

TO HEALTH! Y'S PILLS.

LIVER AND BAD DIGESTION R. W. Kirkus, Chemist, 7 Presco.

gat have groud the highest on our sale f some yound. A chronier, to whom I fen, one to let you know the particular young state of the property of the particular young state and a district of the first one to be a substitute of the following state of the first of th

nch is favor of your hanolishing fills, signed)

R. W. RIREUS

URE OF RHEUMATIC FEVER, IN

EMEN'S LAND:

in the Hobort Town Courier, of the

1851, by Mejor T. Walch,

who verus of uge, residing at New Town,

rht 'biestimite lever for uptracto of two

gived by gof the use of her limbs; during

care of the most enithent medical men in

r case was considered bepeless. A friend

lows by celebrated Fills, which she con
libly short space of time they effecteda

TGHTNESS IN THE CHEST AND Proprietors of the Lynn Advertiser, lowing statement .- August 2, 1851.

imony to the good effects of Holloway's

timpny to the good effects of Holloway's red severely from a pain and tightness in red severely from a pain and tightness in red paints and tightness in companied by a shortness of breath, that bout. I am Styears of age, and not unhable, the severe tightness of age, and not unhable to made acquainted with their virtues, cans, comparatively active, and pan take so range. HENRY COE.

HENRY COE.

North Service, I, son, Norfolk.

CURE OF THE GERAVEL, AND A OUS LIVER CONTLAINT.

to J. K. Heydon, Esq., Sidney, New dated Pebruary 23, 1851.

1th, a settler at Lake George, was for a flicted, with a complaint of the Live, to-medical attendants, after trying all their his case, wind possess, and any further on, and when expecting, every day would so, the first door gave frish considerable in taking them according to the directions, if we will seed great pleasure in even make in alliavit to the same effect,

id) Was. JONES, Prantition of Goulhura Herald, New Santh Wales ICY OF HOLLOWAY'S PILLS IN

SOF HOLLOWAY'S PILLS IN SOF DROPSY.

The soft of the about the turn of life, or at tyl have recourse to these Pills, no hundreds I, by their use, of this direful complaint in other means had faited.

Wonderfully efficacious in the following compulsing.

y plaints as Lumbago regu. Piles i Kheumatism Uters Viers Sarotulaer King's Evil kinds Sove Throats Weakners, from ton Stone and Gra, whatever auge. Stone and Gra- whatevercause

vel

e at of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, and by GEO. T. HASZARD, Agent for Fote, at 2c, 5c, 8c, and 20s, each. There in taking the larger sizes. guidance of l'atente, are affixed to each Box

stershire Sauce,
g that 'Good wine needs no bush,' the
o the Worce-tershire Sauce, prepared by
ily necessary for us to make this one obr and papuancy, it exceeds all other Sauie public, and has only to be tasted to be

Sauce is adapted for every variety of dish reace is adopted for every variety of dish run salmon to steaks—to all of which it have great pleasure in recommending this ave and Passengers for its capital flavour, insent of its kind for any wayage, as adage, 'Appetite makes the best asuce,' we dropped from the lips of a Franchman, say, Lea and Perrus, and not without justice. The Wortestership came has a neatism. The Wortestership came has a neatism.

the adage is inverted—the Sauce po-The Worcestershire sauce has a petite. The Worcestershire sauce nas a pull of richness, picquancy, excellent for di-ty unrivalled for promoting the appetite, of M. W. SKINNER.

Life Assurance Company.

F ELGIN AND KINCARDINE. nor-General of Canada D OFFIGE

ndrew Square, Edinburgh. NAGEMENT IN HALIFAX FOR 5 Princo Edward Kaland.

iker. | Charles Twining, Esq Barrister. | John Bayley Bland, Esq. | Hon. Alexander Keith, Merchant Esq., Solicitor.

—A. F. Sawers,

1792—Matthew H. Richey, Solicitor.

men have been appointed Officers of the ward Island, and will be prepared to furnish inciples and "practice of the Company und il Adviser-H. A. Johnson, M. D., Agent-

il Auviser

Lydiard.
Adviser—David Knyp, M. D., Agent—liam Sanderson.

[Adviser—Joseph Bell, M. D., Agent— MATTHEW H, RICHEY.



OSE," during the remainder of this senson (November, will leave Charlottetown for day morning, at six o'clock, THOMAS OWEN, Ma

Be Hable, Nov. 9, 1852.

hastard's Essa Gatette.

VOL. 22.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1852.

NO. 1188.

Agriculture.

The following extracts admirably illustrate the agreement of the results of sound practical experience with those which are deduced from scientific principles :

EXTRACTS FROM "THE GENERAL MANAGEMENT OF A FARM IN LOWER CANADA," —BY A SCOTTISH FARMER.

1. REQUISITES OF A GOOD SYSTEM

1st. It ought to be economical, and not require more capital than the actual is. It ought to be economical, and not require more capital than the actual system, or rather than the present absence of system, requires. It is undoubtedly of great advantage to apply capital to the land, but this advantage is in general beyond the reach of our farmers, as their means are not sufficient.

24. It ought to restore fortility to the soil, and maintain it by the products of the land itself. Manures got from other quarters than the farm itself, are always expensive, and, at a distance from town, are often not to be had at

3d. It ought to be simple and of easy application.

4th. Finally, it ought to have experience clearly in its favour.

2. EXPERIENCE OF THE WRITER

2. EXPERIENCE OF THE WRITER.

I can't to the country thirty years ago, and bardened with a debt of £40: I based a worn-out farm in Lower Canada of eighty-four acres, in the midst of a French population, and at an annual rent of £45. Well, in the space of 21 years, I have paid my original debt, and saved enough to enable me to purchase in the same neighbourhood a much better farm than the one I rented. The owner of the farm which I bought, was going on every year from had to worse, until he was forced to sell it, whilst I, the tenant of a less productive farm, and paying rent all the while, was enabled to buy him out, as just said. What was the reason of this anomaly! The Canadian was stronger than I was, had equally good health, and had no rent to pay. The reason was, that he had no system; he let his land become exhausted, and full of weeds; he let his stock starve; he wasted his manure, the gold of the farmer, and let every thing go to ruin for want of method; but when I had got hold of this same farm, and had applied the system which I am about to describe, the whole was brought gradually, field by field, into good condition by the end of six years; since then, the condition of the land has steadily improved, and that by resources drawn wholly from within itself.

The system to which I allude, is known to all good farmers every where experience in the state of the state of the state of the system to which I allude, is known to all good farmers every where experience.

The system to which I allude, is known to all good farmers every where as the basis of all improvement, I mean that of

3. A ROTATION OF CROPS.

There are two sorts of reasons in favour of this plan of rotation of crops.

1st. Because different plants draw from the soil different sorts of food, so that one plant will grow freely in a soil which is worn-out as regards another.

2d. Because the crops being various, the occasional failure of one is not so much felt, seeing that the others furnish subsistence sufficiently without it.

The cultivation of a fair proportion of all the varieties of crops which Providence permits to grow readily, ought therefore to be considered as the best means of averting a famine, and what intelligent farmer, with the case of Canada and Ireland before him, would wish to be limited to the culture of wheat and notatoes only! and potatoes only !

4. PLAN OF THE ROTATION

4. PLAN OF THE ROTATION.

Divide the arable portion of the farm, whatever may be its size, into six parts, as equal as possible, with a direct communication from the barn-yard to each field, and from one field to the other, so that the cattle may pass from one to the other when required. This division into six fields, may require on most farms new fencing, and it will be proper, beforehand, to see how this can be done with the least possible expence. I shall now suppose the farm prepared to receive the application of this system, and that is the one which I have found the best for even the poorest settler.

1st. Root crops, such as potatock, carrots, beets, parsnips, &c., [turnips and also flax], and in cases were the land is not sufficiently open for a crop of this kind, the field must be left in fallow.

2d. Crop of Wheat or Barley.

3d. Crop of Hay.

4th. Pasture.

Pasture

6th. Crop of Oats or Peas. out. Crop of Oats or Peas.

In beginning the application of this system, that field of the series which is in best condition for a Root crop, should be called Field

A The best for Wheat or Barley
That which is actually in Hay

C D & E

D & E

That which is best for Oats or Peas

That which is best for Oats or Peas

Each field for the first year oug'st to be appropriated to the crops above-mentioned, and after the fashion now in use among the furmers of Lower Canada, except in the case of field Λ. By this plan, they will at all events still get as much from their five fields as they get at present.

The culture of field Λ and of crop No. 1 come up together for the first year, and oug'st to be the object of special attention, as this is, in fact, the key to the whole system; for the good culture of this field has for its object, and ought to have for its effect, not only a good crop the first year, but also to improve the land for the five other years of this Rotation of Crops.

In the following year, the cultivation of the different crops will be according to the following order:

Crop No. 2 in the field Λ

Crop No. 2 in the field A

and so on, changing each year until the seventh, when crop No. 1 will come back to field A, and the whole will then be in a good state of fertility, and free from weeds. The above system has been proved to be capable of restoring old land, and artimation all weeds.

weeds. The above system has been proved to be capable of restoring old land, and extirpating all weeds.*

In order to render the thing more simple and easy of comprehension, I shall suppose myself to be again obliged to take a worn-out farm in the autumn of 1849. The first thing that I should do, would be to divide the land into six fields; by proper feaces, to prevent the cattle going from one field to the other; and I would then take for held A, that which appeared best for green erops or root erops; I would collect all the manure which I could find in or out of the barris. I would take up the flooring of the cow-house, stable and piggery, and I would take out as much of the sail underneath as I could get; for this soil is the essence of manure, one load of it being as good as four or five loads of common dang. The portion thus removed, quight to be replaced by an equal quantity or ordinary soil, or, if it be possible, of bog earth, which might be removed when necessary afterwards.

The duig and ofter manure thus collected, should be placed on the field A in September, or the beginning of October, apread with care (as far as it will

The dung and offer manure time collected, should be placed on the field A in September, or the beginning of October, spread with care (as far as it will go), and covered up in a shallow furrow. Manure nids the decomposition of straw and the weeks of the soil, and frees it from these plants, which thus help to keep the soluble parties of the saming until life juices become necessary for the groups of the succeeding years. The greater variety there is in the crops of this feets, the better it will be, provided the soil is sainable for them. Thus, this field ought, as meanly as possible, to look like a kitchen garden.

5. CROP 1st.—ROOT OR GREEN CROP.

Under the actual circumstances of the country, I would particularly call the attention of farmers to the cultivation of the Carrot as being one well adapted to our soil and climate.

The land which has been maintred in the fall, as above described, ought to be ploughed at least twice in the spaing, the one farmous across the other, and both as deep as possible. It is then to be harrowed until it is properly mellow. You then make with the plough two furrows, distant two feet, or two feet three inches from each other, taking care to raise the soil as much as possible between each. You has the roller over this ploughed portion, and then with the corner of the country of the rows.

drop the seed into this furrow, and pass the roller over it again: this last operation will cover the seed sufficiently.

If you can get a seed-sower, that will simplify matters considerably. A roller is essential in the culture of root crops which spring from small seeds, but it can be readily got by all farmers. A log of twenty inches diameter, and five feet long, with a pole fixed at each end, will do the business admirably.

Carrot seeds (and you may say the same of the other seeds), ought to be soaked in rain, or soft water, until they are about to sprout, and then rolled in quick-line until the grains are dry enough not to stick to each other. When there is no line, wood ashes will do as well. A pound of seed, if it be good (and you ought always to try it before sowing), will be sufficient for one acre of land. By the above plan, the young plant will come up before the wends. it can be readily got by all farmers. A log of twenty inches diameter, and five feet long, with a pole fixed at each end, will do the business admirably.

Carrot seeds (and you may say the same of the other seeds), ought to be soaked in rain, or soft water, until they are about to sprout, and then rolled in quick-line until the grains are dry enough not to stick to each other. When there is no lime, wood ashes will do as well. A pound of seed, if it be good (and you ought always to try it before sowing), will be sufficient for one acre of land. By the above plan, the young plant will come up before the weeds, so that it will be easy to distinguish the rows of carrots before the weeds appear: this renders the cleaning comparatively easy, since it may be done (except the thinning) by means of a cultivator. This cultivator is an instrument which every settler ought to have, and which, like those already mentioned, is extremely simple in its construction. It is made of three bars of wood joined in front, and separated behind, according to the width of the furrows which you wish to clean. This instrument, called the Horse-hoe or Drill-harrow, or Cultivator, is drawn by one horse, and has handles to it like a plough, ouly lighter. A man or a boy may guide it, so as not to touch the rows of Carrots or other crops, but only to raise the soil to a greater or less depth, at pleasure. As soon as the weeds appear, you draw this harrow between the rows, so as to bring the soil as close as possible to the young carrots, but without touching or covering them. This process will keep the plants sufficiently clean until the time for thinning them and leaving them four two or inches apart from a meanother; so matterwards you may plough between the rows thus harrowed and raised. These operations do good to the plant, by permitting clean until the time for thinning them and leaving them four five or inches apart from one another; som afterwards you may plough between the rows thus harrowed and raised. These operations do good to the plant, by permitting air and moisture to have access, and by facilitating evaporation. My plan for gathering the carrots in autumn, is to pass the plough along the right side of the plants as close as possible, without injuring them: this frees them on one side, and the stem is strong enough to allow us to haul up the roots by it afterwards.

This method of culture requires a good deal of labour, but the return is more than enough to recompense the farmer.

When we consider the large amount of nutritive matter contained in this root, and its general application to all the living things on a farm, its culture cannot be too strongly recommended, besides it is reliabled by all animals, especially by working horses, to whom it may be given instead of Oats.

I have dwalt restricted to root the content of the c

I have dwelt particularly upon the culture of the Carrot, because the same method applies to the culture of all the root crops, which can be advantageously grown in this climate, such as Parsnips, Beets, Mangels and Turnips.

method applies to the culture of all the root crops, which can be advantageously grown in this climate, such as Parsnips, Beets, Mangels and Turnips.

Parsnips will grow in a close soil, almost in clay, and do not require cellars since they will remain uninjured all winter in the ground. In this case you will have them in the spring, afterding a new and succulent food, at a time when it is most necessary. Every animal will eat parsnips with relish, and cows fed upon them yield a very rich milk.

Beets and Mangels have the same value as a crop, and as food for milk cattle; but I do not consider them to be so good for fattening cattle. [In spring, all the manure made during the past winter, should be carted to the field, placed in a heap, and twice turned. All bones should be gathered and broken up with a hammer, all coal and wood ashes, scrapings of sowers, the dung from the fowl house, and the contents of the privy, should be collected and made into a compost, with dry loam or bog earth.

The above manure may be used for that portion of the field devoted to cabbages, potatoes, and turnips. It should be put in the bottom of the drill on which the above are to be planted or sown.

When the ground is properly ploughed and harrowed, and a sufficient quantity of sound seed sown,—say, at least, four pounds to the acro,—the Turnip crop is as certain as any other.

The sowing of Turnip seed should be commenced early in June, and may be continued up to 20th July. If the fly takes the first sowing, a second will be likely to succeed.

likely to succeed.

The Turnips, when well up, and getting strong, should be thinned out to a foot apart, and the hoe and cultivator passed through them at least twice before

hey meet in the drills.]
If the land is too heavy for root crops, beans and green peas will suit for No., taking care to sow them in drills, and to propare the land as above described

for root crops.

If it be thought absolutely necessary to summer-fallow,—that is, to plough without sowing,—which only happens when the soil is so hard and heavy that it cannot be pulverised in any other way, you ought not to pread the manner on the land in the preceding fall; but plough the land, and ridge and furrow it with as much care as for a crop. You need not touch it again before the month of June; when you must plough it again, and harrow it, so as to render it even, and destroy the roots of the weeds. You may then draw the furrows in a straight line, giving them a uniform breadth, and so as to facilitate drainage. About the middle of July, you must plough it again, and sow it with plenty of buckwheat. At the end of September, plough it again, having previously spread it with dung. In this case, the backwheat is ploughed under with the manure, and serves greatly to increase the latter. The land thus prepared, ought to be sown with wheat in the ensuing spring, and you may add a little timothy and clover. A bushel of timothy will suffice for four or five acres, and three or four pounds of clover to each acre.

By following the method above described, you will have, in the year 1851,

By following the method above described, you will have, in the year IS51, quadrupled, or more than quadrupled the fertility of the soil.

6. SUCCEEDING CROPS OF THE ROTATION.

I have now done all that I can for field A. I have weeded and manured it as I have now done all that I can for field A. I have weeded and manured it as well as I can; and after having taken the crop of roots, and the crop of wheat or barley, next year, I leave this field to rest until the other fields have been improved in the same way, and according to the method above described. When this shall have been effected,—that is to say, in the space of six years, or in the year 1856.—the worst will be over, and the battle may be considered as gained. The fields will then be in a clean and fertile condition, and their value will consequently be greatly increased. The Farm of 70 or 80 acres, which in 1849 only sustained, three or four miserable cows, and perhaps no more than an equal number of sickly sheep, will be capable, in less than ten years, of furnishing am abundant subsistence for ten or twelve cattle, and other stock in the same proportion.

One of the great advantages of this system of rotation of crops is, that the pastures, which in summer furnish summer-feed for the stock, are in due pro-portion to the quantity of roots and hay destined to winter-feed them, and in portion to the quantity of roots and hay destined to winter-feed them, and in due proportion to the straw which the grain-crops yield for their bedding. I will, observe here, that farmers—except those who live near fowns, where they can easily procure manures—ought never to sell a single load of their hay, straw, or roots: since the whole ought to be consumed on the farm, with the view of procuring a sufficiency of manure therefrom, wherehy the fertility of the soil is to be sustained. But if the farmer is not to sell hay, or straw, or roots, what is he to sell! I answer, the third of the land being, under this system, appropriated to grain crops, he will always be able to sell a large part of them. The half of the farm being in hay and pasture, will allow it to produce a large quantity of butter, cheese, butchers' meat and wool; and to sell a considerable part of these, after having supplied the wants of the family. It may be said, that six years is a long time to wait for the removation of the whole farm; but b will roply, that I know of ho other means by which it may be done in less time, from its own resources; and it is worthy of observation, that the land is improving every year. The produce is larger, even for the first year, under this system than it is under the present method of culture; and, from year to year, the land is improving, field by field, and is producing more and more, so as to pay the farmer better than it does at present, and to recompense him doubly afterwards, when the whole shall have been improved under a system of rotation.

It may be objected, that two years of pasture is a long time of rest for the

tem of rotation.

It may be objected, that two years of pasture is a long time of rest for the land; but you will observe, that the land does not remain unproductive during this period of repose. This plan not only containtes to re-establish the almost exhausted fertility of the soil (and it will be admitted, that this is the only one now practised by the Canadian habitant), but it is also the best means of furnishing the farmer with the first necessaries of hite, and the articles which so to speak, will most readily find an outlet in our markets,—such as beef, lard, mutton, butter, cheese, wook, and other production and the production of the lard of the lard.

Manures are of the first importance to the farmer, and he must do everything in his power to increase their amount. The system here proposed, is calculated so as to increase the quantity of manure in proportion as the soil becomes improved. As already said, the farmer ought not to sell a particle of the buy or straw, became these tree principal materials for manure.

As for the sort of Stock which ought to be kept, I would advise a regular proportion of all the animals which prosper with us; because one sort may be fed on the food which another will not touch. For instance, sheep cat greedily and get fat upon French beans, which no other creature but man can use.

The Canadian breed of cattle is, perhaps, the best for the country, and the best to yield milk, butter, &c., provided, care be taken to select the best bulls and cows to breed from. Too much care cannot be given to this point; and the calves must be supplied with good and abundant food. If it be desirable to cross the breed, so as to increase the quantity and quality of the milk, this can only be done with the Ayrshire breed,—seeing that the larger breeds do not do so well for the country, at least in the present condition of its pastures.

[By keeping a thorough-bred bull, and changing every three or four years, and rearing only the best heifers, the stock would gradually be brought up nearly approaching to the breed of the sire.]

A good Canadian cow will, in my opinion, give more milk for the same allowance of food, than any other breed which I know.

[The profits of the dairy depend almost entirely on the care taken of the cattle during winter. Cows warmly housed and well fed through the winter, and put on good pasture in summer, will yield much more than sufficient to pay for the difference of keep. In the Province of New-Brunswick, cows are generally fed on dry hay in winter, kept in cold stables, and are pastured in the woods, or on fields which have been impoverished by excessive cropping. The consequence is, that, as reported by the Farmers themselves to Professor Johnston, the average yield per cow, for the season, is only 89 lbs. Butter, or 140 lbs. Cheese. In Ayrshire, as reported by Mr. Colman, Commissioner from the United States, the yield is, per cow, 300 lbs. Butter, or 500 lbs. Cheese. To ensure a similar yield, the following treatment is requisite:

Select good, well-shaped, healthy cows. In wint

for a month, and afterwards to be weared on with samined ania and bolical linssed.]

The Leicester breed of Sheep is the best to give large and fat sheep; but it is not so advantageous as regards wool, which is perhaps the principal object for which sheep are kept. That breed which would possess a combination of the two qualities of fat meat and fine wool, and a vigorous constitution withal, would be the best for Lower Canada. To attain this object, you might cross the common sheep of the country, first with a Leicester ram, so as to get a large breed, and then mix the product of the first cross with a Cheviot ram, so as to

breed, and then mix the product of the first cross with a Cheviot ram, so as to get a finer wool.—or first with a Cheviot, and then with a Leicester ram. In this way, I have procured hardy sheep, any one of which will yield six or eight pounds of fine wool, and from twenty-two to twenty-five pounds of mutton per quarter. In breeding, the greatest care must be taken always to choose the finest rams, and to preserve the finest lambs; and on no pretext ought the finer individuals to be disposed of.

As the keeping of sheep is of the greatest importance, and but little known, I will add a few remarks.—which will be excused, since this has been the business of almost my whole life.

Sheep ought not to be allowed to run from field to field; as this gives them wandering habits, which injure them the whole summer through. When sheep are well fed and well treated, they will follow the person who has charge of them wherever he pleases; and if they are taken and enclosed in good pasture, they will give less trouble in looking after them than any other sort of stock. It is also of the greatest importance, to smear sheep about the middle of November: for which purpose, I have made use of the following mixture, which succeeded wonderfully well. The quantities here indicated, will suffice for twenty sheep:

- - - 3 pints. Common Oil, Butter,

Butter,

The oil ought to be heated to the melting point of the rosin, and the butter then added, after the oil has ceased to boil, which is a point requiring attention. The whole ought to be stirred until they become thoroughly mixed; and should the composition prove to be too thick to be used, buttermilk or cream may be added, taking care to mix well. This ointment is to be smeared on the skin of the sheep in parallel lines, distant one inch from each other, and for the whole length of the creature. This application destroys vermin, invigorates the growth of the wool, and protects the animal against cold. This precaution is absolutely necessary, if we wish to secure a good flock of sheep.

Another thing of great importance is, never to shut up sheep in a close ill-ventilated place. It would be better to pen them up in some corner of the barn, rather than to treat them so. The sheep can naturally endure a considerable degree of cold, but it cannot do without fresh air; consequently the fold ought always to be well ventilated.

degree of cold, but it cannot do without fresh air; consequently the fold ought always to be well ventilated.

It is a very bad practice, to let the rams walk with the sheep in autumn; because that is the reason why the ewes drop their lambs too early in the spring. The ram (and a single one will be enough for five farmers) ought to be kept apart from the 15th of September till the 22d November; and if at this latter period he be allowed to go to the sheep, the lambs will appear about the 17th of April, and the ewe will not have had time to got worn out with suckling before going out again to the pasture.

The best breed of pigs for the country, is that called the Berkshire, or Chinese; and as many as possible out it to be kept upon every farm (that is, as

nese; and as many as possible ought to be kept upon every farm (that is, as many as will consume all the milk and other remains of the dairy), and which may as will consume at all link and other trains of charry), and when may be fattened in the fall. That lean, hungry, long-legged, long-nosed animal, styled the Canadian pig, ought to be for ever banished. A good breed will produce double the lard, with half of the food. The Chinese, or Berkshire Boar, crossed with the breed of the country, for three or four years, will effect the necessary change.

WAS IT PROVIDENCE?

Take, for example, a young girl, bred delicately in town, shut up in a nurse Take, for example, a young garl, bred deficately in town, start up in a nursery in her childhood, never accustomed to air or exercise—two things that the law of God makes essential to health. She marries: her strength is inadequate to the demand upon it. Her heauty fades early. What a strange providence, that a mother should be taken in the midst of life from her children? Was it Providence? No! Providence had assigned her three score and ten years, a term long enough to rear her children and to see her children's children; but she did not obey the laws on which life depends; and of course she lost it.

she did not obey, the laws on which the depends; and of course she lost it.

A father, too, is cut off in the midst of his days. Lie is a useful and distinguished citizen, and eminent in his profession. A general buzz rises on every side, of 'What a striking providence! This man has been in the labit of studying half the night, of passing his days in his ofice and the courts, of enting luxurious dinners; and of drinking various wines. He has every day violated the laws on which health depends. Did providence cut him off! The evil rarely ends here. The diseases of the father are often transmitted; and a feello mother rarely leaves behind her vigorous children.

It has been outcomers, in course of course fladies to walk in this

It has been customary in some of our cities, for young ladies to walk in thin shoes and delicate stockings in ind-winter. A healthy blooming girl thus dressed in violation of Heaven's laws, pays the penalty—a checked circulation, cold, fever and death: 'What a sad providence!' exclaimed her friends. Was it Providence, or her own useless and sad folly!

"A beautiful young bride, goes night after night, to parties made in honour of her marriage." She has a slight sore throat perhaps, and the weather is inclement; but she must wear her neck and arms bare; for who ever heard of a bride in a close evening dress! She is consequently seized with an inflammation on the lungs, and the grave receives her before her briddl days are overs. Whate a proprieted of recolumns the world. Alsa! Did the not cut the threat of the life of the large of

ENGLAND.

An eminent Landon financier, who has recently returned from a tour through France, has been heard to declare, "I never as a country more prosperous—I never as a people more contented."

Another had an interview of nearly two hours with the Prince President, and he is fully impressed with the opinion, that Louis Napoleon firmly believes he may make France and himself greater and more powerful, by developing her internal resources, repairing her finances, and improving her fiscal system, than she and Napoleon the First were by war. A reduction of the army by 150,000 men is, doubtless, a good carnest of pacific tendencies. The establishment of a great warehousing company, to initiate the introduction of the bonding system, has also been proposed by the President to English capitalists, as a means of dispensing with the octrol system, and of making Paris a great railway entrept for the continent of Europe.

Scarcy of Silver in England, although the mint had issued small silver to the extent of £160,000 since lat of July last. The Queen had issued a proclamation declaring, that silver shall not be a legal tender in the colonies for payment of sums exceeding 40s. Silver coin had hitherto been used in many of the colonies for large payments. This proclamation was doubtless intended to prevent the large export of silver coin to Australia.

Scarcy of Canadan Timber.—We have heard it stated by the rebell flottentots, who were repuised by the states due to the colonies for large payments. The proclamation was doubtless intended to prevent the large export of silver correctly of Canadan Timber.—We have heard it states through the mint had seen twice at the principle of the Country of Canadan Timber.—We have heard it states through the mint had search to experience the large through the mint had issued a proclamation declaring, that silver shall not be a legal tender in the colonies for payment of sums exceeding 40s. Silver coin had hitherto been used in many of the colonies for large payments. This proclamation w

plaint of an increasing occurity of after change in England, air local sets of England, air local sets of England, air local sets of the College of the Coll

FRANCE.

FRANCE.

FRANCE.

BARBADES. Oct. 22.—Fever is on the increase, and the madent occurred a week ago on board a Swedish steamer the Lamart, as it was proceeding from Stockholm to Ystad. In the night a viable time arose, and a large vessel containing sulphuric acid, placed on the dack, was broken. A portion of the corrosive liquor passed through the crevices of the planks, and fell on to a bed in the canhibenesth. In this cabin the Count Eric Chretien de Pontio, Chamberlain to the King of Sweden and Nerway, was sleeping. The acid soon burnt through two blankets and reached the abdomen of the unfortunate gentleman, burning it dreadfully. The gas which cannot have the subject of the s

conveyed to the hospital. Every possible attention was paid to him, has he expived after some hours of horrid suffering. He was only 23 years of age.—Galignani's Messenger.

ANOTHER FARNON ATTEMPT AT ARRIAL NAVIGATION. Another stream are read in avigation was made recently in Paris. A Mr. Giffard comstructed a balloon, of an oblong cylindrical form, about 129 feet in length and 29 feet in diameter in the middle, but amaller towards the ends. At about 20 feet from the balloon was a sort of beam from which was suspended a steam engine of about three horse glower. This steam engine was placed on a sort of platform, and was made to work a triangular sail placed at one and of the heam, and a sort of radder at the other end. The balloon or rising drove before the wind, but the acronaut, by means of the radder and the se, was able to turn one side, and even made a circular movement. This gives him hopes that he will eventually succeed in savigating the sir by means of his machinise; and the spectators even those antifevoursely in glossed to blun, admitted that the thing appeared not to be impossible. The perseversnee with which the reach and access the contract of the great carrial problem certainly the Trench are labouring to solve the great carrial problem certainly the timely arrival of the Enginee prevented their feat the success.

A girl in the country, expected to our changeful climate, gets a new bonnet instead of getting a finned gatment. A rheumation is the consequence. Should the girl oit down tranquilly, with the idea that Providence has sent the rheumation upon her, or should che charge it on her own vanity, and avoid the folly in future? Look, my young friends, at the mass of diseases that are incurred by intemperance in calling and drinking, in study, or in business; by neglect of exercise, shemliness, and pure air; by tight lacing &c., and all is quietly imputed to Providence 1. Is there not implety, as well as ignorance in this? Were the physical law strictly observed from gengration to the frightful diseases that cut life short, and a long list of mabilities that make life a torment or trial. It is the opinion of those who best understand the physical system, that this wonderful machine, the body, this goodly temple, would gradually decay, and men would die, as if fulling asleep."

ENGLAND.

ARMY Movements.—This being the customery period for effecting the reliefs of regiments serving in the Mediterranean, the effecting the reliefs of regiments serving in the Mediterranean, effecting the reliefs of regiments serving in the Mediterranean, the first and 57th Regts, from Ireland to Corfu, to replace the 7th which proceeds to Corfu veiter by observed from gengration to generation, there would be an end to the first and 47th which proceeds to Corfu replace the 49th and 93nd, which proceeds to Corfu.

The Body and The Corfu, to replace the 97th which is to replace the 49th and 93nd, which proceeds to Corfu. To replace the 49th and 10nd, to replace the 49th home. The 20th home. The 20th which proceeds to the Unit bound of the corfus of the 10nd of the first and 47th which proceeds to Carfu.

This being the relief

WEST INDIES.

der aus the terminate of the second in the second in average of the second in a second in a second in a second in the second in a second in the second in t

HASZARD'S GAZETTE

the state Lange and the state of the Lange and t

Comparative Statement of Ad valorem Duty on every £100 Cur-rency value per Invoice, for the years 1852, 1851, and 1840

- 1	1049.							
		1852.			1851.	1849.		
	Canvas Sail Cloth,	£2	0	0	£2 0 0	£2	10	0
	Cordage,	2	0	0	2 0 0	2	10	0
2	Copper,	0	0	0	0 0 0	2	10	0
	Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs of all							
	kinds,	5	0	0	5 0 0	6	0	0
	Molasses, per gallon,	0	0	2	0 0 11	0	0	3
	Pitch,	2	0	0	200	2	10	0
	Rigging,	2	0	0	2 0 0	2	10	0
1	Saus,	2	0	0	200	2	10	0
٠	Brown Sugar, per cwt.,	0	6	0	060	0	9	0
ı	Tar,	2	0	0	2 0 0	2	10	0
1	Tobacco, manufactured, per lb.,	. 0	0	4	0 0 3	0		5
1	" unmanufactured, do.,	0	0	2	0 0 11	0	0	2
ı	Flour (Canadian),	0	0	0	0 5 0	0	8	6
1	Duty on all kinds of Goods.							
1	Wares and Merchandize							
1	not enumerated in the Ta-							
1	riff,	5	0	0	5 0 0	6	0	0

the testimony of all who have used it, as being the best preventative against fire ever known; we would recommend it to the favourable attention of the propte.—New Brunsicker.

POSTAUR ON PARTHERS—It may be interesting to our Readers to know the Postage on Pamphlets is two pence an onnee all over the Province, and we suppose all over British America.

Salx of Spirits in Passenger Ships.—There is a clause in the new British Passenger Act, to the effect that if any passenger ship, shall, during the voyage, directly sell, or cause to be sold, any spirits or strong waters to any passenger, he shall be liable for every such offence to a penalty not exceeding £20, nor less than £5.

The Steamer Rose ceased running of the 3rd inst., eince which time the Schr. Lee, Gallant, has been carrying the Mails to Pictoa. She brought the usual Colonial and American Mails—the English Mails not having arrived in Halifax, at the time of her departure.—After the 16th instant, the Mails will be forwarded by the Winter Route, via Cape Traverse and Cape Tormentine

Dec. 7.—Schr. Favourite, Gillis, Boston; oats.

—Brigt. Nugget, Bale, Newfoundland; produce—by W. Heard.

— Peri, McLeod, Barbadoes; do.—by D. Davies.
—Schr. Mary Ellen. Forrestall, Halifax; do.—by John A. Macdonald.

denald.

Phensant, Cameron, Alexandria, U. S.; do.
Garland, Smith, Boston; produce.

Eudeville, Jones, Pugwash; goods.
Gazelle, Beaton, St John, N. B.; oats.
Eliza, Gillis, St John's, N. F.; produce.
Pursuit, Murdoch, Boston; do.
Velocity, Mcl'herson, Pugwash; bal. 10 14

ANTIGONISHE, Nov 26.—The Brig Scotia, Captain Dakin, of Digby, from Pteton for Pembroke. State of Maine, with a cargo of cuals, was lost in the gafe of the 24th, on 4he north side of Pompket Island, having previously struck on Cape Jack Ledges; (crew saved—vessel total wreck—cargo much wasted—sale of vessel, materials and cargo 3d proximo) Too much

For the weel

METEORO

Lowett (11th.) 30.25 29.46 WIND AT

Tu. 7 S light do. W. 8 S E fresh do.

Th. 9 W light air. Fri. 10 S S E mod. bree

Sat. 11 N E light air.

Charlo Beef, (small) pr lb.
do., by quarter,
Fork,
do., (small)
Mutton,
Lamb, per lb.
Veal, per ll.,
Ham, per lb.,
Sausages, per lb.
Codfish, per qtl.,
Turkeys, each,
Fowls,
Ducks, each,
Partridges,
Eggs, per dozen,
Cheese,

> Satur FLOUR, per lb., OATMEAL, per lb.,

flour

THOSE Members of the of its Continuance, rance Hall, THIS EV o'clock precisely. Dec. 14, 1852.

Discovery
THE Subscriber has
that he has comple
FALL
by the prival of the Ma unusually low prices for C of Dry Goods from Halif of Dry Goods from Halif-their advantage to examin they comprise almost ever and a larger assortment o lottetown. They consist blue Beaver, Pilot and V blue Superfine Cloths; ch and Kerseys; Elephant, Bi-blue, checked and green A blue and black LION'S I black Orleans. Delinears. black Orleans, Delaines Alpacas; black, watered black, brown and shot Gro Oriental, black Satis and i

Certa Cons T BECOMES every m Parties who have Insure SURANCE OFFICE,

rear.
The Capital of the Comdred per cent., within the Persons wishing to join! Policies expire at the end of Blank forms of be obtained at the Secre STREET.

Prince Edward TO-MORROW (Wed Hon. CHARLES Y cond Lecture to the Memb Visiting Brethren, on the I A full and punctual atte

Charlottetown, Dec. 14

Temper Temper
spectfully informed,
Temperance Hall, on Tiject of this Tea is to defray
the Band belonging to the!
The Tables are to be far
of a number of ladies.
Tickets 1s. 6d. each n
Eq., Mesars, G. T. Hasze
the Secretary.
Tes on the Table at 5 o'
The Band will be in att
expect a rich treat.

December 14, 1852.

N. B.—An early applier number only will be issued

American Boot Now Landing fr AME

BOO DAIRS B
Ladies
Misses' India
Women's I'eq
Gents' Long
Men's Comms
Boys' Long tl
Children's an
Men's thick!
American Cle
billity
Cotton Sheeti
Dried' Apples
Barrela of A₁
A large lot of
Chea CONSI

DELAN

At GILL Det. 6, 1852

I've on thirly say, that we have had Indian ed. For sen days previous to Sunday, the someonity mild for the senson, with a intervals of exceedingly pleosant westign nelvos of the opportunity to extend the keepers, generally speaking, banked up gainst the approaching ords Senson. Simulan an unstatable charge, the ground a the smore is now falling fast with jevery for some time.

med running of the 3rd inst., since which int, has been carrying the Mulls to Picton elemial and American Mulls—the English in Halifax, at the time of her departure.—In Mulls will be forwarded by the Winter and Cape Tonnentine.

on of the Episcopal Sunday School, st, the 19th inst., at the Infant School he parents and friends of the children

inst., the friends of Religious Education, to attend the Annual Infant School Exa. m. et , at 4 o'clock, the friends of the chilare requested to attend at the Temperance plars will be admitted by Ticket to the crease Band will be in attendance, and a up in aid of the Church Clothing Fund.

ing of the Members of the Dio teld on Tuesday, the 28th instant.

Alarried.

Estauritu.

th December, instent, by the Rev. David
s of St. Paul's, Frederick W. Hales, Eq.,
i Ellen Stewart, eldest daughter of the
C. L., Rector of Charlotte Parish.
nst., by the Rev. Dr. Jenkins, Rector of
cken, Esq., to Laura, daughter of Com-

he 7th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Snodgrasa, 1 McLeed, both of Murray Harbour. ev G. D. Carrow, of the first Methodist II. Parkin, formerly of P. E. Island, to ighter of Wm. Johns, Esq., St. Clair, Pen-

Died,

residence in Cove Head, after a long and here with resignation to the Divine will, to 52d year of his age. He has left a to lanuent his loss.

to lament his loss.

COMMUNICATED.]
L. Peter's Road, on Wednesday the 5th se late Mr. Donald Stuart, in the 67th year was 35 years a consistent member of the dto all who had the pleasure of her acto her children whose spiritent welfare he nost maternal saxiety. From the first to her children whose spiritest welfare be most maternal satisty. From the first of short duration, she was impressed with last sickness, and expressed her entire re-trangement, anticipating the deep spirites , where there is fulness of joy and plea-

grave, but we will not deplore thee, ransom, thy guardian, thy guide; ok thee, and he will restore thee, ing since the Saviour has died.

Dassengers.

on Friday, Dec. 3, G. W. DeBlois, Esq.; Adam Fyfe, McDonald, McInnes, Trenatyre, ant, moster, from Pictou, the 11th inst., ock and Warren.

of Charlottetown. ENTERED : acdenald, Richibucto; bal.

acdonald, Picton; coal. iewell, Boston; goods. int, Picton; mails. McPherson, Boston; general cargo CLEARED : , Gillis, Boston; oats. Bale, Newfoundland; produce-by W.

eod, Barbadoes; do.—by D. Davies. Forrestall, Halifax; do.—by John A.Mac-

Cameron, Alexandria, U.S.; do.

Cameron, Alexandria, U. S.; o Smith, Boston; produce. Jones, Pugwash; goods. Seaton, St. John, N. B.; oats. is, St. John's, N. F.; produce. Surdoch, Boston; do. Mcl'herson, Pugwash; bal.

Ship News.

16.—The Brig Scotia, Captain Dakin, of for Pembroke. State of Maine, with a st in the gale of the 24th, on the north having previously struck on Cape Jack -vessel total wreck-cargo much wasted rials and cargo 3d proximo) Too much ided Mr. Elisha W. Randall, of Little trepidity and perseverance in saving the uck about 8 o'c ock, at night, on a reef s to lhe westward of the island, and the it terrible night, and the following day on her decks, exposed to the trem on her decks, exposed to the tremendous trm of rain and snow—having lost their te ledge at Capo Jack. So violent was above, that no boat dare put out; but Mr. at the crew must perish during another hree or four resolute young men, at the swn lives, to go to the assistance of the a boat, which was almost immediately ein her bottom. Nothing daunted, Mr. e boat with old canvass that had flor a boat with old canvase that had floated sailed over it, and put off again. More succeeded in catching a line floated from ad finding it impossible either to approach the men ashore through the rocks and reco of his ears, about 150 fathous to — while each of the crew (10 in number) the line to his belt; matched a favore. the line to his body, watched a favorane wave reached, leaped overboard, and
it, in a state of exhaustion, and laid in
ain remained until all the rest were reslike manner, drawn into the boat.
I and humanity should be noticed, and
Sun.

ARLOTTETOWN.

Superior first-class A 1, first-sailing Barque R ALEXANDER, 309 time, Captain isb, will sail from Liverpool, G. B., on the ril, 1853 This Barque has comfortable ABIN and STEERAGE PASSEN. trade between this Port and Liverpot public patronage, seeinge, moderate, s, please enquire of Mesars. D. Cannot and the property of Mesars.

please enquire of Messre. D. Cannon, or to the Owner, W. W. LORD. 4, 1852, 10w.

ED WITH ME oad, near Mr. Dawson's Tavern, a Block ning a small amount of Money. The owner roperty, and paying expenses by applying

MALCOLM M'AULAY,

METEOROLOGICAL JOURNAL. For the week ending December 4, 1852.

THERMOMETER BAROMETER. Daily Mean. Lowett (11th.) Lowest (9,10th,) 29.89 38.6 30.25 52.0 29.46 Dec WIND AT WEATHER. Overcast with rain. Sun. 5 S S E mod. broeze. Mon. 6 N N E fresh do. Overcast with rain.
Do. till uoon; cloudy till 3 p. m.
then b'ue sky.
Blue sky with occasional passing
clouds till 6 p. m. then overcast &
cloudy.
Overcast and cloudy with rain till 3 p. Tu. 7 S light do. W. S E Fresh do. m. then blue sky with occasional passing clouds and aurora is even-ing. Slue sky with occasional passing

Charlottetown Markets.

Do. do. till 6 p. m. then over-cast with rain.

Overcast with rain at intervals.

Exchange 50 per cent., on Sterling. SATURDAY, Dec. 11, 1852.

GEORGE LEWIS, Market Clerk.

flour and Aleal Market. Salurday, December 4, 1852.

OATMEAL, per lb., . PATRICK GILLIGAN, Clerk.

NOTICE.

HOSE Members of the Me of its Continuance, will please meet together at the Temperance Hall, THIS EVENING, (Tuesday) at half-past eight o'clock precisely. CHARLES YOUNG, President.

Th. 9 W light air.

Sat. 11 N E light air.

Fri. 10 S S E mod. breeze.

Discovery of Sir John Franklin.

THE Subscriber has much pleasure in announcing to the public that he has completed his

FALL STOCK OF GOODS, by the private of the Mary Ellen from Halifax, and will sell at unusually low prices for Cash, this leing about the last importation of Dry Goods from Halifax, intending purchasers will find it to their advantage to examine them before purchasing elsewhere, as they comprise almost every article in the DRY GOODS LINE, and a larger assortment of some kinds, than can be found in 'harlottelown. They consist in past of 45 pieces black, brown and blue Beaver, Pilot and Whitney CLOTHS; black, brown and blue Beaver, Pilot and Whitney CLOTHS; black, brown, blue, checked and green American SATTINETS; drab, brown, blue and black LION SKIN; 100 pieces printed, coloured and black Orleans, Delaines, Cashnieres, Coburgs, Lastres and Alpacas; black, watered and embossed Orleans, Stot Lustres; black, brown and shot Groa de Naples; purple and black watered Oriental, black Satia and fancy Vesting, &c. &c.

JOHN ANDREW M. DONALD.

December 14.

DIOTIET. DIOTIET. T BECOMES every man to save what he can of the above ar-

Parties who have Insured their Property at the MUTUAL IN-SURANCE OFFICE, have saved Fifty per Cent., the last

year.

The Capital of the Company has increased very nearly One hundred per cent., within the last Twelve months.

Persons wishing to join had better commence with the year—gil Policies expire at the end of each year.

Blank forms of Application, and other information, can be obtained at the Secretary and Treasurer's Office, KENT-STREET.

Prince Edward Division, S. of T., No. 1. TO-MORROW (Wednesday) Evening, the 15th instant, the Hon. Charles Young, P. G. W. P. will deliver his second Lecture to the Members of the Prince Edward Division and Visiting Brethren, on the Pleasures of Science.

A full and punctual attendance is requested.

W. BENDLE, R. S.

Charlottetown, Dec. 14, 1852.

Temperance Tea Party.

THE friends of Temperance and the Public generally, are respectfully informed, that there will be a TEA PARTY in the Temperance Hall, on Thursday, the 30th proxime. The object of this Tea is to defray the expenses incurred for the Taition of the Band belonging to the Order of the Sons of Temperance.

The Tables are to be furnished gratuitously through the kindness of a number of ledies.

a number of ladies. Tickets 1s. 6d. each may be had at the stores of H. Stamper, eq., Messrs, G. T. Haszard, J. J. Pippy J. W. Morrison, and of e Secretary. Ten on the Table at 5 o'clock, p. m. The Band will be in attendance, when the lovers of Music may

expect a rich treat. G. R BEER, Sec'y. N. B.—An early application for Tickets is requested, as a limited number only will be issued. December 14, 1852.

American Boots, and Shoes, Chairs, &c.

Now Landing from Boston, a further supply of AMERICAN GOODS, CONSISTING IN PART OF

DAIRS BOOTS and SHOES
Ladies' India Rubber Boots
Misses' India Rubber Boots
Women's Peg'd Buskins
Gents' Long Grained Boots
Men's Common thick Boots
Boys' Long thick Boots
Children's small Boots
Men's thick Brigans
American Clothe, noted for their
billity
Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings
Dried Apples

Cotton Sheetings une Dried Apples Barrels of Apples and Onions A large lot of Chairs, in great variery, Cheap for CAssa.

GEORGE B GEORGE BEER, jun.,

Charlottetown, Dec. 6, 1852. 3w.

CHAN HORE THE RES FOR SALE.

At GILLIGAN'S Dave Store. Dot. 6, 1852.

Glasgow and Manchester House.

DAVID WILSON

No. 3. Richmond street,

No. 3. Richmond street,

AS just received per Brig Alexander from Liverpool, and other arrivals from Halifax, a large addition to his
very extensive STO K of

BRITISH, EAST INDIA, AMERICAN, and

WEST INDIA GOODS,

WEST INDIA GOODS,
Among which he begs particularly to recommend to notice, a very choice selection of articles suitable for the Season, consisting of—Woollen Shawls, Tweeds, Orleans, Scotch Tartans, Ernine Cloaking, Black Lace Flouncing, Lady Mayorees and Duckees Shawls, Cashnere Dresses, Woollen Broad Cloths, of all colours, Flannels, Bed Quilts, Great Coats, Blankets, Carpeting, Marseilles Counterpanes, &c., &c.

A general assertment of Tens, Losf, Crushed and Brown Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Sunff, Drugs, Uils, Window Glass, Crockeryware, Glassware, Fancy Soaps, Confectionery &c., &c., all of which he offers at unprecedented low prices for prompt payment. No. 3, Richmond Street, Nov. 16, 1832.

LIGHT! LIGHT!! LIGHT!!!

Real Sporm, Price's Belmont Sporm, Composite, and Tallow CANDLES!

For Sale by the Package, Cheap for **മുന്നു** at A. & J. DUNCAN & Co's.

4852

PORTER and ALE, &c. Just Landing per Schooner ' EUDEVILLE,' from Halifaz

DOZENS GUINESS'S DUBLIN PORTER, (a good article) ALSO, ON HAND,

Port and Sherry WINE
Dark and Pale BRANDY
Hollands GIN
Burning FLUID and PaleSeal OIL. All are warranted to be of a Superior quality, for Sale low by

Dec. 6. 4in. R.G. & Isl.

NO. 6.) QUEEN SQUARE, (NO. 6. CHARLES SAUNDERS

WOULD respectfully thank his friends and numerous customers, for the very flattering share of patronage which they have afforded him since his commencement in business; and begaleave to acquaint them, that he has just received from Halifax, per Schooner Elizabeth Ann, a large and well-selected assortment of

Fancy Goods and Groceries, suitable for the season, consisting of—
CLOTHS, comprising Tweeds, Docskins, Lionskin, and Whitney,
with trismings of all descriptions; Ladies' fancy and serviceable Gnods, viz., Alpachab, Mohairs, Muslin Delaines, Printed
Cottons, Cloaking, and Lyonese Cloth; Cashmere and Woollen
Shawls; Stays. Gloves, and Hose; white and red Flannels,
Blankets, and Bed Ticking; Fancy Silks, Silk Handkerchiefs,
Silk and Cotton Velvets, Neck Ties, Stocks, Mufflers and Comforters; white, striped, and grey Cottons, and Cotton Warp. itable for the season, consisting of-

Liquors and Groceries. Choice Cognac Brandy, and Jamaica Spirits.
Tea, Tobacco, Coffee, Molasses, Sugar, Raisins, Soap, and Can-

A few boxes superior Digby Herrings.
Also, on hand, a few sets of good HARNESS. The above Goods will be sold at unusually low prices, for ash, and good Produce.

All persons indebted to the Subscriber, are requested to make

Cheap! Cheaper!! Cheapest!!! At the MANCHESTER HOUSE, ANO. 4, Grafton Street,

HDHE W. CHOODEDWS Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery & Glasswares American and West India Goods and Groceries, are now opening for Sale at very low rates for Cash.

JOHN ARCHIBALD MACDONALD. December 2, 1852.

FALL SUPPLY. THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE, A GENERAL ASSORTMENT

British Manufactured Goods, Millinery, itish Manuscotured &c., &c., &c., Just arrived per Barque Sir Alexander, from England. WM. HEARD.

Great George Street, Oct. 12, 4852.

MPORTED and for Sale by the Sabscriber, the following

"Irish National School Books;"

also, a large quantity of others, suitable for the Island. Has constantly on hand a good assortment of Stationery, &c., &c.

First Book of Lessons; Second Book of Lessons,

Third ""Fourth""

Fifth "Female Reading Book,

Compendium of Geography; Irish Grammar,

First Book of Arithmetic, and Key for do.,

Lessons on the Truth of Christianity,

Set Tablet Lessons, Arithmetic; Set Tablet Lessons, Spelling

Set Copy Lines; Wright's Map.

HENRY STAMPER.

HENRY STAMPER.

Nov. 15, 1852. (All the papers-1m) Books-Bought, Sold, or Exchanged!

THE Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to the (readin Public of P. E. Island, that he has his residence next to the T Public of P. E. Island, that he has his residence next to that of Thomas Pethics. Esq., and hopes to have the pleasure of offering for their inspection, a large number of New and Second-hand BOOKS, in various languages. As, during the last few years, he has disposed of nearly 16,000 Volumes, he trusts, from the increased intelligence of the times, and the further facility of having his books in Charlottetown, to be the means of more largely diffusing a mass of eatertaining and useful knowledge.

He also wishes to say, that he continues the business of CABINET and CHAIR MAKING.—Upwards of 3000 feet of Mahogany VENEER for Sale.

Charlottetown, Nov. 22, 1852,

Cheap! Cheap! Cheap for Cash!! GENERAL RIPOSITORY

BRITISH MERCHANDIZE 188 group Friends, and the Public, the ARRIVAL OF THEIR

STOCK OF GOODS comprising almost every article in the Trade; which are now open for inspection, and having been selected on very favorable terms, will be

Sold at extremely Low Prices for C.A.S.H!! An easily call will be to the advantage of present Par-Dorchester-et., Oct. 26, 1862.

H. J. CALLBECK'S

NEW STORE, Sidney Street, adjoining the premises occupied by Charles Destroev, Esq. J. CALLBECK, in respectfully announcing his removal, from Dorchester Street, to Sidney Street, as above indicated, avails himself of the opportunity to return his sincere thanks to his friends and the Publir, for the encouraging patronage, which they have bestowed upon him since he commenced besieses in Charlottetown; and, whilst he respectfully solicits a continuance of their favours, he, at the same time, takes leave to invite them to an inspection of his

Fall Supply of GOODS. These Goods have been selected with much regard to quality and the requirements of the season, and purchased on advantageous terms; and he can therefore confidently recommend, and offer them, to his customers, at the lowest prices for Cash. They comprise a large assortment of

assortment of Prints, Coburgs, Alpacas, Cashmeres, Silks, Poplins, Cloak-ings in variety, Mohairs or Lion-skin Cloths, Muslins, Laces, Ribbons, Triumings, Shawls, Polka Jackets, Caps, Veils, Bounets, Fent Dresses, and Patch-work;

Gents' HATS and CAPS in variety;
BROAD CLOTHS,—Whitney, Beaver, Pilot, and Reversible;
Do. Doeskins; Ready-made COATS and VESTS; India Rubber Coats and Leggings; Carpetings and Druggets; Bags and Bagging; Blankets; White Coloured Flannels;

British and American Warp;

British and American Warp;

SOLE and UPPER LEATHER;

GROCERIES—Molasses, Teas, Sugar, Coffee, Raisins, Currants, Mustard; Ginger, Vinegar, Saleratus, Washing and Baking Soda, &c., &c.;

Logwood, red and yellow, and other Dyes;

HARDWARE—Hon, cast and blistered Steel, Tea-kettles,

Pots, Pans, cat and wrought NALLS, Catlery, &c.;

Paints and Oil; Weavers' Reeds; Small Wares;

MEDICINES—Castor Oil, Vermifuge, &c., &c.

WARS 28 1826.

(All the papers, 3w.) PRIME! PRIME! PRIME!

American Baldwins, Greenings and Russet APPLES.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his customers and friends that he has received per Eliza, Echo and Garland, his FALL SUPPLY of

SUPPLY of American Goods,
comprising Baldwin, Greening, and Russet Apples, selected from one of the best Orchards in the United States—please
Call and Try
Before you Buy.

ALSO,

AMERICAN CHAIRS—consisting of Rocking, Nursery and Parloar Chairs, cane bottoms; 60 dozen Wood Chairs, 20 dozen Pails, Corn Brooms, Nests of Tubs, Boxes Clothes Pins, Grass and Sleigh Mats, Corn Whisps, Knife Trays, Willow Carriages, Bareaus, Wash Stands, Toilet Tubles, Bed Room Sinks, Looking Glasses, Bedsteads with Cane Mattresses to match, Fluid Lamps, &c. &c. which he will dispose of at the lowest figure.

Nov. 29, 1862. [Id.] H. W. LOBBAN.

New Fall Goods Just Arrived -AT THE-

LONDON HOUSE

THE Subscriber begs to announce the arrival of his fall Importation of British and American Goods, comprising a large assortment of Dress Stuffs, Ladies' Mantles, Silka, Satina, Ribbons, Gloves and Prints; ready-made Clothing in great variety; water proof and Seal skin Casts; Cloths, Pilot, Beaver, superfine broad Clothe, Doeskins and Tweeds, and a large assortment of the newest Styles. Shirtings, White, Twilled and Plain, Regatta, do.: Carpetings; Hearth Rugs; Boots and Shoes of every kind; a general assortment of Hardware and Greceries; Hats and Cape in every style; Furs in the latest shapes, tog-ther with a varied assortment of other Goods, which will be sold at the lowest Cash price. The British Goods were carefully selected by the subscriber himself, at the different Markets in England, and purchased on the best terms, and can therefore, be confidently recommended to his Customers.

H. HASZARD, St. George Street, Oct. 4, 1862.

St. George Street, Oct. 4, 1852.

Please call at Please call at

(BRECKEN'S BUILDINGS.)

THE Scheciber begs to inform his friends in Town and Country, that he has commenced business at No. 3, Queen Street (lately occupied by Mr. W. C. Dechman), where he offers for Sale, at very low prices, for CASH, a

A large and General Assortment satisfable for the Season, consisting of DRY GOODS. HARD-

A BEITGE BRIG GENERAL ASSORTMENT suitable for the Season, consisting of—DRY GOODS, HARD-WARE, CHINA, EARTHENWARE, JEWELRY, & GROCERIES, in great variety, and hopes, by cheapness and penetuality, to give satisfaction to all who may favour him with their patronage.

I W MORRISON

J. W. MORRISON. Charlottetown, Nov. 15, 1852.

Mrs. Forsyth

OULD respectfully intimate to the Ladies of Charlottetow
and its vicinity, and of the Island in general, that she ha just received a Evall Supply.

of all articles in her line. Some very handsome Embroidered Dresses, Artificial Flowers, and Patterns of Berlin Work, will be found to merit inspection; Ladies' Cambric Handkerchiefs, Alpacas, and a variety of other articles in the Millinery line, of the best fabric and finest quality, cheap for Cash.

Charlottetowa, Nov. 15, 1852.

Per Schooner "EMILY," from Halifax, HAS received his FALL SUPPLY of GENUINE

British Drugs and Medicines,
Including every thing in his line: French and English Perfumery,
Toilet Requisites, Hair Oils, Pomades, Cleuver's Circassian
Cream, Befialo Oil, Honey, Pomatem, Patey & Co's. Cold
Cream; a large assortment French Soaps, Tooth, Cloth, and
Nail Brushes, and a large variety of superior Hair Brushes.
All kinds Spices and Essences for flavouring; Candied Lemon,
Orange and Citron Peel. Sangner's Mustard in 4th Tins, and
a great variety of Pickles and Sauces. Among his large supply of Confectionery are Cod Liver Oil Lozenges, in Tins, at
9d. each; Acidulated Pine Apple, Jargonelle Pear, and Raspberry Drops, Hermetically Sealed, to preserve the flavour.
A large assortment of Fancy and Miscellaneous Articles, Musical
Instruments, &c., and many articles suitable for presents for
the approaching New Year; all kins of fresh Fruit, Figs, Rsisins, Nuts, Prunes, &c.

INF FLUID, &c., just landing from Boston.
Medical Warehouse, Dalrymple's Corner,
November 29, 1852. British Drugs and Medicines.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the Public generally, that he has opened a Mercantile Business in the Store recently occupied by Mr. Horarto Wesstra, situated in Poumal Street, where he intends keeping constantly on hand, a Store recently occupied by Mr. Horatio Webster, situated in Powmal Street, where he intends keeping constantly on hand, peneral assortment of Horation of the Public, and hopes to give general satisfaction to any who may favour him with a call. N. B. A large supply of Gig Harness, &c. always on hand, ogether with a fine assortment of Leather, which will be cut to

SAMUEL COLLINGS.

Sept. 28, 1852. THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform their friends, they are established in the City of Bosrow as General Commission Merchants.

General Commission Merchants.

are prepared, with the usual facilities, to receive and sell all descriptions of Merchandize, on the most favourable terms. They also purchase and ship all description of Merchandize, and from daily experience in the Market, will enable them to meet the wishes of their friends.

The consignments of VESSELS for SALE, FREIGHT, or CHARTER, will receive prompt attention. Insurance of all Property effected on the lowest terms. From long experience in Foreign and Domestic Trade, we confidently effect our services in all the departments of a General MERCANTILE BUSINESS.

THOMAS SLEATER & CO.

THOMAS SLEATER & CO.

Boston, Sopt. 24, 1852.

Winter Arrangement of Mails.

THE MAILS for transmission to the assiphouring Previous Newfoundland and the United States, during the ease Winter, will be made up every THURSDAY at soon, commenting on Thursday, the 16th December; and the Mails for Englawill be made up on that day and on the days following: —
Thursday, January 13. Thursday, March 11.
Thursday, January 12. Thursday, Harch 25.
Thursday, February 10. Thursday, April 7.
Thursday, February 24.
THOMAS OWEN.

THOMAS OWEN,

Letters for the Cape of Good Hope, Australia and India, via the Cape of Good Hope, will require to be forwarded on the 13th January and 11th March.

General Post Office, Nov. 29, 1852. Education.

REV. WM. STEWART, Georgetown, is desirous to have a few young gentlemen wishing to be instructed in the Classics and Mathematics.
Terms will be moderate, for particulars of which, apply at his Office.

Medical Notice.

Mr. H. B. HILLCOAT,

MEMBER of the Royal College of Surgeons of England—lately arrived from England, having taken the Cottage formerly
occupied by the late Joseph Webster, Merchant, situated on
the Road close to the Boundary Line, between Prince and Queen's
Counties, a mile from Crapaud, can be consulted daily in all the
Branches of his Profession, between the hours of 9 a. m., and 2.
p. m.

Patients requiring Dr. HILLCOAT'S attendance at their own

Patients requiring Dr. HILLCOAT'S attendance at their own homes, will receive prompt attention, regardless of distance, at any hoar, Night or Day.

Dr. HILLCOAT'S terms will be found very moderate; and where parties are really unable to pay in CASH, PRODUCE of all kinds and TRADE, will be taken as payment.

Medicines of the best description, chiefly from Apothecaries' Ha!, England, will be always kept on hand.

November 16, 1852.

3in.

Fruit! Fruit!! Fruit!!!

Just received from New York and Halifax Barreceived from New York and Halifax
ARRELS APPLES, Russets, for family use
Oranges, Lemons, Dates, Pranes, &c.,
Fresh Figs, Turkey and Malaga
Fresh Currants and Raisins in boxes, half-boxes, and qr.boxes
A few boxes Quinces
Dried Apples and Peaches
Bags Nuts, Wall, Hazel, & Brazil
Jordan Almonds and preserved Pruits.

For Sule at GILLIGAN'S Drug Store.
Dec. 6, 1852. WHOLESALE.

William Elliott & Co., P BOSTON, United States, Merchant, have constantly on hand at Charlottetown, P. E. Island, a large supply of the following articles which will be disposed of as low as they can possibly be imported for viz:—
Tea, Chocolate, Cocoa, Crushed Sugar, Coffee, Sugar, Muscovado, Sugar, Molasses, Flour. Navy Bread, Choese, Spirits, Vinegar, Candles, Soap, Tobacco, Rosin, Pich, Tar, Buckets and Tubs, &c.

Please apply to their Agent,
HENRY PALMER.

Mulligatawney Paste,

Mulligatawney Paste for Fish, Curry Paste

for Meats, Anchovy and Shrimp do., Curry Powder, Mixed Pickles,

Imperial mixed do., Cauliflower, Girkins, White and brown Onions,

Piccalilli, Red Cabbaga, Walants, Chilies, Capsicums, Gaava

Jelly and Marmalade, Orange and Lemon Marmalade, Pranes in

Bottles, Crystallized Apricots, Greengages, Pears and Pine Apples,

Pears in Syrup, Boxes and Jars Canton Ginger, Lemon Pickle,

Chili and Tarragon Vinegar, French and Champagne do., erry

supe ior; French Olives; Soho, Reading, John Bull, Tomato,

King of Oude, Mogul or Chetna, Worcester, Sir Robert Peel,

Harvey's, and Soyer's Sauces; Soyer's Relish, India Soy, Essence

of Shrimps, Essence of Anchovies, Salad Cream, Lucca Oil—in

pint and half pint fiarcy Decanters, Cayenne Vinegar, Raspberry

do., India Mangoes, Capers, Red and black Currant Jelly, West

India Tamarinds; Prepared Orange, Lemon, Panch, and Noyeau

Jelly; Anchovies, Sardines, Essences for flavoring, Prepared

Cochineal, Tous les Mois, Hard's Farinaceous Food, Custard

Powder, Baking do., Orange Flower Water, Rose do., Mised

Spice, Cayenne Pepper, Dried Chilies, Mushroom Catsup, Wal
nut do., Candico Peels, Maccaroni, Vernicelli, Gelatine, Cut

leinglass, Basket Salt, Durham Mustard — in bottles and kegs,

Double Glo'ster Cheese, 'Treacle, &c. &c. &c.

WM. R. WATSON.

Reddin's New Building, Queen Street,

June 7, 1852.

Reddin's New Building, Queen Street,

Atificial Slate and Metallic Paint. Atimcial State and Metallic Paint.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, agents for P. E. Island, beg to acquaint the public, that they keep on hand, a large Supply of these superior paints, which will be sold by the Pound, or the Hundred weight. They have also just received a quantity GROUND IN LINSEED OIL, put up in Packages of 28 and 36 Pounds.

GEO. T. HASZARD, Queen Square.

KENNETH M'KENZIE, Pownal Street.

Scow adrift.

Picked up adrift outside of the Block House, a 8 c o w. about 30 feet long, with an Anchor. The Owner can have by paying expenses, on applying to
Block House, Nov. 29. GUNNER COATES.

A Stray Red STEER, rising 3 years old, white face, middling sized horns standing outward, the top of the right ear cut out half moon on the under side, left car slit, and the under side cut off. hind feet and belly white. The owner can have the property by paying expenses, by applying to

DONALD McLEOD.

Lot 67, Anderson's Road, Dec. 4, 1852. National Loan Fund Life and Equitable Fire Insurance Companies of London.

Incorporated by Acts of Parliament. DOARD of DIRECTORS of Fire Insurance for P. E. Island.
T. H. Haviland, Esq., Hon. Charles Hensley, P. Longworth, Esq., Robert Hutchinson, Esq., Thomas Dausson, Esq.
Detached Risks taken at considerably reduced premium.
Forms of Application, and all other information, may be obtained from the Subscriber, at his Office, Charlottelown. L. W. GALL, Agent.

LIVERY STABLES,
THE SUBSCRIBER intends keeping good Horses, Sleighs,
Carriages, &c., which he offers to the Public for hire on low
rms, for Cash.

erms, for Cash.

Also, good Stabling, and the greatest care taken with
hose Horses committed to his charge.

Residence near the Temperance Hall, Grafton Street.

WILLIAM JAKEMAN. Mr. JAKEMAN, would take the opportunity of informi numerous Customers, whose Debts have been some time sta that he would feel obliged by their making an early settl and those having accounts against him will please forward the

January 5, 1852. TTO LET, for a Term of years, as may be agree upon, with immediate possession, if required that well known DWELLING HOUSE, late in the occupation of ANDREW DUNCAN, Esq. Application to be made at the Store of Octuber 1, 1859.

October 1, 1852. For Sale, or to Let,
THE DWELLING-HOUSE, Out-house, and Premises,
Lot of LAND, in Georgetown, No. 8, Third Range, Le
B. Application to be made to D. Wilson, Charlottetown, o WILLIAM SANDERSON, Esq., Georgetown.

D TO THE REY. L. C. JENKINS, RECTOR, SPORE BY A WALK IN THE CHURCHYARD NEAR CHARLOTTETOWN.

As pensively I wander here
And cast a slance around,
How many names, to mem'ry dear,
Familiar once—are found:
How many Epitaphs I see—
Where dreamless sleepers lie,
Which Which preach this truth impres

Tread softly over those that sleep
Beneath the funeral yew!—
Ye mourning friends, for friends who weep,
This is the place for you;
But thoughtless ones, with footsteps rude
This scene so sacred, fly!—
Or learn, when hither ye intrude,
That you were born to die.

Here poverty with grandeur must Repose, when life is done,— Lie earth to carth, and dust to dust, As spoils which death has won: Ah! why should Pride with feolish scorn Roll round its haughty eye?—
The proudest man! and beggar born!
Are born alike, to die!

Howe'er distinct in life they were, Howe'er distinct in life they were,
'They've no distinction here!
Save polish'd stones which here and there
More beautiful appear;
But Monuments, or rude or grand!
As Time goes wasting by,
Moulder beneath his crumbling hand
And, falling prostrate, lie!

Dark and uncertain were our fears
Did we no further know—
Our eyes might well with bitter tears
Of sorrow overflow;
But in the sacred page we see
Celestial visions bright
Of "life" and "immortality,"
Brought out in Gospel light!

All christians who beneath this ground Are in "corraption sowa," At the last trumpet's awful sound By God's Archangel blown—Shall rise, and evermore endare, Above yon azure sky! "Their bodies, as their spirits pure, No "second death" shall die!

Kent Street Seminary, Dec. 5, 1852.

P. L. J.

THE OLD MAN'S, GIFT. 'Twas a beautiful gift from a white-haired man, To his white-haired brother sending, A staff for the weary to Jean upon,
As his steps to the grave were tending.

And he felt that nature requires support,

Ere she sleeps on the lap of her mother;

And he knew that a branch from his childhead's home Would sustain him, as would no other.

Bearing his spirit through days lang syne, To scenes of freshness and beauty,
When the friends of his youth around him smiled,
And life seemed a pleasant duty.

And friends still live, else why this gift, From a dear and distant brother Tis a simple thing, yet it speaks to the heart, As the voice of a gentle mother.

O ! love in life's morn is beautiful, More beautiful at even; May it bear ye both as a faithful staff, To the pearly gates of Heaven.

Darieties.

VARIETY OF SENTIMENT IN THE HEART.

Attorney, to receive and give the necessary discharges for the same, and all Persons to whom the same and give the necessary discharges for the same.

We know nothing, or next to nothing of the structure of our souls, so we cannot account for these seeming caprices in them, that one should be patientarly pleased with this thing, or struck with that, which on minds of a different cast, make no extraordinary impression. I have favourite flowers in spring—among which are the mountain daisy, the harebell, the fox-glove, the wild briar rose, the budding birch, and the hoary hawthorn—that I view and hang over them with particular delight. I never hear one loud solitary without feelingible elevation of soil, like the enthusiasm of devotion or postry. Tell me, my dear friend, to what can this be owing? Are we a piece of machinery, which, like the Ediliah harp, passive, takes the impression of the passing accident? or do these workings argue something within us above the tradden clod? I own myself partial to such proofs of those awful and important realities—a God that made all things, a man's immaterial and immortant nature, and world of weal or we beyond death and the grave.—Burns.

EQUALITY.—The different ranks and orders of machiner to be only important, with a partial ranks and orders of machinery to be added to the second of the passing accident? or do these workings argue something within us above the tradeden clod? I own myself characteristics—a God that made all things, a man's immaterial and immortal nature, and world of weal or we beyond death and the grave.—Burns.

Notice.

LL Persons who are indebted to me for business done at the found of weal or we beyond death and the grave.—Burns.

Notice.

LL Persons who are indebted to me for business done at the found of weal or we beyond death and the grave.—Burns.

Notice.

LL Persons who are indebted to me for business done at the found; for my visiting the property of the formation, and give the indeption, to be subjected to weal or we have the found of the count

A CURROUP Horne.

A CURROUP RELIC —At the last meeting of the New York listorical Society, the Rev Dr. Abbutt, who has been in Egypt, and principally in Cairo, presented a gold ring, weighing about three Englishievereigns, which had been found in the tomb of a high priest, on the south side of the great pyrionid of Louphon, which had been found in the tomb of a high priest, on the south side of the great pyrionid of Louphon, which had been found in the tomb of a high priest, on the south side of the great pyrionid of Louphon, which had been found in the tomb of a high priest, on the south side of the great pyrionid of the louphon, which had been found in the tomb of a high priest, on the south side of the great pyrionid of the louphon, which was the Choops of Herodotus, and the second Phranoh of the fourth dynasty. It is believed to be the signest of Charlestelown, Aug. 2, 1852.

MASSURACTURE OF PALOL. In 1852.

The lower part of the New TEMPERANCE HALL in this Town, comprising one spaceious Room feet, by feet, There is also a commoduse and excellent three is also a commoduse and excellent three is also a commoduse and excellent three Building, two-thirds of which will also be let on reasonable terms. For further particulars, apply to Messrs, it has a commoduse and excellent three particulars, apply to Messrs, it has a commoduse and excellent three particulars, apply to Messrs, it has a commoduse and excellent three particulars, apply to Messrs, it has a commoduse and excellent three particulars, apply to Messrs, it has a commoduse and excellent three particulars, apply to Messrs, it has a commoduse and excellent three particulars, apply to Messrs, it has a commoduse and excellent three particulars, apply to Messrs, it has a commoduse and excellent three particulars, apply to Messrs, it has a commoduse and excellent three particulars, apply to Messrs, it has a commoduse and excellent three particulars, apply to Messrs, it has a commoduse and excellent three particulars, apply to Messrs, it has a commoduse and e

MANUFACTURE OF PAPER PULP FROM BARK AND WOOD SHAVINGS.—A patent has been taken out in England, for making paper from straw and other similar vest getable matter, and from the bark of Onier, or Chestnut-tree, by the use of bodding solution of hydrate of soda or potash, in conjunction with other chemical means, and without mechanical operations. Wood shavings are treated with nitric acid, to obtain pulp for the same pa pose. same pa pose.

A TREUTURE A sallor who formerly belonged to her Majesty's navy, went one Sunday to the Kirk in his native town of Kirchedy; where his believed with great propriety until the minister read his text, which was as follows: "Who will go up with us to the battle of Ramoth Gliebid?" The sallor, having first crammed quid of fobacco in his cheek, rose up, put on his hat, then looking about him, and seeing good of moving, exclaimed — You cowardly habbars; will come of you go? Blast my eyes, the go for one?" So out he went; giving three cheers at the door, to the amazement

THE CURATE'S PEDRING. To one pound of mashed potatoes, while histy sidd four sources of anot and two concess of our little and; and admissible with an employer and consistence of common and another with an employer and consistence of common and another pound. Fit is into a dish jorsell is into damplings; and hake a fine brown.

ANOTHER CURATE'S PEDRING TO one pound of mashed potations and assist TO Lieft. Continuous and assist TO Lieft. Conti

PROPERTIES for SALE or to LET.

Freehold Land on the New Wiltshire Road. TORTY acres of Lond situate on Lot, 31, on the aforementioned Road is offered for sale. It is about six and is half miles from Town, and is well covered with Fire Wood and Fencing Poles—the Wood was sold off a small portion of it at the rate of £2 per acre last Winter. Apply to ALLAN M KINLAY.

York River, November 27, 1852.

KESTON.

TO BE SOLD the Preshold YARM of between 70 and 80 acres of Land, known as "KESTON." the property of Henry Shearman, Esq. about four miles distant from Charlottetown, abuting onthe Princetown Road. For further particulars apply to Joseph Henry Levy. Scient Henry Levy. (Captain RICE, Upten. November 27, 1852. [All the papers 2m.]

For Sale,

N Northern division Lot 23, ONE THOUSAND ACRES of LAND, in portions of 25, 50, or 100 acres at Several FARMS, with part clearances. For further particulars,

apply to ROBERT RENNIE. Charlottetown, October 25, 1852.

Eligible Building Lots for Sale.

FOR SALE Five eligible Building LOTS anjoining the Tan yard of Mr. Richard Heartz, and running 160 feet on Great George Street, and 84 feet on Friz Roy Street. For Terms of Sale and plans of the Property, application to be made to T. HEATH HAVILAND, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, at his Office in Opens Saure. Queen Square. September 27, 1852.

FOR SALE.

THE Leasehold Interest of 100 acres of Laud situate at Cance Cove, Lat 65. It fronts on the Gulf Shore, and is distant by the Ferry 12 miles from Charlottetown. The Rent is One Shilling per acre, on a Lease of 989 years. There is a good Dwelling Ifouse and two Barns 36 x 25 and 40 x 20. 50 acres are cleated and in good cultivation, remainder covered with good wood. There is a Pamp at the door. An abundance of sea-manure can be had on the shore. For further particulars, apply to

ALEXANDER M'NEILL,

Cance Cove, Lot 65. Canoe Cove, Lot 65, Oct. 7, 1852.

Valuable Freehold Property.

10 BE SOLD, by Private Contract, 388 acres of excellent LAND, 50 of which are clear, the property of the late Dr. CUMMING, situate in the immediate vicinity of Georgetown; it abounds with pleuty of Timber, Firewood and Longers. For further particulars, apply to

Notice.

THE TENANTS of THOMAS HEATH HAVILAND, Esq., on Townships Numbers 43 and 56 and all other Lands in this island, are requested to make immediate payment of the amount of flent due by them to the Subscriber, who is duly authorised to receive and grant receipts for the same. a for the same.

T. HEATH HAVILAND,

Barrister-at-Law.

Queen Square, Nov. 29, 1852. Isl.

LI. Persons undebted either by Mortgage, Judgment, Bond, Promissory Note or otherwise, to Thomas Heath Haviland, Esq., late Colonial Secretary of this Island, are desired forthwith to make payment of the respective sums due by them as aforesaid to the Subscriber who is duly authorised by Power of Attorney, to receive and give the necessary discharges for the same. And all Persons to whom the said Thomas Heath Haviland, is indebted, are requested to furnish their Accounts for payment.

T. HEATH HAVILAND.

Barrister-as-Law.

THE Subscriber being about to close his business Establishment at New London, requests all persons indebted to him, either by Note or Book Account, to come forward insuediately and make arrangements for the settlement of their Accounts, otherwise they will be placed in the hands of his Attorney for callection.

New London, Dec. 1, 1852. New London, Dec. 1, 1852. 3m.

Final Notice.

THE Subscriber requests all those who stand indebted to him, to pay their respective amounts on or before the France day of JANUARY next; and all amission displace that date, will be hand over to his Atterney for collection, without respect of persons.

CHARLES WELSH. Nov. 22, 1852.

hatte of Ramoth Gilled? The saitor, that hat the looking about him, and social pobady moving, exclaimed—"You cowardly hatters; will note of you go? Blast my oyer, the for one? So out he went; giving three cheers at the door, to the amaziment of all gressent.

To make Cakes that will keep for social and the sum of the

JOHN RUSS, Teacher of YOQAL az USAO, respect fully began inform his friends and the sublights the has been induced to apprepriate a portion of his time to the instruction of Private Pupils, on the following terms: one-half payable in ad-For I Papil per Quarter, 2 lessons per week, £1 16s.

Por 1 Papil per Quarter, 2 10

3 10

And for pagch additional Papil, 0 15
Application may be unade at Mr. M. W. Skinner's or at Mr. William Heard's, Charlottetown.

He would further intimate that he is prepared to open Schools throughout the Country; the would therefore beg leave to suggest to persons desirous of aquiring a knowledge of this useful and pteasing Science, the propriety of an early application. All letters (post paid) will be punctually attended to.

Also, on hand and for sale, a quantity of MUSIC BOOKS, GAMUTS, &c., &c. adapted to the wants of persons studying Music Charlottetown, August 2, 1852.

Prince Edward Division, S. of T., No. 1.

Full E. Members of Prince Edward Divisiony and the Odder of the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country of the many of the Country of the Cou Prince Edward Division, S. of T., No. 1.

"WHE MEMBERS OF PRINCE EDWARD DIVISION, and the
ODER generally, are respectfully invited to attend a Course
of LECTURE, to be delivered in the Division Loom, Temperance Hall, during the essaing Winter, on a variety of interesting
and instructive Subjects. The Course will reminence as follows:

On the Evening of Wednesday, the 24th November, the Hon.
C. Young will lecture on the Pleasures of Science. 1st December, do, on do.

15th December, Mr. W. Heard, on Auturalia.
22d December, J. B. Cooper, Esq., on Natural Philosophy.
(Introductory Lecture.)
2-th December, do., do.
On Wednesday, the 8th December, a Public Temperance Meeting will be held in the Hall, commencing a 8 p. m. precisely, when
the friends of Temperance generally are respectfully invited to
attend.

By Order, W. RENDLE, R. S.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.

RATEFULLY acknowledges the liberal patronage received from her friends, and bega to inform them, that she has removed to that commodious Holler, opposite the New Temperator of the scheduler and under cultivation.

The property can be viewed at any time on application to John Nichollo on the premises.

An unquestionable Title will be made to the purchaser, and possession can be had at once. For terms and further particulars, apply to John Longworth, Eq., Barrister at Law.

Charlottetown, Aug. 24th 1852.

Worcestershire Sauce.

It is an old true saying that 'Good wine needs no bush,' the same remark applies to the Worcestershire Sauce, prepared by Lea and Perries. It is only necessary for us to make this one observation—that, for flavour and psiquancy, it exceeds all other Sauces that are now before the public, and has only to be tasted to be appreciated. ppreciated.
Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce is adapted for every variety of dish
Billious Com-

Perrius Worcestershire Sauce is adapted for every variety of dish—from turtle to beef—from salmon to steaks—to all of which it gives a famous relish. I have great pleasure in recommending this excellent Sauce to Captains and Passengers for its capital flavour, and as the best accompaniment of its kind for any voyage.

The truth of the familiar adage, "Appetite makes the best sauce, which ought never to have dropped from the lips of a Frenchman, is boiltly disputed by Mesers. Lea and Perruns, and not without justice, for since their invention the adage is inverted—the Sauce positively creating the appeting. The Worcestershire sauce has a peculiar gout of its own, full 8t richness, picquancy, excellent for digestion, and we should say unrivilled for promoting the appetite, and indispusable for the duning-room table.

Sold at the Prug Store of M. W. SKINNER.

Oct 25, 1852.

Notice.

Notice.

Lt. Persons who are included to me for business done at the Cross Roads, Belfast, up to the 12th day of July last, by Note of Hand or Book Account, will please pay their respective amounts to Mr. JAMES McCRAITH, of Charlottetown, who is lawfuly untiled to receive the same.

JAMES DEWAR.

Charlotte'own, Oct. 11, 1852.

A Crosson, B. Crosson, B. Crosson, B. Crosson, B. Crosson, C. Charlotte'own, Oct. 11, 1852.

A Crosson, B. Cross

in by "Manhood, by J. L. URTIS-We agree with the Author, that the far from works of this class being objectionable in the hands of south, or difficulties being opposed, every facility should be given to their circulation; and to strengthen ur opinion, we need but reter to the recent distressing events at our Military and Scholastic Academies at Carshatton and Woolwich."—Naval and Military Gazette, Feb. 1, 1851.

1, 1851. We feel no hesit tion in saying, that there is no member of sothe tel no heat that it saying, that there is no in more or a ciety by whom the book will not be found unseful.—whether such per such hid she epistion of a parent, proceeding, or a clergyman.—Sim Erening Paper.
Curtis on Manhoon.—Fortunate for a country would it be, ind its youth put unto practice, the philanthropic and scientific near-ms here laid down—one cause of matrimonial misery might then be builted from our land, and the race of the enervate, is successed by a renewal of the hardy, vigorous spirits of the object time. — Chro-

nicle.

Published by the AUTHOR; who begs to inform patients in the East and West fullers, the Mediterranean and the British Calonies, that their rases can be successfully treated by corresponding only, if the usual fee be enclosed, and the most myiolable seepess may be felicid on.

Bliss' Compound od Liver Oil Candy, Bliss' Compound od Liver Oil Candy,
A new god off capat remedy for Gaugas, Comman Coile, and in
A the closely there seek of Reforeithing, Atthebay Trelifier, in the
Tricoat, Catarri, Diseases of the lings and Bronchal Affections.
This favorite remedy is composed of Pard Cod Liver Oil. combined with other valuable digrediently, which could be if diguise the
repulsive tasts of the Oil, without detracting from its medicinal varuse, presenting thin a form by ighthe fitted & administred of the time
most deficate involve, without neconvenience. The mirdle may further
most deficie Candy parsues the experience of the indivinsifier is the
tion, causing cough. First, according the organis of the voice, its redistance in the processor of the containing of the windpipe
into the bronch, and alleging galmonary accitation, giving case and
gonfort to the closely-costering the voice to its accustomed clearners
and privary: Congented Philograp, Accidions in the Philosopher, and Obstruction in the Gaundy, one goally and safely discharged by any
cold yields to its beings influence in a few hours, and when resorted
to before the complaint is facally and Dang Stone of M. W

Tell NNS & Sugmitted States and of the Dang Stone of M. W Sold Wholesale and Retail at the Drug Store of M. W. Ski NNES, the store is a store of M. W. Ski NNES, the store is the store of M. W. Ski NNES, the store is the store of M. W. Ski NNES, the store is the store of M. W. Ski NNES, the store is the store of M. W. Ski NNES, the store is the store of M. W. Ski NNES, the store of M. W. Ski



speedy cure, I think, speaks much in favor of your astonishing Pills. (Signet) R. W. Alfshills.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF RHEUMATIC FEVER, IN Copy of a Letter inserted in the Hobart Town Courier, of the of the 1st March, 1881, by Major J. Halch.

Marghred McCountgan, unserven years of age, resulting as New Town, has been suffering from a violent the unsatire best for speakeds of two months, which had council deprived beyond the order distribution, the was moder the care of the most remain to direct money in the fact of the most remain to direct means allowed to your content of the prevailed upon her to its Holdman's celebrated Pills, which she consended to do, and in an incredibly short space of time they effected perfect cure.

Rising Sun Division, No. 2, S. of L.

THE following Coarse of intellectual Entertainments will take

The last, and an division Room, in connection with the shove
Division, through the ensuing Winter:

The last, 3d, and 4th Frinday Evenings of each Month, will be
occupied in social DLBATE on a variety of instructive and interesting subjects.

On the Second Friday in each Month, a LECTURE will be
delivered, by a member of the Division. The Lectures will be on
the most popular subjects.

The Members of Rising Sun Division, and of the Order generalls, are respectfully instited to attend, and take part in the various
discussions introduced.

SET Nothing but an unavoidable pressure of Division business,
will delay the various discussions, which will commence precisely at
[last-past Eight o'clock.

GEO. P. TANFON,

Sec'y P. M. & L. Com.

Nov. 23, 1852.

REMOVAL.

IT S. SELDON

CRATEFULLY acknowledges the liberal patronage received
from her friends, and begs to inform them, that she has remove
determined the commenciants and the supply of the best
GINGER BEER, LEMON SYRUP, &c.,
to merit a continuance of their favors. Families, Picnic
Paries, &c., supplied with any quantity. A few respectable
BOARDERS can be accommodated.

WONDERFUL EFFICACY OF HOLLOWAY'S FILLS IN
CASES OF DIROFSY.

Persons suffering from Dropsy, either about the torn of life, or at
other traces, should momentately have recorder to these Palls, as hundreds
of persons are annually cared, by then use, of this directal complaint in
its afficient stages, when all other means had haved.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully ephoneticus in the following
compatibility.

Ague Dropsy Liver comAshma Dysentery Plantis Symptoms

Plantis Female irregul Piles Tumors

Bilitous Combaints Ferers of all Bowel comkins Fits Scribba of Consumption of Head-ache the Bowels

Consumption Debitity Jaundice

Sold at the Establishment of Manager Complete Sold at the Establishment of Consumption Debitity Jaundice

Ague Dropsy Liver comSecondary Plantis Symptoms

Ferens of all Lumbago Tie Douboureux

Finders Combaints Timors

Retention of Ucers

Venereal Affections

Vener

Debrity Jaunotice
Sold at the Establishment of Professor Hulloway, 244, Strand, (near Femple Bar) London, and by till O. T. HASZARII, Agent for P. E. Island, in Boxes and Pots, at 2, 5, 8s, and 20% each. There is a very consistential saving in no ing the larger sizes.

A. B. Directions for the guidance of Fatents, are affixed to mach Rad.

FLAX. C ASH will be paid, by the Subscriber, for One Hundred weight of clean well dressed merchas table Flax, the growth of the island, to be delivered at the Store of the Royal Agricultural Squares.

CHARLES STEWART. The Calonial Life Assurance Company.

GOVERNOR. THE RIGHT HONOURABLE
THE EARL OF ELGIN AND KINCARDINE.

HIBAD OFFICE 22 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT IN HALIFAX FOR Nova Socia & Prince Bdvard Kaland, Hon. M. B. Almen, Banker.

Hon. M. B. Almen, Banker.

Hon. Witmin A. Black, Banker

Lewis Blass, Eq.

James Stewart, Eq., Solicitor,

Mudical Adviser—A. F. Sawers,

Agent & Secretary—Matthew H. Richey, Solicitor.

The following gentlemen have been appointed Officers of the Company in Prince Edward Island, and will be prepared to furnish information as to the principles and practice of the Company and the rutes of Assurance.

the rates of Assurance.

Charlottetown—Medical Advisor—II. A. Johnson, M. D., Agent—
E. L. Lydiard.

Georgetown—Medical Advisor—David Kaye, M. D., Agent—
William Sanderson.

St. Eleanor's—Medical Advisor—David Bell, M. D., Agent—

Froms Hunt.

August 3.

MATTHEWIL BIGHERA



FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!! SECURE YOUR P. OPERTYLAR MANAGEMENT OF PILETY PER CENTRAL STATE

HIS can only be done by Insuring in the MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
This is the only Office where claims for the Security without Percence to a foreign Company.
Blank forms of application, and any after the forest insurant and the secretary and Treasurer's Office, Kent Street.
April 6, 1832.

Printed by JAMES D. HASEARh, at his Office, Quer Sougra

VOL. 22.

Winter Arrangen Winter Arrangen

THE MAILS for transmission to
Newfoundland and the Unix
Winter, will be made up on the day and on
Thursday, the 16th December
will be made up on that day and on
Thursday, December 30.
Thursday, January 13.
Thursday, January 27.
Thursday, February 10.
Thursday, February 24.

Letters for the Cape of Good Hop Cape of Good Hope, will require to many and 11th March. General Post Otlice, Nov. 29, 18

Educat REV. WM. STEWART. Georg Terms will be moderate, fo Nov. 11, 1852.

National Loan Fund Fire Insurance Com Incorporated by A BOARD of DIRECTORS of F. H. Haeiland, Eng., H. worth, Eng., Robert Hutchinson Thetached Risks taken at consider Forms of Application, and att of from the Subscriber, at his Office

STRIPTOTICE. T BECOMES every man to s

ties who have Insured their SURANCE OFFICE, have year.

The Capital of the Company hadret per ce t, within the had The Persons wishing to jun had bett Policies expire at the end of each.

EST Blank forms of Applicate development at the Secretary at STRLUT.

The Colonial Life . GOVI THE EARL OF ELG

HEAD 22 St. Andrew BOARD OF MANAGEM Form Francis Or iPro Hon. M. B. Almon, Banker. Hon. William A. Black, Banker

Louis Blire, Lay James Stewart, Esq., Sc Medical Advisor - A. F. Agent & Secretary - Ma The following gentlemen ha Company in Prince Edward Isl information as to the principles the rates of Assurance Charlettefown—Medical Advise

Charlettelown—Medical Advise
Georgetown—Medical Advise
William Sat
St. Eleanor's—Medical Advis
Thomas Hu August 3;

THE TENANTS of To on Townships Number this Island, are requested to amount of Rent does by them t rised to receive and grant received

Queen Square, Nov. 29, A.I. Persons indebted eit Promissory Note or or than D. Esq., late Colonial or thwith to make payment a aforesaid to the Subscriber

ttorney, to receive and give and all Persons to whom the ebted, are requested to furn Queen Square, Nov. 29,

THE Subscriber being at at New London, requ by Note or Book Account, arrangemedia for the settles will be placed in the hands

New London, Dec. 1,

Fig THE Subscriber request JANGARY next; and all a Nov. 22, 1852, - .. F

HEREAS JONAT ed, aged mucte home; and has without th signed, taken up goo s is town, and has also unlay from the farms of the u-d elsewhere. This is there impositions, is the said J authority from the under against paping or accepting the andersigned, without

erang bindings some Charlottetown, Dec.