

The Union Advocate

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NO. 12

OPENING OF THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

O. M. Melanson, M. L. A., the New Speaker-- Speech From the Throne Promises Prohibition and Other Important Changes

The fourth session of the present New Brunswick legislative assembly opened on Thursday afternoon with the customary ceremony.

The weather conditions were not entirely favorable but nevertheless the attendance of spectators both within and without the house was large.

The session is the second to be held during the present war, and it is a peculiarly important one.

Two members of the legislature were in khaki, Lieut. Col. Percy A. Guthrie, of Fredericton, and Captain L. P. D. Tilly, of St. John.

Governor Wood was attended by a military staff composed of Col. H. H. McLean, Col. G. W. Fowler, Col. Mersereau, Col. Powell, Majors Rogers and McLaughlin, Captains Robertson, Lawrence, Risley, Corbett, Hayward, Lieutenants McLaughlin, Evans, Teed, Doane and others.

O. M. Melanson, of Westmorland, was elected speaker on motion of Acting Premier Murray, and seconded by L. A. Durell, and was escorted by them to the chair.

Speech From the Throne The speech from the Throne regretted Premier Clarke's illness, the death of the late Speaker, Dickson, and the burning of the Dominion parliament building, and loyally referred to the war and His Majesty's accident. It noted satisfactory commercial and industrial conditions in the province, and agricultural success. The public services had been well looked after, and the lumber industry was prosperous.

Prohibition Referendum A bill would be introduced during the session enabling the electors of the Province to adopt a measure providing for the prohibition of traffic in intoxicating liquors.

Railway Legislation Legislation would also be presented providing for the early completion of the St. John and Quebec Railway and insuring not only direct connection with the east and west sides of the harbor of St. John, but, as well, an independent route from that city to the New England States and a new channel for the export of the forest products of central and northern New Brunswick.

Election Law Amendments A bill to consolidate and amend the Election law, as well as other measures, would be submitted for consideration.

O. B. Price, M. L. A., Moves Reply Dr. Price moved the reply. He spoke feelingly of the late Speaker, and then reviewed Canada's action in the war.

Speaking of the great gain in the stampage collections, he said that taking the years from 1902 to 1915 during the first period of seven years the total stampage amounted to \$23,000,000 superlatively and for the last period 1,810,000,000 superlatively; the difference in which estimated at \$15.00 per thousand would amount to nearly \$1,500,000 roughly speaking.

The Government's past and proposed railway legislation was praised, also its course re public works

five officials of the department who, from a sense of duty, felt that their place was at the front had retarded work somewhat, still substantial progress had been made.

The activities of the Department of Agriculture have largely increased during the past several years until today nearly every branch of agriculture is receiving a large measure of attention.

Medical Inspection of Schools In view of the marked advance that has been made by the Government thus far in dealing with school conditions, said Dr. Price, it occurred to him that the time has come when a more advanced step can be taken and provision made for medical inspection of our schools.

Prohibition Speaking of the Prohibition referendum, he said that since 1896 there has been a local option clause in the Liquor License Act and although no deals were heard for twelve years, no amendment which would make it workable as a referendum was given to the matter.

How The War Stands Today The battle of Verdun began on the 21st inst., still rages without any decisive result.

WM. S. McKNIGHT The death of Wm. S. McKnight occurred at his home in Irma, Alta., on the 5th inst., at the age of 84.

JOHN SLEETH The funeral of the late John Sleeth who died at his home in Douglastown on Friday night, took place on Monday afternoon.

WELL KNOWN RESIDENTS HAVE PASSED AWAY John Sleeth, Douglastown, and Wm. J. Allison, Whitneyville, Receive Final Summons

WM. JAMES ALLISON The death of Wm. James Allison of Whitneyville, occurred of pneumonia, at noon, Saturday.

Archbishop of Quebec Hearily Endorses the Stevens Motion for Complete Suppression of the Liquor Traffic in Letter to Hon. Charles Marcell.

NEWCASTLE TOWN IMPROVEMENT LEAGUE

Will Endeavor to Secure Another Good Council --Public Meetings to be Held--Ald. Hayward and Stables Offer for Re-Election.

Newcastle Town Improvement League executive met in regular monthly session in the Council Chamber on the 9th inst.

There were present--Jan. M. Troy, President; Mayor G. G. Stothart, V. P.; Ald. H. H. Stuart, Sec. Treas.; Ald. C. C. Hayward, Ald. Jas. Stables, Rev. P. W. Dixon, Rev. S. J. MacArthur, Rev. M. S. Richardson, and Messrs. J. Andler, F. E. Locke, E. A. McCurdy, A. E. Petrie, T. A. Scribner and D. W. Stothart.

Minutes of February meeting were read and confirmed.

Ald. Stuart, following up his paper read at the previous meeting, moved the following:

Resolved, That this Town Improvement League request the local School Board to make provision for teaching of Manual Training, Domestic Science and Canadian Civics in all its School departments above Grade V.

This was seconded by Rev. P. W. Dixon.

Rev. S. J. MacArthur said he had looked over the prescribed Civics text book, and it appeared to him that profitable instruction in Civics could only be given at a much later period than Grade V.

Some steps must be taken to remedy this state of affairs.

Rev. Father Dixon said that the Teacher could teach Civics incidentally along with many other subjects.

Questions on Civics are set on Government examinations, and the subject should be taught.

Rev. Mr. Richardson said that Civics was a most important study. Children are leaving school without any knowledge of how their own town is governed.

When he had gone to college he had to begin to study How Canada is Governed--what he should have been taught in the common schools.

Mr. Stuart's motion was a splendid move, and he would heartily support it.

Rev. Father Dixon said that children have so many things to study that it is impossible for them to learn them all--especially since they seemed to think they must go to the

The Chairman endorsed the motion. On the vote being taken the motion was carried unanimously.

Never to Buy German Goods

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Institute was held last night. Four new members were received, making a total membership of forty-two, of whom 17 were present.

A resolution was moved and carried, a large majority voting that the members abstain forever from purchasing German-made goods.

A special meeting of the Institute will be held on next Tuesday evening, the 21st inst., when Miss Hazel Winter, supervisor of Women's Institutes for New Brunswick, is expected to be present.

The Secretary was directed to call the attention of the Town Improvement League to the unsightly condition of some of the old buildings in town.

BORN At Newerite, March 10th, to Pte. and Mrs. Stafford McCormack, a son.

At Douglastown, March 12th, to Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Keoughan, a daughter.

Recruiting Committee Resume Meetings A. A. Davidson and R. C. Clarke go to Fredericton Meeting--Big Rally in Redbank and Whitneyville Next Sunday.

The West Northumberland Recruiting Committee met in the Council Chamber on the 10th inst., after a break of over two months.

Among those present were: W. A. Park, president; Mayor Stothart, E. A. McCurdy, A. A. Davidson, R. Corry Clarke, Judge Lawlor, C. E. Fish, Rev. Dr. Harrison, Rev. S. J. MacArthur, Recruiting Officer James W. Davidson and others.

R. Corry Clarke was appointed secretary pro tem.

Mr. Park said that the meeting had been called to dispose of recruiting bills and to discuss how the work of recruiting can be further assisted.

Several bills were disposed of, amounting, including what were passed at last meeting, to \$34.19, all for necessary expenses of recruiting rooms and work.

The Chairman presented Ald. David Ritchie's resignation as secretary.

The resignation was accepted and R. Corry Clarke unanimously elected permanent secretary.

Recruiting Committee Resume Meetings

A. A. Davidson and R. C. Clarke go to Fredericton Meeting--Big Rally in Redbank and Whitneyville Next Sunday.

Mr. Park said that the committee meetings and outside recruiting meetings held mostly every week up to December 31st had been discontinued, largely because of so many men being in the woods.

Now that they are out, it is time to resume regular sessions and hold recruiting rallies in the country districts.

He was informed by Rev. J. F. McCurdy, of Redbank and Whitneyville, that he proposed holding a recruiting rally in his church at Redbank on the afternoon of Sunday, 19th inst., and in Whitneyville that evening, with the co-operation of the Baptist pastor, Rev. H. E. Allaby, and of Lt. Col. Mersereau and other officers.

Every facility would be given to recruit. He had requested Lt. Col. Mersereau to release all the men of the 132nd belonging to the Redbank-Whitneyville District, say, Friday before the meeting, to the following Tuesday, to act as recruiting agents.

He had been assured of the requested co-operation and would be pleased to receive any further assistance.

Lt. Col. Guthrie and Capt. L. P. D. Tilly, M. L. A.'s continued Mr. Park.

(Continued on page 5.)

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Lt. Col. Guthrie and Capt. L. P. D. Tilly, M. L. A.'s continued Mr. Park.

(Continued on page 5.)

Opening of the Provincial Legislature

Continued from page 1) there had been collected stampage on two hundred and ninety million feet, the biggest collection in the history of the province. The objects of the classification of the crown lands, he might briefly set forth to the House.

Forestry Survey

Forestry survey was being undertaken to ascertain the amount and quality of timber on crown lands, determining of rate of growth of different species growing under different forest conditions so that the annual increment may be ascertained and classification of lands of the province into agricultural and timber lands, depending on whether the soil is best suited for the production of farm or forest crops. The survey which completed will show areas of merchantable timber, young growth, swamps, bays, amount of timber of each species and approximate annual rate of growth for each area or type; areas of good agricultural land, land of doubtful agricultural value, and land suitable for production of timber only. A forester has already been appointed to take charge of the survey and the work of organization is going on. As soon as competent men with the necessary technical and field experience can be secured to take charge of parties in the field, actual field work will begin and be continued throughout the year with the exception of a short time during the spring and fall, when field work is impossible. In the selection of men for this work it is the government's policy to secure as far as possible New Brunswick men. The war has drawn largely on the ranks of trained foresters and it may be impossible to secure all party chiefs from this province, but by limiting crews at the beginning and increasing as new men are trained and become proficient in the work, a maximum of our own men can be utilized. During the present season three or four parties would be in the field employing in all some thirty or forty men including office staff. These should cover from seventy to one hundred miles per month. As new men are trained for the work they will be put in the field and thus the work would be completed in from four to five years. He made this definite statement as he felt it was a matter of importance to the people and he wanted the House and country to have complete details. The work, he felt, was very much in the interest of the Province of New Brunswick. It would show these administering public affairs where reserves should be placed and where they should be located, and would do much towards making it possible to preserve for the future of the Province the full benefit which might accrue from its crown land wealth.

Prohibition Bill

During the present session a bill would be introduced respecting the liquor traffic in the province. Prohibition was now a live question not only in this country but throughout the whole world and the Government had taken what he believed to be a wise and prudent step in having prepared for submission to the House a bill enabling the electors of the province to adopt a measure providing for the prohibition of traffic in intoxicating liquors. This question was above party politics, and every honorable member of the House should feel himself in a position to approach it with thoroughly independent views. He himself believed that the great majority of the people of New Brunswick were in favor of prohibition. The Government would bring down a prohibition bill that would prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors in the province. This bill had been framed with the object of absolutely prohibiting the traffic in intoxicating liquors and if the people favor it, it will become effective at a date to be named.

The Valley Railway

Respecting the St. John Valley Railway negotiations had been carried on with the Federal Government and these negotiations had been of a most harmonious character so that an arrangement which would be highly satisfactory to the province was now being completed. A bill would be introduced providing for the early completion of the railway and affording direct connection with the east and west side terminals of the harbor of St. John, but as well an independent route from that city to the New England States, and a new channel for the export of the forest products of the northern and central portions of the province. Under the arrangement which was now being completed the Valley Railway would be a huge factor in the future growth and prosperity of the province, and the development of the enterprise would be such as to redound to the advantage of the people of the province and to the credit of this Government.

Mr. Slipp

Mr. Slipp of Queens continued the debate.

Technical Education

He said that he had felt for some time that the school system was too intricate, that there were too many subjects in the elementary classes, and recently he had had this brought very much home to him by the fact that his second son, a boy of twelve years, was scarcely able to carry all the school books that were necessary, let alone cope with the number of subjects he had to take up. If the present system were all right it would not be injured by investigation by somebody who was independent of it; and he believed that something of this kind should be done, because the number of subjects was being steadily increased. Another matter with which he found fault was that there was too much of a tendency in the cities to carry the scholars along to preparation for the universities, instead of fitting the young men who had to go from the common schools to earn their living for their life's work. He would like to have seen some reference to technical education in the Speech from the Throne, and he felt that it was regrettable that Nova Scotia had progressed further in this regard than had New Brunswick, while Quebec and Manitoba were other provinces which were to the front. There was no reason why New Brunswick should not get a reasonable start along the line of technical education such as Nova Scotia had done, and he believed that anything along this line would be justified. In the German Empire and of recent years in Great Britain

Increased Revenue

This meant an increase in revenue every year for the province from that one source of \$237,580. In addition a sinking fund had been established, consisting of bonuses paid on timber licenses and amounting to \$420,000. These figures confirmed the statement which had been made in the House by Hon. Mr. Grimmer in 1911 to the effect that the stumpage was not being collected on a full cut of timber of crown lands and from 1902 to 1908, the province had been losing between \$225,000 and \$250,000 yearly because the old administration had failed in its duty to collect revenue which was properly due the province. And those were the people who are now saying that this government is inefficient and incapable. Reference to the crown land administration alone should be sufficient to convince any thinking man as to the superiority of the administration of affairs of the province today as compared with what had been and what would be if the same people were back in power again.


There had been published in the press opposing the government rumors to the effect that an election was in the air. All he wished to say in this regard was that if that election did come, now, or in a year from now, this government would not be

Why Women Write Letters

Women who are well often ask "Are the letters which the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. are continually publishing, genuine?" "Are they truthful?" "Why do women write such letters?" In answer we say that never have we published a fictitious letter or name. Never, knowingly, have we published an untruthful letter, or one without the full and written consent of the woman who wrote it.

The reason that thousands of women from all parts of the country write such grateful letters to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives, once burdened with pain and suffering. It has relieved women from some of the worst forms of female ills, from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, nervousness, weakness, stomach troubles and from the blues.

It is impossible for any woman who is well and who has never suffered to realize how these poor, suffering women feel when restored to health; their keen desire to help other women who are suffering as they did.



Women were better educated as a result of progress along this line, and were thus better able to take up their life work.

Mr. Slipp believed that the right kind of an educational campaign would soon show the farmers that it was more profitable to keep twenty or thirty sheep than one cow dog. The facts which the hon. member for Moncton had placed before the House should set people thinking, for he believed that there were fine opportunities for success in this branch of agriculture. While great progress had been made in agriculture during the past few years there should be a much greater development, and he felt it was the duty of the representatives of the constituents in the House to see what could be done. What he was pleased, as everybody in this province should be pleased, to see what had been done, to see that the farmers should try to accomplish more and show the people that they were doing their utmost in the public interest.

Mr. Carter moved the adjournment of the debate.

Hon. Mr. Morrissy submitted the sixty-first annual report of the Department of Public Works.

Hon. Mr. Murray submitted the annual report of the Crown Land Department.

(Continued on page 5)

What Canada Has Given Railroads

The Subsidies and Bond Guarantees Granted Cross Continent Railroads.

What Canada has paid its three transcontinental lines in the way of subsidies or bond guarantees is as follows:

The total amount paid by way of subsidies to the Canadian Pacific Railway is \$50,369,374.

In land grants 19,816,010 acres and in bond guarantee 3,093,700 pounds assumed direct by the Government, December, 1906.

To the Canadian Northern the total cash subsidies have been \$26,155,360 and land subsidies, 3,422,528 acres. The bond guarantees have been as follows: 1903-1,923,287 pounds, 3 per cent bonds; 1908-1,622,586 pounds, 3 1/2 per cent bonds; 1910-647,260 pounds, 3 1/2 per cent bonds; 1911-7,493,835 pounds, 2 1/2 per cent bonds; 1912-733,561 pounds, 3 1/2 per cent bonds; 1913-7,493,825,000, four per cent bonds. Of this last mentioned bond guarantee the Canadian Northern has sold securities valued at \$17,500,000 and a portion of the remainder has been pledged for purposes set out under the act.

To the Grand Trunk the only subsidy paid was \$500,000 for the Victoria Jubilee bridge. There have been no land grants and no bond guarantees.

This makes a total of a little over \$57,000,000 in direct cash subsidies, while land subsidies total over 22,000,000 acres and bond guarantees, approximately \$125,000,000 of which the share of the Canadian Northern is about \$110,000,000.

Derby Superior School Report

Following arranged in the order of merit, are the names of the pupils in the several grades making the highest average in the February examinations.

Grade X—Arthur Simpson, Warren Platt.

Grade IX—Donald Thurber, Desai, McCarthem, Miller Eason.

Grade VIII—Audrey Simpson, Kate Hart, Hazel Murphy.

Grade VII—Ella Parker, Gladys Vanderbeck, Wilson Langan.

Grade VI—Kenneth Murphy, Flora Russell, Charlie McLean.

PRIMARY DEPT.

Grade V—Karl Doran, Jean Campbell, Irvine Betts.

Grade IV—Euphemia McLean, Audrey Parker, Grace Langan.

Grade III—Nora McLean, Ethel Russell, Augusta Vanderbeck.

Grade II—Frances Parker, Willie Scott, Randolph Vanderbeck.

Grade I—Walter McLean, Kenneth Brown, Angus McLean.

Another President in Khaki

Rev. Clarence A. Klinton, president of Pine Hill Presbyterian College at Halifax, has been accepted in the 219th Battalion, of which Rev. Principal Cutten of Acadia is Lt. Col. Prof. H. A. Kent and ever half the students of Pine Hill are also in khaki.

Prize for Sailors

The naval prize fund derived from the sale of contraband goods, seized by the British navy, and condemned by prize courts, now amounts to over \$300,000.000. This fund will be distributed among all men of the navy after the war.

IF YOUR CHILD IS CROSS, FEVERISH, CONSTIPATED

Look Mother! If tongue is coated, cleanse little bowels with "California Syrup of Figs."

Mothers can rest easy after giving "California Syrup of Figs," because in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, sour bile and fermenting food gently moves out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure.

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Sir Max and Sir Charles

The Former's Book Declared to be Equal to Napier's "Peninsular War."

(Toronto World)

Extracts from an advanced copy of Sir Max Aitken's "Canada in Plans" are given in the book published in the public library this morning. Sir Max's book has attracted much attention in Great Britain, and such a capable critic as Sir William Robertson Nicoll declares that it is the equal in style of Sir Charles Napier's "Peninsular War," and that he knows nothing else that comes up to it in this respect. Sir William has quoted several passages from both authors to illustrate, as he believes, the excellence of the Canadian account. The book is published at a low price, so that everybody may get it. The intimate and personal side of the story of the Canadians in Flanders will appeal to all who have friends in the front or who are interested in the Canadian contingents.

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All Pure Tea Free from Dust

Sealed Packets Only Never Sold in Bulk

"SALADA"

Note Prices—
Brown Label, 40c. - Blue Label, 50c. per lb.
Red Label, 60c. - Gold Label, 70c. per lb.

Kitchen Requisites

We have on hand a complete line of the following articles for daily use about the house. Cooking is made twice as easy by having what you require of these on hand. Make your good wife's work lighter and help her prepare a better meal by presenting her with the following:

EARLY BREAKFAST COOKERS, DOUBLE BOILERS, SAVORY ROASTERS, CAKE BOXES, ELECTRIC HEATERS, ELECTRIC IRONS, NICKEL TEA KETTLES, FOOD CHOPPERS, TEA POTS, STEAMERS, COFFEE POTS, PUDDING PANS, TRAYS, CAKE CLOSETS.

B. F. MALTBY

STOVES, PLUMBING, HEATING
Next Door to Post Office Phone 121

\$ Day Tuesday, March 28

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1868.
LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

Capital Authorized.....	\$ 25,000,000
Capital Paid-up.....	11,560,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits.....	13,174,000
Total Assets.....	180,000,000

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

340 Branches in Canada and Newfoundland
37 Branches in the West Indies
LONDON, ENGLAND: NEW YORK CITY:
2 Bank Bldgs., Princess St., E. C. Cor. William and Cedar Sts.
BUSINESS ACCOUNTS CARRIED UPON FAVORABLE TERMS
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT AT ALL BRANCHES
SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

In the Bank's Steel Lined Vault, rented at from \$5.00 per annum upwards. These boxes are most convenient and necessary for all possessing valuable papers such as Wills, Mortgages, Insurance Policies, Bonds, Stock Certificates, etc.

Newcastle, N. B., Branch—E. A. McCurdy, Manager

Newcastle's Second ANNUAL \$ DAY TUESDAY, MARCH 28.

Be Loyal To Your Own Community

Merchants who intend participating in this Grand Annual Event should select their space and position in THE UNION ADVOCATE early this week. Each advertiser will require a little extra space---which means an extra boost from the paper---and non-advertisers as well should do their share of advertising to make Dollar Day a grand success and a Dollar Saving Day for their respective patrons.

Place Your Advt. in The Advocate AND SAVE REGRET

For its many readers will be on the look-out for next issue to see who are offering the best bargains.

Be Loyal To Your Own Community

GOOD DIGESTION
When your digestion is faulty, weakness and pain are certain and disease is invited.

Mother Seigel's Syrup corrects and stimulates the digestive organs, and banishes the many ailments which arise from indigestion.

FOR 40 YEARS THE STANDARD REMEDY

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

FOR STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLE

At all Druggists, or direct on receipt of price, 50c. and \$1.00. The large bottle contains three times as much as the smaller. A. J. WHITE & CO. LIMITED, Craig Street West Montreal.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

1c. per word first insertion. Advs. Payable in Advance. When Writing to Advertisers Mention the Union Advocate.

ADVERTISE HERE

Butter Parchment... Quality is kept at the Advocate Job Dept. Sold in one or two pound sizes, or in the full size sheet, 24x36 Butter wrappers also printed with Special Blue printing ink that will not run or stain the butter.

STENOGRAPHER'S NOTE BOOKS... Good quality Stenographer's Note Books for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. Price 10 cents.

Taken by Mistake

A lady's double-breasted sweater from the Town Hall on the night of the 73rd Regt. dance. Party having the same will kindly leave at The Advocate Office.

Notice of Legislation

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of New Brunswick at its next session for an Act to incorporate the Miramichi Hospital.

Girl Wanted

A girl familiar with general house work. Good wages paid for one who is thoroughly experienced. Apply to MRS. E. A. McCURDY.

UNION HOTEL

J. Frank Hayes Proprietor... Permanent and Transient Boarders. Every attention given to guests.

PROFESSIONAL

R. A. LAWLER, K. C. J. A. CREGHAN, I. B. Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries

Dr. J. D. McMillan

DENTIST... Lonsbury Block, Newcastle

J. E. PARK, M.D., C.M.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON... Phone 167. Office Dr. Peck's estate

Vacancies in Offices

caused by enlistment of those who have answered, and those who will answer their King and Country's call, must be filled.

IN WAR OR PEACE

it is the TRAINED man who leads. This school makes a specialty of training young men and women to fill responsible, good paying positions.

FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

FREDERICTON, N. B. W. J. OSBORNE, Principal

Eastern Steamship Lines

ALL THE WAY BY WATER INTERNATIONAL LINE

Steamship North Star... Leave St. John Thursdays at 9.00 A. M.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE

Between Portland and New York Steamships Northland and Herman Winter.

DR. DOVAN'S FEMALE PILLS

Reliable medicine for all Female Complaints. \$5 a box, or three for \$15, at drug stores.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN

Restores Vitality for Nerve and Brain. Increases "grey matter."

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL

28 Scott Act Cases in Fredericton... By means of a detective, evidence has been secured in 28 Scott Act cases in Fredericton.

Has a Brother at the Front

Lt. W. L. Bonnell of St. Stephen, who lately resigned the principalship of Blackville Superior School to take a commission in the 132nd, has a brother serving in France since the early days of the war.

St. John Presbytery

In Favor of Prohibition... At a meeting of the Presbytery of St. John last week, the following resolution was moved by Dr. W. H. Smith.

How Shell Factory Drove Bricks Out

(Windsor Day's Gazette)... Mr. Lobbman, the man in charge of the brick-making process at the Maritime Shell factory, partly destroyed the factory Monday morning.

W. J. DUNN HACKMAN

Hack to and from all trains and boats. Parties driven anywhere in town. Orders left at Hotel Miramichi will be attended to.

Chas. Sargeant

First Class Livery... Horses for Sale at all times.

DALTON'S

Livery, Sales and Exchange Stables... Edward Dalton, Prop.

New Livery, Sales and Exchange Stables

The undersigned wishes to announce that he has started an up-to-date livery stable at his residence, in rear of Royal Hotel.

WALTER FREEZE

Contractor & Builder... DOAKTOWN, N.B.

ORDERS FOR

Sash, Doors, Frames and all building material

Given Prompt Attention... Contracts Solicited

DR. DOVAN'S FEMALE PILLS

Reliable medicine for all Female Complaints. \$5 a box, or three for \$15, at drug stores.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN

Restores Vitality for Nerve and Brain. Increases "grey matter."

Colonial Heroes a Crooked Lot

Stark Calls Hancock a Defaulter... Stark calls Hancock a defaulter, Franklin a thief, George Washington simply awful.

(Boston Post)

While proud Sons and Daughters of the Revolution and Bostonians of old Colonial stock were fuming with indignation at the remarks of Professor Edward Channing, of Harvard, who pointedly declared the Americans are the most unpatriotic people in the world, that George Washington was a pitiful blunderer.

The gentleman in question was Jas. H. Stark, of 254 Savin Hill avenue, Dorchester, author of the much discussed book, The Loyalists of Massachusetts, and not only did he repeat his praise of Channing to the Post representative, but he added a few historical additions which, if true, would tend to show the agitators and participators of our American Revolution to be a terrible lot of "low-brows" and "roughnecks."

"Why look here," said Mr. Stark, "as long as we are talking Harvard, did you know when John Hancock was treasurer of Harvard he defaulted large sums of the college money? Samuel Adams was a defaulter, too, and used funds belonging to the city of Boston when he was tax collector. All college professors who have studied, know these things to be so, only they haven't put the nerve to come out and state the truth."

Isn't it ridiculous to find these men as they are lauded in the school books of the children, when they were a bunch of rascals. It is false patriotism and no country should stand on a foundation of lies.

"There are some things about Washington you couldn't print. Why, I knew of a man who was one of five to give \$200 for a letter of Washington's, just for the purpose of tearing it up so that the reputation of the gentleman would continue good like in the eyes of young America. Is that patriotism? Well, I should say not. And then there is Ben Franklin. When he was 67 years old he was dismissed from his office as postmaster of Boston on a charge of stealing letters from the mail."

"Any little thing about Paul Revere?" asked the Post man. "Sure. According to one Henry Pelham, Revere stole his drawings of 'The Boston Massacre' and used them as works of his own. And likewise Revere was mixed up in a grafting deal when a lodge of Masons of which he was a member dissolved. Why all the men who precipitated the American Revolution were a cheap lot. No one can put a finger on the character of any of the loyalists who remained true to the King. They were the best people. The revolutionists were a crooked lot with everything to gain and nothing to lose. Their questionable characters were well known. It was significant when Washington cast his lot with them."

"It is all in my book and I have been criticized for it, but it is all the truth and I defy any man to prove to the contrary. I can back up all my facts."

"What is your idea of patriotism?" interrupted the Post man.

"Love of country and not the landings of men who were rascals," Professor Channing, in coming out as he has done a service to the people of America. No one need ever be afraid of the truth. "Would America have been bigger under British rule?" "Not as big, but a better country," came the answer. "All the riff-raff of the world wouldn't be here now, if England had held the reins. One of the most terrible things in modern history was inaugurated by these same revolutionists we are talking about. At the close of the war every one of the 13 colonies voted and put through the confiscation and banishment act, one of the greatest wrongs of civilization. This act was to the effect that all property belonging to Loyalists should be confiscated, and that all those who had remained true to the King should be banished. Thus some of the best people in the United States were driven into the forests of Canada. If that act had not been passed, Canada would be a part of the United States now. The bitterness of this act is still in the hearts of all Canadians today, and if you would know it, that is why Canada did not accept the United States reciprocity measure recently."

"You are an American citizen?" put in the Post man.

"Yes, sir, and I want to see some of this rottenness wiped out. I came to Boston in 1856 and was a British subject at that time."

Patriotic Collections

in Burchill's Camp... In our last week's report of the Patriotic fund subscriptions collected at Geo. Burchill & Son's camp, Joseph Stewart should have been credited with \$2.00 instead of \$1.00, and "Hudson McLeod \$1.00," should have read Hudson McLeod \$2.00.

Here's your Bread Flour and your Pastry Flour, both from the same bag of "Beaver" Flour



The original Blended Flour... Always the same in quality

THE only flour that can make perfect Bread and perfect Pastry, is that flour which has the delightful flavor, the whiteness and lightness, of Ontario wheat flour with the strength of western wheat.

"Beaver" Flour has this perfect balance. It contains the quality, flavor, lightness and whiteness of the choicest Ontario wheat—and its strength is increased by the addition of Manitoba wheat.

By blending these two wheats in exact proportions, "Beaver" Flour gives you the best qualities of both—and is equally good for Bread, Rolls and Biscuits, Cake, Pies and Pastry.

Don't go to the trouble of keeping two flours in the house. Get "Beaver" Flour—the bread and pastry flour—the original blended flour.

DEALERS—Write us for prices on Feed, Coarse Grains and Cereals.

THE T. H. TAYLOR CO. LIMITED, CHATHAM, Ont.

10 CENT "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER AND BOWELS

Cure Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Bad Breath—Candy Cathartic.

World's Richest Man

The distinction undoubtedly belongs to the Czar of Russia, of whom it has been said that he has so much money that nobody can count it.

It is a fact that the wealth that is his as controller of the Russian Church, and as ruler of the Russians, including that of the members of his extremely wealthy family, would certainly be too great to count including as it does all the wealth of Russia, which is estimated at \$7,000,000,000.

The czar's personal wealth, according to one statistical genius, works out at \$110,000 a day, and should Russia get down to its last cent—or rather kopek—in the royal exchequer Nicholas, single handed could keep the Russian army in the field for several weeks.

Most of the czar's wealth is derived from landed possessions, of which he has nearly 150,000,000 acres, three quarters of which is rich timber and yielding big rentals. The other quarter is mining land. Siberia's mines are owned by the czar, while his jewelry and art works are of fabulous wealth. The czar's state income is about \$2,000,000,000, out of which, however, he has to provide for the expenses of his household, which includes the upkeep of more than a hundred palaces to say nothing of the Russian court, with its 20,000 servants, 230 automobiles, 5000 thoroughbred horses, and an army of several thousand soldiers and detectives.—The Bits.

CATARH CANNOT BE CURED

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarh Cure was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarh Cure is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

All Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation, 43 mcs.

279 Returned Soldiers Employed

Some 279 returned soldiers have so far been given employment in the various branches of the civil service during the last fiscal year.

Of these 260 have been employed in the militia department and 19 in other departments.

NOTICE OF SALE

To Cornelius Gormley, Emma Gormley, Margaret Gormley, and Richard Gormley of the Parish of Newcastle in the County of Northumberland and all others whom it may concern

Take notice that there will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House in the town of Newcastle in the said County of Northumberland on MONDAY THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF APRIL NEXT at twelve o'clock noon all these certain pieces or parcels of land and premises situate lying and being in Newcastle aforesaid and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a Birch tree standing on the Eastern side of the Intercolonial railway and reservation at the south West angle of lot number thirty nine granted to Henry Peters North of Newcastle thence running by the Magnet North seventy two degrees East fifty chains thence South five degrees East twenty one chains thence South seventy two degrees West fifty chains to a stake standing on the Eastern side of the Intercolonial Railway and reservation aforesaid and thence along the same North five degrees West twenty one chains to the place of beginning containing one hundred acres more or less and distinguished as lot number thirty seven on the Eastern side of the Intercolonial Railway North of Newcastle and being the same piece of land granted to the late Arthur Gormley by letters patent bearing date the second day of July A. D. 1899 as by reference to the said Grant will more fully appear.

Also all that other piece or parcel of land and premises situate lying and being in Newcastle aforesaid and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stake on the North side of the said Railway thence North five degrees ten minutes West thirty chains and fifty links to a stake thence North Seventy two degrees East thirty chains thence South eighteen degrees East thirty chains and fifty links to another stake, thence South seventy two degrees West thirty seven chains to the place of beginning containing one hundred acres more or less being the same piece of land granted to the said Richard Gormley.

The above sale will be made under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain indenture of Mortgage Dated 30th September A. D. 1911 and also another Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 2nd April 1913 and made between the said Cornelius Gormley, Emma Gormley, Margaret Gormley and Richard Gormley of the said first part and George Stables of the town of Newcastle aforesaid Merchant of the second part.

Default having been made in the payment of the moneys secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage.

Terms cash.

Dated this seventeenth day of January A. D. 1916

GEORGE STABLES

E. P. WILLISTON

Solicitor for the said Mortgagee

43 mcs.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

SUNDAY SERVICES

United Baptist Church

Rev. M. S. Richardson

Morning service, 11 a. m. Sunday School, 2:30 p. m. Preaching service, D. by, 3 p. m. Evening service, Newcastle, 7 p. m. M-W-Week Service—Wednesday Prayer and testimony meeting 7:30 p. m.

St. Andrew's Church

(Anglican) Rev. W. J. Bate

Holy Communion—Every Sunday at 8.00 a. m. and first Sunday in month at 11.00 a. m. Morning and Evening Prayer—Mornings at 11.00 (except 2d Sunday in month, no service). Evensong at 7.00. Daily Prayers 7.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. Wednesday Evensong 7.30 p. m.

St. Mary's Church

(Catholic)

(During winter months from November to May.)

Early Mass with sermon, etc., 9.00 a. m. Late Mass with sermon, etc., 11.00 a. m. St. Aloysius Society for boys, 1.30. Children baptized, when there are baptisms, 2.00 p. m. Sunday School Classes, 2.30 p. m. Vespers, with Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament, etc., 7.00 p. m.

Methodist Church

Rev. Dr. Harrison

Sunday Services 11.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Prayer and Praise Service, Wednesday, 7.30 p. m.

The Kirk

St. James Presbyterian Church Rev. S. J. MacArthur, M. A., B. D.

Worship Sunday, 11.00 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Sabbath School, 2.30 p. m.

Salvation Army

Capt. P. Forbes

Holiness Meeting—11 a. m. Praise and Testimony Meeting—3.00 p. m. Salvation Meeting—9 p. m. Public Meetings—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays—8.00 p. m.

19 Per Cent. Already Enlisted

In 1911 the population of Canada was 7,206,643, male population 3,821,985; male population from 10 to 15 years inclusive 706,155; male population from 20 to 29 years inclusive, 756,349; from 30 to 39 years inclusive 568,214. According to these statistics 62 per cent of the male population from 19 to 40 years of age will remain in the country after the recruiting of 500,000 men of that category.

The Union Advocate
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER
Established 1867

Published Wednesday Afternoon
Subscription Price, \$1.00 Per Year
United States, \$1.50 In Advance
Copy for changes of advt. must be
in this office by 10 o'clock Tuesday
morning.

J. H. BROWN, Man. Ed.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15th, 1916

THE TRAIL OF THE SERPENT

There are now appearing in various newspapers throughout the province, articles which are clothed in language designed to disguise their origin and make them appear as though they were the product of wholly independent thought. These articles, it goes without saying, are being circulated and paid for by the liquor interests, which are beginning to feel that their hour is almost come; for once Prohibition becomes the law of this province, the day of the liquor man is gone.

No one is to blame for the existence of a prohibitory law except the liquor dealers themselves. They have brought conditions today to what they are; had they exercised the slightest particle of discretion in carrying on their illicit trade, and not set public sentiment so deliberately at defiance, it may be that matters, even if unsatisfactory, might have been allowed to drift. However, when you find men carrying on a wholly illegal and utterly noxious trade, and selling liquor with the same amount of assurance and indifference as a grocer sells a pound of tea, or a loaf of bread, it is time for action.

Take our own town for instance. There are certain houses of public entertainment in it where liquor is sold with the most unblushing effrontery, and under circumstances that at times are such as to forbid any decent minded person going into the premises. No discretion or discrimination is used in them in supplying men with drink; it is open to all comers who have the price, regardless of what their condition or circumstances may be. We do not think there is a citizen in this community who would complain if the hotels only sold liquor to the guests staying in them, in their own rooms. They may come from places where the use of liquor is not prohibited, and their inability to get it here might result in them not coming to our town any more. This is particularly true of sportsmen, who seldom go into the woods without taking some spirits with them.

But between selling liquor to legitimate guests and running a wide open bar, a great gulf is fixed. Public opinion would not stand for conditions which we now find existing as the result of the liquor traffic, even if it were legal; it is not at all likely, therefore, that it will tolerate such conditions when they are caused by open defiance of the law. There is not, as we have before remarked in these columns, the slightest excuse for drinking in this province. There are none of the waxy and comfortable smoke rooms, with their easy chairs and capacious lounges, where a man may go and sit and while away half an hour chatting with his friends or reading the daily papers, that are to be found in the large towns and cities. If a man wants a drink here, he must sneak into some dark hole behind the door, and take care that even his own shadow does not see him. Drinking as it is practised here, is simply so much waste of time and money, to say nothing of the baneful effects it has upon the health of those who give way to it. Only the idle rich can afford to drink, and we have not enough of that class in this community to make it worth while to cater to them.

AN ENCOURAGING OUTLOOK

The failure of the Germans to get local results at Verdun is as consistent as their failure to get general results in the whole war. That France has just caught the enemy making false claims regarding what has happened at Verdun is not surprising, in view of the restlessness with which the German people are known to be regarding the progress of the fighting there.

As time goes on, and no decisive win is made by the Germans in their Verdun campaign, the conviction grows that the attack there, in defiance of all the lessons of experience on the Western front, was a political move of the Kaiser to supply a plausible excuse for his inability to go to Turkey's assistance. All evidence goes to show that the Sick Man of Europe is sicker than ever before, and that the kind of doctor he wants from Berlin is not available.

Every day that passes without any German gain at Verdun increases the possibility of their getting a crushing defeat there. Assertions and denials are made about the casualties but it is patent that the Huns, having attacked, have suffered heavy and continuous losses, enormously greater than those of their enemies.

As long as the action continues it is not well to be too optimistic, but

at the same time the outlook is very much more hopeful and encouraging for the Allies than it has been for many months. The desperation of the enemy is published by his feverish activity in furthering projects that would be considered absolutely prohibited if his condition were normal.

We noticed that while Northumberland men came in for a fair share of the awards at the recent provincial seed fair, none of the fortunate ones came from this part of the Miramichi. Same thing at the county seed fair at Chatham. Farmers from the other side of the river were allowed to take the whole lot of prizes. We are glad that there are some men willing to do their bit to keep up the agricultural reputation of our good old county, but what has become of the men from Newcastle, the Esks and Derby parishes? They are not ALL gone to the war.

Newcastle Town Improvement League

(Continued from page 1) ble with the school that makes it too cold?

Ald. Stables—The furnace was out of order for a few days.

Rev. Mr. MacArthur said that the school was often uncomfortable. Expert firing was needed in such buildings.

The Chairman—There was great expense put on the Academy. It should be in good order.

Rev. Mr. MacArthur said that the school house, court room, and other buildings near could be served by one man. Unhappily they could pay the salary of a good man. Far better results could be obtained than now. To be expert in firing, a man needed special training.

The discussion on heating the school brought on another about the Trustees visiting the school, and that brought out the question who were Trustees and when were they appointed, and doubts were expressed as to whether Newcastle now had a legal School Board.

Mayor Stohart said that he understood that, while there had been no appointment of Trustees for a year or two, the old Trustees had remained in office and done the best they could.

Ald. Stables said that the parents should visit the school oftener.

Rev. Mr. MacArthur gave notice that Temperance pictures would be shown at the St. James' Hall the next Sunday evening at 8.15. There would be:

Healthy Living—36 slides.
Worship of Bacchus—10 slides.
Abstinence and Hard Work—12 slides.

and, if desired, a little story by Mark Gayne in 29 slides.

The Dominion Alliance (Toronto), would furnish the slides. He thought there was room for education along these lines, before the election takes place. The campaign in Alberta was preceded by a flood of lectures, cartoons, charts, etc. He had samples of temperance literature which he thought the local press might well publish, along with arguments of both sides in the combat.

On motion of Rev. Mr. Richardson, seconded by Rev. Mr. MacArthur, it was resolved, That we have a Publicity Committee to take up the matter of Temperance Literature and its publication.

The Chairman appointed the following on that Committee—The Secretary, Mr. McCurdy and Rev. Mr. MacArthur.

The Chairman having to retire the chair was taken by Mayor Stohart. The local temperance situation was discussed at length.

On motion of Rev. Mr. MacArthur, Mr. E. A. McCurdy was appointed a member of the Executive, vice A. E. Shaw, who had never acted on the Committee.

On motion of T. A. Scribner, Mr. A. Astles was appointed a member of Executive, vice Mr. A. P. Giles, removed from town.

On motion of Messrs. McCurdy and Scribner, it was resolved to hold a special meeting on Tuesday evening the 14th.

Tuesday Night

The Newcastle T. I. L. Executive met in special session last night. Until the arrival of Pres. J. M. Troy Ald. Jerns Stables presided.

There were present: John R. Allison, John H. Ashcroft, J. Angler, Rev. P. W. Dixon, Rev. Dr. Harrison, F. E. Locke, Rev. M. S. Richardson, Rev. S. J. MacArthur, Andrew McCabe, W. A. McFaster, Geo. F. McWilliam, J. M. Troy, T. A. Scribner, Jas. Stables, H. H. Stuart and John Williamson.

What is Being Done

The following, from Ald. Hayward, who was unable to be present, was read:

Newcastle, N. B., Mar. 11, 1916
H. H. Stuart, Secty.
Town Improvement League,
Newcastle, N. B.

Dear Sir:—

As requested by the Town Improvement League on March 10th, I beg to report that since December 24th, there has been 21 cases under

the "Canada Temperance Act" and the following is a list of cases that have been appealed to the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, under the Appellate Division. Also list of cases now pending:—

E. LEROY WILLIS
Raid, conviction for third offence, Jan. 28, 1916, appealed.

Raid, conviction for first offence, Feb. 8, 1916; fined \$50.00; appealed.

Freight shed case, conviction first offence, Mar. 8, 1916; fined \$50.00; appealed.

Raid, conviction for first offence, March 8, 1916; fined \$50.00; appealed.

Raid, first offence, now before the Magistrate.

EDWARD DALTON

Raid, conviction, second offence, Jan. 18, 1916, fined \$100; appealed.

Replevin case on above, now before Judge Crockett.

Raid, conviction, first offence, Feb. 14, 1916, fined \$50.00; appealed.

Selling, first offence, now before the Magistrate.

Selling, first offence, now before the Magistrate.

JOHN FALKOSKIE

Selling, first offence, now before the Magistrate.

AGENT, CAN. EXPRESS CO.
Seizure, conviction first offence, Feb. 14, 1916; fined \$50.00; appealed.

This Supreme Court is composed of Judges McLeod, Waite and Grimmer, and they meet five times a year, the next session being the second Tuesday in April. It is their privilege to pass judgment on them then, or if they see fit allow them to stand over until the next session three months hence.

The Dalton replevin suit is being defended under bonds. The prosecution has also applied to have writ set aside, so as to end suit in this way without trial.

This replevin suit has been argued before Judge Crockett by Mr. Powell, and the Judge suspended judgment until Tuesday next, March 14th. The only point in which the Judge expressed doubt as to the application is that the seizure included non-intoxicating liquors.

The liquor seized in these cases is held under the order of the Police Magistrate, by the Constable who made the seizure, and if the Police Magistrate issues a destroying order while the cases are on appeal, he does so at his own risk, and all concerned are liable for damages if appeal succeeds.

But if responsible security is given the Magistrate against such damages, our solicitor, Mr. Davidson, would suggest the Police Magistrate issue destroying order, but cannot compel him to do so.

Might state that the liquors held at present are worth from \$2000 to \$3000, and the total security would require to be in the vicinity of \$5000. It is highly important that the liquors now held be quickly disposed of, and any assistance you can render will be greatly appreciated.

Should you require any further information, shall be pleased to furnish same at your request.

Yours truly,

C. C. HAYWARD,

Chairman of Police Committee

The coming town elections were discussed. Rev. Mr. MacArthur recommended that the League take the active course as last year—bring out no ticket, but encourage good men to run and support those who pledge themselves right.

Father Dixon said a Committee should be formed to find out who will run and to decide if present councillors had done their duty.

Ald. Stables said that Ald. Hayward would offer again, and so would he. He had kept his pledges. Had attended all possible meetings. One of the aldermen had stayed home on two important occasions when his vote might have amounted to a very great deal. He said he was sick on one occasion, but he could be at the door at six o'clock.

Several speakers cordially endorsed Ald. Hayward and Stables.

Father Dixon said pledging of candidates should not be left to the last minute.

Ald. Stuart said that a public meeting should be held before Nomination Day to hear the candidates, as well as one afterwards to receive their pledges.

Rev. Mr. MacArthur agreed that two meetings should be held, one before and one after Nomination Day, and moved, seconded by Rev. Mr. Richardson, that the committee of arrangement—Messrs. Troy, McCurdy, Stables—make arrangements for the two meetings, as well as for a meeting to be addressed by Donald Fraser, Jr., and Rev. W. D. Wilson.

Next regular meeting of League besides the three special meetings intended, will be on Thursday evening, April 13th. Public are welcome at all meetings.

There was a very interesting discussion at this meeting, but for lack of space, we are compelled to greatly abridge the report.

Found

In Blackville, a lady's handbag, containing a small sum of money. Owner can have same by proving properly.

JAMES ASTLES,
Quarryville, N. B.

12-1pd

Spring Impurities
in the Blood

A Tonic Medicine is a Necessity
at This Season.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an all year round tonic, blood-builder and nerve-restorer. But they are especially valuable in the spring when the system is loaded with impurities as a result of the indoor life of the winter months. There is no other season when the blood is so much in need of purifying and enriching, and every dose of these Pills helps to make new, rich, red blood. In the spring one feels weak and tired—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give strength. In the spring the appetite is often poor—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills develop the appetite, tone the stomach and aid weak digestion. It is in the spring that poisons in the blood find an outlet in disgusting pimples, eruptions, and boils—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills speedily clear the skin because they go to the root of a fine trouble in the blood. In the spring anaemia, nervousness, headache, palpitations and many other troubles are most persistent because of poor, weak blood, and it is at this time when all nature takes on new life that the blood most seriously needs attention. Some people dose themselves with purgatives at this season, but those merely gallop through the system, emptying the bowels, but it does not cure anything. On the other hand, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood, which reaches every nerve and organ in the body, bringing new strength, new health and vigor to weak, easily tired men, women and children. Try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills this spring—they will not disappoint you.

You can get these health-renewing Pills through any medicine dealer or by mail post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

REMEMBER DOLLAR DAY, Mar. 28

Red Cross Society

A BEAN SUPPER
Will be held in
KIRK HALL
Thursday, March 16th.

Under the auspices of the Surgical Branch, Red Cross Society

Supper Served from
5 to 7 o'clock

Admission and Supper 25c.
The "Tested and Tried" Book of Recipes, compiled by the Surgical Committee will be on sale. PRICE 25c

Also Home-made Candy

Opera House

ONE NIGHT ONLY
Mon., March 20th.
Geo. McManus' Whirlwind
Success

"BRINGING
UP
FATHER"
Musical Comedy Triumph of the Age

New Vendor of School Books...
The lady who left her home a few days ago in company with a married man who had deserted his wife is back home with her husband. The male eloper did not fare so well.

L. Grossman & Son

All Doctors of Miramichi say that the best thing to eat in Lent is
FISH

If you want GOOD FISH go to L. Grossman & Son next door to Dr. Sproul's.

FRESH HALIBUT, PICKLED SALMON, KIPPERED HERRING, BLOATERS, FINNAN HADDIE, PICKLED HERRING AND NO. 1 COD FISH.

Any time you want a change, try a good piece of Ontario Beef, which you can always get at our Store.

L. Grossman & Son

WINTER CLOTHING

WE CARRY A FULL STOCK OF

Ladies' Fur Coats
" Fur Collar Coats
" Fur Lined Coats

Men's Coon Coats
" Clipped Goat Coats
" Dog Skin Coats
" Fur Collar Coats

A good assortment of Fur Robes at Reasonable Prices

THE MIRAMICHI FARM IMPLEMENT CO., LTD.

Newcastle - Tracadie - Rogersville - Neguac

New English Goods IMPORTED DIRECT

This week we are opening up some beautiful new materials of every description all thoroughly "British" made.

We especially feature the New "Wash Goods", they are exceptionally good values and you will note that prices are almost as low as ever before.

We are doing our utmost to give our customers the best possible value. Months ago we placed our orders for these new materials when prices were much lower than we could buy for now. Call every day at the store and you will always find something new to interest you.

NOTE: The new Northway Suits, Coat-Dresses and Skirts have arrived and are on exhibition in our Mantle Dept. While stocks are complete is the best time to buy, for you will not be able to get such good values again.



WHERE THE GOOD GOODS COME FROM

LAKE'S SPECIAL SALE OF SHOE PACKS

Men's Draw Strings 6 inch tops, sizes 6, 7, 8, for \$2.75
Men's Regular Sewed \$1.75 and \$2.00
Indian Moccasins .90c.
Boys size 5 at \$1.25 and 1.50

G. M. LAKE THE HARNESS AND SHOE PACK MAN

All Doctors of Miramichi say that the best thing to eat in Lent is FISH
If you want GOOD FISH go to L. Grossman & Son next door to Dr. Sproul's.
FRESH HALIBUT, PICKLED SALMON, KIPPERED HERRING, BLOATERS, FINNAN HADDIE, PICKLED HERRING AND NO. 1 COD FISH.
Any time you want a change, try a good piece of Ontario Beef, which you can always get at our Store.
L. Grossman & Son



Assessors' Notice

The Assessors of Rates for the Town of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland, hereby give notice to every person and Body Corporate liable for assessment within the said Town, to furnish the assessors, within thirty days of the date hereof, with a written detailed statement duly sworn to, of Real and Personal Estate and Income for which they are liable to be assessed within the said Town.

Blank forms for statements may be had from the assessors or at the Town Office.

ASSESSMENT FOR 1916

Table with 2 columns: Item and Amount. Includes Town-Park and Fire, Police & Street Lighting, Schools, Public Works, Contingencies, Sinking Fund, Interest, Sewerage, County-Schools, Pauper Lunatics, Contingencies, Alms House, and Total.

C. E. FISH
GEO. F. McWILLIAM
J. H. PHINNEY,
Assessors

Dated at Newcastle, Mar. 8th 1916
11-4

Apples.....

Apples.....
--A SUPPLY OF--

Gravenstein
Bishop Pippins
Baldwins and Spys

On hand which are being sold cheap by the barrel. Place a barrel of these apples in your cellar now while the price is low.

H. W. BRIGHTMAN
THE BAKERY
NEWCASTLE, N. B.

Opening of the Provincial Legislature

(Continued from page 2) Hon. Dr. Landry submitted the reports on Schools, Hotel Dieu Hospital, Tracadie, St. Basil Hospital and that of the Chancellor of the University of New Brunswick.

J. Douglas Black was appointed official reporter and was assigned a seat on the floors of the House. Hon. Mr. Murray moved that the committee to nominate standing committees consist of Hon. Messrs. Murray, Baxter and Landry, and Messrs. Swim and Dugal.

The House adjourned at 5.15 o'clock Friday afternoon. Lt. Col. P. A. and F. B. Black, M. L. A.'s were given an ovation.

T. J. Carter, M. L. A. T. J. Carter of Victoria, continued the debate on the address. He said that one polling district in his county had sent 22 of its 28 men to the front. He spoke strongly against the proposed prohibition bill, and alleged that Donald Fraser, Jr., of the Dominion Alliance was using the temperance movement to further his own political ends.

Mr. P. G. Mahoney, M. L. A. Mr. P. G. Mahoney, M. L. A., followed in an excellent address regarding school taxes.

Mr. F. D. Swim, M. L. A. Mr. F. D. Swim, M. L. A., followed in congratulating Mr. Speaker whose decisions he believed will be fair and honorable on all occasions.

Regarding sheep raising, he believed that there was no industry which gave such opportunity for development in this province as this one. There was, however, to be considered the dog nuisance and if the industry was to be successfully developed something would have to be done to eradicate the troubles which now came to persons engaged in sheep industry from dogs.

He believed that dogs which were in many cases ill fed did a great deal towards spreading disease. Regarding classification of timber lands, he wished to point out that this matter had originated with the former government, and if carried out in a proper manner, would, no doubt, be beneficial.

When the bill in this regard, and providing for a renewal of timber licenses, was brought down a resolution had been introduced by his colleague, Mr. Stewart, who was ill in Victoria hospital, Montreal, but who, he was pleased to say, was now recovering and expected to be able to take his seat in the House before the end of the session.

PERSONALS

Mrs. S. Cleveland is visiting in Albert Co. Mr. and Mrs. T. V. Tozer, of Campbellton, were in town Thursday. Mrs. M. Lchan of Westville is the guest of Mrs. J. M. Falconer.

Mrs. W. W. Cormier and Miss Nellie McEachern are visiting in Boston. Mrs. John Bastin, of Rogersville, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Richard Wood.

Miss Ida Irving, of St. John visited her father, Deputy Sheriff Wm. Irving last week. Mrs. John McTavish of Crossville is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Geo. McKay.

R. W. McLellan, of Fredericton, was in town Friday, guest of his sister, Mrs. John Russell. Mr. and Mrs. Joe Linton are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a new boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Rebt. Linsley have gone to New York to visit their daughter, Mrs. Fred Witherell. Pte. Wm. Ashford went to St. John on Wednesday to enter a convalescent home for returned soldiers.

Daniel Gills, recently a clerk at the Miramichi Hotel, has joined the 21st Highlanders at Sydney, N. S. Miss Ursula Appleby, of Boston, who has been visiting her home in Nelson, is spending a few days in town.

Pte. F. C. Hibbert, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John McCormack a few days, has returned to Camp Sussex. Mrs. Frederick Unkos, of St. John, and Mrs. Guy LePrank, of Montreal, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Russell.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Morrissey and Dr. and Mrs. P. F. Duffy returned last week from their trip to Montreal. Mrs. MacMichael of West Branch, N. B., who spent the winter with her son, J. E. R. MacMichael, returned home last week with her son. P. MacMichael, who was here a few days.

J. E. Watters, son of Wm. Watters a former Newcastle resident, who for some time has been sergeant dispenser with the 10th Battalion at Sussex, has been appointed sergeant of the battalion hospital with rank as senior member of the staff connected therewith.

Recruiting Committees Resume Meetings

(Continued from page 1) are seeking legislation at Fredericton to help recruiting, and it was up to the West Northumberland Committee to do all possible to assist. Recruiting Officer Davidson said that the 132nd needed 1145 men of all ranks. About 900 were enrolled now.

A. A. Davidson submitted a circular letter from Lt. Col. Guthrie asking that this committee appoint a member on the proposed Provincial Committee of 30 strong, successful business men, capable of dealing with men, and willing to devote at least one day per month of their time to active recruiting, attending Committee meetings, etc., at their own expense.

These 30 would form a Board of Directors, with the Chief Recruiting Officer of the Province as Secretary. The first meeting of such committee would be in Fredericton on the 15th instant at 5 p. m. It was now the duty of this committee, said Mr. Davidson, to choose a man as Lt. Col. Guthrie asks for.

He would propose Mr. Clarke, Mr. Clarke had thorough knowledge of the voluntary recruiting methods employed in Britain and would be just the man for Col. Guthrie's committee. Mr. Clarke said that he would be perfectly willing to undertake the task, but did not think he knew the country well enough. He thought Mr. Davidson the better man.

Messrs. Davidson and Clarke both being nominated, the Committee commissioning both to attend the meeting. J. W. Davidson brought up the urgency of going into the county to get recruits. Few were coming in lately. Some dozen had enlisted as the result of his personal canvassing the middle of December. From then till February 20th, 75 had enlisted for the 132nd, Grenadiers, and the St. John and Quebec artillery. March 1st there were 2 recruits and only one since.

It appeared to him that the men who have most at stake in this County were not behind the Recruiting Committee. The record of these men he spoke of had been thrown up to him in the recruiting room. A man had told him he would try to stop his son from enlisting, for if he came home crippled he would have nothing to keep him, while the sons of well-to-do men who would have a bank account to fall back on, if disabled, were not enlisting.

A recruit had been offered \$15 a month extra pay to stay at work for his employer. After another man had come to ask him about recruiting, he had been offered 50 cents a day more to go to work. We have boys but there, said Mr. Davidson—God knows whether they will ever come back again—who want help, and that is the help we are giving them!

He had track of some men eligible for recruiting, and he would like to get away a day now and then about three days in all—to go after them. Chatham had recruited 23 men in the western part of the County in the last fortnight. He thought that soldiers familiar with the place should go, with an officer, to recruit their friends.

Start the New Year Right... and trade at the Red Store in rear of the Post Office, where you will find a full line of the Choicest Groceries, Provisions, Crockeryware Etc. and at Lowest Prices. It will pay you to give us a call when in need of any of the above lines.

THOS. RUSSELL RED STORE Rear Post Office. Phone 79 Stationery A FULL LINE OF Tablets Envelopes Papeteries In fact everything in Staple Stationery always in stock FOLLANSBEE & CO. DON'T FORGET DOLLAR DAY

WHEN BABY IS ILL

The chairman said he did not see how anyone could object to Mr. Davidson leaving his office, occasionally, when he saw a chance of getting recruits by doing so, as he had a substitute, in his son, to keep the office open. Mr. Clarke said that the Recruiting initiative should come from the provincial government. The Recruiting Committee should be authorized to visit houses officially, and to find out what is preventing enlisting.

After further discussion on ways and means, the committee adjourned till Friday evening, 17th instant, to hear reports of the delegates to Fredericton, before deciding officially upon their recruiting campaign.

When baby is ill no other medicine will so quickly relieve him as will Baby's Own Tablets. They go right to the root of most childhood ailments—those derangements of the stomach and bowels which cause difficult teething, colds, constipation, vomiting and simple fevers. They cleanse the bowels and sweeten the stomach and drive out all cause of illness. Concerning them Mrs. Wm. Evers, Gilks, N. B., says: "We always keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house as we have found them an excellent medicine for little ones."

The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Gloucester's Population Increasing In Gloucester last year there were 266 marriages, 1404 births and 582 deaths—net increase of population, 822. For lack of space, much local news is held over.

END STOMACH TROUBLE, GASES OR DYSPEPSIA "Pape's Diapepsin" makes Sick, Sour, Gassy Stomachs surely feel fine in five minutes. If what you just ate is souring on your stomach or lies like a lump of lead, refusing to digest, or you belch gas and eructate sour, indigestible food, or have a feeling of dizziness, heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in mouth and stomach-headache, you can get blessed relief in five minutes. Put an end to stomach trouble forever by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder. It's the quickest, surest stomach doctor in the world. It's wonderful.

MacMILLAN'S SHOE STORE We have a few of our Ladies Dongola Boots that we had marked down to \$1.75, sizes 3, 3 1/2 that will be sold for \$1.00. A line of Misses Dongola Boots will be sold for \$1.00 and a Childs Dongola Boot, sizes 9 and 10 will be sold for 85c. A line of Men's Invictus Patent Boot that has been selling for \$3.00 will be sold for \$2.00. An Invictus Vici Kid Boot which we have been selling for \$4.50 we will sell for \$2.00. A few pairs of Little Gents Box Kid Boots will be sold for \$1.00 as well as a few other lines of bargains. Come in and inspect our lines on Dollar Day.

St. Patrick's Day AT THE OPERA HOUSE, NEWCASTLE The St. Mary's Church Choir will on Thursday and Friday March 16th and 17th give their annual Concert at the Opera House.

By special arrangement with the Chicago Manuscript Company, whose property the Play is, they are enabled to stage one of the prettiest plays ever written, namely, the "Charity Girl" With several Specialties suitable to the occasion the public may justly anticipate an exceptionally "good time." Children will not be admitted on Friday the 17th. Doors open at 7.15 p. m. Performance commences at 8 o'clock.

Entrance 25c. Reserved Seats 50c. Children on Thursday night 15c. Tickets for sale at the stores of Messrs. Durick, and Morris, and at the door on entering

A Few Bargains COODS we want to clear out before Spring REG. PRICE NOW ALUMINUM KETTLES 4.15 3.25 ALUMINUM PRESERVING KETTLES 1.80 1.25 ALUMINUM PRESERVING KETTLES, (COVERED) 1.80 1.25 ALUMINUM COVERED SAUCE PANS 1.05 .80 ALUMINUM LIPPED SAUCE PANS .65 .50 ALUMINUM LIPPED SAUCE PANS .50 .35 ALUMINUM DOUBLE BOILERS 1.75 1.35 WE have not a large quantity of any of the above lines but wish to clear out the whole lot, and for this reason have made prices very low. D. W. STOTHART, Newcastle, N. B.

Notice Of Meeting The married ladies and young girls are requested to attend a meeting of the Ladies' Patriotic and Recruiting Association in the Town Hall at 7.30 o'clock on Monday evening, the 20th inst. The object of the meeting is to organize more fully the Association, and to add new members to the list. The rules are: First—to assist the Men's Recruiting Committee in any way that may be required; Second—to get up receptions and entertainments for the returned wounded; Third—always to talk in favor of recruiting when the occasion presents itself.

H. F. McKINLEY GENERAL MERCHANT McKinleyville, - N. B. FULL LINE OF Groceries and General Merchandise ALWAYS ON HAND All orders received by mail given prompt attention. Carload of Feed and Flour has just arrived. 15-1r.

-DOLLAR DAY BARGAINS AT- MacMILLAN'S SHOE STORE We have a few of our Ladies Dongola Boots that we had marked down to \$1.75, sizes 3, 3 1/2 that will be sold for \$1.00. A line of Misses Dongola Boots will be sold for \$1.00 and a Childs Dongola Boot, sizes 9 and 10 will be sold for 85c. A line of Men's Invictus Patent Boot that has been selling for \$3.00 will be sold for \$2.00. An Invictus Vici Kid Boot which we have been selling for \$4.50 we will sell for \$2.00. A few pairs of Little Gents Box Kid Boots will be sold for \$1.00 as well as a few other lines of bargains. Come in and inspect our lines on Dollar Day. MACMILLAN'S SHOE STORE

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BLACHFORD'S SUGAR and FLAXSEED IN PREPARING HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, OR HOGS FOR THE MARKET, SALE OR SHOW RING The Oil, makes the coat sleek and glossy. The Sugar, makes the feed sweet, increases the appetite, aids digestion, is a great energy producer, and causes the animal to put on flesh and fat rapidly. The Albuminous Compounds enrich the blood, increase the vitality and tone up and strengthen the system. WM. FERGUSON, Fish B'ldg PHONE 144 24

Bread! Bread! With the ever increasing number of people who formerly baked their own Bread, but who now, owing to the high cost of Flour and other reasons, buy it fresh every day, we have been compelled to locate a Bread that would not only be the equal but the superior of any Bread now on the market. We have been rewarded in our efforts by securing from James M. Aird, Montreal, the agency for his famous Breads. These Breads—there are six varieties at present—have no equal in Canada, and a trial shipment has convinced us that they can be landed here in perfect condition. Family Loaf Scotch Honey Loaf Fruit Loaf Pandary Loaf Tipperary Loaf Bermaline Loaf (Whole Wheat) When you buy any one of the six famous James M. Aird loaves you get Bread mixed from the finest flour milled in Canada by the smartest, most reliable baking experts in the country, under most sanitary conditions. Try a loaf and be convinced that what we have told you about this bread is no "dream." We all use Bread—The price is the same—then why not have the best. Arrangements have been made to have this Bread arrive on Maritimes EVERY morning. ARMSTRONG'S THE STORE OF RELIABILITY PHONE 63 PHONE 63

The Rexall Store Enough for several weeks treatment of either Hair Tonic or Shampoo Paste in each Package. Rexall "93" Hair Tonic 50c and \$1.00. Rexall "93" Shampoo Paste, 25c. SOLD ONLY BY Dickison & Troy Druggists & Opticians "The Rexall Stores" Newcastle

CLEARANCE SALE Pungs and two seated Sleighs at 25 per cent. off GIVE U A CALL NEWCASTLE WAGON WORKS. Advertise in The Advocate

If this name is on the barrel you can buy with confidence.



PURITY FLOUR

More Bread and Better Bread

Prohibition a Live Question in Dominion House

Conservative Member Moves and Liberal Ex-Speaker Seconds Demand for Prohibition—How Distillers Could be Compensated.

Ottawa, March 6.—The prohibition discussion was introduced at the opening of the house when H. H. Stevens, Conservative, of Vancouver, moved:

"That in the opinion of the house, at this time when the empire is at war, the conservation of the wealth and the resources of the dominion and the promotion of the efficiency of our nation would be materially aided by the prohibition of the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes and legislation for this purpose should be enacted forthwith."

The resolution was seconded by ex-Speaker Charles Marcell, Liberal, of Bonaventure.

Mr. Stevens said he made his motion as a war measure. He was aware that a great many members of the house disliked the issue that he was presenting to them and claimed it was unwise to introduce legislation of this kind. But the speaker held that when a large proportion of the people of Canada demanded consideration be given a certain problem, parliament dare not say them nay.

The Vancouver member then reviewed the liquor situation in the different provinces. Ontario was two thirds dry, 572 municipalities being so classed while 279 were wet. For the so-called wet provinces, the three fifth clause was largely responsible. Belleville, Brantford, Port Arthur, Sarnia, Woodstock and Whitby being municipalities which had given majorities in favor of local option but not large enough to come within the three fifth provision. The provincial government of Ontario, however, had now introduced a measure of total prohibition.

Quebec was three fourths dry, 906 municipalities being without liquor licenses as compared with 237 where liquor was sold. The province of Quebec, however, was according to the statement of its premier, also working toward prohibition.

In New Brunswick 80 per cent of the population were dry. Eleven counties were under the Canada Temperance Act, while seven were still wet. In Nova Scotia there were eighteen dry counties and only one where liquor was sold. Halifax, and that would soon be dry, too. Prince Edward Island was the only all dry province in the dominion.

In Manitoba eighty seven municipalities were dry and seventy one wet, and provincial prohibition would be voted on in the province this week. Saskatchewan was practically under prohibition, liquor being sold only in some twenty government shops. These shops were also gradually being voted out. Alberta has gone dry. The British Columbia provincial government had introduced a law for provincial prohibition.

Mr. Stevens said that he had been receiving literature signed "Personal Liberty League" which was being circulated with a view to creating a feeling that individual rights were being attacked. "These persons," he said, "are asking for personal license, not personal liberty. They are asking freedom to do those things which may be injurious to society as a whole. There is no such thing as personal liberty apart from social responsibility." It had been argued that the question of prohibition should not be advanced while the soldiers were absent from the country. He did not think that the men at the front would object to action which would make for efficiency behind them at home. At the same time he proposed that in legislation which might be brought forward pro-

vision should be made for a compensating vote when the soldiers came home, for instance, a year after the end of the war.

Coming to the subject of compensation for those engaged in the manufacture of liquor, Mr. Stevens said that the capital invested in breweries and distilleries in Canada was \$43,237,000, as compared with \$1,294,000,000 in other industries and that the number of persons employed in the breweries and distilleries of the country was 4,688. He suggested that the Canadian government might solve the question of compensation by following the example of the British government and taking over the distilleries for the purpose of alcohol for medicinal and industrial purposes. He pointed out that a gallon of alcohol was equal to a gallon of gasoline for power production and that alcohol could be used in internal combustion engines in place of the gasoline and petrol now imported. Moreover, the manufacture of denatured alcohol for industrial use would provide a use for many products now wasted on the farms of the country.

Mr. Stevens held that the argument that the question should be left to the provinces was only a subterfuge. In 1898 when a plebiscite was carried it was not acted upon for the reason that all the provinces were not ready for prohibition. Now the provinces had got into line. The provinces, however, could not prohibit the importation and manufacture of alcoholic liquors. Therefore there was a demand for "implementing" legislation by the federal parliament. Mr. Stevens expressed a hope that the house would adopt the resolution and that the government would present legislation to parliament this session and provide for a confining plebiscite a year after the end of the war. It should also take steps to nationalize the manufacture of alcohol for medicinal purposes.

Hon. Charles Marcell seconded the motion. He announced that he was a convert to the cause of prohibition. He had voted against prohibition in the past. He felt, however, that in view of the great cost of carrying out Canada's part in the war, in view of the attitude of the people of his own constituency and of the action taken by the provinces that parliament had a mandate to act and to act promptly.

Mr. Marcell said that in the year ending March 31, 1915, the expenditure in Canada on spirits, wines and malt liquors amounted to \$87,531,654 or \$10.84 per head of the population. He said that as long as the manufacture and importation of liquor was permitted it would be impossible for the provinces to put down the traffic. Therefore, he thought that the dominion parliament should act. He felt, moreover, that if a prohibition measure were put into force for three years, it would never be repealed.

Parliament, said Mr. Marcell, had dealt with the question of prohibition many times, and had never said "No" to it. Parliament had, in fact, agreed to the principle of prohibition and in 1898 a referendum had been submitted to the country. The electors had, unfortunately, not taken that interest in the issue which might have been expected, only half of the voters had voted. However, the net result had been a majority of 14,000 in favor of prohibition. Quebec province had, unfortunately, returned a large majority against it, of 94,344 votes, and as a result of its determined opposition the government of the day had decided not to introduce a prohibitory measure.

immense progress had, however, since been made by Quebec. Out of 73 provincial constituencies 42 were now dry. Mr. Marcell was satisfied that if a referendum were submitted tomorrow in Quebec, prohibition would be adopted by an overwhelming majority.

Mr. Marcell told of the progress toward prohibition in the United States, France and Russia, and said that Germany had since the war begun, reduced the production of beer fifty per cent. The time might come, he asserted, when England would have to deal drastically with the liquor problem. If Britain were defeated in the war its downfall would be due to inherent weaknesses due to the liquor traffic. He felt that it was the bounden duty of parliament to give prohibition a trial not only for economic reasons but on the moral ground.

"Our age prevents many of us from doing what we should like to do in this crisis," he continued, "but there is one thing we can do and I intend to do. I intend to give my vote and my influence and my work to retrieve what I did in 1898. I am glad to say that twenty years have ripened my vision and to assert that it is the bounden duty of this parliament to bring in prohibition at least during the war, to let the boys who are going to the front feel that there are doing something for the cause, that we are going away with all these luxuries and all that is unnecessary."

After several other pro and con had spoken, the debate adjourned.

MODERN WAR BLUDGEONS

A modern war with modern weapons (other preposterous) or like stage talk. Prior to the great convulsion in Europe any one suggesting such an event, even between semi-civilized countries, would be roundly ridiculed. Yet, this greatest of all wars is, to a very great extent, being waged with no less primitive weapons than the ancient equally war-dreaded and the nearly equally ancient hand grenade.

With high power rifles that will kill a man at two miles distant, machine guns of almost equal range and firing a steady sheet of bullets, nearly 1,000 to the minute, and slugs that can destroy the most modern and impregnable forts from a distance of more than twelve miles and within a few hours, it will seem impossible for the men themselves to get even within sight of each other. But, the construction of trenches has been so developed that each army has been able to creep forward through the trenches toward its enemy while the air above is alive with millions of deadly bullets. At points, the first line trenches of the enemies are often less than fifty yards apart. From this point the hand bombs are thrown over the trenches toward the other, just as the men themselves are thrown over the trench toward the other.

The men of these front line trenches are armed with long heavy clubs with an extra-shaped head, thickly studded with nails and spikes, besides their bayoneted rifles. When over chance offers, a man with a club will slip stealthily from his trench, like an Indian, squirm his way across the intervening fifty yards, reach out a "fence" in the enemy trench, club him over the head, and drag him back a prisoner, or, if he cannot take his prisoner he will club hard enough to kill. How is it done? That will have to be told by each individual soldier, according to his own experience. It is desperately dangerous work and there are many hair breadth escapes and not a few meat death or serious injury in the attempt.

Around Erzerum

(New York Sun)

The strategy of the Grand Duke Nicholas presents no difficult problem. It may be assumed that he will endeavor to take Trebizond with as little delay as possible. Its possession is necessary to the security of Erzerum. Whatever Russia's intentions with regard to Constantinople may be, to push an army south from Erzerum by way of Diarbekr to Nisibin on the route of the Baghdad railway seems imperative. The distance from Erzerum is about 200 miles, as the crow flies. Success in the operation would put an end to the Turkish campaign in Mesopotamia and the Baghdad corps engaged with the British at Kut-el-Amara would be out of it if it did not fall back in time.

It should be remembered, however, that Aleppo is only 200 miles southwest of Nisibin, and Aleppo is the headquarters for the German-Turkish preparations to invade Egypt. At that point there is a large concentration of troops, and heavy reinforcements would naturally be hurried east to strike the Russians at Nisibin. The fall of Erzerum will halt the Egyptian enterprise probably, but there should be a tremendous fight for the Baghdad railway route.

War Means Universal Ruin

(Rudyard Kipling, in Toronto Globe. "We are passing through dark, damp days, which are not good for the soul.")

"I have known some black moments—doubtless shall know worse. The German is exploiting all the psychological factors he is capable of undertaking, and his press just now is engaged in the idea of a motionless and unbeatable Michael, straddled across Europe and disdant of his little enemies. The idea in beginning to penetrate the Teuton's head that this is not a war of victories, but a war of extermination for his species. We in Britain, are better informed on this point, than we were a year ago."

"When a whole nation goes into the trenches there can be no victories, there can only be killing, and at least three nations desire greedily that the Teuton be killed in retail sin—he cannot be killed in wholesale. The German cannot withdraw from his present lines. He dare not, because he would have to explain that action to his own people. He must use himself up gradually either by advances and winning victories or by staying where he is."

"And when he is used up there will be very little of the German problem to settle. That is the end where the destinies are forcing us despite all the efforts we have made to avoid it. The question of indemnity to Germany has disappeared by the force of facts. If she claimed one, it would be cheaper to continue killing. If she demands peace without indemnity returning to the status quo, what guarantee will there be that as soon as civilization is restored, she will not throw herself on us again. The moral law directing her life compels her to do so."

"That is why her shells cannot be allowed to go to sea again. She cannot wage any more war than she is now waging, because she is engaged on all possible fronts. She can defend and consolidate her conquests, but what need is consolidation, when she has to perpetually throw men into the fringe of the burning all around her?"

"Allah has decreed that she shall perish by her own act, from the consequence of the law that she professes, and through her own temperament. If the allies had won five or six months ago, they would have left Germany still capable of resisting her lines."

"No Germany will remain. It may sound extravagant, but all that will remain will be a few people living on the eternal defensive in moral, social and political trenches. Granting Germany favors a defensive impossible to break, an influx of food-stuffs which cannot be stopped, a people indefinitely enthusiastic for war—even then, we must hold on—France who has had the flesh of her flesh, Britain with her half million losses and about to pay more, Russia with her dead impossible to count."

"All the rats are before us in the same ditch, and as far as Britain and the empire are concerned, we can put as many men into the line in France to hold the Teutons as the French have."

"Regarding the financial situation, if I were younger I would say a immense wave of prosperity follows every war, but I leave that thesis to people twenty years younger and accept the commoner belief that universal ruin awaits us. But when the whole world is materially ruined, each nation shall be as rich as its neighbor."

"I imagine that in Britain where small subscribers are not numerous a certain proportion of the debt will be simply effaced or repudiated for the just reason that men rich enough to lend big sums to the state are rich enough to lose them. It is immoral but we should only laugh, and so would even the rich man thus forced to lose."

"Perhaps they would receive titles of nobility, a compensation that would be an amicable and practical substitute for our national sobriety."

"Anyhow we shall see funny finances, and the spectacle of central Europe administered like an estate for the benefit of France, Russia, Italy, Serbia, Montenegro, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, Canada, South Africa, India and Lelgitan."

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF, HAIR STOPS FALLING

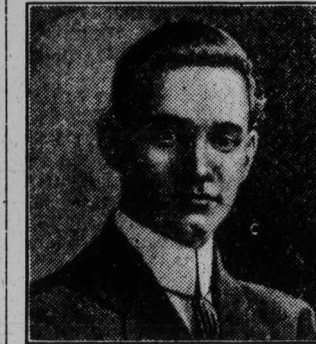
Save your Hair! Get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine right now—Also stops itching scalp.

This, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf. There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store. You surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Save your hair! Try it!

TOOK THE ADVICE OF HIS FRIEND

Stomach Trouble and Rheumatism Relieved By "Fruit-a-tives"



MR. L. LABRIE

594 Champlain St., Montreal.

"I have been restored to health by taking 'Fruit-a-tives'. For two years, I was a miserable sufferer from Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble. I became very weak, had frequent dizzy spells and when I took food, felt wretched and sleepy. I suffered from Rheumatism dreadfully, with pains in my back and joints and my hands swollen."

A friend advised me to try 'Fruit-a-tives' and from the outset, they did me good. After I had started the second box, I felt I was getting well and I persevered in the treatment. I can truthfully say that 'Fruit-a-tives' is the only medicine that helped me."

LOUIS LABRIE.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" is the famous medicine made from Fruit Juices. 50c. a box, \$ for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all druggists or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.



SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties: Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader on good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C. M. G., Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388. 49-6mos.

EDDY'S

WHEN MATCHES ARE WANTED

benefit of France, Russia, Italy, Serbia, Montenegro, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, Canada, South Africa, India and Lelgitan."

Canada Had 59,000 Troops in 1914

The report of the militia council for the last fiscal year, shows that the total number of troops trained in Canada during the summer just prior to the outbreak of the war at militia camps or at local headquarters was 59,000.

ADVERTISING THAT DOES PAY

The class of advertising that pays, and pays well, is that which you see in the clean, well-printed paper, where the type is new and bold, each line showing up nice and clear. The kind that has both individuality and originality. There is a marked distinction between this class of advertising and the kind you see in the poorly printed papers where originality does not exist in their composition. The originality and individuality in the make-up, and the air of professionalism about the advertisements in

THE UNION ADVOCATE

are among the most noticeable features of the advertising columns of this paper. Advertisers are wise to this, and that is one of the foremost reasons why all the larger display ads. are inserted in The Advocate.

There is another very important reason why The Advocate is being used so extensively as an advertising medium, and that is in relation to circulation. The large circulation which The Advocate now has, is a well distributed one among the class of people who read advertisements—not made up of people who take no particular interest in reading either advts. or news matter, and simply placed on to swell the lists. They are bona fide paid up subscribers, and judging by the increased advertising patronage of The Advocate during the past few months, they are desirable ones.

The Advocate in its persistent endeavor to make itself popular with the reading public of the North Shore, is now realizing the good fruits of its determined efforts; and in making itself felt wanted by the people, and gradually winning its way into their homes, it is also increasing its power as an advertising medium, and is carrying to the 10,000 people who read it, the weekly messages of bargains, etc., from the advertisers who patronize its columns. They reach all of the people all of the time.

The Better Kind OF PRINTING

It does not cost any more to have good stock and ink used in the production of your stationery than to have the same turned out on inferior stock and cheap ink used. Quality is the main feature in stationery, for there is nothing that makes a man's business look so cheap as the use of cheap paper. You want a smart, snappy letter head, on first quality stock that will make a strong bodied ink stand out—something original and up-to-date, so that when the wholesale dealer receives it, he will know, by its appearance, the kind of man he is dealing with, and you may bet he takes notice of this little detail. Do away with that old rubber stamp—it's cheap, alright, but too much so for YOUR business.

There is not a cheap sheet of paper used in the production of printing at The Advocate Job Dept. unless it is the wrapping paper, and then if you will examine that carefully, you will find it of superior quality. Our bonds and notes are picked. We do not buy Job lots because we can get them cheap. We stock only the goods we can assure our patrons a repeat order on, and not have to offer him something "just as good." We carry lines to suit every business, and prices to match. We also carry envelopes to match our bonds, and patrons have no trouble in selecting a suitable stock for their printing. Our inks are also graded, and bought to match each quality of stock used. Patrons who are now having their printing done here, know the truth of these words.

Good stock and high grade ink, harmonized with a touch of that originality and individuality found only in practical printers who make a practice of keeping in touch with all the latest ideas, all tend to make the work turned out of The Advocate Job Dept. superior to all others. Samples of stock and printed prices mailed upon request.

We Specialize on Fine Half-tone and Color Work, Book and Catalogue Printing.

THE UNION ADVOCATE

Phone 23 NEWCASTLE, N. B. Box 359

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Cynthia's Chauffeur

By LOUIS TRACY
Copyright by McLeod & Allen, Toronto

(Continued)

Cynthia stole a glance at Mrs. Devar's round figure and laughed. She did not help it, though she blushed furiously as what she deemed an involuntary exclamation came from her lips.

"Oh, it sounds funny, I have no doubt," said the other, placidly good-natured, "but I really meant it at the moment. You have met Count Edouard Marigny, haven't you?"

"Yes, in Paris last month. In fact—"

Cynthia hesitated. She had scarcely recovered from the excitement of the racing and was not choosing her words quite happily. Mrs. Devar, still smiling, ended the sentence.

"In fact, it was he who recommended me to Mr. Varenne as your chauffeur. Yes, my dear Monsieur Marigny and I are old friends. He and my son are inseparable when Captain Devar is in Paris. Well, as I was saying, the Count offered to take me up to his ballroom, L'Etoile, and I was ready to go but the weather became stormy and an ascent from the Vebo was impossible, or highly dangerous, at any rate."

Mrs. Devar cultivated the high pitched voice that she regarded as the hallmark of good breeding, and in that silent rush down hill, Medenham could not avoid hearing each syllable. It was certainly pleasing to listen to Cynthia's praise of his car, and he was wroth with the other woman for wrenching the girl's thoughts away so promptly from a topic dear to his heart. Therein he erred, for the gods were kind to him. Little recking how valuable was the information he had just been given, he slackened his speed somewhat, and laced back in the seat.

"We are nearing Reigate now," he remarked with half turned head. "The town begins on the other side of the tunnel. Which hill do you wish to stop at for tea?"

"It seems to be that I have barely ended lunch," said Cynthia. "Shall we cut out our old-world Reigate inn, Mrs. Devar, and take tea at Crawley or Handcross?"

"By all means. How well you know the names of the towns and villages. Yet you have never before visited this part of England!"

"We Americans are nothing if not thorough," answered the girl. "I would not be happy if I failed to look up our route on the map. More than that, I note the name of each river we cross and try to identify every range of hills. You must test me and count my mistakes."

Mrs. Devar spread her hands in a gesture copied from her French acquaintances.

"My dear, I am the most ignorant person geographically. She watched his deft manipulation of levers and brakes, and fancied that his hands dwelt on the steering wheel with a caress.

"You have a real lovely automobile, Fitzroy," she said, "and I have a sort of notion that you are devoted to it. May I ask—is it your own car?"

"Cynthia laughed merrily, but made no reply.

Medenham bent over the levers and the car danced on through Reigate. Mrs. Devar impressed him as a despicable type of tuft-hunter. His acquaintance with the species was not extensive; he had read of elderly dowagers who asked out their slender means by introducing the daughters of rich Americans to English society and the thing was not in itself wholly indefensible; but he felt sure that Cynthia Varenne needed no such social sponsor, while the mere bracketing of Count Edouard Marigny with "Jimmy" Devar caused him to regard this unknown Frenchman with a suspicion that was already active enough so far as Mrs. Devar was concerned. And the Marchioness of Belfort, too! A decrepit old

edger with an infallible system for roulette!

Perhaps his mood communicated itself to the accelerator. At any rate, the Mercury seemed to sympathize, and it was a lucky hazard that kept the glorious stretch of road between Reigate and Crawley free of police traps on that memorable Wednesday. The car simply leaped out of Surrey into Essex, the undulating parklands on both sides of the smooth highway appearing to float past in stately procession, and there was a fine gleam in Cynthia's blue eyes when the first check to a splendid run came in the outskirts of Crawley.

She leaned forward and tapped him on the shoulder.

"Too here, please," she said. Then she added, as if it were an after thought, "If you promise to let her rip in that style after we reach the open country again, I shall sit on the front seat."

The words were almost whispered into his ear. Certainly they were not meant to enlighten Mr. Devar, and Medenham, turning, found his face very near the girl's.

"Too brisk!" he answered, and not until both were settled back in their seats did they realize that either had done anything unusual.

Medenham, however, took his cup of tea à la chauffeur, helping himself to bread and butter from plates deposited on the bonnet by a waiting maid.

When the ladies reappeared from the interior of a roadside restaurant he was in his place, ready to start. He did not offer to put them in the car, adjust the wraps, and close the door. If Miss Varenne liked to keep her promise, that was her affair, but no action on his part would hint of prior knowledge that she intended to ride in front.

Nevertheless, he could not repress a smile when he heard Mrs. Devar's distinctly chilly, "Oh, not at all!" in response to Cynthia's polite apology for deserting her until they reached Brighton.

Somewhat, the car underwent a subtle change when the girl took her seat by his side. From a machine quivering with life and power it became a triumphant chariot. By sheer perfection of mechanical energy it had bridged the gulf that lay between the millionaire's daughter and the hired man, since there could be no question that Cynthia Varenne placed Viscount Medenham in no other category. Indeed, his occasional lapses from the demeanor of a lower social grade might well have earned him her marked disfavor, and as there was no shred of personal vanity in his character, he gave all the credit to the sentient creature of steel and iron that was so ready to respond to his touch.

Swayed by an unconscious telepathy, the girl almost interpreted his unspoken thought. She watched his deft manipulation of levers and brakes, and fancied that his hands dwelt on the steering wheel with a caress.

"You have a real lovely automobile, Fitzroy," she said, "and I have a sort of notion that you are devoted to it. May I ask—is it your own car?"

He was on the point of saying something different, but managed to twist the second half of the sentence in time. What would Miss Varenne have thought had he continued: "I sent my chauffeur to England, and on receipt of his report, I had this car shipped within a week?"

There are problems too deep for speculation when a man is guiding a ton of palpitating metal along a hedge-lined road at forty miles an hour. This was one.

Cynthia, knowing nothing of any "new American engine" would rather die than confess her ignorance. Moreover, she was pondering a problem of her own. If it was not his master's car, he might be open to a bargain.

"Simmonds is an old friend of yours, I suppose?" she said.

"Yes, I have known him some years. We were in South Africa together."

"In the war, do you mean?"

"Yes."

"How dreadful! Have you ever killed anybody?"

"Not with petrol, I am happy to state."

There was an eloquent pause. Cynthia examined his reply, and discovered that it covered a good deal of ground. Perhaps, too, it conveyed the least little bit of a snub. Hence, her tone stiffened perceptibly.

"I mentioned Simmonds," she explained, "because I think my father might arrange—to the satisfaction of all parties, of course—that you should carry through this present tour, while Simmonds would come into our service when we return to London."

Medenham laughed. In his way, the compliment was graceful, and well meant, but the utter absurdity of his position was now thrust upon him with overwhelming force.

"I am very much obliged to you, Miss Varenne," he said, venturing to look once more into those alluring eyes, so shy, so daring, so divinely wise and so childishly candid. "If circumstances permitted, there is nothing I would like better than to take you through this Paradise of a June England; but it is quite impossible. Simmonds must bring his car to Bristol, as I positively cannot be absent from town longer than three days."

Cynthia did not pout. She nodded appreciation of the weighty if undescribed business that called Fitzroy and his Mercury back to London, but in her heart she mused at the strangeness of things, and wondered if this smiling man produced many chauffeurs who landed it in such phrases.

Up and down Handcross Hill they whirled, treating that respectable eminence as if it were a snow bump in the path of a flying toboggan. Medenham had rounded the South Downs as a boy, and he was able to point out Chichester Ring, the Devil's Dyke, Ditching Beacon, and the rest of the round shouldered giants that girded the Weald. In the mellow light of a superlatively fine afternoon the red and green—decked too, with ribbons of white roads and tufts of rose laden hedges.

Cynthia forgot many times, and he hardly ever remembered, that he was a chauffeur, and, the ladies, too, were disregarded until the sun sparkled in their eyes as they emerged from the great gap which the Devil forbore to us when he planned to swamp a land of churches by cutting the famous dyke.

Then the girl awoke from a day dream, and the car was stopped on the pretense that this marvelous landscape, must be viewed in silence and at rest. She rejoined Mrs. Devar, and began instantly to expatiate on the beauty of Sussex, so Medenham ran slowly down the hill through Parslovan and Preston into Brighton.

And there, sitting in the wide porch of the Hotel Metropole, was a slim, handsome Frenchman who sprang up with all the vivacity of his race when the Mercury drew up at the steps, dusty after its long run, but circus-spect as though it had just quitted the garage.

"Mrs. Devar, Miss Varenne, what a delightful surprise!" cried the stranger with an accompaniment of wide smiles and hat flourishing. "Who would have thought of meeting you here? None, done, I was mooping in solitude when suddenly the sky opens and you appear."

"Doux ex machina, in fact, Monsieur Marigny," said Cynthia, shaking hands with this overjoyed gentleman.

Mrs. Devar, not understanding winkled loudly.

"We've had a lovely run from town, Count Edouard," she gushed, "and it is just too awfully nice of you to be in Brighton. Now, don't say you have made all sorts of engagements for the evening."

"Such as they are they go by the board, dear lady," said the gallant Count, who had good teeth, and showed them in a succession of grins.

"Tep tomorrow morning, Fitz-

roy," said Cynthia, turning on the steps as she was about to enter the hotel. He lifted his cap.

"The car will be ready, Miss Varenne," said he.

He got down and searched, yes, actually, scowled at a porter who was hauling too strongly at the straps and buckles of the dust-covered trunks.

"Damage: the car's paint, and I'll raise bigger blisters on yours!" was what he said to the man. But his thoughts were on Count Edouard Marigny, and, like the people's discussion of the Derby, they took the form of question and answer.

"When is a coincidence not a coincidence?" he asked himself.

"When it is prearranged," was the answer.

Then he drove round to the yard at the rear of the hotel where Dale awaited him, for Medenham would intrust the cleaning of the car to no other hands.

"You've booked my room at the Grand Hotel and taken my bag there?"

"Yes, my lord."

"Make those people give you the key when the door is locked for the night, and bring the car to my hotel at nine o'clock."

He hurried away, and Dale looked after him.

"Something must be worried his lordship," said the man. "The first time I've ever seen him in a bad temper. Ah! what about Eyot? Three to one the papers say. 'Praps he'll think of it in the morning."

CHAPTER III

Not until he was dressing, and the contents of his pockets were spread on a table, did Medenham remember Dale's commission. It was quite true, as he told Mrs. Devar, that he had backed Vendetta for a small stake on his own account. But that was an after-thought, and the bet was made with another bookmaker at reduced odds. Altogether, including the few sovereigns in his possession at the beginning of the day, he counted nearly fifty pounds in gold, an exceptionally large amount to be carried in England, where considerations of weight alone render banknotes unpalatable. He slipped Dale's money into an envelope, and took thirty pounds to be exchanged for notes by the hotel's cashier. At the same time he wrote a telegram to his father, destroying two drafts before he evolved something that left his story untold while quoting any scruples as to lack of candor. It was not that the Earl would resent his unexpected disappearance after nearly four years' absence from home, because father and son had met in South Africa during the war, and were together in Cannes and Paris subsequently. His difficulty was to explain this freak journey satisfactorily. The Earl of Fairholme held feudal views as to the place occupied in the world by the British aristocracy. His own hot youth was crowded with episodes yet he would be shocked out of his well-fixed cynicism by the notion that his son was gallivanting around the country as the chauffeur of an unconventional American girl and a middle-aged happy like Mrs. Devar.

So Medenham's message was non-committal.

As it was, he was unable to come: Epsom today. Have taken car to Brighton and Bournemouth. Home Saturday, perhaps earlier.

GEORGE

Of course, he meant to fill in details verbally. It was possible in conversation to impart a jesting turn to an adventure which would be unconvincing and ambiguous in the bald phrases of a telegram.

Then he dined, filled a cigarette case from the box of Salonikas, which Tompkinson had not omitted to pack with his clothes, and strolled out, bareheaded, to enrich Dale. He could trust his man absolutely, and was quite sure that the Mercury would then be in the drying stage after a thorough cleansing. Thus far he was justified, but he had not counted on the pride of the born mechanic. Though the car was hosed for the night, when he entered the garage the hood was off, and Dale was annoying two brothers of the craft by explaining the superiority of the engine to any other type of engine.

"Just take a squint at them valves, will you?—ever seen anything like 'em before? Of course you haven't. Don't look like valves, eh? Can you break 'em, can you warp 'em, can you pit 'em. None of your shoulders or kinks to choke it up—is there?—and the same with the exhaust. Would you ever have a mushroom valve-jin after you've once cast your peepers over this arrangement? Now, if I took up acrotting—if I wanted to fly the Channel—"

He stopped abruptly, having seen his master standing in the open doorway.

"By gad, Dale," cried Medenham, "I have never heard your tongue wagging in that fashion before."

Dale was flustered.

"Beg pardon, my lord, but I was only—"

"Only using the cut-out, I fancy. Come here, I want you a minute."

The other chauffeurs suddenly discovered that they had a great business elsewhere. They vanished. Dale thought it necessary to explain.

"One of them chaps has a new French car, my lord, and he was blowing me loudly about it that I had to take him down a peg or two."

Medenham grew interested. Like every keen motorist, he could "talk shop" at all times.

"What sort of car?"

"A 59 Du Vallon, my lord. It is the first of its class in England, and I rather think his gunner is running it for show."

"Indeed. Who is he?"

"A count. Somebody or other, my lord. I did hear his name—"

"Not Count Edouard Marigny?" said Medenham, with a sharp emphasis that startled Dale.

"That's him, my lord, I hope I haven't done anything wrong."

Medenham, early in life, had formed the habit of not expressing his feelings when really vexed, and it stood him in good stead now. Dale's blunder was almost irreparable, yet he could not find it in his heart to blame the man for being an enthusiast.

"You have put me in a dudge of a fix," he said at last. "This Frenchman is acquainted with Miss Varenne. He knows she is here, and will probably see her off in the morning. If his chauffeur recognizes the car he will be sure to speak of it. That gives the whole show away."

"I am very sorry, my lord—"

"Dash it all, there you are again. But it is largely my own fault. I ought to have warned you, though I little expected this sort of a mix-up. In future, Dale, while this trip lasts, you must forget my title. Look here, I have brought you your winnings over Eyot—can't you rig up some sort of a yarn that I am a sporting friend of yours, and that you were just trying to be funny when you addressed me as 'my lord'?"

If you have an opportunity, tell that Count Marigny's man that a driver's job is taken temporarily by a driver named Fitzroy. By the way, it is the chauffeur a Frenchman, too."

"No, my lord—"

Dale caught Medenham's eye, a very odd eye at that instant. "No, sir. He's just a fitter from the London agency."

"Well, we must trust to luck. He may not remember me in my chauffeur's kit, which is beastly uncomfortable, by the way. I must bet you a summer-ride. Here is your money—five to one I took. Don't lose sight of those two fellows, and spend the half sovereign on them. If you can fill that chap with beer tonight he may have a head in the morning that will keep him in bed too late to cause any mischief. When you meet in Bournemouth and Bristol say nothing to anybody about either car or me."

"I'll tank him all right, my lord, I mean, sir," he vowed cheerfully.

Medenham lit a new cigarette, and strolled out of the yard.

From the corner of his eye he saw Marigny's helper looking at him. Without undue exaggeration, he earned his meek, round face, his shoulders, and carried himself with the listless air of a Pileadilly ilder. He reflected, too, that a bare-headed man in evening dress would not readily be identified with a leather coated chauffeur, and Dale, he hoped, was sufficient-

ly endowed with mother wit to frame a story plausible enough to account for his unforeseen appearance. On the whole, the position was not so bad as it seemed in that first moment when the owner of the 59 Du Vallon was revealed in the handsome Count. In any event, what did it matter if his harmless subterfuge were revealed? The girl would surely laugh, while Mrs. Devar would squint. So now for a turn along the front, and then to bed.

It was a perfect June evening, the fitting sequel to a day of unbroken sunshine. A marvelous amber light hovered beyond the level of the sea to the west; an exquisite blue suffused the horizon from south to east, deepening from sapphire to ultra-marine as it blended with the soft shadows of a summer's night. He found himself comparing the sky's southerly tint with the azure depths of Cynthia Varenne's eyes, but he shook off that fantasy quickly, crossed the roadway and promenade, and propping himself against the railings, turned a resolute back on romance. He did not gain a great deal by this maneuver, since his next active thought was centered in a species of quest for the particular window among all those storey rows through which Cynthia Varenne might even then be gazing at the shining ocean.

He looked at his watch. Half-past nine.

"I am behaving like a blithering idiot," he told himself. "Miss Varenne and her friends are either on the pier listening to the band, or sitting over their coffee in the glass cage behind there. I'll wire Simmonds in the morning to hurry up."

A man descended the steps of the hotel and walked straight across King's Road. A light gray overcoat, thrown wide on his shoulders gave a lavish display of frilled shirt, and a gray Homburg hat was set rakishly on one side of his head. In the half light Medenham at once discerned the regular, waxen-skinned features of Count Marigny, and during the next few seconds it really seemed as if the Frenchman were making directly for him. But another man, short, rotund, very erect of figure, and strutting in gait, came from the interior of a "shelter" that stood a little to the right of Medenham's position on the rails.

"Hello, Marigny," said he jauntily.

The Count looked back towards the hotel. His rabby acquaintance clanked. The effort squeezed an eyeglass out of his right eye.

"Ah! pas peur, mon vieux," cried he in very colloquial French. "My mother sent a note to say that the fair Cynthia has retired to her room to write letters. I have been waiting here ten minutes."

Now, it chanced that Medenham's wide-spread touring in France had rubbed up his knowledge of the language. It is ever the car that needs training more than the tongue, and in all likelihood he would not have caught the exact meaning of the words were it not for the hap of recent familiarity with the accents of all sorts and conditions of the French speaking folk.

"Jimmy Devar," he breathed, and his amazement left him Marigny's muttered answer.

But he heard Devar's confident outburst as the two walked off together in the direction of the West Pier.

"You are growing positively nervous, my dear Edouard. And why? The affair arranges itself admirably. I shall be always on hand, ready to turn up exactly at the right moment. What the deuce, this is the luck of a lifetime...."

The squeaky, high-pitched voice—a masculine variant of Mrs. Devar's ultra-fashionable intonation—died away amidst the chatter and laughter of other pedestrians. Medenham's first impulse was to follow and listen, since Devar had yielded to the common delusion of imagining that none except his companion on the sea-front that night understood a foreign language. But he swept the notion aside ere it had well presented itself as a means of solving an astounding puzzle.

"No, dash it all, I'm not a private detective," he muttered ang-

rily. "Why should I interfere? Confound Simmonds, and I—that railway van! I have a good mind to hand the car over to Dale in the morning and return to town by the first train."

If he really meant what he said he ought to have gone back to his hotel, played billiards for an hour, and sought his bedroom with an easy conscience. He was debating the point when the conceit intruded itself that Cynthia's pretty head was at that moment bent over a writing table in a certain well lighted corner apartment of the second floor, so he compromised with his half-formed intent, whisked round to face the sea again, and lighted another cigarette from the glowing end of its predecessor. Some part of his unaccountable irritation took wings with the cloud of smoke.

"Blessed if I can tell why I should worry," he communed. "Never saw the girl before today..... shall never see her again if I put Dale in charge— Her father must be a special sort of fool, though, to trust her to the care of that Devar woman...."

What was it that rotor sot?— The affair arranges itself admirably. And he would be always on hand! What is arranging it, my Devar?..... And why should Jimmy Devar be ready, if need be, to turn up exactly at the right moment? I suppose the answer to the first bit of the aerotic simple enough, Cynthia Varenne is to become the Countess Marigny, and the Devar gang stands in on the cash proceeds. Oh, a nice scheme! This Frenchman is posted as to the tour. By the most curious of coincidences, he will reappear at Bournemouth, or Bristol, or in the Wye Valley. What more natural than a day's run in company?..... Ah, I've got it. Jimmy is to come along when Marigny thinks that Cynthia will take a seat in the 59 Du Vallon for a change—just to try the new French car..... By gad, I shall have a word to say there..... Steady, now George Augustus! Won, my boy, keep a tight hand on the reins. Why in thunder should you concern yourself with the wretched business, anyhow?"

It was a marvelously still night beneath him, on the asphalted path, nearly level with the stone-strawed beach, passed a young couple. The man's voice came up to him.

"Jones expects to be taken into partnership after this season, and I am pretty certain to be given the management of the wooden department. If that comes off, no more long hours in the shop for you, Lucy, but a nice little house up there on the hill, just as quick as we can find it."

"Oh, Charlie dear, I shall never be tired then....."

A black arm was suddenly silhouetted across the shoulders of a white blouse, whose wearer received a reassuring hug.

"Let's reckon up," said the owner of the arm—July, August, September—three months, sweet-heart....."

Medenham had never given a thought to marrying until his father hinted at the notion during dinner the previous evening, and he had laughed at it, being absolutely heart-whole. There was something irresistibly comical then about the Earl's bland theory that Fairholme House needed a sprightly countess, yet now, twenty-four hours later, he could extract no shred of humor from the idyl of a draper's assistant. It seemed to be a perfectly natural thing that these lovers should be making. Of what else should they whisper on this mid-summer's night, when the glowing already bore the promise of dawn, and the glory of the sea and sky spread quiet harmonies through the still, out air?

(To be continued)

British Control of all British Firms

At the British Association of the Chambers of Commerce, in London, a few days ago, a proposition advanced by Sheffield delegates, was adopted. It asks the government to enact a law requiring British control of all companies and firms, producing, manufacturing or trading in the United Kingdom, in India or in the Colonies, such control to exist both in ownership and management.

THE WEEK IN NEWCASTLE

Dollar Day, March 28th
At a meeting of the Retail Merchants Association it was decided to observe Tuesday, March 28th, as Dollar Day. The last Dollar Day in Newcastle was a grand success, and this promises to eclipse all previous records.

J. L. Stewart Improving
Frederickton Mall, Wednesday—J. L. Stewart, M. L. A. for Northumberland who is now in the Victoria Hospital, Montreal, today wired the following reply to a query concerning the condition of his health: "Eyes are greatly improved, but are very weak. The doctor says I may go home soon, but won't be able to take seat until the session."

Edith Cavell Club Raise \$52.00
The young ladies of the Edith Cavell Club held a supper and candy sale and after-rink lunch in the St. James' Hall Friday night, in aid of their Soldiers' Comforts Fund. The proceeds were \$52.00. The Edith Cavell Club, which is composed of school girls, has done a lot of Patriotic work the last few months, and deserve great credit.

5 Recruits at Blackville Wednesday
At the recruiting meeting held at Blackville, Wednesday night, the speakers were R. A. Murdoch, recruiting officer, J. V. Merewether and Lt. Ronald Allen, all of Chatham. The following enlisted in D. Co., 122nd: Gordon John Schiefel, Blackville; James Michael Isingh, Blackville; Frederick Crawford, Blackville; Scott McDonald, Blackville; Richard W. Dickens, Chatham.

Returned Hero Weds
A wedding of considerable local interest was solemnized at Dunstaffnage, Wednesday evening, when Pte. James McCalley, a returned hero of the 1st Canadian Trench Battalion, and now a member of 15th Battalion, C. E. F. at St. John, was united in marriage to Miss May Kitchin, of Newcastle. The happy couple were attended by Corp. Lester Carrier and Miss Eva Ruth, Gazette.

No matter where you spend your Dollar—the price is what counts. Get our price. **The Stothart Mercantile Co., Ltd.**

St. Patrick's Concert—16th and 17th
The annual St. Patrick's Concert, (see advt. in another column), will be held in the Opera House tomorrow and Friday evenings. Those who are wise will go early to get seats.

Having Ready Sale
The Surgical Committee of the local branch of the Red Cross Society are pleased to announce that the recipe book is meeting with a most successful sale.

At Happy Hour
Owing to the Opera House being engaged next Monday for the big comedy success "Bringing Up Father," the serial picture Seal of the Navy will be shown this Saturday night, with five other reels.

The Early Bird
Merchants intending to take space in next issue for the big Dollar Day sale on the 28th inst., should give the same their early attention, placing their copy in the printer's hands as early in the week as possible. Several good positions are already spoken for.

Church Vote for Prohibition
The following resolution, similar to that which has been submitted in Parliament, was read by the pastor to the congregation in the Methodist Church, Newcastle, last Sabbath evening, and was adopted by a standing vote. The resolution read as follows:

"That at this time when the Empire is at war the conservation of the wealth and resources of the Dominion and the promotion of the efficiency of our nation would be materially aided by the prohibition of the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes and in the opinion of this congregation legislation for this purpose ought to be enacted forthwith."

Parish S. S. Convention
Newcastle Parish Sunday School Convention was held in the Baptist Church last night.

No Band at Rink
On account of St. Patrick's concert being held on Thursday and Friday nights, there will be no Band at the Rink this week.

The Liquor Trust in Graft
The public have always wanted to know the ins and outs and under-handed methods of many of the trusts and grafting corporations. In the first episode of that remarkable series-serial "Graft" you will see how children are allowed to purchase liquor. How young girls are allowed in rum shops and saloons. You will see how even the police are prevented from doing their duty. Take the entire family to see the wonderful serial "Graft." It's the greatest uplift drama of the age, intermingled with a beautiful story of love and achievement. See the first episode. See every episode at the Happy Hour, commencing next Wednesday, March 22nd. See advt. on page 5.

Mission Band Concert
The United Workers Mission Band of the Methodist Church held their annual mid-box opening and concert in the W. C. T. U. Hall on Monday evening, the proceeds for missions.

The program included:
A Happy Band of Helpers—Band Reading—Edith M. Stuart.
Chorus—I am so Glad—Little ones Recitation—Annie McDonald.
Motion Recitation—Grace Johnson and Lillian Cough.

Selection on phonograph.
Chorus—Salle and Sister Band.
Exercise—Gardens in the Heart—Little Ones.
Recitation—Indoor Sun—Edith B. Stuart.
Solo and Chorus—Hazel Johnston and Band.

Recitation—Katherine Mally.
Selection on Gramophone.
Charade—Mendicant—in 4 Acts—Doris Atkinson, Josie Jeffrey, Evelyn Price and Jennie Copp.
Between Acts 1 and 2—Set—W. J. Never Let the Old Flag Fall—Randall McLean, Motion Recitation—Grace Johnston and Lillian Cough.
Selection on Gramophone.

Sudden Death of Well-Known Merchant

Mr. Michael Jardine Dropped Dead This Morning

Death came with startling suddenness about seven o'clock this morning to Michael Jardine, the well-known merchant of this town. Deceased has been enjoying the best of health, and was about his store as usual yesterday and had just arose this morning when he fell to the floor and expired in a few moments. The late Mr. Jardine was born in South Esk about seventy years ago and resided there the greater part of his life. For the last twelve years he has conducted a general store here, but lately disposed of it and removed to Bridgetown, where he has conducted a store. Deceased is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Jcs. Foran, and one son Charles P. Jardine of this town. Mrs. S. A. Demers is a sister, and John Jardine of Newcastle, a brother of deceased.

Look over the Tool Chest and if you need anything, Call, Dollar Day, at the Stothart Mercantile Co.'s Store.

WAIT FOR IT!
There will be a Grand Carnival in the Newcastle Rink on Friday, 24th inst. Special music and moonlight skates. A big time assured.

Murray—Masson
A quiet wedding took place at the Methodist Parsonage, on the 9th inst. when Rev. Dr. Harrison united in the bonds of holy matrimony, Miss Margaret Jean, eldest daughter of Mrs. Frank Masson, and Mr. Allan J. Murray, the eldest son of Town Engineer James Murray. The bride is a sister of Private Geo. Masson, at front with the First Continent.

73rd Defeated Merchant's 3 to 1
A fast and interesting game of hockey was played in the Newcastle rink Saturday night between the 73rd Wireless Team and the Merchants, the score being 3-1 in favor of the 73rd.

Fishing Twines

Our Salmon, Trout and Mackerel **NET TWINES** have just come to hand

John Ferguson & Sons

LOUNSBURY BLOCK

PHONE 10

DOLLAR DAY

Special Prices on everything we sell

WE would like to put in every home a bag of **'Radio' Flour** Made in Newcastle—Try It!

'Radio' Flour

STOTHART MERCANTILE CO., LTD.

PHONE 45



HAPPY HOUR---COMMENCING WED. MARCH 22.

Morris' Laxa Cold

PREVENT that COLD and LA GRIPPE from getting hold of you by using MORRIS' COLD TABLETS. The only safe and reliable cure for any bad case of La Grippe which is now raging throughout the country. Bring your Prescriptions to our store for safe dispensing.

E. J. MORRIS, CHEMIST & DRUGGIST.

FISH FOR LENT!

You will all want fish during Lent. Fish are scarce but we will do our best to have a supply on hand.

Finnan Haddie, Kippers, Bloaters, Smelt, Halibut, Gilt and Chad.
Boneless Cod, Salt Herring, Salt Salmon, Canned Salmon, Lobster, Clams, Scalops, Herrings in Tomato Sauce and Plain, Sardines, and Oysters.
When you want something real nice for supper try a can of Heinz Spaghetti with Tomato and Cheese.
Maccaroni is a favorite dish in Lent, Hironelle Brand is the best, 12cts per pkg.
Cape Cod Cranberries, Oranges, Apples, Lemons and Grape Fruit.
Pure Maple Sugar and Maple Honey.

Have you tried our Cane Syrup? Most every one has, and pronounces it dandy.

GEORGE STABLES

GROCERIES

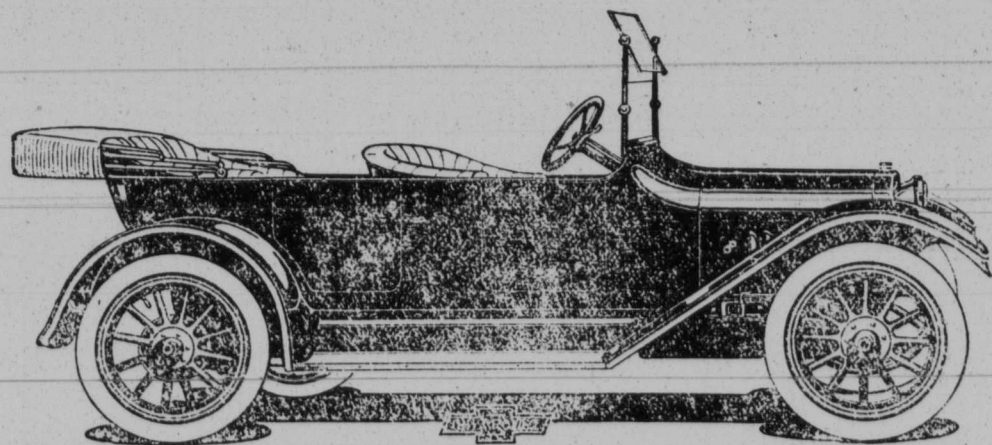
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CROCKERYWARE

AT LAST!

A CAR THAT REVOLUTIONIZES THE AUTOMOBILE WORLD

\$675 F. O. B. Factory ONT.



THE CHEVROLET

This is our quality four, 5 passenger touring car. The wonder of the automobile industry has at last been solved by the production of the quality "CHEVROLET FOUR."

A CAR OF REAL COMFORT

The CHEVROLET car is so constructed that it may be driven over country roads with the same comfort, the same speed as cars at double its price. The front springs are quadruple, lateral, quarter elliptic and shock absorbing. The rear, long cantilever type securely clamped to the strong rigidly constructed CHEVROLET CHASSIS. The heavy upholstery and gracefulness in design adds to the comfort and pleasure of driving the CHEVROLET four. IT IS A CAR OF A NEW CLASS ENTIRELY ALL ITS OWN.

POWER PLANT

The CHEVROLET is fitted with the valve-in-head motor, cast en bloc. The simplicity of the CHEVROLET motor is a special feature. Plenty of power for hill climbing and on muddy and sandy roads. It is economical and an average of 22 to 25 miles can be obtained on a gallon of gasoline. Electric Lighting and Starting System and otherwise fully equipped.

SEE THIS SPLENDID MODEL BEFORE PLACING YOUR ORDER

THE LOUNSBURY COMPANY LTD.

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

DISTRIBUTORS FOR NEW BRUNSWICK