Weather Forecast: Fine and Warm

The London Advertiser

HOME EDITION

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WILSON STANDS SOLIDLY BY HIS GUNS

KITCHENER'S CRITIC HAULED INTO BRISISH COURT.

SLAUGHTER OF GALLANT PATRICIA'S DESCRIBED BY OFFICER

TERRIBLE ORDEAL FACED BY "NOBLE SIX HUNDRED" OF PRINCESS PATS RELATED BY COMMANDER HUGH NIVEN

675 Men and 19 Officers Went Into Action, But Only 106 Men and 3 Officers Survived Awful Fight—Londoner Untouched in Hail of Lead That Killed All About Him.

DEATHLESS STORY OF THE GALLANTRY IN 22 DAYS' HARROWING WARFARE COMES TO FATHER OF LIEUT. WHO CAME TO COMMAND REGIMENT AUTOMATICALLY

The famous "Light Brigade" went into action with 670 men and returned with 323 sound. They were immortalized by Tennyson. Read the story of the Canadian Princess Pats as related by the London officer who "automatically" became their commander.

Taken as an isolated incident in the great war, the experience of the noble Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry, as described in a letter from Lieut. Hugh W. Niven, now commanding officer of the famous regiment, and son of Dr. J. S. Nven, of 423 Colborne street, would rank with the charge of the Light Brigade in the Crimean war.

Written under date of May 12, soon after he had come from the trenches with a remnant of the 675 men and 19 officers who had gone into the fight, the letter reads like an official report and does not reveal more than the very obvious gallantry of the action.

Framework of a Great Drama.

But it may be taken as the framework of one of the most tragic stories of the war; about it may be woven the individual heroism of all the "Pats"; the sacrifice of life for duty on the part of officers and men, and the spirit of holding out against terrific odds, not only human odds but the odds provided by a rain of projectiles and a flood of suffocating gas.

"Everyone, one time, within 20 yards of me, was killed or wounded, and I only had my clothes cut by shrapnel and my hat has a couple of holes in it," writes Lieut. Niven. Even as he wrote after the terrific fight for fourteen hours was ended and "his little band" was back a mile, they were holding support trenches and being shelled.

A Little Classic of Great War.

Those who have read the London lieutenant's simple narrative of what may have been the most terrible ordeal through which any regiment has passed, regard it as one of the little classics of the war. What a sublimity of thought that can with a desire to comfort those at home first, write "just a line to tell you that I am feeling first rate, but very tired."

Dr. Niven received the remarkable letter on Saturday and permits The Advertiser to publish it in full as follows:

In Command for Three Days.

My Dear Dad,—Just a line to tell you that I am feeling first rate, but very tired. I am now the commanding officer of P. P. C. L. I., and have been for three days,—and they have been anxious ones for me. We were in a terrible place two days ago, but managed to hold our trenches till relieved, and I have received words of praise for our work from all the generals, and I think our men deserved it, for they behaved like heroes, every one of them.

When They Came Out.

We went into action in the morning, 675 strong, and 19 officers, and when I marched out at night, after being relieved, I could only collect 106 men and 3 officers besides myself, who were fit for duty. We were under continual heavy gun fire for fourteen hours—shrapnel, lyddite and gas, and the experience was the most terrible I have ever been in. Major Gault was hit badly at 6:30 a.m., and Capt. Addison at 7 a.m., so I was left to run the regiment, fill the gaps (horrible gaps) till 12 o'clock that night, and if the men had not behaved like soldiers should, I could never have carried on. I was able to get a company of Rifle Brigade to reinforce me about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and we gave them a cheer when they came. Of course, all our wires were broken, and everything had to be done by orderlies, and they were trumps. I had four killed or badly wounded by nig[illegible]

Death All Around Him.

I went a mile in the afternoon to [illegible]one the general, and give him the situation, and took a man with me, and he was hit within a hundred yards of the start, and I took him on to a doctor. I borrowed a man to come back, and he was hit. Really, I don't understand how I got through. Everyone, at one time, within 20 yards of me was killed or wounded, and I only had my clothes cut by shrapnel, and my hat has a couple of holes in it. I have my little band back a mile now, holding some support trenches, and we are getting shelled a bit, but have only lost three killed and five wounded today. I think they must send us back to reorganize and rest, as the men's nerves are all jumpy. We had been 22 days in the firing line without a relief, and I have not had my clothes off for that time, and, of course, look rather dirty and tired, but I feel all right.

Gault Brave as a Lion.

Col. Buller got a splinter in his eye five days ago, but I hope his eye will be saved. Gault is brave as a lion, and kept up till we were relieved, although very weak. His left arm and left leg got awful shrapnel holes. I think about 200 were killed and the balance wounded. Our trenches were an awful sight, in places three or four deep with killed and wounded, but some of the wounded helped as long as they were able. I have had a long day trying to get the names of killed, as it was impossible to keep track at the time, and all officers and N. C. O.'s were killed or wounded.

Will write later.

Best love to all.

Your loving son,

(Signed) HUGH W. NIVEN.

May 12, 1915.

INSPECTOR OF CHAUFFEURS.—J. H. Pollock was recently appointed provincial examiner of chauffeurs for this city. He succeeded Bert Howay, who before being killed in an automobile accident, had decided to remove to his former home at Otterville.

CANADIANS DID NOT WANT TO LOSE HIM



Advertiser Illustrations.

It will be of interest to the many friends of Mr. S. R. Heakes, formerly assistant rector of the Cronyn Memorial Church, to hear that he has been offered the rank of captain in the 16th Battalion (72nd Seaforth Highlanders). An extract from a letter written by an officer of the above regiment was received today, and reads as follows: "Mr. Heakes was recently gazetted to a captaincy in the Imperial Army, but owing to the fact that he has endeared himself to our men and made himself indispensable to the 16th Battalion, he has been offered similar rank in the Canadian army."

STEAMER TORPEDOED

British Boat Dixana Victim of German Missile on Saturday.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 31.—The British steamer Dixiana was torpedoed off Ushant Saturday last, while on her way from Savannah, Georgia, to Swansea, Wales.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 70; lowest, 42.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 64; lowest, 38.

TOMORROW—FINE AND WARM.

Toronto, May 31—8 a.m.

Forecasts.

Light to moderate winds, mostly easterly; fine and moderately warm today and on Tuesday.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	62	50	Cloudy
Calgary	62	56	Clear
Winnipeg	80	44	Clear
Port Arthur	62	42	Clear
Parry Sound	76	44	Clear
Toronto	67	44	Clear
Ottawa	68	44	Clear
Montreal	68	50	Clear
Quebec	74	48	Clear
Father Point	50	44	Clear

Weather Notes.

The area of high pressure which is centred north of the Great Lakes has remained almost stationary since Saturday, but the low areas have disappeared. The weather is fine throughout the Dominion, with a general tendency towards higher temperature.

16 INJURED AS BRUCE TRAIN JUMPS TRACK

Accident Near Ilderton Is Remarkable For Escapes of Passengers.

FOUR CARS IN THE DITCH

Sisters of St. Joseph Gave Assistance To Those in Wreck.

The List of Injured.

JAMES MILLER, 304 Oxford street, London, cut on head and back.

MRS. M. POTTER, 732 Maitland street, slightly hurt in back and shaken up.

PTE. JAMES CRICK, of Clinton, training in London in A Company, 33rd Battalion, slight injuries.

PERCY WIGGINS, Hensall, shaken and bruised.

HENRY EILBER, M. P. P. for North Huron, possible fracture of rib.

TOM HUGHES, mail clerk, Wingham, hip fractured.

TOM EGAN, Denfield, leg bruised.

JOSEPH H. BAKER, Parkhill, leg hurt.

HARRY RAPP, Stratford, traveller for Peppler Bros.' Company, of Hanover, scalp wounds, jaw and collarbone and arm broken.

W. W. REVINGTON, Lucan, hurt in body and shaken up.

MISS CLARA SCHREKENBERG, 453 Lonsdale avenue, Detroit, Mich., slight injuries.

J. J. TILLEY, Exeter, head bruised.

MISS ESTHER MOORE, Hensall, shaken up, back hurt.

W. JACK MALLETT, proprietor of Central Hotel, Hensall, internal injuries.

MISS BRYAN, of Stratford, shaken up.

W. H. BENDER, proprietor Commercial Hotel at Hensall, gash in head and leg.

Sixteen persons were injured when the London, Huron and Bruce passenger train, due in this city at 10 a.m., struck a broken rail near Ilderton. The entire train of five cars was thrown from the track, four of them ditched in a ravine at the side of the track. The front baggage car was thrown across the track, the engine at right angles to the track. Three of the injured are Londoners.

Harry Rapp was the most seriously injured. He was riding in the smoker in the front passenger coach. He was thrown with terrific force into a corner.

Passengers, about half of whom were women, showed the greatest presence of mind when the coaches ground over the ties and left the track. Most of the women refused to leave the train without their baggage.

Sisters Are Injured.

Two Sisters of Mercy on the staff of St. Joseph's Hospital, who were riding in the wrecked train, gave first aid to many of the injured before doctors from this city and surrounding places were taken to the wreck.

Most of the passengers were in the first two coaches, which followed the two baggage cars. The train ran along the ties on the right-of-way for nearly half a block before the second baggage car finally toppled over on its side in the ditch. The passenger cars all remained right side up, although the pull of the baggage car in front wrenched them from the track into the ditch.

Jumped on Tracks.

Passengers said that the cars first bucked and jumped as they ran over the ties. The jolts flung many from their seats. When the cars left the track they hesitated on the brink of the ditch, and this slight pause gave those in the coaches time to prepare themselves for a shock. Had the cars been thrown into the ditch without warning, many might have been killed, it is believed.

William Sneath, baggageman on the wrecked train, escaped unhurt.

He crawled from the car, listing at a dangerous slant across the track, and ran across the fields to the nearest telephone, summoning assistance from London.

Train Crew Safe.

All the train crew escaped unhurt with the exception of the brakemen, John Rogers, a Wingham man, who was slightly injured in the back. The engineer was H. Fixter; fireman, E. Stevenson, both of Wingham. When the engine struck the broken rail they both jumped from the gangway of their engine, and landed safe. W. J. Weames, of 568 Maitland street, this city, was the conductor.

T. V. Hughes and H. W. Yates were the two mail clerks on the Bruce train. Hughes was slightly hurt. Both of them were thrown into a heap of baggage and had to climb from the car. Harold Hinscliffe, the newsboy, was bounced against every side of the leading baggage car, but miraculously escaped injury.

Doctors at Wreck.

Wreckers arrived on the scene an hour after the accident, carrying Drs. F. P. Drake, Dr. W. J. Stevenson and Dr. Hugh Stevenson, were hurried to the wreck in an automobile. They had to lift the injured from the tilted cars. All were brought to London.

Mr. Rapp, the most seriously injured, will be taken to Stratford this afternoon.

FORMER LONDONER AMONG THE WOUNDED



Advertiser Illustrations.

LIEUT. ALAN N. WORTHINGTON

Among the officers reported wounded is Lieut. Alan Niven Worthington, of the 13th Battalion, who is a nephew of Mrs. (Dr.) Niven, of Colborne street, and Judge Talbot Macbeth, of Ridout street north. Lieut. Worthington resided in this city for some time, having been employed in the office of F. W. Farncombe. After joining with the first contingent as an officer of the Grenadiers, Toronto, he was transferred to the 5th Royal Highlanders of Montreal. He is 24 years of age, and before going to war was a draughtsman in the Trussed Concrete Steel Company, His mother has been living in England since the departure of the contingent. Col. Brook regarded Lieut. Worthington as one of the most efficient junior officers in his corps.

STATES PAPERS CALL BERLIN'S REPLY TRIFLING

No Answer Made To the Most Important Demands of America.

OFFENSIVELY INSULTING

Some Go So Far As To Hint That War May Follow.

[Canadian Press.]

Chicago, Ill., May 31.—The Herald's editorial on the German note says:

"The American people regret that the German Government's answer fails wholly to meet the main points at issue, both the specific point of the slaughter of American citizens on the Lusitania and the general point of the 'impossibility of employing submarines in the destruction of commerce without disregarding rules of fairness, reason, justice and humanity,' the established principles of international law.

"It is not any of our business what Germany does to Britain or Britain does to Germany. What we are concerned about is what each does to American citizens lawfully traversing the public highway of the seas. We have scores to settle with both Britain and Germany. We will settle each on its merits. We cannot permit either to be involved with or become dependent on the other."

Simply Trifling.

"To put it plainly, Germany is trifling with the United States," says the Inquirer's editorial. "American ships have been torpedoed. Ships carrying American passengers have been sunk.

"What is the requirement of the United States in this respect? 'That the German Government shall take immediate steps to prevent the recurrence of anything so obviously subversive of the principles of warfare.' What is the answer to this requirement? There is no adequate answer.

"The edict carried by the note to Germany was this: Thou shalt not, and the response is anything but satisfactory.

"Yes or No."

"It becomes the duty of the President to bring Germany up with a round turn; to recall her from the realms of disputation; to pin her down to the direct issue, which is the right of American citizens to travel on any merchant ship

Continued on Page Eleven.

Aerodrome Bombed By Allied Airmen

Part of Building and Explosives Destroyed at Gontrode—44 Killed.

[Canadian Press.]

Amsterdam, via London, May 31.—The Telegraaf's Secolo correspondent says that last Wednesday two allied airmen dropped nineteen bombs on the aerodrome at Gontrode, southeast of Ghent, destroying a greater part of the aerodrome and detonating large quantities of explosives. Forty-four soldiers were killed and thirty wounded, according to the correspondent.

ZEPPELIN ACTIVE.

London, May 31.—A Stockholm dispatch to the Morning Post says that a Zeppelin raider visited Helsingfors. It dropped bombs, setting fire to several cotton sheds and destroying a passenger ship.

WILSON WILL NOT MODIFY DEMANDS ON GERMANY; SITUATION NOW SERIOUS

What United States Is Expected To Tell Germany

That the United States insists that its national rights be respected in every instance.

That its attitude toward submarining of unarmed merchant craft, without previous visitation and warning, is still one of complete opposition.

That the Lusitania was unarmed when she sailed from New York on her last voyage.

That the Lusitania carried no war munitions in violation of American navigation laws. That no Canadian troops have been permitted in the United States since the original declaration of war.

That the loss of 115 American lives on the Lusitania was not justified by self-defence.

That the United States Governme it is amazed to learn that the attacks on the Cushing and Gulflight were sanctioned by the German Government, and that it is unable to understand how their nationality could have been mistaken.

That this Government cannot accept the shifting of responsibility for the speedy sinking of the Lusitania to the Cunard officials, because if international law had been followed time would have been allowed to get all boats overside and filled.

Berlin Must Accept American Viewpoint or Accept All Responsibility.

PRESIDENT STANDS FIRM

Those in His Confidence Expect Early and Definite Answer.

GERMANY'S NOTE USELESS

Does Not Deal With Principal Points of American Protest.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

By John Edwin Nevin.

Washington, May 31.—Germany must accept the American viewpoint that its submarine warfare, as now conducted, violates international law, or assume the responsibility for interrupting present friendly relations.

President Wilson has determined, it is asserted in official circles this afternoon, not to enter into any prolonged argument with the Kaiser's Government.

He has decided, those in his confidence declare, not to modify his original demands in connection with the Lusitania case.

In his reply to the German note, which is now before him, he will sweep aside all technicalities thus far raised.

The situation is admittedly very serious.

TWO PROBLEMS.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, May 31.—Two international problems—one a crisis in the relations between the United States and Germany, and the other determination of the Administration to bring about an early cessation of internal warfare in Mexico—developed for President Wilson today a combination of circumstances hardly parallel in American history.

The President had prepared a statement to be issued tomorrow as a warning to the Mexican factions that their incessant strife had forced the innocent populace to the verge of starvation, and that unless the chief elements came to an agreement to restore order some other means would be found by the United States to accomplish this end.

Pessimism Apparent.

There was a confidence in executive quarters that the warning would suffice to set in motion definite plans for peace in Mexico, but in respect of the relations with Germany, made increasingly grave by the reply from Berlin to the American note sent as a consequence of the Lusitania disaster, pes-

(Continued on Page Three.)

NOT A CANADIAN SOLDIER ON BOARD

Gen. Hughes Brands German Statement On Lusitania As a Lie.

GERMANY KNOWS TRUTH

Is Lying and Knows It, As Do Other Governments Concerned.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, May 31.—There was not a man of the Canadian overseas forces upon the Lusitania on the trip which ended with her destruction by a torpedo, said Gen. Hughes this morning. It is learned there is no foundation in fact for the Germany official claim to the United States that Canadian soldiers and war munitions were on board the Lusitania, and that, therefore, the ship was a transport and liable to destruction as a vessel of war.

All Cargo Known.

The United States authorities are well aware of this, as both passengers and cargo were put into the Lusitania under the eye of American officials. The cargo has to be declared by manifest before a ship clears. The contents of every box, barrel and bale have to be sworn to.

As for passengers it is well known in Canada that a military force could not be sent through the United States to Europe without violation of neutrality. While more than sixty thousand troops have been dispatched from Canada there has never been an attempt to send a corps or even part of a corps across American territory.

No Nurses Even.

Even Canadian nurses have gone forward from Canadian ports only. There has been neither the desire nor the need to resort to American ports, for in this regard "we've got the ports, we've got the ships, and we've got the money, too."

It is officially stated that on this point the Germans are just lying, that they know it, the American Government knows it, and so does the British Government.'

SUGGESTS BLOWING UP OF PRINCESS IRENE DUE TO WIRELESS TRICKS

Naval Author Thinks Germans Caused Disaster to Bulwark In Same Way.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 31.—The suggestion has been made in the Evening Standard by Fred T. Jane, the naval author, that the steamer Princess Irene was blown up by a German wireless device. The Princess Irene an auxiliary in the British navy, was blown up last week in Sheerness harbor with a loss of over 300 lives.

The sudden and complete destruction of the Princess Irene in the Medway, Mr. Janes writes, "at no great distance from where the battleship Bulwark also was suddenly blown to atoms, may be a curious coincidence. Italian experiments have proved it possible to explode a properly attured charge by wireless from a short distance. If that charge be surreptitiously placed in a magazine, everything in the magazine will go the same way. One spontaneous explosion is thinkable enough, but two in the same district demand too much from the imagination."

Turkish Force Routed By British in Gallipoli

Enemy's Losses Estimated at 2,000 and Allies' at 300 — Driven From Trenches With the Bayonet and Some Bombed Their Comrades in First Line of Works.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 31.—Heavy fighting on Gallipoli Peninsula, resulting in the rout of the attacking forces, is announced in an official statement given out here today. The casualties of the Turks are said to have amounted to at least 2,000. The British losses are given as 300.

The statement follows:

"Regarding the operations at the Dardanelles on the 26th and the 27th of May, nothing of importance occurred.

Drove Them Out.

"On the 28th of May we detected engineers of the enemy working under one of our posts. We exploded a counter-mine, which was very successful. On the same evening the Turks effected a lodgment in these vacant trenches. Our troops counter-attacked with the bayonet and recaptured the firing line trenches. The Turks in the support trenches surrendered.

Bombed Own Men.

"Whilst this was going on, heavy columns of the enemy advanced to make good the temporary local success. Being visible in the bright moonlight to our gunners, they were able to bring a crossfire at accurate and known ranges, the consequence being that the Turkish advance became demoralized. The second line bomb-throwers flung missiles into the first line, completing the rout. The enemy's casualties were at least 2,000, whereas ours were 300.

"On the night of the 29th, the Turks twice attacked the new post we won the night before, without making an impression.

Redoubt Taken.

"On the night of the 28th of May the French army captured an important redoubt on the extreme left of the Turkish line and consolidated the ground captured. The Turks fired heavily on the new position, but did not advance to attack it, being checked by artillery fire. They attacked the left flank of one of the French divisions, but were beaten back."

LONDON NURSE IN CORPS OF 60 PROVIDED FOR ALLIES BY A CHICAGO PHYSICIAN

Miss Elizabeth Thom Will Go On Mission of Humanity With Other Nurses and Thirty Doctors As Gift of a Generous American.

Miss Elizabeth Thom, daughter of Mr. John L. Thom, 120 Wellington road, will leave on June 15 for Red Cross service on the battlefields in France. She will be one of a party of thirty nurses and thirty doctors which Dr. Murphy, of the Cook County Hospital, is sending to the front entirely at his own expense for six months. This is one of the greatest things that any American has yet done in connection with the great conflict.

Proud of Daughter.

In a letter to her father, Miss Thom states that she will leave Chicago with the others on June 15. Mr. Thom, while somewhat disappointed that his daughter will not be able to come home for her holidays, as she planned, is proud that she will be able to do her share in caring for the wounded and sick at the front.

Miss Thom is a graduate of Victoria Hospital Training School, having secured her diploma in 1908. She was for some time in the hospital of the famous Dr. Bull, of New York, before his death, and later came home from Chicago to help nurse the late Dr. John D. Wilson. She has been for some time on the staff of the Cook County Hospital, at Chicago, one of the largest in the States. She is very highly esteemed by many Londoners.

Take Many Supplies.

The party of nurses and physicians will take with them huge quantities of surgical supplies.

SNEERS CAST AT AMERICAN "SHIRT-SLEEVED DIPLOMACY"

[Canadian Press.]

Berlin, May 31.—Via London.—All the newspapers of Berlin today publish the German Government's answer to the Washington communication on the Lusitania incident, but very few of them make any comment upon it.

The Nord Deutsche Allegemeine Zeitung publishes the note under a headline reading "The War."

The Bourse Zeitung prints a brief and mild editorial article reiterating that the responsibility for the loss of the lives lies with those who "took on board passengers to use them to a certan extent as hostages against attack."

Count Is Warlike.

The Tages Zeitung publishes extended comment from the pen of Count Von Reventlow, its writer on naval afairs. This commentator says that the German reply, together with Germany's earlier assurances of willingness and goodwill, will erroneously be taken to indicate preparations to give in, and will lead to "a more threatening" demand for obedience.

To those who expect signs of giving in on the part of the submarine boats, Count Von Reventlow quotes from the war zone declaration of February 4, the phrase which warns vessels they are likely to be torpedoed, and he intimates that this will be enforced in the future as it has been in the past.

"Shirt-Sleeved Diplomacy."

The Welt Am Montag Montag says: "Soon after the torpedoing of the Lusitania the United States filed a complaint with Germany that sounded almost threatening. More than twenty years ago American diplomats won for themselves the title of 'shirt-sleeved diplomatists.' Consequently one judges the tone and the contents of the American note by a standard different from that customary in Europe. The German Government, therefore, has not become excited over the Washington note; on the contrary, it has replied in all calmness."

TIMES IN COURT FOR NEWS ITEM

First Important Prosecution Under Defence of the Realm Act.

PLEA FOR CONSCRIPTION

Published French Item Saying Last Reserves Called Out the Cause.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 31.—The first important newspaper prosecution under the defence of the realm act, on the charge of printing information useful to the enemies of Great Britain, was begun today against the Times and also against the printers of that paper and Major E. H. Richardson, a retired officer. The prosecutions is based on a letter written by Major Richardson, published in the Times of May 21, which said: "The last of the French reserves are out. At the present moment young raw recruits have been called up."

The letter was a plea for conscription. Public Prosecutor Bokdin said the French Government had complained of its publication. The statement, whether true or false, was calculated to give confidence to the Germans and depress the Allies, the prosecutor said. The liability rested upon the press to determine whether information received was of a prohibited character. Many thousands of proposed communications had been submitted to the press bureau by newspapers for its judgment. The letter in question was dated three days before its publication, and the Times had ample opportunity to submit it to the press bureau.

The case was adjourned to Saturday.

NECK IS BROKEN TRYING TO SAVE LIFE OF CYCLIST

Elbert G. Howey Plunges His Auto Over Embankment.

TRAGEDY NEAR INGERSOLL

Companion of Victim Saves Himself by Jumping—No Inquest.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

INGERSOLL, May 30.—Abruptly turning his automobile to avoid doing injury to a cyclist who was riding on the wrong side of the road and had fallen, Elbert (Bert) G. Howey, aged 36 years, until two weeks ago a resident of London, was instantly killed Saturday night on the Putnam road, a mile west of here, when his car plunged over a steep embankment.

It is stated there were two bicyclists, and though one of them by his fall was responsible for the tragedy, it is affirmed that neither of them lingered to ascertain the seriousness of the affair.

Mr. Howey's neck was broken.

Charles Formen, of Otterville, who was accompanying Mr. Howey to London, jumped when he realized that the car was going over the embankment, and escaped serious injury. The car evidently turned over several times before reaching the bottom of the embankment, and the supposition is that Mr. Howey was killed when it made the first turn. He was picked up about fifteen feet from the bottom of the embankment. In his effort to avoid the cyclist he steered the car into the board at the edge of the embankment. The fence gave way, and in an instant the war hurtled to the bottom.

A physician was at once notified, and later the body was removed to McIntyre's undertaking parlors.

It will be forwarded to Otterville on Monday, where interment will take place. There will be no inquest.

Mr. Howey was well known in the south riding of Oxford and also in London, where he was in charge of the Tecumseh Garage. He recently decided to return to Otterville, his native village, where he had made all arrangements to open a garage. He was a member of the Masonic Order and leaves a widow and one son, 12 years of age.

During 1914 Mr. Howey was inspector of chauffeurs in the city of London.

YOUNG MAN IS KILLED RETURNING FROM VISIT TO ESSEX FUTURE BRIDE

[Special to The Advertiser.]

WINDSOR, May 30.—Foul play is suspected in the death of Ivan Williamson, 25 years old, of Mt. Vernon, Ohio, whose body was found on the tracks near St. Louis, Mo., a few days ago. Williamson was to have married Miss Delia Forhman, of Essex, Ont., in July and was on his way home from here when he met his death.

RUSSIA HAS OVER 600,000 PRISONERS

PETROGRAD, via London, May 30.—The total number of prisoners taken by Russian armies and interned in Russia up till the first of April, according to figures made public today in an official statement was 10,734 officers and 605,378 men.

In addition, the statement says, great numbers of Galician prisoners have been given their liberty and sent home.

TO ESTABLISH BLOCKADE ON ASIA MINOR COAST

LONDON, May 31. — 3:10 a.m. — A Reuter dispatch from Athens says that the British legation has issued a notice that beginning at noon on June 2 a blockade wil be established off the coast of Asia Minor between the Dardanelles and the Strait of Samos.

ROSS RIFLE STANDS UP WELL IN THE CONFLICT

OTTAWA, May 30.—Canadian fire arms are undergoing the test of war and showing up well.

Major A. E. Swift, of Quebec, writing on April 26 from France to General Hughes says, "Our Ross rifle has stood up nobly. All are pleased with it, especially your humble servant, as I have worked hard to keep them in good condition. The Ross rifle needs less repair than the Lee-Enfield."

MACKENSEN LOSING MEN BY HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS

Proceeds With March Towards Przemysl With Immense Bodies of Troops, and Whole Armies Are Being Wiped Out by Russians.

PETROGRAD (via London), May 30.—11:20 p.m.—The following account of the recent military operations has been issued from the headquarters of the Russian general staff:

"The object of the prodigious efforts made by the enemy in the last few days has been the encircling of Przemysl. The desperate fighting on the San was interrupted on May 20, and the four following days were occupied by the enemy in an attempt to change the direction of his offensive from the northeast to the southeast. Between Seniawa and Jaroslau, fifteen bridges were constructed.

"While the enemy was changing his front the whole mass of the enemy of all arms was transferred to the west, which led to the supposition that the Germans were beginning to retreat, but on the morning of the 24th, Gen. Mackensen began to hurl his army against our positions between the Rivers Lubaczow and San. Concurrently, hundreds of thousands of infantry, supported by a thousand guns of various calibres well supplied with ammunition, attacked our trenches on the left bank of the San in the direction of Radymno and Drogobitch on a front of fifteen miles.

Repeating Lodz Manoeuvre.

"Gen. Mackensen, in endeavoring to turn our line at Przemysl, is repeating the manoeuvre which he practiced at the beginning of November in front of Lodz, when his army broke our lines near Strykow and Brzeziny, while at the same time an attempt was made to turn us with his left flank. The same manoeuvre is being repeated now, but on a larger scale; not with isolated corps, but with entire armies which, thanks to their size, are slower moving. Gen. Mackensen's manoeuvre still is incomplete, although some of his infantry regiments already have lost three-quarters of their effectives.

"Austro-German armies which were to have met General Mackensen and turned Przemysl from the south have been wiped out near Gousskow in a vain attempt to pierce our front while General Irmanoff, the hero of Port Arthur, crushed the garrison of Laisseoc behind Mackensen's army on the little Seniawa, seizing trophies and cattle intended for the revictualing of, the troops directed against Przemysl.

"In spite of the enemy's tremendous losses which since May 20, alone have amounted to hundreds of thousands it would be premature to speak of the result of this battle which is of extraordinary intensity.

"Austro-German communications in April said the third Caucasian corps had been entirely annihilated on the Wisloka. Yet the same corps captured fourteen cannon and 7,000 prisoners at Seniawa."

GERMANS RETREAT FROM SHAVLI.

PETROGRAD, May 30.—The following official communication was issued last night:

"The great battle between Sieniawa and Przemysl was still undecided on May 28. Strong enemy attacks between Przemysl and the great marshes of the Dniester and beyond the Dniester to Dolena were repulsed on May 27 and 28.

"The Russian troops assumed a vigorous offensive on the left bank of the Avitaza, and the whole front as far as the River Lomnitza, and captured on the night of May 28, near Perekhinsky, 3,200 prisoners, including 72 offi-

(Continued on Page Three.)

cers, a flag of a Honved regiment and several machine guns."

The following was issued by the Russian general staff:

Retreating in Disorder.

"In the Shavli region the enemy, who fell back from his positions near Bubie, was engaged on the 27th in a battle on the Kurtowiany-Podubns front. Our troops yesterday captured enemy positions on this front, and the Germans, dislodged from the town of Kortowiany, which is in flames, are retreating in disorder pursued by our troops. On the Lower Dubysa enemy attacks began on the 27th ceased the next day.

"The enemy on the 27th developed in the Ossowetz region a violent artillery fire, which did no damage to the fortress.

"No important change has taken place in the desperate battle on the San between Sieniawa and Przemysl. Yesterday our troops delivered counter-attacks on the Lubaczowka River, as well as on the front of the villages of Tulchla, Kalnikourke, Nakło and Baritch, which changed hands several times. The enemy prepared his attacks by a bombardment of our position with asphyxiating bombs. Numerous fugitives from Gen. Mackensen's army, who were taken prisoners, testified unanimously that the enemy's losses have been enormous.

Repulsed Three Attacks.

"Between Przemysl and the great marshes of the Dniester we repulsed on the 27th three enemy attacks east of Goucskow. The Germans during that day reached our wire entanglements, but suffered such heavy loses that they could not hold their first positions.

"On the trans-Dniester front, on May 27-28, there was a battle characterized by great violence. Large forces of the enemy, regardless of loss, marched obstinately to the assault of our positions between the great marshes of the Dniester and Dolina. All these attacks were repulsed.

GERMAN STATEMENT.

BERLIN, May 30.—(Via London.)—The following statement was issued today at the war office:

"At Illoki, southeast of Libau, an enemy division was driven back by our cavalry, in a north-northeasterly direction. On the Dubysa a small German division was forced to abandon the village of Sawdieniki before a Russian surprise attack. Four cannon fell into the hands of the enemy. Our arriving reinforcements recaptured the village and drove back our opponents.

"In the Shavli region enemy attacks were repulsed with heavy losses to them.

"Southeastern Theatre.—On the occasion of Russian attacks on the Germans on the lower sector of the Lubaczowka River, northeast of Jaroslau, and in the neighborhood of Stry, the enemy suffered heavy losses."

PRESIDENT HOPES TO ACT PROMPTLY

Wilson Likely to Have Decision Ready When Cabinet Meets.

NO QUIBBLING ALLOWED

Second Note Will Probably Make This Clear to Kaiser's Government.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
By John Edwin Nevin.

Washington, May 31.—America's future policy toward Germany has taken shape today.

Germany's rejection of President Wilson's specific demand that undersea warfare either be stopped or safeguarded for non-combatants' protection, is in the administration's hands.

Received in cipher at midnight, copies of the note were sent to President and Secretary Bryan.

No official word of the Administration's intention was forthcoming. The President let it be known that he hoped to act promptly.

Reply Within 48 Hours.

It was expected that his decision would be ready when the Cabinet meets tomorrow, but until a complete line of future action is mapped out, it was said there would be no formal word from the White House or the state department.

It is believed certain that within 48 hours at the most another note will go forward to Germany. It will answer the Teutonic demand for a "bill of particulars" in plain terms. It will be stated that the President knew, when he sent his first note, that not only was the Lusitania unarmed, but she carried no munitions of war "in violation of laws of United States."

No Troop Ship.

Further than this, the United States will plainly state that the vessel was not a troop ship, that the United States has maintained, and is maintaining, the strictest neutrality, and that no Canadian soldiers have been permitted on United States soil since the war began.

The United States, it is believed, is in duty bound to make a complete answer to the German note, but it is also thought the President will expedite it, and so express himself as to make it clear to Germany that the United States cannot tolerate quibbling.

The President is expected to take Germany's Lusitania claims up and reply to each specifically.

Will Organize All Canadians With Training

Militia Department To Call Together the Country's Reserve.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, May 30.—Canadians who have taken training in the militia and have passed through the active stage to the reserve are to be organized throughout the Dominion. Though for various reasons not all of them will be available, it is estimated that there are some three hundred thousand such men in the country.

The Germans have organized their reserve and have made use of them in large numbers during the present war.

PROSPECTS ARE BRIGHT FOR BAND IN BLYTH

Subscription List Generously Responded to by Citizens.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

BLYTH, May 30.—There now seems to be a good prospect of a band being started here again. It is some years since there was a band here, but most of the material is still here and with the assistance of some new blood and under the leadership of S. H. Gidley, who is one of the best in these parts, the band ought soon to reach the high state of excellence it formerly held.

Dr. McTaggart and G. A. Taylor started out on Friday afternoon with a subscription list to assist the band and in a short time had secured the amount desired, $150.00

R. M. McKay is in the Victoria Hospital, London, receiving treatment for his eyes.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hefton left Thursday for California where they expect to spend a few weeks.

At a meeting of the plot-owners of the Union Cemetery, it was decided to canvass amongst the owners to get money to maintain a man to keep the cemetery in better condition.

BACKACHE WAS SO BAD

COULD NOT SWEEP THE FLOOR

For backache, lame or weak back, one of the commonest and most distressing symptoms of kidney inaction, there is no remedy to equal Doan's Kidney Pills for taking out the stitches, twitches and twinges, limbering up the stiff back and giving perfect relief and comfort to all poor, suffering women who suffer so much from a weak, lame back.

Mrs. Blackburn, R. R. No. 1, Fishburn, Alta., writes: "I take pleasure in writing you, stating the benefit I have received by using Doan's Kidney Pills. About three years ago I was terribly afflicted with lame back, and was so had I could not even sweep my floor. I was advised to try your kidney pills. Before I had used one box there was a great improvement as my back was much better. However, I kept on taking them until my back was completely cured. I highly recommend these pills for lame back."

Doan's Kidney Pills are 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When ordering direct, specify "Doan's."

GERMANY'S REPLY WHOLLY INSINCERE

New York World Declares It Is Worse Than Evasive.

STATES NOT SATISFIED

Tribune Says Only One Reply Is Possible to Wilson's Note.

[Canadian Press.]

NEW YORK, May 31.—Commenting on the German reply to the American note on the Lusitania the Tribune says:

"Germany's answer to our Government's protest against the slaughter of its citizens, peacefully and lawfully going about their business, will not satisfy American opinion.

"We feel that Germany has committed crimes at sea, which no reasoning on her part can ever justify. We have but one thing in mind—that those crimes shall cease. Any answer, therefore which fails to guarantee their stoppage as a condition precedent to diplomatic rectification cannot be expected to satisfy the just expectations of the United States."

Not An Armed Ship.

The Tribune points out that the Lusitania was not an armed ship, did not carry armed forces of a belligerent power, and that whether or not she carried contraband of war, she was entitled to the benefit of the usages of civilized warfare at sea.

"Only a stubborn insistence on the military value of an illegal method of warfare blinds Germany to the truth," says the Tribune. "Will she abandon that method, either because she sees that it is inhuman and lawless, or because she prefers to avoid a clash with the United States?

"That question the note leaves open and tries to thrust into the future. But it cannot be so disposed of. The murder of our citizens must stop, and it is the firm conviction of the great mass of Americans that negotiations for a settlement of our differences with Germany are not worth continuing, except upon an immediate and definite assurance that it will stop—that it has already stopped."

Worse Than Evasive.

The World calls the note "worse than evasive," and says it is insincere and pettifogging.

Regarding the assertion that the Lusitania was armed the World says:

"The Lusitania was a warship in the same way that Belgium was an aggressor against Germany; in the same way that the University of Louvain and the Rheims Cathedral were 'fortification'; in the same way that various seaside resorts in England, raided by Germans were 'defended.'

"If Germany does not understand the gravity of the situation in this country, we are confronted by another painful demonstration of the utter failure of its diplomacy," continues the World. "If it does understand and is intent upon a rupture, is its object the welfare of the Fatherland or, at all hazards is it seeking sympathy and support at home of the Hohenzollern dynasty?

"In either case the issue, so far as the United States is concerned, was defined once and for all by President Wilson when he said: 'The Imperial German Government will not expect the Government of the U. S. to omit ANY WORD OR ANY ACT necessary to the performance of its sacred duty of maintaining the rights of the United States and its citizens; and of safeguarding their free exercise and enjoyment.'"

Grave Situation.

The Times says:

"The German reply is not responsive to our demand," and says: "The reference to the German proposal that we seek immunity from slaughter for our citizens and from destruction for our ships by pleading with England to abandon her blockade, is so remote from a satisfactory response to the protest and the demand of our note as to engender the suspicion that the Imperial German Government is temporizing with a situation too grave for such unworthy dalliance."

As to the facts in the Lusitania affair having "escaped the attention of our Government" the Times says:

"We submit as the facts in the case the bodies of our dead who have found sepulchre in Irish soil and others that welter uncoffined on the billows of the ocean, in all more than one hundred men, women, and children of our nation."

The Times after reviewing the note at considerable length, concludes:

Only One Reply.

"Germany has grievously misjudged our position, she has taken far too little account of the gravely significant language of Mr. Wilson's note. We cannot submit to being thus misapprehended, and Germany, we feel sure, will, upon duly considering our further representations, perceive that other nations could never maintain relations with her, could not get along with her at all, upon the basis of her present presumption, that she is to be allowed to ravage and destroy in flagrant violation of all law and war usage, and when called to account satisfy her challengers with proposals for a parley about facts already beyond dispute. We ask of her that she refrain from acts of outlawry. Compliance is the only possible reply for a nation that is not bent on getting into a broil. That is not her purpose, it is not ours. The two nations are in accord in seeking the way of peace, and, being in that temper, the way will necessarily be found."

QUITS PROFESSORSHIP TO JOIN THE COLORS

[Special to The Advertiser.]

WOODSTOCK, May 30.—Faculty and students joined Saturday in a great ovation to Ralph Wilcox, classical master of Woodstock College on his departure for Toronto to join the officers' training corps of Toronto University.

Professor Wilcox is the first of the important teachers of this city to take such a step, but it is said in educational circles here tonight that four other prominent pedagogues will shortly resign their duties in the Woodstock schools to assume greater ones in the country's service.

LAKE CAPTAIN DEAD.

St. Catharines, May 31.—Capt. Alex. Milligan died Saturday, aged 57. He carried the first cargo of dynamite ever taken up the lakes. He retired six years ago, on account of paralysis, while commanding the Kinemont.

PILES

Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. 60c a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and inclose 2c stamp to pay postage.

S. GREY LIBERALS MEET IN DURHAM

DURHAM, May 30. — The annual meeting and convention of the Liberals of South Grey will be held in Durham on Wednesday, June 9. Hon. George P. Graham, M. P., ex-minister of railways, will deliver an address on the questions of the day.

It is probable that a candidate will be nominated for the Dominion House.

MEGANTIC CHASED BY A SUBMARINE SOUTH OF IRELAND

Liner on Way to Montreal Has Narrow Escape—Wins Out in Race.

QUEENSTOWN, May 30.—8:05 p.m.—The White Star liner Megantic, with a large number of passengers, from Liverpool to Montreal, was chased by a submarine off the south coast of Ireland this morning, but escaped.

Considerable alarm was caused here early this morning when an "S.O.S." call was received from the liner, reporting a submarine had been sighted. The first message was soon followed, however, by another stating that the Megantic had out-distanced the submarine and that she then was sixty miles southeast of Cork harbor. Later a third message was received from the steamer's captain reported that he had evaded the submarine, that his ship was well to the westward and that he was proceeding on his voyage with Aden, which was sunk by a German all on board well.

FOUR ARE SUNK.

BARRY, Wales, May 30.—5:20 p.m.—The British steamer Tullochmoor, 3,520 tons, was shelled and sunk by a German submarine Friday evening. The crew escaped and landed here. The Tullochmoor was in ballast from Genoa for South Shields.

LONDON, May 30—10:40 p.m.—A dispatch to Lloyds from Ushant, northern France, says the French vessel Dixi has passed there for Brest, having on board the crew of the British steamer Glenlee, bound from Cardiff for

submarine.

The Glenlee was a steamer of 2,650 tons. She was owned by the Western Steamship Company, of Glasgow.

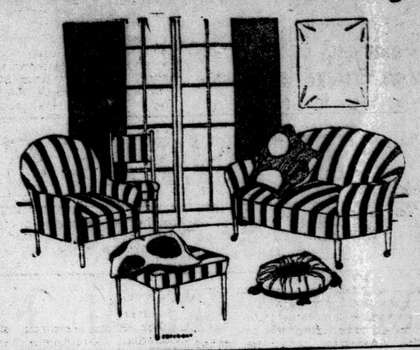
BREST, France, May 31.—1:45 a.m.—French torpedo boats have brought into port the crews of the British steamer Glenlee and the Portuguese steamer Cysne, which were torpedoed by a German submarine between the Scilly Islands and Cape Finisterre. The crews were picked up at sea by the French schooner Dixi, which transferred them to the torpedo boats.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, May 31.—Arrived: Steamer Lapland, from Liverpool.

If Furniture Coverings Are Worn And Some Pieces Look Old and Shabby

Don't discard them or give them to the second-hand dealer for a mere nothing. Remember, we make old furniture into new, and for a very small cost, with the special sale of upholstery materials now on, your discarded furniture may be made as fresh and good as the day it came into your home. You will not recognize them as the same pieces when we get through with them. We call for and deliver your furniture without extra charge, and are now equipped to do your work and return same in a few days.



ESTIMATES FURNISHED FREE—We will be pleased to send an expert who will give you the exact cost of any work you may have before sending same. A splendid collection of coverings in tapestry, etc., to choose from, many now at special prices. All work guaranteed, as we employ only skilled upholsterers.

Special Sale Furniture Tapestries

$1.50 to $1.65 Coverings for $1.25 Yd.

These prices include a special range of tapestries, in light and dark grounds. Qualities sold regularly at $1.50 and $1.65 are now being sold at $1.25

ONE-THIRD OFF ALL REMNANTS—All ends of furniture coverings, from one to three yards, are being cleared at one-third off; a great variety of colorings in these suitable for parlor and living-room pieces; coverings that sold regularly for $1.50 to $4.50 per yard, all now one-third off ..... $1.00 to $3.00 yard

Let us estimate the cost of renewing your furniture.

DRAPERY SECTION—FOURTH FLOOR.

There Is a Nickel Toilet Cabinet For You Here---FREE

To introduce this high-grade paper the E. B. Eddy Company have consigned to us a beautiful nickel cabinet, worth $1.20 each, to be given free with every carton of "Onliwon" paper. These cabinets lock with a key, and there is no waste of paper where they are in use.

Every purchaser of a full carton of paper (16 packages of 1,000 sheets each) will receive one of these handsome nickel toilet paper cabinets FREE. "Onliwon" Toilet paper, two packages for 25c; full carton, 16 packages, for.....$2.00

AT TOILET COUNTER.

Splendid New Assortments In Wash Goods

Mummy Cloth, Gauze Cloth, Crepe and Voile

This section is brilliant with new things this week—the season's novelties are here in wash fabrics in all the newest colors and weaves for dresses, waists and separate skirts; above-mentioned lines, which are described below, are particularly attractive:



MUMMY CLOTH—The season's novelty, in plain colored cotton material for dresses and waists, a pretty little crepe weave on a plain, firm cloth, specially suited to present wide skirts, as it holds its firm appearance well; colors are light blue, pink, delph blue, tuscan, tan and mauve, also white; 27 inches wide. Price ..... 30c yard

GAUZE CLOTH—This dainty weave is both pretty and useful for the summer dress, shown in four different colored checks, with fine white silk overcheck; colors, pink, brown, mauve and green; 40 inches wide. Price ..... 45c yard

EMBROIDERED CREPE—A wash crepe in very dainty colored stripe effect, with neat spot pattern, embroidered in combination of different colors; four attractive color blendings shown; 27 inches wide. Price ..... 30c yard

PRINTED VOILE—Five colorings in a new design. The popular crowded pattern, well printed on excellent quality voile. See this range early before the full line is broken; 40 inches wide. Price .....20c yard

$1.50 and $1.75 Tweed Coatings Now 75c Yard

A few odd pieces for quick clearance—good color mixtures for ladies', misses or children's coats.

48-INCH FANCY TWEED—Here is an opportunity to secure a summer coat at a very low figure. Three pieces of fancy tweed mixture, tan and grey, red and grey and tan check; suitable for a separate coat for knockabout wear for the cool summer evenings when motoring, travelling and holidaying; good weight. Regular $1.75 yard. Clearing at .....75c yard

50-INCH SELF-COLOR SUITING, in saxe blue and brown, suitable for separate lightweight coats for spring and summer. These two odd pieces left from the large range of shades; corded weave, soft finish; just the thing for moderate-priced coats for girls' and ladies' wear. Regular price, $1.50 yard. Clearing at ..... 75c yard

Snappy New Styles In Summer Skirts

There is a snap, newness and skill about the lines of these skirts that is unmistakable—the designing skill of the makers, which is known to most exclusive houses in Canada. And we have to thank these makers for helping us to present a total of so many pretty and stylish skirts as we are showing this week, at prices that seem far from consistent with their proper standard values. The silk moire, taffeta silk and silk poplin skirts are specially attractive styles, and most desirable for summer wear.



Ladies' Outing Skirt of covert cloth in tan, gored skirt from narrow yoke, two military patch pockets. Price.....$8.50

Ladies' Skirt of shepherd plaid, small check, three-piece, slot seam in front panel, two patch pockets. Price...$5.00

Ladies' Skirt of black silk moire, deep yoke, full flare from yoke, raised waistline, closing at side front with self-covered buttons. Price $10.50

Ladies' Skirt of taffeta silk, side pleated from yoke. Price $8.50

Ladies' Skirt, in large band in silk poplin, four-piece, slot seam, with inch tuck shown in front and back, narrow yoke; bands 30 to 35. Price $9.50

Ladies' Skirt of grey worsted, panel back with three side pleats, five-gore style; bands 32 to 35. Price.....$6.50

Ladies' Skirt of cream serge, three-piece with deep yoke, yoke and tuck finished with braid binding; tuck-button trimmed. Price $6.50

IN RESTAURANT—Fresh Strawberries with Ice Cream, Special 10c. Ice Cream, 5c and 10c Service.

SHALLNASS LUNCH

COLD ROAST TURKEY—Bread and Butter and Pot of Tea or Coffee, 3 to 5:30.—Special, 25c.

Winning--
In Sport or Business

is seldom a matter of luck, but the result of well directed effort.

Here's where food plays a big part. Not necessarily a large amount of food, but well-balanced, easily-digested food in proper quantity.

Grape-Nuts

is that kind of food.

Made of wheat and barley, it retains in correct proportion all the nutriment of these grains, and is particularly rich in the mineral elements—essential builders of brain, nerve and muscle.

Grape-Nuts comes ready to eat from the FRESH-SEALED package—crisp and delicious. The rich, nut-like flavor and wonderful nutriment of this concentrated, easily-digested food have proved to thousands—

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

MADE IN CANADA —sold by Grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

DON'T COUGH YOUR THROAT SORE; "NERVILINE" WILL CURE YOU QUICKLY

The Annoyance of a Bad Cough Soothed Away in One Day.

Nothing so bad for the throat as coughing, and nothing half so annoying as to have someone near by that is hacking, sneezing, or constantly clearing the throat.

Rub on Nerviline—it will save you all further pain and distress. Even one good rub with this soothing, penetrating remedy will bring the finest relief, will take out that rasping soreness, will stop that irritating tickle that makes you want to cough so much.

Nerviline isn't something new. It has a record of forty years of wonderful success behind it.

In rubbing on Nerviline you use something safe, reliable, and sure to cure. Its action is marvellous. The way it sinks in through the tissues—the way it penetrates to the seat of the congestion is really a wonder.

For chronic colds, coughs, or sore throat you can't beat this trusty old family remedy. Its name spells cure for any sort of pain in the joints or muscles. Try it for rheumatism, rub it on for sciatica or lumbago, test it out for neuralgia or headache—in every case you'll find amazing virtue and curative power in Nerviline.

Most families keep the large, 50-cent bottle always handy on the shelf; trial size, 25 cents; at all dealers in medicine, or the Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Canada.

THOUSANDS WILL COME TO CANADA AT CLOSE OF WAR

Col. Hammond, Special Immigration Envoy, Is Preparing Way in Canada.

BIG GRANT TO BE MADE

Imperial Government Expected To Make Donation of Fifty Millions.

Colonel Joseph Hammond, of London, England, international representative of the Salvation Army, is in London in connection with emigration from Britain to Canada after the war.

To The Advertiser today he stated that the British Government will make a grant of $5[..],000 towards helping distribute the men who come back after the fighting in different colonies, and in this way endeavor to avoid the difficulties of unemployment. He believed hundreds of thousands would come to the Dominion. The Salvation Army officials, he says, are of the opinion that every man who has served the colors has a claim for provision against unemployment on his return, and afterwards, especially should he be unable to resume his old position or find a new one.

Free Passage for All.

"Every man who desires it," he said, "should have a free passage to every part of the Empire, especially to points where work is available. The army plans to send the man's family after him free of charge as soon as he has got a home and is established.

In regard to a suggestion that this might handicap the chances of the returned Canadian boys for whom the Canadian Government was morally bound to make provision, the colonel replied:

"You can rest assured that any scheme that may be devised will take the local circumstances fully into consideration, and that nothing will be done by those responsible on the other side to put competition in the way of the Canadian boys who have done their part in the struggle. Indeed, I am in a position to state that emigration in furtherance of the proposals indicated would not begin until the Dominions had completely absorbed their own returned soldiers and were ready to receive additional settlers."

Bring Widows Here.

The colonel also indicated that the army favored the emigration of the widows of the fallen men.

"What about the war, Colonel; how is it affecting the old land?"

"In the main things are little different from normal. 'Business as usual' is the national motto; but there are signs on every hand of the great struggle in which the Empire is engaged. The cost of living has gone up. The cities are darkened at night; and in every district you can see large bodies of fine men drilling in preparation for the supreme effort to clear the enemy out of France and Belgium.

Don't Fear Invasion.

"No, the people of England are not frightened of invasion. They meet the news of victory or reverse in the same soberness of spirit; but under the surface there is a stern determination to achieve a great purpose irrespective of what it may cost. This is evidenced in many ways. The people are beginning to realize the danger of their drinking customs to the national efficiency. Later opening and earlier closing of public-houses have been established generally, and prohibition is in prospect, the King having pledged himself and his household to abstain from alcoholic liquors during the time of the war by way of example to the nation."

Asked regarding the impression the Canadian troops had created in England, Col. Hammond said the English people had a great belief in the fighting qualities of the Canadian soldiers, and reports that were coming from the front of their gallant deeds served to increase their admiration.

TODAY'S CASUALTIES

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, May 31.—The following casualty list was announced this afternoon:

Sixteenth Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. Joseph A. Garon, Dorchester, Que.

Pte. Percy A. Burrill, Auburn, N. Y.

Pte. John Grimshaw (formerly 30th), Hillcrest Mines, B. C.

Lance-Corp. Burchell Ogilvie Oughton, Lajolla, Cal.

Pte. William Moffatt, South Vancouver, B. C.

Pte. Joseph B. McIlwaine, Vancouver.

Pte. Theodore Campbell Greaves Mahon, Vancouver.

Pte. Wallace Bell, Vancouver.

Pte. Angus Douglas Armour, Vancouver.

Pte. Albert Udon, Victoria, B. C.

Pte. Alec Henry Kersey, Victoria.

Thirteenth Battalion.

Wounded—Pte. Robert Grimsby Beaver, Toronto.

Pte. William Harradine Ayling, Edmonton.

Pte. Herbert Burden, Toronto.

Sergt. Alfred Robinson, Montreal.

Pte. Bertram K. Sweeney, Montreal.

Sergt. George Polson Morrison, Montreal.

Sergt. Edmund Sargent, Campbellton, N. B.

Lance-Corp. John Ryan, Quebec.

Pte. Edward Dillon, Montreal.

Pte. Forman Frizzell, Winnipeg.

Missing.—April 24. — Corp. Mark Smallridge, Montreal.

Lance-Corp. Harry Grimsdale, Montreal.

Fifteenth Battalion.

Wounded.—Pte. Chesley Gray (formerly 12th Battalion), Millbank, N. B.

Pte. Archibald McNeil, Southampton, Ont.

Pte. Walter Charman (formerly 30th), Kelowna, B. C.

Pte. Robert Wormington, Kingston, Ont.

Pte. Norman Morrison (formerly 30th), Edmonton.

Sergt. James Tweddle, Wichwood, Toronto.

Lance-Corp. Francis Wedgewood Phillips (formerly 30th), Toronto.

Pte. Charles Moore O'Neil (formerly 30th), Victoria, B. C.

Lance-Corp. John Franklin Tait (formerly 30th), Victoria.

BORN, MARRIED, DIED.

DIED.

BARNARD—On May 31, 1915, at 523 Dundas street, Catherine, eldest daughter of the late P. C. and M. A. Barnard.

Funeral private, on Wednesday, at 3 o'clock; service at 2:30. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. b

DEMANDS CANADIAN CANTEENS BE DRY

Delegation, Including Mrs. Thornley, of London, Meets Prime Minister.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, May 31.—A demand that canteens of Canadian troops in England be given dry treatment and liquor banished, was made upon Sir Robert Borden and Sir George Foster this morning. Mrs. Stevens, secretary of the Dominion W. C. T. U., and a delegation of ten presented the request. In support they presented a petition containing thousands of names. It was rolled into a bulky package the size and shape of a cheese.

Mrs. Thornley, of London, stated that a number of Canadian soldiers had gone to the bad through liquor.

Sir Robert Borden said that he would forward the request to the war office.

The ladies also objected to tots of rum being served to the Canadians in the trenches, a thing they understood was being done by the army commanders.

The Prime Minister said that the Canadian Government had no jurisdiction.

[Continued From Page One]

WILSON WILL NOT

simism and high tension were apparent.

The official text of the note from Germany had arrived and was before the President early today. Officials generally read it with profound disappointment, for, they pointed out, it endeavored to obscure and evade the main issue—the questions of humanity involved—and sought to interpose a technical argument on matters of law hitherto undisputed under the universally accepted laws of nations. Most important of all, it was noticed that no attention was given to the request of the United States for assurance that American lives would be safeguarded in the future.

President Making Plan.

The course of the United States Government is expected to be shaped by the President before the day is over, and will be discussed at tomorrow's cabinet meeting.

From a previous knowledge of the President's feeling over the Lusitania disaster, in which more than 100 Americans lost their lives, it is confidently believed in many quarters that he will order the dispatch of a second note to Berlin within 24 or 48 hours, answering Germany's request for the facts of the Lusitania's cargo and equipment with a restatement of the circumstances, as made clear in the first American note, and an intimation that a prompt reply is expected. Reference, it is believed, will be made to the understanding of the American Government that another American vessel—the Nebraskan—has been torpedoed without warning while the diplomatic discussion was in progress, and urgent inquiry, it is thought, will be made as to what effective measures will be taken immediately by the German Government to prevent the further destruction of American lives and property.

View Undisputed.

Legal officers of the United States Government say the American point of view on the legal questions involved has never been disputed in the past by Germany or any other nation of the world in any of the essential features.

Analyzing the German reply, it was pointed out that the German acceptance of responsibility for attacks on the American ships Gulflight and the Cushing, with expressions of regret and offers of reparation, could not aid materially in clearing up the situation, since it was declared in the American note such promises do not remove a dangerous practice. This view, it is held, is proved by the attack on the Nebraskan, and the absence of any assurance that Americans on unarmed merchant ships of any flag in the future will be transferred to a place of safety before such a ship is destroyed as a prize of war.

Continued attacks on American vessels, even though hostile intent may be disavowed in each case, is regarded by American officials as constituting in total effect a hostile practice.

Argument False.

Germany's contention that the Lusitania was built as an auxiliary cruiser, and was on the British naval list, and that it was armed with cannon, was met with the statement in official quarters that the merchant ships of all nations may be commandeered by the respective governments in times of war, but the change from a peaceful merchantman to an armed auxilitry naval vessel is a proceeding of such a distinct character as to leave no doubt as to when it has taken place. Great Britain's practice always has been, it was pointed out, to place a commissioned naval officer in command of converted merchantmen, which are commandeered only in home ports, and to equip the vessel with guns. According to the report of an official investigation by Government officials before the Lusitania was granted clearance from New York, the ship carried no guns, mounted or unmounted. Moreover, there has been an agreement for several months between the United States and Great Britain that no British merchant ships leaving American ports shall carry any guns.

No Canadian Troops.

The argument in the German note that the Lusitania carried Canadian troops and ammunition is regarded by officials as irrelevant, for they declare it is well known that no Canadian troops could pass as an organized body over American soil, and the sailing of a few unarmed individuals does not constitute an armed expedition under international law. Neither, it is contended, has traffic in arms and ammunition been regarded as warranting the destruction of any unarmed merchantmen without previous visit and search.

President Wilson has made it clear, however, that the issues raised by the sinking of the Lusitania and other violations of American rights on the high seas must be settled on their merits, entirely apart from conditions arising in the relations of the United States with other belligerents.

NO DIFFERENCE IN SENSE.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, May 31.—State department officials compared today the official text of the German note with the text as made public in the press dispatches.

"The text of the official dispatch differs in some of the phraseology," it was explained, "but there is no difference whatever in the sense conveyed.

The difference is attributed to the fact that the official and unofficial translations were made by different persons, with resulting unavoidable differences in the English wording.

IN LONDON PLATOON

An interesting extract from one of the letters of Lieut. W. C. Butler, now in a London hospital, says that he has heard from Platoon Sergt. Piper, giving the casualties in the platoon commanded by Lieut. Butler. Sergt. Piper stated that out of the 45 men in the platoon there were two killed (one Pte. Brady, of this city), one missing, and 34 wounded. Almost all of the men in Lieut. Butler's platoon were Londoners.

RUSSELL W. JEPSON IS DEAD OF WOUNDS



Advertiser Illustrations

Son of S. M. Jepson, gives his life for his country on the battlefields of France.

CHUM OF JEPSON'S RECEIVES INJURY



Advertiser Illustrations

L. L. SPAULDING was alongside Russell Jepson in the trenches, and they both came through many hard engagements together. Death has separated them now.

PTE. RUSSELL W. JEPSON GIVES LIFE TO COUNTRY

Fine Young Londoner Receives Fatal Wound While Fighting With Winnipeg Battalion—Comrade Writes to Notify Parents.

Pte. Russell W. Jepson, son of S. M. Jepson, 295 Pall Mall street, and a member of the 90th Rifles, Winnipeg, a unit of the 8th Battalion, 2nd Brigade, 1st Overseas Contingent, has died of wounds received in a recent battle in France. Word to this effect was received by his father on Saturday in a letter from G. Alexander, a Scotsman, whose son was beside Russell in the trenches when the fatal wound was received. Mr. Alexander received the news of the death of his son's chum and forwarded the word here. So far no news to this effect has been received by Mr. Jepson from Ottawa. Alexander, according to a letter received by Mr. Jepson some weeks ago, had a narrow escape from death, as did Russell, shortly before the fatal injury was received. Six shells burst above them, and only by the grace of God, to quote the writer's words, did they come through without any hurt. Later, however, the fatal injury was received.

Russell Jepson worked for the C. P. R. here, and was also connected, at various times, with the custom house department of the postoffice, and with Smallman & Ingram's departmental store. Leaving London some time ago, he became associated with the T. Eaton Company in Toronto, and upon the outbreak of the war enlisted. He was well known in London, and his many friends will hear of his death with sorrow. His end could not have been more glorious. He died in the defence of his country.

ITALIANS TAKE VAL DAGNA; ENEMIES' LOSSES HEAVY

[Canadian Press.]

Geneva, via Paris, May 31.—Italian troops have occupied Val Dagna, according to a dispatch to the Tribune from Laibach. The troops now opposed to the Italians number, it is estimated, 650,000, with 70 batteries. Austro-German losses on the Italian front to date are said to have been about 1,800 killed, 3,000 wounded, and 1,000 prisoners.

TORIES' CLIPPING BUREAU'S MISTAKE

Left Tell-Tale Order-in-Council in Manitoba Auditor's Office.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Winnipeg, May 31.—When the Liberal Government entered into office, search was made for missing orders-in-council which it was believed had not all been presented by the clerk of the executive council, Malcolm McLean, to the public accounts committee when demanded at that time. In his office it was found these orders-in-council had been cut out of the book; in another branch orders were also cut out, but the clipping bureau of the Government Overlooked the auditor's office, and here a missing order-in-council was found which awarded to Thos. Kelly & Sons, the contract to build the dome of the new Parliament buildings for $817,000.

This was dated one week before the last general election, which was held July 10. McLean was summoned before the royal commission this morning, when these facts were presented, and suspended. At the public accounts committee he had stated, in answer to a point-blank question, that all orders-in-council bearing on the Parliament buildings contract were before the committee. The dome contract order-in-council was, however, not included.

Shankland, a Chicago architect, brought the first plans for the dome to the city last week, and said the cost would run about $330,000, but eleven months ago the contract was let.

999 CANADIANS NOW KNOWN TO BE KILLED

Of Total Casualty List of 10,000, 6,436 Names Already Published.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, May 31.—Of the ten thousand casualties which have occurred among Canadian corps since the war began, the names of 6,436 killed, wounded and missing have been received.

The remaining names are coming in steadily each day in batches of from one to two hundred.

The names of 999 killed, 4,123 wounded and 1,314 missing have reached Canada.

CHIEF JUSTICE RETIRES

Severs Connection With Western University Affairs.

Chief Justice R. M. Meredith, chancellor of the Western University, and ex-chairman of the board of governors of that institute, has several all connection with the university and with the Institute of Public Health. The chief justice today announced that he had withdrawn from all active participation in the Western affairs, and declared that his resignation has been in the hands of the senate for some months.

About a year ago the chief justice resigned as chairman of the board of governors, but has since that time been a member of the board ex-officio. Now, however, he has withdrawn from all official connection.

PERSONAL MENTION

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel L. Hotham announce the engagement of their only daughter, Mabel Alice, to Charles W. Allport, son of Mrs. E. H. Allport. The marriage will take place quietly in June.

Miss Hazel Hewer, of Detroit, is the guest of Miss P. Walton, Waterloo street north.

Mrs. Fred Betts and Miss Dorothy Betts, of London, have gone to Calgary to visit Mr. and Mrs. Clive Betts.

Mrs. Richmond Hill and family, of Detroit, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hill, of this city.

Germany Calling On Final Reserves

[Canadian Press.]

Amsterdam, May 31—Via London, 1:14 p.m.—The Reichsanzeiger, of Berlin, has published an order calling to the colors all first-class members of the landsturm, or the final reserve forces, not previously summoned. This order does not apply to Bavaria. Germans in Germany must report between June 8 and June 10. Germans outside of Germany as soon as possible.

JUVENILES TRIED TO BREAK OUT OF CELL

"Should Get a Good Birching" Says Police Chief.

Five juveniles taken into custody today by Detectives Thomas Nickle and Harry Down, on theft charges, attempted to damage the cells at police headquarters, and had to be remanded to the county jail until Tuesday.

The boys, who have all been up on charges before, broke the electric lights in the cell room and not being satisfied with this they broke the bench in the cell, and with pieces of the bench attempted to break the bars off the cell.

Chief of Police W. T. T. Williams appealed to Police Magistrate J. C. Judd to do something with the boys, and the latter had them sent to the jail to be detained there until they come up for trial.

"Those boys should be walloped," said the chief. "A good birching would do them a world of good."

RUSSIAN BEATEN

John Boycher May Have Been Victim of Enemy.

While the police are conducting a search for his assailant, John Boycher, a Russian, who was beaten up on Saturday night, supposedly by a German or Austrian sympathizer, is in a serious state in Victoria Hospital as the result of injuries he received about the face and head.

Boycher was found in an unconscious state by a patrolman late on Saturday night on Ottaway avenue, and was rushed to the hospital. In broken English he kept mumbling something about having a fight with a German or Austrian. Before he was in the institution an hour he became unconscious, and it was only when he became conscious today for a short period that the hospital authorities learned his name.

The man was badly beaten up. His face was severely cut and bruised, and on top of his head he had a couple of bruises and one cut thought by the authorities to have been inflicted by a club or black-jack.

PRISONERS BETTER FED THAN SOLDIERS

U. S. Consul Finds Canada Kinder to Aliens Than Her Own.

[Canadian Press.]

Kingston, May 31.—United States Consul Johnson made a visit to the military camp at Barrie Field. He reported it well kept as to cleanliness, and says the meals served to the men on Sunday evening was not as good as that given the prisoners of war in Fort Henry. The soldiers for supper received two pieces of bread with butter, Irish stew adn a mug of coffee, while the prisoners in the fort were served with four large pieces of bread with butter, jam, cheese, and tea.

INCREASE OF MILLION. — City Clerk Baker is very busy with the assessment rolls and stated to The Advertiser today that the returns will, he expects, show an increase of over one million dollars. The increase in the tax rate and general rate will increase the city revenue by over $150,000. This will likely be largely used up by the needs of the board of education. The city's total assessment will approximate $39,000,000.

PUT OFF QUESTION UNTIL WAR'S END

Evidently German Desire in Lusitania Case, Says English Press.

OFFENSIVE SUGGESTIONS

No Answer Given to Main Parts of United States' Demands.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 31.—Commenting on the German reply to the American note concerning the Lusitania incident, the Manchester Guardian has this to say:

"We do not know how long the war will last, but it is clear, if Germany has her way, that its end will find the negotiations with the United States over the submarine 'blockade' still dragging out their interminable length.

"The German note does not even reply directly to the American request that such actions as the sinking of the Lusitania should be disavowed, and that they should be discontinued. The note actually has the effrontery to add that the passengers probably would have been saved had it not been for the explosion of ammunition which, it is alleged, was carried by the Lusitania, as though the submarine had torpedoed the ship without intending actually to sink her.

Controversy Wanted.

"Almost as offensive is the suggestion that before the submarine can be condemned for not having given the crew and passengers time to escape, it must be shown that the Lusitania was duly equipped with life-saving apparatus as ordered by the Titanic conference.

"In a word, the United States is offered the prospect of a prolonged controversy over points of detail, but no disavowal of what has been done, no acceptance of the principles of naval warfare which she assumed Germany would be anxious to uphold, and not a word as to any change of mind or policy. The submarine war is to be pursued as before, and American ships and citizens may take the risk."

NECESSARY CONDITION.

[Canadian Press.]

The Daily Chronicle says:

"If President Wilson accedes to Germany's demand for further delay, we imagine it will be on the condition that she stop her submarine warfare in the interim. The considerable time which has elapsed since the American note was presented has been used by the Germans to torpedo several ships, including one American. Manifestly Mr. Wilson would be giving Germany all she wants if he conceded indefinite further delay on the same terms."

How About Megantic?

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "If the slaughter of the Lusitania's passengers is to be defended by the assertion that the vessel was carrying ammunition, we wonder what excuse is available for Saturday's attempt on the steamer Megantic. That liner, which was outward bound, cannot be worked into any theory of contraband on which Germany may base the right of murder. None of the quasi logical disguises for 'frightfulness' will stretch from one of these examples to the other."

Only Speed Saved Her.

The Westminster Gazette says: "Whatever virtue there might have been in the German plea that the Lusitania was sunk because she was believed to be carrying ammunition, is destroyed in advance by the attempt to stop the Megantic Saturday. The Megantic was outward bound from Liverpool, and certainly she was not carrying warlike supplies in that direction. She escaped because of her superior speed, and not because of any German qualms about sinking an innocent passenger ship.

"The German reply to the American message is exactly what was expected. It avoids any direct answer to the specific questions asked by the United States. The German Government, in short, seeks to gain time."

New Form of Diplomacy.

The Evening Standard says:

"Germany has discovered a new form of diplomacy. This consists of glaring misstatements, so readily capable of disproof as scarcely to be worth the trouble of refutation. The note to America declares that the Lusitania had guns concealed under her deck and carried trained gunners. Apart from other evidence to the contrary, President Wilson is not likely to accept this in face of official statement of the collector of the port of New York that no guns, mounted or otherwise, were on board.

"It is possible that Germany thinks to succeed in this gigantic game of bluff, but that only indicates the measure of her safe deception. When Washington wants to discuss submarine attacks on neutral vessels on the plane of an international policy, Berlin replies by arguments and technicalities."

THOUSAND IN PARADE OF HOLY NAME SOCIETY

[Special to The Advertiser.]

BERLIN, May 30.—A monster parade from Berlin to Waterloo was held this afternoon, in which 1,000 members of the Holy Name Society of the Roman Catholic Church took part.

Stratford, Guelph, Preston, Hespeler, Galt, Berlin and Waterloo were represented in the parade, which was lead by the Waterloo Musical Society's band.

Every member of the society in Berlin and Waterloo was in the procession.

Special services were held in the St. Louis Roman Catholic Church at Waterloo by Rev. Father Thos. Burke, of Toronto, who delivered a forceful speech on the work and benefits of the society.

SUCCESSFUL CONCERT IN WATFORD.

WATFORD, May 30.—The men of the Methodist Church gave an extremely novel supper and entertainment on Thursday evening. The basement of the church was tastefully decorated and the long tables filled with delicious edibles of all kinds. No women were visible save when the kitchen door was inadvertently swung too far open. Each waiter wore a white apron and the regulation Cream of Wheat chef's cap. From 6 to 8 o'clock everyone was kept hustling. After the supper all adjourned to the auditorium, where the program was given by men.

The choir chairs were filled with men. Most of the selections were patriotic. Solos, duets, quartets and patriotic choruses, with an occasional recitation, constituted the unique performance.

The net proceeds amounted to $55, which sum is to be used in the purchase of new music for the choir.

PHONE CONFERENCE. — Manager Dunstan, of the Bell Telephone Company, Toronto, and Manager Beard, of the local firm, held a conference with the board of control this afternoon with a view of arriving at a basis for an agreement for a franchise for the coming year.

FIRST LONDONER BACK FROM FRONT

Pte. Joseph Fletcher Invalided Home After Being Wounded Twice.

IS A VICTIM OF GAS

Effects of Asphyxiating Clouds More Than Wounds Necessitates Sick Furlough.

The first London soldier to be wounded in France and to come back to tell of his experiences is Pte. Joseph Fletcher, who enlisted with the 7th Regiment Detachment when the call for recruits was first sent out, and who returned to the city last night on sick leave of three months. He has been given leave of absence for that time to recover from the effects of asphyxiating gas and of two wounds which he received in the trenches. At the end of the three months, if his recovery is complete, he will be expected to take his place in the field again.

Chum Killed By Side.

Fletcher went to France with the 1st Battalion, and was temporarily put out of action on his first day in the trenches. This was at Neuve Chapelle, where he describes the fighting as having been terribly fierce.

His first real taste of the horrors of war was when his chum was instantly killed near him. He admits that the man's death affected him terribly, and is not ashamed to say that he promptly fainted.

It was on the afternoon of the same day that, while advancing across the open to meet an attack by the Germans in close formation, that he was struck in the leg by a rifle ball.

He lay on the field an hour before an ambulance picked him up, and he was then sent back to Boulogne, where the bullet was extracted, and afterwards he was sent to England for two weeks.

In Action at Hill 60.

After he was well again he was sent back in the 2nd Battalion, and took part in the fighting at the famous Hill 60. He saw three attacks in force by the Germans here, each of which was repulsed, and where his first experience of the gas used by the Germans necessitated his removal to the hospital at Boulonge, where he remained for four weeks.

He says a special detachment in each German regiment is used for the gas attack. These men, he says, carry an appliance of some kind on their heads, and they have a handle under their right arm which they turn to spread the gas through the tube.

Like Breathing Flames.

He describes the gas as a dark dirty cloud, which advances close to the ground, and the effect of it is terrible. Breathing it, he says, was like breathing flame, and directly it enveloped him he became unconscious to remained so for several hours.

It was the effects of the gas more than of his two wounds which resulted in his being invalided home, and he still feels the effects of it sometimes, while it has poisoned his system in some way so that red blotches have appeared on various parts of his body.

Back For Third Time.

He returned to the front a third time and received a flesh wound in the side from a piece of shrapnel shell which killed three men in the trench where he was lying. Slight blood poisoning set in and once more he was sent back to England and thence to Canada.

Fletcher was "in the wars," figuratively speaking, almost from the day of his arrival in England with the first contingent. Shortly after he had landed a horse kick broke one of his ankles and he had barely recovered the use of his foot and leg before an attack of appendicitis made an operation necessary.

Too Horrible To Describe.

Pte. Fletcher does not talk very freely of his experiences at the front. Some of the sights, he says, are almost too horrible to recount, and the stench from dead bodies which have of necessity been left unburied becomes worse all the time. He is confident that the Allies will win, but has no illusions about an easy victory. The Germans, he declares, are stubborn and fierce fighters, except against bayonets, and will take a great deal of beating.

Family Circle Complete.

For the present Pte. Fletcher is staying with his married sister, Mrs. Ted Gardiner, at Manor Park. His parents, who have recently been in the West, are also visiting their daughter, so that the whole family is complete again for the time being.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

Death of P. B. Caldwell.

The death occurred at midnight Sunday of Parish Benjamin Caldwell, at the family residence, 427 Oxford street, in his 66th year. The late Mr. Caldwell was a builder, and had been a resident of this city for 25 years. He was born in Sydenham, Frontenac Township. Surviving, besides his wife, are two daughters, Mrs. Sandy Drennen and Mrs. Charles Edwards, both of London Township, and one son, Wilbur. The funeral will be held at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Services will be conducted at 2:30 o'clock.

A Military Funeral.

Full military honors were accorded the funeral yesterday of Pte. Michael O'Connell, of the Detached Company of the 7th, and a veteran R. C. R. man. The funeral took place from his late residence, 404 Adelaide street, to Woodland Cemetery. Rev. Mr. Appleyard, rector of St. Matthew's Church, conducted the services, while the Masonic ritual was in charge of King Solomon Lodge.

"Last Post" was sounded over the grave at the cemetery, and the final salute was fired by a firing party picked from "B" Company, 7th Regiment.

TO PROVIDE COURSE FOR POST GRADUATES

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, May 31.—An important gathering of heads of universities and colleges in Canada will be held here tomorrow to devise a scheme for fixing some Canadian university as a post-graduate centre. Formerly students went to the famous universities in Germany to take post-graduate courses. It is now necessary to provide a suitable substitute at home.

Among those who are to take part in the conference are: Dean Brock, of British Columbia; Principal McKenzie, New Brunswick; President Powell, of Kingston College, Nova Scota; Professor Veachon, of Laval; President MacLean, Manitoba College, Winnipeg; Professor Peterson, McGill, and President Murray, of Saskatchewan. They will be entertained at lunch by the Ontario Government tomorrow.

LOCAL NEWS

FRACTURES LEG.—Capt. Walter Smith is in the hospital with a fractured leg, the result of a fall from a verandah.

FIRES OF THE MONTH.—During May the fire brigade responded to 17 calls, 13 by telephone and 4 by box. There were no serious fires.

MUST PAY LICENSE.—Local teamsters are warned for the last time by the police that if they do not pay their licenses by the end of this week they will be haled before Police Magistrate J. C. Judd.

FOR WOUNDED SOLDIERS.—The congregation of the Askin Street Methodist Church yesterday decided to present an invalid's chair which has been in the possession of the congregation to the Red Cross Society.

HOME FROM SAD MISSION.—Mr. Charles Conroy, of Lorne avenue, and Miss Charlotte Conroy, of Regina street, have returned to the city from Chicago, after attending the funeral of their brother, Frederick William.

TALKS TO ENGINEERS.—E. V. Buchanan, now general manager of public utilities, recently gave the Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers an interesting talk and demonstration at the Horton street plant, which was much enjoyed by all.

ADOPT ENVELOPE SYSTEM.—Next Sunday for the first time the collection in St. Peter's Cathedral will be taken by envelope instead of by open contribution. The envelopes will be numbered, and account kept of the contribution of each member.

ATTENDED ORDINATION. — Rev. Father O'Neil, Mr. and Mrs. T. Dignan and Mr. George Dignan, Mrs. Steele and son Bernard, of Parkhill, attended the ordination and first solemn high mass of Rev. R. Hubert Dignan at St. Peter's Cathedral, London, on Saturday and Sunday.

BUILDING IS BRISK.—May building permits total $177,700, and the figures for the year so far are $400,835. The permits have been coming in steadily, and Inspector Piper expects them to take a big jump next month. In addition to many residences there will be a great number of improvements made. During May 190 permits were issued.

CONSERVATORY RECITAL — The recital at Conservatory Hall was given Saturday afternoon by the following advanced pupils: Misses Alice Andrewes, Kitty Fowler, Marjory Braunton, Rowena Weld, Winnifred Whetter, Maribel McWilliam, Hazel Taylor and Annie Brock.

YOUNG MEN SPEAK.—"Messages for Young Men by Young Men" was the subject of three interesting talks in the Centennial Methodist Church Sunday evening, by Messrs. Percy Caven, Clifford Martin and Stanley R. Hunt. In the morning, Rev. C. W. Vollick preached on the subject "Moderation."

STREETS TO BE OILED.—Ald. Donnelly was at the city hall today regarding complaints from the north end about the dust yesterday. Several complaints were made to aldermen also by telephone. Inspector Dodd plans to have several of the north end streets oiled shortly, and stop the nuisance.

KICKED BY HORSE.—Pte. Charles Sumner, of the 7th C. M. R., was kicked in the abdomen by one of the troop horses yesterday while he was watering his own mount, but, although badly bruised, he refused to "go sick" and insisted on going to the Cove ranges with his fellows of the squadron today.

SPECIAL MISSION.—At. St. Martin's Church, South London, a special mission is being conducted this week by Fathers Doyle and O'Reilly, of the Redemptorist Fathers. The services are held at 5:30 and 8:00 o'clock in the morning, and at 7:30 o'clock in the evening. Father O'Reilly will preach today.

PAINFULLY INJURED.—Alf. Gatecliff, plumber, of Charles street, West London, was painfully injured near Mabthe yesterday, when he was thrown from a motorcycle. His eye was cut and he has several deep cuts in the head. Mr. Gatecliff came to the city on a traction car and was taken to his home in a hack.

CUPID'S CONQUEST.—According to ministers, florists, dressmakers and other persons supposed to have advance information regarding the doings of Cupid, June will be a record-breaker for weddings. One clergyman stated to The Advertiser today that he has far more weddings arranged for than he had at this time last year. Several dressmakers stated that they were rushed with work for trousseaux which absolutely had to be ready for weddings early in June. Florists say that they have many orders in for flowers for weddings.

CHURCH IS DEDICATED.—The new First Presbyterian Church at Vancouver was recently dedicated. Londoners were interested in the event, because of the fact that Rev. J. Gibson Inkster, formerly pastor of the First Church in this city, is now minister of the new church. The preachers chosen to conduct services in the new church up to the middle of June were: Rev. Professor D. J. Fraser, Montreal; Rev. Professor G. C. Pidgeon, Vancouver; Rev. Principal Mackay, Vancouver; Rev. A. E. Henry, Vancouver, and Rev. A. F. Munro, Edinburgh.

ROTARY CLUB MEETS.—Over fifty members of the Rotary Club attended a most successful luncheon held at noon today at the Tecumseh House. The program included an address by D. H. McDermid on the prospects of the proposed new juvenile court; a grafonola concert by W. E. MacKewn, manager of the local branch of the Columbia Company, and a song, "We'll Never Let the Old Flag Fall," by John M. Daly. New members introduced were Messrs. F. G. Killmaster, W. N. Manning, H. S. Willcox, James Gray, S. J. Radcliffe, E. R. Ruse, and H. B. Beal. Vice-President John M. Watt presided.

TRIMMED THE TREES. — After hearing the testimony against Squire Taylor and S. Sansone, charged with injuring shade trees. Police Magistrate J. C. Judd announced today that he would withhold his decision for one week. Taylor, according to members of the park commission, secured a permit to cut down a tree, and instead of cutting down the tree he secured the permit for he mutilated another tree. Taylor in court admitted trimming the tree, but said he did not do it wilfully to break the bylaw. Sansone pleaded guilty to trimming a tree, but stated that Mayor Stevenson had told him to go ahead and do it.

COLBORNE STREET CHURCH SERVICES. — An auspicious musical program of choral numbers, solos, duets and quartets, was part of the special services held Sunday in the Colborne Street Methodist Church. The pastor, Rev. D. N. McCamus exchanged pulpits with Rev. H. H. Bingham, pastor of the Talbot Street Baptist Church in the morning. Rev. T. H. Mitchell, New St. James Presbyterian Church preached in the evening. A choir of almost 50 voices sang the anthems, "Sing to the Lord a New Song," "By the Waters of Babylon,'" and Gounod's "Babylon's Wave" in the evening service. Wilfrid McCormick, tenor-soloist and the Forest City Male Quartet also rendered solo and quartet numbers. The church was filled almost to its capacity.

SPEAKS ON EDUCATION. — E. R. Dennis, ex-chairman of the board of education and now chairman of the special advisory committee of the London Industrial and Art School, addressed the men's league of the Askin Street Methodist Church yesterday morning. He declared that the newer education—that of vocational studies—was now looking after the 95 per cent. of the public schools who did not go in for a professional career. Industrial education, he declared, was now giving the boys and girls an interest in their educational work. He said that industrial work could save many a boy from making a stupendous blunder in choosing his life work as it gave him an opportunity to enter a career that appealed to him and to which he was adapted.

PORTRAITS OF EX-MAYORS.—Portraits of ex-Mayors McBride, in office in 1859, and of Frank Smith, mayor in 1867, were received at the city hall today and are being placed in the council chamber.

COMMISSION IN CONTROL.—City Clerk Baker received word from the provincial hydro department at Toronto that after June 15 Inspector Legatt and his assistants will be under the control of the commission. This department had just begun to reach the stage where it was paying its way. It is expected that the office will be removed from the city hall unless the commission wishes to rent the present quarters.

WANT PASTOR TO REMAIN.—Although the announcement was made at the Wortley Road Baptist Church yesterday that the board of deacons was unanimously of the opinion that the best interests of the church would not be served by the acceptance of the resignation at the present time of Rev. W. M. Walker, the pastor of the church, Mr. Walker declined to make any statement. Asked by The Advertiser today if he would remain, he declared that he had nothing to say on the matter. Mr. Walker resigned his pastorate some time ago.

LODGE SERVICE IN WOODSTOCK.

WOODSTOCK, May 30.—Headed by the Salvation Army band, led by Chief Ranger Guy Kellett, and accompanied by fifty Foresters from Ingersoll and nearby towns. Court Deaconsfield fifteen, of the Canadian Order of Foresters, paraded Sunday night one hundred and fifty strong for their annual church service.

They heard a strong sermon from G. E. Smith, pastor of the College Avenue Methodist Church.

Holeproof Hosiery

—FOR MEN—

MADE IN LONDON

We have them in cotton, lisle, silk and wool and silk in all colors.

卐 卐 卐

GRAHAM BROS.

For Flag Day

1½x2 Inches, Silk, British, Canadian, Russian, French and Belgium Flags, 5c dozen. Six dozen 25c, postpaid.

PEEL'S

RICHMOND STREET, CITY.

Strand Cafeteria

384 RICHMOND STREET.

Hot lunch at all hours. Dinner special after 11 o'clock a.m.

DEVELOPING FILMS

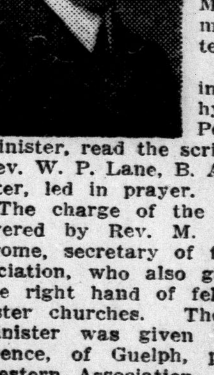
In our new plant. Successful work is assured and money saved. Five cents per roll. Vulcan films, Argo Paper—made in Canada.

HAY'S STATIONERY.

Opposite Dowler's—Phone 150.

POPULAR YOUNG MAN ORDAINED IN EMBRO

E. G. Warren Assumes Charge of Congregational Parish.



EMBRO, May 30—The ordination of E. G. Warren took place Friday in the Congregational Church, Embro, in the presence of a large gathering, presided over by G. A. Munro, Esq., chairman of the trustee board.

After the singing of an opening hymn, Rev. R. J. Peters, Methodist minister, read the scripture lesson, and Rev. W. P. Lane, B. A., presiding minister, led in prayer.

The charge of the church was delivered by Rev. M. T. Walker, of Frome, secretary of the Western Association, who also gave Mr. Warren the right hand of fellowship into the sister churches. The charge to the minister was given by Rev. W. D. Spence, of Guelph, president of the Western Association. The ordination sermon was preached by Rev. D. A. Armstrong, of Paris, and Rev. W. H. A. Claris, of London, offered the ordination prayer. Mr. W. C. Watson, of the Montreal College, spoke on behalf of Mr. Warren, as they both attended college together. Suitable music was rendered by the choir during the evening, consisting of solos by Mrs. Spence, of Guelph, and Mr. Osborne McKenzie, and two well rendered anthems by the choir.

Mr. Warren came out to the Congregation College of Canada in 1911, and during his college course held the student pastorates at Morse, Sask., and Franklin Centre, Quebec. In the summer of 1914 he supplied the Embro pulpit as a student pastor, and in January, 1915 returned to the regular pastorate after having received a unanimous call. Before leaving England Mr. Warren was youngest deacon to his late father, while engaged in the work as a lay preacher and plying his trade as an engineer.

Mr. Warren's father was in the Congregational ministry in Sheffield district, England, for 43 years.

Rev. A. Warren, B. A., eldest son, is principal of the Almora S. M. S. College, India, and another son, T. G. Warren, who was present at the ordination service, is farming outside of Guelph.

Since coming to Embro Mr. Warren has gained a host of friends.

News of Men In Training For Great War

Western Ontario and London Send Thousands to the War

Three Thousand Five Hundred Now in Training, and Many Units Are At the Front or in England—Good Response Continues.

Five units of the Canadian expeditionary forces are now being trained in this city, and in all there are somewhere in the neighborhood of 3,500 troops now in London. This fact appeals to many as being a wonderful indication of what London and Western Ontario is doing in the great world war. It is, but many are apt to forget that the present units are but a fraction of those that have already received their training, either part or all, in this city.

Since the outbreak of the war, no less than fourteen distinctive units have had their headquarters here for some time or other. These fourteen have been either recruited, trained or mobilized here. In the continual rush of sending men to the firing line this may have been forgotten by some, but it is an imperishable memory in the minds of thousands.

Honor Roll of Units.

In London's honor roll might well be included the following names:

K COMPANY, R. C. R.
16th ARMY SERVICE CORPS.
NO. 4 DEPOT UNIT OF SUPPLY, A. S. C.
NO. 1 SIGNAL SECTION.
6TH FIELD BATTERY.
16TH FIELD BATTERY.
ARMY SERVICE CORPS' REMOUNT SECTION.
18TH BATTALION, INFANTRY.
NO. 3 STATIONARY HOSPITAL.
33RD BATTALION, INFANTRY.
34TH BATTALION, INFANTRY.
7TH REGIMENT, CANADIAN MOUNTED RIFLES.
DIVISIONAL CAVALRY.
C SECTION NO. 2 FIELD AMBULANCE.

Left Before War.

The R. C. R. detachment left London before war was actually declared, and with the exception of the 33rd, 34th, 7th C. M. R., Divisional Cavalry, and the No. 2 Field Ambulance, the other corps are on their way to the front or have already arrived there. The 16th Battery was mobilized here and trained at Queen's Park until its transfer to Guelph.

As the troops now here are but a part of the units that have been trained here, so, too, is the foregoing list but a part of the corps that have been represented from this city already.

The list contains only those units that have gone as units. To make a complete list of all that have gone would be to include the big detachments of the 7th Regiment that went with the first contingent, the British army reservists who were the first to respond to the call back to the colors, the men who enlisted in the Princess Pats, the draft of the 78th Nova Scotia Highlanders that was recruited here, the men of the 1st Hussars who volunteered as infantry with the first contingent, the big A. M. C. representation in the first contingent that left under Capts. Wilson and Fisher, the men of the 7th Field Company, Canadian Engineers, the Corps of Guides, the subsequent Army Service Corps drafts and many, many others.

However, without these detachments and drafts fourteen complete units either gone or in training, is something that the city can look on with pride. It is a record that indicates the patriotism of the Western Ontario peninsula.

MILITARY GOSSIP.

Complaints are being made of the dust clouds on Oxford street, and the suggestion has been made that the city should water the street on Sundays at least, or on such days as there are many visitors expected at the camp. Yesterday autos, and all manner of vehicles used the road to and from the camp, because it was visiting day, and the result was that thousands of pedestrians were almost choked with the dust as well as being covered by the clouds.

The brass band of the 34th Battalion is now using the big recreation tent and regimental canteen for its practice room. The "Y." tent was formerly used.

Soldiers on the permanent corps strength are bitter on their criticism of an Adelaide street property-owner who absolutely refuses to rent her vacant house to a soldier.

Many of the officers and men of the various units took the opportunity yesterday to go a-visiting to the quarters of their sister corps. Troopers from the Mounted Rifles were seen in plenty at Carling's Heights, and infantrymen from the hill camp were fraternizing with the Rifles at the fair grounds.

It was shirt sleeve parade today. Officers and men went through their work minus the tunics. It was too warm for the heavy serge khaki jackets.

The brass band of the 34th Battalion assisted at the divine service conducted on the grounds yesterday morning.

A medical board of inquiry is being held this afternoon to consider the cases of some men reported as being medically unfit for service.

The special non-commissioned officers' course for the 33rd and 34th is being devoted largely to signalling work. It is planned to have all N. C. O.'s properly grounded in signalling service.

Major J. H. Ratz, medical officer of the 34th, was called home to Preston on Saturday by the illness of his daughter.

Camp orders today order the repitching of all tents so that their doors face due south. Guy ropes will not be allowed to overlap as a clear passage must be allowed between the tents.

Major W. M. Head, of the 34th, is field officer of the day today. Captain O. V. Jewitt, of the 33rd, is field officer for tomorrow. Major G. H. Wilson, of the 7th C. M. R., is medical officer for the camp today.

During the absence of Major Ratz, the medical work of the 34th has been looked after by Major A. V. Becher, of the 33rd.

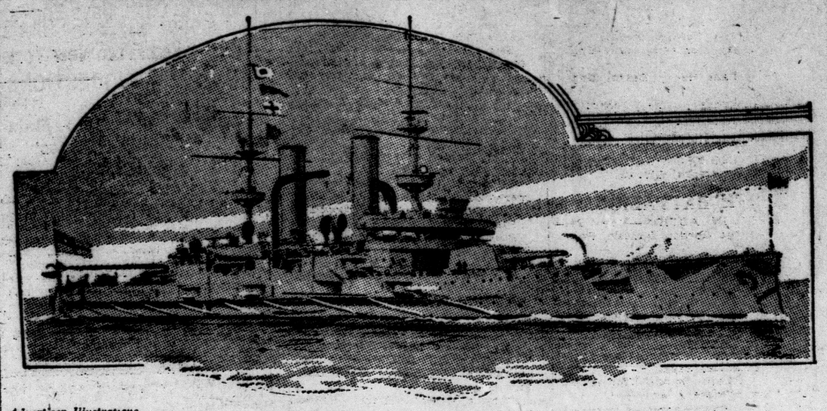
Today was official pay day and settlement day of the month for the 34th Battalion. The 33rd will be paid off tomorrow.

Recruiting still progresses favorably and a number of new recruits were taken on both infantry battalions today.

The military police have received special instructions to require to see the pass of any N. C. O. or man outside the camp area during the drill and duty hours. The only time the rank and file are permitted out without a pass is to be between 4:30 p.m. and 10 p.m.

The 34th is furnishing the duty band and guard for today.

H. M. S. TRIUMPH, SUNK IN DARDANELLES



Advertiser Illustrations.

This battleship has been repeatedly mentioned in dispatched since the war began, first at Tsin-Tau and later at the Dardanelles. The big warship was sunk by a torpedo, but a German submarine has not been announced.

THOUSANDS PAY VISIT TO SOLDIERS AT CAMP

Take Advantage of "Visiting Day" on Sunday Afternoon.

INSPECT MEN'S QUARTERS

See Canvas Homes of Boys of the Overseas Force.

Thousands of Londoners and even people from a distance yesterday took advantage of the special "visiting day" privileges accorded to friends and relatives of the soldiers of the active service forces now in training here, and visited the camps at Queen's Park and at Carling's Heights.

The day was an ideal one, and those who paid "social calls" on the boys in khaki had an opportunity of seeing the canvas homes of the officers and men who are enlisted for overseas service. The scrupulous cleanliness of the regimental lines and the orderliness of everything in connection with the camp made a deep impression on those who possibly never before had seen a military camp at close range.

Businesslike-looking rifles stacked in front of the tents, and the piles of blankets and accoutrements, gave a grim appearance to the camp, and dispelled any illusions of a "holiday" that the almost gala appearance of the Heights might have created in the minds of the spectators.

War has its sentimental side as well as its terrible grim earnestness, and to see the "Tommies" proudly parading the grounds with their sweethearts on their arms was a sight that appealed most strongly. Wives, mothers, sweethearts, children, sisters and brothers were all there, and the freedom of the camp was theirs during the business hours, save the regimental lines themselves.

Church parades occupied the morning at the camp, the Roman Catholics being paraded at 9:15, and taken downtown to service, while the Protestants were paraded for a regimental service conducted by Capt. H. D. Peacock, chaplain of the 33rd Battalion. The afternoon was given over to visiting and to recreation. The men enjoyed the relaxation from parades, and baseball, football, cricket and lacrosse fans all had an opportunity to worship at the shrine of their favorite sport.

VESSEL AFIRE BUT PASSENGERS DIDN'T KNOW

Voyage of New York Across Atlantic Exciting for Those Aboard It.

CHASED BY SUBMARINE

80 or 90 Bodies of Lusitania Victims in Hold of the Vessel.

More news having to do with the war and its relation to the passage of vessels on the high seas remains out of press columns than in. The voyage of the New York across the Atlantic a week ago, and the experiences of the vessel would form an exciting chapter in a novel were they all written down.

Mrs. De Fusco, Peckham Rye, England, at present a visitor at 12 Alfred street, London, came to New York in the New York. The vessel left Liverpool May 15 and arrived in her American port one week later. A short paragraph appeared in the New York papers and was sent over Associated Press and other press wires to the effect that there had been a fire on board, but this story was later denied. According to Mrs. De Fusco, there was a blaze, although officials aboard the vessel tried to keep the facts secret. Early Wednesday morning a hustle and bustle was heard by the passengers, and many of these latter were of the opinion the New York was being chased by a German submarine. Some enedavored to get on deck, but the sailors kept them back. When daylight came and the passengers did get out of their staterooms the promenades were running water, and the explanation of this, as given by officials, was that the ice surrounding the victims of the Lusitania had melted. This could not have been, however, for Mrs. De Fusco says these bodies were in the hold. Press dispatches stated the New York only carried the bodies of some ten or twelve victims, whereas there were 80 or 90 aboard.

The vessel was chased by a German submarine on Thursday, despite the fact the ship carried an American flag is the contention of Mrs. De Fusco.

Aboard the boat was an inventor of a new submarine, who, although of British descent, went out of his way to decry his native country and the men who take care of her destinies. His state of mind was evidently due to chagrin felt because the British war office would have none of his new submarine. At least so thought Mrs. De Fusco, who conversed with him several times on the way across, and who charged him with coming to America to get in touch with German secret agents in an endeavor to sell to them what Britain did not want.

The fact that the New York carried dead bodies of Lusitania victims tended to a feeling of oppression among the passengers, and although there was no order given to this effect, nevertheless it was an understood matter that no amusements of any kind be indulged in during the voyage. Nor was there.

On the vessel were three German women. They were kept under the strictest surveillance by officers of the vessel. They were compelled to retire at 8 o'clock, and sailors stood guard at their doors until morning. Mrs. De Fusco thought this strange, especially as the New York is of an American line and is not a British boat.

Mrs. De Fusco has lived in Italy until a very short time ago, when, her husband dying, she went to her old home in England. Italians were strongly in favor of the Allies ever since the first declaration of war had been made, she stated. The people never liked the alliance with Germany and Austria-Hungary, and when it was decided to break away from these two powers feeling manifested itself in wild outbursts of patriotism. Now that Italy has taken the plunge and aligned herself with the allied powers, she is positive the people will give a splendid account of themselves.

Stories of German atrocities in Belgium and France are not mere fancies, she says, and tells of having seen a Belgian refugee in a British hospital with both eyes gouged out. This was done in a spirit of mere wanton savagery, according to the man who suffered, and as for girls and boys with arms slashed off, the sight is quite common.

A Spaniard and his family suffered terribly at the hands of the Germans. They lived in the thriving Belgian town of Verdun, where the father kept a jewelry shop. His business was prosperous. When the Germans entered Verdun his shop was one of those razed to the ground. He lost all his stock, but this was not the greatest of his troubles. His wife, two boys and himself were given free passage out of the country, but only on the condition that the daughter, a beautiful girl of 18 years, consented to remain and sleep with the soldiers. The family is now in New York, where the husband is again in business and doing well.

Mrs. De Fusco witnessed the demolition of several German shops in England after the sinking of the Lusitania had rendered the minds of the British populace feverishly unsettled. The owners were surely treated to German culture a la anglaise, she stated. Their stocks were thrown into the streets. She says feeling is very high against the Germans in England, but thinks aliens are treated rather too leniently. One case in point she instances of a German who was found to have carrier pigeons which had been sent out with messages. The war office, apprised of this, had the man under surveillance, and when they had sufficient evidence of a treasonable nature to warrant his arrest, had him apprehended. He appeared in court, and although the evidence clearly proved him a spy and a menace to the country he was resident in, he was only fined, and not incarcerated.

All passengers on vessels leaving British ports must have passports made out and signed by British officials. On these passports it is also necessary that a photograph of the traveller be pasted. Strict watch is kept at all ports for aliens coming in and leaving, but despite this vigilance many both leave and arrive, she says.

ITALY'S PREMIER AND COUNCILLOR TO KING



Premier Salandra

Advertiser Illustrations.

Premier Salandra, head of the Italian cabinet, and councillor of King Emanuel in the present war.

SECRETARY FOR IRELAND IS NOT DISTURBED



Advertiser Illustrations.

MR. AUGUSTINE BIRRELL, who retains his portfolio in the new British cabinet as chief secretary for Ireland.

BROOK FARMERS' PICNIC.

ALVINSTON, May 30.—The Brook farmers' co-operative picnic will be held at Alvinston on June 1. It is a free basket picnic with no admission charges. A fine program of pipe and band music, speakers, quartets, sports and baseball will be given, followed by a concert in the agricultural hall in the evening.

FIELD AMBULANCE BEING WHIPPED INTO CONDITION

Clothing Issued To Men From the Ordnance Stores Today.

WILL HANDLE ALL CASES

Any Case of Illness or Accident in Camp To Go There.

C Section, No. 2 Field Ambulance, under command of Capt. David Smith, late of the 28th Perth Regiment, Stratford, is fast being whipped into shape. The men were issued the regulation khahi uniforms this mornings, and are now outfitted completely, with the exception of their puttees. The total strength of the section is to be 56 of all ranks, and 50 have already reported, leaving only six more to come in to bring the detachment to full strength.

There are six hospital tents, with accommodation for four beds in each tent, as well as a dispensing and operating tent under charge of Section C, and as soon as things have been sufficiently straightened away it is proposed to open these hospital tents in order that the men may have a practical insight into what will be their duty once the firing line is reached.

Will Treat All Cases.

All accident and sick cases from the entire camp will be brought to the Field Ambulance for treatment, according to Major D. H. Hogg, medical officer of the district. These cases will be treated at the canvas hospitals, with the exception of rheumatic cases or others which in the opinion of the medical officers would be better in the regular camp hospital in Wolseley Barracks, under charge of Staff Sergt. Kay, of No. 1 Detachment, Permanent Army Medical Corps.

Appointments Expected.

No non-commisioned officers, with the exception of Sergt.-Major J. C. Leicester, have yet been appointed for the section, but it is expected that provisional promotions will be made at once in order that the work of getting the section down to working order can be facilitated.

Electric lights will be installed in the hospital tents at once.

LONDON OFFICER WITH CANADIANS LANDED IN ENGLAND



CAPT. A. R. MORTIMORE.

CANADIAN TROOPS AND NURSES LAND SAFELY IN ENGLAND

The C. P. R. liner, Missanabie, with 1,700 Canadian soldiers and 40 nurses, arrived safely in England, Sunday, having sailed on Thursday, May 20, from Montreal.

This information was contained in a cable received last night by Mrs. T. T. Mortimore, 302 Central avenue, from her son, Capt. Arthur R. Mortimore, of the 4th Artillery Brigade, who, before his enlistment, had controlled an advertising agency in this city.

Capt. K. C. Folger, Mrs. Folger and family are other Londoners who crossed to England on the Missanabie. Capt. Folger was superior officer in charge of the ordnance stores department here. He will have charge of the stores of the second contingent, being on the staff of Col. Steele.

Whether or not the Missanabie had an adventurous passage is not known. The liner is one of the most modern on the seas, and made her destination on schedule time.

Capt. Mortimore is paymaster of the 4th Artillery Brigade, which had trained in Toronto for several months. It is expected that a further course of training will be undergone in England before the unit leaves for the front. In letters written on board the Missanabie, just before her departure from Montreal, Capt. Mortimore told of the liner's most modern and up-to-date equipment and furnishing.

The 40 nurses are from all parts of Canada. None, as far as known, are from this city.

FRENCH COLONIALS DROVE BACK TURKS

Official Note on Dardanelles Operations From April 25 to May 14.

TURKS FORCED TO CHARGE

Enemy Had Cartridges Taken From Him by His Leaders.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, May 31.—An official note issued by the French war office gives a summary of the operations in the Dardanelles from April 25 to May 14. The note says:

"Fighting was especially heavy during the debarkation of troops on April 25 and 26. Landing parties succeeded in gaining a foothold, however, and established their position while waiting for reinforcements, although Turkish attacks were especially violent.

Cartridges Taken Away.

"The Turks suffered a serious check on May 2," the note says, "but continued their offensive against the allied forces. During the night of May 3-4, the Turks received orders not to fire, but to take by storm the positions held by the French. All cartridges were taken away from the first line men, and they were forced to charge. Time after time the line wavered and broke, the Turks being mowed down by our fire. Although the battle raged from 10 p.m. until dawn the following morning, the furious attack was without result, as the French positions remained precisely the same as the previous night.

Colonials Took Position.

"On the morning of May 6 a general offensive was ordered along the entire front. This movement was exceedingly difficult, owing to the stubborn Turkish resistance and the fire of their machine guns, which were numerous.

"During May 7 and 8 the battle continued, but in the late afternoon of the 8th the brave colonial troops, supported by French regiments, in spite of a hail of shrapnel and shells of all calibres, surmounted all obstacles and a nightfall the position was ours, including an important spur, besides the slopes."

TURKISH VERSION.

[Canadian Press.]

Constantinople, May 30—Via London, May 31.—The following official statement was issued tonight at the war office:

"On the front in the rear of Ari Burnu, the enemy made unsuccessful efforts to prevent us from reinforcing trenches we had captured in the centre of his position.

"At Seddul Bahr, the enemy seems engaged in filling gaps made on May 25.

"Our Anatolian batteries on the Narrows violently bombarded enemy positions at Seddul Bahr today (Sunday). Nothing of importance occurred at other points."

GERMAN ATTACKS EASILY REPULSED

One Hundred and Fifty Prisoners Taken at "The Labyrinth."

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, May 31.—2:41 p.m. — The French war office this afternoon gave out a report on the progress of hostilities which reads as follows:

"There were no new developments during the night of May 30-31, with the exception of the check in the region of Notre Dame De Lorette to a German attack; this movement was easily repulsed by our troops.

"The number of prisoners taken yesterday at The Labyrinth to the southeast of Neuville St. Vaast is 150, including four officers."

GERMAN REPORT.

[Canadian Press.]

Berlin, May 31—Via London, 3:30 p.m. —At the war office today the following statement was given out:

"Western Theatre.—The French attempted yesterday, north of Arras, and in the forest of Le Pretre, to break through our front with strong forces. At Arras, the enemy worked forward on the night before last by means of sapping. An attack on our lines on the Neuville-Roclincourt front was expected, since the attempt of the enemy to force us out of our position further north had failed. This attack was made yesterday afternoon after several hours of artillery preparation. Owing to the bravery of the Bavarian and Rhine regiments the attacks ended in complete defeat for the enemy. His losses were extremely high.

Admit Some Loss.

"In the forest of Le Pretre, the only success gained by the French was the penetration of a few advanced trenches which were weakly defended. Other attempts by the enemy's attack at this point failed.

"At Ostend (Belgium) a coast battery brought down an enemy aviator.

"The railway viaduct of Dammorkirck was again destroyed yesterday by our artillery. The French succeeded only a few days ago in making it ready for use after months of labor.

"Eastern Theatre of War.—Nothing of importance has occurred.

"Southeastern Theatre of War.—During the battles for Przemysl, German troops pushed forward yesterday towards the northeastern front."

MAY RECRUIT ANOTHER 7TH C.M.R. SQUADRON

Unofficial Statements Say One Is To Be Raised in This District.

While no official announcements have yet been made, it is declared in semi-official military circles that orders may be expected at any day to start recruiting for another mounted rifle squadron in this district. The drafting of the Divisional Cavalry from the 7th C. M. R., and the fact that the Toronto Squadron of that regiment was ordered immediately to the old country, and was never trained in London at all, has left the 7th with only one squadron.

It is said that A Squadron of the Rifles, which no longer exists, will be reorganized and trained here. Major Abel, the commander of this squadron, was injured seriously by his horse falling with him at Queen's Park. He however, made a miraculous recovery, and expects to be back on duty within a week or so. As commander of the old A Squadron, he is the man that will likely be picked to command the new one, and it would come as no surprise if the new unit was ordered mobilized within a very short time.

GOES TO OTTAWA

Camp Meat Inquiry Decision Will Come From Capital.

While no official decision has yet been announced in connection with the meat inquiry at the camp on Saturday it was said today that the report would be sent to Ottawa before any decision would be announced. William Gray, M. P., who was present during the inquiry, is now out of the city, and it is said in political circles that he is away on business in connection with the meat contracts for the local camp.

SONS OF GARIBALDI DIE IN FRANCE



Advertiser Illustrations.

Gen. Ricciotti Garibaldi, son of the revolutionist, Giuseppe Garibaldi, sent three sons to fight for France. Two of them were killed in action. They were members of the Garibaldi legion, which was founded by their father.

VON JAGOW TELLS HIS REASONS FOR INDEFINITE REPLY

Says Common Basis of Facts on Lusitania Sinking Is Necessary.

WANTS "CONVERSATIONS"

Statements in Interview Are as Vague as Those of Official Note.

[Canadian Press.]

Berlin, May 30, via London, May 31.—Gottlieb von Jagow, the Imperial German foreign secretary, today received the correspondent of the Associated Press and outlined the reasons which impelled the German Government to send an ad interim note to the United States Government, instead of a final and definite reply to the American representations regarding the Lusitania and other ships that have been torpedoed, and German's submarine policy.

"The issues involved," said Herr von Jagow, "are of such importance, and the views in regard to the Lusitania show such a variance, that the German Government believed it essential to attempt to establish a common basis of fact before entering into a discussion of the issues involved.

Hopes America Will Agree.

"We hope and trust that the American Government will take the same view of the case and let us know in what points their understanding of the facts differ from the German viewpoint as set forth in the note, and in what points they agree, before looking for a direct answer to their communication.

"The American note, of course, leaves the way open for a preliminary discussion of the situation as suggested in the German note. I hope that such a common basis of fact, once established, may serve as the groundwork for further conversations."

The minister was unwilling to give a more definite outline to or comment on the suggestion that an arrangement might be reached on a basis of an inspection and certification by the American Government of passenger ships not carrying war cargoes, pointing out that he did not feel entitled to anticipate, as the other departments of the Government must be heard before suggestions could be definitely taken up or discussed.

Same Old Story.

Replying to a question, Dr. von Jagow said that Germany from the outset had been willing to abandon her submarine war against merchantmen in response to a return by Great Britain to the regulations of war regarding contraband generally accepted before the war, the specific condition being the lifting of the embargo on foodstuffs and raw materials now on the list of conditional contraband. It was not Germany's fault, but Great Britain's, he said, that the well-meant proposals of the United States for a compromise failed.

DEATH OF MRS. JOHN TAYLOR.

PARIS, May 30. — The death occurred early yesterday of Sarah Holmes, beloved wife of John Taylor, in the 50th year of her age, after a lingering illness. Mrs. Taylor had been a resident of Paris for about five years, coming here with her family from Cheshire, England. A husband and little daughter survive. The funeral will take place on Monday afternoon at 1:30 to Paris Cemetery.

SAN RIGHT BANK CLEAR OF ENEMY

Russians Also Drive Germans From Bank of Svilza River.

MANY PRISONERS TAKEN

Foe Heavily Repulsed in Attempted Advance in the Hai Region.

[Canadian Press.]

Petrograd, May 30—Via London, May 31.—The following official communication was issued today:

"In the Shavli (Courtand) region our troops continue to press the Germans, who are defending the approaches to the villages of Shawkiany and Kalmy. In this region we captured, on the 28th, near the village of Sawdenil, nine guns, seven machine guns and other trophies and numerous prisoners.

"On the Middle and Lower Dubysa, the enemy renewed the offensive. Our troops, falling back beyond the river, yesterday stopped repeated enemy attempts to cross it.

Took 3,000 Prisoners.

"The battle in Galicia continues. During the course of yesterday we caused the enemy to evacuate the right bank of the San as far as the mouth of the Lubaczowka, at the villages of Kalnikow and Nakio, situated on both banks of the River Wisznia. Here we captured in one day as many as 3,000 prisoners, sixty of them officers, and machine guns, searchlights and commissariat stores.

Enemy Driven Back.

"In the region beyond the Dniester, stubborn fighting continues. The enemy on the 28th developed his principal advance in the Hai region, where our line forms a salient angle. To resist this advance we made a counter-attack. One of our battalions succeeded in taking the enemy in reverse and in driving back his forces, which were in great strength. We captured 600 prisoners, 17 of them officers, and eight machine guns.

"In the Dolina Valley our troops, taking the offensive, compelled the enemy to evacuate the right bank of the Svitza.

"In the Black Sea yesterday our fleet bombarded and destroyed an electric power works and an establishment for the production of oil."

MACKENSEN REPULSED.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

Petrograd, May 31. — Mackensen's left wing, attempting to encircle Przemysl, has been hurled back across the San. The Russians have occupied the villages of Kanikow and Nakio, which changed hands several times in the terrific fighting above Przemysl, capturing three thousand prisoners, including sixty officers and many machine guns and searchlights.

An official statement issued today announcing these fresh victories for the Slavs did not make it clear whether the right bank of the San from Przemysl northward had been entirely cleared of the enemy.

It contained no specific claim that an Austro-German force that crossed the San, east of Radmyno, and threatened the Przemysl-Lemberg Railway, has been thrown back across the river.

Fighting south of Przemysl continues with undiminished violence, with the result still in doubt.

GREY GLAD OF TRAIN CHANGE.

DURHAM, May 30.—Much satisfaction is expressed with the new G.T.R. service commencing Monday, by which the noon mixed train is to be made a passenger and mail only, arriving almost an hour earlier, thus affording citizens opportunity to secure their daily papers at or before the noon hour.

ALMOST CLEAN BILL FOR CAMP'S HEALTH

Practically No Illness Among Soldiers On Carling's Heights.

SICK PARADES FALL OFF

Move Under Canvas Followed By Decrease in Number of Patients.

Medical officers of the 33rd and 34th Battalions can issue almost a clean bill of health for their respective battalions. Since moving under canvas at Carling's Heights the sick parades have fallen off in number till they are almost nil. The only "casualties" that are reported among the soldiers are bruises, sprains and the like that result from accidents, and not from any illness.

"There has been a great change since we went under canvas here," declared Major A. V. Becher, medical officer of the 33rd Battalion today. "The camp is practically clear from sickness, and we have no more of the colds and so on that we had when at Queen's Park."

Ideal Location for Camp.

The major declared that the location of the camp was ideal. The high, sandy soil prevented dampness, and the water supply and sanitary arrangements were such that everything was in favor of a remarkably healthy camp.

"Yes, we ought to have a healthy camp here," declared Major D. H. Hogg, medical officer of the division. "We have good camp grounds and arrangements, and precautions have been taken to safeguard the men.

All Inoculated.

"All the men have been inoculated against typhoid, so we should have none of that, and I do not think that we will have any more spinal meningitis."

LORD FISHER'S SUCCESSOR



Advertiser Illustrations.

ADMIRAL SIR HENRY BRADWARDINE JACKSON, F. R. S., named first sea lorg of the admiralty, in place of Admiral Lord Fisher, who resigned as a result of a disagreement with the Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill, first civil lord. The new naval chief is known as "the cleverest man in the navy."

CANADIAN CASUALTY LIST

FIRST BATTALION.

WOUNDED—Pte. Frederick C. Rolfe, 612 Ingersoll avenue, Woodstock, Ont., (May 22, gunshot in arm).

THIRD BATTALION.

KILLED IN ACTION—(May 28th)—Lieut. Arthur George Eddis (formerly sergeant), Toronto.

DIED OF WOUNDS—Lieut. S. A. Reddock, Toronto.

FOURTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED — Captain Auguste Raoul Darche, Montreal.

Lieut. H. G. Brunton (formerly 9th), Toronto.

Pte. Arthur Edward Walker, England.

Pte. James Smith, South Africa.

Pte. John Sigfrid Zitterman, Sweden.

Pte. Michael Antennenko (former 9th), Russia.

Pte. George Cornelius (formerly 9th), Turkey.

Pte. Alfred Osborne, England.

Pte. Herbert Barker, England.

Pte. A. Harrison, England.

Pte. Edward John Weeks, England.

Pte. George Andrew David Edinburgh, Scotland.

PtPe. George Patteson, England.

Pte. George Leonard Clarke, England.

Pte. Frank Bland, England.

Pte. Douglas Henry Wells, England.

KILLED IN ACTION—Pte. Geo. Cordoza, Haiti.

FIFTH BATTALION.

DANGEROUSLY ILL—Pte. Frank Creek, Sask. (gunshot in knee).

WOUNDED—Pte. G. S. Jobin, 208 Avenue K., North Saskatoon, Sask.

Pte. Wm. Cameron Hamilton, Beaumont, Victoria, B. C.

Pte. Herbert Lavin, Toronto.

SEVENTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED—Pte. John Frederick Waddington, Victoria, B. C.

Sergt. W. Robert Mackersey (formerly 30th) Edinburgh, Scotland.

SUFFERING FROM GAS FUMES—Pte. James Robinson, Ireland.

DIED OF WOUNDS—(May 29)—Pte. Donald Grant, Scotland.

EIGHTH BATTALION.

SERIOUSLY ILL—Pte. Robert T. Bassett, Fort Rouge, Winnipeg.

WOUNDED—Pte. Arthur Cooper Berry, West Kildonan, Winnipeg.

Pte. Charles McMahon, Elmwood, Winnipeg.

Pte. Albert Valentine Jesson, Winnipeg.

Pte. Ernest Barclay McFarlane, Utica, N. Y.

TENTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED—Pte. Wm. Aitken (formerly 32nd), Winnipeg.

Pte. Samuel Arthur Somerset, Winnipeg.

Company Sergt.-Major Willoughby Gilbert, Regina, Sask.

Pte. Chas. Z. Pettengill (formerly 32nd), Woodward, Okla., U.S.A.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED—Sergt. Edwin Evans, England.

Sergt. John McGregor, Scotland.

Lance-Corp. William W. Orr, Scotland.

Lance-Corp. Alan Neilson, Scotland.

Pte. Howell Ritson, England.

Pte. Stephen Rupert Campbell, England.

Pte. Charles C. Peters, Scotland.

Pte. William Ferguson, Scotland.

Pte. Robert Much Robertson, Scotland.

Pte. J. Winnard, England.

Pte. William Hamilton, Scotland.

Pte. Sidney Chandler, England.

Pte. Donald Edgar Steinberg, England.

Pte. Clarence Brigden, England.

Pte. John Edward Webb, England.

Pte. Neil McNellage, Scotland.

Pte. Robert Alan, Scotland.

Pte. William Thompson, Scotland.

Pte. Wm. F. Black, Scotland.

KILLED IN ACTION—May 20—Pte. John McPherson, Scotland.

REPORTED WOUNDED AND MISSING—Pte. Israel Stanfield, England.

REPORTED MISSING—April 24—Sergt. George Mervyn G. Anderson, Ireland.

Corp. Howard Frederick Lee, England.

Corp. Clifford Minchin Smith, England.

MISSING—Corp. Harry Clithero, England.

Corp. Edwin Clarke, England.

Lance-Corp. Leslie C. Wilson, England.

Lance-Corp. William M. Sullivan, Dublin, Ireland.

Lance-Corp. Robert Snowden, England.

Lance-Corp. James Stewart, Scotland.

Lance-Corp. Horace W. Templeman, England.

Pte. Francis John Benoy, England.

Pte. William Frederick Chambers, England.

Pte. Robert Crichton, Scotland.

Pte. Walter Martin Culn, England.

Pte. Varsel Coveck, Russian.

Pte. Alexander Donaldson, England.

Pte. Robert Irving, England.

MISSING—April 24—Pte. Richard Isherwood, Scotland.

Pte. George Lamming, England.

Pte. William Reid Mathieson, Scotland.

Pte. Frederick Mitchard, England.

Pte. Neil Watson McDonald, Glasgow, Scotland.

Pte. Frank McGrory, Ireland.

Pte. Dennis O'Keefe, London, England.

Pte. Angel Petkoff, Bulgaria.

Pte. James Edward Quinn, Ireland.

Pte. Andrew William Smith, Liverpool, England.

MISSING — Pte. William Breton Wallace, Scotland.

Pte. John Workman, England.

Pte. George Claridge, England.

FOURTEENTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED Corp. E. C. Bliss, headquarters U. S. army, Washington, D. C.

Pte. Henry Delisle, Montreal.

Pte. Walter E. Woodhouse, Montreal.

Pte. W. Charles Cornisk, St. Johns, Nfld.

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED — Pte. Ernest John Powell, Sudbury, Ont.

Pte. John Campbell Craig (formerly 30th) Renfrew, Ont.

Pte. John Emory Le Bean (formerly 30th) Malawka, B. C.

Pte. Walter Percival Foot (formerly 30th) Toronto.

Pte. Charles Imlach, Toronto.

Pte. Charles Budd, Toronto.

Pte. Robert Brancierre, Toronto.

Pte. James Feeney, Toronto.

Pte. Thomas Charles Murphy, Calgary, Alba.

Pte. William Raymond Tushingham, Toronto.

Pte. Daniel Joseph Roberts, Toronto.

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED — Corp. Alexander Holmberg (formerly 30th) Percher Island, B. S.

Pte. John William Bunting (formerly 30th) Apohqui, N. S.

Corp. Alonzo Leighton, Vancouver, B. C.

Pte. Mackenzie Rutherford, Colborne, Ont.

Pte. Sydney Keeton, North Hamilton, Ont.

Pte. Edward Buckley, Hamilton, Ont.

Lance-Corp. Donald Campbell, Hamilton, Ont.

Pte. Thomas Herbert Olliver, Hamilton, Ont.

Pte. Earl Lawrence McKenzie, Winnipeg.

Pte. Wm. Stokes, Hamilton, Ont.

Sergt. William Harrison (formerly 30th), England.

Corp. Andrew Carr (formerly 30th), England.

Corp. Charles John Hall, England.

Corp. Arthur A. Black, England.

Corp. Sydney Herbert Smith (formerly 30th), England.

Corp. Ernest A. Almond, England.

Lance-Corp. Reginald E. Leak, England.

Lance-Corp. George McKenzie, Scotland.

Pte. John Young, England.

Pte. Alex. Cameron, Scotland.

Pte. Archer Robert Payze, England.

Pte. Frederick Harrison (formerly 30th), England.

Pte. Archie Kirkwood, Scotland.

Pte. Horace Bradbury (formerly 30th), England.

Pte. Albert Chipple (formerly 30th), England.

Pte. Kenneth Grant (formerly 11th), Scotland.

Pte. George Neilson, England.

Pte. William Shorland, Mosse, England.

Pte. Alex. Waugh, Scotland.

Pte. Daniel Walters, England.

Pte. John Hopwood, England.

Pte. Archibald Johnston, Scotland.

Pte. Adam White, Edinburgh, Scotland.

Pte. Robert Charles Dunbar, Scotland.

Pte. James Henderson Stirling, Scotland.

Pte. John McNeill, Scotland.

Pte. W. Morris, England.

Pte. Albert Clark (formerly 11th), England.

SUNDAY'S LIST

FIRST BATTALION.

WOUNDED—Pte. James W. Kelly (formerly 9th), New Aberdeen, Cape Breton, N. S.

DIED OF WOUNDS—May 24.—Pte. L. Leaven, England.

WOUNDED — Lance-Corp. Chas. Sidney Norris, England.

Pte. Frank Finley, Dundas, Ont.

Pte. Edward F. Wiley, Wingham, Ont.

Pte. Robert H. Hawley, (formerly 9th) Kingston, Ont.

SECOND BATTALION.

MISSING—Lance-Corp. William T. Graham, Lancashire, England.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING, NOW REPORTED DEAD, CAUSE NOT STATED—Pte. Robert Wilson (formerly 9th), Lanarkshire, Scotland.

WOUNDED—Pte. Dashwood Catto, Bradford, Ont.

Pte. Ernest Mesley, Peterboro, Ont.

Lance-Corp. A. Wooding, Brockville, Ont.

Pte. Isaac Kurkravitch, Milwaukee, Wis.

Pte. James Gerald Pollard, Napanee, Ont.

Pte. Albert James Bingham (previously reported killed), Frankford, Ont.

DIED OF WOUNDS — Pte. J. A. Comeaugh, Moncton, N. B.

WOUNDED—Pte. John D. Ferguson, Limoilow, Que.

WOUNDED—Pte. John C. Prince, England.

Captain G. G. Chrysler, Ottawa.

THIRD BATTALION.

KILLED IN ACTION — Lieut. Herbert Gladstone Kerr, (formerly sergeant), Pickering, Ont.

WOUNDED—Pte. William Platt, Orillia, Ont.

FOURTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED—Pte. W. D. H. Duff, Amherstburg, Ont.

SERIOUSLY WOUNDED—Sergt. Walter Norman Lake, England. (gunshot in hip).

DIED—Pte. James Cunningham, Scotland.

FIFTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED—Major George Gordon Morris (gunshot wound arm and thigh), Saskatoon, Sask.

DEATH—Pte. John William McDonald, Breadalbane, P.E.I.

KILLED IN ACTION—Pte. Mike Koss, Edmonton, Alta.

WOUNDED—Pte. Albert E. Edwards, England.

Pte. Alex. Bruce Dickson, England.

Pte. James Henry Marshall, Ireland. (Dangerously ill with gunshot wound.)

DIED OF WOUNDS—Pte. Frank Taylor, England.

KILLED IN ACTION—May 26—Captain Chas. E. McGee (formerly 10th) Ottawa.

Major David Jean Trenallle, France.

WOUNDED—(May 26) — Lieut. (formerly sergeant) Barington Chadwick Quinan, Scotland.

SEVENTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED—Pte. Sydney Smith, New Westminster, B. C.

WOUNDED—Pte. Charles Edward Dickinson, Winnipeg, Man.

Pte. William Arthur Noble (formerly 30th), Peterboro, Ont.

WOUNDED—Pte. James Hunter, Moose Jaw, Sask.

Capt. C. John Anderson (formerly 11th), Vancouver, B. C.

WOUNDED — Sert. Robert Lawrence Hamilton, Ireland.

Pte. Epos Smith, England.

Pte. Norman McKenzie, Nine Mile Creek, P. E. I.

SUFFERING FROM SHOCK — Lieut. Lionel Hugh Major (formerly 30th) England.

EIGHTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED—Pte. John MacAnderson (formerly 11th), Dinsmore, Sask.

Pte. George Desjarlais, Prince Albert, Sask.

WOUNDED—Pte. Edwin Gray, Kingston, Ont.

Pte. George Dougherty, Winnipeg.

Pte. Rueben Crawford Jackson, Toronto.

Pte. Alex. John Sandbrook, Winnipeg.

Pte. Ernest Bernard Barker, Winnipeg.

Pte. George Arthur Allman, Winnipeg.

Pte. William Kennedy, Hamilton, Ont.

DIED OF WOUNDS—Pte. Fred Rowe, Winnipeg.

SUFFERING FROM GAS FUMES—Pte. Charles Henry Wilson, Norway.

WOUNDED—Pte. Wm. Law, Ireland.

Pte. Ernest Victor Cook, England.

Pte. James Cormack, Scotland.

Sergt. John Moir, Scotland.

Pte. Michael Cook, England.

Pte. Cecil Towse, England.

Pte. Roderick McLean, Scotland.

Corp. Herman Hartley, England.

Pte. Fred Francis Minty, England.

Sergt. Alex. Ross, Scotland.

Pte. Edgar Montague Hall, England.

Pte. William Henry Beard, England.

Pte. Alexander James Cochrane, Dynvor P. O., Man.

Pte. Robert Samuel Sears, Sydney, N. S.

SUFFERING FROM GAS FUMES—Pte. D. Robertson, Ottawa.

TENTH BATTALION.

KILLED IN ACTION—May 24.—Lieut. George Gordon Duncan, Port Credit, Ont.

WOUNDED—Pte. William Montague Maxwell Touche (formerly 32nd), Kalamazoo.

Pte. Thomas Mascoll (formerly 12th), Vincent, B. W. I., Mich.

Pte. Harry Riley (formerly 11th), Sea Cow Pond, Lot 1, P.E.I.

Pte. Charles Bogie, (formerly 32nd), Sintaluta, Sask.

Sergt. Robert Cockle (formerly 32nd), La Riviere, Man.

DIED — Pte. Harold Hargrave Wright, (formerly 11th) Belleville, Ont. (meningitis).

DIED OF WOUNDS—Pte. Hugh Henry Benall, McNally, Alb.

Pte. George Hughes, England.

WOUNDED — Pte. Frank Bristow, Winnipeg Man.

Pte. Samuel Thomas Mathewson, (formerly 32nd) Emo, Ont.

Lieut. Fred T. Nichol (formerly 11th) Beeton, Ont.

Lance-Corp. Fred Bristow, England.

Pte. Donald McNaughton, Glasgow, Scotland.

Pte. Lewis Edgar Lane, England.

Pte. George Richards, England.

Pte. Arthur Smith, England.

Pte. Martin H. A. Lane, England.

Sergt. Archibald Wilfred Gogay, England.

Pte. Wilfred Arthur Fowler, (formerly 32nd) England.

Pte. George Worsley Smith (formerly 32nd) England.

Pte. Alexander McCaughan (formerly 32nd) Ireland.

Pte. Arthur Allen (formerly 32nd) England.

Pte. Daniel McDermott, (formerly 32nd) England.

Pte. Sydney Turner Hicks (formerly 32nd) Wales.

Lance-Corp. F. G. Sexton, Dickens P. O., Winnipeg, Man.

Pte. Richard Parker, Calgary, Alta.

Pte. R. Higgins, St. John, N. B.

Pte. C. Greene (formerly 5th) 127½ west, 27th street, New York City.

Pte. Eric R. Doherty, 39 Fawcette street, Winnipeg.

Pte. James Alexander Bunyan, Prince Albert, Sask.

Pte. James Beverley Holbrook, Prince Albert.

Sergt.-Major John Watson, Winnipeg.

WOUNDED—Corp. William Symes, England.

Pte. George Ernest Spencer, England.

Pte. William Carnill, England.

Pte. Daniel McDermott, England.

Pte. William Thomas Cloake, England.

Pte. Stephenson Richardson Keeling, England.

Pte. Leslie Godwin Chance (formerly 32nd Battalion), England.

Pte. Herbert Chaplin, Ireland.

Pte. Ernest Partridge (formerly 32nd Battalion), England.

Pte. Alfred Richard Fisher (formerly 32nd Battalion,) England.

Pte. John Good, Ireland.

Pte. David Alexander Richardson, Ireland.

Pte. Maurice Lowe (formerly 32nd Battalion), England.

Pte. Peter Rennie Wightman, Edinburgh, Scotland.

Pte. Thomas Phillips (formerly 32nd Regiment), England.

13TH BATTALION.

MISSING—April 24—Piper Alex. James MacDonald, Montreal.

THIRTEENTH BATTALION

WOUNDED — Pte. Edward Burns, (previously reported May 22nd, now May 1st,) Maissonneuve, Montreal.

Pte. Joseph Derveau, (formerly 23rd) Civic Hospital, Quebec.

FOURTEENTH BATTALION.

DIED OF WOUNDS—Pte. Clarence B. Denman, Montreal.

DIED OF WOUNDS—Pte. James Few, Staines, England.

WOUNDED—Pte. William Taylor, Yorkshire, England.

Pte. William Coldwell, Aberdeen, Scotland.

Pte. Lucien Mouvet, Meuse, France.

Pte. Frederick B. Perfrement, South Croydon, England.

Pte. Ernest Lachat, Geneva, Switzerland.

Pte. J. Lucian Baby, Montreal.

WOUNDED — Pte. Cawthorne Capper, Cambridge, England.

Pte. William Pollard, Redditch, England.

WOUNDED—Pte. William Henry Rowe, England.

DIED OF WOUNDS—Corp. Ernest Cote, Montreal.

WOUNDED AND MISSING — Sergt. Charles Marshall, Ville Emard, Montreal.

WOUNDED—Pte. George William Summers, Montreal.

Pte. Ernest Beaudriault, Montreal.

Pte. Rufus Hunter, St. Stephen, N. B.

Pte. James Harold Dundas, Fenelon Falls, Ont.

Pte. Percy Higgins, Cathina, N.B.

Sergt. John W. Green, Montreal.

Pte. David A. Forneri, Kingston, Ont. (shrapnel in left side).

WOUNDED—Pte. Laupold Desnoyers, Maisonneuve, Montreal.

DIED OF WOUNDS—(May 22) — Pte. Archie Devlin, Glasgow, Scotland.

WOUNDED — Pte. Frederick Jennings, England.

Pte. John N. Boothby, Birmingham, Eng.

Pte. Wellesley H. Taylor, Trinidad, B. W. I.

Pte. Harold Bulger, England.

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED—May 21—Pte. John MacDonald, Toronto.

Pte. Herschell John Simpson (formerly 30th), Clarkston, Wash.

MISSING—Pte. Alexander Alfred Cantley, Kilkenny, Ireland.

WOUNDED—Pte. James Mortimer Ashbury (formerly 30th) Penngonymyth, N. Wales.

WOUNDED—May 21—Pte. Albert E. D. Davey (formerly 30th), Bristol, Eng.

DIED OF WOUNDS—Pte. Arthur Ward (formerly 30th), London, England.

May 21—Pte. Norman B. Lathcan, Edinburgh, Scotland.

DIED OF WOUNDS—(May 21) Pte. George Cain Bellamy, England.

Sergt. Edwin Cecil Coy (formerly 30th Battalion), England.

WOUNDED—Pte. Sidney Frank Pavier, England.

Sergt. John Pearson, England.

Pte. James Lawson (formerly 9th Battalion), Scotland.

Pte. Peter Miller, Scotland.

Sergt. Robert Anderson (formerly 30th Battalion), England.

Pte. Harry George Linnington, Isle of Wight.

Pte. William Harry Sewell (formerly 30th Battalion), England.

Pte. Binstead H. N. Porter (formerly 30th Battalion), England.

Pte. Jesse Brewer (formerly 30th Battalion), England.

Pte. Edward W. Shelton (formerly 30th Battalion), Finland.

Pte. Oscar (formerly 30th Battalion), Finland.

Pte. Thomas Scott (formerly 30th Battalion), Scotland.

Pte. Douglas McKentosh, (formerly 30th) Scotland.

Pte. Geo. K. McDonald, Scotland.

Pte. Ed. F. Light, England.

Pte. Walter Joseph Ahearn, Dublin, Ireland.

Pte. Alick Kennedy, Scotland.

Pte. Fred Duncan S. Robertson, South Africa.

Pte. W. Cameron Kirkpatrick, Scotland.

Pte. John A. Thompson, Scotland.

Pte. William Stark, Scotland.

Lance-Sergt. Everard Allison Muirsmith (formerly 30th) London, Eng.

Corp. Henry William Howes, England.

Lance-Corp. Harold M. Clayton, Dublin, Ireland.

SIXTEENTH BATTALION.

WOUNDED—Pte. Albert Ritchie, Hamilton, Ont.

Pte. Harold S. Crimes, Sturgeon Creek, Man.

WOUNDED—Pte. Shirley Hobbs, England.

Pte. Cyril Powell, Yorkshire, England.

Pte. Angus MacKenzie, Sutherlandshire, Scotland.

Pte. Charles Henry Brown, London, Eng.

Pte. K. G. Bancroft, no address.

DIED OF WOUNDS—(May 9)—Pte. George Reeves, (formerly 30th) Victoria, B. C.

WOUNDED — Lance-Corp. Robt. Quinn (formerly 30th) Harrop, B.C.

Pte. George William Burns (formerly 30th) Balmoral, N. S.

Corp. Alonzo Leighton, England.

PRINCESS PATRICIAS.

DIED OF WOUNDS — Pte. Jas. McDonald, (formerly 12th) Scotland.

Pte. Jack Blees, India.

SUFFERING FROM GAS FUMES — Pte. Thomas Wright, Carlisle, England.

MISSING — Pte. Rhys Edward Williams, Winnipeg.

WOUNDED — Lance-Corp. Chas. B. Nourse, South Africa.

Pte. John McIvor, (formerly 28th) Scotland.

Pte. Charles Baker, England.

Pte. Charles McCusker (returned to duty).

Lieut. Stanley Livingstone Jones, England, (shrapnel in foot).

Major James Hawkins Lindsay, Scotland, (gunshot in thigh).

Pte. Horace Mills Roberts, Calgary, Alb.

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED — Pte. William B. Crumb, Edmonton, Alta.

WOUNDED—Pte. George Hogg, England.

Pte. Percy Filkin, England.

Pte. Robert Boulter, England.

Pte. Sydney Benham, England.

ROYAL CANADIAN DRAGOONS

DIED OF WOUNDS—Sergt Cuthbert Martin, Beckenham, Eng.

FIRST FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

WOUNDED — Gunner Charles Smith, Leister, England.

Gunner Miles Harrison, Bedford, England.

SECOND FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

WOUNDED — Gunner Frederick Richard Channon, England.

THIRD FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.

WOUNDED—Gunner F. D. Fraser, Moose Jaw, Sask.

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED—Captain W. A. McKeen, Woodstock, N. B., (returned to duty).

WOUNDED—Sapper Francis Edward Player, England.

DIVISIONAL ENGINEERS

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED — Lieut. J. F. E. Gendron, Hull, P. Q.

DETROIT DETECTIVE KILLED BY BANDITS IN RAILWAY YARDS

Volley Fired As Soon As Officers Are Sighted—Suspects Arrested.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

DETROIT, May 30.—Chas. Miller, Pere Marquette railroad detective, was shot to death by a band of car thieves who opened fire on him and a companion, when officers attempted to arrest them in the yards of the Pere Marquette Railway at midnight last night.

Miller died on the operating table in St. Mary's Hospital, at 1:15 a.m. He had been rushed to the city in a special train from the extreme west end of the Rougemer yards, where the attack occurred. The bandits escaped.

Car-thieving had been in progress for several nights and Miller was detailed to capture the robbers. With another detective he lay in wait and when the bandits appeared they began firing immediately the officers approached. One bullet passed through Miller's abdomen. Two suspects were arrested this evening.

FOUR FINE BARNS DESTROYED BY FIRE

Supposed That One of the Indian Boys May Have Caused It.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

MUNCEY, May 30.—Supposedly caused by one of the boy inmates, fire this afternoon destroyed the splendid barns and outbuildings of the Muncey Institute, which is a school and farm for Indian boys.

The fires started about 4 o'clock and burned until 6 o'clock. The buildings, with the exception of the institute proper, were of frame and built comparatively close together. They burned rapidly, owing to the lack of fire protection. All that could be done by the boys in attendance, numbering 125, who formed a bucket brigade, was done, but was practically unavailing.

Four buildings were destroyed.

The fire-fighters were able to save all of the live-stock save one registered stallion which was valued highly.

INDIAN LISTERS FINED.

WALKERTON, May 30.—Two Cargill men were fined $10 and costs by local magistrates for being drunk while on the "Indian" list.

GERMANY'S REPLY FAILS TO ANSWER AMERICAN DEMANDS RELATIONS MAY BE SEVERED

No Time To Be Lost in Dispatching Second Note — Washington Has Proof That Lusitania Was Unarmed and Sailed From New York as Peaceful Merchantman.

[Canadian Press.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 30.—Germany's reply to the American note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania with a loss of more than 100 American lives produced a feeling of profound disappointment here. Dissatisfaction at the failure of Germany to answer the demands of the United States was reflected in Government circles generally.

President Wilson had retired early—before the text arrived—but from a reading of the summary published today, and Ambassador Gerard's forecasts, he had an accurate impression of what it contained.

Secretary Bryan would make no comment. Other cabinet officers were reticent, but there was little concealment anywhere that the answer from Berlin had produced a grave situation in the relations between the United States and Germany. Just what course of action the United States will pursue is undetermined.

CABINET MEETS TOMORROW.

Press dispatches giving the text of the reply came during the evening, and were sent to the White House. The official text from Ambassador Gerard arrived just before midnight and will be placed before the President early tomorrow. There will be a cabinet meeting Tuesday.

From a previous knowledge of President Wilson's position it was generally predicted tonight that a prompt answer would be sent to Berlin perhaps within twenty-four or forty-eight hours. This is expected to give the American Government's understanding of the facts—that the Lusitania was unarmed and carried no concealed guns; that she sailed from the United States a peaceful merchantman and that under all rules of international law and humanity the vessel should have been visited and searched and her passengers transferred to a place of safety whether she carried ammunition or not. American law does not prohibit ammunition from being carried on passenger ships, it will be asserted, but only self-exploding material, and liners in the past have been permitted to carry arms and ammunition by special ruling of the state department on the meaning of federal statutes.

EVADES U. S. DEMANDS.

Germany's failure even to discuss the reparation demanded by the American note, and evasion of the request that guarantees be given that American vessels and lives be not endangered in the future, are the main points, however, to which the United States Government, it was generally believed tonight, would advert in the second note. The expressions of regret and offers of reparation for unintentional attacks on neutral ships are expected to have little weight in determining the nature of the response of the United States.

While it is generally thought the United States will answer Germany's request for facts, with a re-statement of the circumstances as recited in the American note of May 13, the promptness with which the reply will be dispatched is counted upon to serve as an indication that the American Government wishes an early answer and does not desire to engage in protracted diplomatic discussion.

MAY SEVER RELATIONS.

Persons close to President Wilson have learned that he is determined to obtain reparation for the Lusitania victims, and assurances of respect for American rights in future, and that failing this, he would not hesitate to sever diplomatic relations with Germany.

In German quarters here tonight it was again reiterated that the Lusitania was armed.

To controvert this the United States has proof gathered before the American note was sent that there was no guns aboard. Furthermore, the British Government entered into an informal agreement with the United States early in the war to see that no British vessels left American ports armed.

GERMANY CLAIMS SEA MURDER WAS AN ACT OF SELF DEFENSE; WANTS TO OPEN INVESTIGATION

BERLIN, May 30.—Germany withholds its final decision on the demands advanced by the United States Government, in connection with the sinking of the Lusitania, until the receipt of an answer from the United States to the note which Herr Von Jagow, the foreign minister, has delivered to Ambassador Gerard, in reply to the American note received by the German Government on May 15.

In its reply the German Government declares that it is not its intention to submit neutral ships in the war zone, which are guilty of no hostile acts, to attacks by submarine or aeroplane; that it is investigating the circumstances in connection with the attacks on the American steamers Cushing and Gulflight, and that in all cases where neutral vessels, through no fault of their own have been damaged, Germany will pay indemnification.

The reply urges that in the case of the Lusitania, which Germany alleges was armed and carried large stores of war munitions, it was "acting in justified self-defence in seeking with all the means of warfare at its disposal to protect the lives of its soldiers by destroying ammunition intended for the enemy."

The German Government recalls the proposals submitted by the United States Government to Berlin and London designed to end the submarine warfare and the shutting out of food supplies from Germany, which, it declares, failed of their purpose because of the refusal of the British Government to agree to them.

The text of the German note was made public today.

Full Text of the German Note

The following is the text of the German note:

"The undersigned has the honor to submit to Ambassador Gerard the following answer to the communication of May 15th, regarding the injury to American interests through German submarine warfare.

"The Imperial Government has subjected the communication of the American Government to a thorough investigation. It entertains also a keen wish to co-operate in a frank and friendly way in clearing up a possible misunderstanding which may have arisen in the relations between the two governments through the events mentioned by the American Government.

ORDERS TO SPARE NEUTRALS.

"Regarding, firstly, the cases of the American steamers Cushing and Gulflight. The American Embassy has already been informed that the German Government has no intention of submitting neutral ships in the war zone, which are guilty of no hostile acts, to attacks by a submarine or submarines, or aviators. On the contrary, the German forces have repeatedly been instructed most specifically to avoid attacks on such ships.

"If neutral ships in recent months have suffered through the German submarine warfare, owing to mistakes in identification, it is a question only of quite isolated and exceptional cases, which can be attributed to the British Government's abuse of flags, together with the suspicious or culpable behavior of the masters of the ships.

HAS EXPRESSED REGRET.

"The German Government, in all cases in which it has been shown by its investigations, that a neutral ship, not itself at fault, was damaged by German submarines or aviators, has expressed regret over the unfortunate accident, and if justified by conditions, has offered indemnification.

"The cases of the Cushing and the Gulflight will be treated on the same principles. An investigation of both cases is in progress, the result of which will presently be communicated to the embassy. The investigation can, if necessary, be supplemented by an international call on the International Commission of Inquiry, as provided by Article III of the Hague Agreement of October 18, 1907.

"When sinking the British steamer Falaba, the commander of the German submarine had the intention of allowing the passengers and crew a full opportunity for a safe escape. Only when the master did not obey the order to heave-to, but fled and summoned help by rocket signals, did the German commander order the crew and passengers by signals and megaphone to leave the ship within ten minutes. He actually allowed them 23 minutes time, and fired the torpedo only when suspicious craft were hastening to the assistance of the Falaba.

SORRY ABOUT LUSITANIA.

"Regarding the loss of life by the sinking of the British passenger steamer Lusitania, the German Government has already expressed to the neutral Governments concerned its keen regret that citizens of their states lost their lives.

"On this occasion the Imperial Government, however, cannot escape the impression that certain important facts having a direct bearing on the sinking of the Lusitania may have escaped the attention of the American Government.

"In the interest of a clear and complete understanding, which is the aim of both Governments, the Imperial Government considers it first necessary to convince itself that the information accessible to both Governments about the facts of the case is complete, and in accord.

"The Government of the United States proceeds on the assumption that the Lusitania could be regarded as an ordinary unarmed merchantman. The Imperial Government allows itself, in this connection, to point out that the Lusitania was one of the largest and fastest British merchant ships, built with Government funds as an auxiliary cruiser and carried expressly as such in the 'navy list' issued by the British Admiralty.

CLAIMS VESSEL WAS ARMED.

"It is further known to the Imperial Government from trustworthy reports from its agents and neutral passengers, that for a considerable time practically all the more valuable British merchantmen have been equipped with cannon and ammunition and other weapons, and manned with persons who have been specially trained in serving guns. The Lusitania too, according to information received here, had cannon aboard which were mounted and concealed below decks.

"The Imperial Government, further, has the honor to direct the particular attention of the American Government to the fact that the British Admiralty, in a confidential instruction issued in February, 1915, recommended its mercantile shipping not only to seek protection under neutral flags and distinguishing marks, but also, while thus disguised, to attack German submarines by ramming. As a special incitation to merchantmen to destroy submarines the British Government also offered high prizes and has already paid such rewards.

"The Imperial Government, in view of these facts indubitably known to it, is unable to regard British merchantmen in the zone of naval operations specified by the admiralty staff of the German navy as 'undefended.' German commanders consequently are no longer able to observe the customary regulations of the prize law, which they before always followed.

SAYS CANADIANS WERE ABOARD.

"Finally, the Imperial Government must point out particularly that the Lusitania on its last trip, as on earlier occasions, carried Canadian troops and war material, including no less than 5,400 cases of ammunition intended for the destruction of the brave German soldiers who are fulfilling their duty with self-sacrifice and devotion in the Fatherland's service.

"The German Government believes that it was acting in justified self-defence in seeking with all the means of warfare at its disposal to protect the lives of its soldiers by destroying ammunition intended for the enemy.

"The British shipping company must have been aware of the danger to which the passengers aboard the Lusitania were exposed under these conditions. The company in embarking them notwithstanding this, attempted deliberately to use the lives of American citizens as protection for the ammunition aboard, and acted against the clear provisions of the American law, which expressly prohibits the forwarding of passengers on ships carrying ammunition and provides a penalty therefor. The company therefore is wantonly guilty of the death of so many passengers.

BLAMES AMMUNITION FOR TRAGEDY.

"There can be no doubt, according to the definite report of the submarine's commander, which is further confirmed by all other information, that the quick sinking of the Lusitania is primarily attributable to the explosion of the ammunition shipment caused by a torpedo. The Lusitania's passengers would otherwise, in all human probability, have been saved.

"The Imperial Government considers the above-mentioned facts important enough to recommend them to the attentive examination of the American Government.

"The Imperial Government, while withholding its final decision on the demands advanced in connection with the sinking of the Lusitania until receipt of an answer from the American Government, feels impelled in conclusion, to recall here and now, that it took cognizance with satisfaction of the mediatory proposals submitted by the United States Government to Berlin and London as a basis for a modus vivendi for conducting the maritime warfare between Germany and Great Britain. The Imperial Government, by its readiness to enter upon a discussion of these proposals, then demonstrated its good intentions in ample fashion. The realization of these proposals was defeated, as is well known, by the declinatory attitude of the British Government.

"The undersigned takes occasion, et cetera.

(Signed) "JAGOW."

AUSTRIAN'S FORT TAKEN BY ITALIANS

Neighboring Fort Turns Its Artillery on the White Flag.

TWO SUMMITS TAKEN

Dirigibles Cause Serious Losses in the Enemy's Territory.

[Canadian Press.]

ROME, May 30, via Paris—11:30 p.m.—An official dispatch from the Italian headquarters under date of Sunday, says:

"In the Giudicara valley, on the Trentino-Tyrol frontier (extreme southwest), we occupied an important position, the summit of Spessa near Storo. Our artillery destroyed the armored forts of Luzerna, on the Asiago plateau, which hoisted a white flag. Seeing this the Austrian fort, Belvedere, situated farther in the rear, immediately turned its guns against Fort Luzerna. The summit of Vezana also was occupied by infantry. The latter advanced at once as far as the village of Vezana, situated below, which had hurriedly been abandoned by the Austrians. Our loss was slight.

"In Cadore we occupied the defile of the Croci, the Cortino d'Ampezza walls and all the valley surrounding that township."

An official communication issued last night said:

Forts Damaged.

"On the frontier in Tyrol and Trentino the combat continues between our artillery placed on our works at Tonale and the plateaus of Asiago and Lavorne and that of the enemy who still responds vigorously. However, the Austrian forts Luzerna, Busa and Spitzverle are seriously damaged. On May 27 our infantry troops were reinforced by a customs force and artillery and advanced on both banks of the Adige in the direction of Ala. After capturing the village of Pilcante, which was protected by a number of trenches we succeeded in taking Ala and consolidated there. The combat lasted from noon till night our losses being light.

"On the Friuli frontier on the night of May 27-28 our dirigibles accomplished successful incursions into the territory of the enemy causing serious damage. Numerous bombs were thrown and attained their object despite the fire by the enemy. On May 27-28 enemy aeroplanes from Pola were obliged to land near the mouth of the Po and were captured.

An official communication issued by Vice-Admiral Thaon Di Revel, the chief of the Italian naval staff, says that on May 27 an Austrian hydroplane was captured near the Italian coast.

VENICE SHELLED.

VIENNA, via London, May 30.—In an air raid on Venice Friday night by several naval airmen a large number of bombs were dropped causing several extensive fires in and near an arsenal. Another bomb caused an explosion in Fort Nicolo. News of the raid is given in an official statement issued last night by the war office.

INGERSOLL CADETS TO BE INSPECTED TUESDAY

Enrollment Has Shown Increase Lately—Masons Elect Officers.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

INGERSOLL, May 30.—The attendance at the Collegiate Institute having increased materially in the past year, there has been a corresponding increase in the membership of the Cadet Corps. There are now 80 names on the roll. The annual inspection of the corps will take place on Tuesday afternoon at Victoria Park.

Special Methodist Services.

In the Methodist Church today the anniversary of the floral offering was observed. The congregations were large and excellent music was rendered by the choir. In the evening the pulpit was occupied by Rev. Ronald McLeod, of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church.

Harris R. A. M. Officers.

At the regular meeting of Harris Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

First Principal, Ex.-Comp. R. B. Hutt; second principal, Ex.-Comp. H. P. Stoneman; third principal, Ex.-Comp. W. A. Sutherland; Scribe E., Ex.-Comp. A. S. Crawford; Scribe N., Comp. William Seldon; treasurer, Comp. W. J. Elliott; P. S., Ex.-Comp. G. M. McKay; auditors, Most Ex.-Comp. M. Walsh and Rt. Ex.-Comp. W. O. Edwards; tyler, Comp. Geo. Russell.

HAVE DONE MUCH TO SHORTEN WAR

Gen. French's High Tribute to Soldiers Who Defended Ypres.

MOST DESPERATE FIGHT

Marked by Fiercest Artillery Fire Ever Directed Against Troops.

[Canadian Press.]

LONDON, May 30.—Field Marshal Sir John French, commander-in-chief of the British forces in France, in an address to the troops which fought in the second battle of Ypres, which he described as one of the "most desperate fights of the war," declared that they had done much to shorten the war.

"In this second battle of Ypres the Germans tried by every means in their power to get possession of that unfortunate town. They concentrated large forces of troops and artillery and further than that they had recourse to that mean and dastardly practice, hitherto unheard of in civilized warfare, namely, the use of asphyxiating gases.

"You have performed the most difficult, arduous and terrific task of withstanding a stupendous bombardment of heavy artillery, probably the fiercest artillery fire ever directed against troops, and you warded off the enemy's attack with magnificent bravery."

CLEAR ENEMY FROM HILL 17.

PARIS, May 30.—10:28 p.m.—The following official communication was issued by the war office tonight:

"In Belgium, on the right bank of the Yser Canal, our troops have occupied all the German trenches on Hill 17, in the region of Pilken. At this place we made about fifty prisoners and captured three machine guns, later repulsing a counter-attack.

"In the sector to the north of Arras violent nature. We attacked to the southeast of Neuville St. Vaast, the larger work called the Libarynth. We captured 400 metres, about a quarter of a mile, and made a number of prisoners, among whom were several officers.

"In the outskirts of Le Pretre forest we captured some new trenches and some fifty prisoners.

"In Alsace, at Schnepfen-Rithkopf, we repulsed and succeeded in forcing back the enemy and capturing a machine gun and two bombthrowers."

UNDER SECRETARIES OF STATE APPOINTED

[Canadian Press.]

LONDON, May 30. — 9 p.m. — The new coalition Government has been completed by the appointment of under secretaries of state. Those who have been chosen for these posts are:

Parliamentary Under-Secretaries — Home affairs, William Brace, a Laborite, who is president of the South Wales Miners' Federation; foreign affairs, Lord Robert Cecil; colonies, Arthur H. D. R. Steel-Maitland, Conservative member of Parliament for East Birmingham; India, Baron Islington, former secretary of state for the colonies; war, Harold W. Tennant.

The financial secretaries appointed are: War, Henryq William Forster; admiralty, Right Hon. Thomas J. MacNamara.

The new parliamentary secretaries will be: Board of trade, Ernest J. Pretyman; agriculture, Sir Charles T. D. Ackland; board of education, Right. Hon. John Herbert Lewis; munitions, Christopher Addison.

The other appointments are: Assistant postmaster-general, H. Pike Pease; vice-president of the department of agriculture for Ireland, Right Hon. Thomas Wallace Russell; joint parliamentary secretaries of the treasury, John William Gulland and Lord Edmund Bernard Talbot.

Lord commissioners of the treasury, G. H. Roberts, Howard Bridgeman and Walter R. Rea; treasurer of the household, James Hope; vice-chamberlain of the household, Arthur C. T. Beck, and comptroller of the household, Charles H. Roberts.

HAY CROP DAMAGED.

BLYTH, May 30.—The frosts have done considerable damage, more especially to the hay and grass crops. The fruit crop will also be almost a complete failure in this section, partly on account of the frosts and also an account of the heavy yield last year. The other grains have not been affected much as far as can be seen.

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London, Ont., Monday, May 31.

WOULD BUY OFF SERVIA.

RECOGNIZING that Germany is in a tight corner, a section of the Kaiser's semi-official press proposes that some of the pressure be removed by buying off Servia by granting her a large section of Albania. Servia is complimented on her display of courage, told that she is no longer held in contempt by the enemy, and invited to come into the Teuton camp, or at least to remain neutral for the rest of the war.

The real intent, of course, is to embroil Servia and Italy. If Servia fell in with this plan she would have Rome to reckon with at once. Albania lies between Montenegro and Greece, with a long coastline on the Adriatic. Aviona, the principal port, has been under the control of Italy since the last Balkan war, and there isn't the slightest doubt but that Italy intends to expand her influence in Albania. Should Servia accept Germany's promissory note, it would amount to a declaration of war on Italy. That would play beautifully into the hands of the Kaiser.

There is no danger of Servia falling into the trap. To begin with, Germany and Austria haven't got Albania to barter with, and never can have it, except in the remote possibility of complete triumph, and in the event of victory, Servia, with the rest of the world, now knows that no reliance whatever can be placed on the German promise or pact.

On the other hand, there is everything to gain by sticking with the Allies. Victory may be far off, but there is no question but that daily the weight of the Allies' hitting powers is being added to, and in time will become irresistible. And when the time comes for settlement, Russia, Servia's big brother, will see to it that she is compensated for the plucky way in which the Austrian onslaught was met and turned back. There will be an adequate reward for blocking the Teutons' attempt to drive through and link up with the Turk, a situation which would have greatly handicapped the Allies. Undoubtedly Servia has the assurance of Great Britain, France and Russia that she will be the gainer territorially by the war. But apart from that, Servia, like the rest of the Balkans, realizes that Germany must be crushed if the little mountain kingdoms are to retain their present independence. Germany and Austria haven't a bribe big enough to tempt Servia to desert her present friends.

CIVILIZATION VINDICATED.

SOME say the old world has broken down. This is not true. The civilization of the world was never before more sound and glorious. Those who shiver before the German menace forget the superlative valor that is fighting the menace.

To see the glory of men in a small boat struggling against a terrific tempest is to see the glory of today's dominant will for liberty as expressed by the free men of the earth. What is civilization worth if it does not arise to defend itself against the elements of hatred and barbarism. It was to be hoped that civilization would gain all by peace, and it would have won this sort of victory but for the one perverted race—the Germans.

The protective instinct for one's brother men spurs on the Allies; self-preservation and lust for power are Germany's only "causes."

Even though civilization perish it will have won. What it must do to justify its existence is to perish or win. Civilization would be a failure if it bent the knee to a victorious procession of savage Huns.

THE ALCOHOL CURSE.

THE slowness in doing anything to curtail the drink evil in Great Britain is a reproach to a great nation. Even the Daily Telegraph, a brewer's friend, declares that "in spite of all that has been said, there has been no improvement (among the shipyard workers) since March. Appeals, reproaches, warnings—all without effect. Admiral Tudor's report is that the men are doing less than in peace time."

Mr. Lloyd George was in favor of giving the state complete control of liquor during the war. But so great is the power of Alcohol even in a Liberal ministry that he could not carry his point, and so great is Alcohol in other sections of the British Parliament that not even the milder program adopted by the Government could be altogether carried out. Alcohol was able to kill the political truce. The men and the bishops must have their drink, and the brewery and distillery shareholders (lay and spiritual) must have their dividends, though Zeppelins should be dropping bombs on Westminster.

Mr. Lloyd George explained to Parliament that it was not the teetotallers who had started the present agitation, but the officials of the departments became alarmed at the delays in the shipyards, munition factories and transport service, and denounced excessive drinking as the cause. Even the restricted control which the Government is now about to exercise over the drinking in certain munition areas will no doubt help the successful prosecution of the war, but it is a pity that the governing classes of Great Britain cannot bring themselves into a patriotic accord and carry out thoroughly what the officials of various war departments have urged as necessary. The whole traffic should be under state control during the war.

Contrast the state of things in France. While British soldiers remain on the soil of England they are exposed to the temptation of the saloon. Once in the war zone of France, they are no longer exposed. General Joffre has removed all temptation by making it a military offence to sell drink to any soldier in the zone of either army, and an equal offence to "accept or buy" it. An alcoholic ration is dealt out, but no source of irregular supply is permitted to exist.

If it is dangerous for soldiers in the field to indulge in liquor without restriction, it is almost equally dangerous for the shipyard and munition workers. There should be no invidious distinction drawn between the soldiers of the trench and the soldiers of the war factory, or any other citizens in short of a country united and resolved upon victory. One noble bishop at any rate comes out with a manly utterance on the question. The Bishop of London says:

"The men who drink at home are murdering the men who are being shot down in the trenches. Any sort of sacrifice must be undergone for the man entrusted with the nation's care. For that object the whole nation, as a great general said to me, must be mobilized."

MEXICO AGAIN.

IT BEGINS to appear as if Mexico was about to be finally taken in hand by Uncle Sam and made to be good. President Wilson's watchful waiting may in a few weeks be turned to wrathful acting. The President has announced that he is preparing a note to be sent to the warring chiefs that will insist upon order and decency throughout the turbulent republic. While it is not announced as such, those in close touch with the administration say the note will amount to an ultimatum. The bandit leaders will be told that if they cannot get together and restore peace to their country, the United States will intervene and clean up things.

The war in Europe has so overshadowed everything else that Mexico has escaped attention of late, but conditions from end to end of the land are reported worse than at any time during the many years of insurrection. Industry is at a standstill, agriculture is no longer followed except in the remote parts, and everywhere the land is given over to pillage and plunder, murder, rape and arson.

So intolerable have conditions become that but for the war, Europe would have intervened long ago. British, French and Spanish interests especially have suffered. Vast investments have been wiped out by the stagnation of commerce, valuable properties destroyed, and foreigners murdered and robbed. President Wilson's patience in giving Mexico a chance to work out her own salvation is admirable, but it is now quite evident that it will require an iron hand to crush the warring factions and place the stricken nation on its feet. If the United States assumes the task it will please the rest of the world, which has become sickened with the misery of Mexico.

ENEMY PREACHERS.

THE German preachers still beat the drum ecclesiastic for war, hate, kultur and the chosen people idea. An article by Bishop Frodsham in the Nineteenth Century gives quotations from a number of them.

A Roman Catholic priest in Munich, called Worlitscheck, emphasizes the military character of the Christian gospel, assuring his hearers that the "War Savior" Jesus, had to go to the front and that His whole life wore a military stamp—from His meagre field diet, His many bivouacs during His marches, until His great "subordination" on the cross. Were it not for the subject, this confusion of literal and figurative or of voluntary self-discipline with conscription drill, insolence and brutal violence, would be almost ludicrous. It is hard to be sure whether it is merely naive or stupid, or insane, or intendedly deceptive.

Another preacher, Rump, goes so far as to say that God is with Germany against "a horde of men without Jesus." Somewhat contradictorily he proceeds to trace a parallel between Germany and Israel, the model nation of the Bible, which seems to have been "without Jesus." Rump forgets that Jesus had a liking for the Gentiles and no sympathy for the chosen people idea.

Rabbi Seligman, of Frankfort, is also quoted. Very naturally he urges the parallel between Israel and Germany, as "the only witnesses and pledges for the hopes of mankind." Why don't they pursue the parallel a little further and compare the Kaiser with King Ahab, and Germany's war madness with the impiety and idolatry by which Israel fell?

EDITORIAL NOTES.

To hold or get a place in the sun it seems necessary to use a gun.

One may safely apply for a passport for his new straw hat these days.

Two or three more nations in it will make the Teuton isolation complete.

Meanwhile Jack Frost seems to have been routed by the forces of invading summer.

War reports tell of a battle in a cemetery. But isn't that what the most of Europe is today?

The best tribute to the Canadians is that they have been kept in the forefront since their first real battle.

William J. Bryan has not yet risen to remark that the torpedoing of the Nebraskan was adding insult to injury.

Dr. Dernburg is still in the United States, thereby causing many good Americans who affect his style of whiskers to visit the barber.

Ethnologically and geographically, Transylvania, Hungary's richest province, belongs to Roumania. Roumania will step in at the right moment.

The Dayton Daily News, in referring to Mr. Balfour, calls him "Lord" Balfour. How that will jar the democratic soul of the Honorable Arthur.

The American consul at Hamburg, who is at present in America, says that Germany will undoubtedly win. Evidently he expects to be back on the job some of these days.

Why not have the Dominion Government co-operate with Lloyd George in the production of munitions? Many a factory in this country could be commandeered for this vital purpose.

In the ceremony observed in connection with Memorial Day, Americans resident in London had the sympathy of their Canadian friends. The homage paid the Canadians who died in South Africa was a feature of the event that was much appreciated.

The feeling of the public towards Kitchener is well summed up in the words of a great war correspondent: "You bet your boots, the Sirdar knows. He wouldn't fight if he weren't going to win. Other British military leaders have been better loved, but none were ever better trusted."

The Austrian Emperor says the "perfidy" of Italy in making war on him is unparalleled in history, and that that will be the verdict of public opinion outside of Italy. Not at all. The court of public opinion has decided that Italy is, like an honest man, trying to get back what was taken from him by a notorious plunderer.

Now that the German war methods have been fully manifested, we may reasonably conjecture that their methods of doing business and winning trade from rivals in peace time were not unexceptionable. British traders have been under the disadvantage of certain chivalrous or semi-chivalrous traditions. The German game is to get there, no matter how.

Since the attempt to force the Dardanelles was commenced the Allies have paid a heavy price in warships. Six warships have gone as follows:

		Tons.
Irresistible (Brit.)	March 19	15,000
Ocean (Brit.)	March 19	12,000
Bouvet (French)	March 19	12,007
Goliath (Brit.)	May 13	12,950
Triumph (Brit.)	May 26	11,800
Majestic (Brit.)	May 27	14,900

Two French submarines and one British have also been sunk. Nevertheless, the fight goes on, and eventually victory will crown the tenacity and daring of the allied forces.

WAR'S PRICE.

[Pittsburgh Dispatch.]

It is to be remembered, too, that the peoples of Europe will have to stagger under not only the burden of war debts but also the additional load of taking care of the maimed and dependent.

O PSHAW!

[Washington Post.]

There's apparently not a single chance left for Bernard Shaw to create a sensation unless he enlists.

SUNNY.

[Cleveland Leader.]

When the summer sun makes wide-brimmed hats necessary for the ladies, they can at least use the old ones for face patches.

"THE KIDDIES."

(Matthew 18:14.)

When the stricken steamer faltered
On the great Atlantic wave,
There was heard those words immortal:
Let us now the kiddies save!

"Save the kiddies," said the speaker
Who himself so grandly gave;
"Save the kiddies," from destruction,
Save them from a watery grave.

Wealth and fairest prospects yielding,
Eager all his strength to give,
He exclaimed: "Now save the kiddies,"
Let the precious children live

And his name will stand recorded
On the ever-shining page;
For he showed that hero spirit
Which survives in every age.

In his words is heard the message
Of a greater one than he;
"Save the kiddies," says the Savior,
"Suffer them to come to me."

And in homes and schools and churches
This inspires their thought and aim,
Who that they may "save the kiddies,"
Stand united in His name.

T. WATSON.

Ridgetown, Ont., 1915.

A SOFT ANSWER.

[Exchange.]

A Hebrew peddler rapped timidly at the kitchen entrance.

Mrs. Carter, very angry at being interrupted in her washing, flung open the door and glowered at him.

"Did ye wish to see me?" she demanded in threatening tones.

The peddler backed off a few steps.

"Vell, if I did," he assured her with an apologetic grin, "I got my vish; thank you."

HARD ON HIM.

[Exchange.]

The English government official had been telling the old Scottish farmer what he must do in the case of a German invasion on the east coast of Scotland.

"An hiv I reely tae dae this wi' a' ma beesties gin the Germans come?" asked the old fellow at the finish.

The official informed him that such was the law. All live stock of every description must be branded and driven inland.

"Dear me," gasped the farmer in dismay. "I'm thinking I'll hae an awful job wi' ma bees!"

SOMETHING TO BARK ABOUT.

[Montreal Mail.]

The Lady—You say the dog has a long pedigree.

The Dealer—Yes, marm, 'e has. One of 'is ancestors chewed off th' corner of th' Magny Charty, an' another of 'em bit a hole in good King Halfred. Yes, marm.

Ten Minutes With the Short-Story Writers

[Copyright, The Frank A. Munsey Co.]

THE DOMESTICATED BIPLANE

By E. J. Rath.

Willoughby Frank was about twelve hundred feet aloft when his engine rested. The problem of descent did not alarm him, for all afternoon the air had been solid and steady; but the country below, for the last twenty miles, had been inhospitable for planes. It was lumpy with hills and wrinkled with valleys, and both hills and valleys were the ideal of forest conservation.

He was about half-way down, and was considering the relative resiliency of pine and birch trees when he observed a round and smooth-domed hill half a mile ahead. Its slopes were thickly wooded, but its crown looked attractively bald. With above five hundred feet of elevation remaining, a descent without disaster was as good as accomplished.

As he neared the hill, he observed the clearing to be about a hundred yards in diameter, and almost circular; it sloped away easily on all sides from a point in the centre. He skimmed the tree-tops at the eastern edge, and for the first time beheld scattered stumps and boulders. He sighed as he estimated their effect upon the best plane he ever owned; then there came a crumpling of rubber-tired wheels, a crackle of metal, a couple of futile hops and the plane stopped.

Willoughby Frank stopped some twenty feet beyond, arose from the coarse stubble, and fingered a scratch on his nose. Then he stepped back to his plane, examined it with commiseration and disgust, and proceeded to extend the remarks that he had begun a mile or so back.

II.

Immediately cool and placid words reached his ears.

"Please remove it at once; you are in the foreground."

Willoughby's cap was off in a trice, even before he located the voice, for his manners were of the instinctive type.

"I am sure I beg your pardon," he said hastily. "I didn't see you."

"Oh, I overlook what you said," answered a girl in a very large gingham apron. "My father sometimes says the same things. But I must ask you to take that contraption away immediately, because it interferes with my view."

She had stepped out from behind an easel. There was a palette in one hand, a brush in the other, and a semi-savage headdress of other brushes thrust into her coiled, red hair.

"Certainly!" As Willoughby hastened to obey, he mentally photographed a profile that had certain positive merits.

Suddenly he asked:

"Whose shanty?"

"It's a studio."

"I beg pardon. You work here regularly, then?"

"Yes."

"Landscapes?"

"Yes."

"Live near?"

"Yes."

"Interested in flying?"

"No."

"Oh!"

Silence resumed, and more branches attached themselves to the tree.

"You are rather difficult to talk to."

"Probably."

He strolled over to the studio and glanced in.

"Utterly feminine," he remarked for the benefit of his own ears.

A few unframed canvases were scattered about. There was a table in one corner, supporting a tea-set and an alcohol lamp. Swinging across the broad porch was a hammock. She kept her books mostly on the floor.

"Is there a wagon road up this hill?" asked Willoughby, returning to the immediate neighborhood of the easel.

"Only a footpath."

"You see, I'm trying to figure a way out of here," he explained. "The trouble is, even if I get the plane in shape, I can't rise out of here because of these trees. There isn't room to start. When I built this machine I didn't allow for taking it apart, because I didn't think it would ever be necessary. I'm just about as well fixed as a frog in a bait-can. I can't get her down a footpath through the woods. I'm afraid I'll have to cut down some trees and dig up some stumps."

"Certainly not," said Miss Brown, leaning back in her camp-chair and eying her work critically.

"How do you mean?"

"I mean that I will not permit any trees to be cut down. I enjoy them, and they are mine."

"But you said that you wanted me to get that con—that plane out of here, didn't you?"

"I do. That's your task."

"But why be unreasonable? Why make it impossible?"

She shrugged her shoulders, and then said, as if it was an afterthought:

"If my father sees it, he will be angry. He hates them."

"Does he come up here often?"

"Occasionally."

"Then your house must be near by?"

"Yes."

"How about a village? Does the country afford one?"

"Three miles over there," replied Mary Josephine Brown, pointing suggestively with her brush. "You'll find the path that way. It leads into the road half a mile below. The road is almost straight. You can't miss it."

"In that event, good afternoon," said Willoughby with a formal bow. "I am compelled to leave my plane here overnight."

Just a short nod.

"But I'll be back in the morning."

"Good-day," said Miss Brown adding some pink frills to a cloud.

III.

The lady in the gingham apron was at work when Willoughby stepped into the clearing the following forenoon. Her "Good-morning" was so perfectly noncommittal that he went off and puttered a while with his plane. Eventually he drifted toward the easel.

"May I suggest?" he ventured at last. She nodded.

"Those planes—you are getting them a bit too long?"

"But they look better."

"Granting that, they are not correct, you know."

"This is art, Mr. Frank."

After that she could have painted the planes an inch wide and a mile long and Willoughby would have uttered no word of technical protest. As he was bidding her "Good afternoon," she actually asked him a favor.

"Would you mind—tomorrow—wearing that leather suit?"

"Honest? You intend—"

"Honest, I intend."

"I'll wear it if it's a hundred in the shade," said Willoughby.

IV.

Now, that was the beginning of days and days of leather, when Mr. Frank would have been more comfortable in flimsy flannel.

"You want me to sit in the seat and hold the levers, I suppose," he said as he appeared for his first sitting.

Mary Josephine Brown was engaged in measuring off a distance, and did not answer just then; but soon she beckoned.

"It was right here, I think."

"What?"

"Where you arrived."

"Heavens! You don't mean that way?"

"It will give you a sense of action, you know," she said. "I think that was what you suggested. Now, if you will kindly get on your knees, put your head on the ground, sprawl your arms forward—"

"Absurd! Impossible! It'll look ridiculous."

"But you did look ridiculous," she answered truthfully. "Utterly foolish. And my picture demands it."

"I suppose you want me to swear, too," said Willoughby. "That was part of it, too, if you remember."

"That will not be necessary, unless it will help you to pose more naturally. I can't paint a noise. Now, please take the pose.

"Never!" said Willoughby, folding his arms. "You are guying me."

"Please!"

"You'll call it 'The Dying Flying Man,' or 'The Aviator's Exit,' or something like that, and I'll never hear the end of it."

"Please!"

"And you'll put it in an exhibition," continued Willoughby accusingly, "and tell everybody how—"

"Please!"

Three "pleases" in a row from the lips of Mary Josephine Brown, accompanied by glances from grey eyes that represent pleading, and gestures that indicate coaxing, and an attitude that plainly bespeaks unhappiness and disappointment, always close a debate.

"Show me where you want me," sighed Willoughby.

"Here—on your knees; that's right. Fall forward. No; that's not natural. Put the other hand out. Better! Now wait till I study it."

She stepped back a few paces.

"I'll never be able to hold this," he called, screwing his head around. "I'm no contortionist. Can't I lie down?"

"Try it," she assented.

He stretched himself on the hilltop.

"I believe that's better, after all," she said after a survey. "It's more tragic, anyhow. But your arms and legs need arranging."

She arranged them in compliance with art, and then for one hour and a half she painted a limp likeness of Willoughby Frank on her canvas. He was a wonderfully good model—he was asleep. She poked him in the ribs with a brush-handle when the day's sitting was over, and Willoughby blinked at her in dull surprise.

"I beg pardon," he said. "Did I spoil the picture? I'm sorry."

"On the contrary. I'll make you ten if you like."

Tea in the studio seemed to soften the severities of Miss Brown, for she let him ramble about aviation and motors, and ailerons, to his own complete happiness.

"But, do you know, I think this is going to be bad for my nerves," he asserted.

"Tea? No, indeed."

"I mean this posing. You see, I dreamed it."

"Dreamed what?"

"That it really happened. That I was—er—smashed."

"Really?" Her eyes opened wide in interest. "That was curious, wasn't it?"

"No, I don't think so. You see, it started when I was awake. I got to thinking about it. You arrange me mighty realistically, you know. I suppose it was the environment—matter over mind, perhaps. When I fell asleep I just naturally dreamed it—falling."

"Hum!" commented Miss Brown, looking thoughtful.

The tea treatment had to be administered to Willoughby's nerves every day he posed, and every day he protested that he was getting worse. Not that he grudged the good flying days that came and went while his damaged plane rested where it fell. There would be plenty more. But he deplored the mental suggestion of his new occupation.

"Look here, Mary Josephine Brown," he declared earnestly one afternoon. "I'm in a funk!"

"Nonsense."

"Really, I'm serious—a nasty funk! Here's the championship only two weeks away."

"What championship?" asked Miss Brown, perking her ears.

"The amateur international—flying, you know. And I haven't been in a machine for weeks." She nodded in confirmation. "And my new machine's finished. Did I tell you I had ordered a new one? Well, I did, just as soon as I saw you needed this one. Instead of flying I've been playing dead."

"You're not dead in all the pictures, you know," she corrected. "Not where you dangle from the rope, or on the roof. You're only damaged in that one. And in one of those on the ground you're only dying."

"I thank you for that. But do you know what?"

"No," said Miss Brown, sitting up straight in the hammock. "What in the world."

"I'm afraid!" His voice was in mourning.

Miss Brown looked incredulous.

"Fact! I'm afraid. My nerve is gone. I get gooseflesh when I think of it."

"Have tea?"

"No; we'll have this out now," said Willoughby grimly. "I've got to fly anyhow; I'm entered. I can't let 'em know that I'm scared. They'll laugh. But if I smash, you'll know who's to blame."

"That isn't fair."

"If I get smashed so they can't identify me—"

"Mr. Frank!"

"And I'm picked up—"

"Stop!"

"And carried off—"

"I won't listen! You're getting ghastly."

"And when they send flowers and—"

Mary Josephine Brown jumped out of the hammock and stamped her foot.

"I forbid you!" she cried wrathfully.

"It's your fault," growled Willoughby. "Many a man, when there was nothing the matter with his plane, went wrong because he lost his nerve."

"Then why do they fly?" she inquired.

"What else can they do?" he demanded.

That seemed to be a poser, for she pursed her lips doubtfully and made no reply.

"Yes, I've got to fly," he said gloomily. "And I don't want to. I shall inevitably get thinking of one of those horrible pictures while I'm about a thousand feet up, and then—"

"I'll burn them," declared Miss Brown promptly.

"That won't help. It's done now. I don't believe you're even decently sorry, at that."

This was ungracious, and Miss Brown turned away to gaze into the sultry mists of the landscape.

"Yes; my nerve's gone, and—Mary Josephine Brown! Are you laughing?"

She shook her head.

"Yes, you are; you're laughing. You don't care a whoop. I think you did it deliberately. You knew what was going to happen. I actually believe you don't want me to fly!"

Miss Brown turned a steady pair of eyes at him and said in a surprised tone:

"I don't."

Then she remembered something, and took to her heels in the direction of the studio. She had covered twenty-five yards when Willoughby Frank also remembered something.

"We'll turn it into a summer-house!" he cried, as he went in pursuit.

Mary Josephine ran faster.

"We'll hang the pictures in our library!" he yelled, gaining a few yards.

Mary Josephine was sprinting.

"And when we get old, we'll tell our—"

At this point it becomes certain that Willoughby Frank will overtake her, so the race is of no further interest.

LILAC-TIME.

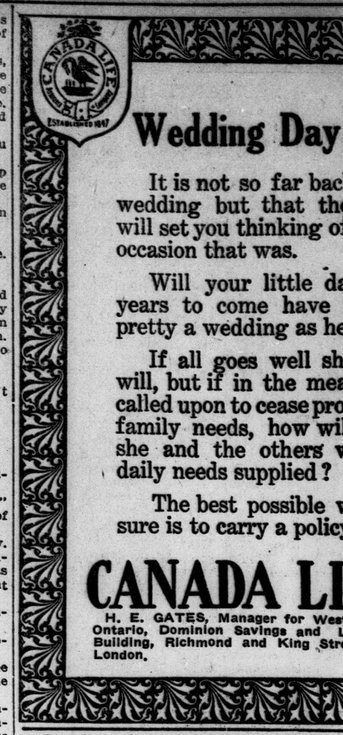
Lilac-time is a fragrant borderland between spring and early summer; it comes when winter's harsh wind, southed in the gentle lap of spring, has softened to a balmy breeze, when the sky has lost its cold, grey face in a dome of smiling blue, when every twig and every shoot on every tree is tender, leafy green, and from the lips of a thousand flowers sweet, strange odors fill the air. Rightly to appreciate the delights of lilac-time, go out when the dew is on the grass, when the awakening sun, as it dries night's teardrops from each lilac thyrse, sets free a fragrant breath that comes as it were from a perfumed fairly land.

Most bewitching flower-lilacs giving a cloud of grey-blossoms that almost smother the slender shoots that gave them birth, and fill the air with fragrance.

ODD.

[Chicago News.]

Mention of a possible street car strike in Detroit lately caused general surprise because of the disclosure that the automobile capital of the world still uses street cars.



ALLAN LINE

Montreal-Havre-London.
"Sicilian" ..... June 3
"Corinthian" ... June 27

Montreal to Glasgow.
"Pretorian" ..... June 8
"Pretorian" ..... July 3

Montreal to Liverpool.
"Grampian" ..... July 1
"Hesperian" .... July 15

For full information apply local agent, or The Allan Line, 95 King street west, Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Time Table Changes

A change of time will be made on May 30, Time-tables and full particulars on application to agents.

ATTRACTIVE TRIPS TO

Muskoka Lakes
Georgian Bay
French River
Maganetawan River
Lake of Bays
Algonquin Park
Kawartha Lakes
Timagami, etc.

Drop a postal card to C. E. Horning, D. P. A., Union Station, Toronto, for free handsome illustrated literature, telling you all about these desirable summer resorts. May 29.

TRACTION COMPANY

Cars run through to Port Stanley — HOURLY — thirty minutes after the hour. Sunday—Hourly—from 9:30 a.m. to 8:30 p.m.

Travellers Guide

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY, SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the East—*5:08 a.m., 10:50 a.m., *11:06 a.m., *11:20 a.m., *6:30 p.m., *7:55 p.m., 10:45 p.m.

Arrive from the West—*12:14 a.m., *6:06 a.m., *5:40 a.m., 8:50 a.m., *11:55 a.m., *4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.

Depart for the East—*12:19 a.m., *6:11 a.m., *5:45 a.m., 7:20 a.m., 9:00 a.m., *12:05 p.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:53 p.m.

Depart for the West—*5:20 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:13 a.m., *11:25 a.m., 1:50 p.m., *8:15 p.m.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:23 a.m., 4:00 p.m., 6:50 p.m., 11:05 p.m.

Depart—6:55 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *8:05 p.m.

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—11:15 a.m., 1:39 p.m., 7:50 p.m., 11:20 p.m.

Depart—*6:05 a.m., 12:30 p.m., 3:45 p.m., 4:55 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10:00 a.m., 6:10 p.m.

Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:40 p.m.

Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Trains leave for Port Stanley, 5:04 p.m.

Depart—7:22 a.m., 2:22 p.m., 5:27 p.m., 10:15 p.m.

Arrive from the East—*11:15 a.m., *10:45 a.m., *7:25 p.m., *9:25 p.m., 11:45 p.m.

Arrive from the West—*5:05 a.m., *1:12 p.m., *8:00 p.m., 7:20 p.m.

Depart for the East—*5:15 a.m., 8:00 a.m., *1:20 p.m., *5:20 p.m., *8:08 p.m.

Depart for the West—8:10 a.m., *11:28 a.m., *7:35 p.m., *9:33 p.m.

Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Arrive—7:05 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 4:58 p.m., 9:40 p.m.

Trains arrive London from west, 9:30 a.m. and 10:00 p.m.

Trains arrive London from Port Stanley, 8:45 a.m.

TRACTION COMPANY.

To St. Thomas—4:50, 6:30 a.m., hourly to 10:30 p.m. Last car, 11:15 p.m.

Sunday—9:30 a.m., hourly to 10:30 p.m.

To Port Stanley—7:30 a.m., and every two hours to 9:30 p.m. Last car, 10:30 p.m. Saturday, 6:30 a.m., hourly to 10:30 p.m. Sunday, 9:30 a.m., and every two hours to 7:30 p.m.

PERE MARQUETTE RAIWAY.

Trains leave London for St. Thomas and west to Chatham, 7:30 a.m.

Trains leave London for St. Thomas and west to Walkerville, 4:30 p.m.



A Page of General Interest to Women Readers

Cynthia Grey's Mail-Box

[Correspondents are requested to make their inquiries as brief as possible, and to write on one side of the paper only. It is impossible to give replies within a stated time, as all letters have to be answered in turn. No letter can be answered privately.]

Going To Be an M. D.

Dear Miss Grey,—I will again visit your column to ask a few more questions:

1. Does a person have to have a high school education before he could go through for a doctor?

2. What day did February 6, 1900, fall on?

3. What do you think of my writing? This is all this time. From

A BROTHER.

Ans.—I believe that matriculation is necessary before a student can enter medical school, so presume a high school course will be required to gain this.

2. Tuesday.

3. It's not particularly good; letter would not be bad, though, if you did not have so many "cross-outs."

Language of Flowers.

Dear Miss Grey,—I have received valuable information from your column before, and would like if you could help me out now, too.

1. What is the language of these flowers: myrtle, rose, hyacinth, white clover, carnation, heliotrope and violets?

2. Is embroidered voile going to be worn much this summer?

3. I am 15 years old, 5 feet 5 inches tall, and weigh 126 pounds; am I well proportioned?

4. Please give me a recipe for crumb cake.

This would likely reach the W. P. B. if I should go on. Wishing your corner success, I remain,

A COUNTRY GIRL.

Ans.—1. Myrtle, love; rose, love; hyacinth, loveliness; white clover, think of me; carnation, white, disdain; red, passion; heliotrope, devotion; violets, modesty.

2. Yes, one of the season's popular fabrics.

3. Would say that your height and weight corresponded very well.

4. Here are two, one calling for sour milk, raisins and spices; the other without fruit and requiring eggs:

Crumb Cake—One and a half cups of granulated sugar, two-thirds cup butter, 2 cups flour, 2 teaspoons baking powder, rub all together until fine, then take out two-thirds cup crumbs for the top, add 3 eggs, two-thirds cup sweet milk, and beat for 15 minutes with a knife, then put in rind of one lemon (grated), put in pan, sprinkle the two-thirds cup crumbs on top; bake moderately.

Crumb Cake—One and three-quarters cups flour, one cup brown sugar, four rounding tablespoons of firm butter, crumble these fine; take out half a cup of the crumbs. To the remainder add one cup of sour cream or milk, into which has been dissolved a level teaspoon of soda, one cup of raisins, one teaspoon of ground cinnamon, and half a teaspoon of ground cloves. Mix and put into pan and sprinkle over the batter the half cup of crumbs. Bake in a moderate oven. The crumbs give it the appearance and taste of nut cake.

Gentleman's Favorite Cake.

Dear Cynthia,—Well this is the first time I have written to you and I suppose I would not now, but I am like a lot of the rest, I'm writing because I need your help. I would like a recipe for a cake. I have looked through different recipe books but cannot find one, it is called "Gentleman's Favorite;" it is a light fruit cake I think. I see them at our local fair, but never tasted one. Hoping this will not be asking too much for the first time. I remain, your friend,

A LOVER OF YOUR PAGE.

Ans.—Gladly would I give the recipe if I had it, but I must confess the variety is new to me. If I find the recipe will publish at once, or perhaps some reader may supply it.

Pansies for Thoughts.

Dear Miss Grey:

1. Would you please publish the meaning of the word pansy, and if it is a girl's name; also the meaning of Elaine.

2. Please pass verdict on writing and composition.

ALOVER OF YOUR PAGE.

Ans.—1. Pansy is, of course, a flower name, and means "thoughts;" so you see, a bouquet of the dear, velvety blossoms, has a significance all its own. A few years ago these "flower" names were much in vogue for girls. Elaine, "lily maid."

2. Both fairly good.

Cards to Leave.

Dear Miss Grey,—Will you please, through your column, give me the rules for leaving visiting cards?

1. First call on married lady?; 2, first call on mother and daughter?; 3, first call on widow?; 4, second call on married lady?

Would be very pleased to have advice at your earliest convenience.

BRIDE.

Ans.—1. As you are a married woman (from your signature of course you are), leave cards as follows: (a) one of your own and two of your husband's; (b) two of your own and two of your husband's; (c) one card of each; (d) in making a second call it is a general thing to leave one of your own cards only.

SPLENDID SHIPMENT FROM RED CROSS GOES FORWARD

Large May Consignment Sent to England From Local Branch.

On the last Friday of each month a shipment is sent from the Red Cross Society's rooms at Hyman Hall to the Toronto headquarters, and from thence to the Red Cross military hospitals in England. Each month the size of the shipment has been very encouraging, and the local branch makes every effort to constantly increase the number of articles, the need being so cohtinuous and great.

On Friday last the following shipment was sent forward to Toronto, and will be immediately sent overseas:

One thousand five hundred and sixty-nine outside bandages, 72 surgical dressings, 78 pneumonia jackets, 236 dozen hospital handkerchiefs, 98 single bandages, 84 arm slings, 500 operation sponges, 150 pairs day socks, 24 pairs bed socks, 8 operation socks, 50 khaki handkerchiefs, 135 day shirts, 102 suits pyjamas, 513 towels, 150 sheets, 220 pillow slips, 110 hospital shirts, 5 quilts, 24 convalescent suits, 68 pillows, 1 book rest, 5 boxes old linen and cotton carefully packed.

Brides Bow to Fashion Dictates and Follow 1830 Styles



[By Betty Brown.]

Even the June bride, usually a law unto herself, is following the dictates of fashion this summer and adapting her bridal gown to the 1830 modes.

The trailing, graceful robes, clinging lines that tradition says belong to the bridal gown have been swished aside by the saucy little short skirt which is too short to trail and too wide to "cling."

This illustration which I sketched the other day in the Chicago studio of Mme. Marguerite just before it was sent out to a soon-to-be-bride is made of Uruguay or Spanish lace over a princess of silver cloth. The design is so simple though that it may be adapted to any of the sheer, soft materials.

The triple flounce and the bolero-like bodice are made of lace, and the upper flounce is made in points which drape softly over the under-flounces. The long sleeves of Caloit net are semi-mosquetaire, and the high, close-fitting stock is also of net.

As the gown is to be worn at a "Marguerite wedding," in which the gold-hearted flower is to be the motive in the gowns of bride and bridesmaids, the second flounce is outlined in silver and gold on the court train.

The veil is net, two yards in length, and cut on the bias so as to give full, billowy folds. It is arranged on the head in cap effect. Marguerites gathered in a "shower" and caught with gauze ribbon is the bridal bouquet. The slippers and hosiery are silver color.

Special Purchases To Make a Great Sale

Wednesday Morning

Six Very Special Bargains From Six of Our Depts.

During June, July and August

We will close every Wednesday at 1 p.m., giving all our employees one half-holiday each week during the summer months.
Be sure to remember we are closed every Wednesday afternoon.

NOVELTY WASH COATEES

Regular $2.50 to $6.50 for 75c Each

A lucky purchase of five dozen novelty coatees for summer wear. About twelve different designs. Made from ratines, Bedford cords and novelty cotton fabrics, in a good range of shades. These, combined with a white ratine or pique skirt, make a very desirable summer suit. See these. On sale Wednesday, 8:30 a.m., for ..... 75c each

Outing Hats

Wednesday morning millinery special —Ratine Outing Hats, all white, at ..... 98c each

Ginghams

On sale Wednesday at 8:30 a.m.—Good Quality Ginghams, in checks, plaids and stripes; regular 10c. For....6½c yard

Corsets

Summer Batiste Corset, medium bust, long hip, lace trimmed, drawstring at top, six supporters. On sale Wednesday, 8:30 a.m., at .....89c pair

Silk Mixed Crepes Wednesday 49c Yd.

In shades of mauve, navy, old rose, Belgian blue, and white grounds, with floral designs, in mixed silk crepes, also polkadot Tokio silk, sand color, with blue spot and green spot, also in black and white stripe. The above are regular 75c and $1.00 yard. Plain shades in navy, mauve, black and copen crepe, regular $1.00. All to clear Wednesday, 8:30 a.m., at 49c yard

Ladies' and Misses' Spring Coats, $5.00

ON SALE WEDNESDAY AT 8:30 A.M.

15 only Ladies' and Misses' sizes, in novelty spring and summer coats. This is a collection of odd sizes in the best styles of the season, which we are anxious to clear out at once. Regular prices from $7.50 to $11.50. On sale Wednesday at $5.00 each

"ALWAYS THE BEST OF EVERYTHING FOR THE LEAST MONEY."

GRAY'S LIMITED. | Drygoods, Millinery and Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Garments. Phones 115 - 116. 140 Dundas Street. | GRAY'S LIMITED.

THE BACKYARD GARDEN



Some Early Enemies of Plants In the Backyard Garden.

BY PROF. SPADE.

First Foes of Plants.

On warm days of early spring there is some danger of burning or scorching plants in the frames, especially the hot beds. To prevent this see that the beds are properly ventilated and the watering of the plants not neglected. Removing the glass during the warmest hours of the day is advisable under a hot sun.

About the time you are taking these precautions with your plants, you can set out some asparagus and rhubarb for years to come, as they are both perennial. The yield of either depends upon the selection of good plants so obtain them from reliable persons. Plenty of manure is required for both as they are frank feeders.

Seeds for midsummer cabbage can be sown in cold frames at the same time and transplanted to the open plot when they attain a height of from four to six inches and appear strong. Later cabbage can be sown in the open, and the plants transferred to permanent positions as the season advances.

Mice, moles and striped beetles endanger the life of the plant in the hotbed. Poison should have eradicated the mice before planting. Moles are uncommon in the cities and there is not so much to fear of them, although the way farmers get rid of the pests is with traps placed near the beds. Beetles can be driven off by dusting the plants with ashes scented with kerosene, turpentine or carbolic acid.

The backyard gardener will find enemies to combat on every hand, from weeds to insects to English sparrows, but reasonable care and observance will bring the rewards they deserve.

The English sparrow is practically the only one of the smaller birds that is to be feared. This quarrelsome little fellow drives off the more peaceful birds who assiduously ply their trade of capturing insects and are much more industrious than the sparrow.

The United States Government experts declare that sparrows alone save farmers of the country some $90,000,000 annually, but the English sparrow has no part in making this saving possible and growers are warned against his activities.

Comfort and Cure for Baby's Skin Troubles

Dr. Chase's Ointment Cured When Baby's Body Was Covered With Distressing Eczema.

If every mother could try Dr. Chase's Ointment for the chafing, skin irritation and resulting eczema which tortures so many babies, what a blessing it would be for the little ones.

This letter will give you an idea of what a wonderful work this Ointment is doing in the way of bringing comfort to children who are so unfortunate as to contract eczema. It is so easy for this trouble to develop from chafing or irritation caused by the clothing, and so difficult to get it cured, that Dr. Chase's Ointment is appreciated when once its healing qualities are known.

Mr. M. L. Duclos, postmaster, Dugnayville, N. B., writes: "I believe it is my duty to recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment as a cure for eczema. My baby was seized with eczema and his face and arms were covered with this terrible disease. After trying all sorts of ointments the disease continued to spread until it covered the entire body. When the itching became bad he would scratch himself and was sometimes found in his cradle covered with blood. Hearing about Dr. Chase's Ointment I bought two boxes and before this was all used the child was cured. That was a year ago, and there has been no trace of eczema since. I recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to all who suffer from eczema as being the best treatment in the world for itching skin diseases."

Dr. Chase's Ointment is for sale by all dealers at 60 cents a box. It is a good idea to keep it at hand along with the bath soap to be used for roughness of the skin, chafing or irritation. Prevention is so much better than cure. Powders clog the pores, but Dr. Chase's Ointment cleanses the pores and thereby keeps the skin soft and smooth. Sample box free if you mention this paper. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Insects Considered Harmless By Many Housewives Really Are Carriers of Disease Breeding Germs.

Insects.

Much has been told of the relations of insects to malaria, yellow fever, bubonic plague and sleeping sickness, mosquitoes, fleas bed-bugs and house flies have been pointed out as dangerous to health and life.

Keep Well

Now the finger of warning is pointed to another group of insects—cockroaches, ants and bees.

That an insect that will devour any sufficiently soft substance from human foods to glue, grease and water colors and which live by preference in the cracks of the floors and walls of houses, where their bodies come in contact with the dirt that naturally accumulates in such places, should carry a host of germs, on and in their bodies and be able to infect our foods, is certainly not surprising. Yet these are the habits of cockroaches.

Ants' which often are abundant in houses, sometimes become a pest to the housewife, particularly when they get into the stores of foodstuffs. Physicians who have investigated are convinced that ants are dangerous as transmitters of disease breeding germs.

Bees also have come under suspicion. It has been proved that bees visit garbage heaps and gather various foreign substances which they knead into the cells in which they store honey. This honey in turn is collected and used as food in many households throughout the country. Medical records show that intestinal disorders and even death have followed eating of honey which has thus been tainted.

HOUSEHOLD HELPS

Rice Soup—Wash 2 tablespoonfuls of rice and add to 2½ cupfuls of veal stock; heat 1 tablespoonful of butter and add to it 1 scant teaspoonful of minced onion, cook 5 minutes using great care not to brown; add onion and butter to stock and rice and cook until rice is soft.

Pongee, the fashionable dress goods of the season, should be washed in lukewarm water with any good white soap; make suds—do not rub the soap on the goods; rinse in tepid water and hang up in shade by the belt and let it drip dry; press on wrong side with iron that is not very hot.

Vinegar should not be kept in a stone jar—the acid may affect the glazing and the vinegar become unwholesome. Glass jars are best.

When sewing a hem, measure and mark by making holes with a big needle.

HOT VERSUS COLD BATHS.

Some think they are doing a specially good thing for their health by taking a warm bath every day, and, if they find time, even twice. The result of their indiscretion is a constant catching cold, for they treat their skin very much as they would the butcher's beef. Others will adhere to the opposite habit—that is to use cold water principally, either in the shape of cold plunges, sprays or sponge bath. If both were used the result would be perfect.

There is nothing more stimulating to the circulation of the blood, nothing that will harden the skin so much against the changes of temperature as the use of cold water. Only, and that is the secret of it, the cold spray should come after the warm bath if you insist on taking one every day. Skin will be skin, whether the inner organs are dainty or coarse, whether red or "blue" blood circulates through it. The one rule stands good for all, with the exception of the bather's age, his physical condition and the action of his heart. The latter should also decide the temperature of the warm bath, which, as a rule, ought to be only mildly warm, not boiling, except in the case of a heavy cold, just in the first stage.

There are only a few people who can stand the strain on the heart of an extremely hot bath without feeling either too exhausted or too excited after it. At any rate, a rest is required after any warm bath to get the good out of it, which is to animate and regulate the circulation of the blood and the opening of the pores to freer perspiration and greater general action.

To understand better the value and correct use of either hot or cold baths, whether taken in the tub or only with the sponge, we ought to recollect the functions of the skin. First it incloses and protects the internal organs and it eliminates waste matter.

BEETS AND THEIR GREENS.

Select one-half peck of young beets no larger than a walnut, using tops as well as roots. Wash thoroughly in several waters (in one of which there is a generous supply of salt to dislodge any insects). Put them into boiled salted water and cook until tender—about thirty minutes. Take out of kettle when tender and drop the beets themselves, which have been cut from the tops into cold water, and the skins will readily rub off with the finger. Then drain the greens, chop them rather fine, add one generous tablespoon of butter, a tablespoon of lemon juice and a dash of pepper. Arrange greens on shallow platter or dish. Cut the beets into halves and arrange around the greens. Serve very hot.

Miss Annie Genttner, of Dashwood, is visiting her sisters in London.

WILTON GROVE W.I.

WILTON GROVE, May 30. — The regular meeting of the Wilton Grove Women's Institute will be held in the First Presbyterian Schoolroom on Wednesday, June 2, at 2 o'clock when Red Cross sewing will be continued.

Advertiser Patterns



1294

1294—A Dainty Pleasing Negligee—Lady's Dressing or House Sack.

Embroidered crepe in cream and pink is here shown, with collar and cuffs of pink crepe, edged with frills of chiffon. For an inexpensive sack, one could have a pretty lawn, or organdie, in soft tones, with collar of white or self colored material. The design shows a sleeve in wrist length with a band cuff and one in elbow length, having a turn back cuff. The design is easy to develop, and may be finished without the shirring, having the fulness unconfined, or held in place with a ribbon or belt. The pattern is cut three sizes: small, medium and large. It requires 3¼ yards of 42-inch material for a medium size.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10c in silver or stamps.

ADVERTISER PATTERN DEPT.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name .....

Town .....

Province .....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern).....

Measurement—Bust..... Waist .....

CAUTION—Be careful to inclose the above illustration, and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure you need only mark 32, 34 or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26 or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from date of publication.

Short gloves are again in vogue because of the long sleeves.

LIVER ILLS Are Cured by HOOD'S PILLS 25c.

BEETS



BY CAROLINE COE.

No one ever got fat eating beets—their food value is very small—but a great many people find that the succulent young vegetable puts a fine edge on a dull appetite, and they wisely add them to their spring menu.

Beets should be cooked in plenty of water, and young beats should be cooked about one hour. In removing the green tops don't cut them, but wring them from the beet roots. When cooked drop the beets into cold water and the skins will slip off.

Beets make an attractive garnish for salads.

Creamed Beets.

Boil and skin, slice or dice and put in dish in which they are to be served; turn over the beets a rich white sauce and serve very hot.

Buttered Beets.

Boil, skin and slice young beets. Dice in large dice and turn into melted butter allowing 2 tablespoonfuls of butter to 2 cupfuls of diced beets. Salt to taste and sprinkle top with paprika.

Sugared Beets.

Peel and slice cooked beets; to each pint of beets add 2 tablespoonfuls of sugar, 3 of butter; salt to taste; put in baking pan and heat in oven; stir often as they will scorch easily; especially nice way to prepare the small young beets.

Beets in Sour Sauce.

Cut cold cooked beets into large sized cubes. Make a sour sauce by melting 3 tablespoonfuls of butter. When melted add 3 tablespoonfuls of flour, blend until all lumps have disappeared, (do not brown) add ½ cup of stock or water and stir for 3 minutes, then add 1 tablespoonful of sugar, and 2 tablespoonfuls each of cream and vinegar. Re heat the beets in the sauce and serve at once. Do not stir, as the beets will become broken and the sauce discolored.

Beet Soup.

Boil young beets until tender, drop into cold water and remove the skins. Chop beets in bowl until very fine.

To each pint of chopped beets and juice, add 1 pint of mutton broth or beef stock and simmer 15 minutes. Rub through a colander and set in place to keep hot. Cook together 2 teaspoonfuls of butter and 2 of flour and add 2 cupfuls of milk. Stir until thick and smooth, then add slowly the beet and mutton mixture. Season with salt and a dash of cayenne, serve hot in cups with dot of whipped cream on top.

ERECT FIGURE NOW STYLISH.

The fashionable girl of 1915 appears on the scene with a beautiful, erect figure, a free swing to her walk and with clothing of sufficient width to permit her to be graceful in her carriage. The stooped shoulders, with head bent forward and slouching gait, once assumed by those who wanted to attain the extreme in styles, have entirely passed and, like an old-fashioned dress of several seasons ago, will be discarded by those who care enough for fashion to change their manner of carrying themselves.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

A lubricant is now applied and allowed to remain on the skin unless the skin is very tender, in which case a nourishing cold cream must be used very plentifully in order to promote healing as quickly as possible.

It is well to remember that during any treatment as strenuous as this one is it is absolutely necessary to avoid exposure to dust and grime, for the necessary cleaning with soap and water cannot be indulged in, and as the dust becomes concealed in the skin the result is a dingy complexion with enlarged pores.

In certain cases which are so stubborn that the aforementioned methods are useless, washing the face several times a day with buttermilk will eventually bleach and heal the skin, because of the acid and fat in the milk.

HOW THIS MOTHER

Got Strength To Do Her Work

Fair Haven, Vt.—"I was so nervous and run down that I could not do my housework for my little family of three. I had doctored for nearly two years without help. One day I read about Vinol, and thanks to it, my health has been restored so I am doing all my housework once more. I am telling all my friends what Vinol has done for me." —MRS. JAMES H. EDDY.

Vinol is a delicious cod liver and iron tonic which creates a healthy appetite, aids digestion and makes pure blood.

Taylor Drug Company, London, Ont.



British Navy Biscuits REGISTERED At your grocer's 47

STEEL-CUT — NO CHAFF, NO DUST. Loyal Coffee 45 CENTS A POUND. Costs a little more than others, but worth it. Packed in air-proof canisters. Flavor lasts when price is forgotten. AT ALL STORES.

Saves Money in Every Home. Lux WON'T SHRINK WOOLENS.

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We make a specialty of Palms, Foliage, Plants, Fern Dishes and the best flowering plants in their seasons.

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Made from lightweight coutil; six garters attached. Regular $1.50 value, on sale now at, pair.....98c

ARTHUR

London East. z Phone 3213.

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FRY'S COCOA

Bigger and Greater

ARE THE BARGAINS AT OUR

Big Removal Sale

Come for your share today. Everything must go before we move to our new store.

Ladies' Suits, Coats and Dresses

and Millinery. Everything is going at the most sacrificed prices for quick clearance.

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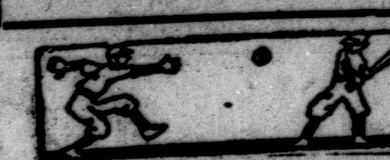
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Asparagus, large bunch 10c
Wax Beans, per lb. 20c
Celery, large ..... 15c, two for 25c
Celery, medium 10c

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THE SPORT DEPARTMENT



All the News That Is News

LONDON'S TIMELY HITTING IN TENTH BEAT SENATORS

Reisling's Team Made Strong Finish in Sunday Game at Hull.

HAMMOND STARTED BADLY BUT IMPROVED

Peterson Knocked Out of Box in Extra Round, Shocker Coming In.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, May 30. — London pulled an old-fashioned, ragtime tussle out of the fire at Dupuis Park this afternoon, beating Ottawa 8 to 6 in ten innings, after rallies in the eighth and ninth sessions, which enabled Reisling's men to overcome a three-run lead. In the tenth they cinched it with three runs, Ottawa's rally in the extra frame failing two short of tieing it up again. A big Sunday crowd took advantage of a fine summer day to look over the Cockneys on their 1915 debut here.

The visitors invaded the town after a bad session at Guelph, where they dropped three straight, while the Senators were returning from a two-out-of-three trimming at Hamilton. A stiff argument was looked for. Pitcher "Cuz" Hammond, who has not been licked this season, was started by Reisling, while Lou Peterson was Shag's choice.

Hammond Started Badly.

Hammond got away very badly, a homer from Powers' stick in the opening round, with two on, accounting for three runs. Three hits and a walk netted two more in the second. The big fellow, however, hurled gilt-edged ball the rest of the fray, till he was taken out in the ninth to allow a man to pinch-hit for him.

Peterson had a bad second round, when he filled the bases with no one out. An error let in one run, and while another came in right afterward as a double-play was completed, the two-ply killing saved him a lot. Like Hammond, he settled down afterward, and went along swimmingly until the eighth, when the hits were bunched for an ace.

In the ninth, Eckstein and Hoch, the first two men up, singled. Danford sacrificed, placing the tieing runs on second and third. Hoch scored on Vogt's out, Eckstein going to third. He tied the score when Lage let one of Peterson's twisters get away from him.

Won It in Tenth.

The extra round was a saturnalia for London. With one out, Schaffer singled and went to third on Lamy's drive. Shocker then replaced Peterson, and with two and two on him, Reidy hit to left, scoring Schaffer, Lamy going to third. Eckstein squeezed him over with the second run, and when Smykal foozled Hoch's easy one, Reidy counted. The champions bit back in their half, but failed to make up the big lead. With one out, Rooney doubled to the crowd in centre field, an ordinary home run on a larger field. Powers cracked one to left, Rooney being held at third. He scored on Shag's out at first. Powers could have counted on Carleton's safety to left, but played safe, as two runs were needed to tie. Smykal, however, ended the threatened rally with a tall one to Lamy.

Fuller Starred.

Frankie Fuller's work around short was easily the feature of a ragged game. The Detroit flyer handled eight chances in finished style, started a flashy double-play in the second, and pulled down a drive off Myers' bat after a running jump that retired the side in the ninth. The hitting honors went to Rooney, Lamy and Powers, the first two securing a double and two singles each, while Powers' homer in the first sent in two runs ahead of him. In the absence of Dolan, who was spiked badly at Hamilton on Friday, Rooney held down first base and handled himself well. LaBate, who replaced Hammond in the ninth, went well in that inning, but was in imminent danger in the tenth. Smykal had a great number of chances at second, but blew three of them on twelve efforts. One was excusable.

THIS CHEERS US UP

London.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Myers, 2b	5	1	1	3	4	0
Whitcraft, ss	4	0	1	2	4	1
Schaffer, 3b	5	1	2	1	0	0
Lamy, cf	5	2	3	2	0	0
Reidy, rf	5	2	2	2	0	0
Hoch, 1b	3	1	1	9	2	0
Eckstein, lf	5	1	2	2	0	0
Danford, c	4	0	0	6	2	0
Hammond, p	3	0	0	2	0	0
LaBate, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
1Vogt	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	40	8	12	*29	14	1

*Fuller out, hit by batted ball.
1Batted for Hammond in ninth.

Ottawa.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Fuller, ss	4	1	2	4	4	0
Bullock, 3b	5	0	2	1	2	0
Rooney, 1b	5	2	3	11	1	0
Powers, rf, c	4	1	2	1	0	0
Shaughnessy, cf	5	0	1	2	0	0
Carleton, lf	5	0	1	2	0	1
Smykal, 2b	5	1	1	5	4	3
2Kubat, rf	1	0	0	0	0	0
Lage, c	2	1	0	4	1	0
Peterson, p	4	0	0	0	2	1
Shocker, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	40	6	12	30	14	5

2Batted for Lage in ninth.

By innings—		R.	H.	E.
London	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 3	8	12	1
Ottawa	3 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	6	12	5

Summary: Home run—Powers. Two-base hits—Rooney, Lamy. Sacrifice hits—Hoch, Danford. Stolen bases—Eckstein, Fuller, Bullock. Double plays—Fuller to Smykal to Rooney, Smykal to Rooney. Bases on balls—Off Peterson 2, off Hammond 3. Struck out—By Peterson 4, by Hammond 4, by LaBate 1. Hits—Off Peterson 11 in 9 1-3 innings, off Hammond 9 in 8 innings. Runs—Off Peterson 5, off Hammond 5. Wild pitch—Peterson. Passed ball—Lage. Left on bases—Ottawa 7, London 6. Time—2:10. Umpire—Halligan.

HOW THE TEAMS STAND

CANADIAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Hamilton	6	4	.600
LONDON	6	5	.545
Guelph	6	5	.545
Ottawa	6	6	.500
St. Thomas	4	5	.444
Brantford	3	6	.333

Saturday's Scores.
Guelph, 4; London, 2.
Hamilton, 2; Ottawa, 0.
St. Thomas, 3; Brantford, 1.

Sunday's Scores.
London, 8; Ottawa, 6.

Today's Games.
London at Ottawa.
Guelph at St. Thomas.
Hamilton at Brantford.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	25	13	.658
Detroit	24	15	.615
New York	17	15	.521
Boston	15	15	.500
Washington	15	17	.469
Cleveland	15	19	.441
St. Louis	15	21	.417
Philadelphia	13	24	.351

Saturday's Scores.
Detroit, 7-3; St. Louis, 1-3.
Philadelphia, 2-5; Boston, 1-6.
Other games postponed, rain.

Sunday's Scores.
Cleveland, 2; Chicago, 1.
Detroit, 2-2; St. Louis, 3-2.

Today's Games.
Detroit at Chicago, (a.m. and p.m.)
St. Louis at Cleveland (a.m. and p.m.)
New York at Washington (a.m. and p.m.)
Boston at Philadelphia (a.m. and p.m.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	22	14	.611
Philadelphia	19	14	.576
Boston	18	17	.514
St. Louis	18	19	.486
Brooklyn	16	17	.485
Pittsburg	16	19	.457
Cincinnati	14	18	.438
New York	13	18	.419

Saturday Scores.
New York, 5; Brooklyn,1
Boston, 9; Philadelphia, 4.
Chicago, 3; Cincinnati, 1.
St. Louis, 0—5; Pittsburg,0—3.

Sunday's Scores.
Chicago, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Cincinnati, 4; Pittsburg, 0.

Today's Games.
Brooklyn at New York (a.m., p.m.)
Philadelphia at Boston (a.m., p.m.)
Cincinnati at St. Louis (a.m., p.m.)
Chicago at Pittsburg (a.m., p.m.)

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Buffalo	14	7	.667
Rochester	14	10	.583
Richmond	15	12	.556
Providence	14	12	.538
Montreal	14	13	.519
Newark	10	14	.417
Toronto	11	16	.407
Jersey City	9	17	.346

Saturday's Scores.
Toronto, 3—11; Jersey City, 2—7.
Buffalo, 4—11; Newark, 3—4.
Montreal, 15—6; Providence, 6—7.
Rochester, 4—4; Richmond, 3—3.

Sunday's Scores.
Providence, 10; Richmond, 9.
Newark, 2; Jersey City, 1.

Today's Games.
Toronto at Buffalo (a.m., p.m.)
Montreal at Rochester (a.m., p.m.)
Richmond at Providence (a.m., p.m.)
Newark at Jersey City (a.m.)
Jersey City at Newark (p.m.)

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Pittsburg	23	15	.603
Chicago	22	15	.595
Kansas City	20	16	.556
Newark	19	16	.543
Brooklyn	17	17	.500
St. Louis	16	17	.485
Baltimore	14	21	.400
Buffalo	11	25	.306

Saturday's Scores.
St. Louis, 11—4; Brooklyn, 0—4.
Baltimore, 4; Kansas City, 1.

Sunday's Scores.
Pittsburg, 4; St. Louis, 0.
Kansas City, 8—0; Chicago, 3—0.

Today's Games.
Kansas City at Chicago (a.m., p.m.).
Newark at Brooklyn (p.m.)
Brooklyn at Newark (a.m.)
Pittsburg at St. Louis (a.m., p.m.)
Baltimore at Buffalo (a.m., p.m.)

Coffey and Flynn Meet in Open-Air Battle Tonight

Dublin Giant Promised Match With Jess Willard If He Wins.

New York, May 31.—Local followers of boxing mainfested more than the usual interest in the ten-round bout between Jim Coffey and Jim Flynn, which is to inaugurate open-air boxing at the Brighton Beach racetrack tonight, owing to the fact that Coffey has received a partial promise of a match with Jess Willard on Labor Day if he wins tonight's fight. An opportunity to try for the world's championship is expected to put Coffey on his mettle. The Dublin giant has fought Flynn twice before, and stopped the Puebla fireman in four rounds in their last encounter.

BRANTFORD'S DEFEAT DUE TO WILD PEG IN NINTH

BRANTFORD, May 29.—Five errors by the Brants allowed the Saints to get away with the last game of the series by the score of 3 to 1, after the game had been tied from the third. Cresswell worked well, but lacked support, with the result that after a pitcher's battle until the ninth he lost out when the Saints got across twice on a wild peg to first. The game was tame throughout, but Todd was ordered to the bench in the seventh for kicking.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Brantford	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	7	5
St. Thomas	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	3	8	2

Batteries—Brantford, Cresswell and Lalonde; St. Thomas, Howick and Harris.

"PORKY" FLYNN WINS.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Dan (Porky) Flynn, of Boston, outfought Colin Bell, of Australia, in a 10-round bout here last night. Each man weighed 197 pounds.

HAMILTON BLANKED OTTAWA ON SATURDAY

HAMILTON, May 29.—By getting to Roberts in the second inning for two runs Hamilton took today's game from Ottawa. Armstrong was very strong in the pinches. Score:

By innings—		R.	H.	E.
Hamilton	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 x	2	4	1
Ottawa	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	6	0

Armstrong and Pembroke; Roberts, Kubat and Lage, Powers.

CANADIAN RACING STEWARDS SUSPEND TWO HORSEMEN

Confirm O. J. C.'s Suspension of R. K. Hodgin and Also Bar McMurray Horses.

TORONTO, May 30.—At a meeting of the Canadian Racing Association held at the race course of the Ontario Jockey Club yesterday, the action of the stewards of the Ontario Jockey Club in suspending R. K. Hodgson and all race horses, wholly or partly owned by him, was confirmed.

For practices prejudicial to the best interests of the turf, J. McMurray is denied all privileges of all race courses under the jurisdiction of the Canadian Racing Associations and the further entries of the race horses Yorkville and Holton, the property of the said J. McMurray are refused.

Two New Players Reported Today to London Club

Tharre Will Figure in This Afternoon's Game With Senators.

Ottawa, May 31.—Catcher Tharre and Pitcher Dillinger, the latest additions to the London Canadian League team, arrived in this city today and reported to Manager Reisling. Both are in good shape and ready to step into a game. Manager Reisling stated this morning that he would work Dillinger on Tuesday or Wednesday, but that Tharre would catch today with LaBate or Morgan on the mound.

The London club will announce two or three releases this week. "Doc" Reisling intends to cut down to the salary and players' limit by June 1.

GUELPH TOOK THREE IN ROW FROM LONDON

Reisling Loses Battle With Carney in Eighth.

BOTH TEAMS PLAY WELL

Whitcraft's Work at Short One of the Features of the Contest.

GUELPH, May 29.—The Leafs won a pitchers' battle today from the Tecumsehs, the score at the end of nine strenuous innings being 4—2, in Geulph's favor. Carney and Reisling were the opposing slab artists, and the former had a shade the best of the argument, tightening up in critical moments when hits meant runs. It was a good exhibition of how the Yankee national game should be played, and the Londoners looked altogether different to what they did in the first two games of the series. Both Fisher and Danford, on the receiving end, played good ball and both batteries were given good support. Features of the game were circuit drives by Fisher and Murphy and a three-base hit by Lamy, the fielding of the local infield, and Whitcraft's fine work at short.

Guelph Scored in First.

There were about 1,200 people on the ground when the game opened. "Jocko" Halligan was still indisposed, and Jimmy Cockman again handled the indicator. His decisions throughout the game were eminently fair and both teams were satisfied with his work. The Leafs drew their first count in the opening session, when Murphy reached first on Myers' low throw to Hoch. O'Brien sacrificed and Isaacs got first on Whitcraft's excusable fumble. Hunt was out to Hoch, but Murphy scored on the throw. Grieves fouled out. In the second, London tallied one. Lamy was passed. Reidy sacrificed. Hoch singled, and Lamy counted. Hopkins was out, short to first, and Danford out, Killilea to Grieves. Guelph was blanked. Neither team scored in the third. In the fourth, the Tecumsehs garnered another. Lamy led off with a hit for three sacks. Reidy flew out to centre. Hoch followed suit, Lamy scoring on the throw. Hopkins flew out to centre. The leafs failed to tally.

Leafs Tie the Score.

In the fifth frame the Londoners were quickly retired, and Guelph in their half evened the score on Fisher's home run. Carney followed with a single, but Murphy, O'Brien and Isaac went out to the infield. Sharp fielding kept both teams from scoring in the sixth and seventh, and in the eighth period the visitors went out one, two, three. Guelph gleaned two more. Murphy opened with a homer. O'Brien was out, Myers to Hoch. Isaac singled and stole second. Hunt brought him home. Grieves was out, Reisling to Hoch, and Killilea was thrown out by Myers. The game was over in the ninth when Lamy popped out to Murphy; Reidy went out to Carney to Grieves, and Hoch out, to Killilea to Grieves. The local management have signed Alex Graham, pitcher, last year with the Toronto Club, and have also a line on a hard-hitting outfielder. The score:

LONDON—	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Myers, 2b	4	0	1	1	5	0
Whitcraft, s.s.	4	0	1	1	4	1
Schaffer, l.f.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Lamy, c.f.	3	2	2	1	0	0
Reidy, r.f.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Hoch, 1b	3	0	1	15	0	0
Hopkins, 3b	3	0	0	0	1	1
Danford, c.	3	0	0	5	1	0
Reisling, p.	2	0	0	0	5	0
Totals	29	2	5	*23	16	2

GUELPH—	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Murphy, s.s.	3	2	1	1	2	0
O'Brien, c.f.	3	0	0	3	0	0
Isaac, 3b	4	1	1	2	3	0
Hunt, l.f.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Grieves, 1b	4	0	1	11	0	0
Killilea, 2b	4	0	0	3	2	0
Schaeffer, r.f.	3	0	1	3	0	0
Fisher, c.	3	1	2	3	1	0
Carney, p.	3	0	1	0	4	1
Totals	31	4	8	27	12	1

*Carney out on infield fly.

Score by innings—		R.	H.	E.
London	0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	2	5	2
Guelph	1 0 0 0 1 0 0 2 *	4	8	1

Summary—Three-base hits—Whitcraft, Lamy. Home runs—Murphy, Fisher. Sacrifice hits—Lamy, Hoch, Murphy, O'Brien. Stolen bases — Whitcraft, Isaac. Bases on balls—Off Carney, 2. Struck out—By Reisling, 2; by Carney, 1. Left on bases—Guelph, 5; London, 4. Time—1:35. Umpire—J. Cockman.

CUBS PUT WINNING RUN OVER IN TENTH

CHICAGO, May 30.—Phelan's double in the tenth, followed by two sacrifice hits, gave Chicago the deciding run in a ten-inning 3 to 2 defeat of St. Louis today.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2	7	2
Chicago	0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	3	6	1

Batteries—Salee and Snyder; Pierce, Vaughn and Archer.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 30.—Pittsburg could not hit Schneider today and Cincinnati won easily 4 to 0.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	5	1
Cincinnati	0 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 x	4	9	0

Batteries — Harmon and Schang; Schneider and Clarke.

MILLIONAIRE IN BIG RACE JUST FOR THRILL



Caleb Bragg, entrant in the next Indianapolis 500-mile race. Bragg is one of the veterans of the game. He drives racing cars purely for sport, being a multi-millionaire.

ONTARIOS HAVE NOT BEEN BEATEN YET

Flint Received Better Support Than Prodger Saturday.

FOREST CITY TEAM WON

Defeated the Orients in Heavy Hitting Game by 7 to 1.

THE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Ontarios	3	0	1,000
Manhattans	2	1	.667
Forest Citys	1	2	.333
Orients	0	3	.000

The Ontarios and Forest City teams won the Inter-Club League games at Springbank on Saturday afternoon. The Ontarios now have a good lead, having yet to be defeated. They handed the Manhattans their first defeat of the season Saturday, by the score of 4 to 1. Prodger and Flint opposed each other in the box, and both pitched good ball. Prodger was hit harder than Flint, but errors behind him proved costly. Flint pitched a fine game and was given good support in the pinches.

The teams were:

Ontarios.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Farley, 2b	4	0	0	3	1	0
Smith, cf	4	1	1	0	0	0
Armstrong, 1b	3	0	1	6	2	0
Rowe, ss	4	1	0	1	2	2
Henry, 3b	4	1	2	0	1	0
Flint, p	2	0	1	3	2	0
Coleman, rf, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Mason, lf, rf	3	0	1	0	0	1
Sinclair, c	2	1	0	7	0	0
Totals	29	4	6	21	9	3

Manhattans.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Gatecliffe, cf	2	1	1	1	0	0
C. Pirie, c	4	0	0	9	1	4
Jeffries, 3b	3	0	1	2	3	0
Farquhar, ss	3	0	0	2	0	0
McPhee, 2b	2	0	0	0	0	0
G. Pirie, lf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Phalen, 1b	3	0	1	5	0	1
Hare, rf	3	0	1	0	0	0
Prodger, p	3	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	25	1	4	21	6	5

By innings—		R.	H.	E.
Ontarios	0 1 0 0 3 0 0	4	6	3
Manhattans	0 0 1 0 0 0 0	1	4	5

Summary: Stolen bases—Armstrong, Coleman, Gatecliffe 3, McPhee. Sacrifice hits—Flint. Three-base hits—Smith. Two-base hits—Gatecliffe, Henry. First base on balls—Off Flint 4, off Prodger 2. Struck out—By Flint 4, by Prodger 9. Left on bases—Ontarios 4, Manhattans 8. Passed balls—C. Pirie 1. Time of game—1:23. Umpire—O'Hagan.

FOREST CITYS WON.

The Forest Citys broke into the win column when they defeated the Orients. They played a greatly improved game and hit the ball hard. The Orient battery was a trifle weak, and the team lacked steadiness. The score was 7 to 1.

A good crowd witnessed both contests and was well pleased with the class of ball provided.

The teams were:

Orients—	A.B.	R.	HH.	P.O.	A.	E.
Brock, 3	4	0	1	1	1	1
Healy, 1	3	0	1	7	0	1
Maitland, r	4	0	0	0	0	0
Legg, 2	3	1	1	2	3	0
Sing, m.	3	0	2	0	0	0
Brake, s.s.	3	0	2	2	2	0
Hagerman, p	3	0	0	1	3	0
Long, l	3	0	0	3	0	0
Wardrope, c	2	0	0	2	0	0
	28	1	7	18	9	2

Forst City—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Doherty, s.s.	4	1	1	1	5	1
Moore, 1	3	0	1	9	0	0
Rowan, 1	3	2	0	1	0	0
Ward, 3	3	0	1	2	2	0
Dinsmore, m	2	0	0	0	1	0
Parkinson, 2	3	1	2	4	3	0
Wilson, c	3	1	1	4	0	0
Gillies, p	3	1	1	0	1	0
Shawrar, r	2	1	2	0	0	0
	26	7	10	21	12	1

By innings—		R.	H.	E.
Orients	0 1 0 0 0 0 0	1	7	2
Forest City	1 1 0 0 4 1 x	7	10	1

Summary — Stolen bases — Legg 1, Rowan 1, Ward 1, Gillies 1. Three baggers—Ward-Parkinson. Two baggers—Wilson-Shawrar. First on balls—Off Hagerman 2, Gillies 2. Struck out—By Hagerman 1, Gillies 3. Left on bases—Orients 8, Forest City 4. Double plays—Brock to Legg to Healy. Passed balls—Wilson 2. Hit by pitcher—By Hagerman (Shawrar), by Gillies (Wardrope). Time of game—1 hour 30 minutes. Umpire—O'Hagan.

NATIONALS WIN SECOND GAME FROM SHAMROCKS

MONTREAL, May 30.—The Nationals handed the second defeat of the season to Shamrocks on the grounds of the former team, Saturday, the score being 8 to 1. Both showed good team-play, but the Shamrocks were unable to find the nets. The line-ups:

Nationals—L'Heureux, goal; Briault, point; Cadotte, coverpoint; Deganne, Goutre and Hamlin, defence; Degray, centre; Dandurand, Baillargeon and Pitre, home; Lalonde, outside; Dupras, inside.

Shamrocks—Vallieres, goal; Doran, point; Mahoney, coverpoint; Hughes, Allman and McCarthy, defence; J. Quinn, centre; Langevin, Munroe and E. Ellard, home; Egan, outside; M. Quinn, inside.

Referee—Eddie St. Pere, Montreal.

All Leagues Have Been Hit Hard by Early Rainy Season

CHICAGO, May 29.—Rain and cold weather have caused 102 baseball games to be postponed in the National, American and Federal Leagues since the start of the season six weeks ago, according to figures compiled here today.

The figures set a record for major league postponements.

The Federal organization suffered heaviest, having 45 games postponed. The National League had 29, and the American 28. In Chicago the Federals have been obliged to postpone eight of the last sixteen scheduled games.

CHICAGO AND KANSAS CITY DIVIDED A DOUBLE BILL

Stovall's Team Won First game But Were Shut Out in Next—Rebels Win.

CHICAGO, May 30. — Chicago and Kansas City divided a double-header here today, the latter winning the first game, 8 to 3, and being shut-out in the second, 1 to 0.

Scores— (First game)—		R.	H.	E.
Kansas City	301 200 101	8	8	0
Chicago	000 000 201	3	9	3

Packard and Brown; Hendricks and Wilson.

(Second game)—		R.	H.	E.
Kansas City	000 000 000	0	6	0
Chicago	001 00 00x	1	6	2

Cullop and Brown; Prendergast and Wilson.

ST. LOUIS, May 30.—Knetzer held St. Louis to four hits and his team won a shut-out 4 to 0.

Score—		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	000 030 010	4	11	0
St. Louis	000 000 000	0	4	0

Knetzer and Berry; Crandall and Hartley.

WILLIE HAUPT ENTERS BIG AUTO RACE



Willie Haupt, star auto driver, who will compete in the 500-mile Indianapolis race.

GRAYS NEEDED FIVE RUNS TO WIN AND GOT THEM

Made Great Finish After Richmond Had Big Lead—Newark Beat Skeeters.

PROVIDENCE, May 30.—The Grays beat Richmond at Rocky Point today, 10 to 9. Providence played a great uphill game, going into the ninth inning four runs to the bad.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Providence	0 0 2 0 1 0 2 0 5	10	10	1
Richmond	2 0 3 0 0 2 2 0 0	9	11	2

Batteries—Radloff, Cooper and Haley; Sterzer, Russell and Schaufle.

NEWARK, N. J., May 30.—Newark squeezed out a 2 to 1 victory in ten innings over Jersey City today, although out-hit and out-fielded.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	8	0
Newark	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1	2	7	3

Batteries—Bruck and Yelle; Lee and Heckinger.

THE THIRTY LEADING BATTERS IN THE TWO MAJOR LEAGUES

American League Batting Averages.

Record of all players who have participated in ten or more games, including Thursday, May 27:

	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	Ave.
Cobb, Detroit	37	121	41	52	.430
Russell Chicago	10	20	3	8	.400
Fournier, Chicago	33	101	23	38	.376
T. Daly, Chicago	13	19	5	7	.368
Jackson, Cleveland	33	129	17	46	.357
Connolly, Wash.	10	33	5	11	.333
Ruth, Boston	10	18	3	6	.333
Cicotte, Chicago	11	15	2	5	.333
Crawford, Detroit	37	142	17	47	.331
Lajoie, Athletics	35	135	10	43	.319
Kavanagh, Detroit	35	121	15	38	.314
Veach, Detroit	37	140	20	43	.307
McInnes, Athletics	25	95	5	29	.305
Turner, Cleveland	20	76	14	23	.303
Strunk, Athletics	31	104	16	31	.298
Leary, St. Louis	14	37	3	11	.297
Shotten, St. Louis	33	119	14	35	.294
Pennock, Athletics	11	17	1	5	.294
Lewis, Boston	28	106	13	31	.293
Maisel, New York	32	134	27	39	.291
Cady, Boston	11	35	4	10	.286
Chapman, Cleve.	33	126	19	36	.286
Graney, Cleve.	33	120	14	34	.283
Roth, Chicago	33	124	28	35	.282
J. Collins, Chicago	37	143	22	40	.280
E. Collins, Chicago	37	119	33	33	.277
Hartzell, New York	28	91	11	25	.275
Liebold, Cleveland	32	124	21	34	.274
A. Williams, Wash.	22	55	8	15	.273
Schalk, Chicago	33	99	15	27	.273

National League Batting Averages.

Records of all players who have played in ten or more games, including Thursday, May 27:

	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	Ave.
Luderus, Phillies	18	59	9	22	.373
T. Clarke, Cincin.	23	54	8	20	.370
Good, Chicago	25	101	20	37	.366
J. Smith, Boston	32	117	18	39	.333
Daubert, Brooklyn	28	99	8	33	.333
Merkle, New York	14	42	6	14	.333
Groh, Cincinnati	32	106	15	35	.330
Connolly, Boston	23	61	13	20	.328
J. Miller, St. Louis	34	119	19	38	.319
Hinchman, Pittsburg	33	114	16	36	.316
Saier, Chicago	35	127	30	40	.315
Rudolph, Boston	11	29	2	9	.310
Lobert, New York	29	115	19	35	.304
Hyatt, St. Louis	12	23	2	7	.304
O. Wilson, St. Louis	31	109	18	33	.303
Doyle, New York	28	106	15	32	.302
Killifer, Cincinnati	31	90	12	27	.300
Whitted, Phillies	22	77	7	23	.299
Knisely, Chicago	19	47	5	14	.298
Johnston, Pittsubrg	33	124	21	37	.298
Williams, Chicago	35	121	16	36	.298
Zimmerman, Brook.	12	27	2	8	.296
Maranville, Boston	32	112	13	33	.295
Schultz, Brooklyn	28	95	11	28	.295
Bescher, St. Louis	18	61	11	18	.295
Robertson, N. Y.	27	92	12	27	.293
Fisher, Chicago	35	134	24	39	.291
Cravath, Phillies	30	101	29	29	.287
Grant, New York	15	21	4	6	.286
Harmon, Pittsburg	10	21	3	6	.286

Travellers' Club Bowling Alleys Opened Saturday

St. Thomas Team Won First Match Played on Them—Splendidly Fitted Up.

The opening of the new bowling alleys of the Travellers' Club was held Saturday afternoon and evening. The alleys are the best in the city and they attracted quite a crowd of bowlers, members of the club and their friends. Games were played during the afternoon and evening and prizes were given by the club for high scores.

In the evening a team of St. Thomas bowlers came over and met a team from the Travellers' Club captained by Ken. Murray. The St. Thomas pin spillers managed to win out on total pins by 127, the total scores being, St. Thomas 2,348, London 2,221.

St. Thomas Man Was High.

The prize for the highest score of the day was won by "Bill" Stephens, of the St. Thomas team, he having a 211 game. The prize for the highest score made by members of the club was won by Ken. Murray, who rolled 199. R. W. Glover won the second prize with 190. The second prize for the highest score made by a guest was won by Jim Aylward, with 188. Prizes were also donated to the military men who made the highest scores. In this class, Capt. Dowding carried off first honors with a score of 154, and second prize went to Lieut. Hall, with 134. Three prizes were donated for low scores, but they will not be awarded until the sheets are gone over and the scores picked out.

Nicely Fitted Up.

The alleys are the best procurable and they have been splendidly fitted up. There are four of them, altogether, and the pins are set up by the simplex point system, which is a thorough guarantee of every pin being on the spot. The alleys will be used exclusively by club members.

Deneau Releases Lacroix and Signs Up Gabby Ivers

Brantford Manager Plans a General Shake-Up in His Team.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

BRANTFORD, May 30. — Manager Rube Deneau plans a general shake-up in the Brants and the first move toward this shake-up came this morning when Catcher Lacroix was given his release. So far, Rube has no one to take Lacroix's place, but Lamonde will do all the catching in the meantime. Brantford has also secured Gabby Ivers from the Hamilton club and Deneau has shifted Foran to the outfield owing to his hitting. Ivers will appear in today's game.

Deneau has lines out for a good catcher and says he will land one in a few days.

THIS MORNING'S BASEBALL GAMES

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—		R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0	2	12	0
New York	0 0 0 1 0 1 0 2 *	4	12	1

Batteries—Cadore and Miller; Perritt and McLean.

At Boston—		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	6	0
Boston	0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 *	2	9	2

Batteries—Chalmers and Killifer; Hughes and Whaling.

At Pittsburg—		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	3	1
Pittsburg	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 *	1	4	1

Batteries—Lavender and Bresnahan; Cooper and Gibson.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—		R.	H.	E.
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0	2	8	0
Philadelphia	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	1	9	0

Batteries—Foster and Thomas; Bush, Wyckoff and McAvoy.

At Washington—	R.	H.	E.
New York	11	10	1
Washington	4	8	5

Batteries—Caldwell and Sweeney; Shaw, Gallia, Engle and Henry. Umpires, Dineen and Nallin.

At Cleveland—	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	1	5	3
Cleveland	12	18	1

Batteries—Loudermilk, Hock and Agnew; Mitchell and Egan. Umpires, Vans and Mullaney.

At Chicago—	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	4	11	1
Chicago	3	12	1

Batteries—Cavet and Baker; Russell, Cicotte and Schalk. Umpires, O'Loughlin and Hildebrand.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Jersey City—		R.	H.	E.
Newark	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	1	8	0
Jer. City	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1	2	6	0

Batteries—Enzman and Heickinger; Verbout and Yelle.

At Providence—		R.	H.	E.
Richmond	1 0 0 2 3 0 1 0	7	4	1
Providence	0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0	3	7	8

Morrisette and Schaufle; Oeschegar and Haley.

At Buffalo—		R.	H.	E.
Toronto	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	7	0
Buffalo	0 0 1 0 6 0 0 0 x	7	14	0

Batteries—Manning, Lugue and Kocher; Beebe and La Longe.

At Rochester—		R.	H.	E.
Montreal	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	5	2
Rochester	0 1 0 0 2 0 2 0	5	9	1

Batteries—Richter and Howley; Herche and Erwin.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

At Buffalo—		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	5	0
Buffalo	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 *	2	6	2

Batteries—Bender and Owen; Anderson and Blair.

A White Sox fan married a Cub fan in Chicago, and now they want a divorce. They both ought to agree to see only the Whales and be mutually miserable.

It cost Harvard $2,000 per man to develop football players. Several schools can tell Harvard how to get them ready made and cheaper.

Fifteen thousand persons attended a bicycle race in Chicago, which proves there must be a lot of people in Chicago with nothing much to do.

New Battery Should Add Strength To London Team; Nevitt May Join the Club

Tharre and Dillinger Will Report at Ottawa Today and May Appear in Game—London Club Is Trying To Secure Nevitt From the Saints.

[BY BERT PERRY.]

WITH the addition of Catcher Tharre and Pitcher Dillinger, the London club should present a far more formidable front in the Canadian League. Both these players report at Ottawa today and one or both of them may appear in the game against Ottawa this afternoon. Both players have good reputations. Catcher Tharre was with the Allentown team, of the Tri-State League, last season. He figured in 44 games with this club and batted .286. His fielding percentage was .969. Dillinger is the southpaw, the Cleveland-American League club carried for part of last season. He started the season with Ironton last spring in the Ohio State League. He pitched against the London team for several innings in an exhibition Sunday game in Ironton during the London club's spring training trip last season. When the Ohio State League blew up in mid-season, the Cleveland club took him and he pitched in several games in the American League. He has a world of speed and curves, but is a trifle wild. He should prove a winner with the London club.

Not Downhearted a Bit.

London's victory at Ottawa Sunday, after an uphill fight, shows that the team is not a bit downhearted after the Guelph series and all that is needed is some good pitching to make it a winner. The London club is hitting the ball as good as any team in the league. Reisling looks to have the best hitting club London has ever had in the Canadian League. Vogt is still being carried despite the fact that the club announced his release before the team left for Guelph. He appeared in Sunday's game at Ottawa as a pinch hitter. It is likely that Hess, who has been games, will name of Hopkins in recent games, will be released now that Myers and Schaffer are back in the game and playing good ball.

May Get Nevitt.

London may secure Chief Nevitt, the Saints' Indian backstop. Nevitt is in wrong with the directors and fans in St. Thomas and it is likely a deal will be put through whereby he will come here. At one time last week it was practically arranged that he was to report to the London club before it left for Ottawa, but at the last moment something occurred to queer the deal. However, London has not given up hope of landing him and he may yet join the club.

TWO DOZEN RACERS START ON BIG GRIND

Damp Weather Did Not Interfere With Enthusiasm At Indianapolis Speedway.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 31.—Lowering clouds with a light mist falling did not dampen the ardor of thousands of motorists who begun early today to make their way to the local speedway, where the fifth international 500-mile automobile race was scheduled to start at 10 o'clock.

Ralph De Palma is the favorite in the betting. Howard Wilcox, Darius Rest, and others, however, have large followings.

With Carl Fisher, president of the speedway, leading for the first lap, the 24 automobile racers started at 10 o'clock on their 500-mile race. The first lap around the 2½-mile brick track does not count and is intended merely to give the drivers a flying start. The sky remained cloudy and threatening.

TIGERS DROP ONE AND TIE THE OTHER

St. Louis Wins in Twelfth in Game of Double Plays.

INDIANS BEAT WHITE SOX

Broke Chicago's String of 9 Straight Wins by Rally in Eighth.

ST. LOUIS, May 30. — In a double-header, replete with fast double plays, six of which were made by St. Louis, the locals won the first game in twelve innings, 3 to 2, and held Detroit to a 2 to 2 tie in the second game here today. The second game was ended at the close of the seventh inning by agreement to permit Detroit to catch a train.

Score—(First game)—		R.	H.	E.
Detroit	020 000 000 000	2	4	2
St. Louis	000 001 100 001	3	10	1

Dubuc and Baker; Weilman and Agnew.

Score—(Second game)—		R.	H.	E.
Detroit	000 010 1	2	5	2
St. Louis	001 100 0	2	4	0

Called by agreement.
Boland and Baker; Hamilton and Agnew.

SCOTT COULD NOT HOLD INDIANS IN THE EIGHTH

CHICAGO, May 30.—Cleveland today broke the White Sox winning streak which had extended to nine games, by winning 2 to 1, despite the effective pitching of Scott, who struck out seven men. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0	2	8	1
Chicago	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	7	3

Batteries—Coumbe and O'Neill; Scott and Schalk.

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ALL OUR STOCK OF BICYCLES AND SUNDRIES TO BE CLEARED OUT AT COST PRICE.
If you need a bicycle or anything for your bicycle call at our store and save money.
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"Last May a braw wooer cam doon the lang glen."
LET
ROBERT BURNS CIGARS
They're MILD
Woo Comfort, Enjoyment, Satisfaction For You.
London VALLENS Canada
zxv

Bringing Up Father - - - - - By George McManus



WHAT'S WILSON'S NEXT MOVE?

Prof. Stowell, Famous Authority on International Law, Tells of Three Courses Open to President, and How They Could Be Enforced.

(Written for The Advertiser by Harry P. Burton.)

New York, May 31.—The reply to President Wilson's note sent to Germany, a note which protested with admirable firmness against the taking of American lives on the Lusitania and which ended with those ringing words, "THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT WILL NOT OMIT ANY WORD OR ACT NECESSARY TO MAINTAINING THE RIGHTS AND THE SAFEGUARDING OF ITS CITIZENS," having begot from the Kaiser an unfavorable reply that fails to promise the conservation of those rights. WHAT COURSES OF ACTION WILL BE OPEN TO PRESIDENT WILSON?

This vital question, uppermost today in the mind of every American who waits as Washington decides, I took several days ago to Prof. Ellery C. Stowell, professor of international law and diplomacy in Columbia University. Prof. Stowell was a delegate to the second peace conference at The Hague in 1907 and is the author of a forthcoming book, the first to be published, on the legal phases and the causes of the European war.

"There are three courses open to President Wilson! That is, assuming (as we have a right to do, of course, ONLY FOR THE SAKE OF ARGUMENT) that the German reply will be adverse, and not conciliatory in tone," declared Prof. Stowell.

"The first," continued the professor, "would be for the President to make good the expressions contained in his two notes already sent. That is, the logical and practical thing for him to do.

"The second would be for the President to announce the breaking off of all diplomatic relationships between the two countries.

"The third course open to the President would be to adopt a policy of non-intercourse toward the imperial German Government."

I asked Prof Stowell to tell the American people just what these courses mean and how any one of them would be carried out if adopted by President Wilson.

Prof. Stowell then explained the three courses our country might take in dealing with Germany as follows:

The First Course.

"The beautiful words uttered by President Wilson in his recent speeches have struck a responsive chord in American hearts; but everybody must appreciate that we CANNOT take the determined stand he intimated either against Germany, for the protection of American lives and property, unless we have adequate armament.

"It is time, therefore, to correct our errors (if we are REALLY going to demand 'strict accountability' and 'not omit any word or act to safeguard the rights of our citizens') and time to CALL CONGRESS AT ONCE.

"I believe at this moment of crisis, our representatives would give a conspicuous example of self-restraint and devotion to the country, UNTIL THEY ARE CALLED, THERE CAN BE NO ADEQUATE PREPARATION AND NO FOREIGN POWER CAN BE CERTAIN OUR WORDS MEAN ANYTHING MORE THAN THEY DID IN THE CASE OF MEXICO.

"When Germany invaded Belgium, she struck at the most fundamental principles of international law; first, the sanctity of treaties, and second, the independence and equality of states. It behooves the nations of the world to take warning, lest such flagrant violations of rights under international law which Germany has committed, destroy the basis of our civilization.

"In this age of foreign travel and commerce the protection of the rights of the individual outside the confines of his state—everywhere in the world—is hardly less important than the enjoyment of his constitutional rights within his own land.

"The enforcement of a proper respect for international law is the duty of the states one and all, ESPECIALLY OF THE GREATEST AND MOST HIGHLY CIVILIZED.

"I consider President Wilson's note regarding the torpedoing of the Lusitania one of the very best notes ever sent out by this or any other country. In it we have taken a stand on the broadest principles, both as regards the rights of the citizens of the United States as neutrals and as regards the rights of the belligerents themselves; for it is also our concern when innocent non-combatants are bereft of their lives in violation of the recognized principles of international law.

"I have now discussed the act which I consider would naturally be the first one which would show that we mean to back up our note and not omit the 'act'—that is to say, THE CALLING TOGETHER OF CONGRESS. Congress then could decide whether or not an immediate declaration of war was desirable or whether the country ought simply to be put upon a war basis and the manufacture of munitions and the construction of ships begun and the army and navy rosters greatly augmented.

"But, at any rate, the first logical act would be to convoke the Congress of the United States.

The Second Course.

"The second course President Wilson might take would be the breaking off of diplomatic relations or the adoption of a policy of complete non-intercourse.

"To break off diplomatic relations with the Kaiser's empire would mean the recalling of our ambassador in Germany and the handing of his passports to the German ambassador at Washington. This would be a perfectly legitimate course open to President Wilson upon the receipt of adverse reply; but, it would also be a perfectly futile one, in this instance.

"In ordinary times the withdrawal of diplomatic representatives has great value because it publishes to the whole world the acute nature of the differences between the two involved nations, and gives opportunity for the exercise of the good offices of friendly governments to secure an adjustment.

"But, in the present instance, the interruption of diplomatic intercourse with Germany would appear merely trivial, compared with the terrible nature of the occurrences which have led up to the present state of disagreement.

"Furthermore, the world's machinery has been so affected by the war that if we should sever our diplomatic relations with Germany, it would be very difficult to arrange for the taking over of our national interests.

"THUS, THE VERY INSTRUMENT WHICH WE WOULD NEED, PERHAPS, TO CONCLUDE WITH GERMANY AN AGREEMENT OF WHICH WE WOULD CERTAINLY NEED, IN ANY CASE, RIGHT UP TO AN ACTUAL DECLARATION OF WAR, WOULD BE SHATTERED IN OUR HANDS, THEREFORE, T OADOPT SUCH ACTION SIMPLY AS A WARNING, MIGHT COST US FAR TOO DEARLY IN THE END.

The Third Course.

"The President's third course is the policy of non-intercourse.

"This would involve, in the main, the recalling not only of our ambassador, but also of our consuls in Germany, and the handing of their passports to the representatives of Germany in the United States. But, because this would not actually mean war (although the tension might become great in both the countries), neither the status of alien citizens or properties would be changed in either of the two involved countries.

"The main effect of such a policy of non-intercourse would be the stoppage of commerce between the two countries; the non-allowance, indeed, of commercial relations of any sort to exist. But this course, acted upon by our President, at this time, certainly would not cause Germany to worry, since Great Britain has already practically cut off all commerce between the two countries.

"If we are to hold Germany to 'strict accountability,' we have got to act in a way that will tend to secure what we have demanded. As I view it, neither the severing of diplomatic relations nor the adoption of a policy of non-intercourse will accomplish this.

"Consequently there remains but the first course suggested—to call Congress together. FOR THE SUMMONING OF CONGRESS BY PRESIDENT WILSON WOULD IMPRESS GERMANY AS NOTHING ELSE COULD, WITH THE SERIOUS SPIRIT OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE."



Advertiser Illustrations

PRESIDENT WILSON—THE MAN WHO MUST DECIDE WHAT TO DO.

CREW ALL SAFE

Second Boatload of Ethiope's Men Rescued and Taken to Havre.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 31.—The chief officer and sixteen men of the Elder-Dempster Line steamer Ethiope, which was torpedoed in the English Channel on Friday night, have been rescued by the steamer Wiltshire and taken to Havre. The steamer Saxonian took Capt. McDonald and sixteen members of the crew of the Ethiope into Falmouth on Saturday morning, and they reported that the other sixteen men of the crew were supposed to be afloat in the ship's boat.

BRAGA BECOMES PRESIDENT.

LISBON, Portugal, May 30.—Theophile Braga, who was provisional president of Portugal following the revolution which resulted in the abdication of King Manuel, was yesterday elected president of the republic by the national assembly to succeed Manuel De Arriaga who resigned. Braga was elected by a vote of 98 to 1.

STORY DENIED.

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, May 29.—Commissioner Sherwood, of the Dominion police, states that the story published in Toronto today connecting Baron Von Polenz with the Isle of Orleans gun base incident is incorrect. The man involved in that, as published at the time of his arrest and internment, was S. H. Mundheim, official of a Canadian cement company. Von Polenz is owner of the Krist-Thompson Mine in the Porcupine district. He was arrested at Timmins last Saturday as an alien enemy and interned at Kingston.

SUBMARINE TOWED SUNKEN BOAT'S CREW

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 31.—The crew of eight men of the Russian ship Mars have arrived at Aberdeen after a perilous voyage. Their ship was shelled and set afire on Friday by a German submarine off Fair Islands, the Shetlands. The submarine towed the crew in a small boat for forty miles and then cut them adrift without warning.

SMILE, BE HAPPY! TAKE CASCARETS

Cheer up! Remove the winter's poison from your liver and bowels.

Enjoy life! Don't stay bilious, sick, headachy and constipated.



Spend 10 cents—feel grand! Tonight take Cascarets to liven your liver and clean your bowels. Stop the headaches, bilious spells, sourness, gases, coated tongue, bad breath, sallowness and constipation—Take Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest "inside cleansing" you ever experienced. Wake up feeling fine. Cascarets is best cathartic for children.

GREY PIONEER DEAD.

DURHAM, May 30. — The remains of John Fallaise, an old Glenelg pioneer of about 90 years, were brought to Durham yesterday to the home of his son John, here, for interment.

MAJESTIC ESCORTED FIRST CONTINGENT

Canadian Medical Officers Arriving in Britain for Service in France.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

London, May 31.—The Canadian field hospital at Le Touquet lately had its accommodation considerably increased, as many as seven hundred wounded being accommodated simultaneously. Seven additional medical officers and thirty nursing sisters recently arrived, including Capt. Jeffery, of Toronto; Capt. McLean, of New Sidney; Capt. O'Hagan, of Calgary; Capt. Smith, of Moose Jaw; Capt. Flegg, of Ottawa; Capt. Dean, of Winnipeg; Capt. Panter, of Vancouver; Capt. Ower, of Montreal, and Capt. McEwen, of Saskatoon.

Emergency medical groups have also been supplied by this hospital for the Canadian casualty dressing station at Aire, near Bethune. Seventy-two Canadian nursing sisters, principally from the Army Medical Units of McGill and Queen's, Kingston, have just arrived in France and are stationed at the colonial hospitals at Etaples and Letreport. Number one Canadian hospital is under Col. Maclaren at Etaples, number two under Col. Bridges at Letreport.

Capt. Cochrane, of Vancouver, has joined the field ambulance behind the Canadian division at the front.

The battleship Majestic, which sank in the Dardanelles, was one of the escort accompanying the first Canadian division across the Atlantic in September.

ROUMANIA AND BULGARIA NEXT ONES TO MOVE?

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 31.—A Bucharest dispatch to the Exchange Telegram Company says important negotiations are in progress between Roumania and Bulgaria. The Bulgarian minister to Roumania, the dispatch adds, has left for Sofia, Turkey, according to a report current, has offered to cede Adrianople to Bulgaria.

LOCATED PRISONERS.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

London, May 31.—The following, previously officially reported missing, have now been located as prisoners: Thomas Owen, of the 7th; H. Cumming, of the 15th; William Forbes, of the 7th; Charles Clark, 24825; Arthur Cross, of the 7th; G. Garland, of the 7th, and Fred Cook.

ALBANIANS ATTACK SERVIAN BLOCKHOUSES

Driven Off, But Reported Preparing To Renew Assaults.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, May 31.—A Havas dispatch from Nish says strong Albanian bands attacks Servian blockhouses in the region of Mahoum on May 26. At the same time several hundred Albanians attacked frontier posts between Rastelitz and Ektirovitza with machine guns. In both cases the Albanians were repulsed. They are reported to be preparing to renew the attack on Mahoum.

VILLA HAS LOST THIRD OF FORCES

Dispatch Says 8,000 Men Gone—Supply Base Threatened.

[Canadian Press.]

San Antonio, May 30.—Gen. Villa lost 8,000 men or one-third of his forces in last week's fighting at Silao, according to a dispatch received here by the Express last night from a staff correspondent at Aguas Calientes. Meanwhile, Gen. Eulalio Gutierrez has been advancing against Zacatecas, an important railroad centre, until, it is said, Villa's communications with his base of supplies is threatened.

MONTREAL CONFERENCE BEGINS DELIBERATIONS

[Canadian Press.]

Gananoque, May 31.—The Montreal conference of the Methodist Church will be held this year in Grace Church here. The stationing committee meets for preliminary deliberations at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Rev. Wm. Sparling, D. D., of Ottawa, is the president of the conference, and the Rev. A. T. Jones, Montreal, is secretary.

The conference is being attended by 350 delegates, lay and clerical.

NOTED JUDGE DEAD.

[Canadian Press.]

Montreal, May 31.—Judge Samuel Willard Foster died yesterday at his home at Knowlton. In addition to a distinguished career as a lawyer and politician, at the age of 60 he began promoting railways, and built a number of small lines in this province. He was born in Brome County 89 years ago.

MORE VICTIMS OF LUSITANIA AT NEW YORK

Bodies on Lapland Include That of G. R. Copping, Toronto.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, May 31.—Five of the Lusitania dead, three men and two women, were brought to New York today by the steamer Lapland from Liverpool. The bodies included that of George R. Copping, of Toronto.

The Lapland brought 193 passengers.

JAPAN TO INCREASE HER STANDING ARMY

More Submarines and Destroyers To Be Added to Navy.

[Canadian Press.]

Tokio, May 31.—The budget committee of the House today approved the project to increase the standing army of Japan. The measure provides for the addition of two divisions, or about 24,000 men. The previous diet was dissolved by the Emperor in December last for declining to uphold the program of the ministry for military development.

The budget committee also approved a measure for the construction of three submarines and eight torpedoboat destroyers.

SERVIA READY AGAIN

Dispatch Says Army Reorganized and Prepared To Aid Italians.

[Canadian Press.]

Geneva, via Paris, May 31.—News from Belgrade says that the Servian army has been reorganized, and intends taking the offensive to aid the Italians.

The Swiss Government decided today to mobilize the first and third divisions of reserves, numbering about 70,000 men.

TEETOTAL FOR LIFE

French President Will Take No More Spirituous Liquor.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, May 31.—Raymond Poincare, the President of the French Republic, Saturday announced that he would drink no spirituous liquors during or after the war. The announcement was made in a reply to a request made by the National Anti-Alcoholic League.

HAD INDIGESTION FOR OVER TEN YEARS

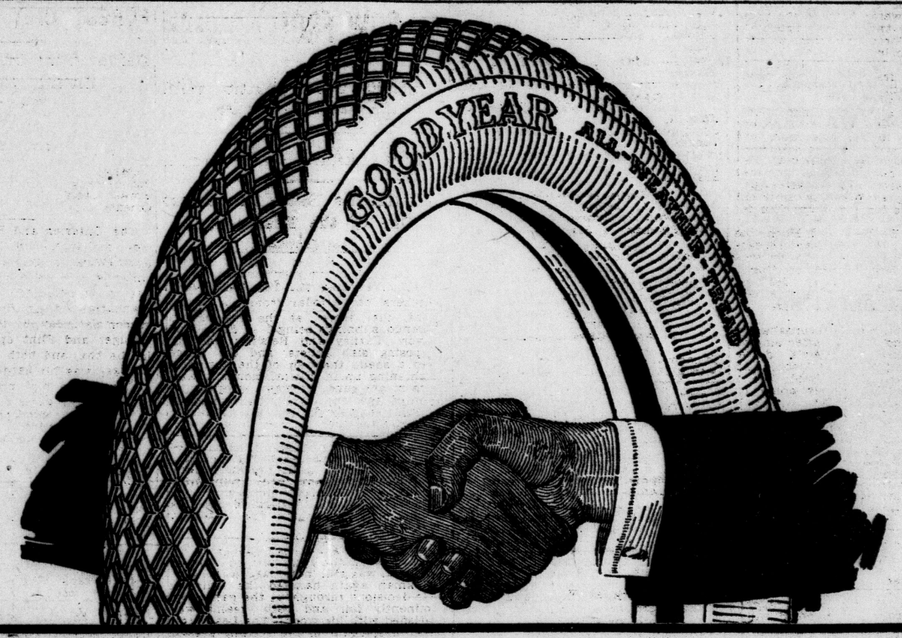
ALMOST DESPAIRED OF EVER GETTING WELL.

Indigestion is one of the worst forms of stomach trouble. The stomach becomes upset and you have a raw, debilitating feeling in it. After a meal you feel that you must get rid of that nasty, bilious, burning sensation. It is not necessary for you to be troubled with indigestion if you will only try that old and well-known remedy, Burdock Blood Bitters, which is a combination of nature's best known roots, herbs and barks for the cure of all stomach and blood troubles.

Mrs. Mary MacKay, Hunter's Mountain, N. e., writes: "I was troubled with indigestion for more than ten years. I tried several doctors' medicines claiming the power to cure, but all without success. Having heard of the many cures effected by Burdock Blood Bitters, I decided to give it a trial. After taking two bottles I was completely cured. My appetite which was ver' poor is now good, and I can eat most everything without any disagreeable feelings.

"I can strongly recommend B. B. B. to anyone suffering from indigestion."

B. B. B. is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.



The Co-operative Tire

That Canadian Workmen and Canadian Users Put on Top in 4 Years

This is the famous Fortified Tire—made in the big Goodyear factory at Bowmanville, Ont. Note its balance—note its matchless beauty.

It was started four years ago in a modest way. But here is a tire that skilfully fortified users against the major causes of trouble. Some soon found it out and told the many. Hence on March 1st we doubled our capacity.

For men bought in numbers last year, more than one Goodyear Made-In-Canada Tire for every car in the Dominion. And thus as users multiplied our output they cut our factory cost per tire.

Our "On-Air" cure saves countless blowouts, due, in rival tires, to wrinkled fabric.

Our Rubber Rivets, formed in each tire, reduce loose tread risk by 60 per cent.

Our 126 piano wires, vulcanized in each tire base, make the tire secure on the rim.

Our All-Weather Tread, tough and double-thick, gives you maximum tread wear. It minimizes punctures. And its sharp-edged grips are truly anti-skid.

Prices Reduced

So in the face of the February war tax, we announced our third great price reduction. Co-operation brought that saving largely.

And now you can buy Goodyear Fortified Tires 37 per cent lower than the prices of two years ago.

Yet in those two years we added costly defenses. They protect you against the worst attacks that a tire must meet. And Goodyears are fortified now in five separate ways—all allied for balanced construction.

Why Accept Less?

This year you get in Goodyears a value never known before. It is due to co-operation. Some rival tires still cost less and always will because of cheaper methods and materials.

Some cost more, due to less science in construction and small output.

But no other tire on earth, remember, protects the motorist in the five dominant ways Goodyear does.

Ask your dealer for the price of the Goodyear tire in your size. Ally yourself with the company that serves you best—and that, in the bargain, manufactures in Canada.

GOODYEAR MADE IN CANADA Fortified Tires

Fortified Against: Rim-Cuts—by our No-Rim-Cut feature. Blowouts—by our "On-Air" cure. Loose Treads—by many rubber rivets. Insecurity—by 126 braided piano wires. Punctures and Skidding—by our double-thick All-Weather tread.

Exclusive Features

Our No-Rim-Cut feature best combats rim-cutting. Millions of tires have proved that.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada, Limited
Makers of Truck, Motorcycle, Carriage and Bicycle Tires and Rubber Belts, Hose and Packing
Head Office, Toronto, Ont. Factory, Bowmanville, Ont.
Branches in All Parts of the Dominion

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company, Limited, has no connection with any other Canadian Company using the Goodyear name

Goodyear Service Stations—Tires in Stock

LONDON.

J. C. BEEMER.....Queen's Avenue
BINDNER & MORRISON..Richmond Street
CENTRAL GARAGE.....York Street
FORD MOTOR COMPANY, 291 Dundas St.
LONDON MOTOR SALES.....King Street
McLAUGHLIN MOTOR CAR COMPANY.....Richmond Street
REGAL MOTOR SALES, 596 Hamilton Rd.

NEARBY TOWNS.

R. H. Bellamy, Mt. Brydges, Ont.
Bothwell Garage & Sales.....Bothwell
I. H. Brown.....Blyth, Ont.
Central Garage.....Alvinston
R. Cook & Sons.....Hensall
Geo. E. Coultis & Son..Thedford
J. I. Daly.....Seaforth
Gammage & Co.....Ridgetown
Hayes Bros.....St. Marys
W. E. Kelly.....Goderich
Robert Kerr.....Kincardine
Bert Langford.....Clinton
D. Mistic.....Rodney
A. Morlock.....Creditor
I. Patterson.....Tiverton
T. E. Poland.....Brigden
J. T. Sales.....Ridgetown
Roy Alexander.....Strathroy

READ AND PROFIT. HERE ARE MESSAGES FROM THOSE WHO HAVE FOR SALE THE THINGS YOU WANT TO BUY

CONDENSED ADS.

Amusements—Fifteen cents per line each insertion, or two cents per word set solid.

Meetings—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion.

Articles for Sale, To Let, Help Wanted, Situations Wanted, Board and Lodgings, Lost and Found, Rooms to Let, and all similar condensed advertisements—First insertion, one cent per word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent a word. No advertisement less than fifteen words.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

LAST DANCES OF THE SEASON—Monday evening hop, May 31. Final closing advanced class night, Wednesday, June 2. All our patrons cordially invited. Phone. Dayton & McCormick.

Summer Trips

Bermuda, New York, and return; Montreal, Quebec, Saguenay, via the St. Lawrence and the Rapids. Detroit and return, via Sarnia and boat, daily. Boat excursions every Saturday. London to Detroit and return, $2.85.

F. B. CLARKE
416 RICHMOND STREET.
Next Bank of Commerce, London, Ont. zxv

ARCADIA

Next Dance: Tuesday

MASONIC TEMPLE, 8:30.
Cortese Orchestra.
Spectators, 10c.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers. 122 Queen's avenue.

LONDON MINERAL BATHS — FORENOONS, afternoons, evenings. Tub, plunge, shower, vapor baths, massaging; ladies' department. Automobile. Phone.

TONY CORTESE & SONS' ORCHESTRA—Original London Harpers. 161 Maple street. Phone 1570.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

POSITION AS BOOKKEEPER OR OFFICE-HAND by middle-aged gentleman; has practical experience. Address Box 110, Advertiser. 57u

WANTED BY A RELIABLE WOMAN, a position as working housekeeper; an economical, good manager. Salary required, $20 per month. Address Mrs. A. Cooney, 187 Queen's avenue, London. 57n

RELIGIOUS SERVICES

GOSPEL HALL, HAMILTON ROAD—Missionary address tonight by Mr. Thomas Loutitt, of Boma, Central Africa, showing interesting views of native life. Mr. Hixon Irving, of Birkenhead, England, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday nights. Subject, "Sowing and Reaping." All are welcome. Come. b

WANTED.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

WANTED—BOARDING IN PRIVATE family, London East. Apply Box 120, Advertiser. 58c

FURNISHED COTTAGE OR APARTMENT, for light housekeeping; couple. Give all particulars. Box 119, Advertiser. 58c

WANTED — DEAD HORSES AND cattle. Phone 638. Will go twelve miles. No animal removed without its hide on. London Fertilizer Company.

WANTED

Five, ten or fifteen acre plot, with good, small house and barn. Must be within 15-minute walk of city car line.
BOX 7, ADVERTISER. zyxwv

TYPEWRITTEN LETTER WORK and real estate listings. Low prices on circulars. Examine our quick sale house or farm bargains. Easy payments. Thompson Copy Shop and Real Estate Brokerage Office, 330 Richmond street (upstairs). zxv

Live Stock Wanted

Fat Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Calves, Lambs. Write or phone.
Jackson Bros.
67 Wellington Street. Phone 1057. zxv

ANY OWNER RESIRING TO SELL home, $2,500 to $3,500, communicate with Box 103, Advertiser. 56c

WHENEVER YOU CUT YOURSELF think of Compass Oil. The handy remedy, that quickly heals all cuts, scrapes, bruises, etc. s

MALE HELP WANTED.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

WANTED—HANDY AND RELIABLE carpenter to repair veranda. 800 Maitland. b

BANDSMEN ATTENTION — HORN and clarionet players wanted; steady employment secured in Kingston, Ont. Apply between 6 and 7:30 p.m., A. W. Winnett, 430 King street, city. Phone 434. 58c

JOB PRESSMAN WANTED—MUST be good at half-tone and process work. Apply Somerville Paper Box Company. 58c

FARM HAND WANTED. APPLY Thomas Piper, London Junction, R. R. No. 1. 57u

FIRST-CLASS PLUMBER WANTED. Apply F. J. Greenaway, 352 King street. 56c

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS IMPROVER in cake bakery. Fawkes, 660 Dundas street. 56c

WANTED NOW, RELIABLE MEN TO sell Pelham's Peerless fruit trees, flowering shrubs, berry bushes, etc. Our agencies are valuable and terms generous. Write Pelham Nursery Company, Toronto, Ont. zxt Aug. 14.

WANTED — AMBITIOUS CANADIANS to try examinations for Canadian Government jobs; $70 month. Steady work. Write immediately for free sample questions. Franklin Institute, Dept. 916 D., Rochester, N.Y. June 19

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DRIVER, capable of repairing and keeping up car, to work on mileage basis. Apply Box 97, Forest, Ont. 54a

ABLE-BODIED MEN FOR FIREMEN, brakemen, $120 monthly; experience unnecessary. Railway, care Advertiser. May31

NOTICE — BATHS OPEN EVENING till 10 o'clock. Showers, 25c; electric, $1. Basement, National Bowling Alley. Harold Smith, proprietor.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO BUY A BUSINESS, SMALL OR large, call or write Sydney Smythe, insurance agent, Talbot street. Phone.

BORN, MARRIED, DIED.

MARRIED.

SKINNER—BARRATT — On May 29, 1915, at the home of the bride's parents, by Rev. E. Appleyard, Gladys, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Barratt, to Ralph Charles Skinner, of this city. b

DIED.

BUTTON—In this city, on May 29, 1915, Elizabeth Ann, dearly beloved wife of Walter Button, aged 50 years. Funeral from the family residence, No. 8 Partridge street, on Tuesday, June 1, at 2:30 p.m. Services at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. b

CALDWELL—On Sunday, May 30, 1915, Parish Benjamin Caldwell, at the family residence, 427 Oxford street, aged 66 years and 24 days.
Funeral will take place from his late residence on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock to Mount Pleasant Cemetery; services at 2:30 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. b

CHAPMAN—At Victoria Hospital, on Sunday, May 30, 1915, Frances Charlotte, dearly beloved wife of Thomas Henry Chapman, in her 34th year.
Funeral from the residence of her father-in-law, Mr. Samuel Chapman, 1574 Dundas street, on Wednesday, June 2, at 2:30 p.m. Services at 2 p.m. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. 58u

CLARK—Suddenly, at his late residence, 28 Wharncliffe road north, on Sunday, May 30, 1915, James J. Clark, dearly beloved husband of Annie Clark.
Funeral private from the above address on Tuesday, June 1, 1915, at 8:30 a.m., to St. Peter's Cathedral; requiem high mass at 9 o'clock. Interment at St. Peter's Cemetery. b

DICKENSON—At the parents' residence, West street, on Sunday, May 30, 1915, Ethel May, dearly beloved and youngest daughter of Arthur Lewis and Ethel Dickenson, aged 7 months.
Funeral from the above address on Tuesday, at 2:30; service at 2 o'clock. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. b

HARTER—At his residence, 144 Maitland street, on Sunday, May 30, 1915, Joseph Harter, in his 66th year.
Funeral from above address on Wednesday morning, 8:30; requiem high mass at St. Mary's Church, 9 o'clock. Interment at St. Peter's Cemetery. 58u

HOWEY—Suddenly, at Ingersoll, on Saturday, May 29, 1915, E. Guy Howey, beloved husband of Ada Howey.
Funeral will take place on Tuesday, June 1, at Otterville. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. b

JEPSON—In Belgium, for the cause of liberty and justice, Pte. Russell Wortman Jepson, 90th Winnipeg Rifles, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel M. Jepson, aged 23 years.
(Winnipeg papers please copy). b

PATERSON—At the family residence, 655 Queen's avenue, on Sunday, May 30, 1915, Helen Paterson, youngest daughter of the late William and Maria Paterson. Deeply regretted.
Funeral private, on Tuesday, June 1, 1915, from the above address at 3 p.m.; service at 2:30. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. 58u

MEETINGS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

FOREST CITY LODGE, NO. 38, I. O. O. F.—Meeting tonight. Election of officers and important business that all members are interested in. Come. W. P. Pawley. z

LOST AND FOUND.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

LOST—$5.00, ON SUNDAY MORNING, between York and Dundas streets, on Adelaide. Reward at this office. 58u

LOST — SATURDAY NOON — BROCADED silk bag, containing purse and other articles. Owner's name inside; near corner Dundas and Richmond or on Normal car. Finder kindly leave at this office or phone 4062. 58c

MEDIUM-SIZED ENGLISH BULLDOG lost; answers to "Snookie." Kindly return, 281 Piccadilly. Liberal reward. 57u

WILL THE PARTIES KEEPING black Persian cat, answers to the name of "Peter," return to 607 Queen's avenue? Anyone detaining him after this notice will be prosecuted. 56c

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN COOK. Apply at Frank Allen Smith's dining-room, 253 Queen's avenue. 57c

OFFICE GIRL — STENOGRAPHER not necessary. Box 112, Advertiser. 56c

PANTRY GIRL — ONE WHO CAN assist in dining-room. Apply Fraser House. 57c

CHAMBERMAID WANTED — GOOD wages. Apply at once. Bank Hotel. 57c

COOK-GENERAL FOR FAMILY OF six, where second girl is kept; must be fully competent and give references; wages, $30 per month. Address Box 45, Walkerville, Ont. 56n

WOMAN LIVING IN NORTH END TO wash one day a week. References required. Box 107, Advertiser. 56c

GIRL TO ASSIST WITH LIGHT housework and care of children, where other help is kept; sleep at home preferred. Box 106, Advertiser. 56c

WANTED — KITCHEN HELP—APPLY Stewardess, Victoria Hospital. 56c

MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK —Good wages. One who will go home at night. Apply 252 Central avenue. 56c

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply 133 Maple street. 54n

PAWNBROKERS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

I buy, sell, exchange, anything you have no use for. Pay highest prices for cast-off clothing, shoes, furniture.

H. Silverman
Drop a Card. 211 King Street. zxv

BIG SALE OF RAINCOATS — Ladies' and gents' patterns. Travellers' samples. While they last, $4.50. Why pay more? Julius Siskind, the most liberal pawnbroker, 338 Richmond street.

AUCTIONEERS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

COOPER'S AUCTION ROOMS
We handle sales of all kinds.
Goods consigned us sold on commission basis.
Oldest established auction business in London.
467 RICHMOND ST. PHONE 1332. 47tf

J. W. LAIDLAW, AUCTIONEER, valuator. Specialty, farm stock sales. Wilton Grove P. O.

POULTRY AND EGGS.

Hundreds of possible poultry or egg buyers read The Advertiser Want Ad. Page every day. An advertisement in the Poultry Column will be sure to reach them.

HOUSES, ROOMS, TO LET.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

TO LET — 150 MAPLE STREET, every convenience, recently remodelled. Phone Wm. Wyatt. 58c

BRIGHT CORNER FRONT BEDROOM for rent. Apply 215 Colborne street. 57c

TO RENT—LARGE WELL-FURNISHED bedrooms, all conveniences, including phone; central. 359 Dundas street. 56c

LARGE WELL-FURNISHED BED-SITTING room, ground floor, also single room, modern, central. 313 King. 57c

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE. TO let—Furnished rooms. Do you want to build? Do you want your house painted? Do you want to remodel your house or store? If you do, it will pay you to see Samuel Wilson, building contractor. For sale—A light wagon and a light wagon harness. 57u

AT 350 WILLIAM STREET—EIGHT-ROOMED house, in good condition, all conveniences; can have immediate possession. Phone 626. 57c

FURNISHED HOUSE, EIGHT ROOMS, electric light, piano, phone, garage; from June 1 to October 1. Apply lumber office, corner York and Ridout, or phone 626. 57c

EIGHT-ROOMED HOUSE, 614 WELLINGTON, good condition, modern, opposite Victoria Park; immediate possession. 57n

412 PRINCESS AVENUE — DOUBLE parlors, 4 bedrooms, hot and cold water, all conveniences; eight minutes' walk from centre of city. Apply 778 Hellmuth. Phone 3536. 56n

COTTAGE TO LET—FIVE ROOMS, hydro and gas; 637 Dufferin avenue. Apply 296½ Dundas street, or phone 2183. 56c

HOUSE TO LET, NEAR CARSHOPS. Apply 500 Quebec street. 56c

TO LET — NICELY - FURNISHED room. Phone 2287. 56c

TO LET—NEW RED PRESSED BRICK house, modern. Apply 51 Wortley road, or phone 1725. 56c

TO LET — MODERN FURNISHED house, for four summer months. To Let—Furnished rooms. Apply Samuel Wilson. Office, 216 Richmond street. Phone 2103. tz

EIGHT - ROOMED HOUSE, GOOD condition, modern, central. Apply 351 Dufferin avenue. 56c

TO LET — BRICK COTTAGE—RAYMOND avenue. Apply J. E. McConnell, Broughdale. 56c

TO LET — 464 TALBOT STREET — Eleven rooms, modern improvements; excellent condition; immediate possession. Apply Alex. Harvey, 802 Talbot. 55n

SMALL FAMILY, TO OCCUPY PART of house; central and modern. Doctor's office in front. Rent low. Apply Box 98, Advertiser. 55n

FOR RENT, PICCADILLY STREET—Two-story modern brick, 3 bedrooms. Maitland street, near Piccadilly—1½-story modern brick, 4 bedrooms. P. Walsh, 425 Richmond street. 54n

GENTLEMAN CAN SECURE NICELY furnished room, all conveniences, central. Apply 241 Queen's avenue. 54n

SUMMER COTTAGES, "ALEXANDRIA" and "Bide-a-Wee," Erie Rest, Port Stanley; lake front; well furnished. Phone 1477. 53n

HOUSE, $11.50 PER MONTH—ASHES removed from cellar or yard. Drays for hire. Phone 2839.

UP-TO-DATE MOVING VANS—FURNITURE and pianos carefully handled. W. R. Flowerrs, 863½ Colborne street. Phone 2636.

ON MOVING DAY REMEMBER "DAY, the Mover." Moving vans. Residence 480 Maitland; phone 2887. H. F. Day.

STORE, ONE, TWO OR THREE very desirable rooms and office, furnished. Apply Alfred Tyler, 355 Clarence.

BIGGS' FURNITURE STORAGE.—Clean and dry. Prices reasonable. The Forest City Moving Vans. Phone 1162. 97 Carling street.

ALEX. HENDERSON'S LARGEST moving van and storage. Phone 1724. Residence, 700 Talbot.

PACKERS OF GLASSWARE, CHINA—Terms moderate. Fowler Wright, 141 Sydenham. Phone 5032.

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A RESPECTABLE LADY, WITH A little money, will correspond with a widower or bachelor, middle-aged. Box 105, Advertiser. 56c

SPIRELLA CORSET, MADE TO measure. Office at 227 Dundas. Phone 3336. Made in Canada.

STRICTLY PRIVATE MATERNITY home for ladies, before and during confinement. Trained nurse. 37 Victor street.

GREENWOOD PLACE, PRIVATE Hospital, London Junction. Nervous cases a specialty. Send for illustrated booklet. Phone 1705.

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WILLIAM J. WILSON, VETERINARY —Horse and dog hospital. 34 King street. Phone 788.

DENTAL CARDS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

Dr. Fred L. Wood
201½ Dundas Street.
A splendid Set of Teeth.......$6.00
Aluminum Plates $12.00
Gold Crown and Bridge Work..$5.00
Look Well, Eat Well and Be Happy.
Open evenings, 8 to 9:30 o'clock. zxv

DR. J. M. FREZELL, DENTIST, OVER McLachlan's drug store, opposite old city hall.

SUMMER RESORTS

DEER LODGE PARK, BAYFIELD, Lake Huron, offers good summer cottages, furnished, $30 and $35 month. Ice, tennis, boat, bowling free. George Rowntree, Stanley street, London.

HOTEL LONEY

PORT STANLEY.
Now open for season. Write for rates. Specialty: Fish Dinners.
ART. SADLIER, PROPRIETOR.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. R. C. BARKLIE, GRADUATE osteopath and graduate chiropractor. Magnificent equipment. Eleventh year London. 226 Central avenue. Phone 2565. "Practice strictly drugless."

DR. H. V. CATON, GRADUATE Osteopath—Eleven years' practice in London. 645 Richmond street. Phone 1573.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

MODERN SEVEN - ROOMED RED brick house—Would take Port Stanley cottage in part payment. Apply Box 117, Advertiser. 58c

$2,800

Modern brick house of eight rooms (modern, except furnace), on lot 75x103, situated on Lorne avenue.
E. G. FITZGERALD,
185½ Dundas St. zxt Phone 3827.

HUNDRED-ACRE FARM, STOCK, implements, crop, good buildings, close to city. Possession at once. Might take house in exchange. McNiven-Patterson, Imperial Bank Building.

King Street—Central; splendid two-story residence, five bedrooms, modern conveniences, two verandas, lot 30x196 feet. This property is in a first-class residential locality. Call and get particulars.
THOMAS C. KNOTT,
117 Dominion Savings Building.

GOOD INVESTMENT BUY—BUSINESS and dwelling property in South London; splendid location, and property in first-class shape, bringing in fine revenue at present, which could be easily increased by putting up small addition to building; could be made a splendid place for grocer. A bargain at $6,500. Box 109, Advertiser. 57n

$2,900—NORTH SIDE.
1½-story brick, containing hall, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, pantry, den, three bedrooms, bathroom complete, cellar, electric light, gas, etc.; lot 50x150. A beautiful property and excellent lot, in a nice neighborhood.
ANDERSON & CO., MARKET LANE. zyxwv

NORTH

New 1½-story red pressed brick, 3 bedrooms, den, complete bathroom, furnace, electric light, gas, good lot; $500 cash, balance easy. Price, $3,000.
J. F. SANGSTER & CO.
202 DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING. Phone 3938.

FOR SALE—793 HAMILTON ROAD, six-room brick, $1,500; terms, $400 cash, balance $5 per month. Apply Room 8, London Loan, or 5 Rectory street. 53n

PLEASANT, COMFORTABLE HOME, EIGHT ROOMS, DEN, SEWING ROOM, BATHROOM, EXTRA CLOSETS, HOT WATER HEATED, GRATE, LAUNDRY TUBS, FRUIT ROOM AND EVERY CONVENIENT APPLIANCE. REASONABLE TERMS. CALL AT 502 ADELAIDE STREET AND EXAMINE IT. THOS. C. KNOTT, DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING, LONDON. 48tf

NICE HOME FOR SALE CHEAP.
In first-class locality, eight minutes' walk to corner of Dundas and Richmond; two-story brick house, new; four bedrooms and bathroom; fully modern in every way; nice large veranda. Bargain at $3,800. Only $1,400 down.
BOX 76, ADVERTISER.

For rent, new store, centrally located, good opening for shoe repair. $12 per month. Will sell or exchange for city property choice 10-acre farm, 18 minutes' walk from street car. Apply LONDON CONTRACTING CO., 401 Richmond Street. zxxt

CHIROPRACTIC.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

CLARA KILBOURNE, A. B. KILBOURNE, Universal College of Chiropractic graduates. Office, 321 Queen's avenue. Telephone 3353.

A. W. MACFIE, CHIROPRACTOR, graduate Ross College of Chiropractic, 267 Piccadilly street. Lady attendant. Phone 4710.

AMELIA J. AXFORD, D.C., B.Sc., graduate of Universal College of Chiropractic. Office, 473 Dufferin avenue.

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F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER, Surveyor—Edge Block. Phone 262.

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Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

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Architect and Civil Engineer,
425 RICHMOND STREET.

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ARTHUR E. NUTTER, ARCHITECT—Rooms 15, 16, Dominion Bank Chambers, Dundas and Richmond. Telephone 656.

WATT & BLACKWELL, MEMBERS Ontario Association of Architects—Bank of Toronto Building, London; Lister Chambers, Hamilton.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT, Dominion Savings Building, top floor, corner Richmond and King streets.

McBRIDE & GILBERT, MEMBERS Ontario Association of Architects, etc., Edge Block. Phone 262.

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PRIVATE NURSE, 423 PALL MALL street, now free to accept engagements. Phone 4204.

MRS. KELLAR, NURSE—OPEN FOR engagements. 174 Maple street.

MRS. ROBINSON—MASSAGE, SWEDISH movement, hydropathy treatment. Specialty, nervous cases. Phone 1425.

PRACTICAL NURSE OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENTS. Charges moderate. Miss E. Warren, 202 Wharncliffe west. Phone 5175. J.5

MISCELLANEOUS.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

$50 REWARD—I WILL PAY THE above sum as reward for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who broke into my premises in Township of Westminster on night of May 28 inst. and destroyed my vegetable garden. William H. Martyn. 57c

LAMBTON & WESTERN COLLECTION Agency, Room 3, Stewart Block. Wm. Pratt, manager, Petrolea. Good service. Prompt returns. Correspondence invited. References: Bank of Toronto. 57bu

INDUSTRIAL WAGON STILL RUNNING—Salvation Army collects all kinds of waste material, paper, magazines, clothing, boots and rubbers, furniture, beds, etc. Phone 4862. Postal address 284 King street. 56k

DR. HOCKIN, WHO IS ATTENDING the International Dental Convention in San Francisco, will resume practice about the 21st of June. June7

COLLECTIONS MADE ON COMMISSION—Agents everywhere; no collection, no charge. Call, write, phone. Canadian Bureau of Credits, Dominion Bank Chambers.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. G. R. Bartram, 59 Dundas.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

FOR SALE — BABY CARRIAGE, cradle and chicken coop. Apply 30 St. Andrew street. 57c

BEDROOM SUITE FOR SALE, CHEAP. Apply mornings at 546 King street. 56c

BICYCLE, IN GOOD REPAIR, CHEAP. 890 Waterloo street. $15. 57c

FOR SALE—SIX WELL-BRED BULL-TERRIER pups. Box 116, Advertiser. 57c

FOR SALE—CHILD'S FOLDING Cot; almost as good as new. Apply 153 Waterloo street. b

FOR SALE—ROW BOAT, COMPLETE (Peterboro make), pointed stern; $22. Box 114, Advertiser. 57u

PIANO FOR SALE — SPLENDID piano; has been well cared for; must be sold. Price $125. Apply Box 113, Advertiser. 57c

FOR SALE — PRIVATE SALE OF household furniture, beginning Tuesday at 1 p.m., at 111 Rectory street. 57u

GO-CART AND BABY BUGGY, IN good condition. Apply 348 Maitland street. 56c

FOR SALE—GOOD WORK HORSE, weight about 1,400 pounds. 28 Garfield, after 6, or phone 4820. 56c

SINGLE-CYLINDER MOTORCYCLE for sale, or will trade for twin. Apply Box 104, Advertiser. 56n

ONE SET KINDERGARTEN BOOKS. Thirty favorite paintings by leading artists. Hamilton's, 338 Richmond street.

ROOMING AND BOARDING HOUSE, central, modern; party leaving city. Address Box 90, Advertiser. 53n

PHONOGRAPH, WALNUT AND mahogany chairs. Keene's Antique Store, 342 Talbot street.

FOR SALE — ONE 25-HORSEPOWER direct current electric motor, slow speed (Electrical Construction Company make), 500-volt armature and 250-volt field, with motor generator exciter. All in first-class shape. Apply Advertiser Office. 13tf

SMOKE CANADA'S BEST NICKEL cigar, The Scout.

ROSEWOOD MELODEON — DROP head sewing machine, quantity, new shoes all sizes. McKim's Auction Rooms, 357 Talbot street. Phone 4820.

THE JOY-FUL SMOKE—SMITH'S "Joy," 10 cent cigar. S. Smith, manufacturer, London.

FIRST MORTGAGE FOR SALE, TO pay you good interest. Address Box 49A, Advertiser, for particulars.

FOR SALE—HOWARD NEW IDEA and Summit Hot Air Furnaces, at Rutherford's. Phone 2613. 179 Kent.

GET THE CHAMBERLAIN WEATHER-STRIP. C. A. Smith, 30 Evergreen. Phone 1504.

BLANCHARD'S RICHMOND STREET Fish Market—Best place to buy fish, 525 Richmond street, opposite St. Peter's Parish Hall. Phone 1510.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word with cash order. Subscriptions: Daily, 25c a month; $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

C. LEWIS, DEALER IN NEW AND second-hand goods, house furnishings, etc. 101½ King street.

LARGE STOCK OF NEW MATTRESSES and feather pillows at Hunt & Sons, 593 Richmond street. Phone 997.

TRY THE LONDON GARMENT CARE —Pressing and repairing and cleaning by experienced tailors. 341 Dundas street. Phone 4890.

SIXTY-FIVE DOZEN
SAMPLE SAILOR STRAW HATS
LATEST STYLES,
$2.00 Value for $1.00
THE GIANT Clothing House
120 DUNDAS. 54tf

Cash Bargain Grocery

Corn, Peas, Tomatoes, 3 tins for .. 25c
Maple Leaf Salmon, per tin 23c
Canned Apples, gallon tins 25c
Strawberry and Black Currant Jam, 5-lb. pails 45c
133 KING STREET. PHONE 968. zxt

OVER 2,000 ORDERS
delivered last Saturday. We must give satisfaction, or we would not get the business. Don't stay away any longer. Four deliveries daily.
ANDERSON'S,
Phone 500. Stalls 3 to 5, Market House. zxt

GO TO ROBERTSON'S, RICHMOND and Kent streets, for school books and school supplies.

ONN'S FISH MARKET—FISH OF ALL kinds. 143 King, opposite market. Phone 1206.

DELIVERY WAGONS BUILT TO ORDER. See our second-hand wagons. Abbott's Carriage Factory.

TWO WALNUT ARMCHAIRS, TWO walnut rockers, at Keene's Antique Store, 342 Talbot street.

WRINGER ROLLERS PUT ON
Let us send for yours. Our work guaranteed.
WILLIAM A. WALKER.
General Repairs. Phone 397.
757 Dundas Street.
Agent Massey-Harris Bicycles. zxt

Gladiolus Bulbs

In our unexcelled mixture or named varieties in separate colors such as Pink, Blue, Rich Crimson, White, Yellow, etc.
Call and see the Bulbs and get our Bargain Prices.
Darch & Hunter Seed Company, Limited zxt

SAMPLE SALE OF
Leather Rockers
SEE OUR WINDOW.
COLLETT FURNITURE CO.
95 and 97 King Street. West of Talbot. zxv

INMAN STEERO-TENSION
Makes the Ford Car steer like a big six.
Reliance Machine Works,
Distributors, London. z

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL the latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

Edison Phonographs

Diamond point. No needles to change. Write us for catalogue of machines and records.
WM. McPHILLIPS,
189 Dundas Street.

Screen Doors and Windows

Doors from .... $1.00 to $2.00
Windows from .... 20c to 50c
Also a full line of Lawn Mowers from $3.00 to $7.50.
Call in and see our half-inch "Multiped" Guaranteed Hose.

O'Dell & Mitchell
389-393 Talbot Street. Phone 187.

DUG OUT AND TRENCHED IN FOR late planting; many varieties evergreens, fruit, ornamental trees, shrubs and vines; rhubarb roots, 25c each, five for $1; peony roots, azaleas, magnolias, daffneys. Chas. Baker, nurseryman. Phone 2222.

Have Your Automobile Painted
Tops re-covered and your slip-covers made by
GOULD & MOHAN,
346-348 Wellington Street. Phone 1750. zxt

IMPERIAL FLOUR GIVES BEST results. Hookway & Son, King street. Phone 1335.

Photo Post Cards, 3 for 25c
Finished in ten minutes. Day or night, rain or shine.
B. and W. Studio
246 DUNDAS STREET. zxt

BUTTER

Delicious, churned every day in a sanitary dairy. Pound prints or rolls.
City Creamery
Phone 1708. zxt

Stewart Horns

Hand-Operated, for Automobiles and Motorcycles, $5.50.
GURD'S, 185 DUNDAS ST. zxv

CHOICE DAIRY BUTTER—
2, 3 and 4 pound rolls..............29c
Choice Roast Beef.....................18c
Lean Roast Pork 18c
Choice Roast Veal 18c
Hams, Bacon, Corned Beef, Salt Pork, Tongues, Liver and Sausage.
C. DUCHEMIN, PHONE 4224. zxv

The Love Hardware Company
111 Dundas Street. Phone 588.
JUST ARRIVED.
A shipment of one of the most economical working gas plates ever offered in London. Prices range from 75c to $5. It will pay you to see these.

PHONE 4911 WHEN YOU WANT TINSMITHING or sheet metal work. W. G. Arnold, 717 Richmond street. z

WE RE-MAKE MATTRESSES. CHAS. M. Quick, upholsterer, 725 Richmond street. Phone 1479. z

PINEAPPLES

$1.00 A DOZEN AND UP.
Put in your order early for preserving.
F. C. SMITH
MARKET LANE. zxv

Farmers and Feeders ATTENTION!
Buttermilk for sale cheap for feeding purposes. Call or phone
SILVERWOOD'S CREAMERY
Corner Ridout and Bathurst Street. Phone 4560. zxv

Leach's Wedding Supplies
Bride's Cake, Groom's Cake, Small Fancy Cake, Ice Cream made purposely for your order. All orders guaranteed first-class.
C. J. LEACH, Phone 1035 or 1059. zxv

REUPHOLSTERING
Expert Workmanship. Estimates Furnished Free.
TRAFFORD FURNITURE CO.
129 Dundas Street. zv Phone 364.

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Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT — Audits, investigations and systems. 484 Ridout street. Phone 3554.

DRUGLESS HEALING

DR. W. N. ROLLINS
238 DUNDAS STREET.
Paralysis, Deformities, Chronic Diseases, such as Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Sciatica and Neuritis, successfully treated.

ROOFING.

Say you saw it in The Advertiser.

SLATE ROOFING—OUR SPECIALTY is slate blackboards. J. Whittaker, 551 King street.

SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT roofer. Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 506 York street.

INSURANCE.

G. M. GUNN & SON (GEORGE C. Gunn)—Established 1859. Fire, life, accident and automobile insurance.

SIGNS.

GLEN BROS., SIGN PAINTERS—Designs and estimates furnished free. 420 Talbot street. Phone 1842.

THE SIGNRY, LIMITED, 340 RICHMOND street, London. Signs of all kinds. Send for our showcard catalogue.

PATENTS.

P. J. EDMUNDS, REGISTERED ATTORNEY and Solicitor of Patents, Central avenue, London, Ont.

GARMENT CUTTING.

FRANKS' CUTTING SCHOOL, 227 Dundas street, London. Full and part courses in designing ladies' garments.

LEGAL CARDS.

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GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, 413 Talbot street. N. Parke Graydon; A. H. Marshall Graydon.

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan.

R. BRUCE KILBOURNE, LL.B.—Barrister, solicitor, 212 Nanton building, Winnipeg. Western properties managed.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, barristers, etc., Imperial Bank building. Sir George Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, solicitor, notary. Money to loan. 98 Dundas street.

McKILLOP, MURPHY & GUNN—OAK HALL BUILDING

PURDOM & PURDOM—DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING, First Floor, Corner of Richmond and King Streets.

J. H. A. BEATTIE, BARRISTER, ETC., 169½ Dundas street. Money to loan on real estate.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers.

U. A. BUCHNER, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 99. Money to loan.

TENNENT & TENNENT, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notary public. Money to loan. 78 Dundas. D. H. Tennent; Gordon H. Tennent.

BLACKBURN & WEEKES, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., 124 Carling street. G. N. Weekes; H. S. Blackburn.

W. G. R. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, notary, etc., 59 Dundas street.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. HOLMES, SPECIALIST, SKIN diseases, out of city till June 3.

DR. MEEK WILL BE OUT OF THE city until first week in July.

DR. WEEKES, 436 WATERLOO street—Office closed until August 1.

DR. J. THORNLEY BOWMAN, 138 Wortley road. Phone 1108. Hours, 11-12, 2-4, 7-8.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. PINGLE, LONDON—ELECTRICAL treatment of diseases a specialty.

DR. J. S. SCHRAM—CORNER KENT and Talbot streets. Phone 2250.

DR. LEONARD DOUGLASS, PARKVIEW Apartments. Specialty, children's diseases and midwifery. Hours, 12-2, 5:30-7. Phone 5080.

DR. F. P. DRAKE—SPECIALTY, DISEASES of stomach and digestive system. Office, 371 Wellington street.

DRS. FERGUSON & FERGUSON, South London. Phone 753. Dr. R. Ferguson, specialty midwifery and diseases of women. Dr. J. I. Ferguson, specialty children's diseases.

DR. GEORGE McNEIL—OFFICE AND residence, 245 Queen's avenue—Specialty, diseases of women and surgery.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M. R. C. S. (England), 287 King street. Phone 839.

DR. KARN,
425 RICHMOND STREET.
Specialist Surgery and Genito-Urinary Diseases of Men and Women. ywt

DR. GEORGE A. RAMSAY — RETURNED to office, 22 Hayman Court, Queen's avenue. Telephone 4804.

DR. W. M. SHOEBOTHAM, REMOVED to corner Richmond and Hyman streets. Specialty, surgery, diseases of women.

DR. G. L. CLARKE—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. 394 Dundas street.

DR. D. H. ARNOTT, 226 QUEEN'S avenue, in addition to regular practice, will give special treatment for cure of liquor and drug habits.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P., AND S. (Edinburgh)—Diseases women, children. 461 Waterloo. Phone 258.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach. Hours, 2-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 389 DUNDAS street—Specialty, diseases of women and surgery. Phone 510.

DR. HUGH A. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS street—Special attention X-rays.

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, 443 Park avenue, corner Queen's—Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DERMATOLOGY.

SCALP TREATMENTS THAT IMPROVE your hair. Madame Moxley, 729 Richmond. Phone 2945. z

MARINELLO SYSTEM FOR FACE, scalp, chiropody. Removal of superfluous hair permanently. Miss Beattie, corner Talbot and Fullarton. Phone 3027.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

THOMAS G. SHUTER, TEACHER OF guitar, mandolin and all plectral instruments. 54 Grand avenue.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, F.C.G.O.—Organist St. Andrew's Church. Organ, piano, singing and theoretical subjects. Studio, 429 Waterloo street.

London Conservatory of Music and School of Elocution, Ltd.
A thorough course in music and dramatic art. Special offers in scholarships, prizes and medals.
F. LINFORTH WILLGOOSE, Mus. Bac. Principal. zxv

GWENDOLYN ANTHISTLE, TEACHER of reading and dramatic art. Studio, 246½ Dundas street. Concerts accepted. Phone 698.

MRS. McHARDY - SMITH, PIANO—Just returned from abroad. Matthay Method. Studio, Conservatory of Music.

JAMES CRESSWELL, TEACHER OF violin, band and orchestral instruments. 498 King street.

BERT WEIR, ORGANIST CENTENNIAL Methodist Church, teaches piano, organ, theory, all subjects. 498 Adelaide street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST rates—Thomas C. Knott, real estate broker, 117 Dominion Savings Building, first floor up.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO loan on farm and city property; lowest rates; terms to suit. T. W. Scandrett, 98 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. U. A. Buchner, corner Talbot and Carling.

SAVE YOUR TIME

AND CAR FARE—RIDE A
Brantford Bicycle $40
SOLD FOR CASH OR TERMS.
Bicycle and Motor Sales Co.
425 Wellington Street—Next to Y.M.C.A.
The Modern Store.

BUSINESS CARDS.

SODDING, SEEDING AND GRADING, old lawns neatly repaired. E. N. Bugler, 316 Thames street. 57u

C. F. HEATH, FIRST CLASS painter and paper-hanger. 353 Clarence. C. F. Heath.

SODDING DONE BY J. W. HARDY. Address 101 Forward avenue, West London. June 14

S. LEWIS & SON, 447 TALBOT street, the well-known horseshoers—Particular attention paid to lame and interfering horses. All work guaranteed.

McLEOD & GRAY, REAR ADVERTISER—First-class livery and boarding. Buss parties our specialty. Phone 1277.

AUTO AND MOTOR TRUCK ENGINES put in shape, painting, trimming and slip covers. Prices right, best references. John R. Munro & Son, corner Albert and Richmond streets. zxv

Let Me Save You Money on Your
PLUMBING AND HEATING
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
A. GATECLIFFE,
Phone 4206. tzx 38 Charles St.

NOTICE—HEADLEY & WEIR, PROFESSIONAL horseshoers, have opened business at 70 Maple street. All work guaranteed.

RAPID MESSENGER — NIGHT AND day services. Dray for hire. Phone 2845. R. Griffith, 244 Horton street.

AUTOS NICKEL-PLATED.
NATIONAL BRASS, LIMITED
LONDON.

City of London

ONTARIO.
Tenders For Rental of Land For Grazing Purposes.

Sealed tenders, addressed to the "Chairman and Members of Board of Control," will be received at the office of the City Clerk up to 10 a.m. on Friday, the 4th day of June, for the rental of land for grazing purposes at the East End sewage disposal works site, at the south end of Egerton street.

Full particulars may be obtained from the office of the City Engineer.

Tenders must be accompanied by a marked check for five per cent (5 per cent) of the amount of the bid.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

H. A. STEVENSON, Mayor.
H. A. BRAZIER, City Engineer.
May 27, 31, June 2.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE MATTER OF JANE ARMSTRONG, late of the City of Detroit, in the State of Michigan, one of the United States of America, widow, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to R. S. O., Chapter 121, Section 56, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of the said Jane Armstrong, who died on or about the 13th day of April, A. D. 1914, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid on or before the 28th day of June, 1915, to the undersigned solicitors for the administrators of this estate, their names and addresses and full particulars in writing of their claims and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that immediately after the said 28th day of June, 1915, the said administrators will proceed to distribute the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which they shall then have received notice, and the said administrators will not be liable for the assets of the said estate or any part thereof to any person of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them on or before the said 28th day of June, 1915.

DATED at London, this 29th day of May, 1915.

McKILLOP, MURPHY & GUNN, 156½ Dundas street, London, Ont., solicitors for tThe Canada Trust Company, administrators.

May 31, June 7, 14.

Notice to Creditors

In the matter of the estate of Sarah Johnson, late of the Village of Komoka, in the County of Middlesex, spinster, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O. C. 121, S 56, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of the said Sarah Johnson, who died on or about the 26th day of March, A. D. 1915, are required to deliver or send by post, prepaid, on or before the 15th day of June, 1915, to the undersigned, solicitors for the executor of the estate, their names and addresses and full particulars of their claims and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

AND further take notice that immediately after the said 15th day of June, 1915, the said executor of the said estate will proceed to distribute the said estate among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and the said executor will not be liable to any person of whose claim notice shall not have been received by him on or before the said 15th day of June, 1915.

McKILLOP, MURPHY & GUNN,
156½ Dundas Street, London, Ont.
Solicitors for Executor.

DATED at London this 22nd day of May, 1915. May25,31June7

COOPER'S AUCTION.

TUESDAY, JUNE 1.

Mr. H. C. McBride, 501 Colborne street, has instructed me to sell his modern furnished household effects, comprising, in part: Music and record cabinets, leather davenport, 10-foot mahogany bookcase, leather chair, onyx table, jardiniere stands, upholstered chairs, dining-room set complete, silverware, fancyware, dishes, bookcase and desk, French music box, dulcimer, 5-foot roll-top desk and chair, electric vacuum machine, glass cabinet, portieres, first-class engravings, etc.; paintings by Judson, St. Thomas Smith, Martin Chapman, etc.; sets of books by Dickens, Scott, Ruskin, etc.; Encyclopaedia Britannica, loads of latest fiction, scientific, historical and universal literature, etc.; electric reading-lamp, large walnut wardrobe, dressers, chiffoniers, beds, etc.; cabinet, gas range, jacket heater, scales, screens, ash-sifter, wheelbarrow, extension ladder, hose and reel, mowers, iron fencing. Other goods too numerous to mention. This is the best sale of high-class furniture ever held in London. Come. Sale at 10 o'clock. C. N. COOPER, Auctioneer and Valuator, 467 Richmond St. Phones: House 2520, Store 1332.

REMOVED BODIES OF DEAD FRENCH TO CLEAR LINES

Corp. Collins, of West London, Had Gruesome But Necessary Task.

ONE LAD WAS HAPPY

Canadian Loaded With German Helmets Trudged Along Playing Mouthorgan.

Although he had to go without sleep for four days and food for 48 hours, Corp. Jack Collins, a member of the Signalling Corps, in writing to his father, Ira Collins, 32 Pipe Line road, says that it was well worth it as a result of what the Canadians did to the Germans in the battle of Ypres.

"While our casualties were heavy," said Corp. Collins, "think of what we did to the Germans. I will not describe the battle, as you have heard about it. We sure had a hot time, but trimmed the Germans."

"In a big battle, the Germans fire a lot of shells. There is just a continuous rain of them from small ones, nicknamed by the Canucks, 'Little Willies,' to the large ones, 'Coal boxes' Johnsons, and Black Marias."

Bodies Fouled Wire.

Collins stated that in one instance he was sent out to fix a telephone wire that had been broken by a shell. Here, he said, he found five Frenchmen that had been killed while marching, and the wire was lying on their bodies.

While out mending another line, Collins said that he met a Canadian, who had two bad bullet wounds and one severe shrapnel wound.

"But he didn't seem to mind his wounds," said Collins. "He was trudging along with three German helmets on his arm, and playing a mouthorgan like Sam Hill. He was as happy as a prince, for, he said, that he had killed at least seven Germans."

Having His Fill.

"I had a good many narrow escapes, for I have to fix up the telephone wires that are knocked down by German shells, but, believe me, I am having my fill of excitement," said Collins.

Corp. Collins, prior to enlisting, was employed in the hydro department as a lineman.

INGERSOLL WORKMAN KILLED BY CAVE-IN

William Robinson, Buried in Sewer, Could Not Be Extricated in Time.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ingersoll, May 31.—With the automobile tragedy of Saturday night not yet off their minds, Ingersoll people were shocked by a second fatality this morning when the lifeless body of William Robinson was taken from a sewer, in which he had been buried on the Methodist Church property. Robinson was in the act of connecting sewer pipes when with no warning whatever a cave-in occurred. For a distance of probably three yards on the west side of the sewer the earth poured into the opening. Mr. Robinson was completely buried.

A fellow-workman, who had been assisting him only a minute before, had gone for a drink of water when the cave-in occurred.

Carpenters and others in the building heard the crash, and hurried to render assistance. Not a glimpse could be had of Robinson, and the dozen men who formed a rescue party and worked heroically in relays, found it difficult to ascertain the position of the buried man. Thirty minutes passed before the lifeless body was uncovered

The sewer in which Robinson was killed was of a depth of about eight feet, and was to carry the water from the eavestroughs to the cesspool.

Robinson leaves a widow and four children. He was a son of James Robinson, of this town, and well known. An inquest will be held.

ST. THOMAS ASSURED NEXT SHELL ORDER WILL COME TO HER

Deputation Assured Work Will Come Soon.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

ST. THOMAS, May 30.—Mayor Johnson, City Solicitor Doherty, A. E. Ponsford have returned from Ottawa, where they interviewed the minister of militia with regard to securing orders for making shrapnel shells. Mayor Johnson stated that they were cordially received, and while the Government had no contracts at present, were assured that plenty were on the way, and that the company recently formed to manufacture shells in the city would receive a share of these orders, which would probably come next week.

Superintendent F. S. Ferguson, upon these assurances has ordered all the machinery necessary to fit up the plant.

EDWARD CRONYN & CO.
Members the Toronto Stock Exchange.
STOCKS PURCHASED ON MARGIN.
On New York Stock Exchange.
Cronyn Building, Toronto

J. M. YOUNG, Broker
18 Dominion Savings Building.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.
Phone 707. Private Wires.

Trustee's Sale of Grocery Stock and Fixtures in Goderich, Ont.

There will be offered for sale, en bloc, at a rate on the dollar, on the premises, at Goderich, Ont., on Friday the 4th day of June, 1915, at 2:30 o'clock p.m., the grocery stock, crockery, china and fixtures of O'Neil & Co. Approximate value, $3,000. Terms: Half cash, balance in 30 days, secured to the satisfaction of the trustee. Stock sheet and stock may be inspected on application to the undersigned. Dated May 25, 1915. Loftus E. Dancey, solicitor for trustee, Goderich, Ont. 54n

Continued From Page One

STATES PAPERS

without fear of assassination—the right of American cargo ships to be free from molestation until an examination has first been made.

"The question is: 'Will those rights be respected in the future?' and the answer need not contain more than one word, 'Yes' or 'No'."

IGNORES PROTEST.

Philadelphia, May 31.—The Public Ledger sayes editorially:

"The German reply to the American note, as authentically summarized from Berlin, is in effect a plea of confession and avoidance. It admits the allegation to be true, but drags in irrelevant issues to weaken the force of the admission. It practically ignores the whole point of the President's demand. It offers a lame and perfunctory apology for 'unintentional attacks upon American ships,' but ignores altogether the protest in the name of humanity against submarine warfare upon non-combatants.

Mere Subterfuge.

"The inquiry for further facts in the Lusitania case is a mere subterfuge, a device to secure delay in meeting the real issue. The assertion that the Lusitania was an armed cruiser is so absurd that the Berlin foreign office must have a very poor idea of the intelligence of the state department if it believes that long discussion can be precipitated in this way. The intimation that the Gulflight and Cushing cases might be settled by arbitration is so offensive that only the inability of German diplomacy to recognize offensiveness can explain it.

"Vague regrets that leave the main questions untouched, attempts to put the blame elsewhere, apologies that reveal a willful misconception of the enormity of the offence, are little better than insults to the national honor.

Next Step Must Be Taken.

"There is nothing in the German note to make the seas safer for non-combatants than they were on the day when the Lusitania went down.

"To say that the tone of the note is 'friendly' is to mistake the meaning of diplomatic language. It leaves the administration just where it was. If the national dignity and rights are to be vindicated, the duty proclaimed by the President must be amply performed. The next step in the attempt to bring Germany to her senses must be taken. The United States cannot argue with any nation when the question involves the lives of American citizens brutally sacrificed by a government which repudiates law and humanity alike."

WAR POSSIBLE.

[Canadian Press.]

The Washington Post, commenting editorially on the German reply, says:

"Germany's failure to measure the depth of American feeling over the Lusitania case will cause profound disappointment and uneasiness in the United States. The American people shrink with horror from the thought of going to war with Germany, but it need not be denied that the failure of Germany's military government to guarantee the safety of American lives at sea arouses keen apprehension of future happenings.

"This is a time for moderate speech and careful action. The people will support the President in his earnest endeavor to solve existing difficulties. He can be assisted best by a policy of reserve in public speaking and in the newspapers."

No Time To Waste.

The Boston Herald says:

"The reply of the Imperial German Government to the note of President Wilson makes a very specious presentation of a very bad case. It avoids and evades the main issue. The sooner the President makes clear that we have no time to waste in the ascertainment of what our rights are the better it will be all around."

Be Temperate.

The Boston Globe: "The path of wisdom for the American people at this moment is the path of suspended judgment, and if we are to be worthy of the stewardship of the rights of neutral nations, which we have thus assumed, it must be by our temperate reception of the reply to a protest which voiced the acceptance of a trust."

Amazing Insult.

The Boston Advertiser: "The note is a deliberate and amazing insult. Through the mixture of quibbles, evasions and untruths, however, there runs this plain message: For the slaughter of the helpless men, women and children Germany will offer no reparation whatever."

Quite Pacific.

The Pittsburg Dispatch says: "The points raised may seem trifling compared to the main issue set forth in the President's note, but can we, as consistent advocates of the arbitration of international questions, deny the further consideration which Germany asks?"

The Pittsburg Gazette-Times says: "The lives and rights of American citizens cannot legitimately be construed as contingent upon a readjustment of war conditions to meet the necessities of Germany."

No Answer.

The Baltimore Sun says: "Germany's reply to President Wilson's note on the sinking of the Lusitania is, so far as the main issues are concerned, no answer at all."

The Baltimore American: "The German note is but a reiteration of propositions concerning which the American attitude has been stated definitely and with a finality of conclusion from which there is no retreating."

Mere Stand-off.

The Buffalo Express says:

"The German answer to the note of the United States appears to be a mere stand-off. The purpose to evade the issue by bringing up immaterial questions and prolonging argument over them is so palpable as to look cynical."

The Courier says: "Virtually the German reply is a request for further time for investigation and discussion. The situation is grave, and it is a time for cool heads and restrained tongues."

Have Patience.

The New Haven Journal-Courier says: "The note should be read with the greatest patience and absence of passion. It is difficult for us to believe that the German Government understands the American point of view. It would not appear that Germany answered this inquiry in a manner to satisfy this Government nor the people who were standing so united in support of it."

President Must Act.

The Louisville Courier-Journal says: "The German answer to the American note is a quibble. The time is at hand when the President must meet the demands of his countrymen, that nothing must happen to trail our majesty before any other majesty, and that the United States shall lay down to belligerents certain rights and laws of neturality which they shall be required to obey, if need be, by all the force we are able to put in the field."

Ignores Main Point.

The St. Louis Republic says: "The German note is friendly in tone and mild in phrase, but it ignores the whole fabric of international law and the rights under it of Americans on the high seas. It ignores also that the higher and simpler law that declares: 'Thou shalt not kill.' The people of the United States are behind the President."

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: "No more unyielding a reply could have been written, with proper regard for diplomatic amenities. That the answer will not be satisfactory to the United States goes without saying, nor is it at all probable that this Government will consent to a prolonged discussion of more or less irrelevant details while the submarines pursue their bloody way undeterred."

CASUALTIES NOT THE GREAT FACTOR

British Gunner Reproves the Papers Who Shriek Over Heavy Losses.

RESULT IS QUITE CERTAIN

German Resources Nearing End, While British Are At Beginning.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]

London, May 31.—A gunner of the Canadian Artillery, writing under date of 24th, says: "We have, of course, never actually been out of action, but last week has been as good as a month at the seaside after our previous experience. It is all very well for English papers to shriek about the want of high explosives and the heavy casualties, but we expected heavy casualties; we expect more still.

"The great factor in the struggle is not heavy casualties, but whether with each day's fighting our forces are relatively weaker or stronger than the Germans.

"As a result of the last month's fighting, there can be no doubt about it, for not only have Germany's casualties been greater numerically than ours, but the Germans also have reached practically their limits in reinforcements, whereas the Allies have not yet called into action one-third of their available men of fighting age.

"There is not the slightest reason for people at home to be despondent or pessimistic. The Germans know as well as we that their chances are nil."

PRO-GERMAN PAPERS CONSIDER REPLY GOES FARTHER THAN EXPECTED

Chicago Staats Zeitung Says It Proves Berlin's Good Intentions.

[Canadian Press.]

Chicago, May 31.—The Chicago Staats Zeitung, commenting on Germany's reply to the American note, says: The German Government goes farther in its answer than our Government at Washington could have expected. Despite the fact that the American Government cannot assert positively that the Gulflight was the victim of a German torpedo, and that such proof might well be demanded, under international law, Germany agreed not to demand proof and offered compensation for the loss of the Gulflight.

"Moral Strength."

This fact alone ought to open the eyes of American citizens, of our Government and of the Anglo-American press to the moral strength of the German position, and ought also to prove that in no way it is the intention of the German admiralty to destroy neutral, especially American, shipping.

It ought also to prove that Germany is in the highest degree concerned in maintaining friendly relations with our republic, although she has long received anything but proof of such neutral friendship.

On German Side.

The Milwaukee Sentinel says the German preliminary reply is meant to open the way for further discussion, as scrupulously avoiding the appearance of shutting the door to the hope of arrangements that will make for the rights and safety of neutrals, and while preserving Germany's rights to avail herself fully by the means at her disposal to combat Britain's overwhelming preponderance of sea power. It would be preposterous to expect Germany to discontinue to persevere in her use of submarines against the commerce of the enemy.

GERMANS REALIZE TERRIBLE TRUTH

Known That They Realize They Are Regarded as Debased, Says Londoner.

"My hope, and, indeed, conviction, is the same as that of Arnold Bennett, that the Germans as a whole will ultimately realize their guilt. The number of Germans who know themselves to be liars, thieves and assassins, and men who have debased every good quality and arrested civilization, is large and steadily increasing. Truth will prevail."

The above is an extract from a letter written to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Atkinson, of King street, by Lance-Corp. Harry Atkinson, who is now at the King Edward VII. Hospital at Cardiff, Wales.

Corp. Atkinson says that he has not yet heard the fate of any of his London "pals," excepting Pte. Brady, who was killed, and the few he saw go under. He is getting on fine, and had his hand operated on a short time ago.

COL. SOWTON, S. A., COMING NEXT MONTH.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, May 31.—Col. Charles Sowton, who will be head of the western half of the Salvation Army in Canada, will assume his duties on July 1. He sails from England on the Grampian on June 18 with Commissioner Lamb, international secretary and representative of Gen. Booth. Until Commissioner Lamb arrives, the changes will not be made. The installation of Col. Sowton will take place at Winnipeg on July 11.

Col. Sowton was formerly chief secretary for India.

DOM. DAY A BIG ONE IN ST. MARYS' PLANS

Committee Tries Pack Aeroplane Flight Into Crowded Program.

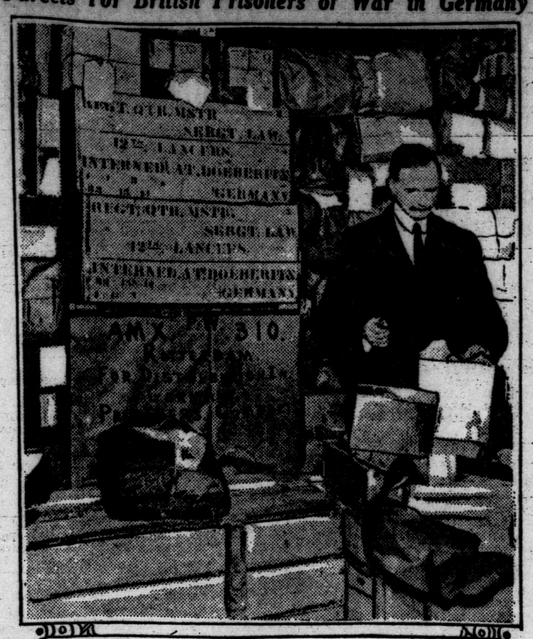
ST. MARYS, May 30.—A large committee has been formed to push forward the celebration of Canada's national holiday, July 1, with greater fervor and demonstration than was ever observed here before.

Horse races, lacrosse and baseball matches, and if arrangements can be made an aeroplane demonstration will be given, besides musical contests.

The court of revision had many appeals against assessments, but results proved that fair valuation had been given in all cases, as only a reduction of $750 was made in the large number of appeals.

A further number of C. P. R. trespass cases will come up before Police Magistrate Lawrie on Monday.

Parcels for British Prisoners of War in Germany



Advertiser Illustrations

The picture shows the censor checking and stamping the consignment of goods for prisoners in German camps. The parcels are sent by the prisoners of war help committee through the American Express Company, who forward them to their destination.

Canada's Munition Orders More Than $175,000,000

[Special to The Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, May 30.—To the present time over six hundred thousand shrapnel and high explosive shells made in Canada have been sent to Europe.

Reports from the British authorities state that the Canadian-made ammunition for field guns is of the very best quality and orders for more than a hundred and seventy-five million dollars' worth have been placed with the Canadian factories, and there are more orders coming.

FINACIAL AND COMMERCIAL

LOCAL MARKET

Oats declined further in price on the Monday market. The large supply last week on the square is the cause of a natural reduction. Prices ranged from $1.85 to $1.90 per cwt. Wheat remains firm, although slightly cheaper, having sold for $1.35 per bushel on Saturday. None was on sale today.

Dressed hogs have advanced considerably, and the ruling prices today were $12.50 and $13.50 per cwt. Live hogs have taken a corresponding advance, selling now for $9 and $9.10 per cwt.

Apples have been less plentiful recently; they sell for 40 cents per peck. Very few are sold in any larger quantities.

Grain, Per Cwt.			
Wheat, per cwt.	$2 25	to	$2 25
Oats, per cwt.	1 85	to	1 90
Grain, Per Bushel.			
Wheat, per bu.	1 35	to	1 35
Oats, per bu.	62	to	67
Barley, per bu.	1 60	to	1 60
Vegetables.			
Potatoes, load, bag	40	to	45
Potatoes, per bag	50	to	55
Beets, per bu.	40	to	40
Cabbages, each	5	to	5
Radishes, per bunch	2½	to	2½
Turnips, per bu.	25	to	30
Carrots, per bu.	40	to	40
Celery, each	5	to	10
Parsnips, per bu.	50	to	50
Onions, per bunch	2½	to	2½
Lettuce, per bunch	2½	to	2½
Rhubarb, per doz.	20	to	20
Asparagus, per doz.	60	to	60
Fruit.			
Apples, per peck	40	to	40
Hay and Straw.			
Hay, per ton	13 00	to	15 00
Straw, per load	5 50	to	6 00
Straw, per ton	8 00	to	8 00
Dairy Produce, Retail.			
Butter, dairy, lb.	29	to	30
Butter, crocks, lb.	27	to	27
Butter, rolls, lb.	28	to	29
Eggs, per doz.	22	to	22
Eggs, basket, doz.	21	to	21
Honey, strained, 10 lbs	1 40	to	1 50
Dairy Produce, Wholesale.			
Butter, dairy, lb.	28	to	29
Butter, rolls, lb.	26	to	27
Butter, crocks, lb.	25	to	26
Butter, store lots, lb.	24	to	24
Eggs, crate, doz.	18½	to	19
Eggs, basket, doz.	20	to	21
Poultry, Alive, Wholesale.			
Old fowl, lb.	12	to	13
Young chickens, lb.	13	to	15
Turkeys, per lb.	16	to	18
Poultry, Dressed, Wholesale.			
Old fowl, lb.	16	to	17
Young chickens, lb.	17	to	19
Ducks, per lb.	11	to	12
Geese, per lb.	13	to	13
Turkeys, per lb.	20	to	21
Poultry, Dressed, Retail.			
Spring chickens, pair	1 00	to	1 50
Chickens, per lb.	18	to	19
Turkeys, per lb.	21	to	22
Live Stock.			
Hogs, per cwt.	9 00	to	9 10
Small pigs, pair	7 00	to	9 00
Export cattle, cwt.	8 00	to	8 50
Milch cows, each	75 00	to	90 00
Butchers' Meats.			
Dressed hogs, cwt.	12 50	to	13 00
Veal, per cwt.	9 00	to	12 00
Beef, per cwt.	11 00	to	13 00
Mutton, per cwt.	8 00	to	10 00
Yearling lamb, lb.	15	to	16
Hides and Skins.			
Cow hides, No. 1	14	to	14
Cow hides, No. 2	13	to	13
Cow hides, No. 3	11	to	11
Calfskins, per lb.	15	to	16
Sheepskins, each	1 00	to	1 75
Wool, unwashed, lb.	14	to	14
Tallow, rendered	6	to	6
Tallow, rough	3	to	3

GRAIN.

Winnipeg, May 29.—Wheat was weak again today and declined ½c to 2⅝c. Opening prices were 3c lower for May, 1⅞c lower for July, and ⅞c lower for October. Heavy liquidation continues in the old crop months, the sentiment being general that there will be abundance of wheat when the season comes round, conditions being favorable for the most part.

All markets on cash wheat have been high, comparatively, for some time and with the lack of demand and consequent lowering of values, futures are being pulled down in sympathy and sentiment is getting bearish. There was nothing doing in export circles, neither new business nor inquiry being around.

Deliveries through the clearing house today were: Wheat, 46,000 bushels; oats, 47,000 bushels; flax, 5,000 bushels; barley, nil.

Total inspections yesterday were: 148 cars, as against 244 cars last year. In sight today were 180 cars.

Wheat futures closed ½c to 2⅝c lower; cash wheat closed 2⅝c to 3⅝c lower; oats, unchanged to ⅛c higher, and flax 3¼c lower.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2 northern, $1.46¼; No. 3 northern, $1.42¾; No. 4, $1.38¾; No. 5, $1.31⅛; No. 6, $1.26¾.

Oats—No. 2 Canadian western, 62⅛c; No. 3 Canadian western, 60½c; extra No. 1 feed, 60¼c; No. 1 feed, 58⅝c; No. 2 feed, 57⅜c.

Barley—No. 3, 71⅛c; No. 4, 65½c; rejected, 63½c; feed, 63½c.

Flax—No. 1 N. W. C., $1.71¼; No. 2 Canadian western, $1.68¾.

Liverpool, May 31.—Wheat—Spot dull; No. 1 northern (Duluth), 13s 9d; No. 2 red western, 13s 7d.

Corn—Spot dull; American mixed, new, none, 8s 3d; La Plata mixed, 8s 11½d.

FLOUR.

Liverpool, May 31.—Flour—Winter patents, 49s.

HOPS.

Liverpool, May 31.—Hops (in London)—Pacific coast, £3 5s to £4 15s.

PROVISIONS.

Liverpool, May 31.—Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, 69s 6d.

BaconCumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, 77; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, nominal; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, 69s 6d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, 77s; do, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, 74s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, 63s 6d.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, new, 51s 3d; American refined, in pails, 53s 6d; do, 56-lb boxes, 52s 3d.

DAIRY.

Liverpool, May 31.—Cheese—Canadian finest white, new, 94s; do, colored, new, 94s.

OILS AND METALS.

Liverpool, May 31.—Tallow—Prime city, 35s; Australian (in London), 33s 9d.

Turpentine Spirits—37s 6d.

Rosin—Common, 12s 7½d.

Petroleum—Refined, 9d.

Linseed Oil—35s.

Cottonseed Oil (Hull refined)—Spot, 32s 6d.

LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, May 31.—With a fairly heavy run at the Union yards this morning, the trading was not very brisk, and prices were just about steady with last week. The market for calves, sheep and lambs was also steady, with no material change in prices. Hogs were firm. Receipts, 1,565 cattle, 148 calves, 289 hogs and 69 sheep.

Cattle—Butchers, choice, cwt, $8 to $8 45; do, medium, $6 75 to $7 25; do, common, $6 to $6 50; butcher cows, choice, $7 to $7 25; do, medium, $5 50 to $6 25; do, canners, $3 75; do, bulls, $7 to $7 50; feeding steers, $7 to $7 35; stockers, choice, $6 75 to $7 25; do, light, $6 to $6 50; milkers, choice, each, $65 to $100; springers, each, $50 to $90; calves, $8 to $9 50.

Sheep—Ewes, cwt, $6 75 to $7 50; bucks and culls, $5 50 to $6; lambs, $9 to $9 50.

Hogs—Fed and watered, cwt, $9 50 to $9 65; f. o. b., $9 15 to $9 30.

East Buffalo, N.Y, May 27—Cattle—Receipts, 2,600; active; prime steers, $9 to $9 50; shipping, $8 25 to $8 75; butchers, $7 25 to $8 75; heifers, $6 50 to $8 50; cows, $3 75 to $7 50; bulls, $5 to $7 25. Vealys—Receipts, 1,600; active, $4 50 to $9 50.

Hogs—Receipts, 18,500; active; stags, $5 50 to $5 75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 5,200; sheep and common lambs slow; lambs, $7 to $12; yearlings, $5 to $10 50; wethers, $7 25 to $7 50; ewes, $3 to $6 25; sheep, mixed, $6 50 to $6 75.

Chicago, May 31.—Cattle—Receipts, 11,000; market steady; beef steers, $7 to $9 25; western steers, $6 75 to $8 15; cows and heifers, $3 30 to $8 75; calves, $7 to $9 75.

Hogs—Receipts, 34,000; market higher; light, $7 55 to $7 90; mixed, $7 50 to $7 85; heavy, $7 20 to $7 80; roughs, $7 25 to $7 46; pigs, $6 to $7 40; bulk of sales at $7 70 to $7 85.

Sheep—Receipts, 9,000; market weak; sheep, $6 50 to $7 55; lambs, native, $7 50 to $10 20.

Montreal, May 31.—Trade was good at the West End market this morning, with slightly higher prices all round. Receipts were: Cattle, 800; calves, 600; sheep and lambs, 300; hogs, 2,100.

Prime beeves, 8⅜c to near 9c; medium, 6½c to 8¼c; common, 5c to 6½c; calves, 5c to 8½c.

Sheep, 5c to 5⅝c; lambs, 5c to 7 each.

Hogs, 10¼c.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 31.—Money was in quiet demand, and discount rates were steady today. The stock market generally was very quiet. The Cape buying its favorite gold shares was practically the only feature of the trading. Bonds and home rails were steady.

American securities were dull, waiting a lead from New York tomorrow regarding German's reply. There were a few markings, mostly at lower prices, but American securities were firm. The closing was dull.

Closing prices were:

Consols, for money	66½
Amalgamated Copper	67⅜
Atchison, common	103
Baltimore & Ohio	71¾
Canadian Pacific	163½
Chesapeake & Ohio	41
Chicago Great Western	13½
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	92½
De Beers	12
Denver & Rio Grande	8
Erie, common	26½
Erie, first preferred	41
Grand Trunk	10
Illinois Central	110
Louisville & Nashville	119½
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	11¾
New York Central	89
Norfolk & Western	104¾
Ontario & Western	28½
Pennsylvania Railway	55½
Rand Mines	4⅞
Reading Railway	74
Southern Railway	16⅝
Southern Pacific	90¼
Union Pacific	128⅝
United States Steel	56¼

MONEY MARKET.

London, May 31.—Bar silver, 23 15-16d per ounce.

Money, 1¼ to 1¾ per cent.

Discount rates—Short bills, 2⅝ to 2¾ per cent; three months, 2 13-16 to 2⅞ per cent.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, May 31.	Asked.	Bid.
Barcelona Traction	9	8
Brazilian T., L. & P.	53	..
Bell Telephone	147	..
Burt, pfd.	89	..
Canada Bread, com.	30	..
Canada Bread, pfd.	90	..
Canada Cement, com.	28	..
Canada Cement, pfd.	90½	..
Can. Steamships, pfd.	59	..
Canadian General Electric	91	..
Can. Locomotive, pfd.	80	79
Canadian Salt	110	..
City Dairy, com.	98	..
City Dairy, pfd.	..	100
Consumers' Gas	182½	..
Dominion Canners, com.	31½	..
Dominion Steel	28⅞	28½
Dominion Telegraph	100	..
Duluth-Superior	55	..
Mackay, com.	80¼	..
Mackay, pfd.	..	66½
Maple Leaf, com.	64	62½
Maple Leaf, pfd.	97½	96¾
Monarch, pfd.	82	..
Pacific Burt, com.	28	..
Pacific Burt, pfd.	80	..
Penmans, pfd.	82	..
Petroleum	888	875
Porto Rico, com.	46	..
Porto Rico, pfd.	100	..
Rogers, pfd.	99	..
St. L. & C. Navigation	100	..
Shredded Wheat	92	..
Spanish River	..	4
Steel of Canada, com.	14	13½
Steel of Canada, pfd.	69	..
Toronto Railway	111	..
Tucketts, com	29	..
Tucketts, pfd.	90	..
Twin City, com.	98	97½
Winnipeg Railway	180	..
Coniagas Mines	500	485
Crown Reserve Mines	80	75
Hollinger Mines	2650	2600
La Rose Mines	60	55
Nipissing Mines	575	..
Trethewey Mines	15½	..
Bank of Commerce	203	..
Dominion Bank	227	..
Bank of Hamilton	201	..
Imperial Bank	210	..
Merchants' Bank	180	..
Bank of Nova Scotia	261	..
Ottawa Bank	207	..
Royal Bank	221¼	218
Standard Bank	219	..
Bank of Toronto	211	..
Union Bank	140	..
Canada Landed	162	..
Canada Permanent	188	..
Colonial Investment	78	..
Dominion Savings	..	81
Hamilton Provident	..	140
Huron & Erie	211	..
Landed Banking	..	145
London & Canadian	134	..
National Trust	222	..
Toronto General Trusts	210	..
Toronto Mortgage	..	138
Canada Bread, bonds	93	..
Electrical Dev., bonds	88	..
Pennans, bonds	..	89
Steel of Canada, bonds	88	..

PARIS BOURSE.

Paris, May 31.—Trading was quiet, but prices were firm on the bourse today. Three per cent rentes, 72 francs 50 centimes for cash; exchange on London, 26 francs 3½ centimes.

"KEEP FLAG FLYING" IS WORD FROM OTTAWA

DURHAM, May 30.—The fund for providing hospital cots for wounded Canadian boys at the front continues to grow, and now exceeds the $2,000 mark. Several more families are providing $50 each for a cot, while neighboring rural sections have become interested by the town's example, and are uniting in raising funds to sustain three or four cots each.

Mr. Colin McDougall, caretaker of the Armory, has received Government instruction to keep the flag flying as long as the war lasts.

"When worn out, another will be furnished," he says.

Though its patriotism is marked, this town has not gone in for much flag flying, and a little more color will not be amiss.

CHESLEY STORES DAMAGED BY EARLY SUNDAY FIRE

Reagley & Savage Stock Suffers Quite heavily—Cause Unknown.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

CHESLEY, May 30—Fire from an unknown cause did considerable damage to the stock of the Reagley & Savage 5, 10 and 15-cent store at 5:30 this morning. The business was in a two-story brick building, and the upper floor was occupied by the Oddfellows. Much damage was done to the equipment and furniture of the lodge by smoke and water, and also there will be some damage to the furniture stock of Bart Wright to the south from the same cause.

The loss to the Reagley & Savage stock is $2,200, and to the building, $1,500, partly covered by insurance.

CLEAN—No dust or flying ashes. Ash chutes guide all ashes into convenient pan.

McClary's Sunshine Furnace

No ash shovelling necessary. See the McClary dealer or write for booklet. 33

Sold by J. A. PAGE, 807 Dundas Street, and BULL BROS., Hamilton Road and Rectory Street.



Are you going to build?
The use of Wall Board as an improvement over lath and plaster is becoming universal.
It is cleaner, more durable and more sanitary and does not dust, crack nor crumble. When you build be sure to buy

Certain-teed Wall Board

As the name Certain-teed indicates, this Wall Board is designed to give the maximum service and it is sold at the most reasonable price. It is used extensively in houses, bungalows, temporary and permanent booths, factories, offices, etc.

For sale by dealers everywhere

General Roofing Mfg. Company
World's largest manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers
New York City, Boston, Chicago, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Atlanta, Cleveland, Detroit, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Kansas City, Minneapolis, Seattle, San Francisco, London, Hamburg, Sydney

At each of our big mills we make the following products:
Asphalt Roofings (all grades and prices)
Slate Surfaced Shingles
Asphalt Felts
Deadening Felts
Tarred Felts
Building Papers
Insulating Papers
Wall Boards
Plastic Roofing Cement
Asphalt Cement
Roof Coating
Metal Paints
Outdoor Paints
Shingle Stains
Refined Coal Tar
Tar Coating
Pitch

WE SELL WEATHER KING ROOFING MATERIAL, manufactured by the General Roofing Company.

Purdom Hardware Co., 124 Dundas St

MAGNIFICENT WINDOW UNVEILED IN STRATFORD

Anniversary Services in Knox and Central Methodist Churches.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

STRATFORD, May 30. — Anniversary services were conducted at Knox and Central Methodist Churches on Sunday. At Knox Rev. Dr. Drummond, of Hamilton, spoke at the morning and evening services, and also at the open meeting in the afternon. The occasion was marked by the unveiling of the handsome stained glass window, donated by the Ladies' Aid. The window cost $2,200 and is one of the largest in Canada, being 32 feet high and 20 feet wide. The main theme of the window is the Ascension.

At the Central Methodist Rev. H. A. Graham, of London, was the speaker.

Lay Stone in Gadshill.

On Sunday the corner-stone of the Lutheran Church at Gadshill was laid. Rev. Mr. Stockman had charge of the service, and was assisted by Rev. E. Bockleman, of Waterloo; Rev. Mr. Rabley, of Linwood, and Rev. Hingle, of Brant. The new edifice is to cost $5,000.

Trinity Methodists' Annual.

The most prosperous year in the history of the congregation has just been concluded at Trinity Methodist Church. The total receipts for the year from all sources amount to $5,566, in addition to $500 contributed to missions. The Sunday school enrolment has reached 536, included in which is a Chinese class, inaugurated by the pastor, Rev. W. E. Millson, who leaves shortly for St. Thomas.

BRANTFORD QUARTET MAKES LIVELY MELEE IN PARK—ARE ARRESTED

[Special to The Advertiser.]

BRANTFORD, May 30.—After creating a scene in a hotel, arguing about the war, four men adjourned to Victoria Park last night and did battle, attracting a crowd of about 2,000 people and a squad of policemen.

When the police arrived the belligerents separated and tried to get away through the crowd, but ultimately all were locked up. These names are on the police blotter under a "disorderly" charge: Geo. Longbottom, J. Cromwell, J. Vince, Arthur Hillary.

The police last night raided the house of Joe Gaines, colored, which had been under suspicion. Sergt. Donnelly, P. C's. Boylan and Borthwick, arrested Gaines. The suspect had formerly lived in London and Toronto.

BICYCLIST STRUCK BY AN AUTOMOBILE; SLIGHTLY INJURED

Sarnia Boy Escapes With Scratches and Smashed Wheel.

SARNIA, May 30.—A small boy, named Carr, was run into by an automobile on North Christina street this afternoon while turning his bicycle off the London road. He received several cuts on his face and head, and the bicycle was smashed.

The automobile was running slow.

THIRTY-ONE CONFIRMED BY BISHOP DOWLING

PARIS, May 30.—His Lordship Bishop Dowling, of Hamilton, administered the rite of confirmation to a class of 31 candidates in the Church of the Sacred Heart this evening.

The members of Court Charity, C. O. F., attended divine service in the Presbyterian Church this evening, where they were addressed by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Nicholson.

New Spring Suits and Coats

A choice selection of the latest designs and newest shades in Ladies' and Misses' Garments for spring wear. New goods arriving daily, with exclusive designs not found elsewhere. Perfect fitting guaranteed. Sizes, 16 to 42; stouts, 41 to 47.

LONDON READY-TO-WEAR
256 DUNDAS STREET.
M. Fishbein, Manager.

EVERYTHING IN FUEL.
For the furnace, the range, or the open fireplace, we have just what you need.
D. H. GILLIES & SON
Phone 1312.

Karry Homa Box of DICK'S CHOICE CUT BLOOM
235 Dundas St Phone :129
zxv



Every Member of the Family
will appreciate the comfort of a fine modern bathroom. If you are thinking of remodelling your house or of your building a new one, don't fail to give your most serious attention to the important item of Plumbing. If you give us the contract you will get the very best workmanship, the finest materials and lowest possible prices.

The Hunt Plumbing Co
Phone 1213
Richmond and Kent Streets.

THE DOMINION SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
Good offices for rent, with or without vault accommodation in the Dominion Savings Bdlg.

Pictures...

Suitable for June Wedding Gifts. "A picture from Graves is doubly appreciated."

O. B. GRAVES
Limited. zxv

CHAMPION BEDBUG KILLER, the safest, cleanest and best method of quickly ridding a house of bedbugs and all kinds of vermin. Large syringe-topped cans sell for 25 cents only at TAYLOR'S FIVE CUT-RATE DRUG STORES.



We have added to our already large stock a line of FLASH LIGHTS. One new feature in a Flashlight is in the style of a Fountain Pen. Come in and see them.

W. J. Wray & Co.
234 DUNDAS ST.

We mine our own Coal and sell direct to you at lowest summer price.



Egg and Stove for furnace, Chestnut for baseburner, Large Pea Coal for range and heater.

I KNOW
I Can Relieve That Headache and Eye-strain.
The Optician
398 RICHMOND STREET.



Diamond Rings, $5 to $600.
386 RICHMOND STREET.
PHONE 1084.

SIXTY-FIVE DOZEN
SAMPLE SAILOR STRAW HATS
LATEST STYLES,
$2.00 Value for $1.00
The Heart of London
371 TALBOT, OPPOSITE MARKET.

DRUGLESS EYE EXAMINATION
Including Correct Glasses—Minimum Fee, $2.50.
BROWN OPTICAL COMPANY.
223 Dundas Street. Phone 1877.

DRESSY, STYLISH, COOL, COMFORTABLE and reasonable in price—Our White Canvas Shoes for women. We have them in all sizes and shapes, at prices ranging from $1.50 to $3. Canvas shoes are easy to clean, and are the ideal thing for summer outings or for street wear. Come in and see them. We are only too pleased to show you and to explain to you the many advantages in buying shoes from us.

J.P. COOK CO.
"The Store that Serves You Best"
187 DUNDAS ST Annex 330 RICHMOND ST

CAMLACHIE.

CAMLACHIE, May 30.—Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Irwin, from the Soo, are spending a few days in these parts.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Scott and two youngest children left Saturday for the Soo on a business trip.

Dr. Will Bright left for the Soo Saturday by boat from Sarnia and will, perhaps, buy out a veterinary business.

Dr. and Mrs. Brown returned Saturday from Peterboro, where the doctor was attending the board of health meeting.

MUSKOKA THE BEAUTIFUL.

Who has not heard of Muskoka, the charming summer resort district in the Highlands of Ontario? For those desirous of knowing more about this charming summer playground, the Grand Trunk has issued a handsome illustrated publication, which will be sent free on request. Apply to C. E. Horning, D.P.A., Union Station, Toronto. b

GENERAL CHANGE OF TIME.

On Sunday, May 30th, the Canadian Pacific Railway summer train schedule will go into effect. While the general change does not affect the London division to any great extent, the difference in train time is of sufficient importance to be noted. Eastbound the "Canadian," leaving at 5:15 a.m., the 8:00 a.m., and the 1:20 p.m. trains, remain the same, with the exception that the running time of 8:00 a.m. train is cut down ten minutes, making the arriving time in Toronto 12:10 noon. Train 632 will now leave at 5:10 p.m., arriving in Toronto at 9:05 p.m., and the "Wolverine," now leaving at 8:03 p.m., will arrive in Toronto at 11:20 p.m. Westbound train No. 671, leaving London at 8:10 a.m., will now run through to Windsor, arriving there at 11:20 a.m.; train No. 21 at 11:23 a.m., remains the same. Trains 633 and 19 have been changed, and under the new schedule leave at 7:38 p.m., and 10:00 p.m., respectively. Handy pocket time cards have been prepared, and may be had on application at the City Ticket Office, corner Dundas and Richmond streets. 56c

QUALITY STORE TEA
We offer the best Tea value in London. 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 75c and $1.00 per pound.
Harry Ranahan
Phones 1024, 3323. zxv

YOUNG GIRL LURED TO HOUSE OF SHAME

Told by Man That York Street Place Was Boarding Establishment.

Following a police raid on a York street residence last night, Mrs. Ada Robinson, found guilty by Police Magistrate J. C. Judd of being the keeper of a disorderly house, was today fined $5 and costs, while Lillian Cooper, Harry Dishman and George Murray paid like fines.

A young girl not yet out of her teens who was taken to the house by Dishman, was allowed to go on probation. The girl, in conference with the magistrate, stated that she was taken to the house under pretence that it was a boarding house and that she had only been there a couple of days prior to the raid.

In passing sentence on Mrs. Robinson, the magistrate stated that she should be ashamed of herself in leading a girl to ruin and that if she came up in court again she was likely to receive a heavy fine and a prison term.

EXCHANGE MESSAGES

Italian and Montenegrin Kings Hope For Downfall of Common Enemy.

[Canadian Press.]

Rome, May 31.—Telegraphing King Nicholas of Montenegro at the moment the Italian army was about to take the field against Austria, King Victor Emmanuel said:

"I take pleasure in sending to your majesty and the Montenegrin people my most fervent wishes for victory."

To this message King Nichoias replied: "In the solemn moment when your glorious country begins war against our common enemy, my heart and the heart of my people are filled with joy to see the Montenegrin army fighting by the side of your majesty's heroic army. Both ever poured forth their noble blood for the cause of liberty—the ideal of our two peoples."

390 GERMANS DIE FOR BARBARITY TO ONE CANADIAN SCOT

[Canadian Press.]

Montreal, May 30.—Pte. Harry G. Cronshaw, a member of the first Canadian contingent, formerly a railway employee at Point St. Charles, writes:

"Going along the road one day we found a Canadian Scottish soldier bayoneted to a hotel door, and just then a Canadian contingent came marching along, convoying back to the base a bunch of 400 German prisoners. The party halted, gazed at the man on the door, and then killed every prisoner, with the exception of nine.

"I also saw one English soldier crucified on a barn door."

STEAMER ON FIRE IN DOCKS AT LIVERPOOL

Cause of Blaze on Ansonia a Mystery—Second Conflagration.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 31.—The British steamer Ausonia was badly damaged last night by fire while lying in the London docks. The cause of the fire is not known.

On February 20 last fire broke out in the forepeak of the Ausonia at Glasgow, after the vessel had arrived there from New York.

MEMORIAL SERVICE.

PARIS, May 30.—A memorial service was held in King's Ward Park this afternoon in honor of Private Ivor Murray who fell at the battle of Langemarck. The service was under the auspices of the citizens band, of which he was a member. Mayor Patterson presided and there was a large attendance. Addresses by the resident ministers and singing by a massed choir featured the program.

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Vest Pocket Kodak
The Ideal Soldier's Kodak
As small as a note book or diary, and will tell a more interesting and convincing story.
$7.00, $11.50 $22.50
Actual Size.
Films left here before 11 a.m. developed and printed by 6 p.m.

CUT PRICES
in Drugs and Patent Medicines every day.
STRONG'S DRUG STORE
184 Dundas Street, London, Ont. zw

Quality Is Economy.
For a Lazy Liver
There is just one safe and sure remedy,
"PENSLAR" LIVER PERSUADER
is the medicine that satisfactorily answers all troublesome Liver Questions. Entirely Vegetable, and Pure. One bottle is sufficient, 50c.
CAIRNCROSS'
Dependable Druggists,
216 Dundas Street. Phone 880. 58u-zw

BIG CONFERENCE WILL OPEN TODAY

Sessions at First Methodist Church, St. Marys, on This Week.

UNION QUESTION STANDS

Little Discussion on It Probably—Dr. Manning May Be New President.

The London Methodist Conference opens in the First Methodist Church, St. Marys, of which Rev. F. E. Mallott is pastor, today and ministers and representative laymen from London, St. Thomas, Stratford, Goderich, Exeter, Sarnia, Chatham, Windsor, Ridgetown and other points in these vicinities will be in attendance.

Reports from the various committees will be read and although no outstanding matters are on the program for discussion, questions may be brought up during the week's conference which will prove very interesting. Important work having to do with the church will be thoroughly gone into. Temperance, one of the burning questions of the day, will be discussed and resolutions which may greatly affect the liquor traffic will be passed.

Little Attention To Church Union.

It is not thought likely that much time will be taken up in the discussion of church union. Last year the Methodists clearly showed they were quite ready to join with the Presbyterians and Congregationalists and passed resolutions to this effect. The next move must come from Presbyterians, and until that denomination takes some specific stand the question remains just where it is.

The stationing committee meets this afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Epworth League Hall and the statistical committee in the Sunday School room. The stationing committee makes its first report on the allocation of the men on Wednesday, but as the various districts and cities and towns and other places affected by the changes may raise objections or wish some change other than the choice made, it is not likely that the final draft of this committee will be ready until during the latter part of the week.

Tuesday's Program.

On Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock the district journal secretaries will meet in the church. At 7 o'clock in the evening the financial secretaries will meet the conference treasurers. At 8 o'clock the Epworth League conference will be held and the members addressed by Rev. A. E. Lloyd, of Ridout Street Church, London, and by George Stanley, Esq., Lucan.

Devotional exercises at 8:45 o'clock Wednesday morning will commence that day's activities, when Rev. E. E. Scott, Toronto, will preach the ministerial sermon. At 9:20 o'clock roll call and the report of the transfer committee will be read and the appointment of committee on conference relations made.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon devotional exercises will be held and a pastoral address given. There will also be a meeting in the evening.

Dr. Manning the President.

Thursday morning the general session of the conference commences. The election of the new president will be the chief feature of the day, and it is generally expected that Rev. Dr. Manning, of Stratford, will receive the honor. Last year when the ballot was taken he was second to Rev. George N. Hazen, London, who is now president. Any member of the conference is eligible to the office.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the report of the ministerial committee will be read and discussed. The statistical committee brings in its report on Thursday also and addresses will be given by Rev. Joseph Allen, missionary committee secretary, and Mr. J. H. Gundy.

Friday night there will be a public reception to the ordination class, and addresses to the newly-ordained members of the church will be given by Rev. J. E. Holmes and Rev. T. Wesley Cousins.

At 1:30 o'clock Saturday the statistical committee will bring in its final report, and at 2 o'clock the Historical Society meets. At 8 o'clock in the evening the Theological Union will hold a session, when an address by Rev. William Conway, B.A., B.D., will be heard. His subject will be "The Spirit in the Wheels."

Rev. Alexander Langford will preach the ordination sermon Sunday.

All Methodist ministers from London will be in attendance and many laymen.

PAINTER FALLS 15 FEET

Charles W. Ayling Painfully But Not Seriously Hurt on Dundas Street.

Charles W. Ayling, of 5 Napier street, a painter, had a narrow escape from death early today when a ladder on which he was working in front of the William Davies store on Dundas street, slipped and precipitated him to the sidewalk some fifteen feet below. He was taken into the store of J. M. Thompson and later, at his own request, removed in an automobile to his home. When picked up he appeared to be in a state of almost complete collapse, but Dr. W. J. Tillmann, who attended him, found that he was suffering only from severe bruises and shock. No bones were broken, and no indications of internal injuries were found.

NEW SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.

AILSA CRAIG, May 30.—A meeting of Sunday school workers from different denominations was held in the Baptist Church for the purpose of organizing an interdenominational association. After discussion it was decided to organize as the East Williams and East McGillivray Sunday School Association.

The following officers were duly elected: President, R. H. McDonald; vice-president, J. Trevethick; secretary-treasurer, Rev. A. A. Fanjoy.

Addresses were given by P. G. Orwig, of Toronto, field secretary, and Rev. L. W. Reid, of Granton County, secretary.

KITCHENER HOLDS CONFIDENCE STILL, DESPITE ATTACKS

Rev. W. J. Knox Lauds War Minister Attacked by "Snipers."

REASON FOR ENLISTING

Love of Right Sends Canada's Sons to Front, Pastor Declares.

"Thank God we have Kitchener. The British Empire still has every confidence in him, notwithstanding the backbitings of such small-souled creatures as Lord Northcliffe. We may thank God that Kitchener is not moved by any such meanness. One of the great things about the French and British armies is that its commanders-in-chief are both men who have risen from the ranks and know every step."

Rev. W. J. Knox spoke as above in a sermon on the war to a large audience at the First Presbyterian Church last evening. He compared the present great conflict to the great battle of life. Millions of soldiers, he said, have enlisted on the Allies' side simply because they wanted to maintain love, truth, liberty and righteousness against the military despotism that Germany's ideal stands for. When a man enlisted it meant that he must put aside his ordinary business and go into camp and train for the fighting to come.

"When we enlist in God's great army," said Mr. Knox, "we must put aside all sin, and endeavor to live up to the principles taught by Jesus Christ. He made himself one of us and went through all the temptations we have to. God's battle line is so far-flung that there is a place for the talents which each of us have, just as soldiers may, when enlisting, join the infantry, artillery, aviation corps or others. There is a place for righteousness in business life, professional life and especially in our Canadian political life. God knows there are few realms in Canada today where there is such urgent need for godly men with higher ideals than in our politics."

KNOW THE BRAIN TO BE PHYSICIST

Dr. Millar Says Telepathic Cult Should Dissect Cerebellum.

"Functions of the Nervous System" was the subject of an address by Dr. Millar, of the Western Medical College faculty, before the Radical Club in Sherwood Hall Sunday evening.

In reply to questions regarding the probability of man possessing what is commonly called a "soul," life after death, telepathy and kindred subjects, Dr. Millar pointed out that Sir Oliver Lodge, Sir William Crookes and other leaders of the Society for Psychical Research, were physicists and not psychologists, and had probably never dissected the human brain.

Dr. Millar held that in order to arrive at an authoritative conclusion regarding these questions it was desirable for the investigator to approach psychology first from its objective side, and afterwards from its subjective side.

He admitted that the anatomical or physiological psychologist could not pronounce the last word on life after death and associated subjects, but he held that a knowledge of the mechanism of the brain and nervous system would enable one to investigate such matters in a more intelligent and reliable manner.

RUSSIA'S AMMUNITION BLOWN UP AT SEATTLE

Mysterious Destruction of Scow Causes Extensive Damage—Enemies Suspected.

[Canadian Press.]

Seattle, Wash., May 31.—Police and private detectives employed by the Russian Government to guard vessels loading munitions of war for Russia were busy today endeavoring to learn the cause of the explosion Sunday morning of 15 tons of dynamite aboard a scow anchored in the bay. Except for the statement of private detectives, that for two weeks they have been watching for two men, who, it is alleged, were coming to Pudget Sound to destroy ammunition carriers, there was little for the police to work on.

The scow was blown into fragments, and no trace has been found of a watchman employed Saturday to guard the dynamite over night. While detectives were engaged in seeking to determine the cause of the explosion, many workmen began replacing 350 plate glass windows in the Seattle business district shattered by the explosion. The damage from this source was estimated at $40,000, while injury to several large wooden buildings on the waterfront nearest the scene of the explosion added $10,000 more to the loss.

TOO MANY VISITORS AT BRITISH HEADQUARTERS

Daily Chronicle Hopes New Cabinet Will Make Changes in France.

[Canadian Press.]

London, May 31.—The Daily Chronicle, a Government organ, editorially expresses the hope that the coalition cabinet will be able to effect certain changes at British headquarters in France, which it contrasts unfavorably with the French headquarters.

"British headquarters in France," says the Chronicle, "is constantly frequented by a swarm of people for whose presence it is difficult to believe there is any military justification. Not only is there an enormous official staff, far exceeding that of any of the French generals, who command larger armies than ours, but there is a perpetual stream of miscellaneous civilian visitors, including ladies.

"This state of things can scarcely conduce to military secrecy or efficiency. It is in contrast to the Spartan habits of the French commanders, who sternly banish everything of the kind in their headquarters."

YOUTHFUL PRINCE INTERESTED IN SOLDIERS

[Canadian Press.]

Rome, May 31.—Crown Prince Humbert, although only 11 years old, is showing a keen and intelligent interest in military affairs which is winning the affections of the people of Rome. He visited the barracks of the Bersaglieri yesterday and returned with military precision the salutes of his father's soldiers. The little prince asked scores of questions about things he saw at the barracks. When he left to return to the palace he was cheered by a large crowd.

LONDON AMERICANS HONOR BRAVE DEAD, PAST AND PRESENT

Decorate the Graves of G.A.R. Veterans in London Cemeteries.

THINK OF THE CANADIANS

Place Wreath on Monument as Tribute to Killed at Front.

Memorial day, the most beautiful of the American national holidays, was observed throughout the republic yesterday, and in every city, village and hamlet, fitting ceremonies were held in honor of the brave men who responded to the call of President Lincoln for volunteers when the very life of the nation was in danger. Fifty years have passed, since that titanic struggle was brought to a successful conclusion, by the surrender of Lee at Appomattox; but the memory of those who fought and died that the republic might endure, is still fresh in the hearts of the people of the United States, and for that reason the practice of decorating the graves of the soldier-dead and attendant ceremonies, was given with the same patriotic devotion as has been manifested every year since the close of that terrible fratricidal conflict. One by one the old veterans are passing, and soon "taps" will be sounded for the last survivor; but until that time every man who wore the "blue" in that great fight for human liberty, will rest secure under the fostering care of a grateful nation.

Observed In City.

Yesterday the day was observed for the first time in London, when the American Society of this city, assisted the surviving members of Hannibal Hamlin Post, Grand Army of the Republic, in paying this last honor to the comrades who have passed to the great beyond. The cemeteries were visited and graves of veterans decorated.

The members took advantage of the occasion to show their sympathy for the brave Canadians who have fallen in defence of the honor and dignity of their empire, by placing a wreath on the soldiers' monument in Victoria Park, with the following inscription:

Honor Canadian Dead.

"This wreath is a tribute from the surviving members of the Hannibal Hamlin Post, Grand Army of the Republic, and the American Society of London, to the Canadian soldiers who have given their lives in defence of their empire.

"On fame's eternal camping ground
"Their silent tents are spread,
"And glory guards with solemn round
"The bivouac of the dead."

"Memorial Day, May 30, 1915."

After the ceremony of decorating the graves, the old veterans were given a reception in the parlors of the Tecumseh House, where a fitting service was held. Addresses were made by President White, of the American Society, Rev. Dr. Silcox, a number of the old veterans and others.

The following survivors are still living in London: W. H. Wortman, Commander W. Peel, Geo. W. Pitt, W. J. Laskey, Chas. Cox, J. H. Flood, W. J. Reeves, John Donnelly, Robert Burns.

Those who are buried in the cemeteries of London are: Lieut.-Col. Frank Noble, Manuel Thorpe, Henry Peters, James Bailey, Thomas Mills, F. J. Fitzgerald, George McLean, Frederick Alberstadt, John Twomey, James Charles, Oliver Fountain, Charles J. Ashton, Martin, Stearns, Thos. Flinton, R. A. Schrieber, James Smith, John Moran and George Duncan.

Worthy of Praise.

"The Bible encourages us to hold memorial days," said Rev. Mr. Silcox. "The nation that forgets its splendid past is not likely to have a glorious future. I will speak the truth in my heart when I say that no class of men is more worthy of our warmest gratitude and esteem than the members of the G. A. R. It would be base ingratitude to those who survive if they did not recall the services these men rendered the nation at the critical hour of its existence.

"The nation ought to put flowers on their graves and build monuments to their memory. We ought to pronounce eulogies over their achievements. Poor and mean is the nation that has no graves to keep green. Poor and mean are the people who have no monuments to remind them of valorous deeds and heroic men. Flat and commonplace are the lives of those who have no hallowed mausoleum to visit, no consecrated column to revere, no inspiring memory to adore. The nation that has no graves to venerate and decorate will have no heroes to applaud.

"When we meet as we do today to honor the memory of the men who gave their lives to save the Union and free the slave, we benefit ourselves. It would be our disgrace to allow the noble deed to sink into oblivion. For our own sake, for our children's sake, we should recall their valor and rehearse their achievements.

Much in Common.

"We here in Canada are intimately linked with the destinies of the republic. We are one in origin, one in language, one in our ideals of government. Our laws root themselves in one common English stock. Our literature is saturated with the same ideals of humanity, philanthropy and nationality. Great Britain is a republic: a crowned republic. The throne is secure and strong because it is 'broad based upon the people's will and compassed by the inviolate sea.'

"As the men whose graves we decorate died for humanity, let us with all our energies live for humanity. Let us pray not alone that the republic may have a new birth of freedom, but let us pray that every nation under the blue of heaven may have a new birth of freedom—so that the government of the people, by the people, and for the people may not perish from the earth."

REV. JOHN McNEIL IN GODERICH.

GODERICH, May 30. — Rev. John McNeil, of Toronto, preached the anniversary services at the Baptist Church. Both services drew large crowds. On Monday Mr. McNeil will give his lecture, "Britain and the War."

BY THE SEASHORE.

A holiday by the seashore is the form of vacation most appreciated by thousands of people from the inland centres. Portland and its environs abound with attractions to suit all tastes, from the quiet retirement of Cape Elizabeth and Cushing's Island to Old Orchard and Kennebunk, popular chiefly for their beaches and surf bathing.

"Mountains of New England and the Sea," just issued by the Grand Trunk Railway System, contains full information, complete list of hotels and boarding houses, etc., and may be had on application to C. E. Horning, D.P.A., Toronto, Ont. b

CIGAR MANUFACTURER EXPIRES SUDDENLY



JAMES J. CLARKE, one of the best-known residents of West London, died at the age of 58 years.

CIGAR MANUFACTURER EXPIRES SUDDENLY

James J. Clarke, Prominent Resident of West London, Dies At His Home.

James J. Clarke, one of the city's best-known cigar manufacturers, died suddenly on Sunday at his residence, 28 Wharncliffe road, in his 58th year. A resident of London all his life, the late Mr. Clarke watched the city's progress and had taken an active part in developing West London, where he made his home.

It was through his influence that the agitation for a bridge connecting the Wharncliffe road in the south and west ends of the city was kept constantly before the public and that the structure was finally built. As president of the West London Progressive Society, Mr. Clarke had the interests of that section always in mind, never allowing an opportunity to pass that might be turned to the advantage of the community in which he resided.

He was a member of the Catholic Order of Foresters and of the Chosen Friends' organization. Mr. Clarke was a staunch Liberal.

Surviving besides his wife are three sons: Chester, of Toronto; Frederick, of this city and William J., associated with him in business. Also one daughter, May, at home.

Funeral arrangements have not yet been completed.

TWO "SPRY" OLD MEN ANXIOUS TO ENLIST

Both Are Americans, and One Is the Champion Squirrel Shooter of Springfield.

The spirit which makes Britishers all over the world respond to the call to arms when the Empire is in danger is evidently strong in two Americans of British descent who live in Springfield, Ohio. Although both are past the military age, they are anxious to fight in the cause of freedom, which is the cause of the Allies, and have written to the postmaster of a Western Ontario town asking in what way they may join the British forces.

The letter is signed by M. H. Dynes, who describes himself as 67 years of age, but as spry and active as a rabbit. It is written on behalf of himself and William Thomas, a blacksmith and horseshoer of the same city. It has been turned over to a recruiting agent, as the postmaster did not know what advice to give.

The communication, written on a letterhead which describes Mr. Dynes as a dealer in second-hand goods, an insurance agent, a money lender, and a dealer in real estate, is in the following terms:

"I would like you to send me information about enlisting in the English army and navy. William Thomas, of this city, a good blacksmith, fine on horseshoeing and all kinds of blacksmith work, and myself want to go. He is of English descent, and has always been a blacksmith. He is 54 years old and strong and robust.

"I am willing to go and do what I can in any position. I am 67 years old, and as spry and active as a rabbit. I have shot hundreds of squirrels and know how to use a gun. I can bear away the wounded and wait on them. My father and mother were Scotch and one of my cousins was a member of Parliament for ten years, and our family has a coat-of-arms. (Signed) M. H. DYNES."

HIGH SCHOOL CADETS PARADE TO SERVICE

Sixty Strong, Corps Marches to Dundas Centre Church—The Highest Courage.

Sixty of the smartest cadets one could wish to see, boys of the London Collegiate Institute cadet corps, yesterday paraded to Dundas Centre Methodist Church, where the pastor, Rev. A. J. Thomas, preached a special sermon on "Courage" for their benefit.

The lads, as they marched from the school by way of Waterloo and Dundas streets, looked splendid in their natty uniforms of blue with scarlet facings. They kept perfect step and lines and had a very manly and soldierly appearance as they strode behind the really splendid drum and bugle band headed by the drum-major, resplendent in bushy and rhythmically beating time for the music with his baton. The parade was watched by hundreds of people along the line of march both to and from the church, and all were loud in their praises of the cadets' smartness.

Mr. Thomas, in his sermon, declared that courage was the essential characteristic on which all the other good qualities were dependent. He maintained, however, that the highest type of courage was moral, not physical. Courage in its highest and best form was exemplified in the life and work of Christ, a courage which kept Him steadfastly pursuing the course which had been set for Him by His Father in spite of all temptations and all opposition, in spite even of the knowledge that His campaign was to end in a death of agony on the cross of Calvary.

To fight for the right without regard for consequences, personal or otherwise, the preacher said, demanded the best kind of courage. If any of the young people in his audience doubted this, he suggested, they had better try to live the Christ life, turning the right cheek when they were struck on the left, doing good to them that cursed them and being kind and loving to their fellows under all circumstances. If they could do this without great courage he would be very much surprised.

At the conclusion of the sermon the choir rendered "O Canada" with beautiful effect, and, instead of the announced closing hymn, the National Anthem was sung by the whole congregation standing.

BEER SEIZED IN GODERICH.

GODERICH, May 30. — County Constable Pellow made a raid on the Hotel Bedford and found 23 bottles of beer. This is the first case of the kind since the Canada temperance act came in force. Much interest will be taken in the first test of the new act.

THIS LONDON WEST WOMAN REAL MAD HAS GOOD REASON

Displays Her Tax Bill and Asks What Are "Over-Rivers" Getting for It.

ABOUT THE BREAKWATER

Poor School Accommodation and Lack of Flood Protection Are the Reason.

"I'm indignant," said the London West woman this morning. "In fact, I'm as mad as a wet hen."

The Advertiser representative assumed her most Sherlock-Holmesy, sleuth-reporter attitude, shot a keen glance at the bit of orange-colored paper clutched in the London West woman's hand, and said: "Taxes, eh?"

The London West woman gasped. "Yes; how did you know?" Then without waiting for the newspaper person to explain, continued: "Just fancy, over $33 on my bit of property—just this cottage and small lot. If it keeps going up every year I don't know where I'll land."

"That does seem quite an amount," commented the reporter.

Pays War Tax Willingly.

"I wouldn't kick over it," continued the London West woman, "if we folks on this side of the river were getting anything in return. But look at this," holding out the orange paper with a scornful glance. $19.62 general city taxes on an assessment of $1,000, a dollar war tax—goodness knows, I'm not grieving over that—and $9.13 public school tax. It's that last that gets me. My two girls are past school age—married and in homes of their own, and"—here the London West woman paused for breath.

"Your objection is at having to pay school taxes when you have no children attending school?" inquired the reporter.

"Well, not entirely. It's only right, I suppose, to even things up, but why should I, a London West resident, pay taxes on the fine school up on the Hamilton road, or Chesley avenue, or other parts of the city? Our London West kiddies are crowded into the same old school day after day with scarcely room to breathe. Oh, I know they are going to build a little two-room school down on Mount Pleasant avenue, but what is that? My goodness, I wish a few women could be on the school board and council. If we wouldn't be more economical with the city money, and get better returns into the bargain, it's a funny thing to me.

Where's the Breakwater.

"A nice sum this, $19.62, for general taxes—and not a single improvement that I can see this side of the river. If we have the street watered, we pay extra for it; garbage, that's extra, too, for collection. And where's the fine breakwater that the members of the council were so enthusiastic over last December when they were coming around West London asking for votes at the January election? The vote of the citizens certainly stood solid for a permanent breakwater, and for a month or two we lived in hopes. But now—wait for a radial system to be built, then the breakwater—that is the latest, I hear. What does that mean? Five years or so more to wait, and if in the meantime a spring flood or a cloudburst should submerge London West and lives and property be lost—why, I suppose, it would be called a visitation of Providence. There's a lot of things blamed onto Providence that's just the result of man's stupidity. Oh, dear—well, as I said in the first place, it makes me very indignant. There's not much encouragement for a poor person to own her own home, or improve it, either, for every time one paints up a bit or tacks on a few new boards, up goes the assessment, and the taxes are higher than ever."

"That's so," assented the reporter, who sadly enough has taxes of her own to pay.

"Well, come out and see my pretty flower bed," said the London West woman. "Thank goodness, they can't tax the posies."

LOSS OF WARSHIPS COST BRITAIN 300 MEN

LONDON, May 30. — Forty-nine men Majestic were lost when that vessel was torpedoed off the Gallipoli Peninsula on May 27, according to the casualty list issued tonight. The number of men lost on the steamer Princess Irene, which was blown up in Sheerness harbor, exclusive of 78 dockyard workers, is given as 243.

The casualty list of the British battleship Triumph, torpedoed off the Gallipoli Peninsula, issued last night, showed that three officers and eleven men were killed and that 42 men are missing.

SIX PRIESTS ORDAINED BY BISHOP M. F. FALLON

Following his ordination to the priesthood on Saturday, Rev. Hubert Digman, son of City Registrar R. H. Digman, celebrated high mass at St. Peter's Cathedral Sunday morning. Five other young men were also ordained by Bishop M. F. Fallon on Saturday at St. Peter's Cathedral. They are: Fred Costello, of St. Mary's parish; Joseph Bell, of Blyth; Wilfrid Langlois and A. Finn, of Windsor, and F. McCarty, of Kincora.

Leonard Forristal, son of the late ex-Ald. John Forristal, of King street, was ordained to minor orders. The first state of holy orders, tonsure, was administered in the cases of Messrs. Ducharme, French Settlement; Girard, Windsor, and Brisson, Stratford.

The majority of the priests of the diocese were present in the sanctuary, while the visiting clergy included Fathers Fleming and Carey, of Detroit; Father Will Murray, a Basilian, from Toronto, and Father Lennon, of Hamilton. Those from London Diocese were: Monsignor J. T. Aylward, of Sarnia; Fathers Corcoran, Hanlon, Laurendeau, Brennan, Labelle, Foley, Valentine, Doyle, Tobin and Hodgkinson, of London; Ford, of Woodslee; Mahoney, of Bothwell; Stroeder, of Zurich; McCabe, of Maidstone; Hussey, of Kincora; White, of St. Columban; O'Neil, of Parkhill; Tierney, of Mount Carmel; McCarthy, of Mount Carmel; Kelly, of Logan; Dantzer, of Hesson; Goodwin, of St. Thomas; Goetz, of Tillsonburg; John Brennan, of La Sallette; James Hogan, of Biddulph; Quinlan, of Strathroy; Gnam, of Ingersoll; Rona, of St. Marys; Fuerth, of West Lorne; Foster, of Ridgetown; Joseph Fallon, of Wingham; D. J. Downey, of Windsor; M. J. Brady, of Wallaceburg; Stanley, of Woodstock; Mahoney, of Woodstock; Parent, of Tilbury; LaLiberte, of St. Joachim; Robert, of Windsor, and Dean McGee, of Stratford.

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LONDONERS HELD IN FOE'S PRISONS

Corpl. Drew Writes He Is Safe and Well in Germany.

BANDMASTER GETS WORD

Pte. Slatter Captured, But Is Well-Treated in German Camp.

Writing from "somewhere" in Germany, Corp. Noble R. Drew, son of Rev. N. D. Drew, secretary of the First Methodist Church, and residing at 63 Wilson avenue, in a letter to his mother, states that he is a prisoner, but that he is being looked after like an invalid. He adds that he is safe and well.

The letter follows:

"My Darling Mother:—

"My heart aches to let you know that I am safe and well. I am a prisoner, somewhere, I don't know where, but am being looked after like an invalid. I was wounded a few minutes only before being captured, and did not suffer. It is a shrapnel wound in the hip, and it is rapidly getting better. Sam (Corp. Drew's companion, who enlisted with him) was with me up to the night before, but we had a very hard time and he took ill. He tried to reach Ypres and I returned to my section. We fought all night. I have tried to get a cable to you. Please don't worry. God bless you all. Love.

(Signed) "NOBLE."

Another Londoner who is a German prisoner and who has been reported as missing, has been heard from. Bandmaster Slatter of the 7th Regiment, has received a letter from his son, Albert, stating that he is a prisoner at Giessen, Germany, a troop concentration camp. He adds that he is well and comfortable and kindly treated. The letter ends with a request to forward him a few luxuries.

FOUR-DAY DETROIT EXCURSION.

The Berlin Telegraph's popular annual excursion to Detroit will be run via C. P. R., Saturday, July 24. Plan your holidays to include this trip. b

DORCHESTER RED CROSS SENDS ANOTHER BALE

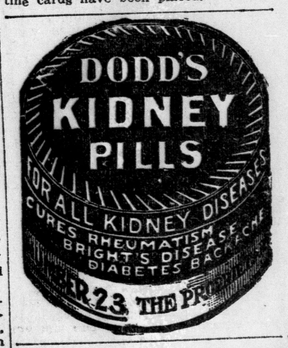
Talent Tea Realizes $26 in Methodist Church—Two New Amusement Clubs.

DORCHESTER, May 30.—The Red Cross Society of Dorchester shipped last week to Hyman Hall, London, the following articles: Seventeen sheets, 64 pillowcases, 4 towels, 50 pairs of socks, 34 trench shirts, 2 bedshirts, and 8 pneumonia jackets.

The talent tea held in the Methodist Church was largely attended. A short program was given, consisting of readings by Miss Annie Murray, songs by the Misses McCann, and duets by Mrs. George and Mrs. Boyes. While the tea was in progress Mrs. (Rev.) Sutton rendered several piano selections. Proceeds amounted to over $26.

Two amusement clubs have been organized here, one a basketball club by the Excelsior Bible class of the Methodist Church, and the other a tennis club, of which Victor Chittick was appointed president and Katie McCallum treasurer. Practice for both clubs will be held on the beautiful grounds of Mrs. George Neely.

Miss Hazel McFarlane is ill with typhoid fever and little Helen McFarlane has contracted measles. Quarantine cards have been placed.



Secrets of London Complexion Doctors

Famous London specialists who cater to titled ladies and others of social prominence, employ a remarkable method of complexion rejuvenation. One undergoing this treatment visits the beauty doctor late in the afternoon, has something dabbed over her face, then, heavily veiled, departs in her motor car. This is repeated daily for a week or so, when a complexion of snowy purity and exquisite delicacy is in evidence. The secret of this method is—ordinary mercolized wax. Anyone can apply the wax without assistance of a specialist. An ounce of it costs very little at any drug store (obtainable here as well as in England). It is used like cold cream, before retiring, and washed off morning. Its success is due to a peculiar absorbent property which gradually removes worn-out particles of cuticle, revealing the younger, healthier skin beneath.

A wonderful wrinkle-chaser, also in vogue among Englishwomen, is prepared by dissolving 1 oz. powdered saxolite in half-pint witch hazel. Used as a wash lotion, this completely and quickly effaces even the deepest lines.

To Give the Hair a Naturally Wavy Effect

Since the virtues of plain liquid silmerine as a hair curler became known, English chemists, as well as druggists in Canada and the United States, have been having a really extraordinary demand for this remarkable product. Its effectiveness and its entire harmlessness—especially as compared with the ruinous curling-iron—doubtless have been responsible for its increasing use for the purpose mentioned. As the curliness is in evidence for a considerable time, a few ounces of liquid silmerine will last a long while.

One need only apply a little of the liquid with a clean toothbrush before retiring, and in the morning the hair will have that beautiful wavy and glossy appearance which bears no marks of artificiality. The best way is to divide the hair into strands and moisten each of them from root to tip. There is no discoloration, no streaky or other unpleasant after-effect.