

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY
EXTRACTS FROM THE JOURNALS

February 24
Mr. Hill presented a Petition from Lucien L. Copeland, praying and to continue the running of a Weekly Stage on the Road between Fredericton and Saint Andrews, which was received and referred to the Committee on Internal Communications to report thereon.

Mr. Brown presented a Petition from James Brown and Josephus Moore, Trustees of Schools for Saint David for a grant of money to remunerate Thomas Haverly for teaching a School in 1841, which was received and referred to the Committee on School Petitions.

February 25
Mr. Partelow from the Select Committee appointed on the 15th inst. reported, that the Committee having the subject of negotiating a Loan to meet the existing demands against the Province, under their consideration had prepared a Bill, under the title of "A Bill to facilitate the negotiation of a Loan of Money in England to pay off the Public Debt."

Ordered.—That the Report be accepted. On motion of Mr. Wilmot.—Ordered. That the Bill be forthwith printed, and fifty copies thereof be furnished for the use of the Members of this House.

Mr. Hazen brought in a Bill to amend the Law relating to the Practice in the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas, and render the same uniform in the several Counties; which was read a first time.

Mr. Partelow presented a Petition from John Kerr, of the City of Saint John, Merchant, setting forth, that he was one of the Sureties for James Campbell, his Deputy Treasurer at St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, who absconded; that a suit was instituted against him, as such surety, for the recovery of a sum of money due to the Crown from the said James Campbell; that upon the trial of the cause, a credit was not allowed for a sum of \$530 secured from the effects of the said James Campbell, through the instrumentality of the Petitioner, but a verdict given for the whole amount of the legal liability; the Petitioner therefore prays such relief in the Premises as the House may deem meet; he having read the Petition, which was received and referred to a Select Committee, to examine and report thereon.

Ordered.—That Messrs. Partelow, Fisher, and Boyd do compose the Committee. Mr. Fisher, pursuant to leave granted, brought in a Bill relating to the sale of Crown Lands; which was read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Brown.—The House went into Committee of the whole on a Bill to authorise the Justices of the Peace in the several Counties of this Province to make regulations for the markets.

The Chairman reported, that the Committee had the Bill referred to them under their consideration and agreed to the same. Ordered.—That the Report be accepted and the Bill engrossed.

Mr. Wilmot presented a Petition from Edmund Ward, proprietor and publisher of the "Sentinel" Newspaper, published in Fredericton, complaining of certain exactions by the Postmaster at that place, on the transmission of the Paper, and praying relief, which was received.

On motion of Mr. Wilmot.—The House went into Committee of the whole in further consideration of a Bill to amend the Charter of King's College.

The Chairman reported, that the Committee having the Bill again before them, had agreed to the same. Ordered.—That the Report be accepted and the Bill engrossed.

Mr. Hill brought in a Bill relating to Grand and Petit Jurors; which was read a first time.

February 27.
The Hon. Mr. Simonds, by command of His Excellency, laid before the House the following Document.
Copy of a Letter from H. M. Watson, Esq. Acting Deputy Postmaster General at Halifax, relative to the transmission of the Journals of the Legislature; the same being communicated under an Address of the House of the 23d instant.

POSTAGE OF JOURNALS
General Post Office, Feb. 13, 1843.

Sir,—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your Letter of the 1st instant, stating you had deemed it advisable to fix on the sum of forty pounds for sending the Journals of the House of Assembly through the Post during the Session, an arrangement which you trusted would meet with my approbation; but after the repeated communications you would have taken such a step.

If a Post Master, conducting one of the largest offices in the Province, is to pay so little attention to his instructions, as to consider he is at liberty, on his own responsibility, to enter into any arrangements of this description, it will be impossible to introduce a system of regularity in the proceedings of the Department.

All matter sent through the Post Office in these Provinces is legally liable to full Postage: but the Deputy Post Master General has for many years been permitted to pass under his franking privilege, newspapers and other printed sheets. The amount which was fixed upon to be received by him for the exercise of this privilege, has been more than once brought under the consideration of the Post Master General of England and has received His Majesty's sanction. I can therefore allow no departure from this established charge on all printed sheets under his privilege; and I desire the arrangements made by you, may be immediately put an end to.

and I have further to point out, that, should you, on any future occasion, disobey your instructions in a similar manner, I shall remove you from the service.

I am, &c.
H. M. WATSON,
Act. Dy. P. M. G.

PROVINCE LIABILITIES UNDER PERMANENT ACTS.

(Copy)
Statement of existing Liabilities of the Province, including Sums due in 1843 under permanent Acts, showing the order in which they are to be paid:
Amount due Savings' Bank payable on demand, \$5,704 16 0
Acrears of Interest to 31st Dec. December, 1842, 4,050 17 8
Estimated current expenses of Prov. Penitentiary for 1843, 2,000 0 0
Civil List and Salary of Master of Rolls, \$15,300 0 0
Travelling Expenses of Judges and Clerk of Circuits, 500 0 0
College and Grammar Schools, 2,250 0 0
Adjutants & Sgt. Majors of Militia, 700 0 0
Pensions to old soldiers and Widows, 1,000 0 0

Interest accruing in 1843, 6,000 0 0
Warrants unpaid, Series 1841, 49,890 19 6
Do do, 1842, 42,186 5 0
Do do, that will probably be issued of Series 1842, 5,000 0 0
Parish Schools for current Year, 12,000 0 0
Lastments for Prov. Penitentiary for 1842 and 1843, 1,000 0 0

Total existing demands, 1843, \$148,582 18 2
To meet the above—
Probable available Assets, \$35,128 0 0
Probable available portion of the Revenue for 1843, estimated at \$72,475, 36,242 9 8
71,370 0 0

Excess of Demands, \$77,212 18 2

(Signed) B. ROBINSON, P. T.

February 28.
Mr. Partelow presented a Petition from Stephen Wiggins and Son, Robert Rankin, and Company, and others, Ship owners of Saint John, praying that an Act may pass to reduce the Light and Hospital dues; which was received and referred to the Committee on Light Houses to report thereon.

Mr. Palmer, from the Committee appointed on the 23d day of February instant, to enquire into any claims that may be made by the several Sheriffs for holding the late Elections throughout the Province, submitted their Report.

Your Committee are therefore of opinion, that the following sums should be allowed to the Sheriffs of those Counties where the Poll was kept open the whole number of days directed by Law, namely,—To the Sheriffs of Charlotte, Carleton, York, Queen's King's Westmorland, Kent, Northumberland and Saint John, \$20 each; City of Saint John, \$15; Sanbury, Poll open one day, \$10; Gloucester and Restigouche, no Poll demanded, \$10 each.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.—We have copied into our paper this day a part of the debate on the question of Mr. BAILLIE'S reinstatement to office. This subject appears to have been a standing dish in the House for the last seven years, served up during a goodly portion of each session, in order, as it turns out, to blind the eyes of the constituency to the iniquitous conduct of the late House of Assembly. After all the outcry against this gentleman we now seriously ask, where do we find ourselves?—It is here. After all the time and money wasted by the House in abusing and persecuting Mr. Baillie, he is now, by those who were most loud in their condemnation, acquitted of all the charges they have so unceremoniously handed about the house, and reinstated in his office. The fact is, we have been juggled by our own representatives; the agitation on this subject alone has cost the country nearly one thousand pounds each session; no small portion of which has gone into the pockets of members themselves in the shape of daily pay, portion of delegations; and one beautiful item alone is £700 pocketed by three members for specially reporting whether or not the Commissioner owned the country double that amount. And further, what has availed the boasted cry of retrenchment, that was to be carried into the Crown Land Department when Mr. Baillie was got rid of? It is now stated that the most lavish expenditure of Mr. Baillie's time was nothing in comparison to the late "extravagance," witness a few items charged against the Civil Revenue:—Travelling expenses of Executive Council, \$231; Dr. Genser, ex-account of survey of Tobique Valley, \$75; \$200 additional salary a la Harvey to the late Commissioner of Crown Lands; another \$75 to Dr. Genser towards exploring the Mechanic's settlement; \$300, (including \$517 4s 10d for His Excellency's postage) for Provincial Secretary's and other public postages, &c. &c. &c. If these and the like additional are the honors responsible men would confer upon us, the less we have of them the better.—Chronicle.

Wednesday, March 1.
A Bill to authorize the Justices of the Peace in the several Counties of this Province to make Regulations for the Markets, passed the House, and was taken to the Council by Mr. Brown.

Mr. Taylor, from the Committee appointed

to wait upon His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor with the Address of the House of yesterday, relative to the extending the time for payment of the Stampage Duty on applications for Timber and Lumber cut from Crown Lands, reported that the Committee had attended thereto, and that His Excellency was pleased to say, that the subject should be immediately brought under the consideration of the Government.

Mr. Boyd presented a Petition from Robert Doherty, proprietor of the Mail Stage Coach on the Road between Saint Andrews and Saint Stephen, in the County of Charlotte, praying that a grant may pass to aid him in continuing the establishment on that Line, which was referred to the Committee on Internal Communications to report thereon.

On motion of Mr. Brown.—The House went into Committee of the whole in further consideration of the State of the Province.

The Chairman reported, that the Committee having the subject referred to them again under their consideration, the following Resolution was moved:

"Resolved, As the opinion of this Committee, That a statement of the Finances of the Province should be made up before the opening of the annual Session of the Legislature, under the direction of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor or other person administering the Government, and laid before the House of Assembly; the statement to contain an estimate of the probable available amount of Revenue for the ensuing year, and that the amount of money granted in Supply during such Session, with other sums payable by existing Laws, should not exceed the amount of Revenue so set forth in such Financial statement."

That an amendment was then moved to the said Resolution.—To exchange the whole thereof, and substitute the following:—"Resolved, As the opinion of this Committee, That nothing has transpired which should induce the House to depart from its recorded opinion on the subject of the Institution of Money Grants, when in consideration of the Messages and other Documents communicated by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, relating to the Financial affairs of the Province, on the 9th day of February, 1842."

An amendment was then moved to the said proposed amendment.—To exchange the whole thereof, as well as the original Resolution, and substitute the following:—"Resolved, As the opinion of this Committee, That nothing should induce the House to surrender its undoubted and inherent right to institute all Grants of Money for the Public Service."

Upon the question for adopting the last proposed amendment, the Committee divided as follows:—

Yeas.—The Hon. Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Brown, Thomson, Wark, S. Esle, J. Earle, Gilbert, Freeze, Perley, Payne, Connell, Burns, Hazen, Scoullar, Partelow, Hainington, Botsford, End, Allen, Palmer, Stewart, Smith, Taylor, Barbetie, Thomson.

Nays.—The Hon. Mr. Simonds, Messrs. Hill, Rankin, Boyd, Fisher, Wilmot, Barker. Whereupon it was carried in the affirmative.

That the following Resolution was then moved.—Whereas it is expedient that the annual Expenditure of the Province shall not exceed its annual Income; therefore

"Resolved, That an Estimate of the probable Revenue for the current or ensuing year shall be made up by the Treasurer of the Province, under the direction of the person administering the Government for the time being, and laid before the House at the commencement of every annual Session of the Legislature, at as early a day as practicable; and that the amount granted in Supply during such Session, together with other sums payable by existing Laws, shall not exceed the estimated available Revenue set forth in such estimate."

And upon the question for adopting this Resolution, the Committee again divided as follows:—

Yeas.—The Hon. Mr. Simonds, Messrs. Brown, Hill, Rankin, Boyd, Wilmot, Fisher, Payne, Barker.

Nays.—The Hon. Mr. Speaker, Messrs. Hazen, Partelow, S. Esle, J. Earle, Scoullar, Hainington, Botsford, End, Palmer, Allen, Stewart, Smith, Taylor, Barbetie, Thomson, Wark, Gilbert, Freeze, Perley, Connell, Burns. Whereupon it was decided in the Negative.

That the Committee then passed the following Resolution:—"Resolved, unanimously, as the opinion of this Committee, That the House should not resolve itself into a Committee of the whole for granting Supplies, until a statement of the Finances of the Province should first be made up, exhibiting the amount of its disposal; and further

"Resolved, As the opinion of this Committee, That it should be a Standing Order of the House, that the Appropriations for the Public Service should always be strictly confined to the sum so at its disposal, and the probable estimated amount of the Revenue for the coming year."

And the Chairman then further reported that he was directed to ask leave to sit again.—Ordered, That the Report be accepted, and the last Resolution reported from the Committee, as also the amendment to the amendment proposed to the first Resolution, and carried on a division, be adopted by the House; and further—Ordered, That leave to sit again be granted.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

February 24.

The Hon. Mr. Peters from the Select Committee appointed to examine and report upon all Bills relating to Corporations, presented a Report.

The Committee to whom were referred all Bills relating to Corporations, report, that they have had under consideration a Bill to amend an Act, intitled "An Act to incorporate the Saint Stephen Marine Insurance Company," and they consider the present capital or joint stock of the said Corporation quite as small as it should go into operation with. They therefore cannot recommend the Bill to the adoption of the House.

The Hon. Mr. Wier, presented the following Petitions:—
A Petition from Asineth Moore, of Charlotte County, praying an allowance for teaching a School in the Parish of St. David; and a Petition from Lucien L. Copeland, of St. Andrews, praying a Provincial Bounty for the Coach between Fredericton and St. Andrews, which were received.

Pursuant to the Order of the Day, the House was put into a Committee of the whole to take into consideration the Bill to abolish imprisonment for Debt for sums under five pounds in certain cases.

The Chairman reported that the Committee had gone into consideration of the said Bill, and recommended that the further consideration of the said Bill be postponed for three months.—Resolved, That the further consideration of the said Bill be postponed for 3 months.

Pursuant to the Order of the Day, the House was put into Committee of the whole, to take into consideration the Bill to amend an Act, intitled "An Act to incorporate the St. Stephen's Marine Insurance Company," and the report of the Select Committee thereon.

The Chairman reported that the Committee had gone into consideration of the said Bill, and recommended that the further consideration of the same be postponed for three months.

February 28.
Pursuant to the Order of the Day, the House was put into a Committee of the whole to take into consideration the Bill to incorporate the Bolton Brook Navigation Company, and the report of the Select Committee thereon.

The Chairman reported that the Committee had gone into consideration of the said Bill, and recommended that the further consideration thereof be postponed for three months. Ordered, That the Report be received.

From the Provincial Reporter.

February 25.
The House then went into a Committee of the whole, on a Bill to amend the College Charter. (Mr. Partelow in the Chair.)

Mr. Wilmot said, it was highly necessary that a modification of the Charter should be effected. The establishment cost the country a great sum annually; the exclusiveness was a subject of general complaint—the Lord Bishop was the visitor—that was wrong, it should be one of the Judges. The President is also compelled to be in holy orders. The test of the thirty nine Articles for Teachers should also be dispensed with; no religious test should be required of them. It was said that the College Charter was so strong that it could not be effected. In 1840 the College Council found it necessary themselves to yield to public opinion; he wished no Bill to be brought in to effect the present Charter; he wanted an entire new one—the College had consented to it, but none had been drawn in the way of obtaining it. The Attorney General and Solicitor General said a new Charter could not be obtained unless with the consent of the Principals and the Students, and that no student could vote unless he was of age. The Home Government did not bear them out in this; Lord John Russell said the House must move in the business by Address, and not by Bill. He would ask the Committee shall the House provide by Bill or by Address; he would say by Bill. The pay for the support of that College came out of the Treasury of the country, and it was right it should be regulated by the country. Was it right that education should be denied to the mass, while such large grants were made for the few; some fourteen or fifteen scholars. That was indeed interfering the order of things; fifty thousand pounds had already been absorbed by that establishment, and a very disproportionate amount of benefit had been derived. The obstruction must be removed, it must be made available to the whole country, thrown open to all denominations. The College Council have acknowledged the necessity of doing so; he would not go for a repeal of the endowment, that would be a last resource; no, he wished it to be what it ought to be, a real benefit to the country at large. (Here the hon. Gentleman read a Despatch relative to the College Council, which was sent out in Sir Howard Douglas's time,—in 1839, before the Bill passed,) which, he said laid it open to all denominations, except for professors; this liberal scale had not been acted upon; the practice had not been what it was then stated it should be. In Canada a similar Charter was granted by the same King, that Charter had been altered and sanctioned too, by the Home Government; all the establishments of this Province must be put under the control of the Assembly; boasting of the liberality, it was stated that a degree could be obtained by a three years examination being had at the College, but all this would not do; he contended for the removal of all exclusiveness, make it provincial—make it general—that House would furnish a large majority in favour of such alteration. The Executive Council too, would go with it. The Theological Chair

might remain as it was; he would never consent to any alteration in that respect, there was a system of favouritism existing in the Grammar School, he would put down that, (here the hon. gentleman described his plan of arrangement for the future; a part of which was offering annually prizes of from ten to twenty pounds, to be contended for by the boys of the Grammar Schools throughout the Province.) That House, he said, must have a voice for its future regulation; they must put down all exclusiveness—cut down the expenses and take away all fees; the establishment owes the country a large debt; and he hoped the day was not far distant when it would be paid back by its general usefulness.

Mr. Payne said, the professors were not of the established Church; he had been looking into a former despatch sent out upon the subject, in which he found a very large sum of money; he believed £1000 had been given to the establishment from the old country (a laugh, and oh! no, no.)

Mr. Fisher said, he should like to see in future that none should hold offices in the College Council ex-officio; he would so construct the Bill, and thus leave the hands of the governor untied; he would leave only three—the Chancellor, the President of the Legislative Council, and the Speaker of the House of Assembly.

Hon. Speaker said, he wished the thing placed on a solid and permanent basis. The ex-officio members, he thought, from their respectability, and standing in society, &c. were fully entitled to fill those offices.

Mr. End wished to know why His Honor the Speaker thought it necessary that those gentlemen should be ex-officio members of the College Council; it was quite possible there might be among them narrow minded and bigoted men, and these were not qualities suited to College Councillors, he thought the Speakers of the ten branches of the Legislature should be ex-officio Councillors, but he would leave the choice of the rest to the good sense of the Governor. He would not say the present Councillors were men of this stamp, but future Councillors might be; when he said the little fellows, which the hon. member for York (Wilmot) contemplated, came up to contend for the prizes they would tremble in the presence of such men, they would be browed down and withered by their stern looks.

Mr. Rankin then spoke at some length on the bill, but from the noise in the House and the low tone in which the hon. gentleman spoke we could not hear what he said.

Mr. Wilmot hoped Mr. Fisher would not press the exclusion of ex-officio members; the establishment would be under the control of three branches of the Legislature and they would alter and amend the Charter when they pleased.

Mr. Fisher said it might happen that the ex-officio officers might be fully engaged in their respective offices as suitable persons, the Governor would have it in his power to appoint them if he pleased. Public opinion must be met, the whole system must be liberalized; he would press that point; it had already been his opinion that it should be enlarged, and he had frequently asked for and received it.

His Honor the Speaker said, men appointed to high offices, should fill the situations of College Councillors, they talent and standing demanded it. "This House, he thought, should be consistent, or it would be thought they had no fixed principles to govern them. The home government had been consistent & that House should be so too; he could not think such narrow minded men as hon. gentleman appeared to apprehend would fill those high offices; he thought the Bill might pass without such cavilling.

Mr. Brown felt proud that there existed such a disposition in the House, to amend the College Charter; he would like the House to be consistent in their amendment, and not change it from what had previously passed the House, or that might furnish an excuse to the Council to throw it out altogether; he thought if the ex-officio officers remained, there were still plenty of vacancies left. The Country generally approved of the Bill as it then stood. If the House was too strict in their Bill (he thought) it might be the means of creating opposition, where it would not otherwise exist. In Nova Scotia, in consequence of so much contention on the same subject, three establishments were split up, and nearly useless. Their differences had been a stumbling block in the way of the usefulness of those establishments; he therefore hoped no such barriers would be presented here, as it would go to frustrate the Bill.

Mr. Boyd said if the hon. Member for York pressed the point, the bill would fail.

Mr. End said it did not follow, because they were not to be ex-officio officers, that they would not be members of the Common Councils; His Excellency could appoint them if he thought proper.

Mr. Wilmot said the ex-officio members would be liberal, if the Governor was a liberal man, but if otherwise, why it would be the contrary.

Mr. Wier said he did not wish to oppose the College Council. He would wish the House to accept what they formerly asked, it was out of the question to ask for a new Charter, that would cost £500, while a Bill would cost little or nothing. The Bill if passed would make it more generally useful, while it will not render it less available or less efficient for the members of the established church.

Mr. Fisher said the establishment of ex-officio officers has for years past, been carried by a large majority of the House, and he hoped that part of the bill would be allowed to stand as it did before.—The bill was then passed as amended, but was not to go into

operation until it of Her Majesty.

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SHERIFF'S SALES.
To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 22d day of APRIL 1843, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon, and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, at the Court House in Saint Andrews.

All the Right, Title, Interest, Estate, Claim, Property, and Demand of SAMUEL WALLACE, to vast Property of certain tract or parcel of LAND, with the Buildings thereon, in the Parish of Saint George, known by the name of the *Baldwin Farm* bounded as follows, viz:—On the North by Land owned and occupied by PETER DENNIS towards the South, by Land owned and occupied by HUGH McCALLUM towards the West, by the River Maguadavic, and extending back, towards the East, 110 chains, or thereabouts, to Land occupied by THOMAS FERGUSON, containing 125 Acres, more or less; seized by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court against Samuel Wallace, endorsed to levy \$106 5s, besides Sheriff's fees &c.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, Oct. 3, 1842.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 10th day of JUNE next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A.M. and 4 o'clock P.M. of the same day, at the Court House in St. Andrews.

All the Right, Title, Interest, Estate, Claim, Property, and Demand of GEORGE McCULLOUGH, of and to that certain Lot, piece or parcel of ground, marked as Lot No. 2, in the division of Water Lots, in Block letter D, Harris' division in the Town Plat of St. Andrews, fronting on Water Street, being 41 feet 4 inches in breadth, and 123 feet in length, together with the House, and out buildings &c. The said Lot and Premises having been taken under an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court in favor of James W. Street, Esq. endorsed to levy \$250, with interest &c. and also under another Execution in favor of Samuel Wheeler Esq. endorsed to levy \$50, with interest &c.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, 29th Nov. 1842.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday, the 10th day of JUNE next, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, of the same day, at the Court House, in St. Andrews.

All the Right, Title, Estate and Interest of JOSIAH TRUE, of and to the following described, Two Lots of Land, and Premises, situate in the Parish of St. George, on the old Frederick Road, being Nos 10 and 11, according to the original survey and plan, containing one hundred Acres each.
Also, of and to, Three hundred Acres of Land, situate at the same place, with the House &c. being the Farm and Premises in the occupation of the said Josiah True, and originally granted to him by the Crown, by letters patent. The said Lands and Premises having been taken under an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, in favor of James W. Chandler, Esq. endorsed to levy \$75 6s. 9d. with interest, Sheriff's Fees &c.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, 29th Nov. 1842.

To be sold under a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued at the suit of the Queen, against JOSEPH PRATT and WARREN CUNDY, to raise \$97 12s. besides Sheriff's fees, &c. on SATURDAY the 8th day of JULY, at public auction, at the Court House in St. Andrews, between the hours of 10 o'clock A.M. and 4 o'clock P.M. of the same day.

The following two Tracts of Land, seized and letted upon, by virtue of a Writ of Extent, viz:
The first, situate in the Parish of Saint George, containing 145 Acres, crosses the Bonny brook, and is bounded by grants to James Pratt and Warren Cundy, and was owned by the said Joseph Pratt on the 20th June 1838.
The second, is also situate in the Parish of St. George, contains 390 Acres, is bounded by the Maguadavic river, and by lots granted to Samuel Bliss, Esq. in the Clarence Hill Settlement, was granted to the said Joseph Pratt in 1838, and was owned by him, on the 17th day of October, 1840.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, 21st Dec. 1842.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 27th day of JULY next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A.M. and 4 o'clock P.M. of the same day, at the Court House in St. Andrews.

All the Right, Title, Interest, Estate, Claim, Property and Demand of JOHN PRATT, of and to all that certain Lot of land situate at the Upper Falls of the river Maguadavic, in the Parish of St. George, being on the West side of the said river, being a small piece of Land, bounded as follows, that is to say on the Western side of a Public Road or highway, leading from the said Upper Falls to the old Frederick

road, on the South by a line turning due East, from the South-east corner of Farm lot No. 7, on the North by the South line of Farm lot No. 8, on the East by the said river Maguadavic, reserving a sufficient quantity of land through said lot, and running in a parallel direction with the said river, for the purpose of a public road or highway, between the Mills and the Boom, the said lot above described being the same on which the said Joseph Pratt now resides. The said lands and premises have been taken under an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, in favor of Michael Hare for \$35 11 2 with Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, 21st Dec. 1842.

To be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY the 8th day of JULY next, at the Court House, in St. Andrews, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. of the same day.

All the Right, Title, Interest and Claim of James Lockwood, and GEORGE LOCKWOOD, in the following tracts of Land, viz:—
200 Acres on the Western side of the river Digdegush, between lands granted to the Hon. James Ainslie and Capt. Angus D. McMaster, being the same conveyed by John Campbell to John Acheson.
Also, 50 acres in the Parish of Saint Patrick, being the same which was conveyed by John Carson to John Acheson.
The same having been seized to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of Thomas Crawther against James Lockwood and George Lockwood—endorsed to levy \$1085 15s 1d, besides Sheriff's fees &c.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, Dec. 23, 1842.

New World Annual FOR 1843.
A MAGNIFICENT CHRISTMAS AND NEW-YEAR'S GIFT, WITH NUMEROUS SLENDING ENGRAVINGS, Executed by the first Artists, exclusively for this Annual.

In order to celebrate the ensuing holidays in a becoming manner, and in accordance with our usual custom, the Publisher of the NEW WORLD ANNUAL, has intention to issue a CHRISTMAS AND NEW-YEAR'S PRESENT, which shall surpass all his former efforts in the beauty of its illustrations and the variety and value of its contents. It will contain all the most valuable and choice articles in

THE LONDON KEPSAKE, one of the finest and most costly of the English Annuals—together with the choicest Tales and Poetry from all the other English Annals. Among the Engravings will be

A MOST BEAUTIFUL PICTURE OF HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF ENGLAND, AND THE Prince of Wales, and the Princess Royal, drawn on wood by Chyrtan, and engraved by Lossing. The Literary contents will be admirable, and present every thing worthy of perusal; consisting of new and original Tales by Balwer, Marryat, Countess of Blessington, and other distinguished English authors. It will also contain ORIGINAL TALES AND POETRY.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—The "New World Annual" will be printed on paper of extra fine quality, on a new Minion type, in a Double Extra number (octavo), so that it can be bound up with the new volume, it will be printed by the 20th of December, in ample time to be sent by mail to the most distant parts of the Union and Canada so as to reach subscribers before New-Year's Day. Orders should therefore be forwarded early, in order to prevent disappointment. Price 25 cents single—Five copies for \$1; Eleven copies for \$2; Thirty copies for \$5, and \$16 per hundred. The demand will be very large, and Agents, Booksellers, &c. must send their orders promptly, enclosing cash, post-paid. This Extra will be subject to newspaper postage only. Address

J. WINCHESTER, 30 Ann-st. N. Y.

Genuine Medicines.
For sale by Dr. W. C. McStay St. Andrews.

HEADACHE.
CERTAIN CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE, which has been used in families, every member of which has had sick headache from infancy, as a constitutional family complaint, and has cured effectually in every instance yet known, amounting to many hundreds. It is not unpleasant to the taste, and does not prevent the daily avocations of man; it must be persevered in, and the cure is gradual, but certain and permanent. Instances are constantly multiplying where this distressing complaint is completely relieved and cured although of years standing, by the use of Dr. Colman's celebrated remedy. One decided preference is its pleasantness, being agreeable to the nauseating effect of common drugs.

It is so perfectly satisfactory, that the proprietor has given direction for his agent to refund the price to any one who is displeased with, and even cured by it. He hopes also that this may secure great benefits to the distressed sufferers who are laboring under headache.

D. Nelson, M. D. Inventor and Proprietor.
COY STOCK & CO., 71 Maiden Lane, New York.

MYSTERIOUS.
A gentleman belonging to one of the most ancient and wealthy families of this city, who must be well known to numerous friends, having since the year 1815 up to recently, been kept nearly double, and for several years confined to his bed, has been restored to good health—has regained his natural erect posture—and has quitted his carriage, and now walks with ease.

We believe this is the gentleman's own description as near as possible, and there is no exaggeration in it. We will give his name, address, and doubt not his humane feelings will excuse the liberty, so that any one doubting may see these facts—though he requests his name may not appear in print. Among other similar instances, Mr. James G. Reynolds, 144 Christie street, has been restored, and will give personal assurance of the facts of his case. Both were Rheumatism, and contracted cords & sinews. How has this been done?

Answer.—By the Indian Vegetable Elixer internally, and near the Neck and Bone Liniment externally. Sold only by COMSTOCK & CO., 71 Maiden Lane, New York.

\$100 REWARD.
ONE Hundred Dollars Reward has been offered for months, to any one who will use a bottle of *Hare's Liniment* for the Pile without being cured. Of thousands sold, in no one instance has it failed of a cure. Proof overwhelming to be had where it is sold. It is also a certain cure in nearly every case.

(Externally) in the following complaints:
Tightness of the chest, especially in children
Painful swellings of the legs, or other fungus sores however obstinate or long standing.
Fresh Wounds, Bruises, &c. &c.

LOOK OUT.
Some unscrupulous have counterfeited this article and put it up with various designs. Do not be imposed upon. One thing will protect you, and it is the name of COMSTOCK & CO.; that name must always be on the wrapper, or you are cheated. Do not forget it. Take the direction with you, and test for it, no matter how far, for it is impossible for any other to be true or genuine. Sold by Comstock & Co., 71 Maiden Lane, New York.

Double the Quantity and Better Quality than any other for the same price!!! Remember this.

LIVER COMPLAINTS AND ALL SICKNESS AND DISEASES, DR. LIN'S TEMPERANCE LIFE-BITTERS AND CHINESE BLOOD-PILLS. The greatest Secret discovered!

PURGE—purge—purge—has been the cry for the last few years. This has been effectually tried, and why? Not because purging was not necessary, but because it has been done without the intention to follow, and sustain the system. Purge, you must! The sickly humors of the blood must be carried off—or the accumulation of them prevented. Prevent, then, the growth of such humors.

Why do the Chinese live to such a more advanced age, and still retain the powers of youth or middle age?—Because they purify the blood. The Chinese *Pills*—so called because they work upon and cleanse the Blood—do this, and are taken regularly. These pills will do it, and the Temperance Bitters, taken as directed, will strengthen the system and prevent the accumulation of the base humors which infect the blood, and which are increased by purges. These Bitters are taken after. Buy, then, these pills and bitters. Take weekly the pills and daily the bitters, and if you are or have been invalid for days, weeks, months or years, you will find the sickly humors carried off, and prevented from returning, by the yellow yellow line of sickness change partially to the full glowing glow of health & youthful buoyancy.

There are cases so numerous of these brilliant effects, that time and space forbid an attempt to put them down. Buy and use these medicines, and use up other, and health and strength shall be yours.—See wrapper and directions that come with them.

FRAUDULENT COUNTERFEITS will be attempted. Buy no remedy of the kind unless it have my name—O. C. LIZ, M. D.—on the wrapper, and also the notice as follows:—
"Entered according to Act of Congress, A.D. 1841 by Thomas Connel, in the Clerk's Office of the District of Columbia, United States, for the Southern District of New York."
Warranted the only genuine.

Messrs Comstock & Co. New York, are the sole wholesale agents for the United States and all neighboring countries. DOCTOR O. C. LIZ.

TO THE OLD AND YOUNG! HO! YE RED HEADS AND GREY!
PHENOMENON IN CHEMISTRY. EAST INDIA HAIR DYE.
Colors the Hair, and will not the Skin. This is the first and only hair dye in plain matter of fact may be applied to the hair over night, the first night turning the lightest red or grey hair to a dark brown, and by repeating a second or third night, to a bright jet black. Any person may, therefore, with the least possible trouble, keep his hair any dark shade or a perfect black,—with a positive assurance that the powder, if applied to the skin, will not color it. There is no trouble in removing it from the hair, as in all powders before used. By an occasional application, a person turning grey will never be known to have a grey hair. Directions complete with the article. There is no coloring in this statement, as one can easily test.

These facts are warranted by the gentleman, who manufactures it, who is the celebrated chemist, Dr. Comstock, author of Comstock's Chemistry, Philosophy, and many other works well known and widely celebrated by the public.
This dye is sold only by COMSTOCK & CO., 71 Maiden Lane, New York.

OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA.
THIS article was first introduced into New York market about twenty years since, and from its superior virtues in reproducing hair when it had fallen out, keeping the head free from dandruff, (a most loathsome article on a gentleman's coat collar,) and giving a fitness and beautiful lustre unknown before to the hair, has induced some persons to set up and advertise many other articles for the same purpose, none of which stand the test of trial, professing as most of them do, to be Oils of various kinds, all of which are positively injurious to the human hair. Let none be deceived, no other article will make the hair grow rapidly and of a good quality but the Balm of Columbia, and no article purporting to be the Balm of Columbia is genuine without the name of COMSTOCK & CO. on the outside wrapper. Some have been deceived, and obtained a counterfeit article for the true and genuine Balm of Columbia. Remember to look for the name of COMSTOCK & CO. on the wrapper, before you purchase, and get none but the genuine. Don't be deceived with the assurance that and without that name is made in the same way, any is just as good, all such pretensions are false, and known to be so by the counterfeiter.

DR. TAYLOR'S BALSAM OF LIVERWORT, FOR CONSUMPTION AND LIVER COMPLAINT.
COUGHS, Colds, Asthma, Difficulty of breathing, Pains in the Side or Breast, Spitting of Blood, Catarrhs, Palpitation of the Heart, Oppression and Soreness of the Chest, Whooping Cough, Pleurisy, Hectic Fever, Night Sweats, Difficult or Prolonged Expectoration, and all other affections of the Chest, Lungs and Liver.
This Medicine is for sale by the sole Proprietors, 375 Bowery, between Fourth and Fifth sts. New York, Geo. Taylor, M. D.; and by Comstock & Co. Wholesale Druggists, 71 Maiden Lane, New York; and by every Druggist in New Brunswick.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY Connecticut, United States. Incorporated in 1810—with a Capital of \$150,000.

THIS long-established Institution has for more than twenty-six years transacted its extensive business on the most just and liberal principles—paying its losses with honorable promptness. During this period have settled all their losses without compelling the insured, in any instance, to resort to a Court of Justice. The present Board of Directors pledge themselves, in this particular, fully to maintain the high reputation of the Company. It insures on the most favorable terms every description of property against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE but takes no marine risks.

Application for insurance may be made either personally or by letter to the Secretary of the Company, or to its Agents, who are appointed in many of the principal Towns and Cities in the United States, and in the British Province. PRESENT BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Elisha T. Terry, Samuel Williams, James H. Wells, F. J. Huntington, S. H. Huntington, Elisha T. Terry, H. Huntington, E. B. Ward, and Albert Day, Elisha T. Terry, President.

The Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the above mentioned Company is now prepared to take risks on every description of Property against loss or damage by Fire.

THOMAS JONES, St. Andrews, Jan. 5, 1842.

WILLMER AND SMITH'S EUROPEAN TIMES, United States, Canada, West Indies and South American Intelligencer.

THE object of this Publication is to present a striking and faithful abstract of all events occurring in Europe or elsewhere, interesting to the citizens of the U. States, Canada, the West Indies, and South America, made up the hour at which the Steamers and Packets sail.

The leading feature of the *European Times* will be a carefully digested abstract of General News, Correct Returns of the principal British and Continental Markets, Arrivals and Sailings to and from all Ports of the above countries,—in short a GLANCE at every circumstance in which the Merchant, the Manufacturer, the Trader, and the Citizen generally can take an interest.

The Value of such a Publication must be tested by its accuracy. No pains will be spared to make it in that respect unexceptionable. Community, who are now obliged on the arrival of a Packet Ship or Steamer, to wade through files of Newspapers, extending, not unfrequently, over Fourteen or Sixteen Days, for information in which they are most interested, can hardly fail, in this *Courier of News*, to find their labor abridged, and their wants and wishes immediately gratified.

The *European Times* is not intended to supersede so much as to accompany, the more ponderous files of the London Daily and other Journals, to which it will act as a kind of pilot balloon; the condensation of every item of news will be apportioned to its relative importance, leaving the least parts of the press until time and opportunity enable their readers to peruse, without inconvenience, through their ample and voluminous pages.

The *European Times* will be edited by a Gentleman long connected in an editorial capacity with the *Liverpool Press*. Parties who are desirous of bringing New Information, or of subjects of general interest, under the eye of the American public, may address him personally, and depend upon his services.

The price of the *European Times* will be \$4 per Annum. All Orders to be addressed with remittances or reference for payment, to Messrs. Willmer and Smith's Express Newspaper Office, Church Street, Liverpool.
Subscriptions will be received at all the Offices of Messrs. Harden & Co. in the United States.
Communications for the Editor may be addressed to Mr. John Dignan, 5 South John Street, Liverpool, January 27.

Smith's Anvils Vices, BELLOWS, &c.
Ex Ship "Samuel" from Liverpool, via St. John, July Received.

4 PAIR Smith's BelloWS, 1 Cast Te Kettles and Saucepans, 6 Casts best Horse Nails, 1 Cast Shot assorted, 1 Keg 2 Inch B.W. Nails, 1 Cast Sad Iron, Do. Patent mangled Saucepans and Covers, Tarrats, approved Rim Locks, &c. &c. JAMES W. STREET, St. Andrews, 1st Sept. 1842.

BLANKS
For sale at this Office, and printed to Order.

PUBLISHED IN A DOUBLE EXTRA NEW-WORLD ON WEDNESDAY NOV. 30 LETTERS OF MARY QUEEN OF SCOTS, AND DOCUMENTS CONNECTED WITH HER PERSONAL HISTORY. Now first published, with an introduction, by AGNES STRICKLAND, AUTHOR OF "THE LIVES OF THE QUEENS OF ENGLAND."

WE have received this long expected work by the Great Western. It is published in London by Henry Colburn, one of the most eminent of the English booksellers,—at about \$6 a copy. No work has appeared for many years, which has excited such general attention and admiration. In the late of the beautiful and unfortunate Queen of Scots, all the civilized world is to this day deeply interested; and here is the correspondence, which actually passed between herself and Queen Elizabeth, and here also in her private letters in numerous topics, now first brought to light and edited by this accomplished lady. There is this attractive feature," says Mrs. Strickland, "in all the letters of Mary Queen of Scots, they are full of domestic traits and the natural feelings of her heart. Tribes from her pen assume a grace, and delights us, because of the unaffected simplicity with which she writes."
PRICE—25 cents; or \$16 per Hundred.—Orders solicited.

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL, A VEGETABLE PRODUCTION.

The only article that restores and repairs the HAIR; also WHISKERS, MUSTACHIOS, and EYEBROWS; prevents Hair from falling off, or turning gray to the latest period of life; changes gray hair to its original color from its source, and makes it beautifully SOFT, CURLY, and GLOSSY. In dressing HAIR, it keeps it firm in the curl, unimpeded by damp weather, crowded rooms, the dance, or in the exercise of riding. To Children, it is invaluable, as it lays a foundation for a BEAUTIFUL HEAD OF HAIR.
ON PURCHASING ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL, and see that those words are on the envelope, with the Signature and Address, thus,—
A. ROWLAND & SON, 29, Hatton Garden, London.

To ensure the genuine article, see that the words "Rowland's Macassar Oil" are engraved on the back of the envelope, and that the words "ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL" are engraved on the front of the envelope. Price 3s. 6d.; Family Bottles, (containing four small) 10s. 6d. and double that size, 21s. per bottle.

ROWLAND'S KALYDOR, A Preparation from Oriental Herbs, is now universally known as the only safe and efficient protector and beautifier of the Skin and Complexion. Its virtues are commonly displayed in thoroughly eradicating all pimples, spots, redness, tan freckles, and other unsightly cutaneous defects, in healing chilblains, chaps, and in rendering the most rough and uneven skin, pleasantly soft and smooth. To the complexion it imparts a delicate roseate hue, and to the neck, hand and arm, a delicate and lustrous tawdriness.

It is invaluable as a renovating and refreshing Wash, during travelling, exposure to the sun, dust, or humid winds, and after the removal of crowded assemblies—Gentlemen, will find it peculiarly grateful after shaving, allaying the irritation.
Price 4s. 6d. and 8s. 6d. per bottle, duty included.

ROWLAND'S ODONTO, OR PEARL DENTIFRICE.

A WHITE POWDER, of Oriental Herbs of the most delightful fragrance.—It eradicates Tartar and decayed Spots from the Teeth, preserves the Enamel, and fixes the Teeth firmly in their sockets, rendering them delicately White. Being an Anti-Scorbutic, it eradicates the Scoury from the Gums, strengthens, braces and renders them of a healthy red, it removes unpleasant tastes from the mouth, which often remain after meals, taking medicine &c. and imparts a delightful fragrance to the breath.
Price 2s. 6d. per box, duty included.

NOTICE.—The Name and Address of the Proprietor, J. ROWLAND & SON, 29, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON, are engraved on the Government Stamp, which is pasted on the "Kalydor" and "Odonto," also printed in red, on the Wrapper in which the Kalydor is enclosed.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS! composed of the most precious and valuable ingredients, and which are frequently pressed upon the unwary under the name of being cheap. Be sure to ask for "ROWLAND'S" Articles. Sold by every Foreign and Domestic Vendor, throughout the civilized world.

THE SAINT ANDREWS STANDARD, IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY, BY A. W. SMITH.

At his Office in Saint Andrews, N.B. TERMS: 15s. per annum, delivered in town or called for 17s. 6d. do. when forwarded by mail. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid.

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Inserted according to written orders, or continued till forbid it no written directions.
First insertion of 12 lines, and under, 2s.
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First insertion of all over 12 lines 3d per line, Each repetition over 12 lines 1d per line.
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Legal notices by individuals who have no acquaintance with the Office to be paid for in advance.
Blanks, Handbills, &c. struck off at the shortest notice,—to be paid for on delivery.

AGENTS.
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