

INTECH (1984) associates

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THE ATHENS REPORTER
ATHENS, ONTARIO
JANUARY, 1925 - DECEMBER, 1926

MISSING PAGE LIST

1925

AUGUST 13, COMPLETE ISSUE MISSING

AUGUST 27, COMPLETE ISSUE MISSING

1926

AUGUST 12, COMPLETE ISSUE MISSING

CALENDARS - 1800 TO 2050

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FRANKVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Whiting motored from Colorado and spent the day with their cousin, Mrs. J. I. Smith.

Mrs. Dixon and daughter, Doris, of Brockville, spent the holidays with the former's sister, Mrs. A. E. Crummy.

Miss Mary Ann Nevens, who is not well, is being cared for by her niece, Mrs. Richard Cardiff.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Crummy and babe have arrived from the West to remain permanently.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Eaton spent Christmas with her mother, Mrs. Martin, of Seely's Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Montgomery and son, Fred, and daughter, Mrs. Martin and babe, of Winnipeg, spent Christmas in Smiths Falls.

Mrs. Martin left for her home on Monday, having spent the past three months with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Livingston and son, Douglas, of Ottawa, returned home yesterday after spending holidays with their respective parents.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Richards and Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Livingston.

Wilfred Livingston, science teacher at Fort William, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Livingston.

Harold B. Leverette, of Ottawa, spent the holidays with his mother, Mrs. G. M. Leverette.

Dr. and Mrs. Bert Wickware and two children, of Ottawa, spent holidays with Mrs. Adda Hanton, who accompanied them home on Sunday to spend New Year's.

Mrs. Throp and sons and daughter, Evelyn, of Kingston, spent Christmas with her son, Dr. W. E. and Mrs. Throp; the sons returned on Saturday while Mrs. Throp and daughter remained for New Year's.

Allan, only son of Dr. and Mrs. W. E. Throp, was baptized on Sunday morning in the Methodist church.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Richards, Mr. and Mrs. Parker Richards, Mrs. Gallagher, Mrs. M. Livingston and brother, Roland Dowsley, spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. B. Barber, Plum Hollow.

Mr. Thos. Dowsley went to Gananoque last week to attend the funeral of his brother, David.

On Dec. 21 Mrs. Martin, of Winnipeg, had her baby baptized in St. Thomas church; name, William Stewart Arnold.

Mrs. E. Coad received word from her brother, Chas. J. Steen, that he intends leaving January 5th to spend a couple of months in California, principally at Long Beach, where his only daughter is married.

Mrs. Wesley Montgomery is quite ill; her daughter, Mrs. W. Chapman, of Athens, and Nurse Niblock are in attendance.

Mrs. Chas. Levetre had a radio installed as a Christmas gift by her brother, Harry Briggishaw, of Ottawa.

Oak Leaf

The pupils and teacher of Oak Leaf school entertained their parents to a dinner on December 19. After dinner the pupils gave a short programme and Santa with his treats visited the children.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Johnson have gone to Milwaukee for the Christmas season, a guest of their relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren and family spent their Christmas at Rockfield.

Mr. Singleton, Lyndhurst, is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. L. Green.

A number from here attended the concert given in the town hall, Athens, under the direction of Mrs. V. O. Boyle.

On Dec. 6 a baby girl, Marion Margaret, was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. Eyre.

CEDAR GROVE

Cedar Grove, Dec. 22.—The patrons of Farmers' Union cheese factory held their annual meeting on Thursday with a large attendance. The officers gave a good report and the patrons were all well pleased with the year's business.

The retiring officers were all re-elected: A. Ennis, manager and salesman; Mrs. John Forbes, secretary-treasurer; Messrs. Buck and Hutchins, auditors.

Instructor Dool, of Kemptville, was present and gave a very interesting address on the care of milk and the grading of cheese. A vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Dool for his very able address.

Mr. Waddell, of Ottawa, is spending a few weeks at the Grove, the guest of William Lines.

All are glad to know that George Hurlbert, who has been on the sick list for the past few weeks, is improving and expects to be out in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ennis intend leaving here on Tuesday for Homestead, Fla.

William Boyle has returned after having spent two years in the Northwest.

Mr. and Mrs. Ennis paid Prescott a visit on Friday.

Miss Stella Hough, of North Augusta, was visiting friends here last week.

Methodist S. S. Entertainment

From time out of mind the annual entertainment of the Methodist Sunday school has been held on Christmas night. Perhaps this date is most appropriate, for Christmas Day is par excellence the children's day, and to publicly sing and speak on this day of days seems to fill their cup of joy to the brim.

As is customary on such occasions, the programme was furnished entirely by the school, and demonstrated the possession of considerable talent, particularly noticeable because owing to the absence of the superintendent preparations did not get under way until within a fortnight of the event.

One feature of the evening was a pageant, entitled "A Christmas Fantasy," which contained eighty different players, and lasted about an hour and forty-five minutes from the time the curtain rose until it fell.

It portrayed a little child who, as the family slept, crept downstairs to wait for Santa Claus. But the Sandman steals in and sends her off to dreamland where she sees and hears many wonderful people, including the Christmas Spirit, the Christmas Star, the choiristers from the village choir, the Snow Fairy and Snowflakes, the Holly Girls, the Jingle-Bell Boys, the foresters who bring in the Christmas tree, and the Decoration Fairies who trim it, the Evergreen Club, the Star Girls, Miss Painsettia, the Christmas Stocking, the Postman who brings in the Christmas Box, the Christmas Cards, and the Christmas Stamp.

Lastly, old Santa Claus himself appears, much to the delight of the child, who runs contentedly off to bed. Many cleverly rendered recitations, solos, choruses and drills were included in the pageant. In addition to this number, other musical and literary selections completed a most interesting programme, and much credit is due Mrs. Wm. Towriss under whose direction it was staged.

Big Value for Your Money

It is said that the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal works on the principle that nothing but the best will do for its readers. The soundness of this policy is amply demonstrated in the rapidly growing subscription list of this great weekly. The public have been tempted by trashy weeklies at giveaway prices, but when it comes down to value for your money and a genuine Canadian flavor to your reading, the Family Herald and Weekly Star has no competitor. This year we see that the publishers are giving each subscriber whose subscription is received in time a large calendar for 1925 with a beautiful picture entitled "The Sale of Old Dublin," and a free entry to a contest in which ten thousand dollars will be awarded. The subscription price of the Family Herald is only Two Dollars a year.

CHARLESTON

Charleston, Dec. 29.—Mr. and Mrs. S. Kelsey are spending a part of the holiday season in Brockville with their daughter, Mrs. Runnet, and in Smiths Falls with their son Roy and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Stanley, Syracuse, spent Christmas with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Spence.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Halliday spent Christmas with the latter's mother, Mrs. W. Spence, Union Valley.

Mrs. Mulvenna and daughter, Miss Hattie, have closed their house here for the remainder of the winter and are with Mr. and Mrs. T. McConnell, Lyndhurst.

T. Prichard, Wilstead, spent Christmas with his daughter, Mrs. H. Webster.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Latimer and children, Delta, spent Christmas with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Latimer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. McKenney and children, Frankville, spent Christmas at the latter's old home here.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Johnson are in Milwaukee spending the holiday season with their sons, Drs. Arthur and Hubert Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Foster, after spending Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. E. Foster, Glen Morris, have gone on an extended trip to Toronto, Buffalo, Rochester and Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Heffernan spent Christmas at McIntosh Mills with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Leeder.

A number from here attended the Orangemen's dance at Athens on Friday night.

Paul Heffernan, Kingston, spent the past few days at Glen Morris with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Heffernan.

Hubert and Albert Beale, Queen's, Kingston, and Miss Kathleen Beale, of the Brockville Collegiate, are home for the holidays.

Choir Honors Mrs. Topping

The members of Athens Methodist Choir and their friends, about forty in all, met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Neff for a farewell social evening to Mrs. Topping, one of the choir members.

A highly enjoyable time was spent in games, contests and music followed by dainty refreshments. After these had been done ample justice, the appended address was read by Mr. G. E. Holmes, the presentation of a handsome leather club bag being made by Mrs. Morgan King.

The address is as follows:—
Dear Mrs. Topping:—
We, a little group, from your large circle of friends, are gathered together to-night for the express purpose of informing you, as far as mere words may express it, how much we regret to learn of your plans to remove from our midst.

To know you was to respect you as you always exercised the charm of a charitable tongue and a cheerful outlook in life.

In trouble you seemed always sympathetic and in our pleasure you always willingly cooperated.

This group will miss you in their church choir and social activities and will find your place hard to fill, selfishly speaking, we would have it otherwise.

In this connection we might quite aptly use the words of the Irishman who when he was asked in what part of Ireland he was born, replied, "sure I was born in Cork, I might have been born in Dublin but I wasn't consulted." That's the real point, we were not consulted.

"You rising moon that looks on" again,
How oft hereafter will she wax and wane;
How oft hereafter rising look for us
Through this same garden—and for one
in vain!" (Omar Khayyam-Rubaiyat)

Our village, particularly in summer somewhat resembles a large garden and we who remain will surely miss you in many ways but we must not let our selfishness blind us to your best interest, nor our reiteration of regrets spoil this evening for you. Better for us "Let's lay aside life's carking cares and entertain a cheerful disposition."

Believe us when we say that our best wishes for health happiness and prosperity go with you to your new field of work.

As a slight token of respect and good wishes we would ask that you would kindly accept this club bag.

Hoping as the war-time song went that you may be able to always; "Pack all your troubles in your old kit bag and smile, smile, smile!"

"When for a while we part,
This thought will soothe our pain,
That we shall still be joined in heart,
And one day meet again."

Signed on behalf of your Methodist choir associates,
G. E. Holmes.

Rear Yonge and Escott Council

Council met 3 o'clock after Nominations, members all present, minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

Accounts etc. ordered paid, J. R. Moore for work on road, Div. 6, \$5.00, Dr. J. F. Harte, M. H. and Indigent Officer \$133.75, C. G. Young, printing to date \$15.50, Johnson Morris for stone in div. 5 \$2.50, Claude Wiltse refunded on dog tax \$2.00, Delmer Cowle one award as sheep valuator \$2.50, Thos. G. Howarth refunded on stat. lab. \$6.00, Treasurer of Athens, High School debentures, \$1,351.07.

Minutes of meeting read and approved and Council adjourned.
R. E. Cornell, Clerk.

Ladies' Guild

The annual meeting of the Ladies' Guild of Christ Church Athens, was held on Tuesday afternoon, Dec. 30th, at the home of Mrs. J. H. Mulvena.

Splendid reports of the year's work were presented by the secretary and treasurer. The election resulted in all the officers being returned to office i. e. Hon. Pres., Mrs. V. O. Boyle; Pres. Mrs. E. M. Fair; Vice-Pres., Mrs. W. G. Parish, Mrs. S. Gifford, Mrs. T. Berney; Sec. Mrs. J. H. Mulvena; Treas. Mrs. Jas. McBratney.

After the business meeting delicious refreshments were served by Mrs. Mulvena which were greatly enjoyed by the members. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the officers for their efficient work during the year past.

ENJOYABLE ENTERTAINMENTS AT SCHOOLS

Programmes Are Presented by the Pupils.

Van Allan's Corners, Dec. 23.—Adams school was filled to capacity on Thursday evening, the 18th, when an eager and expectant audience enjoyed the concert with a well-arranged programme, under the management of the teacher, Clifford Holmes.

The presentation of a two-act play entitled "Dave's Baby", in which a number of the young people participated very capably, was appreciated. The characters were well sustained and the parts executed in splendid style. The personnel of the cast was as follows: Rex Manson (an old bachelor), Allan Thompson; Dave Thorne (a college chum of Rex), Albert Cater; Dorothy Thorne (17-year-old daughter called "Dave's Baby"), Dorothy Morris; "Bridget", the Irish housekeeper, and "Pete", the negro servant of Rex, Annie and Duncan McKee. The remainder of the programme consisted of recitations and short dialogues by the children. Roy Solleck, Jim Porter and Angus McKee delighted the audience with the "broom-stick" dance. Music was rendered by Melvin MacNilage, piano, and Fred Coyeau, violin.

At the conclusion of the concert Santa Claus arrived and took charge of the well-laden Christmas tree.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Cater, Albert, Jack and Miss Martha motored to Ottawa on Wednesday and spent the day.

Miss Gladys Craig, of Oxford Mills, was a recent guest of Miss Anna McKee.

Roy Torrance and George Wilson have returned home after having spent three months in Moose Jaw, Sask.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Thompkins and Rhea, of Heckston, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. G. Norton.

Mr. and Mrs. Basil MacNilage and Ray were at Ventnor to visit Mr. and Mrs. H. Ogilvie.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Solleck were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. Miller, Brockville.

Anniversary Services at Methodist Church

The 23rd Anniversary of the New Methodist Church, Athens, and the 35th Anniversary of the old Church will be celebrated next Sunday and Monday.

The Anniversary Preacher will be the pastor of Sydenham Street Methodist Church, Kingston, who is invited to the First Church, Winnipeg, for the next year. He is one of the outstanding men of Canadian Methodism, an aggressive Bible student, and strong preacher, attracting large numbers of Queens University Students to his church.

It is to be hoped that the Athens public and surrounding country will flock to hear him both times on Sunday and again in his platform address on Monday night.

Supper will be served on Monday night followed by a splendid literary and musical programme. Mrs. Townsend is a charming soloist, and the Athens public will welcome Mr. Horsefield of former days in the town in his musical numbers. The town's favorites will enhance the treat in the persons of Mrs. Wm. G. Towriss in her excellent readings, and the Misses Hazel Burns and Gwendolyn Wiltse. The orchestra under Mr. Crawford Slack are engaged to play for the programme. A large committee are supervising the arrangements for the supper, hoping the function so soon after the holidays may prove a fine send-off for the New Year.

Nominations Rear Yonge and Escott

The nomination meeting for the Township was held on Monday afternoon, Dec. 29th and the Council for 1924 were re-elected as follows:—

Reeve:—Walter J. Taber.
Councillors:—T. G. Howarth, W. J. Hamblin, G. A. Hayes, Wm. W. Eyre.

Sheldon's Corners

Miss Pearl Whitmore spent a few days with her sister Mrs. Westlake, Glen Buel.

Miss Maggy Kelly spent Christmas at J. Topping.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hays spent the holidays at Syracuse visiting their son Douglas and family.

S. Niblock and family spent Christmas with M. Stephens.

Miss Elva Whitmore made a flying visit home Wednesday afternoon.

Fred Hollingsworth and his Mother spent Christmas in Athens at Levi Wilsons with Mrs. Hollingsworth and Baby Beth.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Dillon spent Christmas at A. Young.

Mr. Vauce Foly and family spent the Christmas Mr. Judge.

Mrs. D. Bolton spent the Christmas holidays visiting her children in Syracuse. Master Benny Foley is spending his holidays with his grandmother.

CANADIAN WRITES OF PUBLIC HEALTH WORK IN COLOMBIA

Dr. D. B. Wilson Has Many Relatives at Bishop's Mills.

Bishop's Mills, Dec. 21.—Mr. and Mrs. N. Buck received a letter recently from their nephew, Dr. D. B. Wilson, of Bogota, Colombia, S.A., who has many relatives in this vicinity.

Dr. Wilson gives an interesting description of that part of South America, where he is engaged in the interests of the International Health Board, and his letter reads in part:

"At present I am down in South America, and it isn't too bad here. Of course we have to talk Spanish all the time. The two children talk more Spanish than English.

"I have 79 men working for me and not one can speak a word of English. We have a very fine home, built very similar to most Canadian homes, and it only takes 20 minutes from my office to the house. The government has given me four offices in the Capitol and we have ten branch offices in the country.

"The government pays part of the expenses here, and the Rockefeller Foundation the rest. My men are giving about 30,000 treatments a month and the number of patients is increasing. We are up about 9,000 feet above the sea level, so that we don't suffer from the heat, although we are quite close to the equator. The climate is, if anything, too cool. There are about 100 foreigners here, counting the English and Americans. We are the only Canadians here. Please give my best regards to all the Wilson family."

Mrs. W. S. Render, Main street east, was the recipient of a parcel of pomgranates from New Mexico, where her daughter, Mrs. Millar, resides.

King Nottell was the recipient on Wednesday of a turkey which was fattened in the wheat fields of Alberta, near Henna, where his son, John Nottell, resides. The bird was a fine specimen and tipped the scales at 25 pounds.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bradford and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Manley motored to Brockville on Saturday last.

A large congregation attended the United church services in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening. Rev. J. McAvoy, assisted by Rev. J. Leach, conducted the service. A special Christmas anthem was rendered by the United church choir, and also singing by the children of the Sunday school.

The death of Richard Tubman occurred at his home in Oxford township on Tuesday evening, December 16, after a brief illness. Deceased was 85 years of age, a native of Ireland, emigrating here with his parents in his youth, and followed the occupation of farming throughout his lifetime. His wife predeceased him on the first day of the present year.

His funeral was held on Friday in the Presbyterian church. Rev. J. McAvoy conducted the funeral service, assisted by Rev. J. Leach. He leaves to mourn his loss one daughter, Mrs. Oscar Thompson, who, together with her family, reside on the homestead.

Mrs. Elmer Swanson, of Saskatchewan, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Johnston.

Cecil Cassidy, of Chesterville, is a guest at the home of his brother, Edward Cassidy.

Ray Kerford, of Merrickville, was a town visitor on Sunday last.

A very successful school concert was held on Friday evening in the school house of the adjoining section, by the pupils under the direction of their teacher, Miss Wilson.

Successful Guessers

In the guessing contest for the Christmas Cake, at Coon's Bakery, Ada Gifford, Lloyd Earl and Ivan Dillabough were the successful guessers. The correct number in the glass was 584, Ada Gifford and Lloyd Earl guessing 583 and Ivan Dillabough had two guesses of 585. Miss Gifford took the two top stories while the two gentlemen divided the bottom.

MAYNARD

Maynard, Dec. 22.—Lyman Murray, of Napanee, is spending the Christmas holidays at the Methodist parsonage with his parents.

Mrs. C. A. Spicer returned home from Toronto on the 19th. She was called to the bedside of her son, Dr. S. L. Spicer, who was seriously ill in the hospital. He was considerably improved when she left.

Mrs. Howard Quartus and two little daughters as spending the festive season with her parents at Merrickville. Christmas concerts were held at Dulmage's school and also at Charlieville.

The pupils of Mr. Newman's school held a concert on Friday afternoon which was a decided success. W. H. Robinson very ably acted as chairman. The programme consisted of choruses by the school, readings, dialogues, exercises, instrumental duets by Mr. Newman and Stanley Saunders. Miss Olive Newman, of Spencerville, assisted by giving a humorous reading and also a monologue which was very pleasing.

At the close of the programme Santa Claus came and distributed presents from the well-laden tree. Visitors and pupils were delighted with the programme.

Hockey Schedule

The schedule of games in "group 2" are as follows:—
Delta at Athens—Jan. 1st
Athens at Lyndhurst—Jan. 3rd
Lyndhurst at Delta—Jan. 10th
Athens at Delta—Jan. 17th
Lyndhurst at Athens—Jan. 24th
Delta at Lyndhurst—Jan. 31st.

LANSDOWNE

Lansdowne, Dec. 27.—James Fodey, of Saskatchewan, is spending the holidays with his mother, Mrs. W. Fodey, Outlet, and other relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. James McDonald and family spent Christmas in Brockville. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Patience and daughter spent the holiday in Smiths Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCready, of Lyndhurst, spent the holiday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Leacock.

Mrs. Harry Randals, Morristown, N.Y., is spending the holidays at Fred McDonald's.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Sifton, Toronto, are at the home of the latter's mother, Mrs. Mitchell, Mitchellville, for the holidays.

George Hamilton went to Toronto on Christmas Eve for the holidays; Miss Hewitt to Smiths Falls; Mr. Curran to Hamilton; Mr. Fitzgerald to Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. Garnet Sheppard and son to Carleton Place.

The Lansdowne cheese and butter factory closed on Friday for the season.

Lansdowne, Dec. 24.—The high and public schools closed on Friday for the Christmas holidays and will not re-open until January 5, so the pupils will have two weeks to enjoy themselves. In all of the classes, entertainments were held to mark the closing of the schools.

Mrs. Claude Purvis and children, of Junetown, are spending Christmas with Mrs. Purvis' mother, Mrs. Foley.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Shields have rented the Beatty property and will take possession shortly.

Miss Nettie Landon spent a few days in Ottawa last week.

Miss Ruby Garbutt, of Queen's University, Kingston, was a recent guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Surplis.

Grier Johnston, of Trinity College school, Port Hope, is home for the holidays. He was accompanied by his friend, Harry Croft.

Mrs. Charles McNeil and son, Russell, of Hamilton, attended the funeral last week of Noah McNeil.

The Sunday school of Lansdowne and Fairfax congregations held a Christmas tree entertainment in the town hall on Monday evening. A large crowd attended.

The congregation of the Anglican church held a Christmas tree and entertainment in Mr. Senn's hall on Tuesday evening for the Sunday school children and their parents.

Patrick McDonald, Brockville, is spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James McDonald.

Sandy McDonald, Cardinal, is spending the holidays at Allen McDonald's.

John Landon has purchased the property of James Graham in the village.

Misses Fern Sturgeon, Gladys Graham, Eva Doak, Grace Beckstead, of Ottawa, Miss Elsie McNeil, Harold Burns, of Toronto; Forest Greef, Milton, are home for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Beauford Dillon and children, Gananoque, spent Christmas with the former's mother, Mrs. Dillon.

Mr. and Mrs. John Slack, of North Bay, are visiting the latter's mother, Mrs. Cochrane.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Lawson, of Ottawa, are visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Senn.

A. Mallory Shaw, Montreal, spent the holiday at the home of his mother, Mrs. A. W. Shaw.

Mrs. Sawyer and baby, Georgian Bay, are visiting Mrs. Sawyer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur McNeil.

Efficient Farming

PRUNING FRUIT TREES.

When speaking of pruning, the words "spring pruning" are generally used when "dormant pruning" is really meant. Much of this dormant pruning can be accomplished during the winter months and December is generally a good time to commence operations. At this season there is more slack time in the orchard than at any other. If pruning is left until spring, the rush of spring work often arrives before the trees are all worked over in the orchard. The habit of leaving the dormant pruning until early spring, as a rule, results in one of two things, either a continuation of operations long after the sap has begun to move, with consequent poor healing of wounds; or results in unavoidable slipshod work over a large part of the orchard due to a desire to finish the pruning and get at other important seasonal operations. By making a start in the early winter, working on days when climatic conditions are not too severe, the work can be completed early enough in the season to avoid interference with early spring duties.

In planning pruning operations it might be borne in mind that a light pruning each year will keep a tree in better condition than heavy pruning at less frequent intervals. Pruning recommendations to-day are radically different from those of a few years ago and those who are interested in the subject are advised to write to the Publications Branch, Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa, for a copy of bulletin No. 18 (new series), which deals with modern orchard practices, and outlines up-to-date pruning methods.

FACTS ABOUT BEE DISEASES.
There are comparatively few bee diseases and these few may be di-

vided into two classes, namely, those that attack the adult bees and those that attack the brood. Of the former there is but little known. The Isle of Wight disease, the cause of which has been recently found to be a mite located in the spiracles or breathing tubes of the bee, is so far unknown on this continent. Paralysis, another disease of adult bees, is of little importance in this part of the country. Bees affected by this ailment, the cause of which is unknown, tremble and have a dark, greasy appearance.

Diseases of the brood, however, are of much more concern to the beekeeper. The most important of these are: American Foulbrood, caused by an organism called Bacillus larvae, which will eventually destroy a colony unless man intervenes and treats it; European Foulbrood, caused by Bacillus pluton, which may be overcome by a strong colony; and Sacbrood, caused by an unknown, exceedingly minute organism.

The first two diseases every year cause very heavy losses throughout the country, and it should be each beekeeper's business to become familiar with the symptoms and the prescribed treatment for such. If he has no literature on the subject he may secure a copy of "Bees' Diseases" from the Bee Division at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. Great care is necessary in diagnosing as the application of the wrong treatment will spread the disease. Should the beekeeper have doubts, he should forward a sample of diseased brood to the Bee Division for analysis, and thus prevent making a costly error.

Bee diseases are a menace to bees only. The organisms which cause these diseases have no effect on human beings; therefore the consumer of honey need have no fear whatever when he hears of their existence.

TRAINING OUR CHILDREN

Thomas hurriedly turned out the contents of my sewing basket.

"Son, please don't muss my basket," I said.

"I had to, Mother, because my fishing tackle was in it. Button Brown and I are going down the railroad to fish in the hole."

"But," I said, "why don't you keep your fishing tackle in the box I gave you for it?"

"Oh," in an injured tone, "Sue took that for her doll trunk."

I sat down weakly. Crash! went a toy horse under my rocker.

"You've broken my horse, Mother. Never mind, I don't care so much anyway."

"He shouldn't have been on the floor, Tom."

"I forgot to put him up. Well, so long, Mother," and he went cheerfully off to the fishing hole.

I looked around the disordered room, the dear old room where we spend so many happy hours of sweet companionship—my boy and girl and I. "I must find some way to teach them to be orderly," I told myself.

"I spend so much time putting away their toys and clothes that I could devote to helping them in more important ways. Yet I just will not nag them about anything. I'd rather pick up after them, and even let them be untidy, than to spoil their joy in our home and their feeling of comradeship with me." I felt sure there was some way, and I found it; this story tells the tale.

When we were settled after our evening meal, we held a "Family Council," as we call it. "My dear audience," I began, in the make-believe way that we play so often, "I notice that this family, including myself, has fallen into bad habits."

"I am not smoking," began Tom.

"I haven't missed my spelling book twice this week," volunteered Sue.

"No, and I have not stolen a pig, nor dyed my hair green," I denied. "Still I insist that we as a family have a bad habit—one that wastes our time and makes our home look untidy."

"Oh, come, Mother, I can't think what it is," and Sue looked puzzled.

"I know!" Tom suddenly cried, "Mother means that we don't put our things in the right places after we use them. Sue, you go right straight and empty your doll rags out of my box."

"I guess I won't, Mister, till you give up my doll grip. Mother, he carried worms in it."

"Listen, children," I broke in, "Let's make a game of it. First, we will each put things in their proper places. Let's play that everything has a home and make it stay there, except when it is in use. After everything is home, the game will begin. If either of us leaves anything out, away from its proper place, the one who sees it may claim a pin as a forfeit, and the one who forgot must immediately put the article in its home."

How everybody flew around putting things away! In no time the room looked as neat as a pin. At first, no one got a forfeit, but the next morning, as Tom became very much interested in a book, Sue announced joyfully, "I claim a forfeit; your shoes are under the edge of the bed."

"I'll get you, Miss," grumbled Tom, as he gave her a pin, and he did.

"Pay me a forfeit for not emptying the bowl!" I heard him roar, a little later.

So it went on. I paid as many forfeits as the others, but I no longer spent half of my time putting things away or looking for lost articles.

Seed and Feed Analysis.

During the year ending March 31, last, as recorded in the report of the Dominion Minister of Agriculture for 1923-24, 41,291 samples of seed and feed were received and analyzed—the former for purity or germination and the latter for determination of ingredients—at the five laboratories conducted by the Dominion Seed Branch. Of the whole 2,864 samples were treated at the laboratory opened in Quebec last January, 14,892 at Ottawa, 8,831 at Toronto, 6,965 at Winnipeg, and 7,739 at Calgary. These samples come under the head of "Trade," referring to samples of seed sent in by merchants, farmers, and institutions; "Customs," referring to samples of seed taken from imported shipments by Customs officials; "Official," including both seed and feed samples taken by inspectors from lots which are sold or offered for sale and suspected of violating the Seeds Act or the Feeding Stuffs Act, on which prosecutions are based; "Feeding Stuffs," including all feeds, and in addition condiments and tonics sent in by farmers, merchants, and others who desire to know their approximate composition and value, and "Investigation," comprising all work of an experimental nature.

Canadian Seed Exhibit at Wembley.

Of especial value and interest was the Canadian seed exhibit at the British Empire Exhibition at Wembley. Thirty boxes of seed, of approximately six hundred pounds each, were assembled in Ottawa and shipped to London in care of the Canadian Exhibition Commissioner by the Dominion Dept. of Agriculture. Suitable pictures to illustrate seed production and marketing and sheaves of grain, grasses and clovers for decorative purposes, formed a part of the exhibit. This material, says the Dominion Minister of Agriculture in his report for 1923-24, was collected from various Dominion and provincial plant breeding stations, individual growers, and the wholesale seed trade, and included the first prize Canadian championship exhibits at the larger Canadian Shows and at the International Hay and Grain Show, Chicago.



Not to be Called Smart.
"So you think Mayme's a smart girl?"
"Sure she's a smart girl!"
"Smart nothing—she can't even make her chewing gum pop!"



It's difficult enough to make fire by friction, but much more of a task when an egg is balanced on one's head. Irving Spences, a Brooklyn boy scout, proves that it can be done—and in the space of thirty seconds.

Poultry

Those who are using artificial lights to increase winter egg production sometimes reason that a little is good more is better, and so increase the length of the working day beyond the safety point.

It is a comparatively easy matter to get a flock to laying at better than 50 per cent. by the use of lights, but experience has proved that in most cases those who do this lose out in the long run.

Forcing production beyond a reasonable percentage is certain to be followed sooner or later by a slump and perhaps a partial molt so that the average egg yield for the year may fall below what might have been obtained without the use of lights.

Unless one has had previous experience with the practice he will do well to use only enough light to bring the flock up to 40 per cent. production during the winter.

Although hens can be made to produce well in both very cold and very warm climates it is always true that extreme variations in temperature have an unfavorable effect on any flock.

Uniformity of temperature in the henhouse is highly desirable. Fowls will stand a great deal of cold if it is a constant condition and the house is kept dry.

When a warm day comes, following a cold spell, it is probably just as important to lower the temperature by extra ventilation as it is to hold in as much of the heat as possible on cold days.

In a well-built house it is possible to reduce extreme variations in temperature to a much greater extent than one might at first think to be the case.

It is in ways of this sort that the real chicken man is able to secure the few extra eggs from each hen that in the course of a year mount up to a nice profit.

Farming in Northern Ontario.

Very thorough attention is paid to the needs of agricultural production in Northern Ontario by the Dominion Experimental Farm System. The Station at Kapuskasing, which is under the superintendency of Mr. Smith Ballantyne, consists of five hundred acres and has no fewer than a hundred and fifteen experimental projects under way, fifteen being devoted to animal husbandry, seventeen to field husbandry, thirty-nine to horticulture, eleven to cereals, twenty-one to forage plants, and the balance to poultry, apiary and fibre plants. Progress on all is reported in the Superintendent's report for 1923, for which can be gathered much valuable information relative to live stock treatment and soil production in the district. Broad beans, for instance, are recommended to be grown in every garden of northern Ontario. The average of other beans obtained in a thirty-foot row last year was 16.61 quarts. The average yield of a thirty-foot row of beans was 20 pounds 8 ounces. The average yield of a similar row of carrots was 23 pounds 14.6 ounces. The average yield of twelve plots of cabbage was 38 pounds, 4 ounces; of cauliflower 15 pounds, 9 ounces, from 20 plants; of celery, 83 pounds, 11.4 ounces from a fifty foot row, and so on as regards the cultivation and yield of many other kinds of farm products. Especially interesting are the particulars given relative to the rotation of crops, the cost of production, cultivation of ensilage crops, care of cattle, winter treatment of poultry and apiary methods.

A Lantern Carrier.

A wire stretched the length of the barn or poultry house is mighty handy to hang the lantern on when working. To attach the lantern to the wire, procure a piece of small pipe about three inches long. Drill a small hole in the centre and insert an eye—either eyescrew-eye or a plain wire eye. Solder or rivet the shank of the screw-eye in the hole and then fasten a large, stiff wire hook to it. This completes the traveler.

Slip the wire through and the lantern can then be suspended from the hook and slid along wire.—L. B. R.

The Sunday School Lesson

JANUARY 4

Christ's Triumphal Entry, Luke 19: 29-44. Golden Text—Blessed be the King that cometh in the name of the Lord.—Luke 19: 38.

ANALYSIS.

I. JESUS PROCLAIMS HIS ROYALTY, 29-36
II. THE TRIUMPH-HYMN OF HIS DISCIPLES, 37-40.

III. THE SORROW OF THE KING, 41-44.

INTRODUCTION.—The triumphant entrance of Jesus into Jerusalem marks his consent to the public proclamation of his Messiahship. This office, constituting the divine secret of his life, had been disclosed to him at his baptism; later, at the close of the Galilean ministry, it was revealed to his disciples; now, by Jesus' own act, it is announced quietly to the nation. It is important to mark the time of the announcement: just a week before Jesus' death on the cross. While the course of life still stretched before him, Jesus kept the mystery hidden: now, when about to die, he lays the veil aside, and steps into the open as the promised King.

It is important also to notice the manner of the announcement. Jesus enters Jerusalem, not as conquering warrior, but as Prince of Peace, he who by his death reconciles men to God. This is brought out by the special arrangements which Jesus makes for his reception in the Holy City. He enters in the garb of civic life. In sending for the colt, he has in mind the prophecy in Zechariah, which promises joy to Jerusalem through the coming to it of a King of righteousness, who brings salvation. "Rejoice greatly, O daughter of Zion; behold, thy King cometh unto thee: he is just, and having salvation; lowly, and riding upon an ass, and upon a colt, the foal of an ass." (Zech. 9:9) Jesus fulfills the poetry of this prophecy to the letter, and for the same reason, and because all the circumstances of Jesus' entrance proclaim him King of Peace, Luke expressly includes in the hymn which follows the salutation, "Peace in heaven and glory in the highest."

The escort or attendants of Jesus on this triumphal journey are "the whole multitude of his disciples." They are not merely the Twelve, that is, but a large company of obscure followers. They celebrate his miracles as they go along, and they look forward with joy to the setting up of his kingdom in the Holy City. From many, if not all, of these joyous enthusiasts the solemn shadow of the cross is yet concealed. But Jesus rejoices greatly in their warm-hearted and child-like demonstrations, and defends them against the charge of speaking blasphemy.

Luke alone tells us that Jesus, coming into sight of the city, wept over it, and predicted the tragic doom which would fall on it at the hands of the Romans through its impotence and rejection of God's terms of peace. This thought of the disaster which hung over Jerusalem if it continued deaf to God's call was often before the mind of Jesus, and provoked a crisis of tears at this supreme moment when he was about to offer himself as a sacrifice on behalf of the nation. It does not appear that any others than disciples even now recognized Jesus as the Messiah.

I. JESUS PROCLAIMS HIS ROYALTY, 29-36

V. 29. Of the two places named, Bethany and Bethphage, the latter, meaning "House of Figs," lay nearer to Jerusalem, and marked the city limit, so far as religious regulations such as the Sabbath-law, were concerned. On the Mount of Olives, which lay between the two villages, ancient prophecy proclaimed that God would one day reveal himself (Zech. 14:1-5), and many in Israel were, therefore, expecting the Messiah to appear there.

Vs. 30-34. It does not appear whether the colt stood in readiness by previous arrangement of any kind. The reason which the disciples were to give, if any one objected to the taking of the animal, was that the Lord had need of him. Jesus, as Messiah, exercises his royal right for the time to use the property of his subjects. It is specially mentioned that the colt was a young one, never yet ridden: this is to bring out its special fitness for the Messiah's use.

Vs. 35, 36. The disciples enthusiastically apparel the colt for Jesus, and spread their cloaks under him as he advances forward. The other evangelists mention that they also strewed the road with palm branches and garlands of green stuff, such as were used at the Feast of Tabernacles.

II. THE TRIUMPH-HYMN OF HIS DISCIPLES, 37-40.

V. 37. The moment for raising the hymn of praise is the moment when the procession, passing the crest of Olivet, comes into sight of Jerusalem. The whole city with its towers and battlements, as well as its holy temple, is before them. Then, as if at a signal, the whole company starts singing, giving thanks to God for all the "mighty deeds" which Jesus had done.

V. 38. The first verse of the anthem, as given here by Luke, is from Psalm 118, verse 26. It runs in the Psalm thus: "Blessed be he that cometh in the name of the Lord," and the words were generally used as a greeting to pilgrims coming up to the city for the Passover. Here the salutation is applied to Jesus as the Messiah, and is given by Luke in the form: "Blessed be the King who comes in the name of the Lord." It is followed by other words, recalling the angel-song heard by the shepherds of Bethlehem: "Peace in heaven, and glory in the highest." This means that God's purpose to reconcile men to himself, and so to make his glory seen, is now being accomplished in Jesus' last great act of self-sacrifice.

Vs. 39-40. Envious Pharisees wish to suppress this joyous acclamation, but Jesus defends his loyal followers, and contrasts their warm-hearted enthusiasm with the invidious silence of the religious leaders of the nation,

saying that if his disciples were silenced, the very stones would cry out for shame.

III. THE SORROW OF THE KING, 41-44.
Vs. 41-44. Tears start from Jesus' eyes at the sight of the city, now lying so peaceful in the spring sunshine, but so soon to be laid in dust and ashes. Nevertheless God's just will must be done. If Jerusalem only knew "the things which belong unto peace!" If it only realized that God was now making his final offer of reconciliation through the Messiah! But it is impatient, and soon after ruin will be sweeping over it. The terms of the prediction show that the Roman destruction of Jerusalem in the year 70 is in the evangelist's mind. Jerusalem did not realize, till it was too late, "the time of its visitation" by the Messiah.

"GLORY IN THE HIGHEST," V. 38.

The old Jews always associated rest from toil with praise of God. Philo, a contemporary of St. Paul, tells a story to illustrate this. They say, when God had finished making the world, he asked one of the angels if he sought was wanting on land or on sea, in air or in heaven. The angel answered that all was perfect; one thing only he desired, speech to praise God's works, or to recount them, which would be their praise. And the Father approved the angel's words, and not long afterwards there appeared this race, gifted with the muses and with song, the Jewish race. Philo tells the story and adds: "It belongs peculiarly to God to help, and it is the work of his creatures to give him thanks." The Zohar, a later discussion of Jewish scripture, says, "There are halls in the heavens above that open but to the voice of song." And the Shorter Catechism puts it in a large way, if somewhat enigmatically: "Man's chief end is to glorify God and to enjoy him forever."

A QUEEN'S ADORATION.

It is well known that when Queen Victoria was crowned in 1837, there was at least one unexpected incident in the coronation ceremony. The young Queen was told that though other people arose during the ceremony she was to remain seated. When the great choir sang "The Messiah," the heart of the young Queen was deeply moved, and when that part of the Hallelujah Chorus was reached where the choir burst forth into exultant song, naming Christ "King of Kings and Lord of Lords," the entire audience arose and bowed their heads. Then it was that the Queen was over come. She could no longer remain seated. She arose from her seat and bowed her head with the others.

Catching Rats Wholesale.

An uncle of mine once showed me a method by which he rid his farm of rats. He said he always carried on his campaign against the rats during a dry season when the rats were forced to hunt for water to drink. Here is the plan:

Tubs and large buckets filled about two-thirds full of oats are placed in all of the granaries and barns. Enough water is poured over the oats to make about four or five inches of water in the bottom of the tub or bucket of oats. For three or four days these tubs and buckets are left in the barns and granaries. The rats soon learn there is water in the bottom of the vessels and dig down through the oats and drink it. They get in the habit of coming to these watering places.

About the fourth night all of the tubs are emptied, filled about two thirds full of water, and over the top of the water is scattered some oats and hay chaff. The rats are so in the habit of coming to the tubs for drinks that during the night they come and leap over the edges into the water and are drowned.

One night my uncle caught twelve rats in a half-bushel bucket and 34 in a washtub.—R. E. D.

Greasing Pump Leathers.

Don't grease pump leathers. I purchased a pitcher pump for a lift of about 22 feet above the water level in the well. The dealer, whom I knew to be reliable, said that the style of pump I selected should give good service up to 25 feet of lift. There was not much margin, so reasoning from experience with automobile cylinders, I decided to lubricate the leather to insure better suction—so I thought.

The pump gave poor service, requiring frequent priming, and it also failed to deliver as much water for the effort as I had been accustomed to get from a similar pump used for shorter lift.

When I took it back to the dealer, he observed grease on the leather and stated that a surprisingly large number of complaints of poor service from pumps was due to the mistake of greasing pump leathers. "Some pumps will not pump at all if the leathers are greased," he explained. I put on a new leather, cleaned the cylinder of grease and the pump has given excellent service ever since.

Grease gives a glazed surface to leather and reduces rather than increases the suction of a pump-plunger. "The best care you can give pump leathers," the pump expert explained, "is none at all. Don't put anything on them or handle them more than necessary. Sand is the worst enemy of a pump leather and is the cause of most needs for replacement."—D. S. B.

PAIN IN THE JOINTS

Is An Indication That the Blood is Thin and Watery.

The first sign of rheumatism is frequently a pain and swelling of one of the joints. If this is not treated through the blood, which is the seat of the disease, the poison spreads, affecting other joints and tissues—sometimes rheumatism attacks the heart and is fatal.

A remedy that has corrected many cases of rheumatism is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills enrich and purify the blood so that the poisonous rheumatic matter is driven out of the system as nature intended. Miss Gertrude Denne, Washago, Ont., was attacked with rheumatism and found relief through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She says:—"About a year ago I was attacked by rheumatism and for two weeks was confined to my bed. The trouble was so painful, affecting the joints of my limbs so that I could not stand alone. Mother had a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the house and thought they might help me. I began taking them, and when I had taken these pills got a further supply, with the result that the rheumatism vanished and I was a well girl. I may add that my mother and two of my sisters have also used the pills for various ailments with equal success, and now we are never without them in the house."

If you are suffering from any condition due to poor, watery blood, or weak nerves, begin taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills now, and note how your strength and health will improve. You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail, at 50 cents a box, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Love Song.

I have loved you enough;
Though much went wrong,
This was good,
This was strong;

Unshaken in spite
Of the going of years,
Too sure to retract,
Too proud for tears.

Let my love be the pillow
Under your head,
On your lips like a song,
To your hunger, bread.

—Sara Teasdale.

Fatty fish contain large amounts of fat-soluble vitamins.

HEALTH EDUCATION

BY DR. J. J. MIDDLETON

Provincial Board of Health, Ontario.

Dr. Middleton will be glad to answer questions on Public Health matters through this column. Address him at Spadina House, Spadina Crescent, Toronto.

Public Health is a subject that touches very closely the life and happiness of every one of us. It is not an abstract subject or one which a person takes up merely for cultural reasons or as a pastime. It is a necessary subject to know—so necessary, in fact, that ignorance of its principles is at the root of a great deal of suffering in this world, causes race deterioration and often brings people to an early grave. There are many ways of explaining what Public Health means, and could fill a volume in doing so, but it can be conveniently described in two words—"Right Living."

The Great War that shook the foundation of the nations of the world has taught us much. One of the most important things it has brought to our attention is the great need for the preservation of the human race.

So many precious lives were sacrificed on the battlefields during those terrible years that thinking men and women have come to realize the necessity of preventing the useless sacrifice of human life in times of peace. Take the question of infant mortality alone. The annual list of deaths of children from malnutrition, preventable diseases and so forth, is a disgrace to any civilized country. By the enforcement of public health and hygienic measures, many of these little lives could be saved. But there are many other fields of public health work equally important. One of the earliest codes of health regulations with which we are familiar, dates back to the time of Moses, and this is remarkable on account of the fact that many of the regulations are in entire harmony with the recognized principles of hygiene of the present day. This is especially true of the warnings against discharges and eruptions from the body, of the emphasis placed on washing and bathing as a means of purification and of the explicit directions for proper disposal of excreta (see Lev. IV, and Deut. XXIII).

With the low standards of medical knowledge prevailing during the dark ages, it is not surprising to find practically no traces whatsoever of activities relating to Public Health Education. In the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth centuries, however, mainly because Europe was repeatedly devastated by various plagues, the need appears to have been felt for furnishing authoritative information regarding the dreaded plagues. The result was the publication of numerous leaflets called "plague tracts," dealing with many scourges such as leprosy, syphilis, plague, alcoholism and sweating sickness. A reawakening of interest in public health was observed mainly in England, in the early part of the nineteenth century, and we find, as a result, that communities concern themselves more actively in the provision of pure water supplies, in the disposal of refuse, the construction of better streets.

Towards the end of the century, especially during the eighties, a campaign was begun for the suppression of tuberculosis. This campaign was developed very effectively in the United States. Up to ten or fifteen years ago, a large amount of the effort against infant mortality was expended in hunting out and providing medical care for sick babies in summer time. That this was absolutely illogical and ineffective in combating infant mortality was not then recognized.



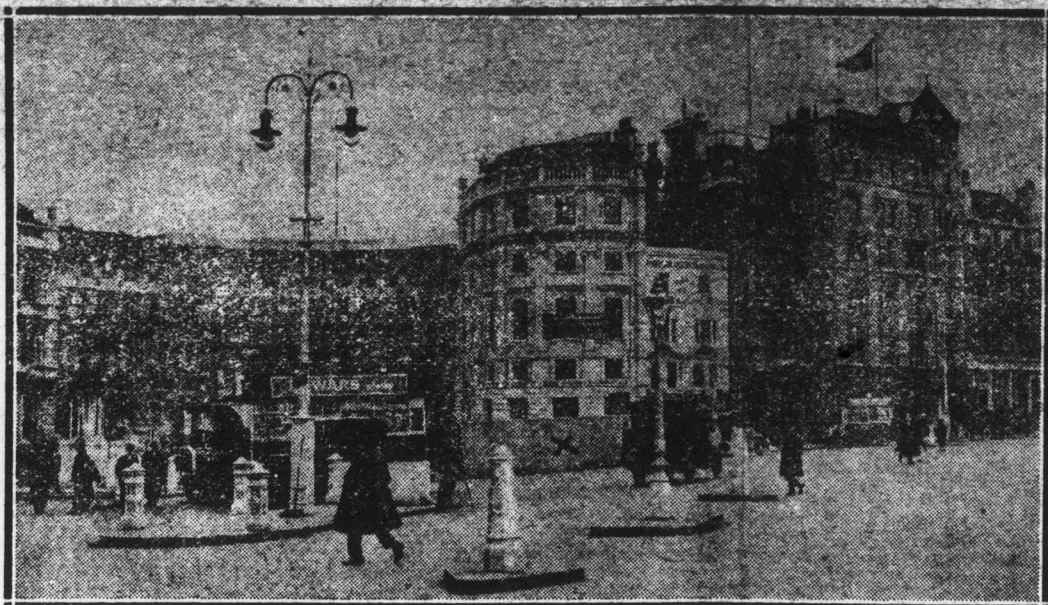
Hon. Marguerite Shaughnessy
Daughter of the late Lord Shaughnessy, Chairman of the Canadian Pacific Railway, who acted as sponsor at the launching from the Clydebank yards of John Brown & Co., of the Canadian Pacific S.S. "Princess Marguerite" recently. The new vessel is a twin screw, oil burner, and will be an important addition to the Company's Pacific Coast fleet. The ship comprises five decks and has an over-all length of 368 feet.

London.

Romance has set her castle here, where beats
The heart of England; hither no winds blow
But sing of youth; long since the Bells of Bow
Called Whittington; here Milton, Lamb and Keats
Once bowed the knee to her; and he that meets
In some pale dawn that gallant band shall know
Her secret, and why Shakespeare long ago
Left Stratford for the beauty of her streets.
Still when the moth of twilight flutters down
Poets and kings and sages long since dust
Leave Paradise to gather at her gate;
These gave their lives as jewels for her crown.
Left us this London's a holy trust,
Bidding us keep their faith inviolate.
—Lucy Malleon.

A windy Christmas and calm Canidmas are said to be signs of a good year.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Pain.



MAMMOTH FOUND IN TRAFALGAR SQUARE, LONDON

The fossilized bones of a mammoth and a hippopotamus that, about 100,000 years ago, lived in Trafalgar Square, now one of the world's busiest spots, have recently been discovered thirty feet below the surface. The bones, including also those of the aurochs, or great ox, and the red deer, have been identified by Sir Arthur Keith, the renowned anatomist, and Mr. R. H. Burns. They have been placed in the museum of the Royal College of Surgeons, to which they have been presented. The bones were found when foundations were being dug out adjacent to the head European Offices of the Canadian Pacific Railway (right). It is assumed in Geological circles that these relics of the past belong to one of the milder periods of the Ice Age. The spot where they were found is marked by a cross.

Sockeye Salmon in the Fraser River.

With a view to re-establishing sockeye salmon in the Upper Fraser River the Department of Marine and Fisheries has this season distributed 1,000,000 eyed sockeye eggs in the tributaries of Bowron lake and 4,000,000 in the principal tributaries of Quesnel Lake. Arrangements have also been made to make similar plantings in the Seton-Anderson Lakes and the Shuswap Lakes districts.

An inspection of the salmon spawning areas of the Fraser River basin has shown that the number of sockeye salmon that reached the spawning beds of the Fraser, above Hell's Gate Canyon, was too small to make a visible impression in any section. Not a sockeye was in evidence in Quesnel lake or its two main tributaries, and not a resident at Quesnel Dam, the outlet of the lake, or on the Horsefly River, one of its principal spawning areas, was found who had seen a sockeye this year. Formerly the Quesnel Lake section was one of the great

est spawning districts in the Fraser basin. The records kept there disclose that in 1909 over 4,000,000 sockeyes entered that lake. None are known to have entered it in the last two years.

The Indians in the Chilcotin country reported that they have not taken in excess of 50 sockeye at their three principal fishing stations this year. None were caught by the Indians at Chimney Creek or at Soda Creek. The Indians at the Bridge River canyon, on the Fraser, above Lillooet, caught very few sockeye and none were seen entering Seton or Anderson lakes. A few were seen in the Thompson river.

It was also reported that the sockeye run to the Birkenhead river at the head of the Harrison-Lillooet section was the best in many years. More sockeye were seen there this year than have been seen since the hatchery was established in 1905 and it is the belief that the run was as great as it ever has been in the last twenty years.

While it cannot be stated with absolute certainty that the abundance of salmon in the Birkenhead river is due to the fry distributed there from the hatchery four years previously, there is scarcely any other agency to which it can be attributed. It is only in the Lower Fraser, where hatcheries have been operated, that the sockeye run has been maintained, and in the Upper Fraser, in the Quesnel, Chilcotin, and Seton Lakes districts, where there are no hatcheries, the run has disappeared.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS ALWAYS IN THE HOME

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little ones she always keeps a supply on hand, for the first trial convinces her there is nothing to equal them in keeping children well. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach, thus driving out constipation and indigestion, colds and simple fevers and making teething easier. Concerning them, Mrs. Saluste Pelletier, St. Dumas, Que., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past ten years and am never without them in the house. They have always given the greatest satisfaction and I can gladly recommend them to all mothers of little ones." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or direct by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



He—"I suppose you danced with Jack six times and with me once—to make me jealous?"
She—"No, I danced with you once to make Jack jealous."

Little Tommy, upon his return from school one day, was asked by his mother what he had learned on that occasion. "Well," said Tommy, "I have been studying ants. There are two kinds—the sort that gets into the sugar bowl and the kind that lives with their married sisters."

Eskimo mothers caress their babies by touching noses. The people of that race make very good and affectionate parents.

HOUSE established 60 years.
Please write for our price list on Poultry, Butter, and Eggs
We GUARANTEE them for a week ahead.
P. POULIN & CO. LIMITED
25-27, Bonaventure Market,
Montreal, Quebec

EASY TRICKS No. 847 With A Glass Of Water



A tumbler is filled with water until it can hold no more, and is placed on the corner of a handkerchief which is placed very near the edge of a table. The table should have no cover.

The problem is to remove the handkerchief without touching the glass or spilling any of the water. Although the task seems impossible of accomplishment, it can be done very easily.

Grasp the opposite corner of the handkerchief and hold it in a horizontal position, holding the corner as far as you can away from the table. With your other hand strike the handkerchief a sharp downward blow. If you do this, the handkerchief will be drawn from under the glass. It is desirable that the tabletop be very smooth and that the handkerchief have no heavy hem.

(Hold this out and paste it, with other of the series, in a scrapbook.)

Mint Harvest in England.

Within a few miles of London the peppermint harvest is in full swing, and the pretty blue flowers of this sweet-smelling plant are fast falling beneath the swish of the sickles, or mint hooks.

During the last eleven months the distillery has been silent. Now it is busy night and day, as cartloads of the "herb," as it is called, are tossed through the large door of its upper floor and the air is filled with a pungent odor at first well nigh overpowering. On this upper floor are two huge, copperlike stills, each with its huge lid, or "cap," suspended above it. The bottom is perforated so that the steam may rise easily to the mint. Three boiler men load the stills, and as soon as they are brimful the cap is lowered and sealed by a water suction arrangement fitted round the brim. Meanwhile the boilerman gets up steam until forty pounds is registered, at which degree of heat the steam is allowed to pass into the well filled still.

When sending money by mail use Dominion Express Money Orders. Safer than sending bills.

Every church bell of any size contains four distinct notes; when the bell is rung these combine to sound the keynote of the bell.

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR RHEUMATISM.

Since the Dominion Government, through the Forestry Branch of the Dept. of the Interior, inaugurated its free trade distribution scheme on the prairies, some 40,000 plantations have been established. Many of these are valued by the owners at \$1,000 apiece. Even at a conservative estimate of \$300 apiece these plantations represent a total of twelve million dollars, many times the entire expenditure of this branch on the work from the time it started.

MORE THAN 55,000 FARMERS

have bought their farms in Western Canada from the Canadian Pacific. A remarkable fact. Think! There is a reason. The large acre of our holdings affording choice of location and of land to suit every farming need. Fair price, fair contract, and fair dealing combined with abundant fertility of soil, good climate and social conditions make farm life there desirable and attractive. Thousands more will select their farm from our virgin lands, from our improved farms, and with some capital and determination to work, can make a home and pay for it. Write for our booklet, "The Prairie Provinces of Canada," and leaflet, "Western Canada Forges Ahead." C. L. Norwood, Land Agent, Canadian Pacific Railway, Desk W., Windsor Station, Montreal, Que.

NURSES

The Toronto Hospital for Insane, in affiliation with DePaul and Allied Hospitals, New York City, offers a three year course of training to young women, having the required education, and desiring of becoming nurses. This hospital has adopted the eight-hour system. The pupils receive uniforms at the school, a monthly allowance and travelling expenses to and from New York. For further information apply to the Superintendent.

The Queen of Sheba's Airship.

There is reason to believe that someone constructed an airship which Solomon gave to the son of the Queen of Sheba. Of course, there was no motor—possibly it was a glider. The Secretary of the Royal Aeronautical Society states that Solomon gave to the Queen of Sheba "a vessel wherein one could traverse the air for wind."

There are other references to flight in Abyssinian sacred writings, and there is a long description of the miraculous way in which the Queen of Sheba's son Menyelek left Solomon, journeying to his mother's country. "No man hauled his wagon, or loaded camels, each was raised above the ground to a height of a cubit."

A cubit, according to the ancient Egyptians, measured about twenty inches, but elsewhere it is recorded that over the Red Sea they were lifted up three cubits, "and everyone travelled in the wagons like on eagle when his body glideth above the wind."

By wearing a pedometer, an American housewife has discovered that she walked on an average five miles each day in preparing meals for her family.

Classified Advertisements

MONEY TO LOAN.

FARM LOANS MADE. AGENTS wanted. Reynolds, 77-Victoria Street, Toronto.

We are interested in obtaining OLD and RARE BOOKS ON CANADIAN SUBJECTS. Send particulars to the Wilson Publishing Company, 78 West Adelaide Street, Toronto, Ontario.

TAYLOR-FORBES
Tree Pruners
For every purpose in the orchard, cutting limbs up to 1 1/2 inches. Handles—4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 feet.
Your Hardware Dealer knows the quality.
Our descriptive circular sent to any address on request.
TAYLOR-FORBES COMPANY, LIMITED GUELPH, ONT.

Old People
Biro-Phosphate feeds the nerves and old people need it to make them feel and look younger. It's the one best nerve builder for weak, nerve-exhausted men and women and that is why we guarantee it. Price \$1 per pkg. Arrow Chemical Co., 25 Front St. East, Toronto, Ont.

Frost Bites
Minard's takes the sting out of them. Quickens circulation and prevents complications.
MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Get Rid Of Irritations By Using Cuticura
Baths freely with Cuticura Soap and hot water to cleanse and purify. Dry lightly and apply Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal. Nothing better for all eczemas, rashes, pimples, itching and irritations. Cuticura Talcum also is ideal for the skin.
Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Depot: Cuticura, P. O. Box 2616, Montreal, P. Q. Soap, Ointment and Talcum, 50¢. Try our New Shaving Stick.



Although only 2 1/2 years old, this little boy, Reginald Alvis, recently journeyed home from Glasgow, Scotland, to Toronto. During the sea voyage on the Regina he was the pet of the ship and there was no lack of volunteer guardians on the train which brought him over the Canadian National Railway from Halifax to Toronto.

The Athens Reporter

ISSUED WEEKLY

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

\$1.50 per year strictly in advance to any address in Canada; \$2.00 when not so paid

ADVERTISING RATES

Legal and Government Notices—10 cents per nonpareil line (12 lines to the inch) for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Yearly Cards—Professional cards, \$5.00 per year.

Local Readers—10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line subsequent.

Black Type Readers—15 cents per line for first insertion and 7 1/2 cents per line for subsequent insertion.

Small Ads—Condensed ads such as Lost, Found, Strayed, To Rent, For Sale, etc., 1 cent per word per insertion, with a minimum of 25 cents per insertion.

Auction Sales—40 cents per inch for first insertion and 20 cents per inch for each subsequent insertion.

Cards of Thanks and In Memoriam—50c Commercial Display Advertising—Rate on application at Office of publication.

C. G. Young, Editor and Proprietor.

LYN

Many Holiday Visitors Are Reported in the Village

Lyn, Dec. 23.—The annual public school Christmas concert was held last night in the school hall. The hall was filled to the doors. The stage was beautifully decorated to represent an outdoor winter scene and the children did remarkably well, indicating the great credit due to the teachers, Miss Armstrong and Miss Purvis.

Miss Smith and Miss Ralph, Ottawa, were guests of Mrs. G. W. Judson last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Bailey and family, Toronto, are visiting Mrs. Bailey's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Marble Billings.

Rev. Walter Booth spent the weekend with his mother, Mrs. H. Booth.

Miss Estella Orton, Toronto, is spending the holidays with her sister, Mrs. Stanley Gardiner.

A grand concert will be given in the school hall, Lyn, on New Year's night, January 1, in aid of the Public Library. The concert will be given by local talent, assisted by Miss Estella Orton, soloist, Miss Florence Booth, pianist of the Conservatory of Music, Toronto, Barclay McMillan, Huntingdon, Que., and Hugh Campbell, Addison. Music will be furnished by the Lyn orchestra.

Miss Mary Cumming, Toronto, is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Cumming.

Mr. and Mrs. Elliott, Watertown, N. Y., visited Mr. and Mrs. George Jarvis this week on their way to Montreal to spend Christmas.

Mrs. William Ferguson, Ottawa, is a guest of her mother, Mrs. Frank Bolin, during the holidays.

Miss Mary Stafford, Ottawa, is visiting her mother, Mrs. William Stafford.

Dr. Giles Brown, Toronto, is spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wilkie Brown.

Miss Mareta Hudson, Ottawa, is home for the holidays, a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hudson.

JELLYBY

Jellyby, Dec. 22.—Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Knowles and daughter, Elva, were guests of Gordon Kennedy last week.

Proctor Giffin, Brockville, made a business trip through this section last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Freeman and Master Alton spent Sunday evening at Joseph Davis', Bellamy.

The Misses Elsie Moore and Irene Edwards, who have been attending the Brockville Collegiate Institute, are spending the holidays at their homes here.

Master Alton Freeman is spending a few days with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Davis, Bellamy.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Johnson, of Greenbush, spent Sunday as guests at William Rowsome's.

Mrs. George Riley, of Yule, spent Sunday as the guest of her mother, Mrs. Eliza Moore.

The Misses Edna Davis, Rheta Moore and Martha Rowsome and Donald Rowsome and William Thom are home from the North Augusta continuation school to spend the Christmas holidays with their parents.

Miss Laura Mackie spent Friday evening at the "coming out party" of her friend, Miss Frances Code, Smiths Falls.

Mrs. James Thom was one of Brockville's busy Christmas shoppers on Monday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Blake, jr., are spending Christmas with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Pettum, Lyn.

Misses Elsie Moore and Irene Edwards have returned after having completed the fall term at Brockville Collegiate Institute, to spend the holiday season with their parents.

The Misses Clara and Alma Kinch and Alton Kinch, of Newbliss, were week-end visitors of Mr. and Mrs. B. Moore.

Miss Theresa Hinton returned for the holiday season on Friday evening from the Ottawa Normal school.

On Monday afternoon the children and teacher, Miss L. Mackie, of Bolton's school, very pleasantly entertained the people of that section by a delightful concert consisting of recitations, choruses, monologues and dialogues. Much credit is due the children and Miss Mackie by their able presentation of such an excellent concert.

Bishop's Mills

Bishop's Mills, Dec. 27.—The community Christmas tree and entertainment held in the town hall on Monday evening were well patronized and proved a great success. The concert was given under the direction of Miss E. White, teacher of the public school, and the programme included recitations, choruses, drills and dialogues by the pupils, which showed careful training. Samuel Render presided as chairman. Musical selections were contributed throughout the evening by the orchestra, which were much appreciated. The accompanists of the evening were Miss Helen Baker and Mrs. C. Dool. Brief and cherry addresses were delivered by Rev. J. Leach and Rev. J. McAvoy. Lator Santa Claus arrived and helped distribute the gifts of the tree, everyone being remembered with the Christmas good wishes. The proceeds of the concert amounted to \$26.50.

A meeting of the patrons of the cheese factory was held on Monday afternoon and was well attended. The object of the meeting was to discuss the rebuilding of the cheese factory and the prospects of the patronage for the coming season. The new proprietor, Mr. Reid, was assured of the patronage of a large number of the former patrons of the cheese factory, and he agreed to manufacture cheese at the price paid last year. It is hoped that the factory will be built so that cheese can be manufactured during the winter months and thus encourage winter dairying in this district.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Ennis, of this vicinity, will leave for Florida at the first of the year, where they will spend the winter.

George and Marion Ferguson, students of Queen's University, Kingston, are spending the holidays at their home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Keegan, Richard Keegan, jr., Thomas Wilson, of Smiths Falls, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Connell, of Spencerville; Mr. and Mrs. H. Throop, of Maynard; Miss E. Powell, Brockville; Mr. and Mrs. W. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. W. Luther, Kempville, were among the holiday visitors.

Mrs. Byers is visiting relatives at Newbliss this week.

JUNETOWN

Junetown, Dec. 24.—Mrs. James White, of Gravenhurst, who has been spending the past three months with relatives in Caintown and Junetown, left on Thursday for Ottawa to visit her daughter, Mrs. O. H. Liberty.

Mrs. John Percival, Lillies, is visiting her sister, Mrs. R. K. Ferguson.

Mrs. J. Claude Purvis and children were in Lansdowne for the week-end with her mother, Mrs. W. H. Foley.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Steacy, of Lansdowne, spent Sunday at F. Fortunes.

Mr. and Mrs. George Simpson and son, Donald, of Pittsburg, were here last week to attend the funeral of Mrs. Simpson's cousin, Mrs. Timothy Guilds.

Mrs. James White and Miss Arley Purvis spent part of last week with Mrs. C. N. Purvis and Mrs. Leslie Gibson, Purvis street.

Mrs. Latimer, R.N., Quabbin, is staying for some time with her niece, Mrs. Fred Graham, who has been ill for the past few months but is gradually improving.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ferguson, Dulcaine, spent a couple of days last week at W. H. Ferguson's.

A number from here attended the funeral of Mrs. Norman Baile at Purvis Street on Monday.

Mrs. Robert Mulvaugh was in Prescott for the week-end, visiting her niece, Mrs. R. E. Cughan.

The funeral of Mrs. Timothy Guilds, of Andressburg, who passed away at the General Hospital, Brockville, on Saturday, December 13, took place on Tuesday at 1 p.m. from the residence of her son-in-law, Fred Graham, of Junetown, to the Mallorytown Methodist church, where the service, which was attended by a large number of sorrowing friends, was conducted by her pastor, Rev. R. Calvert. Interment was made in the Mallorytown cemetery. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband, three daughters and one son, Mrs. Jack Hunt, Andressburg; Mrs. Burnham, Quabbin; Mrs. Fred Graham, and Mr. Lester Guilds. Also her mother, Mrs. John Rutledge, and two sisters, Mrs. Latimer and Miss Mary Rutledge, and two brothers, John Rutledge, Quabbin, and William Rutledge, U.S.A.

CARDINAL

Cardinal, Dec. 22.—Mr. and Mrs. T. Burns, of Detroit, are spending the holidays with friends and relatives. Sanfield McDonald is visiting relatives in Lansdowne.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Todd and daughter, and Miss Pauline Rombourgh, of Waverly, Pa., are spending the holidays at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Rombourgh.

Miss Mary Jackson, of Toronto, is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Salvus, of Detroit, Mich., are visiting at the home of Mr. Salvus.

Fred Overs, of Detroit, is spending his holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Overs.

Miss Hazel Bradford, who has been visiting in Charleville, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilfrid Colligan, of Morrisburg, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Kavanagh.

A GOOD WINTER WHEAT

Farmers May Try Free a Well Tested Variety.

The O. A. C. No. 104 is a Proven Success—Other Experimental Tests Suggested—All Material is Supplied Free of Charge—A Chance for Enterprising Farmers. (Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

The market value of the winter wheat of Ontario amounts to over fifteen million dollars annually. It is, therefore, one of the most important of the money crops of the Province. The acreage of winter wheat during the past year has been about the same as the average annual acreage for the past forty years. There is not a county or district in Ontario in which winter wheat is not grown, although in New Ontario the average annual amount is not more than about 20,000 bushels. Owing to the comparatively low price of winter wheat at present, strict attention should be given to economic methods and to large yields.

O. A. C. No. 104 a Carefully Chosen Cross.

The Dawson's Golden Chaff is still the variety most largely grown according to the December Bulletin of the Ontario Department of Agriculture for 1922. With the object of securing even a better variety, crosses have been made at the Ontario Agricultural College between the Dawson's Golden Chaff and some other varieties, such as, Tasmania Red, Crimean Red, Turkey Red, Buda Fecht, Imperial Amber, and Bulgarian. A vigorous variety has been originated at the College by crossing the Dawson's Golden Chaff and the Bulgarian, and this is now known as the O. A. C. No. 104. In both the College and the co-operative tests this new variety has made an excellent record, surpassing the Dawson's Golden Chaff in both yield and quality of grain. It is a white wheat, and resembles the Bulgarian in possessing a white chaff and the Dawson's Golden Chaff in a beardless head. It is a vigorous grower, and has been less subject to winter-killing than the Dawson's Golden Chaff.

The Value of Using Good Seed.

It is also important to use seed of high quality. The results of six years' experiments at the College, show an average increase in yield of grain per acre of 8.9 bushels from large as compared with small seed, of 7.8 bushels from plump as compared with shrunken seed, and of 25.6 bushels from sound as compared with broken seed. Seed which was allowed to become thoroughly ripened before it was cut produced a greater yield of both grain and straw, and a heavier weight of grain per bushel than that produced from wheat which was cut at any one of four earlier stages of maturity. In each of two years when winter wheat was sown in the fields, germination tests of the grain were made. The following results show the average percentage of germination from each selection: Skia over germ, unbroken, 94; skin over germ, broken, 76; sprouts one-quarter inch long, 30; and sprouts one inch long, 18. Not only was the sprouted wheat low in germination but the plants produced were very uneven in size.

White Wheats vs. the Red Varieties.

White wheats as compared with red wheats yield more grain per acre, possess stronger straw, weigh a little less per measure bushel, are slightly softer in the grain, are more useful in the manufacture of shredded wheat and of pastry, and furnish a somewhat weaker flour for bread production.

Winter wheat which was grown on clover sod yielded much better than that which was grown on timothy sod, and that which was grown on sod on which field peas were used as a green manure yielded 6.5 bushels of wheat per acre more than that grown on land on which buckwheat was used as a green manure.

Several Experimental Union Tests to Choose From.

In time for seeding this autumn, valuable material will be sent out from the College to those farmers residing in Ontario who wish to conduct experiments upon their own farms through the medium of the Experimental Union. The material will be supplied, free of charge, to those who wish to conduct the experiments and report the results in the early autumn of 1924. Any Ontario farmer may apply for the material for any one of the following seven experiments: (1) Three choice varieties of Winter Wheat (including O. A. C. No. 104); (2) One variety of Winter Rye and one of Winter Wheat; (3) Spring applications of five Fertilizers with Winter Wheat; (4) Autumn and Spring applications of Nitrate of Soda and Common Salt with Winter Wheat; (5) Winter Emmer and Winter Barley; (6) Hairy Vetches and Winter Rye as fodder crops; (7) Hairy Vetches for seed production.

The size of each plot is to be one rod wide by two rods long. Fertilizers will be sent by express for Experiment No. 4 this autumn, and for Experiment Number 3 next Spring. All seed will be sent by mail except that for Number 4 which will accompany the fertilizers. The material will be sent out in the order in which the applications are received, and as long as the supply lasts.—C. A. Zavitz, O. A. C., Guelph.

Of Interest to Motorists

A TIP ON BRAKES

In testing brakes to make sure that they grip each wheel equally it is the rule to ignore the emergency brake. A motorist will slam on the service brake and if both wheels lock concludes that he is not likely to suffer askid because of uneven adjustment. Sometimes he will be precautionous enough to make the same test with the emergency brake. But when he is forced to tackle an emergency stop he steps on the service brake pedal and automatically reaches for the emergency brake. Against his better judgment he thus attempts to lock the wheels, but it may be that the combination braking force of service and emergency on the wheels may result in sufficient inequality to cause one wheel to lock quicker than the other and remain locked longer. It is a warning to test brakes individually as well as in combination.

PETROL CANS HAVE MANY USES

"It may be safely asserted that the man who designed the petrol tin never, in his wildest dreams, conceived to what strange and varied uses it would be put," writes Vernon Gibberd in the Daily News.

"I have just returned from a tour of the Near and Middle East, and have been amazed and amused at the prevalence of the familiar two-gallon tin and its extraordinary adaptability to all sorts of services—some of them laudable enough, but some, it must perforce be said, regrettable. In Palestine, while seeking in the Valley of Jehosaphat for the ancient Pool of Siloam, my attention was drawn to its whereabouts by a procession of handsome married women coming up the steps leading from the pool, carrying petrol tins on their heads which they had filled at the pool itself. One woman in fact was performing the extraordinary feat of carrying two small tins, one on top of the other. The poles of the carriers was still a thing of beauty, but by no conceivable means could the poetry of the ancient pitcher be associated with a petrol tin.

"When, later, I was visiting the Sea of Galilee, I met a maid going down to the lake for a similar purpose, with the same metal substitute for the old pitcher. In this case the amenities were still more affronted by the conspicuous advertisement of a well-known motor spirit.

Huts For Refugees

"In Beyrout, in Syria, where no less than 120,000 Armenian refugees are living under the most deplorable conditions, I passed a place where improvised huts were constructed of flattened-out petrol cans glistening like silver in the sunlight where they had not had time to degenerate into a russet and rusty brown. Probably they were more serviceable than the canvas habitations of the refugees outside Damascus, but they were certainly not as romantic in their suggestiveness.

"In India, where in the up-country districts one has to have one's bath filled from water outside the buildings, I discovered more than once, in the bathroom attached to my bedroom, that the receptacle for diluting the hot bath with cold water was an adopted petrol can.

"In South Africa itself one found them being used as flower pots and as receptacles for pricking out seedlings. I thought at least when I embarked at Cape Town for England that for a time I should be free of the sight of an article that followed me half-way round the world. But on the very day of my departure I discovered on the captain's deck three petrol cans containing sub-tropical plants, which the genial captain was taking home as presents for his wife."

E. TAYLOR

Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Leeds

Will be pleased to attend Auction Sales anywhere in Leeds County—other Counties on request. Specialty—Farm Stock and Implements. Terms moderate. Orders will receive prompt attention. Phone 48, Athens, P.O.

Scott & Hewitt

Wellington Street, Athens

GARAGE SERVICE STATION Genuine Ford and Chevrolet PARTS Battery Charging a Specialty

"Business is Business" But Courtesy Pays. OUR business friends, and yours with whom we make transactions, demand that precision of efficient execution which is a part of the regular service maintained by any bank in its daily affairs. To merit your confidence we must go further. The Standard Bank maintains a policy of personal courtesy in its dealings, regardless of their respective importance, which should be an asset in your business as well as in ours. THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA. ATHENS BRANCH—W. A. Johnson, Manager

THE ANNIVERSARY SUPPER AND Entertainment of the ATHENS METHODIST CHURCH Will Be Held on Monday, January 5th, 1925 IN THE CHURCH PLATFORM MEETING: Addresses:—Rev. R. H. Bell, D.D., of Kingston; Rev. T. F. Townsend, B. A., B. D., of Frankville; and the local clergy. Music:—Mrs. (Rev.) Townsend and Mr. Thos. Horsefield will sing; Misses Burns and G. Wiltse will give instrumental numbers. Mrs. Wm. G. Towriss will Recite. The Orchestra Will Attend TEA SERVED AT SIX ADMISSION 40c

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YOU NEED A SANITARY CLOSET IN YOUR HOME. THE SANITARY CLOSET. PURE CONSTRUCTION. ATHENS, ONT.

We have a good stock on hand and prices are low.

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Our stock of Hardware, Glass, Paints, Oils and Varnishes, Aluminum and Enamelled ware, Paroid Roofing and Felt Papers is Complete.

THE EARL CONSTRUCTION COMPANY

Women and Home

RURAL CHINA—

ITS INDIFFERENCE

Forced to pass a winter-night in the open, a Scottish Chieftain, according to an old legend, gathered up the snow to form a pillow for his head. The clan, shocked at such effeminate softness, deposed him. As a sidelight on national hardness of character, that story pales into insignificance before the commonplaces of Chinese indifference to comfort.

Upholstered furniture, once the pride of the Occident, excites in the Orient nothing but contempt. To the average Chinese, springbeds, ostermoor mattresses, eider-down "comforters" are a snare and a delusion. Awake or asleep, these extraordinary farmers love nothing better than to jostle one another. They live, not in isolated farm-houses, but packed in villages. If forced to travel, they will throw themselves in the mass of the hardest brick or baked-mud conch in a grimy inn, and huddled together, snore content.

You never hear a single one of them complain he was obliged to spend a night sharing the same bed with thirty humans and thirty million inhumans. That dirge is voiced by only aliens in China. Bugs, lice or fleas may do their merry worst; but a brick, stone or bamboo pillow, else a rough block of wood, will transport the average Chinese speedily into happy dreamland, where, if he finds himself suddenly grown rich in his fondest vision of luxury will be to bump his head against the same moment on both sides of the hard frame of a springless cart, negotiating the most frightful roads, without winking. Why should he wince? From infancy he has been inured to discomfort; even to torture.

If he buys an "easy chair," the harder its seat, the more perpendicular its back, the more acutely awkward his decided preference fall to sit on a bench or stool not quite so narrow as the edge of a knife (perhaps, now, you overhear an American mother saying to her daughter, "My child, how many millions of times have I told you not to exaggerate?") ten to one he would rather get down on his haunches in the muck.

His indifference to grime and dust is superb. The loose structure of his home, often as the wind blows, makes it next to impossible to keep out the bacteria-laden dust. The accumulation on the rafters and in the thatch affords a favorite resort for romping rats. In one small room, in which with five Chinese I lived and slept for three weeks, it proved necessary every morning to shake from the counterpane of any bed thick layers of fine grime, precipitated overnight. How much reached my lungs I had no method of ascertaining.

The whole problem of hygiene, both in the home and around it, to say nothing of the village streets piled with manure, is so grave as almost to create despair. Indifference to the best established laws of health in all but universal. It is not at all evident that in Rural China the sale of detergents keeps pace with the sale of other commodities. The question was raised in the Shanghai press why the Chinese insist that people from other lands have a disagreeable odor about them. It was reported from one candid Chinese source that the objection taken is to the smell soap.

Indifference to privacy hardens the populace to not a few offensive public performances that in other lands are scrupulously avoided.

Theoretically, every man's home is his castle and no one is supposed to intrude. Practically, everyone goes where he likes at any time he likes. If a squabble breaks out in a particular compound, bad manners or no, the wall will be scaled to see what it is all about. Nobody objects. At a dinner party, at which I was present, in the residence of the highest official in our territory, the rabble from the street streamed in unrestrained, unrebuked, to gloat and stare at the assembled guests.

CIVICS

What is Civicism? How is it shown? What is its role in modern society? To what extent do we lack it? Why is it necessary that we should practice it in the best interests of our country?

In the British Empire, and more particularly in Canada, people have the prerogative of choosing their rulers. It is the greatest liberty they could wish for; but they must forget that, while enjoying this privilege they take upon themselves responsibilities.

It is this disposition to properly perform the duties and obligations devolving upon a citizen of a free country having representative institutions, which constitute Civic Pride.

Civicism is a virtue by which one is urged to devote himself to the welfare of his fellow-citizens. It is a political virtue, the vital element of democracies.

Like every virtue, Civicism has its degrees and is shown in a more or less intensive way, according to individuals, times, or varied circumstances.

Dollard and his sixteen companions, the martyrs of Long-Sault, barring the way to the Iroquois invasion and thereby saving Ville-Marie—that was a manifestation of civicism, heroic and sublime.

Such was a most unusual instance of civicism, which a nation has a right to demand from its members at the most critical hours of its existence only. But that which society has at all times the right to expect from those that compose it and participate in its government is that they should, in return for their right of suffrage, exercise this right with sufficient knowledge of the questions and men concerned, and that those in charge of the administration of public affairs be chosen in a judicious manner and in conformity with the general interest.

Therefore, having public spirit, civicism, or civic pride—these words are synonymous, whether you apply them to the country or city—is to look upon public affairs with the same interest as on personal matters.

It will readily be understood that it is impossible to enumerate the different ways public spirit can be shown. These manifestations must necessarily vary, according to individuals or social places and circumstances in which a citizen finds himself.

The political duty of the leading classes is, of course, more intensive than that of a humble workman, or the illiterate.

The least that can be expected from the most obscure citizen is that he gives a thought to the problems connected with the life and the prosperity of the largest family to which he belongs.

The interest of every citizen, without any distinction as to class and condition, in the governing of society can be shown in two principal ways; by education; that is by trying to find the methods most susceptible of improving the community; by action, which rouses and organizes currents of opinion that direct the spirit of the population and causes the election of the most honest and capable men.

This double task of education and action is the lot of the most intelligent, as well as that of teachers.

In the first place, they reform public habits, create public opinion through newspapers and books, they found societies for researches; form groups by whom questions of national and municipal interest are studied; establish systems of civic instruction.

An English writer, who has very precisely and exactly formulated principles of government science, wrote that "Eternal Vigilance is the price of Liberty," which means that the representatives of authority will fulfill their duties as they are awake that they are watched and helped by enlightened public opinion.

Experience teaches us that individual initiative, more than interference from the States, will generate reforms and progress.

Of course, the national and municipal governments may cure a disease, do some good by laws and by-laws enacted in proper time; but these laws and by-laws, apart from not foreseeing the wants of the multitude, can be fully effective only in proportion to the proper understanding by the community of their object.

In other words, in order that laws be truly effective, the citizens must feel that they would have voted for them themselves, if they had had the power.

Civic spirit is shown in a more definite manner at the time of elections, by the electors, on one hand, choosing with care their representatives and, on the other hand, by patriotic readiness of the most worthy citizens to accept public office,

less than a honor than as a responsibility.

It is mostly by their vote that democracies direct their own destinies and for that reason it has been said that people deserve the rulers they get.

During election time, apathy or non-voting of good citizens is just as responsible as the activity of the others, and for the getting to power of demagogues and unscrupulous men. Showing civicism, therefore, is following attentively the debates knowing the questions and the men, it is examining carefully the records of the candidates and giving one's vote to those whose experience and integrity are best.

Showing civic spirit by those upon whom parliamentary or municipal powers have been bestowed, is accepting willingly the sacrifices inherent to public life and generously putting at the disposal of their fellow-citizens their talents.

An old aphorism tells us that "everybody's business is nobody's business."

It is precisely because too many people accept this false principle that countries, provinces and municipalities experience many difficulties.

Every one is bound to pay, in some way or other, the taxes that are needed for public affairs.

To speak only of municipalities, apart from taxes on property, that affect property owners directly and tenants indirectly, and water taxes that extend to every citizen, there are other taxes from which no one is exempt and that every one pays there is not one inhabitant of a municipality who is not directly interested in the good management of the city in which he lives, even though temporarily.

Every now and then, some great scandal will somewhat shake the apathy of those citizens who are the most, everything is forgotten victims thereof, but a few months and the public have fallen back into their usual somnolence.

However, the guiltiest one is not he who is looked upon as the author of the misdeeds; the real culprit is the public. Without any doubt, the public who elect or allow to be elected dishonest men.

A municipality always has the administration it deserves, and the best administered cities are invariably those where public spirit is the least somnolent.

If but few citizens take the trouble to vote, those closely follow the acts of the elected candidates are fewer still. There are a few leaguers who give some attention to civic questions, but the majority of ratepayers show utter indifference, which is most discouraging for the best intentioned administrators.

Why let the whole burden of the administration rest on a municipal council which, with the best of intentions, may make blunders?

In Europe, as well as in the United States, there exist societies of initiative which actively try to pave the way or admirably second the efforts of administrators.

Popular conscience must be shaken from its dullness. It is of the utmost importance that the citizens should realize that "Everybody's business is, before all, their business."

Civicism does not merely consist in closely following the acts of the administrators; it must watch everything that concerns the City.

Let us take the simple case of the observance of municipal by-laws. It would seem that the citizens take pleasure in infringing as many by-laws as possible, provided they can do so with impunity.

Thanks to the initiative of private citizens who inaugurated this movement in 1913, we have, each year in the spring, a "Clean-up Campaign," in which the municipality actively takes part. But why limit this effort to the spring only? Why should not all citizens keep the sidewalks and lanes near their residence clean all the year round? Why do not our fellow citizens follow the example of citizens in other cities and towns, adorn their lanes or windows with plants?

There is also a tendency among our citizens to systematically disparage the place they inhabit.

There is not a single city which does not afford some appreciable advantages, which its inhabitants should make known—and it is especially true in our Province, so rich in historical monuments and picturesque sites and which is crossed by the mighty St. Lawrence.

Another form of manifestation of civic spirit is the encouraging of local trade and industry preferably to foreign industry and trade.

Nothing accumulates wealth in a city so quickly, and nothing contributes to the direct or indirect de-

To the Electorate of the Village of Athens Ladies and Gentlemen:

Thanking you for the confidence you placed in me last January, and having served you faithfully for the year 1924, am offering my services for 1925, asking for your approval.

Wishing you all a Prosperous New Year,

I remain as ever,

P. Y. Hollingsworth

To the Electors of the Village of Athens

As I am standing for reelection as Councillor for the year 1925, I solicit your vote and influence.

Wishing you all a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

D. L. JOHNSTON

ELECTORS OF ATHENS:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—

A ballot for me on Monday next will be a vote for a safe, sane and economical administration of the business of your Village for 1925.

If you wish for lower taxes and that becomes at all possible you best attain that desirable object in one way:—

Vote for M. B. Holmes for Reeve.

Thanking you one and all for your confidence in the past, and requesting your support on Monday January 5th.

velopment of its property and efficiency as prosperous industries.

By encouraging our local industries, preferably to the industries of other places, we show enlightened civicism.

As regards local trade, it is evident that the trader who pays taxes to a municipality should have the preference over the owners of large foreign stores who carry on their business by mail and who do not contribute one cent to the municipalities where they have no establishments.

*Millions of dollars are, however, expended each year in purchasing from these foreign firms.

Civic spirit may be manifested in many different and varied forms, but the few cases I have just mentioned are sufficient to show that it is not only at the polling-booth that enlightened civicism may be evinced.

Education as regards civicism remains almost entirely to be done. The clergy and newspapers can play a most important part in the development, among the adults, of citizenship—but we should go farther. It is at school that we should begin to impress on the minds of

the future electors the principles of civicism.

As he goes up and gets ahead, he will be taught to observe the works performed by the municipality; how the streets are paved, the sidewalks are built and the water mains and sewers laid. The protection of the citizens' property against fire will be explained; he will be made to understand that the duty of the policeman is not merely to watch people, but to protect lives and property. He will be made to understand that there are no rights without duties and no duties without rights. On his mind will be impressed the idea that each citizen is responsible to the other citizen and that he must not do any things which might harm his fellow-citizens' property or welfare.

If the civic education of children is undertaken when they begin attending school, and if the clergy and the newspapers take charge of the adults, we may hope that we will soon have a larger number of citizens who will realize that they are criminally in leaving it to others to take an interest in public affairs, and that to lack civicism is to show a pitiful egotism and a deplorable want of intelligence.

To The Electors:---

We, the undersigned nominees for the office of Village Council for the incoming year, hereby appeal to the intelligence of all electors, and ask their hearty support in the contest.

If elected, we can assure the ratepayers that the moral and financial interests of the Village will be cared for to the best of our ability.

A. M. Eaton
S. A. Coon
W. H. Jacob.

Purcell's Hardware

YES, WE HAVE THEM!

WESTINGHOUSE RADIOLAS

TRESCO RECEIVERS

One, two and three tube outfits, the Marvel of the Radio Age. Reception from England on the one tube outfit.

THE WONDER CRYSTAL SET

Guaranteed Reception for 1000 miles. No Tubes, no batteries to buy. This set, \$15.00, installed complete with Head-Phones and all accessories.

Ask for Prices and Free Demonstration.

COLEMAN QUICK-LIGHT LAMPS

And Lanterns, priced from \$10.00 to \$15.00. Ask for Free Demonstration in your home.

PARKER PENS AND PENCILS

Yes, we have added these to our stock, and now can furnish any size. Come in and see our stock.

GUY E. PURCELL.

The Quality of "SALADA" TEA

is most appreciated in the rich, delicious flavor. Try it today.

About the House

The match-making mother is one of those people whom we often meet in novels and at the cinema. We seldom see her in real life, because such odium is attached to the match-making mother that most women steer clear of the role. They wash their hands of all responsibility and leave their daughters to shift for themselves about getting husbands.

This is wrong. Between the scheming mother who disposes of her daughter in marriage as if she were a slave on the auction block, and the mother who leaves her daughter's matrimonial fate entirely to chance, there is a wide field in which it is not only the province but the duty of a good mother to forward her child's happiness and well-being.

It is strange that so many mothers do not realize this, for nearly all women, even when they have not been happily married themselves, believe in marriage. They recognize it as woman's predestined place in life, the career in which she is most likely to find peace and contentment. Every woman wants her daughters to marry. She never feels safe about them until they are married, and the first breath of relief that a mother draws from the time her baby girl is born is when she sees her walking out of the church door on the arm of her husband.

This being the case, why is getting her daughter married not a legitimate occupation for the mother? Why should not a mother use her wisdom and experience in trying to secure a good husband for her child?

No mother has a right to use her influence to make her daughter marry any particular man just because he is a "good catch." But she should use her own matrimonial experience and her own knowledge of men to guide her girl in making the right choice of a husband.

Every woman knows that in affairs of the heart an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. There is no use in arguing with a girl in love. She is temporarily incapable of seeing anything in its true light. She is deaf to all reason. Girls marry the men with whom they are thrown in contact. Hence it is the mother's duty to see that the men with whom her daughters associate are the kind she would welcome as her sons-in-law.

The sensible mother does not take into her family a handsome young relative and throw him into daily association with her daughter, and then howl with horror when she finds that they have fallen in love with each other and want to get married. Nor does she give the run of her house to some fascinating ne'er-do-well and then weep with despair when her daughter announces her intention of marrying him despite all the warnings that are held up before her as to how such a marriage is sure to turn out.

The managing mother prevents these catastrophes. Not believing in the marriage of cousins, she does not invite good-looking young kinsmen to make their home with her. She freezes out the undesirables.

The wise mother teaches her daughter that while love is the great thing in matrimony, it is not everything, and that a woman does not long love a husband who has not the solid qualities that command her respect. She teaches her that a man who can make his wife a comfortable living will hold her affections longer than one who starves her and repeats poetry to her. So, when the girl selects her life partner she does it intelligently, instead of marrying the first attractive man who strikes her fancy.

Men help their sons to start in business. Why should not mothers help their daughters to marry? That's the average girl's business in life.

AVOID CROWDING THE WINDOWS.

A few well-grown plants are more beautiful in the window garden than a compact mass can possibly be. I like to have every plant I grow show its individual beauty, which it cannot do when crowded by others. Then, if we have to divide our attention too much no plant will get the personal care that is so necessary to success. If you want to feel the greatest pride in your flowers aim to grow splendid specimens rather than a notable collection. I would rather grow one fine Thurstoni begonia and have it so perfect that it would compel admiration than grow a couple of dozen begonias, all commonplace except the variety.

FROM THE DESERT TO THE MILL

Great Engineering Feats to Help Trade.

In many parts of the world there is a boom in engineering, particularly in the construction of great dams. One is being erected on the Nile, which will be the largest in the world when completed—larger even than the famous Assuan Dam in Egypt—others are being constructed in India, while another wonderful piece of engineering will be the mighty works in course of erection on the Colorado River, the object of which is to harness that mighty force.

There are already, on the Nile, numerous lasting monuments to the skill and enterprise of British engineers, but this latest undertaking easily eclipses all previous works. The dam, which is being erected on the Blue Nile, was commenced some years ago, but the work was condemned. The Soudan Government then invited tenders, and a British firm, Messrs. S. Pearson and Company, were awarded the contract, the sum involved being four million pounds. The dam is being constructed for irrigation purposes, and if the company's engineers fail to have water upon the land by July, 1925, they will have to pay a penalty of \$500,000.

Even more costly will be the irrigation project which has been begun in India, also by British engineers. This is the construction of a dam on the Indus River, the cost of which will be ten million pounds. There will be sixty-six sluice gates, 850 miles of main canals, and 1,200 miles of smaller distributaries.

The dam across the Colorado River will be twice the height of St. Paul's Cathedral, and will entail the expenditure of nearly fifty-five million dollars.

The River That Brings Ruin. If the Colorado is not tamed there is no hope of saving from inundation the prosperous Imperial Valley with its 100,000 settlers and yearly crops representing a value of \$100,000,000.

The river flows at the phenomenal speed of thirty miles an hour, as fast as many trains! In 1906 it overflowed its banks, cut a deep channel thirty-five miles long through the desert, and formed what is known as the Salton Sea, a huge lake 50,000 acres in area. Early in June, 1922, it wiped out almost half the Palo Verde Valley, hopelessly submerging two towns, ruining thousands of dollars worth of standing crops and rendering thousands of people homeless.

Unless baked, cannot be prepared in a short time. Rice can be cooked in twenty minutes and used at any time thereafter for several days. The following recipe for Mexican baked rice makes a very substantial "one-dish dinner" which is suitable for busy days.

Cook one and one-quarter cups of rice in boiling salted water for thirty minutes. Add one and one-half cups tomato juice, one large green pepper cut up fine, one-half cupful chopped pimento and a dash of pepper. Mix together thoroughly and pour into a well-buttered enameled ware baking dish, the porcelain-like surface of which will not affect or be affected by the acid in the tomatoes. On top place the tomato pulp, left after straining the juice. Bake thirty minutes in a hot oven. Serve white hot.

What One Remembers. She (under the spell of nature)—"Sad and sweet November! Makes one remember—"

He (rather more practical)—"That next month's December—and bank accounts vanish with the old year."

For Sore Feet—Minard's Liniment.

AFTER THE LAST BLOW-OUT, OLD INNER TUBES HAVE MANY USES.

An old inner tube has many uses in the household after it has seen its last days on the automobile. If rubber bands of various widths are cut from it, they will find many uses around the household. A paper-wrapped package is quickly fastened with one or two of them. The parcel-post package secured by these rubber bands arrive in good condition. Paraffined jelly glasses, if they have no tin covers, can be covered with circles of paper held in place by these rubber bands. Little daughter may use them as garters to hold bands in her bloomers.

If whole sections are cut, fringed and laced together, they make handy bags. The large size can be stretched down over the broom and saves much wear on the edges. Baby will have no end of fun rolling a ball through a piece of inner tube a foot long.

A VERY PLEASING BATH ROBE STYLE.



4959. Striped flannel, corduroy and eiderdown are good materials for a garment like this. It could also be made of quilted silk or satin, or of blanket cloth.

The Pattern is cut in 4 Sizes: Small, 34-36; Medium, 38-40; Large, 42-44; Extra Large, 46-48 inches bust measure. A Medium size requires 4 1/2 yards of 36-inch material.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 20c in silver, by the Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

Send 15c in silver for our up-to-date Fall and Winter 1924-1925 Book of Fashions.

TO A BABY.

Little rosy babykin with little rosy hands
Petal-like—yet metal-like with strength of iron bands!
Holding me and folding me in love's ecstatic mesh—
Love's ethereal spirit has been alchemized to flesh!

Dimpled little baby with a smile like honey-dew,
What has any human done to earn such wage as you?
Search my life of sin and strife however much I may,
Nothing half deserving you is found along the way.

Still we hold each other with a gladness all complete—
Gladness that is heavenly and wonderfully sweet.
I can only thank my stars for such a lovely fate—
Gosh! This makes a dozen lines; the editor told me eight!
—Strickland Gillilan.

BAKED RICE—MEXICAN STYLE

Besides being easily prepared, rice dishes are especially nourishing and a good substitute for potatoes which

Love Gives Itself

THE STORY OF A BLOOD FEUD

BY ANNIE S. SWAN.

"Love gives itself and is not bought."—Longfellow.

CHAPTER IV.—(Cont'd.)

"No! and by heaven you don't leave me like that! Do you think that I, Peter Garvoek, am going to be made a laughing-stock of in the place by a creature like you! That you and Stair between you will make me such a fool? I tell you, you haven't reckoned with Peter Garvoek! I can crush him, as one crushes a fly on the pane. I have him fast in the toils, and I will crush him! He will never have either bread or salt to offer you, for he is incapable of earning an honest penny. His only asset is his handsome face, and we shall see—we shall see"—and here there was actually foam on his lips—"we shall see how much it will do for him!"

Carlotta, sickened beyond telling, shaking with nervousness that was partly fear, turned and fled.

It was her first encounter with the man, blind passion of a man baulked in his dearest desire. She had looked, as she imagined, into the depths of the innermost hell; yet, behind her natural shrinking, a vast pity lay. Never had Peter Garvoek, in his kindest, most servile mood, pleading for her forbearance if not for her love, appealed as he had done now, in the throes of his jealous rage.

She wept as she sped across the field paths, choosing them blindly yet without mistake, so as to escape the scrutiny of the Sunday strollers. They were tears of dismay and of shame for herself, that she had awakened such passion in a man's soul. Never unaware of her power—for what attractive woman is?—she had altogether failed to gauge its depths. She had awakened fires which, perhaps, never would be quenched. And none knew to what heights these flames might rise!

Her being quailed at the thought of danger to Stair.

Peter Garvoek in such a mood was capable of murder, and the thought that he had her lover so much in his power sickened her with mortal fear. She paused, stumbling on the path, and, hesitating, looked back, half-minded to return and plead with him. But her pride forbade her. They were men, and must fight it out on the men's battle-ground. She dared not inter-vene. No woman could.

Left to himself, Peter Garvoek paced the narrow clearing in the Cessnock woods, the prey of the darkest passion which can ravage a man's soul. All the inborn and hidden jealousy of his cousin Stair rushed up, new kindled, permeating his whole being, poisoning the very air he breathed.

As cousins, at school and college, they had been pitted against one another, and every time Stair had carried off the palm with that ease and surety which follows those beloved of the gods, whom Nature has endowed with her most winsome gifts.

Peter the tortoise, slow, ponderous, unlovely to look at, blunt of speech, and sour of heart, had had to toll and toil; while Stair, with a smile and a glance of his merry laughing eyes, swept easily to the goal.

The only gate closed to Stair had been the power to make or accumulate money. And money is power! Money is power!

Peter Garvoek rolled these words, like a sweet morsel, under his tongue, as he at last turned away, the door of his Paradise closed, to face a future in which Carlotta had no place. That power, it would be used to the uttermost to grind him down, to renounce his union with Carlotta or with any woman impossible. His Uncle Claud, even against his better judgment, had allowed Peter Garvoek's

fingers to get too closely about the roots of Stair.

Once or twice, rendered uneasy by chance scraps of conversation which she had overheard, Judy had asked a few questions, and even, on one occasion, ventured on a mild protest, but her father had reassured her.

"There are few shrewder men than your cousin Peter, my dear, and in spite of what people say of him, few more generous. We shall be perfectly safe with him, and it is far better to go to a relative for an obligation than to an outsider."

But that was just the point where Stair liked Peter. She even found certain qualities in him others had denied or belittled; but she was uneasy because of his growing proprietary interest in Stair. She wondered what Alan thought of it, but as yet they had not openly discussed the matter.

There were no misgivings in Peter Garvoek's heart that Sunday afternoon as he strode sagely and swiftly to the Dalblair Inn for his horse. Nay, in his heart there was a deep and savage satisfaction that he had it in his power to repay Alan Rankine in like coin for his treachery. The appeal Carlotta had made, the vivid and arresting statement about the swift birth of love between her and Stair, had had no effect on him, save, perhaps, to deepen his wrath. He was incapable of believing it, or of understanding a thing so subtle. Hard facts were all that Peter Garvoek could deal with, and he would force his enemies to contemplation of them, too.

At the Dalblair Inn they wondered to see the laird of The Lees return for his horse so soon. Since he had begun to spend his Sundays at the Clock House, seven and eight hours' stabling had been required, and it was always dark before he rode away.

Seeing thunder on his brow, the ostler, something of a philosopher, decided that there had doubtless been a lovers' tiff.

Garvoek rode straight home, arriving there about half-past four, and entered the house as his mother's tea-tray was being carried upstairs to the small drawing-room where they sat when alone.

The man started at sight of his master, and hesitated.

"Will you take tea, sir?"

"No, and say nothing to your mistress. I am going out again, and may be late."

Peter Garvoek's Sunday was not yet over.

He left the house by the French window of the music-room, which had been a late addition to The Lees. Peter's mother was very musical, and never having been strong, had spent much of her time cultivating her gift. The husband who had adored her, and who had loved to study her slightest whim, had built this noble annex, and fitted it up most sumptuously, though of late it had been little used. Lucy, the only daughter of The Lees, not having inherited her mother's musical gifts.

A wide sweep of exquisitely-kept turf, bounded by a fine stone balustrade, copied from Stair, made the back of The Lees even more imposing than the front. Beyond the balustrade the hill rose steeply, its sparse fir trees making covert for game both for The Lees and Stair. Higher up it was quite bare, except for the heather clumps which grew among the boulders.

On the other side of the hill, or which Stair stood, and which faced the sea, the slope was entirely covered with heather, and lay beautifully to the sun, making a very fine background for the more stately home of the Rankines.

It was natural that the cousins, all friendly in their childhood, should have made a short-cut between the two houses. A small wicket gate, cunningly fashioned, opened out of the thick shrubbery at the far end of the terrace, and it was but a step through the fir belt to the sheep track and the march dyke which separated the two properties.

To this path Peter Garvoek turned then in the glow of that beautiful Sunday afternoon, but the peace and beauty of it laid no healing balm on his spirit. The sea, and never looked more lovely, with the hills of Arran just visible through the tender mist.

The feeling of newness of life was everywhere; the cry of the lambs which dotted the hillsides, and the song of the laverocks in the lift filled the air with that wonderful, vivid sense of life and hope inseparable from the spring.

Peter Garvoek had other things to think of than the beauty of a spring afternoon in one of the most beautiful spots in the world. After he had passed through the gate in the march dyke and actually stood upon the lands of Stair he stood still, and, knitting his brows, seemed to take stock with frowning eyes of the boundaries.

He was measuring something—meditating, perhaps, on some new division which would equal his rights.

"I can crush him!" he said between his teeth. "If I choose I can hound him out of Stair without a penny to his name. What can hungry acres do for a man? Why, nothing! He shall pay, pay, pay to the uttermost farthing!"

Suddenly, round the spur of the hill where the flag still flew half-mast high from the tower of Stair, he beheld a tall figure striding towards him—the man with whom his black thoughts were busy, the man who had wronged him, who had stolen his wife, from him before he had called her by that sweet name!

(To be continued.)

A Poem You Ought to Know.

In a Dream-Nighted December. The following lyric is by John Keats, and the concluding lines are among the most poignant in our literature:—

In a dream-nighted December,
Too happy, happy tree,
Thy branches ne'er remember
Their green felicity;
The north cannot undo them,
With a sleety whistle through them;
Nor frozen thawings give them
From budding at the pine.

In a dream-nighted December,
Too happy, happy brook,
Thy bubblings ne'er remember
Apollo's summer look;
But with a sweet forgetting,
They stay their crystal fretting,
Never, never petting
About the frozen time.

Ah! would 'twere so with many
A gentle girl and boy!
But were there ever any
Writhed not at passed joy?
To know the change and feel it,
When there is none to heal it,
Nor numbed sense to steal it,
Was never said in rhyme.

Power of the Will.

"Tis in ourselves we are thus or thus. Our bodies are our gardens, to the which our wills are gardeners; so that if we will plant nettles or sow lettuce, set hyssop and weed up thyme, supply it with one gender of herbs or distract it with many, either to have it sterile with idleness or manured with industry, why, the power and corrigible authority of this lies in our wills.—Shakespeare's 'Othello.'"



What One Remembers. She (under the spell of nature)—"Sad and sweet November! Makes one remember—"

For Sore Feet—Minard's Liniment.



FAMOUS U.S. BASEBALL MEN HUNT IN CANADA

Star players from Yankee baseball team join captain of Chicago White Sox in hunting trip to New Brunswick woods. Top left—Eddie Collins, Fred Hoffman, Bob Shawkey, Joe Bush. Right—Bob Shawkey with one of his trophies. Below—Eddie Collins prepares a steak.

Eddie Collins, captain of the Chicago White Sox, with Bob Shawkey, Fred Hoffman and Joe Bush, leading right hand pitchers of the Yankees, and Dr. Walford, of Philadelphia, have just returned to civilization after a successful sojourn in the Tobique game district of New Brunswick, about which they are most enthusiastic. Charlie Cremin, the noted guide of the Tobique, had them in tow. Charlie met the rest of the party at Plaster Rock, the jumping off place on the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Joe Bush landed first blood, killing a moose with a fifty-inch spread of antlers. Shawkey killed one later with a spread of fifty-three inches, immediately following up by killing a buck with antlers carrying twenty-three points, while Dr. Walford and Fred Hoffman were killing a moose and a deer each. An Albino fell to Joe Bush on the last day.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts.

Canada from Coast to Coast

Charlottetown, P.E.I.—A considerable export trade in live silver foxes is being conducted by island fox breeders at the present time. The most recent consignment was one of ten pairs of black and silver foxes from Bear River to San Bernardino, Cal., where a fox ranch will be established by a former Prince Edward Island man.

Halifax, N.S.—The National Fish Co., of Halifax, are adding a new industry to their plant here in the shape of a fish meal mill in which they will utilize the waste from their products, such as fish skins, etc., in the manufacture of a meal to be used as a feed for horses, cattle, etc. Heretofore this waste has been taken out to sea and dumped, but with the addition of new machinery to their present plant they will now be able to take care of this waste as well as giving employment to several men.

St. John, N.B.—Improvement is noted in the fishing industry of the Maritime Provinces. The maritime merchant reports various happenings indicating that the industry is coming back. The outlook for canned lobsters, owing to market conditions in France and Germany, is improving. The activities of the Lunenburg fleet are being increased and the fresh fish trade is being developed by the use of steam trawlers.

Montreal, Que.—The Canadian Prest-Air, Ltd., a company recently incorporated to manufacture a new refrigerant "Prest Air Ice," is establishing a plant here, which will have a daily capacity of 50,000 lbs.

Timmins, Ont.—The output of gold reached a new high mark for Northern Ontario during November. Combined production from Porcupine and Kirkland Lake during the month was around \$2,300,000, or at the rate of be-

tween \$27,000,000 and \$28,000,000 a year.

Winnipeg, Man.—Graveling of the Lord Selkirk Highway, the principal artery of communication between Manitoba and the United States, will be proceeded with immediately, according to an announcement made by the Provincial Deputy Minister of Highways. The total estimated cost for the completion of the highway from St. Norbert, Man., to the international boundary is \$320,000. It will form a link with four chief highways south of the border.

Regina, Sask.—The estimated value of the total wool clip of the three prairie provinces for the past year is \$631,700, obtained for 2,690,000 pounds of wool. Alberta leads with 1,250,000 and received the best price, which would average around 25 cents a pound. Saskatchewan had 840,000 pounds for which an average price of 23 cents was obtained. Manitoba's yield was 600,000, with an average price of 21 cents a pound.

Edmonton, Alta.—Preparations are made for the winter fishing operations on the big lakes of Northern Alberta. A total of 550 commercial fishing permits have been issued by the Dominion Fisheries office in Edmonton, compared with 460 last year. It is expected that 70 more will be issued. Last year the catch of the Northern Lakes amounted to some 1,500,000 lbs. of dressed white fish, and it is expected that the catch this year will equal if not exceed that figure.

Victoria, B. C.—Whaling stations along the British Columbia Coast are finding business much better this year than last. Up to the present month more than 200 tons of whale oil from the stations on the Queen Charlotte Islands, have been shipped to England.



When some irregular local police, mutinied at Gardal, India, they took possession of a block house and defied the world. A small British gun, however, upset their calculations and they were captured.

Encouragement.

Blessed are they who, without a mere rush of optimism to the head or persistence in a fool's paradise, habitually take a cheerful view of our little planet and its citizens and are forever lending a hand to help a good work forward.

The world market is oversupplied with mere fault-finders, who do nothing but knock. Those who know so much and are content to know it usually do nothing, instead of doing more than the rest. In all directions help is needed. That help does not come from those whose cynicism withers, whose irony sears and chills, whose tongues are cutting implements.

Indeed, the most self-sufficient—as they seem to us—are often longing for the morsel of encouragement in our power to bestow. There still lives in each of us the child who runs to his mother to be petted and encouraged and told he has done well.

To one whose hand is set to the world's strenuous daily enterprise, soft blandishments and honey-tongued flattery are enervating. His first and best encouragement is to see the work go forward, as he and his mates toil loyally together. They face all weathers, surmount all crises, endure all grief and hazard; and in the darkest hour, though they may say little, they will be found giving each other the steady hand, the heartening word that comes with the force of new regiments to soldiers hard beset.

\$250,000 Property Loss by Fire at Winnipeg

A despatch from Winnipeg says:—Fire, starting in the elevator shaft on the second floor, Christmas Eve, practically destroyed the Werner Block, in the wholesale district here. The damage was estimated at \$250,000. There was no one in the premises at the time.

Fought in bitterly cold weather, the fire was one of the most stubborn experienced by the city brigade in several years, and at one time threatened a cafe and adjoining hotel. The occupants were preparing to leave when the flames were brought under control shortly after midnight, an hour after the first alarm was sounded.

The block was occupied by several wholesale firms, the heaviest losers being the Werner Drug Co. and the Van Berkyl-Product Co.

Term "Fresh Egg" Explained by French Court

A despatch from Paris says:—After three days of ponderous deliberation, a French court has decided just what is a fresh egg. It is an egg not more than two weeks old in Summer or three weeks in Winter. Dealers who sold older eggs as fresh were given fifteen days in jail and fined 300 francs. The court also defined the three classes egg. First is the egg a la coque, that is, young enough to boil; second, the egg still fresh, though laid over a fortnight, but not artificially preserved; third, the preserved egg. Hereafter eggs must bear their proper label.

Ontario Government Makes Change in University Control.

Since 1906 the University of Toronto has been managed by a Board of Governors appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council. This Board is really a Government Commission, made up of twenty-four members retiring at regular intervals. For some years the graduates of the Provincial University have been asking for representation on the Board of Governors and to their requests the Government, compiled by means of an amendment, in March, 1924, to the University Act. Graduate members of the Alumni Federation are now to select a panel of eight names to be submitted to the Prime Minister and from this panel he will select some or all for appointment to the Board of Governors. In this way the Government's responsibility for the Provincial University will in no way be lessened and at the same time the graduates will have an opportunity to share in the governing of their own Alma Mater. Graduate members of the Alumni Federation are now being asked to send in nominations, balloting will follow after three weeks and, early in February, the names will be submitted to the Prime Minister.

Foreign Population of Paris Estimated at 620,865

"Good Americans go to Paris when they die," is the saying here, says a Paris despatch. To their infinite numbers must be added 38,623 living citizens of the United States now in Paris. They are presumably good, since they have satisfied the Parisian police of their desirability as residents and have earned a place in the census returns.

Italians, it would seem, prefer earning a good living now, in preference to enjoying Paris in future incarnation, since there are no less than 113,574 of them registered with the police. Most of these sons of Italy are employed in the building trades in and around Paris.

The Belgians come next with 96,467. The Russians total 56,909 and the Swiss 53,571. The total number of foreigners registered as residents of Paris and its suburbs amounts to 620,865, of a population of 4,500,000.

Fourteen-Year-Old Girl Has Sight Restored

A despatch from Louisville, Ky., says:—Joy came to Elsie Day, 14, patient in the Kentucky School for the Blind, Christmas morning, when she looked at the first doll she had ever seen, her gift from Santa Claus.

Sight itself is new to Elsie. For as long as she could remember she had been blind. Two weeks ago she was admitted to the school, and two operations, four days apart, gave her sight.

In two weeks she will go back to southeastern Kentucky to greet her father, mother and a blind brother. Elsie has never seen them.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.

Man. wheat—No. 1 North, \$1.06 1/2; No. 2 North, \$1.01; No. 3 North, \$1.86; No. 4 wheat, \$1.76 1/2.
Man. oats—No. 2 CW, 75 1/2c; No. 3 CW, 71c; extra No. 1 feed, 71 1/2c; No. 1 feed, 69 1/2c; No. 2 feed, 66 1/2c.
All the above c.i.f. bay ports.
Am. corn—Track, Toronto—No. 2 yellow, \$1.42 1/2.
Millfeed—Del. Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$35.25; shorts, per ton, \$37.25; middlings, \$42.25; good feed flour, per bag, \$2.45.
Ont. oats—No. 3 white, 48 to 50c.
Ont. wheat—No. 2 winter, \$1.43 to \$1.45; No. 3 winter, \$1.41 to \$1.43; No. 1 commercial, \$1.40 to \$1.41, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.
Barley—Malting, 84 to 89c.
Rye—No. 2, \$1.18 to \$1.21.
Man. flour—First patns., in jute sacks, \$9.80, Toronto; do, second patns., \$9.30, Toronto.
Ont. flour—90 per cent. pat., 77, in bags, Montreal or Toronto; do, export, 48c, cotton bags, c.i.f.
Hay—No. 2 timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, \$14.50; No. 3, \$12.50.
Straw—Carlots, per ton, \$9.
Screenings—Standard, re-cleaned, f.o.b. bay ports, per ton, \$27.
Cheese—New, large, 20c; twine, 20 1/2 to 21c; triplets, 22c; Stilltons, 22c. Old, large, 23 to 24c; twine, 24 to 25c; triplets, 25 to 26c.
Butter—Finest creamery prints, 39 to 40c; No. 1 creamery, 37 to 38c; No. 2, 35 to 36c; dairy prints, 28 to 30c.
Eggs—Fresh extras, in cartons, 68 to 70c; loose, 65 to 66c; storage extras, in cartons, 48 to 49c; loose, 47 to 48c; storage firsts, 44 to 45c; storage seconds, 38 to 39c.
Live poultry—Hens, over 5 lbs., 20c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 18c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 18c; spring chickens, 2 lbs. and over, 28c; roosters, 12c; ducklings, 5 lbs. and up, 18c; geese, 20c; turkeys, 35c.
Dressed poultry—Hens, over 5 lbs., 26c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 23c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 16c; spring chickens, 2 lbs. and over, 28c; roosters, 18c; jucklings, 5 lbs. and up, 25c; geese, 21c; turkeys, 38c.
Beans—Can. hand-picked, lb., 6 1/2c; primes, 6c.
Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.40; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.80 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25 to 26c.
Honey—60-lb. tins, 13 1/4c per lb.; 10-lb. tins, 13 1/2c; 5-lb. tins, 14c; 2 1/2-lb. tins, 15 1/2 to 16c.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 25 to 26c; cooked hams, 37 to 38c; smoked rolls, 18 to 20c; cottage rolls, 21 to

28c; breakfast bacon, 23 to 27c; special brand breakfast bacon, 29 to 31c; backs, boneless, 29 to 30c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$17.50; 70 to 90 lbs., \$18.90; 90 lbs. and up, \$15.50; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$38; heavyweight rolls, \$37.
Lard—Pure, tierces, 18 to 18 1/2c; tubs, 18 1/2 to 19c; pails, 18 1/2 to 19 1/2c; prints, 21 to 22c; shortening, tierces, 14 1/2 to 15c; tubs, 15 to 15 1/2c; pails, 15 1/2 to 16 1/2c; prints, 17 1/2 to 17 3/4c.
MONTREAL.
Oats—No. 2 CW, 75c; No. 3 CW, 78c; extra No. 1 feed, 70c. Flour—Man. spring wheat patns., firsts, \$9.90; seconds, \$9.40; strong bakers', \$9.20; winter patns., choice, \$7.15 to \$7.25. Rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., \$3.95 to \$4.05. Bran, \$35.25. Shorts, \$37.25. Middlings, \$48.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$14 to \$14.50.
Cheese, finest wests, 18 to 18 1/2c. Butter, No. 1, pasteurized, 35 1/2 to 36c; No. 1 creamery, 34 1/2 to 35c; seconds, 33 1/2 to 33 3/4c. Eggs, storage extras, 48c; storage firsts, 43c; storage seconds, 40c; fresh extras, 70c; fresh firsts, 55c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, 60 to 65c.

Christiania is Now "Oslo," Ancient Name of Capital

On New Year's Day the capital of Norway changed its name from Christiania to Oslo and all the geography books in all the schools of the world were made wrong.
The city has been called Christiania for the past three centuries, but it was called Oslo for the six centuries before that; so it is now going back to the name of Oslo.
Oslo became Christiania three centuries ago after a conflagration which wiped out the city and compelled King Christian IV to build a new capital of Norway across the bay from Oslo. In his honor it was called Christiania.
During the past three centuries, however, the suburbs have recrossed the bay and included the site of Oslo, and the nationalistic spirit of Norway has emphasized its old traditions. The Christiania Chamber of Commerce, in hailing the name of Oslo, announces that "The Norway of to-day feels more than ever its unbroken continuity with the Norway of Harold the fair-haired who founded Oslo as his capital in 1047."



The Richard family of Noyent-sur-Marne, France, were awarded the 10,000 franc prize for a "large family." The parents are twenty-four years old and have six children, the youngest being 18-months-old-twins.

LARGE NUMBER OF ACCIDENTS IN STATES

More Than Sixty Persons Killed and Half a Hundred Injured in Various Centres.

A despatch from Chicago says:—More than sixty persons were killed, upwards of a hundred were injured and a number of others are missing as the result of an unusual number of accidents Christmas Eve and Christmas Day.

In addition to the loss of life, fires, many of them resulting from overheating due to the zero Christmas weather in some parts of the country, caused a heavy property loss.

At Stamford, Texas, four were killed and six injured, one seriously, in a fire in the Stamford Inn.

Two men were frozen to death in Chicago's five below zero Christmas weather, a policeman was killed as the result of a fall, and a Chinese laundry man was shot and probably fatally wounded in a renewal of tong warfare.

Four were killed and one probably fatally hurt and another less seriously in an automobile accident at Richmond, Va., and at Dixon, Ill., a three-year-old child shot and killed his ten-year-old brother with their father's shot gun, and one person was killed as the result of placing oil in a cook stove.

Two were killed in a Christmas Eve shooting scrape near Richmond, Ky.; two were killed in an automobile accident at Birmingham, Ala.; a three-year-old girl died of burns at Worcester, Mass.; one was killed in an automobile accident at Lexington, N. C.; a policeman was killed at New Orleans by a bank robber; a mother died of burns at Lincoln, Neb., after pouring kerosene on a kitchen fire, two

were injured at Glendale, Cal.; when a bomb in the form of a Christmas package exploded, two were killed and two injured in an automobile accident at Centralia, Ill., and at Michigan City, Ind., two were killed and two were injured when a train struck an automobile, while in New York five men were seriously wounded by two gunmen.

The temperature registered 48 degrees below zero at Elko, Nevada, and put the air mail radio station out of commission. The pump and radio are were frozen, air mail officials said.

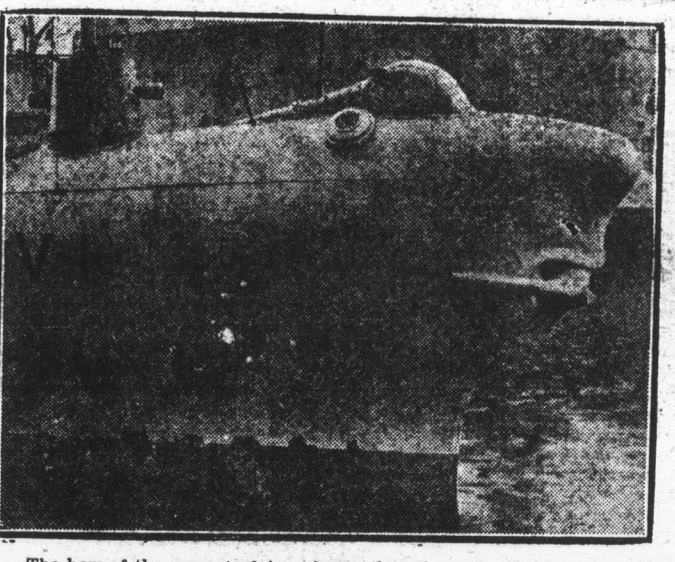
A despatch from Hobart, Okla., says:—With 33 bodies, most of them burned beyond recognition, lying in a temporary morgue in two store buildings, and 20 others injured as a result of a Christmas Eve fire at the district school house at Babb's Switch, seven miles from here, work of recovering the dead was retarded by lack of water on the school grounds with which to cool the embers.

Calgary's Natural Gas Supply.

They do things in a large way on the Prairies. Calgary has just completed an addition to its natural gas supply from the Foremost gas field. To make this gas available required a trench 32 miles in length. Into this trench a ten-inch pipe was laid. There are 8,500 lengths of the pipe, each 20 feet long. The pipe was made at Welland, Ont., and weighed 2,500 tons. Calgary is now receiving its natural gas supply through 221 miles of pipe line. The four gas wells at Foremost can supply 49 million cubic feet per day, more than double Calgary's present consumption. Canadians not so fortunately situated with regard to a fuel supply can hardly appreciate the advantages of having a gas supply for both cooking and heating purposes.



Salvaging operations being undertaken by Great Britain to raise the sunken German fleet at Scapa Flow are shown in the above photograph. The value of the fleet lies chiefly in the enormous mass of machinery and brass and copper tubing it contains.



The bow of the newest of American submarines, the V-1, has the appearance of the head of a giant whale. The undersea dreadnought is now in New York, being made ready for its trial trip to Portsmouth.

British Leaders Protected from Stage Jokes

Prominent British politicians have been protected from the irreverent chaffings of theatre comedians by recent rulings of the Lord Chamberlain, the official responsible for censoring plays and songs, says a London despatch.

His most recent ruling was against a West End company which was about to produce a new edition of its frothy musical revue. One of the songs in the piece was not allowed to be sung because in it four eminent politicians—Austen Chamberlain, Winston Churchill, Ramsay MacDonald and David Lloyd George—were portrayed in a lightsome vein.

From Nova Scotia to Rome in Canoe and Steamship

The night watchman on the houseboat of Marshal Joffre, a popular restaurant in Paris well known to tourists, was startled the other night when a canoe drew up out of the darkness on the Seine and its occupant jumped on the deck. The visitor asked if he could leave his canoe on the deck of the houseboat. Permission was granted.

The watchman politely asked where the visitor had come from. The latter answered, "Nova Scotia."

The paddler was George Smyth, the navigator, who is making his way by canoe from Nova Scotia to Rome. His trip so far has been successful, and with the exception of the Atlantic crossing, which necessitated passage on a steamship, he has made his way alone with the help of a stalwart paddle.

The English Channel represented the most difficult leg of his European travels and it took two attempts for him to make the French coast. On his first trip from Dover to Calais a wave washed his compass overboard. He was forced to put back toward the English coast and was picked up at the South Goodwin Lightship after fourteen hours at sea. Most of the time he was forced to keep bailing out his canoe and barely escaped being swamped.
Smyth immediately paddled back to Dover after this unsuccessful attempt and the next day started out again. This time he was able to proceed on a straight course for France. From Calais he came to Paris by river and canal, the most pleasant part of his trip, according to his reports. His route from Paris lies up the Seine into the old Burgundy Canal, down the Saone and then the Rhone, coming into the Mediterranean at Marseilles. He will skirt the shores of the Mediterranean until he reaches the mouth of the Arno, and then paddle up this stream into the Tiber and thence to Rome. The trip from Paris to Rome will take about ten weeks.

LOCAL NEWS

ATHENS AND VICINITY

Miss Elizabeth Doolan, of Brockville, is a visitor in town this week, a guest of her aunt, Mrs. J. A. Rap-pell, Central street.

Mrs. Latimer, of Ivy Lea, is spending the holiday season in Athens with her sisters, Mrs. Maud and the Misses Tillie and Eliza Webster, Elgin street.

Mrs. James Hanna is a patient in the Brockville General Hospital, undergoing treatment for an affliction of the throat.

Miss Margaret Gibson, student in arts at Queen's University, Kingston, is spending the Christmas vacation at her home east of Athens.

Two carloads of coal consigned to G. W. Beach arrived at the C. N. R. station this week.

Miss Vera Topping, of Ogdensburg, N.Y., gave her mother a pleasant surprise by arriving home unexpectedly for Christmas.

Mr. Hilliard Brown, of New York, spent the Yuletide season in his Athenian home with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Brown, Main street.

Mrs. F. Stone, of Forfar, was in town Saturday, a guest at the silver wedding anniversary of her sister, Mrs. A. H. Mulvena, Church street.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Beach were Christmas guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Billings, near Brockville.

Rev. C. J. Curtis is spending a week or so with his son and daughter near Hamilton.

Mr. J. F. Gordon returned from Kingston on Monday evening where he joined Mrs. Gordon and spent Christmas with his son, C. L. Gordon, and family. Mrs. Gordon is remaining in Kingston for over the New Year.

Rev. G. G. Upham was taken ill Christmas eve and on Sunday morning was conveyed to the General Hospital, Brockville, by Dr. Bracken, where he was operated on that afternoon for appendicitis, and latest reports state he is doing nicely, to the delight of his many friends.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Gainford spent Christmas Day at Sherwood Springs in the home of their daughter, Mrs. E. Eligh; and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Stevens were guests in the home of their daughter, Mrs. Harold Richards, Jellyby.

Miss E. Webster and Mrs. R. Steacy were in Lyndhurst a couple of days this week, guests in the home of Mr. Leslie Kendrick.

Mrs. M. Ringley and Miss Ringley, of Smiths Falls, and Mr. William Warren, of Montreal, were guests of Rev. H. E. and Mrs. Warren, "The Parsonage," over Christmas.

The Athens Branch of the Canadian Bible Society will hold its annual service in the Methodist Church, Athens, on Monday, Jan. 19th at 7.30 p.m. The secretary, Rev. C. W. Crawford, of Ottawa will give an illustrated lecture on Turkey. All are welcome.

On Sunday, December 21st, Reeve M. B. Holmes and Mrs. Holmes quietly celebrated the forty-ninth anniversary of their marriage by entertaining a few relatives at dinner. For 20 consecutive years Mr. Holmes has filled the position of village reeve, giving energy and time unstintingly to affairs of public concern in Athens and we wish for Mr. and Mrs. Holmes many more years of conjugal bliss.

Mr. A. E. Watts, the genial station agent of the C.N.R., is enjoying a vacation, and with Mrs. Watts and children have been spending the holidays with home friends at Concession and other points near Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Thompson, Main street, gave a family dinner party on Christmas Day, their guests being Mr. and Mrs. J. Morrison and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Latimer and family, of Brockville; Mr. H. Irvine and family, of Sperton, and Mr. and Mrs. Horton Poyasme, of Lvn, the latter remaining over until Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Thompson.

A very pretty program was given by the pupils of the Methodist Sunday school on Christmas night. The songs, choruses, duets and recitations were well given and great credit is due the trainers. Several other numbers, monologues, solos, duets, and recitations finished a very enjoyable evening. Several numbers on the programme were repeated at the Home of Industry on Sunday and a pleasant hour given the inmates of the home.

On Monday evening the Methodist choir and a few friends were invited to the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Neff, Victoria street, to enjoy a social evening and bid farewell to Mrs. Winifred Topping, for several years a valued member of the choir, who is leaving Athens the first of the New Year to accept a position in the Eastern Hospital, Brockville, as a seamstress. During the evening Mrs. Topping was presented with an address and a club bag as a slight recognition of services rendered as an alto singer in the choir.

The Misses Wiltse, Church street, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Purcell, Henry street, Mr. and Mrs. Levi Wilson, Wiltse street, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Johnston, Church street, were among those in town who entertained at family dinner parties on Christmas Day.

The cozy home of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Mulvena, Church street, was the scene of a happy gathering on Saturday last, when they celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding, entertaining about a score of relatives and friends to dinner at high noon.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Asselstine, of Frankford, Ont., spent Christmas with their daughter, Mrs. Clarence Young. Before returning home they will visit friends in Deseronto and Kingston.

Rockspring News

Rockspring, Dec. 22.—The special Christmas service held in the Methodist church at Rockspring on Sunday evening, December 21, was appreciated by the large number present. Charles Mills gave an earnest and forceful address, taking for his subject "The Christmas Spirit." Miss Florence Hay presided at the organ and much credit is due all those who contributed duets, recitations and readings to the programme. A permanent choir has been organized. Rev. D. D. Elliott is the pastor and his subject next Sunday afternoon at 2.30 will be "Some Thoughts for the New Year." There will be music by the choir.

ROCKPORT

Rockport, Dec. 24.—The Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs. R. H. Service on Tuesday afternoon, December 2. The meeting was opened with the president, Mrs. J. F. Fitzsimmons, in the chair, by the singing of the Institute carol. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved and there were 16 members and one visitor present.

After other business had been disposed of, it was decided to have a business and social evening and to have Institute members and their husbands present to talk over fire protection for both the home and country. The secretary is to write to G. A. Putnam and obtain his advice on the same. The new programmes have been received for the remainder of the year. The Institute is to serve cake and sandwiches to the children and visitors on the last day of school. The meeting adjourned to meet at the home of Mrs. Andrew Shiels on January 3.

The Churches

Athens Methodist Church

Rev. H. E. Warren, M.A., B.D., Pastor.
Sunday, January 4, 1925.
"Church Anniversary Sunday"
Morning Service, 10.30.
Rev. Dr. R. H. Bell, of Kingston, will preach.
Afternoon—2.30.—The Sunday School Evening Service, 7.00.
Rev. Dr. Bell.
The Anniversary Supper and Entertainment will be held on Monday night following.

Parish of Lansdowne Rear

Rev. V. O. Boyle, M.A., B.D., Rector
Second Sunday after Christmas
January 4th
Christ Church Athens,—
2.30 p.m. Sunday School.
2.30 p.m. Evening Prayer
Trinity Church, Oak Leaf.
10.30 a.m. Holy Communion followed by Sunday School.
St. Paul's Church, Delta.
1.30 p.m. Sunday School.
2.30 p.m. Evening Prayer.

Baptist Church

Rev. G. G. Upham, Pastor.
Plum Hollow—
Sunday School, 9.30 a.m. Service 10.30 a.m.
Toledo,—
Service, 2.30 p.m.
Athens—
Sunday School, 10.30 a.m. Service, 7.00 p.m.

Let
The Reporter
Do Your printing

Business Changes In Delta

Postoffice figures in Movement in Community.

NEWS OF THE VILLAGE

Delta, Dec. 27.—S. Whitmore has moved into one of the new stores of Russell Brothers, and George Hazelton has moved into the store vacated by him.

Ed. Barlow has purchased the property where George Hazelton conducted his shoe store and intends residing there. In the near future he will move the post office there also.

Mrs. D. Kelsey and children, Brockville, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Kilborn.

John Eaton is ill at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Hazelton, Brockville, spent Christmas with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Coleman.

Mrs. Eliza Stevens and Miss Iwilla, spent Christmas with Dr. and Mrs. E. Stevens, Ottawa.

John Wright, Morristown, N.Y., is spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Wright.

Mr. Lackie and family have moved into the house recently purchased by D. Campbell.

Many will regret to hear of the death of Mrs. William Stevens, of Ottawa. Mr. Stevens is a brother of Mrs. Felix Brestee.

Gerald Phelps, of the staff of the Bank of Montreal here, has been transferred and will leave for Brockville on Tuesday.

Delta orchestra furnished music for a dance at North Augusta on Friday evening.

Mrs. M. Seed is ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Alf. Erwin.

Among those who spent the holidays here were Miss A. Erwin, Ottawa Normal school; Miss Bernice Jackson, Ottawa; Miss Jean Russell, Ottawa Normal school; Mr. and Mrs. H. Russell, Toronto; Judge and Mrs. Mott and children, Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. H. Juby, Mary Elizabeth, Mr. Juby, St. Clement La Fleche, Water-town, N.Y., and Clovis J. La Fleche, Montreal; Dr. and Mrs. L. A. Pierce and children, Toronto; Miss Estella Russell, Toronto.

Rex Marcell is visiting at the home of W. Russell.

A sleighload of young people attended the Christmas entertainment at Philipsville on Christmas night.

Service was cancelled in the Methodist church on Sunday evening owing to anniversary services at Portland.

Mrs. W. T. Keough has been ill for the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Kelly and Mr. and Mrs. F. Blancher, Addison, spent Christmas with Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Kelly.

MORTGAGE SALE

Under and by virtue of the powers of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, by Edward Taylor, Auctioneer, at the Armstrong House, in the Village of Athens, on

THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1925,

at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, viz.: All and singular those certain parcels or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being: FIRSTLY, in the Township of Elizabethtown, in the County of Leeds, and being composed of the East Half of Lot Number thirty-seven, in the Tenth Concession of the said Township of Elizabethtown, containing 100 acres more or less, excepting thereout and therefrom that parcel thereof sold by Jonathan M. Church to Benjamin F. Scott, being that part south of the highway and more particularly described in instrument dated the 14th day of January, 1911, and registered on the 20th day of January, 1921, in the Registry Office for the County of Leeds as No. 8909.

SECONDLY: In the Township of Yonge, in the County of Leeds, and being composed of the front end of Lot One in the Tenth Concession of the Township of Yonge, described as follows: Commencing at the Southeast angle of said Lot at a post numbered "Commons" and No. One; thence South sixty-six degrees West nineteen chains and forty-five links to the limit between Lots one and two; thence North twenty-four degrees West nineteen chains and seventy-five links; thence North sixty-six degrees East nineteen chains and fifty-five links; then South twenty-four degrees East nineteen chains and seventy-six links to the place of beginning, containing 38 acres, two rods and 39 rods, be the same more or less.

The said property is situate on the Perth Road about two miles north of Addison, about seventy-five acres are under cultivation, the balance in pasture and bush land, including a sugar bush of about 600 trees. There are said to be a good stone house, large frame barn with stable attached, also a horse stable and machine house.

TERMS:—Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid down at time of sale, balance within 30 days without interest. The property will be sold subject to a reserve bid.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to
T. R. BEALE, Athens, Ont.
Solicitor for Mortgagee.
Dated at Athens, Ont., the 22nd day of December, 1924.

BIBLE SOCIETY IS SUCCESSFUL IN COLLECTIONS

Sum of \$62 Raised in North Augusta and Vicinity.

NEWS OF THE DISTRICT

Special Services Conducted in the Rockspring Methodist Church.

North Augusta, Dec. 24.—Collections for the Bible Society have been completed. Mrs. Ward Baker and Miss Myrtle Hough collected \$42 in the village. Mrs. Charles Freeman, of Jellyby, collected \$18.50 and Miss Lenora Peer, of Whitehurst, collected \$6.50, making a total of \$65.

The concert given in the Masonic hall last Friday night by the young people of the Anglican church was a decided success. Each number was well rendered and numerous encores were responded to. There was a bumper attendance and the proceeds were quite satisfactory.

Tom Warren, Archie Moffatt and George Steacy, attending Queen's University, are home for the holidays.

The Methodist Sunday school and congregation held a rally in the church on Monday night. A good programme was given and light refreshments were served and Santa Claus appeared to distribute presents and candies from a well-laden tree.

NEWBLISS

Newbliss, Dec. 23.—Miss Mary Conlon is spending her holidays at her home in Athens.

Miss Eleanor Willows is spending the holidays with her parents in Carleton.

Miss Glenna Kinch has returned home after having spent a week in Brockville.

Clifford Foster is spending Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Foster.

W. P. McKenzie, of Socrates, Sask., is home for the winter.

Those attending the concert given by the two schools report a good time. Robert McTavish is able to be out again.

Miss Canton is on the sick list.

Delbert Connel has installed a radio receiving set.

For Sale

6 octave piano case organ. In good condition. Apply at Reporter Office 1-8t.

NOTICE

The Annual Meeting of the Horticultural Society of Athens District will be held in the office of the Department of Agriculture, on Saturday, Jan. 10th 1925, at 3 p.m.

A full attendance of members is requested.

J. E. Thomas, Sec.-Treas.

Nomination Meeting

A Public Meeting of the Electors of the Village of Athens, will be held on

Monday, Dec. 29, 1924

at 7.30 p.m., in the Town Hall, for nominating a Reeve, Councillors and School Trustees, for 1925, and in case a poll be required, the votes of the qualified electors will be taken from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. on Monday January 5, 1925, at the several polling subdivisions in the municipality.

E. J. Purcell, Returning Officer.

(Meeting in Auditorium)

Clocks Repaired

Clocks repaired and cleaned. Especially old weight clocks that may have been laid aside, repaired and put in running order. Prices reasonable.
FRANCIS SHELDON, Mill St.

Athens Grain Warehouses and Lumber Yard

Highest prices paid for Wheat, Oats, Barley, and Buckwheat.
Also for Pine, Hemlock, Elm, Maple and Basswood Logs.
Athens Grain Warehouse, Lumber Yard and Saw Mill.

Notice of Application For Divorce

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Alvin Wesley Richards of the Township of Bastard, in the County of Leeds, in the Province of Ontario, Farmer, will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the next Session thereof for a Bill of Divorce from his wife, Hazel Mary Evelyn Richards, of the Township of Lansdowne, in the County of Leeds, and the Province aforesaid, on the grounds of adultery and desertion.

Dated at Brockville, in the Province of Ontario, this Twenty-sixth day of November, A.D. 1924.
ALVIN WESLEY RICHARDS,
By his Solicitors, HUTCHESON & DRIVER.

Westinghouse RADIOLAS

Eveready and Burgess BATTERIES

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY

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The Athens Reporter

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THE REPORTER
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We Wish you All a
Happy New Year

And beg to announce
that for the next Ten
Days---Before Stock
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H. H. ARNOLD.