

## NO. 9

deserving applicant went to the wall. It seems to have been actuated throughout by an intense desire to conciliate the French, rather than by a determination to give loyalty its deserts. We trust that the Government will listen to the general opinion of the country and recall him to Ottawa, before he has another opportunity of exciting the national animosity at his misanthropic measures. If we want Manitoba to become a prosperous portion of the Dominion, it must be entrusted into the hands of one who possesses a mind of his own, and who can stand arbiter between two rival races without affronting either.

all the week the best." It is the day of home—home hushed and quiet, home beautiful and full of comfort. To-day the father is at home, and the mother is at home, and the little ones are at home beside him and the mother. To-day Sabbath is the bygone time, when love made the day of repose time of joy, came back in all their pleasantness. Fatherhood is at home and the little ones hang at his knees, telling their joys and troubles of the past week, and rejoicing that for a part week they have been company companions and lavish upon them the interrupted, his loving words and smiles.

Aye, pure, sweet and holy is the day of rest in the family—but it is all too brief—transient as the outline of the silvery-vapor that floats on the summer sky—for the rush and turmoil of the

of this sweet day: remember, father, that there is a 'home' whose peace is never broken, interrupted, whose joy is never broken, whose repose trends on to-morrow, and whose part of the privileges and happiness of to-day is to secure a place in that family whose circle is united forevermore in more in our Father's home on high.

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A Wisconsin man reported that he couldn't find a word in the dictionary because "the blasted book hadn't got at the index."

At Ottumwa, Iowa, at the late election, a Democrat voted a last year's presidential ticket. He didn't want to vote any new departure in his life."

Proof Positive: Good young lady— Little boy, have you ever been baptized in Small heaven—Oh, yes, mum; I've there mark here on my arm.

Nearly all the large engineering firms

The way to command respect and plenty of room in a crowd—Carry a can of paint in each hand.

The Quebec Mercury says:—Circulars have been issued to the Roman Catholic clergy of that diocese, asking them to favour an emigration of Lower Canadianists to the Province of Manitoba.

Oranges and lemons are worth only six and eight cents a bushel in the Brazilian markets this year, and no one uses them except for pickling.

The Historical Society of B. N. A. at St. George, propose to celebrate on the 30th inst. the anniversary of the turning of the first sod in the Welland Canal.

About two thirds of the metal of the Chicago Court House bell has been cast out of cold chisels, and converted into reliefs by the venerating inhabitants of that city.

A Chicago boot-black recently appeared in Detroit and bought a \$906 pair of shoes, for which he paid in fractional currency, mainly of the denomination of ten cents, and which it took three hours to make. He is only eleven years old, and says he made his money in boot-blacking in three years.

A Berkshire papa put it to her daughter's papa: "Jim, if you want Lou you can have her; but I don't want you hanging around unless you mean business. If you intend to marry her, hurry up, for I can't be kept awake by her."

An ingenuous and highly scientific prisoner broke out of a jail in Iowa by building a fire against the limestone wall, and, after it was sufficiently heated, throwing on water, which caused the wall to crack open.

Tiffany & Co., of New York, have a necklace of pearls which was purchased from the ex-Empress of the French, by agent sent to Chislehurst for the purpose. The price asked is twenty-five thousand dollars.

Professor Henry says that the observations of the Smithsonian Institution, which extend over a period of twenty years, have as yet failed to confirm the popular belief that the removal of the forests and the cultivation of the soil tend to diminish the amount of rainfall.

This is the way the Chicago Post celebrates the march of civilization in that city:

"Resolution continuing to reign,  
And God keep up his fire;  
There have been 359  
Marriages since the fire."

In another place the Post says:

"There have been 359 marriages celebrated in this city since the fire—three hundred and eleven of them females. Hail to the New Chicago!"

Last week there was quite a matrimonial fete in Detroit. Mr. J. F. Moore was united in the bonds of wedlock to Miss Mary Jane Sumner, and Mr. Alfred Sumner, (who has been for some time a widower,) the father of the bride, was also married to Mrs. Moore, the widow of another of the bridegroom's old and true friends.

conundrum of relationship seems to be pretty deeply involved.



## SMOKERS.

It is long since James First denounced smoking as a vice "disagreeing to the nose, harmful to the brain, and nearly resembling that of the sick in the bottomless." Still the "need" is in favor, and an ever-increasing multitude worship while they burn their idol with might and main, in spite of all arguments and remonstrances to the contrary. The votaries of this narcotic seem to think that they must use it at all times in all places, and in all companies. Who but a perfect selfish beast, would ever go into a second class railway car and puff that foul smoke of theirs in the faces of poor sick and delicate children, or even men, who must submit to constant relays of such fumigation simply because they are poor, and that for days? Yet this is every day done by smokers that call themselves gentlemen! The same thing at Railway stations. Non-smokers for the next five months will have only the poor alternative of staying in the stations of any railway in Canada, or being choked or going out and being frozen.

Light! The very memory of what one has suffered from vile tobacco and cheap cigars at these stations is enough to make a man shudder. But is it of no use "No smoking" for the sake of the poor, while smoking continues everywhere over all the premises.

The Dublin University Magazine for September takes up the subject on its bearing on disease, but it might spare its pains. It shows from statistical tables that in Germany, Holland, United States and England, disease and more than bread. The same paper in England alone in 1868 on tobacco and snuff were assured was £11,438,290. It is shown that it is poisonous, and produces morbid affections of a very formidable character. "Loomotory" is one disease, and the same alone is sufficient to frighten any one, and when it is explained to mean a general paralysis of the nerves, the fear ought to be increased.

## AFRAIDS IN THE NORTH-WEST.

From letters which have appeared in these columns and from other sources, we learn that the English-speaking population of Manitoba are highly incensed at Governor Archibald's recent withdrawal from the province as the greatest boon that could be conferred upon the Province by the authorities at Ottawa. The grievances of the English settlers principally arise from the fact that they have been shut out of Government offices, and that the half-breeds have been allowed to go beyond the conditions attached to the reservation of land made for them at the last session of the Dominion Parliament. Governor Archibald has been very unfortunate in his choice of subordinates. Men who knew little or nothing of the country, and who were neither hand nor foot for Canada during the rebellion, and men destitute of ability and lacking in honesty have been his chosen ones. The loyal souls who suffered grievously from the troubles of 1869-70, and who rushed to arms during the so-called Fenian invasion, have been left in the cold, while their late enemies have received more than a fair share at the public treasury. An instance has lately come to hand from reliable authority. During the late fiasco, an English settler who had been an unsuccessful candidate for the Manitoba Legislature and who had been elected, would have bitterly opposed Governor Archibald's policy, raised in his parish nearly sixty English volunteers, and with them he marched to Winnipeg and offered their services to His Excellency. The Governor informed them that the war was over, and that they could go home. A day or two afterward, when the invasion had been shown of most of its terrors, a member of the Legislature, friendly to the Governor, came down with only eleven men and proffered their services, which were accepted. The dozen or so men who had been elected, would have been despatched by His Excellency to an outlying position, where they remained for a week or two, each drawing fifteen shillings per diem, "nominally for services rendered to the Dominion of Canada in repelling the Fenian onslaught," in reality for doing their marrow bones at a camp fire. It is this expensive favoritism toward undeserving parties which, among other things, has roused the wrath of the English settlers. They have a just cause for complaint, also, in the manner in which the half-breeds have been treated. The Dominion Parliament set aside 1,400,000 acres of Manitoba lands for the children of half-breeds, not for the adults who had a life time wherein to cut and pick farms for themselves. Neither the spirit nor the letter of this provision has been observed. One million acres would have amply sufficed for the half-breeds children, had their hungry fathers not taken a share of the 1,400,000 acres for themselves; in short the half-breeds have been allowed to proceed as though the grant had been made on their own behalf, and not for their children's sake. We trust that the Dominion Government will see the necessity of withdrawing Governor Archibald before his weak and vacillating conduct precipitates a disturbance in which he will find himself opposed by the loyal men of the Province, and upheld only by those who deserve nothing at the hands of the Queen or her representative.—Telegraph.

## ODSSA, NOV. 21.

Yesterday Mr. Joseph Hillier, of the township of Erindale, died at the advanced age of 107 years. He was born near Little Falls on the Mohawk River, commonly known as Mohawk Falls, on the 9th of November, 1764. After the revolutionary war he removed to this country and took up his abode in this township, where he resided up to his death. He leaves a wife but eight years younger than himself to mourn with a large concourse of children, grand and great grand children.

## IMMIGRATION.

A communication has been received by us from one who subscribes himself "Dollinger," relating to the very important question of Immigration; but, as it is written in a very concisive tone we deem it advisable to withhold it. There are, however, some parts of the communication deserving consideration, as they touch upon the practical part of the question, namely, how best to promote immigration. Our correspondent has received letters during the year from one of our Canadian Immigration agents, who is, or has been, stationed in Ireland, and he gives extracts from the same. The agent writes as follows, on the 2nd of August last: "Let the Government charter a steamer or two, or three, and take emigrants at £4, or even £3, a head. The emigration agents would act as agent for the steamer, the Government would suffer no loss and thousands would go who are unable to raise £5 6s."

"Thousands of good servant girls, ploughmen, &c., who wish to go to Canada, have, from the want of funds, to remain where they are, working for half the wages they could earn in Canada. I have been told that thousands of servant girls and dairy women, if the poor creatures could raise the passage money." And, writing on the 30th of the same month, the agent further says: "I am expecting a good number of the small farmer class as emigrants next spring. The small farmer has been almost total failure; and as it is the staple crop of the north, the small farmers will not be able to meet their liabilities, and owing to the Land Act they can sell their tenancy right without asking the consent of the landlord. The accounts from the Ottawa coast have been good that you may depend your district will have its share of emigrants."

These extracts from the agent's letters are important as showing two facts, viz., that there are thousands of people in the North of Ireland who are desirous of emigrating to Canada; and second, that the people were too poor to find the means to emigrate. Now, it appears to us that the North of Ireland is just the very field where an agent of the Ottawa Valley Emigration Society could operate to advantage. By offering to advance the passage money of the emigrants to be repaid by instalments in Canada, our local agent would have comparatively little trouble in selecting several hundreds of emigrants. And it is important to hear that there is an abundance of the class of servants and dairy maids who wish to go to Canada. This is the class most in demand in the Ottawa Valley, and our friend Mr. Willis could place five hundred of them on very short notice. Of course the suggestion about the government chartering steamers and reducing the passage may be worthy of consideration in a general scheme of emigration, but we imagine that the method proposed of advancing the passage money, and which will be carried into effect by the Ottawa Valley Emigration Society, will be more directly productive of good results.—Citizen.

## CRIMINAL PRACTICAL JOKE.

The Montreal Gazette tells this story:—The train from Ottawa on the Canada Central on Wednesday evening last, was crowded with passengers, and among the number was that ubiquitous individual, Andy Barrows, alias James Parker. While approaching Stittville, the coupling pin between the baggage and passenger cars was pulled out and thrown away, and the passengers had the taken there and then. The train rapidly leaving them. One or two of the passengers and an employee saw "Handy Andy" perform the trick, and the excitement of the passengers, at this intelligence, rose to such a pitch that summary vengeance was about being taken there and then. The train proceeded several miles, when the passenger car was found missing; and in consequence of delay occasioned in returning for it, the train was an hour late in arriving at Carleton Place. We have not heard what action—if any—had been taken against the culprit, but it is hardly probable they will allow it to go unpunished. A very serious accident, and much loss of life, might have resulted, and in justice to the travelling public, it is but right that such an act and criminal tricks should be promptly and severely punished.

## THE HERALD.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT \$1 A YEAR.

CARLETON PLACE, NOV. 22, '71.

Our advertising friends will please bear in mind that our rates are made as low as possible in consideration of advance payment. From all parts of the country the same complaint comes, that the census recently taken is extremely incorrect, that there are so many obvious errors that returns cannot be relied on. There is no doubt that from the complicated system adopted, it would be impossible for all the enumerators to make their returns in the same way, and when the most intelligent of the people could not make head or tail of the schedules left at their houses to be filled up, what could be expected in the case of the ignorant. Even in the matter of the total number of inhabitants, which of all things should be correct, there are obvious blunders. To say that Ontario has only increased 224,000 during the last decade is simply absurd. In our own County the increase is only 1,381, which we are satisfied is below the mark. Why, Almonte and Carleton Place have increased that much themselves, to say nothing of the rest of the county. The total population of Carleton Place is put down at 1,205, which is much less than was expected. However this must be borne in mind, that the enumeration was made at a season when a large portion of our inhabitants are temporarily engaged in lumbering operations in the woods. Had it been some months later we would have shown three or four hundred more.

The Montreal papers are loud in their complaints as to the returns for their city, which show only 107,225. We are satisfied that Montreal contains more inhabitants than that, for its increase has been most marked, and at the last census it had over 91,000. The city journals estimate the error at at least 25,000. It is true that people are apt to over estimate the population of the place where they reside, but the returns of the present census are in no many instances manifestly incorrect that we do not wonder at the complaints made with reference to them.

We have heard some stories of the way in which the work has performed, which, did they not come from indisputable authority, we should be inclined to doubt. The enumerator in this village refused to put anyone down as a Canadian, and in consequence some were very much puzzled to discover what nationality they belonged to. For instance one young lady was obliged to return herself as a German, because her great grandfather came from Germany over 200 years ago, though she, her father and her grandfather were all natives of this country. Others were obliged to trace their ancestry back on the father's side for several generations, to discover whether they were English, Scotch, or Irish, the poor deluded creatures having always been of the opinion that they were Canadians.

Judging from the results already made known we look upon the census of 1871 as a great piece of bungling, and wholly unreliable.

The next session of the Parliament of Canada is likely to have as many applications for the construction of railways as any previous session; and this time, these applications are not confined to the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, for the railway fever has reached as far westward as Manitoba. The Canada "Gazette" contains the following notices from that Province:—"That application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada, for a charter for the Northern Railway Company of Manitoba, to be constructed from a point at or near Lake Winnipeg to a point within the Province in proximity to Pembina, in the Territory of Dakota, to connect with a railroad or railroads running through the Territory of Dakota, and State of Minnesota, in the United States of America;" and that "application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next session for an Act granting a charter for the construction of a Railway from Winnipeg or Fort Garry, in the Province of Manitoba to the boundary line between Manitoba and the United States at some point near to Pembina, and asking for a grant of lands to assist in such construction."

It appears from this that the people of that Province are bound to have railway communication with the outer world; and it speaks well for their enterprise in this direction. There is no doubt that the successful development of the vast resources of their country depends in a great measure upon the opening up of a communication with the other provinces and with the neighboring republic. They have now got their telegraph in full operation, and the next step of progress will naturally be the projection of railways.

The directors of the Pacific Railway are reported to be using influence at Washington to dissuade the government from proceeding against the Mormons, because the Mormons have threatened to destroy the railroad track of Brigham Young and their Mormon leaders are arrested. The government however, is very properly acting with a determination to support the courts and maintain the law no matter what the deluded followers of Mormonism may threaten. General Grant would imagine is the last man to be influenced by the fear of any such threats, trained as he has been in the school of the great civil war. The idea of the Mormons making successful war against the United States is too preposterous to deter President Grant from taking the course which his government has deliberately determined on, and the prospect is that Brigham Young and all his Mormon tribe of offenders will soon be made amenable to the law of the land, and be punished as they deserve for their glaring sins committed in the name of religion.

A SAD LESSON.—A few days ago a young man committed suicide in Chicago, whose rapid fall may afford a lesson to many thoughtless young men. The young man, Morton, was of very considerable abilities, fond of company, and somewhat reckless. He had served in the army, and afterwards obtained a good position on the Burlington and Missouri Railway. He visited Chicago frequently, his arrival being the signal for a spree of the most appalling dissipation. With a strong constitution he was able to resist the effects, and only kept the company of those in a respectable position. But his constitution became exhausted of him, and he went down in the scale with a suddenness that is not infrequent in such cases. Finally he borrowed five dollars to pay his hotel bill and buy morphine sufficient to kill himself, which he did. He is said to have had fine literary attainments.

The relations of Russia and the United States just now are curiously involved seeing that, while the New Yorkers have been going before themselves over the arrival and reception of the Grand Duke Alexis, exhibiting on this occasion another outbreak of that fanatical worship of royal personages which runs to excess in America in spite of all its democratic principles, the State Department has been for some time engaged in an effort to have the Russian Minister M. Catcaev withdrawn, because Madame Catcaev's first wife being still living, Secretary Fish rightly thinks that a diplomatist so loose in his notions of marriage and what is due to society, would not be sent to any court in Europe, and ought not out of respect to the United States, to have been sent to Washington.

## THE TELEGRAPH COMPLETED TO FORT GARRY.

On Monday, 20th instant, the telegraph line was completed to Fort Garry, and that hitherto remote region placed in instant communication with the outside world. This auspicious event will be a great boon to the authorities at Ottawa and Winnipeg, as it will enable them to communicate with each other on matters of importance, in as many hours as it formerly took weeks. The following congratulatory messages were exchanged on the opening of the line.

Fort Garry, Nov. 20, 1871.

THE RIGHT HON. LORD LISGAR,

Governor General of Canada,

Ottawa.

The first telegraphic message from the heart of the continent may appropriately convey on the part of the people an expression of devout thankfulness to Almighty God for the close of our isolation from the rest of the world. This message announces that close as its receipt by Your Excellency will attest, the voice of Manitoba uttered on the banks of the Assiniboine will be heard in a few hours on the bank of the Ottawa, and we may hope before the day closes the words of Your Excellency's reply spoken at the capital of the Dominion will be listened to at Fort Garry. We may now count the hours that we occupy weeks. I congratulate Your Excellency on the facility so offered to the discharge of your high duties so far as they concern this Province. I know I can better discharge my own when at any moment I may appeal to your Lordship in the assistance.

(Signature),

ADAM G. ARCHIBALD.

LORD LISGAR'S REPLY.

Ottawa, Nov. 20, 1871.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR ARCHIBALD,

Winnipeg, Manitoba.

I received your message with great satisfaction. The completion of the telegraphic line to Fort Garry is an auspicious event. It forms a fresh and most important link between the Eastern Provinces and the North West, and as it gives proof of the energy with which the Union, wisely effected, of Her Majesty's North American Possessions enables progress and civilization to be advanced in different and far distant portions of the Dominion.

I congratulate the inhabitants of Manitoba on the event and join heartily in the thanksgiving.

(Signature),

LISGAR.

Society in Arizona seems to be in rather a bad condition. The Tucson Citizen of the 28th ult., tells its readers that the United States Grand Jury for the Territory, which adjourned the day before, had found 111 indictments, of which 108 were for murder. The present session of the Grand Jury contains the following paragraphs, which form a by no means creditable commentary on the administration of the Territory:

"We find that the habit of beastly drunkenness has generally prevailed with a few marked exceptions among the officers commanding at Camp Grant, Camp Goodwin and Camp Apache, where the Apache Indians have been fed; that the rations issued at camps to the Indians have frequently been insufficient for their support and unjustly distributed, sometimes being issued instead of meat; that one Quartermaster of the United States said he made a surplus of 12,000 pounds of corn in issuing rations to the Indians of Camp Goodwin."

"We find that a commanding officer, while commanding at Camp Apache, gave liquor to the Apache Indians, and gave beastly drunk with them from which key belonging to the Hospital Department of the United States Government; also, that another officer of the United States Army gave liquor to the said Indians at said camp; that officers of the United States Army, and among them, sometimes being issued instead of meat; that one Quartermaster of the United States said he made a surplus of 12,000 pounds of corn in issuing rations to the Indians of Camp Goodwin."

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**NEW GOODS.**  
**MENSESTO**  
**LOW PRICES.**

Owing to the extraordinary success that has attended our business, and in order to supply the wants of our numerous friends and customers, we have purchased the largest stock of goods ever brought to this place, all of which we purpose selling at the lowest possible rates. Below will be found a few of the leading lines.

**DRY GOODS!**  
Dress Goods, consisting of Silk Mixtures, Satin, Reppes, Serges, Lustras, Tartans, &c., Roman Shawls, Tartan do, Grey Cotton, (cheap by the web), Prints, (Ashtons), &c., Linens, Tickings, Fancy Flannels, Breakfast Shawls, Clouds, Ribbons, all colors and widths, Fingering Yarn, all colors, Scarlet Napped Cloth, Blue do., Witney, Water proof Tweeds, Tapestry Carpeting, all wool do., Hemp do., Tweeds, West of England and the celebrated Sherbrooke, always on hand, and sold at lowest prices, &c., &c.

**READY MADE CLOTHING,**  
or Coats and Pantaloons very cheap.  
**BOOTS & SHOES.**  
A very large stock, consisting of Men's Stogies, Men's Kip do., Felt do., at very low prices. Women's and children's Boots in great variety. Rubbers, all kinds and newest styles, Overboots, &c.

**FURS.**  
A splendid stock of Cape and Ladies' Furs. A few sets of Mink Furs which will sell much lower than they are generally sold at.

**GROCERIES.**  
Teas very cheap by the chest, Sugars, Syrups, Rice, Raisins, Currants, Mixed Pickles, Harvey Sauce, Worcester Sauce, do., French Capers, Mustard, Catsup, in fact everything in the Grocery line.

**HARDWARE.**  
All the principal lines of Housekeeper's Goods.  
The highest price in cash paid for any quantity of  
**GOOD FRESH DAIRY BUTTER.**  
Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and save your money.  
**NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS!**  
CARLTON & CAVANAUGH.  
Carlton Place, Oct. 16, 1871. 3

**COAL, WOOD AND ICE.**  
THE Subscriber, feeling thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage he has received in his new line of business, hereby tenders his best thanks. He desires to ask their attention to his fresh and large stock of Coal, which is far superior in quality, in every variety, to what he has been able to offer before. The following he can furnish of the best quality:

Stove Size, Egg Size, Nat Size, and the justly celebrated Brier Hill Coal for grate purposes.  
Lehigh Lump,  
American Smith's Coal,  
English Newcastle Nat Smith's Coal,  
English Fire Brick.  
**CORDWOOD AND ICE.**  
All delivered as heretofore. Orders solicited.  
**URI MARSHALL.**  
Brookville, Sept. 4, 1871. 504f

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned having admitted E. B. Gibson into partnership in his business in Pakenham, gives notice that the business will be carried on in the name of firm of Dunnet and Gibson.  
**J. W. DUNNET.**  
Pakenham, April 21, 1871.

**NEW FIRM.**  
The subscribers have much pleasure in announcing that their stock of **SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS**, is now complete. The assortment is large and varied, and was selected with great care as to style and value. Special attention is called to the following lines:  
**SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS.**  
Mourning Goods,  
Black Lustras,  
Prints,  
White and Printed Brilliantes, Edgings and Trimmings, Insertions,  
Parasols, Poplins, Ribbons, Towelings, Carpetings,  
Canadian Cottons and Tickings, Ready Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, &c.  
Hardware, Garden, Paints and Oils, Crockery, and Field Seeds.

The stock of **GROCERIES** will be found complete.  
N. B.—Over \$2,000 worth of Goods will be held for special bargains. A call is solicited.  
**DUNNET & GIBSON.**  
Pakenham, April 21, 1871. 31

**HY W. LEE.**  
Gunsmith,  
Rifles and Shot Guns of any Pattern required made to order.  
Finest of all kinds repaired in the most approved manner. Old fashioned and worn out rifles re-bored and rifled on new and scientific principles, at a trifling cost. Repairs on all kinds made to match the original work if required. Orders by mail promptly sent and to. Charges moderate, according to quality of work. Amprior, Ontario.

**CARLTON PLACE CRIST MILLS.**  
THE SUBSCRIBER having leased the Carlton Mills for a term of years, would notify the people of Carlton Place and surrounding country that they are prepared to do business on the most liberal terms. Also that they shall keep constantly on hand Flour, Bran, Meal, &c., for sale. Wanted a large quantity of waste for which the highest price will be paid. Also the highest price paid for OATS, PEAS, CORN, &c. All orders promptly attended to and delivered free of extra charge. We guarantee our flour to be pure and unadulterated.

**CLER MONSTON**  
Wholesale Dealer in Wines, Spirits and Ales; special agent for Labatt's celebrated Ales, John Bull Bitters, Dr. Cassell's Bitters. These Bitters are excellent for regulating the bowels, aiding digestion and purifying the blood. None the very best articles kept at the establishment.

**ALL PERSONS indebted to the undersigned are requested to settle the same at their office on or before the FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER, and save trouble.**  
**O. T. DRINKWATER & SON.**  
Appleton, Sept. 29. 1-5

**1871. FALL IMPORTATIONS. 1871.**  
**FOR SALE.**

Half chests Moyuna Y. Hyson.  
do. Gunpowder Imperial.  
do. Natural Leaf Japans.  
Catties do.  
Also now arriving by sundry Steamers:

100 Sacks Arracan Rice,  
75 Boxes Brown's pat. corn Flour  
100 Cases Thin's Mixed Pickles,  
100 do. Carter, Hales & Co's do.  
50 do. Bath Bricks,  
100 Kegs Bi Carb Soda,  
50 Sacks S.E. Almonds,  
50 do Filberts,  
50 do. Walnuts,  
Also just received in store:  
Cassia Sardinia, 1's.  
Salt in glass jars,  
Bales Cassia,  
Sago,  
Epsom Salts,  
Mustard jars,  
Sacks Pepper,  
do. Pimento,  
Cassia Washing Crystal,  
Boxes McDonald's Prince of Wales  
Tobaccoes, Nos. 1, 2 and 2 1/2.  
Catties Bright Soap,  
Bible Yellow Refined Sugar,  
do. cr. A and dry crushed,  
do. Amber, Golden & Standard Syrup,  
Boxes Twin Bros. Yeast Cakes,  
" Scaled Herring,  
" Golden Family Soap,  
" Sperm Soap,  
" Krassie Prime No. 1 Cod Fish,  
Cassia Matches Tails Tubs, Clothes Pins, Washboards, Brooms, &c., Boxes, half boxes and quarters of Layer Raisins, (choice brands), Boxes Valencia Raisins,  
Kegs Seedless Raisins,  
Barrels Patras Currants, &c., &c., &c.

We beg to inform the trade that the bulk of our extensive Fall Importations are now coming to hand. We are thereby in a position to offer every description of goods to as good advantage as any wholesale house in Canada.  
**R. FITZSIMMONS & SON.**  
Wholesale Grocers, &c.  
Brookville, October, 1871. 4-4f

**NEW GOODS.**  
**FALL AND WINTER ARRIVALS.**  
**AT**  
**THE BRITISH WAREHOUSE.**

OUR STOCK is now complete, and is much larger than usual, and would call particular attention to the following:  
**FANCY DRESS GOODS,** 12 1/2 to 30 cents,  
**PLAIN WINCEYS,** 10 to 25 cents,  
**EMPERESS CLOTH,** (all wool) 40 cents,  
**FRENCH MERINOS,** in all colors, 50 cents,  
Ready Made Clothing, prices will be found satisfactory to buyers. A good Blue Pilot Pea Jacket, \$5, a good Overcoat, \$3.75, and Pants and Vests at all prices.  
**LADIES' TARTAN PLAIDS,**  
First Class Plaid, \$5. Ladies and children's Velvet Jackets, 75 cents to \$2.50. Ladies Cloth Jackets, \$2.25 to \$3.  
**HILLINERY.**  
The stock is as usual large and well selected. All the widths and shades in the new corded  
Bonnet and Hat Ribbons,  
Velvet Ribbons,  
Tash Ribbons,  
French Flowers,  
Ostrich Feathers,  
in Black, Grey and White, 25 cents to \$4.  
Just arrived, and prices lower than usual, workmanship guaranteed to give satisfaction.  
**GROCERIES.**  
A full assortment on hand.  
None but the choicest Teas kept.  
**CROCKERY.**  
Side Dishes,  
Covered Dishes,  
Breakfast Sets a large lot on hand.  
Crystal Sets of 6 pieces, for 90 cents, worth \$1.50.  
Any one requiring anything above mentioned will find it to their interest to give us a call.  
No Second Price.  
**JOHN O'RIELLY, British Warehouse.**  
Almonte, Oct. 13, 1871. 5-5g

**IMPORTANT**  
**TO**  
**MILL OWNERS.**  
**ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY!**  
**THE SUBSCRIBER**

IS PREPARED to furnish and fit up machinery of the very best description at MODERATE PRICES, for all kinds of Mills. All the latest improvements in machinery, amongst which are "THE SELF LUBRICATING BOXES," which never become heated, and are an excellent preventative against fire. Estimates made and contracts entered into for the fitting up of  
**SAW MILLS, CRIST MILLS, &c.**

Having had an experience of sixteen years in the **FOUNDRY & MACHINE BUSINESS** parties may rely upon having their work done in a SATISFACTORY MANNER.  
**AGENT FOR ALL KINDS OF MILL SAWS,**  
ALSO  
**FOR WOOD WORK MACHINERY FOR PLANING MILLS**  
**BELTING, CHAINS, &c.**  
**WATER WHEELS MADE TO ORDER,** (Or furnished) of any Description.  
A VERY LARGE VARIETY OF  
**PULLEY AND GEAR PATTERNS.**  
Repairing of all kinds done on the shortest notice with neatness and dispatch.  
**TO**  
**THE FARMERS!**

The Subscriber would also announce that he makes the manufacture of **PLOUGH POINTS** A SPECIALITY IN HIS BUSINESS, Being Warranted to give Satisfaction! **EVERYTHING that is generally found in a FIRST CLASS Foundry & Machine Shop may be had at the Establishment.**  
**J. FLETT, ALMONTE.**  
NOTICE.

**ALL PERSONS indebted to the undersigned are requested to settle the same at their office on or before the FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER, and save trouble.**  
**O. T. DRINKWATER & SON.**  
Appleton, Sept. 29. 1-5

**THE EAST END STORE.**  
SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS.  
The second arrival of  
**FALL AND WINTER**  
is now opening at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.

A splendid assortment of Ladies Wear in all the different lines at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
In JOSEPHINE GLOVES and "KID MIT-TENS," a choice selection at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
A nice assortment of MALTESE AND  
**VALENCIENNES LACKS** at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.

BLACK SILK AND MOHAIR FRINGES, all colors at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
An enormous lot of LADIES' CLOUSES, from 30 cts. to \$2 each at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.

A few choice sets of ALASKA MINK  
**FURS,** (five stripes) \$5.75 each at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
Good value in READY MADE CLOTHING at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.

For a nice article in ROMAN SHAWLS, call at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
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For Buffalo Robes and Railroad Bags call at  
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A splendid selection of Flannels, plain and fancy at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
An immense stock of  
**BOOTS AND SHOES** at a small advance on cost at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
The Grocery Department is complete in  
Fresh Teas, Sugars, Syrups, &c.  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
Crockery,  
Glassware,  
Stoneware,  
Shelf Hardware,  
at low figures at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
Call and examine our immense stock all of which we are determined to sell at extraordinary low figures.  
**"EAST END STORE,"**  
opposite  
**LAVALLEE'S NEW HOTEL,**  
**VILLAGE LOTS FOR SALE.**  
**JAMES L. MURPHY.**  
Sept. 29. 1-5



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**THE EAST END STORE.**  
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An enormous lot of LADIES' CLOUSES, from 30 cts. to \$2 each at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.

A few choice sets of ALASKA MINK  
**FURS,** (five stripes) \$5.75 each at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
Good value in READY MADE CLOTHING at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.

For a nice article in ROMAN SHAWLS, call at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
For Buffalo Robes and Railroad Bags call at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.

A splendid selection of Flannels, plain and fancy at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
An immense stock of  
**BOOTS AND SHOES** at a small advance on cost at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.

The Grocery Department is complete in  
Fresh Teas, Sugars, Syrups, &c.  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
Crockery,  
Glassware,  
Stoneware,  
Shelf Hardware,  
at low figures at  
**THE EAST END STORE.**  
THE EAST END STORE.  
Call and examine our immense stock all of which we are determined to sell at extraordinary low figures.  
**"EAST END STORE,"**  
opposite  
**LAVALLEE'S NEW HOTEL,**  
**VILLAGE LOTS FOR SALE.**  
**JAMES L. MURPHY.**  
Sept. 29. 1-5

**SELLING OFF AT COST.**  
**SELLING OFF AT COST.**

THE subscriber will sell off for cash at cost, his whole stock of  
Dry Goods,  
Groceries,  
Crockery,  
Boots and Shoes,  
as he is going out of the business. The Goods are new and have been bought when cotton goods were at the lowest prices. This is a rare chance to get bargains.

**HIS TAILORING BUSINESS** will be carried on as usual, and having received a  
**LOT OF NEW FALL CLOTHS,** he is prepared to take orders from all who may so favor him. Overcoating, very cheap.  
Tweeds, do.  
Flannels, Shirts & Drawers, &c., &c.

A CALL IS SOLICITED FROM ALL.  
**COLIN SINGLAI.**  
Carlton Place,  
October 2, 1871. 1



**J. H. BOND,**  
**DEALER IN**  
**STOVES, PUMPS, BELLS, TINWARE, &c.**

RESPECTFULLY requests the attention of the public to his stock of the above Goods, which is now very complete. He is sole agent for Ramsey and Co's Celebrated Iron Pump and Steel Amalgam Bells, such as  
**CHURCH & MILL**

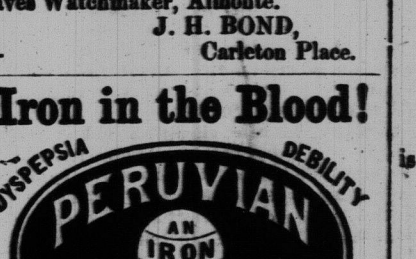
**BELLS**  
Which will be supplied at Manufacturer's prices. My stock of Pumps is complete, consisting of Force Pumps, Deep and Shallow Wells and Cistern Pumps in great variety.  
**STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.**  
A large stock of Stoves, all kinds, at very low prices. Can suit any purchaser in the Store line.

**TINWARE, TINWARE.**  
My stock of Tinware is complete, and can furnish all kinds of Tinware on the shortest notice. Would call special attention to my stock of Mill Pans, as we have now on hand 200 dozen ready for sale and are prepared to furnish at prices that will suit purchasers. Give us a call.

**ROOFING! ROOFING!**  
Roofing in all its branches, iron and tin. We call special attention to the Standing Groove Roof, which is a good article in the in the Roof Line.  
**EVE TROUGHING.**  
Eve Troughing in all its branches, done on the shortest notice. Jobbing of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch. All kinds of produce taken in exchange. Remember the place—opposite Saw Mill. Give us a call.

**WANTED.**  
**5 000 CALFSKINS.**  
For which the highest price will be paid in Cash.  
We are also agent for G. D. North-graves Watchmaker, Almonte.  
**J. H. BOND,**  
Carlton Place.

**Iron in the Blood!**  
**PERUVIAN SYRUP**  
The PERUVIAN SYRUP makes the weak strong, and cures directly by supplying the blood with Nature's Own Vitalizing Agent—IRON.  
Caution.—Be sure you get Peruvian Syrup. Pamphletive. J. H. BOND, Proprietor, No. 28 Bay St., New York. Sold by Druggists generally.



**PARKER'S**  
**SHOT GUN**  
BEST IN THE WORLD  
PARKER BROTHERS & CO.  
NEW YORK OFFICE, 27 NASSAU ST.  
JAMES PATER, Agent, Carlton Place.



**CHURCH & MILL**  
DEALER IN  
STOVES, PUMPS, BELLS, TINWARE, &c.  
Which will be supplied at Manufacturer's prices. My stock of Pumps is complete, consisting of Force Pumps, Deep and Shallow Wells and Cistern Pumps in great variety.  
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For which the highest price will be paid in Cash.  
We are also agent for G. D. North-graves Watchmaker, Almonte.  
**J. H. BOND,**  
Carlton Place.

**THE PEOPLES STORE**  
**ALMONTE.**

Having been disappointed in getting into our new store (on the corner of Mill and Bridge streets) and having purchased more goods than we have room to show in our old premises, we are now offering

the whole of our stock of  
Ready Made Clothing,  
GROCERIES and BOOTS & SHOES,  
FAR BELOW REGULAR PRICES.

Our stock of  
**DRESS GOODS,**  
is complete with all the newest colors and fabrics for Fall and Winter wear.

Plain and Striped Satin Cloths,  
Persian Cords and Poplinettes,  
French Reppes,  
Diagonal Twills, &c., &c.,

**SPECIAL BARGAINS IN BLACK SILKS AND LUSTRES**  
H AND VELVET JACKET in great VARIETY  
IN ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES!

For Table Linens,  
Towelings,  
Shootings,  
Blankets,  
Quilts, and  
Plain & Fancy Flannels,  
**OUR STOCK CANNOT BE BEATEN!**  
Our Stock of  
**COTTON AND WOOLEN GOODS** is very large, and having bought them previous to the rise, we are enabled to offer them FAR BELOW THEIR PRESENT VALUE!

A very large and new stock of  
**READY MADE CLOTHING.**  
Will be opened in a few days.  
Full stock of  
**TEAS, SUGARS AND GENERAL GROCERIES.**

**FIVE CROCKERY JUST OPENED.**  
larger stock of  
**BOOTS AND SHOES**  
than usual, all STYLES AND PRICES.

H. B.—Call and see our stock before purchasing elsewhere.  
**HAYES & SMITH.**  
PEOPLES STORE.  
ALMONTE, Oct. 11, 1871.

**1871. NEW FALL GOODS.**  
**1871.**

The subscriber has now received  
**A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF**  
**NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS!**  
consisting of  
**DRY GOODS, STAPLE AND FANCY,**  
**DRESS GOODS,** in all the newer fabrics,  
**CLOAKINGS,** a large assortment, new styles,  
**VELVETEENS,** for dresses and mantles,  
**LUSTRES,** Black and Colored,  
**WINCEYS,** very full from 10 cents upwards,  
**FLOWERS,** Wings, &c., &c.,  
**LADIES TRIMMED HATS, &c.**  
**SHAWLS,** Breakfast, do., Nobles, &c.,  
**TWEEDS,** Scotch, English and Canadian,  
**BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, & TWEEDS,**  
The above are only a few of the leading lines in this department.

Ready Made Clothing,  
**LADIES FURS,** in great variety,  
**HARDWARE,** shelf and heavy,  
Paints, Nails, Oils, Glass, &c.  
**BOOTS AND SHOES,**  
**GROCERIES,** very full,  
Teas, Sugar, Syrup, and Tobacco.

The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of his numerous customers to his stock of TEAS, consisting of Twinkys, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Japan, Oolong, and Black. Having bought a large stock he will be enabled to sell by the box at a lower price than has ever been offered before in this village.

**CALL AND EXAMINE PRICES AND QUALITY.**  
**THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR CHOICE DAIRY BUTTER.**  
**JOHN BROWN.**  
CARLTON PLACE,  
October 2nd, 1871.

**1871! 1871! 1871!**  
**NEW FALL GOODS.**  
**JUST RECEIVED**  
**PER STEAMERS "CORINTHIAN" AND "OTTAWA."**

Direct from Glasgow, a complete and varied assortment of **DRY GOODS,** comprising every line found in a first class stock. Particular attention is invited to the stock of  
**PLAIN & FANCY DRESS GOODS,**  
French Merinos,  
Black and Colored Cobourgs,  
Black and Colored Lustres,  
Wipows,  
Flannels,  
Shirtings,  
Hosiery, &c.  
Which being imported direct from the British markets, will be found much cheaper than the usual prices.

The stock of Teas,  
Sugar,  
General Groceries,  
**IS LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED!**  
**HAYES & SMITH.**  
**BOILED AND RAW OILS,**  
**FOR SALE BY**  
**ALEX. H. TAIT.**  
**PALE SEAL OIL, For Machinery,**  
**FOR SALE BY**  
**ALEX. H. TAIT.**  
**CLOTH CAPS and SOFT FELT HATS,**  
**FOR SALE BY**  
**ALEX. H. TAIT.**  
**FULL GOODS ARRIVING.**  
**NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.**  
**NEW STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES.**  
**VERY LOW PRICES, QUALITY BEING CONSIDERED.**  
**ALEX. H. TAIT,**  
57001 NEW SCHOOL HOUSE,  
CARLTON PLACE.