RICH.

2-n25

merly, in Stratford. y, 1850. 2v-n49
nan, of the late firm of for Mr. Lizars in all im from Stratford.

WILLIAMS. SON of Goderick, LAW, &c. &c. and LLIAMS, of Stratford, or, Weller and Williams, or, Weller and Williams, o, having this day entered the Practice, and Profesers and Convexancia, † Offices at Goderich and under the name, style dwittlams. is, Stratford, 2v-n47tf

SMYTH, BLE TAILOR: GODERICH. 2, 1849. 2v-n10tf

DODING, IONEER, ALES in any part of the e, Light-House Street.

GORDON, T MAKER: the Canada Co's. Office, STREET,

GODERICH.

okes, and DRUGGIST. STREET, GODERICH.

E. LINTON, r Queen's Bench, NVEYANCER.

H. LIZARS, In LIZARS, imate to the inhabitants of I the surrounding country, sed business as Conveyancer, Accountant, and by assiduracy, and moderate charges, o such as may require his slining to employ him in any hes will please call at the rhthouse street. ghthouse street, larch, 1850.

OHN HYDE, FROM EMBRO,] AL HALL, STRATFORD.

1. REED, SIGN PAINTER, &c., SIGN PAIN & DAN ISE ST. GODERICH. 2vn35

DER WILKINSON, LAND SURVEYOR, Tivil Engineer. fr. ROBERT ELLIS' ODERICH. 2v-n52

TICE ber having RENTED the USE and WHARF belong-s. Davenport, of this place

D COMMISSION MERCHANT. ommission from the Mer JOHN McEWAN. rch, 1849.

uron Signal, PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MAS MACQUEEN

AND PROPRIETOR.

KET SQUARE, GODERICH.

Job Printing, executed with HURON SIGNAL. - TEN SHIL-

um if paid strictly in advance, Six Pence with the expiration scontinued until arrears are republisher thinks it his advan-

l in the country becoming readdressed to the Editor must be y will not be taken out of the

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TEN SHILLINGS

VOLUME III.

"THE GREATEST POSSIBLE GOOD TO THE GREATEST POSSIBLE NUMBER.

GODERICH, COUNTY OF HURON, (C. W.) THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1850.

TWELVE AND SIX PENCE

NUMBER XIII.

constructed 32 years previously. The instruments sooner or later, and I have enabled to sever the rope below his ankle, Desiring as we do, fair discussion of this impor- atheists, or persons holding the most danpoetrn. wood of the brush was found to be in an this day commenced taking a course of less-

THE OLD MAN THINKING. Of what is the old man thinking, As he leans on his oaken staff? From the May-day pastime shrinking, He shares not the merry laugh ; But the tears of the old man flow, As he looks at the young and gay-And his gray head moving slow, Keeps time to the air they play The elders around him are drinking. But not one cup will he quaff-Oh, of what is the old man thinking,

Tis not with a vain repining That the old man sheds a tear, 'Tis not for his strength declining-He sighs not to linger here, There's a spell in the air they play, And the old man's eyes are dim, For it calls up a past May-day, And the dear friends lest to him. From the scene before him shrinking,

As he leans on his oaken staff?

Houses .- I would have the window of our ed," and the skin tore off with the grass.

undecayed condition and the drain acted as son ." efficiently as newly-constructed tile

changes, will effectually cure them. He

in large piles, around stakes set at convenient distances, with the roots in the central distances. and spread them, till they are quite free edge of the rock. Another night passed. The and moral aristocracy is less intolerable throughout the Province. twelve shilling a bushel. Nine shillings is eyes open, for he always saw the lion at his tect.

their necks broke off, but in whole and handsome flower pots or neatly painted wooden boxes. for they really cost little or

The present system of domestic educadrains around it. This appears the more tion as less of common sense in it than probable, when it is remembered that the any other arrangement in social life. The brush is almost perfectly excluded from the false idea that it is ungenteel to labor external air, and most so on clayey ground. especially for a lady-more especially for a saleratus bound upon those troublesome from taking that kind and amount of bodily visitors for a few weeks, with occasional exercise on which sound health and firm constitution so much depend. Those who has given it a fair trial, and would recomhas given it a fair trial, and would recommend it as an infallible remedy to those

in hills or rows?

W. S.

Cannandaigus, N. Y., Feb., 1850.

The best field beans to plant, if reference be had to a market, is the small white, as it sells the most madily, and brings the highest price. The general mode of planting is in drills or hills, usually the latter. When planted in hills, there should be about six had risen to some height by the time he reached tering a false pride which will ultimately manded by Capt. Lonney, who, for urbanity planted in hills, there should be about six plants in a hill, and the hills about two feet the spot, and, seeing no game, laid his gun rankle at the core of your happiness and attention to his passengers, and keep make you slaves indeed. Off with your down on a shelving low rock—the back of which make you slaves indeed. Off with your down on a shelving low rock—the back of which make you slaves indeed. Off with your dispersion of the spot of the sapert. Judge Buel states that the largest crop he ever raised (48 bushels to the acre, was in rows. The bean is pertial to a quick, dry soil. It is a very tender plant and will not bear the slightest froat. It is therefore nussfe to plant them until frost is no longer to be apprehended. Thirty bushels to the acre would be a good crop, though much larger crops have been raised, and much smaller might be very easily.

When the beans are fully formed, and them is to heaps, in which condition the froat scarcely affects them. If the ground froat is provided by a process of dwarf thron bushes.

He went to drink the water, took a hearty sush with manly strength into a retrieved from the rock, and in the name of reason and liberty sush with manly strength into architecture, agriculture, or the manufacture of works of those whose souls are as "short as the top of the ground froat is continued." The Ottawa River is now furnished with a class of vessels—and facilities otherwise—for more facilities with the name of reason and liberty sush with manly strength into architecture, or the manufacture of works of those whose souls are as "short as the reflected from the rock, and in the name of reason and liberty sush with manly strength into architecture, or the manufacture of works of those whose souls are as "short as the reflected from the rock, and in the name of reason and liberty sush with manly strength into architecture, or the manufacture of works of the class of vessels—and facilities otherwise—for affording excellent accommodation to travellers. There is, perhaps, no river on the row arrangements.

Neither acks of work of the University of that city, the class of vessels—and facilities otherwise—for affording excellent accommodation to the sevently and class of vessels—and facilities otherwise—for affording excellent accommodation to the sevently into interfere in this matter. The Bombay napers of its revellent accommodation to the throw of the encessor, and a tority, the older of a fording excellent accommodation t them into heaps, in which condition the frost scarcely affects them. If the ground is not wanted for other uses, they may is not wanted for other uses, they may is not wanted for other uses, they may stand till the latest pode assume a yellow colour. They are pulled with ease when which he sat became so bot, that he could that you may have your time at your companies of the Silurian of the Episcopalians, the Presbyte-which he sat became so bot, that he could that you may have your time at your companies of the Silurian of the Episcopalians, the Presbyte-which he sat became so bot, that he could that you may have your time at your companies of the Silurian of the Episcopalians, the Presbyte-which he sat became so bot, that he could disapproving of the liberal principles embo
"3. Several officers commanding companies of the Silurian of the Episcopalians, the Presbyte-which in fossils—approach their northern outerop. For a summer excursion the Ottawa offers many induce
"4. One commanding companies of a regression of the Episcopalians, the Presbyte-which in fossils—approach their northern outerop. For a summer excursion the Ottawa offers many induce
"5. One commanding companies of a regression of the Episcopalians, the Presbyte-which for northern outerop. For a summer excursion the Ottawa offers many induce
"6. One commanding companies of the Episcopalians, the Presbyte
their northern outerop. For a summer excursion the Ottawa offers many induce
which he sat became so bot, that he could be a commanding companies of the Episcopalians, the Presbyte
the colour. They are pulled with ease when which he sat became so hot, that he could that you may have your time at your comunents. the plant is mature, as the fibres of the root scarcely bear his naked feet to touch it, and kept mand to bless and benefit your less fortnare by that time dead. This is more quickly accomplished with an iron hookrake, or
if the stalks are partially green, they can
be mown, or cut with a sickle. If the
vines are not dry, let them remain for a
while in small heaps, and afterwards collect
while in small heaps, and afterwards collect

accomplished with an iron hookrake, or
in the stalks are partially green, they can
lion-never moved from the spot. The san rose
spring. You can thus become angels of
spring. You can thus become angels of
through between Bytown and Montreal in
twelve hours, and it is contemplated to reduct the means of Collegiate education
provide the means of Collegiate education
through between Bytown and Montreal in
twelve hours, and it is contemplated to reduct the can be soon rendered his feet
past feeling. At noon, the lion rose and walked
to the water only a few yards d-stant, and looking
and their tears when you die. It is a disthe stalks are partially green, they can
lion-never moved from the spot. The san rose
through between Bytown and Montreal in
twelve hours, and it is contemplated to reduct the above, that it is
expected that passengers will be conveyed
through between Bytown and Montreal in
twelve hours, and it is contemplated to reduct the means of Collegiate education
for themselves, on denominational grounds,
and at their ourn costs and charges, the deformed on the left column, some commanders deployed too soon and ordered their line
the stalks are partially green, they can
be moving them alternately one above the whole states of the stalks are partially green, they can
be moving them alternately one above the whole stalks are partially green, they can
be moving them alternately one above the whole stalks are partially green, they can
be moving them alternately one above the whole stalks are partially green, they can
be moving them alternately one above the whole stalks are partia

We might as well caress a jeweled elad to lears from our coi could be got off must depend much on the season. The long garden white bean, and the China bean with a red eye, ripen earlier to the China bean with a red eye, ripen earlier to the China bean with a red eye, ripen earlier to the china bean with a red eye, ripen earlier to the representation to the red even white the china bean with a red eye, ripen earlier to the china bean with a red eye, ripen earlier to the china bean with a red eye, ripen earlier to the china bean with a red eye, ripen earlier to the china bean with a red eye, ripen earlier to the china bean with a red eye, ripen earlier to the representation to the red even white the china bean with a red eye, ripen earlier to the represe the China bean with a red eye, ripen earlier than most others, and are very productive.

—Genessee Farmer.

another effort and seized his gan, but on attempting to rise he fell, his ankles being without power. With his gan in his hand he crept to power. With his gan in his hand he crept to wards the water and drank, but looking at his of Acquisitiveness, an age in which the consideration. It is usual in England for parties.

another effort and seized his gan, but on attempting the remment has refused to listen to the representations of any parties, either among their friends or those whose god is gold. This is an age opponents, whose opinions were entitled to consideration. It is usual in England for parties.

We restrict the following assertion:—"Not only is the 'charge,' the Commander-in-Chief, to his tions of any parties, either among their friends or those whose opinions were entitled to consideration. It is usual in England for parties. FLORAL EMBELLISHMENTS FOR FARM feet, he saw, as he expressed it, his "toes roastgolden idea is paramount: God grant that who feel an interest in measures known to be
Worship, all public prayer, everything that

OTTAWA TRAVEL. The arrangements on the Ottawa for the mend it as an infallible remedy to those afficted:—Madison Arg.

"When we understand better the importance of concentrating labor instead of scattering it; when we shall come to estimate duly the superior profit of a little farm well tilled," over a great farm half cultivated and half manured.

"When we understand better the importance of concentrating labor instead of scattering it; when we shall come to estimate duly the superior profit of a little still deveted. This is mushroom aristocrativated and half manured, overror mith.

"In the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the superior profit of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the superior profit of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the superior profit of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort of the public will have the pleasure of travelling with great increased speed and comfort farm well tilled, over a great farm half cultivated and half manured, overrun with weeds and scourged with exhausting crops, and roll and lift boxes, and so long as they will food for our cattle and sheen by the winter food for our cattle and sheen by the winter food for our cattle and sheen by the cattle and sheen b

THE ASSESSMENT BILL.

The Patriot announces that it is " well known

tion on real property! If so, we join issue with

or a Committee thereof, against the decision, and let in a man of no principles at all? when evidence must be produced, and the 'case

The Trustees of Queen's College, Kings. on, have published a statement, explanatory of their views and intentions in regard to that Institution. They design to carry it on as a separate University, instead of might pursue their classical and scientific studies in the University of that city, the fit, let them at least refrain from prevent-

Perhaps the most interties would suffice for Canada, for many perly into the general line. We would add to the above, that it is died in the late University Act, prefer to

them with censure.

We should be always indite truth. ded and vicious millionaire, yet wealth erament has refused to listen to the representathe following assertion:—"Not only is the 'charge,' the Commander-in-Chief, to his

and ascended to the surface totally exhausted. The depth to which he descended draust large been from fifteen to twenty fathous, from the time he took to bring himself to the surface again. He found his ankle cut to the hono and otherwise severely injured. Probably an accident like the proceeding. We have on many occasions point.

The depth to which he descended deeply interested, we would fain learn from the ing intrusted with the instruction of youth at the time of life when evil impressions are most likely to be made on thier minds."—

The depth to which he descended to the whole public are deeply interested, we would fain learn from the would propose. The Patriot objects strongly to anything in the nature of an "inquisitorial what "test," we ask, will prevent such one here noticed has never occurred before anything in the hastessment Bill introduced by persons from gaining admittance to a public tant measure, in which the whole public are gerous and pernicious principles, from beed out that the Assessment Bill introduced by persons from gaining admittance to a public external air, and most so on clayey ground.

CURR FOR CORNS.—Mr. W. Bradsley of Springfield, in this country, informs us that

Country informs us fallen, to assume that it was of an inquisitorial the thirty nine articles, the Assembly's haracter. Let the Patriot meet the question Catechism, and all the decrees, canons, and airly. Is he in favor of placing the entire taxa- creeds of the Councils to boot, and yet hold "most dangerous and pernicious princtperty, be afinited, it must, we think, be obvi-

"The Church of Scotland," says the weeds and accounged with exhausting crops, Ash it can all then fill our burns, and doubte the winter food for our cattle and sheep by the content of the catter and sheep by the catter and shee decided on its merits. How would this operate Trustees, "has always held that education,

paltry jealousies, will check its progress .-Conscientious scruples are doubtless to be respected; but sorely it is not unreasonable to ask of those who decline to avail themselves of the public provision, that they will removing to Toronto, where the students abstain from misrepresentation and abuse. If they will not receive the proffered bene-

"2. One commanding-officer of a regi-

nies were seen disordering their companies

and it would be worse than useless to load (thus improperly formed) to 'double quick.' in order to regain their position! This nient distances, with the roots in the centre and secured at the top by a wisp of straw. When well dried, thrash, clean and ancesd them till they are quite free. But if these persons, in justifying their was all bad; but it was worse to see the orm dampness.

The price of beans ranges from six to welve shilling a bushel. Nine shillings is eyes open, for he always saw the lion at his eet.

The price of beans ranges from six to welve shilling a bushel. Nine shillings is eyes open, for he always saw the lion at his eet.

The price of beans ranges from six to welve shilling a bushel. Nine shillings is eyes open, for he always saw the lion at his eet.

The price of beans ranges from six to would be submitted. Parliament during that that based on wealth and its adjuncts, and is the only admissable feature of the approaching session. It we learn from the favour. Bishops and presbyters should be eather than that based on wealth and its adjuncts, and is the only admissable feature of the approaching session. It we learn from the favour. Bishops and presbyters should be eather than that based on wealth and its adjuncts, and is the only admissable feature of the approaching session. It we learn from the particularly careful to "keep their tongues" pretext for such a disgraceful scene, exhibithe measure refer- not a pleasant task, yet it must be under- no such order to charge having been given Parliament during taken, whenever necessary, without fear or by any one nor the word prepare to t we learn from the favour. Bishops and presbyters should be charge; nor did anything occur to give a twelve shilling a bushel. Nine shillings is eyes open, for he always saw the lion at his tect. now the price in this market. They gen. Next day in the forenoon, the animal went again dom.

| Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitter expert ce" has induced dom. | Patriot that "bitte

Houses.—I would have the window of our farm houses adorned with flowers, not in rusty tin measures, and old black, glazed, rusty tin measures, and old black glazed, rusty tin measures, and old black glazed, rusty tin measures, and old black their necks broke off, but in whole and haddoone flower pots or neatly painted wooden boxes, for they really cost little or nothing. I would have the door yard filled with flowers and shrabbers, and the road interval whole the potential and almost a potential reality frequently exceeds romance, in which flowers and shrabbers, and the road interval whole a potential reality frequently exceeds romance, in which flowers and shrabbers, and the road interval whole a potential and almost a potential and al And again: - " Every vestige of religion have occured in any other regiments in the

in-Chief means it to be so, for he will not pass over without animadversion faulte which, if tolerated, would in the event of war produce certain defeat to this army reviews which the Commander-in-Chief makes of the troops are not to be taken as so many 'chips in porr'dge,' are fit to command battalions, and there being no

"The Commander-in-Chief does n hereby call on commanding officers to torharrassing drilling. But he does call upon them to instruct their officers, and to instruct themselves and elso their supernumerary ranks, that they are to seize any man in their front, who dares to shout, or talk, or fire, or run without orders. General officers commanding divisions and brigades in this army are called upon to see that commanders of regiments do their duty on

"The Commander-in-Chief does not an ply this order to al! commanders-he well knows that there are abundant first-rate soldiers and first-rate regiments, in the Indian army : but he applies it to those whose regiments are in bad order.

" C. J. NAPIER, Gen. Com .- in Chief."



## HURON SIGNAL.

THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1850.

BUBBLE-BLOWING, FOR THE AMUSE MENT OF THE UNEDUCATED, FOOD RAISING, TAX-PAYING PEOPLE.

pied by a very long and long-promised Letter om the Hon. Malcolm Cameron to the Editor Mr. Cameron's letter for two reasons-first, because we consider that the numerous imputa-Globe's criticism, not because it has any legitimate relation to the contents of Mr. Cameron's Letter, but because it displays a desire to destroy not only the political, but even the social, al and religious character of Mr. Cameron, and because it embodies a principle or doctrine which we think should not be promulgated in the present age. We may just remark, that the the Globe's criticism is chiefly a reiteration of assertions which have already been before the public, and which, like many of the assertions contained in Mr. Cameron's Letter. may or may not be true, for anything that the Canadian public either know or care on the subject. We feel sorry in being compelled conscientiously to find fault with the Globe, but we believe he does not expect anything from us but the frank, friendly and fearless expression of our own opinions; and our honest opinion in this matter is, that he would have better consulted his own credit and the interests of the administration, by publishing Mr. Cameron's Letter without one word of commentary. The Globe must not suppose that we write this from a feeling of personal respect for Mr. Cameron-we have an equally strong feeling of personal respect for the Editor of the Globe, and, therefore, feeling-is altogether unworthy of the Globewe believe it is intended to benefit. The Globe, however thinks otherwise and has published

The time has fortunately gone past when a public man's character could be injured, or his usefulness destroyed or his prospects ruined by the bare insinuations of a political opponent .-The mad-dog cry of "blasphemy," has lest its influence in civil matters at least. In the present day we certainly did not expect to find any Editor of a newspaper, and far less the Editor of the Globe, making such frothy, clap-trap appeals to the prejudices of the superstitious and the intolerant vulgar, as is contained in the fol-

THE PARTY OF THE PROPERTY OF T

" How shall a man be regarded who violates the warmest confidence which man reposes in man, and holds up to the laugh of the world those "moral principles and Christian feelings," which he professes to have had confiled to him in the warmth

crucifizion of Christ, and who blasphemously compares himslf with the Saviour of the

# 52

taken as so many 'chips in poir'dge,' are fit to command battalions, and there being no want of such in the Indian army, he will send it to be his bounden duty to remove those who are not; and whenever he finds a regiment 'fire,' 'shout or 'charge,' without orders from its commander, he will after this warning, remove the latter from his command.

"The Sepoy is both a brave and an obedient soldier; and whenever he behaves ill, it is in a great measure the fault of his commanding officer.

"The drill and discipline of all armies rest mainly with the commanders of regiments and of companies. They are in immediate contact with the officers, non-commissioned officers and private soldiers; and to them general officers must look for that perfect obedience without which any army is an armed mob, dangerous to its friends, and contemptible to its enemies.

"The Commanders of this forces and private soldiers is and an armed mob, dangerous to its friends, and contemptible to its enemies.

"The Commanders in this face and an important revalation of Comments is not the face of the f secrets tending to expose the insincerity and political dishonesty of the Ministry-as an ex- THE VERY LAST OF THE REMARKAment those under their orders by long and pose of underhand juggling and sham-work calculated to destroy or shake public confidence in APPEARS in the Hamilton Spectator of the 24th the Government, we regard the Jocument as be- inst., under the alarming title " Third Letter ing utterly valueless. - The Tory Press is loud from Mr. Dixon" (!) Among the "thousand in hailing it as a glorious devulgement of radi- and one" unpardonable outrages which His Ex cal corruption and villiany, and the Globe, by cellency the Governor General has perpetrated enveloping Mr. Cameron's conduct in such a against Toryism, and the " propriety existing in maze of mystified mumery about broken, solemn the nature of things," the dismissal of Thomas oathe, and breach so of faith and christian confi- C. Dixon from the Commission of the Peace, dence, and crucifizion, and blasphemy, is adding for the County of Middlesex, stands forth in bold an undue importance to Mr. Cameron's Letter. relies. It towers proudly as the Colossus of and virtually endorsing the views of the tories in | His Excellency's atrocities-a sort of gigants of taking a different view of the matter, and again declare, that in so far as the Ministry are con- the enormity of the iniquity of dismissing a cerned the document is perfectly harmless.

against the Ministry, in so public are concerned, is that they have not public are concerned, is that they have not adopted or carried out certain measures of rejudicial authority—was actually forbidden to act trenchment. But this is no revelation-the neople were fully aware of this fact independently of Mr. Cameron's Letter. That these retrench-ments will not be carried by the Ministry, is altogether a different question-it is a mere asuption which the Ministry themselves have the power of contradicting. In fact, we deny that the Mintstry can be benefitted by any defence or apology either from the Clobs or from any other source-their popularity must depend on their usefulness rather than on extraneous defences and apologies-during the past part of their Administration they have certainly done as much as any reasonable man could have ex-A LARGE portion of to-day's Signal is occupected under the circumstances, and we object entirely to apologies for offences which have yet to be committed. Mr. Cameron declares that inhabitants of the said Town, not from a feeling of the Globe, on which the Globe of the 25th inst., he has been shamefully and unjustly treated by contains a criticism just about as long as the his colleagues in the Ministry, and a very large letter itself. The two together, that is the proportion of the public hold the same opinion. Letter and the Criticism contain a very large But we never expect to find perfect harmony in emount of desultory matter which may possibly a cabinet on every sebject, and this is chiefly a be very interesting to the respective authors, but personal affair in which the public interests are which will scarcely pay the Canadian public for but comparatively little involved, and had the the trouble of reading it. We have published parties been allowed to settle their own affairs, we think they would have been mutual gainers, and the public would have suffered no loss. Or, tions and insinuations that have recently been had the Globs met Mr. Cameron's statements by Excellency, the Representative of our Most tions and institute of our Most brought against his political character, entitle him to be heard in his own defence from the should have displayed no inclination to interfere Town. a bend of lawless and uncivilized ruffians. brought against his political character, entitle him to be heard in his own defence from the him to be heard in his own defence from the one end of Canada to the other—and, second, we publish it to shew, that the mighty revealation of Cabinet secrets which Mr. Cameron was expected to make; amounts to nothing, and is considered to destroy or even in the counter statements of his late colleagues, we should have displayed no inclination to interfer to sustain the Town, a band of lawless and uscivilized ruffians, in the matter. But we hope we never shall be in the matter. But we hope we never shall be in the matter. But we hope we never shall be in the matter. But we hope we never shall be in the matter. But we hope we never shall be in the matter. But we hope we never shall be in the matter. But we hope we never shall be into the during the last target month. State of the flower of the state of the sta jure public confidence in the Members of the Administration. We publish a portion of the one half the talent and intelligence of former ages. But Mr. Cameron's political reputation does not depend upon the good-will or ill-will of the Editor of the Globs. Nor does public opinion, in eference to his share of this misunderstanding in the Cabinet, depend on what the Globe may now write, but upon certain facts.

The facts before the public, or at least, the reference to this matter, are simply these-Mr. Carreron, for some reason or other, was dissatisfied with his situation as Assistant Commissioner, and signified his intention of resigning, as far back as April 1849. 2nd. Mr. Price did tender his resignation as Commissioner of Crown was willing to accept the office which Mr. Price resigned. 4th. Mr. Price withdrew his resigna-6th. Mr. Cameron offered to perform the duties of both Chief and Assistant Commissioners for very cutionaly-shaped hat-block for his own hat. his original salary of 650 pounds. 7th. Mr. Commissioner, and Mr. Cameron resigned. 8th. which he held was a waste of the public money, given to Mr. Price, that Mr. Cameron resigned persists in his statement that he left the Ministry on the question of Retrenchment. 11th. ron. We at once acknowledge that we have no vindicating either his own chareter or the charac-

trous fixion of Christ, and who blasphemous by compares himself with the Saviour of the world? Such a man can have no claim to cortest at the hands of any one."

We do not recollect of ever meeting a greater amount of the heartless, vicitimizing insignation of secretars milipairy, than is embodied in these of secretary many flavored with this skem-mork. They have paid dearlies, it is worthy of the sixteenth century, and wholly unworthy of the diskes and the progress of freedom and intigence. It is worthy of the diskes and we are supposed to recognize the authority or amount of the Administration in this partgraph we would at once say that the soner that Administration in this partgraph we would at once say that the soner that Administration in this partgraph we would at once say that the soner that Administration in this partgraph we would at once say that the soner that Administration in this partgraph we would at once say that the soner that Administration in this partgraph we would at once say that the soner that Administration in this partgraph we would at once say that the soner that Administration in this partgraph we would at once say that the soner that Administration in this partgraph we would at once say that the soner that Administration in this partgraph we would at once say that the soner that Administration periabed the better would it be for the progress of feedom and intelligence. But the progress of feedom and intelligence we have the progress of feedom and intelligence. But they are merely the reckless equilitions of a suppose that the follows and we are sony that the progress of feedom and intelligence. But they are merely the reckless equilitions of a suppose that the follows and the progress of feedom and intelligence. But the progress of feedom and intelligence we have the progress of feedom and intelligence. But the progress of feedom and intelligence we have the progress of feedom and intelligence. But the progress of feedom and intelligence we have the progress of feedom and intelligenc

eserence to it. We, however, claim the liberty pyramid in the vast field of practical political wickedness! Do, think seriously, reader, on man-a gentleman-a British bora subject of The burthen of Mr. Cameron's accusations gainst the Ministry, in so far as least as the the Commission of the Peace! Tell it not in as one of Her Majesty's Magistrates in and for the said Town of London! And, for what? Now, reader we are in downright earnest, and we trust that you will, for the sake of commo decorum, forbear to laugh, while we merely give you a few hints of the paltry offence for which Mr. Dixon has been thus subjected to the indignity of Royalty, and exposed to the scorn and merriment of the thinking portion of his fellow-subjects. Then, be it known to all men that Thomas C. Dixon, Esq., did. in his official capacity of Mayor of the Town of London, sometime late in the autumn of 1849, invite His Ex cellency, the Earl of Elgin, &c., to visit the Town of London. His Excellency graciously accepted this invitation, and the good loyal of thoughtless enthusiasm, but from a sense of propriety and a feeling of respect for the character of their town, resolved to give their Sove reign's Representative a reception becoming the dignity of his station, and in accordance the ettiquette of the times. And with this view they reared triumphal arches and other fashions ble decorations on the streets of the said Town of London. And, be it farther known to all me and children, that just at the instant when His and malice aforethought." And be it also further known to all men, children and mothers that Thomas C. Dixon, Esq., the then Mayor of the Town of London, was at the time strongly suspected and even publicly charged as the later leader, the employer, the patron of this band of oniae ruffians! And that the peaceable and well-disposed inhabitants of the Town did thereupon Petition His Excellency, that the said points which the public have adopted as facts, in Thomas C. Dixon as a disturber of the Peace should be dismissed from the Commission of the Peace, and he was dismissed " accordingly."-Mr. Dixon is not wrothy with His Excellency because he dismissed him, but because he did not condescend to give the names of his accusers Now, does Mr. Dixon not remember a public, Lands. 3rd. Mr. Cameron was promised, and printed correspondence between himself and John Wilson, Esq , M. P. P., in which the public decided that he (Mr. Dixon) came off second tion. 5th. Mr. Cameron was offered and refus- best? If he will just look back to this corresed the Chief Cemmissionership of Public Works pondence, we think he will be at no loss to dis-We are no: at all surprised that Mr. Dixon

Chabot was appointed, or to be appointed, Chief should write Letter after Letter of peurile non sense, and personal abuse of the Governor Gene Mr. Cameron says he resigned because the office ral. Perhaps the most invetrate melady which certain forms of brain are liable, is an itch we perform the reductant duty of saying that, in our opinion, the passage which we are remark.

Ing on at present, displays a bad taste, a bad

Mr. Hincks said, or instanted at the Dinner abused the Provost, "There's muckle honour in misca'in' a big man!" But we certainly are feeling—is altogether unworthy of the Globe— in a pet, because he did not get the Commission— surprised that a respectable journal like the Incompatible with the spirit of the age—and ership of Crown Lands. 10th. Mr. Cameron Hamilton Spectator, should be allowed as the medium of such balderdash effusions of personal vanity. We late!y observed, in a local journal, The Globe disputed the truth of this statement, about two columns of extracts, from various and challenged Mr. Cameron to the proof; and papers, headed "Opinions of the Press on the 12th-Mr. Cameron wrote, and obtained the Dissmissal of Mr. Diton!" and we are not Dissmissal of Mr. Dicon!" and we are not publication of the Letter now in question. Now, aware that such writings on such a subject can we could hardly suppose that there is anything be productive of any other effect, than that of so atrocious concealed in these twelve simple, lowering the character of the Press in the estimaso atrocious concealed in these twelve simple, lowering the character of the Press in the estimation of the common place facts, that could warrant the tion of all intelligent men. It is a matter of him, and I plainly told Mr. Lafontaine that Globe in uttering such a mystification of exer- utter indifference to the Canadian public whether cisms and excommunications against Mr. Came- Mr. Dixon is or is not a Magistrate for the Town of London, and the attempt to injure the sympathy, with that deep horror which the Governor General or his Ministry, by trumpeting such paltry subjects into notice is certainly oath" in betraying the Cabinet secrets. In the very silly-in fact, such a subject, in Britain first place we hold that no oath is sacred when would scarcely be deemed worthy of a passing more evil will result from the observance of it notice from the British Press. We do not fee than would be produced by violating it, and if inclined to assert that Mr. Dixon was guilty of the oath of a Cabinet Minister prevent him from the very unbecoming conduct with which he has been publicly charged, in reference to the triumter of his friend when unjustly assailed, then the phal-arch blackguardism; of this John Wilson, have had confiled to him in the warmth of Christian friendship? How can a man oath of a Cabinet Minister is a very immoral Esq., is a much better judge than we, but if he be dealt with, who illustrates the evil his thing. In the second place, we protest against own folly has brought on him, by the all such "selema cathe"—the practice is barba-

Was ever one word breathed about re-rechment until after the resignation?"— Was there ever a proposal to abolish the Assistant Commissionership until the re-signation was accepted?" "Was it Col.

put the case in a clearer light before the public; and I would here remark, as my unctives have been suspected, and my conduct misconstrued by the Globe, that, without boasting of my own integrity, I shall en-deavor to show that the policy I advocated was plainly the interest of my country, and leave it to the public to determine whether or not I was moved by " selfishness" to wards the Administration, and disappoint-ment because I was not made Commissioner

of Crown Lands.
First. "Who told the truth about the take Mr. Chabot into the Government without my knowledge or consent—I stated
that Mr. Lafontaine offered me the ChiefCommissionership, which I refused to accept, but assured him I was willing to remain as Assistant Commissioner till Parliament met; which he refused, and insisted
that Mr. Chabot should be brought in as
my successor. To this arrangement I obierted upon grounds which I need not noected upon grounds which I need not now disclose, as I am confident time will reveal the cause of, and justify my opposition to his policy would not be sustained. I do un equivocally state, as I have already stated equivocally state, as I have already stated, that this was the immediate question at issue between the Government and myself—that upon this I resigned, that I caused no difficulty, nor did I seek any change on my own account. Will Mr. Lafontaine say,

true?

As to "that Commissionership of Crown Landg" I have said, and repeat it again, that when Mr. Price signified his intention to resign, I urged him in every way possible, and that sincerely, to remain in the Government; and through the Examiner I called upon Mr. Price as an honest man to say, whether or not I had done so. Has

tion I repeatedly stated that I never had voted for more than ten shillings to members, and was then unwilling to do it, and that the salaries ought and must be reduced. To the regret to lear that T. M. Daly, Erg. of Stratlord, has lost his new Oat Kiln by fire.

MR. CAMERON'S LETTER.

To the regret to lear that T. M. Daly, Erg. of Stratlord, has lost his new Oat Kiln by fire.

MR. CAMERON'S LETTER.

To the ropositions were laughed at, and some members said they tocold rather resign.—They may have changed their opinions—they may have changed their opinions—they may have changed their opinions—they may have read the reasons for my resignation, and the circum—stances connected therewith, as it is generally considered that the floor of the House is the proport place for the explanation of an Ex-Minister, but I was drivon from my determination, first, by the conduct of Mesers. Hincks and Price, and now, a second time I am compelled to defend myself against a series of attacks upon my character and veracity by you as the official organ of the Government, and which moreover you have boldly challenged me to meet. Now, it was by no means my desire to adopt the course I have pursued and discuse publicly the points at issue between the Government and myself; yet I could not believe that it was my place to remain eilent while my character was maligned by two of the members of the cabinet, and while your paper to time, which, according to your own admissions, are endorsed by the Administration, with you as to theu nprincipled mode with you have adopted in order to suatain the policy of the Government in opposition to while you have adopted in order to suatain the policy of the Government in opposition to the proposition to the fact that I have always the revenue, will have a wonderful tendence that the theuse of members and must be reduced. The theuse of the troth, nor essent the troth, nor essent the proposed to the truth, nor seek to indicate the proposed to the truth, nor seek to five my the truth, nor s

professed.

Third. "Was ever there a proposal to abolish the Assistant Commissionership of public works until after the resignation?"

In the Examiner of the 2nd January last, you will find these words:-"The Globe desice that Mr. Cameron last spring (before the burning of the Parliament House) suggested the abolition of the Assistant Commissionership of public works. If Mr. Commissionership of public works. If Mr. Baldwin will endorse this denials if he will state that he did not meet this suggestion by the answer—'If you are leaving the Administration that is none of your business.' then Mr. Cameron's assertion will of Crown Lands.

First. "Who told the truth about the resignation and that Crown Lands Commissionership?" In my previous explanation, I said that I resigned because my late colleagues made a vacancy in the Board of Works by transferring Col. Tache to the colleagues made a vacancy inthe Board of Receiver General's office, and offering to take Mr. Chabot into the Government with out my knowledge or consent—I stated the Chief that Wr. Lafontaine offered me the Chief that Mr. Lafontaine offered me the Chief that is none of your businest in mote to think over both cases, and see whether on the fact, and the fact, the fact, or intimated its untruth in any way? No. Readwin endorse this chief fact, or intimated its untruth in any way? No. Readwin endorse this chief fact, or intimated its untruth in any way? No. Receiver General's office, and offering to intimated its untruth in any way? No. Receiver General's office, and offering to intimated its untruth in any way? No. Receiver General's office, and offering to intimate its untruth in any way? No. Receiver General's office, and offering to intimate its untruth in any way? No. Receiver General's office, and offering to intimate its untruth in any way? No. Receiver General's office, and offering to intimate its untruth in any way? No. Receiver General's office, and offering to intimate its untruth in any way? No. Receiver General's office, and offering to intimate its untruth in any way? No. Receiver Genera the Government in April 1849, I urged him to abolish the office and make a saving, and his answer was as above. I mentioned to Mr. Price the answer I had received at the time, and I challenge either of them to deny the fact. I would refer you especially, however, to the following paragraph pub-lished in your own paper of the 30th October, to show that a reduction of some kind was contemplated: "It is rumoured that arrangements are

on foot which will enable the Government to reduce the number of Executive Council-lors, and produce a saving of Revenue."

As I know the effect that it has on your

nerves I will not attempt to describe a conversation with you on that subject, nor repeat your opinions and motives in relation therete, as expressed to me on that occasion, but just ask you now to tell the country candidly what it meant—to what offices did the Globe allude? Had the idea peat your opinions and motives in relation thereto, as expressed to me on that occusion, but just ask you now to tell the country candidly what it meant—to what offices did the Globe allude? Had the idea never struck you at that time, that the President of the Council and the Assistant Commissioner of Public Works might be dispensed with? Or if these are not the offices, will you inform the public what were the offices to which you had reference

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or a perfect ignoramus in the affairs of State during the last twelve months. parriotism, you preferred your interest to your consistency, and the favors of the Cabinet to a manly adherence to truth and independence. In your paper of the 23rd February you ask with a significant air, "Who told the truth about the resignation and that Crown Lands Commissionerable?"

The Cloke has account it has been understood, has for some time past been most anxious to retire from the Department of Public Works, and would have carried his wishes into effect some months and but for the commissionerable?"

The Cloke has account it has been understood, has for some time past been most anxious to retire from the Department of Public Works, and would have carried his wishes into effect some months and but for the commissionerable?" glory.

The Globe has asserted likewise that I proceedings of the opposition." Yes. Mr. The Globe has asserted likewise that I admitted the Ministry had a scheme of Retrechment. I never did; but I have stated for the burning of the Parliament House, trechment. I never did; but I have stated many times since my resignation that Mr. Merritt was preparing such a scheme, and would compel its adoption, or follow my example. Which of these the Administration will submit to, is now the question; if Assistant Commissionership until the resignation was accepted?" "Was it Col. Tache or Mr. Cameron who effected the example. Which of these the Administration will submit to, is now the question; if they support Mr. Merritt's scheme, I will To each of these queries I will give s roll in their turn, and must necessarily remain true to the principles by which they ply in their turn, and must necessarily remain true to the principles by which they obtained power, and show a willingness to on my motives and inconsistency on my motives and inconsistency on my pity those who seek to issten seminated on my motives and inconsistency on my character. I cannot forget, however, the high value once put on the humble services of onewho is now so ungratefully traduced, and the smiles and thanks that followed my reinds. declaration that "I never left my friends when in trouble"—but to these topics I shall not make further reference, nor to the course pursued towards me at this time; nor to the treatment I received upon the question of the Seat of Government at Kington in 1843, when I was compelled to re sign my office or vote against what I believed to be the interest of Canada; but I would just ask each member of the Cabinet to think over both cases, and see whether

> ist, to lay aside your interest, and for a mo-ment to act with a noble independence, and having consulted your understanding, and experience of my past conduct to say my character and motives deserve to be impeached and distorted in the manner you have done since my resignation. I remained in the Administration for the benefit of the party at the urgent solicitation of the members of the Government, and no one is better acquainted with the fact than yourself,—and yet, the Globe convinced of this, tauntingly puts the question—" Why did Mr. Cameron remain so long

in Government ?

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in the country for the respectfully from the to accept the office. lar that within a fertilization of the country for the coun

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But I fear not the nies, those who know business, my mills, a &c., know how muc

party has cost me, a

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Hop. S. B. Harrison sion I quailed not be Quebec (whom I a

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Donald Stewart George C. Foht John Parker and Collis
James McDonald

John A. McCarth William F. McC John-Phillip

Lawrence Egan Christopher Swit William Friend, John Jones, Sen

Mrs. M. Harvga Thomas Nangle John Harvey Rut Anthony Copp

Robert Ellis

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bents. "You had order as your ofm." But let us er been the effect of Simply this, the en saved £1,650 en saved £1,550—two, and the people men whom they had he purpose of carry—one of which was his is the bright side us now look at the s had not changed, the country would I calamity of this ion, not by any part of the governit, for they, whose be abolished, only so far as I was conso far as I was con Mr. Price held was be could still have But he expressed a rom public life altomfort, meral princi-ings all protested and consequently as was to be abolished, ne of my election to Mr. Merritt would the Public Works muissioner, and the (by whose introduc-nt I was forced to n entirely dispensed the public again to h an arrangement as injurious to their in-would have been a

and unpopular in would ask the Globe ld have had any diffi-and showing what nen Messrs. Merritt their respective of-on together on this y-your professions matters may be now often, but that un your paper which Executive and saving a wonderful tendenelieve that some per-la change and reduc-before "the Resigna-

Col. Tache or Mr. I the Retrenchment partment?" Upon rr you to the Examiwhich says, "Col. to his share of the I have only to add, a been acknowledged to hoth for project. re, both for projec-to effect; and if Col. ministry never say or n his just and great who left, he will etimation. that great question

ers, namely-" Why

question when ask-

ou to publish it.— at they expose them. their colleagues?—
ong is the Governpalpable, I could not
ure was susceptible
e so daring as to put
child-like innocence splay on this point! ou were a nonentity in the affairs of the weive months. But are honest and seri nation upon this sub-to refer you to what says. In his notice been understood, has most anxious to re-ent of Public Works, his wishes into of but for the violent position." Yes, Mr. eft in April 1849, but Parliament House. te to which the Exe-Long provocation tacks that have been mply justify a vivid which ought to be espect and consideralate colleagues. I and I can afford to to fasten selfishness

nconsistency on my lorget, however, the the humble services ngratefully traduced, aks that followed my over left my friends to these topics I reference, nor to the ls me at this time; received upon the Government at Kingras compelled to rete against what I rest of Canada; but tember of the Cabirass and the way the cabirest and the way the cabirest and the way the cabiass, and see wheth-ungenerous treat-them against Lord y, and at Montreal when the reputation of that selfishness' which I now stand lice. as a public Journal-

as a public Journal-terest, and for a mo-le independence, and understanding, and onduct to say wheth-tives deserve to be in the manner you ignation. I remainignation. I remain-n for the benefit of it solicitation of the d with the fact than e Globe convinced uts the question—

or, with alandering d injuring my credit, the members of the isparage my abilities to be a Minister of s very small, and at dignity, of which I think I can show and diffidence than , when I assure you

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DANCING AND CALESTHENICS. MESSRS. ROBERT and THOMAS MACINDOE ROBERTSON, beg respectfully to intimate to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Goderich, that they have opened Classes for Instruction in Mr. Gentles' Hall, Huron Hotel, where, by a strict attention to the pupils intrusted to their care, they hope to afford the pareals such satisfaction se will insure their patronage hereafter.

hereafter.
Hours of attendance from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M. Gentlemen's Class in the evening from 7½ to 9½ o'clock.
Goderich, 26th April 1850.

ALL persons indebted to the Subscriber either by Note or Book account, are requested to call and pay immediately to save costs.

CHARLES R. DICKSON.

BOOT and SHOE Maker, one door West of Mr. George Videan's, Blacksmith, Front street Goderich.

IS precared to attend Sales in any part of the United Counties on the most reason-

able to me. Apply at the Registry Office, Lighthouse street. Goderich, April 11, 1850. v3-n10 A LL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber,

Are hereby notified that Mr. O ter and Mr. I. Rattenbury are authorized to receive all Acounts due to him, and unless paid-imediately, the above parties are instructed Goderich, April 10. 3v-n 10

A VALUABLE PROPERTY

THE subscriber offers for SALE his GRIST and SAW MILL, situated in the Township of McGillivray, on the Big Sable, within three miles of Flanagan's Corner. The Mills are now in operation, and newly built. The Privilege is the best on the River, and situated in the best Township in the County of Huron well settled. ship in the County of Huron-well settled. and Roads opened in all directions to favour it. The Machinery and materials are of the very best quality, and put up by the very best Machinists. For Tarticulars in-quire of James Crumbie, Esq., Galt, or ap-ply to the subscriber. PATRICK FLANAGAN, Proprietor.

McGillivray, 15th January, 1850. 2v50tf
The Galt Reporter will insert the above until forbid.

PERSONS desirous of settling on the Durham Road in the Townships of Glenelg, Bentinck, Brant, Greenock, Kinloss and Kincardine, must apply personally at the Office of the undersigned, and no locations will be confirmed except such as are cations will be confirmed except such as all-made in accordance with this requirement. All assignments of interest in locations without the knowledge and approval of the Agent, will be considered as a forfeiture of all right in the locates or assignee. GEORGE JACKSON, Agent.

## ATTACHMENT.

IN THE QUEEN'S BENCH.

UNITED COUNTIES OF By vir-Huron, Ferth and Bruce. By vir-a Writ of Attachment issued out of Her a Writ of Attachment issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench at Toronto, on the TWENTY-EIGHTH DAY of MARCH, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty, and to me directed, sgainst the ESTATE, REAL as well as PEREONAL, of Robbert Cook, an absconding or concealed Debtor, at the Suit of HERBY DETY and THOMAS F. ABBOT!

Shilling and Four Pence,
I have seized all the Estate, Real and
Personal of the said Robert Cook, and unless
the said Robert Cook return within the jurisdiction of the said Court and put in Bail
to the Action oversee, the laim of the said to the Action, or cause the claim of the said Henry Doty and Thomas F. Abbot to be discharged within Three Calendar Months from the first day of the publication of this Notice in the Canada Gazette, all the Estate, Real or Personal, of the said Robert Cook, or so much thereof as may be necessary, will be held liable for the Payment, nefit and Satisfaction of the claim,
JOHN McDONALD,

Sheriff. SHERIFF'S OFFICE. " SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Collection, 6th April, 1850. 3v-n10

# NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore exist. THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JOHN STRACHAN of Goderich, Esquire. and DANIEL HOME LIZARS, of Stratford, Esquire, as Barrister and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancers, is this day dissolved by Mutual consent. JOHN STRACHAN DANIEL HOME LIZARS.

Witness—A. W. STRACHAN.

Goderich, 2nd January, 1840. 2v-n49

### NOTICE.

TIJE Debts due by the late firm of STRACHAN & LIZARS, as Barrister and Attornies at Law, will be paid by John Strachan and Daniel Home Lizars, at their respective offices in Goderich and Stratford: And the debts due to them are requested to be forthwith paid. Those due the office at Goderich, to the said John Strachan, at Goderich, aforesaid, and those due the office at Stratford, to the said Daniel Home Lizare, at Stratford, aforesaid.

JOHN STRACHAN,

DANIEL HOME LIZARS.

Goderich, 2nd January, 1850. 2v-n49

### BAYFIELD TANNERY,

ONE mile North of Bayfield on the Lake shore. The subscribers will pay cash or leather for hider, and will tann on shares all hides so entrusted to them. And from having a thorough knowledge of the business, they can confidently promise the pub-

ness, they can condently promise the public a good article.

WILLIAM HALL,

BENJAMIN ROSZEL,

Goderich, April 19, 1850. v3n13

## CAUTION.

THE public are hereby cautioned from taking or accepting two promissory Notes made by the undersingned in favor of James McGormon or bearer, for the sum of James McGormon or bearer, for the sum of twenty five dollars each, bearing date the 11th day of March, 1850, one whereof is made payable on the first day of January, 1851, and the other on the first day of August, 1851; as the undersigned has received no value for the same.

JOHN GLIDDON.

Stratford, 14th March, 1850.

# SCHEDULE OF CONVICTIONS

By Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace within the United Counties of Huron, Perth and Bruce, from the January to the

Name of the Prosocutor.	Name of the Defendant.	Nature of the Charge.	Date of Conviction, 1849.	, Names of Convicting Justices.	Amount of Penalty, Fine or Damage.	Time when paid or to be paid to Justices.	To whom paid over by Justices.	REMARKS.
Roderick McLeod Alexander Mitchell	John McDonald Catherine Thomson,	Assault Assault	November 26 January 21, 1850	James Gordon, Eeq Thos. M. Daly, Eeq. Alexander Hamilton, Esq.	le and costs Costs 8s 9d	Forthwith Forthwith	Treasurer Paid	Dismissed with consent of Prosecutor.
Michael O'Reilley	Thos. W. Robinson	Assault	March 11	Alex. Hamilton, Eeq.	Fine 5s. and costs	Forthwith		Fine paid.
John Merryfield Lawrence Spitzie	Peter R. Jarvis Sebastian Wisco	Assault and Battery Assault and Battery	Nov. 5, 1849 December 12.	John C. W. Daly, Eeq. John C. W. Daly, Eeq.	Fine £2 and costs	Forthwith-Paid	Treasurer	Fine remitted. Defendant also to pay Doctor's bill and en
Lawrence Spitzie George Scott, on the part	Joseph Wisce John Fraser ?	Assault and Battery Assault and Battery	December 12 December 19	John C. W. Daly, Esq. John C. W. Daly, Esq.	Fine 1s. and costs Fine 5s. and costs	Forthwith	Treasurer	ter into Recogn zance.
of Elizabeth Anderson	3				I ine os. and costs	Forthwith	Treasurer	Paid.
Ditto	Thomas Anderson	Assault and Battery	December 19	John C. W. Daly, Eeq.	Fine 5s. and costs, and give Recognizance			Fine and Recognizance remitted.
	Hugh Seills	Assault and Battery	January 5, 1850	John C. W. Daly, Esq.				Defendant to pay costs, having satisfied
George C. Foht John Parker and Patrick	Frederick Hasher Richardson Mulholland	Assault and Battery Refusing to take office as School	January 7	John C. W. Daly, Esq.				Ditto ditto
Collis	Duncan McNaughton	Trustee after being duly elected		Adam Seegmiller, Esq.	To pay costs			Not fined, in consideration of a plea of ig
William Fitzhenry	Joseph Eckersville	Assault and Battery Assault and Battery	March 6 March 8	John C. W. Daly, Esq. John C. W. Daly Esq.	To pay costs			norance.
John A. McCarthy	Augustus Bichmayer Henry Wigrebe			John C. W. Daly, Esq.	Fine 5s. and costs Defendants to pay costs	Forthwith	Treasurer	Paid.
William F. McCulloch	Crotleif Hase Peter R. Jarvis	Taking Smut   Machine and Flou Bin from Grist Mill	March 12 to Mar. 20	Sohn C. W. Daly, Eeq.				Under Recognizance to appear at Assizes
John-Phillip	George Richardson	Assault	Dec. 21, 1849	Thomas Christie, Esq.	Fine 1s.			
Lawrence Egan Christopher Switzer	John Nelson Alexander Sellers and	Non-Payment of wages	December 11.	Thomas Christie, Esq.	£1 3s 11d.	in 21 days	Prosecutor	Fine remitted.
William Friend, in behalf	Robert Leviston James Balkwill, Jr.	Assault and Battery	January 28.	Daniel Shoff, Eeg.	5e. Fine. £2 6e. costs.	12 days		Fine remitted.  Committed for one month.
and William Friend	(			James Barber, Esq.		1		Constituted for one month.
John Jones, Senr.	Arthur Evans	Threats	January 28	Daniel Shoff, Esq. } James Barber, Esq. }				Bound to keep the Peace for one year.
Mrs. M. Harvgan	Denate Crow	Assault	February 7	Daniel Shoff, Esq. \\ James Barber, Esq. \\ \]	Fine 10s.	Forthwith	Treasurer	
Thomas Nangle John Harvey Ruttley	Donate Crow		March 12	James Hodgins, Eag.	Fine 10s.	20th March	Treasurer.	
,	Edward Greensides, William Smith, John Levy,	Assault	March 12	William Chalk, Esq. John Hicks, Esq.	Fine 1s. 6d.	es	Treasurer.	
Anthony Copp -	Allan Cameron,	Assault and Battery	February 11	Robert Gibbons, Esq.				3
		,		Robt. Moderwell, Esq. John Longworth, Esq.	Fine 1.	Forthwith	Treasurer	Paid.
	U			J. K. Clendennin, Esq.				
Robert Ellis	John Robinson	Assault and Battery	March 23	Theodore Reid, Esq. James Watson, Esq.	Fine 5s	Forthwith	T	
				John Longworth, Esq. Robert Gibbons, Esq.		2 Ortawita	Tressurer	Paid.
William H. Hine	Catharine Monaghan	Taking goods feloniously	January 11	William Piper, Esq. Thomas M. Daly, Esq.				
Aquilla Bennett	Peter Keiner	Selling whickey without license		Adam Seegmiller, Esq. \\ Thomas M. Daly, Esq. \\ Thomas M. Daly, Esq. \\	Fine £1 5s. and £2 or articles restored &ccosts			Articles taken back —paid.
Kenneth Zain	William Jones	a		Adam Seegmiller, Esq.	Penalty £5, and costs			Half of Penalty to county, half of do. to in-
	Phoebe Lattimore	Cutting Trees Leaving service	February 27 February 21	Adam Seegmiller, Esq. \( \) Thomas M. Daly, Esq. Thomas M. Daly, Esq.	Fine 1s. and costs Fine 15s. and costs.	Forthwith		former. Paid. Not paid—committed for 14 days.

CERTIFIED TO BE A TRUE COPY OF THE RECORDS FILED IN THIS OFFICE,

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE PEACE,

GODERICH, 20th April, 1850.

DAN. LIZARS,

CLERK OF THE PEACE, United Counties of Huron, Perth and Bruce.

So great is the dearth of gold

about twenty years of age, on Salurday last threw herself out of the second floor window of a house in the Rue des Barres Sr. Faul, in consequence of a quarrel with her lover. She fell on the head of a passer-by, who was killed on the spot, and she hers if re-ceived such injuries that her! if e is despaired

Emily Russel, the beautiful slave girl, for tinue? whom kinin & Hill, the slave traders, de-manded \$1,800, as the only condition on which they would restore her to her mother, and the reproach may be wiped out forever.

of the Brandywine River, but enjoyed the wine sauce eaten with plum pudding.

Bad is the Best.—Mr. Horaco Smith while lecturing the other night at the Sussex Institution, Brighton, took occasion to point out the necessity of being content with one's lot, illustrating the remark with the following bon mot:—"A friend of mine," he said, "a remarkably cool and philosophic person, was lately travelling to London, at a moment when he was labouring under a very severe cough, which was not only extremely distressing to himself, but also proved a source of great annoyance to his person, was lately travelling to London, at a moment when he was labouring under a very severe cough, which was not only extremely distressing to himself, but also proved a source of great annoyance to his fellow-passengers, till at last an old gentleman ensconsed in the corner observed with much displeasure, 'Sir, that's a very bad cough you've got.' 'True, sir,' replied the other,' but it is the best I've got."

EXCEIENT Property

FOR SALTE.

PHAT Handsome and COMMODIOUS

BRICK COTTAGE situate on the Northern Limits of the Town of Goderich, and applications for Insurances in the Mutual Branch, and to give such information on the subject as may be required.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the PROVINCIAL MUTUAL AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, hereby intimates, that he is prepared to receive Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the PROVINCIAL MUTUAL AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, hereby intimates, that he is prepared to receive Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the PROVINCIAL MUTUAL AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, hereby intimates, that he is prepared to receive Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the PROVINCIAL MUTUAL AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, hereby intimates, that he is prepared to receive Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the PROVINCIAL MUTUAL AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, hereby intimates, that he is prepared to receive Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the PROVINCIAL MUTUAL AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, hereby intimates, that he is prepared to receive Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the PROVINCIAL MUTUAL AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, hereby intimates, that he is prepared to receive Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the PROVINCIAL MUTUAL AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, hereby intimates, that he is prepared to receive Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the PROVINCIAL MUTUAL AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, hereby intimates, that he is prepared to receive Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the PROVINCIAL MU

We ARE GLAD TO LEARN that the important subject of Roads is beginning to at tract the attention of the people of these Counties. A meeting was larley held at Bræffle's, in West Williamsburg, for the purpose of forming a Company to construct a road from that place to North Williams-burg, a distance of six miles. In conformity, with the provisions of the Act of last Ses sion, a company was formed, and stock to the amount of £1500 taken on the spot. We have not heard what description of Road is intended to be built.—Cornwall Freeholder.

The solution of the chloride of zinc is an effectual remedy against bedbugs. It is applied with a brush, and is the discovery of Sir William Burnett.

A little cirl inquired of her friend, who had passed her eighth year, "What causes rain? To which the following beautiful repthe sins of the world."

The success of individuals in life, is greatly owing to their early learning to depend upon their own resources Money or the expectations of it by inheritance, has ruined more men than the want of it ever did. Teach roung men to rely upon their own efforts to be fruend and industrious.

MD all kinds of DIVISION COURT AND ALL kinds of DIVISION COURT AND ALL kinds of DIVISION COURT AND ALL KINDS OF SORY NOTES, for sale at the Signal Office. Every discription of BOOK and JOB Printing executed with neatness and all sales. efforts, to be frugal and industrious dispatch.

1. Summons Es required by the New Dispatch Court Act, and all other BLAN with a productive capital which rothing can ever wrest from the control of the co

Character will always operate. There may be little culture; slender abilities-no property-no position in society; still, if there be position in society; still, if there be a character of sterling excellence it will command influence. It will secure respect, produce impression besides who knows in what sion; besides who knows in what it may result? Therefore, let all pay the utmost attention to character, nothing is more important.

the Adjutant General of Militia, at Toronto without delay, a statement of their claims, in order that they may be received in Enter pay the utmost attention to character, nothing is more important.

the Adjutant General of Militia, at Toronto without delay, a statement of their claims, in order that they may be received in Enter patronage.

JOHN ABEL.

Papers in this Province, will please copy the above notice.

V3-n4tf

THE FARMER'S PAPER.

The Canada Agriculturist; The best and cheapest Farmer's paper published in Canada, and the only one noto published in Upper Canada.

THE second volume of the Agriculturist in its present form commences Isanary.

one Division Court Ofone Division Court Of-

the Cultivator, and the other papers alluded to, suffered great loss; and the proprietors of the Agriculturist have, so far, been out of pocket, besides the time, labor and anxiethat the farmers of Canada will not support an agricultural paper of any kind, to con-tinue? We hope not. Let those who

manded \$1,800, as the only condition on which they would restore her to her mother, is dead.

LAUHGABLE ANECDOTE.—LA Fayette made me laugh with a story which he said the English officers had told him of General Knypkausen, who commanded the Hessian mercinaries in 1776. This officer, a rigid martinet, knew nothing of the sea, and not much more of geography. On the voyage between England and America, he was in the ship of Lord Howe, where he passed some uncomfortable weeks, the fleet having an unusually long passage, on account of the bad sailing of some of the transports. At length Knyphausen could contain himself no longer, but marching striffy up to the admiral one day, he commenced—"My Lord, I know it is the duty of a soldier to be submissive at sea; but, being entrusted with the care of the troops of his Serene Highness, my master, I feel itmy duty just to Inquire if it be not possible that, during some of the dark nights we have lately had, we may have sailed past America?—Cooper's Residence in Frante. TER-TOTALISM.—Miss Martineau relates and upwards, will be supplied at half a dolan anecdote in her Western Travels, of a clergyman who was so strict a temperance member that he refused to drink water out of the Brandywine River, but enjoyed the wine sauce eaten with plum pudding.

and upwards, will be supplied at half a dotal and upwards, will be supplied at half a dotal art twelve copies and upwards, 3s 9d.—
Single subscriptions, one dollar. Local Agents, who will procure over three subscriptions, free of postager, will be allowed 25 per cent.—

This Cottage stands in a beautiful and retired situation, and is well adapted for a genteel family. It will be sold on moderate Terms: or otherwise LET for a TERM of years at a reasonable. Rent. The subscriber also wishes to dispose of a Spanof good Working HORSES, one three and the other four years old, and well broke, both to harnoss and saddle. Also one Pair nearly new Double Harness and a new Wagon and Double Sleigh. Debentures will be taken in payment for the Horses, Wagon. Sleigh and Harness. For Particulars apply to the Proprietor.

HENRY HORTON.

Goderich, 22nd Jan. 1850.

HENRY HORTON.

Goderich, 22nd Jan. 1850.

FARMER'S INN STRATFORD.

Mrs. DOROTHY DOUGLAS, widow of the late Thomas Douglas, of the Farmer's Inn, Stratford, begs to return her thanks to the Inhabitants of Stratford, and the public generally, for the very liberal support which they received during the short time they have been in Stratford.

Mrs. Douglas, of the Farmer's Inn, Stratford, begs to return her thanks to the Inhabitants of Stratford, and the public generally, for the very liberal support which they received during the short time they have been in Stratford.

Mrs. Douglas of the Tarmer's Inn, Stratford, begs to return her thanks to the Inhabitants of Stratford, and the public generally for the very liberal support which they received during the short time they have been in Stratford.

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Mrs. Douglas begs to intimate that she increase arriving on the business as heretofore at the Old Stand, in her own name, and hopes by strict attention to the confiort of hopes the stratford.

Mrs. Douglas begs to intimate that she increase arriving on the business as heretofore at the Old Stand, in her own name, and hopes by strict attention to the confiort of hopes arrived that the public generally for the public gener

Goderich, 22nd Jan. 1850. 2v-n51

# TO BE SOLD,

nine miles from the town of Goderich on the Huron Road, and at the junction of six different roads; a das it is in the center of a populous and prosperous locality, it is excellently adapted for a Tavern stand or a STRATFORD BREWERY. ly was given: The drops of rain are the tears shed by angels over

Blank Deeds and Memorials,

Goderich, July 19, 1849.
Signal Office, Goderich, & 6th September 1849.

MILITIA MEDALS.

Fall Importations FOR 1849.

JAMES PORTER & Co.

Table Linens, Towellings, Linen en out and Cotton Sheeting, Counterpanes, Marsailles Quilts, Damask Flannels and Blankets. FIFTY SPLENDID BUPFALO ROBES and 500 BAGS Superior Liverpool SALT, all of which will be sold at very reduced Prices for CASH or Maketable Farm Produce.
Goderich, 28th November, 1849. 2v-n43tf

THE next Division Courts

at the times and placeslo
Division. Place of holding to
lat. Court house at Godering
L. Donkin's Tavern Huron
3d. Wood's Tavern London
4th. Quicks' Tavern London
5th. Rattenbury's Tavern
6th. School house St. Marry's
The Sittings of the Several rts for sfollowing Court. 8th 27th 31s 11th 12th 29th

T. G. Morgan, E. Robert Cana, Eag George Williams, George Cartor, Es Japaes Gordon, Esc James Coleman, E ally at 11 o'clock, A THUR ACL Morgan, Esq.,
Sans, Esq., C.
Villanas, Esq., C.
vier, Esq., Cl.
van, Esq., Cl.
van, Esq., Cl.
k. A. M.
J., D.

NOTICE.

New Tailoring Establishment

THE Subscriber have

A N excellent Farm, being Lot No. 12.

Mattland Concession, Township of Goderich, containing 100 acres—30 of which is cleared. The land is of a superior quality, and well watered. It is situated exactly nine miles from the town of Goderich on.

THE Subscriber in returning his sincee acknowledgements to the inhabitants of situation for business, and will be sold on yery reasonable terms. For particulars apply to Thomas Dark, Tavern-keeper, Goderich, or to the proprietor

IONAS COPP,

Village of Harpurhey.

June 15, 1849.

See Stratford, and to his customers generally, for the liberal parronage which has been in business; wishes to intimate that the improved arrangements which have recently been made in his establishment, will enable him to make a superior quality of BEER, and to furnish it on such terms as entitle him to a continuation of the business which he has hitherto enjoyed. he has hitherto enjoyed.

e has hitherto enjoyed.

J. P. VIVIAN.
Stratford, Nov. 28, 1849.

J. P. VIVIAN.

CASH PAID ON DELIVERY,

FOR GOOD CLEAN BARLEY, at the MATTLAND BREWERY, by the Subscriber.
J. F. BRITTAIN.
Goderich, Oct. 10, 1849. 2v-n36tt

TRAVELLER'S HOME,
STRASBURG, WATERLOO, 28th February, 1849.

THE Subscriber hereby intimates to his
friends and the Travelling Public generally, that he has removed from New Aberdeen to the Village of Strasburgh, and will
now be found in that well-know by now be found in that well-known house for-merly occupied by Mr. Jones,—where he will be ready and able to conduce to the costomers, still to merit a continuance of

# LOST!!

BELONGING to the subscriber, between his Store and the Division Court Of-

which he offers for SALE at very
REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH.
The Subscriber also keeps on hand, as usual,
at his OLD STAND, a LARGE and very Su-

TINWARE of every description. The subscriber takes this opportunity of retur-ning his sincere thanks to the Public for the very ning his sincere thanks to the Public for the very liberal patronage he has received since he has been in business in Goderich, and hopes by strict attention to business, and inoderate prices, to continue to receive a share of the public patronage N. B.—GRAINING, PAINTING, GLAZING, PAPER and BELL HANGING carried on as heretofore. WILLIAM STORY.

Goderich, 6th Sept. 1849. 2v-n3ltf

## TAILORING **ESTABLISHMENT**

A. NASMYTH
N returning thanks to his friends and numerous Customers for the Liberal Patronage which he has received during the past year, begs to intimate that he has jast received an extensive Assortment

Olf THUE PASIBLEONS FORMSO, and is ready to Execute all Orders given to him with care and punctuality as formerly Goderich, April, 12th, 1849. 2v-n10tf

FOR SALE.

ONE within 2 miles, and the other within about 3 miles of Goderich Town Plot. The first is LCT 10 in 1st Concession, Township of Goderich, CONTAINING. sion, Township of Goderich, CONTAINING 164 ACRES,

For Particulars apply to
JNO. McDONALD, Esq.
Goderich, 12th June, 1849. n19-tf

HURON HOTEL GODERICH.

JAMES GENTLES, would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Goderich, and its vicinity, that he will constantly

Keep Horse's and Carriages FOR HIRE, for which he respectfully solicits the patronage of the public.

JAMES GENTLES. 18th Sept. 1849.

### PURIFY THE BLOOD. MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS PHŒNIX BITTERS

The high and envied celebrity which these pre-eminent Medicines have acquired for their invariable efficacy in all the diseases which they profess to cure, has rendered the usual practice of puffing not only unnecessary, but unworthy of them. They are known by their fruits; their good works testify for them, and they thrive not by the faith of the credulous.

EN ALLE CASIES Of ASTHMA, ACUTE and CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, AFFECTIONS of the BLADDER and KIDNEYS. BILIOUS FEVERS & LIVER COMPLAINTS.— BILITOUS FEVERS & LIVER COMPLAINTS.—
In the south and west, where these diseases prepail, they will
be found lavaluable. Planters, farmers, and others, who once
use these Mediciness will never afterwards be without them.
BILIOUS CHOLIC, and SERUIS Lonemest, BILES,
COSTIFENESS, COLIDS & COUGHIS, CHOLIC,
CONSTUPTION. Used with great success in this disease.
CORROTELLIUMORS, DROPSIES.
DYSPETPSIA. No person with this distressing disease, should delay using these medicines immediately.
ERUPTIONS of the Skin, ERYSIPELAS, PLATU
ENCY,
PEVER and AGUE, For this scource of the wes-FEVER and AGUE. For this scourge of the wes-

FOULNESS of COMPLEXION.

BND RAL DEBILITY.

GOUT, GIDDINESS, GRAVEL HEADACHES, of costs, which, INWARD FEVER, INFLAMMATORY RHEUMA TISM, INPURE BLOOD, JAUNDICE, LOSS of APPE-

TITE.
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
LEPROSY, LOOSENESS,
MERCURIAL DISEASES.—

ME BE ALL OF THE ALL AS A TABLE ARE SECTION. Rever fairs to endicate entirely all the effects of Mercury infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparation of Sarsaparalla, NIGHT SWEATS, NETFOUS DEBILITY, NETFOUS COMPLAINTS of all kinds, ORGANIC AFFECTIONS, PALPITATION of the HEART, PAINTER'S CHOILG. PILDS, The original propietor of these medicines was cured of Piges of 35 years standing by the use of these Life Medicines above.

PAINS in the bend, side, back, limbs, joints and organs.

Medicines above.

PAINS in the head, side, back, limbs, joints and organs.

RHEUMATISM., These affleted with this terribed disease, with sure of relief by the Life Medicines.

RUSH of BLOOD to the HEAD, SCURYY, SALTRIEUM, SWELLINGS.

SCROFULA, on HING'S BVIL, in its worst forms, ULCERS, of cvery description.

worst forms. ULGERS, of every description

WORTMS, of all kinds, are effectually expelled by
these Medicines. Parents will do well to administer them when
ever their existence is suspected. Relief will be certain. THE LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS PURIFY THE BLOOD,

And thus remove all disease from the system. A single trial will place the LIFE PILLS and PHCENIX BITTERS beyond the reach of competition in the estimation of every patient.

The genuine of these medicines are now put up in white wrappers and labels, together with a pamphlet, called "Moffat's Good Samaritan," containing the directions, &c, on which is a drawing of Broadway from Wall street to our Office, by which strangers visiting the city can very easily find us. The wrappers and Samaritans are copyrighted, therefore those who procure them with white wrappers can be assured that they are genuine. He careful, and an area of the competitions of the content of the careful and an area of the careful and a surface of the has use therefore those who procure them with white wrappers can be assured that they are genuine. Be careful, and do not buy those with seliow wrappers; but if you do, be satisfied that they come direct from us, or dont touch them.

[Trepared and sold by

DR. WILLIAM B. MOFFAT,
335 Broadway, corner of Anthony street, New York.

BENJ. PARSONS, Sole Agent. Goderich, Jan. 28. 1848.

NOTICE.—Received in Store last November, per Schooper Annexation, A Lot of IRON, consigned to F. C., Goderich. If the same is not taken away forthwith, it will be sold to pay costs.

CHRISTOPHER CRABB.

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CHRISTOPHER CRABB. Goderich, Jan. 23, 1850.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

THE Subsriber having been appointed Agent of the "CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO.," "CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE Co., is prepared to receive proposals for Assurance, and will be happy to afford to any person the necessary information, as to the principles of the Institution.

JAMES WATSON.

Goderich, 13th June, 1849.

TRAYED from the subscriber on or about the 1st of November last, One Yoke of Black OXEN, brown streak on the Yoke of Black OXEN, brown streak on the back, six years old. Also three COWS, one black, spangled with white spots. One large Red Cow with a white Face. One lined back brindle Cow, and one Two years old Red Heifer. Any person leaving information of the above cattle at the Signal Office or with Mr. John Allan, Tavern Keener, Golderich, will be satisfied for their Keeper, Goderich, will be satisfied for their trouble. SAMUEL McCOSKIERY. Kincardine, 24th Dec. 1849. 2v-47

To the Clerks and Bailiff's of the Division Courts.

THE increased demand for Summonses and other BLANK WRITS, in connection with the business of the several Division Courts in the District, has warranted us in printing them in much larger quanti-ties than heretofore, and consequently ena-bles us to sell them much cheaper—there-fore we intimate to the several Officers requiring these Blank Forms, that from this date, Summonses and all other Write belonging to the Division Court, will be Sold at the Signal Office at the reduced price of HUNDRED. 20

CASH for WHEAT A T the Goderich Mills—and C ab for Cherry Saw Logs at Goderich and Bayfield Mills by WILLIAM PIPER. Goderich Mills, 5th December, 1849. 46-tf

IRON FOUNDRY.

also Ploughs of eight descriptions, and consisting of the most improved Moulds. Self sisting of the most improved Moulds. Selfand at the other by a 'Public Road,—and
the second is LOT 8 in 8th Concession,
Colborne, W. Division,
CONTAINING 100 ACRES,
and is situated at the Junction of two Pubtine Roads.

For Particulars apply to
JNO. McDONALD, Esq.
Goderich, 12th June, 1849.

104 ACRES,
sisting of the most improved Moulds. Selfacting Mill Dogs, and various other castings. Having engaged an experienced
Machinist, the subscribers can confidently
recommend their THRASHING MACHINES of the newest design, both stationary and moveable, and would solicit a
call from intending Purchasers before buying elsewhere. All orders punctually attended to and executed with neatness and
despatch. despatch ..

ORR & WILSON. Stratford, 13th Aug. 1849. v2-n28tf.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

es, Mill Dams, &c. &c. &c., and will take the superintendence of such Erections, on the smost reasonable terms.

His thorough knowledge of his profession and his practice as Builder, qualifies him for any undertaking in the his. Address post paid,

PETER FERGUSON, Builder, &c. &c. Stratford, C. W. Stratford, March 16th, 1849. 2v-n7th

STRATFORD HOTEL.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the Travelling Public, that he has leased the large BRICK TAVERN, at the East and of Stratford, Jones the August 1997. end of Stratford, (now the county town o Perth. lately occupied by Mr. Isaac May, —where he will be ready at all times to afford the usual comfort and supplies and promote the personal convenience of his WINES and LIQUORS of the best decription. A steady Hostler always ttendance. ALBERT G. HATCH. Stratford, 18th July, 1849.

R. WILLIAMS & CO., CHEMISTS-AND DRUGGISTS. Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Brushes,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c. THE subscribers beg to inform the inhabitants of STRATFORD and the surrounding Townships, as well as the public in general, that they have opened the above establishment in this Town, where they will also keep constantly on hand a choice selection of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, HARDWARE, &c. &c.
When they hope by keeping a good stock at low prices to receive a share of

public patronage.

Physician's prescriptions and family recipes dispensed with the greatest accuracy and promptitude. N. B .- Crawford & Imlach's Mustard wholesale and retail.

R. WILLIAMS & Co.

Stratford, 14th January 1850. KINCARDINE ARMS. (Near the Wharf Goderich,) BY H. MARLTON.

THE above Hotel has good accomodation for travellers, Stabling, &c., &c.
The Packet Mary Ann will leave Goderich (wind & weather permitting,) regularly twice a week for the Kincardine Settlement. For freight or passage apply to Capt. Rowan at the Kincardine Arms.
Goderich, March 25th, 1850. n8-v3

TOB PRINTING of every description, neatly and promptly executed at this office.

December 20,1849.

Card.

Dr. P. A. McDOUGALL, CAN be consulted at all hours, at Mrs. Wm. F. Gooding's, Front-St. Goderich, Sept. 13th, 1848.

I. LEWIS, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &C., June, 1848. GODERICH.

ALFRED W, OTTER, General Agent & Conveyancer, COLLECTOR OF ACCOUNTS, &c. &c. GODERICH.
Oct. 1, 1849.

JOHN STRACHAN,

BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY AT
LAW,
Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyoncer,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Has his office in West Street, Goderich.
Goderich, 2nd January, 1850. 2v-n49

DANIEL HOME LIZARS, ATTORNEY AT LAW,
and Conveyancer, Solicitor in Chancery,
fc.,
Has his office as formerly, in Stratford.

Stratford, 2nd January, 1850.

Stratford, 2nd January, 1850.

N. B.—Mr. Strachan, of the late firm of Strachan & Lizars, continues to act as Agent and Counsel for Mr. Lizars in all natters referred to him from Stratford. WATSON & WILLIAMS. DIXIE WATSON of Goderich, DIXIE WATSON of Goderich,

DARRISTER AT LAW, &c. &c. and
GEORGE WILLIAMS, of Strafford,
late of the firm of Hector, Weller and Williams,
Barristers, &c. Toronto, having this day entered
into co-partnership, in the Practice, and Profession
will in future keep their Offices at Goderich and
Stratford, respectively, under the name, style
and firm of WATSON and WILLIAMS.
\*DIXIE WATSON, Goderich,
GEORGE WILLIAMS, Stratford,
24th December, 1849.

2v-n47tf

A. NASMYTH, FASHIONABLE TAILOR: GODERICH.
Goderich, April 12, 1849. 2v-n10tf

J. K. GOODING, W'LL attend SALES in any part of the County on reasonable Terms. Ap-ply at his Residence, Light-House Street. Goderich, April 4th 1849. v-9n

DANIEL GORDON, CABINET MAKER: Three doors East of the Canada Co's. Office,

WEST-STREET, GODERICH.

August 27th, 1849. Stokes,

CHEMIST and DRUGGIST, WEST-STREET, GODERICH. March 8, 1849.

JOHN J. E. LINTON, Commissioner Queen's Bench,
AND CONVEYANCER,
STRATFORD.

DAVID H. LIZARS, PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Inhabitants of the District of Huron, and the neighboring Districts, that he has Established himself in Stratford, and is prepard to give Plans and Specifications of Public or Private Buildings, Bridges, Mill Dams, &c. &c. &c., and will take the superintendence of such Erections, on

DR. JOHN HYDE,

MEDICAL HALL, STRATFORD. July 31, 1849.

WM. REED, HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER, &c., LIGHT-HOUSE ST. GODERICH.

ALEXANDER WILKINSON, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, And Civil Engineer, Office at Mr. ROBERT ELLIS' GODERICH. January 19, 1850.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having RENTED the WAREHOUSE and WHARF belonging to the Messrs. Davenport, of this place has established himself as a

FORWARDER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT. Any orders or commission from the Merchants of Goderich, will receive prompt attention.

JOHN McEWAN.
Windsor, March, 1849.

2v-7ntf.

The Huron Signal, IS PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY THOMAS MACQUEEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE MARKET SQUARE, GODERIOH.

"a" Book and Job Printing, executed with neatness and dispatch.

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Any individual in the country becoming re-Any individual in the country occurring its sponsible for six subscribers, shall receive a seventh copy gratis.

The All letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid, or they will not be taken out of the post office

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