

Small-Potato Peers.

A Poor Woman Prosecuted by a Duke for Gathering Wild Flowers.

Le Carron, the Spy, Writing His Own History.

Earthquake Shocks Felt in Different Parts of Italy.

Earthquakes in Italy.

ROME, June 7.—Two shocks of earthquake were felt at midnight at Canosa in the Province of Bari. The shocks were felt, though not so severely, at Rome.

Part of Salisbury's Deliberate Plan.

LONDON, June 7.—Lord Salisbury's Hastings speech is alleged on good authority to have been a part of a deliberate plan to stir up a "fair trade" agitation. It is the cause of much dissension in the Cabinet, the free trade section protesting that such a policy will place the party adopting it out of political power for ever.

Parliament on Prize Fighting.

LONDON, June 7.—In the House of Commons Home Secretary Matthews was asked whether the fight between Slavin and Jackson under the patronage of the National Sporting Club was not a violation of the law against prize fighting. He replied that the case seemed similar to the encounter between Slavin and McAuliffe in 1890, when the prosecution of the parties concerned resulted in an acquittal.

Proposed Expedition Collapsed.

LONDON, June 7.—The proposed Australian expedition to the Antarctic has collapsed owing to lack of funds. Baron Dickson promised to provide £5,000 if the other £10,000 required should be raised within a year. The stipulated time has long since passed and less than £9,000 has been raised. Baron Dickson has now withdrawn his contribution, and has given it to an expedition which is being organized by Captain Gray of Peterhead.

Gen. Booth's Colony.

LONDON, June 7.—The failure of Mr. Booth to raise £70,000, despite the advocacy of his cause by Mr. Henry Labouchere, the Earl of Aberdeen, the Rev. Hugh Reginald Havel, and other influential persons, has led Booth to invite prominent statesmen and others of note to inspect his reformatory farm and school in Essex. Sir V. Harcourt and Mr. Balfour have already promised to go, and it is likely that the funds will be forthcoming to support this scheme of reclamation.

Le Carron, the Spy, Seriously Ill.

LONDON, June 7.—Le Carron, who played such a prominent part before the Parnell Commission, is lying seriously ill in a quiet country place, whither he retired some time ago, dropping his too famous nom de guerre. He has employed his leisure time in writing the history of his strange and eventful life. The manuscript has been purchased by the manager of one of the theatres, and arrangements are now going forward for its publication.

It May Be True.

LONDON, June 7.—A curious statement in an anonymous article in the Fortnightly Review credits Mr. Gladstone with the intention, if he gets a majority, instead of introducing a home rule bill, to invite the leaders of the Unionist faction to a conference for a settlement of the question. Mr. Gladstone has always professed indifference as to whether the Liberals or the Tories should rule, and the manager of one of the theatres, and arrangements are now going forward for its publication.

Small-Potato Peers.

LONDON, June 7.—The growing spirit of dissatisfaction with the powers that be is further exemplified to-day by respectable newspapers, which are actually giving currency to criticisms of the actions of the Duke of Sutherland, who, in the exercise of his undoubted legal rights, prosecuted a woman for gathering in his woods at Trentham Park wild flowers to the value of one penny. The Earl of Malmesbury, too, comes in for castigation because he prohibits common people who pass through his park from smoking.

BIG BLAZE AT THE BRIDGE.

Entailing a Loss of \$100,000—Three Men Badly Injured.

TORONTO, June 8.—A dispatch from Suspension Bridge, N. Y., says: "Macklem & Slater's large distilling house was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss \$100,000. Herman Hertel, Louis Plommet and Joseph Percy were badly injured when the roof collapsed."

Mrs. Willard Rides a Bicycle.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 8.—Miss Francis E. Willard, president of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, is planning to ride a bicycle. Her mother's advancing age makes impossible the usual trip to a summer resort, and as exercise must be obtained, the idol of a multitude of women will take her daily constitutional on a pneumatic wheel.

Effects of U. S. Tariff Laws on Trade.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—At yesterday's meeting of the Senate Finance Committee, Senator McPherson submitted a minority report upon the subject of the effect of the tariff laws upon trade relations with Canada. Mr. McPherson presents statistics to controvert the conclusions reached in Senator Morrill's majority report, and argues that the prices of farm products in the United States have not been benefited by the McKinley tariff.

A unique, simple and useful device for a self-cleaning gas burner.

invented by Charles H. Kinney of Milwaukee. On the inside of the burner is a valve attached to a silver wire, which protrudes about one-third of an inch above the burner. In order to light the gas all that is necessary is to bring the match in contact with the silver wire. This expands and opens the valve by which the gas is admitted into the burner. Silver is one of the conductors of heat, and it does not take more than five seconds to light a jet, and a reporter blew out the flame, but ten seconds later there was no odor of escaping gas perceptible from the self-cleaning burner. This device, the inventor claims, will not only prevent the escape of gas after the flame has been blown out, but will also act in the same manner where the gas has been turned off and then accidentally turned on again.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY COUNCIL.

Ex-Warden T. E. Robson Elected County Clerk—The Other Aspirants to the Position—A Lengthy Process—Inspector Dearnness' annual report.

Applications for the clerkship were read from W. D. Stanley, Granton; J. H. McIntosh, Strathroy; C. G. Scott, Strathroy; John D. Anderson, Newbury; J. E. Platt, London West; James Leam, Westminster; T. E. Robson, Iderton; Thos. Routledge, Hyde Park; W. Lee, West Nissouri; Wm. Fraser, London.

It was decided to vote by ballot until any applicant should receive a majority of the votes. J. E. Platt, James Gilmour and A. P. McDougall were appointed scrutineers. Wm. Searrow and H. Garnett nominated all the applicants at once.

Simon McLeod—Have you forgotten any of them?
Mr. Searrow—If Mr. McLeod has any friend he would like nominated I will include him in the list.

Mr. McLeod—Oh, I could nominate three or four men from West Williams, better men than any on the list, but I don't want to.

The balloting was then proceeded with, and resulted as follows:

W. D. Stanley	9	8	10	10	11
J. H. McIntosh	8	7	9	6	8
C. G. Scott	1	0	0	0	0
John D. Anderson	1	3	2	1	1
J. E. Platt	2	3	2	1	1
James Leam	1	0	0	0	0
Thos. Routledge	2	2	1	1	0
Wm. Fraser	2	2	3	0	0
Wm. Lee	0	0	0	0	0

T. E. Robson, ex-warden of the county, was therefore declared elected on the seventh ballot, having obtained more than half the votes cast after two hours of balloting. He thanked the members of the Council for the honor they had thus conferred upon him. The council then adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

SECOND DAY—WEDNESDAY.

When County Council resumed this morning the bylaw appointing T. E. Robson as county clerk was read and passed.

Inspector Dearnness presented the school statistics and reviewed the state of education in the townships of London, West, Lanark, Dorchester, Nissouri, Delaware, Bidolph, McGillivray, London West and Leam. The total expenditure was \$52,879.60, showing a decrease as compared with the previous year of \$1,755.54. Among other reasons to meet the requirements of the School Act in respect to the quarterly payment of teachers' salaries, the average cost per school room for fuel and incidentals is \$70. The average salary paid teachers of both sexes was \$352—males \$401, females \$309; no change from last year. The number of pupils enrolled continues to show a decrease. The total number of pupils in the county was 7,087, as compared with 7,307 in the previous year. The percentage of average attendance was 55, a high record compared with the Provincial average. The classification and rate of progress in studies is on the whole very satisfactory. At the promotion examination the question which receives emphasis is: "How thoroughly has the work of the class been performed?" rather than "How many have passed?" This is a good foundation is secured and rapidly in the end is gained. The public school leaving examination is established to encourage pupils after passing the course, to continue their studies at the high school and in the slack seasons of the year to prosecute such studies as are especially advantageous to agriculturists. At the beginning of the year 325 pupils who had passed the entrance examination were in the public schools to take the course. The teachers reported 117 preparing to write at the examination. For every pupil of a "two-teacher" school passing this examination there is a special Government grant. The schools eligible to enjoy this grant are Nos. 4 and 7 Bidolph, 2 Delaware, 4 and 7 Dorchester, 17 and 25 London, 8 Nissouri and London West. 225 London is debared on account of having a high school. Increasing attention is bestowed on the tasteful decoration of the school-rooms. No. 10 Westminster, London West, and No. 1 Nissouri were specially mentioned. In a number of schools a library of books suitable for children's reading is found. Prize-giving, based on competition, is falling into growing disfavor.

The report was referred to the education committee.

Ed. Dana was placed on the jail committee in place of T. E. Robson, resigned, and J. H. Hodgins on the equalization committee for the same reason.

The matter of building new bridges where old ones had been washed out by the recent flood was referred to the board of directors. Applications from Drs. J. W. Fraser, A. G. Fenwick, B. Bayley, J. R. Flock, Alex. Graham and Jas. Macarthur, for the position of jail surgeon were referred to the jail committee.

There is some likelihood of appointing a rather systematic way of drawing money from the county. He complained that Elijah Nihnam, a county constable on the Indian reserve, got up frivolous cases so that he could get pay from the county if not from the Indians. The matter was referred to the auditors of criminal justice accounts.

At 12:30 council adjourned until 2.

When council resumed after dinner H. D. Johnson, inspector of public schools, West Middlesex, read his annual report.

Steamship Arrivals.

From	Arrival
Rhede	Southampton—New York
Havil	Southampton—New York
Westland	New York—Antwerp

Daniel Weiser, a German living at Port-town, Pa., ate one dozen eggs on a wafer recently. He says he learned to eat them when a lad, and that they are as palatable as raw oysters, especially when eaten with vinegar, pepper and salt.

A few years ago 40 pigs ran away from James Duval near Noyes, Wash., and since that time the drove has increased to about 500 and is making the farmers very miserable by their frequent raids on gardens. Some of their tusks are six inches in length.

It Is Unconstitutional.

McCarthy Carves Up the Infamous Redistribution Bill.

A Scathing Denunciation of the Premier's Pet Measure.

The London and Russell Changes "Clear Cases of Gerrymandering."

A Bill "Without Principle" and "Without Excuse."

The Conservative Member for Muskoka Refuses to Lend His Vote to Legalize Fraud.

[Special to the Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, June 7.—In the Commons to-day Mr. Thompson said he would make a statement in a few days in reference to the recent visit of Ministers Bowell and Foster to Washington. Premier Abbott will take charge of the Marine Department during Mr. Thompson's absence.

Mr. McCarthy resumed the debate on the Gerrymander Bill, delivering a powerful speech against the Government's bill, and upholding the view of Messrs. Davies and Mills that the constitution obliges Parliament to delegate the work of fixing the boundaries of the constituencies to an independent body. The bill before the House, he said, was not drawn upon constitutional lines. The Minister of Justice had complained that the principle of the bill had not been criticized, but the principle of a bill of this sort depended upon details. Equality of population was the most important consideration, and the city and county boundaries should be maintained. Yet the bill proposed to break up county boundaries in all directions without equalizing the population. There were still many constituencies in which the population was below the unit of population. He took the case of the changes in Russell county, as a clear case of gerrymandering without excuse and without equalizing population. In erecting constituencies community of interests should be considered, and therefore no language was strong to characterize the gerrymandering of Russell county. It was shameful to propose this to "have" the French-Canadian vote of Ontario. He also

CONDEMNED THE LONDON GERRYMANDER, by which Mr. Carling is trying to strengthen himself, and said that the municipal limits of a city should be the limits of the electoral division. The bill seemed to be founded upon no principle. It did not equalize population. He scathingly denounced the manner in which counties had been cut up and carved to secure party advantage, whereas an effort should have been made to recover the injustice committed in 1882. He had gone over Ontario constituencies and found that greater equality of population could be obtained by closely following the county boundaries than by the system proposed. This plan would preserve community of interests and secure a full and free expression of opinion. The redistribution made in England in 1884 was so fair and equalized that it had never been complained of, and a similar plan could be followed in Canada. The Government had a large majority now, and could afford to act fairly in such an important matter. He freely admitted that he had made a serious mistake in supporting the Gerrymander Bill of 1882, which was an indefensible measure. Unless some fixed rule were adopted in dealing with the redistribution question, every public interest would be sacrificed. "Why should we not do right?" asked Mr. McCarthy. Since 1882 the Conservative party had been obliged to bear the stigma of having perpetrated a gross political wrong. He agreed that if the present bill was passed the Liberals would be perfectly justified when they came into power in gerrymandering the country to their own advantage. The Conservative party boasted of their love of British institutions, but he was ashamed to confess that they had copied the infamous political methods in vogue in the United States. He agreed that the objection made by Mr. Davies to the bill on the ground of

ITS UNCONSTITUTIONALITY

was well taken, and urged that if the bill was passed it should not be brought into operation until its legality was determined by the Supreme Court. Though it was extraordinary that the point had been overlooked in 1872 and 1882, he contended that Parliament could not add to its powers by its own act. He closed by moving the amendment which he gave notice on Friday.

MR. DICKIEY IN DEFENSE.

Mr. Dickiey followed defending the Government's bill and combating Mr. McCarthy's view upon the constitutional question. He contended that section 51 of the North America Act applied only to the adjustment of representation as between Provinces, and that Parliament had full power to change the boundaries of electoral districts. He asked why Mr. McCarthy did not attack the Gerrymander Bill of 1882.

Mr. McCarthy—My stomach is not so strong now.

Mr. Dickiey said the bill of 1882 was more objectionable than the one now before the House, and the arguments now used by Mr. McCarthy were then put forward by Mr. Blake. It was McCarthy's duty as a supporter of the Government to defend the bill before the House and not to risk the defeat of the Administration by moving his amendment. When the bill was considered in committee he would certainly oppose anything that tended to disturb the existing lines of constituencies.

MR. CARTWRIGHT'S REPLY.

Sir R. Cartwright said that Mr. McCarthy had today displayed more moral courage than could ever be expected from Mr. Dickiey, who had undertaken to criticize him for changing his opinion since 1882. Mr. Thompson's reply to Mr. Davies' contention regarding the constitutional question was of no force. New legal points were being constantly taken in court, and it was no answer to a legal argument to say that point was never raised before. Canada's system of representation was the subject of many recent party feuds. Not only in the Dominion, but in the Provinces the party happening to be in Opposition were not represented

in the Legislatures in proportion to their numbers. No party should have the privilege of perpetuating its lease of power by

LEGISLATIVE FRAUDS, such as gerrymanders and franchise acts. In many constituencies in the Dominion the balance of power was held by corrupt men and those whose support could generally be secured by the party enjoying patronage and power. Resulting after recess, Sir R. Cartwright reviewed the provisions of the bill relating to Ontario, showing that no attempt was made to remedy the outrageous injustice perpetrated by the gerrymander of 1882, which McCarthy had condemned. Eastern Ontario was now over-represented, and Western Ontario was under-represented. Yet the Government proposed to leave the East untouched, and to deprive Western Ontario of two members. Every conceivable people upon which a Redistribution Bill should be based had been shamefully violated.

MR. HAGGART.

Mr. Haggart claimed that the Government was bound to introduce the Redistribution Act this session, and no complaint was made regarding the changes proposed in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick or Manitoba. He claimed that it would be easier to gerrymander for party purposes by following county lines than that proposed by the bill. He complained that Mr. McCarthy had introduced a resolution condemning the Government's bill without giving his political friends any notice, and said the Government did not deserve condemnation at the hands of its supporters. THE MEMBER FOR MUSKOKA REPEATEDLY IT.

Mr. O'Brien rebuked Messrs. Dickiey and Haggart for charging with treachery those independent Conservatives who refused to support this Gerrymander Bill. Though he was not a member of Parliament in 1882 he had frequently condemned the Gerrymander Bill of that year, and he repudiated the doctrine put forward by Ministers as to the duty of Conservatives, and if they wished to read him out of the party they might do so. He was not elected to support such measures as that before the House.

Being interrupted by Mr. Montague, Mr. O'Brien retorted that the latter had induced the Government to gerrymander Niagara county, and launched at the talk about justice and fair play. That was very dangerous doctrine even from a party point of view. He defended Mr. McCarthy's amendment as one based on proper principle. The Minister of Railways (Mr. Haggart) had simply proposed to adhere to the wrong perpetrated in 1882. The bill was based upon no principle and violated every principle. The proposal that the majority should tyrannize over the minority was anti-British. It was copying the basest practices of American politics. Things were repeated done in the Canadian Parliament which would not be tolerated in the British Parliament for an hour. At the risk of incurring persecution at the hands of his party, and being charged with treachery, he would oppose the bill. He could not accept the theory that Conservative members were mere slaves of the Cabinet.

Mr. Masson followed in defense of the bill, and the debate was continued by Messrs. Patterson (Bram), Bennett, Weldon and Davlin. Mr. Flint moved adjournment of the debate.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY COURT.

Chas. Brimmer, a City Barber, Found "Not Guilty" on a Charge of Fraud.

WEDNESDAY—THIRD DAY.

When court resumed this morning the case of Charles Brimmer, better known as Brennan, who keeps a barber shop under the Bank of Commerce, was called. Brimmer was charged by a young Englishman named Henry Kibbler, who was a month ago employed by Thos. Nichol, a Westminster township farmer, with having obtained money from him under false pretences. Kibbler said that he went to the defendant's shop, and asked to have his hair cut, and that when this was completed the defendant induced him to have it singed, shampooed and some "tonic" put on it, but that nothing was said during the operations about extra charge for these luxuries. He was also asked to sign a bill for £2, and was told that he could have it cut, and was told that if he was not satisfied with it he could return it and his money would be refunded. His bill amounted to £1 6s and immediately after he had paid it he laid a charge against Brimmer of fraud. A number of prominent citizens were called to the defense, testified to the good character of the defendant, and two city barbers said that Kibbler was not charged enough for what had been done. The jury were out just ten minutes when they returned with a verdict of not guilty. Chas. Hutchinson prosecuted and E. Meredith, Q.C., and Frank Love appeared for the defense.

A curious illustration of the important results often produced in nature by apparently unimportant causes is afforded by the little islands on the Pacific coast, a little west of Los Angeles. Dr. Gordon Yates says that sheep have found succulent herbage growing along the shores of the islands, and have destroyed most of it. Formerly these plants, however, that formerly bound the sand to the beach, and now that they are gone the loosened sands driven by northwest summer breezes, have drifted over the islands, already killed most of the trees and shrubs, and the islands, in consequence are rapidly becoming uninhabitable. As the residents cannot abolish the wind or the sand, it may be necessary to banish the sheep to save San Miguel, Santa Rosa and the once verdant islands from complete desolation. The beak of a mosquito is simply a tool box, wherein the mosquito keeps six miniature surgical instruments in perfect working order. Two of these instruments are exact counterparts of the surgeon's lance, one is a spear with a double barbed head, the fourth is a needle of exquisite fineness, a saw and a pump going to make up the complement. The spear is the largest of the six tools, and is used for making the initial puncture; next the lances or knives are brought into play to cause the blood to flow more freely. In case this last operation fails of having the desired effect, the saw and the needle are carefully and feelingly inserted in a lateral direction in the victim's flesh. The pump, the most delicate of all six of the instruments, is used in transferring the blood to the insect's "stomach."

Republicans At It!

No Significant Change in the Presidential Candidate Situation.

Harrison and Blaine Men Apparently Equally Confident.

No One Knows When a Vote May Be Taken.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 7.—The Republican National Convention was called to order at 12:23 p.m., with fully 10,000 people present. Mr. J. Sloat Fasset, of New York, an active Blaine partisan, was elected temporary chairman without opposition. Chairman Fasset's speech was received with enthusiasm from the Blaine men and manifestations of approval from the Harrison delegates. The night of enthusiasm was reached when Mr. Fasset said that when the convention adjourned all rivalry would be ended; when the nomination should be made there would be but one choice and one purpose, and that his election. "Our party," said the chairman, "has furnished Lincoln—(applause)—Seward, Grant. Those men were great, and their names will always remain great because of their devotion to Republican doctrine, and Republican principles. Garfield—(applause)—Harrison and Blaine are all great Republicans."

The words "Harrison" and "Blaine" were mentioned so rapidly that the friends of the former candidate were taken by surprise and had no opportunity to cheer for their leader, but the Blaine men made most of the occasion, and for three minutes delegates waved their hands and cheered wildly in the air and cheered the great leader. Thomas B. Reed, ex-Speaker, was mentioned, and equal to the ovation to Blaine was the enthusiasm inspired by the reference to the great Republican parliamentarian, who was obliged to take the platform.

The temporary officers were announced and elected by acclamation. Various committees were then selected, and the convention at 1:54 adjourned till 11 o'clock to-morrow.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 8.—The almost inevitable dark horse has come to the front and William McKinley is put down as a very promising candidate in case there should be a break, and there are also those who are anxious for McKinley to come to the front and are confident in their belief that there will be a break.

BLAINE MEN CLAIM A GAIN OF SEVENTY SOUTHERN VOTES.

The Blaine conference was in session until a late hour. It was asserted that the Blaine cohorts had gained 70 Southern votes during the day. Mr. Miller said in the conference that Mr. Blaine would poll twenty more votes in New York than any other person. The Blaine people have demonstrated that they have control of the committee on rules, and the committee on credentials. There is no likelihood that the credentials committee will complete its labors before the opening of the convention to-day, and as the committee on resolutions adjourned until after to-day's session of the convention it is likely that the proceedings of the credentials committee will be very perfunctory. Indeed, an adjournment will be taken until the report of the committee on credentials is read, and it is definitely determined who are entitled to seats in the convention. The belief of the Blaine people evidently is that every day's delay in the adjournment of the convention increases the probability of the nomination of the man from Maine, and for this reason as well as to give the Blaine majority in the committee on credentials the opportunity to decide what advantage can be reaped in the adjustment of the credentials committee, there are many who believe that the adjournment of the convention may be prolonged until Friday or Saturday before a ballot is taken.

HARRISON LEADS IN NEW YORK.

At the conclusion of the Harrison conference it was stated that the reports received from the various delegates showed that the President had made substantial gains during the day, and that the Harrison vote pledged was larger than it had been since the beginning of the contest. The most encouraging gain was reported from New York. It was claimed that there had been no serious defection in the South, and that the telegrams from many prominent men throughout the country indicated that the sober second thought of the Republicans was now being expressed.

30 VOTE TO-DAY.

11:45 a.m.—The convention has just been called to order. Nebraska presented the convention with a gavel. The chairman of committee on credentials said that committee could not hope to report before to-morrow. Respondents Spooner and Mahone were appointed a committee to conduct McKinley to the chair. The chairman of committee on permanent organization reported McKinley as permanent chairman amid great cheering.

McKINLEY PREDICTS SUCCESS.

11:50 a.m.—McKinley said this convention would present a platform and candidate that would meet with the approbation of the country, and predicted success in November. He spoke in reports before to-morrow. Respondents Spooner and Mahone were appointed a committee to conduct McKinley to the chair. The chairman of committee on permanent organization reported McKinley as permanent chairman amid great cheering.

FRED DOUGLAS TAKES THE PLATFORM.

Fred Douglas was then called to the platform amid great applause.

RULES COMMITTEE REPORT SUBMITTED.

12:35 p.m.—Bingham, of Pennsylvania, submitted the report of the Rules Committee, making the rules of 51st "The Real Congress" the rules of the convention with necessary modifications.

GEN. ALGER IS THE FIFTH.

Gen. Alger is still in the field, and no less than half a dozen other distinguished Republicans of national reputation are mentioned as possible compromise candidates. No one knows when a ballot is to come, as the whole business of the convention appears to be dependent entirely on the action of the committee on the credentials. This organization practically controls the political situation, as it is within its power, in case that power is ex-

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Corner of Piccadilly and Richmond Streets, London.

crised unscrupulously to seat or unseat enough delegates to exercise the balance of power in the convention.

12:40 p.m.—Chairman Forsker, of the committee on resolutions, asked for further time. Granted. Forsker was cheered by the convention.

Rolls of States for nomination of national committeemen is being called.

12:42.—The report of committee on rules was adopted.

12:58 p.m.—A number of memorials and resolutions were presented and referred to various committees without being read.

Convention then adjourned until 11 a.m. to-morrow.

Young Liberal Ministers, Attention.

Frank McKenna will arrive in the city to-morrow morning with the costumes for the Young Liberal Ministers. Every member of this organization is requested to be on hand at the Grand Opera House to-morrow evening in order that photographs may be taken of the full company in costume for the Toronto Globe. Rehearsals will commence soon for the Chatham performance.

The Police Court.

Detective Reier last night arrested Frank Kennedy, who says he is a machinist from Toronto, on a charge of vagrancy. The police magistrate this morning remanded him for a week. In the east end of the city he sold for \$150 two pairs of spectacles which he had purchased from a man here for 25 cents. The police believe that he stole them.

Richard C. Ross was fined \$3 and costs or a week for breach of the market bylaw.

Wedding Bells.

This forenoon Miss Beatrice, only daughter of Sergeant Crawford, of this city, was married at her father's residence, 254 Queen's avenue, to Rev. M. F. Clinger, of Philadelphia, traveler for the well-known firm of A. R. Justice & Co., of that city. The officiating clergyman was Ven. Archdeacon Marsh, a very old friend of the family. The archdeacon officiated at the marriage of the bride's parents, 31 years ago at St. George's Church, London, and Miss Mary A., daughter of Mr. Wm. Cooper, of Berkeley street, Toronto, were married yesterday at 8:30 a.m. in Cook's Church. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. Patterson, pastor of the church, assisted by Rev. Geo. W. D.D., and Rev. J. Arnold Parsons, B.A., of Corry, Pa. The bridesmaid was Miss Kate G. Clarke, and Mr. W. E. Earle, of the Earle Publishing House, St. John, N.B., supported the groom. The young couple left after the ceremony to spend their honeymoon in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. The many friends of the reverend gentleman here extend congratulations to himself and bride. The latter will be heartily welcomed by Mr. Talling's congregation. They will reside at the church manse, Richmond street.

A London Pastor Married.

The frequent trips to the Queen City of a popular young London pastor have been explained by the following paragraph in to-day's Toronto Mail: "Rev. M. F. Clinger, B.A., pastor of St. James' Presbyterian Church, London, and Miss Mary A., daughter of Mr. Wm. Cooper, of Berkeley street, Toronto, were married yesterday at 8:30 a.m. in Cook's Church. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. Patterson, pastor of the church, assisted by Rev. Geo. W. D.D., and Rev. J. Arnold Parsons, B.A., of Corry, Pa. The bridesmaid was Miss Kate G. Clarke, and Mr. W. E. Earle, of the Earle Publishing House, St. John, N.B., supported the groom. The young couple left after the ceremony to spend their honeymoon in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. The many friends of the reverend gentleman here extend congratulations to himself and bride. The latter will be heartily welcomed by Mr. Talling's congregation. They will reside at the church manse, Richmond street."

The British Board of Agriculture is endeavoring to arouse the apple growers of England to imitate their French competitors and take combined action against the apple blossom weevil, which has done incalculable damage to apple crops in recent years. The ravages of this minute insect are often erroneously attributed to the east wind or late frosts, and even when the true nature of the evil is recognized it is useless for one cultivator to incur the trouble and expense to remove it if his neighbors allow it to increase and multiply in security all around. One weevil, it is said, will lay twenty eggs, placing one only in each bud of an apple blossom, there to be hatched and nourished upon the fruitful portion of the flower. In France apple growers all help of form an association, and, acting an appropriate moment, make a combined raid on the invaders of all the trees in the parish. In one orchard of about eight acres, scores of thousands of weevils were shaken from the trees and destroyed, and a satisfactory crop of apples afterward obtained.

An unlucky speculator lost money at the rate of \$35,000 an hour for three hours during the recent slump in the Chicago corn market. Time was money to that man.

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London, Wednesday, June 8.Sad are the obituaries of the Presidential
booms that have come to grief by the side
of the waters of Minnehaha within the
last 24 hours.D'ALTON MCCARTHY, M.P., has appar-
ently learned the lesson that a public man
cannot, at the bidding of an unscrupulous
leader, put his principles into his pocket if
they are worth anything.The Hamilton Spectator says it is a force
to oppose the Gerrymander Bill. What
are honest men sent to Parliament for if
they are not to oppose a measure that is
intended to stifle public opinion?THE ADVERTISER thinks the Lieutenant-
Governor should be elected by the people.
And if the Lieutenant-Governor is not
the Governor-General?—[Kingston Whig.]
Why not, indeed? The Advertiser
believes in responsible government from
start to finish.MR. CAMPBELL, member for Kent, in-
tends moving a resolution in the House in
favor of allowing the importation of
illuminating oil in bulk. A similar motion
was put on the paper by Mr. Macdonald,
M.P. for Winnipeg, but dropped at the
demand of Sir John Thompson.The session of the day at Ottawa was
the report of Mr. McCarthy that "he
hoped he had not fallen so low as to regard
Hon. Mr. Haggart as his leader." So far
as Mr. McCarthy is concerned, it is ap-
parent that recent coatings of whitewash
applied to the unscrupulous Minister of Rail-
ways has had no practical effect.An aluminum launch propelled by a
naphtha engine has been built at Zurich
for service on the lake. The outer surface
of the vessel is polished, no paint being
used. Only the hull of the craft is
aluminum, and yet the saving in weight is
35 per cent. How would a craft like this
do for traffic on the River Thames?

ON THE RIGHT ROAD.

When men who have hitherto been
strong Conservatives condemn the rascally
Gerrymander Bill, and refuse to be bul-
dozed into perpetuating the evil, surely
honest, independent citizens of all classes
must recognize the need for a change.
D'Alton McCarthy, Col. O'Brien and Mr.
Weldon can speak with authority on the
subject because they are in the Conserva-
tive ranks, and they know that the Car-
ling, and the Montagues, and the Roome, and
the Hutchins, and the Marshalls, who
are in Parliament by virtue of the gerry-
mander of 1882, or worse, can hardly be
expected to condemn an extension of the
system.Independent men may well ask, as these
Conservatives have asked, what faith can
be placed in a cause whose leaders dare not
submit it to the ungerrymandered elec-
torate?Mr. McCarthy's motion may be voted
down, but that should not end the agita-
tion for the abolition of the gerrymander,
for the placing of the rearranging of the
constituencies in the hands of an independ-
ent court, and for the restoration and
maintenance of city and county boundaries.
If we cannot get it without a constitutional
amendment then let the agitation never
cease till the law is established which shall
overturn the atrociously unfair system, and
compel the doing of justice to all parties.

FIRST BALLOTS.

In view of the contest at Minneapolis, it
is interesting to note that there was no
contest over the Republican nomination in
the conventions of 1864, 1868 and 1872.
The nomination in each case was by accla-
mation.In the convention of 1870 this was the
vote on the first ballot: Blaine 285, Mor-
ton 124, Bristow 113, Conkling 99, Hayes 61,
Hartman 58, Jewell 11, Wheeler 3. The
nomination was made on the seventh bal-
lot and Hayes was chosen.In the convention of 1880 this was the
vote on the first ballot: Grant 334, Arthur
278, Edmunds 93, Logan 63, John Sherman
30, Hawley 13, Lincoln 4, William
Tecumseh Sherman 2. The nomination was
made on the fourth ballot, when
Blaine was chosen.In the convention of 1884 this was the
vote on the first ballot: Sherman 229,
Gresham 111, Depew 99, Allison 87, Alger
84, Harrison 80, Blaine 35, Ingalls 28,
Rusk 25, Phelps 25, Fittler 24, Hawley 13,
Lincoln 3, McKinley 2. Harrison's
nomination was made on the eighth
ballot.SOUTH LONDON'S RECORD—HOW
MR. CHISHOLM MANUFACTURED
A MAJORITY FOR MR. CARLING!The man who occupies Mr. Hyman's seat
in Parliament rarely opens his mouth with-
out putting his foot in it. When he under-
took to correct Dr. Landerkin of South
Grey, in regard to the London and Middle-
sex section of the Gerrymander Bill, the
member for Judge Elliot was made to spend
a humiliating quarter of an hour. The
newspaper reports did not give
much space to the incident; but the official
report of the House supplies the encounter
in full. Dr. Landerkin had shown that the
pretense at equalizing constituencies in
Eastern Ontario was a hollow mockery,
and he proceeded:Then going westward to the city of Lon-
don, I find the Government has left two
wards belonging to the city out in the
county, and have taken one town that
belongs to the county and added it to the
city. The two wards they left out gave a
Reform majority, and the ward they took
in gave a Conservative majority.Mr. Carling—The honorable gentleman
is not stating the actual facts. The two
wards did not give a Reform majority.Mr. Landerkin—Did East London not
give a Reform majority?Mr. Carling—No; it gave a Conservative
majority.The fact of the matter is that the majority
for Mr. Marshall in Ward 5 was only 3.
The report proceeds:Mr. Landerkin—What did South London
do?Mr. Carling—It gave a Conservative
majority.Mr. Landerkin—Where have you left
them?

Mr. Carling—Where they were.

Mr. Landerkin—Where were they?

Mr. Carling—In the county.

Mr. Landerkin—South London, I am
told by the honorable member for Bothwell
(Mr. Mills), gave 100 Reform majority.Mr. Carling—The honorable gentleman
who contested South Middlesex last time
informed me that the portion of the riding
which is now South London gave 31 Conserva-
tive majority.

Mr. Mills (Bothwell)—No.

Mr. Carling—I had it from the gentle-
man who ran at the last election, and he is
my authority.Mr. Mills (Bothwell)—The honorable
member for South Middlesex can tell you
better.

Mr. Carling—I do not know that he can.

Mr. Landerkin—In order to settle the
matter, I will refer to the book.Mr. Roome—South London is divided
into several polling divisions, and not into
municipalities, and therefore you cannot
find the return in the book.Mr. Landerkin—I cannot find it just
now, but I was informed as I said, and the
Minister has made the statement of the
matter. Am I not correct in stating that
the municipality of London West is taken
into the city by the bill?

Mr. Carling—Yes.

Mr. Landerkin—I understand that gives
a Conservative majority.Mr. Carling—What justification can
there be, except a political justification, for
leaving wards out of the city that belong
to the city, and taking wards into the city
that belong to the county?Mr. Carling—Does the honorable gentle-
man wish me to answer that?

Mr. Landerkin—Yes.

Mr. Carling—I may state to the hon-
orable gentleman that East London has a
population of nearly 6,000 people, and the
county of East Middlesex has a population
of something over 19,000, and London 23-
000; but by taking London West, with a
population of 1,900, from East Middlesex
and adding it to the city, it nearly equal-
izes the populations of East Middlesex and
the city of London.Mr. Landerkin—It is very desirable the
population should be equalized there, be-
cause the city of London has only one
member, and the present population of
London is in the neighborhood of 22,000.
That is up to the unit of population now.

Mr. Carling—East Middlesex has 26,000.

Sir Richard Cartwright—And the three
other Middlesexes, how much are they?Mr. Carling—I cannot say for North
Middlesex, but I think it is about 25,000.Mr. Landerkin—My statement hardly
agrees with the statement of the honorable
Minister, and that is, that South London
gave Mr. Armstrong 93 majority.Mr. Carling—I have it from the gentle-
man who contested the riding with Mr.
Armstrong that in that particular locality
which now is South London, taken from
Westminster township, that it gave him a
majority of 31.Mr. Mills (Bothwell)—My honorable
friend will see that is impossible, because
Mr. Armstrong had a majority in every
polling division of the whole township, in-
cluding South London, except one.Mr. Carling—I have the information
from Mr. Chisholm, who contested the rid-
ing with Mr. Armstrong.Mr. Landerkin—I have the return here
of the vote cast for Mr. Armstrong
and Mr. Chisholm in every division except
one. Poll No. 17, Armstrong 106, Chisholm
45; No. 18, Armstrong 116, Chisholm 78;
No. 19, Armstrong 116, Chisholm 78;
No. 20, Armstrong 171, Chisholm 114; No.
21, Armstrong 44, Chisholm 37; No. 22,
Armstrong 69, Chisholm 44; No. 23, Arm-
strong 48, Chisholm 58. This is the first
instance where he got a majority in all these
divisions. Poll No. 24, Armstrong 84,
Chisholm 61; No. 25, Armstrong 117, Chisholm
21; No. 26, Armstrong 84, Chisholm
89. All the majorities that he got were
5 in that place and 10 in the other, and Mr.
Armstrong must have had in that township
I should say 200 or 300 majority. That
township includes South London.Mr. Carling—The boundaries of South
London were divided a year or a year and a
half ago into the city, and what is stated
to me by Mr. Chisholm, according to the
boundaries that were divided by the city
and by the township, is that there was
actually a majority of 31 inside of the vil-
lage of London South, which is in West-
minster.Mr. Landerkin—I am speaking of the
village of London South, which is in West-
minster. I have read the returns of all
the wards in Westminster, and it does not
bear out the statement that the honorable
Minister says Mr. Chisholm made to him.
It establishes the correctness of the state-
ment I have made, that these parts that
were favorable to the Reform candidate
were left out and the one that was unfavor-
able to him was put in the city. It shows
that the statement I made was correct,
that this was not done so much for equal-
ization as to increase the vote that favors
my honorable friend.Mr. Carling—I may say that if South
London had been taken from South Middle-
sex and added to the city South Middlesex
would have a population of 14,000 and
London a population of something like
26,000 or 27,000.

Mr. Landerkin—How can the Minister

reconcile that to the fact that Leeds and
Greenville have a population of only 13,000?
If this is going to be defended on the ground
of equalization the honorable gentleman
had better get some other argument.Mr. Carling—The honorable gentleman
refers to what was done in London, and I
am explaining exactly how the matter
stands.Mr. Landerkin—You have explained how
the matter does not exactly stand, and I
am explaining how the matter does stand,
and I am borne out by the blue books.
Mr. Speaker—I am sure the House must
see how inconvenient it is to carry on this
cross-fire of conversation from one side of
the House to the other. I would suggest
that the honorable member be permitted to
conclude his speech.No wonder that the Speaker came to the
aid of the foolish old man who has usurped
the seat for which Mr. Hyman was chosen
by the electorate. By no possibility could
Mr. Carling make it appear that the juggling
with the constituencies of London and
Middlesex was undertaken to do justice.
He might just as well have stood up in
defense of the conduct of his compatriot in
the great seat steal.It will be observed that when Mr. Car-
ling was cornered he at once saddled the
blame for the misrepresentation on "the
honorable gentleman who contested South
Middlesex last time." The "honorable
gentleman" referred to is Mr. A. G. Chis-
holm. Now, Mr. Chisholm may not be a
very brilliant fellow; he may be a poor
arithmetician; but it would be impos-
sible for a schoolboy, with the figures
for Westminster, including South
London, before him, to reach the
conclusion that Mr. Chisholm had
either 31 of a majority or any majority at
all in South London. Indeed, but for the
fact that South Middlesex is in a gerry-
mandered hive of Liberals, and therefore
much of the interest in an election has
been taken away, the Liberal majority in
South London, as well as in the con-
stituency as a whole, would have been
much larger. Everybody but the man
who, in this notable instance, followed his
usual practice of borrowing other men's
brains to establish his views, must recog-
nize this fact.It was indeed cruel of "the honorable
gentleman who contested South Middlesex
last time" to stuff the "honorable gentle-
man who represents Judge Elliot's time"
in the shameful manner now laid bare.But why should Mr. Carling turn to any
honorable gentleman for his information
when the blue books are before him? If
he were the member for London his con-
stituents would have good reason to be
ashamed of his incapacity.

DON'T BURDEN THE LITTLE ONES.

Many parents will sympathize with
School Trustees Blackwell's view that the
diversion of the minds of the scholars at
this time to "flag raising exercises" has a
bad effect on examination studies. Extra
work is thus piled on the children, already
overburdened with special studies, and in
one of the hottest, most exhausting months
of the school year. If we are to have a
children's gathering, a more appropriate
season than the examination period might
be chosen.

THE DUTCHMAN'S PINT.

They say we are having a "dry" moon.

[London Advertiser.]

They may say what they please; but
we're betting it will be full inside of a
month.—[Hamilton Spectator.]

BABY ONE SOLID SORE.

Tried Everything without Relief. No
Rest Night or Day. Cured by
Cuticura Remedies.My baby, when 2 months old, had a breaking
out with the doctor called eczema. Her
head, arms, neck, hands, were each one
solid sore. I tried everything, but neither the
doctors nor anything else
did her any good. We
could get no rest day or
night with her. In my
extremity I tried the
CUTICURA REMEDIES,
but I confess I had no
faith in them. I had
never seen her so well,
but I continued to use
the RESOLVENT for a little
while, and now she is as fat as a baby as
you would wish. I believe my baby would have died
if I had not tried the CUTICURA REMEDIES. I
write this that every mother with a baby like
mine can feel confident that there is a medi-
cine that will cure the worst eczema, and that
medicine is the CUTICURA REMEDIES.

MRS. BETTIE BIRKNER, Lockhart, Texas.

CUTICURA Remedies

Cure every humor of the skin and scalp of in-
fancy and childhood, whether torturing, dis-
figuring, itching, burning, easily cured, pim-
ples, or blotchy, with loss of hair, and every
impurity of the blood, whether simple, scroful-
ous, or hereditary, when the best physicians
and all other remedies fail. Parents save your
children years of mental and physical suffer-
ing. Cures made in childhood
are permanent.CUTICURA REMEDIES are the greatest skin
cures, blood purifiers, and humor remedies of
modern times; are absolutely pure, and may
be used on the youngest infant with the most
satisfactory success.Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c;
Resolvent, 50c. Prepared by the
PETER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION,
Boston.Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases,"
64 pages, 26 illustrations and 100 testimonials.
PILULE, black heads, chapped and oily skin,
cured by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

FREE FROM RHEUMATISM

In one minute the Cuticura
Anti Pain Plaster relieves rheu-
matic, sciatic, hip, kidney, chest,
and muscular pains and weak-
nesses. The first and only instantaneous pain-
killing plaster.

LEADING HOTELS.

THE TECUMSEH HOUSE

LONDON, ONT.

Largest and Best Hotel in Western
Ontario.Large sample rooms free; no charge for bag-
gage; elevator day and night. Rates \$2.50 and
\$3 per day. Special rates for boarders and ex-
cursion parties. C. W. DAVIS,
Proprietor.

ROSSIN HOUSE

TORONTO.

Remodeled and refurnished. The most com-
plete, luxurious, centrally managed hotel
in Toronto. Immunity from noxious gases and
infection guaranteed by the most perfect system
of ventilation traps and thorough plumbing
known to sanitary science.

Dr. Williams' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

ARE NOT A Positive Medi-
cine. They are a
Blood Purifier,
Tonic and Recon-
structor, as they
supply in a condensed
form the substances
actually needed to en-
rich the blood, curing
all diseases coming
from poor and weak
BLOOD, or from
STAGNATED HUMORS in
the blood, and also
invigorate and build
up the blood and
strengthen the system
when broken down
by overwork, mental
worry, disease,
excesses and indiscre-
tions. They have a
SPECIFIC ACTION on
the SEXUAL SYSTEM of
both men and women,
restoring lost vigor
and correcting all
impurities and
disorders.EVERY MAN Who finds his mental fac-
ulties dull or failing, or
his physical powers flagging, should take these
PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both
physical and mental.EVERY WOMAN should take them. They cure all sup-
pressions and irregularities, which inevitably
attend sickness when neglected.YOUNG MEN should take these PILLS. They will cure the re-
sults of youthful bad habits, and strengthen the
system.YOUNG WOMEN should take them. These PILLS will
make them regular.For sale by all druggists, or will be sent upon
receipt of price (50c. per box), by addressing
J. C. DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO.,
Brookville, Ont.

Liebig COMPANY'S

EXTRACT of BEEF,

The Standard for Purity, Flavor
and Wholesomeness.Genuine only with Justus von Liebig's
signature as shown:

J. Liebig

WE DON'T

Have to hire a band wagon to
sell our goods. Our prices
are low enough to do that,
so we need no music. We
give you prices with the
goods to back them up every
time.75c. Seaside Serges, in blue and black,
for 50c.46-inch All-wool Henriettas, worth
60c., for 25c. a yard.42-inch Serges, all-wool, worth 60c.,
for 25c.85c. Bedford Cord, in all the new
shades, for 50c. a yard.42-inch Lustres, new colors, worth
50c., for 18c. a yard.22-inch All-wool Serges, worth 30c.,
for 10c. a yard.42-inch Pique, worth 45c., for 15c. a
yard.Wool Challies, the best assortment
in London.10c. Fast Colored Prints for 5c. a
yard.12c. and 15c. Scotch Ginghams for
5c. a yard.New Patterns in wide English Prints
worth 15c., for 10c.

French Satens worth 25c., for 12c.

Best Flannellettes for 5c.

Ladies' Seamless hose worth 25c., 2
pairs for 25c.Men's Fine Halbrigan Shirts and
Drawers worth \$1., for 50c.Ladies' Blouses regular price \$2., for
\$1. each.

\$3 Parasols for \$1.75.

\$1.95 Parasols for \$1.35.

\$1.50 Parasols for \$1.00.

\$1 Parasols for 50c.

Lace Curtains for \$1.25 a set.

\$2.95 Lace Curtains for \$1.75 a set.

\$1.25 Lace Curtains for 75c.

Keep your eyes open and compare
our prices with any other house in Lon-
don for the same goods and you will
find us always the cheapest.

—THE—

Bargain Store,

DUNDAS STREET,
OPPOSITE THE MARKET LANEWATEROUS
GRANTFORDMANUFACTURE
DRY PRESS
& PLASTIC
BRICK MACHINERY.ORDERED SHOES A SPECIALTY
—AT—
LASHBROOK'S

430 RICHMOND STREET.

Our work is equal to any in the country
Examine our work and prices before ordering
elsewhere.

LIVERY STABLES.

WILLIAM TRIPP, LIVERY, RICHMOND
street north. Stylish rigs and good horses,
diligent riding and driving, at the shortest
notice; also boarding and sale stables. Tele-
phone 43.DUTTON, LIVERY, KING STREET—
A. Stylish rigs and good horses. Rigs at
shortest notice. Telephone 332.HILLY'S LIVERY—NO. 610 DUNDAS
street, East London, Ont. Telephone
No. 86.In purchasing articles advertised in
the "Advertiser" please mention in
which paper you saw the advertise-
ment. Advertisers always wish to
know which advertisements are the
most effective.

Manufacturers of the Highest Grades and Newest Styles

Rubber Boots & Shoes

ALSO ALL KINDS MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS,

BELTING, - PACKING, - HOSE - ETC

Toronto Rubber Co. of Canada, (Ltd.)

Warehouse and Offices, 28 King Street West, Toronto.

Factories at Port Dalhousie, Ont.

T. McILROY, JUN., AND M. MACPHERSON, MANAGING DIRECTORS

COLLARS.

The Latest Styles.

SIZES 14 to 17.

Burns The Clothiers

Bundy Time Recorders

For factory and store em-
ployees.
Every man his own time-
keeper.
Write for list of concerns
using these machines.

Hobbs Hardware Co.

CANADIAN AGENTS.

MARSHALL BROS.

Wholesale Importers of

TEAS and COFFEES

67 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

—THE—

Lumber Cutting Machine

OF THE FUTURE.

10 Band Mills sold in Canada
in 1891 where one was sold in
1890. We predict an equal in-
crease in 1892.Our present orders indicate it, so place
your orders early.The Circular Saw 22 years ago
was as much a novelty and as dif-
ficult to run as the Band Saw is
to-day. With the experience gained
in handling the Circular, knowl-
edge of the Band Saw is much
more readily acquired. Special
improved tools also facilitate the
work. We furnish an expert with
each mill to instruct in the use of
tools and work on saw.The adjoining cut illustrates our
NO. 1 BAND SAW MILL,
capacity 10,000 to 20,000 feet in
10 hours. Our No. 2 mill is much
heavier—capacity 20,000 to 40-
000 feet per day.

Waterous Engine Works Co

BRANTFORD, CANADA.

ADVERTISE IN THE ADVERTISER

W. H. WINNETT

Has one of the largest and best sorted stocks of Dry Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Cedar Posts west of Toronto.

Intending purchasers should call and inspect my stock. Prices right.

YARD-CORNER HORTON & WILLIAM
TELEPHONE NO. 451.
COAL AND WOOD

ADVERTISEMENTS SINCE LAST ISSUE

Advertisements, including birth, marriage and death notices, brought to the office during the night, after the business office is closed, can be inserted in our early morning edition by being left at the editorial room upstairs, the entrance to which is by side door from the lane.

Sunlight Soap for Easy Washing.
Clothing—Grand Union Clothing Hall.
Meeting—St. George's Society.
Beef, Iron and Wine.
Tenders—Water Commissioners.
Furniture Soap for Wash Day.
Mrs. A. J. Corbett.
Embroideries—A. Rolfe.
Men's Suits—Oak Hall.
Underwear—Pettiback & McDonald.
Esterbrook's Steel Pens.
Meeting—London Council, R. A.
Cottage for Sale—7 Prospect avenue.
Barber Wanted—264 Dundas street.
Situations Wanted—Geo. J. Miller.
Great Bargains—J. H. Chapman & Co.
Blacksmith Wanted—Clark Lee.
Man or Boy Wanted—J. Treumann.
Boy Wanted—John Mills.
Nurse Wanted—Mrs. W. A. Gunn.
Meeting—St. John's Lodge, 209A.
Hostler Wanted—Jewell House.
Girl Wanted—Albion Restaurant.
Man Wanted—John Conte.
Dog Strayed—438 Wellington street.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

Latest Financial News by Mail and Telegram.

Market Fluctuations.

[Reported to J. W. Hyman, broker, Market Lane, London, Ont.]

CHICAGO, June 8.—The following fluctuations in the market are reported to-day:

WHEAT—July. High. Low. Cl. Op.
CORN—July. High. Low. Cl. Op.
OATS—July. High. Low. Cl. Op.
POPK—July. High. Low. Cl. Op.
LARD—July. High. Low. Cl. Op.
HAMS—July. High. Low. Cl. Op.

NEW YORK, June 8.—
High. Low. Cl. Op.
Del. and Lac. 150 148 147 146
C. C. C. 150 148 147 146
Erie 150 148 147 146
L. and N. 150 148 147 146
Lake Shore 150 148 147 146
Northern Pacific 150 148 147 146
Nor. Pac. Prefd. 150 148 147 146
Reading 150 148 147 146
Rock Island 150 148 147 146
Sugar 150 148 147 146
Sugar Preferred 150 148 147 146
Omaha 150 148 147 146

Montreal Stock Market.

Montreal, June 8.
Bank of Montreal 122 121
Bank of Commerce 122 121
Bank of Toronto 122 121
Bank of Nova Scotia 122 121
Bank of Montreal 122 121
Bank of Commerce 122 121
Bank of Toronto 122 121
Bank of Nova Scotia 122 121

Toronto Stock Market.

Toronto, June 8.
Bank of Montreal 122 121
Bank of Commerce 122 121
Bank of Toronto 122 121
Bank of Nova Scotia 122 121
Bank of Montreal 122 121
Bank of Commerce 122 121
Bank of Toronto 122 121
Bank of Nova Scotia 122 121

London Money Market.

LONDON, June 8.—12:30 p.m.—Consols, 90 1/2 for money; 90 1/2 for account; Mexican Central, 72 1/2; St. Paul, 72 1/2; Erie, second, 108; Erie 3d, Mexican second, 108; Pacific Central, 54; Reading, 52; Canadian Pacific, 52; New York Central, 116; Illinois Central, 104; Bank of England rate, 2 per cent; open market discount, 1.

Big Financial Smash.

LONDON, June 8.—2 p.m.—(Special)—There was a failure in the bourse in Paris to-day; millions of francs were lost. The financial market in difficulties for ready money.

GARDEN SEEDS.

All fresh and reliable, only such sorters have proved, by thorough tests, to be entirely satisfactory to the grower carried in stock.

A. M. HAMILTON & SON,
273 Talbot St. Telephone 622

Quashes, each	60 to 65
Tomatoes, per bag	30 to 35
Cucumbers, per bag	30 to 35
Peas, per bush	50 to 55
Onions, per bush	50 to 55
MEATS, HIDE, ETC.	
Beef, quarters, per lb.	5 to 6
Butter, 1 lb. tin	10 to 12
Veal, quarters, per lb.	5 to 6
Lamb, quarters, per lb.	5 to 6
Chicken, 10 lbs.	4 to 5
Hides, No. 1, per lb.	4 to 5
Hides, No. 2, per lb.	3 to 4
Calves, green, per lb.	5 to 6
Calves, black, per lb.	5 to 6
Lamb, each, per lb.	5 to 6
Wool, per lb.	10 to 12
Tallow, rendered, per lb.	10 to 12
Tallow, rough, per lb.	10 to 12

Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs.	125	to	138
Wheat, spring per 100 lbs.	135	to	138
Oats, per 100 lbs.	50	to	55
Peas per 100 lbs.	50	to	55
Corn per 100 lbs.	50	to	55
Barley per 100 lbs.	50	to	55
Buckwheat, 100 lbs.	50	to	55
Beans per bush	75	to	80
PROVISIONS.			
Eggs, retail, per doz.	12	to	12
Butter, 1 lb. tin	10	to	11
Butter, 5 lb. tin	9	to	11
Butter per lb., pound rolls	11	to	13
Butter per lb., large round crocks	11	to	13
Butter per lb., tubs or firkins	11	to	13
Chicken per lb.	10	to	10
Chicken per pair	60	to	104
Duck	60	to	90
Turner	60	to	90

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

The Civil Service.

To the Editor of the Advertiser:
Kindly answer the following questions:
1. How many years must a person serve in the civil service of Canada before he is superannuated? 2. What is the amount of such superannuation per annum, and how is the amount regulated? 3. What is the total number of paid employees of the civil service in Canada? 4. What is the lowest salary, the highest and the average salary per annum? 5. What is the number of hours of daily work, holidays, etc.?

[NOTE.—Any person who has served in an established capacity in the civil service for ten years or upwards, and who is 60 years of age or is incapacitated by bodily infirmity from performing his duties, may be superannuated on an allowance calculated on his average yearly salary during the ten years last years—and not exceeding the following rates:—i. e. If he has served 10 years, but less than 11, an annual allowance of ten-fiftieths of such annual salary; if for 11 and under 12 years, eleven-fiftieths—and in like manner a further addition of one-fiftieth for each additional year of service up to 35 years, but no addition shall be made for any service beyond 35 years. No person has an absolute right to such allowance, which is only to be granted for good and faithful service. The total number of civil service employees is large—the Advertiser has not the means of telling how many. The lowest annual salary is \$300, the highest is \$2,500—for chief clerks in the postoffice and inland revenue departments. We have not the data at hand to give the average salary. The work hours depend upon the nature of the office or service, and vary in the different departments. The holidays are the statutory legal holidays, besides two weeks' leave of absence at the most convenient time during the year.—EDITOR ADVERTISER.]

BINDER TWINE.

[From the Canada Farmer's Sun.]
The grand officers last week at Hamilton reported that thus far the Grand Executive Board has not been able to make any arrangement for binder twine. Local dealers and members of the Dominion combine have all been approached, and the stereotyped reply, "not ready yet to quote rates," has been given. Correspondence with American manufacturers has resulted similarly, reticence being the order of the day there as well as in Canada. It is independently true that the combine has determined this year to quote no special prices to large buyers such as the Order of Patrons would be. In all parts of the country warehouses and storehouses are filled with twine ready to go into the hands of farmers, but not until the harvest is close at hand will the price be announced by the controlling parties on the other side. Even the Canadian manufacturers are yet unaware what the rate per pound will be for the goods they have manufactured. "All the people can bear" will be the controlling sentiment with the greedy monopolists.

In the United States as well as in Canada there is discontent, and the loud murmurings of Western and Southern farmers caused a hasty meeting in Chicago a few days ago, the president and secretary of the combine having been suddenly summoned from New York to order with the farmers who had just returned from Texas. The first rumble of dissatisfaction in Canada comes from Hamilton, where last week a resolution was passed that proves the shakiness of the combine's position. The first rumble of dissatisfaction in Canada comes from Hamilton, where last week a resolution was passed that proves the shakiness of the combine's position. The first rumble of dissatisfaction in Canada comes from Hamilton, where last week a resolution was passed that proves the shakiness of the combine's position.

The situation is serious, but Patrons have learned to wait developments. Once more they may be made the victims of a monopoly, but before another season arrives it is possible for them to break the combine in binder twine as this year they have already broken the combine in salt. What manufacturers want is to discourage Patrons so thoroughly as to cause them to sacrifice their membership, feeling that organization cannot lessen their difficulties. If the combine could accomplish this their iron heel would be planted more relentlessly than ever upon their victims.

Stand to your guns, Patrons, and await developments.
The situation is serious, but Patrons have learned to wait developments. Once more they may be made the victims of a monopoly, but before another season arrives it is possible for them to break the combine in binder twine as this year they have already broken the combine in salt. What manufacturers want is to discourage Patrons so thoroughly as to cause them to sacrifice their membership, feeling that organization cannot lessen their difficulties. If the combine could accomplish this their iron heel would be planted more relentlessly than ever upon their victims.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular appetite to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension. Coughs, rheumatism, earache, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

The housewife has opened her war on the moths with a sort of tar-bara bomb. A rich man is an honest man, no thanks to him, for he would be a double knave to take mankind when he had no need of it. —[Daniel DeFoe.]

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, is ear-ache. The drug is especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affection of the throat, in which the young are specially subject.

Gladstone, a fawn rabbit, was sold in England recently for \$130. Its ears are 27½ inches in length and 7½ inches in width.

A man's wife should always be the same. Especially to her husband; but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Little Liver Pills, she cannot be for they will make her feel like a different person, at least so they all say, and their husbands say so, too.

We should miss a great deal that is valuable in human nature if we confined our attention exclusively to important personages. —[Hamerton.]

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confounded with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills, as they are extremely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

Happiness does away with ugliness, and even makes the beauty of beauty. —[Amiel.]

SURPRISE SOAP

While good for all household purposes
has peculiar qualities for easy and quick
washing of clothes. READ the directions on the wrapper.

We're Proud to Talk

On Clothing because we've the very best
that's made.

NONE BETTER.

That's the kind. No matter how you examine it
or look at it.

IT'S ALWAYS THE BEST.

We've the material you want, the shape, the size
and the price.

MEN'S SUITS, \$5 to \$7 50.

These Suits are made for wear as well as
looks. There's a wide variety of textures and
colors; all good, and they are the best that can
be made.

A magnificent collection of wonderful values
in CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, and every boy is
presented with a ticket (free) for our pony com-
petition.

OAK HALL

150 Dundas Street.

ALF. TAYLOR, Manager.

Wives and Daughters

The Leading and Most Popular Ladies'
Monthly in the Dominion.

CONDUCTED BY WOMEN FOR WOMEN;

The character of the circulation of "Wives and Daughters" is superior to that of most publications, and embraces the well-to-do portion of the community who are able to, and do, purchase liberally. As this publication appeals directly to those who form the purchasing power, and who, more than men, closely study advertisements, it must follow as a natural result that advertisers will get liberal returns for their outlay. It circulates throughout the whole Dominion, and to a large extent in the United States, but more particularly in the Province of Ontario, the largest, most populous, wealthy and progressive of the provinces.

SAMPLE COPIES AND ADVERTISING RATES SENT TO ANY
ADDRESS ON APPLICATION.

Subscription, 50c. per year.

CLUB OF TWO, 45c. PER YEAR.
CLUB OF THREE, 40c. PER YEAR.
CLUB OF FOUR, 35c. PER YEAR.
CLUB OF FIVE, 30c. PER YEAR.
CLUB OF SIX, 25c. PER YEAR.

SUBSCRIBE NOW!

ADDRESS—
"WIVES AND DAUGHTERS,"
Care Advertiser Printing Co., London, Ont.

Men's Underwear, 25c. each,
Balbriggan Underwear, 50c. each,
Black Cashmere Sox, 25c. pair.

PETHICK & McDONALD,

393 Richmond Street, London, Ont.

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.
SPANISH NERVINE. The great nerve and brain tonic, restores vitality, cures all nervous diseases, such as Neuritis, Nervitis, Headache, Dizziness, Convulsions, Brain Power, Fits and Numbness, Hysteria, Disincline, Convulsions, Loss of power of the generative organs in males, and all diseases of the nervous system, caused by Over-Excitement, Venereal Indiscretion, or any other cause. It gives the greatest satisfaction all around. Cures where other medicines fail.

JAMES COBB, Restaurant, Palmerston.
For sale in London by C. McCallum.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Corrected to May 15, 1902.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

LONDON TIME.

Canada Southern Division—Going East.

Stations	Leave	Arrive
London	7:30 p.m.	11:30 p.m.
North Shore Limited daily	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
Niagara Falls and Buffalo	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
American Express except	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
special daily	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
Atlantic Express daily	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
New York and Boston Ex-	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
press daily	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
Mail except Sundays	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
N. Y. and Boston Express	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
daily	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
Accom'dn except Sunday	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.

Canada Southern Division—Going West.

Stations	Leave	Arrive
London	7:30 p.m.	11:30 p.m.
North Shore Limited daily	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
Niagara Falls and Buffalo	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
American Express except	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
special daily	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
Atlantic Express daily	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
New York and Boston Ex-	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
press daily	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
Mail except Sundays	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
N. Y. and Boston Express	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
daily	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
Accom'dn except Sunday	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.

Trains arrive in London at 8:25 a.m., 12:35 p.m. and 6:40 p.m.

No trains to or from London on Sundays.

JOHN PATT, City Ticket and Passenger Agent, 393 Richmond Street.

GRAND TRUNK—Southern Division

Corrected Dec. 7, 1901.

MAIN LINE—Going East.

Stations	Arrive	Depart
London	7:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Atlantic Express (A)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Mail	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Atlantic Express (A)	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Day Express	11:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
St. Louis Express (A)	12:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
Mixed—No. 24 Freight (A)	1:30 p.m.	2:30 p.m.
Freight Limited (A)	2:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.

MAIN LINE—Going West.

Stations	Arrive	Depart
London	7:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Chicago Express (A)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
West End Express (A)	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Freight Limited	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
St. Louis Express (A)	11:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
Accommodation	12:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
Pacific Express (A)	1:30 p.m.	2:30 p.m.
Mail	2:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.
Accommodation	3:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.

Stations	Arrive	Depart
London	7:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Limited Express (A)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Atlantic Express (A)	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Accommodation	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Freight Limited (A)	11:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
Accommodation	12:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
Freight Limited (A)	1:30 p.m.	2:30 p.m.
Accommodation	2:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.

Stations	Arrive	Depart
London	7:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Limited Express (A)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Atlantic Express (A)	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Accommodation	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Freight Limited (A)	11:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
Accommodation	12:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
Freight Limited (A)	1:30 p.m.	2:30 p.m.
Accommodation	2:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.

London, Huron and Bruce.

Stations	Arrive	Depart
London	7:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Express	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Mail	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Express	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Mail	11:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
Express	12:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
Mail	1:30 p.m.	2:30 p.m.
Express	2:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.
Mail	3:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.

London and Port Stanley.

Stations	Arrive	Depart
London	7:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Express	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Mail	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Express	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Mail	11:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
Express	12:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
Mail	1:30 p.m.	2:30 p.m.
Express	2:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.
Mail	3:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.

St. Marys and Stratford Branch.

Stations	Arrive	Depart
London	7:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Express	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Mail	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Express	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Mail	11:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
Express	12:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
Mail	1:30 p.m.	2:30 p.m.
Express	2:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.
Mail	3:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.

Toronto Branch.

Stations	Arrive	Depart
London	7:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Express	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Mail	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Express	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Mail	11:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
Express	12:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
Mail	1:30 p.m.	2:30 p.m.
Express	2:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.
Mail	3:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.

Hamilton—Depart.

Stations	Arrive	Depart
London	7:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Express	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Mail	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Express	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Mail	11:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
Express	12:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
Mail	1:30 p.m.	2:30 p.m.
Express	2:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.
Mail	3:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.

Hamilton—Arrive.

Stations	Arrive	Depart
London	7:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Express	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Mail	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Express	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Mail	11:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
Express	12:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
Mail	1:30 p.m.	2:30 p.m.
Express	2:30 p.m.	3:30 p.m.
Mail	3:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.

These trains for Montreal.

1. These trains for Montreal.
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6. These trains for Montreal.
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8. These trains for Montreal.
9. These trains for Montreal.
10. These trains for Montreal.

E. DE LA HOCKE, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, P. O. 1, Masonic Temple.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Going East.

Stations	Leave	Arrive
London	7:30 p.m.	11:30 p.m.
Express	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
Mail	9:30 p.m.	5:30 a.m.
Express	10:30 p.m.	6:30 a.m.
Mail	11:30 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Express	12:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Mail	1:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Express	2:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Mail	3:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Express	4:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.

Going West.

Stations	Leave	Arrive
London	7:30 p.m.	11:30 p.m.
Express	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
Mail	9:30 p.m.	5:30 a.m.
Express	10:30 p.m.	6:30 a.m.
Mail	11:30 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Express	12:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
Mail	1:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.
Express	2:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Mail	3:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Express	4:30 a.m.	12:30 p.m.

Trains arrive from the east at 11:25 a.m., 7:00 p.m., 10:00 p.m.

THOR, R. PARKER, City Ticket and Passenger Agent, P. O. 1, Masonic Temple.

ERIE & HURON RAILWAY.

Trains South.

Stations	Exp	Exp	Mix	Mix
Sarnia (E. T. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
London	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.

Trains North.

Stations	Exp	Exp	Mix	Mix
London	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
Chatham (C. P. R.)	8:30 a.m.	9:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.

THOR, R. PARKER, City Ticket and Passenger Agent, P. O. 1, Masonic Temple.

ERIE & HURON RAILWAY.

Trains South.

	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.
Sarnia (E. T. R.).....	6:19	7:40	
Courtright.....	5:40	8:20	
M. C. R. Junction.....	5:46	8:22	
Chatham (C. P. R.)... ^{alt}	7:45	10:35	
^{dem}	7:43	10:40	

WINDOW SHADES

ALL COLORS.
FRINGES TO MATCH

O. B. GRAVES,
222 Dundas Street.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

BORN.
RUSE—On May 15, at 45 Askin street, South London, the wife of R. Ruse of a daughter.

DEATH.
SCOTT—In this city, on June 7, Ethel, only daughter of Charles and Jessie Scott, aged 2 years and 9 months.
Funeral will leave the family residence, 825 Van street, East London, this (Wednesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock, service at the house at 230. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

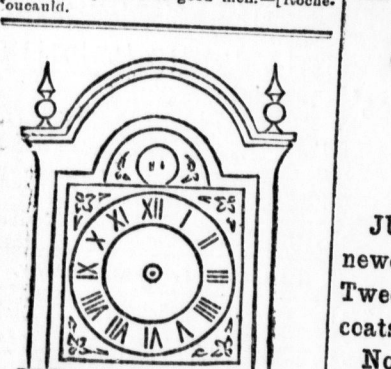
THE BRAND OF FLOUR
Always makes the
BEST BREAD
OR PASTRY.
USE NO OTHER.
J. D. SAUNBY
227 York Street
TELEPHONE 118.

BINDER TWINE IN THE NORTH WEST.

John Nichols, a prominent settler in the Northwest, wrote last month to the Ontario press from Fort Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, to the binder twine trade. He says:
"Last year the price charged by the local machine agents here was 17 cents per pound cash for best Canadian twine. The Patrons of Industry, however, purchased an equally good article of American make at 15 cents cash, or 14 cents till Dec. 1. But that was too much, as I will show. A short time ago I had occasion to write the supreme secretary, Patrons of Industry, to ask the price at which certain articles were furnished to members in the United States. Here is his reply:—Re binder twine—For best Red Elephant brand, anti-rust twine, we got last year 8 cents per pound. Eight cents for the American Patrons, 17 cents for the average Northwest farmer! Even with the monopoly freight rates of the C. P. R. this twine, if duty free, could have been laid down here at 11 cents, or 6 cents per pound less than the Canadian article. See how this affects us here. A neighbor used over 1,000 pounds. His extra tax was over \$80. Nearly all the settlers here would use from 300 to 500 pounds each, or an extra tax on each one of from \$18 to \$30. What a grand way to promote the settlement of the Northwest!"

Must Settle There or Get Out.
BUFFALO, N. Y., June 8.—William Burgess, of Hamilton, Ont., was discharged at noon yesterday by the superintendent of the L. S. and M. S. machine shops at the request of Inspector De Barry. Burgess has been working for the company as a machinist for some time past and is the owner of considerable real estate in Hamilton, where his wife and family reside. He refused to make his home here.

He is truly good who desires always to bear the inspection of good men. [Roche.]



No hands are hurt when you wash with Pearl; no harm happens to the finest fabric. The hands that are delicate have much less work; the things that are tender have much less wear. It takes away the dirt, and brings ease in doing it. Pearl is for washing leaves nothing to wish for; Pearl in washing leaves nothing to be done. Beware of imitations. 200 JAMES PYLE, N.Y.

Great Keys

Such as St. Peter carried in pictures, and the rest of us carried in discomfort, went suddenly out of use on the introduction of the famous "YALE" locks. Then son's happy people jumped to the conclusion that any small key meant a "YALE" lock. Not so. It's easy to make a worthless lock with a little key, and it takes less metal. Your protection lies in one word. See that "YALE" is stamped on every key. If that is there, security is there also. Sold wherever locks sell.

DUNCOMBE'S
PARK PILLS for
DYSPEPSIA and
INDIGESTION

Cure Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Headache, Liver and Kidney Troubles and Biliousness. Only sold in boxes for 10 cents, five for \$1.

MANUFACTURE
DRY PRESS
& PLASTIC
BRICK MACHINERY

Priddis Bros.

Parasols,
Sunshades
AND Umbrellas

Price, Quality
And Style
Will suit you.

TEAS: AND: COFFEES.

Best values at WILSON & RANAHAN'S
SUGARS, all grades, best values at WILSON & RANAHAN'S.
FINE APPLES, ORANGES, LEMONS
AND BANANAS, cheap at

Wilson & Ranahan's
Grocers, 265 Dundas Street.
TELEPHONE 530.

J. FRITH JEFFERS,
—AGENT FOR—
The Guardian (Citizens'), London
and Lancashire, Atlas, National
and Quebec Fire Companies.

Office, Albion Buildings, Telephone, 755.
Ground floor, No. 42 Richmond Street.

THE WEATHER.

Toronto, Ont., June 7—11 p.m.—The pressure has increased in Eastern Canada; elsewhere there is little change since yesterday. Fine weather prevails everywhere excepting Western Ontario, Minimum and maximum temperatures: Edmonton, 48°-64°; Calgary, 42°-64°; Port Arthur, 50°-56°; Toronto, 56°-64°; Kingston, 52°-68°; Montreal, 48°-68°; Quebec, 44°-68°; Halifax, 52°-68°.

TO-DAY'S PROGNOSTICS.
Toronto, June 8—1 a.m.—The indications for the next 24 hours for the lower lakes region (covering the peninsula and far east as far as Belleville) are: Easterly winds; mostly fair; not much change in temperature; a few local showers.

EARLY SPRING GOODS

JUST IN—A lot of the
newest colors in Scotch
Tweeds for Suits and Over-
coats.
Now is the time to order.

N. WILSON & CO.
112 Dundas Street.

Satisfaction
Is guaranteed to everyone who takes Hood's
Kidney Pills. This is the only preparation of which
it has been said: "It does the work." Have you seen Hood's
Kidney Pills? For particulars send to C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Hood's Pills cure liver ills, jaundice, biliousness, sick headache, constipation.

A Healthy and Delicious Beverage.
Menier Chocolate. Learn to make a real cup of Chocolate by addressing C. Alfred Chouillon, Montreal, and get free samples with directions.

What more can be asked than a prompt and permanent cure, and this is the intrinsic virtue of St. Jacobs Oil in the cure of all rheumatic pains, and especially for burns, bruises, sprains, cuts and wounds. It is the best. Always prompt and sure.

Common sense is the measure of the possible; it is composed of experience and provision; it is calculation applied to life.—[Amiel.]

A Cure for Constipation and Headache.
Dr. Silas Lane, while in the Rocky Mountains, discovered a root that, when combined with other herbs, makes an easy and certain cure for constipation. It is in the form of dry roots and leaves, and is known as Lane's Family Medicine. It will cure sick headache in one night. For the blood, liver and kidneys, and for clearing up the complexion, it does wonders. Druggists sell it at 50 cents a package.

Mr. J. R. Allen, upholsterer, Toronto sends us the following: "For six or seven years my wife suffered with Dyspepsia, Constipation, Inward Piles and Kidney Complaint. We tried two physicians and any number of medicines without getting any relief, until we got a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery. This was the first relief she got, and before one bottle was used the benefit she derived from it was beyond our expectation."

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed two corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

The Early Morning Edition of the London Advertiser—with one exception the only Early Morning Paper in the Province, out of Toronto—is bright, clean and readable, gives all the Latest Foreign News, Midnight Telegrams, etc. For sale on the streets and at news stands. Ask for it on the trains. If any of our friends find difficulty in getting the paper anywhere, let them at once write us.

London Advertiser.
Telephone Numbers:
107.....Business Office.
154.....Editorial Rooms.
154.....Job Department.
LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—O. hurdy gurdy man, again you've come! Why don't you go to Buffalo and play? There, "music sweet" doth gladden every ear and you can make \$12 every day.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Sherlock, Winnipeg, are at the Tecumseh.

—The A. M. E. annual conference convenes at Chatham early in July.

—Over 2,500 men are expected to be under canvas at the camp here this month.

—John McLaren, father of Mrs. Weston Webb, died at Toronto on Sunday, aged 71.

—The Young Liberal Minstrels will give their photos taken for the Toronto Globe shortly.

—Mr. John Garvey has purchased Squire Park, a beautiful property on Maple street for \$8,000.

—Mr. and Mrs. George A. McGillivray have left for an extended trip to Chicago and western points.

—F. G. Swales, recently with Kingmill, has accepted a responsible position with J. H. Chapman and Co.

—The body of Joseph P. Tallent, who was shot at the Cove ranges Saturday, has been taken to Ohio for burial by relatives.

—The thirteen homing pigeons which were released here Saturday morning all returned safely to their destinations in the east.

—A homing pigeon was found dead on Dundas street yesterday. "L. G. 30" was the inscription on the brass ring attached to the bird's leg.

—At the last meeting of London Township Council, the resignation of T. E. Robson, as reeve, was accepted. The next meeting will be held at Arva on June 14.

—W. Barker, agent for the Gardner & Co. granite sidewalks, is in the city, and a staff of men will commence work on the sidewalk on York street, from Richmond to Talbot.

—James Bear, of London West, was arrested this morning by Detective Ward on a warrant of commitment. A week ago he was fined for assaulting his wife, and in default of payment of fine was arrested again to spend ten days in jail.

—The funeral of the late Marlene Clarke, the actor, took place yesterday. The body will be interred in the actors' fund plot at Evergreen. [New York Press.]

—Marlene Clarke opened the Grand Opera House season here in "A Sly Dog."

—Miss Tillie Spring, of Dorchester Station, will appear before Squire Smyth on Friday at 3:30 on a charge of practicing medicine without a license. Miss Spring is the young lady who attained notoriety as a clairvoyant in this city some time ago.

—Detective Allen last evening served Wm. Carroll and Peter Young with summonses to appear before Squire Smyth on Saturday at 4 o'clock on a charge of selling liquor during prohibited hours on the night of the recent Dreaney's Corners outrage.

—At a meeting of the executive board of Alma College, Rev. B. Clement, of Petrolia, ex-president of London Conference, was appointed to canvass the London Conference to raise subscriptions to defray the debt of \$50,000 on Alma College building.

—The full Court of Appeal of the Province of Manitoba has given judgment in the suits of Henry Taylor vs. Sharp and H. S. Crotty vs. H. Taylor and the Ontario Investment Association of this city. In the decision with costs, and the chief justice's decision upheld. In the other suit, the lower court's order, overruling the demurrer of the defendant, was affirmed with costs.

—A successful concert was given by the children in aid of the building fund of St. James' Church Sunday School, South London, last evening. The fine programme consisted of recitations by the girls and boys; duets by Marie Dewar and Letitia McLearn, Louise Hodgins and Ollie Webber, and May and Alice Wilkins; recitations by Tottie McElharran, Fred Macfie, Frank Tassett and C. Hodgins; violin solo, Willie McElharran; instrumental, Louise Hodgins and Letitia McLearn; vocal solo, Hattie Tatham; dialogues by five girls and five boys, and eight boys respectively; double quartet, eight little girls; closing tableau with National Anthem.

—A correspondent writes: "I do not like to become an informer and lay information against those who violate the law by throwing refuse matter on the streets, and I do not even have the possibility of being called a crank by remonstrating with offenders. To-day, however, as I walked along the street I saw a confederate stand at his door and pluck decayed bananas from his stock and fling the rotten fruit upon the street, and I concluded that it would be a wise action for me individually to boycott that store and write to the press advising that every citizen who desires to see clean and healthy streets in the city should take a note of such places as are littered, and place their orders for goods in the hands of merchants who do not violate the bylaw, referring to refuse matter on the streets, rather than continue to support those who manifest no disposition to maintain the cleanly appearance of the city."

Not So Wet as It Has Looked.
"You may think," said Mr. Stewart at the Toronto Observatory recently, "that the fall of rain this year has been unusually heavy, but such is not the case. During the months of April and May the rainfall has been 4.71 inches. The average rainfall during the last 52 years has been 5.18. This spring rain has fallen on 23 days. Two years ago rain fell on 35 days in the two months mentioned. But there has been a wonderful amount of cloudy weather; said this, no doubt, leads to the general impression that we have had a wet spring." The cause of the frequent rains in the last few days is that a heavy rain area has been hovering over the Mississippi Valley. It seems to have about exhausted itself, and is besides moving northwestward, so that the general appearance is that there will be more settled weather for some time, at least so says the weather prophet at the observatory.

Joseph Palucci's Death.
The jury that County Constable Wm. Mason summoned to inquire into the death of Joseph Palucci, who was shot at the five range on Monday, was composed of Henry Dinnors (foreman), John Kennedy, Sidney Rogers, John Proctor, Wm. McPherson, R. J. Wood, Edward Gibson, Jonas Greives, Henry Parsons, Abraham Cole, Alex. Smith, W. H. Michaluk, Patrick Brazell, A. Gardner and Theo. E. McNamara. Capt. Denison, who was in charge of the squad as the butte, testified that Palucci had no business being where he was when he was shot and that he came out in front of the target contrary to instruction from the man who fired the fatal shot was Private Charman, one of the best men in the company and a perfect soldier, who had never been charged with any offense. Palucci and Charman were on friendly terms and Palucci was entirely to blame for the unfortunate occurrence. Charman was the only witness called and court adjourned until Thursday.

Registered Letter.
Among the hints on the back of the new registration receipts are the following: A person posting a registered letter should not leave the postoffice until he has obtained his receipt. The letter should bear stamps to the full amount of the postage and registration fees. The sender should attend to the duty of payment of his letter himself. A postmaster is only responsible for doing that which is his duty to do, and it is not his duty to place stamps on letters for other people. Letters for registration should be brought to the postoffice some time before the mail closes. Persons receiving registered letters that call for acknowledgment would do frequently save trouble to themselves and to the postoffice by acknowledging them promptly.

A Fashionable Wedding.
A last night's Blyth telegram says: A fashionable wedding took place at Woodmere, the residence of Mr. Charles Flood, a short distance from the village, this afternoon, when Mr. George M. Sherlock, chief train dispatcher C. P. R., Winnipeg, of the popular young ladies of this section. Over 100 guests were present from Blyth, London, Clinton, Wingham, Seneca, Goderich, Toronto, Detroit and other places. Rev. R. J. Flood of Boston, Mass., brother of the bride, presided at the ceremony, assisted by Rev. A. W. Tongue of Fiesherton and W. Campbell of Blyth. The groom was supported by Messrs. M. and W. H. Flood, and the bride by Miss M. Osborne of Albany, N. Y., and Miss A. Crocker of Exeter. The bride was handsomely attired in cream silk bengaline, trimmed with chiffon and lilacs of the valley, and the bridesmaids looked beautiful in crape duchesse and cream Henrietta, trimmed with chiffon. There were many choice presents. The happy couple took the 4:15 train for New Orleans.

LONDON CONFERENCE.
Changes Made in the First Draft of Stations.

The following changes have been made from the first draft of stations already published in the ADVERTISER:
President of Conference, J. G. Scott; secretary, H. J. Ford.

LONDON DISTRICT.
Queen's Avenue (sent)—S. McVitty. Wellington Street—J. R. Gundy. Hamilton Road—Joseph Ward, B.D. Thorndale—C. Clark.

WINDSOR DISTRICT.
Dorchester—W. Quance; one to be sent. Delaware—T. T. George. C. B. Keenlyside to go to college.

ST. THOMAS DISTRICT.
St. Thomas (Central Church)—J. R. Phillips. Alma College—B. Clement, financial secretary.

PORT STANLEY DISTRICT.
Port Stanley—L. W. Reid. Iowa—J. Fairchild. Melbourne—T. E. Harrison.

WILSON DISTRICT.
Brownsville—J. V. Malahide—M. Griffin, B. Snell.

CHATHAM DISTRICT.
Cedar Springs—To be supplied. Dawn Mills—P. W. Jones. Tupperville—M. Pickard.

RUTHERFORD DISTRICT.
Rutherford—One to be sent. Windsor District. Harrow—E. Medd.

GENTO DISTRICT.
Gento—J. A. Snodgrass. Woodslee—J. Henderson. Tilly Centre—A. J. Snyder.

LIDGOTOWN DISTRICT.
Harrow—B. A. Howie. Thamesville—B. M. Moore. Wardville—T. B. Leith. Florence—One wanted.

STRATHROY DISTRICT.
Petroton—S. Bond. Kerwood—R. Thomas. Brooke—One to be sent.

UTIOXETER DISTRICT.
Utioxeter—T. L. McCuehon. Enniskillen—R. A. Millar.

SARNIA DISTRICT.
Sarnia—J. Leacock. Point Edward—S. G. Livingston. Oil Springs—J. A. Ferguson.

DAVEN DISTRICT.
Dawn—R. L. Wilson. Wilkerson—H. G. Tyler.

ST. THOMAS DISTRICT.
The annual educational meeting was held. In the absence of the president, caused by the sitting of the stationing committee, Dr. Carman presided and gave a very spirited address. Then he called upon Rev. A. L. Russell, B.A., who gave an address on the need of an educated ministry.

Mr. Frith Jeffers, of London, spoke next. He supposed he had to represent the laity. He wanted to show how they looked at this subject. He spoke of how in Australia they had in one province adopted a system of education in which they ignored religion, and eliminated every reference to God and moral obligation, and how they had seen their error and its danger.

Rev. Dr. Shaw, of Montreal, spoke for a short time. He said that they in his college were training men to be strong, independent and aggressive. Owing to the lateness of the hour he only spoke five minutes. Collection was taken and the meeting was closed.

TUESDAY MORNING.
Dr. Carman occupied the chair. The first business was the report of the Whitty Ladies' College, and was of an encouraging character.

Next came the report of the committee on the state of the work, and was read by the Rev. R. C. Parsons.

Memorial report No. 2 was read and adopted.

Temperance report was read by Rev. A. J. Snyder. It especially commends the selection of temperance and prohibition candidates for parliamentary and municipal honors.

Sabbath observance committee also reported. Its report was adopted. It indorses the proposal to urge upon over government the proposal to secure the closing of the Canadian department of the World's Fair at Chicago. The committee was ordered to prepare and report an appropriate resolution on the subject.

Sunday school committee report was next read. The vacancy of the delegation to the

General Conference caused by Rev. A. C. Courtice, B.A., being transferred to Montreal Conference was filled by a ballot vote by the election of Rev. James Whiting, who was the first reserve delegate.

Rev. J. G. Scott was elected representative on the Central Missionary Board.

Mr. A. Fowler, B.A., asked for a letter of standing. On motion his request was granted.

Rev. J. G. Scott announced that \$35 was collected and was now presented to Miss Graham, the postmaster.

The order of business for 3:30 p.m. is to be the reading of the stations.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.
Conference assembled at 3 o'clock. After worship and reading of minutes the report of the educational fund was read and adopted. Then the report on the constitution of the sustentation was read and adopted.

At this juncture a deputation from Grace Church Young People's Society was introduced to the president, who was presented with a basket of beautiful flowers. To an accompanying address the president very happily replied. Closely following these came two young men of the ordination class to present a picture of the president and themselves.

It was an order of the conference to provide for conference anniversary services similar to the method of last year. The thought of change from the anniversary to that of religious services seemed to prevail very widely in the conference.

Stations for the coming year were read and the balloting proceeded for chairman of districts.

The following are the chairmen and financial secretaries:
London—G. Boyd, chairman; E. J. Philip, financial secretary.

St. Thomas—J. G. Scott, J. McCallister. Windsor—J. W. Annis, R. Millard. Chatham—J. W. Jackson, Jasper Wilson. Ridgetown—J. B. Aylesworth, T. Cobb. Strathroy—S. Bond, A. G. Harris. Sarnia—J. Leacock, J. E. Ford.

Conference authorized the chairmen to employ during the year with a view to reception into the work J. A. Jackson, T. Sawyer, Vance, A. J. Brown, G. A. Wilkerson.

The names of five persons in addition to the chairman were elected for conference special committee: Revs. B. Clement, Graham, W. McDougall, Dr. Pascoe, W. J. Ford. Permission of absence from work for two months to W. Rigby, J. Philip, J. Husar.

At 6:15 the minutes of the afternoon session were read and the conference was closed by a few words from the president and prayer.

News About Town.
It is the current report about town that Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs is making some remarkable cures with people who are troubled with coughs, sore throat, asthma, bronchitis and consumption. Any druggist will give you a trial bottle free of cost. It is guaranteed to relieve and cure. The large bottles are 50c and \$1. Men of culture are the true apostles of equality.—[Matthew Arnold.]

R.K. Cowan
Barrister, etc., over Bank of Commerce, London.

W. J. TREMBLE
Barrister, Solicitor, Etc., 24 King Street East, Toronto. Money to loan. No commission.

THE T. A. MARA CO., LTD.
155 Dundas St. and Market Square.

Commencing To-Day
FREE
Cream Soda

One free ticket will be given to every purchaser of one pound of BARKWELL'S BAKING POWDER (Barkwell's celebrated formula). This ticket will entitle the purchaser to one class of refreshing Cream Soda popular drink, at BARKWELL'S DRUG STORE.

BARKWELL'S DRUG STORE.
YOUR STORE. COME. ENJOY IT.
KEEP COOL.
LATEST NEW YORK STYLES IN STRAWS OPENED TO-DAY.

Rivard
The Leading Hatter, 400 Richmond St.

HOW IS THIS?
Buy your FISHING TACKLE from W. A. BROCK. A full stock of English and American Rods, Reels, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Speons, Minnows, etc. See the Famous American Spinner. W. A. Brock, 192 Dundas St. E.

DIAMOND Patent Flour
Best for pastry, best for bread. MANUFACTURED BY HUNT BROS., LONDON, ONT. OFFICE, 363 RICHMOND STREET

The T. A. Mara Co., Ltd.
155 Dundas St. and Market Square.

Mara's Majesty Corset
In Black and Colored. Sold every-where at \$75. Our price, \$1.00 Pair.

Men's Fine Shoes, \$1. Silk Buggy Dusters, \$1. Opened out yesterday, two cases American Challies, 50c a yard. A few more of the Silk Parasols left, worth from \$1 to \$2 each. All one price, 50c.

The T. A. Mara Co., Ltd.
155 Dundas St. and Market Square, London.

London, June 8.
The London Advertiser has been informed that the decision of the London Conference on the subject of the closing of the Canadian department of the World's Fair at Chicago, has been adopted.

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