

## Sunday in London

### What Is Going On In The Leading Churches Of The City.

**ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST CHURCH**—The pastor, Rev. Thomas S. Johnson, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

**ARKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH**—Rev. J. W. Holmes, pastor. Sunday School rally day, 11 a.m., sermon to young people; 7 p.m., "The Mastery of Jesus"; 3 p.m., a mass meeting will be held in the church, the Sunday School occupying the gallery.

**CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH**—Rev. George Jackson, pastor. Morning subject, "Man as a Worker Together With God." Evening subject, "The Man Who Expected to Die and Yet Lived." Strangers and visitors welcome.

**CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH**—Rev. Walter Moffat, pastor. 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. John Anderson, Bible Class and Sabbath School at 3 p.m.

**CHRIST CHURCH—THE ANNUAL Thanksgiving Services.** Rev. W. Lowe, of Wingham, will preach morning and evening. Special music by choir.

**COLBORNE STREET METHODIST CHURCH**—Rev. A. K. Birks, B.A., pastor. The pastor will conduct both services. Morning subject, "Always Seen"; evening subject, "An Assuring Command." Epworth League after evening service.

**DUNDAS CENTER METHODIST CHURCH**—The pastor, Rev. Dr. Saunders, will preach. Morning subject, "The Secret of Power"; evening subject, "Christian Citizenship." Morning—Anthem, "Magnificat" (Bunnett); solo and chorus, "God is the Refuge" (Perkins). Evening—Anthem, "The Shadows of the Evening" (Barry-Shelley); anthem, "I Will Lay Me Down in Peace" (Gadsby); solo, "Jesus, I am Resting" (Gadsby).

**EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST CHURCH**—Rev. T. E. Harrison, pastor. Morning and evening service conducted by Rev. Dr. Harrison. Theme for the week, "The Twentieth Century Evangelical Movement." Sabbath School and Bible Class at 2:30. Strangers welcome.

**FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH**—Rev. E. Clarence Oakley, pastor. Services tomorrow usual.

**FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—REV. J. V. Smith, pastor.** The pastor, Dr. Smith, will preach at both morning and evening services. Strangers and visitors will receive a cordial welcome. Morning—Anthem, "Sing Alleluia" (Buck); solo, "Weary of the Waiting" (Excell). Evening—Anthem, "Now, Therefore, We Thank Thee" (Mauder); solo and chorus, "Saviour, When Night Comes" (Shelley); hymn, "Softly Now the Light" (Henrich).

**FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH**—Rev. W. J. Clark, pastor. Public worship, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath School and the Society for Bible Study, 3 p.m.

**HAMILTON ROAD METHODIST CHURCH**—Morning, the pastor, Rev. S. J. Allen. Evening, Rev. S. T. Bartlett, of Napanee.

**KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH**—Rev. Thomas Wilson, pastor. Harvest Home services, conducted by Rev. J. S. Henderson, of Hensall. "Progress of the Century" entertainment Tuesday evening in Jubilee Hall.

**KNOX PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH**—South London—Rev. James G. Stuart, pastor. Service, 11 a.m., subject, "Our Mission in China." When Night Comes, 7 p.m., "The Sinful Nation." Sabbath School and Pastor's Bible Class at 3 p.m.

**MEMORIAL CHURCH—REV. C. Owen, B.A., rector.** Divine service, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

**NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH**—Rev. A. J. MacGillivray, M.A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday School and Bible Class at 3 p.m.

**SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS**, 694 Dundas street, public service, 7 p.m. Speaker, George Watson. Subject, "Millennium." All welcome.

**SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH**—Rev. W. M. Walker, B.A., pastor. Worship at 11 a.m.; subject, "Renewing the Life." Also at 7 p.m.; subject, "The Quality Indispensable to Salvation."

**ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH**—Rev. Robert Johnston, D.D., pastor. The pastor will preach at both services. Sabbath School and Pastor's Class at 3 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

**ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL—MORNING—Venite (Lahet), "Te Deum"**

**The "Angelus" Orchestral Piano Player.**  
IT PLAYS ANY PIANO.  
ANYONE CAN PLAY IT.  
So superior to supposedly similar instruments that there is nothing with which to compare it. It can instantly be attached to any piano. All are invited to call and hear it.

**SOLE AGENTS.**  
**The Nordheimer Piano & Music Co., Limited.**  
188 Dundas Street, London

(Woodward, in D.), "Benedictus" (Woodward, in D.), "The King's Highway"; 7 p.m., "The Creation, as Viewed by Moses and the Scientists." All should hear this sermon. Seats free and courteous ushers.

**TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH**—Rev. A. T. Sowerby, Ph.D., LL.D., pastor. 11 a.m., "The King's Highway"; 7 p.m., "The Creation, as Viewed by Moses and the Scientists." All should hear this sermon. Seats free and courteous ushers.

**THE EVANGELICAL LUTHERANS** will hold services every Sunday morning at 10:45 in Duffield Block.

**WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST CHURCH**—Rev. R. D. Hamilton, pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Morning—Anthem, "Agnus Dei" and "Donna Nobis" (Farnley); solo, "Never Alone" (Stebbins). Evening—Anthem, "Sing Praises Unto the Lord" (Crickshank); solo, "Night of Nights" (Van der Meer); quartet, "Sweet Sabbath Eve" (Parks).

### Births, Marriages, Deaths

**MARRIED.**  
AYRES—BARTLETT—On Sept. 20, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. L. Bartlett, brother of the bride, Charles R. Ayres to Miss V. youngest daughter of Leonard Bartlett, Weston street, South London.

**MURRAY—LAWRIE**—On Wednesday, Sept. 19, 1899, at 339 Huron street, Toronto, by the Rev. W. G. Wallace, B.D., Douglas Stewart Murray of the Murray, Kingston, Ontario, to Miss J. Murray, daughter of Mr. J. T. Murray, youngest daughter of Mrs. J. T. Murray, all of Toronto.

**Amusements and Lectures**  
10c per line, or 2c per word, each insertion.

**GRAND QUOTING TOURNAMENT**—Open to the world, Sept. 22, 23 and 24, Forest City Club grounds, York street, opposite G. T. H. depot. For prizes see programme. The public cordially invited. P. Muirhead, president; Jas. Ward, Sec. Treas.

**CHRIST CHURCH HARVEST FESTIVAL**—Service of praise next Monday evening, Sept. 22. Chorus of 40 voices and best city soloists. See programme. Silver collection at door.

**1890 "PROGRESS OF THE CENTURY" 1900**  
Jubilee Rink, Sept. 25, by ladies of King Street Church. Super programme, tableaux. Admission 25 cents.

**6:10 P.M. TRAIN GRAND TRUNK** Tuesday afternoon, arrives New York Wednesday, 9:30 a.m. The Nordland, Red Star Line leaves for Antwerp, noon. E. B. Clarke, next advertiser.

**GRAND TRUNK AND O.P.R. TRAINS** Leaving here Thursday afternoon, Sept. 27, make good connection with the Parisian of the Allen Line, sailing Saturday, Sept. 29, for Montreal to Liverpool. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next advertiser.

**VOICE CULTURE—EVA N. ROBINSON** Studio, Northumberland street, 100 Dundas. Concert engagements. Pupils prepared for concert and church solo engagements. Phone 180.

**SULPHUR SPRINGS BATHS**—Open for the season daily from 10 a.m. to 9 p.m. also swimming pool. Cole & Edmunds.

**PRIVATE DANCING PAVILION**—Specially arranged for the season. Open every evening during September or October. Terms moderate. Beginners' classes will open at City Hall, week of October first. Dayton & McCormick.

**WESTERN UNIVERSITY, ARTS DEPARTMENT** For the autumn term, 1900. Lectures begin Thursday, Sept. 27, at 9:15 a.m. Lectures open Oct. 2.

**INDICATORS HEAR THE REPORT** of the World's Christian Endeavor Convention, given by Canon Richardson, 100 Gwynn Hall, Monday night, 24th. Everybody welcome.

**LADIES FORESTRY FOR SOUTH LONDON**—Mrs. Curran, of Hamilton, will address the ladies of South London, on Monday evening, at 8:30, for the purpose of forming a ladies' club. Several speakers will address the meeting at Foresters' Hall, Craig street. Home. Admission free. E. H. Alipotti, chief ranger.

**I. O. F.—OPEN MEETING OF COURT** No. 12, on Monday evening. Business of importance. J. W. Thomas, Rec. Sec.

**BICKLAVER'S AND MASON'S UNION** notices. Quarterly meeting Monday evening, Sept. 24. All members please attend. J. Riddell, Pres.; H. Ryall, Cor. Sec.

**Domestics Wanted.**  
**WANTED—LAUNDRESS AND HOUSE MAID.** Apply Matron Victoria Hospital.

**WANTED—NURSE GIRL.** Apply 553 Adelaide street.

**WANTED—EXPERIENCED GENERAL SERVANT.** Apply Mrs. H. C. Struthers, 62 Wellington street.

**WANTED—EXPERIENCED HOUSE MAID.** Apply Mrs. J. H. Smith, 403 Queen's avenue.

**WANTED—FIRST-CLASS GENERAL SERVANT.** Apply Mrs. J. H. Smith, 403 Queen's avenue.

**WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT—FAMILY OF THREE.** Apply 782 Richmond street, London.

**WANTED—TODAY—40 COOKS, HOUSE MAIDS AND GENERAL big wages to neat workers.** Mrs. Lockhart, 602 Dundas. Phone 564.

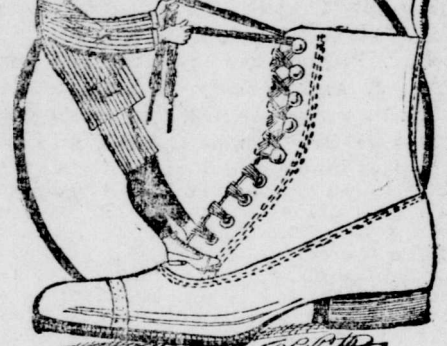
**WANTED—EXPERIENCED COOK—APPLY at once.** Address Box 76, this office.

## POCOCK BROS.

### Honest School Shoes

...At Low Prices...

MORE BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN ANYWHERE ELSE.



25 styles in Boys' School Shoes, sizes 10 to 14, prices ranging from ..... 65c to \$2.50  
18 styles in Youth's School Shoes, sizes 8 to 12½, prices ..... 50c to \$1.75  
10 styles in Girls' Up-to-Date Shoes, sizes 8 to 12½, prices ..... 50c to \$1.85  
In School Shoes we do the trade. Our goods and prices must be right.

## Pocock Bros.

All Kinds of Trunks and Valises for Sale Cheap.

### Male Help Wanted.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.

**WANTED—STRONG BOYS AT BECK'S** Box Factory, Albert street. 70c

**WANTED—GOOD STOUT BOY—J. C. Trevelock, grocer, 235 Dundas street. b**

**WANTED—WE WANT YOU TO KNOW** that we are seeking a class of job work in plumbing and steamfitting, repairing of stoves and furnaces, and make a specialty of fitting and repairing of all kinds of machinery. References: Standard House, 301 Caxton Building, Chicago. 62c

**WANTED—STEAMFITTER AND** steamfitter's helper. Apply London Heating and Ventilating Company, 382 Richmond street. 60c

**WANTED—GOOD CAPABLE MAN TO** take charge of business for his brother, Mr. McCallum, 403 Dundas street, Richmond street north. 60c

**WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH SOME** knowledge of the business, as junior clerk in general store. Apply references to W. S. Duggan, Oil Springs. 60c

**STRONG BOYS WANTED IMMEDIATELY** D. S. Fern & Co. 33c

**WANTED—AS CANVASSING AGENT** young man or woman, of ability and perseverance. Good salary. Apply at once. Room A, 403 Richmond street, London, Ont. ynt

**\$20 WEEKLY SELLING DIALOGUE** position, amusement and song books; samples, 10 cents. Red Star Nova Company, London. 12c 61c

**\$3 A DAY SUE—SEND US YOUR AD** DRESS and we will show you how to make a day's work pay. We guarantee a clear profit of 50% for every day's work; absolutely sure. Don't fail to write today. Imperia Silverware Company, Box A407, Windsor, Ont. yw

**WE START YOU IN BUSINESS** selling Dr. Roberts' remedies. No money needed. A special will bring the goods. We trust you. Write today. Address The Dr. Roberts' Medicine Company, drawer 531, London, Ont.

**AGENTS—\$3.00 TO \$5.00 DAILY** The Farmers' Hunter, Toolboxes, Gurry Comb (patented) and other specialties; sell at sight; send for sample carry card, 25c, and full particulars at once. The London Specialty Manufacturing Company, 59 Dundas street, London, Ont. dkw

**Situations Wanted**  
1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.

**WANTED—FURNACES TO ATTEND.** Experienced man. Dixon, No. 5 Hyman street.

**WANTED—SITUATION BY STEADY** man; who understands a lot of horse and garden; willing to make himself generally useful. Address Box 6, Advertiser. 60c

**YOUNG LADY WISHER POSITION** as stenographer or bookkeeper. Address Box 5, Advertiser. 60c

**Wanted.**  
1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.

**GUNS, LOCKS AND GENERAL REPAIRING** done satisfactorily done; call solicited. Finch & Son, 397 Clarence street.

**OLD GOLD, SILVER, JEWELRY AND** diamonds bought for cash. S. K. Murray, 100 Dundas street, 25 Dundas street.

## Away Up High.

In quality of leather, style, fit and workmanship our Men's Dress and Street Boots are certain to satisfy and delight the most careful dresser in the city. They are beauties. More than that, they wear well, keep their shape and give ease and comfort to the wearer. What more do you want?

N. B.—We have again won the Gold Medal at the Western Fair.

## Brown's Shoe Store

145 Dundas Street.

Articles For Sale.  
1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.

**FOR SALE—4 BARRED ROCKS, MIL-** LER'S strain; and 9 Buff Rocks, Hawkins strain. Apply 553 Colborne street. b

**FOR SALE—TWO GOOD SECOND-HAND** pianos, one open upright, big bargain. McLaughlin Carriage Company, 119 York street. 70c

**FOR SALE—SMALL GLADSTONE** baggy, with or without canopy top; cheap. Phone 111.

**W.M. TAYLOR & SON—463 ADELAIDE** street—Cement walks, cellar floors, etc., at reasonable prices.

**NEW AND SECOND-HAND BICYCLES,** guns, revolvers, cartridges, pocket knives. All kinds of repairing at lowest prices. D. McKenzie & Co., 236 Richmond street, one door south of G. T. H. station.

**100 BRUSSELS AND VELVET RUGS** from one to three yards square, to clear at 10c on the dollar. Koenig Bros., 17 King street.

**ROMAN CHAIRS, \$5 EACH—THE PRE-** TTIEST thing ever offered in London for the money. Koenig Bros., 17 King street, opposite Market House.

**BELL PIANOS—THE COMPANY'S GUAR-** ANTEE for ten years with each instrument. Call at 183 Dundas street and hear tone and prices and terms. Sanborn & Trebilcock.

**WONDERFUL WASHING COMPOUND** is the washer; no washing machine needed; it takes out the dirt as well as bleaches the clothes; all who try it will never be without it; all grocers sell it. Kennedy & Co. xt

**Houses, Etc., To Let.**  
1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.

**TO LET—THREE FURNISHED ROOMS** in pleasant convenience; also bath. Apply 481 Dundas street. 70c

**TO LET—ONE LARGE FRONT ROOM** in a roomy adjoining if required. Apply 619 Richmond street. b

**TO LET—GET 1,100 MILLS STREET, 9000** sq. ft., gas, city and soft water inside. Apply 235 Hyman street. b

**TO LET—SPACE IN GOOD STORE,** close to market; suitable for plumber. Box 8, Advertiser. 70c

**TO LET—BRICK COTTAGE POSSESSION** October 1. Apply 493 Oxford street. 85c wty

**TO LET—PREMIERS REAR 184 DUNDAS** street, recently occupied by Brantford Bicycle Co.; size 75x40 feet. Inquire of J. C. Trevelock, 235 Dundas street. 65c wty

**TO LET—80 TALBOT STREET—IMMEDI-** ATE possession. Alex. Harvey. 28c

**TO RENT—484 PARK AVENUE** all modern conveniences. Office and storage. Apply to J. C. Trevelock, 235 Dundas street. 22c

**TO LET—OFFICE IN ODDFELLOWS'** Hall. Apply to R. K. Cowan, Treasurer, County Buildings. 14c

**TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VAN** Furniture carefully handled. John Bagg, Oshawa and Bruce, South London, late of London Furniture Co. Phone 310.

**TO LET—THE MOST SATISFACTORY** and best value in the city. Good storage for pianos and furniture. Office and storage. Call on J. C. Trevelock, 235 Dundas street. Phone 1102; night phone 1107. Book your orders as early as possible. No occasion with any other van.

**Business Chances.**  
1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.

**RESPECTABLE BOARDING HOUSE** for sale, or to let half interest. Address Box 79, Advertiser. 70c

**SMALL GROCERY IN LONDON DOING** good business; dwelling in connection. Apply Standard Bros. 70c

**Lost and Found.**  
1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advt. less than 10 words.

**STRAYED OR STOLEN FROM FOURTH** concession, Oxford township, bright bay horse, about 16 hands high, one white forefoot. Send information to Robert Sutherland, Dorchester Station. 70c

**LOST—POINTER PUPPY, LIVER AND** white collar, six months old; strayed in city. Send information to W. S. Smith & Co. 65c

**TO LET—BRICK HOUSE, NO. 659 CEN-** TRAL avenue, \$5 per month. Apply A. N. Udy, 421 Richmond street.

**London Real Estate Agency.**  
Brick residence for sale—No. 27 Peter street 9 rooms, lot 88 feet frontage, gas, etc., good barn, between Queen's avenue and Dufferin avenue, one of the best properties in the city; low price, easy terms.

To rent—374 Central avenue, modern 4 roomed brick house, new furnace, bath, etc., good barn, cheap rent, between Waterloo and Colborne streets.

To rent—219 Dufferin avenue, 10 rooms, double parlor, hot and cold water, near Colborne street, best part of the city; possession Oct. 1.

To rent—473 Colborne street, 8 rooms, bath, etc., new furnace, property in first-class condition, fine deep lot.

The smallest wheat harvest in recent years was that of 1893, when it amounted to 655,000,000 bushels.

## Real Estate.

**FOR SALE**—Fine two-story brick, Prospect avenue. New two-story brick, up-to-date, and is offered at a bargain.

**FOR SALE**—Farm; would exchange for productive city property.

**FOR SALE—EXCELLENT FIFTY ACRES** in good state of cultivation, clear of woods, good buildings, well fenced, two wells, lot 7, con. 7, West Nissouri. Address Robert Rottel, Kellogg, Evelyn. 70c

**FOR SALE—124 SYDENHAM STREET**—Comfortable 1½-story brick house in good repair; lot 33x165. A bargain. Inspect at once.

**FOR SALE—BRICK GROCERY, BUTCH-** ER shop, dwelling. Also several cottages at bargain, and 1½-story brick residence, Johnston & Casey, barristers, 50 Dundas street. 60c wty

**\$50.00 FOR HOUSE, LOT, CELLAR**—drain, waterworks, etc.; house located by fire. 33 Garfield avenue, South London. 70c

**FOR SALE—TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE**—No. 79 Queen's avenue; all modern conveniences; excellent location; good reasons for selling. Apply on premises. 60c

**FOR SALE—BUILDING LOTS, NEAR** new Normal School. Will sell cheap on easy terms. Apply 278 Ridout street. 18c wty

**TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE AND** frame cottage in South London, at a bargain. Apply J. W. G. Winnet, barrister, etc., Talbot street. 70c

**147 ACRES—72 ACRES GOOD LAND**—buildings, fences, orchard and water; 10 con. 1, Delaware, one mile from Delaware, also 32 acres the road, for building, some timber, cheap. Apply A. Branton, Longwood Station, Fred Branton, Delaware; Henry Branton, grocer, London. 60c wty

**FOR SALE—317 HYMAN STREET; MOD-** ERN conveniences; easy terms; owner leaving city. 14c

**FRESH GRANT LAND IN LONDON EAST**—Buy a cottage and we will give you a deed of four large lots. London Soap Co. 61c

**VALUABLE VILLAGE PROPERTY** FOR sale. A good store, dwelling house and barn; all necessary accommodations for business; well situated; best locality. For further particulars apply to R. B. Thomas, Appin, Ont. 80c

**REAL ESTATE FOR SALE**  
Is to invest in London (Ontario) real estate. The quickest way is to look over our lists. We are in touch with the largest property owners, and consequently have always exceptional valuable properties to offer. Do not buy real estate because it is cheap, but because it is good. We mention a few:

**Richmond street—Store and dwelling occupy-** ing prominent business corner. Price \$4,000. Full particulars on application.

**Queen's avenue—Two and one-half story brick** house, corner, stone foundation, 10 rooms, all modern, lot 33x200. Price \$2,700.

**College avenue—One and one-half story frame,** brick foundation, 8 rooms. Price \$1,200.

**Ridout street, near Hamilton road—Frame** cottage, 7 rooms, lot 30x120. Price \$725.

**Ridout street, southwest corner Craig—Brick** cottage with lot 110 feet on Ridout street and 200 feet on Craig. Could be subdivided. A splendid locality. Call for particulars.

**King street—Two-story frame, brick cellar, 9** rooms, gas. Very central. Price \$1,600.

**Princess avenue—A pair of semi-detached two-** story brick residences, containing 8 rooms each; modern conveniences, etc.; lot 51x204. Price \$3,000.

**Talbot street—A very substantially built and** cozy one and a-half story brick residence, containing 9 rooms, in excellent condition; all modern conveniences. Price \$2,200.

**Park avenue—Two-story brick residence, con-** taining 10 rooms, modern conveniences. Very centrally located, contiguous to business center and yet in a quiet residential locality.

**King street—Two-story brick, 8 rooms, newly** built, 9 rooms, all modern conveniences, and centrally located. Price \$4,200.

**The above is only a few of the properties we** have to offer, and if you want a building lot, a cottage home, a residence, or any kind of property, kindly call and we will be pleased to show you what we have.

**BUSINESS CHANCES.**  
Hotel, store and postoffice, on the Grand Trunk Railway, west of London; no opposition. Price \$2,000. A grand chance. Satisfactory reasons for selling.

**LOANS.**  
Money loaned to pay part of purchase price, build, remodel old house, or pay off old mortgages.

**A. A. CAMPBELL,** Real Estate, Loans and Investments, Moles Bank Buildings, London, Ont.



**“77”**  
“Breaks Up”

among the clearest signs of this—they are humiliating to the Conservative party. But they do not know what to do about him—it is he or nothing just at present, and many charitably hope that the coming contest will end the equivocal position that is occupied by what passes as an opposition. In no place in Canada, except just where he

## IS BABY CUTTING TEETH?

Watch him carefully.—On the first indication of Diarrhoea

Much of the money is claimed, and it is returned if the identification seems to warrant. But the amount unclaimed is returned to the treasury.

**CASTORIA.**  
Children Cry for  
**CASTORIA.**

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J. H. CHAPMAN &amp; CO.

## = Double = Trading Stamps TODAY AND ALL NEXT WEEK.

FRESH NEWS—Every time we advertise so often do you read of something new, something crisp. We are always on the alert. Always ready and willing to impart to others what we consider good and important news. As soon as we pick out what we know to be exceptionally good values, we make the fact known to you. This week we have "picked" from our fresh and fashionable stock the following items, every one of which should interest you.

### Two Specials in Ladies' Jackets.

NOBBY, ONLY \$5.00

Ladies' Jackets, made of very nice quality frieze, in all the latest colorings, lined throughout and nicely stitched, a very attractive garment. Our price ..... \$5.00

HOW IS THIS, \$8.00?

Ladies' Jackets, of extra heavy curl cloth, lined throughout with merino lining, neatly strapped with kersey. This is a very pretty looking jacket. We have not very many of them. Make your choice now. Our price ..... \$8.00

Ladies' Tweed Costumes, in all leading colors; jacket fly front and lined throughout with creaseless lining; skirts made in the inverted pleat style and lined throughout. This is a costume that is attractive, rich-looking and very serviceable. We have not a great many of them, so don't delay. Our price \$7.50

Ladies' Costume of Cheviot, tailor-made; jacket in Eton or fly front style, beautifully lined throughout; skirt made in the latest fashion, lined throughout and velvet binding, double inverted pleat back. This costume needs no comment. You have only to see to admire it. Our price ..... \$3.50

### Ladies' Dress Skirts.

Ladies' Wool Tweed Skirts—our own make—lined throughout with best lining and velvet binding. This is a very good fall skirt, cheaper than you can make the skirt only ..... \$3.50

Ladies' Black Serge Skirts, lined throughout and velvet binding, double inverted pleat back. This is a very special skirt, only \$3.75

Ladies' Black Figured Skirts, lined with percale and velvet binding, made in the latest style. A wonderful skirt for the price, only ..... \$2.15

SALE ON FIRST FLOOR.

**J. H. Chapman & Co.**  
120-128 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

## Sporting

### BASEBALL

#### NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—R. H. E.  
New York ..... 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 1—4 8 2  
Brooklyn ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—3 8 2

Batteries—Morger and Bowerman; McGinnity and Farrell.

At Pittsburgh—  
Pittsburgh ..... 0 1 2 1 0 2 0 0—7 15 1  
St. Louis ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—3 12 2

Batteries—Phillips and O'Connor; Young and Robinson.

At Boston—First Game—  
Boston ..... 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0—6 11 2  
Philadelphia ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 4 3

Batteries—Dineen and Clark; Dunn and Douglas.

At Boston—Second Game—  
Boston ..... 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0—6 11 2  
Philadelphia ..... 0 1 0 0 2 1 0 3—9 10 3

Batteries—Nichols and Sullivan; Fraser and McFarland.

At Cincinnati—  
Cincinnati ..... 0 0 0 1 0 5 0 0—6 7 0  
Chicago ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3 4 2

Batteries—Hahn and Kahoe; Garvin and King.

### EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Montreal—R. H. E.  
Montreal ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—11 12 3  
Montreal ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2 12 0

Batteries—Felix and Moran; Horton and Kiltredge. Umpire—Egan.

Wet grounds at Toronto.

### FOOTBALL

#### CLUB ORGANIZED AT WOOD-STOCK.

A Rugby football club has been organized at Woodstock, with these officers: Honorary president, Hon. Jas. Sutherland, M.P.; honorary vice-president, Andrew Pattullo, M.P.P.; president, Major MacQueen, vice-president, G. W. MacKee, secretary-treasurer, A. B. Watt, manager, Stanley Ross; captain, P. E. Foster; committee, W. W. Smith and P. G. M. Beers.

HAVE JOINED HANDS.

The London and St. John's Athletic Rugby football clubs have amalgamated and will play the season as one club. St. John's will default to Hamilton, and go into the series with London. In the schedule the club will be known as the London-St. John's Athletic Rugby Club. A committee to manage the team has been chosen in Capt. Kerrigan, of the London; Capt. Gibbons, of the London; and Jack Gilmore. The joint team should make an exceptionally strong aggregation.

### LACROSSE.

Georgetown, Ont., Sept. 21.—A semi-final game in the junior series of the C. L. A. was played here today between St. Marys and Bracebridge, and was won by the former by six goals to one. Play by both teams was very good at times, but St. Marys had the best of it in this respect as well. Mr.

**Bicycle Tires,**  
GUARANTEED AIR-TIGHT,  
\$2.00.

Sundries and repairs at reduced prices.  
**Horton & Manville,**  
331 Dundas Street.

F. W. Thompson, of Toronto, was referee.

### CRICKET.

#### CANADA VS. PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, Sept. 21.—The two days' cricket match between Philadelphia and Canada, eleven began today on the grounds of the Germantown cricket club. One inning was played, resulting in 119 runs for Philadelphia and 108 for Canada. Conditions were not favorable to good playing. The weather was cloudy and murky. A poor wicket handicapped the bowlers. The highest score, 37, was made by C. C. Morris, of Philadelphia, although H. C. Thayer, also of this city, scored 23, and was not out. Clark, of Philadelphia, did the most effective bowling.

### TURF.

#### YESTERDAY'S WINNERS.

At Windsor—Senator Beveridge, Lord Fraser, Horsa, Handcapper, Marion Lynch and Dunster Swivel, and George Sheehy.

At Fort Erie—Royal Salute, Splash, Nancy Till, Beuchart, Lucy Leach and Zerkus.

At Chicago—Hurry, Sir Christopher, Hood's Brigade, Kasan, Eberhart and George Sheehy.

At St. Louis—Propeller, Four Leaf, C. Amelia, Strathmore, Glen Lake, Adelaide and W. B. Gates.

At New York—Three Bars, Unmarked, Canadian Lady Schorr, Greenock and the Regent.

### AT BEAMSVILLE.

Beamsville, Ont., Sept. 21.—Following is a summary of the races at Beamsville fair today:

2:25 class—Walter H. won; Fred T. 2, James W. 3. Best time, 2:31.

2:30 class—Pearl Stanton won, Comber 2, Farmer's Boy 3. Best time, 2:40.

2:45 class—Bounce won, George R. 2, Nettie G. 3. Money divided in two later. No time taken.

### FISTIC.

#### THE CORBETT-MCCOY AFFAIR.

Harry Corbett now has his say about the Corbett-McCoy affair. He talks in this way: "On the day of the fight I received a wire from Johnny Considine to bet \$1,000 on Corbett at the best odds I could find. I bet \$500 against \$400 and could not get on any more. Now, that is every cent I bet on the fight, and you can go and gamble on that. If you have any doubt as to what I am telling you, I will write you an order on the Western Union Telegraph Company, and you can inspect all the telegrams that have been sent to me since the match was made. The whole truth of the matter is that these women are using the papers to get even with Corbett and McCoy, who have deserted them. If we believed all that women said about men, how many good men would there be in this country? They are talking about McCoy going home. If it had been a job, Jim would have been the one, for he was the logical favorite. Who ever heard of a selling plater pulling to a stake horse? When a fake fight is put up it is the favorite who always loses, for there is where the money is placed. Much as I dislike McCoy, I believe he was beaten on the level."

### A VETERAN DEAD.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—Col. Jos. H. Wood, grand marshal of the Grand army parade during the recent national campaign in Chicago, died at midnight of angina pectoris, at his residence in this city. He made a gallant record during the rebellion. He was a nephew of "Fighting Joe" Hooker.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup  
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE THEY HAVE BEEN PREVENTING SUCCESSFUL COUGHS, COLIC, SOFTENING THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES DIARRHEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

## ANOTHER BLOCKADE

Vessel Sunk at Entrance to St. Clair River at Port Huron.

Four Lives Probably Lost—Wreck Will Have To Be Blown Up.

Port Huron, Mich., Sept. 22.—The barge Martin, in tow of the steamer Maurice T. Grover, was sunk in the rapids at the entrance to the St. Clair River last night by the steamer Yuma, and Capt. James Lawless, of Lorain; William Ross, of Toledo; Mrs. Bacon, cook, of Toledo, and one sailor, are missing. Navigation through the channel is COMPLETELY BLOCKADED.

Tugs are out in Lake Huron notifying down-bound boats to anchor. The sunken wreck of the schooner Fontanel and the Martin lie quite close together, and one or both will have to be blown up in order to clear the channel.

## CLEARING UP THE COUNTRY

Large Captures of Boer Supplies—Confirmation of Theron's Death.

London, Sept. 22.—The following dispatch has been received from Lord Roberts:

"Pretoria, Sept. 21.—Friday—Methuen routed a Boer convoy at Hart River, west of Klerksdorp, and recaptured a 15-pounder lost at Colenso. He also captured 26 wagons, 8,000 cattle, 4,000 sheep, 20,000 rounds of ammunition and 23 prisoners.

"Hildyard occupied Vryheid, Sept. 19, turning out the Boers from a strong position. The British casualties were few.

"Clery has captured a Hollander-American, belonging to Theron's scouts, who confirms the reports of Theron's death."

## AT TORONTO

Two Bad Fires—A Number of Men Thrown Out of Work—Machinist Fatally Hurt.

[Special to Advertiser per G. N. W.]  
Toronto, Sept. 22.—At an early hour this morning fire destroyed the glue and hair factory of W. Harris & Co., on Danforth avenue, just east of the city limits. Loss about \$20,000.

Till the factory is rebuilt the fire throws 65 men out of employment.

Later on fire broke out in the boiler room of the curled hair and haircloth factory of P. & P. Griffin, Bloor street west. The smoke-stack and boiler-room alone remain. The building was valued at \$20,000, machinery \$10,000 and stock \$30,000.

Philip Rogers, a machinist in the employ of the Northey Pump Company, while walking on the tracks over King street subway fell through to the pavement, about 25 feet, fracturing his skull. He was removed to the Emergency Hospital in a dying condition.

## Telegraphic Briefs.

Wm. Newman, a Port Hope man, accidentally took an overdose of laudanum with fatal results.

Mr. James Turner, a carpenter at Eason's planing mills, Stratford, met with what may prove a fatal accident while putting a belt on a pulley.

Fire today partially destroyed the large grain warehouse and elevators on the Atlantic dock, Brooklyn, causing a loss of \$100,000 to building and contents.

Rev. W. F. Wilson, of Hamilton, has been invited to become the pastor of Elm Street Methodist Church, Toronto, to take effect at the close of this conference year, and has accepted the invitation.

Fire at St. Louis destroyed the steamers War Eagle, of the Eagle Packet Company, and the Carrier, of the Calhoun Packet Company. One man was burnt to death, another is missing and a third severely injured.

A Spokane, Washington, telegram says, single-handed, a masked robber held up the west-bound passenger train on the Northern Pacific at 1 o'clock this morning, and succeeded in getting away with about \$500 in cash, several watches and a quantity of jewelry.

Society at Mount Haven, Conn., is agog over the charge made by Rev. Walter J. Shanley that drinking is on the increase not only in its local ranks, but throughout the "best" circles in the United States. Mr. Shanley's power, according to competent authorities, drinking is decreasing among men but increasing among women, and among women of the wealthier class.

## ELECTION PRELIMINARIES IN HONOLULU.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—A special from Honolulu Sept. 14, via San Francisco, says: About 24,800 voters have been registered so far in Honolulu for the November election. Of this number about 2,000 are native Hawaiians; about 30 are Chinamen, naturalized under the Hawaiian monarchy; about 20 are native born Chinese, about 50 are Portuguese, and the remainder are whites. There are still several days of registration.

## ROBBED THE "FLYER."

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 22.—Four masked men held up the express car on the St. Louis-Portland flyer on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, early today, near the village of Woodlawn, a few miles northwest of Lincoln.

The men forced their way into the car and compelled the express messenger to open the local safe, which they looted. Only a small sum rewarded the robbers. The messenger could not open the through safe, which contained a large sum of money, and the robbers did not attempt to break it open. After going through the local safe the men left the express car and disappeared.

## NOW A DELUGE VISITS INDIA

Large Tracts of Country Are Under Water.

Many Lives Lost and Thousands Rendered Homeless.

Revival of British Public Interest in the Chinese Question.

### DELUGE IN INDIA.

Calcutta, Sept. 22.—The deluge continues and the country is inundated for miles. Already 20 natives have been drowned and thousands are homeless.

DESTRUCTIVE CONFLAGRATION.  
Constantinople, Sept. 22.—A fire in the Hiss Keul (Khas Koi?) district has destroyed 150 residences, 40 shops and a synagogue.

CHINESE QUESTION LOOMS UP.  
There are signs of a revival of public interest in England in the Chinese questions, says the New York Tribune's London correspondent. The most noteworthy one is the sharpness with which Russia is attacked by the press for duplicity in dealing with the powers and for inhumanity in her methods of warfare. These criticisms may not be well grounded, but the fact that the English journals, after a long period of apathy and indifference, are uniting in a

GENERAL ASSAULT UPON RUSSIA is highly significant. It indicates a return to the normal condition of English opinion of foreign affairs, which is nothing if not critical. Keen observers explain this sudden access of spirit as the natural sequence to the close of the war in South Africa.

The exchange of posts by British ministers in the Far East is not accepted in diplomatic circles as due entirely to Sir Claude Macdonald's impaired health.

THE LION SHAKES HIMSELF.  
There is a general impression among well informed men here that Lord Salisbury is making a strong move to the front, and that Russia and Germany will speedily be reminded that British policy in China has been transformed by the close of hostilities in South Africa.

Close students of the Chinese situation have been convinced for several weeks that the powers and the imperial government have not been in earnest in their negotiations, but have been

PLAYING FOR POSITION  
in a great diplomatic game which will now open in earnest. Russia and Germany will remain in Pekin. Count Von Waldersee is close at hand, and the chief question to be settled is whether the emperor shall be allowed to return to the forbidden city and resume his despotism away after being more responsible than any of her mandarins for the reign of terror and bloodshed.

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## Prof. Dorenwend

WILL BE AT...

Grigg House, London, Friday, Sept. 28,  
with BEAUTIFUL HAIR GOODS.

in Ladies' and Gents' Wigs, Toupes, Bangs, Switches, etc. All afflicted with thin hair, or baldness, should not miss seeing the finest styles of the professor's latest productions. He can remodel heads to perfection.

Old Made Younger.  
Young Beautiful.  
Don't Miss Him.  
POSITIVELY ONE  
DAY ONLY.



## ARE YOU BUYING A RANGE THIS FALL?

IF SO, DON'T FAIL TO



## London Advertiser.

(Established by JOHN CAMERON, in 1838.)  
THE LEADING DAILY IN WESTERN ONTARIO  
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ADVERTISER PRINTING COMPANY,  
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LONDON, ONTARIO.

London, Saturday, Sept. 22.

## Trade With Britain.

It is admitted that the present Government has endeavored in a healthful fashion to stimulate trade with Britain and to take advantage of our greatest open market, a market towards which we are drawn both by interest and sentiment. That these efforts have been met with considerable success, is the testimony of high authorities on both sides of the Atlantic. The Conservatives do not deny that a preference has been given to British goods, but they indulge in a variety of arguments, some of which cancel each other. First we are told that the reduction of duty is so small, so infinitesimally minute, that it cannot help or injure anybody, in fact, it is substantially the old N. P.; the Liberals have, in fact, dished the Conservatives by borrowing or stealing their clothes. Then, again, we are told that the Liberals have sacrificed the interests of Canada to those of Britain, and have given away that which they might have exchanged for a very great price. We have always maintained that in the sphere of trade, as elsewhere, an apparent sacrifice might be a real gain, and that a generous give-and-take brings its own reward.

But surely these Conservative arguments kill each other. If the change in tariff is so very slight, the Government cannot sacrifice very much to anyone. The fact is, the changes have been more real than our Tory friends admit; and they have been beneficial, as the present trade reports show. The Government wisely avoided violent changes, but sought to adapt itself to the real situation by gradually stimulating trade with the one great market of the world. The country showed by its verdict at the last election that it was weary of the old way, and yet Sir Charles Tupper, by his own confession, is shut up to the old way. He says he will only give advantage to Britain when he can get what he calls an equivalent; he will drive a hard bargain with the mother country. He lived in England several years as High Commissioner, but did not make those arrangements then, and we have testimony, to put it mildly, quite as good as his, that he cannot make them now or in the near future. This shows that his policy prevents him making any change in our trade with Britain, even if that redounds to our gain rather than to our loss.

Here is what Lord Salisbury would say to him, what, indeed, he did say to Lord Dufferin, when he advocated the taking of steps to bring "preferential trade" into the sphere of practical politics: "I ask him to look at the state of opinion in this country, especially the state of opinion in our commercial, manufacturing and industrial classes; the state of opinion above all, among the capitalists and most educated classes, and say if he sees the slightest chance within any period to which we have a right to look forward, of such modification of opinion in this country as will enable any statesman whatever his opinions may be, to propose the establishment of retaliatory duties. It seems to me to be absolutely out of the question. If you wish to set up a discriminating system in favor of the colonies, as against the rest of the world, just consider what are the goods on which you would have to levy a heavy duty in this country to make that discrimination felt. They are grain, wool and meat. What chance have you of inducing the people of this country to accept legislation which would make these essential articles of consumption susceptible of such tariffs. I see no probability whatever of it. That being the case, I think we should be hardly behaving ourselves respectfully to the colonies if we asked them to send representatives to a conference to discuss the question, when we know that the answer which many of them, at all events, many of their statesmen, would give, must be met immediately on our part by the information that such a thing is absolutely impossible."

These words are not from a Radical of the Cobden school, but from the leader of the Conservative party, the party that fought so fiercely against free trade, and the party that contains within itself today practically all who have any hankering after protection. But, face to face with facts, this leader sees that it is simply political suicide to ask the country to tear to pieces the fabric which has been built up by fifty years of the most active and successful commercial life. But that which is an impossibility for Lord Salisbury is an easy thing for Sir Charles Tupper!

"Sir Wilfrid Laurier is too British for me." So says Sir Charles Tupper.

That was a peculiar slip of the tongue when Hugh John Macdonald spoke of Sir Charles Tupper's promise to build a bridge across the Atlantic. Still, it was not unnatural—Sir Charles Tupper is a great promoter.—Toronto Globe.

## Silent as a Clam on One Question.

At Charlottetown, P. E. I., Hon. Mr. Fielding, Finance Minister, along with Hon. Mr. Paterson, Minister of Customs, addressed the largest meeting ever held in the island to listen to a statesman. One striking point in his address was his reference to the issues in 1896. He asked, Did peace and harmony prevail in this Dominion in 1896? No, the country was divided on the school question. This, he pointed out, Sir Wilfrid promised to settle, and his achievement in that regard alone is deserving of a renewal of the confidence of the electorate. If that question is settled then, to Sir Wilfrid is due all honor, and, if it is not settled, why do we not hear from Sir Charles, who said he would die for the minority. The Conservative leader tells long stories of the past history of Canada, yet on the school question, which he made the issue of 1896, he is now silent. The Liberals contend that the question is settled and settled satisfactorily. It is removed from the political arena, and even Sir Charles dare not allude to it in his campaign speeches. Yet Sir Charles Tupper said he would die, if need be, in order to secure the coercion of Manitoba. This is one of the many pledges which he has made which he now completely ignores, though some of his supporters in Quebec are urging that his candidates should be elected in order that the country may again have religious divisions to fight over.

The chaps who declared in 1896 that the Laurier Government would be defeated in six months are prophesying again. They now declare that the Government, in the ensuing general elections will lose its majority of nearly 60, and be defeated. After election day they will get back to the six months' limit, and declare for the defeat of the Government on the old lines. It is a harmless amusement this prognosticating, but it cannot be satisfying to those who put faith in the false prophets.

## Laurier or Tupper?

After four years in the cold, Sir Charles has some claim to pose as an expert in cold storage.—Kingston Whig.

## Permanently Side-Track.

At Allandale, Sir Charles Tupper got side-tracked, and when Barrie was reached the specially hired brass band played "See the conquering hero comes" to a Tupperless train. This side-tracking is ominous of what is to come. Sir Charles has been side-tracked by the people of Canada since 1896; he is destined to be permanently side-tracked, for the electors will not join a train that is intended to take them back to things as they were 22 years ago, as the political pilgrims have been declaring would be their fate if the Government could be defeated.

## Laurier and Canadian unity.

"WE ACKNOWLEDGE WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST HESITATION THAT CANADA HAS PROSPERED SINCE SIR WILFRID LAURIER CAME INTO POWER."—Hugh John Macdonald, Tory Premier of Manitoba, at Windsor Hall, Montreal, Tuesday, Sept. 11.

## The Royal Commission on Assessment.

A royal commission has been appointed to hear evidence and take into consideration the whole subject of municipal assessment. The subject is a difficult one, but good men have been appointed, and we look for good results.

The question should be approached in a spirit of fairness towards all, and wherever double or treble taxation occurs, it should be abolished, and property that now gets off scot-free made to bear its fair share of the burden.

The recent acts of the Legislature bear rather heavily on corporations, and in some instances, although the law is sought to be applied less stringently in some cities than in others. For instance, London is a loan company center, and it is desirable that it should continue to be so; but London seeks to tax its companies more heavily than other cities do in proportion. Particularly is this so compared with Toronto. There should be uniformity, and the fact that the owner of the property pays taxes on the land and the company fees to the government, ought not to be lost sight of.

Various methods of assessment have been adopted in different cities. In Toronto, the revenue from investments in the city only is taxed. In Brantford the net income on investments in the municipality. In Guelph they continue the tax paid prior to the act, and deduct the amount paid the government. In Port Hope the income and dividends from resident shareholders, allowing for exemptions; and in Sarnia shareholders are not assessed at all.

The general law should be uniform. We suggest that the court of revision and assessment commissioners should meet representatives of loan companies, insurance companies, and corporations of all kinds, and fully consider what is best for London, and then, when the royal commission meets they will be able to lay before them the results of a matured consideration of the various questions with which our assessment commissioners will have to deal. Our assessment commissioners should not approach the question in a grasping spirit, but a spirit of fairness, with the intention of reaching results which will be fair to the corporation and in the best interests of the city.

## "Great Strides."

Liberalism has made great strides of late.—Nelson Tribune.

Since 1896, the strides have been tremendous. Here is a list. These bye-elections since the Liberal Government took office give a fair indication of popular sentiment. It will be observed that Liberalism has taken 42 "strides" to the Conservative three, and a dozen or so of the same strides enabled Liberalism to bag constituents formerly represented by the Opposition:

Liberals.	Conservatives.
Saskatchewan.	Simcoe E.
Brandon.	Champlain.
Lotbiniere.	Sherbrooke-2.
Cornwall-Stormont.	
Quebec E.	
Kings, N. W.	
Queens and Shelburne.	
Ontario N.	
Grey N.	
Queens and Sunbury.	
Fortment.	
Brant S.	
Queen's W., P. E. I.	
Brome.	
Prince W.	
St. John's and Iberville.	
Bonaventure.	
Oxford S.	
York N.	
Wright.	
Colchester.	
Temiscouata.	
Rimouski.	
Drummond and Arthurs.	
Macdonald, Man.	
Winnipeg.	
Nicolet.	
Toronto C.	
Prince W.	
Simcoe N.	
Lambton W.	
Bagot.	
Montmagny.	
Huron W.	
Brookville.	
Ontario W.	
Berthier.	
Chamby and Vercheres.	
Labelle.	
Winnipeg-42.	

Mr. Mulock calls himself the "Minister of Labor." But he is a capital minister, too.—Hamilton Herald.

By the way, what is the use of being a man who keeps his word if you say nothing in particular, and say it so low that nobody can hear you?

The truth becomes plainer every day that the Conservative party will not succeed as yet. It must retire again until it produces some leaders.—Toronto Star.

J. J. Foy, Q.C., has decided to desert Mr. Whitney and run for the House of Commons in Center Toronto. That does not look as if Mr. Foy expected the Ross Government to be beaten.

Sir Charles Tupper is as confident of winning the elections and as boastful in asserting it as was his remote relative, Mr. Paul Kruger, when he challenged the British Empire to come on.—Toronto Star.

## Canada is well satisfied with Laurier.

With the elections seemingly many weeks ahead, the Conservatives are busy firing off all their ammunition. When the contest is really on, they will find themselves with nothing but empty shells.—Brantford Expositor.

It is said that pickpockets followed the Conservative leaders on their tour in the eastern part of the province and operated among the crowds that gathered to hear them. This is something new. Under Conservative rule the farmers had nothing in their wallets to attract pickpockets.—Toronto Star.

There will be no over confidence on the part of the Liberals in Bothwell or any other riding during the coming campaign. Over-confidence had much to do with the defeat of Hon. David Mills in the last campaign in Bothwell.—Chatham Banner.

Yes, it is well to arrange to have every legal vote polled, and to see that the dastardly tricks by means of which bogus ballots were put in the boxes, for the purpose of aiding in the defeat of Mr. Mills are not repeated.

## ABSOLUTELY IMPOSSIBLE

Lord Salisbury's Opinion of Tupper's Scheme Was Emphatic.

The following is what Lord Salisbury has to say regarding Sir Charles Tupper's Quebec policy:

"I ask him to look at the state of opinion in this country, especially the state of opinion in our commercial, manufacturing and industrial classes, and say if he sees the slightest chance within any period to which we have a right to look forward, of such a modification of opinion in this country as will enable any statesman, whatever his opinion may be, to propose the establishment of retaliatory duties. It seems to me to be absolutely out of the question."



## FOR GOLF RASH

Heat Rash, inflammation, itching, irritation, and chafing, undue or offensive perspiration, and many curative uses, nothing is so cooling, purifying, and refreshing as a bath with CUTICURA Soap, greatest of skin beautifiers and purifiers of toilet soap, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA, purifier of emollient skin cure.

Sold everywhere. British depot: F. HENNESSY & SONS, London. French depot: J. BIRD, Paris. Australian depot: J. B. COOK, Sydney. German depot: J. B. COOK, Berlin. U.S.A. depot: J. B. COOK, Boston.

## The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co. || The Runians, Gray, Carrie Co.

Every day here has its special attractions—new goods just arriving, odd lines being cleared at ridiculously low rates, or special lines at mill prices, hence always excitement of some kind. Examine carefully our enticing list for today's selling.

## Ladies' Underskirts, \$1 25

Two dozen only Ladies' Metallic Underskirts, in light shades, fine quality, regular price \$2, special for today only, \$1 25.

## Axminster Rugs, 95c

Special line Axminster Rugs, pretty designs, new colorings, our regular price \$1 50, today only 95c.

## Axminster Rugs, \$1 25

Special line Axminster Rugs, nice patterns, large size, our regular price \$2, today only \$1 25.

## Cambric Linings, 5c

12,000 yards Cambric Linings, in all colors, at the old price, per yard, 5c.

## The New Idea Pattern

All the new styles now in. An assortment of over 3,000 different patterns, embracing everything in the line of ladies' and children's wear, are sold at only, each.....10c

## Silk Velvets, 39c Yard

15 pieces of our best 50c and 60c Silk Velvet, in black and colors, good pile, today, per yard, 39c.

## Black Sateen Blouse, \$1 00

Ladies' Black Sateen Blouses, all sizes, corded front and sleeves, pearl buttons; our close cash price, \$1 25, today only \$1.

## Three Special Offerings in Blankets

No. 1—\$2 48—An All-Wool, soft in finish, free from grease, extra heavy Blanket: cannot be duplicated for less than \$3 50. Our price while they last, per pair, only.....\$2 48  
No. 2—\$2 75—A fine close weave Wool Blanket, good size, soft finish, pink and blue borders. Special, per pair.....\$2 75  
No. 3—\$3 35—An extra heavy Wool Blanket, size 60x85, soft finish, free from grease. Special, per pair.....\$3 35

Men's Extra Fur Felt Soft Hats, with silk bands, Russia leather sweat bands, etc., sizes 6 3-4 to 7 1-8, also black and Brown Stiff Hats, regular \$1 75 and \$1 50, today only for \$1.

of the question. If you wish to set up a discriminating system in favor of the colonies as against the rest of the world, just consider what are the goods on which you will have to levy a heavy duty in this country in order to make that determination felt. They are grain, wool and meat. What chance have you of inducing the people of this country to accept legislation that would make these essential articles of consumption susceptible of such tariffs? I see no probability whatever of it. That being the case, I think we should be hardly behaving respectfully to the colonies if we ask them to send representatives to a conference to discuss the question, when we know that the answer which many of them, at all events, many of their statesmen, would give, must be met immediately on our part by the information that such a thing is absolutely impossible."

## POLITICAL POINTS

The Situation in Essex—Hon. J. I. Tarte's Challenge to Hugh John Macdonald.

Bothwell Conservatives have nominated James Chaney for the commons. Mr. J. H. Haslam, private banker, of Winnipeg, has been selected to contest the riding of Selkirk, Man., in the approaching election.

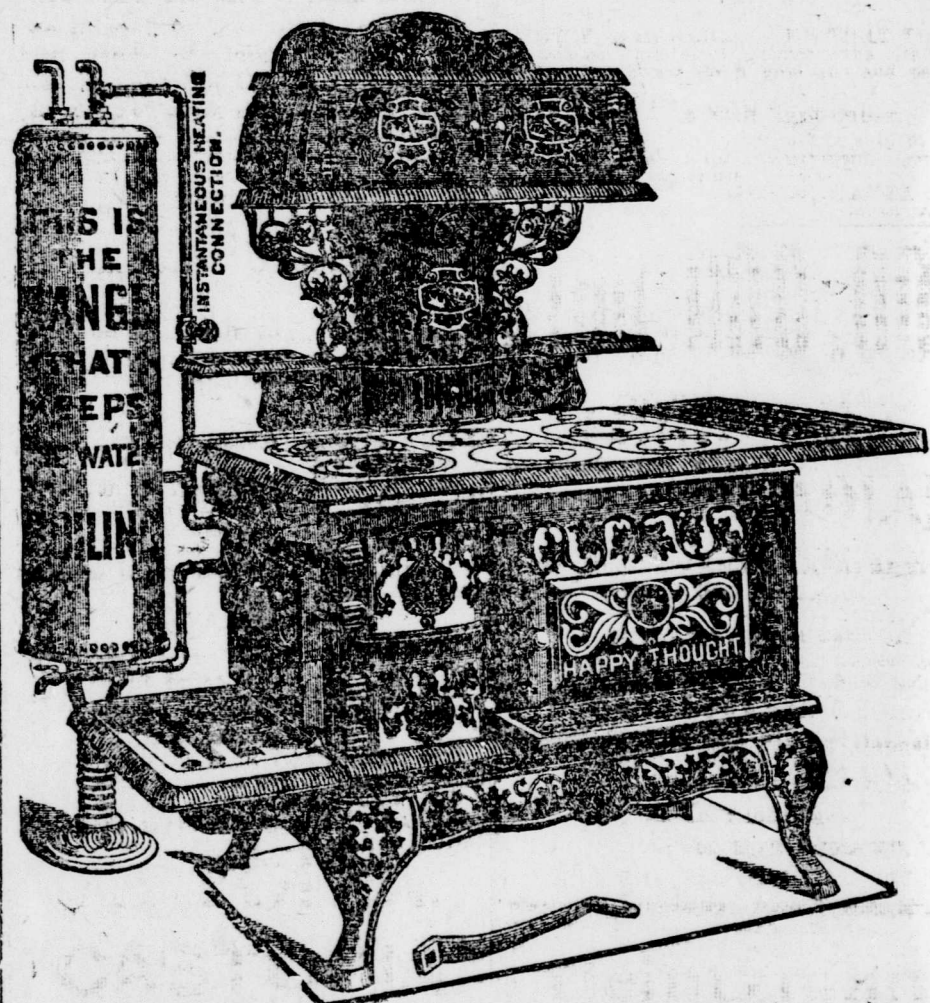
The Conservatives of Adelaide township held their annual meeting in the town hall, Adelaide village, the other evening, and elected officers as follows: President, Samuel Mahon; vice-president, Hugh Macdonald; secretary, treasurer, J. A. Denning; chairman division No. 1, D. McLean; No. 2, C. H. Bolton; No. 3, A. Carrothers, and No. 4, John Paine.

## THE ESSEX SITUATION.

Windsor reporter of Detroit Journal: It matters little whether the Liberals of North Essex place a strong or weak candidate in the field at the Dominion general election. If Wm. McGregor, the present Liberal member, contests the constituency, he will win in a walk, if either R. F. Sutherland, Q.C., or Gaspard Pacaud secures the nomination, he will have little more difficulty in landing the seat than McGregor. This feeling exists throughout the riding, and the split in the Conservatives' ranks is responsible for it. Tories in Windsor and in the country are at odds over the nomination of Sol White, and no peace-maker appears.

## HON. J. I. TARTE.

At the Liberal demonstration in Montreal on Thursday night, Hon. J. Israel Tarte was cheered for several minutes when called upon to speak. He begged to be excused, because there were several strangers present and the people of Montreal often heard him. He reminded the Conservatives of a page of their political history when they burned the parliament buildings in Montreal. In reply to Mr. Macdonald's attacks upon himself, Mr. Tarte said that the 60,000 French in this country at the time of the session had remained French, and would continue to be French. He would employ that language if it broke his political career twenty times. "We are French," he said, "but we are loyal subjects of her majesty." (Applause.) Mr. Hugh John Macdonald was making these attacks upon French-Canadians because the premier is a French-Canadian. "But," continued Mr. Tarte, "I will very soon give him satisfaction in the Province of Ontario. If Mr. Macdonald



NO HOME IS COMPLETE WITHOUT A

HAPPY THOUGHT

Over 112,000 of these Ranges are now in use.

Such a Saving in Fuel,  
Good Results in the Cooking,  
No Trouble to Manage,  
Suitable for Coal or Wood.

All sizes of this Range and other Stoves of the Buck make  
Pleased to have you call.

Parkinson & Co.,  
384 Richmond Street, Opposite City Hall.

will call a meeting in Toronto under the joint management of the Liberal and of the Conservative Associations, I will be at his disposal tomorrow if necessary." (Great applause.) In conclusion, Mr. Tarte predicted a great Liberal victory at the next elections.

TRAINS REACH GALVESTON.  
Galveston, Texas, Sept. 21.—At 6:15 a.m., the first train since the storm arrived over a temporary bridge. Trains are now running regularly. Martial law ended at noon.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diarrhoea.



Calistina, green.....	8	●
Lambskins.....	45	●
Pelts.....	36	●
Wool, washed, per lb.....	15	●
Wool, unwashed, per lb.....	9	●
Tallow, rendered, per lb.....	5	●
Tallow, rough.....	4	●
Turkeys, per lb.....	13	●

11 \$3.62½; city dressed veals, 9c to  
5 per lb. Sheep and lambs—Rec  
4 6,889; good sheep steady; common  
30 medium grades weak to 10c lb

The failures of life come from acting in good intentions, which are vain unless carried out in wise action.—C. Simmons.

Earl Llandaff. This announcement appears to be his only qualification for the peerage.

OLD OFFICE CANADA COLLEGE  
BUILDING, TORONTO.  
48th yw

Wool, unwashed, per lb.....	3	●
Tallow, rendered, per lb.....	5	●
Tallow, rough.....	4	●
Turkeys, per lb.....	10	●

per lb. Sheep and lambs—Rec  
6,889; good sheep steady; common  
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BUILDING, TORONTO.  
48th yr

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**STOCKWELL'S DYE WORKS**  
Phone 601. 259 Dundas Street.



# Details of the Late Massacre

Of Five Thousand Chinese at Blagovestchensk.

For Which Russian Authorities are Responsible—Italy Austria and France Said to Have Agreed to Russia's Proposal—The Attack on the Pei Tang Forts.

New York, Sept. 21.—Concerning the massacre of five thousand Chinese at Blagovestchensk by Russians, the Evening Post today contains an account from G. Frederick Wright, one of the faculty of Oberlin, Ohio, College, who was erroneously reported killed at Pekin. The letter is written from St. Petersburg, Siberia, under date of Sept. 6. Up to July 1 relations between Russians and Chinese were cordial. Then the families of the engineers on the Chinese Eastern Railway at Harbin, were forced to flee for safety. Troops gathered from every quarter to protect Harbin. As soon as the Russian troops went down the river on transports, July 14, the fort at Argun began, without warning, to fire upon passing steamboats, and on the 15th fire was opened upon Blagovestchensk, and some Russian villages were burned opposite the fort. The actual injury inflicted by the Chinese was slight; but the terror caused by it was indescribable, and it drove the Cossacks into a frenzy of rage. The peaceable Chinese, to the number of 3,000 or 4,000 in the city, were expelled in great haste, and being forced upon reefs entirely inadequate, were most of them drowned in attempting to cross the river.

**THE RIVER BLACK WITH BODIES**

The stream was fairly black with their bodies. "In our ride through the country to reach the city on Thursday, the 19th, we saw, way by way, thirty villages and hamlets of the Chinese in flames," says Mr. Wright. "One of them was a city of 8,000 or 10,000 inhabitants. We estimated that we saw the dwellings of 20,000 peaceable Chinese in flames that awful day, while parties of Cossacks were scouring the fields to find Chinese and shooting them down at sight. What became of the women and children no one knew; but there was apparently no way for them to escape to a place of safety. On our way up the river, for 500 miles above the city, every Chinese hamlet was a charred mass of ruins. The large village of Motcha was still smoking, and we were told that 4,000 Chinese had been killed. The wholesale destruction, both of property and life, was thought to be a military necessity. Since we left we heard that Argun has been taken amid a great loss of life to the Chinese. Work in the mines is paralyzed, and the laborers driven out. Peace between the Russians and the Chinese has come to an end. Years cannot wipe out the enemy engravings."

**MASSACRE THE ORDER OF THE DAY.**

The Moscow correspondent of the Standard, reverting to the subject of the massacre, this morning says: "From a recent visitor to the Amur region I learn that massacres are the order of the day with the troops that are over-running Manchuria. The orders are issued by Gen. Grodoff. But it is quite certain that Emperor Nicholas must be ignorant of their nature. My informant has seen a series of telegrams from one Manchurian commander, every one of which he sees that he is allowed to spare peaceable citizens; but the Russian indifference to the lives of the common herd is still of a truly oriental type. The same correspondent telegraphs that troops by the wholesale continue to pour into Manchuria."

**THE ATTACK ON PEI TANG FORTS**

Taku, Sept. 20.—Four thousand Russian, 3,000 German and 1,000 French troops, with a detachment of Austrian marines, began the attack upon the Pei Tang forts at daylight. The attack was answered briskly from the forts, the bombardment continuing until noon, when it was noticed the forts did not reply after 10 o'clock. The allies sent forward at noon to discover the reason of the cessation of the fire from the forts, and found the deserted, there being only four dead Chinese within the walls.

**THREE THOUSAND CHINESE GOT AWAY.**

The allies were much chagrined, as

they believed they had the place completely surrounded, making escape impossible, yet over 3,000 men got away in broad daylight. The Russian artillery fire proved effective, and the forts were badly damaged. The British and Italian commanders had decided to join in the attack, but their troops had not arrived in time. The entire line between Tsin Tsin and Taku shows reinforcements were heading for the forts.

Three members of the allied forces were killed, and 50 were wounded through the explosion of mines laid along their line of march.

**ADMIRAL REMEY'S DISPATCH.**

Washington, Sept. 22.—The navy department has received the following cablegram from Admiral Remy:

Taku, Sept. 21.—Force of Russians, Germans and Austrians advanced on Pei Tang forts last night. Fire opened by Chinese, and kept up all night at intervals. Forts evacuated this morning. Europeans hoisted their colors over forts at 11. Twenty-five Russian and German reported blown up by mine. Information from Commander Wise, who followed troops into forts. Only five Chinese killed. Remy.

**GERMANY'S GAME.**

London, Saturday, Sept. 22.—A. m.—It seems to be generally believed throughout Europe that Germany purposely proposed her demand that the anti-foreign leaders should be surrendered before negotiations were commenced with a view of delaying any general acceptance of her proposal until Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee should arrive in Pekin. A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Washington asserts that the United States has politely declined to agree to Germany's proposal on this very ground. It is said that Count Waldersee and Li Hung Chang, both journeying northward, matters must soon reach a crisis.

Berlin, Sept. 21.—The German foreign office has received replies from Italy, Austria and France, agreeing without reserve to Germany's proposal.

A dispatch received here from Shanghai, under date of today, Sept. 20, says that the German warship Hertha, with Count Von Waldersee, the commander-in-chief of the allied forces in China, on board, has arrived at Woo Sung. She will go to Kiao Chou tomorrow.

A Berlin dispatch says: From all the news that has arrived here, it seems that Germany's proposition is finding a favorable reception among the powers.

The relations between Germany and Russia are said to be very cordial. About 4,000 Russian troops and all the principal Russian officers met Count Von Waldersee at Chun Liang Chen, half way to Tsin Tsin. A long conference was held, at which no representative of any other power was present.

**PEI TA CHU TAKEN.**

Pekin, Monday, Sept. 17, via Taku, Thursday, Sept. 20.—Gen. James E. Wilson, the American commander, took Pei Ta Chu this morning. No details of the affair have been learned, but the British officials have received a dispatch announcing that "the temples were taken according to arrangement." It is expected Gen. Wilson will move on San Hai Tien (San Kia Tien), and destroy the Chinese arsenal at that place. The Germans moved westward today, and it is doubtful if they operated in the taking of Pei Ta Chu.

[As announced by the Associated Press in a dispatch from Pekin under date of Sunday, Sept. 16, via Taku, Thursday, Sept. 20, Gen. Wilson, with 800 Americans and 600 British troops and six guns, marched westward that day, and the Germans were to move on the following day (Sept. 17), to cooperate in taking Pei Ta Chu, where the enemy was supposed to be in large force. The American commander, it was added, would attack from the west and the Germans from the east. The dispatch also said that Gen. Wilson would then take the San Hai Tien (San Kia Tien) arsenal.]

**PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.**

Washington, Sept. 21.—The state department this afternoon delivered to Minister Wu the reply of the United States Government to the Chinese request that Minister Conger be authorized to negotiate immediately with peace negotiations.

Telegraphing from Pekin on Sept. 16 Dr. Morrison says Gen. Chaffee had received orders from America to cease his preparations for wintering his troops in Pekin. This is interpreted to mean that America is contemplating a withdrawal of her troops, the abandonment of her interests in Pekin, and the transference to another power of the protection of the numerous converts who reached the American missions and survived the siege. The withdrawal of the German legation is capable of explanation, but a misleading is felt that America also proposed to withdraw her legation.

**BITS OF CHINA.**

The Shanghai correspondent of the Morning Post expresses the opinion that Germany's policy may yet lead to a rising in Central China.

The Standard has a Taku telegram asserting that as a means of averting punishment, the acting governor of Pao Ting Fu has issued a proclamation ordering the suppression of Boxers.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily News telegraphs the opinion of a high foreign official that the emperor will, under the pressure exercised by the viceroys, surrender Prince Tuan and the other anti-foreign leaders to the powers.

It is reported that Li Yu Kuen, viceroy of Nankin, alarmed at the prospects of the German fleet ascending the Yang Tse Kiang, is placing obstructions in the channel below the Kian Yan forts, and sending troops to the northeast of Kiang Su for fear the Germans may land troops there to attack the Sling Kian Fu.

**THE KILLING OF CHRISTIANS.**

Hong Kong, Sept. 21.—The French warship Avalanche, which has been investigating the killing of Christians in the Sannai district, near Canton,

reports that the crews of eight pirate junks, by the Sannai district, intended to destroy all the Christian villages on the Canton delta.

Washington, Sept. 21.—An official communication, sent through diplomatic channels, was brought to the attention of the state department today, giving information as to the atrocities in the province of Hunan against Christian missionaries. In one case it is stated that a missionary had his eyes burned out, then a portion of his body was cut off, and finally a red-hot staff was driven through his back. In another case given in the report, a missionary was wrapped in cotton, the cotton was soaked in oil and the mass set on fire. The missionary was burned to death.

**MESSAGE FROM DR. MORRISON.**

Dr. Morrison, the Indian correspondent of the Times, writing on Sept. 15, says: "Owing to the increasing activity of the Boxers and to the fact that Christian families have been murdered during the last few days in the neighborhood of Pekin, a general order has been issued forbidding parties to go foraging without escort. The British forces are so reduced that the proposed punitive expedition no longer has been postponed. Only 400 foot and 50 sabres were available. Horror has been excited throughout China by authentic details of the massacre of missionaries in Shan Si province, where Hu Hsien was appointed governor. It is now known that when the Russian and Chinese authorities here that Hu Hsien had murdered 33 missionaries whom he had invited into his yamen, the Chinese Government, on July 14, invited the foreign ministers and their families to enter Tsung Li Yamen under a similar offer of protection. Fortunately the invitation was declined."

**LI AT TIEN Tsin.**

Li Hung Chang has arrived at Tsin Tsin, and is camped in his own yamen, under a Cossack guard. His reception here was a repetition of his reception at Tong Ku, only the Russian and Japanese officers calling on him instead of the other nations not taking part in it.

Li Hung Chang, according to Shanghai dispatches, has assumed the seals of the viceroyalty of Chi Li. His official seal, bearing 5,000 of the Chinese and well armed veterans as a body guard.

## A Great Reputation

Has Been Achieved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Not Only in Canada, But in Every Civilized Country Throughout the World—Hence Great Praise Given This Medicine Its Great Praises Over Competitors Everywhere.

The reputation achieved by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills not only in Canada, but throughout the world, rests upon a very solid basis, which may be summed up in two words—sterling merit. The Enterprise has been asked to investigate a number of cures effected by this medicine, and knows that in some instances at least these cures were effected by the use of this medicine, and even to give relief. Recently another cure came under our notice that cannot fail to increase the popularity of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the localities where they are used.

Mr. Walter H. Johnson is one of the best known residents of the northern section of Queen's county. He resides in the town of Caledonia, where he keeps a hotel, and also runs a stage that carries passengers and mail between this town and Liverpool, a distance of some 30 miles. Mr. Johnson was in Bridgeville recently, on which occasion he gave a reporter of this paper a most interesting account of his life. He had the best of medical attendance, but made very little progress towards recovery, and the doctor told him there was very little hope that he would be able to return to his former work. The trouble appeared to have located itself in his kidneys, and for eight weeks or more he lay in bed, unable to get up. He suffered greatly from constant pains in the back, his appetite became impaired, and his constitution generally appeared to be shattered. At this juncture he decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and got a half-dozen boxes. In the course of a couple of weeks he noticed an improvement in his condition, and he was able to get up, and he has been able to return to his former work. He has been continually driving his coach between Caledonia and Liverpool, and has not had the slightest ailment since. He is now a very healthy man, and is able to do his work as well as ever. He has a great deal to say in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

If the blood is pure and wholesome disease cannot exist. The reason why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure so many forms of disease is that they act directly upon the blood and nerves, thus reaching the root of the trouble. Other medicines act only upon the symptoms of the disease, and the result is that the trouble always returns when you cease these medicines. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make permanent cures in kidney troubles, rheumatism, erysipelas, anaemia and kindred diseases. But be sure you get the genuine, which bear the full name of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People on the wrapper around every box.

**A PRIEST'S JUBILEE.**

Chatham, Sept. 21.—Father Andreux, the oldest priest in the diocese, celebrated the 50th anniversary of his entry into the priesthood at Painscourt Wednesday and Thursday. Bishop McEvoy arrived Wednesday afternoon. At 7 o'clock one of the largest crowds that ever filled Painscourt Church assembled, including some 50 priests from Ontario points. Father Andreux was presented with a gold-headed cane by Mrs. Bourgeois, of Windsor; a set of gold vestments from the congregation, and a gold chalice from the Catholic clergy. Bishop McEvoy then addressed the priest, and gave him the brief of archbishop of the diocese. A procession, headed by the school children, in white, marched to the church, where a thanksgiving service was held by the bishop. Farmer's Mass was sung by St. Joseph's Church choir, of Chatham.

Mr. Colin Rankin, of Mattawa, formerly chief factor of the Hudson Bay Company, was relieved of \$480 by some thief at the Ottawa fair.



## THE LADIES' JOURNAL

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NOTHING LIKE IT FOR THE MONEY.

Send ONE DOLLAR NOW, and get The Ladies' Journal for a whole year and a half. Do not delay. All our manuscript energies and resources are bent on producing a monthly journal, the like of which, for clean, wholesome literature and an unequalled gift-offer, has never before been presented to the Canadian public. THE LADIES' JOURNAL is under new editorship, and printed on fine paper, making it as attractive and interesting as most of the highest class magazines. A good, honest, family paper, constituting itself the friend of the family, containing matter of social interest in every number, long and short stories, poems, the latest news, the season's fashions for ladies, recipes and hints for housekeepers, fairy tales and sketches for the juveniles, and last, but not least, a regular sunburst of bargains in the competition line that alarm and astonish our competitors, being

Cash Premiums and Other Valuable and Attractive Gifts are Offered in Each Issue of the JOURNAL.

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**A BIG ONE DOLLAR'S WORTH**

which will swell our already enormous subscription list, as we intend it shall. Send one dollar now and get The Ladies' Journal for a year and a half. When you take into consideration these splendid and attractive opportunities that subscribers hold to obtain such prizes as Solid Cash, Gold and Silver Watches, and Other Jewelry, Plated Ware, Silk Petticoats, Silk Skirts, Boots, Silk Stockings, Valuable Books, etc., it is really the opportunity of a lifetime. We hold thousands of testimonials from recipients of Premiums, and the cash, and other articles, from \$100 cash down, proving that confidence is reached when truth is spoken.

Below is one of the current competitions and list of awards:

**CSEHALR RSI PUTREP.**  
IRS FLEIDWR RIAULRE  
NFSOT.  
LEOWLB  
ILARAYW NCAAINDA AOCPCFI.

**KTNBU NARGD YRAIAWL.**  
ETEOFS.  
ERATT.  
CADNODLAM HNO GHUH J.

These are the names of men and two great corporations prominent in Canadian affairs. The letters are all jumbled up. Can you make them out? To all new subscribers only, and absolutely free to them, the following rewards, for a correct transposition of these names as long as the articles last:

**PIANO**  
TEA SETS  
CLOCK  
CHAIRS  
\$25 CASH  
STOCKINGS  
GLOVES  
MUSIC BOXES  
WATCH CHAINS  
WATCHES  
BOOKS  
\$10 CASH

One thoroughly up-to-date, high-class UPRIGHT PIANO, by a celebrated Canadian firm. Three complete TEA SETS, of four pieces quadruple silver platedware. Three CHINA SETS, usual number of pieces. Five CHINA MANTEL CLOCKS. Four handsome MORRIS RECLINING ARM CHAIRS. TWENTY-PIECE CASH, divided into five equal portions. Three pairs of LADIES FINE KID BOOTS, latest style, size to suit. Three pairs SILK STOCKINGS, size to suit. Two pairs of FINE KID GLOVES, any desired color, size to suit. Four FINE SILK PETTICOATS, size to suit. Three SILK ROBES, color and size to suit. Six LADIES FINE GOLD-BEADED WATCH CHAINS. Three large MUSICAL BOXES, playing ten airs, handsome rosewood cases. One hundred handsomely bound copies of STANDARD POETICAL WORKS. One hundred WELSH BOUND COPIES OF LATE NOVELS, published by leading houses. FORTY DOLLARS IN CASH, divided equally among the senders of the four last letters received containing correct answers.

All these things will be given away absolutely free, except the piano, when twenty-five dollars must be paid up by the winner. Do not delay sending in, for the awards will be divided into three equal portions, first, middle and final, and will be given as long as the articles last, and strictly in the order, as just indicated, that letters are received.

The earlier you send the better is your opportunity, yet even the last comers are provided for.

LADIES' JOURNAL has been established nearly twenty years, and its good reputation has gained for it a wide circulation. Its publishers could not afford to fail in fulfilling their promise. It will pay you to extend your brain a little and gain one of these elegant awards. Thousands have done so before; why can't you now? Old subscribers of The Journal may compete by sending a dollar, for which their subscription will be extended one year and a half.

This present competition will be open only until December 25, next. The names of successful ones will be published in the next issue of the Journal after the close of competition. Ten days allowance after December the twenty-fifth will be made for letters to reach us from distant points.

Make all express orders, or money, or postal notes payable to

**THE LADIES' JOURNAL CO., DEPT. G., TORONTO, CANADA.**

Mention London Advertiser When Writing.

## From Near-By Places.

On Wednesday morning, Emery Howe, of Belmont, died, in his 77th year. He was married to a Miss Dewar and moved to a farm on the town line, south of Belmont, where he resided 18 years. He moved to Belmont eight years ago. Four of his six children survive: Mrs. Elvett, of Clinton; Mrs. Robert Erwin, of Pickney, Mich.; James, of Clinton, and Emery, at home.

At an adjourned meeting of the ratepayers of Lobo, called to select a candidate for the county council, the following gentlemen were nominated: Mr. Arch McGowan, reeve; A. C. Attwood, D. A. Brown, Neil McKellar, Neil Graham, Mr. Nogie, Peter A. Graham, Dan Campbell and Neil Sinclair. A call was then given to all the nominees to address the meeting, to which all responded, and with the exception of Mr. McGowan all withdrew; the chairman then declared Mr. McGowan the choice of the meeting, and upon motion the choice was made unanimous by a standing vote. Mr. A. C. Attwood, a speaker, was requested to report the meeting to the press, giving each of the London and Stratford papers a copy. The meeting closed by three rounds of cheers for McGowan. Death came suddenly to Gabriel Manning, a highly-respected resident of Belmont, the result of a paralytic stroke. He was 72 years old and was born at Edmondville, Quebec.

## EDMONDVILLE.

Edmondville, Sept. 22.—Residence changes will soon be made in plenty with us. Mr. John Prendergast has purchased Mrs. Muldrew's comfortable cottage, and will move into it in October. This is one of the most desirable properties in the village. Mr. Jacob Schmidt has rented his house to Mr. Thomas Colbert, who expects to occupy it soon. Mr. Schmidt goes to Manitoba to reside with his eldest daughter, Mrs. Docherty. His daughter Bella, who has



These pills are a specific for all diseases arising from disordered nerves, weak heart or watery blood. They cure palpitation, dizziness, smothering, faint and weak spells, shortness of breath, swelling of feet and ankles, nervousness, sleeplessness, anaemia, hysteria, St. Vitus' dance, partial paralysis, brain fog, female complaints, general debility, and lack of vitality. Price 50c. a box.

## From Near-By Places.

kept house for him for seven years, will likely accompany him. As they are highly esteemed residents, they will be much missed by our people.

Mr. David Chesney will soon vacate his home in Hills house and move to the one at present occupied by Mr. Thomas Colbert.

Dame Rumor has it that Mr. and Mrs. Newell will go to reside in the house soon to be vacated by Mr. Chesney.

Rev. Mr. Shaw is taking the remaining two weeks of holidays which he will spend mostly with his parents near Rodney. He is accompanied by Mrs. Shaw and Master Donald.

Miss M. E. McLary, the highly-esteemed teacher of the second department of our school, has resigned. Our people have had the benefit of her valuable services during nearly eight years, and very much regret her resignation, as she has proved herself an excellent teacher.

Mr. George Hills has been off duty for a couple of weeks on account of a severe attack of illness, but his many friends are pleased to learn of his progress towards recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Kennedy have been visiting relatives in Woodstock. Miss Thomas, of the mantle department of Smallman & Ingram, London, has returned to her home here, and will care for her aged parents for some time.

The Dominion political pot is beginning to boil furiously, and much froth is coming to the surface. What wonder that elections are sometimes corrupt, when leading politicians will deliberately lie about each other!

What is to be done about the cigarette smoking and tobacco spitting nuisance, which to many people is becoming almost intolerable? One cannot go into a crowd or on the street but the fumes of tobacco are poured down the throat. Returning from the Western Fair the other evening, the smoking fund was present in such numbers that the air was thick at times with smoke. Tobacco users in many cases seem to have no regard for the comfort of others.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Westphal, of Cleveland, have lately been paying a visit to relatives and friends in our village.

## BIRR.

Birr, Sept. 22.—Mr. Will Walden, of Elmville, preached in the Methodist Church on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph White and Mr. Charlie White, of Dawn, have returned home after spending a few days with Mr. Richard White.

A meeting was held on Tuesday evening in the Methodist Church to make arrangements for the coming harvest home to be held on the church grounds on Oct. 2.

The farmers in this vicinity are reaping the apple trees of their heavy burden this week.

Misses Olive and Vera Walden sent Sunday at Birr.

## GLENDALE.

Glendale, Sept. 22.—The population is steadily on the increase. Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hoard have a young son, and Mr. and Mrs. R. Brown a new daughter.

Mr. James Haldane has sold his farm and intends moving to the city. Miss Emily Egan is being congratulated on her success on obtaining a second-class certificate. She is now a bookkeeper for a London firm.

The Ladies' Aid have lost an earnest worker in Miss Susie Haldane, who was recently married to Mr. McLaren, of London township. The society showed

## their appreciation of her faithful services by giving her a valuable present.

## MARINE MISHAPS

Two Vessels Ashore Off Key West—Barge Sunk in St. Clair River—Four Lives Reported Lost.

Sarnia, Sept. 22.—A large steam barge, name at present unknown, and the tow barge Yantic, came into collision in the rapids in St. Clair River, opposite Point Edward, about 3 o'clock last evening.

The Yantic was sunk, and four lives are reported lost. A steam barge is ashore on the American side of the river. The sunken tow barge is quite close to the barge Fontana, sunk in the rapids some few weeks ago.

## TWO VESSELS ASHORE

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 21.—A special from Key West, Fla., says it is reported that two vessels are ashore on one of the keys about 40 miles north of here.

It is reported also that half of the crew of one of the vessels were drowned. Wreckers have gone to investigate.

## A WAY OF ESCAPE.

From the Endless and Terrible Tortures of Dyspepsia.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets the Cure, the Only Cure—They Cure Naturally and for All Time—And They Never Fail.

Why is it that women suffer more than men? The question has been asked hundreds of thousands of times, but no satisfactory answer has ever been given.

Meanwhile, gentle, loving, patient woman goes on, bearing her heavy load.

You can see the ravages of ill-health on hundreds of otherwise lovely faces, every day. That sallow, weary-looking woman is enduring the miseries of Dyspepsia; that one, whose face is prematurely wrinkled, whose eyes have lost their brightness, and who bears, unconsciously, a look of continual pain, is a victim of Indigestion.

In the majority of cases women suffer needlessly. They are like the occupants of a burning house, who, although the doors are open refuse to make their escape.

This is true of all who suffer from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Flatulence, Nervous Debility, Catarrh of the Stomach and all other ailments of stomach and digestive organs. It is true because there is a way of escape from suffering.

This way of escape—and there is no other, remember—is through the use of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. They prevent or cure these diseases by removing their cause—imperfect digestion. They digest the food, tone and strengthen the stomach, and stimulate the bowels. They clean out the system, supply pure blood, establish perfect digestion.

In a recent communication to the French Academy of Medicine, M. L. Durembley advocates the treatment of seasickness by inhalation of pure oxygen under pressure.

## TEA.

All grocers sell Tea, but all Teas are not the same. Some are good and some are not. We have had a great many years' experience, and after carefully studying the productions of all the countries we recommend the use of

Pure Indian or Ceylon.

Make your Tea in an earthen pot, use boiling water, let it draw seven minutes. Buy our 25c or 35c Indian or Ceylon.

Fitzgerald, Seandrett & Co  
122 DUNDAS ST.



## Evening Classes

In Bookkeeping, Writing, Arithmetic, Spelling, Business Paper, Shorthand, and Typewriting are to be organized in the



On Monday, Oct. 1. Particulars on application. J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal.

## Now Order the Fall Suit...

Exclusive patterns in Scotch and Weir of England goods are on view in our window. Only one suit of each. Beautiful patterns and correct in style.

O. Labelle, 372 Richmond.



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MRS. K. MOORE Has Returned.

Lessons Begin Immediately.

Will Test Voice Free.

## Doyle's Liniment.

The Greatest Known Remedy for the Relief and Cure of RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, BRUISES, HEMORRHOIDS, MUSCULAR SPASMS, SORE THROAT, SORENESS OF THE CHEST OR BACK, or wherever a LINIMENT is required. It also cures the worst case of PILES.



TRADE MARK. Registered. I met with an accident in the G. T. R. yards, and nearly broken my ankle. It was sprained so badly I had great difficulty in getting home. I got a bottle of Doyle's Liniment, and after thoroughly rubbing for about five days was able to resume my work. There is no other remedy on the market equal to it for sprains. RICHARD GOULD, G. T. R. Yards.

The only known Remedy that will cure the Sprained Calf-Joint of a Horse.

Price 60 cents per Bottle. Sample Bottle, 25c.

JOHN. W. DOYLE, London, Ont. yw

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You should try our bread. It is delicious; always sweet and nutritious. We have the reputation of employing skilled labor and using the best of material. That's why our bread is bought by hundreds of families.

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443 Richmond Street.

SHIRT COLLARS IRONED STRAIGHT. I do not want to hurt the neck. Stand up collar ironed in the neck. Give me a call. If you are not suited we pay. Washing returned 124 hours. All hand work. Best in the city. Fare collected for and delivered.

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We Figure On Electric Work.

No matter how large or small the job, and want to get in touch with those proposing having work done.

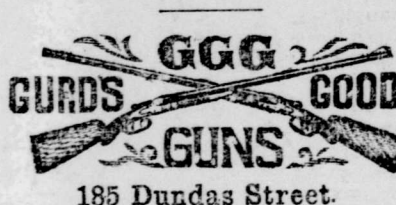
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HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for old gold and silver, lead and copper dross.

Canada Smelting and Refining Company,

## STRONG SHOOTING

with great penetration are our hand-loaded Smokeless Shells. Loaded with Dupont, E. C. or Schultze powders, best wadding, chilled shot and best shells. Each shell is loaded with care and exactness, and they are all uniform. If you want good penetration and a regular pattern, try a box.



## It's Not Winter Yet

But the prudent man orders his fall clothes before the rush. We have an attractive assortment of new goods.

SOUTHCOTT'S, FINE TAILORS, 321 Richmond Street.

## METEOROLOGICAL

Toronto, Sept. 21-8 p.m.—The weather has been showery today in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, and a few scattered showers have occurred in Ontario. In the territories and Manitoba it has continued fine. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 42-60; Kamloops, 50-72; Calgary, 40-62; Qu'Appelle, 42-70; Winnipeg, 42-72; Port Arthur, 50-62; Parry Sound, 56-62; Toronto, 56-66; Ottawa, 56-66; Montreal, 56-68; Quebec, 50-66; Halifax, 50-62. Local temperatures.—The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory here on Friday were: Highest, 65.5°; lowest, 51.5°. Today (Saturday) the sun rose at 6:04 a.m. and sets at 6:16 p.m. The moon rose at 4:53 a.m., and sets at 6:26 p.m.

## JOHNSTON BROS. BAKERS.

We supply BREAD by our own carriers to all parts of the London, and nearly every store keeps it in stock.

PHONE 318.

## SPECTACLES -AND- EYEGLASSES

Looking back, I see I never saw before. That is the explanation of satisfied customers. We have fitted successfully stubborn cases that others have failed in. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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## London Advertiser.

## FURS

are what the ladies can use with comfort these cool evenings. A new Caprine, Ruff, Tie, Boa are the most appropriate things for this season of the year.

## BELTZ,

Leading Furrier.

## A LOCAL BUDGET

—Mr. John Barnard, of Wrexeter, has secured a good position here.

—Miss Edna Durkee is the guest of Miss Maude Hooper, of 176 Horton street.

—Rev. Dr. Johnston, of this city, is announced to lecture in St. Paul's Church, Peterboro, on Monday evening.

—Mr. J. Truman Wolcott, choir-master of First Methodist Church, has prepared a special programme of music for the evening service on Sunday.

—M. W. Bro. R. B. Hungerford, of this city, grand master, A. F. and A. M., for Canada, and M. W. Bro. Wm. Gibson, past grand master, will pay an official visit to Petrolia on Wednesday, Oct. 2.

—Miss Alice Fleming, who left here on Wednesday, has arrived safely at San Francisco, where she joined her father, and will accompany him to Sydney, Australia. Miss Fleming will spend about six months there.

—Dr. Sowerby's science sermons on Sunday evenings have created an unusually great interest. Men are crowding in from all directions to hear him on these live questions. Tomorrow evening he will treat the subject of creation.

—The London ladies' golf club sent a team to Hamilton last night, and the following will play in the match at that city today: Misses Beddome, Gibbons, Helen Gibbons, Zimmerman,

## Dinner

Served promptly in the coolest parlors in London from 12 to 1:30 for 25c. The season's delicacies are always on the bill. Lunches at any time on European plan.

PALACE CAFE, OPPOSITE CITY HALL, J.W.T.

## TIRED HEADS.

So often "Tired Heads" mean in reality tired eyes. You will greatly help the faithful servant—the eye. If you experience any discomfort after reading, consulting or looking at things, try our glasses that will rest and comfort your eyes.

WARD, Optician and Jeweler, 374 Richmond Street.

Magee, Belton, A. Harris and Mrs. Gates.

—Guelph Mercury: Mr. Thomas McBride, who has been absent for a month, visiting relatives in St. Thomas, London and Port Stanley, has returned home. He spent a very pleasant outing, and was greatly taken up with the activity of London.

—The members of the King's Messengers' Mission Band of St. Andrew's Church, were entertained last evening by the pastor and Mrs. Johnston, during the evening, on behalf of the band, Mrs. Murray made a presentation to Miss Carrie Guna, who goes to British Columbia, by Mr. Beak, president of the London Conservative Association, who placed his carriage at their disposal, and they were driven to Mr. Beck's residence.

—Sir Charles Tupper, Hon. Hugh John Macdonald, Hon. George E. Foster and Mr. J. P. Whitney, arrived in the city last night on their return from Stratford. They took dinner on their private car, and were later waited on by Mr. Adrian Beck, president of the London Conservative Association, who placed his carriage at their disposal, and they were driven to Mr. Beck's residence.

—Petrolia Topic: A very large number of Petrolia citizens took part in the Western Fair at London last week. They all unite in saying it was the poorest they had ever attended, with fewer exhibits of poorer quality, and more side shows and catch-penny devices than they had ever before encountered or wanted to run against again. Some of the side shows were merely silly or vulgar, others—one, at any rate—said to have been worse than that.

W. Lowe, of Wingham, preaches in Christ Church tomorrow, when harvest thanksgiving services will be held. In the same place on Monday a service of praise will be given by the combined choirs (over 40 voices) of St. Andrew's and Christ Churches, under the direction of Mr. J. T. Dalton. A number of talented vocalists will take part, including Miss Ida Pickard, Miss E. McLeod, the Dalton Male Quartet, and others. Mr. Charles E. Wheeler will also give an organ solo.

—A very pretty wedding took place in the Sherbrooke Street Methodist Church on Wednesday evening last, when Mr. James William Anderson, of Philadelphia, was united in marriage to Miss Ida Bell Vey of Montreal. The bride was charming in a gown of silver-gray bengaline, trimmed with white sequin net, and carried a bouquet of white bridal roses. She was attended by Miss Nellie Padden, whose gown of white organdie over mauve was very pretty. The bride was the recipient of many handsome and valuable gifts, which testified of the esteem in which her friends held her. The groom was supported by Mr. Frank A. Vail of Montreal. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson are spending their honeymoon at the home of Mr. W. J. Anderson, South street, after which they will return to Philadelphia, where they will reside.

—A somewhat unique entertainment is to be given at the public Rink, corner Dundas and Lyle streets, on Tuesday evening next. It will show the progress of the century in the first, second, third and fourth quarters, as to the mode of cooking, the mode of lighting. Extensive preparations have been made to give it practical illustrations, and it will prove very interesting to the younger generation to see how our grandmothers very great-grandmothers performed the duties of the kitchen in the days gone by. An attractive programme has also been arranged for, consisting of three debates in which Ex-Mayor Essery, Ald. Stevenson, M.D., R. A. Little, W. H. Little, Rev. R. Johnston, D.D., and Rev. W. J. Clark will take part. Supper will be served from 6 to 8 o'clock. The programme will close with a beautiful tableaux, in which the progress of the century will be shown in quick succession. The entertainment is held under the auspices of the ladies and managers of the King Street Presbyterian Church.

A HERO'S RESTING-PLACE. The following extract from a letter received by John Clugston, of West London, from Richard H. Reynolds, of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, shows that the Canadian boys do not forget their fallen comrades, but are resolved to so mark their resting-places as to keep their memory green: "Johannesburg, South Africa, "Aug. 12, 1900. "Dear Jack—I lost my chum at Johannesburg on Aug. 4. His name was Dan Crane, from Sarnia. I have been taking up a collection of tombstones for him, and I have got 250. I am going to buy the stone tomorrow."

BADE THEM GOOD-BYE. Woodstock Express: When Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Woodburne, of London, and Dr. Hulst, of Norwich, leave Woodstock for the mission fields of India, they will carry with them pleasant recollections of the farewell reception, held in the First Baptist Church last night, when a large number of church members gathered to wish them God-speed. Dr. and Mrs. Woodburne are being sent out by the Ontario mission board. Both are young and thoroughly imbued with the spirit of the work they are undertaking. Dr. Woodburne has for some time been practicing medicine in Michigan, and it is in the medical department that his work in India will chiefly be, although, of course, he will be active in the spiritual aspect of the work there. Mrs. Woodburne is a smart, bright, little woman, with all the enthusiasm necessary for carrying out the mission to which she says the Lord has called her. She is a good speaker and has been prominently mentioned as a future worker in the United States. Dr. Hulst is a young woman who has successfully studied medicine with a view to its adaptation to the work in the mission fields of India. She at one time attended the Baptist College here and has long been known as an earnest Christian worker of Norwich.

## A SAMPLE LOAF



Of our Homemade Bread—We will convince you that it is the Bread you want three times a day. Just a trial is all we ask for it. Its goodness will be the means of keeping you for our customer. Fresh every morning, delivered anywhere.

THE PARNELL-DEAN STEAM BAKING COMPANY, LIMITED. Telephone 929. OFFICE—75 Bruce Street, South London.

## REMOVAL SALE -OF- BOOTS and SHOES

In a few weeks time I will move into a larger store, and before doing so intend selling off my present stock of Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, etc., at prices so astonishingly low that a complete clearance will be made.

As I have been but a short time in business, all my goods are new and of the very best quality. I have an exceptionally fine line of Boys' Shoes, the kind that don't pinch, sag and kick out. These are my regular \$1.75 line and I am selling them now for \$1.25.

SEE MY WINDOWS.

Bargain Shoe Store 143 Dundas St. FRANK A. BROWN.

## BY HIS SON'S HAND

Young Man Hits His Father With a Brick—Serious Condition of the Injured Man.

As the result of a blow from a brick Jeremiah J. Hoskins, of 236 Gladstone street, is lying unconscious at Victoria Hospital, while his son, William, who dealt the blow, is in custody awaiting the outcome of his father's injuries. Slight hopes are entertained for the latter's recovery.

It is thought that the young man who is 25 years old, is insane. It appears that for some time he has been acting strangely, and last night he suddenly grew violently angry at his father, seized a brick and struck him on the forehead over the left eye. He then threatened to kill his mother, but before committing any further violence he was secured and handed over to the police.

The injured man was removed to Victoria Hospital. Dr. H. A. Stevenson attended him, and removed several small portions of the bone of the forehead. Hoskins lay in an unconscious condition all night.

## 62 DAYS ALONE ON THE OCEAN.

Sustained by Grape Nuts.

Capt. Blackburn, who sailed from Gloucester, Mass., in a small boat, 29 feet over all, for Gloucester, England, in June, 1899, carried with him, by order of his doctor, a variety of different foods, also a little oil stove to prepare them. Conspicuous among these foods the doctor named Grape-Nuts.

When Capt. Blackburn got to sea, his water was so scanty and the water rough, that he was compelled to stay at the wheel most of the time, and was unable to run his stove and prepare his food. He subsisted almost entirely on Grape-Nuts food which is ready cooked, and which he poured directly from the little boxes into his hand or mouth.

"Although weakened by the continued drenching, fatigue and exposure, he made the voyage successfully, which his physician says would have been well-nigh impossible, but for Grape-Nuts food. Having found Grape-Nuts food so wonderful in its invigorating and nourishing effects, the captain, upon his return, acting on the advice of his physician, continued the use of the food, steadily gaining in health and strength.

## BANK OF B. N. A.

Gratifying Increases Shown in Half-Yearly Statement.

The Bank of British North America continues to show steady and continuous progress, as the statement in detail in another part of this paper gives evidence. The deposits and current accounts show an increase of 224,000 (\$1,245,000); the notes in circulation have increased 104,000 (\$520,000), the total now being \$534,000, compared with \$430,000 in December, and with \$355,000 in June, 1899. This increase, as the directors remark, is quite exceptional, and is due partly to the general activity of trade in the Dominion, but more particularly to the amount of notes required for the purchase of gold dust and the purposes of the bank's recently established northern branches. The Bank of British North America has always had, very deservedly, a most high reputation, and the present statement will give much satisfaction to its many friends and customers.

An inquisitive man is a creature naturally very vacant of thought itself, and therefore forced to apply to foreign assistance.—Steele.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure you. A. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

## OLD TIME HOUSES....

How similar is the ancient looking house to an out of date suit. And why not, since the clothing is the house of the body? People are often judged by the appearance of their residence, as also are men often judged by the garments they wear. Those careful dressers who will be satisfied only with the most tasty and fashionable clothing are the people who deal with us. They are used to the newest and best lines, and they get these every time at this store. The styles, patterns and shades are strictly up to date.

They bear this mark --"Fit Reform"--of high degree.

## FIT-REFORM WARDROBE

ROBERT M. BURNS, 180 Dundas Street, London.



## 1,331 CORPSES

Of American Soldiers to be Brought Home From the Orient for Re-Burial.

Washington, Sept. 22.—Arrangements have been completed for the transportation to the United States of the remains of soldiers, sailors and civilians who lost their lives and were buried in the island possessions of the United States and in China. The burial corps will sail on the transport Hancock from San Francisco on Oct. 1st.

The approximate number of remains to be exhumed is 1,331, distributed in the following places: Honolulu, 38 enlisted men of the army, one marine; Guam, eight men of the navy; China, two officers of the army, 58 enlisted men of the army and 37 men of the navy; Philippines, 17 officers of the army, 1,156 enlisted men of the army, and 28 men of the navy.

Work in the Philippines will be begun at once, but it will be impossible to do much in China until spring.

CANADIANS IN DETROIT. Detroit, Sept. 22.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of members of the Old Canadian-American Club was held Thursday night, and radical action was taken in regard to the future policy of the club. Heretofore only Canadian-born residents have been admitted to membership, but in the future all British-American subjects will be eligible. One important restriction is placed on this provision—that every member must, after a certain time, become a citizen of the United States and take an active part and interest in the political life of the country of adoption. The dues have been reduced, new club rooms secured, and the club intends to make itself felt in politics.

How to Be Beautiful. Amongst the many well-known facial remedy companies in existence at the present time, the Mme. A. Rupert Company has probably the best standing of any of the concerns in Canada or the United States. These preparations are so well known that a ready sale is found for them in every city of the United States. The remedies have been tried, and those who have used them never refuse to give the best of testimonials regarding their curative and beautifying qualities.

The Mme. Rupert Remedies have been prepared upon scientific principles, and the manner in which they are put up alone inspires confidence, without a trial. Messrs. Cairncross & Lawrence have been appointed sole agents for these remedies in this city.

In this issue an advertisement appears, in which are mentioned the different lines of toilet requisites which are sold by that firm. The Mme. Rupert Remedies can be guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction.

THERE IS NOT a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—a pulmonary of acknowledged efficacy. It cures lameness and soreness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claims to public confidence.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

James F. Hunt & Sons' Bed and Mattress Cleaning Factory. We have New Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions, Brass and Iron Bedsteads. Feathers sold by the pound. Ticks filled with feathers. Upholstering and repairing. Stoves bought and sold. 593 Richmond street north. Telephone 987.

New York Central and Hudson River Railroad.

The above is the route of the famous Empire State Express, the fastest regular long-distance train in the world. Do not make a mistake when traveling east to see the Michigan Central agent and get some information concerning this great line. Fare same as other lines. 61-ba

Electric Turkish Baths. Mrs. E. Sternberg, of Rochester, N. Y.; Mrs. Miller, Hamilton, and James Knowles, of Brantford; L. Sanagan, of Stratford; Miss Eva Martin, of Chamberlain, South Dakota, were taking the Turkish Baths and Massage last week.

Gentlemen, Are You Bald? Prof. Dorenwend will be at Grigg House, London, Friday, Sept. 28, with his Fine Art Hair Coverings that he has placed on over 55,000 heads. They protect the head and make you look younger. Go and see him. 12u-d-22, 28

CHOLERA MORBUS, CRAMPS and kindred complaints annually make their appearance at the same time as the hot weather, green fruits, cucumbers, melons, etc., and many persons are deterred from eating these tempting fruits, but they need not abstain if they have Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, and take a few drops in water. It cures the cramps and cholera in a remarkable manner, and is sure to check every disturbance of the bowels.

A Telephone company in Tennessee has prohibited the smoking of cigarettes by its employees.

## Everything That's Good

to wash clothes properly and without injury is contained in

Sweet Home Soap

Refuse All Substitutes.



# THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

Balance Sheet, 30th June, 1900.

[Official Report.]		£ s. d.		£ s. d.	
Dr.					
To Capital	20,000 shares of £50 each fully paid.	1,000,000		0 0	
To Reserve Fund	20,000 shares of £50 each fully paid.	225,000		0 0	
To Deposits and Current Accounts		3,158,272		15 7	
To Notes in Circulation		524,748		10 10	
To Bills payable and other liabilities		2,284,451		7 10	
To Balance Account		13,855		12 11	
To Profit and Loss Account					
Balance brought forward from 30th December, 1899		26,900		17 6	
Dividend paid April, 1900		20,000		0 0	
		6,900		17 6	
Net profit for the half year ending this date, after deducting all current charges, and providing for bad and doubtful debts		37,240		7 4	
		44,141		4 11	
Deduct: Subscription to Ottawa Conflagration Fund, £513 14 0					
Received to meet expenditure on premises account, 3,000 0 0					
Transferred to Officers' Widows' and Orphans' Fund		433		6 1	
Transferred to Officers' Life Insurance Fund		382		4 6	
Balance available for October dividend		4,229		4 7	
		39,812		0 4	
		27,335,740		7 6	
Cr.					
By Cash and Specie at Bankers and in hand		1,153,981		18 4	
By Cash at Call and Short Notice		921,389		9 3	
By Investments		2,975,371		7 7	
Consols £175,000 at 99	£175,000				
National War Loan, £500,000 at 90 part paid	17,500				
Other securities		175,000		0 0	
		82,980		12 7	
By Bills Receivable, loans on Security, and other accounts		257,980		12 7	
By Bank Premises, etc., in London, and at the Branches		4,883,925		8 9	
		138,462		19 7	
		37,335,740		7 6	

We have examined the above Balance Sheet with the Books in London, and the Certified Returns from the Branches, and find it to present a true statement of the Bank's affairs.

EDWIN WATERHOUSE,  
GEORGE SNEATH,  
Auditors,  
Of the Firm of  
Price, Waterhouse & Co.,  
Chartered Accountants.  
London, 21st August, 1900.

## THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

[From the Money Market Review of September 8, 1900.]

The general meeting of this bank was held on Tuesday at the office of the corporation, 3 Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E.C., Mr. E. A. Hoare presiding. The secretary (Mr. A. G. Wallis) having read the notice convening the meeting, the chairman said: "Gentlemen, as I shall have occasion in the course of my remarks to refer to the various matters mentioned in the report, I will not now occupy your time by reading it in detail, but will proceed at once to the consideration of the balance-sheet, and, in doing so, it will be convenient to compare the figures at June 30, 1900, with those at Dec. 31, 1899. Our deposit and current accounts show an increase of £246,000—thus showing steady and continuous progress. The notes in circulation have increased £104,000, the total now being £534,000, compared with £430,000 in December, and with £325,000 in June, 1899. This increase is quite remarkable, it is due partly to the general activity of trade in the Dominion, but more particularly to the large amount of notes which have been required for the purchase of gold dust and other purposes at our recently established northern branches. (Hear, hear.) Bills payable and other liabilities show an increase of £153,000. You will have observed, both from the report and from the balance-sheet, that we have subscribed £250 to the fund for the relief of the sufferers by the conflagration in Ottawa, and we feel confident that our action will meet with your cordial approval. (Hear, hear.) The next item, which again is referred to specially in the report as well as in the balance-sheet, is an appropriation of £3,000 to meet expenditure on premises account. This sum we have set apart out of the profits of the half-year towards the purchase of new premises in Gracechurch Street. Those of you who from time to time visit the bank must have appreciated that, for a long time past, these premises have been entirely inadequate for our business, and consequently, nearly three years ago, we decided that it was absolutely necessary for us to make a change. The matter has constantly occupied our attention, and during all this time we have frequently endeavored to secure more suitable offices, but without success, until a few months ago we were offered a long lease of the ground floor, lower ground floor and basement of the Woolpack buildings in Gracechurch Street. We do not say that the situation is all that we could desire—but if it is not quite within the most select circle, it is at least convenient, and we believe will prove suitable for our business. The accommodation, which we have secured, should prove to be ample, not only for our present purposes, but for a considerable growth in our business. The ground floor is now being adapted for our banking requirements. It is exceptionally well lighted, and will make a handsome banking hall, affording to the public as well as to the staff of the bank the space which has been singularly wanting here. On the lower ground floor adjacent to a large and comfortable room, which will be devoted entirely to our friends and customers from Canada. The number of those who annually visit us on business is constantly increasing, and for a long time past it has been a matter of concern to us that we have been quite unable to show them our offices being so cramped that we have not even been able to provide a waiting-room for their accommodation. The plans of our new premises have been arranged so as to supply this need in the most convenient manner possible, and we hope that in the future it will be appreciated and constantly made use of by all our friends, to whom we desire to extend a very warm welcome. (Hear, hear.) The basement will be occupied by the strong rooms. The necessary alterations are now being carried out under the direction of our architect, Mr. Mac-yicar Anderson, and will, we hope, be completed before the end of the year. The cost of these alterations will be considerable, and the sum which we have now appropriated will not be sufficient to cover it; but we have thought that the balance might fairly be spread over subsequent half-years. The usual appropriations for the benefit of the staff referred to in the report will, I feel sure, be approved. On the other side of the account, our cash and specie amount to £1,153,981, being an increase of £250,000. This represents a proportion of 59 per cent. of our immediate liabilities. You will no doubt observe that the balance is in an exceptionally strong position. We feel that the financial outlook is not without its uncertainties, and we like to be prepared for them. Cash at call and short notice amounts to £921,389, and a decrease of £101,000, which, I think, you will observe, is much more than compensated for by the increase in the last item. Under the heading of investments, Consols remain unchanged, but we have added to our British Government securities the purchase of £500,000 of the National War Loan, which we have written down to 90 out of the profits of the half-year, so that in our next balance-sheet, when the stock is fully paid, the £500,000 will stand in our books at £450,000. In making this provision we are quite aware that it may be regarded as almost an extreme measure, for it is most unlikely that a stock repayment of which the bank has been the beneficiary will be maintained by the British Government, can fall to such a low figure; but, nevertheless, the war in the Transvaal is not even yet ended, and it is impossible for any of us to forecast the expenditure that will be necessary for military purposes in South Africa and in China, and consequently we have thought it well to be on the safe side, and place this investment on the same level as our other investments. (Hear, hear.) The purchase of £500,000 of the National War Loan is another step towards the attainment of the object which we steadfastly keep before us of having the whole of our reserve fund invested in British Government securities. Our investments show a decrease of £9,000. The next item—bills receivable, loans on security and other accounts—shows an increase of £257,980. We carry forward to the new account £9,896, which is slightly less than in June, 1899, when we carried forward £10,200. On a previous occasion I explained to you that it has never been our policy to make any addition to our reserve fund at this half-yearly meeting, but we try to carry forward a substantial amount with the object of adding to the reserve at the end of the year. Last year, you will recollect, we added £25,000 to our reserve fund, and we shall be greatly disappointed if we are not able to add at least as much this year. On a previous occasion I pointed out to you that the growth of our reserve fund has not, by any means, kept pace with the increase of our liabilities. This was not caused by any neglect on our part, but because during the lean years which we were passing through we had not the means of doing so. In illustration of what I have said, I wish to place before you a comparison between our present figures and those of five years ago. In June, 1895, our reserve fund amounted to £275,000; now it stands at £921,389, an increase of £646,389, or 235 per cent. These figures are quite sufficient to justify the directors in their determination to build up the reserve fund during present prosperous times to the utmost of their power and in placing this object before any other. (Hear, hear.) Perhaps these last figures may also serve as an answer to those good-natured critics who tell me from time to time that we are not a progressive bank. Surely, an in-

crease of 63 per cent in our total liabilities within a period of five years—not fostered by the amalgamation of banks—is not evidence of progress? Notwithstanding the result of genuine and legitimate growth and extension—can hardly be regarded as justifying such criticisms. I may now conclude my remarks respecting the dividend by pointing out that the dividend for the half-year under review is at the rate of 30s per share, or 6 per cent, compared with 25s per share, or 5 per cent for the half-year ended June, 1899, and it is a matter of course that I do not doubt be pleased. (Hear, hear.) There is one other matter to which I must refer, although it is not mentioned in the report. You will see that among our establishments in British Columbia the branch at Vancouver is mentioned; but I may inform you now that we have quite recently decided to close that branch, which has been opened for little more than a year. We have felt somewhat doubtful whether this branch would prove to be permanent, and when I had the honor of addressing you a year ago I used these words: "Bennett is a place where a considerable business is being transacted, but it is a sort of half-way house to Dawson City, and has developed into quite a business town. Should the railway ultimately be carried right through to Dawson, its importance may consequently be diminished, and we have not been unmindful of this point in opening our branch there; but, nevertheless, the position has seemed to us to be worth a trial." That is exactly what has happened. The railway has not yet been carried through to Dawson City, but it has been extended to White Horse, so that Bennett is no longer the terminus, and its business is rapidly dwindling away. Anticipating this possibility, we had not involved ourselves by the purchase of a bank building—we merely rented an office on a short-term agreement—and we can close down without any serious loss. (Hear, hear.) I have now occupied so much of your time by an explanation of what I may describe as our domestic interests that I can only briefly refer to the general conditions of trade and finance in the Dominion of Canada during the half-year under review. Canada has enjoyed another year of unusual prosperity, and during the fiscal year ended June 30 last the aggregate trade of the country amounted to \$326,000,000, or about \$50,000,000 over that of the previous year, notwithstanding the fact that the aggregate trade for the year ended June, 1899, was greater than that of any that preceded it. If we carry the comparison back to the year 1897, we find that the present figures compare with a total of \$239,000,000—a very remarkable increase. I shall not be so unwise as to attempt to predict the future course of trade, but we must not forget that the war in South Africa is the mainspring of Canadian prosperity, and it is, therefore, interesting to know that in the Province of Ontario the prospects of agriculture are unusually bright during the half-year under review. Canada has enjoyed another year of unusual prosperity, and during the fiscal year ended June 30 last the aggregate trade of the country amounted to \$326,000,000, or about \$50,000,000 over that of the previous year, notwithstanding the fact that the aggregate trade for the year ended June, 1899, was greater than that of any that preceded it. If we carry the comparison back to the year 1897, we find that the present figures compare with a total of \$239,000,000—a very remarkable increase. I shall not be so unwise as to attempt to predict the future course of trade, but we must not forget that the war in South Africa is the mainspring of Canadian prosperity, and it is, therefore, interesting to know that in the Province of Ontario the prospects of agriculture are unusually bright during the half-year under review.

The result of the voting, as is well known, was a disappointment to the friends of prohibition. The total vote in favor of prohibition was less than 14,000, and the vote for prohibition was less than 25 per cent of the whole. Under the circumstances it was felt that no more progress could be made in favor of prohibition, particularly as to justify legislation, particularly as the hostile vote in Quebec and in the cities was so large, and this view has been pretty generally accepted, even by prohibitionists as a reasonable one. For example, the Rev. John Potts, who is a Conservative politically, has thus put himself on record: "I stated before the vote was taken that unless a majority, and a substantial one, was in favor of prohibition, I did not think the Government would be bound to crystallize the plebiscite into legislation for prohibition. The people exhibited an apathy which resulted in a vote which I do not think would warrant the introduction of the plebiscite, and people did not ask for a plebiscite, still, when one was offered them, they should have placed themselves on record by polling the largest vote ever polled in Canada. If this had been done Sir Wilfrid would have been compelled to introduce a prohibitory bill. But as it is at present I do not think Sir Wilfrid is breaking his pledge or promises."

As a matter of fact, the plebiscite vote has shown that national prohibition is impracticable, and that the only available measure of prohibition is such as can be obtained through the different provincial legislatures, though the successful of such legislation is largely impaired by the fact that the provinces can neither prevent the importation nor the manufacture of intoxicating liquors.

Leaving aside for the moment the position of the Liberal party, what is the attitude of Sir Charles Tupper towards prohibition? Speaking to an interviewer in 1898 he said: "The result of the plebiscite is a serious blow to the prohibition movement. As compared with the provincial vote, as compared with the provincial vote of a few years ago, will certainly be used as proof that the demand for the prohibition of the liquor traffic has declined."

Evidently prohibitionists have nothing to hope for from Sir Charles Tupper; indeed, he is even on record as opposed to provincial prohibition, and the entire history of the Conservative party; if we except the prohibitory act which Hugh John Macdonald passed through the Manitoba Assembly at its last session, has been one of opposition to all temperance reforms. The Liberal party, on the other hand, has usually been somewhat in advance of public sentiment on this important question, and is pretty certain to proceed as fast as it finds a reasonable measure of support from the electors. To attempt to go faster would retard rather than advance the cause of total abstinence.

**BIRD INTELLIGENCE.**  
[From the Boston Christian Register.]  
During a high wind one day this summer a young oriole was thrown from its nest to the ground. It was picked up by kind hands and kept in the house till the storm was over, and then placed on the roof of the piazza. A watch was kept behind the closed blinds of a window near by to note proceedings on the part of the party birds. The bird, in the meantime, had seen the little one borne away, and had followed it to the house, and, as it was kept near the open window, its cries had apprised them of its whereabouts. They soon came to it on the roof and hovered over it, doing much talking and consulting together. Finally, they alighted near the little one, and the female slipped her wing under it and seemed to urge some course of action upon the male, who flapped about, coming to the little one, spreading his wings over it, then flying to a tree, when the female followed him, and brought him back, and again slipped a wing under the little one. Finally, he seemed to understand or to get his nerves under control, and, slipping his own wing under it, together they made a sort of cradle for the birdling. And, each flapping its free wing, they flew to the tree, bearing it to a place of safety among the branches, where it was lost sight of.

**FOR THE OVERWORKED.**—What are the causes of despondency and melancholy? A disordered liver is one cause and a prime one. A disordered liver means a disordered stomach, and a disordered stomach means disturbance of the nervous system. This brings the whole body into subjection to the liver, and the liver, in turn, makes the whole body its slave. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a recognized remedy in this state and relief will follow their use.

# Plebiscite

[Brantford Expositor.]

One of the attacks being made upon the Liberal party at the present time is to the effect that good faith has not been kept with the electors of Canada on the prohibition question. The impression is sought to be created that assurances were held out that if a majority of votes were cast in favor of prohibition, legislation of a prohibitory character would follow, regardless of the nature of the majority or the smallness of the vote cast. Such a statement of the situation is most unfair.

Let it be borne in mind that a deputation had waited upon Sir John Thompson when he was premier, asking him to submit the question of the adoption of prohibitory legislation to a plebiscite, but he had declined doing so, holding that in such a matter the popular verdict could not be safely accepted. The Liberal party, on the other hand, considered it desirable, particularly after several of the provinces had held plebiscites, that a plebiscite covering the entire Dominion should be taken. This opinion was crystallized at the Ottawa convention into the following resolution:

"Whereas public attention is at present much directed to the consideration of the admittedly great evil of Intemperance, it is desirable that the mind of the people should be clearly ascertained on the question of prohibition by means of a Dominion plebiscite."

The promise that a plebiscite would be submitted to the people was sacredly kept as soon as opportunity presented, and that there could be no misunderstanding as to the position of the Hon. R. W. Scott, secretary of state, and the author of the so-called Scott act, in replying to a question by Senator Pease, said:

"The only resemblance that it (the plebiscite) bears to the House of Commons election is that the electoral districts are the same, but certainly the result does not carry with it the consequence that a bare majority in the House of Commons carries a majority of one may carry in the House of Commons, but I do not think the Government would be quite justified in passing a prohibition bill if the majority was so narrow."

The Minister of Justice, Hon. David Mills, also said:

"My honorable friends will see this, that the object of taking a vote is not to shirk responsibility in the matter. It is to ascertain public sentiment, and whether that sentiment is strong enough to cause the Government to submit such a measure to sustain the bill. The vote polled might be very small, so small as to be no indication, taken by itself, as a simple majority vote, of what the public sentiment was. The public sentiment might be gathered from the indifference of the population rather than from their active approval of prohibition, and the action that is to be taken on the vote will certainly depend, in a large degree, upon the interpretation of the public and the extent to which the voting population come out and support a proposition in favor of prohibition."

The result of the voting, as is well known, was a disappointment to the friends of prohibition. The total vote in favor of prohibition was less than 14,000, and the vote for prohibition was less than 25 per cent of the whole. Under the circumstances it was felt that no more progress could be made in favor of prohibition, particularly as to justify legislation, particularly as the hostile vote in Quebec and in the cities was so large, and this view has been pretty generally accepted, even by prohibitionists as a reasonable one. For example, the Rev. John Potts, who is a Conservative politically, has thus put himself on record: "I stated before the vote was taken that unless a majority, and a substantial one, was in favor of prohibition, I did not think the Government would be bound to crystallize the plebiscite into legislation for prohibition. The people exhibited an apathy which resulted in a vote which I do not think would warrant the introduction of the plebiscite, and people did not ask for a plebiscite, still, when one was offered them, they should have placed themselves on record by polling the largest vote ever polled in Canada. If this had been done Sir Wilfrid would have been compelled to introduce a prohibitory bill. But as it is at present I do not think Sir Wilfrid is breaking his pledge or promises."

As a matter of fact, the plebiscite vote has shown that national prohibition is impracticable, and that the only available measure of prohibition is such as can be obtained through the different provincial legislatures, though the successful of such legislation is largely impaired by the fact that the provinces can neither prevent the importation nor the manufacture of intoxicating liquors.

Leaving aside for the moment the position of the Liberal party, what is the attitude of Sir Charles Tupper towards prohibition? Speaking to an interviewer in 1898 he said: "The result of the plebiscite is a serious blow to the prohibition movement. As compared with the provincial vote, as compared with the provincial vote of a few years ago, will certainly be used as proof that the demand for the prohibition of the liquor traffic has declined."

Evidently prohibitionists have nothing to hope for from Sir Charles Tupper; indeed, he is even on record as opposed to provincial prohibition, and the entire history of the Conservative party; if we except the prohibitory act which Hugh John Macdonald passed through the Manitoba Assembly at its last session, has been one of opposition to all temperance reforms. The Liberal party, on the other hand, has usually been somewhat in advance of public sentiment on this important question, and is pretty certain to proceed as fast as it finds a reasonable measure of support from the electors. To attempt to go faster would retard rather than advance the cause of total abstinence.

## The Kaffir Kraal.

The hut is built by the man; each one takes from five hundred to a thousand young trees. The tribes, some of them, differ a little in their ways of building. It is the wife's duty to cut grass, carry it home, and do the thatching once a year. The Kaffir woman, too, looks after the hut every day. She cooks the food, gets firewood, makes the beer—the beer being made from millet and mealies. It is mild but intoxicating, and the men will drink four or five gallons. Milk in the kraal is carefully preserved. A wife's relatives may not drink it. If a Kaffir takes milk from a kraal, he may not marry a girl from it. A Zulu woman will carry two hundred pounds of mealies on her head. Everything was, till recently, carried

there; when a Kaffir was first seen carrying in the hand, the Dutch thought it a dangerous imitation of European dress. Notwithstanding tribal customs, the women sometimes contrive to make their preference felt in marriage. They have so far asserted themselves as to refuse to hoe the mealies for planting, and they have it done by the plough; but they will weed. The baby is tied on the back, the woman rocks herself and croons. The eldest son of the chief wife (who is usually the oldest wife) is the hereditary chief of the kraal. Uncles are called "fathers." Cousins are not allowed to marry, not even if distant. If a wife dies, a brother takes the wife if the wife chooses. She stays at the kraal, and all the children, including those of "new marriages," are held to belong to the widow's eldest son, who is given the father's place as guardian, and takes for the common good, as is supposed, the wages of all the younger men. It may thus happen that a Kaffir boy is reared by his mother and elder sister. If the widow does not marry the brother, but takes the other man as a second husband, she loses all control of the children of her first husband, and they stay at their own father's kraal. The "head" of the kraal goes with it as "property."—Leisure Hour.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

## Musical Instruction.

**G. B. SIPP, ORGANIST AND CHOIR MASTER.** St. Paul's Cathedral, will resume Vocal and Instrumental Instructions, on Thursday, Aug. 16, and will meet his pupils at 10 o'clock, at his residence, 423 Mainland Street. Art of breathing and proper tone production receives special attention. Bank ext.

**MISS E. WALKER, GRADUATE OF** the Toronto Conservatory of Music, in vocal, piano, harmony, prepares pupils for all examinations and university work. Resumes teaching Sept. 3. Residence, 215 King Street. 50th wky.

**MR. THOMAS MARTIN, PIANO VIRTUOSO.** Will resume teaching on Monday, Sept. 10, at his studio, 233 Dufferin Avenue.

**J. T. WOLCOTT, ORGANIST FIRST** Methodist Church. Teacher of piano organ and composition. Address 5 Prospect Avenue.

**CHARLES E. WHEELER, ORGANIST** Andrew's Church, receives pupils in piano, pipe organ, harmony and in singing both elementary and advanced tuition given Studio, 516 King Street.

**MISS CLARA SANDERSON WILL GIVE** instruction on piano, at her studio, 241 Queen's Avenue.

**MR. W. H. HEWLETT, ORGANIST, DUNDAS** Center Methodist Church, will resume teaching on Monday, July 10, at his residence, 418 Queen's Avenue.

## Livery Stables.

**LULLY'S LIVERY—NO. 619 DUNDAS** Street, East London, Ont. Telephone 666.

## Medical Cards.

**DR. N. R. HENDERSON, 238 QUEEN'S** Avenue. Eye, ear, throat and nose only.

**DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND** residence, 360 Queen's Avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Office hours, 12:30 to 1 p.m.

**DR. R. M. COOPER, L.R.C.P. AND S. ED.** F.R.C.S., and S. Glare, Office and residence, 42 Dundas Street. Telephone 164. 50th wky.

**DR. M. K. COOPER, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LON-** DON. Special diseases of women.

**DR. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.—OFFICE** and residence 37 Queen's Avenue, London. Office hours, 8 to 9 a.m., 1 to 5 p.m., and 6 to 8 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

**HADLEY WILLIAMS, M.D., F.R.C.S., ENG.** Specialist surgical diseases only. 489 Park Avenue, Phone 524.

**DR. R. B. WHITE—OFFICE AND RESI-** DENCE, 85 Dundas Street. Hours 1 to 5 p.m., 7 to 9 p.m. Phone 184.

**DR. H. A. MACALLAN REMOVED TO** 284 Queen's Avenue, corner Park Avenue. Telephone 374.

**J. E. CAMPBELL, M. D., 38 DUNDAS** Street. Hours, 10 to 4, 8 to 10. Phone 103.

**DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE, 380 CLARENCE-** Residence, 616 Richmond. Specialties—Pulmonary affections, cancers, tumors, piles, diseases of women and children.

**R. OVENS, M.D., 238 QUEEN'S AVENUE—** Eye, ear, nose and throat.

**DR. MACLAREN HAS REMOVED TO** No. 108 Queen's Avenue, a few doors west of his former residence.

**DR. G. H. L. EYRE AND RAR SUB-** GEON. Specialist—Eye, ear, nose and throat. 407 Talbot. Hours—9 to 5; 7 to 8.

**DR. W. J. & H. A. STEVENSON, 351 DUNDAS** Street. Phone 510. Next Congressional Church.

**DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE**—88 Dundas Street. Telephone.

## Legal Cards.

**JOHNSTON & CASEY—BARRISTERS,** 40 Dundas Street. E. H. Johnston, Attorney at Law.

**J. EDWARD BLAND, ATTORNEY AND** solicitor-at-law. Wayne County Bank Building, Detroit, Mich. Collections and correspondence.

**BUCHNER & MILLS—BARRISTERS,** 80 Dundas Street, London. Telephone 19. Money to loan at lowest rates.

**PURDUM & PURDUM, BARRISTERS,** Solicitors, etc.—Offices northwest corner Dundas and Talbot Streets, London, Ont. Thomas H. Purdum, Q.C.; Alexander Purdum, Q.C.

**STUART, STUART, ROSS & HUCKE-**—BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., office over the Hotel office, southwest corner Dundas and Richmond Streets. Alex. Stuart, Q.C.; Duncan Stuart, Q.C.; Ross, L.L.B.; E. T. Hucke, B.A., Fred. E. Hucke.

**T. H. LUSCOMBE—BARRISTER, SOLIC-** ITOR, 101 Dundas Street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

**R. H. DUNNAN—BARRISTER, ETC., 418** Talbot Street, London. Money to loan.

**MAGRE, McKILLOP & MURPHY—BARRIS-** TERS, Solicitors, notaries, etc. Offices corner Richmond and Dundas, London, Ontario. Q.C. A. McKillop, Thomas J. Murphy, Philip E. Mackenzie, L.L.B.

**GIBBONS & HARPER—BARRISTERS,** etc., London. Office, corner Richmond and Carling Streets. George G. Gibbons, Q.C., Fred. E. Harper.

**J. A. VINEY & VINEY—BARRISTERS, ETC.,** 101 Dundas Street. C. G. Jarvis, Jared Viney, B.A.

**MCVEY, POPE & PIERRE—BARRIS-** TERS, Solicitors, 422 Talbot Street, opposite court house. Telephone 375. Money to loan. J. M. McVey, L.L.B.; H. G. Pope, L.L.B.; F. A. Pierre, B.A.

**W. H. BARRIAM—BARRISTER, SOLIC-** ITOR, etc., Office, 39 Dundas Street.

**T. W. SCANDRETT—BARRISTER, 90** Talbot, etc., 36 Dundas Street, London.

**GREENLEES & BECHER—BARRISTERS,** etc., Canadian Loan Company Building, Richmond Street, London. Private funds to loan. A. Greenlees, A.C. H.C. Becher.

## Photo Artists.

**LATEST STYLES OF PHOTOS EN-** LARGEMENTS in crayon, water color, ink or oil. Moderate prices. A. E. McNeil, midle Studio, Brockwicks' old stand, 608 Dundas. Satisfaction guaranteed.

## Bicycle Livery.

**GENDRON BICYCLE LIVERY AND** salesroom. Ladies' wheels during the holidays, \$1 per week in advance. J. E. Vandenberg, 641 Dundas Street. Phone 1291.

**SPECIAL PRICES FOR THE HOLIDAYS—** Ladies' wheels \$1 per week; men's \$1.50 per week, or \$5 month, payable in advance; afternoon or evening, 2 cents; wheels and repairs, and call on. Telephone 1291. J. E. Vandenberg, 641 Dundas Street.

## Marriage Licenses.

**MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT** Sheriff's Drug Store, corner Dundas and William Streets. No witnesses required.

**MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY** W. H. Barram, 36 Dundas Street.

**MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT** Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas Street. Residence, 285 Dufferin Avenue.

**MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED, OFFICE** of Adeline Jewellery Store, East London. No witnesses required.

**LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN** Jeweller, 402 Richmond Street.

## Hotel Cards.

**BRITANNIA HOUSE, CORNER WEL-** LINGTON and York. Particular attention paid to transient trade. Rates, \$1 to \$1.50. J. Heffernan.

**THE EUROPEAN HOTEL, LUNCH AND** dining parlors now open on the European plan, from 8 a.m. until 11 p.m. Jerry McDonald.

**THE IRROQUOIS, TORONTO CANADA.** Popular hotel, popular prices. Newly fitted and refurbished. J. J. Heffernan, proprietor, late Hotel Royal, Hamilton.

**ONEIL HOUSE—CORNER TALBOT AND** York Streets; new and convenient establishment. Wm. Collins, proprietor.

**THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL—MON-** TREAL—Centrally located and first-class in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

**ROYAL HOTEL—OPPOSITE G. T. R. DE-** POT. R. J. O'Connell, proprietor. First class in every respect. J. D. Fleming, proprietor.

**ALBION HOTEL—17 DUNDAS STREET.** Rates \$1.50 per day. Choicest wines, liquors and cigars. R. E. Lloyd, proprietor.

## Dental Cards.

**DR. O. I. CUNNINGHAM, DENTIST** Honor Graduate Toronto and Chicago Office, 608 Dundas Street.

**DR. A. E. SANTO, DENTIST—FIRST** CLASS honors, Toronto University. Office 1



## MR. KRUGER'S LAST CARD

The Old Gentleman Loath to Give Up the Game.

Fighting on the Portuguese Frontier—  
"Fort Canada," So Named by  
Baden-Powell.

London, Sept. 22.—A St. Petersburg dispatch says that Kruger's object in coming to Europe is to appeal to the tribunal of international arbitrators instituted by The Hague peace conference, to which Great Britain is a signatory power. It is stated on trustworthy authority that Russia will not depart from the policy of non-interference in South African affairs, because the czar is most anxious to maintain good relations between the powers, in order to settle the Chinese difficulty.

### BETWEEN FOUR FIRES.

The war office has received the following from Lord Roberts, dated Nelspruit, Sept. 19: "Rundell attacked the enemy on Sept. 18 from Bronkhorstfontein, and captured one gun and 30 wagons. Knox overtook the rear guard at Klompfontein. His only casualty was one wounded. Hart is moving successfully against another band near Potchefstroom. Hildyard has arrived at Cretzville, 16 miles southeast of Ureeth, and has taken three prisoners, without opposition."

"Two British officers, who were captured at Cypergat recently, were released on Sept. 11, and reached Bloemfontein on the 16th."

### POLE-CAREW'S POSITION.

London, Sept. 22.—The war office gave out the following dispatch from Lord Roberts this evening: "Waterbush, Thursday, Sept. 20.—Pole-Carew reached Keopmuiden yesterday. Practically there was no road, and a way had to be cut through jungles intersected by ravines. He captured 38 cases of flour, 1 car of coffee, and 10 damaged engines at Waterbush."

"Yesterday evening Lieut. U. P. Clarke was shot, but not fatally, by a sentry, while making the rounds. He either did not hear the sentry's challenge, or the sentry did not hear his reply."

### ON PORTUGUESE FRONTIER.

London, Sept. 22.—A Lorenzo Marques dispatch of Wednesday's date says fighting is reported on the frontier. Two hundred and fifty Portuguese artillerymen have started in that direction, and other troops will follow. Only the wounded are permitted to travel on the railway and they do so under difficulties.

"President Kruger is a great attraction at Reuben Point. He sits on the porch of the district governor's residence and smokes before admiring crowds. The Portuguese authorities have appointed a committee to receive and feed refugees from the Transvaal. They have notified the foreign consuls that they will be expected to look after the subjects of their governments."

### TREASON BILL PASSED.

Cape Town, Sept. 22.—In the Cape House of Assembly the treason bill was passed to a third reading by vote of 46 against 27. The clause in the third chapter of the bill, disfranchising convicted rebels for five years, was adopted by a majority of 10 on Sept. 19, the house rejecting an amendment by Mr. Molteno to the effect

## TOO NERVOUS TO SLEEP

Many Pale, Weak Men and Women Find Themselves Daily Growing Weaker and Fast Approaching Nervous Collapse and Prostration—Their Only Hope Is in the Use of

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD.

In sleep and rest alone can nature repair the daily waste of the body and store up the energies required for the duties of the day following. If the nerves are weak and exhausted, and you lie awake, longing for morning to come, you know that you will arise tired and worn out, and one day nearer to nervous collapse, nervous prostration or paralysis.

Sleeplessness, irritability, headache, neuralgia, loss of energy and ambition, confusion of the mental powers, and feelings of lassitude and despondency are among the indications of an exhausted nervous system.

The first thing to do is to take some opiate to induce sleep, a grave error, indeed, against which many nervous and physical wreck could warn you. There is no rest, no restoration in sleep, or rather, in unconsciousness, produced by opiates, and the deadening effect on the nerves merely hastens paralysis or prostration.

The most natural and most thorough nerve restorative obtainable is that which is known as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food (pills). It gets right down to the foundation of disease, and by forming new, red corpuscles in the blood, and rekindling the vitality of the wasted nerve cells, gradually and perfectly restores new life and vigor to the weak and run-down system.

There is no guesswork, no experimenting, and no faith required when you use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food (pills). It is composed of the elements of nature, which go to form new nerve tissue, and can do no more fail than can the laws of nature.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food (pills) is no miracle worker. Though many cures brought about by its use were truly miraculous, it was after the treatment was used regularly and persistently for many weeks or months, as the case required. You can be absolutely assured of a restored and revitalized nervous system if you use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food (pills) according to directions. The phenomenal growth in the sales of this great restorative are the strongest evidence of its wonderful merit. 50 cents a box, 3 boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Company, Toronto. Imitators do not dare to reproduce the portrait and signature of Dr. Chase, which are on every box of the genuine.

that the rank and file should not be punished, but should be called upon to give security for their future good behavior.

Toronto, Sept. 22.—Charles Kennedy, of C. Canadian Battery, besieged in Rustenberg, in company with Baden-Powell, writing under date of Aug. 19: "Every day since the siege started we have been kept busy from daylight to dark throwing up rock breastworks, forts, etc. We have now got a position so strong that we are able to resist all the Boers in South Africa if necessary. Our main fort is a 'peach'; it has been officially named 'Fort Canada,' by Baden-Powell. The fort contains four bastions, which are known as the Boers' Bastions, and are named after those being the towns to which the different subdivisions belong."

## COTTON MILLS MAY CLOSE

Proposal of the Manchester Spinners.

Labor Councils in France Will Be Endowed With Legal Power to Set-Strikes.

### COTTON MILLS MAY CLOSE.

Manchester, England, Sept. 22.—At a meeting of cotton spinners here yesterday, it was decided to recommend that all members of the trade using American cotton stop their mills for the first twelve working days of October.

### COMPULSORY SETTLEMENT.

Paris, Sept. 22.—The French ministry has made an order creating bodies to be known as labor councils, whose purpose it will be to settle disputes between labor and capital. They will include equal numbers of workmen and employers, but the workmen must belong to the recognized labor unions.

### GOD'S COMFORT.

Berlin, Sept. 22.—It is reported that Emperor William sent Baroness von Keitel, the widow of the late German minister at Peking, a telegram to Tien Tsin, as follows: "As was the case through the long period of terror through which you passed, with such fortitude, although deprived at the very outset of your husband, so now, my hearty sympathy accompanies you on your way home. My people mourn with you. May God comfort you."

### BANK OF ENGLAND'S PROFITS.

London, Sept. 22.—At the semi-annual meeting of the Bank of England, the governor, Samuel Stewart Gladstone, announced that the six months' profits were £72,580. The usual 5 per cent dividend was declared. During the meeting cordial references were made to the co-operation of New York financiers with those of London in managing the issue of the war loans.

### EXILED FOR 22 YEARS.

Beira, Portuguese East Africa, Sept. 22.—Guisert, the German-American who murdered British Consul J. E. McMaster in July last, has been sentenced to 22 years' deportment to the West coast of Africa.

## LABOR CONGRESS

Immigration of Chinese and Japanese To Be Thoroughly Investigated—Political Action—Socialist League.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—The commission to inquire into the whole question of Chinese and Japanese immigration into Canada and the methods to be taken to regulate it has been appointed by the government. Its members are Mr. Ralph Smith, M.P., Nanaimo, president of the Labor Congress of Canada, now in session here; Mr. R. C. Clute, Q.C., Toronto; and Mr. Mann, a barrister of New Westminster, B.C.

At the Labor Congress yesterday the morning session was spent in a discussion on independent political action. Within the year the question has been referred to the various organizations in Canada and some had not replied. The committee, therefore, reported that the answers did not sufficiently indicate the opinion of laboring men. In amendment Mr. Montague J. Whinney, moved, seconded by Vice-President Platt, the resolution passed at Montreal last year approving of independent political action wherever practical. This amendment carried by a vote of 38 to 22.

The discussion showed that all were anxious to promote the interests of labor, but those who opposed the adoption of the amendment maintained that such a course would be too rapid and that the party itself had based their opinion upon the results of such action in the past. The result of the vote leaves the situation just as before, that wherever the local labor organizations consider it in their interest to take action, they may do so with the full approval of the Congress, but the advisability of such a course is left to the local bodies.

In the afternoon the delegates took up the report of the executive on the bill before the Dominion Parliament last session amending the trade marks act so as to protect the union label. The Senate had thrown out the bill, and the executive reported that Mr. J. E. Jackson, registrar of the trade mark branch of the agricultural department, had declared the act would not be legal, as the label is not of a character to be patented by a trades union. The report was referred back to the committee. The principle of having the label of the United Garment Makers' Union upon all clothing made for the government was introduced.

### THE SOCIALIST LEAGUE.

The Canadian Socialist League came up for a lengthy discussion of motion to admit their representatives to the Congress, but the principles of the league not having been clearly shown to be in sympathy with trades unions, it was decided to reject the motion. On the ground that the former admission of leagues with ill-defined motives had not been beneficial. The vote stood 11 to 4. Delegates Rodier, of Montreal, gave notice of a similar proposal to that rejected, excepting that the representation which he proposes to give to the Canadian Socialist League is two from each province. The impression at the Congress is that this proposal will also be rejected, as there is little disposition to admit the Socialist organization.

The committee appointed to interview Hon. Mr. Mulock in reference to the dismissal of Murray Fleming from the Intercolonial Railway reported that the minister promised to investigate.

## BLOODSHED AT THE MINES

Shot Fired at Officers From a Saloon.

Answered by a Volley—Man and Child Killed and Seven Others Wounded—State of the Strike—What Each Side Says.

Shenandoah, Pa., Sept. 21.—The sheriff's posse fired on a crowd of riotous men near here this afternoon, killing two persons and wounding seven others. Sheriff Toole and Deputies O'Donnell and Brennenman were called to Shenandoah today to disperse the mobs that threatened mine workers and colliery property. At quitting time the three sheriffs and a small posse whom the sheriff had summoned on the ground, went to the Indian Ridge colliery of the Reading Company to escort the working men to their homes. The colliery is located a short distance east of Shenandoah.

The workmen left for home shortly after 4 o'clock. They walked up the middle of East Center street, and reached the Lehigh Valley Railroad station. Here had gathered a large crowd of Poles, Slavs and Hungarians, men, women and children, who lined both sides of the street. A shot rang out.

### FROM A SALOON.

This was followed by a shower of stones. Many of the crowd had picked up sticks and stones, and were acting in a threatening manner. Seeing this the sheriff, who had previously cautioned the men to keep cool and not use their firearms, commanded them to fire.

### ORDER TO FIRE.

The order was obeyed with terrible results. The crowd pursued the sheriff and the posse to the Ferguson Hotel, where they took refuge. Sheriff Toole shortly afterward telephoned to Harrisburg, and asked that a detachment of troops be sent here. It was learned that Adjutant-General Stewart, was in Harrisburg, and a telegram was sent him there.

### OPERATORS DECLINE TO CONFER.

New York, Sept. 21.—President Olyphant, of the Delaware and Hudson Company, and President Truesdale, of the Lackawanna, said today that the must decline to meet Archbishop Ryan as spokesmen for the strikers.

### SUSPENSION COMPLETE.

Scranton, Pa., Sept. 21.—President Nichols, of District No. 1, informed the strike headquarters this afternoon that the West End Coal Company's mine at Moanagaw, which had resisted the efforts of the strikers to close it, was tied up at noon, making complete the suspension of the Wyoming and Lackawanna Valley.

### WILL SELL NO MORE COAL.

Philadelphia, Sept. 21.—It was announced this afternoon that on account of the stoppage of five additional collieries of the Reading Company today the company was returning orders for coal unfilled. The Reading Company will not sell any more coal in the present crisis unless it has it ready for delivery.

### OPERATORS' STATEMENT.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 21.—The coal operators issued this statement today: "All the Reading collieries in the Schuylkill region are working. The Cameron and Hickory Ridge collieries of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company are working full handed. The Williamson mine of the same company are also in operation. The Lehigh collieries in the Mahanoy region are working full handed. The report sent out from Hazleton that the operators will surrender rather than lose a big wage trade is misleading. The operators have made up their minds that they will not recognize the miners' union if a pound of coal is not mined all winter. The issue is not so much a question of wages as it is of the recognition of the union. The operators of the anthracite region can never consent to have a lot of bituminous men run their business. In the first place, the bituminous men make no distinction in the conditions governing the anthracite trade; and in the second place, it would mean ruin for the anthracite interests if the soft coal men were in this position to dominate the anthracite trade."

### STRIKERS' STORY.

Hazleton, Sept. 21.—President Mitchell at noon gave out the following statement: "Reports received at this office today show that 80 per cent of the mine workers of this Lehigh region are on strike. Large numbers are joining the ranks of the strikers daily. All who have gone on strike have remained out, and from their own expressions they are determined to win. Many of the coal companies have run their breakers, trying to create the impression that the men were at work, but they were running empty cars instead of full ones. Reports from every mining town are highly satisfactory. The men are peaceable and law-abiding. The latest report from the lower anthracite region shows that the mines at Mahanoy City and Shenandoah in the vicinity of these two places are completely tied up. They have lately joined the strikers' ranks. We expected to verify the prediction that every anthracite mine would cease work. Reports from the Wyoming and Lackawanna valleys show 100 per cent of the men on strike, and determined to win."

A LIFE SAVED.—Mr. James Bryson, Cameron, states: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs, and was given up by the physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil, stating that his wife had used it for a chest trouble with the best results. Acting on his advice, I procured the medicine, and less than a half bottle cured me. I certainly believe it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me any good."

The teaching of Spanish has been introduced in the schools in Santa Fe, N. M.

A syndicate has been formed at Oshkosh, Wis., to apply electricity in agriculture.

NO ONE NEED FEAR CHOLERA.—No one summer complaint if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all the looseness of the bowels promptly and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

## There are Many Preparations...

advertised and sold, and many of them have valuable properties,

BUT

THE MOST USEFUL MEDICINAL PREPARATION

IS

## Abbey's Effervescent Salt.

When taken as directed it cures Bilioussness, Constipation, Indigestion, and all their attendant evils, in a natural manner, and without leaving any nasty after-effects. Abbey's is a modern scientific preparation compounded by expert chemists from the original English formula. It is pleasant to the taste, gentle in its action, sedative to the stomach, and stimulating to the liver and digestive organs.

A pamphlet explaining the many uses of this fine preparation will be mailed free on application to the Abbey Effervescent Salt Co. Limited, Montreal.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS, 25c and 50c a bottle.

## ARBITRATION!

The Proper Way to Settle Labor Disputes.

President McKinley Indorses the Principle—How the Arbitration Law Works in Australia.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 21.—An effort was made to see President McKinley on his visit to the Pennsylvania collieries to arbitrate the differences between the miners and operators in the great strike in the anthracite regions. It was impossible, however, to secure an expression of opinion either on the strike or on collieries.

Regarding the matter of strike arbitration, the following extract from an address delivered by President McKinley in the House of Representatives, April 2, 1896, will be of interest. At that time the house was in committee of the whole, having under consideration the speedy settlement of controversies and differences between common carriers engaged in interstate and territorial transportation of property or passengers and their employees. Mr. McKinley said:

"I believe, Mr. Chairman, in arbitration as a principle; I believe it should prevail in the settlement of international differences. It represents a higher civilization than the arbitration of war. I believe it is in close accord with the best thought and sentiment of mankind; I believe it is the true way of settling differences between labor and capital; I believe it will bring both to a better understanding, uniting them closer in interest and promoting better relations, avoiding force, avoiding unjust exactions, avoiding the loss of earnings to labor, avoiding disturbances to trade and transportation; and if this house can contribute in the smallest measure, by legislative expression or otherwise, to these ends it will deserve and receive the gratitude of all men who love peace, good order, justice and fair play."

### COMPULSORY ARBITRATION.

Washington, Sept. 22.—H. H. Lusk, formerly a member of parliament of New Zealand, was before the industrial commission. He explained the system of arbitration in New Zealand, which, he said, had been extremely satisfactory. This system was in the form of compulsory arbitration, and it had had six years' trial. The fact that the minimum rate in New Zealand was made both by employers and employees very careful before they acted. In these courts of arbitration no lawyers are allowed to appear—only the interested parties are heard. The arbitration law had been favored by the employers and fought by the employees before it had been enacted. Up to last year three-fifths of all labor in New Zealand was organized. Practically the scales of New Zealand are leveled by the labor organizations for the men outside the unions as well as for those within. The arbitration court of New Zealand never fixes the maximum rate of wages. It simply fixes the minimum rate. New Zealand can be paid. The operation of this system, he said, does not hamper industries for the reason that in the six years it has been in use, the industries of New Zealand have increased one-third; this was by an increase in old industries, and the springing up of new ones.

### LABOR NOTES.

About 400 plasterers in the employ of Smith & Eastman, a contracting firm which has a job at the Pan-American Exposition grounds in Buffalo, are on strike. They went out yesterday being refused \$4 a day for eight hours. They were getting \$3 20 a day.

President J. T. Shaffer and Secretary John Williams, of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Iron Workers, and representatives of the iron and steel manufacturers, are now holding another session on the much disputed wage scale in Cincinnati. About 60,000 men are affected. These men have been idle since June 30.

At the meeting of the Michigan Federation of Labor in Muskegon, Mich., the reports showed that during the past two years 13 organizations had affiliated, and several labor laws advocated by the federation had been adopted by the legislature.

About three-fourths of the 1,200 iron workers employed by the American Iron and Steel Company, Lebanon, Pa., who struck on Aug. 1, against a reduction of wages from \$4 to \$3 a ton for puddlers, agreed to go back to work at the rate offered, \$3 a ton.

A police judge in a Missouri town recently lectured the police for permitting gambling, and they promptly arrested 36 slot and gambling machines belonging to his brother.

Sherbrooke.

J. B. A. BEAUCHEMIN.

## LYNCHED BY LOUISIANIANS

Four Negro Suspects Hanged by Whites in "Bloody Tangipahoa."

New Orleans, Sept. 21.—In "bloody" Tangipahoa parish, last night, four negroes were hanged. The victims were: Isaiah Hollins, aged 18; Nathaniel Bowman, 47; Charles Elliott, 20; George Bickham, 29. They were in jail at Pontchartroula, charged with robbing the family of Henry Holfeiter, 34, s. Louise Holfeiter, who resisted the colored men on the occasion of the robbery, was choked and beaten so unmercifully that she lost her mind.

There were fourteen colored suspects in the Pontchartroula jail, accused of various robberies, when at 9 o'clock last night a committee of white citizens called on Sheriff Nix and demanded the keys. The sheriff refused. Axes were then brought, and the jail was immediately broken open.

Hollins, Bowman, Elliott and Bickham were hanged to a tree about two blocks away, after having been forced to confess their alleged part in the burglary of Holfeiter's house. Not until 7 o'clock this morning were the bodies cut down. Meantime the coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by "unknown hands."

Citizens accused the parish throughout the night, arresting all the negroes they could get their hands on. These were crowded into the little jail at Pontchartroula.

Mayor Jackson and the sheriff are using every means to restore order, but are making slow progress. The better element among the colored population is fleeing to the churches, where the time is being spent in prayer.

A wholesale lynching of the negroes in jail is feared.

An attempt to remove the Illinois battleflags from their cases in the Capitol, to carry them in a parade, was abandoned, as the flags fell to pieces when exposed to the air.

## One Idea.

There is just one idea pervading our mills, and that is the ambition to give our customers the choicest and most appetizing cereals which care, money and experience can produce. We modestly claim we have done pretty well, but we are not through yet. Ask your grocer for

## Tillson's Pan-Dried Oats.

Sold by the pound.

THE TILLSON COY., LIMITED, Tillsonburg, Ont.

## Railways and Navigation

### WHITE STAR LINE

New York to Liverpool via Queenstown

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Winter Rates Now in Force.

S. S. CYMBRIC.....Sept. 25, 6 a.m.

S. S. MAJESTIC.....Sept. 26, noon

S. S. OCEANIC.....Oct. 3, 12 noon

S. S. TEUTONIC.....Oct. 10, 12 noon

S. S. GERMANIC.....Oct. 17, noon

S. S. MAJESTIC.....Oct. 24, noon

\*Excellent Second Cabin accommodation on these steamers.

E. De La Hooke,

Sole Agent for London, "Clock" Corner

## Railways and Navigation

### GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Annual Western Excursions

Good Going Sept. 27, 28 and 29.

PORT HURON.....	\$ 1.95
DETROIT.....	2.50
CLEVELAND.....	5.00
SAGINAW.....	4.25
DAY CITY.....	4.25
COLUMBUS, OHIO.....	7.50
CHICAGO.....	8.15
MINNEAPOLIS.....	12.25
CINCINNATI.....	10.00
ST. PAUL.....	35.40
30 days' travel (all rail via Chicago) or North Bay	

Good to return leaving destination not later than Oct. 13, 1900.

E. DE LA HOOKE, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, "Clock" corner.

M. C. DICKSON, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

### MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

### Annual Western Excursion

SEPT. 27, 28 and 29, TO...

Detroit, Chicago, Cleveland, Columbus, Saginaw, Bay City, Grand Rapids, Cincinnati and St. Paul.

Particulars at City Office, 293 Richmond street, or Depot, corner Clarence and Bathurst, Phone 205. JOHN PAUL, City Passenger Agent. O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger Agent.

### Western Excursions.

### CANADIAN PACIFIC

Will sell round trip tickets

From LONDON to

Saginaw.....\$4.20 Grand Rapids.....\$6.15 Bay City.....\$4.30 Chicago.....\$9.25 Detroit.....\$2.50 Columbus.....\$7.50 Cincinnati.....\$10.00 Cleveland.....\$5.00 St. Paul.....\$35.40 (according to route) Minneapolis.....\$26.00

Good going Sept. 27, 28 and 29.

Good to return until Oct. 15, 1900. Full particulars from any Canadian Pacific agent, or A. H. NORMAN, General Passenger Agent, 11 King street east, Toronto. W. FULTON, City Passenger Agent, 101 Dundas, corner Richmond, London, Ont.

### Intercolonial Railway.

On and after Monday, June 18, 1900, the trains leaving Union Station, Toronto (via Grand Trunk Railway), at 10:30 p.m., connects with the Maritime Express and Local Express at Bonaventure Depot, Montreal, as follows:

The Maritime Express will leave Montreal daily, except on Saturday, at 12 noon, for Halifax, N. S. St. John, N. B. The Sydney and points in the Maritime Provinces.

The Maritime Express from Halifax, The Sydney, St. John and other points east, will arrive at Montreal daily, except on Monday, at 7:30 p.m., and daily from Riviere du Loup.

The Local Express will leave Montreal daily, except Sunday, at 7:40 a.m., due to arrive at Levis at 1 p.m., Riviere du Loup at 5 p.m., and Little Metis at 8:25 p.m.

The Local Express will leave Little Metis at 4:25 p.m., daily, except Saturday; Riviere du Loup at 7:40 p.m., and Levis at 11:45 p.m., due to arrive at Montreal at 6:30 a.m.

Through sleeping and dining cars on the Maritime Express.

The vestibule trains are equipped with every convenience for the comfort of the traveler. The elegant sleeping, dining and first-class cars make travel a luxury.

The Intercolonial Railway connects the West with the finest fishing streams, seaside resorts and tourist routes in Canada.

Tickets for sale at all the offices of the Grand Trunk system, at Union Station. Also at the office of the General Traveling Agent.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, General Traveling Agent, 80 1/2 Yonge street, Toronto.







## GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1900

The Judges at the Paris Exposition have awarded a

## GOLD MEDAL

to  
**Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.**  
the largest manufacturers of cocoa and chocolate in the world. This is the third award from a Paris Exposition.

## BAKER'S COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

are always uniform in quality, absolutely pure, delicious, and nutritious. The genuine goods bear our trade-mark on every package, and are made only by

**Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.**  
DORCHESTER, MASS.

Branch House, 12 and 14 St. John St., Montreal.

## A FATEFUL... DIAMOND

"Well," Louis observed, with a deep sigh, as if a heavy load had suddenly been removed from his heart, "I can now account for the feeling of aversion that I always entertained for that man, and which I always blamed myself for as being unnatural."

"And how have you been impressed by me?" Mr. Forest asked, turning toward him with a wistful look.

"I have been drawn toward you from the first, sir; but I cannot realize that it is my good fortune to really belong to you," Louis answered, with emotion, as he stretched out his hand to him.

The man grasped it warmly, and for a moment could not speak.

"Do you remember the evening you showed me the ring you wear?" he asked at length.

"Perfectly," and I recall now something strange in your manner upon reading the date upon the inside."

"You also told me something about a volume of Tennyson's poems, and a verse written upon the flyleaf and signed 'A.'," pursued Mr. Forest.

"Yes, sir."

"Can you repeat these lines?"

Louis immediately recited those simple words, and was surprised to see the tears start into the eyes of his companion.

"I gave that little book of poems to your mother; I wrote those lines on the blank leaf," he said. "Your mother's name was Annie Louise Dunbar; she was my idolized wife, and had agreed that if we ever should be so fortunate as to have a son we would call him Louis Dunbar Forest."

"Can it be possible?" exclaimed Mr. Houghton. "What a history you have, Louis!"

Arthur Aspinwall turned toward the group, and, looking helplessly into Louis' face.

"I have known it for a long time," "You!" cried his uncle, sharply. "How did you know it?"

"It is no matter now, but I did," he replied, dropping his head upon his breast again.

"There is only one way in which you could have found it out," retorted Mr. Forest, "and if you resorted to such means to gain your knowledge, you are more of a knave and burglar than I have believed you. Confess, now—you have been overhauling my chest—you have found my picture, you recognized Louis' resemblance to it, and you have seen our marriage certificate."

"I have seen them—yes."

"Humph," that, perhaps, was another reason why you wanted to get this young man out of your path; you knew that if I discovered his relationship to me, I should be forced to give my help to the extremely small. You have played your cards pretty well, Arthur; but it was all in a wrong cause. If you had been honest and manly, and lent us your aid, I should have been able to share with Louis."

"Let me tell my story," Mr. Forest resumed, leaning back in his chair beside Louis, and laying his hand fondly upon his shoulder. "When I was a young man about your age I was returning upon a certain occasion from New York to Boston with my mother. We went by boat, for she could not endure the fatigue of traveling by rail, and we were just about to land when I met with an adventure; the tickets were being collected; I had just given up mine and went down to the crowd, after my mother, when my attention was attracted by some little excitement behind me. The officer collecting the tickets was talking in a loud, irritated voice to some one, and I saw a crowd rapidly gathering about him. I went back a step or two, my curiosity aroused, and I heard a timid voice declare: 'Indeed, sir, I purchased a ticket, and put it safely into my pocketbook, but that and all my money have been stolen.'

"That is an old and worn-out story, miss; it has been tried altogether too often, and it won't go down with me," retorted the man, sarcastically.

"But it is true, sir, in this case," persisted the other voice, with a sort of calm dignity, that impressed me, not put me under my pillow, and when I awoke this morning it was gone."

"Have you any baggage?" demanded the officer, in a hard tone.

"Nothing but this, and a very small trunk, containing what little clothing I have," and she held up a small hand satchel, and upon opening it, as he requested her to do, it was found to contain only a few articles of toilet, some handkerchiefs, etc.

"I had managed to get nearer by this time, and I saw a young girl of perhaps seventeen. She was the loveliest creature I had ever seen. Her face was a perfect oval; her complexion a delicate pink and white. She had dark brown hair, which fell over her shape by forehead in bewitching waves, and she had large, liquid eyes, the expression of which might have softened a heart of stone. Her mouth was small, her lips intensely red, though now they were trembling with anxiety and nervousness.

"Have you any friends with you?" the man asked her.

"No, sir; I am traveling alone," she returned, dropping her lovely eyes and coloring slightly.

"Humph!" was the response to this, but the man's eyes were fastened upon her with a look that made me long to strike him to the floor, while he seemed to be considering some question.

"Suddenly his manner changed.

"Well, well," he said, insinuatingly,

"I guess we can manage it for you; go over yonder, and sit down until I get through here, and then I will attend to your case."

"I glanced boldly to her side as he said this, and remarked, abruptly: 'The lady need not be detained or troubled further about the loss; it is a very easy matter to pay the fare over again.'

"I turned to her, handing her my card, and asked:

"Will you allow me to do this for you? Then my mother, who is traveling with me, will be glad to lend you her protection and any other aid that you may need during the remainder of your journey, that is, if you are going to Boston."

"She glanced from the card into my face, with such a grateful, relieved look out of her magnificent eyes, that I lost my heart to her on the spot.

"You are very kind, Mr. Forest," she said, with graceful dignity, and I accepted with thanks your timely offer."

"The officer gave me an ugly look as I took out my purse and paid her fare; but of course he could not do otherwise than take it, and then I walked away with the beautiful girl on my arm, feeling as if I had rescued her from the jaws of a wolf. I led her directly to my mother, to whom I introduced her, she having told me her name was Miss Dunbar, and explained to her the circumstances of our meeting. She gladly befriended her, and was soon deeply interested in her. While the girl, giving her the confidence at once, told her something of her history. Her mother, she said, had died when she was very young—so young that her father was a Scotchman, a man of literary tastes and habits, and having applied himself too closely to his studies, impaired his health, and died only two years previous. She had no relatives to care for her, so she cast her lot with some good people, who were coming to our country, believing that America was a land of gold and plenty, and that they would soon make an independent fortune there. Of course they were bitterly disappointed, and after a year of weary toil, during which they had not ceased to bewail having ever left 'Bonnie Scotland,' they returned to their old home, promising themselves never to wander again."

"But Miss Dunbar had no means; it had taken her little all to pay her expenses to America; consequently she could not return to Scotland with her friends, if she had so desired. She did not care to do so, however, although she felt very lonely to be left behind in a strange country.

"Yet she liked the American people. She had found a situation as governess in a family where she was kindly treated, and where she remained for two years. At the end of that time they also went abroad for the season, and she came to Boston upon the recommendations of her former patrons, to occupy a similar position in a wealthy family in that city."

"This was the account she gave of herself to my mother at the time of which I have spoken, and she became deeply interested in the young girl, and upon our arrival accompanied her to her destination, and introduced her to her employers, who happened to be acquaintances of ours."

"But I had lost my heart entirely to the beautiful girl. I felt, from the hour of our meeting, that she, and no other, would satisfy the cravings of my heart, and she appeared, though in a timid way, to respond to my sentiment."

"I visited her in her new home. I arranged to meet her upon every possible occasion, and it was not long before I declared my affection, and found that it was reciprocated."

"Some little time before this I had decided to leave college and not complete my course. I was ambitious to make money, and I secured an engagement with a large shipping house in the city, determined to devote my energies to amassing a fortune. This bitterly displeased my father, who was a stern, proud man, and thought more of learning and a position in literature circles than of anything else in the world, while, being wealthy himself, he thought it beneath any of his children to engage in trade for the sake of simple making money."

"When, a little later, I informed him of my engagement to the pretty stranger whom my mother and I had met on board the boat from New York to Boston, he was enraged beyond measure."

"He said he thought it was disgraceful enough for a son of his to want to grow up an idler, without letting himself down still lower by marrying a Scotch immigrant, of whom nobody knew anything. He positively forbade my entertaining any such thought, and commanded me to break my engagement at once, or leave my home forever."

[To be Continued.]

At first a girl wants nothing but a husband, but after she gets him she wants all his income."

"I Advise All women who suffer from chronic diseases to write to Dr. Pierce."

That advice is based upon practical experience. After suffering for months, and finding no benefit result from the treatment of the local physician, Miss Belle Hedrick wrote to Dr. Pierce for advice. She acted on the advice, regained her strength, recovered her strength, and gained several pounds in weight.

"Write to Doctor Pierce" is good advice for every woman to follow. It costs nothing. Dr. Pierce invites sick women to consult him, by letter, free. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

In a little over thirty years, Dr. Pierce, assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, has treated and cured over half a million women.

"I suffered from female weakness for five months," writes Miss Belle Hedrick of New Paltz, N. Y. "I was treated by a good physician, but he never seemed to do me any good. I wrote to Dr. R. V. Pierce for advice, which I received, telling me to take his 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I took thirteen bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and eight of 'Golden Medical Discovery.' When I had used the medicine a month my health was much improved. It has continued to improve until now I can work at almost all kinds of housework. I had scarcely any appetite, but now I eat heartily. I have gained several pounds in weight. I advise all who suffer from chronic diseases to write to Dr. Pierce."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate the bowels.

At first a girl wants nothing but a husband, but after she gets him she wants all his income."

At first a girl wants nothing but a husband, but after she gets him she wants all his income."

## AROUND THE LAMP.

## HAPPY COLLEGE DAYS.

A pretty story has just come from Berkeley, Cal., of how some of the university girls stole matches, one of their number who was about to be married. A week before the time set for the wedding, when the bride was "up to the eyes" in work, there came one afternoon half an hour before luncheon, a smart pull at the bell, followed by the entrance of half a dozen of her classmates, who announced that they had come for luncheon. The new comers, not silver skippers, and the like. These were stealthily tucked into the interstices of the wedding chest, which was being packed, as all college days comradeship.

## KITCHEN UTENSILS.

There have been many improvements lately in kitchen utensils, and this may be the reason why it is so fashionable at the present time to give novel and useful presents. There is certainly no more delightful hobby to the woman who is a born housekeeper and home maker than that of collecting up-to-date kitchen utensils and household implements, while even the most listless and indifferent of housewives must feel some inspiration to take more interest in her household. The hideous black pots and kettles of our mother's regime were enough to cast a damper on the spirits of the most enthusiastic novice at housekeeping. Not so the shining coppers and artistic kitchen dishes of today. Black saucepans, with their rough, ugly outlines, are a positive temptation to slovenliness, while a copper saucepan, in which one can see her face, is not exactly a means of grace leads surely to good works in the culinary line.

## THE LEVEL-HEADED.

Worry is the twin sister of nervousness. Neither should ever enter into the daily life of anyone. God, in his all-wise providence, put the head of a human being on top, that all beneath it might be subservient to it. There is something wrong above the eyes, in the region of the will, power, when one becomes nervous in the sense of excitability. "Know thyself" is good; control thyself is better. Worry and excitement never aided any one. Any fool can get along without anything is all right, but it takes a wise man, a level-headed man, to get along and not worry or become nervous when everything is all wrong.—Ladies' Home Journal.

## HOUSE FURNISHING DON'TS.

Here are a few don'ts which those about to furnish a house would do well to bear in mind if they wish their rooms to be not only in good taste and artistic, but well kept, sweet and clean, and, in one word, a credit to the thoroughly dainty in every respect.

Don't overload your rooms with furniture or pictures.

Don't choose elaborate design curtains, hangings, or tablecloths for a room with a floral paper.

Don't indulge in painted milking stools or painted drain pipes.

Don't waste your money on a whole accumulation of cheap, bric-a-brac. It only helps to gather dust and dirt.

Don't choose a blue paper and white paint for a room with a cold—i.e., north—aspect.

Don't waste your money on plush brackets, plush cup and saucer holders or painted tambourines.

Don't drape your looking-glasses with art muslin, or for the matter of that, with any other material.

Don't buy imitations of good things in the way of furniture. If you can not afford the originals do without, and content yourself with something which is not so good, but at least is honest.

Don't imagine that a plenitude of furniture means a well furnished house. It does nothing of the sort.

Don't waste your money on a drawing room sideboard (so-called). And if you are unfortunate enough to possess one already don't overload it with cheap china ornaments.

Don't buy cheap saddlebag, velvet or plush chairs.

Finally, buy the least amount of furniture you can do with, and let it be of as simple a design as possible, and your house is sure to be well furnished.

## CARE OF LACES.

Iron lace on the right side first, then on the wrong side, to throw up the pattern.

When ironing laces cover them with a clean white tissue paper. This prevents the shiny look seen on washed lace.

When putting lace away fold as little as possible. A good plan is to wind it round a card, as they do in shops.

Use corn flour instead of ordinary starch for stiffening laces. This makes them firm, and does not detract from the "lacey" appearance.

Laces and other delicate trifles should be placed in a muslin bag before being boiled. This prevents their getting lost and torn in the wash.

All laces before being ironed should be carefully pulled out each point receiving attention. You will be repaid for your trouble, as the lace will look twice as nice and last clean a much longer time.

## SEASONABLE RECIPES.

Egg plant is now in its prime and inexpensive. Fried egg plant, when carefully prepared, is delicious. Cut it into slices one-quarter of an inch thick after removing the skin. Sprinkle the slices with salt. Place them one upon another on the back of a dish. Place on them a plate holding a weight; let it stand one hour to expose the juice. Dip the slices in egg and crumbs or in egg and flour, and fry on both sides in lard.

Stuffed Egg Plant.—Boil an egg plant 25 minutes, or until tender. Cut it in two lengthwise and take out the pulp, using care not to break the skin. Mash the pulp and season it with butter, salt and pepper; replace it in the skins; sprinkle with bread crumbs moistened in butter, and place in the oven to brown.

Green peppers make a pleasant change in the daily menu. Select peppers of uniform size. Cut a piece off the stem end, or cut them in two lengthwise, and remove the seeds and

partitions. Put them in boiling water for five minutes to parboil. Fill each one with a stuffing made of equal parts of softened bread crumbs and minced chicken well seasoned with salt, butter and a few drops of onion juice. Place them in a baking dish with stock half an inch deep and bake in a moderate oven for half an hour. Remove carefully and serve with a garnish of parsley.

## RICE CUSTARD.

Cream a tablespoonful of butter with two of powdered sugar, then gradually work in the beaten eggs. Add two cups of milk, and when you have a smooth mixture, two cups of cold boiled rice. Beat until free from lumps, add a pinch of salt. Set in the oven in a pan of boiling water, and bake, covered until the custard is set. Uncover and brown. Eat cold, with sugar and cream.

## PRINCESS LOUISE.

Princess Louise, Duchess of Argyll, has decided to stay on in her apartments in Kensington Palace, notwithstanding that the low position of the house and the proximity of so many trees incline to aggravate her rheumatic tendency. Health apart, the palace suits the duchess remarkably well, for she delights in the picturesque surroundings, and enjoys the peace and quiet of the place, every nook recalling some memory of her beloved mother. The princess has a pleasant studio attached to her apartments, and here she receives her intimate friends very frequently. A more entertaining hostess cannot well be imagined. "She has seen life, and describes it," has traveled far and known men and cities. To the Queen, who loves to hear of the outside world, the society of her daughter Louise is most fascinating.

## A WORD OF PRAISE.

"If employers could only realize how much every worker, especially the women, appreciate a word of praise," said a veteran breadwinner, "they would find that they could increase their profits largely by the higher quality of service rendered. Women like to feel that the employer has a human interest in the individuality of the work they do, and that they observe it when it is particularly well done. A word of commendation always acts as a stimulant to renewed effort, while a good place of work ignored acts as a discouragement. An approving smile, nor a word costs little, and means much to the honest worker in the field from highest to lowest."—New York Tribune.

## The Poets.

Good Night.  
Good night! The crimson scented rose  
Droops low her pretty head,  
And the little grasses long ago,  
Their evening prayers have said.  
Night's starry eyes are blinking  
At the moonbeam's silvery light,  
While the shy hides her golden heart  
And whispers soft "Good night."

The wind is tily rocking  
The song bird in its nest,  
And a silence deep is brooding  
O'er the sleeping world at rest.  
A sweet good night to you, dear heart!

A morn with radiance bright;  
And be it night or be it day!  
God keep you, love—good night!

—Agnes Helen Lockhart.

## Humility.

The bird that soars on highest wing  
Builds on the ground her lonely nest;  
And she that doth most sweetly sing  
Sings in the shade where all things  
rest.

In lark and nightingale we see  
What honor hath humility.

When Mary "chose the better part"  
She meekly sat at Jesus' feet;  
And Lydia's gently-opened heart  
Was made for God's own temple  
sweet.

Faith and best adorned is she  
Whose clothing is humility.

The saint that wears heaven's brightest  
In deepest adoration bends;  
The weight of glory bows him down  
Then most when most his soul ascends.

Nearest the throne itself must be  
The footstool of humility.

—James Montgomery.

## In the Alps.

You should have stay'd, and stay'd  
Beneath those shadows of the pines,  
Until the golden day was done?  
Then, that lone lake looks up and  
shines  
With such a smile as might express  
The best of human happiness.

No foot is near; a marmot's cry  
Strikes the deep silence, deeper still;  
And those great mountain walls on high  
Are dark with various glooms, that  
fill  
The dusky vale. Whence comes it,  
then,  
The glow that burns on Oeschingen?

Ah, look yet higher towards the east!  
You white Alp in the far blue sky  
Bares to the sun her virgin breast  
That he may kiss her ere he die!"

Then, studies through her trackless  
snows,  
One pure, limitless rose.

—Arthur Munby in London Spectator.

## "Take Reed Will Surely Speed."

Be sure to heed the first symptoms of indigestion, nervousness and impure blood, and thus avoid chronic dyspepsia, nervous prostration and all the evils produced by bad blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is your safeguard. It quickly sets the stomach right, strengthens and quiets the nerves, purifies the blood and vitalizes the blood and keeps up the health tone.

Al liver pills are cured by Hood's Pills. 25c.

Two thousand gallons of air are a grown-up person's allowance for 24 hours.

BIYCLISTS, young or old, should carry a bottle of Pain-Killer in their saddle-bags. It cures cuts and wounds with wonderful quickness. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis', 25c and 50c.

Quality tells every time!  
This fact explains why Blue  
Ribbon Ceylon is fast displacing  
all other teas throughout Canada.

## Paint Your House Now!



It will dry more slowly and set more firmly and uniformly than if done in the spring. Use

## RAMSAY'S PAINTS

for the purpose! They will form a smooth, durable surface which no kind of weather can afterwards affect. Their great wearing qualities, brilliancy and durability of color, and surface covering capacity make them much more economical than ordinary unknown mixtures. They are mixed paints—ready for use.

A. RAMSAY & SON  
Montreal.

Established 1842  
Paint Makers.

ENGLISH TEETHING SYRUP  
Comforts Crying Children  
Largest sale in the World.  
25¢ Everywhere.

## OUR BEAUTY DEPARTMENT OF

## Mme. A. Ruppert's Specialties

Mme. A. Ruppert's World-Renowned Remedies  
ARE THE BEST

They are the pioneers of all complexion preparations, having been sold for many years longer than any other. They are used and recommended by the best people, and all who give complete satisfaction.

They are the only genuine, natural beautifiers, founded on scientific principles. Everything about them inspires confidence. Absolute proof of merit has been given numerous times by Mme. Ruppert. No other specialist has ever given equal demonstrations.

Owing to these Well-Established Facts, we give Mme. Ruppert's Remedies this Well-Earned Prominence.

Mme. A. RUPPERT'S FACE BLEACH  
\$2.00 a bottle; 3 bottles for \$5.00.

Madame Ruppert's Face Bleach is not a new, untried remedy. Its use assures a perfect complexion. It has been sold for 20 years longer than any like preparation and today has a larger sale than all these combined. We are receiving constantly fresh supplies from the laboratory of Madame A. Ruppert, No. 4 East 14th Street, New York, and they are of perfect excellence.

## Book "HOW TO BE BEAUTIFUL" Free

Every caller at this department will be given this unique booklet FREE. It contains all those little secrets of the toilet so dear to every woman's heart. We give below a list of some of Madame Ruppert's Toilet Requisites:

....FOR SALE BY....

Cairncross & Lawrence  
CHEMISTS, ETC.,  
216 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

## IS THE BIKE PASSING?

The passing of the bicycle is one of the singular features of the period. When the wheel was in the zenith of its fame, the "passing of the horse" in consequence was a favorite theme, on which writers used to enlarge. The bicycle seems to be "passing" first. The reports of the United States Treasury department afford a very fair indication of the rapid decadence of the wheel, which seems to have been given up "socially," and is now chiefly used as an article of utility to get clerks and workmen to and from their business, and by newboys and letter carriers. Four years ago the States exported to the rest of the world bicycles and parts of bicycles valued at \$1,898,012. The demand had increased so greatly that in the next year the manufacturers sent abroad wheels valued at \$7,005,223. The height of the "craze" seems to have been reached then, for the exports fell in 1898 to \$5,845,529, to \$5,753,380 in 1899, and dropped to \$3,551,025 in 1900. But as an engine of utility the bike will, probably, always be with us.

## A Skin of Beauty Is a Joy Forever.

## Dr. T. Felix Gouraud's Oriental Cream or Magical Beautifier.

Removes tan, pimples, freckles, redness, itching, and all skin diseases, and gives the skin a soft, smooth, and beautiful complexion. It is the best of all skin preparations, and is the only one that is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. T. A. Sayre said to a lady of his acquaintance: "As you ladies will use them I recommend Gouraud's Cream" as the least harmful of all the skin preparations.

Also Poudre Subtile removes superficial blemishes without injury to the skin.

FEED, T. HOPKINS, Prop., 27 Great Jones Street, New York.

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