsia, constipation, billiousness, headache, scrofula, and all diseases of the stomach, liver and bowels. Try it. Every bottle is guaranteed to benefit or cure when taken according to directions.

The utter preposterousness of bacilli in regard to what becomes of them has been demonstrated by the discovery of them in boarding house butter.

PERFECT SATISFACTION.

GENTLEMEN,—I have found B. B. B. an excellent remedy, both as a blood purifier and general family medicine. I was for a long time troubled with sick headache and heartburn, and tried a bottle, which gave me such perfect satisfaction that I have since then used it as our family medicine.

B. BAILEY,
North Bay, Ont

FOR FROST BITES.

SIRS,—For chapped hands, sore throat and frost bites I find nothing excels Hagyard's Yellow Oil. I had my feet frozen three years ago and obtained no relief until I used Hagyard's Yellow Oil, which soon healed up the frozen part.

CHAS. LONGMUIR,
Alameda, N. W. T.

The word "licorice" is of Greek origin and means "sweet root."

Minard's Liniment is the Best.

Make money your god, it will plague you like the devil.—Fielding.

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure diphtheria.

JOHN D. BOUTILIER
French Village.

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure croup.

P. F. CUNNINGHAM
Cape Island

I know MINARD'S LINIMENT is best remedy on earth.

Never judge a woman by the clothes she wears. If you do, ten to one you'll get most awfully fooled.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians

MY LITTLE BOY.

GENTLEMEN,—My little boy had a severe hacking cough and could not sleep at night. I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam and it cured him very quickly.

MRS. J. HACKETT,
Linwood, Ont.

In five minutes a woman can clean up a man's room in such a way that it will take him five weeks to find out where she put things.

A COMPLICATED CASE.

DEAR SIRS,—I was troubled with biliousness, headache and loss of appetite. I could not rest at night, and was very weak, but after using three bottles B. B. B. my appetite is good and I am better than for years past. I would not now be without B. B. B., and am also giving it to my children.

MRS. WALTER BURNS,
Maitland, N. S.

Missouri has 849 newspapers; Illinois, 1,714; Kansas 765; Texas, 542.

SCRAPED WITH A RASP.

SIRS,—I had such a severe cough that my throat felt as if scraped with a rasp. On taking Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup I found the first dose gave relief, and the second bottle completely cured me.

MISS A. A. DOWNEY,
Manotic, Ont.

A marble statue of Archbishop Feehan of Chicago has just been put in position in the Catholic Educational exhibit at the World's Fair. It represents the Archbishop addressing the children of a school. On either side of the pedestal is a cast of a boy and girl, the former bending over his book in study, and the latter, her book partially closed, is absorbed in some vision of the future, her eyes looking heavenward. In the front of the pedestal are all the emblems of learning, just beneath the inscription, "Most Rev. P. A. Feehan, D. D., Archbishop of Chicago, The Protector of Our Schools." The statue which is said to be a fine one, is the work of a New York artist, and the gift to the archbishop by his clergy.

THE DUKE OF VERAGUA.

THE HISTORY OF HIS ANCESTORS. THE DIRECT LINE OF COLUMBUS EXTINCT EXCEPT IN FEMALE SUCCESSION.

It is seldom that any single individual has bestowed upon him such high honors as the municipalities and the government have lavished on the Duke of Veragua, the eleventh lineal descendant of Columbus. In fact it is said that the ceremonies are so elaborate that they are annoying to him. For he seeks not publicity but is rather given to quiet and seclusion. He is a modest gentleman and takes great delight in study. He is liked by all classes in his own country who claim him especially as their own noble, through his long list of titles and illustrious birth—progressive parties, on account of the interest he takes in all that tends towards the welfare of Spain and the sons of the soil, by his unremitting efforts in their behalf, and in all improvements in tillage and farming implements. He is high authority on all that appertains to agriculture and rearing of cattle. The duke held the position of minister of agriculture in one of the late cabinets, an honor conferred on him by the Queen Regent, who knew how highly her lamented consort esteemed him, and he is now member of the most important societies and circles of agriculture and commerce in the kingdom. The title which he bears is: "Don Cristobal Colon de la Cerda, Duke of Veragua and of La Vega, Grandee of Spain of the First Class, Marquis of Jamaica, Admiral and Seneschal Major of the Indies."

The circumstances under which the successors of Columbus acquired this title, its significant, and the facts of the remarkable lawsuit by which the title and honor were finally diverted to the female succession, through which the Duke of Veragua holds his hereditary honors will bear review.

Columbus left two sons—Diego Columbus and Ferdinando. Columbus in his last will devised all his rights of rank and property to Diego, the elder, and to his male heirs in succession; failing male heirs to Diego, the younger brother Ferdinando was to inherit. If the latter should die without sons, all was left to the brothers of Columbus in turn; first to Bartholemew and his male heirs, and, in lack of descent of title here to the other brother Diegoand, his eldest son. Should all direct male lineage in his own and the families of his two brothers expire, the entailed rank and estate should pass to the nearest male relation. It was only after all such natural male heirs became extinct that succession should go to the female line.

It was at least six years after the death of the great navigator before Diego received a recognition of his own and his father's rights from the King. Indeed, his final success, even after his claims had been conceded by the council of the Indies, would have been doubtful had he not espoused Donna Maria de Toledo, a neice of the Duke of Alva and a cousin of the great duke, a lady who was cousingerman of the King himself. This powerful influence at court was effective, and Diego was invested with the privileges of his father with the exception that viceregal power was withheld.

It was during his administration that the islands of Cuba and Jamaica were fully subjected and colonized, and it may be said without bloodshed. In spite of Don Deigo's worth he was kept in constant hot water at the Spanish court, and he was in attendance pressing suit to recover certain rights and royalties on the mainland of Darien, to which he was entitled when the old King died, and Charles V., his grandson, ascended the throne of Spain, the Low countries and of the Indies. It took four years more potent pleading and hard work to fully establish Diego's claims, but he was never given the complete benefit of the tremendous wealth which the so-called Indies now began to pour into the Spanish treasury.

He was pushing one of those claims in 1526 when he died.

His widow, Donna Maria, on her return with her family, was cordially received, the revenues of the family greatly augmented, and young Don Luis, his son named admiral. At the age of twenty, the grandson of the discoverer was commissioned as captain general of Hispaniola, but without viceregal authority, and he remained but a short time in administration, preferring to return home and accept certain compromises offered by Charles V. Don Luiz was beguiled into a recession of all his family rights in the islands and mainland of the western seas, only retaining the empty dignity of Admiral in memory of his grandfather. In lieu he received the titles of the Duke of Veragua and Marquis of Jamaica, and he commuted his claim to a full tithe of the yield of the Indies for an annual pension of 100,000 gold doubloons, with certain Spanish estates in reality.

His chief title was closely connected with his grandfather's achievements. It was during the fourth and last voyage of Columbus that he coasted along the Isthmus of Darien, making numerous landings and explorations] into the interior. The most important district was called by the Indians Veragua, ruled by the fierce Cacique Quibian.

When Don Luiz Columbus was casting about for a title to his dukedom, the Spaniards had full possession of the isthmus. There they found the richest mines of gold, and in the seas immense beds of pearl oysters. There they made their main base of operations for the conquest of South America. The Indian principality of Veragua covered nearly the whole of the isthmus to the shores of the Pacific, and in view of its immense importance to the Spaniards it is not strange that the grandson of Columbus should have selected its original name to give honor to his dukedom.

The first Duke of Veragua had no male issue, and was succeeded by his nephew, Diego, who espoused his cousin, Phillippa, daughter of the late Don Luiz. As there were no male children born of the marriage, the direct line of Columbus became extinct except in female succession.

There now arose a great law suit, which excited keen interest throughout Europe, and it was tried before that august body, the council of the Indies. The case was in court for about thirty years. Don Bartholomew and Don Diego, the brothers of Christopher, and Don Ferdinando, his younger son, had left no male issue. By the will of the great Admiral in case of such default and in bar of the female succession, the entail was left to the nearest male relation of any collateral line who could prove himself a genuine Columbus.

Several claimants came to the front as collateral heirs, and it was many years before the council decided in favor of the great grandson of Admiral Diego Columbus, through his daughter Isabella. Admiral Diego had left three daughters, the first of whom took the veil, the second, Juanna, marrying a scion of the ducal house of Toledo, and the third, Isabella, becoming the wife of a Portuguese gentleman, though a subject of Spain, a member of the great house of Braganza, Count Georgio Golves. When the suit was finally settled in 1666, in favor of the female succession, the entail fell to Don Nugro Golves, the eldest living male descendant of either of the two married sisters, being the grandson of Isabella. So he became the third Duke of Veragua, and the family has continued in this line for nearly 300 years. Through the same line of the distaff also come the other descendants of Columbus who accompany the Duke of Veragua to the United States.

Literary Notes.

THE CANADIAN MAGAZINE

The Canadian Magazine for May is bright, varied, well illustrated and in every way a credit to Canadian literary taste. The contents are; "Education vs. Cram," by A. H. Morrison; "British Hopes and British Dangers," by A. H. F. Lefroy; "Lost in Smelt our own Steel," by William Hamilton Merrit; "The Canadian Girl," (illustrated,) by H. W. Charlesworth; "Is Cholera Coming?" by Dr. Bryce, Secretary of the Ontario Board of Health; "The Canals of Mars," accompanied by Schiaparelli's map; "A Trip after Bark in Northern Ontario," by T. C. Birnie; "Fort Nelson and Hudson's Bay," by D. B. Read, Q.C.; "Books and Points," by Helen A. Hicks; "Tales of Wayside Inns," by Henry Lye; a romance: "To History Unknown," by Stella E. Asling; besides several excellent poems. The Canadian Magazine, few Canadians, who want to be informed on the best thought and literature of their country, can afford to be without. Published by the Ontario Publishing Co., Ltd., Manning Arcade, Toronto, at $2.50 per annum.

A New York daily paper, taking up the ideas conveyed in Flammarion's exciting novel, "Omega: The Last Days of the World," has interviewed a number of the leading men in all professions as to what they would do if science were to predict tomorrow that the end of the world would arrive within the next thirty days. The answers are various and curious, and heighten the interest which is felt in the second part of Flammarion's great novel, which appears in the May Cosmopolitan. It is a question which everyone will find interesting to ask of himself: What would you do if within six weeks the end of the world were certain? Probably no novel which has ever appeared in an American magazine has been more elaborately illustrated by more distinguished artists. Laurens, Saunier, Vogel, Meaulle, Rochegrosse, Geradin, and Chovin all contribute to the explanation of the text.

A clever story of another kind is that of the new English novelist, Gilbert Parker, in the same number. "American Society in Paris," is an article of another kind, but one which will interest all who have had occasion to make even a short residence in the French capital. The Cosmopolitan scores a success in producing in its May number, almost simultaneously with the daily papers an elaborate description of Professor Gray's marvellous invention, the Telautograph, which reproduces the handwriting, or the work of the artist, simultaneously, thousands of miles distant from the place where the writer or artist is sitting. Mr. Howells' purpose in "The Traveller from Altruria" is, month by month, becoming more evident, and is now receiving wide attention at the hands of the critics all over the world.

Spoiling A Romance.

HOW A MISCHIEVOUS GOAT PREVENTED A PRETTY ELOPEMENT.

New York Herald.

A certain young lady who lives in the annexed district has had her romance spoiled by the uncalled-for and gratuitous interference of a gluttonously inclined goat. This young lady had a beau who had proposed to her. Her parents objected to the match and forbade the young man to call on his heart's idol. The young lady was desperate, as eligible beaus are not easy to find in the suburbs. They resolved to elope.

The young man was to be under his lady love's window at daybreak and signal by means of a cord. It is almost needless to state that the other end of that cord was attached to one of the large members of the maiden's pedal extremities. The goat did not rest easy that night and was wandering around the yard at an unreasonably early hour in the morning. After masticating all the sardine boxes and empty tomato cans he discovered the pendulous cord and resolved to take it in as a desert.

When the cord was drawn taut the goat reared up on his hind legs in an effort to follow it up the side of the house. He found that his efforts were unavailing, and he gave a desperate jerk. Then the trouble began. The maid awoke, the goat gave another violent pull that was almost as effective as that exercised by a ward Alderman. The maid arose very suddenly from her couch and heroically smothered a cry of pain. She stooped to detach the cord and at the same instant the goat gave another jerk. The maid lost her equilibrium and thought that she had almost lost her toe, but the latter proved to be an erroneous supposition. She crawled on all fours to the window and cried hoarsely to her supposed lover:—"Don't pull so, Augustus, I'll come down."

Then followed another attempt to unfasten the cord. The goat was persistent, however, and did not notice the appeal save by several vicious nods of his head that were each accompanied by a feminine cry of pain from the upper regions.

Crazed by the pain she again called down into the darkness:—

"If you don't stop pulling like that, Augustus, I won't come down at all."

Another savage jerk, and a wail of bitter anguish burst uncontrolled from her ruby lips. The cry was heard by her mother who hastened into the room accompanied by an oil lamp and a look of fright. The maid fainted, the elopement was killed in the bud, the maiden's toe was sore for a month, but the goat escaped and there will be no cards sent out, as the youth and the maid never speak now as they pass by.

The Arizonia Kicker.

THE NEW MARINE EDITOR WINS THE APPROVAL OF HIS CHIEF.

A Close Call—Just after the deep-toned bells had tolled the solemn hour of midnight Thursday night, and while that portion of our population not in attendance at the dog fight were buried in slumber and dreaming of the future greatness of this territory, our esteemed and wide awake fellow townsman J. B. Johnston, Esq., was aroused from sleep by the barking of his dog. Mr. Johnston realized from the peculiar inflection of the dog's voice that something was amiss, and he sprang out of bed and drew aside the curtain. The sight which greeted his eyes nearly paralyzed him. Right across the street, in the Black Bear restaurant, he discovered a wild, weird tongue of flame dancing about and instantly realized that the salvation of the town depended on him. A large empty beer box had been carelessly kicked against the stove and caught fire, and was blazing with the ferocity of a demon when Mr. Johnston looked out. He dressed himself with the rapidity of lightning and dashed into the street to give the alarm. Then the star-spangled canopy of heaven looked down upon an awful scene. Men dashed to and fro in the frenzy. Women cried out in wild despair. Children were struck dumb and hid away to await for death. While a portion of the crowd rushed for the engine house, another kicked in the door of the restaurant and extinguished the conflagration with a bucket of water. When the chivalrous Col. Baker stood on the steps and announced that the peril had passed, a shout of relief went up which started the very stars in their sockets. It was a close shave. Had that building become one mass of seething, roaring flames, had the wind then sprung up and blown a hurricane, had it been impossible to obtain water and the people became panic stricken, this town would have been blotted off the face of the earth, to be heard of no more. When all danger had passed and the people realized their narrow escape, there was an hour of rejoicing, and we doubt not that more than one heartfelt prayer arose to heaven.

[The above was written by our new marine editor, late of Chicago and is after the latest Chicago style. We rather like his gait, and shall raise his salary to $7 per week and give him plenty of room to spread himself.]

Arrangements are now being made for a great demonstration at the academy of music, Philadelphia, some time this month in honor of Rev. Burchard Villager, S. J., rector of the Church of the Gesu. A fine musical programme is being arranged for the occasion, and a particularly interesting feature of the evening will be the presentation of a purse of $10,000 to Fr. Villager.

If you are free from indigestion you need not fear cholera. If you are not free, you are in danger. K. D. C. will free you from both indigestion and cholera.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

General News.

From the 1st to the 6th of the present month thirty-three families have returned to St. Hyacinthe, Que., from the United States, making eighty families or over four hundred persons since the first of April, and the influx continues at a lively rate.

Get rid of your indigestion before the threatened outbreak of cholera. K. D. C. will cure the worst form of indigestion. It will prevent cholera.

George Williams, a brakeman on the West Virginia and Pittsburg Railroad has been arrested charged with wrecking a train some days ago by which several were killed and injured. His wife, with whom he had quarrelled, was on the train, and he had made threats that he would wreck it to get even with her. He was slightly injured in the disaster.

Those suffering from indigestion are the first to be attacked by cholera. K. D. C is the Greatest Cure of the Age for indigestion. It is the best cholera preventive.

The statement of the Newfoundland seal crop this year shows that the catch was 128,339, weighing 3,367 tons; against 348,624, weighing 6,675 tons, last year. The weight unusually large now is due to the greater proportion of old seals. The crew of the Halifax steamer Newfoundland made the best average on shares; the crew of the Kite, the worst.

Physicians in cholera districts state that where there is no indigestion there will be no cholera. K. D. C. will cure your indestion and make you cholera-proof.

There are nearly 300 of the most beautiful horses in the world in the stables of the Czar of Russia, says the Chicago Horseman, many of them being pure tartar bred. They are luxuriously cared for, and stand with straw to their knees. Their magnificent tails are never cut and reach to their feet and the long silky hair of their bodies is never clipped.

Do you realize the importance of a healthy stomach, now that cholera threatens? K. D. C. acts as a cholera preventive, by restoring the stomach to healthy action.

"Bonanza" McKay, who was shot by a would-be assassin in San Francisco a short time ago, and whose life was at one time despaired of, has quite recovered his health, but he refuses to pay his doctor's bills. Drs. Keeney and Morse, who attended him daily while his condition was serious, only ask the modest sums of $7,500 and $5,000 respectively.

The Ontario court of appeal dismissed the appeal of the Grand Trunk railway from judgement in favor of the plaintiff in the case of one Beaver against the road. Beaver was put off the train for not producing a ticket which he said he bought but had lost. According to the decision the conductor has no right to put a passenger off the train for failing to show his ticket.

So far one hundred and seventeen teams have entered for the rifle league matches, a number less than last year, owing to the fact that the Snider rifle is still used. It is thought next year the Martini will be adopted as in the Dominion matches. The minister of militia is carefully studying the question of arming the force with the Martini-Metford, and probably parliament will be asked next session to provide the means.

While reviewing the troops in the field at Tampelhofer the German emperor ordered the principal officers of the Imperial Guards to gather around him, and he addressed them as follows: "I have been obliged to dissolve the reichstag, in the hope that a new reichstag would pass the army bill. I am determined, in case this hope is disappointed to stake all in my power to obtain the enactment of the measure, for I am too thoroughly convinced of its necessity as a guarantee of the peace of Europe to allow it to be finally defeated. I am in sympathy with princes of the federal states, the people and the army."

The Newfoundland government has completed a contract with Robert G. Reid, the present railway contractor, to build a new line of railway to the west coast, 200 miles long for $15,600 a mile, to be completed in four years, and to operate the same for $50,000 yearly and a land grant. The line started at Exploits, crossing the country to the head of Grand and Deer Lakes, thence skirts the Humber river, taps Bay of Islands and Bay St. George, and terminates at Port Aux Basques. The line runs through good agricultural, mineral and coal sections, but it is believed that the cost of building, $3,000,000, in addition to the present enormous debt of $7,000,000, will cripple the country financially, and force it into confederation as a last resource.

A little boy was asked what the Sunday school text was. He answered, "Many are cold, but few are frozen."

Catholic Notes.

Antonio Franchi, once one of the leading promoters of irreligion and atheism in Italy, and the editor of a paper, the "Diceria," which was notorious for its fierce hostility to everything Christian, is now a lay-brother novice in the Carmelite House at Genoa.

His Holiness Pope Leo, at the special request of His Lordship Bishop Dowling of Hamilton, Ont., has conferred upon Very Rev. E. L. Heenan, vicar-general, and now administrator of the diocese, the dignity of prothonotary apostolic, which carries with it the right to the title of monsignor. Rev. Father McEvay, rector of St. Mary's cathedral, has been appointed a papal privy chamberlain, which confers on him the same title.

At the recent session of the New Hampshire Legislature an appropriation of $1200 was made for the purpose of erecting a monument at Dover in memory of Major-General John Sullivan of revolutionary fame. The work of preparing the memorial will be commenced at once, and it is expected that it will be completed and ready for dedication by July 4. The Catholic societies of Dover are to dedicate it with appropriate cermonies.

The Annee Dominicaine for April says: Steps are now being taken for the beatification of the Irish Dominicans put to death in the reign of Elizabeth. At the beginning of that sanguinary reign there were 600 religious of the Order of St. Dominic in Ireland, and at the end of the same reign there remained but four. Nearly all had shed their blood for the faith. The names of 106 of these martyrs are known, and their cause has been introduced at Rome.

Under the direction of a priest of Indian descent there has been established at Sacred Heart mission, Fort Berthoud, N. D., among Indians the first congregation of Indian Sisters. Their prioress general is an Indian of full blood. They have come from the Indian camp and the Indian school to the convent and have patiently and successfully endured hardships and trials unparalleled in the history of religious congregations and are now found preservering faithfully in their vocation and their labors for the conversion of their people.

Belonging to the city of Memphis, Tennessee, is a cemetery bearing the name of Calvary, wherein is to be found a stately shaft called the Priests Monument, marking a spot worthily known as the Martyr's Mound. Around it lie buried no less than twenty-one priests who gave up their lives to God during the yellow fever epidemics of 1873, 1878 and 1879. It is stated on the highest authority that not one priest (most of them young, strong men in the prime of life) sent to Memphis during any of its fevers escaped death, though of the resident priests some four or five survived.

The Gray Telautograph.

The very newest thing in the way of an electrical device, as applied to the needs of modern business, is the Gray Telautograph. It is so marvelous that a description of it sounds like one of the wild dreams of Jules Verne. Its name tells what it does—telegraps in autograph. Imagine a machine which will enable you to take your seat at your desk in New York, and, by writing with an ordinary lead-pencil, to which two silken threads are attached, to have your message repeated precisely as you write it in your own hand writing a thousand miles away—in Chicago, say. You may write a letter or telegram, if you are a business man; if you are an artist, you may draw a picture; if you are an architect, or a designer, or a builder, you may draw plans, specifications, diagrams and what not, and everything will be repeated at the other end of the wire in exact fac simile of the work of your hand at this end. There is something weird and uncanny in being able to accomplish this by the use of a simple looking instrument attached to an ordinary telegraph wire. But that's what it does.

The Gray Telautograph is the invention of Prof. Gray, the great electrician. When Prof. Gray was defeated by Edison in his contest for the control of the telephone—of which Prof. Gray claimed priority of invention—he set to work to retrieve his defeat by perfecting a machine which would beat the telephone. The Telautograph will probably do just what Prof. Gray predicts—it will displace the telephone, over which it has so many advantages. The telephone, as every body knows who habitually uses it, is an exasperating machine, and has probably been the cause of as much profanity in its brief career as the collar-button the funny paragraphists like to write about. The telautograph seems to be simply perfect, for it records in the handwriting of the sender every message sent over it without the possibility of the mistakes which make the telephone as trying to one's patience and temper.

The telautograph is not in public use yet, because the company manufacturing them is not ready to put them on the market.

Here's a remarkable case. The other day a carriage-builder, who had been dumb for years, picked up a hoe and spoke.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, MAY 17, 1893.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

All the labor unions of Colorado have petitioned the Legislature of that state for the following legislation: "A law authorizing the state to operate its own coal mines; to transport the products thereof to market, and to sell the output to consumers at a price not exceeding the cost of production by more than 25 cents per ton; the selling price above the cost of production to be turned into the internal improvement fund after the state has been reimbursed for the first cost of opening the mine."

Mr. L. H. Davies, M. P., is, at present, visiting Boston. Being interviewed by the Herald of that city, he gave expression to his views and the views of his party on the trade question. The interviewer reports him as enunciating the new Grit policy as follows: "We shall eliminate from the present tariff its protective principle, reducing it down to a purely revenue tariff, with free trade as the ultimate goal." If that is not sufficiently indefinite to satisfy all sections of the party, some of them must be hard to please.

As will be seen by reference to the news from the old country, the Home Rule battle goes bravely on. The bill is now in the committee stage, where the hardest fighting is to be done, and the severest onslaughts are made upon it, and it is most gratifying to observe with what majorities the different amendments are voted down. The debate evokes some heated discussions, and the unanimity of Gladstone's followers must be a source of the greatest satisfaction and consolation to the grand old man, as it is a favorable augury of the final success of the measure.

Dairying operations are making rapid advancement in the Maritime Provinces. Professor Robertson advises the Department of Agriculture that twenty-three cheese factories and creameries will be in operation in New Brunswick this season, and twelve in our own Province. So far, at least, as this Province is concerned, it will be seen that this is an unprecedented increase over last year, as there was then only one factory in operation here. It is most praiseworthy to observe the enthusiasm with which our farmers have taken up this branch of industry, which has been fostered and encouraged by the Dominion Government.

In the Newfoundland Legislature on Thursday last, the question of confederation with Canada was brought up by Mr. Murray, on a resolution relative to the recent conference at Halifax: Premier Whiteway declared that, while he was not strongly opposed to confederation, he did not consider the present an opportune time for the discussion of the question. It was his opinion, he said, that the vast majority of the people of the Island were against confederation. He was not desirous of touching the matter without a mandate from the people, and even then he must have a good majority to do so. Mr. Morine, an ardent confederationist, speaking for the Opposition, took the same view of the matter, and the motion to consider the confederation resolutions was defeated on a division, by a large majority.

A glance at the report of the Canadian Pacific Railway, submitted at the regular annual meeting, and published elsewhere in this issue, will give some notion of the magnitude and resources of that corporation. The gross earnings for the year reach the enormous sum of $21,400,000, and the year's expenditure amounted to $13,000,000. After the payment of expenses and dividends, a surplus has been accumulated of $7,000,000, which is carried forward for the security of stockholders. The milage of the road and its branches is seven thousand miles, while there are 1,800 miles of tributary lines in the northwestern States. The Canadian Pacific is now certainly one of the most gigantic corporations in the world; besides being a great railway it has a multitude of subsidiary but important enterprises connected with it, not the least of these being the fine line of ocean steamers which link Canada with the Orient.

Sir Charles Russell, of counsel for Great Britain, before the Behring Sea arbitration court at Paris, replied to the long-winded address of Messrs. Carter and Condert, United States Counsel. He quickly punctured the verbal frippery by means of which these gentlemen endeavored to obscure the real issue before the tribunal. He sharply defined the difference between the regulation of pelagic sealing and piracy on the high seas, and directed the attention of the arbitrators to the unprecedented conduct of the United States in boarding, seizing and confiscating British vessels, found sealing fifty to four hundred miles from land. During their addresses the United counsel endeavored to make it appear that it was the interests of mankind their country was guarding in preventing the extermination of the seal. To this Sir Charles replied in effect that mankind had no authorized the United States to act as its guardian, that the question before the tribunal was one of pure right and must be decided by international law.

It is officially announced that the Earl of Aberdeen is to be Governor-General of Canada, in succession to the Earl of Derby. This news will, no doubt, be received with pleasure, though perhaps not unmingled with regret, throughout the Dominion. The Earl of Aberdeen is already well known in Canada, where he is said to possess considerable property, and in whose behalf he and the Countess of Aberdeen have long taken no little interest. He is forty-six years of age, is an M. A. of Oxford; a grandson of the Earl of Aberdeen, who was Prime Minister from 1852 to 1855, and well known as a member of the Liberal party since 1876. He was Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, under Gladstone, in 1886, in which capacity he was most popular, although holding the office but a short time. At present he and his wife are endeavoring to interest Americans and visitors to the World's Fair in the products of Ireland, as exhibited in a complete representation of an Irish industrial village. Lady Aberdeen is a daughter of the first Lord Tweedmouth, is well known for her labors and charities in Ireland, as well as Scotland, and has been exceedingly popular wherever she has gone. There can be no doubt of the cordial reception with which his appointment will meet from the Canadian people. In welcoming the new Governor-General, however, Canadians will not forget the valuable services of the unassuming nobleman who will be always remembered in Canada as Lord Stanley of Preston.

Our Liberal-Conservative friends are, very properly, making a move in the matter of choosing candidates for the coming Provincial general election. According to previous announcement, an enthusiastic meeting of delegates from all parts of the first electoral district of King's County, was held at Souris, on Wednesday last, the 10th. inst., when Messrs. W. A. O. Morson, Barrister, of Charlottetown, and John Kickham, of Souris West, were unanimously chosen as the Liberal-Conservative standard bearers at the ensuing election. The electors of the first district of King's are to be congratulated on their choice of candidates. They are good men and true and we hope to see them returned to the Legislature with handsome majorities. On the following day, Thursday the 11th, a large and representative meeting was held at Orwell-Head, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Beltast district to oppose the present Government. Messrs. Alexander Martin of Valleyfield and A. A. McLean, Barrister, of Charlottetown, were chosen without a dissenting voice. Both these gentlemen have already represented the district in the Legislature, and we shall be much disappointed if, when election day comes, the people of Belfast will not send them triumphly to Parliament. The good example set by these two districts should not be lost sight of by other districts where candidates are to be chosen. It is only by being prepared that they will avoid the possibility of being taken at a disadvantage by the Government springing the election.

Ireland's Corner in Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 11.—The green flag of Ireland and the stars and stripes floated from the battlements of Blarney Castle yesterday afternoon, on the occasion of the opening of the Irish village in the Midway Plaisence, over which the Earl and Countess of Aberdeen preside. A good crowd was in attendance. The centre of attraction was the primitive concert hall, where Lord and Lady Aberdeen addressed the assembly on the philanthropic object of the village enterprise and the commendable object of the Irish Industrial Association. A real Irish musical programme, was carried out in the hall, all the musicians and singers, pipers and jig dancers being from the "Ould Sod." The different booths and cottages were crowded with invited guests sight seeing talking to the Irishmen and girls, and buying the wares which Lord and Lady Aberdeen want to find a permanent market for in this country.

Gateman's Bravery.

MICHAEL DONOVAN SEVERELY INJURED WHILE TRYING TO SAVE ANOTHER.

HAVERHILL, Mass, May 12.—Michael Donovan, the gateman at the Essex street railroad crossing, lies at the City Hospital with one leg cut off and the other badly mangled. Regardless of his own danger, Donovan rushed in front of a train this morning and attempted to save an old man from death. He saw the victim mangled beyond recognition, and before he could spring to a place of safety he was struck and had a most miraculous escape from instant death.

The accident happened shortly after 9 o'clock. The shifter 83 was coming over the crossing on the incoming track, and at the same time the shifter 183, with a flat car, was backing out of the crossing from the Granite street freight yards.

The old man, who was so badly mangled that identification was made impossible, attempted to run between the two engines. Gateman Donovan saw that he would be killed and rushed out on the track directly in front of the engines and tried to pull him to one side. His efforts were too late, however, and they were both struck.

Pension Frauds.

THE MANNER IN WHICH THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT IS VICTIMIZED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *May* 11.—The pension department believes it has unearthed stupendous pension frauds. An attorney at Norfolk, Va., named W. R. Drewry, now under arrest, is charged with securing fraudulent pension claims by the wholesale, using as his instruments in many cases colored women and men who could not read or write. The extent of the frauds can be understood when it is stated that one hundred and sixty-six cases were granted and that every one of them carried arrears. Drewry was arrested about one year ago on the charge of securing fraudulent pensions, put owing, it is said, to laxness on the part of the local authorities, escaped punishment. The amount will not be known until the special examiners make their report, but as the arrears in considerable sums has been paid on many of the 166 fraudulent cases, the steals will probably aggregate $100,000.

OVER THE WIRES.

ROME, May 10.—Cardinal Zigliara died to-day. He was regarded as a candidate for the Papacy.

PORT ARTHER, May 10.—There died yesterday at the Fort William mission of lung disease the chief of the Jesuit order at that place—Rev. Father Herbert. He had lived there working among the Indians for many years.

SOREL, May 10.—On Saturday the dead body of Father Moreau, a brother of Bishop Moreau, St. Hyacinthe, was found near here. Last autumn he was incarcerated in the asylum of St Jean de Dieu, but escaped and no trace was found of him until his lifeless body was picked up as stated. He was formerly cure of the parish of St. David.

CALCUTTA, May 10.—Advices from Keunjhar, capital of the native state of that name, Orissa, shows that a serious revolt has broken out in the state. The palace of the Rajah is beleaguered by 10,000 insurgents. The palace is defended by 400 native troops, under command of four European officers. Keunjhar is tributary to the British, and the Rajah has demanded that reinforcements be sent to him.

WINNIPEG, MAN., May 10.—Three Germans, men, aged 36, 40 and 20 years, respectively, applied at the Immigration sheds yesterday for accommodation. They have just arrived from New York city, having walked the entire distance in exactly 37 days. They have with them a slip of paper on which was written directions how to travel from one place to the other, and according to the route made out they went from New York to Port Jarvis, then Susquehanna, then Binghampton, from there to Elmira, then Buffalo, from Buffalo to Niagara Falls and by way of Hamilton, Toronto and North Bay to Sudbury, and then to Winnipeg.

QUEBEC, May 10.—One of the most brilliant weddings ever witnessed here occured in the Basilica this morning, when Miss Marie Emilie Luclane Bosse, eldest daughter of the Hon. Judge Bosse, of the Court of Queen's Bench, was married by Mgr. Paquet, rector of Laval University, to Mr. W. Tracey a rich lawyer of Albany. Mr. Tracey is descended from the Marquis of Tracey, who was viceroy here for the King of France in 1666. His father was secretary of the navy, and his brother, Mr. Chas. Tracey, who was here to-day for the wedding, is a member of Congress. He presented his brother's bride with a cheque of $5,000. The groom gave her a magnificent crescent of very old family diamonds.

MONTREAL, May 10.—The annual meeting of the Canadian Pacific Railway was held to-day at noon at the office of the company in this city. The statement of the road's affairs, submitted by the secretary for the past year, was as follows: Gross earnings, $21,409, 350, working expenses, $12,989,004; net earning, $8,420, 347; interest earned on deposits and loans, $203,602; total $8,623,950. Deducting fixed charges accrued during the year, $5,102,018 there is a surplus of $3,521,923 A supplementary dividend, of 1 per cent. was paid, $1,300,000, leaving a surplus carried forward of $2,221,932. The surplus of the previous years was $4,701,599, and the total surplus carried forward was $6,923,531. The clause embodied in the report regarding the issue of preferential stock to the amount of $32,000,000, as well as the report itself, was unanimously adopted, and the meeting adjourned.

MONTREAL, May 11.—During a fire this evening at the Royal Water Proof Co., 35 Lemoine street, at which $10 000 damage was done, a stone fell from a building and killed John O'Rourke, a member of No 2 Salvage Corps.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass. May 11.—Warren G. Butterworth, aged 70, of Warren, Mass, committed suicide this afternoon by shooting himself through the head with a rifle. His daughter, Emma, aged 23, in trying to prevent her father from doing the rash act, received the bullet in her brain after it passed through his head, and died soon after.

LONDON, May, 11.—William Townsend, suspected of having designed to kill Prime Minster Gladstone, was arraigned in court this morning. A letter from the prisoner threatening death to Gladstone because of his Irish home rule bill, was read in court. The prisoner admitted he wrote the letter. He appeared much distressed and said he would reserve his defense. He was committed for trial.

PORT TOWNSEND, May 11.—Advices from Sitka, Alaska, state that Attorney General Olney has ordered District Attorney Johnson to abandon the prosecution of British schooner Henrietta, charged with receiving a cargo of sealskins in Alaska waters last summer without reporting to the customs authorities. The vessel was seized in Behring sea and sent to Sitka for trial. The case was similar in all respects to the seizure of the British steamer Coquitlan, by the United States revenue cutter Corwin last June, with 6,000 sealskins removed from British schooners in the Alaskan waters. Johnson ordered that the Henrietta be delivered to the British authorities.

CHICAGO, May 12.—To-day the local directors of the World's Fair decided to open the gates of Jackson park to the public on Sundays. The buildings will remain closed.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Dunn & Russell report 23 Canadian failures the last 7 days and 25 the corresponding week last year. Bradstreet reports 27 Canadian failures this week, and 36 for the same week last year.

MONTREAL, May 12.—The Bank of Montreal's statement of the results of business for the year ending April 30th was issued this afternoon, and is regarded as favorable. $126,000 is carried forward to the balance of profit and loss, which now stands at $691,425.03. The profit for the year after deducting charges of management and making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts were $1,327,810.20 as against $1,325,887.03 for the same period last year. Two dividends of five per cent. each were paid during the year amounting to $1,200,000. The earnings are about eleven per cent. on capital.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., May 12.—On motion of Mr. Murray in the legislature yesterday, the question of confederation with Canada sprang up and a resolution based on the negotiations of the recent conference at Halifax. Sir William Whiteway, premier, declared that while he was not strongly opposed to confederation, he did not consider the present time opportune for discussing the matter. He believed the vast majority of the people of the island were against confederation. He did not care to touch the matter without a mandate from the people, and even then, must have a good majority to do so. Mr. Morine, ardent confederationist, took the same view of the matter, and the motion to consider a confederation resolution was defeated on a division by a large majority.

MONTREAL, May 12.—It is stated to-day that Engineers Kennedy and Parent, on the work of the new bridge at Wellington street crossing, Lachine canal, have been suspended by the department at Ottawa having supervision of the work. The original estimate for the work was $275,000, and it is claimed over $400,000 have been spent. The engineers claim that the increased expenditure was necessary owing to the starting of work before the frost was out of the ground and the necessity of rushing it to avoid shipping in the canal. Among the rumors in connection with the matter is one that accounts have been rendered for $60, 000 worth of lumber, while but $15,000 worth of that material has been used in the work. There is considerable excitement over the matter and the department suspended the engineers pending an investigation.

HALIFAX, May 12.—The Echo gives currency to the following: The latest rumor in railway circles is to the effect that the C. P. R. are taking steps to acquire the Windsor & Annapolis and Western Counties railways. The manager is said to be on his way to England in connection with the matter. The rumor goes further and says that if the big company get the W. & A. they will put on a line of steamers from Yarmouth to Boston and run a fast daily service, by which a person can go from Halifax to Boston, or vice versa, in a day and a half. It is thought that when this arrangement is in running order the C. P. R. will bring all its passengers and freight for the lower provinces through Boston, thence to Yarmouth by water. A big hotel here, for which a block of property is said to have been appointed, is also spoken of. When these are decided upon, this said fast line to Great Britain may be looked for.

Home Rule Debate.

AN ANIMATED DISCUSSION—SOME EXCITING SCENES.

LONDON, May 10.—In the house of commons to-day, in committee on the Irish Home Rule bill, the motion of T. W. Russell, liberal unionist, that portion of the bill providing for a second chamber of the Irish legislature be eliminated, was rejected, 206 to 144.

LONDON, May 11.—In the House of Commons to-day in committee on the Home Rule bill, William Redmond, Parnellite, moved an amendment to the bill that the two branches of the Irish legislature should be designated the Senate and the House of Commons.

Irish Chief Secretary *Morley* opposed the motion.

Mr. T. W. Russell, Unionist, remarked that after the bill had passed the Irish could call their legislature a parliament or anything else.

Mr. J. G. Lawson, Conservative, created roars of laughter by pronouncing the Celtic word for "Commons," and suggested its adoption as the designation of the Irish lower house.

The amendment was rejected by a vote of 482 to 34.

George Bartlett, Conservative, moved the ommission of the first clause of the Home Rule bill.

Timothy Healy inquired whether it was in order to discuss the rejection of the whole bill on a motion thus concerning but one particular clause. The chairman ruled that the motion was in order.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, leader of the Liberal Unionists, commented upon the scarcity of amendments proposed by supporters of the government. He supposed they recognized the fact that the bill was only a sham one, and therefore proposed amendments only *pour faire rire*. He himself was anxious to know what were the intentions of the government concerning Ulster. Was there any plan that Ulster should be excluded from the operation of the bill? He believed that such exclusion ought to be provided for, and he should regard Ulster men as doing wrong if they should reject any arrangement to except them from Home Rule according to the bill. They would be all the better able to defend the rights of the minority in the rest of Ireland if they should have a government of their own than if they should be merely part of the minority in the Dublin Parliament. In conclusion Mr. Chamberlain reverted to the subject of the abstention of the Liberals from offering amendments and asked why the Irish members had so suddenly become dumb.

As he closed, Lord Randolph Churchill sprang up and excitedly charged Timothy Healy with remarking that Mr. Chamberlain seemed to be under the weather. Mr. Healy at once protested that he had said nothing at all. Several Irish members explained simultaneously that, when Mr. Chamberlain said the nationalists were dumb, somebody had responded: "You are never dumb; it would be better if you were." This explanation provoked a scene of confusion, which ended by the chairman's call for order.

THE PREMIER SCORES THE OPPOSITION.

Mr. Gladstone denied the truth of Mr. Chamberlain's insinuations that the supporters of the Government had closed their ears to the argument. The Government, he said, had already given the fullest explanation of the bill, and wished a fair and open discussion. They would not be driven, however, into obstructive and useless debates. When such debates were forced by the opposition the Government would be silent. The members of the majority would speak as their own judgment dictated, and not with a view of furthering the devices of the opposition. (Cheers) In retaining that liberty of choice they would best perform their duty to the country (prolonged cheers.)

Mr. Balfour, moved that the chairman report progress. Ulster members, he said, had no opportunity to speak.

Mr, Morley resisted this motion and moved the closure. The chairman ignored Mr. Morley's motion and put Mr. Balfour's motion which was lost by a vote of 304 to 260. Cheers and laughter followed the announcement of the result of the division.

The continuation of the debate was marked by

SEVERAL SCENES OF EXCITEMENT,

the greatest of which occured while T. *W.* Russell, unionist, who represents south division of Tyrone, had the floor. Mr. Russell was protesting against Ulster being coerced into acquiescing in the establishment of an Irish parliament, when a voice was heard asking: "What the devil are you talking about?"

Mr. Russell at once stopped his protest and accused John MacNeill, anti-Parnellite, who sits for south Donegal, with asking the objectionable question.

Mr. McNeil emphatically denied having asked the question, and insisted that *Mr.* Russell apologize for accusing him of having done so.

Viscount Cranborne, conservative, declared that he had heard Mr. McNeill utter the words attributed to him by *Mr.* Russell.

Wm. McCartney, conservative, who represents the south division of Antrim, said that it was Thomas Sexton, the well known anti-Parnellite, who had asked the question.

Mr. Sexton denied this statement, and added that he had not uttered a word.

A general squabble seemed imminent and Sir Wm. Vernon *Harcourt* appealed to the house to preserve order.

The chairman than intervened, saying that order must be observed. He added that such remarks as the one that some member had just made were most indecent and were becoming frequent in the house. He sincerely hoped that every member would assist the chair in keeping order under the difficult circumstances attending the session of the committee.

The chairman's remarks were greeted with cheers and the committee good-naturedly proceeded to take a vote on Mr. Bartlett's motion, which was defeated by 309 to 267.

MONTREAL, May 14.—The home rule meeting which has been called for Wednesday evening next, promises to be quite a success. Ex-Mayor McShane, president of St. Patrick's society will preside and Hon. John Costigan, Hon. J. J. Curran, N. Flood Davin, M. P., Chas. Fitzpatrick, M. L. A., and Dawson, M. P., who proposed the vote of censure upon Clark Wallace, are promised by the management to speak.

News Notes.

Madison Square Garden in New York is offered for sale. It cost $4,000,000, and has never paid a dividend.

The output of nickel ore in Canada last year was valued at $3,500,000. In 1890 it was less than $1,000,000.

The funeral procession of ex-President Gonzales, of Mexico, who was buried Thursday, was three miles long.

The Board of Review of the National Trotting Association has refused an application for the reinstatement of the famous stallion Alcyone.

Baron Petre, otherwise the Right Rev. William Joseph Petre, who was a member of the British house of lords and a domestic prelate to the Pope is dead.

The jury disagreed in the case of Wesley C. Rippey, charged with assault with intent to kill John W. Mackay, at San Francisco. Another trial will be held in June.

Last week was one of the busiest for shipping ever known in Montreal. Amongst the export trade were two steamers loaded were 4,920 head of cattle, 101 sheep and 29 horses for Great Britain.

It has been settled that the trial of Lizzie Borden for the murder of her aged parents in August, 1892, will begin in New Bedford, Mass., on the first Monday in June. Chief Justice Mason will preside.

At Muscatine, Ia., Friday morning the residences of three prominent citizens, who are prosecuting saloon cases, were blown up by dynamite. No fatalities resulted. The houses were completely wrecked.

James Wigan, representing the brewing interests of Great Britain is at present visiting Canada for the purpose of investigating the working of the local option laws in the different provinces with a view of getting information against the local option bill now before the imperial parliament.

The total arrivals of immigrants at Winnipeg during the month of April were 1,268. Of these 235 were English, 534 Germans, 156 Scandinavians and 112 farmers from the United States. Most of the latter were ex-Canadians. The report shows that 662 were destined for Manitoba points, 578 for the Northwest territory and 20 for British Columbia.

The caravels have left New York for the World's Fair. The tiny Pinta will be towed to Halifax by the United States cruiser Chicago, the Nina by the Bennington. The Santa Maria will attempt to carry her lumbering and odd-shaped hull by means of her own canvas. From Halifax the caravels will proceed through the canal and lake system to their destination in the tow of sea tugs.

The New York Press reproduces the reports in circulation that J. W. MacKay, the bonanza king, holds heavy mortgages on the plant of the New York Herald for money advanced James Gordon Bennett to cover the latter's losses in connection with the Bennett-MacKay cable and the production of the European editions of the Herald. It is said Bennett's name as sole proprietor will now disappear from the editorial page of the Herald.

The fastest mile railway train record was made the other day by the New York Central's new engine, No. 999, hauling the Empire State express. A mile was covered in 32 seconds. This is equivalent to 112½ miles an hour. The passengers on board said that the train flew along with the same steadiness that would have accompanied a slower rate of speed. There was no unusual swaying or jolting. The engine is to be exhibited at the World's Fair.

The California craze among the negroes is becoming a serious matter. John Lovell, a wealthy negro, is working up the scheme and has the negroes very much excited over his stories of the promised land where lynching never occurs. Lovell informed a reporter that he proposed to run a number of excursion trains, the first to leave Chattanooga June 1, and that he would carry five hundred negroes to Los Angeles, Cal. This scheme has been talked of so much of late that it is expected there will be an unprecedented exodus of negroes within the next sixty days.

A most singular occurrence is reported from Columbia Falls, where Charles Wood, a man of 20 years, cut with a jack-knife from the roof of his mouth what looked like a spider. It was under the skin and had been troubling him for six months. At times he though it was a cancer. It would swell up as large as a walnut, break open and bleed and then seem to go away, but was really growing worse each time; lately it has seemed to be something living and he could feel it move. Saturday in a desperate mood he took his knife and cut around and and removed it and now exhibits it in a vial of liquid. It is half an inch long and looks like a spider, head, legs, and all.

A recent New York symposium is rather amusing. The question was asked of a number of well-known actresses as to what they would do if a million dollars were to suddenly come into their possession. Miss Eldridge spoke of funds for veterans and actors' children and charity in general. Rosina Vokes would found a music hall and give all poor people a chance to learn how to sing and play and dance. Modjeska would travel first, and then free Poland and afterwards lift woman "out of bondage." Rachel Booth would buy a lovely home for her mother and herself. Rose Coghlan would "take a long rest," travel and have fine residences all over the world. Ada Lewis would establish an Old Ladies' Home. Rhea would "sink her soul in art"; buy unlimited pictures; establish art galleries, and erect monuments to great artists. Maggie Cline would go to Ireland and "free it from British tyranny." Annie O'Neill would "do good," and Emma Pollock would buy lands and houses. The views thus expressed are probably characteristic, though some of the contracts are rather large for even a million of money to accomplish.

Proud Regent Of The Seas.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The sleek giantess Campania has demonstrated that she is the swiftest merchant vessel in the world. She broke today the record from Sandy Hook to Queenstown, but that was comparatively a minor incident of her trip.

The record was 5 days, 19 hours and 57 minutes, made over a course of 2,814 knots last August by the American liner New York, then the City of New York. The time of the Campania on this, her maiden voyage to Queenstown, was 5 days, 17 hours and 27 minutes over a course of 2,868 knots.

But the chief cause of elation in the Cunard offices here and abroad, and in the yards of the big ship's builders at Glasgow, is the wonderful hourly average of 21.86 knots that she made on the voyage, and the marvellous run of 517 knots she made between noon Wednesday and noon Thursday last, a period that is actually only a few minutes more than 23 hours. Her hourly average on this nautical day was about 22.30 knots which would enable her to distance the fastest cruiser afloat, not excepting the Argentine cruiser Ninth of July, credited with developing on a measured knot a speed equal to 23.5 knots an hour. The Campania beat on her trial trip the alleged performance of the Argentine speeder. The nautical day in the westward voyage is about 24 hours 50 minutes, and on the eastern voyage about 23 hours 10 minutes.

The City of Paris, which left New York with the Campania arrived at London almost a day behind the new queen of the sea.

FARMERS COLUMN.

Rations for Dairy Cows

CONCLUSION OF BULLETIN NO. 31, WISCONSIN EXPERIMENT STATION—BY PROF. F. W. WOLL.

HEAVY FEEDING PAYS.

If we compare the yields of milk or butter with the rations fed in each case we notice that the largest yields of milk or butter occur when the heaviest rations were fed; and also that the rations containing the largest proportions of digestible protein seem the most effective, other conditions being equal. It is not only a question of supplying a large quantity of nutrients in the ration, but to supply a reasonable quantity of nitrogenous nutrients as well.

The table bears decided evidence that heavy feeding pays. While all the rations doubtless furnished ample nutriment for the cows, those low in organic matter or in digestible matter did not supply much above the needs of the system, and the product is consequently low. According to German experience it takes 8.85 lbs. digestible matter to keep a steer of 1,000 lbs. live weight for a day without his losing or gaining in flesh; the same may also apply approximately to a dry cow. The same authorities estimate that a cow in full flow of milk will need 15.4 lbs. of digestible matter daily in her food; hence we may consider nearly 60 per cent of the food of a cow as necessary to maintain her body; or to put it in a different way, a cow producing a full flow of milk ought to receive over 70 per cent more food than is required to keep her at maintenance.

Many farmers feed their cows only a pittance above what they need for their maintenance; they fail to realize that their profits cannot begin until after "this point has been reached. The more the cow will assimilate in excess of that required to maintain her body the better, as the excess may be used directly for the production of milk. We therefore see that with the right kind of cows the more we feed up to the limit of the capacity of each animal the better returns may be obtained, relatively as well as absolutely; hence an expensive ration is by no means necessarily an unprofitable one.

What has been here said of dairy cows applies with equal force to all farm animals; it is the excess above what is required for maintenance that yields returns to the feeder. When we remember that a cow as a rule is supporting a calf during the greater part of her period of lactation, and thus is asked to do double work during all this time, the plea for liberal feeding will seem all the more reasonable.

We have considered so far the feed of the dairy cow; space will forbid more than a mere mentioning of the other side of the question—the necessity of keeping cows in the herd that respond to generous feeding. This is of course of no less importance, and still we believe that most farmers have cows in their herds that will do considerably better under a more liberal system of feeding. If they study their cows individually and weed out the poor ones, feeding those generously that show their ability to assimilate larger quantities of food than they now receive by an increase in the milk yield, they will no doubt be able to do as well as many of the dairymen whose rations are given in the preceding. At the same time care must be taken to feed nothing waste, to feed all that the cows can utilize and no more.

The results given in the preceding pages teach us emphatically that heavy feeding pays. A cow producing a full flow of milk should receive over 70 per dent more food than is required for the maintenance that brings profit to the feeder.

The teachings of the bulletin may briefly be stated as follows:

Keep only cows that respond to good feeding.

Feed liberally, but not to waste.

Select such feedstuffs as will supply a fair quantity of protein.

Raise and feed more oats and clover; use bran, shorts and oil-meal whenever needed and when obtainable at a reasonable price.

Sporting Notes.

There is some talk of a Football club being started in Summerside. Go ahead boys; you shall never regret the move.

Joseph Darby, the English professional jumper, is matched against J. C. Medway, the well-known trick jumper. They will jump for $500 a side. Darby has been in this country only a month.

The Pictou football team will play the Crescents here on Wednesday next, the 24 inst. The New Glasgow team also wishes to chase the pigskin with St. Dunstan's College team and at the same time decide "who's which," on the same day. Two first class games should be the result.

A football club has been organized at St Peter's Bay, to be known as the "St. Peters Football Club." The following are the officers for the ensuing year: President—R D. McLauchlin, M. D.; Vice Pres—Jas. Costello; Secy—Treas.—Jas. Munroe; Captain—Albert Fraser; Fieldmen—Nelson McKay, Jas. Doyle, James McIsaac, Dougall McIsaac, Frank Donnelly.

A German bicyclist named Vogt has broken all records from 2 to 10 miles, on the Herne Hill track, London. His time time for the 10 miles was 24 minutes 34 seconds. The best previous record for 10 miles was F. J. Osmond's 24 50 1 5, made at Herne Hill on July 15, 1891. The best American time is 25.35 2-5, made at Hartford, Conn., last July by Hoyland Smith.

The Brooklyn handicap was run Monday at Gravesend, Long Island, N. Y., and won by Col. North's El Diablo. Pierre Lorillard's Lamplighter, was second and Leona a good third. Time, 2.09. Horses of all ages are eligible for the Brooklyn handicap, which marks the opening day of the Brooklyn Jockey Club's meeting at Gravesend. The handicap is a dash of a mile and a quarter, with a guaranteed value of $25,000 of which $18,000 goes to the winner, $5,000 to the second and $2,000 to the third.

The New England Breeder's Association have received 593 entries for the 10 classes and stakes to be trotted at Boston in September. P. E. Island has a number of entries. W. A. Brennan, Summerside, has entered his yearling Parkdale, by Parkside, in the yearling race, mile dash, for $1000, in which there are 69 nominations; Parkland in the 2-year-old stake, and has a nomination in the 2.30 class. R. Fitzsimmons, Summerside, has entered Slippery Tom in the three-year-old class for 2.35 horses; Geo. Mutart has entered the stallion Westlawn in the 2.35 pacing class; and James Houghton, Summerside, has entered Tanner Boy in the same class. Several other Maritime Province horses are also entered.

BASEBALL.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost
St. Louis	9	4
Brooklyn	8	5
Cleveland	6	3
Washington	9	6
Pittsburg	8	4
New York	6	8
Boston	7	7
Baltimore	6	9
Cincinnati	8	7
Philadelphia	7	6
Chicago	4	11
Louisville	2	8

A Tale of Horror.

NEW YORK, *May* 11.—A special from Dubuque, Iowa, to the press says:—"Boiling the corpses of patients in the slaughter house cauldron to make skeletons, dumping the brains of dissected patients down vaults and beating troublesome patients to death, are some of the charges supported by sworn testimony, made against the management of the State Insane asylum at Independence, containing over 1,000 patients. These charges are to be investigated at once by the State Visiting committee by order of Governor Boies. Attendants are accused of having beaten patients so badly that they died, and then reported to the authorities that the wounds were self-inflicted. The patients have been fed on the meat of lumpy jawed cattle and other diseased animals. Their food has been insufficient and, owing to the thinness of their clothing, some have been frozen while working outside."

DRESS GOODS,
MANTLES,
MILLINERY.

All our Spring Stock has arrived. Bright, new fashionable and cheap.

The finest Assortment.
The Latest Styles.
The Lowest Prices.

Selected with experienced care as to QUALITY, we have bought a large stock of the latest goods and have the determination and ability to make our prices so low that YOU WILL SAVE MONEY ON EVERY DOLLAR YOU SPEND WITH US.

Ask to see our double width all-wool Dress Goods at 25 cents per yard.

STANLEY BROS.,
BROWN'S BLOCK.

We Want Your Trade

and if good, honest Goods, and low prices will get it

WE ARE GOING TO HAVE IT.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.

Our reason for asking you to trade with us is because we know we can suit you. We have been doing business in Charlottetown between 25 and 30 years and as we do the largest wholesale business on P. E. Island, we buy largely and know where to buy, and our retail customers will receive the very best value.

Mantles, Jackets, Capes, Black and colored Dress Goods, Millinery, new Goods from London, Hats, trimmed and to order, Men's Braces, Shirts, Collars, Neckties. Everything cheap. All new goods.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

The Rush is to Goff Bros.

FOR BOOTS, Shoes Slippers, Rubbers. Our celebrated make of solid leather Boots take the lead. We give low prices, latest styles, good fits and have the best assortment. Also Trunks and Valises always on hand.

Shoemakers wanting upper sold leather, awls, bristles, pegs, shoe thread knives, rasps, etc., would do well to be from us.

GOFF BROS.

BUSY AS NAILERS.

PROWSE BROS. are rushing out the Clothing, Hats and Caps at a tremendous rate. and its no wonder. The energy those men put in their business and the prices at which they sell goods is a surprise to everybody. If the reader is not one of their customers he or she should go straight to the Wonderful Cheap Men's Store where they get Right Treatment, Right Prices, Right Good Goods, and Honest Values.

It gives the Boys great pleasure to see their country friends from all parts of P. E. Island.

Come one and all and we know you will be more than pleased with the bargains.

PROWSE BROS
The Wonderful Cheap Men

P. S. The elevator is working like a charm.

PHOTOGRAPHS !

HAVE you had your Photograph taken at Lewis' by the new process? It is very fine. Bring the babies and try one. You are sure to be pleased.

C. LEWIS, Photographer,
Grafton St., North Side Post Office.
April 5, 1893.—3m

CUT THIS OUT!

Send to us with five cents in silver and you will get by return mail a GOLDEN BOX OF GOODS that will bring you in more money in one month than anything else in America.

A. W. KINNEY, Ch. H., Yarmouth, N. S.
may 10. 1893.—3m pd

North British and Mercantile
FIRE AND LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY!
—OF—
EDINBURG AND LONDON
ESTABLISHED 1809.

Total Assets, 1891, . . $60,032,727.

TRANSACTS every description of Fire and Life Business on the most favorable terms.

This Company has been well and favorably known for its prompt payment of losses in this Island during the past thirty years.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN,
Agent
Stamper's Block, Upstairs, Victoria Row, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Jan. 21, 1893.—1y

Mortgage Sale.

TO be sold by Public Auction at the Court House in Charlottetown on Monday, the twenty-ninth day of May next, A. D., 1893, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, all that tract, place or parcel of land situate lying and being in Township Number fifty-four in King's County, Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows that is to say: Commencing on the North side of the Dingwell Road, at the South West angle of farm Lot No. 53, in possession of John McPherson, thence (according to the Magnetic Meridian of the year 1764.) running north for the distance of one hundred chains, thence south sixty-nine degrees west a distance equal to five chains and ninety links west, thence south one hundred chains to said road thence following the course of the said road north eastwardly to the place of commencement containing fifty-nine acres of land a little more or less.

The above sale is made under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the twenty-sixth day of December, A. D. 1884, from Angus McCormack and Jessie McCormack, his wife to the undersigned.

For terms and conditions of sale apply at the office of Æneas A. Macdonald, Solicitor Charlottetown.

Credit Foncier Franco Canadien,
Mortgagees.
April 26, A. D. 1893.

All kinds of Job work executed with neatness and despatch, at the Herald Office.

P. E. ISLAND RAILWAY

Queen's Birthday.

RETURN TICKETS will be issued to and from all stations on this Railway on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, 23rd and 24th of May, inst., good for return up to and on May 25th, 1893.

J. UNSWORTH,
Superintendent.
Railway Office, Ch'town,
May 15, 1893.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

J. Underwood.....P. E. I. Railway
.....To Let
Connolly Estate.....Tenders
J. J. Johnston.....Farm for Sale

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

FRIDAY was a veritable summer day. At some places in the city the mercury leaped as high as 70° in the shade.

AT Moncton Thursday the thermometer registered 80° in the shade. A week previous the frosts were hard enough to freeze the ground solid.

THE schooner Esperance, Capt. Richard, which left Grindstone, Magdalen Islands, on the 1st of April on a sealing voyage, has been lost with all on board—ten men.

DR. T. C. McKAY, of Summerside, died at his residence there yesterday morning. The Dr. had been ailing for some months past and recently underwent an operation, which proved of no avail.

D. A. McIntosh, of Greenvale, N. S., is the owner of a wonderful ewe. On April 1st she gave birth to a fine healthy lamb and last week, just a month later, to another. Both lambs are healthy and strong.

A young son of Charles Price, of Boiestown, N. B., was killed there one day last week, by falling from a load of hay. When he was found, about an hour later, one of the wheels of the wagon was still on his neck.

FRIDAY, Mr W. S. Stewart made application at Chambers for bail for William Larter. The judges conferred for some time and declined to grant the application. The Attorney-General opposed the application.

John McDougall Fisher, aged 37 years, a member of the clothing firm of Messrs. Hubley & Fisher, Halifax dropped dead Saturday morning while lighting a fire in his house. He leaves a wife and two children.

A NEW plate glass front has been placed in the nothern show window of the London House, replacing the one cracked last winter. The glass is the largest in the city, and one of the largest in the Maritime Provinces.

THE little village of Apohaqui, King's County, N. B., was almost wiped out by fire Thursday. The two chief business places and the only hotel in the place were destroyed. Thirteen buildings in all were destroyed. The loss foots up to $25,000.

THE Relief and Aid society, formed in St. John after the great fire of 1877, held its annual meeting the other day. Over sixty families or person who were left penniless and are now old still receive some aid, over $6,000 being paid out last year. The society still has a fund of $50,000.

THE passengers to Boston by the Worcester, Thursday were: J. H. Weldon, Mrs. Kelly, Geo. Kelly, Dennis Kelly, Mrs. Brennick, D. J. McPhee, A. D McEachern, D. Carroll, A. McDonald, D. McDonald, Miss Wadman, Mrs Howard, R. Nelson, C A McDonald, Mrs. Murchison, A Ross.

A young child of Joseph Bedford of Moncton, was fatally burned Thursday and died a few hours afterwards. The child upset a can of parafine oil on the floor, and while its mother was wiping up the oil it got a burning stick from the stove and set fire to the oil and also to its clothing, which were covered with the fluid.

A series of lectures on the art of embalming were last week delivered at St. John by Prof. J H. Clark of Springfield, Ohio. Twenty-one Maritime Province undertakers attended the series. An undertakers' association was also formed. Mr. Mark Wright of this city, attended the course, and was elected vice-president of the association for this Province. Prof. Clark has been lecturing on this subject in the leading cities of the United States and Canada during the past twelve years.

THE steamer Bonavista left here early Saturday morning for St. John's Nfld., via North Sydney. Her passengers from this port were Wm. Boyle, Geo. Coombs, G. P. Grady, Joe Wise and J. B. Murphy for St John's and D. W. Macdonald for Sydney. Her cargo was made up as follows: 416 brls pork and 20 tubs butter, shipped by N B & M Rattenbury, 11 rolls leather, 2 tubs butter, by Hagan Bros; 25 brls vegetables, by F Boyyer; 44 bags oats, 11 bags turnips, 18 brls vegetables, by P Duffy; 8 rolls leather, Long Bros; 20 cases eggs, L P Tanton; 5 brls oysters, J Richards; 3 horses, B Rogers; 250 bags oats, 15 tubs butter, 131 brls pork, by Carvell Bros; 300 bags oats, A Horne & Co; 50 bags potatoes 19 bags leather, 40 bales hay, Wm Boyle; 1 Ayrshire bull, R. E. Longworth; 84 head cattle, 134 sheep, Joe Wise, 1 horse, G H Toombs.

PLAIN TALK

We have the largest and prettiest stock of Ladies Jackets, Capes and Wraps ever imported to P. E. Island. Ladies tell us it is the finest stock and best bargains they ever saw. It is not necessary to sound our own praises—our customers do it for us.

A PLAIN FACT

Our $3 Jacket is a beauty. You can have it braided, silk trimmed or plain. Only about a hundred left, call early.

Our $6 dollar Jacket breaks the record. Every one that sees it has a word of praise for it. Very stylish—fits like a glove—superior cloth—*it cannot be equalled.*

We have 300 different styles of Capes, &c. We have suited hundreds of ladies already this Spring—we can suit you.

Few can meet and none can beat our prices.

PLAIN PRICES.

All goods are marked in plain figures—no deception. Our Dress Goods are the centre of attraction, they are so cheap. Our Hats and Bonnets are the centre of attraction up stairs, they are so handsome and becoming.

We are Headquarters for goods at a small price.

The extent of our success is the bargains we give.

BEER BROS.

AS A SPRING MEDICINE

Enoch's Pills

Are the best because they are purely vegetable; they are safe; they will not expose persons taking them to the cold; they do not gripe.
Sold at 25 cents per box. prepared only by

A. S. JOHNSON.

WHILE Wilbur Freeman, of Upper Amherst, was leading an ox, the rope caught in the thumb off his right hand, pulling it off at the first joint.

A HALIFAX young man named Fraser, employed as collector for Muncey, the clothier, has dissapeared. Monday he was sent to have a cheque for $300 cashed. He obtained the money, and has not since been seen.

JACOB CROSSMAN, an employee of the Portland Packing Company, was drowned Monday off Cape Wolf, Lot 7 Crossman went out unattended to overhaul some lobster traps, and was pulled out of the boat by their weight *He* was drowned before any assistance arrived.

ARRANGEMENTS for the banquet to Hon. Mr. Foster, Minister of Finance, at St. John on to-morrow night have been completed. Sir Adolph Caron and Hon Messrs. Daly and Curran have signified their acceptance of invitations Hon. Messrs. Bowell and Angers are also expected to be present A large number of citizens have sent in their names to the secretary.

THE engine house of the Marine Railway at North Sydney was destroyed by fire on Sunday, and the schooner Brilliant being repaired on the slip was badly damaged. Her jibboom, jibstay, etc were burned, and her bowsprit, headstay and other gear badly scorched. The Brilliant is owned by Mr. Geo. Coombs of this city.

APPLICATION was made yesterday to Judge Hodgson for a writ of *habeas corpus* on behalf of Charles Slate, now in gaol on the charge of drunkeness. Slate says the charge is a bogus one and wishes to be discharged. The Judge granted the writ and the case will be heard by him to-day at Chambers. Slate it will be remembered was a witness in the recent poisoning case.

The graveyard insurance cases came up again at St. John, Monday. Their hearing however was postponed until to-day. C. B. Welton will be first tried for forging the name of Mary A. Reid to the receipts under which insurance on her husband's life was obtained. Later on C. B. Welton and Dr. Randall wil be tried on the conspiracy charges. Rev. Sydney Welton, who is out of the country, will of course escape.

A MOST distressing accident happened to Miss Esther Harvie of Hantsport, N. S. recently. Miss Harvie was knitting and thoughtlessly began probing her ear with one of the needles. Just at that moment a young girl accidently ran against Miss Harvie's elbow driving the needle deep into the interior of the ear. Intense agony and vomiting succeeded the withdrawal of the needle with no appearance of abatement for some days. No hope for her recovery is entertained.

THE body of Henry Trowsdale, who so mysteriously disappeared from Summerside on January 13th last, was found on the shore at Ives' Point, Miscouche on Wednesday morning last. The body was much disfigured. The face was completely gone. The only way of identifying the body was by means of the clothing. A scarf, earlugs, pipe and other articles found on the body were recognized by Mrs. Trowsdale as having belonged to her husband. The coroner's jury returned a verdict "that in their opinion the deceased came to his death from exposure to the severity of the weather or drowning.

THE new surveying steamer Gulnare arrived Monday morning, after a passage of 11 days. The vessel is built of steel, and is of the following dimensions: length 150 feet, beam, 20 feet, depth of hold, 14 feet. She is 260 tons gross, and classed 100 years at Lloyds. She has all the modern improvements of steam going ships, such as steam stearing gear, steam windlasses, electric light, electric bells, etc. She is heated with hot water Her engines are triple expansion, and she can easily make 9 knots under half steam. The Gulnare was taken across the ocean by Capt. Alex. McLeod, of Orwell.

AN altercation took place in the Market House yesterday, shortly after noon, between a city butcher and a brother knight of the knife and saw from the south side of the river. The city man who is known as a toper of the first magnitude, requested the loan of a quarter for sundry purposes, but the other would not accommodate him. An animated discharge of invective, during which each one recounted all the bad qualities of the others generation away back almost to the time of Noah, followed, and eventually terminated in the city man letting go his right. They pummelled away at each other for several minutes until finally peace was restored by some of the onlookers. The city man came out best all but one. It is almost needless to add that one of our finest appeared on the scene after the exhibition of the manly art had concluded.

THE "Kerry Gow" was presented in the Lyceum last evening, by John S. Murphy's Co., to an immense audience. The performance was good throughout and the play was much enjoyed. The acting of Mr. John S. Murphy, as Dan O'Hara, the Kerry Gow was excellent and elicited much applause. Miss Carolyn Elberts as Nora Drew acted her part to perfection. Indeed all the members of the company well sustained the parts slotted them. The play was very realistic, especially the Smithy Scene, where the Shoe was forged and the horse actually shod on the stage. To-night, the same company will play "Shaun Rhue" and to-morrow night they repeat the "Kerry Gow," so as to afford an opportunity to those who were unable to obtain seats last night. John S. Murphy's Company is always sure of a full house.

Another lot of double width dress goods at 25 cents per yard, just received. The best value in the City.

STANLEY BROS.

Missing Sealer Heard From.

NORTH SYDNEY, May 15—The schooner Maria Ann Bell, Captain Arsenault, of Little Bras d'Or, arrived on Saturday from her sealing voyage, with 420 seals, and reports the missing schooner *Maria Ann*, Capt. Arsenault, at Magdalen Islands, with 840 old seals.

Personal.

We are pleased to learn that Dr. Darrach, of Kensington, is again on the move, after his recent attack of sickness.

Rev. Dr. Walker, of Rollo Bay, was in the city yesterday. We are glad to see him looking so well after his recent severe illness.

The Duke of Veragua, was at Niagara Falls Thursday, and was presented with a bronze shield. The duke received every attention.

Prof. Robertson arrived here Wednesday evening on business connected with the dairying and cheese factories throughout the Province.

Prof. Robertson, is to be re-engaged by the Dominion Government for a further period of three years as dairy commissioner, at a salary of $5,000 per annum.

P. J. O Rourke, Travelling Passenger Agent of the I. C. R., arrived here Friday evening. Mr. O'Rourke's mission in the Province is to boom his railway as the best and cheapest route to the World's Fair.

Mr. Harry F. McLeod, son of Mr. Jas McLeod, merchant tailor, arrived home Saturday night from the medical school of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, after having completed a most successful second year.

His Excellency, the Governor General has notified the Government that he has been officially informed by the Home Government that Lord Aberdeen has been appointed his successor. Lord Derby will leave Ottawa for England early in July.

William Saunders, liberal M. P. for Walworth, who showed a disposition to vote against the second reading of the Irish Home Rule bill, but finally voted with his party, is about to retire from parliament in deference to the wishes of his constituents, who are displeased with his course

Prof. Wiggins' Discoveries.

HE CLAIMS TO HAVE DONE WONDERFUL THINGS,

OTTAWA, May 10.—Professor Wiggins, the Canadian astronomer and weather prophet, has come before the public again. In an interview yesterday he said that after a quarter of a century's hard work, he had solved one of the problems pronounced by ancient and modern mathematicians as impossible by Euclid's elements. These problems are the squaring of the circle, the duplication of the cube, the trisection of two geometrical means between two given straight lines, and the trisection of a given rectilineal angle.

The solution of the last-named, Professor Wiggins said, was more eagerly sought than of the others, for it would enable mathematicians to increase the number of regular polygons inscriptible in a given circle. The equilateral triangle, the square, the regular pentagon and such regular polygons as can be derived from them, have been the only regular figures known to be inscriptible in a circle by elementary geometry. There is, for instance, no regular nonagon given in our school books on geometry, because no one, not even Euclid or Newton, could divide the angle of equilateral triangle into three equal parts; in other words find the ninth of four right angles. This is the problem Professor Wiggins has solved and has brought within the third book of Euclid. The construction is simple, but that for the demonstration and the demonstration itself are not by any means easy. He says the solution of the problem will cause universal joy among mathematicians, and it is his intention to publish the elcution in a few days.

Obituary.

We regret to chronicle to-day the death of Mr. Thomas Campbell, sr., which took place at his residence at Spring Park, on Monday, the 8th inst., after a lingering illness, which he bore with true christian resignation, at the age of 75 years. The deceased was born in the County Tyrone, Ireland, and emigrated to this country when quite a young man, landing in Charlottetown on board the ship Gels on the 28th of May 1841. He lived for some years at Crapaud; but subsequently moved to North Wiltshire, which was then the primeval forest, but is now one of the most flourishing farming settlements on the Island. There he purchased a farm, which he occupied till about 8 years ago, when he moved to Charlottetown. The deceased was a man of great energy, industry and perseverance. He lived to see his family, consisting of two sons and two daughters, married and comfortably settled. Few of the Irish emigrants who have settled in this country have had a more prosperous career than he. We understand that by his enterprise and untiring industry he accumulated considerable means, which he left divided among his widow, sons and daughters. He was a man of sterling integrity and a worthy citizen in every respect. He was a patriotic Irishman, and up to his last moments cherished the warmest affection for his native land, and took a deep interest in every movement calculated to promote her welfare. May he rest in peace.—COM.

LONDON, May, 14.—The captain of the steamship City of Hamburg, which arrived at Swansea to-day from Hamburg, reports that on yesterday afternoon his vessel collided in the fog off Trevose Head, Cornwall, with the ship Countess Evelyn, bound with passengers and iron ore, fom Bilboa, Spain, to Newport, Wales. The captain and mate of the Countess Evelyn jumped aboard the City of Hamburg. Ninety seconds later the Countess Evelyn went under with her crew of sixteen, and nine passengers. Boats were lowered at once from the City of Hamburg. A search for the vessel was almost useless. A seaman was picked up, but he died a few minutes after. The dead body of a little girl was found.

Steamship Atana arrived at Cardiff to day damaged. Yesterday was in collision with an unknown ship off Lunday Isle. Atana's captain thinks the other vessel went down with all on board.

LONDON, May 16.—John Redmond says the newly revived story about the reconciliation of the Irish parties is absolutely untrue. "There have been absolutely no negotiations between Mr. McCarthy and myself," said he, "and there is not the remotest idea of a reunion. Our position is quite unchanged.

HALIFAX, May 16.—Pickford & Black received a despatch yesterday from Burgeo, Nfld., that their steamer Havana, which left here Friday, for Cape Breton and Newfoundland ports has been wrecked. The disaster was occasioned by a line getting round her propellor as she was making the wharf at Burgeo, and which rendered the steamer helpless and there being a heavy sea running, she drifted on the rocks and stove a hole in her bottom. When the tide fell she rolled over on her side, filled and became a total wreck. The crew and part of her cargo were saved. The ship was valued at $40,000, and insured for $33,500; $20,000 of which was in Halifax offices; $12,500 in Boston Marine, and the balance in foreign offices. The Havana was 471 tons gross. Built at Hantsport in 1891.

SQUIRE TAPLEY SPEAKS.

The ex-Police Magistrate of Old Portland City

GIVES EVIDENCE IN AN IMPORTANT MATTER NOW BEFORE THE PUBLIC.

There is no more familiar figure in St. John than ex-Police Magistrate Tapley, who for so many years presided over the court of the old city of Portland. Squire Tapley, as he is familiarly styled by everybody, has been very ill, and in fact says himself that he had at one time not much hope of regaining his health. But today he is well again and able to attend to the duties of his office without fatigue or exhaustion. It has been stated that this remarkable change which had been noticed and commented on by all the friends and acquaintances of Squire Tapley, was due to the use of Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic and Hawker's liver pills.

On Wednesday last Manager Russel of the Hawker Medicine Co. invited a Sun reporter to join him in a call on Squire Tapley and ascertain if this statement were true. They were heartily greeted by the venerable magistrate, and he spoke freely regarding his cure. It is absolutely true, he said, and the case could not be put too strongly, that Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic and Hawker's liver pills had restored him to health and vigor from a state so serious that it had caused both himself and his friends the greatest anxiety. Loss of appetite, weakness, nervous prostration, sleeplessness, and a general breaking down and decay of vital powers were, in brief, the symptoms; but they had all vanished under the influence of these wonderful restorative remedies. He began to take Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic and Hawker's liver pills about two months ago. Within a week after beginning their use, he was frequently stopped on the street and asked the secret of the marvellous change in his manner and appearance. To all such enquiries he had but one answer: Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic and Hawker's liver pills had wrought the miracle. That was two months ago, and today, after having used about eight bottles of tonic and two boxes of pills, at a cost of only $4 50, Squire Tapley declares himself a new man. His appetite returned, his sleep is restful and refreshing and he feels thoroughly renewed and invigorated in every respect.

"You may use these statements freely," said Squire Tapley to Manager Russell. "I feel that I ought to recommend Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic and Hawker's liver pills; and I am doing it every day. Many of my friends are using them on my recommendation. In fact I consider these remedies the best in the world."

Fellow sufferer, here is encouragement for you. Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic is a perfect nerve restorer and invigorator, and blood and flesh builder, as well as a valuable stomach tonic and aid to digestion. It is a certain cure when faithfully used for all diseases arising from nerve exhaustion, weakened or impaired digestion, or an impoverished or impure state of the blood, such as nervousness, weakness, nervous headache, sleeplessness, neuralgia, partial paralysis, St Vitus Dance, loss of memory, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, hysteria, and the prostrating effects of la grippe or any nerve weakness of heart or brain arising from worry, overstrain of mind or body, or excesses of any nature.

Hawker's tonic is especially adapted to diseases peculiar to women, giving tone to the nerves, vigor to the mind and body, and restoring the bloom of health to the pale and delicate.

These remedies can be obtained of all druggists and dealers, or direct from the Hawker Medicine Co., St. John, N. B. Postpaid to any address on receipt of price as follows: Tonic, 50c. per bottle, or 6 bottles for $2.00; pills, 25c. per box.

DIED.

At Hope River, on the 2nd inst., after a short illness, Bridget, the beloved wife of Thomas Conroyre, in the 80th year of her age. May her soul rest in peace.

At Blooming Point, Lot 36, on the 14th April of consumption, after an illness of four months, which he bore with christian fortitude to the Divine Will, Allan James Beaton, in the 22nd year of age. Deceased was an exemplary young man, who gained the respect and esteem of all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. His remains were interred at St Bonaventure's church, on the 16th April followed by a large concourse of people. Requiescat in pace.

CONCORD, N. H., May 16.—Frank Almy, the murderer of Christie Warden, was hanged here this morning. The execution was a bungle, as the rope was too long, and his feet touched the floor when he went through the drop. He was strangled to death. Ex-Sheriff Bringham conducted the execution.

A gratifying success:—The demand for Beer Bros Dress goods Mantles and Millinery this spring is such that their large staff of 22 persons can scarcely keep pace with it.

Markets.

CH'TOWN PRICES, MAY 16.

Beef, (quarter) per lb	$0.05 to $00.7
Beef (small) per lb	0.07 to 0.12
Mutton, per lb	0.07 to 0.12
Ham, per lb	0.15 to 0.16
Fowls, per pair	0.50 to 0.60
Butter, (fresh)	0.18 to 0.20
Butter (tub)	0.17 to 0.19
Celery, per bunch	0.05 to 0.00
Chickens	0.40 to 0.50
Eggs, per doz	0.10 to 0.12
Ducks, per pair	0.55 to 0.00
Mutton, carcass	0.05 to 0.06
Lard	0.14 to 0.00
Oats	0.34 to 0.00
Pork, carcass	0.6½ to 0.07
Flour, per cwt	2.60 to 0.00
Oatmeal (black oats) per cwt	2.30 to 2.50
Oatmeal (white oats) per cwt	2.50 to 2.75
Hides	0.2½ to 0.3½
Calf skins (trimmed)	0.06 to 0.00
Sheep pelts	0.60 to 1.0 80
Straw (per load)	1.50 to 2.00
Potatoes	0.25 to 0.27
Turnips	0.11 to 0.00
Lamb skins	0.25 to 0.30
Cabbage, per head	0.03 to 0.06
Hay, per 100 lbs	0.55 to 0.60

TO LET.

A double tenement, on Dorchester Street nearly opposite the Catholic Cathedral thoroughly repaired and newly plastered. Rent moderate. Possession 1st of June. Apply at office of Trustees Connolly Estate, Queen Street. may 17—2.

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until the 25th inst. from parties willing to contract for the building of a double tenement house, on Dorchester Street, according to plans and specification to be seen at their office, Queen Street.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. A. MACDONALD,
E. W. SULLIVAN,
FREDERICK PETERS,
Trustees late Owen Connolly.

may 17—2i.

WANTED.

A Reliable person in every town to take the exclusive agency of the "World's Columbian Exposition Illustrated," Authentic organ of the Fair. Established 1892. Great opportunity to make money for the next year. One chance in a lifetime. Enclose 10 cents in Stamps for sample copy and full particulars.

J. R. CAMPBELL, Pres.,
180 Adams St., Chicago, Ill

Our Stock of Ready-made clothing and hats is now complete, and we can say that there has never been a finer or larger assortment shown in this city. We invite inspection, and you will see for yourself that for quality, quantity and style our display has never been surpassed.

MORAT WOOLEN CO.

DR. DORSEY,

Physician and Surgeon,

Graduate of the Medical Department of University of the City of New York, late Member of the Resident Staff of Bellevue Hospital and the New York Lying-in Hospital New York City.

OFFICE, NORTH SIDE OF QUEEN SQUARE
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

RESIDENCE—Near corner King and Queen Streets, Charlottetown
May 10—3m.

Freehold Farm For Sale.

90 Acres of good land near Harmony Station, Lot 45, on west side of Souris Line Road. About 50 acres cleared, lately occupied by Lauchlan McDonald will sell cheap. Apply to

ÆNEAS A. MACDONALD,
Barrister, &c.

h'town, aug 24—tf.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

Epps's Cocoa

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors bills It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets, by Grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London England.

HEAD ST. PETER'S BAY

VISITORS to St. Peter's will find comfortable quarters at Mrs. Fraser's, five minutes walk from the Railway Station. Excellent accommodations provided for permanent and transient boarders.

Head St. Peter's Bay, May 10, 1893—1m.

MAIL CONTRACTS.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, 7th July next for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, between:—

Bloomfield Station & Railway Station, 6 times per week.
Caledonia and Irls, Twice (2) per week.
Kinkora and Railway Station, 12 times per week.
New Haven and Riverdale, Twice (2) per week.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen, and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Terminal Post Offices of each route, and at this office

F. DE ST. C. BRECKEN,
Asst. P. O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Charlottetown, P. E. Island,
28th April, 1893. 2i

No Failure

WHEN

Woodill's German Baking Powder

IS USED IN

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Blank books, bill heads and receipts Forms in the best style, printed at the Herald Office

FARM ON LOT 29 FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 22nd day of MAY inst., at the hour of 2 o'clock, p. m., on the premises, 50 acres of land situate on Melville Road, Lot 29, lately occupied by John Gorman. This is an excellent farm in first class condition.

JAMES J. JOHNSTON,
Attorney-at-law.

Ch'town, May 17, 1893.—1i

J. B. MACDONALD & CO.,

Has opened an entire new Stock of Men's and Boys Clothing. You should see our men's pants for $1. Men's and Boys hard and soft felt Hats and caps, White and Colored Shirts very cheap, Flannellette and all the latest makes in colored shirts 30 dozen new Spring Ties, 20 doz. colored Silk Handkerchiefs, new Prints, grey and white cotton, Cottonades, &c., special value. Another lot of Goods in a few days.

Rooms over the Dominion Boot and Shoe Store.

The Dominion Boot & Shoe Store always leads with the choicest Stock of Men's, Women's & Childrens Boots, Shoes & Slippers. We are daily opening new goods and can sell you the very best goods for the least money of any house in the trade. Always buy of us and you will save money.

J. B. MACDONALD & CO,
WEST SIDE QUEEN STREET CH'TOWN.

WONDER IN WELLAND!

A Representative Farmer Speaks.

MR. C. C. HAUN.

The following remarkable facts are fully certified to as being undeniably correct in every particular. Mr. Haun is well known in the vicinity, having resided here over fifty years, and is highly respected as a man of the strictest honor, whose word is as good as his bond.

As will be seen from his letter, four physicians had attended him, and it was only after he had given up hope of cure that he decided to try Burdock Blood Bitters on the recommendation of a neighbor who had been cured of a similar disease by its use. Mr. Haun writes as follows:

DEAR SIRS,—I think I have been one of the worst sufferers you have yet heard of, having been six years in the hands of four of our best doctors without obtaining permanent relief, but continually growing worse, until almost beyond hope of recovery, I tried your Bitters and got relief in a few days. Every organ of my body was deranged, the liver enlarged, hardened and torpid, the heart and digestive organs seriously deranged, a large abscess in my back, followed by paralysis of the right leg, in fact the lower half of my body was entirely useless. After using Burdock Blood Bitters for a few days the abscess burst, discharging fully five quarts of pus in two hours. I felt as if I had received a shock from a powerful battery. My recovery after this was steady and the cure permanent, seeing that for the four years since I have had as good health as ever I had. I still take an occasional bottle, not that I need it but because I wish to keep my system in perfect working order. I can think of no more remarkable case than what I have myself passed through, and no words can express my thankfulness for such perfect recovery.

C. C. HAUN,
Welland P.O.

In this connection the following letter from T. Cummiss, Esq., a leading druggist of Welland, Ont., speaks for itself:

Messrs. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto.

GENTLEMEN,—I have been personally acquainted with Mr. C. C. Haun for the last 20 years, and have always found him a very reliable man. You may place the utmost confidence in anything he says with regard to your medicine. He has on many occasions within the last four years told me that it was marvellous the way the Burdock Blood Bitters had cured him, and that he now felt as able to do a day's work as he ever felt in his life. Although quite well he still takes some B. B. B. occasionally, as he says, to keep him in perfect health.

Yours truly,
THOMAS CUMMISS,
Welland, Ont.

The steadily increasing sale of B. B. B., the length of time it has been before the people, and the fact that it cures to stay cured, attest the sterling merit of this monarch of medicines, the people's favorite blood purifier, tonic and regulator.

LET THE

HERALD PROCLAIM

we have just had made up a large assortment of

HEAVY,
SOLID
PLAIN GOLD
WEDDING RINGS.

R. W. TAYLOR,
Cameron Block.

Black Diamond Knox

WILL stand at Schurman's machine yard, North Side Market House until further notice. For particulars enquire of the owner.

C. LEAR.

April 5, 1893—2m

HOUSE CLEANING.

KALSOMINES, all colors,
READY MIXED PAINTS, all colors,
Whitings, Red & Yellow Ochre,
TINTINGS, Pink, Yellow, Green and blue,
Paints, Oils, Varnishes. Japans. Stains, Turpentine.
A full line of BRUSHES.

Fennell & Chandler.

New Carpets, New Clothing, New Hats.

We are to the front with a large stock of Carpets, ready-made Clothing, and we will sell them cheap; we received 5 bales New Carpets by last trip of S. S. Stanley, also six cases ready-made clothing. Suits from the cheapest makes to the highest grades.

JAMES PATON & CO.,
168 VICTORIA ROW.

JOHN MACLEOD & CO.,

NOW IS THE TIME.
NOW IS THE TIME.
to buy
SPRING OVERCOATS
SPRING OVERCOATS
25 NEW SHADES
25 NEW SHADES
Just received
Just received
AT JOHN McLEOD & CO'S.
AT JOHN McLEOD & CO'S.
NEW HATS
NEW HATS
NEW STYLES
NEW STYLES
CHRISTIE'S LONDON
CHRISTIE'S LONDON
CLERICAL SUITS
CLERICAL SUITS
CLERICAL SUITS
a specialty.
GENT'S GLOVES
GENT'S GLOVES
Fashionable shades
Fashionable shades

sizes from 7¼ to 10,
sizes from 7¼ to 10,
AT JOHN McLEOD & CO'S.
AT JOHN McLEOD & CO'S.
NEW SUITINGS
NEW SUITINGS
In great variety
In great variety
AT JOHN McLEOD & CO'S.
AT JOHN McLEOD & CO'S.
NEW TROUSERINGS
NEW TROUSERINGS
in endless variety
in endless variety
AT JOHN McLEOD & CO'S.
AT JOHN McLEOD & CO'S.
NEW TIES,
NEW TIES,
call early
call early
AND GET FIRST CHOICE
AND GET FIRST CHOICE

JOHN MACLEOD & CO.,

THE BEST TESTIMONY.

GREAT interest is being manifested by farmers throughout the Island over the success of our Northwest Fife Wheat. No new introduction has attracted so much attention since we first imported White Russian Wheat from Ontario, ten years ago. A variety that will yield as well or better than White Russian and mature fully as early, beside possessing immensely superior milling qualities ought to attract attention. This is the record our Northwest Red Fife made for itself last year. THE TEST OF GROWTH IS THE BEST TEST, AND THE TESTIMONY OF THE FARMERS WHO GREW IT IS THE BEST TESTIMONY.

Here are a few of the yields reported:

Wm. Heard Esq., Ch'town,	raised 70	bush.	on 2	acres.	
Hon. D. Ferguson, Marshfield,	" 240	"	" 8	"	
F. Bain, Esq., North River,	" 200	"	" 7	"	
Chas. Palmer, Esq., Ch'town,	" 60	"	" 2	"	
John Richards, Esq. Bideford,	" 28	"	" 1	"	
S. F. Drake, Esq., Pownal,	" 32	"	" 1	"	

and many others report yields equally as good. All who raised Northwest Fife last year can now sell to their neighbors at 20 to 25 cents per bushel over price of other kinds of wheat. The leading farmers and largest growers of Wheat for Seed, are already securing supplies for their spring's seeding from our new importation, and the demand promises to far exceed the supply.

REMEMBER—All our Northwest Fife Wheat is selected by experts employed by the Canadian Pacific Railway, who know where the best wheat is to be had, and have sent us the very best procurable. Each carload is inspected by the Government Inspector at Winnipeg and we hold the certificates. Each bag is marked in Red letters "No. 1 Hard Red Fife Wheat from the Canadian Northwest."

For sale at our seed store and by leading Merchants in every important business centre in P. E. Island. Price 3.50 per bag

GEO. CARTER & CO.,

Grocers & Seedsmen, 136 Queen Street.

Charlottetown March

There is Nothing that Fits a Man Like His Skin.

Next to that his linder, next to that clothing made by D. A. Bruce. We have a bewildering array of cloths from the best manufactures to select from.

If you never had the pleasure of wearing a garment made by us, give a trial order and you will be pleased with price and workmanship.

If you want a hat or anything in men's wear remember we have the newest shapes and best value in the city.

Readymade clothing of OUR OWN MANUFACTURE; better value than imported suits at $6.75 and upwards.

D. A. BRUCE,
MERCHANT TAILOR.

Three Gates.

If you are tempted to reveal
A tale some one to you had told
About another, make it pass,
Before you speak, three gates of gold.

These narrow gates—First: "Is it true"
Then: "Is it needful?" In your mind,
Give truthful answer. And the next
Is last and narrowest: "Is it kind?"

And if to reach your lips at last
It passes through these gateways three,
Then you may tell the tale, nor fear
What the result of speech may be.

The Song My Mother Sings.

Oh sweet unto my heart is the song my mother sings
As eventide is brooding on its dark and noiseless wings.

Every note is charged with memory—every memory bright with rays
Of the golden hours of promise in the long ago of childhood's days.
The orchard blooms anew and each blossom scents the way,
And I feel again the breath of eve among the new mown hay,
While thro' the halls of memory in happy notes there rings
All the life-joy of the past in the song my mother sings.

I have listened to the dreamy notes of Mendelssohn and Listz,
As they dripp'd and droop'd about my heart and filled my eyes with mist.
I have wept strong tears of pathos 'neath the spell of Verdi's power,
As I heard the tenor voice of grief from out the donjon tower,
And Gounod's choruses are full of notes sublime
That stir the heart with rapture thro' the sacred pulse of time;
But all the music of the past; and the wealth that memory brings
Seem as nothing when I listen to the song my mother sings.

It's a song of love and triumph, it's a song of toil and care,
It is filled with chords of pathos and it's set in notes of prayer;
It is bright with dreams and visions of the days that are to be,
And as strong in faith's devotion of the hear beat of the sea.
It is linked in mystic measure to sweet voices from above,
And is starr'd with ripest blessing thro' a mother's sacred love.

O sweet and strong and tender are the memories that it brings,
As I list in joy and rapture to the song my mother sings.

—Thomas O'Hagan in Toronto Globe

SALLY CAVANAGH,

—OR—

The Untenanted Graves.

A TALE OF TIPPERARY

BY CHARLES J. KICKHAM.

CHAPTER IV.—(CONTINUED.)

'I can scarcely say; but she is very amiable. She linked her arm in his, but seeing his lip curl as she did so, withdrew it quickly, and, bowing her head, walked on in silence. He did her injustice then. It was not coquetry that prompted the act. In fact, the incidents of the last hour had roused her to *feel*; and just then her better nature almost predominated over the calculating worldliness which was the ruling characteristic of her disposition. At this particular time she wavered between two suitors. One was the son of a wealthy tallow-chandler, who had purchased an estate in the neighborhood, and was 'doin' the fox-hunting squire in great sty'e. The other was a young officer, who would be the heir-at-law of the Grindem Hull property if *Mr.* Oliver Grindem should not marry. That 'if' made Miss Evans pause. If it were not for it the young officer's victory over his rival would be easy.

But certain chords in her heart, which she thought she could control at will, began to vibrate unbidden, as she walked along that well-remembered mountain road, with Brian Purcell for escort. She almost feared that if he wooed at that moment he would win. And were there no chords vibrating unbidden in his heart? If not, why the compressd lip, and the fixed look, betoking *resolution?* And when her shawl slipped from her shoulder, and he essayed to adjust it, and when she turned round and looked into his eyes what did she see in them that caused her pale cheek to flush, and made her press her gloved hand over her lips to hide the smile of pleasure and triumph with which they trembled?

The family evinced considerable astonishment at seeing Brian at that hour of the morning, accompanied by one with whom they knew he had not been familiar for years. His sister Kate looked troubled, too; but his quiet manner of explaining the matter set her at rest. Miss O'Gorman felt quite agitated, and shrank before the penetrating look which the cold, haughty beauty fixed upon her.

'How lonely we'll all be after you, Fanny,' said Brian, regarding the graceful little figure, cosily wrapped up for traveling, with a look of affectionate regret.

Fanny's soft eyes filled with tears, as she tried to say cheerfully: 'You know I'm to come soon again.' But little Fanny's tears fell down her round cheeks for all that.

Miss Evans glanced quickly from one to the other. She moved her chair with an impatient jerk as she fancied that Brian had observed her; and nathless the scornful curl of her lip, disclosing the ivory-white teeth, there was a shadow on her brow as she gazed into the crackling wood fire with that peculier look betokening deep thought. So absorbed was she that Fanny and Miss Purcell had left the room to see to a refractory traveling-bag that would not shut, without her being aware of their absence. On discovering that she was alone with Brian Purcell, Miss Evans cast one hurried glance around and rose to her feet. Brian had been standing all the time, with his arms folded.

'Brian!'

He started; for the voice, and the look that accompanied it, were exactly what they used to be. She needed no verbal assurance that he was attending to her.

'Am I forgiven?' she asked.

'Yes,' he replied, 'of course—that is, if there was anything to forgive.'

'But—but—may we not meet as we used to do—as in old times?'

Oh! that rosy smile, said the fond look, quickly veiled by the drooping lids! And, oh! the plaintive music in which she uttered the heart-exulting words, 'old times!' Brian wavered, irresolutely; but just then the door opened, and he answered 'No.' Miss Evans turned quickly towards the door, and the tearful eyes of Fanny O'Gorman met hers. At that moment it was announced that the carriage was ready, and Miss Evans was hastily leaving without saying 'Good-by' to anyone. Fanny moved aside to let her pass, but she stopped and held out her hand; Fanny placed hers in it, and the queenly beauty drew the shrinking little maiden towards her, and stooping, kissed her cheek. Before Fanny had recovered from her surprise, the carriage was whirling at a rapid pace along the avenue.

'Good-by, Brian.'

'Good-by, dear little Fanny, and don't forget Christmas.'

He pressed her hand, and was securing the rug about her feet when his father jerked the reins impatiently, touched the horse with the whip, and they were gone. Brian *did* feel lonely; but after *which* vehicle did his thoughts go as he watched the moon going down behind the mountain? Fortunately, he just then remembered his promise to Connor Shea, and ordered his horse to be saddled at daybreak that no time might be lost. He would ride over himself and inform Sally Cavanagh of little Neddy's departure for America, and endeavor to assure her (as Connor begged he would) that, 'with the help of God, it was all for the best.'

Reflecting upon this changed the current of his thoughts. They turned neither to the right nor the left of the Fingerpost to follow the faultless idol of his youth, or the gentle maiden whom, something whispered to him, he had not prized at her real worth, but by the Gap, and on with that sorrowful cavalcade, on to the sea. He pondered over the dismal theme—the Exodus of the Gael—deeply and long. And nothing but trust in an all-wise Providence enabled Brian Purcell to avoid the conclusion that we were a doomed race.

CHAPTER V.

It was on the third or fourth day after Fanny's departure that Kate Purcell had a letter from her. After reading it, Kate fixed her eyes on Brian, as if she would read him, too.

He held a letter, directed to his father, in his hand, trying, as his sister thought, to decipher the motto on the seal.

Kate's scrutinizing look deepened to one of displeasure as she said, reproachfully, ''Pon my word, the outside of that letter appears to have more interest for you than the contents of this.'

Brian tossed the missive on the table, and placed his hand on his sister's arm to prevent her from putting the little rose-tinted billet into her writing desk.

'Read it for me,' said he, 'or, if it is not 'crossed,' let me read it myself'

'My Darling Kate—*My* worst forebodings, I fear, will be realized. I told you that horrid postscript in aunt Sarah's unwelcome letter meant mischief. She has not the least compassion for me, but tells me 'to make up my mind,' and ''tis a happy girl I ought to be.' Oh! my own darling Kate! I could find it in my heart to hate her for want of sympathy, and so I would, I think, only for her love for you and every one at dear Ballycorrig. She inquired most particularly about every one. She wanted to know particularly about Coolbawn, and whether the house was kept in repair. She appeared pleased when I told her it was, and that Brian stops there in the harvest and spring. then began to tell her all you told me about your uncle, who died a young man and left his farm to your mamma—when, to my surprise, the dear soul burst out crying. What do you think, Kate? he proposed for her, and she says he was the only one of her admirers she ever cared for. Now I can understand why dear aunt Sarah rejected so many suitors, and why she loves your mamma so much. We had a pleasant party last evening, but I'll give you a full description of it in my next; it is too near post hour now. *Mr.* M. was as complimentary as usual. Dear Kate, I don't think it is entirely on account of papa's wealth—but no matter. His aristocratic sisters killed me with condescension. How I hate condescension! The servant is going with the letters—I must break off. With fond love to every one at dear Ballycorrig, dearest Kate, your ever affectionate and attached friend,

"FANNY O'GORMAN.

"Templeview, Dublin.

'P. S.—Have you seen Miss Evans since? I thought her strange, but she is really beautiful. I hope Brian is well.'

'I can't exactly make out her meaning,' said Brian, laughing, 'except that bit of romance about her aunt. I wonder can it be true?'

'Is it about Fanny's aunt you are talking?' said his mother, who was in the act of placing a cold ham on the breakfast table.

'Yes, mamma,' replied Kate; 'she says that uncle Richard proposed for her aunt Sarah.'

'Is it really the fact, mother?' Brian asked, with some interest.

Their mother sat down near the window, and pressed her hands gently at each side of her white cap, much after the manner in which Mr. Lorry used to arrange his wig. She was a quiet, handsome, benevolent-looking little woman, who spoke in a clear, decided tone of voice, which generally took people quite by surprise at first.

'It is, then, true,' she began somewhat abruptly. 'She was at my wedding; that was the first time he saw her. She was on a visit to Tom Maher's—father of the present man—and of course they brought her with them to the wedding. I suppose you know that one of the Miss Mahers married your father's second cousin. I'm told they're rolling in riches in America. Two of their sons are at school in France. Fine, dashing girls the Mahers were—five of them.'

'But what about uncle Richard and Miss Conway?'

'Why,' said Mrs. Purcell, in her decided way, 'he fell in love with her, and she fell in love with him. Now, do you know what about them?'

'But why were they not married, then?' said Kate.

'Well, I don't know,' said Mrs. Purcell compressed her lips and shook her head. 'There was foul play somewhere. Anonymous letters were sent to her and her friends, full of lies. She did not believe them, and wrote to Richard to say so, enclosing the letter in one of Henrietta Maher, as her friends intercepted their correspondence. He never got it. The end was, poor Richard died, and she never got her friends in this part of the country after. What a good little creature that Fanny is! The house is not the same since she left.'

'But, Kate, what are you thinking of? Here is your father and the toast not made yet.'

Kate and her mother set about preparing breakfast, and Brian handed his father the letter with the large seal.

Mr. Purcell put on his spectacles, and throwing back his head, and holding the letter at arm's length, read the superscription.

'I believe it is from Quill, sir,' said Brian.

'Read it,' said his father, tossing the letter towards him, and trying to look unconcerned.

'The money must be paid, sir,' said Brian, after glancing at the letter. 'There is no use in trying to put it off even for a week.'

'Hang the fellow, he'd be smashed long ago only for me, and there is my thanks,' exclaimed Mr. Purcell. 'When does he say he must have the money?'

'On Thursday,' said Brian; 'and the best thing you can do is to send the sheep to C——on Wednesday.'

'I'll lose ten shillings a head by selling them now—every farthing of it. I often paid the blackguard a year's rent in advance, and there's my thanks.' Mr. Purcell drew his chair to the breakfast table, and commenced to cut him slices from the ham. Kate poured out the tea, while Mrs. Purcell turned over the toast with her knife, and carefully selected the best done cuts for her husband. The meal passed in silence.

'By the way, sir,' said Brian, looking through the window, 'here is Tom Burke coming up the avenue, and perhaps you could agree with him about the sheep. By offering to keep them for him a month, he'll give a higher price than you expect at the fair.'

Tom Burke was a plain, simple looking man, in corduroy breeches and gray woolen stockings—the former always open at knees, and the latter, at least, fallen half way down his leg. *He* was the wealthiest cattle dealer in the district. Mr. Purcell opened his hall door himself, and ushered him into the parlor. He bowed to Mrs. Purcell and Kate, holding his hat in one hand, while the other was thrust down to the elbow into an inside breast pocket.

'Good morrow, Tom,' said Brian pushing a chair towards him; 'sit down.'

'Some commands I have for you from Liverpool,' said Tom Burke, pulling a huge purse from the breast pocket. 'Commands,' was Tom's word for everything in the shape of a message.

'Poor Connor Shea,' he continued, in a very feeling tone, considering the roughness of his appearance, 'that kem short o' money to pay his little boy's passage.' *His* listeners waited in some anxiety, while he fumbled at the bag with his clumy fingers. At length he abstracted a ring from among a bundle of bank notes, and handed it to Brian.

'I don't understand,' said Brian, examining the ring, which he saw was of some value.

'I don't know myself whet it's worth,' continued Tom Burke, 'but as poor Connor was always a manf I took his word for it. A watchmaker offered him nine pounds for it, he towld me, an' I gave him what he axed—five pounds—on condition of giving you the ring, which he hopes you'll keep till he'll be able to release it. At the same time, you needn't hurry yourself about the five pounds, as it will do whenever you find it convenient.

The ring was examined by every one present, and many surmises were ventured to account for how it could have come into Connor Shea's possession. Brian was more puzzled than any of them. The matter was cut short by Mrs. Purcell, who declared emphatically that Connor Shea 'got the ring honestly, however he got it.'

'And now, Tom,' said Mr. Purcell, 'as you're here come and take a look at a lot of sheep I'm going to send to the fair on Wednesday.'

'Who's this in the tax-cart?' *Mr.* Purcell asked, as he was passing round to the farm-yard.

'This is Captain Dawson about the horse,' said Brian in reply. 'Don't sell more than fifty of the sheep.'

'Don't part with your horse,' said his father.

'He offered me eighty, and I said he might have him for a hundred. Of course, I won't break my word; and besides, you know 'tis unlucky to refuse a good offer.' And Brian hurried to the door, and shook hands cordially with a dashing looking young man equipped for the hunting field.

'The governor must be a particular friend of yours,' said Captain Dawson, laughing.

'Who, Mr. Grindem?'

'Yes. He wouldn't listen to reason; refused point-blank to let me give a hundred for a hunter till I told him 'twas your horse I was buying.'

'He knew he was worth the money, and more,' said Brian.

But the truth was, Brian Purcell mounted upon this same horse, was a sight that often disgusted Mr. Grindem, and to this fact his nephew owed the cheque which he now placed on the table. Connor Shea's ring happened to be on the same table, and Captain Dawson took it up carelessly to look at it. He laid it down hastily, with a look of extreme bewilderment, and his face flushed scarlet as his coat when he saw Brian put the ring in his waistcoat-pocket. As Captain Dawson was usually rather taciturn no one noticed that he never opened his lips while the hunter was being saddled, and that he mounted him and rode away like a man in a dream.

As Brian held Mr. Oliver Grindem's cheque for $100 between his fingers, while Tom Burke was pushing a sheaf of notes towards his father, saying as he did so, 'Your health, Mr. Purcell (for Tom had a tumbler of grog in his left hand); 'tis too much I'm giving you'—he could not help thinking of the handsome sum which was to his father's credit in the National Bank five years ago. But, as this was a gloomy subject to dwell upon, Brian called his greyhounds and set out for his farm at Coolbawn.

CHAPTER VI.

His mother and sister, as was their wont, followed him with their eyes till he reached the larch grove about the 'high field' beyond which the view from the house did not extend in the direction of Coolbawn. Whether on foot or on horseback, Brian was thus lovingly watched every time he left home. In fact, Mrs. Purcell was often seen to hurry from her dairy, or wherever else she might be—impatiently breaking from any one that might chance to interrupt her—for no earthly purpose but to gaze after the manly form of her son. On these occasions she usually stood drawn up to her full height, with her arms akimbo, and, altogether, we must admit, with an air of consequence, as if she rather looked down on the world in general.

The larch grove remorselessly swallowed Brian up, and his mother sat down by her daughter's work-table. It was evident there was something on the good woman's mind that troubled her, for she pressed her hands on her cap several times, rubbed the smooth lid of Kate's writing desk, twisted the thick gold ring on her finger, and at length spoke.

'There's something on his mind this week past,' said Mrs. Purcell. Kate looked up. Mrs. Purcell must have construed the look into an inquiry as to whom she was speaking of, for she went on, emphatically, as usual:

'Brian, Brian, Brian—now do you know? I say there's something on his mind. Could it be that—that'—Mrs. Purcell paused, or rather stopped, for she found herself on the point of uttering something uncharitable.

'That what, mamma?'

'That Miss Evans—now do you know?' Kate now did know very well. Perhaps she had been turning the same subject over in her own mind during the past few days.

'I always thought Brian Purcell was too high-spirited to go sneaking after people who gave themselves such airs. The upstarts?'

Kate reddened to the temples at the bare notion of Brian's not being 'high-spirited.' But she felt bound to remonstrate.

'Now, mamma, they are not upstarts, at all events.'

''Tis all the same,' said Mrs. Purcell, 'they were poor, and they got rich, and the people they were glad to set their traps for (meaning Mr. Brian Purcell, of course) while they were poor, they forgot that they ever know, now that they are rich.'

'Well, I don't see that it is so,' said Kate. 'All we can say is that Brian and Miss Evans have avoided each other. For my part I'm glad of it for Brian's own sake, for I don't think he would be happy with her. Perhaps he felt this himself, and was not sorry to break off her intimacy.'

This softened Mrs Purcell considerably, and she went on to tell what a very nice man, a perfect gentleman, indeed, Miss Evans' father was. Mrs. Evans was well enough, but not to be compared to her husband. Sure, she (Mrs. Purcell) ought to know them well, for they lived in the cottage joining our own bounds' at Coolbawn Sally Cavanagh lived with her father at the other side of the road—a snug little place but there's no sign of it now. Many an evening Andrew Evans spent at Coolbawn, and pleasant company he was. He was rather old when he married, and left a young widow and one child to mourn a good, kind husband and father. When Brian left college and decided on becoming a farmer (Mrs. Purcell was fond of alluding to the fact that her son had been 'at college') he used to spend more of his time at the cottage than was consistent with a close application to business. Then Andrew Evans' brother, who never spoke to him after his marriage with an 'inferior,' being childless himself, took it into his head to leave the greater part of his property to his younger brother's child and widow. Then the shy 'lily of the valley,' as Brian was pleased to call her, was sent to a fashionable boarding-school, whence she returned after two years and a half to dazzle by her beauty and talents all who came in her way. Then the cottage was given up for an imposing mansion, called Moorview House; and it was remarked that the cottage beauty was quite at home in boudoir and drawing-room, and her uncle's old coachman was heard to declare that horses 'came as natural to her as if she was bred, born, and reared among 'em.' And this Mrs. Purcell said in her own way, and broke off suddenly by asking whether Brian would stop for the night at Coolbawn. Kate replied that she was not sure, but probably he would. Whereupon Mrs. Purcell started up and set about packing a hamper, with a supply of viands, and Heaven knows what besides, enough to satisfy the wants of an ordinary mortal during a week's residence upon a desert island. The churn boy was sent round to Coolbawn with the hamper, and divers instructions concerning sheets that were to be 'well-aired,' and stockings and slippers, and a fire in the bedroom.

'You're sure you won't forget, now,' says *Mrs.* Purcell, thrusting a huge piece of 'shell' bread into the churn boy's hand. 'And bring me word did that fox do any more harm.'

All this put Mrs. Purcell into such a flurry, that she gave double the usual allowance of meal to six 'poor women' who sat, three at each side of the kitchen door, having first told them to 'be off out of that,' in a most peremptory manner.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

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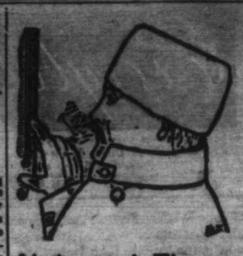

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